

Cisco Virtual Wide Area Application Services: Cloud-Ready WAN Optimization Solution

What You Will Learn

Organizations are increasingly moving their applications to the cloud to increase their business agility, and achieve cost savings by consuming infrastructure resources in a usage-based model. Cloud service providers fulfill this demand by offering a service that allows on-demand, elastic, and multi-tenant provisioning of computing, networking, and storage resources for applications. During this transition, organizations first have adopted public clouds and then, more recently, have built private clouds and virtual private clouds. Private clouds typically are co-located on the enterprise data center premises, whereas virtual private clouds are built by cloud service providers to allow enterprises to extend their data center networks as needed (Figure 1).

Organizations have been cautious in their adoption of cloud services, and the transition to cloud services has not been rapid. Poor application-response time experienced by users in remote sites is often cited as one of the main inhibitors of cloud adoption. The latency of the WAN or Internet link between the data center and cloud location and the user at the remote site adversely affects the performance of business applications.

In this document, you will learn about the strategic role of WAN optimization in mitigating the application delivery challenge from cloud infrastructure and service, the main requirements for delivering WAN optimization as a service in a cloud environment, and the unique advantages and benefits that Cisco solution and architecture provides.



Figure 1. Stages of Cloud Services Adoption

Role of WAN Optimization in Cloud

WAN optimization solutions such as Cisco[®] Wide Area Application Services (WAAS) have increasingly emerged as primary IT tools that organizations use to provide application acceleration, WAN bandwidth compression, and local hosting of branch-office IT services. Benefits of WAN optimization include increased user productivity while accessing centralized applications, consolidation of branch-office servers and storage, deferral of WAN bandwidth upgrade costs, and a reduced branch-office hardware footprint. Network latency over the WAN is the fundamental reason why applications perform poorly when delivered from the data center to the branch office. As applications

migrate from the data center to the cloud to generate cost savings, organizations are asking the question: "Is WAN optimization required?"

Applications hosted on public cloud infrastructure typically are delivered from the Internet. The Internet is a shared infrastructure with no guarantee of bandwidth or network performance, unlike a corporate WAN, for which administrators can design predictable paths to limit packet latency and loss. Industry surveys show that approximately 60 to 70 percent of customers backhaul Internet traffic from their branch locations through their data centers. As applications move to the cloud, the number of WAN and Internet hops experienced by these remote branch offices will likely increase. Thus, WAN optimization technology becomes more important strategically than ever to overcome the negative effects of WAN latency and to help enable cloud adoption. Consequently, WAN optimization needs to be an integral component of cloud-based application delivery architectures. Today, Cisco WAAS appliances, router-integrated Cisco WAAS modules, and Cisco WAAS Mobile accelerate software-as-aservice (SAAS) applications over the corporate WAN when delivered from the public cloud to the branch office.

Private and virtual private cloud architectures offer an opportunity to build WAN optimization as a service in response to the current provisioning and decommissioning of application server virtual machines on a utility basis. Such a capability allows private and virtual private cloud service providers to offer value-added cloud-optimized application services on demand in their catalogs of cloud services, helping increase revenue and differentiation among providers. Current Infrastructure-as-a-service (IaaS) offerings such as basic computing, networking, and storage are expected to become increasingly commoditized.

Main Requirements for a WAN Optimization Service in the Cloud

To offer WAN optimization as a service in a cloud environment, several requirements must be met:

- On-demand deployment model: Associate the WAN optimization service with specific application server virtual machines, giving the cloud provider the agility and capability to offer a differentiated optimizedapplication service in contrast to basic computing service.
- Minimal network configuration with increasing scale: As new server virtual machines are instantiated to
 accommodate increasing application load, the network configuration needed to optimize these new virtual
 machine instances should be minimal; ideally, no work should be required at all.
- Virtual machine-mobility awareness: Given the dynamic nature of cloud resource pools, the WAN
 optimization service provided to a set of application servers needs to be continually available regardless of
 the physical location of the application server virtual machines.
- Support for multi-tenant deployments: A multi-tenant deployment model must be supported, to reduce the amount of hardware required and to lower the fixed hardware costs for the cloud service provider.
- Elastic scale-out deployment: The WAN optimization service will need to scale in different ways simultaneously for different tenants as demand grows or diminishes. This process requires an elastic scaleout deployment architecture.

Any solution that attempts to meet these requirements should be virtualized. Virtual appliances can be deployed on demand, unlike hardware appliances, which need to be racked, stacked, and cabled. Virtualization reduces hardware costs in environments serving multiple organizations because a dedicated device is not needed for each tenant. As user demand increases, IT managers can easily scale up performance of virtual appliances by moving them to a more powerful platform or by allocating more resources on existing platforms and using the scalable nature of virtual computing environments. However, virtual form-factor alone is not sufficient to meet all requirements.

Cisco Virtual WAAS: The First Cloud-Ready WAN Optimization Solution

Cisco Virtual WAAS (vWAAS) is the industry's first cloud-ready WAN optimization solution. Cisco vWAAS is a virtual appliance that accelerates business applications delivered from private and virtual private cloud infrastructures, helping ensure an optimal user experience. Cisco vWAAS runs on the VMware ESXi hypervisor and Cisco Unified Computing System[™] (UCS) x86 servers, providing an agile, elastic, and multi-tenant deployment (Figure 2).





Cisco vWAAS Appliances

Cisco vWAAS can be deployed in two ways:

- Transparently at the WAN network edge using out-of-path interception technology such as Web Cache Control Protocol (WCCP), similar to deployment of a physical Cisco WAAS Appliance
- Within the data center along with application servers, using a virtual network services framework based on Cisco Nexus[®] 1000V Series Switches to offer cloud-optimized application service in response to instantiation of application server virtual machines

Cisco vWAAS is the only WAN optimization service that supports on-demand orchestration, using policy-based operations, on a per-application basis. Using policy-based configuration in the Cisco Nexus 1000V, Cisco vWAAS service is associated with application server virtual machines even as they are instantiated or moved, as shown in Figure 3. This approach enables cloud providers to offer rapid delivery of WAN optimization service with minimal network configuration or disruption in cloud-based environments. Service providers can use Cisco vWAAS to offer a cloud-optimized application service over the WAN as a value-added and differentiated service in their catalogs of cloud services.



Figure 3. On-Demand Orchestration of Cisco vWAAS with Minimal Network Configuration Using Cisco Nexus 1000V Integration

Cisco vWAAS is fully interoperable with physical Cisco WAAS Appliances and router-integrated form factors to provide investment protection for existing Cisco WAAS deployments. The Cisco vWAAS Central Manager (vCM) is a virtual appliance that provides common management of physical and virtual Cisco WAAS instances.

In addition, Cisco vWAAS will support features such as separation of computing and storage resources with its data redundancy elimination (DRE) cache stored over the SAN. This feature provides benefits such as more rapid recovery from failure without loss of cache history in comparison to physical appliances.

Conclusion

Cloud-based application delivery to the branch office has been inhibited by poor performance. WAN optimization is a strategic technology that addresses this problem. Cloud service providers can differentiate their services by including a cloud-ready WAN optimization service and mitigate the eventual commoditization of computing, networking, and storage as a service that they offer today.

Requirements for a cloud-ready WAN optimization solution include on-demand orchestration in response to the creation or movement of application server virtual machines, minimal network configuration in a dynamic environment, elastic scale-out, and multi-tenancy support. A virtual form-factor for WAN optimization is necessary but not sufficient.

Cisco vWAAS is the industry's first cloud-ready WAN optimization solution to meet these requirements, using policybased operations based on Cisco Nexus 1000V Series architecture. Cisco vWAAS is fully interoperable with existing Cisco WAAS appliances and router-integrated modules, which can all be managed by a common central manager, available in virtual form as well. Cisco vWAAS offers advanced features such as SAN storage for its DRE cache, allowing faster recovery after failure through separation of computing and storage resources. Cisco vWAAS provides a path for private and virtual private cloud architects to deliver an excellent application experience over the WAN as a value-added service in their catalogs of cloud services.

For More Information

- Cisco WAAS: <u>http://www.cisco.com/go/waas</u>
- Cisco Unified Network Services: http://www.cisco.com/go/uns



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