CISCO SYSTEMS

Line Card Redundancy with Y-Cables Technical Overview

Line Card Redundancy with Y-Cables

Seamless Line Card Failover Solution for Line Card Hardware or Software Failures

- Leverages hardware Y-cable support on new C10000 half-height 4xCT3 line card
- Minimizes service disruptions
 - Typical line card failure downtime reduced from a few hours to less than a few seconds
 - Peer doesn't see a link failure and control plane protocols/application are not disrupted
- Delivers incremental revenue opportunities via improve SLAs
- Reduces operational costs
 - Minimizes emergency dispatches and repair operations for line card failures

Available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(28)SB



C10000 4 Port CT3 Line Card

Half-height line card

Increases density from 6 ports to 8 ports per slot

Lower initial cost for CT3 interfaces

New features

Diagnostics—BERT/Loopback

High availability—Y-cable support

Linerate throughput and higher channel density

BITS timing support (w/ PRE3 BITS kit)



Y-Cable LC Redundancy Overview

• Y-cable, for 1:1 hot redundancy

Redundancy without APS (no protocol, no peer config, no dual line), or external switch

Two line cards are used in a redundant pair

"Active" linecard is connected to cabling

"Standby" linecard is isolated via relays

Tx/Rx enabled only on Active LC; Tx/Rx on Standby LC is shut off

Redundant pair occupies two halves of one full slot

- Software will switch to hot standby line card in response to failures in the active line card
- All ports switch over together

Typical failure detection time range between 15ms—1.5 second Typical switchover completion times range between 40–120 ms



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Y-Cable LC Redundancy Overview (Cont.)

 Common IOS Infrastructure to support LC redundancy

> Shall be leveraged for future Y-cable/APS redundancy feature development



- Common, platform independent CLI for LC redundancy
- Fully integrated with SSO and ISSU infrastructure

Y-Cable Hardware Details

 8 Y-cables needed per redundant pair

Must connect all four ports

Each port requires 2 cables, Tx and Rx

 New cable with 7 inch "Y legs" is available

CAB-BNC-7INY =



Forwarding Model: Redundancy Bridge

Redundancy Bridge Is Implemented on C10K Using Hardware-Supported Packet Duplication



Line Card Redundancy Uses a Virtual IDB Model

- Higher level applications only see a single "virtual" IDB
- Configuration for most applications is only allowed on the virtual interface; but common configuration is downloaded to both line cards
- Configuring redundant LCs creates a virtual i/f for each port pair

Line Card Redundancy CLI: Config Commands

- Router(config)#redundancy
- Router(config-red)# linecard-group linecard-groupId
 y-cable
- Router(config-red-lc)# **description** *description string*
- Router(config-red-lc)# member subslot slot/subslot primary
- Router(config-red-lc)# member subslot slot/subslot secondary
- Router# redundancy linecard-group switchover from subslot slot/subslot

Line Card Redundancy CLI: Show Commands

- show redundancy linecard all Displays the redundancy state of all line card slots
- show redundancy linecard subslot Displays the redundancy state of the line card in a subslot
- show redundancy linecard group Displays the redundancy state of line cards in a line card group
- show redundancy linecard history Displays recent activity in line card redundancy
- show redundancy linecard sub-block Displays troubleshooting information

Summary of Common LC Redundancy CLI

• To configure LC redundancy (example):

(config-red)#linecard-group 1 y-cable

(config-red-lc)#member subslot 2/1 primary

(config-red-lc)#member subslot 2/0 secondary

To do exec-level switchover (example):

#redundancy linecard-group switchover from subslot 2/1

Q and A



Session Number Presentation_ID

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