Cisco StackPower

Customer Need: Highly Available Power

Businesses require a highly available campus network because any downtime can bring down access to phones, wireless access points, and business applications. Network switch power redundancy is a critical component of overall campus redundancy. There are two commonly used power redundancy solutions for switches: full redundancy and partial redundancy. In full redundancy, every switch is attached to two power supplies so that if one goes down, the other takes over. This scheme is also called 1:1 redundancy. In partial redundancy, there is one extra power supply for multiple switches. This is also called 1:N redundancy. Fully redundant power solutions are often underutilized because every switch has a backup power supply, which is idle under normal conditions. Partially redundant power supply takes time to come online in the event of a power failure, leading to network outages.



Technology Postcard

Feature Description: Cisco StackPower

Cisco StackPower™ provides a revolutionary alternative to power redundancy for Cisco® access switches. StackPower pools the available power supplies in all the switches and makes them available to every switch. The pooling of power supplies is the most efficient way to distribute the power to every switch. In the event of a power supply failure, excess power from the pool can be redistributed very quickly. The following figure compares Cisco StackPower with traditional power redundancy schemes for a stack of four switches.



1:1 redundant power Switches have dual power supplies

> Power Supply Redundant Power Supply



Switches have single power supply along with external redundant power supply (RPS)

All available power supplies pooled for distribution and redundancy



Switches with single, dual or no power supply connected using StackPower cables As long as the total available power is more than the power in use, StackPower uses the excess power for redundancy. StackPower allows distribution of power based on switch and port priorities. This is valuable during power outages because if the StackPower pool does not have enough power for all switches, certain devices (for example, wireless access points) connected to certain ports can be kept going until the failed power is restored.

Benefits



Zero-footprint redundant power supply: No need to set up an external redundant power supply. Adding one additional power supply to any switch in the stack provides redundancy to the entire stack.





Scalability: Up to nine switches can be connected with an expandable power system

administrators from maintaining underutilized redundant

Ability to assign priorities to switches and ports (connected devices) for higher availability during outages.

Operational savings: Cisco StackPower frees

power supplies and power shelves.

Supported Cisco Catalyst Platforms

Cisco Catalyst® 3750-X

For More Information

www.cisco.com/en/US/prod/collateral/switches/ps5718/ ps6406/white_paper_c11-578931.html

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