



Multicast Network Management



Multicast Architecture

Agenda

- IP Multicast MIBs
- IP Multicast Syslogs
- IP Multicast NetFlow
- Network Management Systems for IP Mcast
- Monitoring and Troubleshooting Examples



What Is Network Management ?

Practically, many people say:

- **Fault Detection and Isolation**

Are any WAN links flapping ?

How long has that been happening ?

- **Monitoring**

Do you know what your network is doing right now ?

Do you know where your packets are ?

- **Configuration Management**

Which routers are included in that routing domain ?

Are there any obvious misconfigurations ?

IP Multicast Net Mgmt Challenges

- **Multicast forwarding state is dynamic**
- **Best Effort Delivery**
- **No Congestion control**

Requires External Monitoring

**Applications may have feedback mechanism
(e.g. Tibco, PGM)**

What Is Network Management for IPmc?

- **Some people may say....**

How many active mroutes do we have now ?

What data rates are they running at ?

Where are the receivers for that group ?

Is the traffic behaving as expected ?

Which RP supports that group?

How does the multicast traffic flow affect other traffic ?

- **What do you think it includes ?**

Multicast MIBs



Multicast MIBS

MIBs come in 4 main flavors:

Draft

- MIBs based on IETF draft

RFC: Experimental

- MIBs based on IETF RFC that is experimental

RFC: Proposed Standard

- MIBs based on IETF RFC that is a proposed standard

Cisco specific MIBs

- Extend the capabilities of IP multicast beyond what is defined in the IETF MIBs
- For example, Cisco specific configuration and feature elements.

Multicast MIBS

IGMP	IGMP-MIB.my
	IGMP-STD-MIB.my
IGMP Snooping	CISCO-IGMP-SNOOPING-MIB.my (CatOS only)
Mroute	IPMROUTE-MIB.my
	IPMROUTE-STD-MIB.my
	CISCO-IPMROUTE-MIB.my
PIM	PIM-MIB.my
	CISCO-PIM-MIB.my
MSDP	MSDP-MIB.my
mVPN	CISCO-MVPN-MIB.my

Multicast MIBS IOS Support

	12.1E	12.2SX	12.3	12.4	12.0S
IGMP-MIB	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes
IGMP-STD-MIB (RFC 2933)	No	No	Yes	Yes	No
MROUTE-MIB	Yes	No	No	No	No
MROUTE-STD-MIB (RFC 2932)	No	Yes ¹	Yes	Yes	Yes
CISCO-IPMROUTE-MIB	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
PIM-MIB (RFC 2934)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
CISCO-PIM-MIB	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
MSDP-MIB (RFC 4624)	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
CISCO-MVPN-MIB	No	Yes ¹	No	Yes	Yes

¹ The CISCO-MVPN-MIB and MROUTE-STD-MIB are available in 12.2(33)SXH and 12.2(33)SRB

IOS-XR MIB Support

- **CISCO-IETF-IPMROUTE-MIB**

Based on RFC 2932 with IPv6 support

- **CISCO-IETF-PIM-MIB**

Based on RFC 2934 with IPv6 support

- **CISCO-IETF-PIM-EXT-MIB**

Extensions to the PIM MIB to support Bidir, DR Priority

- **IPV6-MLD-MIB – based on RFC 3019**

IGMP-STD-MIB

- **Based on RFC 2933**
- **Contains information for IPv4 Multicast Routers, e.g.:**
 - Address of IGMP Querier
 - IGMP version configured on int
 - IGMP cache
- **Does not fully support IGMPv3**
CSCek28502 fixed igmpInterfaceVersion
- **Cisco implementation does support set/create of config objects**

PIM-MIB

- Based on RFC 2934
- Contains PIM Interface info, neighbors and RP info
 - pimRPState
 - active RPs in system
 - similar to “show ip pim rp”
 - pimRPSetTable
 - mapping info for PIMv2
 - similar to “show ip pim rp mapping”
- Does not support Static RP ranges – but active groups will show up in pimRPState
- Auto-RP group ranges are included in pimRPSetTable

IP-MROUTE-STD-MIB

- **Based on RFC 2932**
- **Contains information about the status of multicast routing**
- **Traffic statistics**
 - **Packet counters per mroute**
 - **Packet counters per mroute, per outbound interface**
 - **NextHopPkts**
 - **Octet counters per mroute**
 - **Octet counters per interface – in/out**

CISCO-IPMROUTE-MIB

Contains information about mroutes such as flags and traffic counters

- The IPMROUTE-STD-MIB contains counters that are not available in the IPMROUTE-MIB
 - IPMROUTE-STD-MIB has these objects additional as compared to the IPMROUTE-MIB:
 1. ipMRouteEntryCount
 2. ipMRouteHCOctets
 3. ipMRouteInterfaceHCInMcastOctets
 4. ipMRouteInterfaceHCOutMcastOctets
 5. ipMRouteScopeNameTable (has 7 objects)
- These are available in the CISCO-IPMROUTE-MIB as:
 1. ciscoIpMRouteNumberOfEntries
 2. ciscoIpMRouteOctets
 3. ciscoIpMRoutelfInMcastOctets
 4. ciscoIpMRoutelfOutMcastOctets
 5. Only available in IPMROUTE-STD-MIB

Packet Counters

IF-MIB (RFC1213)

ifInMulticastPkts
ifOutMulticastPkts
ifHCInMulticastPkts
ifHCOutMulticastPkts

Multicast In/Out Packets At Interface Level

~~P2P~~ – all L2 packets
are P2P not Mcast

USE New Counters

CISCO-IPMROUTE-MIB

ciscoIpMRoutefInMcastPkts
ciscoIpMRoutefHCInMcastPkts
ciscoIpMRoutefOutMcastPkts
ciscoIpMRoutefHCOutMcastPkts

Most Int Types Counters
are fine (e.g. GE)

Similar output as:
show ip pim int count

CISCO-MVPN-MIB

- Based on draft-svaitya-mcast-vpn-mib to be re-submitted as L3VPN WG draft
- Includes:

Generic Info

- Names of Multicast-enabled VRFs
- Number of active multicast enabled interfaces per VRF
- Object to control trap generation per-mVRF
- Last Config Event in each mVRF

Per-MVRF Information

- MDT default group address
- MDT Data Groups and related Variables
- Dynamic mapping between customer multicast groups and Default/Data MDT groups
- Mapping between mVRF and MDT tunnel interface
- MDT Join TLVs being sent by a device,
- MDT-SAFI NLRI (BGP advertisements of MDT groups)

Traffic Reporting on 6500/7600

- Cat6500 traffic statistics are collected by hardware counters and updated periodically to MSFC
- Native IOS updates 25% of mroutes every 25 seconds
 - worse case stats can be 100 seconds old
 - in 12.2(18)SX this was changed to 10% with a default of 9 seconds – worse case 90 secs
- The stat update time can be adjusted with **mls ip multicast flow-stat-timer <secs>**
- May cause increase in CPU utilization depending on number of mroutes. Use with care.

Multicast Notifications (Traps)

Mroute	ciscoIpMRouteMissingHeartBeats
PIM	pimNeighborLoss ciscoPimRPMMappingChange ciscoPimInvalidRegister ciscoPimInvalidJoinPrune ciscoPimInterfaceUp ciscoPimInterfaceDown
MSDP	msdpEstablished¹ msdpBackwardTransition
mVPN	ciscoMvpnMvrfChange

¹Supported in latest images – 12.4T, 12.0S, 12.2SXH, 12.2SRB.
CSCek00661 has details.

Multicast Traps - Enabling

Traps are enabled by these commands:

snmp-server enable traps pim

invalid-pim-message Enable invalid pim traps

neighbor-change Enable neighbor change trap

rp-mapping-change Enable rp mapping change trap

snmp-server enable traps ipmulticast

snmp-server enable traps msdp

snmp-server enable traps mvpn

or

snmp-server enable traps

Will enable ALL traps

Multicast Traps – Enabling (Cont.)

Traps are enabled by these commands:

```
snmp-server enable traps pim invalid-pim-message
    ciscoPimInvalidRegister
    ciscoPimInvalidJoinPrune
```

```
snmp-server enable traps pim neighbor-change
    pimNeighborLoss
    ciscoPimInterfaceUp
    ciscoPimInterfaceDown
```

```
snmp-server enable traps pim rp-mapping-change
    ciscoPimRPMappingChange
```

```
snmp-server enable traps pim
    Everything above
```

```
snmp-server enable traps ipmulticast
    ciscoIpMRouteMissingHeartBeats
```

```
snmp-server enable traps msdp
    msdpBackwardTransition
```

```
snmp-server enable traps mvpn
    ciscoMvpnMvrfChange
```

Multicast Heartbeat

- **Sends an SNMP trap when traffic stops for critical group**

- **Troubleshooting Usage:**

Confirm traffic stream activity

Requires that downstream router or host has joined group or that a static IGMP has been set – e.g. data path must be through the router configured with heartbeat monitor

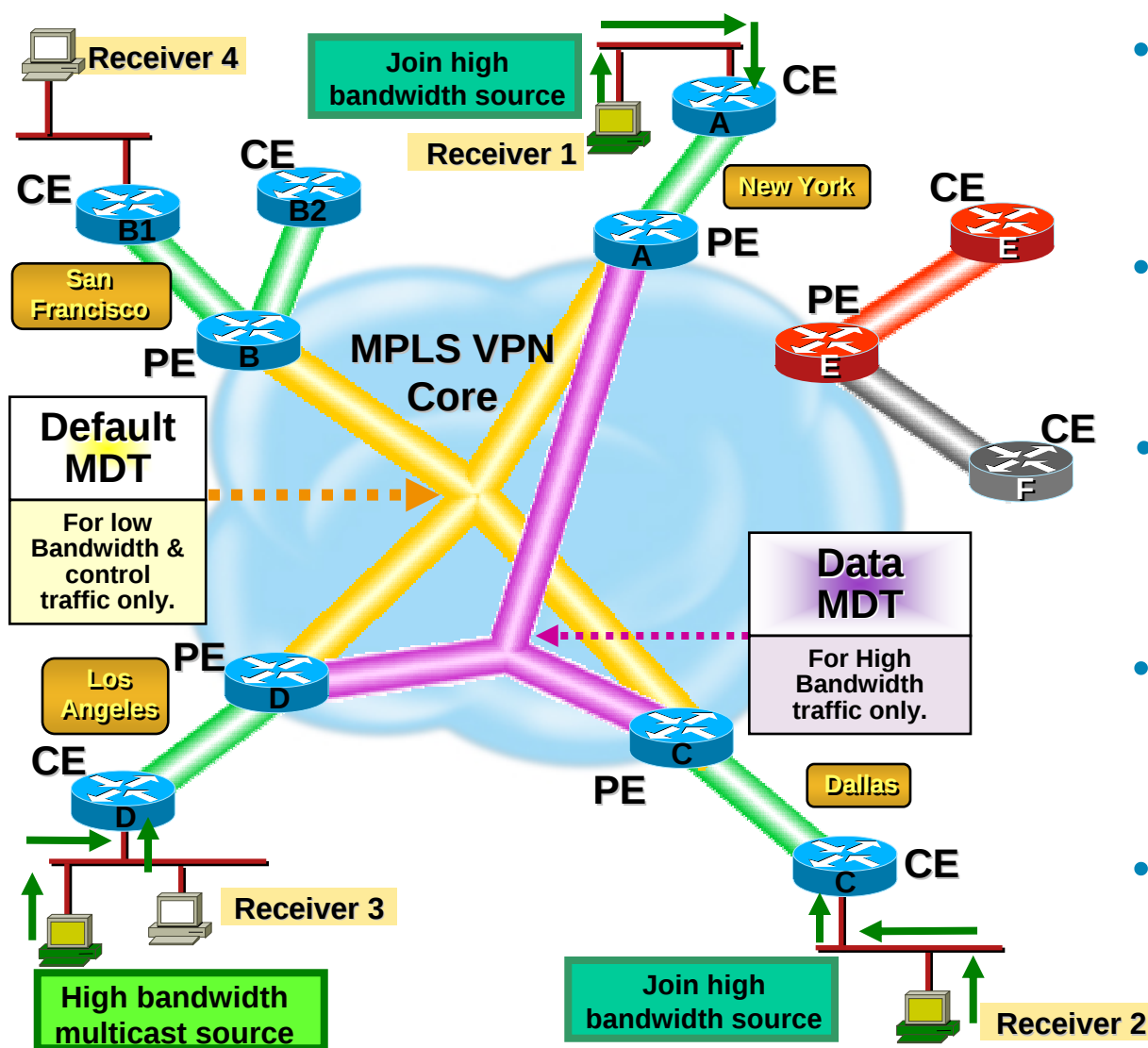
Multicast Heartbeat

- Set the router to send the traps
- Set the group
- Set the min number of intervals that must have traffic
- Set the number of intervals to monitor
- Set the length of intervals in seconds

```
snmp-server enable traps ipmulticast  
ip multicast heartbeat 224.0.1.53 1 1 10
```

Multicast VPN (MVPN)

Concept and Fundamentals



- Customer CE devices joins the MPLS Core through provider's PE devices
- The MPLS Core forms a Default MDT for a given Customer
- A High-bandwidth source for that customer starts sending traffic
- Interested receivers 1 & 2 join that High Bandwidth source
- Data-MDT is formed for this High-Bandwidth source

What Is VRF Aware?

If a MIB is VRF aware then:

- **SNMP gets and sets can be made to the individual VRFs**
- **The MIB will have the ability to detect conditions for a trap inside of a VRF and lookup the additional information in the VRF context**
- **Traps will be sent to a manager located inside a VRF**

```
snmp-server host 1.1.1.1 vrf blue
```

NOTE: VRF Aware and MIBs

MIBs that are not VRF aware will not be able to report on an event that occurs in a VRF.

They will only report on events in the default/global routing tables.

Only PE routers need to be VRF Aware.

- **These MIBs are **NOT** VRF Aware:**

Mroute, PIM, MSDP, IGMP, IGMP Snooping

- **The mVPN MIB is VRF independent and can be used to access information about each VRF.**

New IETF Work on MIBs

- **New PIM MIB**

Current draft: draft-ietf-pim-mib-v2-10.txt

Working its way through the standards process

- **New Support**

Static RP group ranges

Auto-RP group ranges

Embedded RP

PIM-Bidir – DF election table

IPv6 Multicast

New IETF Work on MIBs (Cont.)

- **IP Multicast MIB**

Replaces IPMROUTE-STD-MIB

Current Draft: draft-ietf-mboned-ip-mcast-mib-05.txt

Working its way through the standards process

- **New Support**

SSM Range Definitions

PIM-Bidir mroute types

IPv6 (Address Family Independent)

Local host information – the mib will report on which groups are joined by router/host

New IETF Work on MIBs (Cont.)

- **BSR MIB**

Current Draft: draft-ietf-pim-bsr-mib-03

BSR info that has been pulled out of the PIM MIB

- **Supports**

Candidate-RP info

Elected BSR info

Supports IPv4 and IPv6

New IETF Work on MIBs (Cont.)

- **Multicast Group Membership Discovery MIB**

Current Draft: `draft-ietf-magma-mgmd-mib-08.txt`

- **Supports**

IGMPv1, IGMPv2, IGMPv3

MLDv1, MLDV2

IPv4 and IPv6 membership in one MIB

Support for hosts and routers

More Info

- For more information about IP Multicast MIBs:
Search on CCO for “**Multicast Network Management**”
Or
- <http://www.cisco.com/go/ipmulticast>
White Papers
IP Multicast Network Management

Multicast Syslog Messages



Multicast Syslogs

- **There are dozens of multicast Syslog messages in these categories:**
 - Mroute Messages**
 - MDS Messages**
 - PIM Messages**
 - AUTORP Messages**
 - MDT Messages**
 - MSDP Messages**
 - DVMRP Messages**
 - MCAST Messages - Layer 2 Multicast**
- **Many customers use a correlation engine to collect and process Syslog messages – such as CNS Notification Engine**

Useful Multicast Syslogs

Invalid RP Register Syslog:

%PIM-1-INVALID_RP_REG: Received Register from 210.0.1.202 for 239.3.3.3 not willing to be RP

This message indicates that an edge router is configured with the wrong RP address. DR addr is 210.0.1.202

Some users confuse the DR addr with the source addr. New format will make the message more readable. Adding address of RP from Reg msg:

%PIM-1-INVALID_RP_REG: Received Register from router 210.0.1.202 for group 239.3.3.3, 210.1.1.3 not willing to be RP

New Syslog Command

Global command:

ip pim log-neighbor-changes

Alerts when the status of a PIM neighbor changes – similar to existing log messages for OSPF and BGP

Integrated into recent releases of 12.3, 12.3T, 12.0S, 12.2S. See CSCee02125.

NOTE: VRF Aware and Syslogs

All the Syslog messages **ARE** VRF aware. They report the name of the VRF in the error message. Available in 12.2SX, 12.3T but not 12.0S images.

Examples of syslogs with VRF information:

```
%PIM-1-INVALID_RP_REG: VRF red: Received Register from  
200.1.1.201 for 226.6.6.6, not willing to be RP  
  
%PIM-5-NBRCHG: neighbor 126.1.5.14 UP on interface  
GigabitEthernet3/38 (vrf default)
```

Sometimes the VRF info:

- Is at the beginning of the message, sometimes end
- Identifies the default domain, sometimes not

This has been fixed in latest releases. See CSCei50781 and CSCek46450 for 12.0S

mVPN Management – Data MDT Reuse

mVPN has the option of using a different Data MDT for each high bandwidth customer stream

SPs would like to monitor their VPNs to determine which ones may need more addresses for Data MDTs. This can be done with the mdt reuse syslog:

```
ip vrf blue
  mdt default 232.1.1.1
  mdt data 232.1.200.0 0.0.0.255
  mdt log-reuse
```

The config will enable this syslog message:

```
%MDT-5-DATA_MDT_REUSED: VRF blue: Data MDT 232.1.200.0
is reused in VRF blue
```

Multicast NetFlow



NetFlow Origination

- Developed by Darren Kerr and Barry Bruins at Cisco Systems in 1996
US Patent 6,243,667
- The value of information in the cache was a secondary discovery
Initially designed as a switching path
- NetFlow is now the **primary network accounting technology** in the industry
- Answers questions regarding IP traffic: **who, what, where, when, and how**

Principle NetFlow Benefits

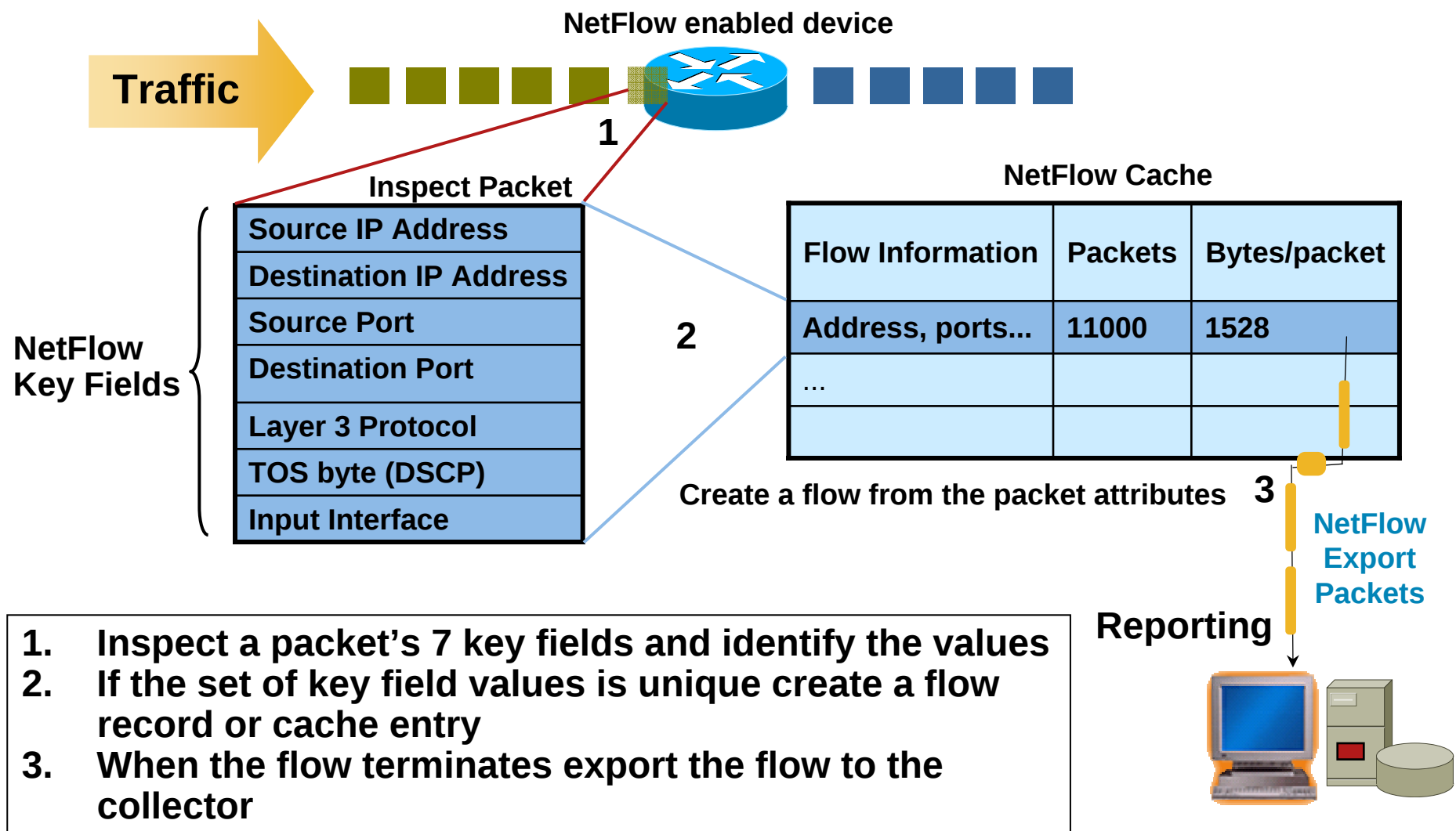
Service Provider

- Peering arrangements
- Network planning
- Traffic engineering
- Accounting and billing
- Security monitoring

Enterprise

- Internet access monitoring (protocol distribution, where traffic is going/coming)
- User monitoring
- Application monitoring
- Charge back billing for departments
- Security monitoring

What is a Traditional IP Flow ?



NetFlow Principles

- **Unidirectional flow**
- **Accounts for both transit traffic and traffic destined for the router**
- **Works with Cisco Express Forwarding or fast switching**
Not a switching path
- **Supported on all interfaces and Cisco IOS[®] Software platforms**
- **Returns the subinterface information in the flow records**
- **Cisco Catalyst[®] 6500 Series and Cisco 7600 Series enables NetFlow on all interfaces by default**

Traditional Layer 3 NetFlow Cache

1. Create and update flows in NetFlow cache

Key Fields in Yellow
Non-Key Fields white

SrcIf	SrcIPadd	DstIf	DstIPadd	Protocol	TOS	Flgs	Pkts	Src Port	Src Msk	Src AS	Dst Port	Dst Msk	Dst AS	NextHop	Bytes/ Pkt	Active	Idle
Fa1/0	173.100.21.2	Fa0/0	10.0.227.12	11	80	10	11000	A2	/24	5	A2	/24	15	10.0.23.2	1528	1745	4
Fa1/0	173.100.3.2	Fa0/0	10.0.227.12	6	40	0	2491	15	/26	196	15	/24	15	10.0.23.2	740	41.5	1
Fa1/0	173.100.20.2	Fa0/0	10.0.227.12	11	80	10	10000	A1	/24	180	A1	/24	15	10.0.23.2	1428	1145.5	3
Fa1/0	173.100.6.2	Fa0/0	10.0.227.12	6	40	0	2210	19	/30	180	19	/24	15	10.0.23.2	1040	24.5	14

2. Expiration

- Inactive timer expired - 15 sec is default
- Active timer expired - 30 min (1800 sec) is default
- Netflow Cache is Full – oldest flows are Expired
- RST or FIN TCP Flag

SrcIf	SrcIPadd	DstIf	DstIPadd	Protocol	TOS	Flgs	Pkts	Src Port	Src Msk	Src AS	Dst Port	Dst Msk	Dst AS	NextHop	Bytes/ Pkt	Active	Idle
Fa1/0	173.100.21.2	Fa0/0	10.0.227.12	11	80	10	11000	A2	/24	5	A2	/24	15	10.0.23.2	1528	1800	4

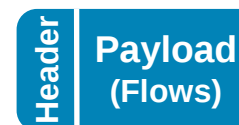
4. Export version

Non-Aggregated Flows—Export Version 5 or 9

5. Transport protocol

30 Flows per 1500 byte export packet

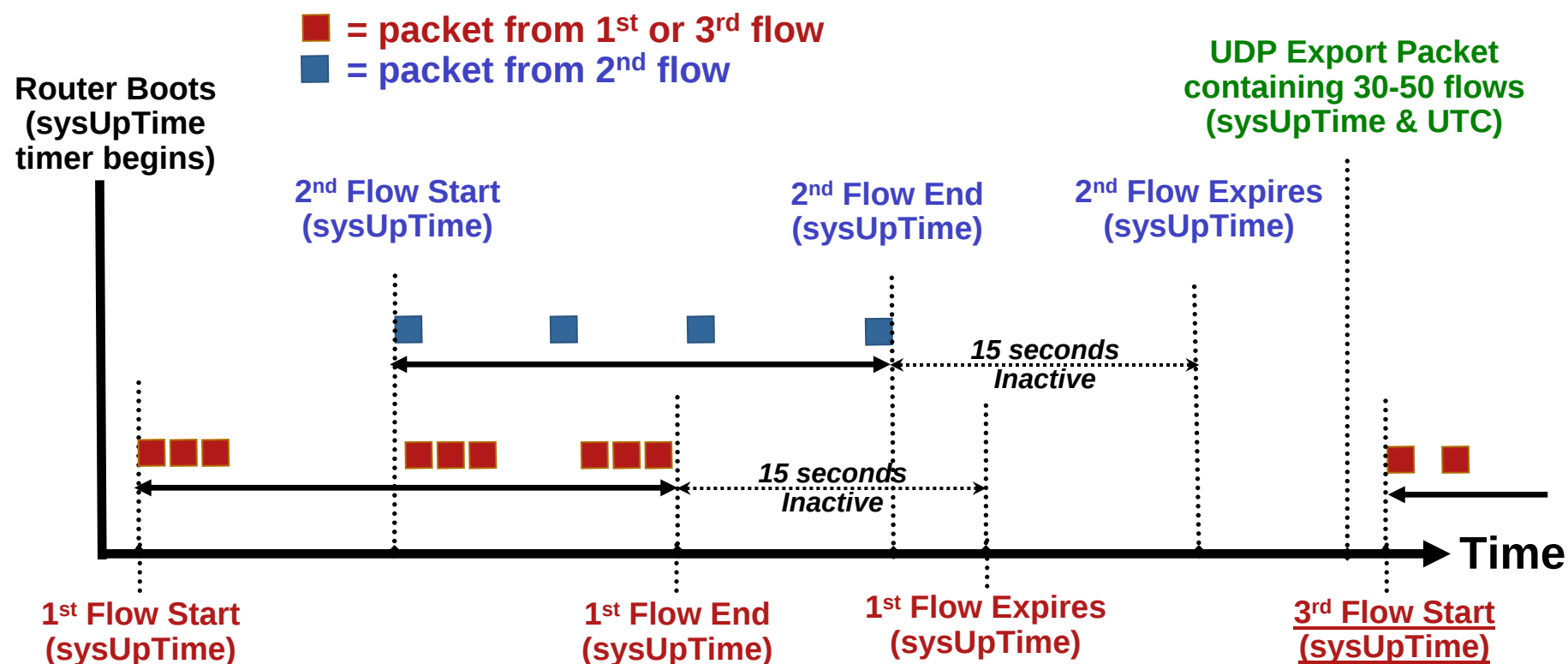
Export Packet



Flow Timers and Expiration

1st & 3rd Flows – Src 10.1.1.1, Dst 20.2.2.2, Prot 6, Src & Dst port 15, InIF FE0/0, ToS 128

2nd Flow – Src 10.1.1.1, Dst 20.2.2.2, Prot 6, Src & Dst port 15, InIF FE0/0, ToS 192



- SysUptime - Current time in milliseconds since router booted
- UTC - Coordinated Universal Time can be synchronized to NTP (Network Time Protocol)

Multicast NetFlow — Timers

- IP Multicast uses UDP
- UDP flows do not terminate like TCP flows with a RST or a FIN
- UDP flows depend on the aging timers to be exported
- On SW platforms this is controlled by the active timer

```
ip flow-cache timeout active 1
```

Minimum setting is 1 minute

- On 6500/7600 this is controlled by long aging timer

```
mls aging long 64
```

Minimum setting is 64 seconds

NetFlow Export Versions

NetFlow Version	Comments
1	Original
5	Most Common
7	Specific to Cisco C6500 and 7600 Series Switches Similar to Version 5, but Does Not Include AS, Interface, TCP Flag and ToS Information
8	Choice of Eleven Aggregation Schemes Reduces Resource Usage
9	Flexible, Extensible Export Format to Enable Easier Support of Additional Fields and Technologies e.g. MPLS, Multicast, BGP Next Hop, and IPv6. Defined by RFC 3954.

NetFlow v9 Principles

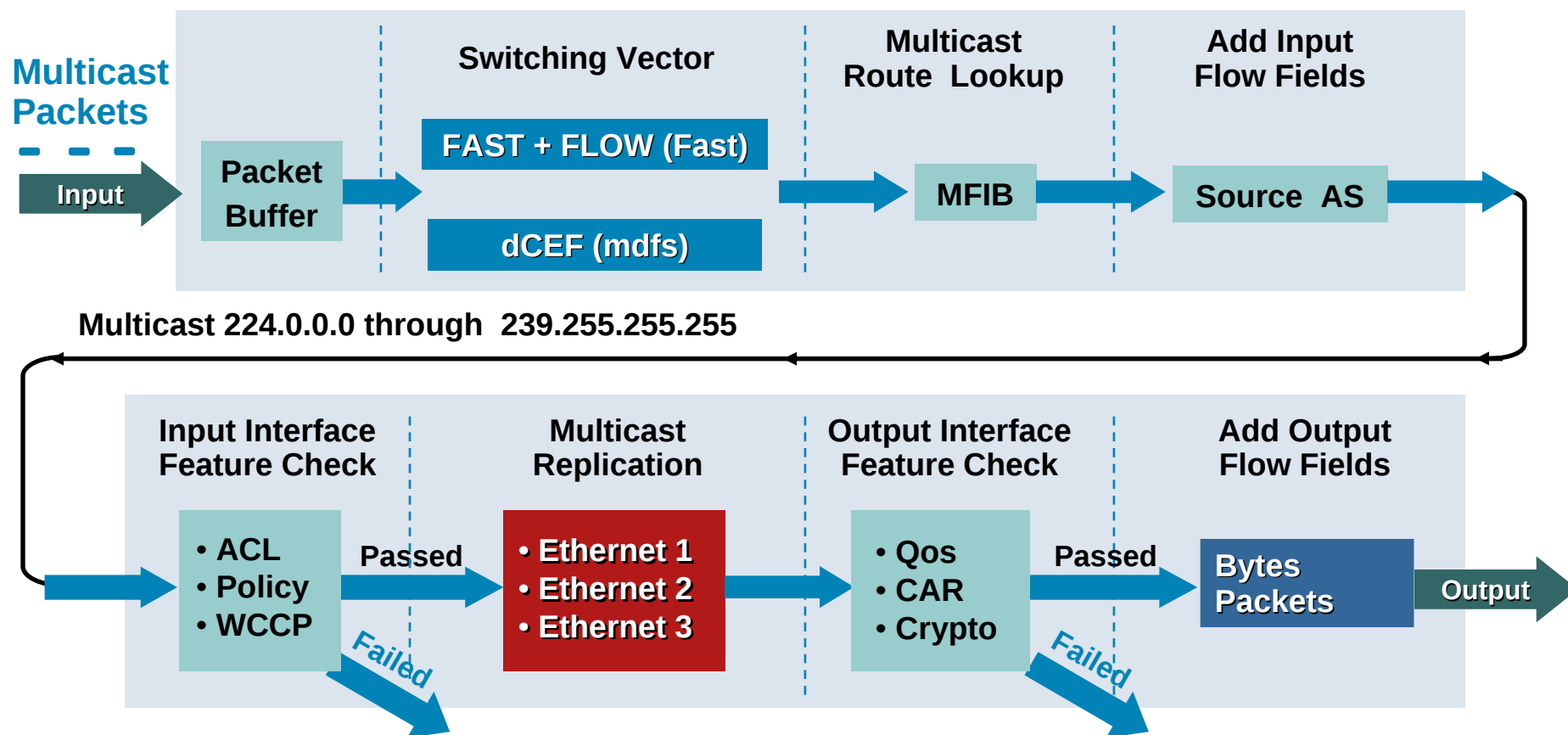
- Version 9 is an **export format**
- Still a push model
- Send the templates regularly (configurable)
- Independent of the UDP transport protocol, it is ready for any reliable transport protocol e.g TCP, SCTP,...
- Advantage: we can add new technologies/data types very quickly
e.g. MPLS, IPv6, BGP Next Hop, Multicast,...

Multicast NetFlow

Three Types of NetFlow Implementations for Multicast Traffic:

1. Traditional Ingress NetFlow
2. Multicast NetFlow Ingress
3. Multicast NetFlow Egress

Switching Path Implications for NetFlow Multicast



- Does each outgoing interface generate a separate flow?
- Do the bytes and packets reflect input or output numbers?

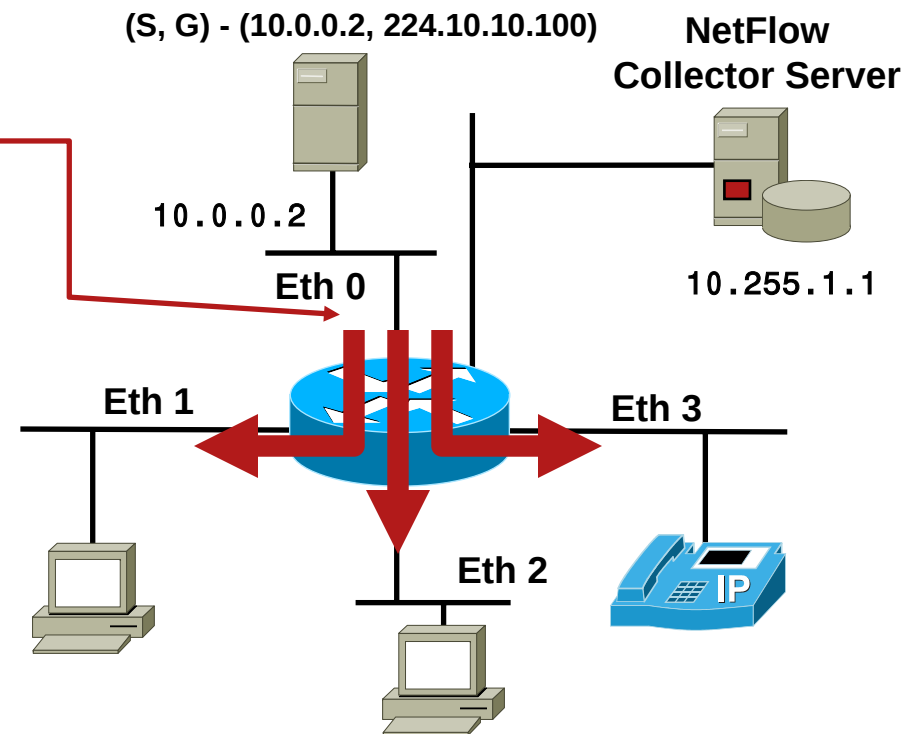
Multicast: Traditional NetFlow

Traditional NetFlow Configuration

```
Interface Ethernet 0
  ip route-cache flow
  or
  ip flow ingress

ip flow-export version 9

ip flow-export destination 10.255.1.1 9995
```



Flow Record Created in NetFlow Cache

SrcIf	SrcIPadd	DstIf	DstIPadd	Protocol	TOS	Flgs	SrcPort	DstPort	Bytes	Packets		
Eth0	10.0.0.2	Null	224.10.10.100	11	80	10	00A2	00A2	23100	21		

- There is only one flow per NetFlow configured input interface
- Destination interface is marked as “Null”
- Bytes and Packets are the **incoming** values

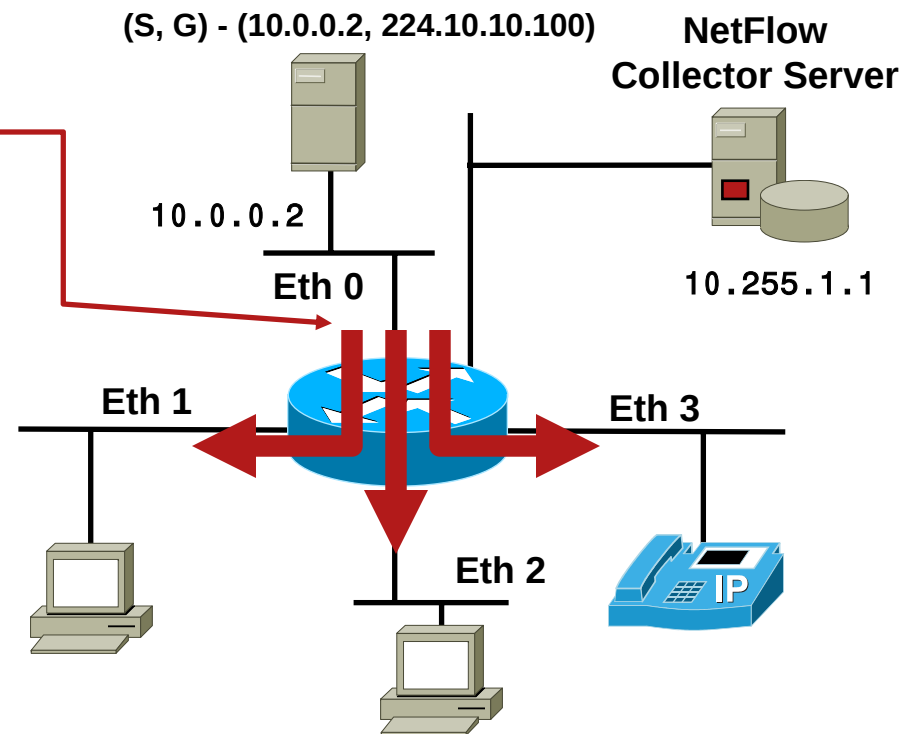
Multicast NetFlow Ingress (v9)

Multicast NetFlow Ingress Configuration

```
Interface Ethernet 0
 ip flow ingress
 ip multicast netflow ingress

 ip flow-export version 9

 ip flow-export destination 10.255.1.1 9995
```



Flow Record Created in NetFlow Cache

SrcIf	SrcIPadd	DstIf	DstIPadd	Protocol	TOS	Flgs	SrcPort	DstPort	Bytes	Packets	Obytes	Opackets
Eth0	10.0.0.2	Null	224.10.10.100	11	80	10	00A2	00A2	23100	21	69300	63

- There is only one flow per NetFlow configured input interface
- Destination interface is marked as “Null”
- Bytes and Packets are the **incoming** values
- Obytes and Opackets are **outgoing** values across all interfaces – sw based routers only

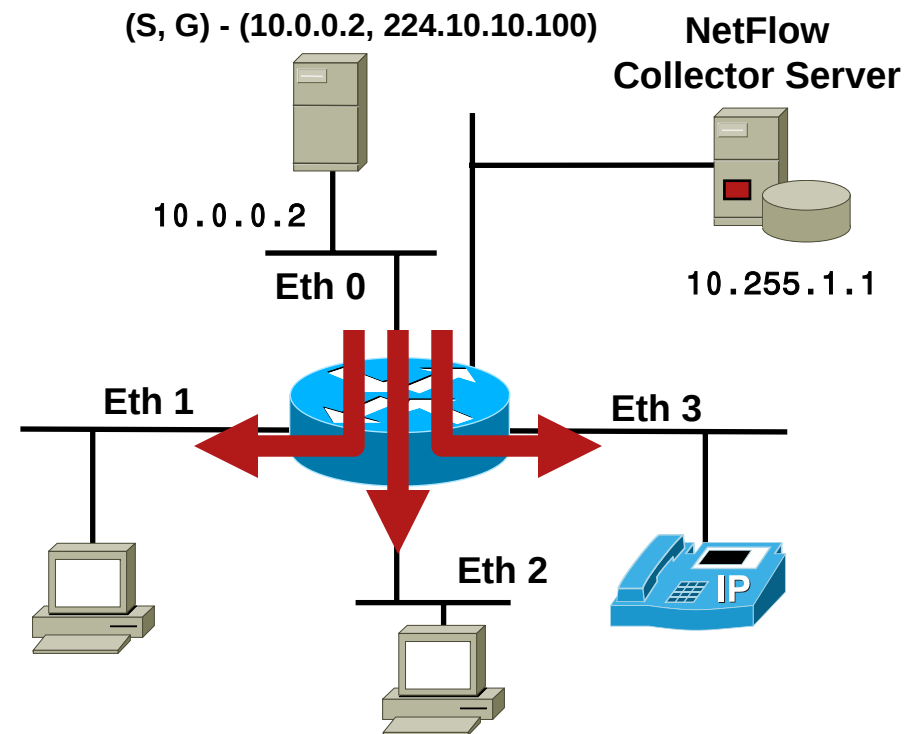
Multicast NetFlow Egress (v9)

Multicast NetFlow Egress Configuration

```

Interface Ethernet 1
  ip multicast netflow egress
Interface Ethernet 2
  ip multicast netflow egress
Interface Ethernet 3
  ip multicast netflow egress

ip flow-export version 9
ip flow-export destination 10.255.1.1 9995
    
```



Flow Records Created in NetFlow Cache

SrcIf	SrcIPadd	DstIf	DstIPadd	Protocol	TOS	Flgs	SrcPort	DstPort	Bytes	Packets		
Eth0	10.0.0.2	Eth1*	224.10.10.100	11	80	10	00A2	00A2	23100	21		
Eth0	10.0.0.2	Eth2*	224.10.10.100	11	80	10	00A2	00A2	23100	21		
Eth0	10.0.0.2	Eth3*	224.10.10.100	11	80	10	00A2	00A2	23100	21		

- There is one flow per Multicast NetFlow Egress configured output interface
- One of the Key fields that define a unique flow has changed from source interface to destination interface
- Bytes and Packets are the outgoing values

Multicast NetFlow: config anomalies

- **ip multicast netflow ingress**
 - enabled by default
 - is not nvgened
 - if *ip flow ingress* is enabled, multicast netflow will be enabled
- **ip multicast netflow egress**
 - disabled by default
 - Unicast netflow must be enabled on at least one interface

Multicast NetFlow: Minimum Config - Ingress

Software Based Routers (e.g. 7200)

```
interface Ethernet 0
  ip flow ingress
  ip multicast netflow ingress

ip flow-export version 9
ip flow-export destination 10.255.1.1 9995
```

***ip multicast netflow ingress* is not nvgened and not required**

Multicast NetFlow: Minimum Config - Egress

Software based routers (e.g. 7200)

```
interface Ethernet 0
  ip flow ingress
  ip multicast netflow egress

ip flow-export version 9
ip flow-export destination 10.255.1.1 9995
```

Multicast NetFlow: Minimum Config - Ingress

6500/7600 - Ingress

```
mls flow ip interface-full
mls nde sender
!
interface Vlan10
  ip flow ingress
  ip multicast netflow ingress
!
ip flow-export version 9
ip flow-export destination 10.255.1.1 9995
```

***ip multicast netflow ingress* is not nvgened and not required**

Multicast NetFlow: Minimum Config - Egress

6500/7600 - Egress

```
mls flow ip interface-full
mls nde sender
!
interface Vlan10
  ip flow ingress    # can be configured on any interface
  ip multicast netflow egress
!
ip flow-export version 9
ip flow-export destination 10.255.1.1 9995
```

Multicast NetFlow: Export Format Summary

Software Based Router (e.g. 7200) – Ingress Accounting

SrcIf	SrcIPadd	DstIf	DstIPadd	Bytes	Packets	Obytes	Opackets
Eth0	10.0.0.2	Null	224.1.1.10	23100	21	69300	63

Software Based Router (e.g. 7200) – Egress Accounting

SrcIf	SrcIPadd	DstIf	DstIPadd	Bytes	Packets
Eth0	10.0.0.2	Eth1	224.1.1.10	23100	21
Eth0	10.0.0.2	Eth2	224.1.1.10	23100	21
Eth0	10.0.0.2	Eth3	224.1.1.10	23100	21

6500/7600 – Ingress Accounting

SrcIf	SrcIPadd	DstIf	DstIPadd	Bytes	Packets
Eth0	10.0.0.2	Null	224.1.1.10	23100	21

6500/7600 – Egress Accounting

SrcIf	SrcIPadd	DstIf	DstIPadd	Bytes	Packets
Null	10.0.0.2	Eth1	224.1.1.10	23100	21
Null	10.0.0.2	Eth2	224.1.1.10	23100	21
Null	10.0.0.2	Eth3	224.1.1.10	23100	21

Multicast NetFlow: RPF (Reverse Path Forwarding) Failures

- If “ip multicast netflow rpf-failure” is configured globally packets that have fields that should come from another input interface are blocked e.g. source IP and input interface doesn't agree with the routing table
- When this feature is enabled globally:

```
Router(config)# ip multicast netflow rpf-failure
```

the RPF failures are recorded as flows in the NetFlow cache

- Once configured, there will be a new field in the NetFlow cache called “RPF Fail” to count flows that fail and how many times

NetFlow MIB

- Snapshot of current 'Top Talkers' NetFlow cache via SNMP – **Works with PIM-Bidir**
- Administration and configuration of NetFlow using the MIB interface
- NetFlow MIB cannot be used to retrieve all flow information due to scalability
- Example objects available:
 - Protocol distribution
 - Number of bytes/flows exported
 - Number of flows in cache
- This is targeted at Denial of Service (DoS) attacks, security monitoring and remote locations where export to a local NetFlow collector is not possible
- Available now in Release 12.3(7)T and 12.2(25)S and 12.2(33)SXH

Multicast NetFlow: Summary

- Supported via NetFlow version 9 export format
- Performance: Ingress vs. Egress

Multicast NetFlow Ingress and traditional NetFlow will have similar performance numbers

Multicast NetFlow Egress will have performance impact that is proportional to the number of interfaces on which it is enabled (include input interfaces)

- Availability

Cisco IOS Software Release 12.3(1)

Cisco 12000 Series Internet Router – see next slide

- Cisco Catalyst 6500 Series and Cisco 7600 Series

Multicast NetFlow Ingress is supported on the PFC3A, PFC3B or PFC3B-XL in 12.2(18)SXF

Multicast NetFlow Egress will require a PFC3B or PFC3B-XL

Multicast NetFlow: 12000 Series

- **Ingress, Non-Sampled**

Engines 3 and 5 (aggregated NetFlow only)

(reporting pre-replication counters only and output i/f Null)

- **Ingress, Sampled mode**

Engines 2, 3, 4+, 5, 6

(reporting pre-replication counters only and output i/f Null)

- **Egress, Non-Sampled**

multicast packets are not reported by any engine

- **Egress, Sampled mode**

Engines 3, 5

(reporting flows for each replica, i.e. post replication flows)

- **Netflow on Engine 0 and 1 are not recommended**

Multicast NetFlow: 12000 Series

Egress Netflow on the 12K may report the wrong ingress interface

- Eng 3, 5 and 6 do not retain the ingress interface information after replication
- However, the incoming slot information is known
- Instead of returning NULL as the ingress interface the netflow record is created with the ingress interface as the **first interface on the linecard**
- Therefore, a netflow collector may account for packets against the **wrong** interface
- More information can be found in CSCek47890

Multicast NetFlow 6500/7600 Support

Support added in 12.2(18)SXF

		NetFlow Accounting Mode		NetFlow v9 Export	View records at CLI
		Ingress	Egress		
Multicast replication mode	Ingress	Yes	Yes*	Yes	Yes
	Egress	Yes	No**	Yes	Yes

* Requires PFC3B/3B-XL

** Available for 12.2(33)SXH

Multicast NetFlow Capacity – 6500/7600

	Size	Efficiency	Effective Utilization
Sup2/PFC2	Multicast NetFlow Not Supported		
Sup720/PFC3A	128K entries	50%	64K entries
Sup720/PFC3B	128K entries	90%	115K entries
Sup720/PFC3BXL	256K entries	90%	230K entries

More Info

For more information about netflow:

<http://www.cisco.com/go/netflow>

Network Mgmt for PIM-SM

- RPs can be discovered through PIM MIB
- RP Group Ranges can be discovered for Auto-RP and BSR through PIM MIB
- RP knows about all active groups
- Mroute MIB can retrieve the entire forwarding table
- MSDP MIB can show which RPs are running MSDP and their peering status
- IGMP MIB can show you which groups have receivers on which interfaces
- Multicast NetFlow can be used for traffic analysis

Network Mgmt for PIM-SSM

- **No RP**

- No central place to check for all S,Gs

- **S,G mroutes can be tracked, measured with IP Mroute MIB**

- **IGMP MIB can give you group membership information**

- IGMPv3 is not supported

- No source information

- **Multicast NetFlow can be used for traffic analysis**

Network Mgmt for PIM-Bidir

- RP knows about all active groups
- No S,G Entries

Mroute MIB and 'show ip mroute count' will not be able to give any info on sources

- *,G still there – MIBs OK

Traffic info is aggregated on a group

Source only branches

Use **show mls ip multicast rp-mapping gm-cache**

- Need Source info? – Use NetFlow

Multicast NetFlow will have all S,G info with traffic rates

Network Mgmt for mVPN

- CE routers use same mgmt tools – no change
- On PE routers the CISCO-MVPN-MIB can provide:
 - A list of all active multicast VRFs
 - How many interfaces are configured for each VRF
 - Which default and data MDTs are in use for each VRF
 - Which P Domain S,Gs are being used for each MDT
 - Which P Domain S,Gs are being used for each C Domain mroute
- The P Domain S,G can be looked up in the IPMROUTE-MIB or IPMROUTE-STD-MIB to collect statistics
- P Domain groups can be managed with normal methods
- Data MDT reuse can be tracked with Syslog

Network Management Systems (NMS) for IP Multicast



Some Multicast NMS Products

- Cisco Multicast Manager



- HP OpenView NNM Smart Plug-in for IP Multicast



- InCharge™ IP Multicast Manager



- SPECTRUM® Multicast Manager



Cisco NetFlow Applications and Partners

Traffic Analysis

Open Source

- Flow-Tools
- FlowMon
- Flowd

Denial of Service

CS-Mars

Billing

PORTAL

More info: <http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/732/Tech/nmp/netflow/partners/commercial/>

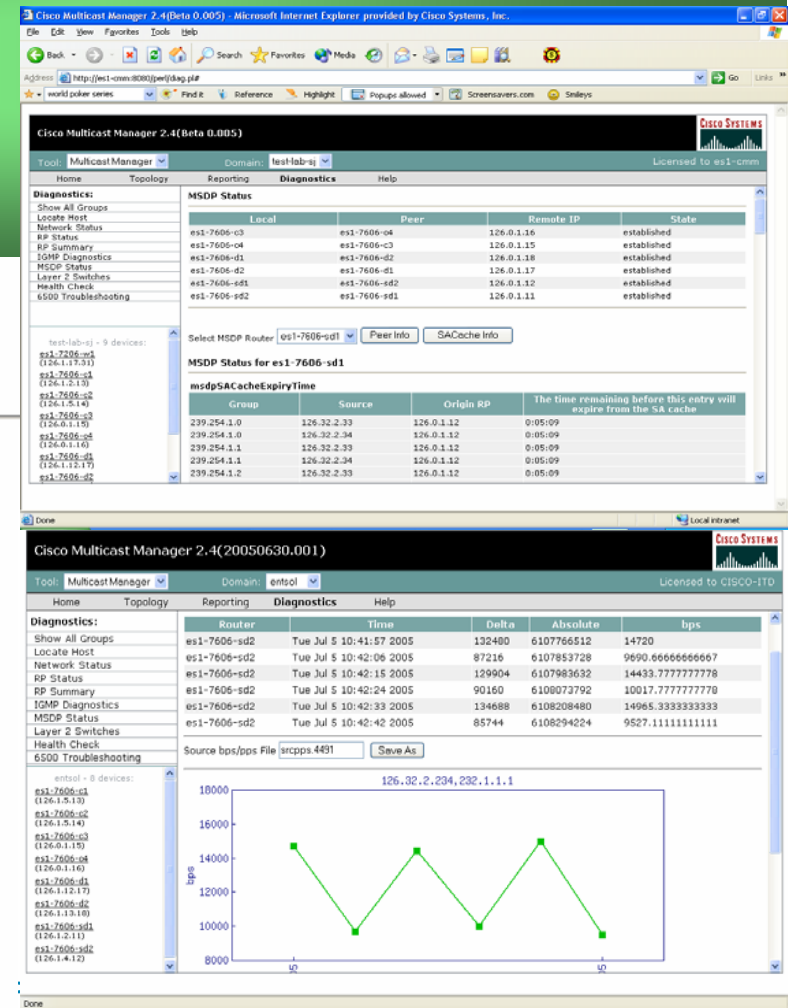
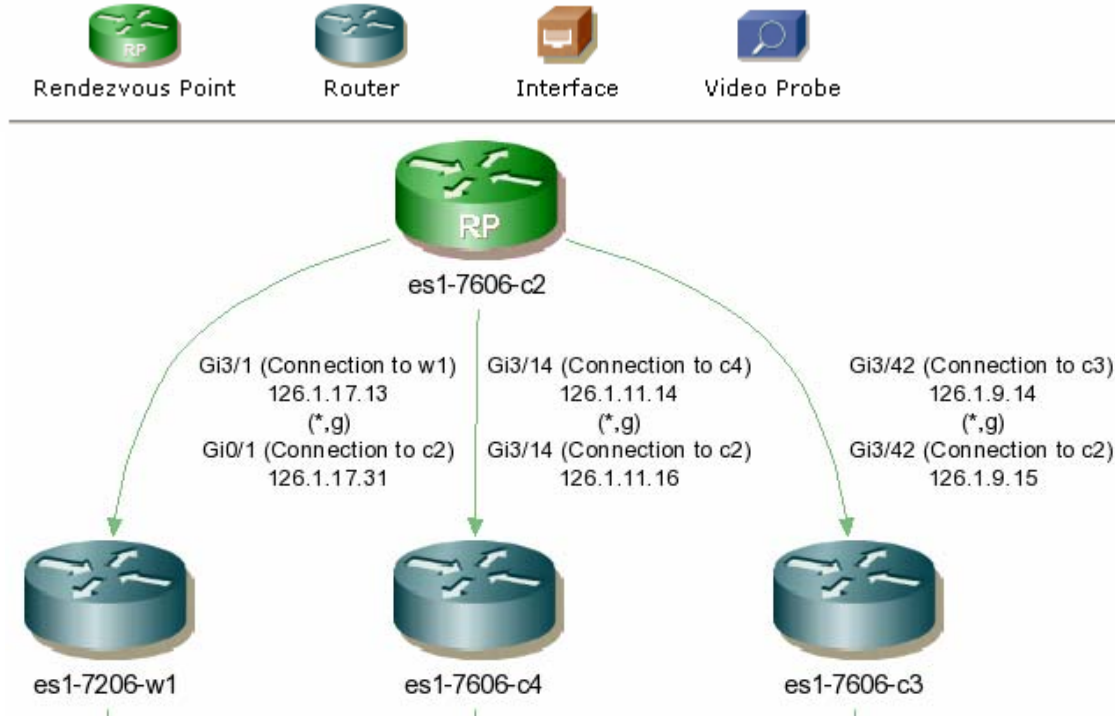
Multicast VPN Provisioning

- **Internet Solutions Center (ISC) – MPLS VPN Management**
- **Multicast Address Pools associated to Provider**
 - Each Pool can be used for Default, Data or both types of MDTs (Multicast Distribution Tree)
- **VPNs enabled for multicast**
 - Default and Data MDTs associated with VPN
- **ISC Configures**
 - VRF associated to the multicast VPN
 - PE and CE interfaces to enable multicast
 - Enables multicast routing for VRF
- **Assumption**
 - Provider core and Customer sites are pre-setup for multicast

Cisco Multicast Manager

- Web based software application
- Monitor all critical components of the multicast infrastructure
- Simplifies troubleshooting tasks
- In-depth multicast diagnostics
- Trending and analysis

Legend:



Cisco Multicast Manager

Cisco Multicast Manager 2.4(Beta 0.005) - Microsoft Internet Explorer provided by Cisco Systems, Inc.

File Edit View Favorites Tools Help

Back Forward Stop Reload Home Search Favorites Media Mail Print Address Bar Links

Address: http://es1-cmm:8080/perl/diag.pl#

world poker series Find it Reference Highlight Popups allowed Screensavers.com Smileys

Cisco Multicast Manager 2.4(Beta 0.005)

Tool: Multicast Manager Domain: test-lab-sj Licensed to es1-cmm

Home Topology Reporting **Diagnostics** Help

Diagnostics:

- Show All Groups
- Locate Host
- Network Status
- RP Status
- RP Summary
- IGMP Diagnostics
- MSDP Status
- Layer 2 Switches
- Health Check
- 6500 Tr

Group (26)	Group (DNS)	Group (DB)	Source IP	Source (DNS)	Source (DB)	Number of Sources
224.0.1.39	CISCO-RP-ANNOUNCE.MCAST.NET	cisco-rp-announce [Farinacci]	126.0.4.1	Hootie-IPTV-RP		Sources [1]
224.0.1.40	CISCO-RP-DISCOVERY.MCAST.NET	cisco-rp-discovery [Farinacci]	126.0.1.15	es1-7606-c3		Sources [2]
232.1.1.1	SSM-Global-1		126.32.2.234	Pag1-2-234		Sources [3]
232.1.1.2	SSM-Global-2		126.32.2.232	Pag1-2-232		Sources [2]
232.1.1.3	SSM-Global-3		126.32.2.232	Pag1-2-232		Sources [1]
239.254.1.6	Tibco-SM-Publish-6		126.32.2.34	Pag1-2-34		Sources [2]
239.254.1.7	Tibco-SM-Publish-7		126.32.2.33	Pag1-2-33		Sources [2]

test-lab-sj
es1-72 (126.1.1.1)
es1-76 (126.1.1.1)
es1-76 (126.1.1.1)
es1-76 (126.1.1.1)
es1-76 (126.0.1.1)
es1-76 (126.0.1.1)
es1-76 (126.0.1.1)
es1-76 (126.1.1.1)
es1-7606-d2

http://es1-cmm:8080/perl/strace.pl?group=239.254.1.0&source=126.32.2.33&rstart=SOURCE&lhr=ALL

Local intranet

- Monitor – RP's, Sources and Groups, DR's, Throughput and Multicast Trees
- Diagnose – list all active sources and groups, plot trees, interrogate multicast routing, IGMP and MSDP tables. Locate hosts, gather traffic samples, look at layer2 switch tables.

Cisco Multicast Manager 2.4(Beta 0.005) - Microsoft Internet Explorer provided by Cisco Systems, Inc.

File Edit View Favorites Tools Help

Back Forward Stop Reload Home Search Favorites Media

Custom Built 6500 Multicast Troubleshooting

Cisco Multicast Manager 2.4(Beta 0.005)

Tool: Multicast Manager Domain: test-lab-sj

Home Topology Reporting **Diagnostics** Help

Diagnostics:

- Show All Groups
- Locate Host
- Network Status
- RP Status
- RP Summary
- IGMP Diagnostics
- MSDP Status
- Layer 2 Switches
- Health Check
- 6500 Troubleshooting**

test-lab-sj - 9 devices:

- [es1-7206-w1](#) (126.1.17.31)
- [es1-7606-c1](#) (126.1.2.13)
- [es1-7606-c2](#) (126.1.5.14)
- [es1-7606-c3](#) (126.0.1.15)
- [es1-7606-c4](#) (126.0.1.16)
- [es1-7606-d1](#) (126.1.12.17)
- [es1-7606-d2](#)

6500 Troubleshooting

Router: es1-7606-sd2

Username:

Password:

Enable:

Polling interval: 5

Source: 126.32.2.234

Group: 232.1.1.2

Command: sh ip mroute

Clear Output | E-mail output to TAC

```
-- 7/14/2005 10:33:23 -- es1-7606-sd2 -- 'show ip mroute'
IP Multicast Routing Table
Flags: D - Dense, S - Sparse, B - Bidir Group, s - SSM Group, C - Connected,
       L - Local, P - Pruned, R - RP-bit set, F - Register flag,
```

Automatically:

Issues and stores relevant commands

Draws Graphical Tree

Plots packet throughputs

FileEdit

Back

Address

Y!

Cisco

Tool:

Ho

Diagno

Show A

Locate

Network

RP Stat

RP Sum

IGMP D

MSDP S

Layer 2

Health

6500 Tr

Top Tal

SEVT-1

Search:

es1-3825-w5
(126.1.52.48)
es1-3845-w4
(126.1.33.47)
es1-4503-a5
(126.1.34.41)
es1-7206-w1
(126.0.1.31)
es1-7206-w2

Monitoring: es1-7606-sd2, Source: 126.32.2.33, Group: 239.254.1.0 - Microsoft Internet Explorer prov...

Device	IP	DR
es1-7606-sd2	126.0.1.12	126.32.2.12

Source	Group	RPF
126.32.2.33	239.254.1.0	0.0.0.0

Incoming Interface	Packets Received	Outgoing Interfaces
Vlan302	875221387 (499.8666666666667 pps)	GigabitEthernet3/13 (LTL OK)

Monitoring: es1-7606-c2, Source: 126.32.2.33, Group: 239.254.1.0 - Microsoft Internet Explorer provi...

Device	IP	DR
es1-7606-c2	126.0.1.14	126.1.6.14

Source	Group	RPF
126.32.2.33	239.254.1.0	126.1.6.12

Incoming Interface	Packets Received	Outgoing Interfaces
GigabitEthernet3/13	1739288283 (989.3333333333334 pps)	GigabitEthernet3/14 GigabitEthernet3/1

Monitoring: es1-7606-c4, Source: 126.32.2.33, Group: 239.254.1.0 - Microsoft Internet Explorer provi...

Device	IP	DR
es1-7606-c4	126.0.1.16	126.1.11.16

Source	Group	RPF
126.32.2.33	239.254.1.0	126.1.11.14

Incoming Interface	Packets Received	Outgoing Interfaces
GigabitEthernet3/14	977249019 (1000.2666666666666 pps)	GigabitEthernet3/15

239.254.4.1 (Tibco-Bidir-1) - Microsoft Internet Explorer provided by Cisco Systems, Inc.

```
graph TD
    RP[es1-7606-c2] -- "Gi3/1 (126.1.17.13) to w1, Gi0/1 (126.1.17.31) to c2" --- w1[es1-7206-w1]
    RP -- "Gi3/14 (126.1.11.14) to c4, Gi3/14 (126.1.11.16) to c2" --- c4[es1-7606-c4]
    RP -- "Gi3/42 (126.1.9.14) to c3, Gi3/42 (126.1.9.16) to c2" --- c3[es1-7606-c3]
    w1 -- "(*.g)" --- d2[es1-7606-d2]
    c4 -- "Gi3/15 (126.1.16.16) to d2, Fa1/15 (126.1.16.18) to c4" --- d2
    c3 -- "(*.g)" --- d2
    d2 -- "(*.g)" --- s1[GigabitEthernet0/3 (21nd Floor Traders)]
    d2 -- "(*.g)" --- s2[GigabitEthernet3/1]
```

Local intranet

Clear Output | E-mail output to TAC

(*, 239.254.1.0), 18w6d/00:03:24, RP 126.0.2.1, flags: S
Incoming interface: GigabitEthernet3/13, RPF nbr 126.1.6.12, RPF-MFD
Outgoing interface list:
GigabitEthernet3/14, Forward/Sparse, 2w6d/00:02:37, H
GigabitEthernet3/1, Forward/Sparse, 18w6d/Static, H

(*, 239.254.2.2), 18w6d/00:02:49, RP 126.0.4.1, flags: S
Incoming interface: GigabitEthernet3/14, RPF nbr 126.1.11.16, RPF-MFD
Outgoing interface list:
GigabitEthernet3/1, Forward/Sparse, 18w6d/Static, H

Dynamically Updating Top Talkers

Top Talkers from: es1-7606-sd2 - Microsoft Internet Explorer provided by Cisco Systems, Inc.

Top Talkers from: es1-7606-sd2

Source	Group	Short Term	Medium Term	Long Term
126.32.2.33	239.254.1.0	500 pps/1098 kbps(1sec)	1098 kbps(last 0 secs)	1103 kbps(life avg)
126.32.2.34	239.254.1.9	500 pps/1100 kbps(1sec)	1100 kbps(last 10 secs)	1103 kbps(life avg)
126.32.2.33	239.254.1.7	500 pps/1108 kbps(1sec)	1108 kbps(last 0 secs)	1103 kbps(life avg)
126.32.2.33	239.254.1.5	500 pps/1107 kbps(1sec)	1107 kbps(last 0 secs)	1103 kbps(life avg)
126.32.2.34	239.254.1.4	500 pps/1094 kbps(1sec)	1094 kbps(last 0 secs)	1103 kbps(life avg)
126.32.2.33	239.254.1.2	500 pps/1100 kbps(1sec)	1100 kbps(last 0 secs)	1103 kbps(life avg)
126.32.2.33	239.254.1.4	500 pps/1100 kbps(1sec)	1100 kbps(last 0 secs)	1103 kbps(life avg)
126.32.2.34	239.254.1.0	500 pps/1096 kbps(1sec)	1096 kbps(last 0 secs)	1103 kbps(life avg)
126.32.2.34	239.254.1.2	500 pps/1101 kbps(1sec)	1101 kbps(last 0 secs)	1103 kbps(life avg)
126.32.2.33	239.254.1.1	500 pps/1108 kbps(1sec)	1108 kbps(last 0 secs)	1103 kbps(life avg)
126.32.2.33	239.254.1.8	500 pps/1097 kbps(1sec)	1097 kbps(last 0 secs)	1103 kbps(life avg)
126.32.2.34	239.254.1.3	500 pps/1106 kbps(1sec)	1106 kbps(last 0 secs)	1103 kbps(life avg)
126.32.2.34	239.254.1.1	500 pps/1103 kbps(1sec)	1103 kbps(last 0 secs)	1103 kbps(life avg)
126.32.2.33	239.254.1.3	500 pps/1099 kbps(1sec)	1099 kbps(last 0 secs)	1103 kbps(life avg)
126.32.2.34	239.254.1.8	500 pps/1106 kbps(1sec)	1106 kbps(last 0 secs)	1103 kbps(life avg)
126.32.2.33	239.254.1.6	500 pps/1101 kbps(1sec)	1101 kbps(last 0 secs)	1103 kbps(life avg)
126.32.2.33	239.254.1.9	500 pps/1114 kbps(1sec)	1114 kbps(last 10 secs)	1103 kbps(life avg)
126.32.2.34	239.254.1.7	500 pps/1101 kbps(1sec)	1101 kbps(last 0 secs)	1103 kbps(life avg)
126.32.2.34	239.254.1.6	500 pps/1095 kbps(1sec)	1095 kbps(last 0 secs)	1103 kbps(life avg)
126.32.2.34	239.254.1.5	500 pps/1109 kbps(1sec)	1109 kbps(last 0 secs)	1103 kbps(life avg)

Output taken from 'show ip mroute active' displayed in a table

CMM Support for mVPN

New

Cisco Multicast Manager 2.4(0.0.04) - Microsoft Internet Explorer provided by Cisco Systems, Inc.

File Edit View Favorites Tools Help

Address <http://es1-cmm:8080/perl/diag.pl#>

Cisco Multicast Manager 2.4(0.0.04)

Tool: Multicast Manager Management Domain: neill

Home Topology Reporting **Diagnostics** Help

Diagnostics:

- Show All Groups
- Locate Host
- Network Status
- RP Status
- RP Summary
- IGMP Diagnostics
- MSDP Status
- Layer 2 Switches
- Health Check
- 6500/7600 Troubleshooting
- Top Talkers
- MVPN**

neill - 16 device(s)

Search:

[es1-3825-w5](#)
(180.1.1.48)

[es1-3825-w6](#)

Virtual Routing Function (VRF) Table Configurations

ent-a (3 devices)

Device ↑	Multicast Enabled	Route Distinguisher	Default Group	Data Group	Data Group Mask
es1-3825-w6	yes	100:100	232.1.100.0	232.1.100.16	0.0.0.15
es1-3845-w3	yes	100:100	232.1.100.0	232.1.100.16	0.0.0.15
es1-3845-w4	yes	100:100	232.1.100.0	232.1.100.16	0.0.0.15

ent-b (3 devices)

Device ↑	Multicast Enabled	Route Distinguisher	Default Group	Data Group	Data Group Mask
es1-3825-w6	yes	201:201	232.2.100.0	232.2.100.16	0.0.0.15
es1-3845-w3	yes	200:200	232.2.100.0	232.2.100.16	0.0.0.15
es1-3845-w4	yes	200:200	232.2.100.0	232.2.100.16	0.0.0.15

CMM Support for mVPN

New

Cisco Multicast Manager 2.4(0.0.04) - Microsoft Internet Explorer provided by Cisco Systems, Inc.

File Edit View Favorites Tools Help

Address <http://es1-cmm:8080/per/diag.pl#>

Cisco Multicast Manager 2.4(0.0.04)

Tool: Multicast Manager Management Domain: neill

Home Topology Reporting **Diagnostics** Help

Diagnostics:

- Show All Groups
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- RP Summary
- IGMP Diagnostics
- MSDP Status
- Layer 2 Switches
- Health Check
- 6500/7600 Troubleshooting
- Top Talkers
- MVPN**

neill - 16 device(s)

Search:

Provider Edge (PE) Device Configurations

es1-3825-w6 (2 VRFs)

Device ↑	Multicast Enabled	Route Distinguisher	Default Group	Data Group	Data Group Mask
ent-a	yes	100:100	232.1.100.0	232.1.100.16	0.0.0.15
ent-b	yes	201:201	232.2.100.0	232.2.100.16	0.0.0.15

es1-3845-w3 (2 VRFs)

Device ↑	Multicast Enabled	Route Distinguisher	Default Group	Data Group	Data Group Mask
ent-a	yes	100:100	232.1.100.0	232.1.100.16	0.0.0.15
ent-b	yes	200:200	232.2.100.0	232.2.100.16	0.0.0.15

es1-3845-w4 (2 VRFs)

Device ↑	Multicast Enabled	Route Distinguisher	Default Group	Data Group	Data Group Mask
ent-a	yes	100:100	232.1.100.0	232.1.100.16	0.0.0.15

CMM Support for mVPN

New

Address <http://es1-cmm:8080/perl/diag.pl#>

RD and RT info **MDT info** **VRF/MDT Mapping info**

Cisco Multicast Manager 2.4(0.0.04)

Tool: Multicast Manager Management Domain: neill

Home Topology Reporting **Diagnostics** Help

Diagnostics:

- Show All Groups
- Locate Host
- Network Status
- RP Status
- RP Summary
- IGMP Diagnostics
- MSDP Status
- Layer 2 Switches
- Health Check
- 6500/7600 Troubleshooting
- Top Talkers
- MVPN**

neill - 16 device(s)

Search:

es1-3825-w5
(180.1.1.48)

es1-3825-w6
(180.1.4.49)

MVPN VRF 'ent-a' on 'es1-3845-w3' - Current Status

Route Distinguisher	Route Targets	
100:100	100:100 (import, export)	
MDT Default Group	MDT Default Group Uses	
232.1.100.0 trace	48	
MDT Data Range Address	MDT Data Threshold	Max MDT Data Group Uses
232.1.100.16 / 0.0.0.15	0	3

Interfaces

Interface Name ↑	Admin. Status	Oper. Status
GigabitEthernet0/0.1-802.1Q vLAN subif	up	up
Tunnel0	up	up

Mroute Table (94 entries)

Source	Group	MDT Source	MDT Group	Group Type ↑	Data Flow
126.32.2.80	239.254.2.0	180.1.0.45	232.1.100.26	data	VRF -> Core trace
126.32.2.79	239.254.2.0	180.1.0.45	232.1.100.25	data	VRF -> Core trace
126.32.2.78	239.254.2.0	180.1.0.45	232.1.100.24	data	VRF -> Core trace
126.32.2.77	239.254.2.0	180.1.0.45	232.1.100.23	data	VRF -> Core trace

BRKRS1-2263
13847_06_2007_x

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Cisco Public

New Features in 2.3(4)

- Static RPs
- Support for SSM
- Simplified Polling Configuration
- Scheduling of Health Checks
- Email reports for Health Checks
- Monitoring of % multicast traffic on an interface
- Reporting of % multicast traffic on an interface
- PIM Neighbor Report
- Interface errors on multicast tree traces

CMM 2.4

- **MVPN**
- **CRS/IOS-XR support**
- **Video Delivery Networks**

IneoQuest probes based on RFC 4445

MDI – Media Delivery Index

Benefits of Deploying CMM

- **Monitoring**

Rendezvous Points, Designated Routers, Sources and Groups, Layer2 Ports, Multicast Trees, Interface Bandwidth

- **Reporting**

Latest Alerts, Specific Alerts, Historical S,G, Historical Interface Traffic

- **Diagnostics**

Active Sources/Groups, Detailed Multicast Trees, Actual PPS through tree, IGMP Information, MSDP Information

- **Health Check**

Ability to check and report on the status of overall network

Monitoring and Troubleshooting Examples



Using CMM to Detect Multicast Faults

- Many types of multicast networks have fairly static distribution trees during normal operation

Finance – Market Data

Video Distribution for cable TV

- Network state can be captured and monitored for changes
- CMM can send alerts when unexpected changes occur

Monitoring

CMM can monitor:

- **Availability of RP's**
- **Selected Sources and Groups**
- **Multicast Trees**
- **Designated Routers (DRs)**
- **Layer2 Ports**

High/Low data rate thresholds

Monitoring — RPs

CMM can monitor the RPs:

- Is the RP up and available
- Set a threshold on the number of sources and groups that are registered
- Track all sources and groups that join and leave
- Report any rogue sources and groups joining

Monitoring — S,Gs

- CMM can find all of the active sources and groups
- The S,Gs can be monitored with thresholds for low and high pps
- Start with a large high threshold and a small low threshold number
- CMM will start to monitor the traffic sent by these sources to these groups at the routers you selected
- You can now use the historical reporting function to start base-lining more intelligent thresholds

Polling Configuration

Cisco Tool Administration - Microsoft Internet Explorer provided by Cisco Systems, Inc.

Edit View Favorites Tools Help

Back Forward Stop Reload Home Search Favorites RSS Mail Print WYSIWYG Help

http://es1-cmm:8080/perl/sys/home.pl# Go

Cisco Tool Administration

Management Domain: SEVT-TEST

Licensed to cxm-de

Configuration:

- Main Management
- Admin Utilities
- System Security
- Device Management
- Discovery
- Device Configuration
- Global Configuration
- Domain Trap/Email
- Address Management
- Unicast Manager
- Route Manager

SEVT-TEST - 9 multicast devices:

- 7206-w1 (6.1.17.31)
- 7606-c1 (6.1.5.13)
- 7606-c2 (6.1.5.14)
- 7606-c3 (6.0.1.15)
- 7606-c4 (6.0.1.16)
- 7606-d1 (6.1.14.17)
- 7606-d2 (6.1.16.18)
- 7606-sd1 (6.1.2.11)

			Start Time	Stop Time	Days	Max Threads	Max Days	Max Reports
Default Run Times	☐ Use Defaults		00 : 00	23 : 59	M-F			
DR Polling Interval	5	Min	00 : 00	23 : 59	M-F			
Layer 2 Polling Interval	20	Sec	00 : 00	23 : 59	M-F			
Route Monitor Polling Interval	0	Hrs	00 : 00	23 : 59	M-F	10	30	12
Specific Route Monitor Polling Interval	0	Hrs	00 : 00	23 : 59	M-F			
RP/SG Cache Polling Interval	3	Min	00 : 00	23 : 59	M-F	10		
RP Status Polling Interval	3	Min	00 : 00	23 : 59	M-F			
RPF Failure Polling Interval	3	Min	00 : 00	23 : 59	Everyday			
Threshold Polling Interval	1	Min	00 : 00	23 : 59	M-F			
Multicast Topology Polling Interval	24	Hrs	04 : 00	07 : 00	M-F			
Tree Polling Interval	2	Min	00 : 00	23 : 59	M-F			

Set

Configure polling intervals by time and day

Monitoring — Multicast Trees

- CMM can monitor multicast trees and report any changes.
- Within CMM you can draw the graphical trees that you want to monitor and save them
- These saved trees will then appear under the monitoring trees drop down box. Select the trees that you want to monitor and the polling period.

Using CMM to Detect Multicast Faults

Cisco Multicast Manager 2.3.3(20060417) - Microsoft Internet Explorer provided by Cisco Systems, Inc.

File Edit View Favorites Tools Help

Back Forward Stop Home Search Favorites Media Print View Source

Address http://es1-cmm:8080/perl/diag.pl# Go Link

Cisco Multicast Manager 2.3.3(20060417) Cisco Systems

Tool: Multicast Manager Management Domain: entsol Licensed to cxm-dev

Home Topology Reporting Diagnostics Help

Diagnostics:

- Show All Groups
- Locate Host
- Network Status
- RP Status
- RP Summary
- IGMP Diagnostics
- MSDP Status
- Layer 2 Switches
- Health Check
- 6500 Troubleshooting
- Top Talkers
- Switchport

entsol - 10 devices:

- es1-7206-w1 (126.0.1.31)
- es1-7206-w2 (126.1.18.32)
- es1-7606-c1 (126.0.1.13)
- es1-7606-c2 (126.0.1.14)
- es1-7606-c3 (126.0.1.15)

IP	Group	Source	Page
232.1.1.9	SSM-Global-9	126.32.2.233	Pag1-2-233
232.1.1.10	SSM-Global-10	126.32.2.233	Pag1-2-233
239.254.1.0	Tibco-SM-Publish-0	126.32.2.33	Pag1-2-33
239.254.1.1	Tibco-SM-Publish-1	126.32.2.34	Pag1-2-34
239.254.1.2	Tibco-SM-Publish-2	126.32.2.33	Pag1-2-33
239.254.1.3	Tibco-SM-Publish-3	126.32.2.34	Pag1-2-34
239.254.1.4	Tibco-SM-Publish-4	126.32.2.34	Pag1-2-34
239.254.1.5	Tibco-SM-Publish-5	126.32.2.34	Pag1-2-34
239.254.1.6	Tibco-SM-Publish-6	126.32.2.34	Pag1-2-34
239.254.1.7	Tibco-SM-Publish-7	126.32.2.33	Pag1-2-33
239.254.1.8	Tibco-SM-Publish-8	126.32.2.33	Pag1-2-33

server10000 [1] Sources [1]

server10000 [2] Sources [2]

TF-10 [2] Sources [2]

TF-10 [2] Sources [2]

TF-10 [2] Sources [2]

TF-10 [2] Sources [2]

TF-10 [2] Sources [2]

TF-10 [2] Sources [2]

CMM can discover the active sources and groups

Using CMM to Detect Multicast Faults

232.1.1.1 (SSM-Global-1) - Microsoft Internet Explorer provided by Cisco Systems, Inc.

File Edit View Favorites Tools Help

Back Forward Stop Home Search Favorites Links

Tracing multicast group 232.1.1.1 (SSM-Global-1) from source 126.32.2.234

Router	PPS	Forwarding Int	Out Errors/Sec	Out Discards/Sec	Neighbor	Neighbor IP	Neighbor Int	In Errors/Sec	In Discards/Sec
es1-7606-sd2	0	Gi3/13	0	0	es1-7606-c2	126.1.6.14	Gi3/13	0	0
es1-7606-c2	0	Gi3/1	0	0	es1-7206-w1	126.1.17.31	Gi0/1	0	0
es1-7606-c2	0	Gi3/14	0	0	es1-7606-c4	126.1.11.16	Gi3/14	0	0
es1-7606-c4	0	Gi3/15	0	0	es1-7606-d2	126.1.16.18	Fa1/15	0	0
es1-7206-w1	0	GigabitEthernet0/3 (21nd Floor Traders)	0	0					
es1-7606-d2	0	Vlan2(SSM User Network)	0	0					

Trace File: trace.4215 Save As Counter Update Interval: 0

Legend: Rendezvous Point Router Interface Video Probe

Vlan302 (ServerFarm Connection 44)

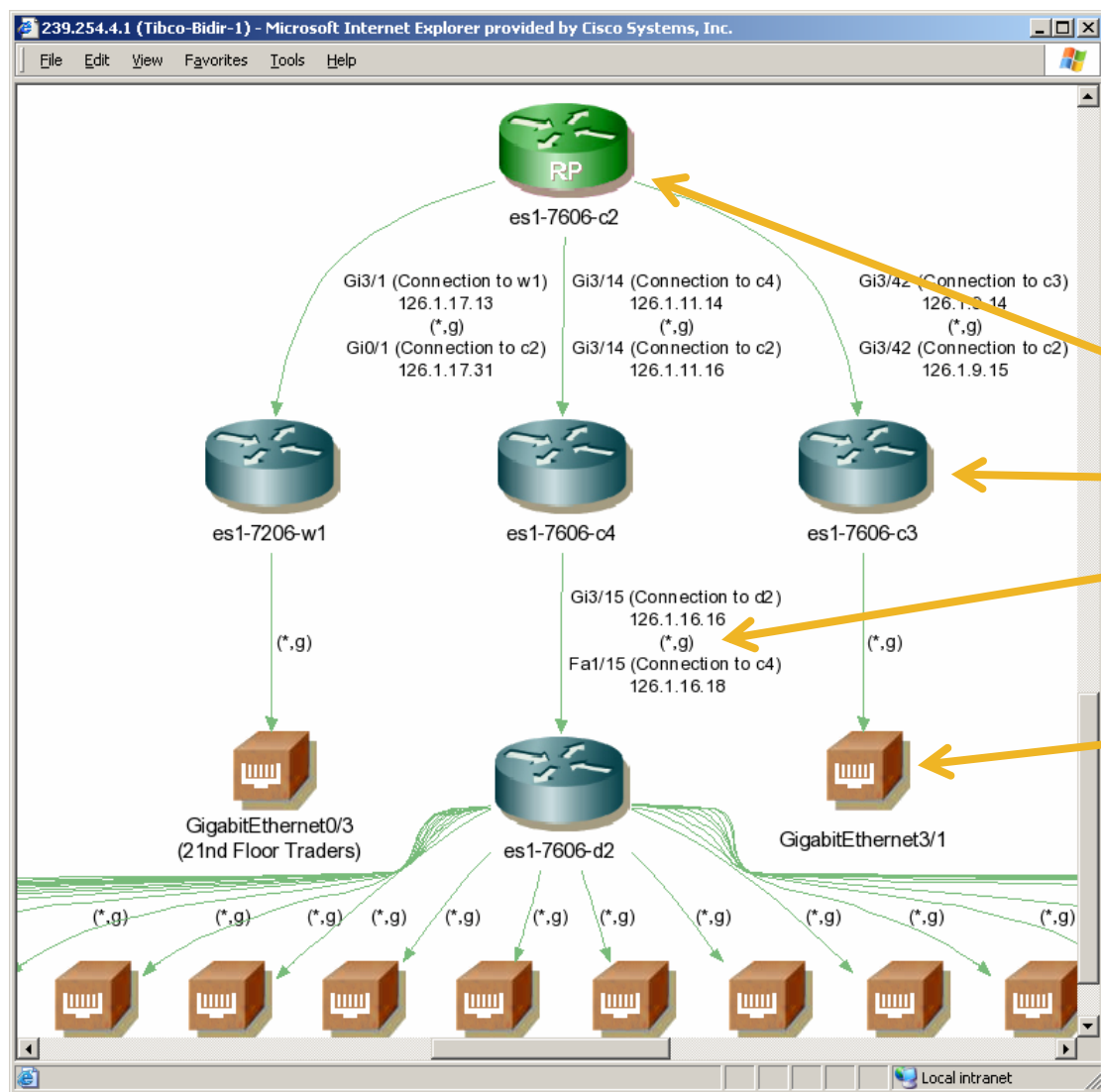
126.32.2.3

Done Local intranet

The Tree trace produces a text based table and a graphic diagram

The text table is used to compare traces to detect changes

Using CMM to Detect Multicast Faults



The graphic can be used to quickly identify

- RPs
- Routers
- Forwarding state
- Interfaces

CMM: Health Checks

- **Ability to run pre-configured scripts to**
- **check the status of:**
 - **RP's**
sysUpTime is checked
 - **S,G's**
S,G is checked if it exists
 - **MSDP**
Peering sessions are checked for “established”
 - **Multicast Trees**
Tree is compared against baseline

CMM: Health Checks

- **Health checks can check the status of RP's, MSDP peering, the presence of sources and groups and the status of multicast trees.**
- **Configure a Health Check to check and report upon the critical components of your network**
- **Create a Health Check for every important source and group**
- **In the event of problems run the health checks immediately**

Health Check: Configuration

Cisco Tool Administration

Tool: **Administration** Management Domain: **entsol**

Configuration:

- Domain Management
- Admin Utilities
- System Security
- User Management
- Discovery
- Device Configuration
- Global Polling Configuration
- Address Management
- Multicast Manager
 - RP Polling
 - SG Polling
 - L2 Polling
 - Tree Polling
 - Health Check
- Route Manager
- QoS Monitor

entsol - 10 unicast devices:

- es1-3750-sa1
(126.32.2.25)
- es1-7206-w1
(126.1.17.31)
- es1-7606-c1
(126.1.4.13)
- es1-7606-c2
(126.1.6.14)
- es1-7606-c3
(126.0.1.15)
- es1-7606-c4
(126.0.1.16)

Rendezvous Points

Select RP to Check

es1-7606-c3 **Add**

RPs Being Checked

RP **MSDP** **Remove**

Source/Group Thresholds

Source **0.0.0.0** **Filter Groups**

0.0.0.0

Group **224.0.1.39** **Filter Sources**

RESET SG LISTS

Router **es1-7206-w1**

Add **Refresh Cache**

Add RP's to check

Add MSDP checks

Add S,G's to check

Health Check: Configuration

Cisco Tool Administration

Tool: Administration Management Domain: entsol

Configuration:

- Domain Management
- Admin Utilities
- System Security
- User Management
- Discovery
- Device Configuration
- Global Polling Configuration
- Address Management
- Multicast Manager
 - RP Polling
 - SG Polling
 - L2 Polling
 - Tree Polling
 - Health Check
- Route Manager
- QoS Monitor

0.0.0.0

Group Filter Sources

224.0.1.39

[RESET SG LISTS](#)

Router es1-7206-w1

Add Refresh Cache

Current Source/Group Polling Configuration

Source	Group	Router	Remove
--------	-------	--------	--------

Forwarding Trees

Select Baseline fix-income-tree1.trace Add

Trees to be Polled

Baseline	Source	Group	FHR	LHR	Remove
----------	--------	-------	-----	-----	--------

entsol - 10 unicast devices:

- [es1-3750-sa1](#)
(126.32.2.25)
- [es1-7206-w1](#)
(126.1.17.31)
- [es1-7606-c1](#)
(126.1.4.13)
- [es1-7606-c2](#)
(126.1.6.14)
- [es1-7606-c3](#)
(126.0.1.15)
- [es1-7606-c4](#)
(126.0.1.16)

Add trees to check

Troubleshooting with CMM

Health Check immediately points out changes from baseline

3(0.4)  Licensed to cxm-dev

Management Domain: SEVT-TEST

Reporting **Diagnostics** Help

Select Health Check Critical-Multicast

Running (Critical-Multicast.health) Health Check

Type	Testing	Status
RP	es1-7606-sd1	0:63 days, 16:57:40
RP	es1-7606-sd2	0:63 days, 16:57:21
MSDP	es1-7606-sd1:es1-7606-sd2	established
SG	126.32.2.232,232.1.1.1: es1-7606-c4	OK
SG	126.32.2.232,232.1.1.1: es1-7606-c3	OK
SG	0.0.0.0,239.254.1.0: es1-7606-d2	OK
SG	126.32.2.232,232.1.1.1: es1-7606-c1	GONE
SG	126.32.2.232,232.1.1.1: es1-7606-c2	OK
SG	0.0.0.0,239.254.1.0: es1-7606-d1	OK
TREE	Tibco-Trading-20.trace	CHANGED
TREE	Tibco-Tree21.trace	OK

Finished

Bidir Troubleshooting with NetFlow

- **Problem:** A particular Bidir group's traffic levels have jumped dramatically

- Might be a misconfigured source

But Bidir sources can't be seen with MIBs

- **Solution:** Use Multicast NetFlow

Individual sources can be tracked

Collectors can point out high traffic source

Bidir Troubleshooting with NetFlow

Report - Microsoft Internet Explorer provided by Cisco Systems, Inc.

Cisco Systems Custom Report
26 Apr 2006 15:00:00 - 26 Apr 2006 16:00:00

device Filter

Showing 1-10 of 12 records

	Device	dstaddr	INPUT_SNMP	srcaddr	octets	pkts
1.	10.0.89.14	239.254.4.1	GigabitEthernet3/13	126.32.2.34	2945840	64040
2.	10.0.89.14	239.254.4.1	GigabitEthernet3/13	126.32.2.44	314364	6834
3.	10.0.89.14	239.254.4.1	GigabitEthernet3/13	126.32.2.41	312294	6789
4.	10.0.89.14	239.254.4.1	GigabitEthernet3/13	126.32.2.43	312248	6788
5.	10.0.89.14	239.254.4.1	GigabitEthernet3/13	126.32.2.35	309074	6719
6.	10.0.89.14	239.254.4.1	GigabitEthernet3/13	126.32.2.38	304198	6613
7.	10.0.89.14	239.254.4.1	GigabitEthernet3/13	126.32.2.36	299000	6500
8.	10.0.89.14	239.254.4.1	GigabitEthernet3/13	126.32.2.39	298448	6488
9.	10.0.89.14	239.254.4.1	GigabitEthernet3/13	126.32.2.40	295320	6420
10.	10.0.89.14	239.254.4.1	GigabitEthernet3/13	126.32.2.37	295136	6416

Rows per page: 10 Go to page: 1 of 2 Pages Go

Drill down on OUTPUT_SNMP Drill Down

- Cisco NFC can capture all traffic to a mcast dest addr
- All sources for a group can be sorted by data rate

One source is sending significantly more traffic than others

- This host is either misconfigured or its an application problem

Questions?



