# CISCO UCS DELIVERS FASTER BLADE SERVER DEPLOYMENT THAN HP c-CLASS BLADES WITH HP VIRTUAL CONNECT

# Add blades 47% faster

cisco.



# with 67% fewer steps

Cisco UCS B250 M2 Extended Memory Blade Servers vs. HP ProLiant BL460c G7 Servers

# **OUR FINDINGS**

As a CIO or enterprise IT buyer, you purchase blade chassis with future expansion in mind. As your computing needs grow, you will eventually add blade servers to existing chassis. Unfortunately, this process is often both difficult and time consuming, miring your IT staff in what CIOs increasingly refer to as the "70 percent maintenance loop," which hampers your company's innovation. This need not be the case.

In Principled Technologies' tests in our labs, adding two blades with the Cisco Unified Computing System™ (UCS) Service Profile, automated blade configuration process was easy and quick, taking only 14 steps and 20 minutes. In comparison, the HP solution, using existing server profiles and HP Virtual Connect Manager, required 42 steps and 38 minutes to add two blades. This means that adding two blades with the Cisco UCS solution is 47 percent faster and requires one-third the number of steps.

In a large-scale deployment or server refresh, choosing Cisco blades can save your IT staff days or weeks of work, reduce the possibility of error by simplifying the configuration process, and lower your total cost of ownership.

# **OUR PROCESS**

To demonstrate the deployment benefits of the Cisco UCS solution, we added a Cisco UCS B250 M2 Extended Memory Blade Server to a Cisco UCS 5108 Blade Server Chassis, taking full advantage of its largely automated process. We then added two of these blade servers to the same chassis.

We carried out the same tasks with the HP ProLiant BL460c G7 Server, adding first a single blade and then two blades to the HP BladeSystem c7000 Enclosure, which we configured with two HP Virtual Connect FlexFabric 10 Gb/24-port modules. For both scenarios, we copied an existing server profile to the HP ProLiant blade(s) from the HP Virtual Connect Manager. Because the HP solution lacks the automated features of the Cisco UCS solution, we had to manually perform a number of additional configuration steps before the server was ready for OS installation.

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# **PROJECT OVERVIEW**

In consultation with Cisco Systems, Inc., PT conducted a blade-server expansion test. We first added a single Cisco UCS B250 M2 Extended Memory Blade Server to a Cisco UCS 5108 Blade Server Chassis, timing the process and counting the number of steps. We then added two Cisco blades to the same chassis, again timing the process and counting the number of steps. We followed this same sequence when we added one and then two HP ProLiant BL460c G7 Servers to an HP BladeSystem c7000 Enclosure. We wanted to see how much time the Cisco UCS solution's automated procedure could save, in both one- and two-blade server scenarios. (Note: We present detailed specs on the blade servers in <u>Appendix A.</u>)

When we instantiated the Cisco UCS Service Profile, UCS Manager automatically assigned all policies and firmware required to deploy the new blade seamlessly into the existing virtual desktop infrastructure (VDI). Using the profile, we were also able to tweak many individual server settings; doing so was optional, but convenient.

In contrast, when we added an HP ProLiant BL460c G7 Server to an HP BladeSystem c7000 Enclosure, simply creating a Virtual Connect server profile did not fully prepare the new blade for deployment. We also needed to adjust BIOS settings and NIC behavior, edit storage controller settings, and use separate media and applications/processes for firmware updates. Multiple manual steps added significantly to the time to deploy, and the lack of repeatable automated processes dramatically increased the potential for human error. We

disclose detailed settings for each solution in <u>Appendix B</u>.

Figure 1 highlights the time savings that result from the Cisco UCS solution's approach to blade configuration, in both oneand two-blade scenarios.



Figure 1: The Cisco UCS solution's largely automated approach to blade configuration took 26% less time in the one-blade scenario and 47% less time in the two-blade scenario, making it the solution of choice. (Smaller numbers, reflecting less time, are better.)

Figure 2 highlights the reduction in steps that result from the Cisco UCS solution's approach to blade configuration, in both oneand two-blade scenarios.

As Figures 1 and 2 show, adding two blades leveraging Cisco's UCS Service Profiles takes minimal extra time and steps compared to adding one blade. In contrast,



Figure 2: The Cisco UCS solution's largely automated approach to blade configuration took 58% fewer steps in the one-blade scenario and 67% fewer steps in the two-blade scenario, making it the solution of choice. (Smaller numbers of steps are better.)

the less automated and more serialized HP Virtual Connect approach means that both time and number of steps dramatically increase when adding additional blades.

It took us only an additional 23 seconds and 4 additional steps to add two blades with the Cisco UCS solution. It took us 11 extra minutes (an increase of 29 percent) and 18 additional steps (an increase of 43 percent) to add two blades with the HP solution.

Any unnecessary increase in time and effort when adding servers can have a significant impact upon company productivity. Spending considerable time and personnel deploying servers can slow your company's response time to business productivity needs and other competitive pressures, and may result in lengthened service level agreements (SLA) and lost productivity.

Figure 3 breaks down the blade server deployment and configuration process for the two solutions, in both the one- and two-blade scenarios. To see the detailed steps we followed when testing the two solutions, see <u>Appendix C</u>.

| Cisco UCS B250 M2<br>Extended Memory Blade Server  |       |       |       | НР                | ProLiant  | BL460c G7 | Server          |       |                 |
|--|-------|-------|-------|-------------------|---|-----------|-----------------|-------|-----------------|
|  | 1     | blade | Two   | o-blade<br>enario |   |           | -blade<br>nario | -     | -blade<br>nario |
| Task   | Steps | Time  | Steps | Time              | Task  | Steps     | Time            | Steps | Time            |
| Creating service<br>profiles from a<br>template and<br>assigning them to<br>new Cisco UCS<br>B250 M2<br>Extended<br>Memory Blade<br>Server(s)  | 8     | 1:05  | 11    | 1:10              | Creating server<br>profiles and<br>assigning them<br>to new HP<br>ProLiant BL460c<br>G7 Server(s)                               | 8         | 2:14            | 12    | 2:37            |
| Installing Cisco<br>UCS B250 M2<br>Extended<br>Memory Blade<br>Server(s),<br>associating the<br>service profiles,  |       |       |       |                   | Installing HP<br>ProLiant BL460c<br>G7 Server(s),<br>associating<br>server profiles,<br>waiting for<br>system<br>discovery      | 2         | 9:07            | 2     | 9:07            |
| <ul> <li>waiting for</li> <li>system discovery.</li> <li>This step includes</li> <li>the following:</li> <li>applying</li> <li>firmware</li> <li>editing BIOS</li> <li>settings</li> </ul> | 2     | 18:30 | 3     | 18:48             | Installing ILO<br>Advanced pack<br>license, and<br>configuring<br>Boot Order on<br>HP ProLiant<br>BL460c G7<br>Blade Server(s). | 5         | 3:35            | 10    | 5:41            |
| Note that the<br>Cisco UCS<br>solution enables   |       |       |       |                   | Installing host<br>firmware<br>updates  | 6         | 7:42            | 12    | 15:24           |
| remote KVM by<br>default.  |       |       |       |                   | BIOS: Editing<br>the default boot<br>controller order   | 3         | 4:35            | 6     | 4:51            |
| Total  | 10    | 19:35 | 14    | 19:58             | Total   | 24        | 27:13           | 42    | 37:40           |

Figure 3: The tasks involved in deploying and configuring the Cisco or the HP blade server, in both one- and two-blade scenarios. In terms of number of tasks and amount of time, the Cisco UCS solution is the clear winner.

# **TEST COMPONENTS**

## **Cisco UCS 5108 Blade Server Chassis**

We used a Cisco UCS 5108 Blade Server Chassis for all Cisco blade servers. Each chassis can hold up to four Cisco UCS B250 Extended Memory Blade Servers.

#### **Cisco UCS 6120XP Fabric Interconnects**

We connected a Cisco UCS 5108 Blade Server Chassis to a redundant pair of Cisco UCS 6120XP Fabric Interconnects. The connection can support redundant 4x10Gb links via eight 10Gb SFP connections—four to Interconnect A and four to Interconnect B. The Cisco UCS 6120XP Fabric Interconnects serve as convergence points for all network and fabric uplinks into the connected Cisco UCS 5108 Blade Server Chassis. We created our UCS Service Profiles and deployed them to Cisco blades inside the Cisco UCS 5108 Blade Server Chassis.

## Cisco UCS B250 M2 Extended Memory Blade Server

We used a dual-socket Cisco UCS B250 M2 Extended Memory Blade Server with Intel<sup>®</sup> Xeon<sup>®</sup> processor X5670s. The blade had two 146GB SAS hard drives, but we configured the blades to boot from SAN. We configured the blade with 256 GB of system memory. The Cisco UCS B250 M2 Extended Memory Blade Server supports up to 384 GB of memory, which allows VDI scaling when client memory requirements are higher. Note that additional Cisco blades, such as the Cisco UCS B200 M2 Blade Server, benefit from the automated configuration of the Cisco UCS solution. They will yield similar time savings and step reductions as the Cisco UCS B250 M2 Extended Memory Blade Server.

#### **UCS Manager**

UCS Manager functionality runs embedded on each fabric interconnect (in a clustered fashion) and all functions are managed via a single console for server, networking, and storage administrators with full Roles Based Access Control (RBAC). Currently, up to 20 UCS 5108 Blade Server Chassis are supported by each pair of UCS Fabric Interconnects, allowing for up to 160 half-slot or 80 full-slot blades to be deployed and configured via a single UCS Manager instance, creating a single large "virtual blade chassis" from a connectivity and deployment perspective inside a single deployment domain.

## HP BladeSystem c7000 Enclosure

We used an HP BladeSystem c7000 Enclosure for all HP blade servers. Each enclosure can hold up to 16 HP ProLiant BL460c G7 Servers, and each can have up to eight network expansion modules.

#### HP Virtual Connect FlexFabric 10/24 modules

We installed a redundant pair of Virtual Connect FlexFabric 10/24 modules into the HP BladeSystem c7000 Enclosure. The modules support a redundant 40GB connection via four dedicated 10 GbE per switch, which connect to network switches. These switches also have four additional ports that can be either 10GbE or Fibre Channel or stacking ports, and can serve as convergence points for all network and Fibre Channel uplinks for the HP BladeSystem c7000 Enclosure in which they reside. The HP Virtual Connect FlexFabric 10/24 modules deploy server profiles to HP blades inside the HP BladeSystem c7000 Enclosure and have separate northbound connections for 1/10GbE and Fibre Channel.

#### HP ProLiant BL460c G7 Server

We used a dual-socket HP ProLiant BL460c G7 Server with Intel Xeon processor X5670s. The blade had two 146GB SAS hard drives, but we configured the blades to boot from SAN. We configured the blade with 192 GB of system memory, as it was the maximum configuration using 16GB DIMMs. The HP ProLiant BL460c G7 Server supports up to 384 GB of memory using 32GB DIMMs.

#### **HP Virtual Connect**

HP Virtual Connect Manager (VCM) is a Web console integrated into the firmware of VC Flex 10 Ethernet modules. HP VCM allows RBAC to Server, networking, and storage administrators for a single HP Virtual Connect domain with up to four BladeSystem enclosures allowing VCM to manage up to 64 half-slot or 32 full-slot blades.

## **Intel Xeon Processor 5600 Series**

The Intel Xeon processor 5600 series—the next generation of intelligent server processors automatically regulates power consumption to combine energy efficiency with intelligent performance that adapts to a changing workload. Intel Xeon processor 5600 series-based servers deliver energy-efficient performance along with secure, flexible virtualization solutions for next-generation data centers.

# **SUMMARY**

As your IT organization grows, the need to add blade servers to your blade chassis becomes inevitable. Making this task seamless and largely automated would take a minimum of your IT staff's valuable time and reduce the potential for human error.

The Cisco Unified Computing System offers just such a scenario. The Cisco UCS solution's automated blade configuration process lets your new blade servers integrate seamlessly into your existing infrastructure, and lets your IT staff take a largely "hands-off" approach to configuration. The math is easy: fewer touch points = less chance of error = faster time to productivity.

The time that the Cisco UCS solution's automated process saves becomes especially significant when you are implementing a large-scale blade server deployment. Choosing the Cisco UCS Blade Servers can save your IT staff days or weeks—time they could spend on other projects.

# **APPENDIX A – SERVER CONFIGURATION**

| System                              | Cisco UCS B250 M2 Extended<br>Memory Blade Server   | HP ProLiant BL460c G7 Server  |
|-------------------------------------|---|---|
| Enclosure/chassis                   |   |   |
| Blade enclosure/chassis             | Cisco UCS 5108 Blade Server Chassis<br>connected to 2x Cisco UCS 6120XP<br>Fabric Interconnects | HP BladeSystem c7000 Enclosure<br>with 2x HP Virtual Connect FlexFabric<br>10Gb/24-port Modules |
| Chassis power supplies              |   | ·   |
| Total number                        | 4   | 6   |
| Maximum wattage of each (W)         | 2,500   | 2,400   |
| Chassis cooling fans                |   | ·   |
| Total number                        | 8   | 10  |
| Dimensions (h x w) of each          | 3-5/8" x 5-1/2"   | 4" x 4"   |
| General                             |   | ·   |
| Number of processor packages        | 2   | 2   |
| Number of cores per processor       | 6   | 6   |
| Number of hardware threads per core | 2   | 2   |
| CPU                                 |   | 1   |
| Vendor                              | Intel   | Intel   |
| Name                                | Xeon  | Xeon  |
| Model number                        | X5670   | X5670   |
| Stepping                            | СО  | СО  |
| Socket type                         | LGA 1366  | LGA 1366  |
| Core frequency (GHz)                | 2.93  | 2.93  |
| Bus frequency (GT/s)                | 6.4   | 6.4   |
| L1 cache                            | 32 KB+ 32 KB (per core)   | 32 KB+ 32 KB (per core)   |
| L2 cache                            | 256 KB (per core)   | 256 KB (per core)   |
| L3 cache (MB)                       | 12  | 12  |
| Platform                            |   |   |
| Vendor and model number             | Cisco UCS B250 M2 Extended<br>Memory Blade Server   | HP ProLiant BL460c G7 Server  |
| Motherboard model number            | N20-B6625-2   | HP 4K10B5   |
| Motherboard chipset                 | Intel 5520  | Intel 5520  |
| BIOS name and version               | Cisco<br>S5500.1.3.1C.0.052020102031  | HP I27 12/01/2010   |
| BIOS settings                       | Default   | Default   |
| Memory module(s)                    |   |   |
| Total RAM in system (GB)            | 256   | 192   |

Figure 4 provides detailed configuration information about the test servers.

Cisco UCS delivers faster blade server deployment than HP c-Class A Principled Technologies test report 8 blades with HP Virtual Connect

| System                               | Cisco UCS B250 M2 Extended<br>Memory Blade Server       | HP ProLiant BL460c G7 Server |  |  |
|--------------------------------------|---|------------------------------|--|--|
| Vendor and model number              | Samsung M393B1K70BH1-CH9                                | Hynix HMT42GR7BMR4C          |  |  |
| Туре                                 | DDR3 PC3-10600R   | DDR3 PC3-8500                |  |  |
| Speed (MHz)                          | 1,333   | 1,066                        |  |  |
| Speed running in the system<br>(MHz) | 1,333   | 1,066                        |  |  |
| Size (GB)                            | 8   | 16                           |  |  |
| Number of RAM module(s)              | 32  | 12                           |  |  |
| Chip organization                    | Double-sided  | Double-sided                 |  |  |
| Hard disk                            |   |                              |  |  |
| Vendor and model number              | Seagate ST9146803SS                                     | Seagate ST9146803SS          |  |  |
| Number of disks in system            | 2   | 2                            |  |  |
| Size (GB)                            | 146   | 146                          |  |  |
| Buffer size (MB)                     | 16  | 16                           |  |  |
| RPM                                  | 10,000  | 10,000                       |  |  |
| Туре                                 | SAS   | SAS                          |  |  |
| Controller                           | LSI™ Logic SAS 1064E                                    | HP Smart Array P410i         |  |  |
| Network adapter (mezzanine card)     |   |                              |  |  |
| Vendor and model number              | 2 x Cisco UCS Cisco UCS M81KR<br>Virtual Interface Card | N/A                          |  |  |
| USB ports                            |   |                              |  |  |
| Number                               | 0   | 0                            |  |  |
| Туре                                 | N/A   | N/A                          |  |  |

Figure 4: Detailed configuration information for the servers.

# **APPENDIX B – PROFILE SETTINGS**

Figure 5 shows the configuration settings we used for server blade deployment on the Cisco UCS Server profile and the HP c7000 Virtual Connect Flex 10 Server profile. Note that the Cisco UCS solution automates all 18 tasks, while the HP solution automates 8 of the 18 tasks.

| System  | Cisco UCS Service Profile | HP c7000 Virtual Connect<br>Flex 10 Server Profile |
|---|---------------------------|--|
| BIOS settings                                   | ·                         |  |
| Low voltage DDR Mode: performance               | Automatically configured  | Default  |
| Quiet Boot                                      | Automatically configured  | Manual   |
| Server boot order, configure storage controller | Automatically configured  | Manual   |
| Firmware update                                 | •                         | •  |
| Server system                                   | Automatically updated     | Manual: Use Firmware DVD                           |
| Ethernet adaptor                                | Automatically updated     | Manual: Use Firmware DVD                           |
| Storage controller                              | Automatically updated     | Manual: Use Firmware DVD                           |
| Server mezzanine card                           | Automatically updated     | Manual: Use Firmware DVD                           |
| Remote management controller                    | Automatically updated     | Manual: Use Firmware DVD                           |
| Server components                               |                           |  |
| Server UUID                                     | Automatically configured  | Automatically configured                           |
| Define the number of vNICs                      | Automatically configured  | Automatically configured                           |
| PXE Boot settings                               | Automatically configured  | Automatically configured                           |
| Fabric failover settings                        | Automatically configured  | Manual setting on the OS<br>installed              |
| VLAN per NIC                                    | Automatically configured  | Automatically configured                           |
| VLAN tagging per NIC                            | Automatically configured  | Automatically configured                           |
| NIC QOS: Prioritize storage traffic             | Automatically configured  | Not supported                                      |
| vHBA assignment                                 | Automatically configured  | Automatically configured                           |
| Virtualized WWPN                                | Automatically configured  | Automatically configured                           |
| Fibre Channel boot parameters                   | Automatically configured  | Automatically configured                           |

Figure 5: Cisco UCS Service Profiles and HP solution Server Profiles.

Figure 6 shows those tasks that are either manual or unsupported on the HP c7000 Virtual Connect

Flex 10 Server Profile. Note that the Cisco UCS Service Profile automates these tasks.

| System  | Cisco UCS Service Profile | HP c7000 Virtual Connect<br>Flex 10 Server Profile |
|---|---------------------------|--|
| Manual tasks                                      | ·                         | ·  |
| Server system                                     | Automatically configured  | Manual: Use Firmware DVD                           |
| Ethernet adaptor                                  | Automatically configured  | Manual: Use Firmware DVD                           |
| Storage controller                                | Automatically configured  | Manual: Use Firmware DVD                           |
| Server mezzanine card                             | Automatically configured  | Manual: Use Firmware DVD                           |
| Remote management controller                      | Automatically configured  | Manual: Use Firmware DVD                           |
| Fabric failover settings                          | Automatically configured  | Manual setting on the OS installed                 |
| BIOS settings                                     |                           |  |
| Quiet Boot  | Automatically configured  | Manual   |
| Turbo Boost                                       | Automatically configured  | Manual   |
| Enhanced Intel SpeedStep <sup>®</sup>             | Automatically configured  | Manual   |
| Hyper Threading                                   | Automatically configured  | Manual   |
| Virtualization Technology (VT)                    | Automatically configured  | Manual   |
| Processor C3 Report                               | Automatically configured  | Manual   |
| Processor C6                                      | Automatically configured  | Manual   |
| Intel Directed I/O                                | Automatically configured  | Manual   |
| VT for Directed I/O                               | Automatically configured  | Manual   |
| Interrupt Remap                                   | Automatically configured  | Manual   |
| Coherency Support                                 | Automatically configured  | Manual   |
| ATS Support                                       | Automatically configured  | Manual   |
| Pass-through DMA support                          | Automatically configured  | Manual   |
| Memory RAS Config                                 | Automatically configured  | Manual   |
| NUMA  | Automatically configured  | Manual   |
| Low voltage DDR Mode                              | Automatically configured  | Manual   |
| Console redirect OPM                              | Automatically configured  | Manual   |
| Server boot order (include Boot from SAN and PXE) | Automatically configured  | Manual   |
| Unsupported tasks                                 |                           |  |
| NIC QOS   | Automatically configured  | Not supported                                      |
| BIOS scrub policy                                 | Automatically configured  | Not supported                                      |
| Disk scrub policy<br>HBA MTU                      | Automatically configured  | Not supported<br>Not supported                     |
| HBA persistent binding (PIN groups)               | Automatically configured  | Not supported                                      |

Figure 6: Cisco UCS Service Profiles and HP solution Server Profiles.

Figure 7 provides detailed profile settings for the Cisco UCS Service Profile and the HP Server Profile. Note that all the Cisco UCS profile settings are automated, while the majority of the HP settings are manual.

| System                              | Cisco UCS solution       | HP c7000 Virtual Connect Flex 10      |  |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| Firmware update                     |                          |                                       |  |
| Server system                       | Automatically configured | Manual: Use Firmware DVD              |  |
| Ethernet adaptor                    | Automatically configured | Manual: Use Firmware DVD              |  |
| Storage controller                  | Automatically configured | Manual: Use Firmware DVD              |  |
| Server mezzanine card               | Automatically configured | Manual: Use Firmware DVD              |  |
| Remote management controller        | Automatically configured | Manual: Use Firmware DVD              |  |
| Server components                   |                          |                                       |  |
| Server UUID                         | Automatically configured | Automatically configured              |  |
| Define the number of vNICs          | Automatically configured | Automatically configured              |  |
| PXE Boot settings                   | Automatically configured | Automatically configured              |  |
| Fabric failover settings            | Automatically configured | Manual setting on the<br>OS installed |  |
| VLAN per NIC                        | Automatically configured | Automatically configured              |  |
| VLAN tagging per NIC                | Automatically configured | Automatically configured              |  |
| NIC transmit rate limiting          | Automatically configured | Automatically configured              |  |
| NIC MAC addressing                  | Automatically configured | Automatically configured              |  |
| NIC QOS                             | Automatically configured | Not supported                         |  |
| IPMI username and passwords         | Automatically configured | Automatically configured              |  |
| IPMO user roles                     | Automatically configured | Automatically configured              |  |
| Serial over LAN configuration       | Automatically configured | Automatically configured              |  |
| BIOS scrub policy                   | Automatically configured | Not supported                         |  |
| Disk scrub policy                   | Automatically configured | Not supported                         |  |
| vHBA assignment                     | Automatically configured | Automatically configured              |  |
| Virtualized WWPN                    | Automatically configured | Automatically configured              |  |
| Fibre Channel boot parameters       | Automatically configured | Automatically configured              |  |
| HBA MTU                             | Automatically configured | Not supported                         |  |
| HBA persistent binding (PIN groups) | Automatically configured | Not supported                         |  |

Figure 7: Detailed profile settings for the Cisco UCS Service Profile and HP Server Profile.

# **APPENDIX C – TEST METHODOLOGY**

Figure 8 provides the steps we followed and total time to install one or two Cisco or HP blades and prepare them for the OS installation process. Fewer steps and less time demonstrate a higher level of operational efficiency. To see how we set up our VDI solution, see the How We Tested section of our companion performance report.<sup>1</sup> Note that we stopped timing when each server began booting from the CD.

| Adding new blade servers into an existing blade chassis  |  |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| Cisco UCS B250 M2<br>Extended Memory Blade Server  | HP ProLiant BL460c G7 Server   |  |  |  |
| Two-blade deployment scenario  | Two-blade deployment scenario  |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Creating service profiles from a template and assigning them to two new Cisco UCS B250 M2</li> <li>Extended Memory Blade Servers (time 1:10)</li> <li>1. Log into the Cisco Unified Computing Manager.</li> <li>2. Select the Servers tab.</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Creating the server profiles and assigning them to two new HP ProLiant BL460c G7 Blade Servers (time 2:37)</li> <li>1. Log onto the HP Onboard Administrator.</li> <li>2. Click Virtual Connect Manager.</li> <li>3. Log onto the Virtual Connect Manager.</li> </ul>   |  |  |  |
| <ol> <li>Select the Server template for the Cisco UCS<br/>B250 M2 Blade.</li> <li>Select Create Service Profiles from Template.</li> <li>Name the profile UCS-, and for number, enter<br/>2 to make 2 new profiles.</li> <li>Select the profile UCS-1, and select Change<br/>Service Profile Association.</li> <li>Select Pre-provision a slot.</li> <li>Specify the slot as Chassis 1, slot 5.</li> <li>Select the profile UCS-2, and select Change<br/>Service Profile Association.</li> <li>Select the profile UCS-2, and select Change<br/>Service Profile Association.</li> <li>Select the profile UCS-2, and select Change<br/>Service Profile Association.</li> <li>Select Pre-provision a slot.</li> </ol> | <ol> <li>Click Server Profiles.</li> <li>Select a profile that you want to use as a template.</li> <li>Click Copy.</li> <li>Select the copy, and rename it slot HP-15.</li> <li>Assign the profile to slot 15.</li> <li>Select the same profile that you want to use in step 5.</li> <li>Click Copy.</li> <li>Select the copy, and rename it HP-16.</li> <li>Assign the profile to slot 16.</li> </ol> |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>11. Specify the slot as Chassis 1, slot 7.</li> <li>Installing Cisco UCS B250 M2 Extended Memory<br/>Blade Servers, associating the service profiles,<br/>waiting for system discovery (time 18:48)</li> <li>1. Physically install both the Cisco UCS B250 M2<br/>Extended Memory Blades into the UCS chassis<br/>and wait for system discovery, the UCS will<br/>also automatically install firmware updates<br/>and edit default BIOS settings. When<br/>complete, the servers are ready for OS install.</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Installing the HP ProLiant BL460c G7 Blade Servers, associating the server profiles, waiting for system discovery (time 9:07)</li> <li>1. Physically install the two blades in bays 15 and 16.</li> <li>2. Wait for server discovery, power on, and system memory check, and wait for HP (ProLiant splash screen) to appear.</li> </ul>   |  |  |  |

<sup>1</sup><u>http://principledtechnologies.com/clients/reports/Cisco/UCS\_vs\_HP\_scaling.pdf</u>

| Adding new blade servers i                                     | nto an existing blade chassis  |
|--|--|
| 2. Open a remote session In the UCS Manager,                   | Installing ILO Advanced pack license, and configuring  |
| click the Server tab $\rightarrow$ Server 5 $\rightarrow$ KVM. | Boot Order on the HP ProLiant BL460c G7 Blade  |
| 3. Open another session to the second blade In                 | Servers (time 5:41)  |
| the UCS Manager, click the Server tab $\rightarrow$ Server     | 1. In the HP Onboard Administrator, click bay 15.  |
| 7→KVM.   | 2. Click the Boot Options tab  |
|  | 3. Use the arrow keys to select Standard Boot  |
|  | Order (IPL). Select Hard Disk C: and move it to  |
|  | device 1. Click Apply.   |
|  | <ol> <li>Click ILO → Web administration.</li> </ol>  |
|  | 5. In the ILO menu, open   |
|  | Administration $\rightarrow$ Licensing, enter the 25-digit   |
|  | activation license key, and click Install.   |
|  | 6. In the HP Onboard Administrator, click bay 16.  |
|  | <ol> <li>Click the Boot Options tab</li> <li>Use the arrow keys to select Standard Boot</li> </ol> |
|  | Order (IPL). Select Hard Disk C: and move it to  |
|  | device 1. Click Apply.   |
|  | 9. Click ILO $\rightarrow$ Web administration.   |
|  | 10. In the ILO menu, open  |
|  | Administration $\rightarrow$ Licensing, enter the 25-digit   |
|  | activation license key, and click Install.   |
|  | Blade 1: Installing host firmware updates (time 7:42)  |
|  | <ol> <li>Click bay 15→ILO→Integrated Remote<br/>Console.</li> </ol>                                |
|  | 2. Click Virtual drives $\rightarrow$ CD/DVD $\rightarrow$ Virtual Image.                          |
|  | 3. Browse to HP firmware.iso.  |
|  | 4. Wait for the HP firmware DVD to automatically   |
|  | install all applicable firmware updates.   |
|  | 5. When the firmware updates complete, reboot  |
|  | the system.  |
|  | 6. After the HP ProLiant BL460c G7 Server  |
|  | reboots, press F9 to configure BIOS settings.  |
|  | Blade 1: BIOS, Editing the default boot controller   |
|  | order*(time 0:16)  |
|  | 1. Use the arrow key on the BIOS menu to select  |
|  | Boot Controller order boot order, and change   |
|  | HP Smart Array P41-I Controller to boot order  |
|  | 3.   |
|  | 2. Press Esc two times to return to the main   |
|  | menu.  |

| Adding new blade servers                   | into an existing blade chassis  |
|--|---|
|  | 3. Press F10 to reboot the system, while Blade 1  |
|  | is rebooting, Begin Blade2.   |
|  | Blade 2: Installing host firmware updates (time 7:42)   |
|  | <ol> <li>In the Onboard administrator Click<br/>Bay16→Click ILO→Integrated Remote<br/>Console.</li> <li>Click Virtual drives→CD/DVD→Virtual Image.</li> <li>Browse to HP firmware.iso.</li> <li>Wait for the HP firmware DVD to automatically<br/>install all applicable firmware updates.</li> <li>When the firmware updates complete, reboot<br/>the system.</li> <li>After the HP ProLiant BL460c G7 Server<br/>reboots, press F9 to configure BIOS settings.</li> </ol> |
|  | Blade 2: BIOS, Editing the default boot controller order*( <i>time 4:35</i> )   |
|  | <ol> <li>Use the arrow key on the BIOS menu to select<br/>Boot Controller order boot order, and change<br/>HP Smart Array P41-I Controller to boot order<br/>3.</li> <li>Press Esc two times to return to the main<br/>menu.</li> <li>Press F10 to reboot the system. When the<br/>system has finished rebooting, both blades are</li> </ol>  |
|  | ready for OS install.   |
| Total number of steps                      | Total number of steps   |
| Two-blade scenario: 14                     | Two-blade scenario: 42  |
| Total time                                 | Total time  |
| Two-blade scenario: 19 minutes, 58 seconds | Two-blade scenario: 37 minutes, 40 seconds  |
|  |   |

#### Adding new blade servers into an existing blade chassis

#### \*\*\*\*\*\*\*

## One-blade deployment scenario

Creating a service profile from template and assigning it to a new Cisco UCS B250 M2 Extended Memory Blade Server *(time 1:05)* 

- 1. Log into the Cisco Unified Computing Manager.
- 2. Select the Servers tab.
- Select the Server template for the Cisco UCS B250 M2 Extended Memory Blade.
- 4. Select Create Service Profiles from Template.
- Name the profile UCS-, and for number, enter 1 to make 1 new profile.
- 6. Select the profile UCS-1, and select Change Service Profile Association.
- 7. Select Pre-provision a slot.
- 8. Specify the slot as Chassis 1, slot 5.

#### Installing the Cisco UCS B250 M2 Extended Memory Blade Server, associating the service profile, waiting for system discovery (time 18:30)

- Physically install a Cisco UCS B250 M2 Extended Memory Blade Server into the UCS chassis and wait for system discovery, the UCS will also automatically install firmware updates and edit default BIOS settings. When complete, the server is ready for OS install.
- 2. Open a remote session In the UCS Manager, click the Server tab→Server 5→KVM.

## One-blade deployment scenario

\*\*\*\*\*\*

#### Creating a server profile and assigning it to a new HP ProLiant BL 460c G7 Blade Server *(time 2:14)*

- 1. Log onto the HP Onboard Administrator.
- 2. Click Virtual Connect Manager.
- 3. Log onto the Virtual Connect Manager.
- 4. Click Server Profiles.
- 5. Select a profile that you want to use as a template.
- 6. Click Copy.
- 7. Select the copy, and rename it slot HP-15.
- 8. Assign the profile to slot 15.

#### Installing the HP ProLiant BL460c G7 Blade Server, associating the server profile, waiting for system discovery (time 9:07)

*Note: For this task, the two scenarios take the same amount of time.* 

- Physically install the two blades in bays 15 and 16.
- Wait for server discovery, power on, and system memory check, and wait for HP (ProLiant splash screen) to appear.

#### Installing ILO Advanced pack license on the HP ProLiant BL460c G7 Blade Server, configuring Boot Order (*time 3:35*)

- 1. In the HP Onboard Administrator, click bay 15.
- 2. Click the Boot Options tab
- 3. Use the arrow keys to select Standard Boot Order (IPL). Select Hard Disk C: and move it to device 1. Click Apply.
- 4. Click ILO  $\rightarrow$  Web administration.
- In the ILO menu, open Administration→Licensing, enter the 25-digit activation license key, and click Install.

| Installing host firmware updates (time 7:42)         1. Click ILO→Integrated Remote Console.         2. Click Virtual drives>CD/DVD→Virtual Image.         3. Browse to HP firmware DVD to automatically install all applicable firmware updates.         4. Wait for the HP firmware updates complete, reboot the system.         6. After the HP ProLiant BL460c G7 Blade Server reboots, press F9 to configure BIOS settings.         BIOS: Editing the default boot controller order* (time 4:35)         1. Use the arrow key on the BIOS menu to select Boot Controller order boot order, and change HP Smart Array P41-I Controller to boot order 3.         2. Press Esc two times to return to the main menu.         3. Press F10 to reboot the system.         Total number of steps         One-blade scenario: 10         Total time         One-blade scenario: 19 minutes, 35 seconds         *These steps above are necessary if a local disk array is present, as was the case in our test. The Cisco UCS Service Profile has additional settings enabled to ensure the local disk array is never the primary boot controller, so a system administrator  | Adding new blade server                    | s into an existing blade chassis  |
|--|--|---|
| <ul> <li>Click Virtual drives → CD/DVD → Virtual Image.</li> <li>Browse to HP firmware.iso.</li> <li>Wait for the HP firmware DVD to automatically install all applicable firmware updates.</li> <li>When the firmware updates complete, reboot the system.</li> <li>After the HP Protiant BL460c G7 Blade Server reboots, press F9 to configure BIOS settings.</li> <li>BIOS: Editing the default boot controller order* (time 4:35)</li> <li>Use the arrow key on the BIOS menu to select Boot Controller order boot order, and change HP Smart Array P41-I Controller to boot order 3.</li> <li>Press Esc two times to return to the main menu.</li> <li>Press F10 to reboot the system.</li> <li>Total number of steps</li> <li>One-blade scenario: 10</li> <li>Total time</li> <li>One-blade scenario: 19 minutes, 35 seconds</li> <li>*These steps above are necessary if a local disk array is present, as was the case in our test. The Cisco UCS Service Profile has additional settings enabled to ensure the local disk array is never the primary boot device on a UCS blade. The HP Virtual Connect Server Profiles do not have any options to specify the primary boot. If we can ave the system BIOS. If</li> </ul> |  |   |
| Total number of stepsTotal number of stepsOne-blade scenario: 10One-blade scenario: 24Total timeTotal timeOne-blade scenario: 19 minutes, 35 secondsOne-blade scenario: 27 minutes, 13 seconds*These steps above are necessary if a local disk array<br>is present, as was the case in our test. The Cisco UCS<br>Service Profile has additional settings enabled to<br>ensure the local disk array is never the primary boot<br>device on a UCS blade. The HP Virtual Connect Server<br>Profiles do not have any options to specify the<br>primary boot controller, so a system administrator<br>must configure the server through the system BIOS. If  |  | <ol> <li>Click Virtual drives→CD/DVD→Virtual Image.</li> <li>Browse to HP firmware.iso.</li> <li>Wait for the HP firmware DVD to automatically install all applicable firmware updates.</li> <li>When the firmware updates complete, reboot the system.</li> <li>After the HP ProLiant BL460c G7 Blade Server reboots, press F9 to configure BIOS settings.</li> <li>BIOS: Editing the default boot controller order* (time 4:35)</li> <li>Use the arrow key on the BIOS menu to select Boot Controller order boot order, and change HP Smart Array P41-I Controller to boot order 3.</li> <li>Press Esc two times to return to the main menu.</li> </ol> |
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| One-blade scenario: 19 minutes, 35 secondsOne-blade scenario: 27 minutes, 13 seconds*These steps above are necessary if a local disk array<br>is present, as was the case in our test. The Cisco UCS<br>Service Profile has additional settings enabled to<br>ensure the local disk array is never the primary boot<br>device on a UCS blade. The HP Virtual Connect Server<br>Profiles do not have any options to specify the<br>primary boot controller, so a system administrator<br>must configure the server through the system BIOS. If  |  |   |
| *These steps above are necessary if a local disk array<br>is present, as was the case in our test. The Cisco UCS<br>Service Profile has additional settings enabled to<br>ensure the local disk array is never the primary boot<br>device on a UCS blade. The HP Virtual Connect Server<br>Profiles do not have any options to specify the<br>primary boot controller, so a system administrator<br>must configure the server through the system BIOS. If  | Total time                                 | Total time  |
| is present, as was the case in our test. The Cisco UCS<br>Service Profile has additional settings enabled to<br>ensure the local disk array is never the primary boot<br>device on a UCS blade. The HP Virtual Connect Server<br>Profiles do not have any options to specify the<br>primary boot controller, so a system administrator<br>must configure the server through the system BIOS. If  | One-blade scenario: 19 minutes, 35 seconds | One-blade scenario: 27 minutes, 13 seconds  |
| ProLiant BL460c G7 Server would reflect the following reductions:  |  | is present, as was the case in our test. The Cisco UCS<br>Service Profile has additional settings enabled to<br>ensure the local disk array is never the primary boot<br>device on a UCS blade. The HP Virtual Connect Server<br>Profiles do not have any options to specify the<br>primary boot controller, so a system administrator<br>must configure the server through the system BIOS. If<br>there was no consideration for local disks, the HP<br>ProLiant BL460c G7 Server would reflect the following  |

| Adding new blade servers into an existing blade chassis |   |  |
|---|---|--|
|   | One-blade scenario- step & time reductions: |  |
|   | 3 steps, 4 minutes 35 seconds               |  |
|   | Two-blade scenario- step & time reductions: |  |
|   | 6 steps, 9 minutes 10 seconds               |  |

Figure 8: Steps required when installing one or two blades into an existing setup on either the Cisco UCS solution or HP solution. Fewer steps and less time are better.

# **ABOUT PRINCIPLED TECHNOLOGIES**



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