



Cisco Wireless LAN Controller Command Reference

The Cisco Wireless LAN Solution command line interface (CLI) enables operators to connect an ASCII console to the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller and configure the controller and its associated access points.

This document covers the Cisco CLI release 4.1 commands for the following platforms:

- Cisco 2000 series Wireless LAN Controllers
- Cisco 2100 series Wireless LAN Controllers
- Cisco 4400 series Wireless LAN Controllers
- Catalyst 3750G Wireless LAN Controller Switches
- Cisco Wireless Services Module (WiSM) for Cisco Catalyst 6500 Series Switches and Cisco Catalyst 7600 Series Routers
- Cisco Wireless LAN Controller Network Module (WLCM) for Cisco Integrated Services Routers

This chapter contains the following sections:

- [Using the Help Command](#)
- [Viewing Configurations](#)
- [Setting Configurations](#)
- [Saving Configurations](#)
- [Clearing Configurations, Logfiles, and Other Actions](#)
- [Uploading and Downloading Files and Configurations](#)
- [Troubleshooting](#)

Using the ? command

To display all of the commands in your current level of the command tree, or to display more information about a particular command, use the ? command.

?

command name ?

When you enter a command information request, put a space between **command name** and ?.

Examples

The following command shows you all the commands and levels available from the root level.

```
> ?

clear          Clear selected configuration elements.
config         Configure switch options and settings.
debug         Manages system debug options.
help          Help
linktest       Perform a link test to a specified MAC address.
logout         Exit this session. Any unsaved changes are lost.
ping          Send ICMP echo packets to a specified IP address.
reset         Reset options.
save          Save switch configurations.
show          Display switch options and settings.
transfer       Transfer a file to or from the switch.
```

The following command shows you that datatype is the only entry at the transfer download level:

```
> transfer download d?
datatype
```

The following command shows you the permissible entries for the transfer download datatype command:

```
> transfer download datatype ?

config        Download Configuration File.
code          Download an executable image to the system.
image         Download a web page logo to the system.
signature     Download a signature file to the system.
webadmincert  Download a certificate for web administration to the system.
webauthcert   Download a web certificate for web portal to the system.
```

Using the Help Command

To look up keyboard commands, use the **help** command at the root level.

help

Examples

```
> help

HELP:
Special keys:
  DEL, BS... delete previous character
  Ctrl-A .... go to beginning of line
  Ctrl-E .... go to end of line
  Ctrl-F .... go forward one character
  Ctrl-B .... go backward one character
  Ctrl-D .... delete current character
  Ctrl-U, X. delete to beginning of line
  Ctrl-K .... delete to end of line
  Ctrl-W .... delete previous word
  Ctrl-T .... transpose previous character
  Ctrl-P .... go to previous line in history buffer
  Ctrl-N .... go to next line in history buffer
  Ctrl-Z .... return to root command prompt
  Tab, <SPACE> command-line completion
  Exit .... go to next lower command prompt
```

? list choices

Viewing Configurations

To view Cisco Wireless LAN controller options and settings, use the **show** commands.

show 802.11a

To display basic 802.11a options and settings, use the **show 802.11a** command.

show 802.11a

Syntax Description

show	Display configurations.
802.11a	802.11a configurations.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> show 802.11a
```

```
802.11a Network..... Enabled
      802.11a Low Band..... Enabled
      802.11a Mid Band..... Enabled
      802.11a High Band..... Enabled
802.11a Operational Rates
      802.11a 6M Rate..... Mandatory
      802.11a 9M Rate..... Supported
      802.11a 12M Rate..... Mandatory
      802.11a 18M Rate..... Supported
      802.11a 24M Rate..... Mandatory
      802.11a 36M Rate..... Supported
      802.11a 48M Rate..... Supported
      802.11a 54M Rate..... Supported
Beacon Interval..... 100
CF Pollable mandatory..... Disabled
CF Poll Request mandatory..... Disabled
CFP Period..... 4
CFP Maximum Duration..... 100
Default Channel..... 36
Default Tx Power Level..... 1
DTPC Status..... Enabled
DTIM Period..... 10
Fragmentation Threshold..... 2346
Long Retry Limit..... 4
Maximum Rx Life Time..... 512
Max Tx MSDU Life Time..... 512
Medium Occupancy Limit..... 100
Pico-Cell Status..... Disabled
RTS Threshold..... 2347
Short Retry Limit..... 7
TI Threshold..... -50
```

Related Commands

show 802.11b, **show advanced 802.11a channel**, **show advanced 802.11a group**, **show advanced 802.11a logging**, **show advanced 802.11a monitor**, **show advanced 802.11a power**, **show advanced 802.11a profile**, **show advanced 802.11a summary**

show 802.11a l2roam

To display Layer 2 client roaming information for the 802.11a network, use the **show 802.11a l2roam** command.

show 802.11a l2roam {rf-param | statistics mac_address}

Syntax Description

show	Display configurations.
802.11a	802.11a Cisco radio.
l2roam	Layer 2 client roaming configurations.
rf-param	Radio frequency parameters.
statistics	Layer 2 client roaming statistics.
<i>mac_address</i>	The MAC address of the client.

Defaults

None.

Examples

> **show 802.11a l2roam rf-param**

```
L2Roam 802.11a RF Parameters.....
  Config Mode..... Default
  Minimum RSSI..... -85
  Roam Hysteresis..... 2
  Scan Threshold..... -72
  Transition time..... 5
```

> **show 802.11a l2roam statistics**

```
RadioMAC          Request  Report  Broadcast  Roam Report
-----
00:15:c7:2a:e8:f0    16      12      14          14
```

Related Commands

config 802.11a l2roam, show client roam-history, debug l2roam

show 802.11b

To display basic 802.11b/g options and settings, use the **show 802.11b** command.

show 802.11b

Syntax Description

show	Display configurations.
802.11b	802.11b/g configurations.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> show 802.11b
```

```
802.11b Network..... Enabled
11gSupport..... Enabled
802.11b/g Operational Rates
  802.11b/g 1M Rate..... Mandatory
  802.11b/g 2M Rate..... Mandatory
  802.11b/g 5.5M Rate..... Mandatory
  802.11b/g 11M Rate..... Mandatory
  802.11g 6M Rate..... Supported
  802.11g 9M Rate..... Supported
  802.11g 12M Rate..... Supported
  802.11g 18M Rate..... Supported
  802.11g 24M Rate..... Supported
  802.11g 36M Rate..... Supported
  802.11g 48M Rate..... Supported
  802.11g 54M Rate..... Supported
Beacon Interval..... 100
CF Pollable mode..... Disabled
CF Poll Request mandatory..... Disabled
CFP Period..... 4
CFP Maximum Duration..... 60
Default Channel..... 1
Default Tx Power Level..... 1
DTPC Status..... Enabled
Call Admission Limit ..... 105
G711 CU Quantum ..... 15
DTIM Period..... 1
ED Threshold..... -50
Fragmentation Threshold..... 2346
Long Retry Limit..... 4
Maximum Rx Life Time..... 512
Max Tx MSDU Life Time..... 512
Medium Occupancy Limit..... 100
PBCC mandatory..... Disabled
Pico-Cell Status..... Disabled
RTS Threshold..... 2347
Short Preamble mandatory..... Enabled
Short Retry Limit..... 7
```

Related Commands

show 802.11a, show advanced 802.11b channel, show advanced 802.11b group, show advanced 802.11b logging, show advanced 802.11b monitor, show advanced 802.11b txpower, show advanced 802.11b profile, show advanced 802.11b summary

show 802.11b l2roam

To display Layer 2 client roaming information for the 802.11b network, use the **show 802.11b l2roam** command.

```
show 802.11a l2roam {rf-param | statistics mac_address}
```

Syntax Description	show	Display configurations.
	802.11b	802.11b Cisco radio.
	l2roam	Layer 2 client roaming configurations.
	rf-param	Radio frequency parameters.
	statistics	Layer 2 client roaming statistics.
	<i>mac_address</i>	The MAC address of the client.

Defaults None.

```
> show 802.11b l2roam rf-param

L2Roam 802.11b RF Parameters.....
  Config Mode..... Default
  Minimum RSSI..... -85
  Roam Hysteresis..... 2
  Scan Threshold..... -72
  Transition time..... 5

> show 802.11b l2roam statistics

RadioMAC           Request  Report  Broadcast  Roam Report
-----
00:15:c7:2a:e8:f0   16      12      14          14
```

Related Commands config 802.11b l2roam, show client roam-history, debug l2roam

show 802.11h

To display basic 802.11h options and settings, use the **show 802.11h** command.

show 802.11h

Syntax Description	show	Display configurations.
	802.11h	802.11h configurations.

Defaults	None.

Examples	<pre>> show 802.11h 802.11h powerconstraint : 0 802.11h channelswitch : Disable 802.11h channelswitch mode : 0</pre>

Related Commands	show 802.11a, show 802.11b, config 802.11h

show aaa auth

To display the configuration settings for the AAA authentication server database search order, use the **show aaa auth** command.

show aaa auth

Syntax Description

This command has no arguments or keywords.

Defaults

This command has no defaults.

Command History

Release	Modification
4.1	This command was first introduced.

Examples

> **show aaa auth**

Management authentication server order:

```
1..... local
2..... tacacs
```

Related Commands

config trapflags aaa, config aaa auth, config wlan aaa-override, debug aaa, debug aaa local-auth

show acl

To display the access control lists (ACLs) that are configured on the controller, use the **show acl** command.

```
show acl {summary | detailed acl_name}
```

Syntax Description

show acl	Command action.
summary	Display a summary of all ACLs configured on the controller.
detailed	Display detailed information about a specific ACL.
<i>acl_name</i>	ACL name up to 32 alphanumeric characters.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> show acl summary
```

ACL Name	Applied
-----	-----
Pubs Only	Yes
Mannina	Yes

Related Commands

config interface acl

show acl cpu

To display the access control lists (ACLs) configured on the central processing unit (CPU), use the **show acl cpu** command.

show acl cpu

Syntax Description	show acl	Command action.
	cpu	Displays a summary of all the ACLs configured on the CPU.

Command Default	None

Examples	<pre>> show acl cpu CPU Acl Name..... Wireless Traffic..... Disabled Wired Traffic..... Disabled Applied to NPU..... No</pre>

Related Commands	config acl cpu

SHOW ADVANCED 802.11A COMMANDS

Use the SHOW ADVANCED 802.11a commands to display advanced 802.11a configuration parameters.

show advanced 802.11a channel

To display the automatic channel assignment configuration and statistics, use the **show advanced 802.11a channel** command.

show advanced 802.11a channel

Syntax Description	show	Display configurations.
	advanced	Advanced parameters.
	802.11a	802.11a network.
	channel	Channel status.

Defaults	None.

Examples

```
> show advanced 802.11a channel
```

```
Automatic Channel Assignment
Channel Assignment Mode..... AUTO
Channel Update Interval..... 600 seconds
Channel Update Contribution..... SNI.
Channel Assignment Leader..... xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx
Last Run..... 374 seconds ago
Channel Energy Levels
  Minimum..... -84 dBm
  Average..... -84 dBm
  Maximum..... -84 dBm
Channel Dwell Times
  Minimum..... 0 days, 19 h 07 m 57 s
  Average..... 0 days, 19 h 08 m 29 s
  Maximum..... 0 days, 19 h 09 m 11 s
```

Related Commands	config 802.11a channel

show advanced 802.11a group

To display the advanced 802.11a Cisco radio RF grouping, use the **show advanced 802.11a group** command.

show advanced 802.11a group

Syntax Description	show	Display configurations.
	advanced	Advanced parameters.
	802.11a	802.11a network.
	group	RF grouping values.

Defaults None.

Examples

```
> show advanced 802.11a group

Radio RF Grouping
 802.11a Group Mode..... AUTO
 802.11a Group Update Interval..... 600 seconds
 802.11a Group Leader..... xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx
   802.11a Group Member..... xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx
 802.11a Last Run..... 133 seconds ago
```

Related Commands **config advanced 802.11a group-mode**

show advanced 802.11a logging

To display advanced 802.11a RF event and performance logging, use the **show advanced 802.11a logging** command.

show advanced 802.11a logging

Syntax Description	show	Display configurations.
	advanced	Advanced parameters.
	802.11a	802.11a network.
	logging	RF event and performance logging.

Defaults	None.

Examples

```
> show advanced 802.11a logging

RF Event and Performance Logging
Channel Update Logging..... Off
Coverage Profile Logging..... Off
Foreign Profile Logging..... Off
Load Profile Logging..... Off
Noise Profile Logging..... Off
Performance Profile Logging..... Off
TxPower Update Logging..... Off
```

Related Commands	config advanced 802.11a logging channel, config advanced 802.11a logging coverage, config advanced 802.11a logging foreign, config advanced 802.11a logging load, config advanced 802.11a logging noise, config advanced 802.11a logging performance, config advanced 802.11a logging power

show advanced 802.11a monitor

To display the advanced 802.11a default Cisco radio monitoring, use the **show advanced 802.11a monitor** command.

show advanced 802.11a monitor

Syntax Description	show	Display configurations.
	advanced	Advanced parameters.
	802.11a	802.11a network.
	monitor	Cisco radio monitoring values.

Defaults None.

Examples

```
> show advanced 802.11a monitor

Default 802.11a AP monitoring
 802.11a Monitor Mode..... enable
 802.11a Monitor Channels..... Country channels
 802.11a AP Coverage Interval..... 180 seconds
 802.11a AP Load Interval..... 60 seconds
 802.11a AP Noise Interval..... 180 seconds
 802.11a AP Signal Strength Interval..... 60 seconds
```

Related Commands config advanced 802.11a monitor coverage, config advanced 802.11a monitor load, config advanced 802.11a monitor noise, config advanced 802.11a monitor signal

show advanced 802.11a profile

To display the advanced 802.11a Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point performance profiles, use the **show advanced 802.11a profile** command.

show advanced 802.11a profile {global | *Cisco_AP*}

Syntax Description

show	Display configurations.
advanced	Advanced parameters.
802.11a	802.11a network.
profile	Cisco radio performance profile.
global	All Cisco 1000 series lightweight access points.
<i>Cisco_AP</i>	Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point name.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> show advanced 802.11a profile global
```

```
Default 802.11a AP performance profiles
 802.11a Global Interference threshold..... 10%
 802.11a Global noise threshold..... -70 dBm
 802.11a Global RF utilization threshold..... 80%
 802.11a Global throughput threshold..... 1000000 bps
 802.11a Global clients threshold..... 12 clients
 802.11a Global coverage threshold..... 12 dB
 802.11a Global coverage exception level..... 80%
 802.11a Global client minimum exception lev..... 3 clients
```

```
> show advanced 802.11a profile AP1
```

```
Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point performance profile not customized
```

This response indicates that the performance profile for this Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point is using the global defaults and has not been individually configured.

Related Commands

config advanced 802.11b profile clients, config advanced 802.11b profile coverage, config advanced 802.11b profile customize, config advanced 802.11b profile exception, config advanced 802.11b profile foreign, config advanced 802.11b profile level, config advanced 802.11b profile noise, config advanced 802.11b profile throughput, config advanced 802.11b profile utilization

show advanced 802.11a receiver

To display the configuration and statistics of the 802.11a receiver, use the **show advanced 802.11a receiver** command.

show advanced 802.11a receiver

Syntax Description	show	Display configurations.
	advanced	Advanced parameters.
	802.11a	802.11a network.
	receiver	Receiver.

Defaults None.

Examples

> **show advanced 802.11a receiver**

```
802.11a Advanced Receiver Settings
RxStart   : Signal Threshold..... 15
RxStart   : Signal Lamp Threshold..... 5
RxStart   : Preamble Power Threshold..... 2
RxReStart : Signal Jump Status..... Enabled
RxReStart : Signal Jump Threshold..... 10
TxStomp   : Low RSSI Status..... Enabled
TxStomp   : Low RSSI Threshold..... 30
TxStomp   : Wrong BSSID Status..... Enabled
TxStomp   : Wrong BSSID Data Only Status..... Enabled
RxAabort  : Raw Power Drop Status..... Disabled
RxAabort  : Raw Power Drop Threshold..... 10
RxAabort  : Low RSSI Status..... Disabled
RxAabort  : Low RSSI Threshold..... 0
RxAabort  : Wrong BSSID Status..... Disabled
RxAabort  : Wrong BSSID Data Only Status..... Disabled
```

Related Commands config advanced 802.11a monitor coverage, config advanced 802.11a monitor load, config advanced 802.11a monitor noise, config advanced 802.11a monitor signal

show advanced 802.11a summary

To display the advanced 802.11a Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point name, channel, and transmit level summary, use the **show advanced 802.11a summary** command.

show advanced 802.11a summary

Syntax Description

show	Display configurations.
advanced	Advanced parameters.
802.11a	802.11a network.
summary	Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point name, channel, and transmit level summary.

Defaults

None.

Examples

> **show advanced 802.11a summary**

AP Name	Channel	TxPower Level
AP03	36*	1*
AP02	52	5*
AP01	64	5



Note

An asterisk (*) next to a channel number or power level indicates that it is being controlled by the global algorithm settings.

Related Commands

show advanced 802.11b summary

show advanced 802.11a txpower

To view the advanced 802.11a automatic transmit power assignment, use the **show advanced 802.11a txpower** command.

show advanced 802.11a txpower

Syntax Description	show	Display configurations.
	advanced	Advanced parameters.
	802.11a	802.11a network.
	txpower	Transmit power.

Defaults None.

Examples

```
> show advanced 802.11a txpower

Automatic Transmit Power Assignment
Transmit Power Assignment Mode..... AUTO
Transmit Power Update Interval..... 600 seconds
Transmit Power Threshold..... -65 dBm
Transmit Power Neighbor Count..... 3 APs
Transmit Power Update Contribution..... SN.
Transmit Power Assignment Leader..... xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx
Last Run..... 384 seconds ago
```

Related Commands config advanced 802.11a txpower-update, config 802.11a txPower

SHOW ADVANCED 802.11B COMMANDS

Use the SHOW ADVANCED 802.11b commands show advanced 802.11b parameters.

show advanced 802.11b channel

To display the automatic channel assignment status and statistics, use the **show advanced 802.11b channel** command.

show advanced 802.11b channel

Syntax Description	show	Display configurations.
	advanced	Advanced parameters.
	802.11b	802.11b/g network.
	channel	Channel status.

Defaults	None.

Examples	> show advanced 802.11b channel
	<pre> Automatic Channel Assignment Channel Assignment Mode..... OFF Channel Update Interval..... 600 seconds Channel Update Contribution..... SNI. Channel Assignment Leader..... xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx Last Run..... 157 seconds ago Channel Energy Levels Minimum..... unknown Average..... unknown Maximum..... unknown Channel Dwell Times Minimum..... unknown Average..... unknown Maximum..... unknown </pre>

Related Commands	config 802.11b channel

show advanced 802.11b group

To display the advanced 802.11b/g Cisco radio RF grouping, use the **show advanced 802.11b group** command.

show advanced 802.11b group

Syntax Description	show	Display configurations.
	advanced	Advanced parameters.
	802.11b	802.11b/g network.
	group	RF grouping values.

Defaults None.

Examples

```
> show advanced 802.11b group

Radio RF Grouping
 802.11b Group Mode..... AUTO
 802.11b Group Update Interval..... 600 seconds
 802.11b Group Leader..... xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx
   802.11b Group Member..... xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx
 802.11b Last Run..... 511 seconds ago
```

Related Commands **config advanced 802.11b group-mode**

show advanced 802.11b logging

To display advanced 802.11b/g RF event and performance logging, use the **show advanced 802.11b logging** command.

show advanced 802.11b logging

Syntax Description	show	Display configurations.
	advanced	Advanced parameters.
	802.11b	802.11b network.
	logging	RF event and performance logging.

Defaults	None.

Examples

```
> show advanced 802.11b logging

RF Event and Performance Logging
Channel Update Logging..... Off
Coverage Profile Logging..... Off
Foreign Profile Logging..... Off
Load Profile Logging..... Off
Noise Profile Logging..... Off
Performance Profile Logging..... Off
Transmit Power Update Logging..... Off
```

Related Commands

config advanced 802.11b logging channel, config advanced 802.11b logging coverage, config advanced 802.11b logging foreign, config advanced 802.11b logging load, config advanced 802.11b logging noise, config advanced 802.11b logging performance, config advanced 802.11b logging power

show advanced 802.11b monitor

To display the advanced 802.11b/g default Cisco radio monitoring, use the **show advanced 802.11b monitor** command.

show advanced 802.11b monitor

Syntax Description	show	Display configurations.
	advanced	Advanced parameters.
	802.11b	802.11b/g network.
	monitor	Cisco radio monitoring values.

Defaults	None.

Examples	<pre>> show advanced 802.11b monitor Default 802.11b AP monitoring 802.11b Monitor Mode..... enable 802.11b Monitor Channels..... Country channels 802.11b AP Coverage Interval..... 180 seconds 802.11b AP Load Interval..... 60 seconds 802.11b AP Noise Interval..... 180 seconds 802.11b AP Signal Strength Interval..... 60 seconds</pre>

Related Commands	config advanced 802.11b monitor coverage, config advanced 802.11b monitor load, config advanced 802.11b monitor noise, config advanced 802.11b monitor signal

show advanced 802.11b profile

To display the advanced 802.11b/g Cisco radio performance profiles, use the **show advanced 802.11b profile** command.

show advanced 802.11b profile {global | Cisco_AP}

Syntax Description		
show		Display configurations.
advanced		Advanced parameters.
802.11b		802.11b/g network.
profile		Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point performance profile.
global		All Cisco 1000 series lightweight access points.
<i>Cisco_AP</i>		Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point name.

Defaults None.

Examples

> **show advanced 802.11b profile global**

```
Default 802.11b AP performance profiles
 802.11b Global Interference threshold..... 10%
 802.11b Global noise threshold..... -70 dBm
 802.11b Global RF utilization threshold..... 80%
 802.11b Global throughput threshold..... 1000000 bps
 802.11b Global clients threshold..... 12 clients
 802.11b Global coverage threshold..... 12 dB
 802.11b Global coverage exception level..... 80%
 802.11b Global client minimum exception lev..... 3 clients
```

> **show advanced 802.11b profile AP1**

```
Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point performance profile not customized
```

This response indicates that the performance profile for this Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point is using the global defaults and has not been individually configured.

Related Commands config advanced 802.11b profile clients, config advanced 802.11b profile coverage, config advanced 802.11b profile customize, config advanced 802.11b profile exception, config advanced 802.11b profile foreign, config advanced 802.11b profile level, config advanced 802.11b profile noise, config advanced 802.11b profile throughput, config advanced 802.11b profile utilization

show advanced 802.11b receiver

To display the advanced 802.11b/g default Cisco radio receiver parameters, use the **show advanced 802.11b receiver** command.

show advanced 802.11b receiver

Syntax Description	show	Display configurations.
	advanced	Advanced parameters.
	802.11b	802.11b/g network.
	receiver	Cisco radio receiver values.

Defaults None.

Examples

> **show advanced 802.11b receiver**

```
Default 802.11b Receiver Settings
RxStart      : Signal Threshold..... 15
RxStart      : Signal Jump Threshold..... 5
RxStart      : Preamble Power Threshold..... 2
RxRestart    : Signal Jump Status..... Enabled
RxRestart    : Signal Jump Threshold..... 10
TxStomp      : Low RSS Status. .... Disabled
TxStomp      : Low RSSI Threshold..... 37
TxStomp      : Wrong BSSID Status..... Disabled
TxStomp      : Wrong BSSID Data Only Status... Disabled
RxAbort      : Raw Power Drop Status..... Disabled
RxAbort      : Raw Power Drop Threshold..... 0
RxAbort      : Low RSSI Status..... Enabled
RxAbort      : Low RSSI Threshold..... 0
RxAbort      : Wrong BSSID Status..... Disabled
RxAbort      : Wrong BSSID Data Only Status... Disabled
```

Related Commands config advanced 802.11b monitor coverage, config advanced 802.11b monitor load, config advanced 802.11b monitor noise, config advanced 802.11b monitor signal

show advanced 802.11b summary

To display the advanced 802.11b/g Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point name, channel, and transmit level summary, use the **show advanced 802.11b summary** command.

show advanced 802.11b summary

Syntax Description

show	Display configurations.
advanced	Advanced parameters.
802.11b	802.11b/g network.
summary	Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point name, channel, and transmit level summary.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> show advanced 802.11b summary
```

AP name	Channel	Txpower Level
AP1	11 *	1 *
AP2	10 *	4
AP3	6 *	2



Note

Asterisks next to channel numbers or power levels indicate that they are being controlled by the global algorithm settings.

Related Commands

show advanced 802.11a summary

show advanced 802.11b txpower

To view the advanced 802.11b/g automatic transmit power assignment, use the **show advanced 802.11b txpower** command.

show advanced 802.11b txpower

Syntax Description	show	Display configurations.
	advanced	Advanced parameters.
	802.11b	802.11b/g network.
	txpower	Transmit power.

Defaults None.

Examples

```
> show advanced 802.11b txpower

Automatic Transmit Power Assignment
Transmit Power Assignment Mode..... AUTO
Transmit Power Update Interval..... 600 seconds
Transmit Power Threshold..... -65 dBm
Transmit Power Neighbor Count..... 3 APs
Transmit Power Update Contribution..... SNI.
Transmit Power Assignment Leader..... xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx
Last Run..... 427 seconds ago
```

Related Commands config 802.11b txPower

show advanced client-handoff

To display the number of automatic client handoffs after retries, use the **show advanced client-handoff** command.

show advanced client-handoff

Syntax Description	show	Display configurations.
	advanced	Advanced parameters.
	client-handoff	Advanced client handoff count.

Defaults	None.

Examples	<pre>> show advanced client-handoff Client auto handoff after retries..... 130</pre>

Related Commands	config advanced timers auth-timeout, config advanced timers rogue-ap

show advanced eap

To display advanced Extensible Authentication Protocol settings, use the **show advanced eap** command.

show advanced eap

Syntax Description	show	Display configurations.
	advanced	Advanced parameters.
	eap	Advanced client handoff count.

Defaults	None.

Examples	<pre>> show advanced eap EAP-Identity-Request Timeout (seconds)..... 1 EAP-Identity-Request Max Retries..... 20 EAP Key-Index for Dynamic WEP..... 0 EAP-Request Timeout (seconds)..... 1 EAP-Request Max Retries..... 2</pre>

Related Commands	(tbd)

show advanced location

To display advanced location system information, use the **show advanced location** command.

show advanced location [**detail** *mac_address* | **summary**]

Syntax Description	detail	Displays detailed location information
	<i>mac_address</i>	Specifies the MAC address of a client.
	summary	Displays summary location information.

Defaults This command has no defaults.

Command History	Release	Modification
	4.1	This command was first introduced.

Examples

```
> show advanced location summary
```

Advanced Location Summary :

```

Algorithm used:                Average
Client RSSI expiry timeout:    10 sec, half life: 60 sec
Calibrating Client RSSI expiry timeout: 10 sec, half life: 0 sec
Rogue AP RSSI expiry timeout:   600 sec, half life: 120 sec
RFID Tag RSSI expiry timeout:   60 sec, half life: 120 sec

```

```
> show advanced location advanced 32:16:13:1a:57:9f
..... TBD
```

Related Commands	Command	Description
	config advanced location	Configures location settings.
	show location summary	Displays information about defined locations.

show advanced max-1x-sessions

To display the maximum number of simultaneous 802.1x sessions allowed per access point, use the **show advanced max-1x-sessions** command.

show advanced max-1x-sessions

Syntax Description

show	Display configurations.
advanced	Advanced parameters.
max-1x-sessions	Maximum number of simultaneous 802.1x sessions allowed per access point.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> show advanced max-1x-sessions

Max 802.1x session per AP at a given time..... 0
```

Related Commands

(tbd)

show advanced probe-limit

To display the number of probes sent to the WLAN controller per access point per client and the probe interval in milliseconds, use the **show advanced probe-limit** command.

show advanced probe-limit

Syntax Description	show	Display configurations.
	advanced	Advanced parameters.
	probe-limit	Number of probes sent to the WLAN controller per access point per client and the probe interval in milliseconds.

Defaults	None.

Examples	<pre>> show advanced probe-limit Probes sent to switch per AP slot per client 2 Probe interval in msec..... 500</pre>

Related Commands	(tbd)

show advanced rate

To display whether control path rate limiting is enabled or disabled, use the **show advanced rate** command.

show advanced rate

Syntax Description	show	Display configurations.
	advanced	Advanced parameters.
	rate	Control path rate limiting enabled or disabled.

Defaults	None.

Examples	<pre>> show advanced rate Control Path Rate Limiting..... Disabled</pre>

Related Commands	(tbd)

show advanced send-disassoc-on-handoff

To display whether the WLAN controller disassociates clients after a handoff, use the **show advanced send-disassoc-on-handoff** command.

show advanced send-disassoc-on-handoff

Syntax Description	show	Display configurations.
	advanced	Advanced parameters.
	send-disassoc-on-handoff	WLAN controller disassociates clients after a handoff enabled or disabled.

Defaults	None.

Examples	<pre>> show advanced send-disassoc-on-handoff Send Disassociate on Handoff..... Disabled</pre>

Related Commands	(tbd)

show advanced statistics

To display whether or not the Cisco Wireless LAN controller port statistics are enabled or disabled, use the **show advanced statistics** command.

show advanced statistics

Syntax Description

show	Display configurations.
advanced	Advanced parameters.
statistics	Show Cisco Wireless LAN controller port statistics state.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> show advanced statistics
```

```
Switch port statistics..... Enabled
```

Related Commands

config advanced timers auth-timeout, config advanced timers rogue-ap

show advanced timers

To display the advanced mobility anchor, authentication response, and rogue access point entry timers, use the **show advanced timers** command.

show advanced timers

Syntax Description	show	Display configurations.
	advanced	Advanced parameters.
	timers	Advanced system timers.

Defaults Shown below in examples.

Examples

```
> show advanced timers
```

```
Authentication Response Timeout (seconds)..... 10
Rogue Entry Timeout (seconds)..... 1200
AP Heart Beat Timeout (seconds)..... 30
AP Discovery Timeout (seconds)..... 10
EAP Request Timeout (seconds)..... 8 (only when EAP is enabled)
```

Related Commands **config advanced timers auth-timeout, config advanced timers rogue-ap**

SHOW AP COMMANDS

Use the SHOW AP commands to show access point parameters.

show ap auto-rf

To display the auto-rf settings for a Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point, use the **show ap auto-rf** command.

show ap auto-rf {802.11a | 802.11b} Cisco_AP

Syntax Description	show	Display configurations.
	ap auto-rf	Cisco radio.
	{802.11a 802.11b}	802.11a or 802.11b/g setting.
	Cisco_AP	Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point name.

Defaults None.

Examples

> **show ap auto-rf 802.11a AP1**

```

Number Of Slots..... 2
Rad Name..... AP03
MAC Address..... 00:0b:85:01:18:b7
Radio Type..... RADIO_TYPE_80211a
Noise Information
  Noise Profile..... PASSED
  Channel 36..... -88 dBm
  Channel 40..... -86 dBm
  Channel 44..... -87 dBm
  Channel 48..... -85 dBm
  Channel 52..... -84 dBm
  Channel 56..... -83 dBm
  Channel 60..... -84 dBm
  Channel 64..... -85 dBm
Interference Information
  Interference Profile..... PASSED
  Channel 36..... -66 dBm @ 1% busy
  Channel 40..... -128 dBm @ 0% busy
  Channel 44..... -128 dBm @ 0% busy
  Channel 48..... -128 dBm @ 0% busy
  Channel 52..... -128 dBm @ 0% busy
  Channel 56..... -73 dBm @ 1% busy
  Channel 60..... -55 dBm @ 1% busy
  Channel 64..... -69 dBm @ 1% busy
Load Information
  Load Profile..... PASSED
  Receive Utilization..... 0%
  Transmit Utilization..... 0%
  Channel Utilization..... 1%
  Attached Clients..... 1 clients
Coverage Information
  Coverage Profile..... PASSED
  Failed Clients..... 0 clients
Client Signal Strengths
  RSSI -100 dBm..... 0 clients
  RSSI -92 dBm..... 0 clients
  RSSI -84 dBm..... 0 clients
  RSSI -76 dBm..... 0 clients

```

```

RSSI  -68 dBm..... 0 clients
RSSI  -60 dBm..... 0 clients
RSSI  -52 dBm..... 0 clients
Client Signal To Noise Ratios
SNR    0 dBm..... 0 clients
SNR    5 dBm..... 0 clients
SNR   10 dBm..... 0 clients
SNR   15 dBm..... 0 clients
SNR   20 dBm..... 0 clients
SNR   25 dBm..... 0 clients
SNR   30 dBm..... 0 clients
SNR   35 dBm..... 0 clients
SNR   40 dBm..... 0 clients
SNR   45 dBm..... 0 clients
Nearby RADs
RAD 00:0b:85:01:05:08 slot 0..... -46 dBm on 10.1.30.170
RAD 00:0b:85:01:12:65 slot 0..... -24 dBm on 10.1.30.170
Channel Assignment Information
Current Channel Average Energy..... -86 dBm
Previous Channel Average Energy..... -75 dBm
Channel Change Count..... 109
Last Channel Change Time..... Wed Sep 29 12:53e:34 2004
Recommended Best Channel..... 44
RF Parameter Recommendations
Power Level..... 1
RTS/CTS Threshold..... 2347
Fragmentation Threshold..... 2346
Antenna Pattern..... 0

```

Related Commands **config 802.11a antenna, config 802.11b antenna, config cell**

show ap bmode

To display the backhaul mode for a Cisco 1030 or 1500 Series lightweight access point deployed in bridging or mesh mode, use the **show ap bmode** command.

show ap bmode *Cisco_AP*

Syntax Description	show	Display configurations.
	ap	Cisco radio.
	bhmode	Display the mesh or bridging backhaul mode for a Cisco 1030 or 1500 Series lightweight access point.
	<i>Cisco_AP</i>	Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point name.

Defaults	None.

Examples	> show ap bmode AP02

Related Commands	config ap stats-timer

show ap bhrate

To display the backhaul rate for a Cisco 1030 or 1500 Series lightweight access point deployed in bridging or mesh mode, use the **show ap bhrate** command.

show ap bhrate *Cisco_AP*

Syntax Description	show	Display configurations.
	ap	Cisco radio.
	bhrate	Display the mesh or bridging backhaul rate for a Cisco 1030 or 1500 Series lightweight access point.
	<i>Cisco_AP</i>	Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point name.

Defaults	None.

Examples	> show ap bhrate AP02

Related Commands	config ap stats-timer

show ap ccx rm

To display an access point's ccx radio management status information, use the **show ap ccx rm** command.

show ap ccxrm *ap_name* **status**

Syntax Description

<i>ap_name</i>	Specified the access point name.

Defaults

This command has no defaults.

Command History

Release	Modification
4.1	This command was first introduced.

Examples

> **show ap ccx rm AP1240-21ac status**

```
A Radio
  Channel Load Request ..... Disabled
  Noise Histogram Request ..... Disabled
  Beacon Request ..... Disabled
  Frame Request ..... Disabled
  Interval ..... 60
  Iteration ..... 10

G Radio
  Channel Load Request ..... Disabled
  Noise Histogram Request ..... Disabled
  Beacon Request ..... Disabled
  Frame Request ..... Disabled
  Interval ..... 60
  Iteration ..... 10
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
show client ccx	Displays client ccx information.

show ap cdp neighbors detail

This command is used display information regarding the access point's CDP neighbors ----TBD.

show ap cdp neighbors detail [**all** | **ap_name**]

Syntax Description	all	Displays the CDP neighbors for all the access points.
	ap_name	Displays the CDP neighbors for the specified access point.

Defaults This command has no defaults.

Command History	Release	Modification
	4.1	This command was first introduced.

Examples

> **show ap cdp neighbors all**

```
AP Name:A10-1020
AP IP address:10.00.231.100
-----
Device ID: Switch
Entry address(es): 10.00.231.2
Platform: cisco WS-C3750-24P, Capabilities: Router Switch IGMP
Interface: enet, Port ID (outgoing port): FastEthernet1/0/23 Holdtime : 180 sec

Version :
Cisco Internetwork Operating System Software IOS (tm) C3750 Software (C3750-I9- M),
Version 12.2(20)SE4, RELEASE SOFTWARE (fc1) Copyright (c) 1986-2005 by Cisco Systems,
Inc. Compiled Sun 09-Jan-05 00:09 by antonino

advertisement version: 2
```

Related Commands	Command	Description
	TBD	TBD
	TBD	

show ap config

To display the detailed configuration for a lightweight access point, use the **show ap config** command.

show ap config {802.11a | 802.11b | general} Cisco_AP

Syntax Description	802.11a	Displays the 802.11a radio settings.
	802.11b	Displays the 802.11b/g radio settings.
	general	Displays general access point settings.
	<i>Cisco_AP</i>	Specifies the lightweight access point name.

Defaults None.

Examples

> **show ap config 802.11a AP02**

```

Cisco AP Identifier..... 0
Cisco AP Name..... AP02
AP Regulatory Domain..... Unconfigured
Switch Port Number ..... 1
MAC Address..... 00:0b:85:18:b6:50
IP Address Configuration..... DHCP
IP Address..... 1.100.49.240
IP NetMask..... 255.255.255.0
Gateway IP Addr..... 1.100.49.1
Cisco AP Location..... default-location
Cisco AP Group Name..... default-group
Primary Cisco Switch..... Cisco_32:ab:63
Secondary Cisco Switch.....
Tertiary Cisco Switch.....
Administrative State ..... ADMIN_ENABLED
Operation State ..... REGISTERED
Mirroring Mode ..... Disabled
AP Mode ..... Local
Remote AP Debug ..... Disabled
S/W Version ..... 3.1.61.0
Boot Version ..... 1.2.59.6
Stats Re--More-- or (q)uit
porting Period ..... 180
LED State..... Enabled
ILP Pre Standard Switch..... Disabled
ILP Power Injector..... Disabled
Number Of Slots..... 2
AP Model..... AS-1200
AP Serial Number..... 044110223A
AP Certificate Type..... Manufacture Installed

Attributes for Slot 0
  Radio Type..... RADIO_TYPE_80211a
  Administrative State ..... ADMIN_ENABLED
  Operation State ..... UP
  WLAN Override..... Disabled
  CellId ..... 0

Station Configuration

```

```

Configuration ..... AUTOMATIC
Number Of WLANs ..... 1
Medium Occupancy Limit ..... 100
CFP Period ..... 4
CFP MaxDuration ..... 60
BSSID ..... 00:0b:85:18:b6:50
Operation Rate Set
  6000 Kilo Bits..... MANDATORY
  9000 Kilo Bits..... SUPPORTED
  12000 Kilo Bits..... MANDATORY
  18000 Kilo Bits..... SUPPORTED
  24000 Kilo Bits..... MANDATORY
  36000 Kilo Bits..... SUPPORTED
  48000 Kilo Bits..... SUPPORTED
  54000 Kilo Bits..... SUPPORTED
Beacon Period ..... 100
DTIM Period ..... 1
Fragmentation Threshold ..... 2346
Multi Domain Capability Implemented ..... TRUE
Multi Domain Capability Enabled ..... TRUE
Country String ..... US

Multi Domain Capability
  Configuration ..... AUTOMATIC
  First Chan Num ..... 36
  Number Of Channels ..... 4

MAC Operation Parameters
  Configuration ..... AUTOMATIC
  RTS Threshold ..... 2347
  Short Retry Limit ..... 7
  Long Retry Limit ..... 4
  Fragmentation Threshold ..... 2346
  Maximum Tx MSDU Life Time ..... 512
  Maximum Rx Life Time ..... 512

Tx Power
  Num Of Supported Power Levels ..... 5
  Tx Power Level 1 ..... 18 dBm
  Tx Power Level 2 ..... 15 dBm
  Tx Power Level 3..... 12 dBm
  Tx Power Level 4 ..... 9 dBm
  Tx Power Level 5 ..... 6 dBm
  Tx Power Configuration ..... CUSTOMIZED
  Current Tx Power Level..... 5

Phy OFDM parameters
  Configuration ..... AUTOMATIC
  Current Channel ..... 36
  TI Threshold ..... -50
  Antenna Type..... INTERNAL_ANTENNA
  Internal Antenna Gain (in .5 dBm units).... 11
  AntennaMode..... ANTENNA_OMNI

Performance Profile Parameters
  Configuration ..... AUTOMATIC
  Interference threshold..... 10%
  Noise threshold..... -70 dBm
  RF utilization threshold..... 80%
  Data-rate threshold..... 1000000 bps
  Client threshold..... 12 clients
  Coverage SNR threshold..... 16 dB
  Coverage exception level..... 25%
  Client minimum exception level..... 3 clients

```

```

Rogue Containment Information
Containment Count..... 0

> show ap config 802.11b AP02

Cisco AP Identifier..... 0
Cisco AP Name..... AP02
AP Regulatory Domain..... Unconfigured
Switch Port Number ..... 1
MAC Address..... 00:0b:85:18:b6:50
IP Address Configuration..... DHCP
IP Address..... 1.100.49.240
IP NetMask..... 255.255.255.0
Gateway IP Addr..... 1.100.49.1
Cisco AP Location..... default-location
Cisco AP Group Name..... default-group
Primary Cisco Switch..... Cisco_32:ab:63
Secondary Cisco Switch.....
Tertiary Cisco Switch.....
Administrative State ..... ADMIN_ENABLED
Operation State ..... REGISTERED
Mirroring Mode ..... Disabled
AP Mode ..... Local
Remote AP Debug ..... Disabled
S/W Version ..... 3.1.61.0
Boot Version ..... 1.2.59.6
Stats Reporting Period ..... 180
LED State..... Enabled
ILP Pre Standard Switch..... Disabled
ILP Power Injector..... Disabled
Number Of Slots..... 2
AP Model..... AS-1200
AP Serial Number..... 044110223A
AP Certificate Type..... Manufacture Installed

Attributes for Slot 1
Radio Type..... RADIO_TYPE_80211g
Administrative State ..... ADMIN_ENABLED
Operation State ..... UP
WLAN Override ..... Disabled
CellId ..... 0

Station Configuration
Configuration ..... AUTOMATIC
Number Of WLANs ..... 1
Medium Occupancy Limit ..... 100
CFP Period ..... 4
CFP MaxDuration ..... 60
BSSID ..... 00:0b:85:18:b6:50
Operation Rate Set
1000 Kilo Bits..... MANDATORY
2000 Kilo Bits..... MANDATORY
5500 Kilo Bits..... MANDATORY
11000 Kilo Bits..... MANDATORY
6000 Kilo Bits..... SUPPORTED
9000 Kilo Bits..... SUPPORTED
12000 Kilo Bits..... SUPPORTED
18000 Kilo Bits..... SUPPORTED
24000 Kilo Bits..... SUPPORTED
36000 Kilo Bits..... SUPPORTED
48000 Kilo Bits..... SUPPORTED
54000 Kilo Bits..... SUPPORTED
Beacon Period ..... 100
DTIM Period ..... 1

```

```

Fragmentation Threshold ..... 2346
Multi Domain Capability Implemented ..... TRUE
Multi Domain Capability Enabled ..... TRUE
Country String ..... US

Multi Domain Capability
Configuration ..... AUTOMATIC
First Chan Num ..... 1
Number Of Channels ..... 11

MAC Operation Parameters
Configuration ..... AUTOMATIC
RTS Threshold ..... 2347
Short Retry Limit ..... 7
Long Retry Limit ..... 4
Fragmentation Threshold ..... 2346
Maximum Tx MSDU Life Time ..... 512
Maximum Rx Life Time..... 512

Tx Power
Num Of Supported Power Levels..... 5
Tx Power Level 1 ..... 17 dBm
Tx Power Level 2..... 14 dBm
Tx Power Level 3..... 11 dBm
Tx Power Level 4..... 8 dBm
Tx Power Level 5..... 5 dBm
Tx Power Configuration..... CUSTOMIZED
Current Tx Power Level..... 5

Phy OFDM parameters
Configuration..... CUSTOMIZED
Current Channel..... 1
TI Threshold..... -50
Antenna Type..... INTERNAL_ANTENNA
Internal Antenna Gain (in5 dBm units)..... 11
Diversity..... DIVERSITY_ENABLED

Performance Profile Parameters
Configuration..... AUTOMATIC
Interference threshold..... 10%
Noise threshold..... -70 dBm
RF utilization threshold..... 80%
Data-rate threshold..... 1000000 bps
Client threshold..... 12 clients
Coverage SNR threshold..... 12 dB
Coverage exception level..... 25%
Client minimum exception level..... 3 clients
Rogue Containment Information
Containment Count..... 0

> show ap config general AP02

Cisco AP Identifier..... 0
Cisco AP Name..... AP02
AP Regulatory Domain..... Unconfigured
Switch Port Number..... 1
MAC Address..... xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx
IP Address Configuration..... DHCP
IP Address..... 1.100.49.240
IP NetMask..... 255.255.255.0
Gateway IP Addr..... 1.100.49.1
Cisco AP Location..... default-location
Cisco AP Group Name..... default-group
Primary Cisco Switch..... Cisco_32:ab:63

```

```

Secondary Cisco Switch.....
Tertiary Cisco Switch.....
Administrative State..... ADMIN_ENABLED
Operation State..... REGISTERED
Mirroring Mode..... Disabled
AP Mode..... Local
Remote AP Debug..... Disabled
S/W Version..... 3.1.61.0
Boot Version..... 1.2.59.6
porting Period..... 180
LED State..... Enabled
ILP Pre Standard Switch..... Disabled
ILP Power Injector..... Disabled
Number Of Slots..... 2
AP Model..... AS-1200
AP Serial Number..... 044110223A
AP Certificate Type..... Manufacture Installed

```

Related Commands

config 802.11a antenna	Configures the access point's 802.11a antennas settings.
config 802.11b antenna	Configures the access point's 802.11b antennas settings.
config 802.11a enable	Enables the access point's 802.11a radio.
config 802.11b enable	Enables the access point's 802.11b/g radio

show ap core-dump

To display the memory core dump setting for a lightweight access point, use the **show ap core-dump** command.

show ap core-dump *Cisco_AP*

Syntax Description	<i>Cisco_AP</i>	Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point name.
Defaults	None.	
Examples	> show ap core-dump AP02	
Related Commands	config ap core-dump	Configures the access point's memory core dump settings.

show ap crash-file

To display the list of both crash and radio core dump files generated by lightweight access points, use the **show ap crash-file** command.

show ap crash-file

Syntax Description

This command has no arguments or keywords.

Defaults

This command has no defaults.

Examples

```
> show ap crash-file
```

Related Commands

config ap crash-file	Configures the access point's crash-file settings.

show ap inventory

This command is used display inventory information for an access point. ----TBD.

show ap ap inventory ap_name]

Syntax Description

<i>ap_name</i>	Displays the inventory for the specified access point.

Defaults

This command has no defaults.

Command History

Release	Modification
4.1	This command was first introduced.

Examples

```
> show ap inventory test101
```

```
----- TBD
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
TBD	TBD
TBD	

show ap stats

To display the statistics for a Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point, use the **show ap stats** command.

show ap stats {802.11a | 802.11b} Cisco_AP

Syntax Description	show	Display configurations.
	ap stats	Cisco radio.
	802.11a	802.11a statistics.
	802.11b	802.11b/g statistics.
	<i>Cisco_AP</i>	Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point name.

Defaults None.

Examples

> **show ap stats 802.11b AP02**

```

Number Of Slots..... 2
AP Name..... AP02
MAC Address..... 00:0b:85:18:b6:50
  Radio Type..... RADIO_TYPE_80211a
  Stats Information
    Number of Users..... 0
    TxFragmentCount..... 1679
    MulticastTxFrameCnt..... 1260
    FailedCount..... 15892
    RetryCount..... 331
    MultipleRetryCount..... 0
    FrameDuplicateCount..... 0
    RtsSuccessCount..... 0
    RtsFailureCount..... 0
    AckFailureCount..... 80212
    RxFragmentCount..... 248671
    MulticastRxFrameCnt..... 0
    FcsErrorCount..... 105968
    TxFrameCount..... 1679
    WepUndecryptableCount..... 0

```

Related Commands	config ap enable	Enables a lightweight access point.
	show ap summary	Displays a list of access points connected to the controller.

show ap summary

To display a summary of all lightweight access points attached to the controller, use the **show ap summary** command. A list containing each lightweight access point name, number of slots, manufacturer, MAC address, location and the controller port number is displayed.

show ap summary

Syntax Description	show	Display configurations.					
	ap	All Cisco 1000 series lightweight access points.					
	summary	Summary of all Cisco 1000 series lightweight access points.					
Defaults	None.						
Examples	> show ap summary						
	Number of APs..... 3						
	AP Name	Slots	AP Model	Ethernet MAC	Location	Port	Country
	-----	----	-----	-----	-----	----	-----
ap1020:5f:be:90	2	AP1020	00:0c:85:5f:32:90	default location	29	US	
ap1131:3e:ba:10	2	AIR-LAP 1131	00:0b:81:2c:be:01	default location	29	US	
ap1242:df:ac:15	2	AIR-LAP1242	00:0e:15:3d:fd:24	default location	29	US	
Related Commands	show advanced 802.11a summary		Displays advanced 802.11a radio configuration settings and statistics.				
	show advanced 802.11b summary		Displays advanced 802.11b/g radio configuration settings and statistics.				
	config ap enable		Enables an access point's 802.11 radio.				

show ap wlan

To display whether or not a Cisco Wireless LAN controller radio is in wireless LAN override mode (as described in the related product guide), use the **show ap wlan** command.

show ap wlan {802.11a | 802.11b} Cisco_AP

Syntax Description	show	Display configurations.
	ap	All Cisco 1000 series lightweight access points.
	wlan	Wireless LAN parameter.
	802.11a	Displays the access point's 802.11a radio statistics.
	802.11b	Displays the access point's 802.11b radio statistics.
	<i>ap_name</i>	Specifies the lightweight access point name.

Defaults None.

Examples

```
> show ap wlan 802.11a AP01

AP has following wlan Id's configured as override wlanId
Wlan Id:..... 3

> show ap wlan 802.11a AP15

Cisco AP is not in override mode.
```

Related Commands	show ap summary	Displays summary information on all access points connected to the controller.
	config ap wlan enable	Enables a wireless LAN override on an access point.

show arp switch

To display the Cisco Wireless LAN controller MAC addresses, IP Addresses, and port types, use the **show arp switch** command.

show arp switch

Syntax Description

show	Display configurations.
arp	arp MAC addresses, IP Addresses, and port types.
switch	Cisco Wireless LAN controller parameters.

Defaults

None.

Examples

> **show arp switch**

MAC Address	IP Address	Port	VLAN	Type
xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx	xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx	service port	1	
xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx	xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx	service port		
xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx	xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx	service port		

Related Commands

debug arp

show auth-list

To display the access point authorization list, use the **show auth-list** command.

show auth-list

Syntax Description

show	Display configurations.
auth-list	Display access point authorization list.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> show auth-list
```

```
Authorize APs against AAA..... disabled
Allow APs with Self-signed Certificate (SSC)... disabled
```

Mac Addr	Cert Type	Key Hash
-----	-----	-----
xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx	MIC	

Related Commands

config auth-list

show boot

Each Cisco Wireless LAN controller retains one primary and one backup operating system software load in non-volatile RAM. This allows operators to have the Cisco Wireless LAN controllers boot off the primary load (default), or revert to the backup load when desired. To display the primary and backup software build numbers with an indication of which is active, use the **show boot** command.

show boot

Syntax Description

show	Display configurations.
boot	Software bootable versions.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> show boot
```

```
Primary Boot Image..... 3.2.13.0 (active)
Backup Boot Image..... 3.2.15.0
```

Related Commands

config exclusionlist add, config exclusionlist delete, config exclusionlist description, show client

SHOW CERTIFICATE COMMANDS

Use the SHOW CERTIFICATE commands to display certificate settings.

show certificate compatibility

To display whether or not certificates are verified as compatible in the Cisco Wireless LAN controller, use the **show certificate compatibility** command.

show certificate compatibility

Syntax Description

show	Display configurations.
certificate	All certificates.
compatibility	Compatibility of certificates.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> show certificate compatibility

Certificate compatibility mode:..... off
```

Related Commands

show certificate summary

show certificate summary

To display a summary of all certificates active in the Cisco Wireless LAN controller, use the **show certificate summary** command.

show certificate summary

Syntax Description	show	Display configurations.
	certificate	All certificates.
	summary	Synopsis of all certificates.

Defaults	None.

Examples	<pre>> show certificate summary Web Administration Certificate..... Locally Generated Web Authentication Certificate..... Locally Generated Certificate compatibility mode:..... off</pre>

Related Commands	show certificate compatibility

SHOW CLIENT COMMANDS

Use the SHOW CLIENT commands to display client settings.

show client ap

To display the clients on a Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point, use the **show client ap** command.



Note

The show client ap command may list the status of automatically disabled clients. Use the **show exclusionlist** command to view clients on the exclusion list (blacklisted).

```
show client ap {802.11a | 802.11b} Cisco_AP
```

Syntax Description

show	Display configurations.
client ap	Cisco radio.
802.11a	802.11a clients.
802.11b	802.11b/g clients.
Cisco_AP	Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point name.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> show client ap 802.11b AP1

MAC Address      AP Id   Status      WLAN Id   Authenticated
-----
xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx    1   Associated    1           No
```

Related Commands

show client detail, show client summary, show client username, show exclusionlist

show client ccx log-response

This command is used display ----TBD.

show client ccx log-response [roam | rsna | syslog] *client_mac_address*

Syntax Description	roam	Displays CCX client roaming log response.
	rsna	Display CCX client RSNA log response.
	syslog	Display CCX client system log response.
	<i>client_mac_address</i>	Displays the inventory for the specified access point.

Defaults This command has no defaults.

Command History	Release	Modification
	4.1	This command was first introduced.

Examples

```
> config client ccx log-request syslog 00:40:96:a8:f7:98
> show client ccx log-response syslog 00:40:96:a8:f7:98

Tue Oct 05 13:05:21 2006
  SysLog Response LogID=1: Status=Successful
  Event Timestamp=121212121212
  Client SysLog = 'This is a test syslog 2'
  Event Timestamp=121212121212
  Client SysLog = 'This is a test syslog 1'
Tue Oct 05 13:04:04 2006
  SysLog Request LogID=1

> config client ccx log-request roam 00:40:96:a8:f7:98
> show client ccx log-response roam 00:40:96:a8:f7:98

Thu Jun 22 11:55:14 2006
  Roaming Response LogID=20: Status=Successful
  Event Timestamp=121212121212
  Source BSSID=00:40:96:a8:f7:98, Target BSSID=00:0b:85:23:26:70,
  Transition Time=100(ms)
  Transition Reason: Unspecified Transition Result: Success
Thu Jun 22 11:55:04 2006
  Roaming Request LogID=20
Thu Jun 22 11:54:54 2006
  Roaming Response LogID=19: Status=Successful
  Event Timestamp=121212121212
  Source BSSID=00:40:96:a8:f7:98, Target BSSID=00:0b:85:23:26:70,
  Transition Time=100(ms)
  Transition Reason: Unspecified Transition Result: Success
Thu Jun 22 11:54:33 2006  Roaming Request LogID=19
```

```
> config client ccx log-request rsna 00:40:96:a8:f7:98
> show client ccx log-response rsna 00:40:96:a8:f7:98
```

```
Tue Oct 05 11:06:48 2006
  RSNA Response LogID=2: Status=Successful
  Event Timestamp=242424242424
  Target BSSID=00:0b:85:23:26:70
  RSNA Version=1
  Group Cipher Suite=00-0f-ac-01
  Pairwise Cipher Suite Count = 2
    Pairwise Cipher Suite 0 = 00-0f-ac-02
    Pairwise Cipher Suite 1 = 00-0f-ac-04
  AKM Suite Count = 2
    KM Suite 0 = 00-0f-ac-01
    KM Suite 1 = 00-0f-ac-02
  SN Capability = 0x1
  PMKID Count = 2
    PMKID 0 = 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 10 11 12 13 14 15 16
    PMKID 1 = 0a 0b 0c 0d 0e 0f 17 18 19 20 1a 1b 1c 1d 1e 1f
  802.11i Auth Type: EAP_FAST
  RSNA Result: Success
Tue Oct 05 11:05:48 2006
  RSNA Request LogID=2
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
config client ccx log-request	Configures the CCX client log request.

show client ccx rm

This command is used display ccx *client information* ----*TBD*.

```
show client ccx rm client_MAC [ status |
report ( chan-load | noise-hist | frame request | beacon | frame ) ]
```

Syntax Description

<i>client_MAC</i>	Specifies the client MAC address.
status	Displays client ccx radio management status information.
report	Displays client ccx radio management report.
chan-load	Displays radio management channel load reports.
noise-hist	Displays radio management noise histogram reports.
beacon	Displays radio management beacon load reports.
frame	Displays radio management frame reports.

Defaults

This command has no defaults.

Command History

Release	Modification
4.1	This command was first introduced.

Examples

```
> show client ccx rm 00:40:96:15:21:ac status

Client Mac Address..... 00:40:96:15:21:ac
Channel Load Request..... Enabled
Noise Histogram Request..... Enabled
Beacon Request..... Enabled
Frame Request..... Enabled
Interval..... 30
Iteration..... 10

> show client ccx rm 00:40:96:15:21:ac report chan-load

Channel Load Report
Client Mac Address..... 00:40:96:ae:53:bc
Timestamp..... 788751121
Incapable Flag..... On
Refused Flag..... On

Chan CCA Busy Fraction
-----
1 194
2 86
3 103
4 0
5 178
6 82
7 103
8 95
```

9 13
10 222
11 75

> **show client ccx rm 00:40:96:15:21:ac report noise-hist**

Noise Histogram Report
Client Mac Address..... 00:40:96:15:21:ac
Timestamp..... 4294967295
Incapable Flag..... Off
Refused Flag..... Off
Chan RPI0 RPI1 RPI2 RPI3 RPI4 RPI5 RPI6 RPI7

> **show client ccx rm 00:40:96:ae:53:bc report beacon**

Beacon Report
Client Mac Address..... 00:40:96:ae:53:bc
Timestamp..... 788853242
Incapable Flag..... On
Refused Flag..... On

Channel No..... 3
Phy Type..... ERP
Received signal Power..... -80dbm
BSSID..... 00:12:7f:50:93:10
Parent TFS..... bc729d5e
Parent TFS..... 42f637ec02000000
Beacon Interval..... 100
Capability Information..... 0401

Channel No..... 7
Phy Type..... ERP
Received signal Power..... -62dbm
BSSID..... 00:12:44:b3:b9:e0
Parent TFS..... 4f46aa5e
Parent TFS..... bd1ba60f00000000
Beacon Interval..... 100
Capability Information..... 0421

> **show client ccx rm 00:40:96:ae:53:bc report frame**

Frame Report
Client Mac Address..... 00:40:96:ae:53:bc
Timestamp..... 789140437
Incapable Flag..... On
Refused Flag..... On
Chan Tx Address Bssid RcxSigPwr Frame Count

Related Commands

Command	Description
TBD	TBD

show client ccx stats-report

To display the CCX statistics report from a specified client device, use the **show client ccx stats-report** command.

show client ccx stats-report *client_mac_address*

Syntax Description	<i>client_mac_address</i> Displays the MAC address for the specified client device.

Defaults	This command has no defaults.

Command History	Release	Modification
	4.1	This command was first introduced.

Examples

```
> config client ccx stats-request 1 dot11 00:40:96:a8:f7:98
> show client ccx stats-report 00:40:96:a8:f7:98
```

Measurement duration = 1

```
dot11TransmittedFragmentCount      = 1
dot11MulticastTransmittedFrameCount = 2
dot11FailedCount                   = 3
dot11RetryCount                    = 4
dot11MultipleRetryCount            = 5
dot11FrameDuplicateCount           = 6
dot11RTSSuccessCount               = 7
dot11RTSFailureCount              = 8
dot11ACKFailureCount              = 9
dot11ReceivedFragmentCount         = 10
dot11MulticastReceivedFrameCount   = 11
dot11FCSErrorCount                = 12
dot11TransmittedFrameCount         = 13
```

Related Commands	Command	Description
	config client ccx stats-request	Configures the CCX client statistics request.

show client detail

To display detailed information for a client on a Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point, use the **show client detail** command.



Note

The **show client ap** command may list the status of automatically disabled clients. Use the **show exclusionlist** command to view clients on the exclusion list (blacklisted).

show client detail *MAC*

Syntax Description

show	Display configurations.
client	802.11a or 802.11b/g client.
detail	Connectivity information.
MAC	MAC address of the specific client.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> show client detail 00:0c:41:07:33:a6
```

```
Client MAC Address..... xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx
Client Username..... N/A
AP MAC Address..... xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx
Client State..... Associated
Wireless LAN Id..... 1
IP Address..... Unknown
Association Id..... 1
Authentication Algorithm..... Shared Key
Reason Code..... 0
Status Code..... 0
Session Timeout..... 0
Mirroring..... Disabled
QoS Level..... Gold
Diff Serv Code Point (DSCP)..... disabled
802.1P Priority Tag..... disabled
Mobility State..... Local
Mobility Move Count..... 0
Security Policy Completed..... No
Policy Manager State..... DHCP_REQD
Policy Manager Rule Created..... No
NPU Fast Notified..... Yes
Policy Type..... N/A
Encryption Cipher..... WEP (104 bits)
EAP Type..... Unknown
Interface..... management
VLAN..... 0
Client Capabilities:
  CF Pollable..... Not implemented
  CF Poll Request..... Not implemented
  Short Preamble..... Not implemented
  PBCC..... Not implemented
  Channel Agility..... Not implemented
```

```
Listen Interval..... 0
Client Statistics:
  Number of Bytes Received..... 0
  Number of Bytes Sent..... 0
  Number of Packets Received..... 0
  Number of Packets Sent..... 0
  Number of Policy Errors..... 0
  Radio Signal Strength Indicator..... Unavailable
  Signal to Noise Ratio..... Unavailable
Nearby AP Statistics:
  AP03(slot 0) 24643 seconds ago..... -11 dBm
```

Related Commands**show client ap, show client summary, show client username, show exclusionlist**

show client location-calibration summary

To display client location calibration summary information, use the show client location-calibration summary command. TBD.....

show client location-calibration summary

Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.

Defaults This command has no defaults.

Command History	Release	Modification
	4.1	This command was first introduced.

Examples > **show client location-calibration summary**

```
PUT TABLE HER *****
```

```
MAC Address Interval
```

```
-----
```

```
10:10:10:10:10:10 60
```

```
21:21:21:21:21:21 45
```

Related Commands	Command	Description
	TBD	TBD
	TBD	

show client report

To display detail client information, use the **show client detail** command.

show client detail

Syntax Description	This command has no arguments or keywords.

Defaults	This command has no defaults.

Command History	Release	Modification
	4.1	This command was first introduced.

Examples	<pre>> show client detail 00:14:6c:0a:57:77</pre> <pre>Client MAC Address..... 00:14:6c:0a:57:77 Client Username N/A AP MAC Address..... 00:0b:85:0e:19:a0 Client State..... Diagnostics Wireless LAN Id..... 1 BSSID..... 00:0b:85:0e:19:a0 Channel..... 40 IP Address..... 1.100.150.53 Association Id..... 1 Authentication Algorithm..... Open System Reason Code..... 0 Status Code..... 0 Session Timeout..... 1800 Client CCX version..... CCXv5 Re-Authentication Timeout..... 1800 QoS Level..... Silver</pre>

Related Commands	Command	Description
	TBD	TBD
	TBD	

show client summary

To display a summary of clients associated with a Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point, use the **show client summary** command.



Note

The show client ap command may list the status of automatically disabled clients. Use the **show exclusionlist** command to view clients on the exclusion list (blacklisted).

show client summary

Syntax Description

show	Display configurations.
client	802.11a or 802.11b/g client.
summary	All attached clients.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> show client summary
```

```
Number of Clients..... 24
```

MAC Address	AP Name	Status	WLAN	Auth	Protocol	Port
-----	-----	-----	----	----	-----	----
xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx	AP02	Probing	N/A	No	802.11a	1
xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx	AP02	Probing	N/A	No	802.11a	1
xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx	AP02	Probing	N/A	No	802.11b	1
xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx	AP02	Probing	N/A	No	802.11a	1
xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx	AP02	Probing	N/A	No	802.11b	1
xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx	AP02	Probing	N/A	No	802.11b	1
xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx	AP02	Probing	N/A	No	802.11b	1
xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx	AP02	Probing	N/A	No	802.11b	1
xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx	AP02	Probing	N/A	No	802.11a	1
xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx	AP02	Probing	N/A	No	802.11a	1
xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx	AP02	Probing	N/A	No	802.11b	1
xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx	AP02	Probing	N/A	No	802.11a	1
xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx	AP02	Probing	N/A	No	802.11a	1

Related Commands

Command	Description
TBD	TBD
TBD	

show client username

To display client data by username, use the **show client username** command.

show client username *username*

Syntax Description

show	Display configurations.
client	Display client data.
username	Cisco radio.
<i>username</i>	Client's username.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> show client username IT_007
```

MAC Address	AP ID	Status	WLAN Id	Authenticated
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx	1	Associated	1	No

Related Commands

show client ap, **show client detail**, **show client summary**

show country

To display the configured country and the radio types supported, use the **show country channels** command.

show country

This command has no arguments or keywords.

Defaults

This command has no defaults.

Command History

Release	Modification
4.1	This command was first introduced.

Examples

```
> show country
```

```
Configured Country..... United States
Configured Country Codes
  US - United States..... 802.11a / 802.11b / 802.11g
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
config country	Configures the controller's regulatory country of operation.
display country supported	Displays a list of the supported country options.
show country channels	Displays the radio channels supported in the configured country.

show country supported

To display a list of the supported country options, use the **show country supported** command.

show country supported

Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.

Defaults This command has no defaults.

Command History	Release	Modification
	4.1	This command was first introduced.

Examples

```
> show country supported
CConfigured Country..... United States
Supported Country Codes
AR - Argentina..... 802.11a / 802.11b / 802.11g
AT - Austria..... 802.11a / 802.11b / 802.11g
AU - Australia..... 802.11a / 802.11b / 802.11g
BR - Brazil..... 802.11a / 802.11b / 802.11g
BE - Belgium..... 802.11a / 802.11b / 802.11g
BG - Bulgaria..... 802.11a / 802.11b / 802.11g
CA - Canada..... 802.11a / 802.11b / 802.11g
CH - Switzerland..... 802.11a / 802.11b / 802.11g
CL - Chile..... 802.11b / 802.11g
CN - China..... 802.11a / 802.11b / 802.11g
CO - Colombia..... 802.11b / 802.11g
CY - Cyprus..... 802.11a / 802.11b / 802.11g
CZ - Czech Republic..... 802.11a / 802.11b
DE - Germany..... 802.11a / 802.11b / 802.11g
DK - Denmark..... 802.11a / 802.11b / 802.11g
EE - Estonia..... 802.11a / 802.11b / 802.11g
ES - Spain..... 802.11a / 802.11b / 802.11g
FI - Finland..... 802.11a / 802.11b / 802.11g
FR - France..... 802.11a / 802.11b / 802.11g
GB - United Kingdom..... 802.11a / 802.11b / 802.11g
GI - Gibraltar..... 802.11a / 802.11b / 802.11g
GR - Greece..... 802.11a / 802.11b / 802.11g
HK - Hong Kong..... 802.11a / 802.11b / 802.11g
HU - Hungary..... 802.11a / 802.11b / 802.11g
ID - Indonesia..... 802.11b / 802.11g
IE - Ireland..... 802.11a / 802.11b / 802.11g
IN - India..... 802.11a / 802.11b / 802.11g
IL - Israel..... 802.11a / 802.11b / 802.11g
ILO - Israel (outdoor)..... 802.11b / 802.11g
IS - Iceland..... 802.11a / 802.11b / 802.11g
IT - Italy..... 802.11a / 802.11b / 802.11g
JP - Japan (J)..... 802.11a / 802.11b / 802.11g
J2 - Japan 2(P)..... 802.11a / 802.11b / 802.11g
J3 - Japan 3(U)..... 802.11a / 802.11b / 802.11g
KR - Korea Republic (C)..... 802.11a / 802.11b / 802.11g
KE - Korea Extended (K)..... 802.11a / 802.11b / 802.11g
LI - Liechtenstein..... 802.11a / 802.11b / 802.11g
```

```

LT - Lithuania..... 802.11a / 802.11b / 802.11g
LU - Luxembourg..... 802.11a / 802.11b / 802.11g
LV - Latvia..... 802.11a / 802.11b / 802.11g
MC - Monaco..... 802.11a / 802.11b / 802.11g
MT - Malta..... 802.11a / 802.11b / 802.11g
MX - Mexico..... 802.11a / 802.11b / 802.11g
MY - Malaysia..... 802.11a / 802.11b / 802.11g
NL - Netherlands..... 802.11a / 802.11b / 802.11g
NZ - New Zealand..... 802.11a / 802.11b / 802.11g
NO - Norway..... 802.11a / 802.11b / 802.11g
PA - Panama..... 802.11b / 802.11g
PE - Peru..... 802.11b / 802.11g
PH - Philippines..... 802.11a / 802.11b / 802.11g
PL - Poland..... 802.11a / 802.11b / 802.11g
PT - Portugal..... 802.11a / 802.11b / 802.11g
RU - Russian Federation..... 802.11a / 802.11b / 802.11g
RO - Romania..... 802.11a / 802.11b / 802.11g
SA - Saudi Arabia..... 802.11a / 802.11b / 802.11g
SE - Sweden..... 802.11a / 802.11b / 802.11g
SG - Singapore..... 802.11a / 802.11b / 802.11g
SI - Slovenia..... 802.11a / 802.11b / 802.11g
SK - Slovak Republic..... 802.11a / 802.11b / 802.11g
TH - Thailand..... 802.11b / 802.11g
TR - Turkey..... 802.11b / 802.11g
TW - Taiwan..... 802.11a / 802.11b / 802.11g
UA - Ukraine..... 802.11a / 802.11b / 802.11g
US - United States..... 802.11a / 802.11b / 802.11g
USL - United States (Legacy)..... 802.11a / 802.11b / 802.11g
USX - United States (US + chan165)..... 802.11a / 802.11b / 802.11g
VE - Venezuela..... 802.11b / 802.11g
ZA - South Africa..... 802.11a / 802.11b / 802.11g

```

Related Commands

Command	Description
config country	Configures the controller's regulatory country of operation.
display country channels	Displays a list of the supported channels used by Auto-RF.
show country	Displays the configured country and the radio types supported.

show cpu

To display current WLAN Controller CPU usage information, use the **show cpu** command.

show cpu

Syntax Description

show cpu	Command action.

Defaults

None.

Examples

> **show cpu**

Current CPU load: 2.50%

Related Commands

show sysinfo

show custom-web

To display web authentication customization information, use the **show custom-web** command.

show custom-web

Syntax Description	show custom-web Command action.
Defaults	None.
Examples	<pre>> show custom-web Radius Authentication Method..... PAP Cisco Logo..... Enabled CustomLogo..... None Custom Title..... None Custom Message..... None Custom Redirect URL..... None External web authentication Mode..... Disabled External web authentication URL..... None</pre>
Related Commands	config custom-web

show database summary

To display the maximum number of entries in the database, use the show database summary command.

show database summary

Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.

Defaults This command has no defaults.

Command History	Release	Modification
	4.1	This command was first introduced.

Examples

```
> show database summary
```

Current Max database entries..... 512
Max database entries on next reboot..... 512

Related Commands	Command	Description
	config database size	Configures the maximum number of entries in the database.

show debug

Use the **show debug** command, to determine if MAC address and other flag debugging is enabled or disabled.

show debug

Syntax Description

show	Display configurations.
debug	MAC address debugging.

Defaults

disabled.

Examples

```
> show debug

MAC debugging..... disabled

Debug Flags Enabled:
  arp error enabled.
  bcast error enabled.
```

Related Commands

debug mac

show dhcp

Use the **show dhcp** command, to display the internal DHCP server configuration.

```
show dhcp {leases | summary | scope}
```

Syntax Description	show dhcp	Display internal DHCP server configuration information.
	leases	Enter leases to display allocated DHCP leases.
	summary	Enter summary to display DHCP summary information.
	<i>scope</i>	Enter the name of a scope to display the DHCP information for that scope.

Defaults None.

```

> show dhcp leases

No leases allocated.

> show dhcp summary

Scope Name          Enabled          Address Range
003                  No              0.0.0.0 -> 0.0.0.0

> show dhcp 003

Enabled..... No
Lease Time..... 0
Pool Start..... 0.0.0.0
Pool End..... 0.0.0.0
Network..... 0.0.0.0
Netmask..... 0.0.0.0
Default Routers..... 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0
DNS Domain.....
DNS..... 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0
Netbios Name Servers..... 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0

```

Related Commands config dhcp

show dhcp proxy

Use the **show dhcp proxy** command to display the status of DHCP proxy handling.

show dhcp proxy

Syntax Description	show dhcp proxy Display the status of DHCP proxy handling.
Defaults	None.
Examples	<pre>> show dhcp proxy DHCP Proxy Behaviour: enabled</pre>
Related Commands	config dhcp proxy

show eventlog

Use the **show eventlog** command, to display the event log.

show eventlog

Syntax Description

show	Display configurations.
eventlog	System events.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> show eventlog
```

	File	Line	TaskID	Code	Time			
					d	h	m	s
EVENT>	bootos.c	788	125CEBCC	AAAAAAAA	0	0	0	6
EVENT>	bootos.c	788	125CEBCC	AAAAAAAA	0	0	0	6
EVENT>	bootos.c	788	125C597C	AAAAAAAA	0	0	0	6
EVENT>	bootos.c	788	125C597C	AAAAAAAA	0	0	0	6
EVENT>	bootos.c	788	125C597C	AAAAAAAA	0	0	0	6
EVENT>	bootos.c	788	125C597C	AAAAAAAA	0	0	0	6
EVENT>	bootos.c	788	125C597C	AAAAAAAA	0	0	0	6
EVENT>	bootos.c	788	125C597C	AAAAAAAA	0	0	0	6
EVENT>	bootos.c	788	1216C36C	AAAAAAAA	0	0	0	6
EVENT>	bootos.c	788	1216C36C	AAAAAAAA	0	0	0	6
EVENT>	bootos.c	788	1216C36C	AAAAAAAA	0	0	0	6
EVENT>	bootos.c	788	1216C36C	AAAAAAAA	0	0	0	11

Related Commands

show msglog

show exclusionlist

To display a summary of all clients on the manual exclusion list (blacklisted) from associating with this Cisco Wireless LAN controller, use the **show exclusionlist** command. A list containing each manually Excluded MAC address is displayed.

show exclusionlist

Syntax Description	show	Display configurations.
	exclusionlist	Manual exclusion list.

Defaults	None.

Examples	> show exclusionlist	
	MAC Address	Description
	-----	-----
	xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx	Disallowed Client

Related Commands	config exclusionlist add, config exclusionlist delete, config exclusionlist description, show client

show ike

Use the **show ike** command to display active IKE SAs.

```
show ike { brief | IP_or_MAC_address }
```

Syntax Description

show	Command action.
ike	Display active IKE SAs.
brief	List of all active IKE SAs.
<i>IP_or_MAC_address</i>	IP or MAC address of active IKE SA.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> show ike
```

Related Commands

None

show interface

Use the **show interface** command to display details of the system interfaces.

show interface { **summary** | **detailed** *interface_name* }

Syntax Description	show interface	Command action
	summary	Display a summary of the local interfaces.
	detailed	Display detailed interface information.
	<i>interface_name</i>	Identifies interface name for detailed display

Defaults None.

Examples

> **show interface summary**

Interface Name	Vlan Id	IP Address	Type	Ap Mgr
ap-manager	149	xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx	Static	Yes
management	149	xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx	Static	No
service-port	N/A	xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx	Static	No
virtual	N/A	xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx	Static	No

> **show interface detailed management**

```

Interface Name..... management
MAC Address..... 00:0b:85:32:ab:60
IP Address..... 1.100.49.30
IP Netmask..... 255.255.255.0
IP Gateway..... 1.100.49.1
VLAN..... 149
Active Physical Port..... 1
Primary Physical Port..... 1
Backup Physical Port..... Unconfigured
Primary DHCP Server..... 1.100.2.15
Secondary DHCP Server..... Unconfigured
ACL..... Unconfigured
AP Manager..... No

```



Note

Some WLAN controllers may have only one physical port listed because they have only one physical port.

Related Commands **config interface**

show inventory

To display a physical inventory of the Cisco Wireless LAN controller, use the **show inventory** command.

show inventory

Syntax Description	show	Display configurations.
	inventory	Physical Cisco Wireless LAN controller configuration.

Defaults	None.

Examples	> show inventory
	<pre> Switch Description..... Cisco Controller Machine Model..... WLC4404-100 Serial Number..... FLS0923003B Burned-in MAC Address..... 00:0B:85:32:AB:60 Crypto Accelerator 1..... Absent Crypto Accelerator 2..... Absent Power Supply 1..... Absent Power Supply 2..... Present, OK </pre>

	Note	Some wireless LAN controllers may have no crypto accelerator (VPN termination module) or power supplies listed because they have no provisions for VPN termination modules or power supplies.

Related Commands	show sysinfo

show ipsec

Use the **show ipsec** command to display active IPsec SAs.

```
show ipsec { brief | IP_or_MAC_address }
```

Syntax Description	show	Command action.
	ipsec	Display active IPsec SAs
	{brief 	Enter brief to display active IPsec SAs.
	<i>IP_or_MAC_address</i> }	Enter the IP address of MAC address of an IPsec SA.

Defaults	None.

Examples	> show ipsec brief

Related Commands	None

show known ap

To display known Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point information, use the **show known ap** command.

```
show known ap {summary | detailed MAC}
```

Syntax Description	show	Display configurations.
	known ap	Known Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point information.
	summary	Displays a list of all known access points.
	detailed	Provides detailed information for all known access points.
	MAC	MAC address of the known AP

Defaults None.

```
Examples
> show known ap summary

MAC Address      State      # APs  # Clients  Last Heard
-----
```

Related Commands config ap

show l2tp

To display L2TP sessions, use the **show l2tp** command.

show l2tp {**summary** | *ip_address*}

Syntax Description	show l2tp	Display configurations.
	summary	Displays all L2TP sessions.
	<i>ip_address</i>	Displays an L2TP session.

Defaults	None.

Examples	<pre>> show l2tp summary LAC_IPAddr LTid LSid RTid RSid ATid ASid State ----- - </pre>

Related Commands	None

show lag summary

To display the current LAG status, use the **show lag summary** command.

show lag summary

Syntax Description

This command has no arguments or keywords.

Defaults

This command has no defaults.

Command History

Release	Modification
4.1	This command was first introduced.

Examples

```
> show lag summary
```

```
LAG Enabled
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
config lag	Enables or disables LAG settings.

show ldap summary

To display the current LDAP status, use the **show ldap summary** command.

show ldap summary

Syntax Description

This command has no arguments or keywords.

Defaults

This command has no defaults.

Command History

Release	Modification
4.1	This command was first introduced.

Examples

```
> show ldap summary
```

Idx	Server Address	Port	Enabled
----	-----	----	-----
10	10.31.15.45	2	Yes

Related Commands

Command	Description
config ldap	Configures LDAP server settings.

show load-balancing

To display the status of the load-balancing feature, use the **show load-balancing** command.

show load-balancing

Syntax Description

show	Display configurations.
load-balancing	Display the load-balancing status.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> show load-balancing
```

```
Aggressive Load Balancing..... Enabled
Aggressive Load Balancing Window..... 0 clients
```

Related Commands

config load-balancing

show local-auth certificates

This command is used display local authentication certificate information:

show local-auth certificates

Syntax Description

This command has no arguments or keywords.

Defaults

This command has no defaults.

Command History

Release	Modification
4.1	This command was first introduced.

Examples

```
> show local-auth certificates
```

Certificates available for Local EAP authentication:

Certificate issuer vendor

CA certificate:

```
Subject: C=AU, ST=NSW, L=Sydney, O=Cisco Systems
OU=WNBU Sydney, CN=wnbu-syd-ac-s-a.cisco.com
Issuer: C=AU, ST=NSW, L=Sydney, O=Cisco Systems
OU=WNBU Sydney, CN=wnbu-syd-ac-s-a.cisco.com
Valid: 2005 Jun 15th, 04:53:49 GMT to 2008 Jun 15th, 05:03:34 GMT
Device certificate:
Subject: MAILTO=test@test.net, C=AU, ST=NSW, L=Sydney
O=Cisco Systems, OU=WNBU Sydney, CN=concanon
Issuer: C=AU, ST=NSW, L=Sydney, O=Cisco Systems
OU=WNBU Sydney, CN=wnbu-syd-ac-s-a.cisco.com
Valid: 2006 Aug 9th, 05:14:16 GMT to 2007 Aug 9th, 05:24:16 GMT
```

Certificate issuer cisco

CA certificate:

```
Subject: C=US, ST=California, L=San Jose, O=airespace Inc
OU=none, CN=ca, MAILTO=support@airespace.com
Issuer: C=US, ST=California, L=San Jose, O=airespace Inc
OU=none, CN=ca, MAILTO=support@airespace.com
Valid: 2003 Feb 12th, 23:38:55 GMT to 2012 Nov 11th, 23:38:55 GMT
Device certificate:
Subject: C=US, ST=California, L=San Jose, O=airespace Inc
CN=000b85335340, MAILTO=support@airespace.com
Issuer: C=US, ST=California, L=San Jose, O=airespace Inc
OU=none, CN=ca, MAILTO=support@airespace.com
Valid: 2005 Feb 22nd, 10:52:58 GMT to 2014 Nov 22nd, 10:52:58 GMT
```

Certificate issuer legacy

CA certificate:

```
Subject: C=US, ST=California, L=San Jose, O=airespace Inc
OU=none, CN=ca, MAILTO=support@airespace.com
Issuer: C=US, ST=California, L=San Jose, O=airespace Inc
OU=none, CN=ca, MAILTO=support@airespace.com
Valid: 2003 Feb 12th, 23:38:55 GMT to 2012 Nov 11th, 23:38:55 GMT
```

```
Device certificate:
Subject: C=US, ST=California, L=San Jose, O=airespace Inc
CN=000b85335340, MAILTO:support@airespace.com
Issuer: C=US, ST=California, L=San Jose, O=airespace Inc
OU=none, CN=ca, MAILTO:support@airespace.com
Valid: 2005 Feb 22nd, 10:52:58 GMT to 2014 Nov 22nd, 10:52:58 GMT
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
TBD	TBD
TBD	

show local-auth config

This command is used display local authentication configuration information:

show local-auth config

Syntax Description	This command has no arguments or keywords.

Defaults	This command has no defaults.

Command History	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Release</th> <th>Modification</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>4.1</td> <td>This command was first introduced.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Release	Modification	4.1	This command was first introduced.
Release	Modification				
4.1	This command was first introduced.				

Examples	<pre> > show local-auth config User credentials database search order: Primary Local DB Configured EAP profiles: Name fast-test Certificate issuer default Enabled methods fast Configured on WLANs 2 EAP Method configuration: EAP-TLS: Certificate issuer default Peer verification options: Check against CA certificates Enabled Verify certificate CN identity Disabled Check certificate date validity ... Enabled EAP-FAST: TTL for the PAC 3 600 Initial client message <none> Local certificate required No Client certificate required No Vendor certificate required No Anonymous provision allowed Yes Authenticator ID 7b7fffff000000000000000000000000 Authority Information Test EAP Profile..... tls-prof Enabled methods for this profile tls Active on WLANs 1 3 EAP Method configuration: EAP-TLS: Certificate issuer used cisco Peer verification options: Check against CA certificates disabled Verify certificate CN identity disabled Check certificate date validity ... disabled </pre>

Related Commands	Command	Description
	config local-auth fast	Configures a certificate issuer to use EAP-FAST authentication.
	config local-auth method tls	Configures a certificate issuer to use EAP-TLS authentication.

show local-auth statistics - TBD Need Info

This command is used display local EAP authentication statistics:

show local-auth statistics

Syntax Description	This command has no arguments or keywords.

Defaults	This command has no defaults.

Command History	Release	Modification
	4.1	This command was first introduced.

Examples	<pre>> show local-auth stat Local EAP authentication DB statistics: Requests received 14 Responses returned 14 Requests dropped (no EAP AVP) 0 Requests dropped (other) 0 Authentication responses returned: Success 1 Failed 1 Local EAP backend request statistics: Requests sent to LDAP DB 0 Requests sent to File DB 2 Requests failed 0 Authentication responses received: Success 2 Fail 0</pre>

Related Commands	Command	Description

show local-auth registrations

This command is used display the local EAP method and the lower layer registrations:

show local-auth registrations

Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.

Defaults This command has no defaults.

Command History	Release	Modification
	4.1	This command was first introduced.

Examples

```
# show local-auth registrations
```

Registered EAP Methods:

Method	Type	Name
4	Auth and Peer	MD5
6	Auth and Peer	GTC
13	Auth and Peer	TLS
17	Auth and Peer	LEAP
26	Auth and Peer	MSCHAPV2
43	Auth and Peer	EAP-FAST

Registered EAP Lower Layers

Handle	Type	Name
2	Authenticator	LOCAL_EAP_DB
1	Auth and Peer	EAP-FAST

Related Commands	Command	Description

show local-auth statistics

This command is used display local EAP authentication statistics:

show local-auth statistics

Syntax Description	This command has no arguments or keywords.

Defaults	This command has no defaults.

Command History	Release	Modification
	4.1	This command was first introduced.

Examples	<pre>> show local-auth stat Local EAP authentication DB statistics: Requests received 14 Responses returned 14 Requests dropped (no EAP AVP) 0 Requests dropped (other) 0 Authentication responses returned: Success 1 Failed 1 Local EAP backend request statistics: Requests sent to LDAP DB 0 Requests sent to File DB 2 Requests failed 0 Authentication responses received: Success 2 Fail 0</pre>

Related Commands	Command	Description

show location summary

To display information about defined locations, use the **show location summary** command.

show location summary

Syntax Description	show location	Display command for locations.
	summary	Display all location information defined in the system.

Defaults None.

Examples

```
> show location summary

Status..... disabled
```

Related Commands **config location**

show loginsession

To display the existing sessions, use the **show loginsession** command.

show loginsession

Syntax Description

show	Display configurations.
loginsession	Current session details.

Defaults

None.

Examples

> **show loginsession**

ID	User Name	Connection From	Idle Time	Session Time
---	-----	-----	-----	-----
00	admin	EIA-232	00:00:00	00:19:04

Related Commands

config loginsession close

show macfilter

To display the MAC filter parameters, use the **show macfilter** command. The MAC delimiter (none, colon, or hyphen) for MAC addresses sent to RADIUS servers is displayed. The MAC filter table lists the clients that are always allowed to associate with a wireless LAN.

show macfilter {summary | detail *MAC*}

Syntax Description	
show	Display configurations.
macfilter	Filter details.
summary	Display a summary of all MAC filter entries.
detail <i>MAC</i>	Detailed display of a MAC filter entry.

Defaults None.

Examples

```
> show macfilter detail xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx
```

```
MAC Address..... xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx
WLAN Identifier..... Any
Interface Name..... management
Description..... RAP
```

```
> show macfilter summary
```

```
MAC Filter RADIUS Compatibility mode..... Cisco ACS
MAC Filter Delimiter..... None
```

Local Mac Filter Table

MAC Address	WLAN Id	Description
xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx	Any	RAP
xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx	Any	PAP2 (2nd hop)
xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx	Any	PAP1 (1st hop)

Related Commands **config macfilter mac-delimiter**, **config macfilter add**, **config macfilter delete**, **config macfilter description**, **config macfilter ip-address**, **config macfilter wlan-id**

SHOW MESH COMMANDS

Use the SHOW MESH commands to display mesh settings.

show mesh cac bwused

To display the mesh CAC topology and the bandwidth used or available, use the **show mesh cac bwused** command.

show mesh cac bwused [**voice** | **video**] *ap_name*

Syntax Description

voice	Displays the mesh topology and the voice bandwidth used or available.
video	Displays the mesh topology and the video bandwidth used or available.
<i>ap_name</i>	Specifies the mesh access point name.

Defaults

This command has no defaults.

Command History

Release	Modification
4.1	This command was first introduced.

Examples

```
> show mesh cac bwused voice ap1510-9119c0
```

AP Name	Model	Radio	Bw used/max	Radio	Bw used/max
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
AP1510-9119c0	LAP1510	11a	2032/12500	11b/g	2728/12500

Related Commands

Command	Description
TBD	TBD
TBD	

show mesh cac calls

To display the mesh CAC topology and the calls inprogress, use the **show mesh cac calls** command.

show mesh cac calls *ap_name*

Syntax Description

ap_name	Specifies the mesh access point name.

Defaults

This command has no defaults.

Command History

Release	Modification
4.1	This command was first introduced.

Examples

> **debug mesh cac calls**

Related Commands

Command	Description
TBD	TBD
TBD	

show mesh client-access

To display the backhaul client access configuration setting, use the **show mesh client-access** command.

show mesh client-access

Syntax Description	This command has no arguments or keywords.

Defaults	This command has no defaults.

Command History	Release	Modification
	4.1	This command was first introduced.

Examples	<pre>> show mesh client-access Backhaul with client access status: enabled</pre>

Related Commands	Command	Description
	config mesh client-access	TBD

show mesh env summary

To display summary information on the mesh environment, use the **show mesh env summary** command.

show mesh env summary

Syntax Description

This command has no arguments or keywords.

Defaults

This command has no defaults.

Command History

Release	Modification
4.1	This command was first introduced.

Examples

```
> show mesh env summary
```

AP Name	Temperature(C)	Heater	Ethernet	Battery
ap1020:5f:be:90	N/A	N/A	DOWN	N/A
AP1242:b2.31.ea	N/A	N/A	DOWN	N/A
AP1131:f2.8d.92	N/A	N/A	DOWN	N/A
AP1131:46f2.98ac	N/A	N/A	DOWN	N/A
ap1500:62:39:70	-36	OFF	UP	N/A

Related Commands

Command	Description
show mesh neigh summary	Displays summary information on the mesh neighbors.

show mesh linkrate

To display the mesh link rate for Cisco 1000 series lightweight access points, use the **show mesh linkrate** command.

show mesh linkrate *<from Cisco_AP> <to Cisco_AP name|MAC address>*

Syntax Description

show	Display configurations.
mesh	Mesh configuration.
linkrate	Show link rate statistics
<i>from Cisco_AP</i>	From Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point name.
<i>to Cisco_AP name MAC address</i>	To Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point name or MAC address.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> show mesh linkrate
```

Related Commands

None.

show mesh neigh

To display the mesh neighbors for a Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point, use the **show mesh neigh** command.

show mesh neigh *Cisco_AP*

Syntax Description

show	Display configurations.
mesh	Mesh configuration.
neigh	Show Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point neighborhood list.
<i>Cisco_AP</i>	Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point name.

Defaults

None.

Examples

> **show mesh neigh**

Related Commands

None.

show mesh neigh summary

To display summary or detailed information about the mesh neighbors for a specific mesh access point, use the **show mesh neigh** command.

show mesh neigh {detail | summary} {cisco_ap | all}

Syntax Description

detail	Displays the channel and signal-to-noise ratio (SNR) details between the designated mesh access point and its neighbor.
summary	Displays the mesh neighbors for a designated mesh access point.
<i>cisco_ap</i>	Cisco lightweight access point name.
all	Displays all access points.

Examples

This example shows how to display a neighbor summary of an access point:

```
> show mesh neigh summary ap1500:62:39:70
```

```
AP Name/Radio Mac Channel Snr-Up Snr-Down Link-Snr Flags State
-----
mesh-45-rap1      165      15      18      16      0x86b  UPDATED NEIGH PARENT BEACON
00:0B:85:80:ED:D0 149       5       6       5      0x1a60  NEED UPDATE BEACON DEFAULT
00:17:94:FE:C3:5F 149       7       0       0      0x860   BEACON
```

To view a neighbor summary of access point *ap1500:62:39:70*, enter this command:

```
> show mesh neighbor summary ap1500:62:39:70
```

```
AP Name/Radio Mac Channel Snr-Up Snr-Down Link-Snr Flags State
-----
mesh-45-rap1      165      15      18      16      0x86b  UPDATED NEIGH PARENT BEACON
00:0B:85:80:ED:D0 149       5       6       5      0x1a60  NEED UPDATE BEACON DEFAULT
00:17:94:FE:C3:5F 149       7       0       0      0x860   BEACON
```

This example shows how to display the detailed neighbor statistics of an access point:

```
> show mesh neigh detail ap1500:62:39:70
```

```
AP MAC : 00:1E:BD:1A:1A:00 AP Name: HOR1522_MINE06_MAP_S_Dyke
FLAGS : 860 BEACON
worstDv 255, Ant 0, channel 153, biters 0, ppiters 0
Numroutes 0, snr 0, snrUp 8, snrDown 8, linkSnr 8
adjustedEase 0, unadjustedEase 0
txParent 0, rxParent 0
poorSnr 0
lastUpdate 2483353214 (Sun Aug 4 23:51:58 1912)
parentChange 0
Per antenna smoothed snr values: 0 0 0 0
Vector through 00:1E:BD:1A:1A:00
```

[Table 1](#) lists the output flags displayed for the **show mesh neigh detail** command.

Table 1 **Output Flags for the Show Mesh Neigh Detail Command**

Output Flag	Description
AP MAC	MAC address of a mesh neighbor for a designated mesh access point.
AP Name	Name of the mesh access point.
FLAGS	Describes adjacency. The possible values are: • UPDATED—Recently updated neighbor. • NEIGH—One of the top neighbors. • EXCLUDED—Neighbor is currently excluded. • WASEXCLUDED—Neighbor was recently removed from the exclusion list. • PERMSNR—Permanent SNR neighbor. • CHILD—A child neighbor. • PARENT—A parent neighbor. • NEEDUPDATE—Not a current neighbor and needs an update. • BEACON—Heard a beacon from this neighbor. • ETHER—Ethernet neighbor.
worstDv	Worst distance vector through the neighbor.
Ant	Antenna on which the route was received.
channel	Channel of the neighbor.
biters	Number of black list timeouts left.
ppiters	Number of potential parent timeouts left.
Numroutes	Number of distance routes.
snr	Signal to Noise Ratio.
snrUp	SNR of the link to the AP.
snrDown	SNR of the link from the AP.
linkSnr	Calculated SNR of the link.
adjustedEase	Ease to the root AP through this AP. It is based on the current SNR and threshold SNR values.
unadjustedEase	Ease to the root AP through this AP after applying correct for number of hops.
txParent	Packets sent to this node while it was a parent.
rxparent	Packets received from this node while it was a parent.
poorSnr	Packets with poor SNR received from a node.
lastUpdate	Timestamp of the last received message for this neighbor.
parentChange	When this node last became parent.
per antenna smoother SNR values	SNR value is populated only for antenna 0.

Related Commands

Command	Description
config mesh mac-filter	Configures bridge MAC filter mode.
show mesh env	Displays the mesh environment

show mesh path

To display the mesh configuration for a Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point, use the **show mesh path** command.

```
show mesh path Cisco_AP
```

Syntax Description

show	Display configurations.
mesh	Mesh configuration.
path	Show Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point path.
<i>Cisco_AP</i>	Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point name.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> show mesh path
```

Related Commands

None.

show mesh range

This command displays the current mesh range configuration settings:

show mesh range

Syntax Description

This command has no arguments or keywords

Defaults

This command has no defaults.

Command History

Release	Modification
4.1	This command was first introduced.

Examples

```
> show mesh range  
MESH Range: 12000
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
config mesh range	Configures maximum mesh operating range.

show mesh secondary-backhaul

This command displays the current mesh secondary backhaul configuration settings:

show mesh secondary-backhaul

Syntax Description

This command has no arguments or keywords

Defaults

This command has no defaults.

Command History

Release	Modification
4.1	This command was first introduced.

Examples

> **show mesh secondary-backhaul**

MESH secondary-backhaul: enabled

Related Commands

Command	Description
config mesh secondary-backhaul	Configures mesh secondary backhaul capability.

show mesh stats

To display the mesh statistics for a Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point, use the **show mesh stats** command.

show mesh stats *Cisco_AP*

Syntax Description

show	Display configurations.
mesh	Mesh configuration.
stats	Show Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point statistics.
<i>Cisco_AP</i>	Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point name.

Defaults

None.

Examples

> **show mesh stats**

Related Commands

None.

show mesh summary

To display the mesh configuration for a Cisco 1000 series lightweight access pointr, use the **show mesh summary** command.

show mesh summary *Cisco_AP*

Syntax Description	show	Display configurations.
	summary	Show summary neighbor information for an access point.
	<i>Cisco_AP</i>	Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point name.

Defaults	None.

Examples	> show mesh summary

Related Commands	None.

show mgmtuser

To display the local management user accounts on the Cisco Wireless LAN controller, use the **show mgmtuser** command.

show mgmtuser

Syntax Description

show	Display configurations.
mgmtuser	List of management users.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> show mgmtuser
```

User Name	Permissions	Description
-----	-----	-----
admin	read-write	

Related Commands

config mgmtuser add, config mgmtuser delete, config mgmtuser password

SHOW MOBILITY COMMANDS

Use the SHOW MOBILITY commands to display mobility settings.

show mobility anchor

To display the wireless LAN anchor list for the Cisco Wireless LAN controller mobility groups, use the **show mobility anchor** command.

show mobility anchor

Syntax Description

show	Display configurations.
mobility	Mobility group.
anchor	Display the mobility wireless LAN anchor list.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> show mobility anchor
```

```
Mobility Anchor Export List
WLAN ID      IP Address
```

Related Commands

config mobility group discovery, config mobility group member

show mobility statistics

To display the statistics information for the Cisco Wireless LAN controller mobility groups, use the **show mobility statistics** command.

show mobility statistics

Syntax Description	show	Display configurations.
	mobility	Mobility group.
	statistics	Displays statistics for the mobility manager.

Defaults	None.

Examples

```
> show mobility statistics

Global Mobility Statistics
  Rx Errors..... 0
  Tx Errors..... 0
  Responses Retransmitted..... 0
  Handoff Requests Received..... 0
  Handoff End Requests Received..... 0
  State Transitions Disallowed..... 0
  Resource Unavailable..... 0
Mobility Initiator Statistics
  Handoff Requests Sent..... 0
  Handoff Replies Received..... 0
  Handoff as Local Received..... 2
  Handoff as Foreign Received..... 0
  Handoff Denys Received..... 0
  Anchor Request Sent..... 0
  Anchor Deny Received..... 0
  Anchor Grant Received..... 0
  Anchor Transfer Received..... 0
Mobility Responder Statistics
  Handoff Requests Ignored..... 0
  Ping Pong Handoff Requests Dropped..... 0
  Handoff Requests Dropped..... 0
  Handoff Requests Denied..... 0
  Client Handoff as Local..... 0
  Client Handoff as Foreign ..... 0
  Client Handoff Inter Group ..... 0
  Anchor Requests Received..... 0
  Anchor Requests Denied..... 0
  Anchor Requests Granted..... 0
  Anchor Transferred..... 0
```

Related Commands	config mobility group discovery, config mobility group member

show mobility summary

To display the summary information for the Cisco Wireless LAN controller mobility groups, use the **show mobility summary** command.

show mobility summary

Syntax Description

show	Display configurations.
mobility	Mobility group.
summary	Display a summary of the mobility manager.

Defaults

None.

Examples

> **show mobility summary**

```
Mobility Protocol Port..... 16666
Mobility Security Mode..... Disabled
Default Mobility Domain..... mikemesh
Mobility Group members configured..... 1
```

```
Switches configured in the Mobility Group
MAC Address      IP Address      Group Name
xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx  xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx  <local>
```



Note

Some WLAN controllers may list no mobility security mode.

Related Commands

config mobility group discovery, **config mobility group member**

show msglog

To display the message logs written to the Cisco Wireless LAN controller database, use the **show msglog** command. If there are more than 15 entries you are prompted to display the messages shown in the example.

show msglog

Syntax Description	show	Display configurations.
	msglog	Show message logs.

Defaults	None.

Examples	<pre>> show msglog Message Log Severity Level..... ERROR Thu Aug 4 14:30:08 2005 [ERROR] spam_lrad.c 1540: AP 00:0b:85:18:b6:50 associated. Last AP failure was due to Link Failure Thu Aug 4 14:30:08 2005 [ERROR] spam_lrad.c 13840: Updating IP info for AP 00: 0b:85:18:b6:50 -- static 0, 1.100.49.240/255.255.255.0, gtw 1.100.49.1 Thu Aug 4 14:29:32 2005 [ERROR] dhcpd.c 78: dhcp server: binding to 0.0.0.0 Thu Aug 4 14:29:32 2005 [ERROR] rrmgroup.c 733: Airewave Director: 802.11a switch group reset Thu Aug 4 14:29:32 2005 [ERROR] rrmgroup.c 733: Airewave Director: 802.11bg sw itch group reset Thu Aug 4 14:29:22 2005 [ERROR] sim.c 2841: Unable to get link state for primary port 0 of interface ap-manager Thu Aug 4 14:29:22 2005 [ERROR] dtl_l2_dot1q.c 767: Unable to get USP Thu Aug 4 14:29:22 2005 Previous message occurred 2 times Thu Aug 4 14:29:14 2005 [CRITICAL] osapi_sem.c 794: Error! osapiMutexTake called with NULL pointer: osapi_bsntime.c:927 Thu Aug 4 14:29:14 2005 [CRITICAL] osapi_sem.c 794: Error! osapiMutexTake called with NULL pointer: osapi_bsntime.c:919 Thu Aug 4 14:29:14 2005 [CRITICAL] hwutils.c 1861: Security Module not found Thu Aug 4 14:29:13 2005 [CRITICAL] bootos.c 791: Starting code...</pre>

Related Commands	show eventlog

show nac statistics

To display detailed Network Access Control (NAC) information about a Cisco Wireless LAN controller, use the **show nac statistics** command.

show nac statistics

Syntax Description	show	Display configurations.
	nac	Network access control.
	statistics	Detailed statistics.

Defaults	None.

Examples

```
> show nac statistics

Server Index..... 1
Server Address..... xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx
Number of requests sent..... 0
Number of retransmissions..... 0
Number of requests received..... 0
Number of malformed requests received..... 0
Number of bad auth requests received..... 0
Number of pending requests..... 0
Number of timed out requests..... 0
Number of misc dropped request received..... 0
Number of requests sent..... 0
```

Related Commands	show nac acl, show nac summary.

show nac summary

To display NAC summary information for a Cisco Wireless LAN controller, use the **show nac summary** command.

show nac summary

Syntax Description

show	Display configurations.
nac	Network Access Control.
summary	Summary information.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> show nac summary
```

```
NAC ACL Name .....
Index  Server Address          Port      State
-----
1      xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx           13336     Enabled
```

Related Commands

show nac acl, **show nac statistics**.

show netuser

This command is used display detailed login information about a specified netuser or displays a summary information on all network users..

show netuser [**detail** *username* | **summary**]

Syntax Description

detail	Displays detailed information on the specified network user.
<i>username</i>	Specifies a network username (up to 24 alphanumeric characters).
summary	Displays summary information on all network users.

Command Default

This command has no defaults.

Command History

Release	Modification
4.1	This command was revised to include detail and summary options.

Examples

```
> show netuser summary
```

```
Maximum logins allowed for a given user name .....Unlimited
```

```
> show netuser detail john10
```

```
..... TBD
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
config netuser maxeapuserlogin	Configures the maximum number of EAP login sessions allowed for a network user.
show netuser summary	Displays summary information about all network user entries.

show network

To display the network configuration of the Cisco Wireless LAN controller, use the **show network** command.

show network

Syntax Description

show	Display configurations.
network	Network configuration.

Defaults

None.

Examples

> **show network**

```
RF-Network Name..... mikemesh
Web Mode..... Disable
Secure Web Mode..... Enable
Secure Shell (ssh)..... Enable
Telnet..... Disable
Ethernet Multicast Mode..... Disable
User Idle Timeout..... 300 seconds
ARP Idle Timeout..... 300 seconds
ARP Unicast Mode..... Disabled
Cisco AP Default Master..... Disable
Mgmt Via Wireless Interface..... Disable
Bridge AP Zero Config..... Enable
Bridge Shared Secret..... admin
Allow Old Bridging Aps To Authenticate..... Enable
Over The Air Provisioning of AP's..... Enable
Mobile Peer to Peer Blocking..... Disable
Apple Talk..... Disable
AP Fallback..... Enable
Web Auth Redirect Ports..... 80
Fast SSID Change..... Disabled
```

Related Commands

config network arptimeout, **config network bcast-ssid**, **config network dsport**, **config network master-base**, **config network mgmt-via-wireless**, **config network params**, **config network rf-mobility-domain**, **config network secureweb**, **config network secweb-passwd**, **config network ssh**, **config network telnet**, **config network usertimeout**, **config network vlan**, **config network webmode**

show pmk-cache

To display information about the PMK cache, use the **show port** command.

show pmk-cache {all | MAC}

Syntax Description

show	Display configurations.
pmk-cache	PMK cache.
all	Display information about all entries in the PMK cache.
<i>MAC</i>	Display information about a single entry in the PMK cache.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> show pmk-cache xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx
```

```
> show pmk-cache all
```

PMK Cache

Station	Entry Lifetime	VLAN Override	IP Override
-----	-----	-----	-----

Related Commands

config pmk-cache delete

show port

To display the Cisco Wireless LAN controller port settings on an individual or global basis, use the **show port** command.

show port {*port* | **summary**}

Syntax Description

show	Display configurations.
port	Cisco Wireless LAN controller port.
{ <i>port</i> summary }	Individual port or all ports.

Defaults

None.

Examples

> **show port 1**

Pr	Type	STP Stat	Admin Mode	Physical Mode	Physical Status	Link Status	Link Trap	Mcast Appliance	POE
1	Normal	Disa	Enable	Auto	1000 Full	Down	Enable	Enable	N/A



Note

Some WLAN controllers may not have multicast or Power over Ethernet (PoE) listed because they do not support those features.

> **show port summary**

Pr	Type	STP Stat	Admin Mode	Physical Mode	Physical Status	Link Status	Link Trap	Mcast Appliance	POE
1	Normal	Forw	Enable	Auto	1000 Full	Up	Enable	Enable	N/A
2	Normal	Disa	Enable	Auto	1000 Full	Down	Enable	Enable	N/A
3	Normal	Disa	Enable	Auto	1000 Full	Down	Enable	Enable	N/A
4	Normal	Disa	Enable	Auto	1000 Full	Down	Enable	Enable	N/A



Note

Some WLAN controllers may have only one port listed because they have only one physical port.

config ap port, config network dsport, config mirror port, config port adminmode, config port linktrap, config port power

show qos queue_length all

To display quality of service (QoS) information (queue length), use the **show qos** command.

show qos queue_length all

Syntax Description	show	Display configurations.
	qos	Quality of Service information.
	queue_length all	Display queue lengths.

Defaults	None.

Examples	<pre>> show qos queue_length all Platinum queue length..... 255 Gold queue length..... 255 Silver queue length..... 150 Bronze queue length..... 100</pre>

Related Commands	config qos

SHOW RADIUS COMMANDS

Use the SHOW RADIUS commands to display RADIUS settings.

show radius acct statistics

To display the RADIUS accounting server statistics for the Cisco Wireless LAN controller, use the **show radius acct statistics** command.

show radius acct statistics

Syntax Description	show	Display configurations.
	radius acct	RADIUS accounting server.
	statistics	Displays RADIUS accounting server statistics.

Defaults	None.

Examples

```
> show radius acct statistics

Accounting Servers:
Server Index..... 1
Server Address..... 10.1.17.10
Msg Round Trip Time..... 0 (1/100 second)
First Requests..... 0
Retry Requests..... 0
Accounting Responses..... 0
Malformed Msgs..... 0
Bad Authenticator Msgs..... 0
Pending Requests..... 0
Timeout Requests..... 0
Unknowntype Msgs..... 0
Other Drops..... 0
```

Related Commands	show radius auth statistics, show radius summary

show radius auth statistics

To display the RADIUS authentication server statistics for the Cisco Wireless LAN controller, use the **show radius auth statistics** command.

show radius auth statistics

Syntax Description

show	Display configurations.
radius auth	RADIUS authentication server.
statistics	Display RADIUS authentication server statistics.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> show radius auth statistics
```

```
Authentication Servers:
  Server Index..... 1
  Server Address..... 1.1.1.1
  Msg Round Trip Time..... 0 (1/100 second)
  First Requests..... 0
  Retry Requests..... 0
  Accept Responses..... 0
  Reject Responses..... 0
  Challenge Responses..... 0
  Malformed Msgs..... 0
  Bad Authenticator Msgs..... 0
  Pending Requests..... 0
  Timeout Requests..... 0
  Unknowntype Msgs..... 0
  Other Drops..... 0
```

Related Commands

show radius acct statistics, show radius summary

show radius rfc3576 statistics

To display the RADIUS rfc3576 server statistics for the Cisco Wireless LAN controller, use the **show radius rfc3576 statistics** command.

RFC 3576, an extension to the RADIUS protocol, allows dynamic changes to a user session. This includes support for disconnecting users and changing authorizations applicable to a user session; that is, it provides support for Disconnect and Change-of-Authorization (CoA) messages. Disconnect messages cause a user session to be terminated immediately, whereas CoA messages modify session authorization attributes such as data filters.

show radius rfc3576 statistics

Syntax Description	show	Display configurations.
	radius rfc3576	RADIUS RFC3576 server.
	statistics	Display RADIUS RFC-3576 server statistics.

Defaults None.

Examples

```
> show radius rfc3576 statistics

RFC-3576 Servers:
Server Index..... 1
Server Address..... 10.1.17.10
Msg Round Trip Time..... 0 (1/100 second)
First Requests..... 0
Retry Requests..... 0
Accounting Responses..... 0
Malformed Msgs..... 0
Bad Authenticator Msgs..... 0
Pending Requests..... 0
Timeout Requests..... 0
Unknown type Msgs..... 0
Other Drops..... 0
```

Related Commands show radius auth statistics, show radius summary, show radius rfc3576

show radius summary

To display the RADIUS authentication and accounting server summary, use the **show radius summary** command.

show radius summary

Syntax Description	show	Display configurations.
	radius	RADIUS authentication server.
	summary	Server summary.

Defaults	None.

Examples

```
> show radius summary
```

```
Vendor Id Backward Compatibility..... Disabled
Credentials Caching..... Disabled
Call Station Id Type..... IP Address
Administrative Authentication via RADIUS..... Enabled
```

Authentication Servers

```
Index  Type  Server Address  Port  State  Tout  RFC-3576  IPSec - AuthMod
e/Phase1/Group/Lifetime/Auth/Encr
-----
-----
```

Accounting Servers

```
Index  Type  Server Address  Port  State  Tout  RFC-3576  IPSec - AuthMod
e/Phase1/Group/Lifetime/Auth/Encr
-----
-----
```

Related Commands	show radius auth statistics, show radius acct statistics

SHOW RFID COMMANDS

Use the SHOW RFID commands to display rfid settings.

show rfid config

This command is used display the current RFID configuration settings.

show rfid config

Syntax Description	This command has no arguments or keywords.

Defaults	This command has no defaults.

Command History	Release	Modification
	4.1	This command was first introduced.

Examples	> show rfid config
	RFID Tag Data Collection Enabled
	RFID Tag Auto-Timeout Enabled
	RFID Client Data Collection Disabled
	RFID Data Timeout 200 seconds

Related Commands	Command	Description
	config rfid	Configures RFID options.
	show rfid detail	Displays detailed information about a specified RFID tag.
	show rfid summary	Displays summary information about all RFID tags.

show rfid detail

This command is used display detailed RFID information for a specified tag.

show rfid detail *mac_address*

Syntax Description

<i>mac_address</i>	Specifies the MAC address of an RFID tag.

Command Default

This command has no defaults.

Command History

Release	Modification
4.1	This command was first introduced.

Examples

```
> show rfid detail 32:21:3a:51:01:02

.... TBD
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
config rfid	Configures RFID options.
show rfidconfig	Displays summary information about all RFID tags.
show rfid detail	Displays detailed information about a specified RFID tag.

show rfid summary

This command is used display detailed RFID information for a specified tag.

show rfid summary

Syntax Description

This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Default

This command has no defaults.

Command History

Release	Modification
4.1	This command was first introduced.

Examples

```
> show rfid summary
```

RFID ID	Type	Closest AP	RSSI	Time Since Last Heard
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----

.... TBD

Related Commands

Command	Description
config rfid	Configures RFID options.
show rfid config	Displays RFID configuration information.
show rfid detail	Displays detailed RFID information about a specified RFID tag.

SHOW ROGUE ADHOC COMMANDS

Use the ROGUE ADHOC commands `rogue` `adhoc` settings.

show rogue adhoc detailed

To show details of an ad-hoc rogue access point detected by the Cisco Wireless LAN controller, use the **show rogue adhoc client detailed** command.

show rogue adhoc detailed *MAC*

Syntax Description	show	Display configurations.
	rogue adhoc	Ad-hoc rogue.
	detailed	Display detailed information.
	<i>MAC</i>	Ad-hoc rogue MAC address.

Defaults None.

Examples

```
> show rogue adhoc detailed 00:40:96:90:d1:6a

Adhoc Rogue MAC Address..... 00:40:96:90:d1:6a
State..... Alert
First Time Adhoc Rogue was Reported..... Sat Aug 9 15:48:50 2003
Last Time Adhoc Rogue was Reported..... Sat Aug 9 21:16:50 2003
Reported By
  AP 1
    MAC Address..... 00:0b:85:01:88:b0
    Name..... AP1
    Radio Type..... 802.11b
    SSID..... Chichen
    Channel..... 6
    RSSI..... -60 dBm
    SNR..... 40 dB
```

Related Commands **show rogue adhoc summary**

show rogue adhoc summary

To display a summary of the ad-hoc rogue access points detected by the Cisco Wireless LAN controller, use the **show rogue adhoc summary** command.

show rogue adhoc summary

Syntax Description

show	Display configurations.
rogue adhoc	Ad-hoc rogue access point.
summary	Displays a list of all Adhoc Rogues.

Defaults

None.

Examples

> **show rogue adhoc summary**

Client MAC Address	Adhoc BSSID	State	# APs	Last Heard
-----	-----	-----	---	-----
xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx		Alert	1	Sat Aug 9 21:12:50 2004
xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx		Alert	1	Aug 9 21:12:50 2003
xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx		Alert	1	Sat Aug 9 21:10:50 2003

Related Commands

show rogue adhoc detailed

SHOW ROGUE AP COMMANDS

Use the ROGUE AP commands to display rogue access point settings.

show rogue ap clients

To show details of a rogue access point clients detected by the Cisco Wireless LAN controller, use the **show rogue ap clients** command.

show rogue ap clients *MAC*

Syntax Description	show	Display configurations.
	rogue ap	Rogue access point.
	clients	Summary information.
	<i>MAC</i>	Rogue access point MAC address.

Defaults	None.

Examples	> show rogue ap clients xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx

Related Commands	show rogue ap summary

show rogue ap detailed

To show details of a rogue access point detected by the Cisco Wireless LAN controller, use the **show rogue-ap detailed** command.

show rogue ap detailed *MAC*

Syntax Description	show	Display configurations.
	rogue ap	Rogue access point.
	detailed	Display detailed information.
	MAC	Rogue access point MAC address.

Defaults None.

Examples

```
> show rogue ap detailed xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx
```

```
Rogue BSSID..... xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx
Is Rogue on Wired Network..... No (Unknown if WEP is enabled)
State..... Alert
First Time Rogue was Reported..... Thu Aug  4 16:03:08 2005
Last Time Rogue was Reported..... Thu Aug  4 19:06:08 2005
Reported By
  AP 1
    MAC Address..... xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx
    Name..... AP02
    Radio Type..... 802.11a
    SSID..... vwent
    Channel..... 60
    RSSI..... -80 dBm
    SNR..... 8 dB
    Encryption..... Disabled
    ShortPreamble..... Disabled
    WPA Support..... Disabled
    Last reported by this AP..... Thu Aug  4 19:06:08 2005
```

Related Commands **show rogue ap summary, show rogue ap clients**

show rogue ap summary

To display a summary of the rogue access points detected by the Cisco Wireless LAN controller, use the **show rogue-ap summary** command.

show rogue ap summary

Syntax Description	show	Display configurations.
	rogue ap	Rogue access point.
	summary	Display a list of all rogue access points.

Defaults	None.

Examples

```
> show rogue ap summary
```

```
Rogue Location Discovery Protocol..... Disabled
RLDP Auto-Contain..... Disabled
```

MAC Address	State	# APs	# Clients	Last Heard
xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx	Alert	1	0	Thu Aug 4 18:57:11 2005
xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx	Alert	1	0	Thu Aug 4 19:00:11 2005
xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx	Alert	1	0	Thu Aug 4 18:57:11 2005
xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx	Alert	1	0	Thu Aug 4 18:57:11 2005

Related Commands	show rogue ap detailed, show rogue ap clients

SHOW ROGUE CLIENT COMMANDS

Use the following ROGUE CLIENT commands to display the rogue client settings.

show rogue client detailed

To show details of a rogue client detected by a Cisco Wireless LAN controller, use the **show rogue client detailed** command.

show rogue client detailed *MAC*

Syntax Description

show	Display configurations.
rogue client	Rogue client.
detailed	Provide detailed information for a rogue client.
MAC	Rogue client MAC address.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> show rogue client detailed xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx
```

```
Rogue BSSID..... xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx
State..... Alert
First Time Rogue was Reported..... Thu Aug  4 18:51:08 2005
Last Time Rogue was Reported..... Thu Aug  4 19:00:08 2005
Rogue Client IP address..... 192.168.1.117
Reported By
  AP 1
    MAC Address..... xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx
    Name..... AP02
    Radio Type..... 802.11a
    RSSI..... -1 dBm
    SNR..... -1 dB
    Channel..... 56
    Last reported by this AP..... Thu Aug  4 19:00:08 2005
```

Related Commands

show rogue client summary

show rogue client summary

To display a summary of the rogue clients detected by the Cisco Wireless LAN controller, use the **show rogue client summary** command.

show rogue client summary

Syntax Description

show	Display configurations.
rogue client	Rogue client.
summary	Display a list of all rogue clients.

Defaults

None.

Examples

> **show rogue client summary**

MAC Address	State	#	APs	Last	Heard
xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx	Alert	1	Thu Aug 4	19:00:08	2005
xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx	Alert	1	Thu Aug 4	19:00:08	2005
xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx	Alert	1	Thu Aug 4	19:00:08	2005
xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx	Alert	1	Thu Aug 4	19:00:08	2005
xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx	Alert	1	Thu Aug 4	19:00:08	2005
xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx	Alert	1	Thu Aug 4	19:00:08	2005
xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx	Alert	1	Thu Aug 4	19:09:11	2005
xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx	Alert	1	Thu Aug 4	19:03:11	2005
xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx	Alert	1	Thu Aug 4	19:03:11	2005
xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx	Alert	1	Thu Aug 4	19:09:11	2005
xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx	Alert	1	Thu Aug 4	18:57:08	2005
xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx	Alert	1	Thu Aug 4	19:12:08	2005

Related Commands

show rogue client detailed

show route summary

To show the routes assigned to the Cisco Wireless LAN controller service port, use the **show route summary** command.

show route summary

Syntax Description

show route	Command action.
summary	Display all the configured routes.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> show route summary
```

```
Number of Routes..... 1
```

Destination Network	Genmask	Gateway
-----	-----	-----
xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx	255.255.255.0	xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx

Related Commands

config route

show rules

To show the active internal firewall rules, use the **show rules** command.

show rules

Syntax Description

show rules	Display active internal firewall rules.

Defaults

None.

Examples

> **show rules**

```

-----
Rule ID.....: 3
Ref count.....: 0
Precedence.....: 99999999
Flags.....: 00000001 ( PASS )
Source IP range:
    (Local stack)
Destination IP range:
    (Local stack)
-----
Rule ID.....: 25
Ref count.....: 0
Precedence.....: 99999999
Flags.....: 00000001 ( PASS )
Service Info
    Service name.....: GDB
    Protocol.....: 6
    Source port low.....: 0
    Source port high.....: 0
    Dest port low.....: 1000
    Dest port high.....: 1000
Source IP range:
IP High.....: 0.0.0.0
    Interface.....: ANY
Destination IP range:
    (Local stack)
-----
...

```

Related Commands

None.

show run-config

To show a comprehensive view of the current Cisco Wireless LAN controller configuration, use the **show run-config** command.

show run-config

Syntax Description	show run-config	Command action.

Defaults	None.

Examples

```
> show run-config
```

```
Press Enter to continue...
```

```
System Inventory
Switch Description..... Cisco Controller
Machine Model.....
Serial Number..... FLS0923003B
Burned-in MAC Address..... xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx
Crypto Accelerator 1..... Absent
Crypto Accelerator 2..... Absent
Power Supply 1..... Absent
Power Supply 2..... Present, OK
```

```
Press Enter to continue Or <Ctl Z> to abort...
```



Note

Some WLAN controllers may have no Crypto Accelerator (VPN Termination Module) or Power Supplies listed because they have no provisions for VPN Termination Modules or Power Supplies.

Related Commands	config route

show serial

To show the serial (console) port configuration, use the **show serial** command.

show serial

Syntax Description

show	Display configurations.
serial	Display EIA-232 parameters and serial port inactivity timeout.

Defaults

9600, 8, off, 1, none.

Examples

```
> show serial
```

```
Serial Port Login Timeout (minutes)..... 45
Baud Rate..... 9600
Character Size..... 8
Flow Control:..... Disable
Stop Bits..... 1
Parity Type:..... none
```

Related Commands

config serial baudrate, config serial timeout

show sessions

To show the console port login timeout and maximum number of simultaneous Command Line Interface (CLI) sessions, use the **show sessions** command.

show sessions

Syntax Description

show	Display configurations.
sessions	Display CLI session configuration information.

Defaults

5 minutes, 5 sessions.

Examples

```
> show sessions
```

```
CLI Login Timeout (minutes)..... 0
Maximum Number of CLI Sessions..... 5
```

The response indicates that the CLI sessions never time out and that the Cisco Wireless LAN controller can host up to five simultaneous CLI sessions.

Related Commands

config sessions maxsessions, **config sessions timeout**

show snmpcommunity

To display SNMP community entries, use the **show snmpcommunity** command.

show snmpcommunity

Syntax Description

show	Display configurations.
snmpcommunity	Display SNMP community entries.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> show snmpcommunity
```

```
SNMP Community Name Client IP Address Client IP Mask Access Mode Status
-----
public              0.0.0.0          0.0.0.0          Read Only   Enable
*****             0.0.0.0          0.0.0.0          Read/Write  Enable
```

Related Commands

config snmp version, **config snmp community mode**, **config snmp community accessmode**, **config snmp community create**, **config snmp community delete**, **config snmp community ipaddr**

show snmptrap

To show the Cisco Wireless LAN controller SNMP trap receivers and their status, use the **show snmptrap** command.

show snmptrap

Syntax Description

show	Display configurations.
snmptrap	SNMP trap receivers.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> show snmptrap
```

SNMP Trap Receiver Name	IP Address	Status
-----	-----	-----
xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx	xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx	Enable

Related Commands

config snmp version, **config snmp trapreceiver**

show snmpv3user

To show the SNMP version 3 configuration, use the **show snmpv3user** command.

show snmpv3user

Syntax Description

show	Display configurations.
snmpv3user	SNMP version 3 configuration information.

Defaults

None.

Examples

> **show snmpv3user**

SNMP v3 User Name	AccessMode	Authentication	Encryption
-----	-----	-----	-----
default	Read/Write	HMAC-MD5	CBC-DES

Related Commands

config snmp version, **config snmp v3user**

show snmpversion

To display which versions of Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) are enabled or disabled on your controller, use the **show snmpversion** command.

show snmpversion

Syntax Description

show	Display settings.
snmpversion	Displays SNMP v1/v2/v3c status (enabled or disabled).

Defaults

Enable.

Examples

```
> show snmpversion
```

```
SNMP v1  Mode..... Disable
SNMP v2c Mode..... Enable
SNMP v3  Mode..... Enable
```

Related Commands

[config snmp version](#)

show spanningtree port

To show the Cisco Wireless LAN controller spanning tree port configuration, use the **show spanningtree port** command.

When the a Cisco 4400 Series wireless LAN controller is configured for port redundancy, spanning tree protocol must be disabled for all ports on the Cisco 4400 series wireless LAN controller. Spanning tree protocol can remain enabled on the switch connected to the Cisco 4400 series wireless LAN controller.

show spanningtree port *port*

Syntax Description	show	Display configurations.
	spanningtree	Spanning tree.
	port	Display spanning tree values on a per port basis.
	<i>port</i>	Physical port number:
		• 1 through 4 on Cisco 2000 series wireless LAN controller. • 1 or 2 on Cisco 4100 series wireless LAN controller. • 1 or 2 on Cisco 4402 series wireless LAN controller. • 1 through 4 on Cisco 4404 series wireless LAN controller.



Note

Some WLAN controllers do not support the spanning tree function.

Defaults 800C, Disabled, 802.1D, 128, 100, Auto.

Examples

```
> show spanningtree port 3

STP Port ID..... 800C
STP Port State..... Disabled
STP Port Administrative Mode..... 802.1D
STP Port Priority..... 128
STP Port Path Cost..... 100
STP Port Path Cost Mode..... Auto
```

Related Commands **config spanningtree port**

show spanningtree switch

To show the Cisco Wireless LAN controller network (DS port) spanning tree configuration, use the **show spanningtree switch** command.

show spanningtree switch

Syntax Description

show	Display configurations.
spanningtree	Spanning tree.
switch	Display spanning tree values on a per switch basis.



Note

Some WLAN controllers do not support the spanning tree function.

Defaults

None.

Examples

> **show spanningtree switch**

```
STP Specification..... IEEE 802.1D
STP Base MAC Address..... 00:0B:85:02:0D:20
Spanning Tree Algorithm..... Disable
STP Bridge Priority..... 32768
STP Bridge Max. Age (seconds)..... 20
STP Bridge Hello Time (seconds)..... 2
STP Bridge Forward Delay (seconds)..... 15
```

Related Commands

config spanningtree switch bridgepriority, **config spanningtree switch forwarddelay**, **config spanningtree switch hellotime**, **config spanningtree switch maxage**, **config spanningtree switch mode**

SHOW STATS COMMANDS

Use the SHOW STATS commands to display controller statistics.

show stats port

To show physical port receive and transmit statistics, use the **show stats port** command.

show stats port {*detailed port* | *summary port*}

Syntax Description

show	Display configurations.
stats	Statistics.
port	Port.
detailed	Display detailed port statistics.
summary	Display port summary statistics.
<i>port</i>	Physical port number: • 1 through 4 on Cisco 2000 Series wireless LAN controllers. • 1 or 2 on Cisco 4100 Series wireless LAN controllers. • 1 or 2 on Cisco 4402 Series wireless LAN controllers. • 1 through 4 on Cisco 4404 Series wireless LAN controllers. • 1 on Cisco WLCM Series wireless LAN controllers.

Defaults

None.

Examples

> **show stats port summary 1**

```
Packets Received Without Error..... 399958
Packets Received With Error..... 0
Broadcast Packets Received..... 8350
Packets Transmitted Without Error..... 106060
Transmit Packets Errors..... 0
Collisions Frames..... 0
Time Since Counters Last Cleared..... 2 day 11 hr 16 min 23 sec
```

> **show stats port detailed 1**

```
PACKETS RECEIVED (OCTETS)
Total Bytes..... 267799881
64 byte pkts      :918281
65-127 byte pkts  :354016      128-255 byte pkts  :1283092
256-511 byte pkts :8406        512-1023 byte pkts :3006
1024-1518 byte pkts:1184      1519-1530 byte pkts :0
> 1530 byte pkts  :2

PACKETS RECEIVED SUCCESSFULLY
Total..... 2567987
Unicast Pkts :2547844      Multicast Pkts:0      Broadcast Pkts:20143

PACKETS RECEIVED WITH MAC ERRORS
Total..... 0
Jabbers :0      Undersize :0      Alignment :0
FCS Errors:0      Overruns :0
```

```

RECEIVED PACKETS NOT FORWARDED
Total..... 0
Local Traffic Frames:0          RX Pause Frames      :0
Unacceptable Frames :0          VLAN Membership   :0
VLAN Viable Discards:0          MulticastTree Viable:0
ReserveAddr Discards:0
CFI Discards      :0          Upstream Threshold :0

PACKETS TRANSMITTED (OCTETS)
Total Bytes..... 353831
64 byte pkts      :0          65-127 byte pkts   :0
128-255 byte pkts :0          256-511 byte pkts  :0
512-1023 byte pkts :0          1024-1518 byte pkts :2
1519-1530 byte pkts :0          Max Info           :1522

PACKETS TRANSMITTED SUCCESSFULLY
Total..... 5875
Unicast Pkts :5868          Multicast Pkts:0          Broadcast Pkts:7

TRANSMIT ERRORS
Total Errors..... 0
FCS Error      :0          TX Oversized :0          Underrun Error:0

TRANSMIT DISCARDS
Total Discards..... 0
Single Coll Frames :0          Multiple Coll Frames:0
Excessive Coll Frame:0          Port Membership      :0
VLAN Viable Discards:0

PROTOCOL STATISTICS
BPDUs Received      :6          BPDUs Transmitted    :0
802.3x RX PauseFrame:0

Time Since Counters Last Cleared..... 2 day 0 hr 39 min 59 sec

```

Related Commands**config port adminmode**

show stats switch

To show the network (DS port) receive and transmit statistics, use the **show stats switch** command.

show stats switch {detailed | summary}

Syntax Description

show	Display configurations.
stats	Statistics.
switch	Cisco Wireless LAN controller.
detailed	Display detailed switch statistics.
summary	Display switch summary statistics.

Defaults

None.

Examples

> **show stats switch summary**

```
Packets Received Without Error..... 136410
Broadcast Packets Received..... 18805
Packets Received With Error..... 0
Packets Transmitted Without Error..... 78002
Broadcast Packets Transmitted..... 3340
Transmit Packet Errors..... 2
Address Entries Currently In Use..... 26
VLAN Entries Currently In Use..... 1
Time Since Counters Last Cleared..... 2 day 11 hr 22 min 17 sec
```

> **show stats switch detailed**

```
RECEIVE
Octets..... 19351718
Total Pkts..... 183468
Unicast Pkts..... 180230
Multicast Pkts..... 3219
Broadcast Pkts..... 19
Pkts Discarded..... 0

TRANSMIT
Octets..... 354251
Total Pkts..... 5882
Unicast Pkts..... 5875
Multicast Pkts..... 0
Broadcast Pkts..... 7
Pkts Discarded..... 0

ADDRESS ENTRIES
Most Ever Used..... 1
Currently In Use..... 1

VLAN ENTRIES
Maximum..... 128
Most Ever Used..... 1
Static In Use..... 1
Dynamic In Use..... 0
```

```
VLANs Deleted..... 0
Time Since Ctrs Last Cleared..... 2 day 0 hr 43 min 22 sec
```

Related Commands**config network dsport**

show switchconfig

To display parameters that apply to the Cisco Wireless LAN controller use the **show switchconfig** command.

show switchconfig

Syntax Description

show	Display configurations.
switchconfig	Display parameters that apply to the Cisco Wireless LAN controller.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> show switchconfig
```

```
802.3x Flow Control Mode..... Disable
Current LWAPP Transport Mode..... Layer 3
LWAPP Transport Mode after next switch reboot.... Layer 3
```

Related Commands

config switchconfig flowcontrol, config switchconfig mode

show sysinfo

To show high-level Cisco Wireless LAN controller information, use the **show sysinfo** command.

show sysinfo

Syntax Description	show	Display configurations.
	sysinfo	Cisco Wireless LAN controller information.

Defaults	None.

Examples	<pre>> show sysinfo Manufacturer's Name..... <company name> Product Name..... Product Version..... 1.2.48.0 RTOS Version..... 1.2.48.0 Bootloader Version..... 1.1.11.0 System Name..... IT2003 System Location..... Andrew 1 System Contact..... Wireless_administrator System ObjectID..... 1.3.6.1.4.1.14179 IP Address..... 172.168.2.36 System Up Time..... 2 days 11 hrs 30 mins 1 secs Configured Country..... United States Operating Environment..... Commercial (0 to 40 C) Internal Temp Alarm Limits..... 0 to 65 C Internal Temperature..... +38 C State of 802.11b Network..... Enabled State of 802.11a Network..... Enabled Number of WLANs..... 2 3rd Party Access Point Support..... Disabled Number of Active Clients..... 1 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx</pre>

Related Commands	config ap, config country, config sysname, config wlan

show syslog

To show the Cisco Wireless LAN controller SNMP trap logging status or target IP Address, use the **show syslog** command.

show syslog

Syntax Description

show	Display configurations.
syslog	Display the state of system syslog.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> show syslog
```

```
Syslog destination..... disabled
```

```
> show syslog
```

```
Syslog destination..... xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx
```

Related Commands

config syslog

show tacacs acct statistics

This command is used display detailed RFID information for a specified tag.

show tacacs acct statistics

Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Default This command has no defaults.

Command History	Release	Modification
	4.1	This command was first introduced.

Examples

```
> show tacacs acct statistics
```

Accounting Servers:

```

Server Index..... 1
Server Address..... 10.0.0.0
Msg Round Trip Time..... 0 (1/100 second)
First Requests..... 1
Retry Requests..... 0
Accounting Response..... 0
Accounting Request Success..... 0
Accounting Request Failure..... 0
Malformed Msgs..... 0
Bad Authenticator Msgs..... 0
Pending Requests..... -1
Timeout Requests..... 1
Unknowntype Msgs..... 0
Other Drops..... 0

```

.... TBD

Related Commands	Command	Description
	config tacacs	Configures RFID options.
	show tacacs summary	Displays TACACS server summary information.

show tacacs athr statistics

This command is used display TACACS+ server authorization statistics.

show tacacs athr statistics

Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Default This command has no defaults.

Command History	Release	Modification
	4.1	This command was first introduced.

Examples

```
> show tacacs athr statistics
```

Authorization Servers:

```

Server Index..... 3
Server Address..... 10.0.0.3
Msg Round Trip Time..... 0 (1/100 second)
First Requests..... 0
Retry Requests..... 0
Received Responses..... 0
Authorization Success..... 0
Authorization Failure..... 0
Challenge Responses..... 0
Malformed Msgs..... 0
Bad Athrenticator Msgs..... 0
Pending Requests..... 0
Timeout Requests..... 0
Unknowntype Msgs..... 0
Other Drops..... 0
.... TBD

```

Related Commands	Command	Description
	config tacacs	Configures RFID options.
	show tacacs summary	Displays TACACS+ server summary information.

show tacacs auth statistics

This command is used display TACACS+ server authentication statistics.

show tacacs auth statistics

Syntax Description

This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Default

This command has no defaults.

Command History

Release	Modification
4.1	This command was first introduced.

Examples

```
> show tacacs auth statistics
```

Authentication Servers:

```

Server Index..... 2
Server Address..... 10.0.0.2
Msg Round Trip Time..... 0 (1/100 second)
First Requests..... 0
Retry Requests..... 0
Accept Responses..... 0
Reject Responses..... 0
Error Responses..... 0
Restart Responses..... 0
Follow Responses..... 0
GetData Responses..... 0
Encrypt no secret Responses..... 0
Challenge Responses..... 0
Malformed Msgs..... 0
Bad Authenticator Msgs..... 0
Pending Requests..... 0
Timeout Requests..... 0
Unknowntype Msgs..... 0
Other Drops..... 0
.... TBD
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
config tacacs	Configures RFID options.
show tacacs summary	Displays TACACS+ server summary information.

show tacacs summary - TBD Need Info

This command is used display TACACS+ server summary information.

show tacacs summary

Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Default This command has no defaults.

Command History	Release	Modification
	4.1	This command was first introduced.

Examples

```
> show tacacs summary
```

Authentication Servers

Idx	Server Address	Port	State	Tout
2	10.0.0.2	6	Enabled	30

Accounting Servers

Idx	Server Address	Port	State	Tout
1	10.0.0.0	10	Enabled	2

Authorization Servers

Idx	Server Address	Port	State	Tout
3	10.0.0.3	4	Enabled	2

.... TBD

Related Commands	Command	Description
	config tacacs	Configures RFID options.
	show tacacs summary	Displays TACACS+ server summary information.

show tech-support

To show Cisco Wireless LAN controller variables frequently requested by Cisco Technical Assistance Center (TAC), use the **show tech-support** command.

show tech-support

Syntax Description	show	Display configurations.
	tech-support	Display system resource information.

Defaults	None.

Examples	<pre>> show tech-support Current CPU Load..... 0% System Buffers Max Free Buffers..... 4608 Free Buffers..... 4604 Buffers In Use..... 4 Web Server Resources Descriptors Allocated..... 152 Descriptors Used..... 3 Segments Allocated..... 152 Segments Used..... 3 System Resources Uptime..... 747040 Secs Total Ram..... 127552 Kbytes Free Ram..... 19540 Kbytes Shared Ram..... 0 Kbytes Buffer Ram..... 460 Kbytes</pre>

Related Commands	None.

show time

To show the Cisco Wireless LAN controller time and date, use the **show time** command.

show time

Syntax Description	show	Display configurations.
	time	Cisco Wireless LAN controller time and date.

Defaults	None.

```

> show time

Time..... Thu Aug  4 19:51:49 2005

Timezone delta..... 0:0
Daylight savings..... disabled

NTP Servers
  NTP Polling Interval..... 86400

  Index          NTP Server
  -----
  
```

Related Commands	config time

show trapflags

To show the Cisco Wireless LAN controller SNMP trap flags, use the **show trapflags** command.

show trapflags

Syntax Description	show	Display configurations.
	trapflags	Display the Cisco Wireless LAN controller SNMP trap flags.

Defaults	None.

Examples

```
> show trapflags
```

```
Authentication Flag..... Enable
Link Up/Down Flag..... Enable
Multiple Users Flag..... Enable
Spanning Tree Flag..... Enable

Client Related Traps
  802.11 Disassociation..... Disable
  802.11 Deauthenticate..... Disable
  802.11 Authenticate Failure..... Disable
  802.11 Association Failure..... Disable
  Excluded..... Disable

802.11 Security related traps
  WEP Decrypt Error..... Enable

Cisco AP
  Register..... Enable
  InterfaceUp..... Enable

Auto-RF Profiles
  Load..... Enable
  Noise..... Enable
  Interference..... Enable
  Coverage..... Enable

Auto-RF Thresholds
  tx-power..... Enable
  channel..... Enable
  antenna..... Enable

AAA
  auth..... Enable
  servers..... Enable

rogueap..... Enable

wps..... Enable

configsave..... Enable

IP Security
  esp-auth..... Enable
```

```
esp-replay..... Enable
invalidSPI..... Enable
ike-neg..... Enable
suite-neg..... Enable
invalid-cookie..... Enable
```

Related Commands

config trapflags authentication, config trapflags linkmode, config trapflags multiusers, config trapflags stpmode, config trapflags client, config trapflags ap, config trapflags rrm-profile, config trapflags rrm-params, config trapflags aaa, config trapflags rogueap, config trapflags configsave, config trapflags ipsec, show traplog

show traplog

To show the Cisco Wireless LAN controller SNMP trap log, use the **show traplog** command.

show traplog

Syntax Description	show	Display configurations.
	traplog	Cisco Wireless LAN controller SNMP trap log.

Defaults	None.

Examples

```
> show traplog
```

```
Number of Traps Since Last Reset..... 2447
```

```
Number of Traps Since Log Last Displayed... 2447
```

```
Log System Time          Trap
---
0 Thu Aug  4 19:54:14 2005 Rogue AP : 00:0b:85:52:62:fe detected on Base Rad
io MAC : 00:0b:85:18:b6:50 Interface no:1(802.11
b/g) with RSSI: -78 and SNR: 10
1 Thu Aug  4 19:54:14 2005 Rogue AP : 00:0b:85:52:19:d8 detected on Base Rad
io MAC : 00:0b:85:18:b6:50 Interface no:1(802.11
b/g) with RSSI: -72 and SNR: 16
2 Thu Aug  4 19:54:14 2005 Rogue AP : 00:0b:85:26:a1:8d detected on Base Rad
io MAC : 00:0b:85:18:b6:50 Interface no:1(802.11
b/g) with RSSI: -82 and SNR: 6
3 Thu Aug  4 19:54:14 2005 Rogue AP : 00:0b:85:14:b3:4f detected on Base Rad
io MAC : 00:0b:85:18:b6:50 Interface no:1(802.11
b/g) with RSSI: -56 and SNR: 30
```

```
Would you like to display more entries? (y/n)
```

Related Commands	show trapflags

show version

This command is used display access point's software information .

show version

Syntax Description

This command has no arguments or keywords.

Defaults

This command has no defaults.

Command History

Release	Modification
4.1	This command was first introduced.

Usage Guidelines

You can only use this command from the access point console port when not connected to a controller.

Examples

```
AP# show version
Cisco IOS Software, C1240 Software (C1240-K9W8-M), Experimental Version
12.3(20060829:081904) [BLD-wmbu_a10_temp_060823.daily 163]
Copyright (c) 1986-2006 by Cisco Systems, Inc.
Compiled Wed 30-Aug-06 03:03 by
ROM: Bootstrap program is C1240 boot loader
BOOTLDR: C1240 Boot Loader (C1240-BOOT-M) Version 12.3(7)JA1, RELEASE SOFTWARE (fc1)
Ap1242-2 uptime is 4 minutes
System returned to ROM by power-on
System image file is "flash:/c1240-k9w8-mx.wmbu_a10_temp_060823.20060830d/c1240-k9w8-"
cisco AIR-LAP1242AG-A-K9 processor (revision B0) with 24566K/8192K bytes of memory.
Processor board ID FTX0944B00B
PowerPCelvis CPU at 266Mhz, revision number 0x0950
Last reset from power-on
LWAPP image version 4.1.69.0
1 FastEthernet interface
2 802.11 Radio(s)
32K bytes of flash-simulated non-volatile configuration memory.
Base ethernet MAC Address: 00:14:1C:ED:47:14
Part Number : 73-9925-03
PCA Assembly Number : 800-26579-03
PCA Revision Number : A0
PCB Serial Number : FOC09351E0U
Top Assembly Part Number : 800-26804-01
Top Assembly Serial Number : FTX0944B00B
Top Revision Number : A0
Product/Model Number : AIR-LAP1242AG-A-K9
Configuration register is 0xF
```

Command	Description
TBD	TBD

show watchlist

To display the client watchlist, use the **show watchlist** command.

show watchlist

Syntax Description	show	Command action.
	watchlist	Display client watchlist entry.

Defaults	None.

Examples	<pre>> show watchlist client watchlist state is disabled</pre>

Related Commands	config watchlist delete , config watchlist enable , config watchlist disable , config watchlist add

show wlan

To display configuration information for a specified wireless LAN or a foreign access point, or to display wireless LAN summary information, use the **show wlan** command.

show wlan [*wlan_id* | **summary** | *foreignAp*]

Syntax Description

show	Display configurations.
wlan	Wireless LAN.
mobility anchor	Display the mobility WLAN anchor list.
summary	Displays a summary of all wireless LANs.
<i>wlan_id</i>	Wireless LAN identifier from 1 to 16.
foreignAp	Displays the configuration for support of foreign access points.

Defaults

None.

Command History

Release	Modification
... TBD	This command was first introduced.

Examples

```
> show wlan 1
WLAN Identifier..... 1
Profile Name..... techdocs
Network Name (SSID)..... techdocs
Status..... Disabled
MAC Filtering..... Disabled
Broadcast SSID..... Disabled
AAA Policy Override..... Disabled
Number of Active Clients..... 10
Exclusionlist Timeout..... 60 seconds
Session Timeout..... Infinity
Interface..... management
WLAN ACL..... office_1
DHCP Server..... Default
DHCP Address Assignment Required..... Disabled
Quality of Service..... Silver (best effort)
WMM..... Disabled
CCX - AironetIe Support..... Enabled
CCX - Gratuitous ProbeResponse (GPR)..... Disabled
Dot11-Phone Mode (7920)..... Disabled
Wired Protocol..... None
IPv6 Support..... Disabled
Radio Policy..... All
Local EAP Authentication..... Disabled
Diagnostics Channel..... Disabled
Security

    802.11 Authentication:..... Open System
    Static WEP Keys..... Disabled
    802.1X..... Disabled
    Wi-Fi Protected Access (WPA/WPA2)..... Enabled
```

```

WPA (SSN IE)..... Disabled
WPA2 (RSN IE)..... Enabled
  TKIP Cipher..... Disabled
  AES Cipher..... Enabled
Auth Key Management
  802.1x..... Enabled
  PSK..... Disabled
  CCKM..... Disabled
CKIP ..... Disabled
  IP Security..... Disabled
  IP Security Passthru..... Disabled
  Web Based Authentication..... Disabled
  Web-Passthrough..... Disabled
  Conditional Web Redirect..... Disabled
  Auto Anchor..... Disabled
  Cranite Passthru..... Disabled
  Fortress Passthru..... Disabled
  H-REAP Local Switching..... Disabled
  Infrastructure MFP protection..... Enabled (Global Infrastructure
MFP Disabled)
  Client MFP..... Optional

```

> **show wlan summary**

```

Number of WLANs..... 2

```

WLAN ID	WLAN Profile Name / SSID	Status	Interface Name
1	techdocs / techdocs	Disabled	management

> **show wlan foreignap**

Foreign AP support is not enabled.

Related Commands

Command	Description
config wlan create	Creates a new wireless LAN.

show wps

To display the Wireless Protection System configuration on the Cisco Wireless LAN controller, use the **show wps** command.

show wps {ap-authentication summary | signature summary | summary}

Syntax Description

show	Command action.
wps	Display WPS configuration.
ap-authentication summary	Display AP neighbor WPS authentication.
signature summary	Display the WPS signature summary.
summary	Display the WPS summary.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> show wps ap-authentication summary
```

```
AP neighbor authentication is <disabled>.
```

```
Authentication alarm threshold is 1.
RF-Network Name: <B1>
```

```
> show wps signature summary
```

```
Precedence..... 1
Signature Name..... Bcast deauth
Type..... Standard
FrameType..... management
State..... enabled
Action..... report
Frequency..... 30 pkts/sec
Interval..... 1 sec
Quiet Time..... 300 sec
Description..... Broadcast Deauthentication Frame
Patterns:
                0:0x00c0:0x03ff
                4:0x01:0x01

Precedence..... 2
Signature Name..... NULL probe resp 1
Type..... Standard
FrameType..... management
State..... enabled
Action..... report
Frequency..... 1 pkts/sec
Interval..... 1 sec
Quiet Time..... 300 sec
Description..... NULL Probe Response - Zero length SSID
element
Patterns:
```

```
0:0x0050:0x03ff
36:0x0000:0xffff
```

> **show wps summary**

Client Exclusion Policy

```
Excessive 802.11-association failures..... Enabled
Excessive 802.11-authentication failures..... Enabled
Excessive 802.1x-authentication..... Enabled
Network access control failure..... Enabled
IP-theft..... Enabled
Excessive Web authentication failure..... Enabled
```

Trusted AP Policy

```
Mis-configured AP Action..... Alarm Only
  Enforced encryption policy..... none
  Enforced preamble policy..... none
  Enforced radio type policy..... none
  Validate SSID..... Disabled
Alert if Trusted AP is missing..... Disabled
Trusted AP timeout..... 120
```

Untrusted AP Policy

```
Rogue Location Discovery Protocol..... Disabled
  RLDP Action..... Alarm Only
Rogue APs
  Automatically contain rogues advertising .... Alarm Only
  Detect Ad-Hoc Networks..... Alarm Only
Rogue Clients
  Validate rogue clients against AAA..... Disabled
  Detect trusted clients on rogue APs..... Alarm Only
Rogue AP timeout..... 1200
```

Signature Policy

```
Signature Processing..... Enabled
```

Related Commands

config watchlist delete, config watchlist enable, config watchlist disable, config watchlist add

show wps cids-sensor detail

To display detail information on a specified WPS IDS sensor, use the **show wps cids-sensor detail** command.

show wps cids-sensor detail *index*

Syntax Description

index	Specifies the IDS sensor index value.

Command History

Release	Modification
4.1	This command was first introduced.

Examples

> **show wps summary**

```

IP Address..... 10.0.0.51
Port..... 443
Query Interval..... 60
Username..... Sensor_user1
Cert Fingerprint..... SHA1: 00:00:00:00:00:00:00:00:00:
00:00:00:00:00:00:00:00:00:00:00
Query State..... Disabled
Last Query Result..... Unknown
Number of Queries Sent..... 0

....TBD

```

Related Commands

Command	Description
config wps cids-sensor	Configures WPS IDS sensors.

show wps cids-sensor summary

To display IDS sensor summary information, use the **show wps cids-sensor summary** command.

show wps cids-sensor summary

Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.

Release	Modification
4.1	This command was first introduced.

Examples

```
> show wps summary
```

Configured IDS Sensors

Index	Server Address	Port	State	Intvl	Last Query
1	10.0.0.51	443	Disabled	60	Unknown

....TBD

Related Commands	Command	Description
	config wps cids-sensor	Configures WPS IDS sensors.

show wps client-exclusion

To display IDS sensor summary information, use the **show wps cids-sensor summary** command.

```
show wps client-exclusion { [802.11-assoc | 802.11-auth | 802.1x-auth | all | ip-theft |
web-auth] [enable | disable ]
```

Syntax Description		
802.11-assoc		Configures response to excessive numbers of 802.11 association failures.
802.11-auth		Configures response to excessive numbers of 802.11 authentication failures.
802/1x-auth		Configures response to excessive numbers of 802.1x authentication failures.
all		Configures the response to all events.
ip-theft		Configures response to a duplicate IP address or re-use of an IP address.
web-auth		Configures response to excessive numbers of web authentication failures.
enable		Enables the feature.
disable		Disables the feature.

Command History	Release	Modification
	4.1	This command was first introduced.

Examples

```
> show wps client-exclusion 802.11-assoc enable
....TBD
```

Related Commands	Command	Description
	config wps cids-sensor	Configures WPS IDS sensors.

show wps signature events standard

To display WPS signature information, use the **show wps signature events summary** command.

```
show wps signature events summary {precedence_id [summary |
detailed [per-signature source_mac | per-mac source_mac ] ] }
```

Syntax Description

<i>precedence_id</i>	Specifies the signature precedence identification.
summary	Displays tracking signature summary information.
detailed	Displays tracking source MAC address detail information.
per-signature	Displays MAC address tracking information per signature source.
<i>source_mac</i>	Specifies the MAC address of the source.
per-mac	Displays MAC address tracking information per MAC address source.

Command History

Release	Modification
4.1	This command was first introduced.

Examples

```
> show wps signataure events standard summary 1 summary
```

```
Precedence..... 1
Signature Name..... Bcast deauth
Type..... Standard
Number of active events..... 2

Source MAC Addr      Track Method   Frequency #  APs  Last Heard
-----
00:a0:f8:58:60:dd   Per Signature   50           1    Wed Oct 25 15:03:05 2006
00:a0:f8:58:60:dd   Per Mac         30           1    Wed Oct 25 15:02:53 2006
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
config wps signature	Configures WPS signatures.

show wps signature events summary

To display WPS signature information, use the **show wps signature events summary** command.

show wps signature events summary

Syntax Description

This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command History

Release	Modification
4.1	This command was first introduced.

Examples

```
> show wps signataure events summary
```

Precedence	Signature Name	Type	# Events
-----	-----	-----	-----
1	Bcast deauth	Standard	2

Related Commands

Command	Description
config wps signature	Configures WPS signatures.

show wps signature summary

To display WPS signature information, use the **show wps signature summary** command.

show wps signature summary

Syntax Description	This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command History	Release	Modification
	4.1	This command was first introduced.

Examples	-----TBD

Related Commands	Command	Description
	config wps signature	Configures WPS signatures.

show wps summary

To display WPS summary information, use the **show wps summary** command.

show wps summary

Syntax Description

This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command History

Release	Modification
4.1	This command was first introduced.

Examples

```
> show wps summary
```

Client Exclusion Policy

```
Excessive 802.11-association failures..... Enabled
Excessive 802.11-authentication failures..... Enabled
Excessive 802.1x-authentication..... Enabled
IP-theft..... Enabled
Excessive Web authentication failure..... Enabled
```

Trusted AP Policy

```
Management Frame Protection..... Disabled
Mis-configured AP Action..... Alarm Only
  Enforced encryption policy..... none
  Enforced preamble policy..... none
  Enforced radio type policy..... none
  Validate SSID..... Disabled
Alert if Trusted AP is missing..... Disabled
Trusted AP timeout..... 120
```

Untrusted AP Policy

```
Rogue Location Discovery Protocol..... Disabled
  RLDP Action..... Alarm Only
Rogue APs
  Rogues AP advertising my SSID..... Alarm Only
  Detect and report Ad-Hoc Networks..... Enabled
Rogue Clients
  Validate rogue clients against AAA..... Enabled
  Detect trusted clients on rogue APs..... Alarm Only
Rogue AP timeout..... 1300
```

Signature Policy

```
Signature Processing..... Enabled
```

```
....TBD
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
config wps rogue-ap	Configures rogue access point and rogue client policies.

Setting Configurations

Use the config commands to configure Cisco Wireless LAN controller options and settings.

CONFIG 802.11A COMMANDS

Use the CONFIG 802.11a commands to configure 802.11a settings.

config 802.11a antenna extAntGain

To configure the 802.11a external antenna gain, use the **config 802.11a antenna extAntGain** command.

Use the **config 802.11a disable** command to disable the 802.11a Cisco radio before using the **config 802.11a antenna** command. After configuring the external antenna gain, use the **config 802.11a enable** command to enable the 802.11a Cisco radio.

config 802.11a antenna extAntGain *antenna_gain* *Cisco_AP*

Syntax Description		
	config	Configure parameters.
	802.11a antenna	Antennas for 802.11a Cisco radio.
	extAntGain	Configure external antenna gain.
	<i>antenna_gain</i>	Enter antenna gain in 0.5 dBm units.
	<i>Cisco_AP</i>	Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point name.

Defaults None.

Examples To set AP1 to use the 802.11a internal antennas:

```
> config 802.11a antenna extAntGain 1 AP02
```

Related Commands config 802.11a disable, config 802.11a enable, config 802.11a diversity, config 802.11a antenna mode, config 802.11a selection.

config 802.11a antenna diversity

To configure the diversity option for 802.11a antennas, use the **config 802.11a antenna diversity** command.

config 802.11a antenna diversity {enable | sideA | sideB} Cisco_AP

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	802.11a antenna diversity	Diversity antennas for 802.11a.
	enable	Between the two internal antennas.
	sideA	Between the internal antennas and an external antenna connected to the Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point right port.
	sideB	Between the internal antennas and an external antenna connected to the Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point left port.
	<i>Cisco_AP</i>	Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point name.
Defaults	None.	
Examples	To enable diversity for AP01:	
	<pre>> config 802.11a antenna diversity enable AP01</pre>	
	To enable diversity for AP01 using an external antenna connected to the Cisco lightweight access point Left port (sideA).	
	<pre>> config 802.11a antenna diversity sideA AP01</pre>	
Related Commands	show ap config 802.11a, config 802.11a disable, config 802.11a enable, config 802.11a extAntGain, config 802.11a antenna mode, config 802.11a selection.	

config 802.11a antenna mode

To configure the Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point to use one internal antenna for an 802.11a sectorized 180-degree coverage pattern, or both internal antennas for an 802.11a 360-degree omnidirectional pattern, use the **config 802.11a antenna mode** command.

config 802.11a antenna mode { omni | sectorA | sectorB } *Cisco_AP*

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
802.11a antenna mode	Antenna for 802.11a Cisco radio.
omni	Use both internal antennas.
sectorA	Use only the Side A internal antenna.
sectorB	Use only the Side B internal antenna.
<i>Cisco_AP</i>	Cisco 1000 series IEEE 802.11a/b/g lightweight access point name.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> config 802.11a antenna mode omni AP01
```

Related Commands

show ap config 802.11a, config 802.11a disable, config 802.11a enable, config 802.11a diversity, config 802.11a antenna extAntGain, config 802.11a selection

config 802.11a antenna selection

To configure the 802.11a antenna selection (internal or external), use the **config 802.11a antenna selection** command.

```
config 802.11a antenna selection {internal | external} Cisco_AP
```

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
802.11a antenna selection	Antenna selection (internal or external) for 802.11a.
internal	Select internal antennas.
external	Select external antenna.
<i>Cisco_AP</i>	Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point name.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> config 802.11a antenna selection internal AP02
```

Related Commands

show ap config 802.11a, config 802.11a disable, config 802.11a enable, config 802.11a extAntGain, config 802.11a diversity, config 802.11a antenna mode.

config 802.11a beaconperiod

In Cisco wireless LAN solution 802.11a networks, all Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point wireless LANs broadcast a beacon at regular intervals. This beacon notifies clients that 802.11a service is available, and allows the clients to synchronize with the Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point. To change the 802.11a beacon period for the whole 802.11a network, use the **config 802.11a beaconperiod** command.

Before you change the beacon period using the config 802.11a beaconperiod command, make sure that you have disabled the 802.11a network using the config 802.11a disable command. When you are done changing the beacon period, remember to enable the 802.11a network using the config 802.11a enable command.

config 802.11a beaconperiod *time_units*

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	802.11a	802.11a network parameters.
	beaconperiod	Send a beacon every 20 to 1000 milliseconds.
	<i>time_units</i>	Beacon interval in time units (TU). One TU is 1024 micro seconds.

Defaults None.

Examples To configure an 802.11a network for a beacon period of 120 time units:

```
> config 802.11a beaconperiod 120
```

Related Commands show 802.11a, config 802.11b beaconperiod, config 802.11a disable, config 802.11a enable

802.11a CAC Video and Voice Commands

Call Admission Control (CAC) commands require that the WLAN you are planning to modify is configured for Wi-Fi Multimedia (WMM) protocol and the quality of service (QoS) level be set to Platinum.

Before you can configure CAC parameters on a network, you must complete the following prerequisites:

- Disable all WLANs with WMM enabled: **config wlan disable** *wlan_id*
- Disable the radio network you wish to configure: **config 802.11a disable network**
- Save the new configuration: **save config**
- Enable voice or video CAC for the network you wish to configure:
config 802.11a cac voice acm enable, or
config 802.11a cac video acm enable

For complete instructions, refer to the "Configuring Voice and Video Parameters" section in the "Configuring Controller Settings" chapter of the *Cisco Wireless LAN Controller Configuration Guide* for your release.

config 802.11a cac video acm

To enable or disable video Call Admission Control (CAC) for the 802.11a network, use the **config 802.11a cac video acm** command.

config 802.11a cac video acm {enable | disable}

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
802.11a	802.11a Cisco radio.
cac	Call Admission Control parameters.
video	Video traffic parameters.
acm	Admission control.
enable disable	Enable or disable video CAC.

Defaults

Disabled.

Usage Guidelines

For complete instructions, refer to the “Configuring Voice and Video Parameters” section in the “Configuring Controller Settings” chapter of the *Cisco Wireless LAN Controller Configuration Guide* for your release.

Examples

```
> config 802.11a cac video acm enable
```

Related Commands

config 802.11a {enable | disable} network, **config 802.11a cac video max-bandwidth**, **config 802.11a cac video roam-bandwidth**, **config 802.11a cac video tspec-inactivity-timeout**, **config wlan {enable | disable}**, **save config**, **show wlan**, **show wlan summary**

config 802.11a cac video max-bandwidth

To set the percentage of the maximum bandwidth allocated to clients for video applications on the 802.11a network, use the **config 802.11a cac video max-bandwidth** command.

config 802.11a cac video max-bandwidth *bandwidth*

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	802.11a	802.11a Cisco radio.
	cac	Call Admission Control parameters.
	video	Video traffic parameters.
	max-bandwidth	Specify the percentage of the maximum allocated bandwidth for video applications on the selected radio band.
	<i>bandwidth</i>	A bandwidth percentage value from 0-100%.

Defaults 0%

Usage Guidelines The maximum radio frequency (RF) bandwidth cannot exceed 100% for voice + video. Once the client reaches the value specified, the access point rejects new calls on this network.



Note If this parameter is set to zero (0), the controller assumes that the operator does not want to do any bandwidth allocation and, therefore, allows all bandwidth requests.

For complete instructions, refer to the “Configuring Voice and Video Parameters” section in the “Configuring Controller Settings” chapter of the *Cisco Wireless LAN Controller Configuration Guide* for your release.

Examples > config 802.11a cac video max-bandwidth 50

Related Commands config 802.11a {enable | disable} network, config 802.11a cac video acm, config 802.11a cac video roam-bandwidth, config 802.11a cac video tspec-inactivity-timeout, config wlan {enable | disable}, save config, show wlan, show wlan summary

config 802.11a cac video roam-bandwidth

To configure the percentage of the maximum allocated bandwidth reserved for roaming video clients on the 802.11a network, use the **config 802.11a cac video roam-bandwidth** command.

config 802.11a cac video roam-bandwidth *bandwidth*

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
802.11a	802.11a Cisco radio.
cac	Call Admission Control parameters.
video	Video traffic parameters.
roam-bandwidth	Specify the percentage of the maximum allocated bandwidth reserved for roaming video clients on the selected radio band.
<i>bandwidth</i>	A bandwidth percentage value from 0 to 25%.

Defaults

0%

Usage Guidelines

The controller reserves the specified bandwidth from the maximum allocated bandwidth for roaming video clients.



Note

If this parameter is set to zero (0), the controller assumes that the operator does not want to do any bandwidth allocation and, therefore, allows all bandwidth requests.

For complete instructions, refer to the “Configuring Voice and Video Parameters” section in the “Configuring Controller Settings” chapter of the *Cisco Wireless LAN Controller Configuration Guide* for your release.

Examples

```
> config 802.11a cac video roam-bandwidth 10
> config 802.11a cac video roam-bandwidth 0
```

Related Commands

config 802.11a {enable | disable} network, **config 802.11a cac video acm**, **config 802.11a cac video max-bandwidth**, **config 802.11a cac video tspec-inactivity-timeout**, **config wlan {enable | disable}**, **save config**, **show wlan**, **show wlan summary**

config 802.11a cac video tspec-inactivity-timeout

To process or ignore the WMM traffic specifications (TSPEC) inactivity timeout received from an access point, use the **config 802.11a cac video tspec-inactivity-timeout** command.

config 802.11a cac video tspec-inactivity-timeout {enable | ignore}

Syntax Description		
config		Configure parameters.
802.11a		802.11a Cisco radio.
cac		Call Admission Control parameters.
video		Video traffic parameters.
tspec-inactivity-timeout		Specify the response to TSPEC inactivity timeout messages received from an access point.
enable ignore		Process or ignore the TSPEC inactivity timeout messages.

Defaults Disabled (ignore).

Usage Guidelines For complete instructions, refer to the “Using the CLI to Configure Video Parameters” section in the “Configuring Controller Settings” chapter of the *Cisco Wireless LAN Controller Configuration Guide, Release 5.0*.

Examples

```
> config 802.11a tspec-inactivity-timeout enable
```

Related Commands **config 802.11a {enable | disable} network**, **config 802.11a cac video acm**, **config 802.11a cac video max-bandwidth**, **config 802.11a cac video roam-bandwidth**, **config wlan {enable | disable}**, **save config**, **show wlan**, **show wlan summary**

config 802.11a cac voice acm

To enable or disable bandwidth-based voice Call Admission Control (CAC) for the 802.11a network, use the **config 802.11a cac voice acm command**.

config 802.11a cac voice acm {enable | disable}

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
802.11a	802.11a Cisco radio.
cac	Call Admission Control parameters.
voice	Voice traffic parameters.
acm	Admission control.
enable disable	Enable or disable bandwidth-based CAC.

Defaults

Disabled.

Command History

Release	Modification
4.1	This command was first introduced.

Usage Guidelines

For complete instructions, refer to the “Configuring Voice and Video Parameters” section in the “Configuring Controller Settings” chapter of the *Cisco Wireless LAN Controller Configuration Guide* for your release.

Examples

```
> config 802.11a cac voice acm enable
> config 802.11a cac voice acm disable
```

Related Commands

config 802.11a {enable | disable} network, **config 802.11a cac voice load-based**, **config 802.11a cac voice max-bandwidth**, **config 802.11a cac voice roam-bandwidth**, **config 802.11a cac voice stream-size**, **config 802.11a cac voice tspec-inactivity-timeout**, **config 802.11a exp-bwreq**, **config wlan {enable | disable}**, **save config**, **show wlan**, **show wlan summary**

config 802.11a cac voice max-bandwidth

To set the percentage of the maximum bandwidth allocated to clients for voice applications on the 802.11a network, use the **config 802.11a cac voice max-bandwidth** command.

config 802.11a cac voice max-bandwidth *bandwidth*

Syntax Description		
config		Configure parameters.
802.11a		802.11a Cisco radio.
cac		Call Admission Control parameters.
voice		Voice traffic parameters.
max-bandwidth		Specify the percentage of the maximum allocated bandwidth for voice applications on the selected radio band.
<i>bandwidth</i>		A bandwidth percentage value from 40-85%.

Defaults	75%

Command History	Release	Modification
	4.1	This command was first introduced.

Usage Guidelines

The maximum radio frequency (RF) bandwidth cannot exceed 100% for voice + video. Once the client reaches the value specified, the access point rejects new calls on this network.

For complete instructions, refer to the “Configuring Voice and Video Parameters” section in the “Configuring Controller Settings” chapter of the *Cisco Wireless LAN Controller Configuration Guide* for your release.

Examples	> config 802.11a cac voice max-bandwidth 50

Related Commands	config 802.11a {enable disable} network, config 802.11a cac voice acm, config 802.11a cac voice load-based, config 802.11a cac voice roam-bandwidth, config 802.11a cac voice stream-size, config 802.11a cac voice tspec-inactivity-timeout, config 802.11a exp-bwreq, config wlan {enable disable}, save config, show wlan, show wlan summary

config 802.11a cac voice roam-bandwidth

To configure the percentage of the maximum allocated bandwidth reserved for roaming voice clients on the 802.11a network, use the **config 802.11a cac voice roam-bandwidth** command.

config 802.11a cac voice roam-bandwidth *bandwidth*

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
802.11a	802.11a Cisco radio.
cac	Call Admission Control parameters.
voice	Voice traffic parameters.
roam-bandwidth	Specify the percentage of the maximum allocated bandwidth reserved for roaming voice clients on the selected radio band.
<i>bandwidth</i>	A bandwidth percentage value from 0 to 25%.

Defaults

6%

Command History

Release	Modification
4.1	This command was first introduced.

Usage Guidelines

The maximum radio frequency (RF) bandwidth cannot exceed 100% for voice + video. The controller reserves the specified bandwidth from the maximum allocated bandwidth for roaming voice clients.



Note If this parameter is set to zero (0), the controller assumes that the operator does not want to do any bandwidth allocation and, therefore, allows all bandwidth requests.

For complete instructions, refer to the “Configuring Voice and Video Parameters” section in the “Configuring Controller Settings” chapter of the *Cisco Wireless LAN Controller Configuration Guide* for your release.

Examples

```
> config 802.11a cac voice roam-bandwidth 10
```

Related Commands

config 802.11a {enable | disable} network, **config 802.11a cac voice acm**, **config 802.11a cac voice load-based**, **config 802.11a cac voice max-bandwidth**, **config 802.11a cac voice stream-size**, **config 802.11a cac voice tspec-inactivity-timeout**, **config 802.11a exp-bwreq**, **config wlan {enable | disable}**, **save config**, **show wlan**, **show wlan summary**

config 802.11a cac voice tspec-inactivity-timeout

To process or ignore the WMM traffic specifications (TSPEC) inactivity timeout received from an access point, use the **config 802.11a cac voice tspec-inactivity-timeout** command.

config 802.11a cac voice tspec-inactivity-timeout {enable | ignore}

Syntax Description		
config		Configure parameters.
802.11a		802.11a Cisco radio.
cac		Call Admission Control parameters.
voice		Voice traffic parameters.
tspec-inactivity-timeout		Specify the response to TSPEC inactivity timeout messages received from an access point.
enable ignore		Process or ignore the TSPEC inactivity timeout messages.

Defaults Disabled (ignore).

Command History	Release	Modification
	4.1	This command was first introduced.

Usage Guidelines For complete instructions, refer to the “Configuring Voice and Video Parameters” section in the “Configuring Controller Settings” chapter of the *Cisco Wireless LAN Controller Configuration Guide* for your release.

Examples

```
> config 802.11a cac voice tspec-inactivity-timeout enable
> config 802.11a cac voice tspec-inactivity-timeout ignore
```

Related Commands config 802.11a {enable | disable} network, config 802.11a cac voice acm, config 802.11a cac voice load-based, config 802.11a cac voice max-bandwidth, config 802.11a cac voice roam-bandwidth, config 802.11a cac voice stream-size, config 802.11a exp-bwreq, config wlan {enable | disable}, save config, show wlan, show wlan summary

config 802.11a cac voice load-based

To enable or disable load-based CAC for the 802.11a network, use the **config 802.11a cac voice load-based** command.

config 802.11a cac voice load-based {enable | disable}

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
802.11a	802.11a Cisco radio.
cac	Call Admission Control parameters.
voice	Voice traffic parameters.
load-based	Load-based CAC parameters.
enable disable	Enable or disable load-based CAC.

Defaults

Disabled.

Command History

Release	Modification
4.1	This command was first introduced.

Usage Guidelines

For complete instructions, refer to the “Configuring Voice and Video Parameters” section in the “Configuring Controller Settings” chapter of the *Cisco Wireless LAN Controller Configuration Guide* for your release.

Examples

```
> config 802.11a cac voice load-based enable
> config 802.11a cac voice load-based disable
```

Related Commands

config 802.11a {enable | disable} network, **config 802.11a cac voice acm**, **config 802.11a cac voice max-bandwidth**, **config 802.11a cac voice roam-bandwidth**, **config 802.11a cac voice stream-size**, **config 802.11a cac voice tspec-inactivity-timeout**, **config 802.11a exp-bwreq**, **config wlan {enable | disable}**, **save config**, **show wlan**, **show wlan summary**

config 802.11a cac voice stream-size

To configure the number of aggregated voice WMM traffic specification (TSPEC) streams at a specified data rate for the 802.11a network, use the **config 802.11a cac voice stream-size** command.

config 802.11a cac voice stream-size *number* **max-streams** *mean_datarate*

Syntax Description		
config		Configure parameters.
802.11a		802.11a Cisco radio.
cac		Call Admission Control parameters.
voice		Voice traffic parameters.
stream-size		Configures the number of voice streams that the controller supports.
<i>number</i>		Specifies the number (1 to 5) of voice streams.
max-streams		Configures the mean data rate of a voice stream.
<i>mean_datarate</i>		Specifies the mean data rate (84 to 91.2 Kbps) of a voice stream.

Defaults

The default number of streams is 2 and the mean data rate of a stream is 84 Kbps.

Command History

Release	Modification
4.1	This command was first introduced.

Usage Guidelines

For complete instructions, refer to the “Configuring Voice and Video Parameters” section in the “Configuring Controller Settings” chapter of the *Cisco Wireless LAN Controller Configuration Guide* for your release.

Examples

```
> config 802.11a cac voice stream-size 5 max-streams size 85
```

Related Commands

config 802.11a {enable | disable} network, config 802.11a cac voice acm, config 802.11a cac voice load-based, config 802.11a cac voice max-bandwidth, config 802.11a cac voice roam-bandwidth, config 802.11a cac voice tspec-inactivity-timeout, config 802.11a exp-bwreq, config wlan {enable | disable}, save config, show wlan, show wlan summary.

End of CAC 802.11a Commands

config 802.11a channel

To configure an 802.11a network or a single access point for automatic or manual channel selection, use the **config 802.11a channel** command.

config 802.11a channel {**global** [**auto** | **once** | **off**]} | {**AP** *ap_name* [**global** | *channel*]}

When configuring 802.11a channels for a single lightweight access point, use the **config 802.11a disable** command to disable the 802.11a network. Then use the **config 802.11a channel** command to set automatic channel selection by Radio Resource Management (RRM) or manually set the channel for the 802.11a radio. Then enable the 802.11a network using the **config 802.11a enable** command.



Note Refer to the *Channels and Maximum Power Settings for Cisco Aironet Lightweight Access Points* document for the channels supported by your access point. The power levels and available channels are defined by the country code setting and are regulated on a country by country basis.

Syntax Description

global	Configures the 802.11a operating channel for all lightweight access points.
auto	Specifies the channel is automatically set by radio resource management (RRM) for the 802.11a radio.
once	Specifies the channel is automataically set once by RRM.
off	Specifies the automatic channel selection by RRM is disabled.
ap	Configures the 802.11a operating channel for a specified lightweight access point.
<i>ap_name</i>	Specifies the access point name.
global	Specifies the 802.11a operating channel is automatically set by RRM and over-rides the existing configuration setting.
<i>channel</i>	Specifies a manual channel number to be used by the access point. The supported channels depend on the specific access point used and the regulatory region.

Defaults

This command has no defaults.

Examples

To configures all 802.11a channels for automatic channel configuration by the RRM based on availability and interference, use this command:

```
> config 802.11a channel global auto
```

To have RRM automatically reconfigure all 802.11a channels one time based on availability and interference, use this command:

```
> config 802.11a channel global once
```

To turn 802.11a automatic channel configuration off, use this command:

```
> config 802.11a channel global off
```

To configure all 802.11a channels in access point (AP01) for automatic channel configuration, use this command:

```
> config 802.11a channel AP01 global
```

To configure 802.11a channel 36 in access point AP01 as the default channel, use this command:

```
> config 802.11a channel AP01 36
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
show 802.11a	Displays the configuration settings for all 802.11a channels
config 802.11a disable	Disables the 802.11a radio for a specific access point or a specified network.
config 802.11a enable	Enables the 802.11a radio for a specific access point or a specified network.
config 802.11b channel	Configures the 802.11b radio channels for all access points or a specified access point.
config country	Configures the operating country code for the controller.

config 802.11a disable

To disable 802.11a transmission for the whole network or for an individual Cisco radio, use the **config 802.11a disable** command. This command can be used any time the CLI interface is active.

**Note**

You must use this command to disable the network before using many config 802.11a commands.

config 802.11a disable {network | Cisco_AP}

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
802.11a	802.11a network parameters.
disable	Disables 802.11a transmission.
network	Disables transmission for the entire 802.11a network.
<i>Cisco_AP</i>	Disables transmission for an individual Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point Cisco radio.

Defaults

Transmission is enabled for the entire network by default.

Examples

To disable the whole 802.11a network:

```
> config 802.11a disable network
```

To disable AP01 802.11a transmissions:

```
> config 802.11a disable AP01
```

Related Commands

show sysinfo, show 802.11a, config 802.11a enable, config 802.11b disable, config 802.11b enable, config 802.11a beaconperiod

config 802.11a dtim

In 802.11 networks, the Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point wireless LANs broadcast a beacon at regular intervals, which coincides with the DTIM (Delivery Traffic Indication Map). After the DTIM, if the Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point has any frames buffered for broadcast or multicast, it transmits the buffered frames. This protocol allows power-saving clients to wake up at the appropriate time if they are expecting broadcast or multicast data.

Normally, the DTIM value is set to 1 (transmit broadcast and multicast after every beacon) or 2 (transmit after every other beacon). For instance, if the beaconperiod is 100 ms, and the DTIM value is set to 1, the Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point transmits buffered broadcast and multicast frames 10 times a second; if the beaconperiod is 100 ms, and the DTIM value is set to 2, the Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point transmits buffered broadcast and multicast frames five times a second; either of these settings may be suitable for applications, including VoIP, that expect frequent broadcast and multicast frames.

However, the DTIM value can be set as high as 255 (transmit broadcast and multicast after every 255th beacon), if all 802.11a clients have power save enabled. Because the clients only have to listen when the DTIM time is reached, they can be set to listen for broadcasts and multicasts less frequently, resulting in longer battery life. For instance, if the beaconperiod is 100 ms, and the DTIM value is set to 100, the Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point transmits buffered broadcast and multicast frames once every 10 seconds, allowing the power saving clients to sleep longer between periods when they have to wake up and listen for broadcasts and multicasts, resulting in longer battery life.

Many applications cannot tolerate a long time between broadcast and multicast messages, resulting in poor protocol and application performance. A low DTIM value is indicated for 802.11a networks that support such clients.

To change the DTIM value for the whole 802.11a network, use the **config 802.11a dtim** command.

config 802.11a dtim *period*

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	802.11a	802.11a network parameters.
	dtim	Delivery Traffic Indication Map.
	<i>period</i>	DTIM value in number of beaconperiods.

Defaults 1 (every beaconperiod)

Examples To configure the 802.11a network to transmit multicast and broadcast messages every other DTIM, or beaconperiod:

```
> config 802.11a dtim 2
```

Related Commands show 802.11a, config 802.11a beaconperiod, config 802.11b dtim, config 802.11a disable, config 802.11a enable

config 802.11a dtpc

To configure the 802.11a DTPC setting, use the **config 802.11a dtpc** command.

config 802.11a dtpc {enable | disable}

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	802.11a	802.11a network parameters.
	dtpc	Dynamic Transmit Power Control.
	{enable disable}	- Enter enable to enable DTPC setting configuration. - Enter disable to disable DTPC setting configuration.
Defaults	Enabled by default.	
Examples	<pre>> config 802.11a dtpc disable</pre>	
Related Commands	show 802.11a, config 802.11a beaconperiod, config 802.11a dtim, config 802.11a disable, config 802.11a enable	

config 802.11a enable

Enable 802.11a transmissions for the whole network or for an individual Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point using the config 802.11a enable command. You must use this command to enable the network after configuring other 802.11a parameters.

Note that this command only enables the Cisco wireless LAN solution 802.11a network. To disable the 802.11a, 802.11b and/or 802.11g networks for an individual wireless LAN, use the **config wlan radio** command.

This command can be used any time the CLI interface is active.

config 802.11a enable {network | Cisco_AP}

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
802.11a	802.11a network parameters.
enable	Disables/enables 802.11a.
network	For the whole network.
<i>Cisco_AP</i>	Override the network setting for an individual Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point Cisco radio.

Defaults

Network = enabled.

Examples

To enable the whole 802.11a network:

```
> config 802.11a enable network
```

To enable AP1 802.11a transmissions:

```
> config 802.11a enable AP1
```

Related Commands

show sysinfo, show 802.11a, config wlan radio, config 802.11a disable, config 802.11b disable, config 802.11b enable, config 802.11b 11gSupport enable, config 802.11b 11gSupport disable

config 802.11a exp-bwreq

To configure the CCX version 5 expedited bandwidth request feature for the 802.11a radio, use the **config 802.11a exp-bwreq** command. When this command is enabled, the controller configures all joining access points for this feature.

config 802.11a exp-bwreq [enable | disable]

Syntax Description

enable	Enables the expedited bandwidth request feature.
disable	Configures the mean datarate of a voice stream.

Defaults

The expedited bandwidth request feature is disabled by default.

Command History

Release	Modification
4.1	This command was first introduced.

Examples

```
> config 802.11a exp-bwreq enable
```

Cannot change Exp Bw Req mode while 802.11a network is operational.

```
> config 802.11a disable network
> config 802.11a exp-bwreq enable
> config 802.11a enable network
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
show 802.11a	Displays 802.11a radio configuration informaton.
show ap stats 802.11a	Displays 802.11a radio statistics.

config 802.11a fragmentation

To configure the 802.11a fragmentation threshold, use the **config 802.11a fragmentation** command. This command can only be used when the network is not in operation.

config 802.11a fragmentation *threshold*

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	802.11a	802.11a network parameters.
	fragmentation	Fragmentation threshold.
	<i>threshold</i>	Fragmentation threshold value.

Defaults None.

Examples > **config 802.11a fragmentation 6500**

Related Commands config 802.11b fragmentation, show 802.11b, show ap auto-rtf

config 802.11a l2roam

To configure CCX Layer 2 client roaming parameters for the 802.11a network, use the **config 802.11a l2roam** command.

```
config 802.11a l2roam {default | rf-params min-rssi rssi_value roam-hyst hyst_value scan-thres
thres_value trans-time time_value}
```

Syntax Description	
config	Configure parameters.
802.11a	802.11a Cisco radio.
l2roam	Layer 2 client roaming configurations.
default	Set radio frequency values to their default parameters.
rf-params	Radio frequency parameters.
min-rssi <i>rssi_value</i>	Minimum received signal strength indicator (RSSI) that is required for the client to associate with the access point. If the client's average received signal power dips below this threshold, reliable communication is usually impossible. Therefore, clients must already have found and roamed to another access point with a stronger signal before the minimum RSSI value is reached. Range: -80 to -90 dBm. Default: -85 dBm.
roam-hyst <i>hyst_value</i>	Hysteresis value indicates how much greater the signal strength of a neighboring access point must be in order for the client to roam to it. This parameter is intended to reduce the amount of roaming between access points if the client is physically located on or near the border between two access points. Range: 2 to 4 dB. Default: 2 dB.
scan-thres <i>thres_value</i>	Scan Threshold value is the minimum RSSI that is allowed before the client should roam to a better access point. When the RSSI drops below the specified value, the client must be able to roam to a better access point within the specified transition time. This parameter also provides a power-save method to minimize the time that the client spends in active or passive scanning. For example, the client can scan slowly when the RSSI is above the threshold and scan more rapidly when below the threshold. Range: -70 to -77 dBm. Default: -72 dBm.
trans-time <i>time_value</i>	Transition Time value is the maximum time allowed for the client to detect a suitable neighboring access point to roam to and to complete the roam, whenever the RSSI from the client's associated access point is below the scan threshold. Range: 1 to 10 seconds. Default: 5 seconds.
	Note For high-speed client roaming applications in outdoor mesh environments, Cisco recommends that you set the Transition Time parameter to 1 second.

Defaults

See parameter defaults within the syntax description section.

Examples

```
> config 802.11a l2roam rf-params min-rssi -90 roam-hyst 2 scan-thres 74 trans-time 5
> config 802.11a l2roam rf-params default
```

Related Commands show 802.11a l2roam, show client roam-history, debug l2roam

config 802.11a pico-cell

To enable or disable the 802.11a pico-cell extensions, use the **config 802.11a pico-cell** command. This command can only be used when the network is not operational.

config 802.11a pico-cell {enable | disable}

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	802.11a	802.11a network parameters.
	pico-cell	Pico cell extensions.
	{enable disable}	Enable or disable.

Defaults	None.

Examples	> config 802.11a pico-cell enable

Related Commands	config 802.11b pico-cell, config 802.11a, show 802.11a

config 802.11a rate

To set 802.11a mandatory and supported operational rates, use the config 802.11a rate command.

The data rates set here are negotiated between the client and the Cisco Wireless LAN controller. If the data rate is set to **mandatory**, the client must support it in order to use the network. If a data rate is set as **supported** by the Cisco Wireless LAN controller, any associated client that also supports that rate may communicate with the Cisco 1000 series IEEE 802.11a/b/g lightweight access point using that rate. But it is not required that a client be able to use all the rates marked **supported** in order to associate.

config 802.11a rate { disabled | mandatory | supported } rate

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
802.11a	802.11a network parameters.
rate	Set data rate.
{ disabled mandatory supported }	- Enter disabled to disable a rate. - Enter mandatory to set a rate to mandatory. - Enter supported to set a rate to supported.
<i>rate</i>	6, 9, 12, 18, 24, 36, 48, or 54 Mbps.

Defaults

None.

Examples

To set 802.11a transmission at a mandatory rate at 12 Mbps:

```
> config 802.11a rate mandatory 12
```

Related Commands

show ap config 802.11a, config 802.11b rate

config 802.11a txPower

To configure the 802.11a transmit power level for an automatic or a manual setting for all access points or a single access point, use the **config 802.11a txPower** command.

config 802.11a txPower { **global** [**auto** | **once** | *power_level*] } | { **ap** *ap_name* [**global** | *power_level*] }



Note

Refer to the *Channels and Maximum Power Settings for Cisco Aironet Lightweight Access Points* document for the maximum transmit power limits for your access point. The power levels and available channels are defined by the country code setting and are regulated on a country by country basis.

Syntax Description

global	Configures the 802.11a transmit power level for all lightweight access points.
auto	Specifies the power level is automatically set by radio resource management (RRM) for the 802.11a Cisco radio.
once	Specifies the power level is automatically set once by RRM.
<i>power_level</i>	Specifies the transmit power level number. The supported power levels depends on the specific access point used and the regulatory region. For example, the 1240 series access point supports 8 levels and the 1200 series access point supports 6 levels.
ap	Configures the 802.11a transmit power level for a specified lightweight access point.
<i>ap_name</i>	Specifies the access point name.
global	Specifies the 802.11a transmit power level is automatically set by RRM and over-rides the existing configuration setting.
<i>power_level</i>	Specifies a manual transmit power level number to be used by the access point. The supported power levels depends on the specific access point used and the regulatory region. For example, the 1240 series access point supports 8 levels and the 1200 series access point supports 6 levels.

Defaults

The command default (global, auto) is for automatic configuration by RRM.

Examples

To have RRM automatically set the 802.11a radio transmit power level in all lightweight access points, use this command:

```
> config 802.11a txPower global auto
```

To manually set the 802.11a radio transmit power to level 5 for all lightweight access points, use this command:

```
> config 802.11a txPower global 5
```

To have RRM automatically set the 802.11a radio transmit power for access point AP1, use this command:

```
> config 802.11a txPower AP1 global
```

To manually set the 802.11a radio transmit power to power level 2 for access point AP1, use this command:

```
> config 802.11a txPower AP1 2
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
show ap config 802.11a	Displays 802.11a configuration settings.
config 802.11b txPower	Configures 802.11b radio transmit power for all lightweight access points or a single access point.
config country	Configures the operating country code for the controller.

CONFIG 802.11B COMMANDS

Use the CONFIG 802.11b commands to configure 802.11b settings.

config 802.11b 11gSupport

After enabling the Cisco wireless LAN solution 802.11b network using the config 802.11b enable command, enable or disable the Cisco wireless LAN solution 802.11g network using the config 802.11b 11gSupport command. Note that you must use this command to enable the network after configuring other 802.11b parameters.

Note that this command only enables the Cisco wireless LAN solution 802.11g network after the Cisco wireless LAN solution 802.11b network is enabled using the config 802.11b enable command. To disable the 802.11a, 802.11b and/or 802.11g networks for an individual wireless LAN, use the **config wlan radio** command.

This command can be used any time the CLI interface is active.

config 802.11b 11gSupport {enable | disable}

Syntax Description	
config	Configure parameters.
802.11b	802.11b network parameters.
11gSupport	Support for the 802.11g network.
{enable disable}	Enable or disable 802.11g.

Defaults Enabled.

Examples

```
> config 802.11b 11gSupport enable
```

Changing the 11gSupport will cause all the APs to reboot when you enable 802.11b network.
Are you sure you want to continue? (y/n) **n**

11gSupport not changed!

Related Commands show sysinfo, show 802.11b, config 802.11b enable, config wlan radio, config 802.11b disable, config 802.11a disable, config 802.11a enable

config 802.11b antenna diversity

To configure the diversity option for 802.11b antennas, use the **config 802.11b antenna diversity** command.

config 802.11b antenna diversity {enable | sideA | sideB} Cisco_AP

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
802.11b antenna diversity	Diversity antennas for 802.11b/g.
enable	Between the two internal antennas.
sideA	Between the internal antennas and an external antenna connected to the Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point Left port.
sideB	Between the internal antennas and an external antenna connected to the Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point Right port.
<i>Cisco_AP</i>	Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point name.

Defaults

None.

Examples

To enable diversity for AP01:

```
> config 802.11b antenna diversity enable AP01
```

To enable diversity for AP01 using an external antenna connected to the Cisco lightweight access point Left port (sideA):

```
> config 802.11b antenna diversity sideA AP01
```

Related Commands

show ap config 802.11b, config 802.11b disable, config 802.11b enable, config 802.11b extAntGain, config 802.11b selection.

config 802.11b antenna extAntGain

To configure the 802.11b/g external antenna gain, use the **config 802.11b antenna extAntGain** command.

Use the **config 802.11b disable** command to disable the 802.11b/g Cisco radio before using the **config 802.11b antenna extAntGain** command. After configuring the external antenna gain, use the **config 802.11b enable** command to enable the 802.11a Cisco radio.

config 802.11b antenna extAntGain *antenna_gain* *Cisco_AP*

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	802.11a antenna	Antennas for 802.11a/g Cisco radio.
	extAntGain	Configure external antenna gain.
	<i>antenna_gain</i>	Enter antenna gain in 0.5 dBm units.
	<i>Cisco_AP</i>	Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point name.

Defaults	None.

Examples	To set AP1 to use the 802.11b internal antennas:

```
> config 802.11b antenna extAntGain 1 AP02
```

Related Commands	config 802.11b disable, config 802.11b enable, config 802.11b diversity, config 802.11b selection.

config 802.11b antenna selection

To configure the 802.11b/g antenna selection (internal or external), use the **config 802.11b antenna selection** command.

config 802.11b antenna selection {internal | external} *Cisco_AP*

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
802.11b antenna selection	Antenna selection (internal or external) for 802.11b.
internal	Select internal antennas.
external	Select external antenna.
<i>Cisco_AP</i>	Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point name.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> config 802.11b antenna selection internal AP02
```

Related Commands

show ap config 802.11b, config 802.11b disable, config 802.11b enable, config 802.11b extAntGain, config 802.11b diversity.

config 802.11b beaconperiod

In Cisco wireless LAN solution 802.11b/g networks, all Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point wireless LANs broadcast a beacon at regular intervals. This beacon notifies clients that 802.11b/g service is available, and allows the clients to synchronize with the Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point. To change the 802.11b/g beacon period for the whole 802.11b/g network, use the **config 802.11b beaconperiod** command.

Before you change the beacon period using the config 802.11b beaconperiod command, make sure that you have disabled the 802.11b/g network using the config 802.11b disable command. When you are done changing the beacon period, remember to enable the 802.11b/g network using the config 802.11b enable command.

config 802.11b beaconperiod *time_units*

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	802.11b	802.11b/g network parameters.
	beaconperiod	Send a beacon every 20 to 1000 milliseconds.
	<i>time_units</i>	Beacon interval (20–1000) in time units (TUs). One TU is 1024 micro seconds.

Defaults 100

Examples To configure an 802.11b/g network for a beacon period of 180 time units:
 > **config 802.11b beaconperiod 180**

Related Commands show 802.11a, config 802.11a beaconperiod, config 802.11b disable, config 802.11b enable

802.11b CAC Video and Voice Commands

Call Admission Control (CAC) commands require that the WLAN you are planning to modify is configured for Wi-Fi Multimedia (WMM) protocol and the quality of service (QoS) level be set to Platinum.

Before you can configure CAC parameters on a network, you must complete the following prerequisites:

- Disable all WLANs with WMM enabled: **config wlan disable wlan_id**
- Disable the radio network you wish to configure: **config 802.11b disable network**
- Save the new configuration: **save config**
- Enable voice or video CAC for the network you wish to configure:
config 802.11b cac voice acm enable, or
config 802.11b cac video acm enable

For complete instructions, refer to the "Configuring Voice and Video Parameters" section in the "Configuring Controller Settings" chapter of the *Cisco Wireless LAN Controller Configuration Guide* for your release.

config 802.11b cac video acm

To enable or disable video Call Admission Control (CAC) for the 802.11b network, use the **config 802.11b cac video acm** command.

config 802.11b cac video acm {enable | disable}

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	802.11b	802.11b Cisco radio.
	cac	Call Admission Control parameters.
	video	Video traffic parameters.
	acm	Admission control.
	enable disable	Enable or disable video CAC.
Defaults	Disabled.	
Usage Guidelines	For complete instructions, refer to the “Configuring Voice and Video Parameters” section in the “Configuring Controller Settings” chapter of the <i>Cisco Wireless LAN Controller Configuration Guide</i> for your release.	
Examples	<pre>> config 802.11b cac video acm enable</pre>	
Related Commands	config 802.11b {enable disable} network, config 802.11b cac video max-bandwidth, config 802.11b cac video roam-bandwidth, config 802.11b cac video tspec-inactivity-timeout, config wlan {enable disable}, save config, show wlan, show wlan summary	

config 802.11b cac video max-bandwidth

To set the percentage of the maximum bandwidth allocated to clients for video applications on the 802.11b network, use the **config 802.11b cac video max-bandwidth** command.

config 802.11b cac video max-bandwidth *bandwidth*

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
802.11b	802.11b Cisco radio.
cac	Call Admission Control parameters.
video	Video traffic parameters.
max-bandwidth	Specify the percentage of the maximum allocated bandwidth for video applications on the selected radio band.
<i>bandwidth</i>	A bandwidth percentage value from 0-100%.

Defaults

0%

Usage Guidelines

The maximum radio frequency (RF) bandwidth cannot exceed 100% for voice + video. Once the client reaches the value specified, the access point rejects new calls on this network.



Note

If this parameter is set to zero (0), the controller assumes that the operator does not want to do any bandwidth allocation and, therefore, allows all bandwidth requests.

For complete instructions, refer to the “Configuring Voice and Video Parameters” section in the “Configuring Controller Settings” chapter of the *Cisco Wireless LAN Controller Configuration Guide* for your release.

Examples

```
> config 802.11b cac video max-bandwidth 50
```

Related Commands

config 802.11b {enable | disable} network, **config 802.11b cac video acm**, **config 802.11b cac video roam-bandwidth**, **config 802.11b cac video tspec-inactivity-timeout**, **config wlan {enable | disable}**, **save config**, **show wlan**, **show wlan summary**

config 802.11b cac video roam-bandwidth

To configure the percentage of the maximum allocated bandwidth reserved for roaming video clients on the 802.11b network, use the **config 802.11b cac video roam-bandwidth** command.

config 802.11b cac video roam-bandwidth *bandwidth*

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
802.11b	802.11b Cisco radio.
cac	Call Admission Control parameters.
video	Video traffic parameters.
roam-bandwidth	Specify the percentage of the maximum allocated bandwidth reserved for roaming video clients on the selected radio band.
<i>bandwidth</i>	A bandwidth percentage value from 0 to 25%.

Defaults

0%

Usage Guidelines

The controller reserves the specified bandwidth from the maximum allocated bandwidth for roaming video clients.



Note If this parameter is set to zero (0), the controller assumes that the operator does not want to do any bandwidth allocation and, therefore, allows all bandwidth requests.

For complete instructions, refer to the “Configuring Voice and Video Parameters” section in the “Configuring Controller Settings” chapter of the *Cisco Wireless LAN Controller Configuration Guide* for your release.

Examples

```
> config 802.11b cac video roam-bandwidth 10
> config 802.11b cac video roam-bandwidth 0
```

Related Commands

config 802.11b {enable | disable} network, config 802.11b cac video acm, config 802.11b cac video max-bandwidth, config 802.11b cac video tspec-inactivity-timeout, config wlan {enable | disable}, save config, show wlan, show wlan summary

config 802.11b cac video tspec-inactivity-timeout

To process or ignore the WMM traffic specifications (TSPEC) inactivity timeout received from an access point, use the **config 802.11b cac video tspec-inactivity-timeout** command.

config 802.11b cac video tspec-inactivity-timeout {enable | ignore}

Syntax Description		
config		Configure parameters.
802.11b		802.11b Cisco radio.
cac		Call Admission Control parameters.
video		Video traffic parameters.
tspec-inactivity-timeout		Specify the response to TSPEC inactivity timeout messages received from an access point.
enable ignore		Process or ignore the TSPEC inactivity timeout messages.

Defaults Disabled (ignore).

Usage Guidelines For complete instructions, refer to the “Using the CLI to Configure Video Parameters” section in the “Configuring Controller Settings” chapter of the *Cisco Wireless LAN Controller Configuration Guide, Release 5.0*.

Examples

```
> config 802.11b tspec-inactivity-timeout enable
```

Related Commands config 802.11b {enable | disable} network, config 802.11b cac video acm, config 802.11b cac video max-bandwidth, config 802.11b cac video roam-bandwidth, config wlan {enable | disable}, save config, show wlan, show wlan summary

config 802.11b cac voice acm

To enable or disable bandwidth-based voice Call Admission Control (CAC) for the 802.11b network, use the **config 802.11b cac voice acm command**.

config 802.11b cac voice acm {enable | disable}

Syntax Description		
config		Configure parameters.
802.11b		802.11b Cisco radio.
cac		Call Admission Control parameters.
voice		Voice traffic parameters.
acm		Admission control.
enable disable		Enable or disable bandwidth-based CAC.

Defaults	Disabled.

Command History	Release	Modification
	4.1	This command was first introduced.

Usage Guidelines	For complete instructions, refer to the “Configuring Voice and Video Parameters” section in the “Configuring Controller Settings” chapter of the <i>Cisco Wireless LAN Controller Configuration Guide</i> for your release.

Examples	<pre>> config 802.11b cac voice acm enable > config 802.11b cac voice acm disable</pre>

Related Commands	config 802.11b {enable disable} network, config 802.11b cac voice load-based, config 802.11b cac voice max-bandwidth, config 802.11b cac voice roam-bandwidth, config 802.11b cac voice stream-size, config 802.11b cac voice tspec-inactivity-timeout, config 802.11b exp-bwreq, config wlan {enable disable}, save config, show wlan, show wlan summary

config 802.11b cac voice max-bandwidth

To set the percentage of the maximum bandwidth allocated to clients for voice applications on the 802.11b network, use the **config 802.11b cac voice max-bandwidth** command.

config 802.11b cac voice max-bandwidth *bandwidth*

Syntax Description		
config		Configure parameters.
802.11b		802.11b Cisco radio.
cac		Call Admission Control parameters.
voice		Voice traffic parameters.
max-bandwidth		Specify the percentage of the maximum allocated bandwidth for voice applications on the selected radio band.
<i>bandwidth</i>		A bandwidth percentage value from 40-85%.

Defaults 75%

Command History	Release	Modification
	4.1	This command was first introduced.

Usage Guidelines

The maximum radio frequency (RF) bandwidth cannot exceed 100% for voice + video. Once the client reaches the value specified, the access point rejects new calls on this network.

For complete instructions, refer to the “Configuring Voice and Video Parameters” section in the “Configuring Controller Settings” chapter of the *Cisco Wireless LAN Controller Configuration Guide* for your release.

Examples

```
> config 802.11b cac voice max-bandwidth 50
```

Related Commands

config 802.11b {enable | disable} network, **config 802.11b cac voice acm**, **config 802.11b cac voice load-based**, **config 802.11b cac voice roam-bandwidth**, **config 802.11b cac voice stream-size**, **config 802.11b cac voice tspec-inactivity-timeout**, **config 802.11b exp-bwreq**, **config wlan {enable | disable}**, **save config**, **show wlan**, **show wlan summary**

config 802.11b cac voice roam-bandwidth

To configure the percentage of the maximum allocated bandwidth reserved for roaming voice clients on the 802.11b network, use the **config 802.11b cac voice roam-bandwidth** command.

config 802.11b cac voice roam-bandwidth *bandwidth*

Syntax Description		
config		Configure parameters.
802.11b		802.11b Cisco radio.
cac		Call Admission Control parameters.
voice		Voice traffic parameters.
roam-bandwidth		Specify the percentage of the maximum allocated bandwidth reserved for roaming voice clients on the selected radio band.
<i>bandwidth</i>		A bandwidth percentage value from 0 to 25%.

Defaults	6%

Command History	Release	Modification
	4.1	This command was first introduced.

Usage Guidelines	The maximum radio frequency (RF) bandwidth cannot exceed 100% for voice + video. The controller reserves the specified bandwidth from the maximum allocated bandwidth for roaming voice clients.



Note If this parameter is set to zero (0), the controller assumes that the operator does not want to do any bandwidth allocation and, therefore, allows all bandwidth requests.

For complete instructions, refer to the “Configuring Voice and Video Parameters” section in the “Configuring Controller Settings” chapter of the *Cisco Wireless LAN Controller Configuration Guide* for your release.

Examples	> config 802.11b cac voice roam-bandwidth 10

Related Commands	config 802.11b {enable disable} network, config 802.11b cac voice acm, config 802.11b cac voice load-based, config 802.11b cac voice max-bandwidth, config 802.11b cac voice stream-size, config 802.11b cac voice tspec-inactivity-timeout, config 802.11b exp-bwreq, config wlan {enable disable}, save config, show wlan, show wlan summary

config 802.11b cac voice tspec-inactivity-timeout

To process or ignore the WMM traffic specifications (TSPEC) inactivity timeout received from an access point, use the **config 802.11b cac voice tspec-inactivity-timeout** command.

config 802.11b cac voice tspec-inactivity-timeout {enable | ignore}

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
802.11b	802.11b Cisco radio.
cac	Call Admission Control parameters.
voice	Voice traffic parameters.
tspec-inactivity-timeout	Specify the response to TSPEC inactivity timeout messages received from an access point.
enable ignore	Process or ignore the TSPEC inactivity timeout messages.

Defaults

Disabled (ignore).

Command History

Release	Modification
4.1	This command was first introduced.

Usage Guidelines

For complete instructions, refer to the “Configuring Voice and Video Parameters” section in the “Configuring Controller Settings” chapter of the *Cisco Wireless LAN Controller Configuration Guide* for your release.

Examples

```
> config 802.11b cac voice tspec-inactivity-timeout enable
> config 802.11b cac voice tspec-inactivity-timeout ignore
```

Related Commands

config 802.11b {enable | disable} network, **config 802.11b cac voice acm**, **config 802.11b cac voice load-based**, **config 802.11b cac voice max-bandwidth**, **config 802.11b cac voice roam-bandwidth**, **config 802.11b cac voice stream-size**, **config 802.11b exp-bwreq**, **config wlan {enable | disable}**, **save config**, **show wlan**, **show wlan summary**

config 802.11b cac voice load-based

To enable or disable load-based CAC for the 802.11b network, use the **config 802.11b cac voice load-based** command.

config 802.11b cac voice load-based {enable | disable}

Syntax Description		
config		Configure parameters.
802.11b		802.11b Cisco radio.
cac		Call Admission Control parameters.
voice		Voice traffic parameters.
load-based		Load-based CAC parameters.
enable disable		Enable or disable load-based CAC.

Defaults	Disabled.

Command History	Release	Modification
	4.1	This command was first introduced.

Usage Guidelines	For complete instructions, refer to the “Configuring Voice and Video Parameters” section in the “Configuring Controller Settings” chapter of the <i>Cisco Wireless LAN Controller Configuration Guide</i> for your release.

Examples	<pre>> config 802.11b cac voice load-based enable > config 802.11b cac voice load-based disable</pre>

Related Commands	config 802.11b {enable disable} network, config 802.11b cac voice acm, config 802.11b cac voice max-bandwidth, config 802.11b cac voice roam-bandwidth, config 802.11b cac voice stream-size, config 802.11b cac voice tspec-inactivity-timeout, config 802.11b exp-bwreq, config wlan {enable disable}, save config, show wlan, show wlan summary

config 802.11b cac voice stream-size

To configure the number of aggregated voice WMM traffic specification (TSPEC) streams at a specified data rate for the 802.11b network, use the **config 802.11b cac voice stream-size** command.

config 802.11b cac voice stream-size *number max-streams mean_datarate*

Syntax Description		
config		Configure parameters.
802.11b		802.11b Cisco radio.
cac		Call Admission Control parameters.
voice		Voice traffic parameters.
stream-size		Configures the number of voice streams that the controller supports.
<i>number</i>		Specifies the number (1 to 5) of voice streams.
max-streams		Configures the mean data rate of a voice stream.
<i>mean_datarate</i>		Specifies the mean data rate (84 to 91.2 Kbps) of a voice stream.

Defaults

The default number of streams is 2 and the mean data rate of a stream is 84 Kbps.

Command History

Release	Modification
4.1	This command was first introduced.

Usage Guidelines

For complete instructions, refer to the “Configuring Voice and Video Parameters” section in the “Configuring Controller Settings” chapter of the *Cisco Wireless LAN Controller Configuration Guide* for your release.

Examples

```
> config 802.11b cac voice stream-size 5 max-streams size 85
```

Related Commands

config 802.11b {enable | disable} network, **config 802.11b cac voice acm**, **config 802.11b cac voice load-based**, **config 802.11b cac voice max-bandwidth**, **config 802.11b cac voice roam-bandwidth**, **config 802.11b cac voice tspec-inactivity-timeout**, **config 802.11b exp-bwreq**, **config wlan {enable | disable}**, **save config**, **show wlan**, **show wlan summary**.

End of CAC 802.11b Commands

config 802.11b channel

To configure an 802.11b network or a single access point for automatic or manual channel selection, use the **config 802.11b channel** command.

config 802.11b channel {**global** [**auto** | **once** | **off**]} | {**AP** *ap_name* [**global** | *channel*]}

When configuring 802.11b channels for a single lightweight access point, use the **config 802.11b disable** command to disable the 802.11b network. Then use the **config 802.11b channel** command to set automatic channel selection by Radio Resource Management (RRM) or manually set the channel for the 802.11b radio. Then enable the 802.11b network using the **config 802.11b enable** command.



Note

Refer to the *Channels and Maximum Power Settings for Cisco Aironet Lightweight Access Points* document for the channels supported by your access point. The power levels and available channels are defined by the country code setting and are regulated on a country by country basis.

Syntax Description

global	Configures the 802.11b operating channel for all lightweight access points.
auto	Specifies the channel is automatically set by radio resource management (RRM) for the 802.11b radio.
once	Specifies the channel is automataically set once by RRM.
off	Specifies the automatic channel selection by RRM is disabled.
ap	Configures the 802.11b operating channel for a specified lightweight access point.
<i>ap_name</i>	Specifies the access point name.
global	Specifies the 802.11b operating channel is automatically set by RRM and over-rides the existing configuration setting.
<i>channel</i>	Specifies a manual channel number to be used by the access point. The supported channels depend on the specific access point used and the regulatory region.

Defaults

This command has no defaults.

Examples

To configures all 802.11b channels for automatic channel configuration by the RRM based on availability and interference, use this command:

```
> config 802.11b channel global auto
```

To have RRM automatically reconfigure all 802.11b channels one time based on availability and interference, use this command:

```
> config 802.11b channel global once
```

To turn 802.11b automatic channel configuration off, use this command:

```
> config 802.11b channel global off
```

To configure all 802.11b channels in access point AP01 for automatic channel configuration, use this command:

```
> config 802.11b channel AP01 global
```

To configure 802.11b channel 11 in access point AP01 as the default channel, use this command:

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show 802.11b	Displays the configuration settings for all 802.11b channels
	config 802.11b disable	Disables the 802.11b radio for a specific access point or a specified network.
	config 802.11b enable	Enables the 802.11b radio for a specific access point or a specified network.
	config 802.11a channel	Configures the 802.11a radio channels for all access points or a specified access point.
	config country	Configures the operating country code for the controller.

config 802.11b disable

Disable or enable 802.11b/g transmissions for the whole network or for an individual Cisco radio using the **config 802.11b disable** command.

Note that you must use this command to disable the network before using other config 802.11b commands.

This command can be used any time the CLI interface is active.

config 802.11b disable {**network** | *Cisco_AP*}

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
802.11b	802.11b/g network parameters.
disable	Disable 802.11b/g.
network	Whole network.
<i>Cisco_AP</i>	Override the network setting for an individual Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point Cisco radio.

Defaults

Enabled.

Examples

To disable the whole 802.11b/g network:

```
> config 802.11b disable network
```

To disable AP01 802.11b/g transmissions:

```
> config 802.11b disable AP01
```

Related Commands

show sysinfo, show 802.11b, config 802.11a disable, config 802.11a enable, config 802.11b enable, config 802.11b beaconperiod

config 802.11b dtim

In 802.11 networks, the Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point wireless LANs broadcast a beacon at regular intervals, which coincide with the DTIM. After the DTIM, if the Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point has any frames buffered for broadcast or multicast, it transmits the buffered frames. This protocol allows power-saving clients to wake up at the appropriate time if they are expecting broadcast or multicast data.

Normally, the DTIM value is set to 1 (transmit broadcast and multicast after every beacon) or 2 (transmit after every other beacon). For instance, if the 802.11b/g beaconperiod is 100 ms, and the DTIM value is set to 1, the Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point transmits buffered broadcast and multicast frames 10 times a second; if the beaconperiod is 100 ms, and the DTIM value is set to 2, the Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point transmits buffered broadcast and multicast frames five times a second; either of these settings may be suitable for applications, including VoIP, that expect frequent broadcast and multicast frames.

However, the DTIM value can be set as high as 255 (transmit broadcast and multicast after every 255th beacon), if all 802.11a clients have power save enabled. Because the clients only have to listen when the DTIM time is reached, they can be set to listen for broadcasts and multicasts less frequently, resulting in longer battery life. For instance, if the 802.11b/g beaconperiod is 100 ms, and the DTIM value is set to 100, the Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point transmits buffered broadcast and multicast frames once every 10 seconds, allowing the power saving clients to sleep longer between periods when they have to wake up and listen for broadcasts and multicasts, resulting in longer battery life.

Note that many applications cannot tolerate a long time between broadcast and multicast messages, resulting in poor protocol and application performance. A low DTIM value is indicated for 802.11b/g networks that support such clients.

To change the DTIM value for the whole 802.11b/g network, use the **config 802.11b dtim** command.

Before you change the 802.11b/g DTIM value using the config 802.11b dtim command, make sure that you have disabled the 802.11b/g network using the config 802.11b disable command. When you are done changing the DTIM value, remember to enable the 802.11b/g network using the config 802.11b enable command.

config 802.11b dtim *period*

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
802.11b	802.11b/g network parameters.
dtim	Delivery Traffic Indication Map.
<i>period</i>	DTIM period in number of beaconperiods.

Defaults

1 (every beaconperiod)

Examples

To configure the 802.11b/g network to transmit multicast and broadcast messages every DTIM, or beaconperiod:

```
> config 802.11b dtim 1
```

Related Commands show 802.11b, config 802.11b beaconperiod, config 802.11a dtim, config 802.11b disable, config 802.11b enable

config 802.11b dtpc

To configure the 802.11b DTPC setting, use the **config 802.11b dtpc** command.

config 802.11b dtpc {enable | disable}

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	802.11b	802.11b network parameters.
	dtpc	Dynamic Transmit Power Control.
	{enable disable}	- Enter enable to enable DTPC setting configuration. - Enter disable to disable DTPC setting configuration.

Defaults	Enabled by default.

Examples	> config 802.11b dtpc disable

Related Commands	show 802.11b , config 802.11b beaconperiod , config 802.11b dtim , config 802.11b disable , config 802.11b enable

config 802.11b enable

Note that you must use this command to enable the network after configuring other 802.11b parameters.

Note that this command only enables the Cisco wireless LAN solution 802.11b network. To enable the Cisco wireless LAN solution 802.11g network, you **MUST** have the 802.11b network enabled, and then **use the config 802.11b 11gSupport enable** command. To disable the 802.11a, 802.11b and/or 802.11g networks for an individual wireless LAN, use the **config wlan radio** command.

This command can be used any time the CLI interface is active. Note that you must reboot the Cisco Wireless LAN controller to implement this command.

config 802.11b enable {network | Cisco_AP}

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
802.11b	802.11b network parameters.
enable	Enable or disable 802.11b. Allow support for 802.11g.
network	For the whole network.
<i>Cisco_AP</i>	To override the network setting for individual Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point Cisco radio.

Defaults

Enabled.

Examples

To enable the whole 802.11b network and provide support for the 802.11g network:

```
> config 802.11b enable network
```

To enable AP1 802.11b transmissions and support AP1 802.11g transmissions:

```
> config 802.11b enable AP1
```

Related Commands

show sysinfo, show 802.11b, config 802.11b 11gSupport, config wlan radio, config 802.11b disable, config 802.11a disable, config 802.11a enable

config 802.11b exp-bwreq

To configure the CCX version 5 expedited bandwidth request feature for the 802.11b radio, use the **config 802.11b exp-bwreq** command. When this command is enabled, the controller configures all joining access points for this feature.

config 802.11b exp-bwreq [enable | disable]

Syntax Description

enable	Enables the expedited bandwidth request feature.
disable	Configures the mean datarate of a voice stream.

Defaults

The expedited bandwidth request feature is disabled by default.

Command History

Release	Modification
4.1	This command was first introduced.

Examples

```
> config 802.11b exp-bwreq enable
```

Cannot change Exp Bw Req mode while 802.11b network is operational.

```
> config 802.11b disable network
> config 802.11b exp-bwreq enable
> config 802.11b enable network
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
show 802.11a	Displays 802.11a radio configuration informaton.
show ap stats 802.11a	Displays 802.11a radio statistics.

config 802.11b fragmentation

To configure the 802.11b/g fragmentation threshold, use the **config 802.11b fragmentation** command. This command can only be used when the network is not operational.

config 802.11b fragmentation *threshold*

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	802.11b	802.11b network parameters.
	fragmentation	Fragmentation threshold.
	<i>threshold</i>	Fragmentation threshold value.

Defaults None.

Examples > **config 802.11b fragmentation 6500**

Related Commands config 802.11a fragmentation, show 802.11a, show auto-rft

config 802.11b l2roam

To configure CCX Layer 2 client roaming parameters for the 802.11b/g network, use the **config 802.11b l2roam** command.

```
config 802.11b l2roam { default | rf-params min-rssi rssi_value roam-hyst hyst_value scan-thres
  thres_value trans-time time_value }
```

Syntax Description	
config	Configure parameters.
802.11b	802.11b/g Cisco radio.
l2roam	Layer 2 client roaming configurations.
default	Set radio frequency values to their default parameters.
rf-params	Radio frequency parameters.
min-rssi <i>rssi_value</i>	Minimum received signal strength indicator (RSSI) that is required for the client to associate with the access point. If the client's average received signal power dips below this threshold, reliable communication is usually impossible. Therefore, clients must already have found and roamed to another access point with a stronger signal before the minimum RSSI value is reached. Range: -80 to -90 dBm. Default: -85 dBm.
roam-hyst <i>hyst_value</i>	Hysteresis value indicates how much greater the signal strength of a neighboring access point must be in order for the client to roam to it. This parameter is intended to reduce the amount of roaming between access points if the client is physically located on or near the border between two access points. Range: 2 to 4 dB. Default: 2 dB.
scan-thres <i>thres_value</i>	Scan Threshold value is the minimum RSSI that is allowed before the client should roam to a better access point. When the RSSI drops below the specified value, the client must be able to roam to a better access point within the specified transition time. This parameter also provides a power-save method to minimize the time that the client spends in active or passive scanning. For example, the client can scan slowly when the RSSI is above the threshold and scan more rapidly when below the threshold. Range: -70 to -77 dBm. Default: -72 dBm.
trans-time <i>time_value</i>	Transition Time value is the maximum time allowed for the client to detect a suitable neighboring access point to roam to and to complete the roam, whenever the RSSI from the client's associated access point is below the scan threshold. Range: 1 to 10 seconds. Default: 5 seconds.
	Note For high-speed client roaming applications in outdoor mesh environments, Cisco recommends that you set the Transition Time parameter to 1 second.

Defaults

See parameter defaults within the syntax description section.

Examples

```
> config 802.11b l2roam rf-params min-rssi -90 roam-hyst 2 scan-thres 74 trans-time 5
> config 802.11b l2roam rf-params default
```

Related Commands show 802.11b l2roam, show client roam-history, debug l2roam

config 802.11b pico-cell

To enable or disable the 802.11b/g pico-cell extensions, use the **config 802.11b pico-cell** command. This command can only be used when the network is not operational.

config 802.11b pico-cell {enable | disable}

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
802.11b	802.11b network parameters.
pico-cell	Pico cell extensions.
{enable disable}	Enable or disable.

Defaults

(None.)

Examples

```
> config 802.11b pico-cell enable
```

Related Commands

config 802.11a pico-cell, show 802.11b

config 802.11b preamble

Use this command to change the 802.11b preamble as defined in subclause 18.2.2.2 to long (slower, but more reliable) or short (faster, but less reliable). This command can be used any time the CLI interface is active.

This parameter must be set to long to optimize this Cisco Wireless LAN controller for some clients, including SpectraLink NetLink telephones.



Note

You must reboot the Cisco Wireless LAN controller (reset system) with save to implement this command.

config 802.11b preamble {long | short}

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
802.11b	802.11b network parameters.
preamble	As defined in subclause 18.2.2.2.
{long short}	Long or short 802.11b preamble.

Defaults

Short.

Examples

```
> config 802.11b preamble short

>(reset system with save)

> show 802.11b

Short Preamble mandatory..... Enabled

> config 802.11b preamble long

>(reset system with save)

> show 802.11b

Short Preamble mandatory..... Disabled
```

Related Commands

show 802.11b

config 802.11b rate

To configure 802.11b/g mandatory and supported operational rates, use the **config 802.11b rate** command.

config 802.11b rate {disabled | mandatory | supported} rate

The data rates set here are negotiated between the client and the Cisco Wireless LAN controller. If the data rate is set to Mandatory, the client must support it in order to use the network. If a data rate is set as Supported by the Cisco Wireless LAN controller, any associated client that also supports that rate may communicate with the Cisco 1000 series IEEE 802.11a/b/g lightweight access point using that rate. But it is not required that a client be able to use all the rates marked Supported in order to associate.

Syntax Description	
config	Configure parameters.
802.11b	802.11b/g network parameters.
rate	Configure mandatory and supported operational rates.
{disabled mandatory supported}	- Enter disabled to disable a rate. - Enter mandatory to set a rate to mandatory. - Enter supported to set a rate to supported.
<i>rate</i>	1, 2, 5.5, 11, 6, 9, 12, 18, 24, 36, 48, or 54 Mbps data rate.

Defaults None.

Examples To set 802.11b/g transmission at a mandatory rate at 5.5 Mbps:

```
> config 802.11b rate mandatory 5.5
```

Related Commands show ap config 802.11b, config 802.11a rate

config 802.11b txPower

To configure the 802.11b transmit power level for an automatic or a manual setting for all access points or a single access point, use the **config 802.11b txPower** command.

```
config 802.11b txPower { global [ auto | once | power_level ] } |
{ ap ap_name [ global | power_level ] }
```



Note

Refer to the *Channels and Maximum Power Settings for Cisco Aironet Lightweight Access Points* document for the maximum transmit power limits for your access point. The power levels and available channels are defined by the country code setting and are regulated on a country by country basis.

Syntax Description

global	Configures the 802.11b transmit power level for all lightweight access points.
auto	Specifies the power level is automatically set by radio resource management (RRM) for the 802.11b radio.
once	Specifies the power level is automatically set once by RRM.
<i>power_level</i>	Specifies the transmit power level number. The supported power levels depends on the specific access point used and the regulatory region. For example, the 1240 series access point supports 8 levels and the 1200 series access point supports 6 levels.
ap	Configures the 802.11b transmit power level for a specified lightweight access point.
<i>ap_name</i>	Specifies the access point name.
global	Specifies the 802.11b transmit power level is automatically set by RRM and over-rides the existing configuration setting.
<i>power_level</i>	Specifies a manual transmit power level number to be used by the access point. The supported power levels depends on the specific access point used and the regulatory region. For example, the 1240 series access point supports 8 levels and the 1200 series access point supports 6 levels.

Defaults

The command default (global, auto) is for automatic configuration by RRM.

Examples

To have RRM automatically set the transmit power for all 802.11b radios in all lightweight access points, use this command:

```
> config 802.11b txPower global auto
```

To manually set the 802.11b radio transmit power to level 5 for all lightweight access points, use this command:

```
> config 802.11b txPower global 5
```

To have RRM automatically set the 802.11b radio transmit power for access point AP1, use this command:

```
> config 802.11b txPower AP1 global
```

To manually set the 802.11b radio transmit power to power level 2 for access point AP1, use this command:

```
> config 802.11b txPower AP1 global
```

To set transmit power for 802.11b/g AP1 to power level 2:

```
> config 802.11b txPower AP1 2
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
show ap config 802.11b	Displays 802.11b configuration settings.
config 802.11a txPower	Configures 802.11a radio transmit power for all lightweight access points or a single access point.
config country	Configures the operating country code for the controller.

CONFIG 802.11h COMMANDS

Use the CONFIG 802.11h commands to configure 802.11h settings.

config 802.11h channelswitch

To configure 802.11h channel switch announcement, use the **config 802.11h channelswitch** command.

config 802.11h channelswitch {*enable mode value* | **disable**}

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
802.11h	802.11h network parameters.
channelswitch	
{ enable disable }	Enable or disable 802.11h channel switch announcement.
<i>mode</i>	802.11h channel switch announcement mode.
<i>value</i>	802.11h channel announcement value.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> config 802.11h channelswitch disable
```

Related Commands

show 802.11h

config 802.11h powerconstraint

To configure 802.11h power constraint value, use the **config 802.11h powerconstraint** command.

config 802.11h powerconstraint *value*

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	802.11h	802.11h network parameters.
	<i>value</i>	802.11h power constraint value.

Defaults	None.

Examples	> config 802.11h powerconstraint 5

Related Commands	show 802.11h

config 802.11h setchannel

To configure a new channel using 802.11h channel announcement, use the **config 802.11h setchannel** command.

config 802.11h setchannel *Cisco_AP*

Syntax Description		
config		Configure parameters.
802.11b		802.11h network parameters.
<i>Cisco_AP</i>		Cisco 1000 series IEEE 802.11a/b/g lightweight access point name.

Defaults None.

Examples > **config 802.11h setchannel ap02**

Related Commands **show 802.11h**

config aaa auth

To configure the AAA authentication search order for management users, use the **config aaa auth** command.

```
config aaa auth mgmt [aaa_server_type] [aaa_server_type]
```

Syntax Description

mgmt	Configures the AAA authentication search order for controller management users by specifying up to three AAA authentication server types. The order in which the server types are entered specifies the AAA authentication search order.
<i>aaa_server_type</i>	(Optional) Specifies the AAA authentication server type (local, radius, or tacacs). The local setting specifies the local database, the radius setting specifies the RADIUS server, and the tacacs setting specifies the TACACS+ server.

Defaults

This command has no defaults.

Examples

```
> config aaa auth order mgmt radius local
```

Related Commands

show aaa auth, **config trapflags aaa**, **config aaa auth**, **config wlan aaa-override**, **debug aaa**, **debug aaa local-auth**

config acl apply

To apply the Access Control List (ACL) to the data path, use the **config acl apply** command.

config acl apply *rule_name*



Note

For a Cisco 2000 series wireless LAN controller, you must configure a pre-authentication ACL on the wireless LAN for the external web server. This ACL should then be set as a wireless LAN pre-authentication ACL under Web Policy. However, you do not need to configure any pre-authentication ACL for Cisco 4100 series wireless LAN controllers and Cisco 4400 series wireless LAN controllers.

Syntax Description

config acl	Command action.
apply	Applies the ACL (name with up to 32 alphanumeric characters) to the data path.
<i>rule_name</i>	ACL name up to 32 alphanumeric characters.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> config acl apply acl01
```

Related Commands

show acl

config acl create

To create a new ACL, use the **config acl create** command.

config acl create *rule_name*

**Note**

For a Cisco 2000 series wireless LAN controller, you must configure a pre-authentication ACL on the wireless LAN for the external web server. This ACL should then be set as a wireless LAN pre-authentication ACL under Web Policy. However, you do not need to configure any pre-authentication ACL for Cisco 4100 series wireless LAN controllers and Cisco 4400 series wireless LAN controllers.

Syntax Description

config acl	Command action.
create	Create a new ACL.
<i>rule_name</i>	ACL name up to 32 alphanumeric characters.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> config acl create acl01
```

Related Commands

show acl

config acl cpu

To create a new ACL rule that restricts the traffic reaching the CPU, use the **config acl cpu** command. This allows you to control the type of packets reaching the CPU.

config acl cpu *rule_name* {**wired**} {**wireless**} {**both**}

Syntax Description

config acl cpu	Command action.
None	Disable the CPU ACL.
<i>rule_name</i>	ACL name up to 32 alphanumeric characters.
Wired	Enable ACL on wired traffic.
Wireless	Enable ACL on wireless traffic
Both	Enable ACL on both wired and wireless traffic.

Defaults

None.

Examples

The following example shows how to create an ACL named acl101 on the CPU and apply it to wired traffic.

```
> config acl cpu acl101 wired
```

Related Commands

None.

config acl delete

To delete an ACL, use the **config acl delete** command.

config acl delete *rule_name*

**Note**

For a Cisco 2000 series wireless LAN controller, you must configure a pre-authentication ACL on the wireless LAN for the external web server. This ACL should then be set as a wireless LAN pre-authentication ACL under Web Policy. However, you do not need to configure any pre-authentication ACL for Cisco 4100 series wireless LAN controllers and Cisco 4400 series wireless LAN controllers.

Syntax Description

config acl	Command action.
delete	Delete an ACL.
<i>rule_name</i>	ACL name up to 32 alphanumeric characters.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> config acl delete acl01
```

Related Commands

show acl

config acl rule

To configure ACL rules, use the **config acl rule** command.

```
config acl rule {
    action rule_name rule_index {permit | deny} |
    add rule_name rule_index |
    change index rule_name old_index new_index |
    delete rule_name rule_index |
    destination address rule_name rule_index ip_address netmask |
    destination port range rule_name rule_index start_port end_port |
    direction rule_name rule_index {in | out | any} |
    dscp rule_name rule_index dscp |
    protocol rule_name rule_index protocol |
    source address rule_name rule_index ip_address netmask |
    source port range rule_name rule_index start_port end_port |
    swap index rule_name index_1 index_2}
```



Note

For a Cisco 2000 series wireless LAN controller, you must configure a pre-authentication ACL on the wireless LAN for the external web server. This ACL should then be set as a wireless LAN pre-authentication ACL under Web Policy. However, you do not need to configure any pre-authentication ACL for Cisco 4100 series wireless LAN controllers and Cisco 4400 series wireless LAN controllers.

Syntax Description

config acl	Command action.
rule	Configures ACL rules.
action	Configures a rule's action whether to permit or deny access.
add	Adds a new rule.
change	Changes a rule's index.
delete	Deletes a rule.
destination address	Configures a rule's destination IP address and netmask.
destination port range	Configures a rule's destination port range.
direction	Configures a rule's direction to in, out, or any.
dscp	Configures a rule's DSCP.
protocol	Configures a rule's IP Protocol.
source address	Configures a rule's source IP address, netmask.
source port range	Configures a rule's source port range.
swap	Swaps two rules' indices.
<i>rule_name</i>	ACL name up to 32 alphanumeric characters.
<i>rule_index</i>	Rule index between 1 and 32.
<i>ip_address</i>	The rule's IP Address.
<i>netmask</i>	The rule's netmask.
<i>start_port</i>	The start port number (between 0 and 65535).
<i>end_port</i>	The end port number (between 0 and 65535).

<i>dscp</i>	A number between 0 and 63, or any .
<i>protocol</i>	A number between 0 and 255, or any .

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> config acl rule action lab1 4 permit
```

Related Commands

```
show acl
```

CONFIG ADVANCED 802.11A COMMANDS

Use the ADVANCED 802.11a commands to configure advanced 802.11a settings.

config advanced 802.11a channel foreign

To have RRM consider or ignore foreign 802.11a interference avoidance in making channel selection updates for all 802.11a Cisco 1000 series lightweight access points, use the **config advanced 802.11a channel foreign** command.

config advanced 802.11a channel foreign {enable | disable}

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	advanced 802.11a	Advanced 802.11a parameters.
	channel	RRM channel selections.
	foreign	Foreign interference.
	{enable disable}	Enable foreign access point 802.11a interference avoidance in the channel assignment. Disable foreign access point 802.11a interference avoidance in the channel assignment.

Defaults Enabled.

Examples To have RRM consider foreign 802.11a interference when making channel selection updates for all 802.11a Cisco 1000 series lightweight access points:

```
> config advanced 802.11a channel foreign enable
```

Related Commands show advanced 802.11a channel, config advanced 802.11b channel foreign

config advanced 802.11a channel load

To have RRM consider or ignore traffic load in making channel selection updates for all 802.11a Cisco 1000 series lightweight access points, use the **config advanced 802.11a channel load** command.

config advanced 802.11a channel load {enable | disable}

Syntax Description	
config	Configure parameters.
advanced 802.11a	Advanced 802.11a parameters.
channel	RRM channel selections.
load	Traffic load.
{enable disable}	Enable Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point 802.11a load avoidance in the channel assignment. Disable Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point 802.11a load avoidance in the channel assignment.

Defaults	Disabled.

Examples	To have RRM consider traffic load when making channel selection updates for all 802.11a Cisco 1000 series lightweight access points:

```
> config advanced 802.11a channel load enable
```

Related Commands	show advanced 802.11a channel, config advanced 802.11b channel load

config advanced 802.11a channel noise

To have RRM consider or ignore non-802.11a noise in making channel selection updates for all 802.11a Cisco 1000 series lightweight access points, use the **config advanced 802.11a channel noise** command.

config advanced 802.11a channel noise {enable | disable}

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
advanced 802.11a	Advanced 802.11a parameters.
channel	RRM channel selections.
noise	Non-802.11a noise.
{enable disable}	Enable non-802.11a noise avoidance in the channel assignment. or ignore. Disable non-802.11a noise avoidance in the channel assignment.

Defaults

Disabled.

Examples

To have RRM consider non-802.11a noise when making channel selection updates for all 802.11a Cisco 1000 series lightweight access points:

```
> config advanced 802.11a channel noise enable
```

Related Commands

show advanced 802.11a channel, config advanced 802.11b channel noise

config advanced 802.11a channel update

To have RRM initiate a channel selection update for all 802.11a Cisco 1000 series lightweight access points, use the **config advanced 802.11a channel update** command.

config advanced 802.11a channel update

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
advanced 802.11a	Advanced 802.11a parameters.
channel update	Have RRM update the channel selections.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> config advanced 802.11a channel update
```

Related Commands

show advanced 802.11a channel, config advanced 802.11b channel update

config advanced 802.11a factory

To reset 802.11a advanced settings back to the factory defaults, use the **config advanced 802.11a factory** command.

config advanced 802.11a factory

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
advanced 802.11a	Advanced 802.11a parameters.
factory	Return all 802.11a advanced settings to their factory defaults.

Defaults

None.

Examples

> **config advanced 802.11a factory**

Related Commands

show advanced 802.11a channel

config advanced 802.11a group-mode

To set the 802.11a automatic RF group selection mode on or off, use the **config advanced 802.11a group-mode** command.

config advanced 802.11a group-mode {auto | off}

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	advanced 802.11a	Advanced 802.11a parameters.
	group-mode	Cisco radio RF grouping.
	{ auto off }	Enter auto to set the 802.11a RF group selection to automatic update mode.
		Enter off to set the 802.11a RF group selection off.

Defaults	Auto.

Examples	To turn the 802.11a automatic RF group selection mode on: <pre>> config advanced 802.11a group-mode auto</pre> To turn the 802.11a automatic RF group selection mode off: <pre>> config advanced 802.11a group-mode off</pre>

Related Commands	show advanced 802.11a group, config advanced 802.11b group-mode

config advanced 802.11a logging channel

To turn the channel change logging mode on or off, use the **config advanced 802.11a logging channel** command.

config advanced 802.11a logging channel {on | off}

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
advanced 802.11a	Advanced 802.11a parameters.
logging channel	Log channel changes.
{on off}	Enable or disable 802.11a channel logging.

Defaults

Off (disabled).

Examples

```
> config advanced 802.11a logging channel on
```

Related Commands

show advanced 802.11a logging, config advanced 802.11b logging channel

config advanced 802.11a logging coverage

To turn the coverage profile logging mode on or off, use the **config advanced 802.11a logging coverage** command.

config advanced 802.11a logging coverage {on | off}

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	advanced 802.11a	Advanced 802.11a parameters.
	logging coverage	Log coverage changes.
	{on off}	Enable or disable 802.11a coverage profile violation logging.

Defaults	Off (disabled).

Examples	> config advanced 802.11a logging coverage on

Related Commands	show advanced 802.11a logging, config advanced 802.11b logging coverage

config advanced 802.11a logging foreign

To turn the foreign interference profile logging mode on or off, use the **config advanced 802.11a logging foreign** command.

config advanced 802.11a logging foreign {on | off}

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
advanced 802.11a	Advanced 802.11a parameters.
logging foreign	Log foreign changes.
{on off}	Enable or disable 802.11a foreign interference profile violation logging.

Defaults

Off (disabled).

Examples

> **config advanced 802.11a logging foreign on**

Related Commands

show advanced 802.11a logging, **config advanced 802.11b logging foreign**

config advanced 802.11a logging load

To turn the 802.11a load profile logging mode on or off, use the **config advanced 802.11a logging load** command.

config advanced 802.11a logging load {on | off}

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
advanced 802.11a	Advanced 802.11a parameters.
logging load	Log load changes.
{on off}	Enable or disable 802.11a load profile violation logging.

Defaults

Off (disabled).

Examples

```
> config advanced 802.11a logging load on
```

Related Commands

show advanced 802.11a logging, config advanced 802.11b logging load

config advanced 802.11a logging noise

To turn the 802.11a noise profile logging mode on or off, use the **config advanced 802.11a logging noise** command.

config advanced 802.11a logging noise {on | off}

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
advanced 802.11a	Advanced 802.11a parameters.
logging noise	Log noise changes.
{on off}	Enable or disable 802.11a noise profile violation logging.

Defaults

Off (disabled).

Examples

```
> config advanced 802.11a logging noise on
```

Related Commands

show advanced 802.11a logging, config advanced 802.11b logging noise

config advanced 802.11a logging performance

To turn the 802.11a performance profile logging mode on or off, use the **config advanced 802.11a logging performance** command.

config advanced 802.11a logging performance {on | off}

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	advanced 802.11a	Advanced 802.11a parameters.
	logging performance	Log performance changes.
	{on off}	Enable or disable 802.11a performance profile violation logging.

Defaults	Off (disabled).

Examples	> config advanced 802.11a logging performance on

Related Commands	show advanced 802.11a logging, config advanced 802.11b logging performance

config advanced 802.11a logging txpower

To turn the 802.11a transmit power change logging mode on or off, use the **config advanced 802.11a logging txpower** command.

config advanced 802.11a logging txpower {on | off}

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
advanced 802.11a	Advanced 802.11a parameters.
logging txpower	Log power changes.
{on off}	Enable or disable 802.11a transmit power change logging.

Defaults

Off (disabled).

Examples

```
> config advanced 802.11a logging txpower off
```

Related Commands

show advanced 802.11a logging, config advanced 802.11b logging power

config advanced 802.11a monitor channel-list

To set the 802.11a noise, interference, and rogue monitoring channel list, use the **config advanced 802.11a monitor channel-list** command.

```
config advanced 802.11a monitor channel-list {all | country | dca}
```

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
advanced 802.11a	Advanced 802.11a parameters.
monitor channel-list	Monitor coverage interval.
{all country dca}	- Enter all to monitor all channels. - Enter country to monitor the channels used in the configured country code. - Enter dca to monitor the channels used by the automatic channel assignment.

Defaults

country.

Examples

```
> config advanced 802.11a monitor channel-list country
```

Related Commands

show advanced 802.11a monitor coverage

config advanced 802.11a monitor coverage

To set the coverage measurement interval between 60 and 3600 seconds, use the **config advanced 802.11a monitor coverage** command.

config advanced 802.11a monitor coverage *seconds*

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	advanced 802.11a	Advanced 802.11a parameters.
	monitor coverage	Monitor coverage interval.
	<i>seconds</i>	Coverage measurement interval between 60 and 3600 seconds.

Defaults	180 seconds.

Examples	To set the coverage measurement interval to 60 seconds: > config advanced 802.11a monitor coverage 60

Related Commands	show advanced 802.11a monitor, config advanced 802.11b monitor coverage

config advanced 802.11a monitor load

To set the load measurement interval between 60 and 3600 seconds, use the **config advanced 802.11a monitor load** command.

config advanced 802.11a monitor load *seconds*

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	advanced 802.11a	Advanced 802.11a parameters.
	monitor load	Monitor load interval.
	<i>seconds</i>	Load measurement interval between 60 and 3600 seconds.

Defaults	60 seconds.

Examples	To set the load measurement interval to 60 seconds: > config advanced 802.11a monitor load 60

Related Commands	show advanced 802.11a monitor , config advanced 802.11b monitor load

config advanced 802.11a monitor mode

To enable or disable 802.11a access point monitoring, use the **config advanced 802.11a monitor mode** command.

config advanced 802.11a monitor mode {enable | disable}

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
advanced 802.11a	Advanced 802.11a parameters.
monitor mode	Monitor mode.
{enable disable}	Enable or disable 802.11a access point monitoring.

Defaults

Enabled.

Examples

> **config advanced 802.11a monitor mode enable**

Related Commands

show advanced 802.11a monitor, config advanced 802.11b monitor mode

config advanced 802.11a monitor noise

To set the 802.11a noise measurement interval between 60 and 3600 seconds, use the **config advanced 802.11a monitor noise** command.

config advanced 802.11a monitor noise *seconds*

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
advanced 802.11a	Advanced 802.11a parameters.
monitor noise	Monitor noise interval.
<i>seconds</i>	Noise measurement interval between 60 and 3600 seconds.

Defaults

180 seconds.

Examples

To set the noise measurement interval to 120 seconds:

```
> config advanced 802.11a monitor noise 120
```

Related Commands

show advanced 802.11a monitor, **config advanced 802.11b monitor noise**

config advanced 802.11a monitor signal

To set the signal measurement interval between 60 and 3600 seconds, use the **config advanced 802.11a monitor signal** command.

config advanced 802.11a monitor signal *seconds*

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
advanced 802.11a	Advanced 802.11a parameters.
monitor signal	Monitor signal interval.
<i>seconds</i>	Signal measurement interval between 60 and 3600 seconds.

Defaults

60 seconds.

Examples

To set the signal measurement interval to 120 seconds:

```
> config advanced 802.11a monitor signal 120
```

Related Commands

show advanced 802.11a monitor, config advanced 802.11b monitor signal

config advanced 802.11a profile clients

To set the Cisco 1000 series IEEE 802.11a/b/g lightweight access point clients threshold between 1 and 75 clients, use the **config advanced 802.11a profile clients** command.

config advanced 802.11a profile clients {*global* | *Cisco_AP*} *clients*

Syntax Description	
config	Configure parameters.
advanced 802.11a	Advanced 802.11a parameters.
profile clients	Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point Client profile
{ <i>global</i> <i>Cisco_AP</i> }	- Enter global to configure all 802.11a Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access points. - Enter a Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point name.
<i>clients</i>	802.11a Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point clients threshold between 1 and 75 clients.

Defaults 12 clients.

Examples To set all Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point clients thresholds to 25 clients:

```
> config advanced 802.11a profile clients global 25
```

Global client count profile set.

To set the AP1 clients threshold to 75 clients:

```
> config advanced 802.11a profile clients AP1 75
```

Global client count profile set.

Related Commands show advanced 802.11a profile, config advanced 802.11b profile clients

config advanced 802.11a profile coverage

To set the Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point coverage threshold between 3 and 50 dB, use the **config advanced 802.11a profile coverage** command.

config advanced 802.11a profile coverage { **global** | *Cisco_AP* } *dBm*

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	advanced 802.11a	Advanced 802.11a parameters.
	profile coverage	Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point profile coverage
	{ global <i>Cisco_AP</i> }	Global or Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point specific profile.
	<i>dBm</i>	3 to 50 dB.

Defaults 12 dB.

Examples

To set all Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point coverage thresholds to 30 dB:

```
> config advanced 802.11a profile coverage global 30
```

To set AP1 coverage thresholds to 50 dB:

```
> config advanced 802.11a profile coverage AP1 50
```

Related Commands show advanced 802.11a profile, config advanced 802.11b profile coverage

config advanced 802.11a profile customize

To turn customizing on or off for an 802.11a Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point performance profile, use the **config advanced 802.11a profile customize** command.

config advanced 802.11a profile customize *Cisco_AP* {**on** | **off**}

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
advanced 802.11a	Advanced 802.11a parameters.
customize	Performance profile.
<i>Cisco_AP</i>	Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point.
{ on off }	Enter on to customize performance profiles for this Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point. Enter off to use global default performance profiles for this Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point.

Defaults

Off.

Examples

To turn performance profile customization on for 802.11a Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point AP1:

```
> config advanced 802.11a profile customize AP1 on
```

Related Commands

show advanced 802.11a profile, config advanced 802.11b profile customize

config advanced 802.11a profile exception

To set the Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point coverage exception level between 0 and 100 percent, use the **config advanced 802.11a profile exception** command.

config advanced 802.11a profile exception {*global* | *Cisco_AP*} *percent*

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
advanced 802.11a	Advanced 802.11a parameters.
profile exception	Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point profile exception
{global Cisco_AP}	Global or Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point specific profile.
percent	802.11a Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point coverage exception level between 0 and 100 percent.

Defaults

25 percent.

Examples

To set all Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point coverage exception levels to 0 percent:

```
> config advanced 802.11a profile exception global 0
```

To set the AP1 coverage exception level to 100 percent:

```
> config advanced 802.11a profile exception AP1 100
```

Related Commands

show advanced 802.11a profile, config advanced 802.11b profile exception

config advanced 802.11a profile foreign

To set the foreign 802.11a transmitter interference threshold between 0 and 100 percent, use the **config advanced 802.11a profile foreign** command.

config advanced 802.11a profile foreign { **global** | *Cisco_AP* } *percent*

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
advanced 802.11a	Advanced 802.11a parameters.
profile foreign	Foreign interference profile.
{ global <i>Cisco_AP</i> }	Global or Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point specific profile.
<i>percent</i>	802.11a foreign 802.11a interference threshold between 0 and 100 percent.

Defaults

10.

Examples

To set the Other 802.11a transmitter interference threshold for all Cisco 1000 series lightweight access points to 50 percent:

```
> config advanced 802.11a profile foreign global 50
```

To set the Other 802.11a transmitter interference threshold for AP1 to 0 percent:

```
> config advanced 802.11a profile foreign AP1 0
```

Related Commands

show advanced 802.11a profile, config advanced 802.11b profile foreign

config advanced 802.11a profile level

To set the Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point client minimum exception level between 1 and 75 clients, use the **config advanced 802.11a profile level** command.

config advanced 802.11a profile level {**global** | *Cisco_AP*} *clients*

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
advanced 802.11a	Advanced 802.11a parameters.
profile level	Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point profile level
{ global <i>Cisco_AP</i> }	Global or Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point specific profile.
<i>clients</i>	802.11a Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point client minimum exception level between 1 and 75 clients.

Defaults

3 clients.

Examples

To set all Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point client minimum exception levels to 10 clients:

```
> config advanced 802.11a profile level global 10
```

To set the AP1 client minimum exception level to 25 clients:

```
> config advanced 802.11a profile level AP1 25
```

Related Commands

show advanced 802.11a profile, config advanced 802.11b profile level

config advanced 802.11a profile noise

To set the 802.11a foreign noise threshold between -127 and 0 dBm, use the **config advanced 802.11a profile noise** command.

```
config advanced 802.11a profile noise {global | Cisco_AP} dBm
```

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	advanced 802.11a	Advanced 802.11a parameters.
	profile noise	Profile noise limits
	{ global <i>Cisco_AP</i> }	Global or Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point specific profile.
	<i>dBm</i>	802.11a foreign noise threshold between -127 and 0 dBm.

Defaults	-70 dBm.

Examples	To set the 802.11a foreign noise threshold for all Cisco 1000 series lightweight access points to -127 dBm:

```
> config advanced 802.11a profile noise global -127
```

To set the 802.11a foreign noise threshold for AP1 to 0 dBm:

```
> config advanced 802.11a profile noise AP1 0
```

Related Commands	show advanced 802.11a profile, config advanced 802.11b profile noise

config advanced 802.11a profile throughput

To set the Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point data-rate throughput threshold between 1000 and 10000000 bytes per second, use the **config advanced 802.11a profile throughput** command.

config advanced 802.11a profile throughput {**global** | *Cisco_AP*} *value*

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
advanced 802.11a	Advanced 802.11a parameters.
profile throughput	Data rate threshold.
{ global <i>Cisco_AP</i> }	Global or Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point specific profile.
<i>value</i>	802.11a Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point throughput threshold between 1000 and 10000000 bytes per second.

Defaults

1,000,000 bytes per second.

Examples

To set all Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point data-rate thresholds to 1000 bytes per second:

```
> config advanced 802.11a profile data-rate global 1000
```

To set the AP1 data-rate threshold to 10000000 bytes per second:

```
> config advanced 802.11a profile data-rate AP1 10000000
```

Related Commands

show advanced 802.11a profile, config advanced 802.11b profile data-rate

config advanced 802.11a profile utilization

To set the RF utilization threshold between 0 and 100 percent, use the **config advanced 802.11a profile utilization** command. OS generates a trap when this threshold is exceeded.

config advanced 802.11a profile utilization {**global** | *Cisco_AP*} *percent*

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	advanced 802.11a	Advanced 802.11a parameters.
	profile utilization	Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point profile utilization
	{ global <i>Cisco_AP</i> }	Global or Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point specific profile.
	<i>percent</i>	802.11a RF utilization threshold between 0 and 100 percent.

Defaults 80 percent.

Examples To set the RF utilization threshold for all Cisco 1000 series lightweight access points to 0 percent:

```
> config advanced 802.11a profile utilization global 0
```

To set the RF utilization threshold for AP1 to 100 percent:

```
> config advanced 802.11a profile utilization AP1 100
```

Related Commands show advanced 802.11a profile, config advanced 802.11b profile utilization

config advanced 802.11a receiver

To set the advanced receiver configuration, use the **config advanced 802.11a receiver** command.

```
config advanced 802.11a receiver {default | rxstart jumpThreshold value}
```

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	advanced 802.11a	Advanced 802.11a parameters.
	receiver	Receiver configuration.
	default	Default advanced receiver configuration.
	rxstart jumpThreshold value	802.11a advanced receiver start signal jump threshold configuration value (between 0 and 127).

Defaults	None.

Examples	To prevent changes to receiver parameters while network is enabled: > config advanced802.11a receiver default

Related Commands	config advanced 802.11b receiver

config advanced 802.11a txpower-update

To initiate updates of the 802.11a transmit power for every Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point, use the **config advanced 802.11a txpower-update** command.

config advanced 802.11a txpower-update

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	advanced 802.11a	Advanced 802.11a parameters.
	txpower-update	Update transmission power

Defaults	None.

Examples	> config advanced 802.11a txpower-update

Related Commands	config advance 802.11b txpower-update

CONFIG ADVANCED 802.11B COMMANDS

Use the ADVANCED 802.11b commands to configure advanced 802.11b settings.

config advanced 802.11b 7920VSIEConfig

To configure the 7920 VISE parameters, use the **config advanced 802.11b 7920VSIEConfig** command.

```
config advanced 802.11b 7920VSIEConfig { call-admission-limit limit |
G711-CU-Quantum quantum }
```

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	advanced 802.11b	Advanced 802.11b/g parameters.
	7920VSIEConfig	Configure 7920 VISE parameters.
	{ call-admission-limit G711-CU-Quantum }	- Enter call-admission-limit to configure the call admission limit for the 7920s. - Enter G711-CU-Quantum to configure the value supplied by the infrastructure indicating the current number of channel utilization units which would be used by a single G.711-20ms call.
	<i>limit</i>	Call admission limit (from 0 to 255). The default value is 105.
	<i>quantum</i>	G711 quantum value. The default value is 15.

Defaults None.

Examples

```
> config advanced 802.11b 7920VSIEConfig call-admission-limit 4
```

Related Commands None.

config advanced 802.11b channel foreign

To have RRM consider or ignore foreign 802.11b/g interference in making channel selection updates for all 802.11b/g Cisco 1000 series lightweight access points, use the **config advanced 802.11b channel foreign** command.

config advanced 802.11b channel foreign {enable | disable}

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	advanced 802.11b	Advanced 802.11b/g parameters.
	channel	RRM channel selections.
	foreign	Foreign interference.
	{enable disable}	Consider or ignore foreign access point 802.11b interference avoidance in the channel assignment.

Defaults	Enabled.

Examples	To have RRM consider foreign 802.11b/g interference when making channel selection updates for all 802.11b/g Cisco 1000 series lightweight access points: <pre>> config advanced 802.11b channel foreign enable</pre>

Related Commands	show advanced 802.11b channel, config advanced 802.11a channel foreign

config advanced 802.11b channel load

To have RRM consider or ignore traffic load in making channel selection updates for all 802.11b/g Cisco 1000 series lightweight access points, use the **config advanced 802.11b channel load** command.

config advanced 802.11b channel load {enable | disable}

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
advanced 802.11b	Advanced 802.11b/g parameters.
channel	RRM channel selections.
load	Traffic load.
{enable disable}	Consider or ignore access point 802.11b load avoidance in the channel assignment.

Defaults

Disabled.

Examples

To have RRM consider traffic load when making channel selection updates for all 802.11b/g Cisco 1000 series lightweight access points:

```
> config advanced 802.11b channel load enable
```

Related Commands

show advanced 802.11b channel, config advanced 802.11a channel load

config advanced 802.11b channel noise

To have RRM consider or ignore non-802.11b/g noise in making channel selection updates for all 802.11b/g Cisco 1000 series lightweight access points, use the **config advanced 802.11b channel noise** command.

config advanced 802.11b channel noise {enable | disable}

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	advanced 802.11b	Advanced 802.11b/g parameters.
	channel	RRM channel selections.
	noise	Non-802.11b/g noise.
	{enable disable}	Consider or ignore non-802.11b/g noise avoidance in the channel assignment.

Defaults	Disabled.

Examples	To have RRM consider non-802.11b/g noise when making channel selection updates for all 802.11b/g Cisco 1000 series lightweight access points:

```
> config advanced 802.11b channel noise enable
```

Related Commands	show advanced 802.11b channel, config advanced 802.11a channel noise

config advanced 802.11b channel update

To have RRM initiate a channel selection update for all 802.11b/g Cisco 1000 series lightweight access points, use the **config advanced 802.11b channel update** command.

config advanced 802.11b channel update

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
advanced 802.11b	Advanced 802.11b/g parameters.
channel update	Update the channel selections.

Defaults

None.

Examples

> **config advanced 802.11b channel update**

Related Commands

show advanced 802.11b channel, config advanced 802.11a channel update

config advanced 802.11b factory

To reset 802.11b/g advanced settings back to the factory defaults, use the **config advanced 802.11b factory** command.

config advanced 802.11b factory

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	advanced 802.11b	Advanced 802.11b/g parameters.
	factory	Return all 802.11b/g advanced settings to their factory defaults.

Defaults	None.

Examples	To reset all 802.11b/g advanced settings back to the factory defaults: > config advanced 802.11b factory

Related Commands	show advanced 802.11b channel

config advanced 802.11b group-mode

To set the 802.11b/g RF group selection mode on or off, use the **config advanced 802.11b group-mode** command.

config advanced 802.11b group-mode {auto | off}

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
advanced 802.11b	Advanced 802.11b/g parameters.
group-mode	Cisco radio RF grouping.
{auto off}	- Enter auto to set the 802.11b RF group selection to automatic update mode. - Enter off to set the 802.11b RF group selection to off.

Defaults

Auto.

Usage Guidelines

Use to enable or disable 802.11b/g automatic RF group selection mode.

Examples

To set the 802.11b/g RF group selection mode to automatic:

```
> config advanced 802.11b group-mode auto
```

To disable the 802.11b/g RF group selection mode:

```
> config advanced 802.11b group-mode off
```

Related Commands

show advanced 802.11b group, config advanced 802.11a group-mode

config advanced 802.11b logging channel

To turn the 802.11b/g channel change logging mode on or off, use the **config advanced 802.11b logging channel** command.

config advanced 802.11b logging channel {on | off}

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
advanced 802.11b	Advanced 802.11b/g parameters.
logging channel	Log channel changes.
{on off}	Enable or disable 802.11b channel logging.

Defaults

Disabled.

Examples

```
> config advanced 802.11b logging channel on
```

Related Commands

show advanced 802.11b logging, config advanced 802.11a logging channel

config advanced 802.11b logging coverage

To turn the 802.11b/g coverage profile logging mode on or off, use the **config advanced 802.11b logging coverage** command.

config advanced 802.11b logging coverage {on | off}

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
advanced 802.11b	Advanced 802.11b/g parameters.
logging coverage	Log coverage changes.
{on off}	Enable or disable 802.11b coverage profile violation logging.

Defaults

Off (disabled).

Examples

```
> config advanced 802.11b logging coverage on
```

Related Commands

show advanced 802.11b logging, config advanced 802.11a logging coverage

config advanced 802.11b logging foreign

To turn the 802.11b/g foreign interference profile logging mode on or off, use the **config advanced 802.11b logging foreign** command.

config advanced 802.11b logging foreign {on | off}

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	advanced 802.11b	Advanced 802.11b/g parameters.
	logging foreign	Log foreign changes.
	{on off}	Enable or disable foreign interference profile logging mode.

Defaults	Off (disabled).

Examples	> config advanced 802.11b logging foreign on

Related Commands	show advanced 802.11b logging , config advanced 802.11a logging foreign

config advanced 802.11b logging load

To turn the 802.11b/g load profile logging mode on or off, use the **config advanced 802.11b logging load** command.

config advanced 802.11b logging load {on | off}

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
advanced 802.11b	Advanced 802.11b/g parameters.
logging load	Log load changes.
{on off}	Enable or disable 802.11b load profile violation logging.

Defaults

Off (disabled).

Examples

```
> config advanced 802.11b logging load on
```

Related Commands

show advanced 802.11b logging, config advanced 802.11a logging load

config advanced 802.11b logging noise

To turn the 802.11b/g noise profile logging mode on or off, use the **config advanced 802.11b logging noise** command.

config advanced 802.11b logging noise {on | off}

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	advanced 802.11b	Advanced 802.11b/g parameters.
	logging noise	Log noise changes.
	{on off}	Enable or disable 802.11b noise profile violation logging.

Defaults	Off (disabled).

Examples	> config advanced 802.11b logging noise on

Related Commands	show advanced 802.11b logging , config advanced 802.11a logging noise

config advanced 802.11b logging performance

To turn the 802.11b/g performance profile logging mode on or off, use the **config advanced 802.11b logging performance** command.

config advanced 802.11b logging performance {on | off}

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
advanced 802.11b	Advanced 802.11b/g parameters.
logging performance	Log performance changes.
{on off}	Enable or disable 802.11b performance profile violation logging.

Defaults

Off (disabled).

Examples

```
> config advanced 802.11b logging performance on
```

Related Commands

show advanced 802.11b logging, config advanced 802.11a logging performance

config advanced 802.11b logging txpower

To turn the 802.11b/g transmit power change logging mode on or off, use the **config advanced 802.11b logging txpower** command.

config advanced 802.11b logging txpower {on | off}

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
advanced 802.11b	Advanced 802.11b/g parameters.
logging txpower	Log power changes.
{on off}	Enable or disable 802.11b transmit power change logging.

Defaults

Off (disabled).

Examples

```
> config advanced 802.11b logging txpower off
```

Related Commands

show advanced 802.11b logging, config advanced 802.11a logging power

config advanced 802.11b monitor channel-list

To set the 802.11b/g noise/interference/rogue monitoring channel list coverage, use the **config advanced 802.11b monitor channel-list** command.

```
config advanced 802.11b monitor channel-list {all | country | dca}
```

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
advanced 802.11b	Advanced 802.11b/g parameters.
monitor channel-list	Monitor channel list.
{all country dca}	- Enter all to monitor all channels. - Enter country to monitor channels used in configured country code. - Enter dca to monitor channels used by automatic channel assignment.

Defaults

country.

Examples

```
> config advanced 802.11b monitor channel-list country
```

Related Commands

show advanced 802.11b monitor, config advanced 802.11a monitor coverage

config advanced 802.11b monitor coverage

To set the 802.11b/g coverage measurement interval between 60 and 3600 seconds, use the **config advanced 802.11b monitor coverage** command.

config advanced 802.11b monitor coverage *seconds*

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	advanced 802.11b	Advanced 802.11b/g parameters.
	monitor coverage	Monitor coverage interval.
	<i>seconds</i>	Coverage measurement interval between 60 and 3600 seconds.

Defaults	180 seconds.

Examples	To set the coverage measurement interval to 60 seconds: > config advanced 802.11b monitor coverage 60

Related Commands	show advanced 802.11b monitor , config advanced 802.11a monitor coverage

config advanced 802.11b monitor load

To set the 802.11b/g load measurement interval between 60 and 3600 seconds, use the **config advanced 802.11b monitor load** command.

config advanced 802.11b monitor load *seconds*

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
advanced 802.11b	Advanced 802.11b/g parameters.
monitor load	Monitor load interval.
<i>seconds</i>	Load measurement interval between 60 and 3600 seconds.

Defaults

60 seconds.

Examples

To set the load measurement interval to 60 seconds:

```
> config advanced 802.11b monitor load 60
```

Related Commands

show advanced 802.11b monitor, config advanced 802.11a monitor load

config advanced 802.11b monitor mode

To enable or disable the 802.11b monitor mode, use the **config advanced 802.11b monitor mode** command.

config advanced 802.11b monitor mode {enable | disable}

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
advanced 802.11b	Advanced 802.11b parameters.
monitor mode	Monitor mode.
{enable disable}	Enable or disable 802.11b access point monitoring.

Defaults

Enabled.

Examples

```
> config advanced 802.11b monitor mode enable
```

Related Commands

show advanced 802.11b monitor, config advanced 802.11a monitor mode

config advanced 802.11b monitor noise

To set the 802.11b/g noise measurement interval between 60 and 3600 seconds, use the **config advanced 802.11b monitor noise** command.

config advanced 802.11b monitor noise *seconds*

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	advanced 802.11b	Advanced 802.11b/g parameters.
	monitor noise	Monitor noise interval.
	<i>seconds</i>	Noise measurement interval between 60 and 3600 seconds.

Defaults	180 seconds.

Examples	To set the noise measurement interval to 120 seconds: > config advanced 802.11b monitor noise 120

Related Commands	show advanced 802.11b monitor , config advanced 802.11a monitor noise

config advanced 802.11b monitor signal

To set the 802.11b/g signal measurement interval between 60 and 3600 seconds, use the **config advanced 802.11b monitor signal** command.

config advanced 802.11b monitor signal *seconds*

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	advanced 802.11b	Advanced 802.11b/g parameters.
	monitor signal	Monitor signal interval.
	<i>seconds</i>	Signal measurement interval between 60 and 3600 seconds.

Defaults	60 seconds.

Examples	To set the signal measurement interval to 120 seconds: > config advanced 802.11b monitor signal 120

Related Commands	show advanced 802.11b monitor, config advanced 802.11a monitor signal

config advanced 802.11b profile clients

To set the number of 802.11b/g Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point clients threshold between 1 and 75 clients, use the **config advanced 802.11b profile clients** command.

config advanced 802.11b profile clients {*global* | *Cisco_AP*} *clients*

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
advanced 802.11b	Advanced 802.11b/g parameters.
profile clients	Client profiles.
{ global <i>Cisco_AP</i> }	Global or Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point specific profile.
<i>clients</i>	802.11b Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point clients threshold between 1 and 75 clients.

Defaults

12 clients

Examples

To set the Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point clients threshold for all Cisco radios to 25:

```
> config advanced 802.11b profile clients global 25
```

To set the Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point clients threshold for AP1 to 75:

```
> config advanced 802.11b profile clients AP1 75
```

Related Commands

config advanced 802.11a profile clients

config advanced 802.11b profile coverage

To set the 802.11b/g Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point coverage threshold between 3 and 50 dB, use the **config advanced 802.11b profile coverage** command.

config advanced 802.11b profile coverage {*global* | *Cisco_AP*} *dBm*

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	advanced 802.11b	Advanced 802.11b/g parameters.
	profile coverage	Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point profile coverage
	{global Cisco_AP}	Global or Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point specific profile
	dBm	802.11b Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point coverage threshold between 3 and 50 dB.

Defaults 12 dB

Examples To set the Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point coverage threshold for all Cisco 1000 series lightweight access points to 30 dB:

```
> config advanced 802.11b profile coverage global 30
```

To set the Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point coverage threshold for AP1 to 50 dB:

```
> config advanced 802.11b profile coverage AP1 50
```

Related Commands config advanced 802.11a profile coverage

config advanced 802.11b profile customize

To turn customization on or off for an 802.11b/g Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point performance profile, use the **config advanced 802.11b profile customize** command.

config advanced 802.11b profile customize *Cisco_AP* {**on** | **off**}

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
advanced 802.11b	Advanced 802.11b/g parameters.
profile customize	Customize the performance profile for a Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point.
<i>Cisco_AP</i>	Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point name.
{ on off }	- Enter on to customize performance profiles for the specified Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point. - Enter off to use global default performance profiles for the specified Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point.

Defaults

Off

Examples

To turn customization on for the AP1 performance profile:

```
> config advanced 802.11b profile customize on
```

Related Commands

config advanced 802.11a profile customize

config advanced 802.11b profile exception

To set the 802.11b/g Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point coverage exception level between 0 and 100 percent, use the **config advanced 802.11b profile exception** command.

config advanced 802.11b profile exception {*global* | *Cisco_AP*} *percent*

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
advanced 802.11b	Advanced 802.11b/g parameters.
profile exception	Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point profile exception
{ <i>global</i> <i>Cisco_AP</i> }	Global or Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point specific profile
<i>percent</i>	802.11b Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point coverage exception level between 0 and 100 percent.

Defaults

25%

Examples

To set the Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point coverage exception level for all Cisco 1000 series lightweight access points to 0 percent:

```
> config advanced 802.11b profile exception global 0
```

To set the Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point coverage exception level for AP1 to 100 percent:

```
> config advanced 802.11b profile exception AP1 100
```

Related Commands

config advanced 802.11a profile exception

config advanced 802.11b profile foreign

To set the foreign 802.11b/g transmitter interference threshold between 0 and 100 percent, use the **config advanced 802.11b profile foreign** command.

config advanced 802.11b profile foreign {**global** | *Cisco_AP*} *percent*

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
advanced 802.11b	Advanced 802.11b/g parameters.
profile foreign	Foreign interference profile.
{ global <i>Cisco_AP</i> }	Global or Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point specific profile.
<i>percent</i>	802.11b foreign 802.11b interference threshold between 0 and 100 percent.

Defaults

10.

Examples

To set the foreign 802.11b/g transmitter interference threshold for the whole 802.11b/g network to 50 percent:

```
> config advanced 802.11b profile foreign global 50
```

To set the foreign 802.11b/g transmitter interference threshold for AP1 to 0 percent:

```
> config advanced 802.11b profile foreign AP1 0
```

Related Commands

config advanced 802.11b profile foreign

config advanced 802.11b profile level

To set the 802.11b/g Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point client minimum exception level between 1 and 75 clients, use the **config advanced 802.11b profile level** command.

config advanced 802.11b profile level {*global* | *Cisco_AP*} *clients*

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
advanced 802.11b	Advanced 802.11b/g parameters.
profile minimum	Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point profile level
{global Cisco_AP}	Global or Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point specific profile
clients	802.11b Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point client minimum exception level between 1 and 75 clients.

Defaults

3 clients

Examples

To set the Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point client minimum exception level for all Cisco radios to 75 clients:

```
> config advanced 802.11b profile level global 75
```

To set the Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point client minimum exception level for AP1 to 25 clients:

```
> config advanced 802.11b profile level AP1 25
```

Related Commands

config advanced 802.11a profile level

config advanced 802.11b profile noise

To set the 802.11b/g foreign noise threshold between -127 and 0 dBm, use the **config advanced 802.11b profile noise** command.

config advanced 802.11b profile noise {**global** | *Cisco_AP*} *dBm*

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	advanced 802.11b	Advanced 802.11b/g parameters.
	profile noise	Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point profile noise
	{ global <i>Cisco_AP</i> }	Global or Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point specific profile
	<i>dBm</i>	802.11b foreign noise threshold between -127 and 0 dBm.

Defaults -70 dB

Examples To set the 802.11b/g foreign noise threshold for the whole 802.11b/g network to -90 dBm:

> **config advanced 802.11b profile noise global -90**

To set the 802.11b/g foreign noise threshold for AP1 to -30 dBm:

> **config advanced 802.11b profile noise AP1 -30**

Related Commands config advanced 802.11a profile noise

config advanced 802.11b profile throughput

To set the 802.11b/g Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point throughput threshold between 1000 and 10000000 bytes per second, use the **config advanced 802.11b profile throughput** command.

config advanced 802.11b profile throughput {*global* | *Cisco_AP*} *rate*

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
advanced 802.11b	Advanced 802.11b/g parameters.
profile throughput	Throughput profile.
{ <i>global</i> <i>Cisco_AP</i> }	Global or Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point specific profile.
<i>rate</i>	1,000 to 10,000,000 bps.

Defaults

1,000,000 bps

Examples

To set the Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point throughput threshold for all Cisco radios to 1000 bytes per second:

```
> config advanced 802.11b profile throughput global 1000
```

To set the Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point throughput threshold for AP1 to 10000000 bytes per second:

```
> config advanced 802.11b profile throughput AP1 10000000
```

Related Commands

config advanced 802.11a profile throughput

config advanced 802.11b profile utilization

To set the 802.11b/g RF utilization threshold between 0 and 100 percent, use the **config advanced 802.11b profile utilization** command.

config advanced 802.11b profile utilization {**global** | *Cisco_AP*} *percent*

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	advanced 802.11b	Advanced 802.11b/g parameters.
	profile utilization	Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point profile utilization
	{ global <i>Cisco_AP</i> }	Global or Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point specific profile
	<i>percent</i>	802.11b RF utilization threshold between 0 and 100 percent.

Defaults 80%

Examples

To set the RF utilization threshold for the whole 802.11b/g network to 100 percent:

```
> config advanced 802.11b profile utilization global 100
```

To set the RF utilization threshold for the AP1 to 50 percent:

```
> config advanced 802.11b profile utilization AP1 50
```

Related Commands config advanced 802.11a profile utilization

config advanced 802.11b receiver

To set the advanced receiver configuration, use the **config advanced 802.11b receiver** command.

config advanced 802.11b receiver {default | rxstart}

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	advanced 802.11b	Advanced 802.11b parameters.
	receiver	Receiver configuration.
	{default rxstart}	- Enter default to specify default advanced receiver configuration. - Enter rxstart to specify advanced receiver start configuration.

Defaults	None.

Examples	Cannot change receiver params while network is enabled: > config advanced 802.11b receiver default

Related Commands	config advanced 802.11a receiver

config advanced 802.11b txpower-update

To initiate updates of the 802.11b transmit power for every Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point, use the **config advanced 802.11b txpower-update** command.

config advanced 802.11b txpower-update

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	advanced 802.11b	Advanced 802.11b parameters.
	txpower-update	Update transmission power

Defaults None.

Examples > **config advanced 802.11b txpower-update**

Related Commands config advance 802.11a txpower-update

config advanced arp

To configure advanced address resolution potocol (ARP) settings, use the **config advanced arp** command.

show advanced arp [padding *number*]

Syntax Description

padding	Configures the amount of padding to be added to an ARP frame.
<i>number</i>	Specifies the number (0 to 32 bytes) of padding characters.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> config advanced arp padding 5
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
show advanced arp	Displays the configured number of ARP padding bytes.

config advanced client-handoff

To set the client handoff to occur after a selected number of 802.11 data packet excessive retries, use the **config advanced client-handoff** command.

config advanced client-handoff *num_of_retries*

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
advanced	Advanced parameters.
client-handoff	Client handoff.
<i>num_of_retries</i>	Number of excessive retries before client handoff (from 0 to 255).

Defaults

0 excessive retries (disabled).

Examples

To set the client handoff to 100 excessive retries:

```
> config advanced client-handoff 100
```

Related Commands

show advanced client-handoff

config advanced eap

To configure advanced extensible authentication protocol (EAP) settings, use the **config advanced eap** command.

```
config advanced eap [ identity-request-timeout |
                    identity-request-retries |
                    key-index |
                    max-login-ignore-identity-response
                    request-timeout |
                    request-retries ]
```

Syntax Description		
identity-request-timeout	(Optional)	Configures the EAP identity request timeout (1 to 120 seconds).
identity-request-retries	(Optional)	Configures the maximum number of retries (3 to 20) for the EAP identity request.
key-index	(Optional)	Configures the key index (0 or 3) used for the dynamic WEP (802.1x) unicast key (PTK).
max-login-ignore-identity-response	(Optional)	Specifies that the maximum EAP identity response login count for a user is ignored.
request-timeout	(Optional)	Configures the EAP request timeout (1 to 120 seconds).
request-retries	(Optional)	Configures the maximum number of retries (2 to 20) allowed for the EAP request.

Defaults None.

Examples > **config advanced eap key-index 0**

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show advanced eap	Displays the advanced EAP settings.

config advanced location

This command is used configure ---TBD.

```
config advanced location { algorithm [simple | rssi-average] |
    rssi-half-life [client | calibrating-client | tags | rogue-aps] seconds |
    expiry [client | calibrating-client | tags | rogue-aps] seconds }
```

Syntax Description	
algorithm	(Optional) Configures the algorithm used to average RSSI and SNR values.
simple	(Optional) Specifies a faster algorithm that requires low CPU overhead but provides less accuracy.
rssi-average	(Optional) Specifies a more accurate algorithm but requires more CPU overhead.
rssi-half-life	(Optional) Configures the half life when averaging two RSSI readings.
expiry	(Optional) Configure the timeout for RSSI values.
client	(Optional) Specifies the parameter applies to client devices.
calibrating-client	(Optional) Specifies the parameter is used for calibrating client devices.
tags	(Optional) Specifies the parameter applies to radio frequency identification (RFID) tags.
rogue-aps	(Optional) Specifies the parameter applies to rogue access points.
seconds	Specifies a time value (0,1,2,5,10,20,30,60,90,120,180,300 seconds).

Defaults This command has no defaults.

Command History	Release	Modification
	4.1	This command was first introduced.

Examples

```
> config advanced location algorithm simple x
> config advanced location expiry client 60
```

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show advanced location summary	Displays location based summary information
	show advanced location detail	Displays detailed location information.

config advanced rate

To enable or disable switch control path rate limiting, use the **config advanced rate** command.

config advanced rate [**enable** | **disable**]

Syntax Description

enable	Enables the feature.
disable	Disables the feature.

Defaults

This command has no defaults.

Command History

Release	Modification
4.1	This command was first introduced.

Examples

```
> config ap tftp-downgrade 10.0.23.8 1238.tar ap1240_102301
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
TBD	

config advanced statistics

To enable or disable Cisco Wireless LAN controller port statistics collection, use the **config advanced statistics** command.

config advanced statistics {enable | disable}

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
advanced	Advanced parameters.
statistics	Statistics.
{enable disable}	Enable or disable switch port statistics.

Defaults

Enabled.

Examples

To disable statistics:

```
> config advanced statistics disable
```

Related Commands

show advanced statistics, show stats port, show stats switch

CONFIG ADVANCED TIMERS COMMANDS

User the advanced timers commands to configure advanced 802.11a settings.

config advanced timers ap-discovery-timeout

The Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point discovery time-out is how often a Cisco Wireless LAN controller attempts to discover unconnected Cisco 1000 series lightweight access points. To configure the Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point discovery time-out, use the **config advanced timers ap-discovery-timeout** command.

config advanced timers ap-discovery-timeout *seconds*

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	advanced	Advanced parameters.
	timers	Network timers.
	ap-discovery-timeout	Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point discovery timeout.
	<i>seconds</i>	Timeout value between 1 and 10 seconds.

Defaults	10 seconds.

Examples	> config advanced timers ap-discovery-timeout 5

Related Commands	show advanced timers

config advanced timers ap-heartbeat-timeout

The Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point heartbeat timeout controls how often the Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point sends a heartbeat keep-alive signal to the Cisco Wireless LAN controller. To configure the Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point heartbeat timeout, use the **config advanced timers ap-heartbeat-timeout** command.

config advanced timers ap-heartbeat-timeout *seconds*

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	advanced	Advanced parameters.
	timers	Network timers.
	ap-heartbeat-timeout	Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point heartbeat timeout.
	<i>seconds</i>	Timeout value between 1 and 30 seconds.

Defaults 30 seconds.

Examples > `config advanced timers ap-heartbeat-timeout 20`

Related Commands show advanced timers

config advanced timers auth-timeout

To configure the authentication timeout, use the **config advanced timers auth-timeout** command.

config advanced timers auth-timeout *seconds*

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	advanced	Advanced parameters.
	timers	Network timers.
	auth-timeout	Authentication response timeout.
	<i>seconds</i>	Timeout value in seconds between 5 and 600.

Defaults	10 seconds.

Examples	> config advanced timers auth-timeout 20

Related Commands	show advanced timers

config advanced timers eap-timeout

To configure the EAP expiration timeout, use the **config advanced timers eap-timeout** command.

config advanced timers eap-timeout *seconds*

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	advanced	Advanced parameters.
	timers	Network timers.
	eap-timeout	EAP timeout.
	<i>seconds</i>	Timeout value in seconds between 8 and 120.

Defaults	(None.)

Examples	> config advanced timers eap-timeout 10

Related Commands	show advanced timers

config advanced timers eap-identity-request-delay

To configure the advanced EAP identity request delay in seconds, use the **config advanced timers eap-identity-request-delay** command.

config advanced timers eap-identity-request-delay *seconds*

Syntax Description

show	Display configurations.
advanced	Advanced parameters.
timers	Advanced system timers.
eap-identity-request-delay	
<i>seconds</i>	Number of seconds between 0 and 10.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> show advanced timers eap-identity-request-delay 8
```

Related Commands

config advanced timers auth-timeout, **config advanced timers rogue-ap**, **show advanced timers**

CONFIG AP COMMANDS

Use the following CONFIG AP commands.

config ap add

To add a Foreign Access Point, use the **config ap add** command.

config ap add *MAC port {enable | disable} IP_address*

Syntax Description	config	Display configurations.
	ap	Advanced parameters.
	add	Add a Foreign Access Point.
	<i>MAC</i>	Foreign Access Point MAC address.
	<i>port</i>	Port number for accessing the Foreign Access Point.
	{enable disable}	Enable or disable 802.1X authentication for a Foreign Access Point.
	<i>IP_address</i>	IP Address for a Foreign Access Point. A value of 0 (default) means that the address is assigned by a DHCP server.

Defaults None.

Examples > config ap add 12:12:12:12:12:12 2033 enable 192.12.12.1

Related Commands config ap

config ap bhmode

To configure the Cisco Bridge Backhaul Mode, use the **config ap bhmode** command.

```
config ap bhmode {11a | 11b | 11g} Cisco_AP
```

Syntax Description	config	Display configurations.
	ap	Advanced parameters.
	bhmode	Configure the Cisco Bridge Backhaul Mode.
	{11a 11b 11g}	- Enter 11a to set 11a as the Cisco Bridge Backhaul Mode. - Enter 11b to set 11b as the Cisco Bridge Backhaul Mode. - Enter 11g to set 11g as the Cisco Bridge Backhaul Mode.
	<i>Cisco_AP</i>	Name of a Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point.

Defaults	None.

Examples

```
> config ap bhmode 11g AP02
```

```
Changing the AP's backhaul mode will cause the AP to reboot.  
Are you sure you want to continue? (y/n)
```

Related Commands	config ap

config ap bhrate

To configure the Cisco Bridge Backhaul Tx Rate, use the **config ap bhrate** command.

config ap bhrate *rate Cisco_AP*

Syntax Description	config	Display configurations.
	ap	Advanced parameters.
	bhrate	Configure Cisco Bridge Backhaul Tx Rate.
	<i>rate</i>	Cisco Bridge Backhaul Tx Rate in Kbps. The legal values are: 6000, 12000, 18000, 24000, 36000, 48000, and 54000.
	<i>Cisco_AP</i>	Name of a Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point.

Defaults None.

Examples > **config ap bhrate 54000 AP01**

Related Commands **config ap**

config ap bridgegroupname

To set or delete bridgegroupname on a Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point, use the **config ap bridgegroupname** command.



Note

Only access points with the same bridgegroupname can connect to each other.

config ap bridgegroupname {set *groupname* | delete} *Cisco_AP*

Syntax Description

config	Display configurations.
ap	Advanced parameters.
bridgegroupname	Set or delete bridgegroupname on a Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point
{set <i>groupname</i> delete}	- Enter set <i>groupname</i> to set a Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point's bridgegroupname. - Enter delete to delete a Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point's bridgegroupname.
<i>Cisco_AP</i>	Name of a Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> config ap bridgegroupname delete AP02
```

Changing the AP's bridgegroupname may strand the bridge AP. Please continue with caution.
Changing the AP's bridgegroupname will also cause the AP to reboot.
Are you sure you want to continue? (y/n)

Related Commands

config ap

config ap bridging

To enable or disable Ethernet-to-Ethernet bridging on a Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point, use the **config ap bridging** command.

config ap bridging {enable | disable} *Cisco_AP*

Syntax Description

config	Display configurations.
ap	Advanced parameters.
bridging	enable or disable Ethernet-to-Ethernet bridging on a Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point.
{enable disable}	Enable or disable Ethernet-to-Ethernet bridging.
<i>Cisco_AP</i>	Name of a Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point.

Defaults

None.

Examples

>

Related Commands

config ap

config ap cdp

To enable or disable Cisco Discovery Protocol (CDP) on a Cisco lightweight access point, use the **config ap cdp** command.

```
config ap cdp {enable | disable} {Cisco_AP | all}
```

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
ap	Configure lightweight access points.
cdp	Cisco Discovery Protocol.
enable disable	Enable or disable CDP.
<i>Cisco_AP</i> all	Name of a Cisco lightweight access point or all to specify all access points.

Defaults

Disabled.

Usage Guidelines

The **config ap cdp disable all** command disables CDP on all access points that are joined to the controller and all access points that join in the future. CDP remains disabled on both current and future access points even after the controller or access point reboots. To enable CDP, enter **config ap cdp enable all**.



Note

After you enable CDP on all access points joined to the controller, you may disable and then re-enable CDP on individual access points using **config ap cdp {enable | disable} Cisco_AP**. After you disable CDP on all access points joined to the controller, you may not enable and then disable CDP on individual access points.

Examples

```
> config ap cdp enable all
> config ap cdp disable ap02
```

Related Commands

config cdp {enable | disable}, **config cdp advertise**, **config cdp holdtime**, **config cdp timer**, **debug cdp events**, **debug cdp packets**, **save config**, **show ap cdp neighbors detail**, **show cdp entry all**, **show cdp traffic**

config ap core-dump

To configure a Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point's memory core dump, use the **config ap core-dump** command.

```
config ap core-dump {enable IP_address filename {compress | uncompress} | disable}
                  {Cisco_AP | all}
```

Syntax Description	config	Display configurations.
	ap	Advanced parameters.
	core-dump	Configure a Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point's memory core dump.
	{enable disable}	Enable or disable Ethernet-to-Ethernet bridging.
	<i>IP_address</i>	IP Address for the TFTP server.
	<i>filename</i>	Image file name on the TFTP server.
	{compress uncompress}	- Enter compress to compress the core dump file. - Enter uncompress to not compress the core dump file.
	{Cisco_AP all}	Name of a Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point or all to specify all access points.

Defaults None.

Examples > config ap core-dump enable 192.1.1.1 log compress AP02

Related Commands config ap

config ap crash-file clear-all

To delete all crash and radio core dump files, use the **config ap crash-file clear-all** command.

config ap crash-file clear-all

Syntax Description	config	Display configurations.
	ap	Advanced parameters.
	crash-file clear-all	Delete all crash and radio core dump files.

Defaults	None.

Examples	> config ap crash-file clear-all

Related Commands	config ap

config ap crash-file delete

To delete a single crash or radio core dump file, use the **config ap crash-file delete** command.

config ap crash-file delete *filename*

Syntax Description	config	Display configurations.
	ap	Advanced parameters.
	crash-file delete	Delete a single crash or radio core dump file.
	<i>filename</i>	Name of the file to delete.

Defaults	None.

Examples	> config ap crash-file delete crash-file-1

Related Commands	config ap

config ap crash-file get-crash-file

To collect the latest crash data for a Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point, use the **config ap crash-file get-crash-file** command. Use the [transfer upload datatype](#) command to transfer the collected data to the Cisco Wireless LAN controller.

config ap crash-file get-crash-file *Cisco_AP*

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	ap	Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point.
	crash-file get-crash-file	Collect the latest crash data for an access point.
	<i>Cisco_AP</i>	Name of the Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point.

Defaults	None.

Examples	<pre>> config ap crash-file get-crash-file AP3</pre>

config ap crash-file get-radio-core-dump

To get a Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point's radio core dump, use the **config ap crash-file get-radio-core-dump** command.

config ap crash-file get-radio-core-dump *Slot_ID* *Cisco_AP*

Syntax Description

config	Display configurations.
ap	Advanced parameters.
crash-file radio-core-dump	Get a Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point's radio core dump.
<i>Slot_ID</i>	The slot ID (either 0 or 1).
<i>Cisco_AP</i>	Name of a Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> config ap crash-file get-radio-core-dump 0 AP02
```

Related Commands

config ap

config ap delete

To delete a Foreign Access Point, use the **config ap delete** command.

config ap delete *MAC*

Syntax Description	config	Display configurations.
	ap	Advanced parameters.
	delete	Delete a Foreign Access Point.
	<i>MAC</i>	Foreign Access Point MAC address.

Defaults	None.

Examples	> config ap delete 12:12:12:12:12:12

Related Commands	config ap

config ap disable

To disable a Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point, use the **config ap disable** command.

config ap disable *Cisco_AP*

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
ap	Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point.
disable	Disable command.
<i>Cisco_AP</i>	Name of the Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point.

Defaults

None.

Examples

> **config ap disable AP1**

Related Commands

config ap enable

config ap enable

To enable a Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point, use the **config ap enable** command.

config ap enable *Cisco_AP*

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	ap	Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point.
	enable	Enable command.
	<i>Cisco_AP</i>	Name of the Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point.

Defaults	None.

Examples	> config ap enable AP1

Related Commands	config ap disable

config ap group-name

To specify a descriptive group name for a Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point, use the **config ap group-name** command. The Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point must be disabled before changing this parameter.

config ap group-name *groupname* *Cisco_AP*

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	ap	Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point.
	<i>groupname</i>	Descriptive group name.
	<i>Cisco_AP</i>	Name of the Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point.

Defaults	None.

Examples	> config ap group-name superusers AP01

Related Commands	show ap summary

config ap led-state

To enable or disable the LED-State for an access point, use the **config ap led-state** command.

config ap led-state {enable | disable} {Cisco_AP | all}

Syntax Description	config	Display configurations.
	ap	Advanced parameters.
	led-state	Enable or disable the LED-State for an access point.
	{enable disable}	Enable or disable the access point's LED-State.
	{Cisco_AP all}	Name of a Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point or all to specify all access points.

Defaults	None.

Examples	> config ap led-state enable AP02

Related Commands	config ap

config ap location

To modify the descriptive location of a Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point, use the **config ap location** command. The Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point must be disabled before changing this parameter.

config ap location *location Cisco_AP*

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	ap	Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point.
	location	Descriptive location.
	<i>location</i>	Location name (enclosed by double quotation marks).
	<i>Cisco_AP</i>	Name of the Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point.

Defaults None.

Examples > **config ap location "Building 1" AP1**

Related Commands show ap summary

config ap mode

Cisco Wireless LAN controllers communicate with Cisco 1000 series lightweight access points in one of three modes: local (normal), reap (remote office, must connect to a Cisco 1030 remote edge lightweight access point), or monitor (listen-only). To change a Cisco Wireless LAN controller communication option for an individual Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point, use the **config ap mode** command.

Note that the bridge mode can be set only on Cisco 1030 remote edge lightweight access points.

config ap mode {local | reap | monitor | rogue | sniffer | bridge} Cisco_AP

Syntax Description	config ap mode	Configure boot option.
	{local reap monitor rogue sniffer bridge}	You have six choices: • Enter local to specify the local mode. • Enter reap to specify the remote edge access point mode. • Enter monitor to specify the monitor-only mode. • Enter rogure to specify the rogue detector mode. • Enter sniffer to specify the wireless sniffer mode. • Enter bridge to specify the bridge access point mode.
	Cisco_AP	Name of the Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point.

Defaults

Local.

Examples

Sets the Cisco Wireless LAN controller to communicate with AP01 in local (normal) mode:

```
> config ap mode local AP01
```

Sets the Cisco Wireless LAN controller to communicate with Cisco 1030 remote edge lightweight access point AP91 in remote office mode:

```
> config ap mode reap AP91
```

Sets the Cisco Wireless LAN controller to communicate with AP02 in monitor (listen-only) mode:

```
> config ap mode monitor AP02
```

Sets the AP91 in rogue access point detector mode:

```
> config ap mode rogue AP91
```

Sets the AP02 in wireless sniffer mode. It will capture and forward all the packets from the clients on that channel to a remote machine that runs AiroPeek (A packet analyzer for IEEE 802.11 wireless LANs). It will include information on timestamp, signal strength, packet size and so on.

```
> config ap mode sniffer AP02
```

Sets the AP91 in bridge mode:

```
> config ap mode bridge AP91
```

**Note**

The bridge mode can be set only on a Cisco 1030 remote edge lightweight access point.

Related Commands

show ap config

config ap name

To modify the name of a Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point, use the **config ap name** command.

config ap name *new_name old_name*

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	ap	Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point.
	name	Name of the Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point.
	<i>new_name</i>	Desired Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point name.
	<i>old_name</i>	Current Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point name.

Defaults	None.

Examples	> config ap name AP1 AP2

Related Commands	show ap config

config ap port

To configure the port for a Foreign Access Point., use the **config ap port** command.

config ap port *MAC port*

Syntax Description	config	Display configurations.
	ap	Advanced parameters.
	port	Configure the port for a Foreign Access Point
	<i>MAC</i>	Foreign Access Point MAC address.
	<i>port</i>	Port number for accessing the Foreign Access Point.

Defaults	None.

Examples	> config ap port 12:12:12:12:12:12 20

Related Commands	config ap

config ap power injector

To configure the power injector state for an access point, use the **config ap power injector** command.

config ap power injector {enable | disable} {Cisco_AP | all} {installed | override | switch_MAC}

Syntax Description	config	Display configurations.
	ap	Advanced parameters.
	power	Configure the power injector state for an access point.
	{enable disable}	Enable or disable the power injector state for an access point.
	<i>Cisco_AP</i>	Name of the Cisco lightweight access point.
	all	Configure all Cisco lightweight access points connected to the controller.
	installed	Detect the MAC address of the current switch port that has a power injector.
	override	Override the safety checks and assume a power injector is always installed.
	<i>switch_MAC</i>	The MAC address of the switch port with an installed power injector.

Defaults	None.

Examples	> config ap power injector enable ap02 installed

Related Commands	config ap

config ap power pre-standard

To enable or disables the Inline Power Cisco Pre-Standard switch state for an access point, use the **config ap power pre-standard** command.

config ap power pre-standard {enable | disable} *Cisco_AP*

Syntax Description

config	Display configurations.
ap	Advanced parameters.
power pre-standard	Configure the Inline Power Cisco Pre-Standard switch state for an access point.
{enable disable}	Enable or disable the Inline Power Cisco pre-standard switch state for an access point.
<i>Cisco_AP</i>	Name of the Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point.

Defaults

None.

Examples

> **config ap power pre-standard enable AP02**

Related Commands

config ap

config ap primary-base

To set the Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point primary Cisco Wireless LAN controller, use the **config ap primary-base** command. The Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point associates with this Cisco Wireless LAN controller for all network operation and in the event of a hardware reset.

config ap primary-base *controller_name* *Cisco_AP*

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	ap	Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point.
	primary-base	Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point primary Cisco Wireless LAN controller.
	<i>controller_name</i>	Name of Cisco Wireless LAN controller.
	<i>Cisco_AP</i>	Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point name.

Defaults	None.

Examples	> config ap primary-base SW_1 AP2

Related Commands	show sysinfo, config sysname, config ap secondary-base, config ap tertiary-base

config ap remote-debug

To enable or disable remote debugging of Cisco lightweight access points or to remotely execute a command on a lightweight access point, use this command:

config ap remote-debug {enable | disable | exc-command cmd} Cisco_AP

Syntax Description

enable	Enables remote debugging.
Note	The debugging information is displayed only to the controller console and does not send output to a controller TELNET/SSH CLI session.
disable	Disables remote debugging.
exc-command	Specifies that a CLI command follows to be executed on the access point.
cmd	Command to be executed.
Note	The command to be executed must be enclosed in double quotes, such as config ap remote-debug exec-command "led flash 30" AP03 .
Note	The output of the command displays only to the controller console and does not send output to a controller TELNET/SSH CLI session.
Cisco_AP	Cisco lightweight access point name.

Defaults

None.

Examples

To enable remote debugging on access point AP01:

```
> config ap remote-debug enable AP01
```

To disable remote debugging on access point AP02:

```
> config ap remote-debug disable AP02
```

To execute the flash LED command on access point AP03:

```
> config ap remote-debug exc-command (command) AP03
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
show sysinfo	Displays system information.
config sysname	Specifies the system name.

config ap reporting-period

To reset a Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point, use the **config ap reset** command.

config ap reporting-period *period*

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	ap	Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point.
	reporting-period	Reporting-period command.
	<i>period</i>	Time period in seconds between 10 and 120.

Defaults	None.

Examples	> config ap reporting-period 120

Related Commands	show ap config 802.11a , show ap config 802.11ab

config ap reset

To reset a Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point, use the **config ap reset** command.

config ap reset *Cisco_AP*

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	ap	Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point.
	reset	Reset command.
	<i>Cisco_AP</i>	Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point name.

Defaults None.

Examples > **config ap reset AP2**

Related Commands show ap config

config ap role

To configure a Cisco Bridge role of operation, use the **config ap role** command.

config ap role {rooftop | poletop | auto} *Cisco_AP*

Syntax Description	config	Display configurations.
	ap	Advanced parameters.
	role	Configure a Cisco Bridge role of operation.
	{ rooftop poletop auto }	Set the Cisco Bridge role of operation to rooftop , poletop , or auto . • Rooftop role for the Cisco Bridge. • Poletop role for the Cisco Bridge. • Auto Role for the Cisco Bridge.
	<i>Cisco_AP</i>	Name of the Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point.

Defaults None.

Examples

```
> config ap role auto AP02
```

Changing the AP's role will cause the AP to reboot.
Are you sure you want to continue? (y/n)

Related Commands **config ap**

config ap rst-button

To configure the Reset button for an access point, use the **config ap rst-button** command.

config ap rst-button {enable | disable} *Cisco_AP*

Syntax Description	config	Display configurations.
	ap	Advanced parameters.
	rst-button	Configure the Reset button for an access point.
	{enable disable}	Enable or disable the Reset button for an access point.
	<i>Cisco_AP</i>	Name of the Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point.

Defaults None.

Examples > **config ap rst-button enable AP03**

Related Commands **config ap**

config ap secondary-base

To set the Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point secondary Cisco Wireless LAN controller, use the **config ap secondary-base** command. The Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point associates with this Cisco Wireless LAN controller for all network operation and in the event of a hardware reset.

config ap secondary-base *controller_name* *Cisco_AP*

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	ap	Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point.
	primary-base	Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point secondary Cisco Wireless LAN controller.
	<i>controller_name</i>	Name of Cisco Wireless LAN controller.
	<i>Cisco_AP</i>	Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point name.

Defaults	None.

Examples	> config ap secondary-base SW_1 AP2

Related Commands	show sysinfo, config sysname, config ap primary-base, config ap tertiary-base

config ap sniff 802.11a

To enable or disable sniffing on a Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point radio, use the **config ap sniff 802.11a** command.

When the sniffer feature is enabled on a Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point, it starts sniffing the signal on the given channel. It captures and forwards all the packets to the remote computer that runs airopeek, a packet analyzer for IEEE 802.11 wireless LANs. It includes information on timestamp, signal strength, packet size and so on.

Before a Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point can act as a sniffer, a remote computer that runs Airopeek must be set up so that it can receive packets sent by the Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point. After the Airopeek installation, copy the following .dll files to the location where airopeek is installed.

- socket.dll file to the Plug-ins folder (for example, C:\Program Files\WildPackets\AiroPeek\Plugins)
- socketres.dll file to the PluginRes folder (for example, C:\Program Files\WildPackets\AiroPeek\1033\PluginRes)

config ap sniff 802.11a {*enable channel ip_address* | **disable**} *Cisco_AP*

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
ap	Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point.
sniff	Sniffer command.
802.11a { enable disable }	Enable or disable sniffing.
<i>channel</i>	Channel to be sniffed.
<i>ip_address</i>	The IP address of the sniffer server (remote Airopeek ip address)
<i>Cisco_AP</i>	Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point name.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> config ap sniff 80211a enable 23 11.22.44.55 AP01
```

Related Commands

show ap config, config ap sniff 802.11b

config ap sniff 802.11b

To enable or disable sniffing on a Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point radio, use the **config ap sniff 802.11b** command.

When the sniffer feature is enabled on a Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point, it starts sniffing the signal on the given channel. It captures and forwards all the packets to the remote computer that runs airoppeek (a packet analyzer for IEEE 802.11 wireless LANs). It includes information on timestamp, signal strength, packet size and so on.

Before a Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point can act as a sniffer, a remote computer that runs Airoppeek must be set up so that it can receive packets sent by the Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point. After the Airoppeek installation, copy the following .dll files to the location where airoppeek is installed.

- socket.dll file to the Plug-ins folder (for example, C:\Program Files\WildPackets\AiroPeek\Plugins)
- socketres.dll file to the PluginRes folder (for example, C:\Program Files\WildPackets\AiroPeek\1033\PluginRes)

config ap sniff 802.11b {**enable** *channel ip_address* | **disable**} *Cisco_AP*

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
ap	Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point.
sniff 802.11b	Sniffer command.
{ enable disable }	Enable or disable sniffing.
<i>channel</i>	Channel to be sniffed.
<i>ip_address</i>	IP address of the sniffer server (remote Airoppeek ip address).
<i>Cisco_AP</i>	Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point name.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> config ap sniff 80211b enable 23 11.22.44.55 AP01
```

Related Commands

show ap config, config ap sniff 802.11a

config ap static-ip

To configure Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point static IP address settings, use the **config ap static-ip** command.

config ap static-ip {**enable** *Cisco_AP ip_address net_mask gateway* | **disable** *Cisco_AP*}

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
ap	Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point.
static-ip	configure Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point static IP address settings.
{enable disable}	Configure the Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point static IP address. Disable the Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point static IP address. The Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point uses DHCP to get the IP address.
<i>Cisco_AP</i>	Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point name.
<i>ip_address</i>	Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point IP address
<i>net_mask</i>	The Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point network mask.
<i>gateway</i>	IP address of the Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point gateway.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> config ap static-ip enable AP2 1.1.1.1 255.255.255.0 10.1.1.1
```

Related Commands

show sysinfo, config sysname, config ap secondary-base, config ap primary-base

config ap stats-timer

Use this command to set the time in seconds that the Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point sends its DOT11 statistics to the Cisco Wireless LAN controller. A value of 0 (zero) means the Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point will not send any DOT11 statistics. The acceptable range for the timer is from 0 to 65535 seconds, and the Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point must be disabled to set this value.

config ap stats-timer *period Cisco_AP*

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	ap	Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point.
	stats-timer	Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point primary Cisco Wireless LAN controller.
	<i>period</i>	Time in seconds from 0 to 65535. A zero value disables the timer.
	<i>Cisco_AP</i>	Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point name.

Defaults	0 (disabled).

Examples	> config ap stats-timer 600 AP2

Related Commands	config ap disable

config ap tertiary-base

To set the Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point tertiary Cisco Wireless LAN controller, use the **config ap tertiary-base** command. The Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point associates with this Cisco Wireless LAN controller for all network operation and in the event of a hardware reset.

config ap tertiary-base *controller_name* *Cisco_AP*

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	ap	Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point.
	tertiary-base	Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point tertiary Cisco Wireless LAN controller.
	<i>controller_name</i>	Name of Cisco Wireless LAN controller.
	<i>Cisco_AP</i>	Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point name.

Defaults None.

Examples > **config ap tertiary-base SW_1 AP2**

Related Commands show sysinfo, config sysname, config ap secondary-base, config ap primary-base

config ap tftp-downgrade

This command is used to configure the settings used for downgrading a lightweight access point to an autonomous access point. ---TBD.

config ap tftp-downgrade (*tftp_ip_address*) (*image_filename*) (*ap_name*)

Syntax Description

<i>tftp_ip_address</i>	Specifies the IP address of the TFTP server .
<i>image_filename</i>	Specifies the filename of the access point image file on the TFTP server.
<i>ap_name</i>	Specifies the access point name.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> config ap tftp-downgrade 10.0.23.8 1238.tar ap1240_102301
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
show running-config	This is an autonomous access point console command that displays the current running configuration.
show version	This is an autonomous access point console command that displays the operating system version on the access point.

config ap wlan

To enable or disable wireless LAN override for a Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point radio, and to add or delete wireless LANs to or from a Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point radio, as described in the related product guide, use the **config ap wlan** command.

config ap wlan {add | delete | enable | disable} {802.11a | 802.11b} wlan_id Cisco_AP

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	ap	Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point.
	wlan	Reset command.
	{add delete enable disable}	- Add or delete a wireless LAN on an access point. (Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point must have wireless LAN override enabled to add or delete a wireless LAN.) - Enable or disable per access point wireless LAN override on an access point.
	{802.11a 802.11b}	Select 802.11a or 802.11b/g radio.
	<i>wlan_id</i>	Optional Cisco Wireless LAN controller ID assigned to a wireless LAN.
	<i>Cisco_AP</i>	Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point name.

Defaults None.

Examples

To enable wireless LAN override on the AP03 802.11a radio:

```
> config ap wlan enable 802.11a AP03
```

To add wireless LAN ID 1 on the AP03 802.11a radio:

```
> config ap wlan add 802.11a 1 AP03
```

To delete wireless LAN ID 1 from the AP03 802.11a radio:

```
> config ap wlan delete 802.11a AP03
```

To disable wireless LAN override on the AP03 802.11a radio:

```
> config ap wlan disable 802.11a AP03
```

Related Commands show ap wlan

config ap username

This command is used to configure the settings used for downgrading a lightweight access point to an autonomous access point---TBD.

config ap username *user_id* **password** *passwd* [**all** | *ap_name*]

Syntax Description

username	Configures the access point's administrator username.
<i>user_id</i>	Specifies the administrator username.
password	Configures the access point's administrator password.
<i>passwd</i>	Specifies the administrator password.
all	Configures all
<i>ap_name</i>	

Defaults

This command has no defaults.

Command History

Release	Modification
4.1	This command was first introduced.

Examples

```
> config ap tftp-downgrade 10.0.23.8 1238.tar ap1240_102301
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
TBD	

config auth-list add

To create an authorized access point entry, use the **config auth-list add** command.

config auth-list add { **mic** | **ssc** } *AP_MAC* [*AP_key*]

Syntax Description	config auth-list	Command action.
	add	Create an authorized access point entry.
	mic	Access point has manufacture installed certificate.
	ssc	Access point has self-signed certificate.
	<i>AP_MAC</i>	MAC address of a Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point.
	<i>AP_key</i>	A key hash value equal to 20 bytes or 40 digits.

Defaults None.

Examples > config auth-list add mic 00:0b:85:02:0d:20

Related Commands config auth-list delete, config auth-list ap-policy.

config auth-list ap-policy

To configure an access point authorization policy, use the **config auth-list ap-policy** command.

```
config auth-list ap-policy {authorize-ap {enable | disable} | ssc {enable | disable}}
```

Syntax Description

config auth-list	Command action.
ap-policy	Create an authorized access point entry.
authorize-ap {enable disable}	Enable or disable access point authorization.
ssc {enable disable}	Enable or disable access point with self-signed certificate to connect.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> config auth-list ap-policy authorize-ap enable  
> config auth-list ap-policy ssc disable
```

Related Commands

config auth-list add, config auth-list delete.

config auth-list delete

To delete an access point entry, use the **config auth-list delete** command.

config auth-list delete *AP_MAC*

Syntax Description	config auth-list	Command action.
	delete	Delete an access point entry.
	<i>AP_MAC</i>	MAC address of a Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point.

Defaults None.

Examples

```
> config auth-list delete 00:0b:85:02:0d:20
```

Related Commands **config auth-list add**, **config auth-list ap-policy**.

config boot

Each Cisco Wireless LAN controller can boot off the primary, last-loaded OS image or boot off the backup, earlier-loaded OS image. To change a Cisco Wireless LAN controller boot option, use the **config boot** command.

config boot {primary | backup}

Syntax Description	config boot	Configure boot option.
	{primary backup}	Set the primary image or backup image as active.

Defaults	primary

Examples	> config boot primary
	> config boot backup

Related Commands	show boot

config cdp timer

This command is used configure the CDP maximum hold timer---TBD.

config cdp timer *seconds*

Syntax Description	<i>seconds</i>	Specifies the maximum hold timer value (5 to 254 seconds). --- TBD 900 seconds??

Defaults	This command has no defaults.

Command History	Release	Modification
	4.1	This command was first introduced.

Examples	> config cdp timer 150

Related Commands	Command	Description
	TBD	

config certificate

To configure SSL certificates, use the **config certificate** command.

```
config certificate {generate {webadmin | webauth} | compatibility {on | off}}
```

Syntax Description

config certificate	Command action.
generate {webadmin webauth}	Generates a new web administration certificate or a new web authentication certificate.
compatibility {on off}	Enables or disables compatibility mode for inter-Cisco Wireless LAN controller ipsec

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> config certificate generate webadmin
```

```
Creating a certificate may take some time. Do you wish to continue? (y/n)
```

```
> config certificate compatibility
```

Related Commands

show certificate summary, show certificate compatibility

config client ccx log-request

To configure a Cisco client extension (CCX) log request for a specified client device, use the **config client CCX log-request** command.

config client ccx log-request [**roam** | **rsna** | **syslog**] *client_mac_address*

Syntax Description

roam	Specifies the request to specify the client CCX roaming log.
rsna	Specifies the request to specify the client CCX RSNA log.
syslog	Specifies the request to specify the client CCX system log.
<i>client_mac_address</i>	Specifies the MAC address of the client.

Defaults

This command has no defaults.

Command History

Release	Modification
4.1	This command was first introduced.

Examples

```
> config client ccx log-request syslog 00:40:96:a8:f7:98
> show client ccx log-response syslog 00:40:96:a8:f7:98
```

```
Tue Oct 05 13:05:21 2006
  SysLog Response LogID=1: Status=Successful
  Event Timestamp=121212121212
  Client SysLog = 'This is a test syslog 2'
  Event Timestamp=121212121212
  Client SysLog = 'This is a test syslog 1'
```

```
Tue Oct 05 13:04:04 2006
  SysLog Request LogID=1
```

```
> config client ccx log-request roam 00:40:96:a8:f7:98
> show client ccx log-response roam 00:40:96:a8:f7:98
```

```
Thu Jun 22 11:55:14 2006
  Roaming Response LogID=20: Status=Successful
  Event Timestamp=121212121212
  Source BSSID=00:40:96:a8:f7:98, Target BSSID=00:0b:85:23:26:70,
  Transition Time=100(ms)
  Transition Reason: Unspecified Transition Result: Success
```

```
Thu Jun 22 11:55:04 2006
  Roaming Request LogID=20
```

```
Thu Jun 22 11:54:54 2006
  Roaming Response LogID=19: Status=Successful
  Event Timestamp=121212121212
  Source BSSID=00:40:96:a8:f7:98, Target BSSID=00:0b:85:23:26:70,
  Transition Time=100(ms)
  Transition Reason: Unspecified Transition Result: Success
```

```
Thu Jun 22 11:54:33 2006  Roaming Request LogID=19
```

```
> config client ccx log-request rsna 00:40:96:a8:f7:98
> show client ccx log-response rsna 00:40:96:a8:f7:98
```

```
Tue Oct 05 11:06:48 2006
  RSNA Response LogID=2: Status=Successful
  Event Timestamp=242424242424
  Target BSSID=00:0b:85:23:26:70
  RSNA Version=1
  Group Cipher Suite=00-0f-ac-01
  Pairwise Cipher Suite Count = 2
    Pairwise Cipher Suite 0 = 00-0f-ac-02
    Pairwise Cipher Suite 1 = 00-0f-ac-04
  AKM Suite Count = 2
    KM Suite 0 = 00-0f-ac-01
    KM Suite 1 = 00-0f-ac-02
  SN Capability = 0x1
  PMKID Count = 2
    PMKID 0 = 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 10 11 12 13 14 15 16
    PMKID 1 = 0a 0b 0c 0d 0e 0f 17 18 19 20 1a 1b 1c 1d 1e 1f
  802.11i Auth Type: EAP_FAST
  RSNA Result: Success
Tue Oct 05 11:05:48 2006
  RSNA Request LogID=2
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
show client ccx log-response	Displays the log response from the client device.

config client ccx stats-request

This command is used configure the---TBD.

config client ccx stats-request *duration* [**dot11** | **security**] *client_mac_address*

Syntax Description

<i>duration</i>	Specifies the measurement duration in seconds. ----TBD
dot11	Specifies dot11 counters.
security	Secifies security counters.
<i>client_mac_address</i>	Specifies the MAC address of the client.

Defaults

This command has no defaults.

Command History

Release	Modification
4.1	This command was first introduced.

Examples

```
> config client ccx stat-request 1 dot11 00:40:96:a8:f7:98
> show client ccx stat-report 00:40:96:a8:f7:98
```

Measurement duration = 1

```
dot11TransmittedFragmentCount      = 1
dot11MulticastTransmittedFrameCount = 2
dot11FailedCount                    = 3
dot11RetryCount                     = 4
dot11MultipleRetryCount             = 5
dot11FrameDuplicateCount            = 6
dot11RTSSuccessCount                = 7
dot11RTSFailureCount                = 8
dot11ACKFailureCount                = 9
dot11ReceivedFragmentCount          = 10
dot11MulticastReceivedFrameCount    = 11
dot11FCSErrorCount                  = 12
dot11TransmittedFrameCount          = 13
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
show client ccx stats-report	Displays the log response from the client

config client deauthenticate

To disconnect a client, use the **config client deauthenticate** command.

config client deauthenticate *MAC*

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	client	Network client.
	deauthenticate	Deauthenticate command.
	<i>MAC</i>	Client MAC address.

Defaults None.

Examples

```
> config client deauthenticate 11:11:11:11:11:11
```

Related Commands show client summary, show client detail

config client location-calibration

This command is used configure link aggregation---TBD.

config client location-calibration [**enable** mac_address interval | **disable** mac_address]

Syntax Description

enable	Specifies that client location calibration is enabled.
disable	Specifies that client location calibration is disabled.
<i>mac_address</i>	Specifies the MAC address of the client.
<i>interval</i>	Specifies the measurement interval in seconds.

Defaults

This command has no defaults.

Command History

Release	Modification
4.1	This command was first introduced.

Examples

```
> config client location-calibration enable 37:15:86:2a:Bc:cf 45
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
show client	Displays all location calibration clients and parameters.
location-calibration summary	

config country

To configure the controller's country code, use the **config country** command. Use the **show country** command to display a list of supported countries.

config country *country_code*

**Note**

Cisco Wireless LAN controllers must be installed by a network administrator or qualified IT professional and the installer must select the proper country code. Following installation, access to the unit should be password protected by the installer to maintain compliance with regulatory requirements and to ensure proper unit functionality. Refer to the related product guide for the most recent country codes and regulatory domains.

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
country	Set this Cisco Wireless LAN controller to comply with selected country's regulations.
<i>country_code</i>	A two-letter or three-letter country code.

Defaults

us (country code of the United States of America).

Examples

```
> config country DE
```

Related Commands

show country

config custom-web ext-webauth-mode

To configure external URL web-based client authorization for the custom-web authentication page, use the **config custom-web ext-webauth-mode** command.

config custom-web ext-webauth-mode {enable | disable}

Syntax Description

config custom-web	Command action.
ext-webauth-mode {enable disable}	Enable or disable external URL web-based client authorization.

Defaults

None.

Examples

> **config custom-web ext-webauth-mode enable**

Related Commands

config custom-web redirectUrl, **config custom-web weblogo**, **config custom-web webmessage**, **config custom-web webtitle**, **config custom-web ext-webauth-url**, **show custom-web**

config custom-web ext-webauth-url

To configure the complete external web authentication URL for the custom-web authentication page, use the **config custom-web ext-webauth-url** command.

config custom-web ext-webauth-url *URL*

Syntax Description

config custom-web	Command action.
ext-webauth-url <i>URL</i>	Set the complete external web authentication URL used for web-based client authorization.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> config custom-web ext-webauth-url http://www.AuthorizationURL.com/
```

Related Commands

config custom-web redirectUrl, **config custom-web weblogo**, **config custom-web webmessage**, **config custom-web webtitle**, **config custom-web ext-webauth-mode**, **show custom-web**

config custom-web ext-webserver

To configure an external web server, use the **config custom-web ext-webserver** command.

config custom-web ext-webserver {**add** *index* *IP_address* | **delete** *index*}

Syntax Description	config custom-web	Command action.
	ext-webserver	The URL used for web-based client authorization.
	{add delete}	Add or delete an external web server.
	<i>index</i>	Index of the external web server in the list of external web server. Must be a number between 1 and 20.
	<i>IP_address</i>	The IP address of the external web server.

Defaults	None.

Examples	> config custom-web ext-webserver add 2 192.23.32.19

Related Commands	config custom-web redirectUrl , config custom-web weblogo , config custom-web webmessage , config custom-web webtitle , config custom-web ext-webauth-mode , config custom-web ext-webauth-url , show custom-web

config custom-web redirectUrl

To configure the redirect URL for the custom-web authentication page, use the **config custom-web redirectUrl** command.

config custom-web redirectUrl *URL*

Syntax Description

config custom-web	Command action.
redirectUrl <i>URL</i>	Set the redirect URL to the specified address.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> config custom-web redirectUrl abc.com
```

Related Commands

config custom-web weblogo, **config custom-web webmessage**, **config custom-web webtitle**, **config custom-web ext-webauth-mode**, **config custom-web ext-webauth-url**, **show custom-web**

config custom-web weblogo

To configure the web authentication logo for the custom-web authentication page, use the **config custom-web weblogo** command.

config custom-web weblogo {enable | disable}

Syntax Description

config custom-web	Command action.
weblogo {enable disable}	Enable or disable the web authentication logo.

Defaults

None.

Examples

> **config custom-web weblogo enable**

Related Commands

config custom-web redirectUrl, **config custom-web webmessage**, **config custom-web webtitle**, **config custom-web ext-webauth-mode**, **config custom-web ext-webauth-url**, **show custom-web**

config custom-web webmessage

To configure the custom web authentication message text for the custom-web authentication page, use the **config custom-web webmessage** command.

config custom-web webmessage *message*

Syntax Description

config custom-web	Command action.
webmessage <i>message</i>	Set custom message text for web authentication.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> config custom-web webmessage Thisistheplace
```

Related Commands

config custom-web redirectUrl, **config custom-web weblogo**, **config custom-web webtitle**, **config custom-web ext-webauth-mode**, **config custom-web ext-webauth-url**, **show custom-web**

config custom-web webtitle

To configure the web authentication title text for the custom-web authentication page, use the **config custom-web webtitle** command.

config custom-web webtitle *title*

Syntax Description

config custom-web	Command action.
webtitle <i>title</i>	Set the custom title text for web authentication.

Defaults

None.

Examples

> **config custom-web webtitle Helpdesk**

Related Commands

config custom-web redirectUrl, **config custom-web weblogo**, **config custom-web webmessage**, **config custom-web ext-webauth-mode**, **config custom-web ext-webauth-url**, **show custom-web**

config database size

To configure the local database, use the **config database** command. Use the show database command to display local database configuration.

config database size *count*

Syntax Description	
config database size	Command action.
<i>count</i>	A database size value between 512 and 2040

Defaults	
	None.

Examples	
	Configures the dhcp lease for scope 003.
	> config database size 1024

Related Commands	
	show database

config dhcp

To configure the internal DHCP, use the **config dhcp** command. Use the **show dhcp** command to display the internal DHCP configuration.

```
config dhcp {address-pool scope start end | create-scope scope |
  default-router scope router_1 [router_2] [router_3] | delete-scope scope | disable scope |
  dns-servers scope dns1 [dns2] [dns3] | domain scope domain |
  enable scope | lease scope lease_duration |
  netbios-name-server scope wins1 [wins2] [wins3] |
  network scope network netmask}
```

Syntax Description	config dhcp	Command action.
	address-pool <i>scope start end</i>	Configure an address range to allocate. You must specify the scope name and the first and last addresses of the address range.
	create-scope <i>name</i>	Create a new dhcp scope. You must specify the scope name.
	default-router <i>scope router_1 [router_2] [router_3]</i>	Configure the default routers for the specified scope and specify the IP address of a router. Optionally, you can specify the IP addresses of secondary and tertiary routers.
	delete-scope <i>scope</i>	Delete the specified DHCP scope.
	disable <i>scope</i>	Disable the specified DHCP scope.
	dns-servers <i>scope dns1 [dns2] [dns3]</i>	Configure the name servers for the given scope. You must also specify at least one name server. Optionally, you can specify secondary and tertiary name servers.
	domain <i>scope domain</i>	Configure the DNS domain name. You must specify the scope and domain names.
	enable <i>scope</i>	Enable the specified dhcp scope.
	lease <i>scope lease_duration</i>	Configure the lease duration (in seconds) for the specified scope.
	netbios-name-server <i>scope wins1 [wins2] [wins3]</i>	Configure the netbios name servers. You must specify the scope name and the IP address of a name server. Optionally, you can specify the IP addresses of secondary and tertiary name servers.
	network <i>scope network netmask</i>	Configure the network and netmask. You must specify the scope name, the network address, and the network mask.

Defaults

None.

Examples

Configures the DHCP lease for the scope 003.

```
> config dhcp lease 003
```

Related Commands

show dhcp

config dhcp proxy

To specify the level at which DHCP packets are modified, use the **config dhcp proxy** command. Use the **show dhcp proxy** command to display the status of DHCP proxy handling.

```
config dhcp proxy { enable | disable }
```

Syntax Description	config dhcp proxy { enable disable }	Command action.
		- Enter enable to allow the controller to modify the DHCP packets without limit. - Enter disable to reduce DHCP packet modification to the level of a relay.

Defaults	Enabled.

Examples	> config dhcp proxy disable

Related Commands	show dhcp proxy

config exclusionlist

To create or delete an exclusion list entry, use the **config exclusionlist** command.

```
config exclusionlist {add MAC [description] | delete MAC | description MAC [description]}
```

Syntax Description	config exclusionlist	Configure the exclusion list.
	{add delete description}	- Enter add to create a local exclusion-list entry. - Enter delete to delete a local exclusion-list entry. - Enter description to set the description for an exclusion-list entry.
	MAC	MAC address of the local Excluded entry.
	[description]	[Optional] The description, up to 32 characters, for an excluded entry.

Defaults None.

```
> config exclusionlist add xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx lab
> config exclusionlist delete xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx lab
```

Related Commands show exclusionlist

CONFIG INTERFACE COMMANDS

Use the CONFIG INTERFACE commands to configure interface commands.

config interface acl

To configure an interface's Access Control List, use the **config interface acl** command.

config interface acl { **ap-manager** | **management** | *interface_name* } { *ACL* | **none** }



Note

For a Cisco 2000 series wireless LAN controller, you must configure a pre-authentication ACL on the wireless LAN for the external web server. This ACL should then be set as a wireless LAN pre-authentication ACL under Web Policy. However, you do not need to configure any pre-authentication ACL for Cisco 4100 series wireless LAN controllers and Cisco 4400 series wireless LAN controllers.

Syntax Description

config interface acl	Command action
ap-manager	Configures the access point manager interface.
management	Configures the management interface.
<i>interface_name</i>	Enter interface name.
{ <i>ACL</i> none }	Specify an ACL name up to 32 alphanumeric characters or enter none .

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> config interface acl management none
```

Related Commands

show interface

config interface address

To configure address information for an interface's, use the **config interface address** command.

```
config interface address
{ ap-manager IP_address netmask gateway |
  management IP_address netmask gateway |
  service-port IP_address netmask |
  virtual IP_address |
  interface-name interface-name IP_address netmask gateway }
```

Syntax Description

ap-manager	Specifies the access point manager interface.
management	Specifies the management interface.
service-port	Specifies the out-of-band service port interface.
virtual	Specifies the virtual gateway interface.
interface-name	Specifies the interface identified by the <i>interface-name</i> parameter.
<i>interface-name</i>	Specifies the interface name.
<i>IP_address</i>	Specifies the IP address.
<i>netmask</i>	Specifies the network mask.
<i>gateway</i>	Specifies the IP address of the gateway.

Defaults

None.

Command History

Release	Modification
TBD.....	This command was first introduced.

Usage Guidelines

TBD

Examples

```
> config interface address ap-manager 10.109.15.7 255.255.0.0 10.109.15.1
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
show interface	Displays interface information.

config interface ap-manager

To enable or disable access point manager features on a dynamic interface, use the **config interface ap-manager** command.

```
config interface ap-manager interface_name { enable | disable }
```

Syntax Description

config interface	Command action.
ap-manager	Configures access point manager features on a dynamic interface.
<i>interface_name</i>	Interface's name.
{ enable disable }	Enable or disable access point manager features on a dynamic interface.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> config interface ap-manager myinterface disable
```

Related Commands

show interface

config interface create

To add a new dynamic interface, use the **config interface create** command.

config interface create *interface_name* *vlan-id*

Syntax Description	config interface	Command action
	create	Create a new dynamic interface.
	<i>interface_name</i>	Interface's name.
	<i>vlan-id</i>	VLAN identifier.

Defaults None.

Examples > **config interface create lab2 6**

Related Commands show interface

config interface delete

To delete a dynamic interface, use the **config interface delete** command.

config interface delete *interface-name*

Syntax Description	config interface	Command action.
	delete	Delete the specified dynamic interface.
	<i>interface-name</i>	Interface's name.

Defaults	None.

Examples	> config interface delete VLAN501

Related Commands	show interface

config interface dhcp

To configure DHCP options on an interface, use the **config interface dhcp** command.

```
config interface dhcp {
  ap-manager [primary dhcp_server secondary dhcp_server | option-82 [enable | disable] ] |
  management [primary dhcp_server secondary dhcp_server | option-82 [enable | disable] ] |
  service-port {enable | disable} |
  interface-name name [primary dhcp_server secondary dhcp_server | option-82 [enable |
  disable] ]}
```

Syntax Description

ap-manager	Configures the access point manager interface.
server-1	Configures the primary DHCP server.
<i>dhcp_server</i>	Specifies the IP address of the server.
server-2	Configures the alternate DHCP server.
option-82	Configures DHCP option 43 on the interface.
enable	Enables the feature.
disable	Disables the feature.
management	Configures the management interface.
service-port	Enables or disables DHCP for the out-of-band service port.
interface-name	Enter the interface name and the primary DHCP server. Optionally, you can also enter the address of the alternate DHCP server.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> config interface dhcp ap-manager server-1 10.21.15.01 server-2 10.21.15.25
> config interface dhcp ap-manager option-82 enable
> config interface dhcp service-port enable
```

Related Commands

show interface	Displays system interface configuration settings

config interface hostname

To configure the DNS host name of the virtual gateway interface, use the **config interface hostname** command.

config interface hostname virtual *DNS_host*

Syntax Description

config interface	Command action.
hostname	Configure the DNS host name
virtual <i>DNS_host</i>	Configures the virtual gateway interface to use the specified virtual address of the fully qualified DNS name. (The Virtual Gateway IP Address is any fictitious, unassigned IP address, such as 1.1.1.1, to be used by Layer 3 security and mobility managers.)

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> config interface hostname virtual DNS_Host
```

Related Commands

show interface

config interface port

To assign an interface to a physical port, use the **config interface port** command.

config interface port { **ap-manager** | **management** | *interface_name* } *port1* [*port2*]

Syntax Description	config interface port	Command action.
	ap-manager	Configures the access point management interface to the specified port number.
	management	The management interface.
	vlan-intf-name	VLAN or interface name
	<i>port1</i> [<i>port2</i>]	Interface's physical port number.

Defaults	None.

Examples	> config interface port management 3

Related Commands	show interface

config interface vlan

To configure an interface's VLAN identifier, use the **config interface vlan** command.

config interface vlan {**ap-manager** | **management** | *interface-name*} *vlan*

Syntax Description	config interface	Command action.
	vlan	Configure an interface's VLAN identifier
	{ ap-manager management <i>interface-name</i> }	- Enter ap-manager to configure the access point manager interface. - Enter management to configure the management interface. - Enter the interface's name.
	<i>interface-name</i>	Interface's name.
	<i>vlan</i>	VLAN identifier.

Defaults None.

Examples

```
> config interface vlan management 01
```

Request failed - Active WLAN using interface. Disable WLAN first.

Related Commands **show interface**

config known ap

To configure a known Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point, use the **config known ap** command.

config known ap {**add** | **alert** | **delete**} *MAC*

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	known ap	Known Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point.
	{add alert delete}	• Add a new known access point Entry. • Generate a trap upon detection of the access point. • Delete an existing known access point Entry.
	<i>MAC</i>	MAC address of the known Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point.

Defaults None.

Examples > **config known ap add ac:10:02:72:2f:bf 12**

Related Commands **config ap**

config lag

This command is used to enable or disable link aggregation (LAG).

config lag [enable | disable]

Syntax Description

enable	Specifies that link aggregation is enabled.
disable	Specifies that link aggregation is disabled.

Defaults

This command has no defaults.

Command History

Release	Modification
4.1	This command was first introduced.

Examples

> config lag enable

Enabling LAG will map your current interfaces setting to LAG interface,
All dynamic AP Manager interfaces and Untagged interfaces will be deleted
All WLANs will be disabled and mapped to Mgmt interface
Are you sure you want to continue? (y/n)

You must now reboot for the settings to take effect.

> config lag disable

Disabling LAG will map all existing interfaces to port 1.
Are you sure you want to continue? (y/n)

You must now reboot for the settings to take effect.

Related Commands

Command	Description
show lag summary	Displays the current LAG status

config ldap

To configure lightweight directory access protocol (LDAP) server settings, use the **config ldap** command.

config ldap [**add** | **delete** | **disable** | **enable** | **retransmit-timeout**]

Syntax Description

add	Specifies that an LDAP server is being added.
delete	Specifies that an LDAP server is being deleted.
enable	Specifies that an LDAP serve is enabled.
disable	Specifies that an LDAP server is disabled.
retransmit-timeout	Changes the default retransmit timeout for an LDAP server.

Defaults

This command has no defaults.

Command History

Release	Modification
4.1	This command was first introduced.

Examples

> **config ldap enable**

Related Commands

Command	Description
TBD	

config ldap add

This command is used configure a lightweight directory access protocol (LDAP) server.

config lap add (*index*) (*ip_address*) (*port*) (*userdn*) (*password*) (*basedn*) [**secure**]

Syntax Description

<i>index</i>	Specifies the LDAP server index.
<i>ip_address</i>	Specifies the IP address of the LDAP server.
<i>port</i>	Specifies the port.
<i>userdn</i>	Specifies the user distinguished name.
<i>password</i>	Specifies the password.
<i>basedn</i>	Specifies the base distinguished name
secure	(Optional) Specifies the use of transport level security.

Defaults

This command has no defaults..

Command History

Release	Modification
4.1	This command was first introduced.

Examples

```
> config ldap add 10 10.31.15.45 2 name01 password15 base_name secure
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
show ldap summary	Displays the current LDAP settings.

config load-balancing

To change the state of the load-balancing feature, use the **config load-balancing** command.

config load-balancing {**status** {**enable** | **disable**} | **window** *clients*}

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	load-balancing	Configures aggressive load-balancing.
	status { enable disable }	Enable or disable the aggressive load balancing status.
	window <i>clients</i>	Set the aggressive load balancing client window with the number of clients from 0 to 20.

Defaults	Enabled

Examples	> config load-balancing enable

Related Commands	show load-balancing

config local-auth eap-profile

This command is used to configure local EAP authentication profiles. ---TBD

```
config local-auth eap-profile {[add | delete ] profile_name |  
method [add | delete ] method_name1 profile_name}
```

Syntax Description

add	Specifies that an EAP profile or method is being added.
delete	Specifies that an EAP profile or method is being deleted.
method	Specifies that an EAP profile method is being added or deleted.
profile_name	Specifies the EAP profile name (up to 63 alphanumeric characters)
method_name	Specifies the EAP profile method name (up to 63 alphanumeric characters).

This command has no defaults.

Command History

Release	Modification
4.1	This command was first introduced.

Examples

```
> config local-auth eap-profile add FAST01
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
TBD	

config local-auth method fast

This command is used to specify a certificate issuer to use for the EAP-TLS authenticator.

```
config local-auth method fast { anon-prov [enable | disable ] |
    authority-id auth_id auth_info |
    auth-prov [enable | disable ] |
    client-cert [enable | disable ] |
    pac-ttl days |
    server-key key_value
```

Syntax Description

anon-prov	(Optional) Configures whether anonymous provision is allowed.
authority-id	(Optional) Configures the authority identifier.
<i>auth_id</i>	Specifies the authority identifier (2 to 32 hexadecimal digits).
<i>auth_info</i>	Specifies text that describes the authority identifier (up to 32 ASCII characters).
auth-prov	(Optional) Configures whether to accept a client upon authenticated provisioning.
client-cert	(Optional) Configures whether a client certificate is required.
pac-ttl	(Optional) Configures the Time to Live for the Protected Access Credentials (PAC).
<i>days</i>	Specifies the time to live value (1 to 1000 days).
server-key	(Optional) Configures the server key to encrypt or decrypt PACs.
<i>key_value</i>	Specifies the encryption key value (2 to 32 hexadecimal digits).
enable	(Optional) Specifies that the parameter is enabled.
disable	(Optional) Specifies that the parameter is disabled

Defaults

This command has no defaults.

Command History

Release	Modification
4.1	This command was released.

Examples

```
> config local-auth method fast anon-prov disable
> config local-auth method fast authority-id 0125631177 Cisco
> config local-auth method fast auth-prov enable
> config local-auth method fast pac-ttl 10
> config local-auth method fast server-key 210967Fa7D4A11AA
> --- TBD
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
TBD	TBD
TBD	

config local-auth method tls

To configure a certificate issuer to use for the EAP-TLS authenticator, use the **config local-auth method tls** command.

```
config local-auth method tls{ cert-issuer [cisco | vendor | default] |
    peer-verify [ca-issuer | cn-verify | date-valid ] [enable | disable] ] }
```

Syntax Description

cert-issuer	(Optional) Configures the authentication certificate issuer.
cisco	(Optional) Specifies Cisco is the certificate issuer.
vendor	(Optional) Specifies a third party vendor is the certificate issuer.
default	(Optional) Specifies the default certificate issuer.
peer-verify	(Optional) Configures the peer certificate verification options.
ca-issuer	(Optional) Specifies that the peer certificate must be checked against the installed certification authority (CA) certificates.
cn-verify	Specifies that the certificate name (CN) must be verified against the peer identity and user databases.
date-valid	Specifies that the certificate date must be verified to be valid and must be within the validity period.
enable	Specifies that the parameter is enabled.
disable	Specifies that the parameter is disabled.

Defaults

This command has no defaults.

Command History

Release	Modification
4.1	This command was first introduced.

Examples

```
> config local-auth method tls cert-issuer cisco
> config local-auth method tls peer-verify ca-issuer enable
> config local-auth method tls peer-verify date-valid enable
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
show local-auth config	Displays the local authentication configuration.
show run-config	Displays the current running configuration.

config local-auth user-credentials

To configure the local EAP authentication database search order for user credentials, use the **config local-auth user credentials** command.

```
config local-auth user-credentials { local [ldap] | ldap [local]}
```



Note

The order of the specified database parameters indicate the database search order.

Syntax Description

local	(Optional) Specifies that the local database is searched for the user credentials.
ldap	(Optional) Specifies that the LDAP database is searched for the user credentials.

Defaults

This command has no defaults.

Command History

Release	Modification
4.1	This command was first introduced.

Examples

```
> config local-auth user-credentials local ldap
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
show local-auth config	Displays the local EAP authentication configuration.

config location add

To create a new Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point location, use the **config location add** command.

config location add *location* [*description*]

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
location	Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point location.
add	Add a location.
<i>location</i>	Location name.
[<i>description</i>]	(Optional) Location description.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> config location add warehouse
```

Related Commands

show location, config location enable, config location disable, config location delete, config location description, config interlace-mapping

config location delete

To delete an existing Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point location, use the **config location delete** command.

config location delete *location*

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
location	Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point location.
delete	Delete a location.
<i>location</i>	Location name.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> config location delete warehouse
```

Related Commands

show location, config location add, config location enable, config location disable, config location description, config interlace-mapping

config location description

To specify a description of a Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point location, use the **config location description** command.

config location description *location_name description*

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
location	Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point location.
description	Description of a location.
<i>location_name</i>	Location name.
<i>description</i>	Location description.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> config location description warehouse bld02
```

Related Commands

show location, config location add, config location delete, config location enable, config location disable, config interlace-mapping

config location disable

To enable or disable Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point location-based overrides, use the **config location disable** command.

config location disable

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
location	Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point location.
disable	Disable location-based overrides.

Defaults

None.

Examples

> **config location disable**

Related Commands

show location, config location add, config location delete, config location description, config interlace-mapping, config location enable

config location enable

To enable or disable Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point location-based overrides, use the **config location enable** command.

config location enable

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	location	Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point location.
	enable	Enable location-based overrides.

Defaults	None.

Examples	> config location enable

Related Commands	show location , config location add , config location delete , config location description , config interlace-mapping , config location disable

config location interface-mapping

To add or delete a new Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point location/wireless LAN/interface mapping, use the **config location interface-mapping** command.

```
config location interface-mapping {add location_name wlan_id interface_name |
delete location_name wlan_id}
```

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	location	Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point location.
	interface-mapping	Add or delete location/wireless LAN/interface mapping.
	{add delete}	Add or delete a new location/wireless LAN/interface mapping.
	<i>location_name</i>	Location name.
	<i>wlan_id</i>	Wireless LAN Identifier between 1 and 16.
	<i>interface_name</i>	Interface's name.

Defaults	None.

Examples	> config location interface-mapping add warehouse 13

Related Commands	show location, config location add, config location delete, config location description, config location

config logging buffered

To set the severity level for logging messages to the controller buffer, use the **config logging buffered** command.

config logging buffered *security_level*

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
logging	Syslog facility logging.
buffered	Controller buffer.
<i>security_level</i>	One of the following: - emergencies—Severity level 0 - alerts—Severity level 1 - critical—Severity level 2 - errors—Severity level 3 - warnings—Severity level 4 - notifications—Severity level 5 - informational—Severity level 6 - debugging—Severity level 7

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> config logging buffered 4
```

Related Commands

config logging buffered, **config logging console**, **config logging fileinfo**, **config logging procinfo**, **config logging syslog facility**, **config logging syslog host**, **config logging syslog level**, **config logging traceinfo**, **config service timestamps log**, **show logging**

config login session close

To manage user connections to the switch, use the **config login session close** command.

config login session close {*session_id* | **all**}

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	login session close	Close specified telnet sessions/
	{ <i>session_id</i> all }	Enter the ID of the session to close.
		Enter all to close all telnet sessions.

Defaults	None.

Examples	> config location interface-mapping add warehouse 13

Related Commands	show location , config location add , config location delete , config location description , config location

CONFIG MACFILTER COMMANDS

Use the CONFIG MACFILTER commands to configure macfilter settings.

config macfilter add

To create a MAC filter entry on the Cisco Wireless LAN controller, use the **config mac filter add** command. Use this command to add a client locally to a wireless LAN on the Cisco Wireless LAN controller. This filter bypasses the RADIUS authentication process.

config macfilter add *MAC_address* *wlan_id* [*interface_name*] [*description*] [*IP address*]

Syntax Description		
<i>MAC_address</i>		Client MAC address.
<i>wlan_id</i>		Wireless LAN Identifier to associate with. A zero value associates the entry with any wireless LAN.
<i>interface_name</i>		Interface's name. Enter 0 to specify no interface.
<i>description</i>		(Optional) Short description of the interface (up to 32 characters), in double quotes.
	Note	Description is mandatory if IP address is specified.
<i>IP address</i>		(Optional) Specifies the IP address of the local MAC filter database.

Defaults	None.

Examples	> config macfilter add 00:E0:77:31:A3:55 1 lab02 "labconnect" 10.92.125.51

Related Commands	config macfilter ip-address , show macfilter

config macfilter delete

Use to remove a local client from the Cisco Wireless LAN controller, use the **config macfilter delete** command.

config macfilter delete *MAC*

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
macfilter	Local MAC address filter.
delete	Delete a client.
<i>MAC</i>	Client MAC address.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> config macfilter delete 11:11:11:11:11:11
```

```
Deleted user 111111111111
```

Related Commands

show macfilter

config macfilter description

Use to add a description to a MAC filter, use the **config macfilter description** command.

config macfilter description *MAC* [*description*]

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	macfilter	Local MAC address filter.
	description	Sets the description for a mac filter.
	<i>MAC</i>	Client MAC address.
	[<i>description</i>]	Optional description within double quotes (up to 32 characters).

Defaults	None.

Examples	> config macfilter description 11:11:11:11:11:11 "MAC Filter 01"

Related Commands	show macfilter

config macfilter interface

Use to create a MAC filter client interface, use the **config macfilter interface** command.

config macfilter interface *MAC interface*

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	macfilter	Local MAC address filter.
	interface	Create interface.
	<i>MAC</i>	Client MAC address.
	<i>interface</i>	Interface's name. A value of zero is equivalent to no name.

Defaults	None.

Examples	> config macfilter interface 11:11:11:11:11:11 Lab01

Related Commands	show macfilter

config macfilter ip-address

To assign an IP address to an existing MAC filter entry, if one was not assigned using the [config macfilter add](#) command, use the following command:

config macfilter ip-address *MAC_address IP address*

Syntax Description	<i>MAC_address</i>	Client MAC address.
	<i>IP address</i>	Specifies the IP address for a specific MAC address in the local MAC filter database.

Defaults	None.

Examples	> config macfilter ip-address 00:E0:77:31:A3:55 10.92.125.51

Related Commands	config macfilter add , show macfilter

config macfilter mac-delimiter

To set the MAC delimiter (colon, hyphen, none, and single-hyphen) for MAC addresses sent to RADIUS servers, use the **config macfilter mac-delimiter** command.

config macfilter mac-delimiter { none | colon | hyphen | single-hyphen }

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
macfilter	Local MAC address filter.
mac-delimiter	Configure MAC address format for RADIUS servers.
{ none colon hyphen single-hyphen }	- Enter none to disable delimiters (for example, xxxxxxxxxx). - Enter colon to set the delimiter to colon (for example, xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx). - Enter hyphen to set the delimiter to hyphen (for example, xx-xx-xx-xx-xx-xx). - Enter single-hyphen to set the delimiter to a single hyphen (for example, xxxxxx-xxxxxx).

Defaults

None.

Examples

To have OS send MAC address to RADIUS servers in the form aa:bb:cc:dd:ee:ff:

```
> config macfilter mac-delimiter colon
```

To have OS send MAC address to RADIUS servers in the form aa-bb-cc-dd-ee-ff:

```
> config macfilter mac-delimiter hyphen
```

To have OS send MAC address to RADIUS servers in the form aabbccddeeff:

```
> config macfilter mac-delimiter none
```

Related Commands

show macfilter

config macfilter radius-compat

Use to configure the Cisco Wireless LAN controller for compatibility with selected RADIUS servers.

config macfilter radius-compat { cisco | free | other }

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	macfilter	Local MAC address filter.
	radius-compat	Compatibility with selected RADIUS server.
	{ cisco free other }	- Enter cisco to configure Cisco ACS Compatibility mode (password is the MAC address of the server). - Enter free to configure Free RADIUS Server Compatibility mode (password is secret). - Enter other to configure for other server behaviors (no password necessary).

Defaults	Other.

Examples	> config macfilter radius-compat other

Related Commands	show macfilter

config macfilter wlan-id

To modify a wireless LAN ID for a MAC filter, use the **config macfilter wlan-id** command.

config macfilter wlan-id *MAC wlan_id*

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	macfilter	Local MAC address filter
	wlan-id	Modify client wireless LAN ID.
	<i>MAC</i>	Client MAC address
	<i>wlan_id</i>	Wireless LAN Identifier to associate with. A value of zero is not allowed.

Defaults None.

Examples > **config macfilter wlanid 11:11:11:11:11:11 2**

Related Commands show macfilter, show wlan

config mesh client-access

This command is used enable or disable mesh backhaul with client access on Cisco access points. .

config mesh client-access [enable | disable]

Syntax Description	enable	Specifies that mesh client-access is enabled.
	disable	Specifies that mesh client-access is disabled.

Defaults This command has no defaults.

Command History	Release	Modification
	4.1	This command was first introduced.

Examples

```
> config mesh client-access enable
All Mesh AP will be rebooted
Are you sure you want to start? (y/N) Y

> config mesh client-access disable
All Mesh AP will be rebooted
Are you sure you want to start? (Y/N) Y
Backhaul with client access is cancelled.
```

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show mesh client-access	Displays mesh client-access information.

config mesh linktest

To verify client access between mesh access points, use the **config mesh linktest** command.

config mesh linktest *source_ap* {*dest_ap* | *dest_MAC*} *datarate* *packet_rate* *packet_size* *duration*

Syntax Description

<i>source_ap</i>	Source access point.
<i>dest_ap</i>	Destination access point.
<i>dest_MAC</i>	Destination MAC address.
<i>datarate</i>	- Data rate for 802.11a radios. Valid values are 6, 9, 11, 12, 18, 24, 36, 48 and 54 Mbps. - Data rate for 802.11b radios. Valid values are 6, 12, 18, 24, 36, 54, or 100 Mbps.
<i>packet_rate</i>	Number of packets per second. Valid range is 1 through 3000, but the recommended default is 100.
<i>packet_size</i>	(Optional) Packet size in bytes. If not specified, packet size defaults to 1500 bytes.
<i>duration</i>	(Optional) Duration of the test in seconds. Valid values are 10-300 seconds, inclusive. If not specified, duration defaults to 30 seconds.

Defaults

100 packets per second, 1500 bytes, 30 second duration.

Usage Guidelines



Note

The **config mesh linktest** and **config mesh linkdata** commands are designed to be used together to verify information between a source and a destination access point. To get this information, first enter the **config mesh linktest** command with the access point that you want link data from in the *dest_ap* argument. When the command completes, enter the **config mesh linkdata** command and list the same destination access point, to display the link data.

The following warning message appears when you run a linktest that might oversubscribe the link:

```
Warning! Data Rate (100 Mbps) is not enough to perform this link test on packet size
(2000bytes) and (1000) packets per second. This may cause AP to disconnect or reboot.
Are you sure you want to continue?
```

Examples

This example shows how to verify client access between mesh access points SB_MAP1 and SB_RAP2 at 36 Mbps, 20 fps, 100 frame size, and 15 second duration:

```
> config mesh linktest SB_MAP1 SB_RAP1 36 20 100 15
```

```
LinkTest started on source AP, test ID: 0
[00:1D:71:0E:85:00]->[00:1D:71:0E:D0:0F]
```

```
Test config: 100 byte packets at 20 pps for 15 seconds, a-link rate 36 Mb/s
```

```
In progress: | | | | | | | |
LinkTest complete
```

```
Results
```

```

=====
txPkts:                290
txBuffAllocErr:        0
txQFullErrs:           0
Total rx pkts heard at destination:      290
rx pkts decoded correctly:
  err pkts: Total      0 (PHY 0 + CRC 0 + Unknown 0), TooBig 0, TooSmall 0
  rx lost packets:     0 (incr for each pkt seq missed or out of order)
  rx dup pkts:         0
  rx out of order:     0

avgSNR:   37, high:   40, low:    5
SNR profile [0dB...60dB]
    0          1          0          0          1
    3          0          1          0          2
    8         27        243         4          0
    0          0          0          0          0
(>60dB)      0

avgNf:    -89, high:  -58, low:   -90
Noise Floor profile [-100dB...-40dB]
    0          0          0        145        126
   11          2          0          1          0
    3          0          1          0          1
    0          0          0          0          0
(>-40dB)      0

avgRssi:   51, high:   53, low:   50
RSSI profile [-100dB...-40dB]
    0          0          0          0          0
    0          0          0          0          0
    0          0          0          0          0
    0          7        283          0          0
(>-40dB)      0

Summary PktFailedRate (Total pkts sent/recvd):      0.000%
Physical layer Error rate (Total pkts with errors/Total pkts heard): 0.000%

```

Table 2 lists the output flags displayed for the **config mesh linktest** command.

Table 2 Output Flags for the Config Mesh Linktest Command

Output Flag	Description
txPkts	Number of packets sent by the source.
txBuffAllocErr	Number of linktest buffer allocation errors at the source (expected to be zero).
txQFullErrs	Number of linktest queue full errors at the source (expected to be zero).
Total rx pkts heard at destination	Number of linktest packets received at the destination (expected to be same as or close to the txPkts).
rx pkts decoded correctly	Number of linktest packets received and decoded correctly at the destination (expected to be same as close to txPkts).
err pkts: Total	Packet error statistics for linktest packets with errors.
rx lost packets	Total number of linktest packets not received at the destination.
rx dup pkts	Total number of duplicate linktest packets received at the destination.
rx out of order	Total number of linktest packets received out of order at the destination.
avgNF	Average noise floor.

Table 2 **Output Flags for the Config Mesh Linktest Command (Continued)**

Output Flag	Description
Noise Floor profile	Noise floor profile in dB and are negative numbers.
avgSNR	Average SNR values.
SNR profile [odb...60dB]	Histogram samples received between 0 to 60dB. The different columns in the SNR profile is the number of packets falling under the bucket 0-3, 3-6, 6-9, up to 57-60.
avgRSSI	Average RSSI values. The average high and low RSSI values are positive numbers.
RSSI profile [-100dB...-40dB]	The RSSI profile in dB and are negative numbers.

Related Commands

Command	Description
show mesh client-access	Displays mesh client-access information.

config mesh linkdata

This command is used enable or disable mesh MAC address filtering --- TBD.

config mesh linkdata *destination_ap_name*

Syntax Description

destination_ap_name	Specifies destination access point name.

Command History

Release	Modification
4.1	This command was first introduced.

Examples

```
> config mesh linkdata lap1240_32a732b1
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
TBD	TBD
TBD	

config mesh mac-filter

This command is used enable or disable mesh MAC address filtering. --- TBD.

config mesh mac-filter [**enable** | **disable**]

Syntax Description

enable	Specifies that mesh MAC address filtering is enabled.
disable	Specifies that mesh MAC address filtering is disabled.

Command History

Release	Modification
4.1	This command was first introduced.

Examples

```
> config mesh mac-filter disable
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
... TBD	TBD
TBD	

config mesh range

This command is used to configure the mesh access point range.

config mesh range [*distance*]

Syntax Description	<i>distance</i>	Specifies the maximum operating range (150 to 132000 ft) of the mesh access point.

Defaults	This command has no defaults.

Command History	Release	Modification
	4.1	This command was first introduced.

Examples	> config mesh range 300

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show mesh range	Displays the current mesh range configuration setting.

config mesh secondary-backhaul

This command is used to configure secondary-backhaul on the mesh network.

```
config mesh secondary-backhaul { enable [ force-same-secondary-channel ] | disable }
```

Syntax Description	enable	Specifies the secondary backhaul configuration is enabled.
	force-same-secondary-channel	Enables secondary-backhaul Mesh capability. Forces all access point rooted at the first hop node to have the same secondary channel and ignores the automatic or manual channel assignments for the MAPs at the second hop and beyond.
	disable	Specifies the secondary backhaul configuration is disabled.

Command History	Release	Modification
	4.1	This command was first introduced.

Examples	<pre>> config mesh secondary-backhaul enable</pre>

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show mesh secondary-backhaul	Displays the current mesh secondary backhaul configuration settings.

config mesh security

This command is used to configure mesh security. use the **config mesh security** command.

config mesh security [eap | pak]

Syntax Description	eap	Configures EAP for the mesh security setting.
	pak	Configures PAK for the mesh security setting.

Command History	Release	Modification
	4.1	This command was first introduced.

Examples

To configure EAP as the security option for all mesh access points, use this command:

```
> config mesh security eap
```

To configure PAK as the security option for all mesh access points, use this command”

```
> config mesh security pak
```

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show network	Displays the current mesh bridge security configuration settings.

CONFIG MGMTUSER COMMANDS

Use the CONFIG MGMTUSER commands to configure mgmtuser settings.

config mgmtuser add

To add a local management user to the Cisco Wireless LAN controller, use the **config mgmtuser add** command.

```
config mgmtuser add username password {read-write | read-only} [description]
```

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	mgmtuser	Management user account.
	add	Add a management user account.
	username	Account username. Up to 24 alphanumeric characters.
	password	Account password. Up to 24 alphanumeric characters.
	lobby-admin	Adds a management user of type lobby ambassodar who can create guest accounts.
	{read-write read-only}	- Enter read-write to create a management user with read-write access. - Enter read-only to create a management user with read-only access.
	[description]	Optional description of the account. Up to 32 alphanumeric characters within double quotes.

Defaults None.

Examples > config mgmtuser add admin admin read-write "Main account"

Related Commands show mgmtuser

config mgmtuser delete

To delete a management user from the Cisco Wireless LAN controller, use the **config mgmtuser delete** command.

config mgmtuser delete *username*

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
mgmtuser	Management user account.
delete	Delete a management user account.
<i>username</i>	Account username up to 24 alphanumeric characters.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> config mgmtuser delete admin
```

Deleted user admin

Related Commands

show mgmtuser

config mgmtuser description

To add a description to an existing management user login to the Cisco Wireless LAN controller, use the **config mgmtuser delete** command.

config mgmtuser description *username description*

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
mgmtuser	Management user account.
description	Delete a management user account.
<i>username</i>	Account username. Up to 24 alphanumeric characters.
<i>description</i>	Description of the account. Up to 32 alphanumeric characters within double quotes.

Defaults

None.

Examples

> **config mgmtuser description admin "master-user"**

Related Commands

show mgmtuser

config mgmtuser password

To change a management user password, use the **config mgmtuser password** command.

config mgmtuser password *username password*

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	mgmtuser	Management user account
	password	Add a management user account
	<i>username</i>	Account username. Up to 24 alphanumeric characters.
	<i>password</i>	Account password. Up to 24 alphanumeric characters.

Defaults	None.

Examples	> config mgmtuser password admin 5rTfm

Related Commands	show mgmtuser

CONFIG MOBILITY COMMANDS

Use the CONFIG MOBILITY commands to configure mobility settings.

config mobility group anchor

To configure the mobility wireless LAN anchor list, use the **config mobility group anchor** command.

config mobility group anchor {**add** | **delete**} *wlan_id IP_address*

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	mobility group	Mobility group member.
	{add delete}	- Enter add to add or change a mobility anchor to a wireless LAN. - Enter delete to delete a mobility anchor from a wireless LAN.
	<i>wlan_id</i>	Wireless LAN identifier between 1 and 16.
	<i>IP_address</i>	Member switch IP address to anchor wireless LAN.

Defaults	None.

Examples	> config mobility group anchor add 2 192.12.1.5

Related Commands	show mobility , config mobility group domain , config mobility group member

config mobility group domain

To configure the mobility domain name, use the **config mobility group domain** command.

config mobility group domain *domain_name*

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	mobility group	Mobility group member.
	domain	Enable or disable mobility group feature.
	<i>domain_name</i>	Domain name. Up to 31 characters; case sensitive.

Defaults	None.

Examples	> config mobility group domain lab1

Related Commands	show mobility , config mobility group anchor , config mobility group member

config mobility group member

To add or delete users from the mobility group member list, use the **config mobility group member** command.

config mobility group member {**add** *MAC IP_address* [*group_name*] | **delete** *MAC*}

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
mobility group member	Mobility group member.
{ add delete }	- Enter add to add or change a mobility group member to the list. - Enter delete to delete a mobility group member from the list.
<i>MAC</i>	Member switch MAC address.
<i>IP_address</i>	Member switch IP address.
<i>group_name</i>	Optional member switch group name (if different from the default group name).

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> config mobility group member add 11:11:11:11:11:11 192.12.1.2
```

Related Commands

show mobility, config mobility group anchor, config mobility group domain

config mobility secure-mode

To configure the secure mode for mobility messages between Cisco Wireless LAN controllers/appliances, use the **config mobility secure-mode** command.

config mobility secure-mode {enable | disable}

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	mobility	Mobility group member.
	secure-mode	Configure the secure mode for mobility messages.
	{enable disable}	Enable or disable mobility group message security.

Defaults None.

Examples > **config mobility secure-mode enable**

Related Commands **show mobility summary**

config mobility statistics reset

To reset the mobility statistics, use the **config mobility statistics** command.

config mobility statistics reset

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
mobility	Mobility group.
statistics reset	Reset mobility group statistics.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> config mobility statistics reset
```

Related Commands

show mobility statistics

CONFIG MSGLOG LEVEL COMMANDS

Use the CCONFIG MSGLOG commands to configure msglog level settings.

config msglog level critical

To reset the message log so that it collects and displays only critical (highest-level) messages, use the **config msglog level critical** command.

**Note**

The message log always collects and displays critical messages, regardless of the message log level setting.

config msglog level critical**Syntax Description**

config	Configure parameters.
msglog level	Configure msglog severity levels.
critical	Collect and display critical messages.

Defaults

Config msglog level error.

Examples

```
> config msglog level critical
```

```
> show msglog
```

```
Message Log Severity Level..... CRITICAL  
(messages)
```

Related Commands

show msglog

config msglog level error

To reset the message log so that it collects and displays both critical (highest-level) and error (second-highest) messages, use the **config msglog level error** command.

config msglog level error

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
msglog level	Configure msglog severity levels.
error	Collect and display critical and non-critical error messages.

Defaults

Config msglog level error.

Examples

```
> config msglog level error

> show msglog

Message Log Severity Level..... ERROR
(messages)
```

Related Commands

show msglog

config msglog level security

To reset the message log so that it collects and displays critical (highest-level), error (second-highest), and security (third-highest) messages, use the **config msglog level security** command.

config msglog level security

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
msglog level	Configure msglog severity levels.
security	Collect and display critical, non-critical, and authentication- or security-related errors.

Defaults

Config msglog level error.

Examples

```
> config msglog level security

> show msglog

Message Log Severity Level..... SECURITY
(messages)
```

Related Commands

show msglog

config msglog level verbose

To reset the message log so that it collects and displays all messages, use the **config msglog level verbose** command.

config msglog level verbose

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
msglog level	Configure msglog severity levels.
verbose	Collect and display all messages.

Defaults

Config msglog level error.

Examples

```
> config msglog level verbose

> show msglog

Message Log Severity Level..... VERBOSE
(messages)
```

Related Commands

show msglog

config msglog level warning

To reset the message log so that it collects and displays critical (highest-level), error (second-highest), security (third-highest), and warning (fourth-highest) messages, use the **config msglog level warning** command.

config msglog level warning

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	msglog level	Configure msglog severity levels.
	warning	Collect and display warning messages in addition to critical, non-critical, and authentication- or security-related errors.
Defaults	Config msglog level error.	
Examples	<pre>> config msglog level warning > show msglog Message Log Severity Level..... WARNING (messages)</pre>	
Related Commands	show msglog	

config nac acl

To configure the NAC ACL name for a Cisco Wireless LAN controller, use the **config nac acl** command.

config nac acl { **none** | *acl-name* }



Note

For a Cisco 2000 series wireless LAN controller, you must configure a pre-authentication ACL on the wireless LAN for the external web server. This ACL should then be set as a wireless LAN pre-authentication ACL under Web Policy. However, you do not need to configure any pre-authentication ACL for Cisco 4100 series wireless LAN controllers and Cisco 4400 series wireless LAN controllers.

Syntax Description

config	Configure.
nac acl	Network Access Control acl.
{none acl-name}	- Enter none to clear the ACL name. - Enter <i>acl-name</i> to specify the ACL name.

Defaults

None.

Examples

> **config nac acl none**

Related Commands

show nac, config nac add, config nac delete, config nac disable, config nac enable, show nac summary, show nac statistics

config nac add

To add a NAC server index for a Cisco Wireless LAN controller, use the **config nac add** command.

config nac add *index IP_address port secret*

Syntax Description	config	Configure.
	nac	Network Access Control.
	add	Command action.
	<i>index</i>	NAC server index number.
	<i>IP_address</i>	NAC server IP address.
	<i>port</i>	NAC server UDP port number.
	<i>secret</i>	NAC server secret.

Defaults	None.

Examples	> config nac add none

Related Commands	show nac , config nac acl , config nac delete , config nac disable , config nac enable , show nac summary , show nac statistics

config nac delete

To delete a NAC server for a Cisco Wireless LAN controller, use the **config nac delete** command.

show nac delete *index*

Syntax Description

config	Configure.
nac	Network Access Control.
delete	Delete a NAC server.
<i>index</i>	NAC server index.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> config nac delete 23
```

Related Commands

show nac, config nac acl, config nac add, config nac disable, config nac enable, show nac summary, show nac statistics

config nac disable

To disable a NAC server for a Cisco Wireless LAN controller, use the **config nac disable** command.

show nac disable *index*

Syntax Description

config	Configure.
nac	Network Access Control.
disable	Disable a NAC server.
<i>index</i>	Index number for NAC server.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> config nac disable 1
```

Related Commands

show nac, **config nac acl**, **config nac add**, **config nac delete**, **show nac summary**, **show nac statistics**, **config nac enable**

config nac enable

To enable a NAC server for a Cisco Wireless LAN controller, use the **config nac disable** command.

show nac enable *index*

Syntax Description

config	Configure.
nac	Network Access Control.
enable	Enable a NAC server.
<i>index</i>	Index number for NAC server.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> config nac disable 1
```

Related Commands

show nac, config nac acl, config nac add, config nac delete, show nac summary, show nac statistics, config nac disable

CONFIG NETUSER COMMANDS

Use the CONFIG NETUSER commands to configure netuser settings.

config netuser add

To add a guest user to the local network, use the **config netuser add** command.

```
config netuser add username password wlan_id [description]  
[userType (guest lifetime_value)]
```

Syntax Description

<i>username</i>	Guest username. Up to 24 alphanumeric characters.
<i>password</i>	User password. Up to 24 alphanumeric characters.
<i>wlan_id</i>	Wireless LAN identifier assigned to the user. A zero value associates the user with any wireless LAN.
[<i>description</i>]	(Optional) Short description of user. Up to 32 characters enclosed in double-quotes.
guest	(Optional) Indicates a guest lifetime value is specified.
<i>lifetime_value</i>	Specify a lifetime value (60 to 259200 or 0) in seconds for the guest user.
Note A value of 0 indicates an unlimited lifetime.	

Defaults

None.

Examples

This example adds a guest user named George to the wireless network for 1 hour:

```
> config netuser add george able1 1 guest 3600
```

Related Commands

show netuser

config netuser delete

To delete an existing user from the local network, use the **config netuser delete** command.

config netuser delete *username*

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
netuser	Local network user.
delete	Delete a user.
<i>username</i>	Network username. Up to 24 alphanumeric characters.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> config netuser delete able1
```

```
Deleted user able1
```

Related Commands

show netuser

config netuser description

To add a description to an existing net user, use the **config netuser description** command.

config netuser description *username description*

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	netuser	Local network user of up to 24 alphanumeric characters.
	description	Add a user description.
	<i>username</i>	Network username.
	<i>description</i>	Optional user description. Up to 32 alphanumeric characters enclosed in double quotes.

Defaults	None.

Examples	> config netuser description able1 "HQ1 Contact"

Related Commands	show netuser

config netuser maxEapUserLogin

To configure the maximum number of EAP user login attempts allowed for a network user, use the **config netuser maxEapUserLogin** command.

config netuser maxEapUserLogin *count*

Syntax Description

<i>count</i>	Maximum number of login sessions for a single user. The allowed values are from 0 (unlimited) to 8.

Defaults

0 (unlimited).

Command History

Release	Modification
4.1	This command was first introduced.

Examples

```
> config netuser maxEapUserLogin 8
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
show netuser	TBD

config netuser maxuserLogin

To configure the maximum number of login sessions allowed for a network user, use the **config netuser maxuserlogin** command.

config netuser maxuserlogin *count* [**per method**]

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
netuser	Local network user.
maxUserLogin	Configure the maximum number of login sessions allowed for a network user.
<i>count</i>	Maximum number of login sessions for a single user. The allowed values are from 0 (unlimited) to 8.

Defaults

0 (unlimited).

Command History

Release	Modification
....TBD....	This command was first introduced.

Usage Guidelines

TBD

Examples

```
> config netuser maxuserlogin 8
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
show netuser	TBD

config netuser password

To change a local network user password, use the **config netuser password** command.

config netuser password *username password*

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	netuser	Local network user
	password	Modify the password.
	<i>username</i>	Network username. Up to 24 alphanumeric characters.
	<i>password</i>	Network user password. Up to 24 alphanumeric characters.

Defaults None.

Examples > **config netuser password aire1 aire2**

Related Commands **show netuser**

config netuser wlan-id

To configure a wireless LAN ID for a network user, use the **config netuser wlan-id** command.

config netuser wlan-id *username wlan_id*

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	netuser	Local network user.
	wlan-id	Configure a wireless LAN ID for a network user.
	<i>username</i>	Network username. Up to 24 alphanumeric characters.
	<i>wlan_id</i>	Wireless LAN identifier to associate with the user. A zero value associates the user with any wireless LAN.

Defaults	None.

Examples	> config netuser wlan-id aire1 2

Related Commands	show netuser , show wlan summary

CONFIG NETWORK COMMANDS

Use the CONFIG NETWORK commands to configure network settings.

config network 802.3-bridging

To enable or disable 802.3 bridging on a controller, use the **config network 802.3-bridging** command.

config network 802.3-bridging {enable | disable}

Syntax Description

enable	Enable 802.3 bridging.
disable	Disable 802.3 bridging.

Defaults

Disabled.

Usage Guidelines

Because some applications use and relay 802.3 (LLC/SNAP) frame formats, you can enable the controller to support 802.3 bridging. When enabled, all 802.3 frames are forwarded to and from the client. The original LLC/SNAP and length of the frame is preserved during the encapsulation and decapsulation of the LWAPP data frame. For short frames, the trailer is stripped before the LWAPP header is added.

To determine the status of 802.3 bridging, enter the **show network** command.

This command is only supported on the 2006 controller.

Examples

```
> config network 802.3-bridging enable
```

Related Commands

show network

config network allow-old-bridge-aps

To configure an old bridge access point's ability to associate with a switch, use the **config network allow-old-bridge-aps** command.

```
config network allow-old-bridge-aps {enable | disable}
```

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	network	Cisco Wireless LAN controller network parameter.
	allow-old-bridge-aps	Configure an old bridge access point's ability to associate with a switch.
	{enable disable}	Enable or disable switch association.

Defaults	Enabled.

Examples	> config network allow-old-bridge-aps enable

Related Commands	show network

config network ap-fallback

To configure Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point fallback, use the **config network ap-fallback** command.

config network ap-fallback {enable | disable}

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
network	Cisco Wireless LAN controller network parameter.
ap-fallback	Configure Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point fallback.
{enable disable}	Enable or disable Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point fallback.

Defaults

Enabled.

Examples

```
> config network ap-fallback enable
```

Related Commands

show network

config network apple-talk

To configure AppleTalk bridging, use the **config network apple-talk** command.

config network apple-talk { enable | disable }

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	network	Cisco Wireless LAN controller network parameter.
	apple-talk	Configure AppleTalk bridging.
	{ enable disable }	Enable or disable AppleTalk bridging.

Defaults None.

Examples > **config network apple-talk enable**

Related Commands **show network**

config network arptimeout

To set the ARP entry timeout value, use the **config network arptimeout** command.

config network arptimeout *seconds*

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	network	Cisco Wireless LAN controller network parameter.
	arptimeout	Set the ARP entry timeout value.
	<i>seconds</i>	Timeout in seconds. Minimum value is 10. Default value is 300.

Defaults 300

Examples > **config network arptimeout 240**

Related Commands show network

config network arpunicast

To set the ARP proxy ARP mode, use the **config network arpunicast** command.

config network arpunicast {enable | disable}

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	network	Cisco Wireless LAN controller network parameter.
	arpunicast	Set the ARP proxy ARP mode.
	{enable disable}	- Enter enable to enable unicast ARP translation. - Enter disable to use standard proxy ARP.

Defaults	None.

Examples	> config network arpunicast enable

Related Commands	show network

config network bridging-shared-secret

To configure the bridging shared secret, use the **config network bridging-shared-secret** command. This command creates a secret that encrypts backhaul user data for the mesh access points that connect to the switch.



Note

zero-touch-config must be enabled for this command to work.

config network bridging-shared-secret *shared_secret*

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
network	Cisco Wireless LAN controller network parameter.
bridging-shared-secret	Configure the bridging shared secret.
<i>shared_secret</i>	Bridging shared secret string. Up to ten bytes.

Defaults

Enabled.

Examples

```
> config network bridging-shared-secret shhh2
```

Related Commands

show network

config network fast-ssid-change

To enable or disable fast SSID (Service Set Identifier) changing for mobile stations, use the **config network fast-ssid-change** command.

SSID is a code attached to all packets on a wireless network to identify each packet as part of that network.

Each client is connected to a particular wireless LAN (through a Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point) identified by the SSID. If the client moves out of reach of the connected Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point, the client has to reconnect to the Cisco Wireless LAN controller using a different Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point. This procedure consumes some time as the Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) Server has to assign an IP Address to the client.

When the Fast SSID option is enabled, the Cisco Wireless LAN controller uses the existing IP Address of the client even if the client is on a different wireless LAN.

config network fast-ssid-change {enable | disable}

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
network	Cisco Wireless LAN controller network parameter.
fast-ssid-change	Configure fast ssid on mobile stations.
{enable disable}	Enable or disable fast SSID changing for mobile stations.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> config network fast-ssid-change enable
```

Related Commands

show network

config network master-base

To enable or disable the Cisco Wireless LAN controller as an access point default master, use the **config network master-base** command. This setting is only used upon network installation and should be disabled after the initial network configuration.



Note

Because the Master Cisco Wireless LAN controller is normally not used in a deployed network, the Master Cisco Wireless LAN controller setting is automatically disabled upon reboot or OS code upgrade.

config network master-base {enable | disable}

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
network	Cisco Wireless LAN controller network parameter.
master-base	Configure the Cisco Wireless LAN controller.
{enable disable}	Enables or disables a Cisco Wireless LAN controller acting as a Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point default master.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> config network master-base enable
```

Related Commands

None

config network mgmt-via-wireless

To enable Cisco Wireless LAN controller management from an associated wireless client, use the **config network mgmt-via-wireless** command.

**Note**

This feature allows wireless clients to manage only the Cisco Wireless LAN controller associated with the client AND the associated Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point. That is, clients cannot manage another Cisco Wireless LAN controller with which they are not associated.

config network mgmt-via-wireless {enable | disable}

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
network	Cisco Wireless LAN controller network parameter.
mgmt-via-wireless	Configure switch management via wireless interface.
{enable disable}	Enable or disable switch management via wireless interface.

Defaults

Disabled.

Examples

```
> config network mgmt-via-wireless enable
```

Related Commands

show network

config network multicast

To enable or disable the Cisco Wireless LAN controller multicast support, use the **config network multicast** command.

config network multicast {enable | disable}

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
network	Network parameters.
multicast	Configure multicast support.
{enable disable}	Enable or disable the Cisco Wireless LAN controller multicast support.

Defaults

Disabled.

Examples

> **config network multicast enable**

Related Commands

show network

config network otap-mode

To enable or disable over-the-air provisioning (OTAP) of Cisco 1000 series lightweight access points, use the **config network otap-mode** command.

config network otap-mode {enable | disable}

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
network	Network parameters.
otap-mode	Configure OTAP provisioning.
{enable disable}	Enable or disable OTAP provisioning.

Defaults

Enabled.

Examples

```
> config network otap-mode disable
```

Related Commands

show network

config network peer-blocking

To configure the peer-to-peer blocking feature, use the **config network peer-blocking** command.

config network peer-blocking {enable | disable}

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	network	Network parameters.
	peer-blocking	Configure peer-to-peer blocking.
	{enable disable}	- Enter enable to force same-subnet clients to communicate through a higher-level router. - Enter disable to allow same-subnet clients to communicate through the Cisco Wireless LAN controller.

Defaults	Disabled.

Examples	> config network peer-blocking enable

Related Commands	show network

config network rf-network-name

To set the RF-Network name, use the **config network rf-network-name** command.

config network rf-network-name *name*

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	network	Cisco Wireless LAN controller network parameter.
	rf-network-name	Set the RF-network name.
	<i>name</i>	RF-Network name. Up to 19 characters.

Defaults None.

Examples > **config network rf-network-name travelers**

Related Commands show network

config network secureweb

To change the state of the secure web (https = http + SSL) interface, use the **config network secureweb** command.

config network secureweb {enable | disable}

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
network	Network parameters.
secureweb	Configure the secure web interface.
{enable disable}	Enable or disable the secure web interface.

Defaults

Enabled.

Examples

```
> config network secureweb enable
```

You must reboot for the change to take effect.

Related Commands

show network

config network ssh

To allow or disallow new ssh sessions, use the **config network ssh** command.

config network ssh {enable | disable}

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
network	Network parameters.
ssh	Secure Shell sessions
{enable disable}	Allow or disallow new ssh sessions.

Defaults

Enabled.

Examples

```
> config network ssh enable
```

Related Commands

show network

config network telnet

To allow or disallow new telnet sessions, use the **config network telnet** command.

config network telnet {enable | disable}

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	network	Network parameters.
	telnet	Configure new telnet sessions.
	{enable disable}	Allow or disallow new telnet sessions.

Defaults Disabled.

Examples > **config network telnet enable**

Related Commands show network

config network usertimeout

To change the timeout for idle client sessions, use the **config network usertimeout** command. Use this command to set the idle client session duration on the Cisco Wireless LAN controller. The minimum duration is 10 seconds.

config network usertimeout *seconds*

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	network	Network parameters.
	usertimeout	Configure idle session timeout.
	<i>seconds</i>	Timeout duration in seconds. Minimum value is 10. Default value is 300.

Defaults	300

Examples	> config network usertimeout 1200

Related Commands	show network

config network web-auth-port

To configure an additional port to be redirected for web authentication, use the **config network web-auth-port** command.

config network web-auth-port *port*

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
network	Network parameters.
web-auth-port	Configure an additional port to be redirected for web authentication.
<i>port</i>	Port number.

Defaults

None.

Examples

> **config network web-auth-port 1200**

Related Commands

show network

config network webmode

To enable or disable the web interface, use the **config network webmode** command.

config network webmode {enable | disable}

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
network	Network parameters.
webmode	Configure web user interface access.
{enable disable}	Enable or disable the web interface.

Defaults

Enabled.

Examples

```
> config network webmode disable
```

Related Commands

show network

config network zero-config

To configure bridge access point ZeroConfig support, use the **config network zero-config** command.

config network zero-config {enable | disable}

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	network	Cisco Wireless LAN controller network parameter.
	zero-config	Configure bridge access point ZeroConfig support.
	{enable disable}	Enable or disable bridge access point ZeroConfig support.

Defaults Enabled.

Examples > **config network zero-config enable**

Related Commands show network

config pmk-cache delete

To delete an entry in the PMK cache from all Cisco Wireless LAN controllers in the mobility group, use the **config pmk-cache delete** command.

config pmk-cache delete {all | MAC}

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
pmk-cache delete	Delete an entry in the PMK cache.
{all MAC}	- Enter all to delete all Cisco Wireless LAN controllers. - Enter the MAC address of the Cisco Wireless LAN controller to delete.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> config pmk-cache delete all
```

Related Commands

show pmk-cache

CONFIG PORT COMMANDS

Use the CONFIG PORT commands to configure port settings.

config port adminmode

To configure the administration mode of a single port or all Cisco Wireless LAN controller ports, use the **config port adminmode** command.

config port adminmode {all | *port*} {enable | disable}

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
port	Port parameters.
adminmode	Administrative mode.
{all <i>port</i> }	- Enter all to configure all ports. - Enter the number of the port to configure.
{enable disable}	Enable or disable the specified ports.

Defaults

Enabled.

Examples

To disable port 8:

```
> config port adminmode 8 disable
```

To enable all ports:

```
> config port adminmode all enable
```

Related Commands

show port

config port autoneg

To configure 10/100BASE-T Ethernet ports for physical port autonegotiation, use the **config port autoneg** command.

**Note**

Port autoconfiguration must be disabled before you make physical mode manual settings using the config port physicalmode command. Also note that the config port autoneg command overrides settings made using the config port physicalmode command.

config port autoneg {all | port} {enable | disable}

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
port	10/100BASE-T Ethernet.
autoneg	Configure a port's auto negotiation mode.
{all port}	- Enter all to configure all ports. - Enter the number of the port to configure.
{enable disable}	Enable or disable the specified ports.

Defaults

All Ports = autonegotiation enabled.

Examples

To turn on physical port autonegotiation for all front-panel Ethernet ports:

```
> config port autoneg all enable
```

To disable physical port autonegotiation for front-panel Ethernet port 19:

```
> config port autoneg 19 disable
```

Related Commands

show port, config port physicalmode

config port linktrap

To change up/down trap settings for link status alert for a single port or all Cisco Wireless LAN controller ports, use the **config port linktrap** command.

config port linktrap {all | *port*} {enable | disable}

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
port	Port parameters.
linktrap	Link status alert.
{all <i>port</i> }	- Enter all to configure all ports. - Enter the number of the port to configure.
{enable disable}	Enable or disable the specified ports.

Defaults

Enabled.

Examples

To disable port 8 traps:

```
> config port linktrap 8 disable
```

To enable all port traps:

```
> config port linktrap all enable
```

Related Commands

show port

config port multicast appliance

To change the multicast appliance service for a single port or all Cisco Wireless LAN controller ports, use the **config port multicast appliance** command.

config port multicast appliance *port* {**enable** | **disable**}

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	port	Port parameters.
	multicast appliance	Configure multicast appliance service for the specified port.
	<i>port</i>	Number of the port to configure.
	{ enable disable }	Enable or disable service for the specified port.

Defaults Enabled.

Examples To enable appliance service for port 3:
> **config port multicast appliance 3 enable**

Related Commands show port

config port physicalmode

To set any or all front-panel 10/100BASE-T Ethernet ports for dedicated 10 Mbps or 100 Mbps, Half or Full Duplex operation, use the **config port physicalmode** command.

Note that you must disable autonegotiation using the config port autoneg command before manually configuring any port's physical mode. Also note that the config port autoneg command overrides settings made using the config port physicalmode command.

config port physicalmode {all | port} {100h | 100f | 10h | 10f}

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
port	Port parameters.
physicalmode	Port physical mode.
{all port}	- Enter all to configure all ports. - Enter the number of the port to configure.
{100h 100f 10h 10f}	- Enter 100h for 100 Mbps/Half Duplex operation. - Enter 100f for 100 Mbps/Full Duplex operation. - Enter 10h for 10 Mbps/Half Duplex operation. - Enter 10f for 10 Mbps/Full Duplex operation.

Defaults

All Ports are set to auto negotiate.

Examples

To set all ports to 100 Mbps/Full Duplex operation:

```
> config port physicalmode all 100f
```

To set port 20 to 100 Mbps/Half Duplex operation:

```
> config port physicalmode 20 100h
```

To set port 21 to 10 Mbps/Full Duplex operation:

```
> config port physicalmode 21 10f
```

To set port 22 to 10 Mbps/Half Duplex operation:

```
> config port physicalmode 22 10h
```

Related Commands

config port autoneg, show port

config port power

To configure a Cisco Wireless LAN controller's port's power over ethernet, use the **config port power** command.

```
config port power {all | port} {enable | disable}
```

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
port	Port parameters.
power	Configure a port's power over ethernet.
{all <i>port</i> }	- Enter all to configure all ports. - Enter the number of the port to configure.
{enable disable}	Enable or disable the specified ports.

Defaults

Enabled.

Examples

To enable all ports' power:

```
> config port power all enable
```

Related Commands

show port

config prompt

To change the CLI system prompt, use the **config prompt** command.

config prompt *prompt*

Because the system prompt is a user-defined variable, it is omitted from the rest of this documentation.

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
prompt	Change the CLI system prompt.
<i>prompt</i>	New CLI system prompt enclosed in double quotes. Up to 31 alphanumeric characters; case sensitive.

Defaults

The system prompt is configured using the startup wizard.

Examples

```
> config prompt "Cisco 4400"
(Cisco 4400)>
```

Related Commands

None.

config qos queue_length

To configure the Quality of Service parameter, use the **config qos** command.

```
config qos queue_length { bronze | silver | gold | platinum } length
```

Syntax Description	config qos	Command action.
	queue_length	Configure QoS queue length.
	{bronze silver gold platinum}	Enter one of the four supported queue names.
	length	Queue length (10 to 255).

Defaults	None.

Examples	> config qos queue_length gold 12

Related Commands	show qos queue_length all

CONFIG RADIUS ACCT COMMANDS

Use the CONFIG RADIUS ACCT commands to configure RADIUS account server settings.

config radius acct add

To configure a RADIUS accounting server for the Cisco Wireless LAN controller, use the **config radius acct add** command.

config radius acct add *index ip_address port {ascii | hex} secret*

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
radius acct	RADIUS accounting server.
add	Add a RADIUS server.
<i>index</i>	RADIUS server index. Cisco Wireless LAN controller begins search with 1.
<i>ip_address</i>	RADIUS server's IP address.
<i>port</i>	RADIUS server's UDP port number for the interface protocols.
{ascii hex}	RADIUS server's secret type: ascii or hex .
<i>secret</i>	RADIUS server's secret.

Defaults

When added the port number defaults to 1813 and state is enabled.

Examples

To configure a priority 1 RADIUS server at 10.10.10.10 using port 1813 with a login password of admin:

```
> config radius acct add 1 10.10.10.10 1813 ascii admin
```

Related Commands

show radius acct statistics

config radius acct delete

To delete a RADIUS accounting server for the Cisco Wireless LAN controller, use the **config radius acct delete** command.

config radius acct delete *index*

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
radius acct	RADIUS accounting server.
delete	Delete a RADIUS server.
<i>index</i>	RADIUS server index.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> config radius acct delete 1
```

Related Commands

show radius acct statistics

config radius acct disable

To disable a RADIUS accounting server for the Cisco Wireless LAN controller, use the **config radius acct disable** command.

config radius acct disable *index*

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
radius acct	RADIUS accounting server.
disable	Disable a RADIUS server.
<i>index</i>	RADIUS server index.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> config radius acct disable 1
```

Related Commands

show radius acct statistics

config radius acct enable

To enable a RADIUS accounting server for the Cisco Wireless LAN controller, use the **config radius acct enable** command.

config radius acct enable *index*

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
radius acct	RADIUS accounting server.
enable	Enable a RADIUS server.
<i>index</i>	RADIUS server index.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> config radius acct enable 1
```

Related Commands

show radius acct statistics

config radius acct network

To configure a default RADIUS server for network users, use the **config radius acct network** command.

config radius acct network *index* {**enable** | **disable**}

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	radius acct	Default RADIUS accounting server.
	network	Configure a default RADIUS server for network users.
	<i>index</i>	RADIUS server index.
	{ enable disable }	Enable or disable the server as a network user's default RADIUS Server.

Defaults None.

Examples > `config radius acct network 1 enable`

Related Commands `show radius acct statistics`

config radius acct ipsec authentication

To configure IPSec authentication for the Cisco Wireless LAN controller, use the **config radius acct ipsec authentication** command.

config radius acct ipsec authentication {hmac-md5 | hmac-sha1} index

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	radius acct	RADIUS accounting server.
	ipsec authentication	Configure IPSec authentication service.
	{hmac-md5 hmac-sha1}	- Enter hmac-md5 to enable IPSec HMAC-MD5 authentication. - Enter hmac-sha1 to IPSec HMAC-SHA1 authentication.
	index	RADIUS server index.

Defaults	None.

Examples	> config radius acct ipsec authentication hmac-md5 1

Related Commands	show radius acct statistics

config radius acct ipsec disable

To disable IPSec support for an accounting server for the Cisco Wireless LAN controller, use the **config radius acct ipsec disable** command.

config radius acct ipsec disable *index*

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	radius acct	RADIUS accounting server.
	ipsec disable	Disable IPSec support for an accounting server.
	<i>index</i>	RADIUS server index.

Defaults	None.

Examples	> config radius acct ipsec disable 1

Related Commands	show radius acct statistics

config radius acct ipsec enable

To enable IPSec support for an accounting server for the Cisco Wireless LAN controller, use the **config radius acct ipsec enable** command.

config radius acct ipsec enable *index*

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	radius acct	RADIUS accounting server.
	ipsec enable	Enable IPSec support for an accounting server.
	<i>index</i>	RADIUS server index.

Defaults	None.

Examples	> config radius acct ipsec enable 1

Related Commands	show radius acct statistics

config radius acct ipsec encryption

To configure IPsec encryption for an accounting server for the Cisco Wireless LAN controller, use the **config radius acct ipsec encryption** command.

config radius acct ipsec encryption {3des | aes | des}

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
radius acct	RADIUS accounting server.
ipsec encryption	Configure IPsec encryption.
{3des aes des}	- Enter 3des to enable IPsec 3DES Encryption. - Enter aes to enable IPsec AES Encryption. - Enter des to enable IPsec DES Encryption.
<i>index</i>	RADIUS server index.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> config radius acct ipsec encryption 3des 3
```

Related Commands

show radius acct statistics

config radius acct ipsec ike

To configure Internet Key Exchange (IKE) for the Cisco Wireless LAN controller, use the **config radius acct ipsec** command.

```
config radius acct ipsec ike {dh-group {group-1 | group-2 | group-5} |
    lifetime seconds | phase1 {aggressive | main}} index
```

Syntax	Description
config	Configure parameters.
radius acct	RADIUS accounting server.
ipsec ike	Configure IKE.
dh-group {group-1 group-2 group-5}	Configure the IKE Diffie-Hellman group. - Enter group-1 to configure DH Group 1 (768 bits). - Enter group-2 to configure DH Group 2 (1024 bits). - Enter group-5 to configure DH Group 2 (1024 bits).
lifetime seconds	Configure the IKE lifetime in seconds.
phase1 {aggressive main}	Configure the IKE Phase1 mode. - Enter aggressive to enable the aggressive mode. - Enter main to enable the main mode.
index	RADIUS server index.

Defaults None.

Examples > config radius acct ipsec ike lifetime 23 1

Related Commands show radius acct statistics

config radius acct retransmit-timeout

To change the default transmission timeout for a RADIUS accounting server for the Cisco Wireless LAN controller, use the **config radius acct retransmit-timeout** command.

config radius acct retransmit-timeout *index timeout*

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	radius acct	RADIUS accounting server.
	retransmit-timeout	Configure retransmission timeout.
	<i>index</i>	RADIUS server index.
	<i>timeout</i>	Number of seconds (from 2 to 30) between retransmissions.

Defaults None.

Examples > `config radius acct retransmit-timeout 5`

Related Commands show radius acct statistics

CONFIG RADIUS AUTH COMMANDS

Use the CONFIG RADIUS AUTH commands to configure RADIUS authentication server settings.

config radius auth add

To configure a RADIUS authentication server for the Cisco Wireless LAN controller, use the **config radius auth add** command.

```
config radius auth add index ip_address port {ascii | hex} secret
```

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
radius auth	RADIUS authentication server.
add	Add a RADIUS server.
<i>index</i>	RADIUS server index. Cisco Wireless LAN controller begins search with 1.
<i>ip_address</i>	RADIUS server's IP address.
<i>port</i>	RADIUS server's UDP port number for the interface protocols.
{ascii hex}	RADIUS server's secret type: ascii or hex .
<i>secret</i>	RADIUS server's secret.

Defaults

When added the port number defaults to 1812 and state is enabled.

Examples

To configure a priority 1 RADIUS server at 10.10.10.10 using port 1812 with a login password of admin:

```
> config radius auth add 1 10.10.10.10 1812 ascii admin
```

Related Commands

show radius auth statistics

config radius auth delete

To delete a RADIUS authentication server for the Cisco Wireless LAN controller, use the **config radius auth delete** command.

config radius auth delete *index*

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	radius auth	RADIUS authentication server.
	delete	Delete a RADIUS server.
	<i>index</i>	RADIUS server index.

Defaults	None.

Examples	> config radius auth delete 1

Related Commands	show radius auth statistics

config radius auth disable

To disable a RADIUS authentication server for the Cisco Wireless LAN controller, use the **config radius auth disable** command.

config radius auth disable *index*

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
radius auth	RADIUS authentication server.
disable	Disable a RADIUS server.
<i>index</i>	RADIUS server index.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> config radius auth disable 1
```

Related Commands

show radius auth statistics

config radius auth enable

To enable a RADIUS authentication server for the Cisco Wireless LAN controller, use the **config radius auth enable** command.

config radius auth enable *index*

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	radius auth	RADIUS authentication server.
	enable	Enable a RADIUS server.
	<i>index</i>	RADIUS server index.

Defaults	None.

Examples	> config radius auth enable 1

Related Commands	show radius auth statistics

config radius auth ipsec authentication

To configure IPSec support for an authentication server for the Cisco Wireless LAN controller, use the **config radius auth ipsec authentication** command.

config radius auth ipsec authentication { hmac-md5 | hmac-sha1 } *index*

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	radius auth	RADIUS authentication server.
	ipsec authentication	Configure IPSec authentication service.
	{ hmac-md5 hmac-sha1 }	- Enter hmac-md5 to enable IPSec HMAC-MD5 authentication. - Enter hmac-sha1 to IPSec HMAC-SHA1 authentication.
	<i>index</i>	RADIUS server index.

Defaults	None.

Examples	> config radius auth ipsec authentication hmac-md5 1

Related Commands	show radius acct statistics

config radius auth ipsec disable

To disable IPSec support for an authentication server for the Cisco Wireless LAN controller, use the **config radius auth ipsec disable** command.

config radius auth ipsec disable *index*

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
radius auth	RADIUS authentication server.
ipsec disable	Disable IPSec support for an authentication server.
<i>index</i>	RADIUS server index.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> config radius auth ipsec disable 1
```

Related Commands

show radius acct statistics

config radius auth ipsec enable

To configure IPSec support for an authentication server for the Cisco Wireless LAN controller, use the **config radius auth ipsec enable** command.

config radius auth ipsec enable *index*

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	radius auth	RADIUS authentication server.
	ipsec enable	Enable IPSec support for an authentication server.
	<i>index</i>	RADIUS server index.

Defaults	None.

Examples	> config radius auth ipsec enable 1

Related Commands	show radius acct statistics

config radius auth ipsec encryption

To configure IPSec support for an authentication server for the Cisco Wireless LAN controller, use the **config radius auth ipsec** command.

config radius auth ipsec encryption {**3des** | **aes** | **des**} *index*

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
radius auth	RADIUS authentication server.
ipsec encryption	Configure IPSec encryption.
{3des aes des}	- Enter 3des to enable IPSec 3DES Encryption. - Enter aes to enable IPSec AES Encryption. - Enter des to enable IPSec DES Encryption.
<i>index</i>	RADIUS server index.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> config radius acct ipsec encryption 3des 3
```

Related Commands

show radius acct statistics

config radius auth ipsec ike

To configure IKE for the Cisco Wireless LAN controller, use the **config radius auth ipsec ike** command.

```
config radius auth ipsec ike {dh-group {group-1 | group-2 | group-5} |  
lifetime seconds | phase1 {aggressive | main}} index
```

Syntax Description	
config	Configure parameters.
radius auth	RADIUS authentication server.
ipsec ike	Configure IKE.
dh-group {group-1 group-2 group-5}	Configure the IKE Diffie-Hellman group. - Enter group-1 to configure DH Group 1 (768 bits). - Enter group-2 to configure DH Group 2 (1024 bits). - Enter group-5 to configure DH Group 2 (1024 bits).
lifetime seconds	Configure the IKE lifetime in seconds.
phase1 {aggressive main}	Configure the IKE Phase1 mode. - Enter aggressive to enable the aggressive mode. - Enter main to enable the main mode.
index	RADIUS server index.

Defaults None.

Examples
 > **config radius auth ipsec ike lifetime 23 1**

Related Commands **show radius acct statistics**

config radius auth management

To configure a default RADIUS server for management users, use the **config radius auth management** command.

config radius auth management *index* {**enable** | **disable**}

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
radius auth	Default RADIUS authentication server.
management	Configure a RADIUS server for management users.
<i>index</i>	RADIUS server index.
{ enable disable }	Enable or disable the server as a management user's default RADIUS Server.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> config radius auth management 1 enable
```

Related Commands

show radius acct statistics, config radius acct network

config radius auth network

To configure a default RADIUS server for network users, use the **config radius auth network** command.

config radius auth network *index* {**enable** | **disable**}

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	radius auth	Default RADIUS authentication server.
	network	Configure a default RADIUS server for network users.
	<i>index</i>	RADIUS server index.
	{ enable disable }	Enable or disable the server as a network user default RADIUS Server.

Defaults	None.

Examples	> config radius auth network 1 enable

Related Commands	show radius acct statistics , config radius acct network

config radius auth retransmit-timeout

To change the default transmission timeout for a RADIUS authentication server for the Cisco Wireless LAN controller, use the **config radius auth retransmit-timeout** command.

config radius auth retransmit-timeout *index timeout*

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	radius auth	RADIUS authentication server.
	retransmit-timeout	Configure retransmission timeout.
	<i>index</i>	RADIUS server index.
	<i>timeout</i>	Number of seconds (from 2 to 30) between retransmissions.

Defaults None.

Examples > `config radius auth retransmit-timeout 5`

Related Commands show radius auth statistics

config radius auth rfc3576

To configure RADIUS rfc3576 support for the authentication server for the Cisco Wireless LAN controller, use the **config radius auth rfc3576** command.

RFC 3576, an extension to the RADIUS protocol, allows dynamic changes to a user session. This includes support for disconnecting users and changing authorizations applicable to a user session, that is, provide support for disconnect and CoA messages. Disconnect messages cause a user session to be terminated immediately, whereas CoA messages modify session authorization attributes such as data filters.

config radius auth rfc3576 {enable | disable} *index*

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	radius auth	Default RADIUS authentication server.
	rfc3576	Configure RADIUS rfc3576 support.
	{enable disable}	Enable or disable RFC-3576 support for an authentication server.
	<i>index</i>	RADIUS server index.

Defaults	None.

Examples	> config radius auth rfc3576 enable 2

Related Commands	show radius auth statistics, show radius summary, show radius rfc3576

config radius aggressive-failover disabled

To configure the controller to mark a RADIUS server as down (not responding) after the server does not reply to three consecutive clients, use the **config radius aggressive-failover disabled** command.

config radius aggressive-failover disabled

Syntax Description

This command does not have any arguments or keywords.

Defaults

This command has no defaults.

Command History

Release	Modification
3.2.171	This command was first introduced.

Examples

```
> config radius aggressive-failover disabled
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
show radius summary	Displays RADIUS configuration summary information.

config radius backward compatibility

To configure RADIUS backward compatibility for the Cisco Wireless LAN controller, use the **config radius backward** command.

config radius backward compatibility {enable | disable}

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
radius backward	RADIUS authentication server.
compatibility	Configure RADIUS backward compatibility.
{enable disable}	Enable or disable RADIUS vendor ID backward compatibility.

Defaults

Enabled.

Examples

```
> config radius backward compatibility disable
```

Related Commands

show radius summary

config radius callStationIdType

To configure callStationIdType information sent in radius messages for the Cisco Wireless LAN controller, use the **config radius callStationIdType** command. This command uses the selected calling station ID for communications with RADIUS servers and other applications.

config radius callStationIdType {ipAddr | macAddr | ap-macAddr}

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	radius	Configure callStationIdType information.
	callStationIdType	
	{ipAddr macAddr ap-macAddr}	- Enter ipAddr to configure Call Station ID type to IP address (only layer 3). - Enter macAddr to configure Call Station ID type to the system's MAC address (layers 2 and 3). - Enter ap-macAddr to configure Call Station ID type to use the access point's MAC address (layers 2 and 3).

Defaults Enabled.

Examples

```
> config radius callStationIdType ipAddr
> config radius callStationIdType macAddr
> config radius callStationIdType ap-macAddr
```

Related Commands show radius summary

config rfid auto-timeout

To configure the automatic timeout of RFID tags, use the **config rfid auto-timeout** command.

config rfid auto-timeout {enable | disable}

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	rfid auto-timeout	Configure automatic timeout of RFID tags.
	{enable disable}	Enable or disable automatic timeout.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> config rfid auto-timeout enable
```

Related Commands

show rfid summary, config rfid status, config rfid timeout.

config rfid status

To configure RFID tag data collection, use the **config rfid status** command.

config rfid status {enable | disable}

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
rfid status	Configure RFID tag data collection.
{enable disable}	Enable or disable RFID tag tracking.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> config rfid status enable
```

Related Commands

show rfid summary, config rfid auto-timeout, config rfid timeout.

config rfid timeout

To configure the static RFID tag data timeout, use the **config rfid timeout** command.

config rfid timeout *seconds*

Syntax Description	show	Display configurations.
	rfid timeout	Configure the static RFID tag data timeout.
	<i>seconds</i>	Timeout in seconds (from 60 to 7200).

Defaults	None.

Examples	> config rfid timeout 60

Related Commands	show rfid summary , config rfid statistics

config rogue adhoc

To configure the status of an ad-hoc rogue access point (IBSS), use the **config rogue adhoc** command.

config rogue adhoc {**acknowledged** *MAC* | **alert** *MAC* | **contain** *MAC num_of_APs*}

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
rogue adhoc	Ad hoc rogue access point.
{acknowledged alert contain}	Enter acknowledged to acknowledge presence of a adhoc rogue. Enter alert to generate a trap upon detection of the adhoc rogue. Enter contain to start containing adhoc rogue.
<i>MAC</i>	MAC address of the ad-hoc rogue access point.
<i>num_of_APs</i>	The maximum number of Cisco access points to actively contain the rogue access point (1–4).

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> config rogue adhoc acknowledge 11:11:11:11:11:11
```

Related Commands

show rogue adhoc summary, show rogue adhoc detailed, config adhoc rogue

config rogue ap

To configure the status of a rogue access point, use the **config rogue ap** command.

```
config rogue ap {acknowledged MAC | alert MAC | known MAC | contain MAC num_of_APs}
```

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	rogue ap	Rogue access point status.
	{acknowledged alert contain known}	- Enter acknowledged to acknowledge presence of an access point. - Enter alert to generate a trap upon detection of the access point. - Enter contain to start containing a rogue access point. - Enter known to trust a foreign access point.
	<i>MAC</i>	MAC address of the rogue access point.
	<i>num_of_APs</i>	The maximum number of Cisco access points to actively contain the rogue access point (1–4).

Defaults	None.

Examples	> config rogue ap acknowledged 11:11:11:11:11:11

Related Commands	show rogue ap summary, show rogue ap detailed

config rogue client

To configure rogue clients, use the **config rogue client** command.

config rogue client {**alert** *MAC* | **contain** *MAC num_of_APs*}

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
rogue client	Rogue client status.
{alert contain}	- Enter alert to configure the rogue client to the alarm state. - Enter contain to start containing a rogue client.
<i>MAC</i>	MAC address of the rogue client.
<i>num_of_APs</i>	The maximum number of Cisco access points to actively contain the rogue access point (1–4).

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> config rogue client acknowledge 11:11:11:11:11:11 5
```

Related Commands

show rogue client summary, show rogue client detailed, config rogue client

config route add

To configure a network route from the Service Port to a dedicated workstation IP address range, use the **config route add** command.

config route add *ip_address netmask gateway*

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
route	Network route.
add	Add a route.
<i>ip_address</i>	Network IP Address.
<i>netmask</i>	The subnet mask for the network.
<i>gateway</i>	IP Address of the gateway for the route network.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> config route add 10.1.1.0 255.255.255.0 10.1.1.1
```

Related Commands

show route summary, config route delete

config route delete

To remove a network route from the Service Port, use the **config route delete** command.

config route delete *ip_address*

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
route	Network route.
delete	Delete a route.
<i>ip_address</i>	Network IP Address.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> config route delete 10.1.1.0
```

Related Commands

show route all, config route add

CONFIG SERIAL COMMANDS

Use the CONFIG SERIAL commands to configure serial port settings.

config serial baudrate

To set the serial port baud rate, use the **config serial baudrate** command.

```
config serial baudrate {1200 | 2400 | 4800 | 9600 | 19200 | 38400 | 57600}
```

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	serial baudrate	Configure serial port baud rate.
	{1200 2400 4800 9600 19200 38400 57600}	Enter one of the supported connection speeds.
Defaults	9600.	
Examples	> config serial baudrate 9600	
Related Commands	config serial timeout	

config serial timeout

To set the timeout of a serial port session, use the **config serial timeout** command.

Use this command to set the timeout for a serial connection to the front of the Cisco Wireless LAN controller from 0 to 160 minutes where 0 is no timeout.

config serial timeout *minutes*

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	serial	Serial connection settings.
	timeout	Configure timeout of a serial port session.
	<i>minutes</i>	Timeout in minutes from 0 to 160. A value of 0 indicates no timeout.

Defaults	0 (no timeout).

Examples	> config serial timeout 10

Related Commands	config serial timeout

CONFIG SESSIONS COMMANDS

Use the CONFIG SESSIONS commands to configure CLI session settings.

config sessions maxsessions

To configure the number of telnet CLI sessions allowed by the Cisco Wireless LAN controller, use the **config sessions maxsessions** command. Up to five sessions are possible while a setting of zero prohibits any telnet CLI sessions.

config sessions maxsessions *session_num*

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	sessions	Telnet CLI session parameters.
	maxsessions	Configure the number of allowed CLI sessions.
	<i>session_num</i>	Number of sessions from 0 to 5.

Defaults	5.

Examples	> config sessions maxsessions 2

Related Commands	show sessions

config sessions timeout

To configure the inactivity timeout for telnet CLI sessions, use the **config sessions timeout** command.

config sessions timeout *timeout*

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	sessions	Telnet CLI session parameters.
	timeout	Configure the inactivity timeout for telnet CLI sessions
	<i>timeout</i>	Timeout of telnet session in minutes (from 0 to 160). A value of 0 indicates no timeout.

Defaults	5.

Examples	> config sessions timeout 20

Related Commands	show sessions

CONFIG SNMP COMMUNITY COMMANDS

Use the CONFIG SNMP COMMUNITY commands to configure SNMP community settings.

config snmp community accessmode

To modify the access mode (Read only or Read/Write) of an SNMP community, use the **config snmp community accessmode** command.

config snmp community accessmode {ro | rw} name

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
snmp	SNMP parameters.
community	SNMP community parameters.
accessmode	Configure the access mode for an SNMP community.
{ro rw}	- Enter ro to specify a Read Only mode. - Enter rw to specify a Read/Write mode.
name	SNMP community name.

Defaults

Two communities are provided by default with the following parameters:

SNMP Community Name	Client IP Address	Client IP Mask	Access Mode	Status
public	0.0.0.0	0.0.0.0	Read Only	Enable
private	0.0.0.0	0.0.0.0	Read/Write	Enable

Examples

```
> config snmp community accessmode rw private
```

Related Commands

show snmp community, **config snmp community mode**, **config snmp community create**, **config snmp community delete**, **config snmp community ipaddr**

config snmp community create

To create a new SNMP community, use the **config snmp community create** command. Use this command to create a new community with the following default configuration:

config snmp community create *name*

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
snmp	SNMP parameters.
community	SNMP community parameters.
create	Create a new community.
<i>name</i>	SNMP community name. Up to 16 characters.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> config snmp community create test
```

```
> show snmpcommunity
```

SNMP Community Name	Client IP Address	Client IP Mask	Access Mode	Status
public	0.0.0.0	0.0.0.0	Read Only	Enable
*****	0.0.0.0	0.0.0.0	Read/Write	Enable
test	0.0.0.0	0.0.0.0	Read Only	Disable

Related Commands

show snmp community, **config snmp community mode**, **config snmp community accessmode**, **config snmp community delete**, **config snmp community ipaddr**

config snmp community delete

To delete an SNMP community, use the **config snmp community delete** command.

config snmp community delete *name*

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	snmp	SNMP parameters.
	community	SNMP community parameters.
	delete	Delete an SNMP community.
	<i>name</i>	SNMP community name.

Defaults	None.

Examples	> config snmp community delete test

Related Commands	show snmp community , config snmp community mode , config snmp community accessmode , config snmp community create , config snmp community ipaddr

config snmp community ipaddr

To configure the IP Address of an SNMP community, use the **config snmp community ipaddr** command.

config snmp community ipaddr *ip_address ip_mask name*

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
snmp	SNMP parameters.
community	SNMP community parameters.
ipaddr	Set IP Address parameters.
<i>ip_address</i>	SNMP community IP address.
<i>ip_mask</i>	SNMP community subnet mask.
<i>name</i>	SNMP community name.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> config snmp community ipaddr 10.10.10.10.2 255.255.255.0 public
```

Related Commands

show snmp community, config snmp community mode, config snmp community accessmode, config snmp community create, config snmp community delete, config snmp community ipaddr

config snmp community mode

To enable or disable an SNMP community, use the **config snmp community mode** command.

config snmp community mode {enable | disable} name

Syntax Description	config snmp community	Configure SNMP community parameters.
	mode	Configure an SNMP community
	{enable disable}	Enable or disable the community.
	<i>name</i>	SNMP community name.

Defaults	None.

Examples	> config snmp community mode disable public

Related Commands	show snmp community , config snmp community accessmode , config snmp community create , config snmp community delete , config snmp community ipaddr

config snmp syscontact

To set the SNMP system contact name, use the **config snmp syscontact** command.

config snmp syscontact *contact*

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
snmp	SNMP parameters.
syscontact	Set the SNMP system contact name.
<i>contact</i>	SNMP system contact name. Up to 31 alphanumeric characters.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> config snmp syscontact Cisco WLAN Solution_administrator
```

Related Commands

show snmpcommunity

config snmp syslocation

To configure the SNMP system location name, use the **config snmp syslocation** command.

config snmp syslocation *location*

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	snmp	SNMP parameters.
	syslocation	configure the SNMP system location name.
	<i>location</i>	SNMP system location name. Up to 31 alphanumeric characters.

Defaults	None.

Examples	> config snmp syslocation Building_2a

Related Commands	show snmpcommunity

CONFIG SNMP TRAPRECEIVER COMMANDS

Use the CONFIG SMP TRAPRECEIVER commands to configure SNMP trapreceiver settings.

config snmp trapreceiver create

To add server to receive a SNMP traps, use the **config snmp trapreceiver create** command. The IP Address must be valid for the command to add the new server.

config snmp trapreceiver create *name ip_address*

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
snmp	SNMP parameters.
trapreceiver	SNMP trap server parameters.
create	Add a new SNMP trap receiver.
<i>name</i>	SNMP community name. Up to 16 characters.
<i>ip_address</i>	SNMP community IP address.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> config snmp trapreceiver create test 10.1.1.1
```

Related Commands

show snmp trap

config snmp trapreceiver delete

To delete a server from the trap receiver list, use the **config snmp trapreceiver delete** command.

config snmp trapreceiver delete *name*

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	snmp	SNMP parameters.
	trapreceiver	Server to receive traps.
	delete	Delete an SNMP trap receiver.
	<i>name</i>	SNMP community name. Up to 16 characters.

Defaults	None.

Examples	> config snmp trapreceiver delete test

Related Commands	show snmp trap

config snmp trapreceiver mode

To send or disable sending traps to a selected server, use the **config snmp trapreceiver mode** command. This enables or disables the Cisco Wireless LAN controller from sending the traps to the selected server.

config snmp trapreceiver mode {enable | disable} *name*

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
snmp	SNMP parameters.
trapreceiver	Server to receive traps.
mode	Configure an SNMP trap receiver.
{enable disable}	Enable or disable an SNMP trap receiver.
<i>name</i>	SNMP community name.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> config snmp trapreceiver mode disable server1
```

Related Commands

show snmp trap

CONFIG SNMP V3USER COMMANDS

Use the CONFIG SNMP V3USER commands to configure SNMP version 3 settings.

config snmp v3user create

To create a version 3 SNMP user, use the **config snmp v3user create** command.

```
config snmp v3user create username {ro | rw} {none | hmacmd5 | hmacsha} {none | des}
[auth_key] [encrypt_key]
```

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
snmp	SNMP parameters.
v3user create	Create a version 3 SNMP.
<i>username</i>	Version 3 SNMP username.
{ ro rw }	- Enter ro to specify a Read Only user privileges. - Enter rw to specify a Read/Write user privileges.
{ none hmacmd5 hmacsha }	Enter an authentication protocol for a v3 user or none if no authentication is required.
{ none des }	- Enter none if no encryption is required. - Enter des to use the des encryption protocol.
[<i>auth_key</i>]	Authentication key for the hmacmd5 or hmacsha authentication protocol.
[<i>encrypt_key</i>]	Encryption key for the des encryption protocol.

Defaults

SNMP v3 User Name	AccessMode	Authentication	Encryption
-----	-----	-----	-----
default	Read/Write	HMAC-MD5	CBC-DES

Examples

To add an SNMP username test with read-only privileges and no encryption or authentication:

```
> config snmp v3user create test ro none none
```

Related Commands

show snmp v3user

config snmp v3user delete

To delete a version 3 SNMP user, use the **config snmp v3user delete** command.

config snmp v3user delete *username*

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
snmp	SNMP parameters.
v3user	Version 3 SNMP.
delete	Delete a v3 user.
<i>username</i>	Username to delete.

Defaults

SNMP v3 User Name	AccessMode	Authentication	Encryption
-----	-----	-----	-----
default	Read/Write	HMAC-MD5	CBC-DES

Examples

This will remove an SNMP user named test.

```
> config snmp v3user delete test
```

Related Commands

show snmp v3user

config snmp version

To enable or disable selected SNMP versions, use the **config snmp version** command.

config snmp version {v1 | v2 | v3} {enable | disable}

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	snmp	SNMP parameters.
	version	Configure SNMP version.
	{v1 v2 v3}	Enter an SNMP version to enable or disable.
	{enable disable}	Enable or disable specified version

Defaults	All versions enabled

Examples	> config sessions timeout 20

Related Commands	show snmpversion

CONFIG SPANNINGTREE PORT COMMANDS

Use the CONFIG SPANNINGTREE PORT commands to configure spanningtree port settings.

config spanningtree port mode

To turn fast or 802.1D Spanning Tree Protocol on or off for one or all Cisco Wireless LAN controller ports, use the **config spanningtree port mode** command.



Note

When the a Cisco 4400 series wireless LAN controller is configured for port redundancy, Spanning Tree Protocol must be disabled for all ports on the Cisco 4400 series wireless LAN controller. Spanning tree protocol can remain enabled on the switch connected to the Cisco 4400 series wireless LAN controller.

Note that you must disable Cisco Wireless LAN controller STP using the config spanningtree switch mode command, select STP mode for all Ethernet ports using this command, and then enable Cisco Wireless LAN controller STP using the config spanningtree switch mode command. This procedure allows the Cisco Wireless LAN controller to most efficiently set up STP, detect logical network loops, place redundant ports on standby, and build a network with the most efficient pathways.

config spanningtree port mode {off | 802.1d | fast} {port | all}

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
spanningtree	Spanning Tree Protocol.
port	Configure spanning tree values on a per port basis.
mode	Configure the STP port mode.
{off 802.1d fast}	Enter a supported port mode or off to disable STP for the specified ports.
{port all}	Enter a port number (1 through 12 or 1 through 24), or all to configure all ports.

Defaults

Port STP = off.

Examples

To disable STP for all Ethernet ports:

```
> config spanningtree port mode off all
```

To turn on STP 802.1D mode for Ethernet port 24:

```
> config spanningtree port mode 802.1d 24
```

To turn on fast STP mode for Ethernet port 2:

```
> config spanningtree port mode fast 2
```

Related Commands

show spanningtree port, config spanningtree switch mode, config spanningtree port pathcost, config spanningtree port priority

config spanningtree port pathcost

To set the STP path cost for an Ethernet port, use the **config spanningtree port pathcost** command.



Note

When the a Cisco 4400 series wireless LAN controller is configured for port redundancy, Spanning Tree Protocol must be disabled for all ports on the Cisco 4400 series wireless LAN controller. Spanning tree protocol can remain enabled on the switch connected to the Cisco 4400 series wireless LAN controller.

config spanningtree port pathcost {*cost* | **auto**} {*port* | **all**}

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
spanningtree	Spanning Tree Protocol.
port	Configure spanning tree values on a per port basis.
pathcost	Configure the STP port path cost.
{ <i>cost</i> auto }	Enter cost in decimal as determined by the network planner or auto (default cost).
{ <i>port</i> all }	Enter a port number (1 through 12 or 1 through 24), or all to configure all ports.

Defaults

auto.

Examples

To have the STP algorithm automatically assign a path cost for all ports:

```
> config spanningtree port pathcost auto all
```

To have the STP algorithm use a port cost of 200 for port 22:

```
> config spanningtree port pathcost 200 22
```

Related Commands

show spanningtree port, config spanningtree port mode, config spanningtree port priority

config spanningtree port priority

To configure the STP port priority, use the **config spanningtree port priority** command.

**Note**

When the a Cisco 4400 series wireless LAN controller is configured for port redundancy, Spanning Tree Protocol must be disabled for all ports on the Cisco 4400 series wireless LAN controller. Spanning tree protocol can remain enabled on the switch connected to the Cisco 4400 series wireless LAN controller.

config spanningtree port priority *priority_num port*

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
spanningtree	Spanning Tree Protocol.
port	Configure spanning tree values on a per port basis.
priority	Configure the STP port priority.
<i>priority_num</i>	Enter a priority number from 0 to 255.
<i>port</i>	Enter a port number (1 through 12 or 1 through 24).

Defaults

STP Priority = 128.

Examples

To set Ethernet port 2 to STP priority 100:

```
> config spanningtree port priority 100 2
```

Related Commands

show spanningtree port, **config spanningtree switch mode**, **config spanningtree port mode**, **config spanningtree port pathcost**

CONFIG SPANNINGTREE SWITCH COMMANDS

Use the CONFIG SPANNINGTREE SWITCH commands to configure spanningtree switch settings.

config spanningtree switch bridgepriority

To set the bridge ID, use the **config spanningtree switch bridgepriority** command. The value of the writable portion of the Bridge ID, that is, the first two octets of the (8 octet long) Bridge ID. The other (last) 6 octets of the Bridge ID are given by the value of Bridge MAC Address. The value may be specified as a number between 0 and 65535.

**Note**

When the a Cisco 4400 series wireless LAN controller is configured for port redundancy, Spanning Tree Protocol must be disabled for all ports on the Cisco 4400 series wireless LAN controller. Spanning tree protocol can remain enabled on the switch connected to the Cisco 4400 series wireless LAN controller.

config spanningtree switch bridgepriority *priority_num*

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
spanningtree	Spanning Tree Protocol.
switch	Configure spanning tree values on a per switch basis.
bridgepriority	Configure the STP bridge priority.
<i>priority_num</i>	Enter a priority number between 0 and 65535.

Defaults

The factory default is 32768.

Examples

```
> config spanningtree switch bridgepriority 40230
```

Related Commands

show spanningtree switch, **config spanningtree switch forwarddelay**, **config spanningtree switch hellotime**, **config spanningtree switch maxage**, **config spanningtree switch mode**

config spanningtree switch forwarddelay

To set the bridge timeout, use the **config spanningtree switch forwarddelay** command.

The value that all bridges use for ForwardDelay when this bridge is acting as the root. Note that 802.1D-1990 specifies that the range for this parameter is related to the value of Stp Bridge Maximum Age. The granularity of this timer is specified by 802.1D-1990 to be 1 second. An agent may return a badValue error if a set is attempted to a value which is not a whole number of seconds. The Factory default is 15. Valid values are 4 through 30 seconds.

config spanningtree switch forwarddelay *seconds*

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	spanningtree	Spanning Tree Protocol.
	switch	Configure spanning tree values on a per switch basis.
	forwarddelay	Configure the STP bridge forward delay.
	<i>seconds</i>	Timeout in seconds (between 4 and 30).

Defaults

The factory default is 15.

Examples

```
> config spanningtree switch forwarddelay 20
```

Related Commands

show spanningtree switch, config spanningtree switch bridgepriority, config spanningtree switch hellotime, config spanningtree switch maxage, config spanningtree switch mode

config spanningtree switch hellotime

To set the hello time, use the **config spanningtree switch hellotime** command.

This is the value all bridges use for HelloTime when this bridge is acting as the root. The granularity of this timer is specified by 802.1D- 1990 to be 1 second. Valid values are 1 through 10 seconds.

config spanningtree switch hellotime *seconds*

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	spanningtree	Spanning Tree Protocol.
	switch	Configure spanning tree values on a per switch basis.
	hellotime	Configure the STP hello time.
	<i>seconds</i>	STP hello time in seconds.

Defaults The factory default is 15.

Examples > **config spanningtree switch hellotime 4**

Related Commands show spanningtree switch, spanningtree switch bridgepriority, config spanningtree switch forwarddelay, config spanningtree switch maxage, config spanningtree switch mode

config spanningtree switch maxage

To set the maximum age, use the **config spanningtree switch maxage** command.

This is the value all bridges use for MaxAge when this bridge is acting as the root. Note that 802.1D-1990 specifies that the range for this parameter is related to the value of Stp Bridge Hello Time. The granularity of this timer is specified by 802.1D-1990 to be 1 second. Valid values are 6 through 40 seconds.

config spanningtree switch maxage *seconds*

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
spanningtree	Spanning Tree Protocol.
switch	Configure spanning tree values on a per switch basis.
maxage	Configure the STP bridge maximum age.
<i>seconds</i>	STP bridge maximum age in seconds.

Defaults

The factory default is 20.

Examples

```
> config spanningtree switch maxage 30
```

Related Commands

show spanningtree switch, config spanningtree switch bridgepriority, config spanningtree switch forwarddelay, config spanningtree switch hellotime, config spanningtree switch mode

config spanningtree switch mode

To turn the Cisco Wireless LAN controller Spanning Tree Protocol on or off, use the **config spanningtree switch mode** command.

Note that you must disable the Cisco Wireless LAN controller STP using this command, select STP mode for all Ethernet ports using the config spanningtree port mode command, and then enable the Cisco Wireless LAN controller STP using this command. This procedure allows the Cisco Wireless LAN controller to most efficiently set up STP, detect logical network loops, place redundant ports on standby, and build a network with the most efficient pathways.

config spanningtree switch mode {enable | disable}

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	spanningtree	Spanning Tree Protocol.
	switch	Configure spanning tree values on a per switch basis.
	mode	Configure Spanning Tree Protocol on the switch.
	{enable disable}	Enable or disable Spanning Tree Protocol on the switch.

Defaults STP = Disabled.

Examples To support STP on all Cisco Wireless LAN controller Ports:
> **config spanningtree switch mode enable**

Related Commands show spanningtree switch, config spanningtree switch bridgepriority, config spanningtree switch forwarddelay, config spanningtree switch hellotime, config spanningtree switch maxage, config spanningtree port mode

CONFIG SWITCHCONFIG COMMANDS

Use the CONFIG SWITCHCONFIG commands to configure switch settings.

config switchconfig flowcontrol

To enable or disable 802.3x flow control, use the **config switchconfig flowcontrol** command.

config switchconfig flowcontrol {enable | disable}

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	switchconfig	Cisco Wireless LAN controller parameters.
	flowcontrol	Configure flow control.
	{enable disable}	Enable or disable 802.3x flow control.

Defaults Disabled

Examples > **config switchconfig flowcontrol enable**

Related Commands show switchconfig

config switchconfig mode

To configure LWAPP transport mode for Layer 2 or Layer 3, use the **config switchconfig flowcontrol** command.

config switchconfig mode {L2 | L3}

**Note**

The 2000 series controllers do not support Layer 2 LWAPP.

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
switchconfig	Cisco Wireless LAN controller parameters.
mode	Configure LWAPP transport mode to Layer 2 or Layer 3.
{L2 L3}	Enter a transport mode: L2 for Layer 2 or L3 for Layer 3.

Defaults

L3

Examples

```
> config switchconfig mode L3
```

Related Commands

show switchconfig

config syslog

To send or disable sending system logs, use the **config syslog** command.

config syslog {*ip_address* | **disable**}

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
syslog	Configure system logs.
{ <i>ip_address</i> disable }	- Enter an IP address to send logs to. - Enter disable to disable system logs.

Defaults

Disable

Examples

```
> config syslog 10.1.1.1
```

Sending logs to 10.1.1.1

```
> config syslog disable
```

Syslog disabled.

Related Commands

show syslog

config sysname

To set the Cisco Wireless LAN controller system name, use the **config sysname** command.

config sysname *name*

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	sysname	Configures the system name.
	<i>name</i>	System name. Up to 31 alphanumeric characters.

Defaults None.

Examples > **config sysname** Ent_01

Related Commands show sysinfo

CONFIG TACACS COMMANDS

Use the CONFIG TACACS commands to configure tacacs settings.

config tacacs

To configure TACACS accounting, authentication, and authorization servers, use the config tacacs command.

config tacacs [acct | auth | athr]

Syntax Description

acct	(Optional) Configures a TACACS+ accounting server.
auth	(Optional) Configures a TACACS+ authentication server
athr	(Optional) Configures a TACACS+ authorization server

Defaults

This command has no defaults.

Command History

Release	Modification
4.1	This command was first introduced.

Examples

TBD

Related Commands

Command	Description
show run-config	Displays current configuration information.
show tacacs summary	Displays TACACS summary information.

config tacacs acct

To configure TACACS accounting server settings, use the **config tacacs acct** command.

```
config tacacs acct {add server_index ip_address port type secret_key |
  delete server_index |
  disable server_index |
  enable server_index |
  retransmit-timeout server_index seconds }
```

Syntax Description

add	(Optional) Add a new TACACS+ accounting server.
<i>server_index</i>	Specifies the TACACS+ accounting server index (1 to 3).
<i>ip_address</i>	Specifies the IP address for the TACACS+ accounting server.
<i>port</i>	Specifies the controller port used for the TACACS+ accounting server.
<i>type</i>	Specifies the type of secret key being used (ASCII or HEX).
<i>secret_key</i>	Specifies the secret key in ASCII or hexadecimal characters.
delete	(Optional) Deletes a TACACS+ server.
disable	(Optional) Disables a TACACS+ server.
enable	(Optional) Enables a TACACS+ server.
retransmit-timeout	(Optional) Changes the default retransmit timeout for the TACACS+ server.
seconds	Specifies the retransmit timeout (2 to 30 seconds).

Defaults

This command has no defaults.

Command History

Release	Modification
4.1	This command was first introduced.

Examples

```
> config tacacs acct add 1 10.0.0.0 10 ascii 12345678
> config tacacs acct retransmit-timeout 30
> config tacacs acct enable 1
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
show run-config	Displays current configuration information.
show tacacs acct statistics	Displays TACACS+ accounting server statistics.
show tacacs summary	Displays TACACS+ server summary information.

config tacacs athr

To configure TACACS authorization server settings, use the **config tacacs athr** command.

```
config tacacs athr {add server_index ip_address port type secret_key |
    delete server_index |
    disable server_index |
    enable server_index |
    retransmit-timeout server_index seconds }
```

Syntax Description

add	(Optional) Add a new TACACS+ authorization server.
<i>server_index</i>	Specifies the TACACS+ authorization server index (1 to 3).
<i>ip_address</i>	Specifies the IP address for the TACACS+ authorization server.
<i>port</i>	Specifies the controller port used for the TACACS+ authorization server.
<i>type</i>	Specifies the type of secret key being used (ASCII or HEX).
<i>secret_key</i>	Specifies the secret key in ASCII or hexadecimal characters.
delete	(Optional) Deletes a TACACS+ server.
disable	(Optional) Disables a TACACS+ server.
enable	(Optional) Enables a TACACS+ server.
retransmit-timeout	(Optional) Changes the default retransmit timeout for the TACACS+ server.
seconds	Specifies the retransmit timeout (2 to 30 seconds).

Defaults

This command has no defaults.

Command History

Release	Modification
4.1	This command was first introduced.

Examples

```
> config tacacs athr add 3 10.0.0.0 4 ascii 12345678
> config tacacs athr retransmit-timeout 30
> config tacacs athr enable 3
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
show run-config	Displays current configuration information.
show tacacs athr statistics	Displays TACACS+ authorization server statistics.
show tacacs summary	Displays TACACS+ server summary information.

config tacacs auth

To configure TACACS authentication server settings, use the **config tacacs auth** command.

```
config tacacs auth {add server_index ip_address port type secret_key |
  delete server_index |
  disable server_index |
  enable server_index |
  retransmit-timeout server_index seconds }
```

Syntax Description	
add	(Optional) Add a new TACACS+ authentication server.
<i>server_index</i>	Specifies the TACACS+ authentication server index (1 to 3).
<i>ip_address</i>	Specifies the IP address for the TACACS+ authentication server.
<i>port</i>	Specifies the controller port used for the TACACS+ authentication server.
<i>type</i>	Specifies the type of secret key being used (ASCII or HEX).
<i>secret_key</i>	Specifies the secret key in ASCII or hexadecimal characters.
delete	(Optional) Deletes a TACACS+ server.
disable	(Optional) Disables a TACACS+ server.
enable	(Optional) Enables a TACACS+ server.
retransmit-timeout	(Optional) Changes the default retransmit timeout for the TACACS+ server.
seconds	Specifies the retransmit timeout (2 to 30 seconds).

Defaults This command has no defaults.

Command History	Release	Modification
	4.1	This command was first introduced.

Examples

```
> config tacacs auth add 2 10.0.0.3 6 ascii 12345678
> config tacacs auth retransmit-timeout 30
> config tacacs auth enable 2
```

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show run-config	Displays current configuration information.
	show tacacs auth statistics	Displays TACACS+ authentication server statistics.
	show tacacs summary	Displays TACACS+ server summary information.

config tacacs all

To configure a single TACACS server for accounting, authentication, and authorization, use the **config tacacs all** command. -----TBD

config tacacs all (*index*) (*ip_address*) (*port*) (*secret_key*)

Syntax Description

<i>index</i>	Specifies the TBD
<i>ip_address</i>	Specifies the IP address of the TACACS server.
<i>port</i>	Specifies the port used on the TACACS server.
<i>secret_key</i>	Specifies the TBD

Defaults

This command has no defaults.

Command History

Release	Modification
4.1	This command was first introduced.

Examples

TBD

Related Commands

Command	Description
show run-config	Displays current configuration information.
show tacacs summary	Displays TACACS+ server summary information.

config time manual

To set the system time, use the **config time manual** command.

config time manual *MM/DD/YY HH:MM:SS*

Syntax Description	config	Command action.
	time	Configures system time or servers.
	manual	Configures the system time.
	<i>MM/DD/YY</i>	Enter date.
	<i>HH:MM:SS</i>	Enter time.

Defaults	None.

Examples	> config time manual 02/11/2003 15:29:00

Related Commands	show time

config time ntp

To set the Network Time Protocol, use the **config time ntp** command.

config time ntp {*interval seconds* | *server index ip_address*}

Syntax Description	config	Command action.
	time	Configures system time or servers.
	ntp	Configures the Network Time Protocol.
	interval	
	{interval server}	• Enter interval to configure the Network Time Protocol polling interval. • Enter server to configure the Network Time Protocol servers.
	<i>seconds</i>	NTP polling interval in seconds (between 6800 and 604800).
	<i>index</i>	NTP server index.
	<i>ip_address</i>	NTP server's IP address. Use 0.0.0.0 to delete entry.

Defaults	None.

Examples	> config time ntp interval 7000

Related Commands	show time

config time timezone

To configure the system's timezone, use the **config time timezone** command.

config time timezone {enable | disable} *delta_hours* [*delta_mins*]

Syntax Description	config	Command action.
	time	Configures system time or servers.
	timezone	Disables or enables daylight savings time for the system.
	{enable disable}	Enable or disable daylight savings time.
	<i>delta_hours</i>	Enter the local hour difference from Universal Coordinated Time (UCT).
	[<i>delta_mins</i>]	[Optional] Enter the local minute difference from UCT.

Defaults	None.

Examples	> config time timezone enable 2 0

Related Commands	show time

CONFIG TRAPFLAGS COMMANDS

Use the CONFIG TRAPFLAGS commands to configure trapflags settings.

config trapflags 802.11-Security

To enable or disable sending 802.11 Security related traps, use the **config trapflags 802.11-Security** command.

config trapflags 802.11-Security wepDecryptError {enable | disable}

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	trapflags	Trap parameters.
	802.11-Security	802.11 security traps flag.
	wepDecryptError	Send the WEP decrypt error to clients.
	{enable disable}	Enable or disable sending 802.11 Security related traps.

Defaults	Enabled

Examples	> config trapflags 802.11-Security wepDecryptError disable

Related Commands	show trapflags

config trapflags aaa

To enable or disable the sending of AAA server related traps, use the **config trapflags aaa** command.

```
config trapflags aaa {auth | servers} {enable | disable}
```

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	trapflags	Trap parameters.
	aaa	Configure the of sending AAA related traps.
	{auth servers}	- Enter auth to enable trap sending when AAA authentication failure occurs for mgmt user or net user or macfilter. - Enter servers to enable trap sending when No Radius servers are responding.
	{enable disable}	Enable or disable the sending of AAA server related traps.

Defaults	Enabled

Examples	> config trapflags aaa auth disable

Related Commands	show trapflags

config trapflags ap

To enable or disable the sending of Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point related traps, use the **config trapflags ap** command.

config trapflags ap {register | interfaceUp} {enable | disable}

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
trapflags	Trap parameters.
ap	Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point traps flag.
{register interfaceUp}	- Enter register to enable sending trap when a Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point registers with Cisco switch. - Enter interfaceUp to enable sending trap when a Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point interface (A or B) comes up.
{enable disable}	Enable or disable sending access point related traps.

Defaults

Enabled

Examples

```
> config trapflags ap register disable
```

Related Commands

show trapflags

config trapflags authentication

To enable or disable sending traps on invalid SNMP access, use the **config trapflags authentication** command.

config trapflags authentication {enable | disable}

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
trapflags	Trap parameters.
authentication	Configure trap sending on invalid SNMP access.
{enable disable}	Enable or disable sending traps on invalid SNMP access.

Defaults

Enabled

Examples

```
> config trapflags authentication disable
```

Related Commands

show trapflags

config trapflags client

To enable or disable the sending of client related DOT11 traps, use the **config trapflags client** command.

```
config trapflags client { 802.11-disassociate | 802.11-deauthenticate | 802.11-authfail |
                        802.11-assocfail | excluded } { enable | disable }
```

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
trapflags	Trap parameters.
client	Configure the sending of client related Dot11 traps.
{802.11-disassociate 802.11-deauthenticate 802.11-authfail 802.11-assocfail excluded}	- Enter 802.11-disassociate to enable the sending of Dot11 disassociation traps to clients. - Enter 802.11-deauthenticate to enable the sending of Dot11 deauthentication traps to clients. - Enter 802.11-authfail to enable the sending of Dot11 authentication fail traps to clients. - Enter 802.11-assocfail to enable the sending of Dot11 association fail traps to clients. - Enter excluded to enable the sending of excluded trap to clients.
{enable disable}	Enable or disable the sending of client related DOT11 traps.

Defaults

Disabled

Examples

```
> config trapflags client 802.11-disassociate disable
```

Related Commands

show trapflags

config trapflags configsave

To enable or disable the sending of configuration saved traps, use the **config trapflags configsave** command.

config trapflags configsave {enable | disable}

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	trapflags	Trap parameters.
	configsave	Configure the sending of configuration saved traps.
	{enable disable}	Enable or disable the sending of configuration saved traps.

Defaults	Enabled

Examples	> config trapflags configsave disable

Related Commands	show trapflags

config trapflags ipsec

To enable or disable the sending of IPSec traps, use the **config trapflags ipsec** command.

```
config trapflags ipsec {esp-auth | esp-reply | invalidSPI | ike-neg | suite-neg | invalid-cookie}
                        {enable | disable}
```

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
trapflags	Trap parameters.
ipsec	IPSec trap flags.
{esp-auth esp-reply invalidSPI ike-neg suite-neg invalid-cookie}	• Enable the sending of IPSec traps when ESP authentication failure occurs. • Enable the sending of IPSec traps when ESP replay failure occurs. • Enable the sending of IPSec traps when ESP invalid SPI is detected. • Enable the sending of IPSec traps when IKE negotiation failure occurs. • Enable the sending of IPSec traps when suite negotiation failure occurs. • Enable the sending of IPSec traps when Isakamp invalid cookie is detected.
{enable disable}	Enable or disable the sending of IPSec traps.

Defaults

Enabled

Examples

```
> config trapflags ipsec esp-auth disable
```

Related Commands

show trapflags

config trapflags linkmode

To enable or disable Cisco Wireless LAN controller level Link up/down trap flags, use the **config trapflags linkmode** command.

config trapflags linkmode {enable | disable}

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	trapflags	Trap parameters.
	linkmode	Configure switch-level link up/down trap flag.
	{enable disable}	Enable or disable Cisco Wireless LAN controller level Link up/down trap flags.

Defaults	Enabled

Examples	> config trapflags linkmode disable

Related Commands	show trapflags

config trapflags multiusers

To enable or disable the sending of traps when multiple logins active, use the **config trapflags multiusers** command.

config trapflags multiusers {enable | disable}

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
trapflags	Trap parameters.
multiusers	Configure trap sending when multiple logins are active.
{enable disable}	Enable or disable the sending of traps when multiple logins active.

Defaults

Enabled

Examples

> **config trapflags multiusers disable**

Related Commands

show trapflags

config trapflags rogueap

To enable or disable sending rogue access point detection traps, use the **config trapflags rogueap** command.

config trapflags rogueap {enable | disable}

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
trapflags	Trap parameters.
rogueap	Configure rogue access point detection trap sending.
{enable disable}	Enable or disable the sending of rogue access point detection traps.

Defaults

Enabled

Examples

> **config trapflags rogueap disable**

Related Commands

show trapflags

config trapflags rrm-params

To enable or disable the sending of RRM profile related traps, use the **config trapflags rrm-params** command.

```
config trapflags rrm-params {tx-power | channel | antenna} {enable | disable}
```

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
trapflags	Trap parameters.
rrm-params	RRM parameters traps flag.
{tx-power channel antenna}	- Enter tx-power to enable trap sending when RF manager automatically changes tx-power level for the Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point interface. - Enter channel to enable trap sending when RF manager automatically changes channel for the Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point interface. - Enter antenna to enable trap sending when RF manager automatically changes antenna for the Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point interface.
{enable disable}	Enable or disable the sending of RRM profile related traps.

Defaults

Enabled

Examples

```
> config trapflags rrm-params tx-power disable
```

Related Commands

show trapflags

config trapflags rrm-profile

To enable or disable the sending of RRM profile related traps, use the **config trapflags rrm-profile** command.

config trapflags rrm-profile {load | noise | interference | coverage} {enable | disable}

Syntax Description	
config	Configure parameters.
trapflags	Trap parameters.
rrm-profile	RRM profile traps flag.
{load noise interference coverage}	- Enter load to enable trap sending when the load profile maintained by the RF manager fails. - Enter noise to enable trap sending when the noise profile maintained by the RF manager fails. - Enter interference to enable trap sending when the interference profile maintained by the RF manager fails. - Enter coverage to enable trap sending when the coverage profile maintained by the RF manager fails.
{enable disable}	Enable or disable the sending of RRM profile related traps.

Defaults Enabled

Examples > **config trapflags rrm-profile load disable**

Related Commands show trapflags

config trapflags stpmode

To enable or disable the sending of spanning tree traps, use the **config trapflags stpmode** command.

config trapflags stpmode {enable | disable}

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	trapflags	Trap parameters.
	stpmode	Configure spanning tree trap sending.
	{enable disable}	Enable or disable the sending of spanning tree traps.

Defaults Enabled

Examples > **config trapflags stpmode disable**

Related Commands show trapflags

config trapflags wps

To enable or disable wireless protection system (WPS) trap sending, use the **config trapflags wps** command.

config trapflags wps {enable | disable}

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
trapflags	Trap parameters.
wps	Configure WPS trap sending.
{enable disable}	Enable or disable WPS trap sending.

Defaults

Enabled

Examples

```
> config trapflags wps disable
```

Related Commands

show trapflags

CONFIG WATCHLIST COMMANDS

Use the CONFIG WATCHLIST commands to configure watchlist settings.

config watchlist add

To add a watchlist entry for a wireless LAN, use the **config watchlist add** command.

config watchlist add {**mac** *MAC* | **username** *username*}

Syntax Description	config watchlist	Command action.
	add	Add a watchlist entry.
	{mac <i>MAC</i>	Enter mac and specify the MAC address of the wireless LAN.
	username <i>username</i> }	Enter username and specify the name of the user to watch.

Defaults	None.

Examples	> config watchlist add mac a5:6b:ac:10:01:6b

Related Commands	config watchlist delete , config watchlist enable , config watchlist disable , show watchlist

config watchlist delete

To delete a watchlist entry for a wireless LAN, use the **config watchlist delete** command.

config watchlist delete {**mac** *MAC* | **username** *username*}

Syntax Description	config watchlist	Command action.
	delete	Delete a watchlist entry.
	{mac <i>MAC</i>	- Enter mac and specify the MAC address of the wireless LAN to delete from the list. - Enter username and specify the name of the user to delete from the list.
	username <i>username</i> }	

Defaults	None.

Examples	> config watchlist delete mac a5:6b:ac:10:01:6b

Related Commands	config watchlist add , config watchlist enable , config watchlist disable , show watchlist

config watchlist disable

To disable the client watchlist, use the **config watchlist disable** command.

config watchlist disable

Syntax Description

config	Command action.
watchlist	Configure the client watchlist.
disable	Disable the client watchlist.

Defaults

None.

Examples

> **config watchlist disable**

Related Commands

config watchlist add, **config watchlist delete**, **show watchlist**

config watchlist enable

To enable a watchlist entry for a wireless LAN, use the **config watchlist enable** command.

config watchlist enable

Syntax Description	config watchlist	Command action.
	watchlist	Configure the client watchlist.
	enable	Enable the client watchlist.

Defaults	None.

Examples	> config watchlist enable

Related Commands	config watchlist add , config watchlist delete , show watchlist

CONFIG WIRELESS LAN COMMANDS

Use the CONFIG WLAN commands to configure wireless LAN command settings.

config wlan 7920-support

To configure support for phones, use the **config wlan 7920-support** command.

config wlan 7920-support {**ap-cac-limit** | **client-cac-limit**} {**enable** | **disable**} *wlan_id*

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	wlan	Wireless LAN parameters.
	7920-support	Configure support for phones.
	{ap-cac-limit client-cac-limit}	- Enter ap-cac-limit to support phones that expect the Cisco vendor-specific IE. - Enter client-cac-limit to support phones that expect the IEEE 802.11e Draft 6 QBSS-load.
	{enable disable}	Enable or disable phone support.
	<i>wlan_id</i>	Wireless LAN identifier between 1 and 16.

Defaults None.

Examples > **config wlan 7920-support ap-cac-limit enable 8**

Related Commands **show wlan**

config wlan 802.11e

To configure 802.11e support on a wireless LAN, use the **config wlan 802.11e** command.

802.11e provides Quality of Service (QoS) support for LAN applications, which are critical for delay sensitive applications such as Voice over Wireless IP (VoWIP).

802.11e enhances the 802.11 Media Access Control layer (MAC layer) with a coordinated time division multiple access (TDMA) construct, and adds error-correcting mechanisms for delay sensitive applications such as voice and video. The 802.11e specification provides seamless interoperability and is especially well suited for use in networks that include multimedia capability.

config wlan 802.11e {**allow** | **disable** | **require**} *wlan_id*

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	wlan	Wireless LAN parameters.
	802.11e	Configure 802.11e.
	{allow disable require}	- Enter allow to allow 802.11e on the wireless LAN. - Enter disable to disable 802.11e on the wireless LAN. - Enter require to require 802.11e-enabled clients on the wireless LAN.
	<i>wlan_id</i>	Wireless LAN identifier between 1 and 16.

Defaults	None.

Examples	> config wlan 802.11e allow 1

Related Commands	show trapflags

config wlan aaa-override

To configure user policy override via AAA on a wireless LAN, use the **config wlan aaa-override** command.

When AAA override is enabled, and a client has conflicting AAA and Cisco Wireless LAN controller wireless LAN authentication parameters, client authentication is performed by the AAA server. As part of this authentication, the operating system will move clients from the default Cisco wireless LAN solution wireless LAN VLAN to a VLAN returned by the AAA server and predefined in the Cisco Wireless LAN controller interface configuration (only when configured for MAC filtering, 802.1X, and/or WPA operation). In all cases, the operating system will also use QoS and ACL provided by the AAA server, as long as they are predefined in the Cisco Wireless LAN controller interface configuration. (This VLAN switching by AAA override is also referred to as Identity Networking.)

For instance, if the Corporate wireless LAN primarily uses a management interface assigned to VLAN 2, and if AAA override returns a redirect to VLAN 100, the Operating System redirects all client transmissions to VLAN 100, regardless of the physical port to which VLAN 100 is assigned.

When AAA override is disabled, all client authentication defaults to the Cisco Wireless LAN controller authentication parameter settings, and authentication is only performed by the AAA server if the Cisco Wireless LAN controller wireless LAN do not contain any client-specific authentication parameters.

The AAA override values may come from a RADIUS server, for example.

config wlan aaa-override {enable | disable} {wlan_id | foreignAp}

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	wlan	Wireless LAN parameters.
	aaa-override	Configures user policy override via AAA on a wireless LAN.
	{enable disable}	Enable or disable policy override.
	{wlan_id foreignAp}	- Enter a wireless LAN identifier between 1 and 16. - Enter foreignAp for third party access points.

Defaults Disabled.

Examples > **config wlan aaa-override enable 1**

Related Commands show wlan

config wlan acl

To configure a wireless LAN access control list (ACL), use the **config wlan acl** command.

```
config wlan acl wlan_id [ acl_name | none ]
```

Syntax Description

<i>wlan_id</i>	Specifies the wireless LAN identifier (1 to 16).
<i>acl_name</i>	Specifies the ACL name.
none	Clears the ACL settings for the specified wireless LAN.

Defaults

This command has no defaults.

Command History

Release	Modification
4.1	This command was first introduced.

Examples

```
> config wlan acl 1 office_1
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
show wlan	Displays wireless LAN configuration information.

config wlan broadcast-ssid

To configure an SSID broadcast on a wireless LAN, use the **config wlan broadcast-ssid** command.

config wlan broadcast-ssid {enable | disable} *wlan_id*

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	wlan	Wireless LAN parameters.
	broadcast-ssid	Configure an SSID broadcast on a wireless LAN.
	{ enable disable }	Enable or disable SSID broadcasts on a wireless LAN.
	<i>wlan_id</i>	Wireless LAN identifier between 1 and 16.

Defaults Disabled.

Examples > config wlan broadcast-ssid enable 1

Related Commands show wlan

config wlan create

To create a wireless LAN, use the **config wlan create** command.

config wlan create {[wlan_id] [profile_name | **foreignAp**] [ssid]}

Syntax Description	<i>wlan_id</i>	Specifies the wireless LAN identifier (between 1 and 16). Also enter the SSID network name (up to 32 alphanumeric characters). Enter foreignAp for third party access points.
	<i>profile_name</i>	Specifies a unique profile name (up to 32 alphanumeric characters). Note If an SSID is not specified, this field is used as the SSID.
	foreignAp	Specifies a foreign access point.
	<i>ssid</i>	(Optional) Specifies a unique name (up to 32 alphanumeric characters) to be used as the SSID.

Defaults	None.

Command History	Release	Modification
	TBD	This command was first introduced.
	4.1	This command was revised to add the optional SSID field.

Usage Guidelines	TBD

Examples	> config wlan create 1 factory SSID01

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show trapflags	TBD
	TBD	

config wlan delete

To delete a wireless LAN, use the **config wlan delete** command.

config wlan delete {*wlan_id* | **foreignAp**}

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	wlan	Wireless LAN parameters.
	delete	Delete a wireless LAN.
	{ <i>wlan_id</i> foreignAp }	- Enter a wireless LAN identifier between 1 and 16. - Enter foreignAp for third party access points.

Defaults	None.

Examples	> config wlan delete 16

Related Commands	show wlan, show wlan summary

config wlan dhcp_server

To configure the internal DHCP server for a wireless LAN, use the **config wlan dhcp_server** command.

config wlan dhcp_server {*wlan_id* | **foreignAp**} *ip_address* [**required**]

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
wlan	Wireless LAN parameters.
dhcp_server	Configure internal DHCP server.
{ <i>wlan_id</i> foreignAp }	- Enter a wireless LAN identifier between 1 and 16. - Enter foreignAp for third party access points.
<i>ip_address</i>	IP Address of the internal DHCP server (this parameter is required).
[required]	Optionally, specify whether DHCP address assignment is required.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> config wlan dhcp_server 16 10.10.2.1
```

Related Commands

show wlan

config wlan diag-channel

To configure the diagnostic channel for a specified wireless LAN, use the **config wlan diag-channel** command.

config wlan diag-channel [**enable** | **disable**] *wlan_id*

Syntax Description

<i>wlan_id</i>	Specifies the wireless LAN identifier (1 to 16).
enable	(Optional) Enables the wireless LAN diagnostic channel.
disable	(Optional) Disables the wireless LAN diagnostic channel.

Defaults

This command has no defaults.

Command History

Release	Modification
4.1	This command was first introduced.

Examples

```
> config wlan diag-channel enable 1
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
show run-config	Displays the current configuration.
show wlan	Displays the settings for the specified wireless LAN.

config wlan disable

To disable a wireless LAN, use the **config wlan disable** command.

config wlan disable {*wlan_id* | **foreignAp**}

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	wlan	Wireless LAN parameters.
	disable	Disable a wireless LAN.
	{ <i>wlan_id</i> foreignAp }	- Enter a wireless LAN identifier between 1 and 16. - Enter foreignAp for third party access points.

Defaults	None.

Examples	> config wlan disable 16

Related Commands	show wlan

config wlan enable

To enable a wireless LAN, use the **config wlan enable** command.

config wlan enable {*wlan_id* | **foreignAp**}

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	wlan	Wireless LAN parameters.
	enable	Enable a wireless LAN.
	{ <i>wlan_id</i> foreignAp }	- Enter a wireless LAN identifier between 1 and 16. - Enter foreignAp for third party access points.

Defaults	None.

Examples	> config wlan enable 16

Related Commands	show wlan

config wlan exclusionlist

To configure the wireless LAN exclusion list, use the config wlan exclusionlist command.

```
config wlan exclusionlist [ wlan_id [enabled | disabled | time ] |
foreignap [ enabled | disabled | time ]
```

Syntax Description

<i>wlan_id</i>	Specifies the wireless LAN identifier (1 to 16).
enabled	Enables the exclusion list for the specified wireless LAN or foreign access point.
disabled	Disables the exclusion list for the specified wireless LAN, or a foreign access point.
<i>time</i>	Specifies the exclusion list timeout in seconds. A value of zero (0) specifies infinite time.
foreignap	Specifies a third party access point.

Defaults

This command has no defaults.

Command History

Release	Modification
4.1	This command was first introduced.

Examples

```
> config wlan exclusionlist 1 enabled
>
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
show wlan	Displays configuration information for the specified wireless LAN.
show wlan summary	Displays wireless LAN configuration summary information.

config wlan interface

To configure a wireless LAN interface, use the **config wlan interface** command.

config wlan interface {*wlan_id* | **foreignAp**} *interface-name*

Syntax Description	<i>wlan_id</i>	(Optional) Specifies the wireless LAN identifier (1 to 16)
	foreignAp	(Optional) Specifies third party access points.
	<i>interface-name</i>	Specifies the interface name.

Defaults	None.

Examples	> config wlan interface 16 VLAN901

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show wlan	Displays wireless LAN configuration information.

config wlan IPv6Support

To configure IPv6 support on a wireless LAN, use the **config wlan IPv6Support** command.

config wlan IPv6support {enable | disable} wlan_id

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	wlan	Wireless LAN parameters.
	IPv6support	Configure IPv6 support on a wireless LAN.
	{enable disable}	Enable or disable IPv6 support on a wireless LAN.
	<i>wlan_id</i>	Wireless LAN identifier between 1 and 16.

Defaults	None.

Examples	> config wlan IPv6support enable 6

Related Commands	show wlan

config wlan mac-filtering

To change the state of MAC filtering on a wireless LAN, use the **config wlan mac-filtering** command.

config wlan mac-filtering {enable | disable} {wlan_id | foreignAp}

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	wlan	Wireless LAN parameters.
	mac-filtering	Configure MAC filtering on a wireless LAN.
	{enable disable}	Enable or disable MAC filtering on a wireless LAN.
	{wlan_id foreignAp}	- Enter a wireless LAN identifier between 1 and 16. - Enter foreignAp for third party access points.

Defaults None.

Examples > config wlan mac-filtering enable 1

Related Commands show wlan

config wlan mfp

To configure management frame protection (MFP) options for the wireless LAN, use the **config wlan mfp** command.

```
config wlan mfp {client [enable | disable ] wlan_id |
  infrastructure protection [ enable | disable ] wlan_id }
```

Syntax Description

client	(Optional) Configures client MFP for the wireless LAN.
enable	Enables the feature.
disable	Disables the feature.
<i>wlan_id</i>	Specifies the wireless LAN identifier (1 to 16).
infrastructure protection	(Optional) Configures infrastructure MFP for the wireless LAN.

Defaults

This command has no defaults.

Command History

Release	Modification
4.1	This command was first introduced.

Examples

```
> config wlan mfp client enable 1
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
show run-config	Displays current configuration information.
show wlan summary	Displays summary information for the wireless LAN.
show wlan	Displays configuration settings for a specified wireless LAN.

config wlan mobility

To change the state of MAC filtering on a wireless LAN, use the **config wlan mobility anchor** command.

config wlan mobility anchor {add | delete} wlan_id ip_address

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
wlan	Wireless LAN parameters.
mobility anchor	Configure the Mobility wireless LAN anchor list.
{add delete}	Enable or disable MAC filtering on a wireless LAN.
<i>wlan_id</i>	Enter a wireless LAN identifier between 1 and 16.
<i>ip_address</i>	Member switch IP address for anchoring the wireless LAN.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> config wlan mobility anchor delete 1 192.12.1.3
```

Related Commands

show wlan

config wlan qos

To change the quality of service for a wireless LAN, use the **config wlan qos** command.

```
config wlan qos {wlan_id | foreignAp} {bronze | silver | gold | platinum}
```

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
wlan	Wireless LAN parameters.
qos	Quality of service.
{ <i>wlan_id</i> foreignAp }	- Enter a wireless LAN identifier between 1 and 16. - Enter foreignAp for third party access points.
{ bronze silver gold platinum }	Enter QoS policy: bronze , silver , gold , or platinum .

Defaults

None.

Examples

To set the highest level of service on wireless LAN 1, use the following command:

```
> config wlan qos 1 gold
```

Related Commands

show wlan

config wlan radio

To set the Cisco radio policy on a wireless LAN, use the **config wlan radio** command.

config wlan radio *wlan_id* {**all** | **802.11a** | **802.11bg** | **802.11g** | **802.11ag**}

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	wlan	Wireless LAN parameters.
	radio	Configure the Cisco radio policy.
	<i>wlan_id</i>	Wireless LAN identifier between 1 and 16.
	{ all 802.11a 802.11bg 802.11g 802.11ag }	- Enter all to configure the wireless LAN on all radio bands. - Enter 802.11a to configure the wireless LAN on only 802.11a. - Enter 802.11bg to configure the wireless LAN on only 802.11b/g (only 802.11b if 802.11g is disabled). - Enter 802.11g to configure the wireless LAN on 802.11g only. - Enter 802.11ag to configure the wireless LAN on 802.11a and 802.11g only.
Defaults	None.	
Examples	> config wlan radio 1 all	
Related Commands	config 802.11a enable, config 802.11a disable, config 802.11b enable, config 802.11b disable, config 802.11b 11gSupport enable, config 802.11b 11gSupport disable, show wlan	

config wlan radius_server

To configure a wireless LAN's radius servers, use the **config wlan radius_server** command.

config wlan radius_server {auth | acct} {add wlan_id server_id | delete wlan_id {all | server_id}}

Syntax Description		
config		Configure parameters.
wlan		Wireless LAN parameters.
radius-server		RADIUS servers.
{auth acct}		Configures a RADIUS authentication or accounting server.
{add delete}		Add or delete a link to a configured RADIUS Server.
<i>wlan_id</i>		Wireless LAN identifier between 1 and 16.
<i>server_id</i>		RADIUS Server Index.
all		Enter all to delete all links to configured RADIUS servers.

Defaults None.

Examples

```
> config wlan radius_server auth add 1 1
> config wlan radius_server auth delete 1 1
> config wlan radius_server auth delete 1 all
```

Related Commands config 802.11a enable, config 802.11a disable, config 802.11b enable, config 802.11b disable, config 802.11b 11gSupport enable, config 802.11b 11gSupport disable, show wlan

CONFIG WIRELESS LAN SECURITY COMMANDS

Use the CONFIG WLAN SECURITY commands to configure wireless LAN security settings.

config wlan security 802.1X

To change the state of 802.1X security on the wireless LAN Cisco radios, use the **config wlan security 802.1X** command.

Use to change the encryption level of 802.1X security on the wireless LAN Cisco radios to:

- 40/64 bit key
- 104/128 bit key
- 128/152 bit key

config wlan security 802.1X {enable {wlan_id | foreignAp} | disable {wlan_id | foreignAp} | encryption {wlan_id | foreignAp} {40 | 104 | 128}}

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
wlan	Wireless LAN parameters.
security	Configure the wireless LAN security policy.
802.1X	Configure 802.1X security.
{enable disable encryption}	• Enter disable to disable 802.1X. • Enter enable to enable 802.1X. • Enter encryption to set the static WEP keys and indexes.
{wlan_id foreignAp}	• Enter a wireless LAN identifier between 1 and 16. • Enter foreignAp for third party access points.
{40 104 128}	If you're setting the static WEP keys and indexes using the config wlan security 802.1X encryption command, enter a WEP key size of either 40, 104, or 128 bits.
 Note	All keys within a wireless LAN must be same size.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> config wlan security 802.1X enable 16
```

Related Commands

show wlan

config wlan security ckip

Use this command to configure CKIP security options for the wireless LAN. TBD

config wlan ckip [akm | mmh | kp | disable | enable] ---TBD

Syntax Description	akm	(Optional) Configures key management for the CKIP wireless LAN.
	mmh	(Optional) Configures MMH MIC validation for the CKIP wireless LAN
	kp	(Optional) Configures key-permutation for the CKIP wireless LAN
	disable	(Optional) Disables CKIP security.
	enable	(Optional) Enables CKIP security.

Defaults	This command has no defaults.

Command History	Release	Modification
	4.1	This command was first introduced.

Examples	-----TBD

Related Commands	Command	Description
	TBD	TBD
	TBD	

config wlan security cranite

To change the state of the Cranite passthrough, use the **config wlan security cranite** command.

config wlan security cranite {enable | disable} {wlan_id | foreignAp}

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
wlan	Wireless LAN parameters.
security	Configure the wireless LAN security policy.
cranite	Configure Cranite passthrough.
{enable disable}	Enable or disable cranite passthrough.
{wlan_id foreignAp}	- Enter a wireless LAN identifier between 1 and 16. - Enter foreignAp for third party access points.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> config wlan security cranite enable 16
```

Related Commands

show wlan

config wlan security fortress

To change the state of the Fortress passthrough, use the **config wlan security fortress** command.

config wlan security fortress {enable | disable} {wlan_id | foreignAp}

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	wlan	Wireless LAN parameters.
	security	Configure the wireless LAN security policy.
	fortress	Configure Fortress passthrough.
	{enable disable}	Enable or disable Fortress passthrough.
	{wlan_id foreignAp}	- Enter a wireless LAN identifier between 1 and 16. - Enter foreignAp for third party access points.

Defaults	None.

Examples	> config wlan security fortress enable 16

Related Commands	show wlan

config wlan security ipsec disable

To disable IPSec security, use the **config wlan security ipsec disable** command.

config wlan security ipsec disable {*wlan_id* | **foreignAp**}

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	wlan	Wireless LAN parameters.
	security	Configure the wireless LAN security policy.
	ipsec disable	Disable IPSec.
	{ <i>wlan_id</i> foreignAp }	- Enter a wireless LAN identifier between 1 and 16. - Enter foreignAp for third party access points.

Defaults	None.

Examples	> config wlan security IPSec disable 16

Related Commands	show wlan

config wlan security ipsec enable

To enable IPSec security, use the **config wlan security ipsec enable** command.

config wlan security ipsec enable {*wlan_id* | **foreignAp**}

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	wlan	Wireless LAN parameters.
	security	Configure the wireless LAN security policy.
	ipsec enable	Enable IPSec.
	{ <i>wlan_id</i> foreignAp }	- Enter a wireless LAN identifier between 1 and 16. - Enter foreignAp for third party access points.

Defaults	None.

Examples	> config wlan security IPSec enable 16

Related Commands	show wlan

config wlan security ipsec authentication

To modify the IPSec security authentication protocol used on the wireless LAN, use the **config wlan security ipsec authentication** command.

```
config wlan security ipsec authentication {hmac-md5 | hmac-sha-1} {wlan_id | foreignAp}
```

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
wlan	Wireless LAN parameters.
security	Configure the wireless LAN security policy.
ipsec authentication	Configure IPSec security authentication parameter.
{hmac-md5 hmac-sha-1}	Enter the IPSec HMAC-MD5 or IPSec HMAC-SHA-1 authentication protocol.
{wlan_id foreignAp}	- Enter a wireless LAN identifier between 1 and 16. - Enter foreignAp for third party access points.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> config wlan security ipsec authentication hmac-sha-1 1
```

Related Commands

show wlan

config wlan security ipsec encryption

To modify the IPSec security encryption protocol used on the wireless LAN, use the **config wlan security ipsec encryption** command.

```
config wlan security ipsec encryption {3des | aes | des} {wlan_id | foreignAp}
```

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
wlan	Wireless LAN parameters.
security	Configure the wireless LAN security policy.
ipsec	IPSec security.
encryption	Encryption parameter.
{3des aes des}	Enable IPSec DES encryption, IPSec AES 128-bit encryption, or IPSec 3DES encryption.
{wlan_id foreignAp}	- Enter a wireless LAN identifier between 1 and 16. - Enter foreignAp for third party access points.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> config wlan security ipsec encryption aes 1
```

Related Commands

show wlan

config wlan security ipsec config

To configure the propriety IKE CFG-Mode parameters used on the wireless LAN, use the **config wlan security ipsec config** command.

IKE is used as a method of distributing the session keys (encryption and authentication), as well as providing a way for the VPN endpoints to agree on how the data should be protected. IKE keeps track of connections by assigning a bundle of Security Associations (SAs), to each connection.

config wlan security ipsec config qotd ip_address {wlan_id | foreignAp}

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
wlan	Configure wireless LAN parameters.
security	Configure the wireless LAN security policy.
ipsec	Configure IPSec security.
config	Configure proprietary IKE CFG-MODE parameters.
qotd	Configure quote-of-the-day server IP for cfg-mode.
<i>ip_address</i>	quote-of-the-day server IP for cfg-mode.
{wlan_id foreignAp}	- Enter a wireless LAN identifier between 1 and 16. - Enter foreignAp for third party access points.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> config wlan security ipsec config qotd 44.55.66.77 1
```

Related Commands

show wlan

config wlan security ipsec ike authentication

To modify the IPSec ike authentication protocol used on the wireless LAN, use the **config wlan security ipsec ike authentication** command.

```
config wlan security ipsec ike authentication {certificates {wlan_id | foreignAp} |
pre-share-key {wlan_id | foreignAp} key | xauth-psk {wlan_id | foreignAp} key}
```

Syntax Description	
config	Configure parameters.
wlan	Wireless LAN parameters.
security	Configure the wireless LAN security policy.
ipsec	IPSec security.
ike	IKE protocol.
authentication	Authentication parameter.
{certificates pre-share-key xauth-psk}	- Enter certificates to enable IKE certificate mode. - Enter pre-share-key to enable IKE Xauth with pre-shared keys. - Enter xauth-psk to enable IKE Pre-Shared Key.
{wlan_id foreignAp}	- Enter a wireless LAN identifier between 1 and 16. - Enter foreignAp for third party access points.
<i>key</i>	Key required for pre-share and xauth-psk.

Defaults None.

Examples > **config wlan security ipsec ike authentication certificates 16**

Related Commands show wlan

config wlan security ipsec ike dh-group

To modify the IPSec IKE Diffie Hellman group used on the wireless LAN, use the **config wlan security ipsec ike authentication** command.

```
config wlan security ipsec ike dh-group {wlan_id | foreignAp} {group-1 | group-2 | group-5}
```

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
wlan	Wireless LAN parameters.
security	Configure the wireless LAN security policy.
ipsec	Configure IPSec security.
ike	Configure the IKE protocol.
dh-group	Diffie Hellman group parameter.
{wlan_id foreignAp}	- Enter a wireless LAN identifier between 1 and 16. - Enter foreignAp for third party access points.
{group-1 group-2 group-5}	- Enter group-1 to specify DH group 1 (768 bits). - Enter group-2 to specify DH group 2 (1024 bits). - Enter group-5 to specify DH group 5 (1536 bits).

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> config wlan security ipsec ike dh-group 1 group-1
```

Related Commands

show wlan

config wlan security ipsec ike lifetime

To modify the IPSec IKE lifetime used on the wireless LAN, use the **config wlan security ipsec ike lifetime** command.

config wlan security ipsec ike lifetime {*wlan_id* | **foreignAp**} *seconds*

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
wlan	Configure wireless LAN parameters.
security	Configure the wireless LAN security policy.
ipsec	Configure IPSec security.
ike	Configure IKE protocol.
lifetime	Configure IKE timeout.
{ <i>wlan_id</i> foreignAp }	- Enter a wireless LAN identifier between 1 and 16. - Enter foreignAp for third party access points.
<i>seconds</i>	The IKE lifetime in seconds, between 1800 and 345600.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> config wlan security ipsec ike lifetime 1 1900
```

Related Commands

show wlan

config wlan security ipsec ike phase1

To modify IPSec IKE Phase 1 used on the wireless LAN, use the **config wlan security ipsec ike phase1** command.

config wlan security ipsec ike phase1 {aggressive | main} {wlan_id | foreignAp}

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
wlan	Configure wireless LAN parameters.
security	Configure the wireless LAN security policy.
ipsec	Configure IPSec security.
ike	Configure IKE.
phase1	Configure IKE's phase one mode.
{aggressive main}	- Enter aggressive to enable the IKE aggressive mode. - Enter main to enable the IKE main mode.
{wlan_id foreignAp}	- Enter a wireless LAN identifier between 1 and 16. - Enter foreignAp for third party access points.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> config wlan security ipsec ike phase1 aggressive 16
```

Related Commands

show wlan

config wlan security ipsec ike contivity

To modify Nortel's Contivity VPN client support on the wireless LAN, use the **config wlan security ipsec ike contivity** command.

config wlan security ipsec ike contivity {enable | disable} {wlan_id | foreignAp}

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
wlan	Configure wireless LAN parameters.
security	Configure the wireless LAN security policy.
ipsec	Configure IPSec security.
ike	Configure IKE protocol.
contivity	Configure Nortel Contivity VPN client support.
{enable disable}	Enable or disable contivity support for this wlan.
{wlan_id foreignAp}	- Enter a wireless LAN identifier between 1 and 16. - Enter foreignAp for third party access points.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> config wlan security ipsec ike contivity enable 14
```

Related Commands

show wlan

config wlan security passthru

To modify the IPSec pass-through used on the wireless LAN, use the **config wlan security ipsec ike passthru** command.

config wlan security passthru {enable | disable} {wlan_id | foreignAp} [ip_address]

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
wlan	Configure wireless LAN parameters.
security	Configure the wireless LAN security policy.
passthru	Configure IPSec pass-through.
{enable disable}	Enable or disable IPSec pass-through.
{wlan_id foreignAp}	- Enter a wireless LAN identifier between 1 and 16. - Enter foreignAp for third party access points.
[ip_address]	If you enable security pass-through, you must specify the IP address of the IPSec gateway.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> config wlan security ipsec enable 3 192.12.1.1
```

Related Commands

show wlan

config wlan security static-wep-key authentication

To configure static WEP key 802.11 authentication on a wireless LAN, use the **config wlan security static-wep-key authentication** command.

```
config wlan security static-wep-key authentication {shared-key | open} wlan_id
```

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
wlan	Wireless LAN parameters.
security	Configure the wireless LAN security policy.
static-wep-key	Configure static WEP keys on a wireless LAN.
authentication	Authentication setting.
{shared-key open}	- Enter shared-key to enable shared key authentication. - Enter open to enable open system authentication.
wlan_id	Wireless LAN identifier between 1 and 16.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> config wlan security static-wep-key authentication shared-key 1
> config wlan security static-wep-key authentication open 1
```

Related Commands

show wlan

config wlan security static-wep-key disable

To disable the use of static WEP keys, use the **config wlan security static-wep-key disable** command.

config wlan security static-wep-key disable *wlan_id*

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	wlan	Wireless LAN parameters.
	security	Configure the wireless LAN security policy.
	static-wep-key	Configure static WEP keys on a wireless LAN.
	disable	Disable the use of static WEP keys.
	<i>wlan_id</i>	Wireless LAN identifier between 1 and 16.

Defaults	None.

Examples	> config wlan security static-wep-key disable 1

Related Commands	config wlan security wpa encryption

config wlan security static-wep-key enable

To enable the use of static WEP keys, use the **config wlan security static-wep-key enable** command.

config wlan security static-wep-key enable *wlan_id*

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	wlan	Wireless LAN parameters.
	security	Configure the wireless LAN security policy.
	static-wep-key	Configure static WEP keys on a wireless LAN.
	enable	Disable the use of static WEP keys.
	<i>wlan_id</i>	Wireless LAN identifier between 1 and 16.

Defaults	None.

Examples	> config wlan security static-wep-key enable 1

Related Commands	config wlan security wpa encryption

config wlan security static-wep-key encryption

To configure the static WEP keys and indexes, use the **config wlan security static-wep-key encryption** command. Make sure to disable 802.1X before using this command.



Note

One unique WEP Key Index can be applied to each wireless LAN. As there are only four WEP Key Indexes, only four wireless LANs can be configured for Static WEP Layer 2 encryption.

```
config wlan security static-wep-key encryption wlan_id {40 | 104 | 128} {hex | ascii} key
key-index
```

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
wlan	Wireless LAN parameters.
security	Configure the wireless LAN security policy.
static-wep-key	Configure static WEP keys on a wireless LAN.
encryption	Encryption setting.
<i>wlan_id</i>	Wireless LAN identifier between 1 and 16.
{40 104 128}	Encryption level.
{hex ascii}	Specify whether to use hexadecimal or ASCII characters to enter key.
<i>key</i>	Enter WEP key in ascii
<i>key-index</i>	Key index (1 to 4).

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> config wlan security wpa encryption 1 40 hex 0201702001 2
```

Related Commands

show wlan

config wlan security web-auth

To change the status of Web authentication used on the wireless LAN, use the **config wlan security web** command.

```
config wlan security web-auth {acl | enable | disable} {wlan_id | foreignAp} [{acl_name | none}]
```

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
wlan	Wireless LAN parameters.
security	Configure the wireless LAN security policy.
web-auth	Web authentication.
{acl enable disable}	Configure the Access Control List, or enable or disable web authentication.
{wlan_id foreignAp}	- Enter a wireless LAN identifier between 1 and 16. - Enter foreignAp for third party access points.
[{acl_name none}]	If configuring an ACL, enter the ACL name (up to 32 alphanumeric characters) or none .

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> config wlan security web-auth acl 1 ACL03
> config wlan security web-auth enable 1
> config wlan security web-auth disable 1
```

Related Commands

show wlan

config wlan security web-passthrough acl

To add an ACL to the wireless LAN definition, use the **config wlan security web acl** command.

config wlan security web-passthrough acl {*wlan_id* | **foreignAp**} {*acl_name* | **none**}

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	wlan	Wireless LAN parameters.
	security	Configure the wireless LAN security policy.
	web-passthrough	Configure the web captive portal with no authentication required.
	acl	Add an ACL to the wireless LAN definition.
	{ <i>wlan_id</i> foreignAp }	- Enter a wireless LAN identifier between 1 and 16. - Enter foreignAp for third party access points.
	{ <i>acl_name</i> none }	Enter the ACL name (up to 32 alphanumeric characters) or none .

Defaults None.

Examples > **config wlan security web-passthrough acl 1 ACL03**

Related Commands show wlan

config wlan security web-passthrough disable

To disable web captive portal with no authentication required on a wireless LAN, use the **config wlan security web-passthrough disable** command.

config wlan security web-passthrough disable {*wlan_id* | **foreignAp**}

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
wlan	Wireless LAN parameters.
security	Configure the wireless LAN security policy.
web-passthrough	Configure the web captive portal with no authentication required.
disable	Disable web captive portal with no authentication required.
{ <i>wlan_id</i> foreignAp }	- Enter a wireless LAN identifier between 1 and 16. - Enter foreignAp for third party access points.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> config wlan security web-passthrough disable 1
```

Related Commands

show wlan

config wlan security web-passthrough email-input

To configure web captive portal using an email address, use the **config wlan security web-passthrough email-input** command.

config wlan security web-passthrough email-input {enable | disable} {wlan_id | foreignAp}

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
wlan	Wireless LAN parameters.
security	Configure the wireless LAN security policy.
web-passthrough	Configure the web captive portal with no authentication required.
email-input	Configure web captive portal using an email address.
{enable disable}	Enable or disable web captive portal using email address.
{wlan_id foreignAp}	- Enter a wireless LAN identifier between 1 and 16. - Enter foreignAp for third party access points.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> config wlan security web-passthrough email-input enable 1
```

Related Commands

show wlan

config wlan security web-passthrough enable

To enable web captive portal with no authentication required on the wireless LAN, use the **config wlan security web-passthrough enable** command.

config wlan security web-passthrough enable {*wlan_id* | **foreignAp**}

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
wlan	Wireless LAN parameters.
security	Configure the wireless LAN security policy.
web-passthrough	Configure the web captive portal with no authentication required.
enable	Enable web captive portal with no authentication required.
{ <i>wlan_id</i> foreignAp }	- Enter a wireless LAN identifier between 1 and 16. - Enter foreignAp for third party access points.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> config wlan security web-passthrough enable 1
```

Related Commands

show wlan

config wlan security wpa1 disable

To disable WPA1, use the **config wlan security wpa1 disable** command.

config wlan security wpa1 disable *wlan_id*

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
wlan	Wireless LAN parameters.
security	Configure the wireless LAN security policy.
wpa1	Configure WiFi protected access.
disable	Disable WPA1.
<i>wlan_id</i>	Wireless LAN identifier between 1 and 16.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> config wlan security wpa1 disable 1
```

Related Commands

show wlan

config wlan security wpa1 enable

To enable WPA1, use the **config wlan security wpa1 enable** command.

config wlan security wpa1 enable *wlan_id*

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	wlan	Wireless LAN parameters.
	security	Configure the wireless LAN security policy.
	wpa1	Configure WiFi protected access.
	enable	Enable WPA1.
	<i>wlan_id</i>	Wireless LAN identifier between 1 and 16.

Defaults None.

Examples > **config wlan security wpa1 enable 1**

Related Commands **show wlan**

config wlan security wpa1 pre-shared-key

To configure the WPA pre-shared key mode, use the **config wlan security wpa1 pre-shared-key** command.

config wlan security wpa1 pre-shared-key {enable *wlan_id* key | disable *wlan_id*}

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
wlan	Wireless LAN parameters.
security	Configure the wireless LAN security policy.
wpa1	Configure WiFi protected access.
pre-shared-key	Configure WPA pre-shared key mode (WPA-PSK).
{enable disable}	Enable or disable WPA-PSK.
<i>wlan_id</i>	Wireless LAN identifier between 1 and 16.
<i>key</i>	WPA pre-shared key.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> config wlan security wpa1 pre-shared-key enable 1 r45
```

Related Commands

show wlan

config wlan security wpa2 disable

To disable WPA2, use the **config wlan security wpa2 disable** command.

config wlan security wpa2 disable *wlan_id*

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	wlan	Wireless LAN parameters.
	security	Configure the wireless LAN security policy.
	wpa2	Configure WPA2.
	disable	Disable WPA2
	<i>wlan_id</i>	Wireless LAN identifier between 1 and 16.

Defaults	None.

Examples	> config wlan security wpa2 disable 1

Related Commands	show wlan

config wlan security wpa2 enable

To enable WPA2, use the **config wlan security wpa2 enable** command.

config wlan security wpa2 enable *wlan_id*

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	wlan	Wireless LAN parameters.
	security	Configure the wireless LAN security policy.
	wpa2	Configure WPA2.
	enable	Enable WPA2
	<i>wlan_id</i>	Wireless LAN identifier between 1 and 16.

Defaults	None.

Examples	> config wlan security wpa2 enable 1

Related Commands	show wlan

config wlan security wpa2 pre-shared-key

To configure the WPA pre-shared key mode, use the **config wlan security wpa2 pre-shared-key** command.

```
config wlan security wpa2 pre-shared-key {enable wlan_id key | disable wlan_id}
```

Syntax Description		
config		Configure parameters.
wlan		Wireless LAN parameters.
security		Configure the wireless LAN security policy.
wpa2		Configure WPA2.
pre-shared-key		Configure WPA2 pre-shared key mode (WPA2-PSK).
{enable disable}		Enable or disable WPA2-PSK.
<i>wlan_id</i>		Wireless LAN identifier between 1 and 16.
<i>key</i>		WPA pre-shared key.

Defaults	None.

Examples	> config wlan security wpa2 pre-shared-key disable 2

Related Commands	show wlan

config wlan security wpa2 tkip

To change the status of WPA authentication, use the **config wlan security wpa2 tkip** command.

config wlan security wpa2 tkip {enable | disable} wlan_id

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
wlan	Wireless LAN parameters.
security	Configure the wireless LAN security policy.
wpa2	Configure WPA2.
tkip	Configure WPA2 TKIP mode.
{enable disable}	Enable or disable the WPA2 TKIP mode.
wlan_id	Wireless LAN identifier between 1 and 16.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> config wlan security wpa2 tkip enable 1
```

Related Commands

show wlan

config wlan security wpa2 wpa-compat

To change the status of WPA authentication, use the **config wlan security wpa2 wpa-compat** command.

config wlan security wpa2 wpa-compat {enable | disable} *wlan_id*

Syntax Description	config	Configure parameters.
	wlan	Wireless LAN parameters.
	security	Configure the wireless LAN security policy.
	wpa2	Configure WPA2.
	wpa-compat	Configure WPA compatibility mode.
	{enable disable}	Enable or disable WPA compatibility mode.
	<i>wlan_id</i>	Wireless LAN identifier between 1 and 16.

Defaults None.

Examples

```
> config wlan security wpa2 wpa-compat enable 1
```

Related Commands `show wlan`

config wlan timeout

To change the timeout of wireless LAN clients, use the **config wlan timeout** command.

config wlan timeout {*wlan_id* | **foreignAp**} *seconds*

Syntax Description

config	Configure parameters.
wlan	Wireless LAN parameters.
timeout	Configure client timeout.
{ <i>wlan_id</i> foreignAp }	- Enter a wireless LAN identifier between 1 and 16. - Enter foreignAp for third party access points.
<i>seconds</i>	Timeout or session duration in seconds. A value of zero is equivalent to no timeout.

None.

Examples

```
> config wlan timeout 1 6000
```

Related Commands

show wlan

config wlan wmm

To configure WMM on the wireless LAN, use the **config wlan wmm** command.

```
config wlan wmm [ allow | enable | disable | require ] wlan_id
```

Syntax Description	allow	(Optional) Allows WMM on the wireless LAN.
	<i>wlan_id</i>	Specifies the wireless LAN identifier (1 to 16).
	enable	(Optional) Enables WMM on the wireless LAN.
	disable	(Optional) Disables WMM on the wireless LAN.
	require	(Optional) Requires WMM enabled clients on the wireless LAN.

Command Default	This command has no defaults.

Command History	Release	Modification
	4.1	This command was first introduced.

Examples	> config wlan wmm allow 1
	> config wlan wmm require 1

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show run-config	Displays the current running configuration.
	show running-config	Displays the current running configuration.
	show wlan	Displays the settings for a specified wireless LAN.

CONFIG WPS COMMANDS

Use the CONFIG WPS command to configure WPS settings.

config wps ap-authentication

To configure access point neighbor authentication, use the **config wps ap-authentication** command.

config wps ap-authentication [**enable** | **disable** | **threshold** *threshold_value*]

Syntax Description	enable	(Optional) Enables WMM on the wireless LAN.
	disable	(Optional) Disables WMM on the wireless LAN.
	threshold	(Optional) Requires WMM enabled clients on the wireless LAN.
	threshold_value	Specifies the threshold value (1 to 255).

Command Default This command has no defaults.

Command History	Release	Modification
	4.1	This command was first introduced.

Examples

```
> config wps ap-authentication threshold 25
> config wps ap-authentication enable

> show wps ap-authentication summary

AP neighbor authentication is <enabled>.

Authentication alarm threshold is 10.
RF-Network Name: <doc>

> config wps ap-authentication disable

> show wps ap-authentication summary

AP neighbor authentication is <disabled>.

Authentication alarm threshold is 10.
RF-Network Name: <doc>
```

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show wps ap-authentication summary	Displays WPS access point authentication summary information.

config wps cids-sensor

This command is used to configure IDS sensors for the WPS, use the **config wps cids-sensor** command.

```
config wps cids-sensor { [ add index ip_address username password ] |
[delete index] | [enable index] | [disable index] |
[port index port] | [interval index query_interval] |
[fingerprint index sha1 fingerprint]}
```

Syntax Description	add	Configures a new IDS sensor.
	<i>index</i>	Specifies IDS sensor internal index.
	<i>ip_address</i>	Specifies the IDS sensor IP address.
	<i>username</i>	Specifies the IDS sensor username.
	<i>password</i>	Specifies the IDS sensor password.
	delete	Specifies that the ---- TBD is deleted.
	enable	Specifies that the ---- TBD is enabled.
	disable	Specifies that the ---- TBD is disabled.
	port	Configures the IDS sensor's port number.
	<i>port</i>	Specifies the port number.
	interval	Configures the IDS sensor's query interval.
	<i>query_interval</i>	Specifies the query interval setting.
	fingerprint	Configures the IDS sensor's TLS fingerprint.
	sha1	Configures the TLS fingerprint ----- TBD
	<i>fingerprint</i>	Specifies the TLS fingerprint.

Command Default

Command defaults are listed below:

[illegible]

Command History

Release	Modification
4.1	This command was first introduced.

Examples

To add a new IDS sensor to the WPS, use this command:

```
> config wps cids-sensor add 1 10.0.0.51 Sensor_user0doc1 password01
---- TBD
```

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show wps cids-sensor summary	Displays summary information of the WPS IDS sensor s.
	show wps cids-sensor detail	Displays detailed information of a specified WDS IDS sensor.

config wps rogue-ap

To configure rogue access point and rogue client policies, use the **config wps rogue-ap** command.

```
config wps rogue-ap { aaa [enable | disable] |
  adhoc [enable | disable] |
  rldp [enable | disable | initiate mac_address] |
  timeout seconds }
```

Syntax Description

aaa	(Optional) Validates if the rogue is a valid client using the authentication, authorization, and accounting (AAA) database or the local database.
adhoc	(Optional) Configures ad-hoc rogue detection and reporting policies.
enable	(Optional) Enables the feature.
disable	(Optional) Disables the feature.
rldp	(Optional) Configures rogue location discovery protocol (RLDP).
initiate	(Optional) Initiates RLDP on a specified rogue access point or client.
<i>mac_address</i>	Specifies the MAC address of the rogue access point or client.
timeout	(Optional) Configures the expiration time for rogue entries.
<i>seconds</i>	Specifies the timeout value (240 to 3600 seconds).

Defaults

This command has no defaults.

Command History

Release	Modification
4.1	The command was revised to include the RLDP option.

Examples

```
> config wps rogue-ap timeout 1300
> config wps rogue-ap aaa enable
> config wps rogue-ap rldp initiate 32:7a:52:13:00:01
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
show wps summary	Displays WPS summary information.

config wps signature

To configure a WPS signature, use the **config wps signature** command.

```
config wps signature { disable | enable |
    standard state precedence_id [ enable | disable ] |
    custom state precedence_id [ enable | disable ] }
```

Syntax Description

disable	(Optional) Disables the feature.
enable	(Optional) Enables the feature.
standard state	(Optional) Configures a standard WPS signature state.
<i>precedence_id</i>	Specifies the precedence identifier for the signature.
custom state	(Optional) Configures a custom WPS signature state.

Command Default

This command has no defaults.

Command History

Release	Modification
4.1	This command was first introduced.

Examples

```
> config wps signature standard state 12345 enable
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
show wps signature summary	Displays installed signatures.
show wps signature events	Displays tracking signature information.

lwapp ap controller ip address

To configure the controller IP address into the H-REAP access point from the access point's console port, use the **lwapp ap controller ip address** command.

lwapp ap controller ip address *ip_address*



Note

This command must be entered from an access point's console port.

Syntax Description

<i>ip_address</i>	Specifies the IP address of the controller.

This command has no defaults.

Command History

Release	Modification
4.1	This command was first introduced.

Usage Guidelines

Prior to changing the H-REAP configuration on an access point using the access point's console port, the access point must be in standalone mode (not connected to a controller) and you must remove the current LWAPP private configuration using the **clear lwapp private-config** command.



Note

The access point must be running Cisco IOS Release 12.3(11)JX1 or higher.

Examples

```
AP# clear lwapp private-config
removing the reap config file flash:/lwapp_reap.cfg
AP# lwapp ap controller ip address 10.92.109.1
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
clear lwapp private-config	Clears the access point's LWAPP private configuration that contains IP address configurations.
debug lwapp console cli	Allows debugging of the access point console CLI commands.

Saving Configurations

Use the SAVE CONFIG command before you log out of the command line interface to save all previous configuration changes.

- [save config](#)

save config

To save Cisco Wireless LAN controller configurations, use the **save config** command.

save config

Syntax Description	save	Save switch configurations.
	config	Save current settings to NVRAM.

Defaults	None.

Examples	<pre>> save config Are you sure you want to save? (y/n) y Configuration Saved!</pre>

Related Commands	show sysinfo

Clearing Configurations, Logfiles, and Other Actions

To clear existing configurations, log files, and other functions, use the clear commands.

clear ap-config

Use the **clear ap-config** command to clear (reset to factory default values) a lightweight access point's configuration settings.

clear ap-config *ap_name*

Syntax Description

ap_name	Specifies the access point name.

Defaults

This command has no defaults.

Usage Guidelines

Entering this command does not clear the static IP address of the access point.

Examples

```
> clear ap-config ap1240_322115
Clear ap-config will clear ap config and reboot the AP. Are you sure you want continue?
(y/n)
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
show ap config	Displays the access point's configuration settings.

clear arp

To clear the ARP table to a Cisco 1000 series lightweight access point its factory default, use the **clear arp** command.

clear arp

Syntax Description

clear	Clear selected configuration elements.
arp	Clear the ARP table.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> clear arp
```

```
Are you sure you want to clear the ARP cache? (y/n)
```

Related Commands

clear transfer, clear download filename, clear download mode, clear download path, clear download serverip, clear download start, clear upload datatype, clear upload filename, clear upload mode, clear upload path, clear upload serverip, clear upload start

clear config

To reset configuration data to factory defaults, use the **clear config** command.

clear config

Syntax Description	clear	Clear selected configuration elements.
	config	Reset configuration data to factory defaults.

Defaults	None.

Examples	<pre>> clear config Are you sure you want to clear the configuration? (y/n) n Configuration not cleared!</pre>

Related Commands	clear transfer, clear download filename, clear download mode, clear download path, clear download serverip, clear download start, clear upload datatype, clear upload filename, clear upload mode, clear upload path, clear upload serverip, clear upload start

clear lwapp private-config

Use the **clear lwapp private-config** command to clear (reset to default values) an access point's current LWAPP private configuration, which contains static IP addressing and controller IP address configurations. This command is executed from the access point console port.

clear lwapp private-config

Syntax Description

This command has no arguments or keywords.

Defaults

This command has no defaults.

Command History

Release	Modification
4.1	This command was first introduced.

Usage Guidelines

Prior to changing the H-REAP configuration on an access point using the access point's console port, the access point must be in standalone mode (not connected to a controller) and you must remove the current LWAPP private configuration using the **clear lwapp private-config** command.



Note

The access point must be running Cisco IOS Release 12.3(11)JX1 or higher.

Examples

```
AP# clear lwapp private-config
removing the reap config file flash:/lwapp_reap.cfg
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
lwapp ap controller ip address	Configures the controller IP address in the access point for H-REAP.
debug lwapp console cli	Allows debugging of the access point console CLI commands.

clear radius acct statistics

To clear the radius accounting statistics on the controller, use the **clear radius acc statistics** command.

clear radius acct statistics [*index* | **all**]

Syntax Description

<i>index</i>	Specifies the index of the radius accounting server.
all	Specifies all radius accounting servers.

Defaults

This command has no defaults.

Command History

Release	Modification
4.1	This command was first introduced.

Examples

```
> clear radius acct statistics
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
show radius acct statistics	Displays radius accounting statistics for the controller.

clear radius auth statistics

To clear the TACACS+ authentication server statistics in the controller, use the **clear tacacs auth statistics** command.

clear radius tacacs auth statistics [*index* | **all**]

Syntax Description

<i>index</i>	Specifies the index of the TACACS+ authentication server.
all	Specifies all TACACS+ authentication servers.

Defaults

This command has no defaults.

Command History

Release	Modification
4.1	This command was first introduced.

Examples

```
> clear tacacs auth statistics
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
show tacacs auth statistics	Displays TACACS+ authentication server statistics in the controller.
show tacacs summary	Displays TACACS+ server summary information.
config tacacs auth	Configure TACACS+ authentication server settings.

clear stats mobility

To clear mobility manager statistics, use the **clear stats mobility** command.

clear stats mobility

Syntax Description	clear	Clear selected configuration elements.
	stats	Clear statistics counters.
	mobility	Clear mobility manager statistics

Defaults	None.

Examples	<pre>> clear stats mobility Mobility stats cleared.</pre>

Related Commands	clear transfer, clear download datatype, clear download filename, clear download mode, clear download serverip, clear download start, clear upload datatype, clear upload filename, clear upload mode, clear upload path, clear upload serverip, clear upload start, clear stats port

clear stats port

To clear statistics counters for a specific port, use the **clear stats port** command.

clear stats port *port*

Syntax Description	clear	Clear selected configuration elements.
	stats	Clear statistics counters.
	port	Clear statistics counters for a specific port.
	<i>port</i>	Physical interface port number.

Defaults	None.

Examples	> clear stats port 9

Related Commands	clear transfer, clear download datatype, clear download filename, clear download mode, clear download serverip, clear download start, clear upload datatype, clear upload filename, clear upload mode, clear upload path, clear upload serverip, clear upload start

clear stats switch

To clear all switch statistics counters on a Cisco Wireless LAN controller, use the **clear stats switch** command.

clear stats switch

Syntax Description

clear	Clear selected configuration elements.
stats	Clear statistics counters.
switch	Clear all switch statistics counters.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> clear stats switch
```

Related Commands

clear transfer, clear download datatype, clear download filename, clear download mode, clear download path, clear download start, clear upload datatype, clear upload filename, clear upload mode, clear upload path, clear upload serverip, clear upload start

clear stats tacacs

To clear the TACACS+ server statistics on the controller, use the **clear stats tacacs** command.

```
clear stats tacacs [ auth | athr | acct ] [ index | all ]
```

Syntax Description	auth	Clears the TACACS+ authentication server statistics.
	athr	Clears the TACACS+ authorization server statistics.
	acct	Clears the TACACS+ accounting server statistics.
	<i>index</i>	Specifies the index of the TACACS+ server.
	all	Specifies all TACACS+ servers.

Defaults	This command has no defaults.

Command History	Release	Modification
	4.1	This command was first introduced.

Examples	> clear stats tacacs acct 1

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show tacacs summary	Displays radius accounting statistics for the controller.

clear redirect-url

To clear the custom web authentication redirect URL on the Cisco Wireless LAN controller, use the **clear redirect-url** command.

clear redirect-url

Syntax Description

clear	Clear selected configuration elements.
redirect-url	Clear the custom web authentication redirect URL.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> clear redirect-url

URL cleared.
```

Related Commands

clear transfer, **clear download datatype**, **clear download filename**, **clear download mode**, **clear download path**, **clear download start**, **clear upload datatype**, **clear upload filename**, **clear upload mode**, **clear upload path**, **clear upload serverip**, **clear upload start**

clear transfer

To clear the transfer information, use the **clear transfer** command.

clear transfer

Syntax Description

clear	Clear selected configuration elements.
transfer	Clear the transfer information.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> clear transfer
```

```
Are you sure you want to clear the transfer information? (y/n) y
```

```
Transfer Information Cleared.
```

Related Commands

clear transfer, **clear download datatype**, **clear download filename**, **clear download mode**, **clear download path**, **clear download serverip**, **clear upload datatype**, **clear download filename**, **clear download mode**, **clear download path**, **clear download serverip**, **clear download start**

clear traplog

To clear the trap log, use the **clear traplog** command.

clear traplog

Syntax Description

clear	Clear selected configuration elements.
traplog	Clear the trap log.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> clear traplog
```

```
Are you sure you want to clear the trap log? (y/n) y
```

```
Trap Log Cleared.
```

Related Commands

clear transfer, clear download datatype, clear download filename, clear download mode, clear download path, clear download serverip, clear download start, clear upload filename, clear upload mode, clear upload path, clear upload serverip, clear upload start

clear webimage

To clear the custom web authentication image, use the **clear webimage** command.

clear webimage

Syntax Description

clear	Clear selected configuration elements.
webimage	Clear the custom web authentication image.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> clear webimage
```

Related Commands

clear transfer, **clear download datatype**, **clear download filename**, **clear download mode**, **clear download path**, **clear download serverip**, **clear download start**, **clear upload filename**, **clear upload mode**, **clear upload path**, **clear upload serverip**, **clear upload start**

clear webmessage

To clear the custom web authentication message, use the **clear webmessage** command.

clear webmessage

Syntax Description

clear	Clear selected configuration elements.
webmessage	Clear the custom web authentication message.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> clear webmessage  
  
Message cleared.
```

Related Commands

clear transfer, **clear download datatype**, **clear download filename**, **clear download mode**, **clear download path**, **clear download serverip**, **clear download start**, **clear upload filename**, **clear upload mode**, **clear upload path**, **clear upload serverip**, **clear upload start**

clear webtitle

To clear the custom web authentication title, use the **clear webtitle** command.

clear webtitle

Syntax Description

clear	Clear selected configuration elements.
webtitle	Clear the custom web authentication title.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> clear webtitle
```

Title cleared.

Related Commands

clear transfer, **clear download datatype**, **clear download filename**, **clear download mode**, **clear download path**, **clear download serverip**, **clear download start**, **clear upload filename**, **clear upload mode**, **clear upload path**, **clear upload serverip**, **clear upload start**

clear ext-webauth-url

To clear the external web authentication URL, use the **clear ext-webauth-url** command.

clear ext-webauth-url

Syntax Description	clear	Clear selected configuration elements.
	ext-webauth-url	Clear the external web authentication URL.
Defaults	None.	
Examples	<pre>> clear ext-webauth-url</pre> URL cleared.	
Related Commands	clear transfer, clear download datatype, clear download filename, clear download mode, clear download path, clear download serverip, clear download start, clear upload filename, clear upload mode, clear upload path, clear upload serverip, clear upload start	

Uploading and Downloading Files and Configurations

To transfer files to or from the Cisco Wireless LAN controller, use the transfer commands.

transfer download certpassword

To set a certificate's private key password, use the **transfer download certpassword** command.

transfer download certpassword [*password*]

Syntax Description	transfer	Transfer a file to or from the switch.
	download	Transfer a file to the switch.
	certpassword	Set a certificate's private key password.
	[<i>password</i>]	Enter a certificate's private key password or blank to clear the current password.
Defaults	None.	
Examples	<pre>> transfer download certpassword</pre> Clearing password	
Related Commands	clear transfer, transfer download filename, transfer download mode, transfer download path, transfer download serverip, transfer download start, transfer upload datatype, transfer upload filename, transfer upload mode, transfer upload path, transfer upload serverip, transfer upload start	

transfer download datatype

To set the download file type, use the **transfer download datatype** command.

transfer download datatype {config | code | image | signature | webadmincert | webauthcert}

Syntax Description	transfer	Transfer a file to or from the switch.
	download	Transfer a file to the switch.
	datatype	Set download file type.
	{config code image signature webadmincert webauthcert}	• Enter config to download configuration file. • Enter code to download an executable image to the system. • Enter image to download a web page logo to the system. • Enter signature to download a signature file to the system. • Enter webadmincert to download a certificate for web administration to the system. • Enter webauthcert to download a web certificate for web portal to the system.
Defaults	None.	
Examples	> transfer datatype code	
Related Commands	clear transfer, transfer download filename, transfer download mode, transfer download path, transfer download serverip, transfer download start, transfer upload datatype, transfer upload filename, transfer upload mode, transfer upload path, transfer upload serverip, transfer upload start, transfer download datatype image, transfer download start	

transfer download filename

To download a specific file, use the **transfer download filename** command.

transfer download filename *filename*

Syntax Description	transfer	Transfer a file to or from the switch.
	download	Transfer a file to the switch.
	filename	Set the TFTP filename.
	<i>filename</i>	File name up to 16 alphanumeric characters.

Defaults	None.

Examples	> transfer download filename build603

Related Commands	clear transfer, transfer download datatype, transfer download mode, transfer download path, transfer download serverip, transfer download start, transfer upload datatype, transfer upload filename, transfer upload mode, transfer upload path, transfer upload serverip, transfer upload start

transfer download mode

To set transfer mode, use the **transfer download mode** command.

transfer download mode tftp

Syntax Description	transfer	Transfer a file to or from the switch.
	download	Transfer a file to the switch.
	mode	Set transfer mode.
	tftp	Set the transfer mode to tftp.
Defaults	None.	
Examples	<pre>> transfer download mode tftp</pre>	
Related Commands	clear transfer, transfer download datatype, transfer download filename, transfer download path, transfer download serverip, transfer download start, transfer upload datatype, transfer upload filename, transfer upload mode, transfer upload path, transfer upload serverip, transfer upload start	

transfer download path

To set a specific TFTP path, use the **transfer download path** command.

transfer download path *path*

Syntax Description	transfer	Transfer a file to or from the switch.
	download	Transfer a file to the switch.
	path	Set TFTP Path.
	<i>path</i>	Directory path.

Defaults None.

Examples

```
> transfer download path c:\install\version2
```

Related Commands **clear transfer**, **transfer download datatype**, **transfer download filename**, **transfer download mode**, **transfer download serverip**, **transfer download start**, **transfer upload datatype**, **transfer upload filename**, **transfer upload mode**, **transfer upload path**, **transfer upload serverip**, **transfer upload start**

transfer download serverip

To configure the IP address of the TFTP server from which to download information, use the **transfer download serverip** command.

transfer download serverip *ip_address*

Syntax Description

transfer	Transfer a file to or from the switch.
download	Transfer a file to the switch.
serverip	Enter IP address of the server.
<i>ip_address</i>	Server IP address.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> transfer download serverip 175.34.56.78
```

Related Commands

clear transfer, transfer download datatype, transfer download filename, transfer download mode, transfer download path, transfer download start, transfer upload datatype, transfer upload filename, transfer upload mode, transfer upload path, transfer upload serverip, transfer upload start

transfer download start

To initiate a download, use the **transfer download start** command.

transfer download start

Syntax Description	transfer	Transfer a file to or from the switch.
	download	Transfer a file to the switch.
	start	Initiate a download.

Defaults	None.

Examples

```
> transfer download start

Mode..... TFTP
Data Type..... Code
TFTP Server IP..... 172.16.16.78
TFTP Packet Timeout..... 6
TFTP Max Retries..... 10
TFTP Path..... c:\find\off/
TFTP Filename..... wps_2_0_75_0.aes

This may take some time.
Are you sure you want to start? (y/n) n

Transfer Cancelled
```

Related Commands

clear transfer, transfer download datatype, transfer download filename, transfer download mode, transfer download path, transfer download serverip, transfer upload datatype, transfer download filename, transfer download mode, transfer download path, transfer download serverip, transfer download start

transfer download tftpPktTimeout

To specify the TFTP packet timeout, use the **transfer download tftpPktTimeout** command.

transfer download tftpPktTimeout *timeout*

Syntax Description	transfer	Transfer a file to or from the switch.
	download	Transfer a file to the switch.
	tftpPktTimeout	Enter the tftp packet timeout.
	<i>timeout</i>	Timeout in seconds between 1 and 254.

Defaults None.

Examples > **transfer download tftpPktTimeout 55**

Related Commands clear transfer, transfer download datatype, transfer download filename, transfer download mode, transfer download path, transfer download serverip, transfer upload datatype, transfer download filename, transfer download mode, transfer download path, transfer download serverip, transfer download start

transfer download tftpMaxRetries

To specify the number of allowed TFTP packet retries, use the **transfer download tftpMaxRetries** command.

transfer download tftpMaxRetries *retries*

Syntax Description

transfer	Transfer a file to or from the switch.
download	Transfer a file to the switch.
tftpMaxRetries	Enter the number of allowed TFTP packet retries.
<i>retries</i>	Number of allowed TFTP packet retries between 1 and 254 seconds.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> transfer download tftpMaxRetries 55
```

Related Commands

clear transfer, transfer download datatype, transfer download filename, transfer download mode, transfer download path, transfer download serverip, transfer upload datatype, transfer download filename, transfer download mode, transfer download path, transfer download serverip, transfer download start

transfer encrypt

To configure encryption for config file transfers, use the **transfer encrypt** command.

transfer encrypt { **enable** | **disable** | set-key *key* }

Syntax Description	transfer	Transfer a file to or from the switch.
	encrypt	Transfer a file to the switch.
	{ enable disable set-key }	- Enter enable to enable encryption for config file transfers. - Enter disable to disables encryption for config file transfers. - Enter set-key to configures the encryption key for config file transfers.
	<i>key</i>	Encryption key for config file transfers.
Defaults	None.	
Examples	<pre>> transfer encrypt enable</pre>	
Related Commands	clear transfer, transfer download datatype, transfer download filename, transfer download mode, transfer download path, transfer download serverip, transfer upload datatype, transfer download filename, transfer download mode, transfer download path, transfer download serverip, transfer download start	

transfer upload datatype

To set the upload file type, use the **transfer upload datatype** command.

transfer upload datatype [**config** | **crashfile** | **errorlog** | **radio-core-dump** | **signature** | **systemtrace** | **traplog**]

Syntax Description

config	(Optional) Specifies the upload is a system configuration file.
crashfile	(Optional) Specifies the upload is a system crashfile
errorlog	(Optional) Specifies the upload is a system error log file
pac	(Optional) Specifies the upload is a system PAC file.
radio-core-dump	(Optional) Specifies the upload is a system radio error log file.
signature	(Optional) Specifies the upload is a system signature file.
systemtrace	(Optional) Specifies the upload is a system trace file.
traplog	(Optional) Specifies the upload is a system trap file.

Defaults

This command has no defaults.

Command History

Release	Modification
4.1	This command was revised to include the pac option.

Examples

```
> transfer upload datatype errorlog
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
TBD	TBD

transfer upload filename

To upload a specific file, use the **transfer upload filename** command.

transfer upload filename *filename*

Syntax Description	transfer	Transfer a file to or from the switch.
	upload	Transfer a file from the switch.
	filename	Set the TFTP filename.
	<i>filename</i>	File name up to 16 alphanumeric characters.

Defaults None.

Examples

```
> transfer upload filename build603
```

Related Commands clear transfer, transfer download datatype, transfer download filename, transfer download mode, transfer download path, transfer download serverip, transfer download start, transfer upload datatype, transfer upload mode, transfer upload path, transfer upload serverip, transfer upload start

transfer upload mode

To configure the transfer mode, use the **transfer upload mode** command.

transfer upload mode tftp

Syntax Description	transfer	Transfer a file to or from the switch.
	upload	Transfer a file from the switch.
	mode	Set transfer mode.
	tftp	Set the transfer mode to TFTP.

Defaults	None.

Examples	> transfer upload mode tftp

Related Commands	clear transfer, transfer download datatype, transfer download filename, transfer download mode, transfer download path, transfer download serverip, transfer download start, transfer upload datatype, transfer upload filename, transfer upload path, transfer upload serverip, transfer upload start

transfer upload pac

To load a protected access credential (PAC) to support the local authentication feature and allow a client to import the PAC, use the **transfer upload pac** command. The client upload process uses a TFTP server.
... TBD ????

transfer upload pac *username validity password*

Syntax Description

<i>username</i>	Specifies the user identity of the PAC.
<i>validity</i>	Specifies the validity period(days) of the PAC.
<i>password</i>	Specifies the password to protect the PAC.

Defaults

This command has no defaults.

Command History

Release	Modification
4.1	This command was first introduced.

Examples

```
> transfer upload datatype pac
> transfer upload pac user1 53 pass01
> transfer upload filename uploaded.pac
> transfer upload start
Mode ..... TFTP
TFTP Server IP ..... 10.0.24.21
TFTP Server Path ..... /client/
TFTP Filename ..... uploaded.pac
Data Type ..... PAC
PAC User ..... user1
PAC Validity ..... 53 days
PAC Password ..... pass01

Are you sure you want to start ? (Y/N) y
PAC transfer starting.
File transfer operation completed successfully.
>
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
TBD	TBD
TBD	

transfer upload path

To set a specific upload path, use the **transfer upload path** command.

transfer upload path *path*

Syntax Description	transfer	Transfer a file to or from the switch.
	upload	Transfer a file from the switch.
	path	Set TFTP Path.
	<i>path</i>	Directory path.

Defaults	None.

Examples	> transfer upload path c:\install\version2

Related Commands	clear transfer, transfer download datatype, transfer download filename, transfer download mode, transfer download path, transfer download serverip, transfer download start, transfer upload datatype, transfer upload filename, transfer upload mode, transfer upload serverip, transfer upload start

transfer upload serverip

To configure the IP address of the TFTP server to upload files to, use the **transfer upload serverip** command.

transfer upload serverip *ip_address*

Syntax Description

transfer	Transfer a file to or from the switch.
upload	Transfer a file from the switch.
serverip	Enter IP address of the server.
<i>ip_address</i>	Server IP address.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> transfer upload serverip 175.34.56.78
```

Related Commands

clear transfer, transfer download datatype, transfer download filename, transfer download mode, transfer download path, transfer download serverip, transfer download start, transfer upload datatype, transfer upload filename, transfer upload mode, transfer upload path, transfer upload start

transfer upload start

To initiate an upload, use the **transfer upload start** command.

transfer upload start

Syntax Description	transfer	Transfer a file to or from the switch.
	upload	Transfer a file from the switch.
	start	Initiate upload.

Defaults	None.

Examples

```
> transfer upload start

Mode..... TFTP
TFTP Server IP..... 172.16.16.78
TFTP Path..... c:\find\off/
TFTP Filename..... wps_2_0_75_0.aes
Data Type..... Code

Are you sure you want to start? (y/n) n

Transfer Cancelled
```

Related Commands	clear transfer, transfer download datatype, transfer download filename, transfer download mode, transfer download path, transfer download serverip, transfer download start, transfer upload datatype, transfer upload filename, transfer upload mode, transfer upload path, transfer upload serverip

Troubleshooting

Use the **DEBUG** commands to manage system debugging.



Caution

Debug commands are reserved for use only under direction of Cisco personnel. Please do not use these commands without direction from Cisco-certified staff.

debug aaa

To begin debugging of the access point console CLI, use the **debug lwapp console cli** command from the access point console port.

```
debug aaa { [all | detail | events | packet | ldap | tacacs ] [ enable | disable]
```

Syntax Description

all	Specifies debugging of all AAA messages.
detail	Specifies debugging of AAA errors.
events	Specifies debugging of IAAA events.
packet	Specifies debugging of AAA packets.
ldap	Specifies debugging of the AAA LDAP events.
tacacs	Specifies debugging of the AAA TACACS+ events.
enable	Starts the debugging feature.
disable	Stops the debugging feature.

Defaults

This command has no defaults.

Command History

Release	Modification
4.1	This command was first introduced.

Examples

```
AP# debug lwapp console cli
LWAPP console CLI allow/disallow debugging is on
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
show running-config	Displays the configuration of the controller..

debug aaa local-auth eap

To begin debugging of the access point console CLI, use the **debug lwapp console cli** command from the access point console port.

```
debug aaa local-auth eap {[framework | method ]
    [all | detail | events | packets | sm ]
    [ enable | disable] }
```

Syntax Description

framework	Configures debugging of local EAP framework events.
method	Configures debugging of local EAP methods.
all	Specifies debugging of local EAP messages.
detail	Specifies debugging of local EAP errors.
events	Specifies debugging of local EAP events.
packets	Specifies debugging of local EAP packets.
sm	Specifies debugging of the local EAP state machine.
enable	Starts the debugging feature.
disable	Stops the debugging feature.

Defaults

This command has no defaults.

Command History

Release	Modification
4.1	This command was first introduced.

Examples

```
> debug aaa local-auth method detail enable

....TBD
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
show local-auth config	Displays local authentication configuration settings.
show wlan	Displays wireless LAN configuration settings.

debug ap

To enable or disable remote debugging of Cisco lightweight access points or to remotely execute a command on a lightweight access point, use this command:

```
debug ap {enable | disable | command cmd} Cisco_AP
```

Syntax Description

debug	Debug parameters.
ap	Debug lightweight access point parameters.
enable disable	Enable or disable debugging on a lightweight access point. Note The debugging information is displayed only to the controller console and does not send output to a controller TELNET/SSH CLI session.
command	Specifies that a CLI command follows to be executed on the access point.
<i>cmd</i>	Command to be executed. Note The command to be executed must be enclosed in double quotes, such as debug ap command "led flash 30" AP03 . Note The output of the command displays only to the controller console and does not send output to a controller TELNET/SSH CLI session.
<i>Cisco_AP</i>	Name of a Cisco lightweight access point.

Defaults

Disabled.

Examples

To enable remote debugging on access point AP01:

```
> debug ap enable AP01
```

To execute the **config ap location** command on access point AP02:

```
> debug ap command "config ap location "Building 1" AP02"
```

To execute the flash LED command on access point AP03:

```
> debug ap command "led flash 30" AP03
```

Related Commands

show sysinfo, config sysname

debug airewave-director

To configure the Airewave Director Software debug options, use the **debug airewave-director** command.

```
debug airewave-director {all | channel | detail | error | group | manager | message | packet |
power | profile | radar | rf-change} {enable | disable}
```

Syntax Description	
debug	Debug parameters.
airewave-director	Airewave Director parameters.
{ all channel detail error group manager message packet power profile radar rf-change }	- Enter all to configure debug of all Airewave Director logs. - Enter channel to configure debug of Airewave Director channel assignment protocol. - Enter detail to configure debug of Airewave Director detail logs. - Enter error to configure debug of Airewave Director error logs. - Enter group to configure debug of Airewave Director grouping protocol. - Enter manager to configure debug of Airewave Director manager. - Enter message to configure debug of Airewave Director messages. - Enter packet to configure debug of Airewave Director packets. - Enter power to configure debug of Airewave Director power assignment protocol. - Enter profile to configure debug of Airewave Director profile events. - Enter radar to configure debug of Airewave Director radar detection/avoidance protocol. - Enter rf-change to configure debug of Airewave Director rf changes.
{ enable disable }	- Enter enable to enable Airewave Director debug setting. - Enter disable to disable Airewave Director debug setting.

Defaults None.

Examples

```
> debug airewave-director profile enable
> debug airewave-director profile disable
```

Related Commands

debug aaa, debug arp, debug bcast, debug crypto, debug dhcp, debug disable-all, debug dot11, debug dot1x, debug l2age, debug lwapp, debug mac, debug mobility, debug nac, debug ntp, debug pem, debug pm, debug poe, debug rbcp, debug snmp, debug transfer, debug wcp, debug wps

debug arp

To configure ARP debug options, use the **debug arp** command.

debug arp { **all** | **detail** | **events** | **message** } { **enable** | **disable** }

Syntax Description	debug	Debug parameters.
	arp	ARP parameters.
	{ all detail error message }	- Enter all to configure debug of all arp logs. - Enter detail to configure debug of arp detail messages.. - Enter error to configure debug of arp errors. - Enter message to configure debug of arp messages.
	{ enable disable }	- Enter enable to enable arp debug setting. - Enter disable to disable arp debug setting.

Defaults None.

Examples

```
> debug arp error enable
> debug arp error disable
```

Related Commands debug aaa, debug airewave-director, debug bcast, debug crypto, debug dhcp, debug disable-all, debug dot11, debug dot1x, debug l2age, debug lwapp, debug mac, debug mobility, debug nac, debug ntp, debug pem, debug pm, debug poe, debug rbc, debug snmp, debug transfer, debug wcp, debug wps

debug bcast

To configure debug of broadcast options, use the **debug bcast** command.

debug bcast { **all** | **detail** | **events** | **packet** } { **enable** | **disable** }

Syntax Description

debug	Debug parameters.
bcast	bcast parameters.
{ all detail error message }	- Enter all to configure debug of all broadcast logs. - Enter detail to configure debug of broadcast detail messages.. - Enter error to configure debug of broadcast errors. - Enter message to configure debug of broadcast messages.
{ enable disable }	- Enter enable to enable broadcast debug setting. - Enter disable to disable broadcast debug setting.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> debug bcast message enable
> debug bcast message disable
```

Related Commands

debug aaa, debug airewave-director, debug arp, debug crypto, debug dhcp, debug disable-all, debug dot11, debug dot1x, debug l2age, debug lwapp, debug mac, debug mobility, debug nac, debug ntp, debug pem, debug pm, debug poe, debug rbcp, debug snmp, debug transfer, debug wcp, debug wps

debug cac

To configure call admission control (CAC) debug options, use the **debug cac** command.

debug cac {all | event | packet} {enable | disable}

Syntax Description	debug	Debug parameters.
	cac	Debug call admission control parameters.
	all event packet	- Enter all to configure debugging options for all CAC messages. - Enter event to configure debugging options for CAC events. - Enter packet to configure debugging options for selected CAC packets.
	enable disable	- Enter enable to enable debug setting. - Enter disable to disable debug setting.

Defaults Disabled.

Examples

```
> debug cac event enable
> debug cac event disable
```

Related Commands

config {802.11a | 802.11b} cac video acm, config {802.11a | 802.11b} {enable | disable} network, config {802.11a | 802.11b} cac video max-bandwidth, config {802.11a | 802.11b} cac video roam-bandwidth, config {802.11a | 802.11b} cac video tspec-inactivity-timeout, config {802.11a | 802.11b} cac voice acm, config {802.11a | 802.11b} cac voice load-based, config {802.11a | 802.11b} cac voice max-bandwidth, config {802.11a | 802.11b} cac voice roam-bandwidth, config {802.11a | 802.11b} cac voice stream-size, config {802.11a | 802.11b} cac voice tspec-inactivity-timeout.

debug crypto

To configure hardware cryptographic debug options, use the **debug crypto** command.

debug crypto {all | sessions | trace | warning} {enable | disable}

Syntax Description

debug	Debug parameters.
dhcp	DHCP parameters.
{all sessions trace warning}	- Enter all to configure debug of all hardware crypto messages. - Enter sessions to configure debug of hardware crypto sessions. - Enter sessions to configure debug of hardware crypto sessions. - Enter sessions to configure debug of hardware crypto sessions.
{enable disable}	- Enter enable to enable DHCP debug setting. - Enter disable to disable DHCP debug setting.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> debug dhcp message enable
> debug dhcp message disable
```

Related Commands

debug aaa, debug airewave-director, debug arp, debug bcast, debug dhcp, debug disable-all, debug dot11, debug dot1x, debug l2age, debug lwapp, debug mac, debug mobility, debug nac, debug ntp, debug pem, debug pm, debug poe, debug rbcp, debug snmp, debug transfer, debug wcp, debug wps

debug dhcp

To configure DHCP debug options, use the **debug dhcp** command.

debug dhcp {message | packet} {enable | disable}

Syntax Description	debug	Debug parameters.
	dhcp	DHCP parameters.
	{message packet}	- Enter message to configure debug of DHCP error messages. - Enter packet to configure debug of DHCP packets.
	{enable disable}	- Enter enable to enable DHCP debug setting. - Enter disable to disable DHCP debug setting.

Defaults None.

Examples

```
> debug dhcp message enable
> debug dhcp message disable
```

Related Commands debug aaa, debug airewave-director, debug arp, debug bcast, debug crypto, debug disable-all, debug dot11, debug dot1x, debug l2age, debug lwapp, debug mac, debug mobility, debug nac, debug ntp, debug pem, debug pm, debug poe, debug rbc, debug snmp, debug transfer, debug wcp, debug wps

debug disable-all

To disable all debug messages, use the **debug disable-all** command.

debug disable-all

Syntax Description

debug	Debug parameters.
disable-all	Disables all debug messages.

Defaults

Disabled by default.

Examples

```
> debug disable-all
```

Related Commands

debug aaa, debug airewave-director, debug arp, debug bcast, debug crypto, debug dhcp, debug disable-all, debug dot11, debug dot1x, debug l2age, debug lwapp, debug mac, debug mobility, debug nac, debug ntp, debug pem, debug pm, debug poe, debug rbc, debug snmp, debug transfer, debug wcp, debug wps

debug dot11

To configure dot11 events debug options, use the **debug dot11** command.

```
debug dot11 {all | load-balancing | management | mobile | rfid | rldp | rogue | state} {enable | disable}
```

Syntax Description

debug	Debug parameters.
dot11	dot11 events parameters.
{ all load-balancing management mobile rfid rldp rogue state }	- Enter all to configure debug of all 802.11 messages. - Enter load-balancing to configure debug of 802.11 load balancing events. - Enter management to configure debug of 802.11 MAC management messages. - Enter mobile to configure debug of 802.11 mobile events. - Enter rfid to configure debug of 802.11 RFID tag module. - Enter rldp to configure debug of 802.11 Rogue Location Discovery. - Enter rogue to configure debug of 802.11 rogue events. - Enter state to configure debug of 802.11 mobile state transitions.
{ enable disable }	- Enter enable to enable dot11 debug setting. - Enter disable to disable dot11 debug setting.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> debug dot11 state enable
> debug dot11 state disable
```

Related Commands

debug aaa, debug airewave-director, debug arp, debug bcast, debug crypto, debug dhcp, debug disable-all, debug dot1x, debug l2age, debug lwapp, debug mac, debug mobility, debug nac, debug ntp, debug pem, debug pm, debug poe, debug rbc, debug snmp, debug transfer, debug wcp, debug wps

debug dot1x

To configure dot1x debug options, use the **debug dot1x** command.

debug dot1x {aaa | all | events | packet | states} {enable | disable}

Syntax Description

debug	Debug parameters.
dot1x	dot1x parameters.
{aaa all events packet states}	- Enter aaa to configure debug of 802.1X AAA interactions. - Enter all to configure debug of all 802.1x messages. - Enter events to configure debug of 802.1x 802.1X events. - Enter packet to configure debug of 802.1x 802.1X packets. - Enter states to configure debug of 802.1x mobile state transitions.
{enable disable}	- Enter enable to enable dot1x debug setting. - Enter disable to disable dot1x debug setting.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> debug dot1x state enable
> debug dot1x state disable
```

Related Commands

debug aaa, debug airewave-director, debug arp, debug bcast, debug crypto, debug dhcp, debug disable-all, debug dot11, debug l2age, debug lwapp, debug mac, debug mobility, debug nac, debug ntp, debug pem, debug pm, debug poe, debug rbc, debug snmp, debug transfer, debug wcp, debug wps

debug l2age

To configure debug of Layer 2 Ago timeout messages, use the **debug l2age** command.

debug l2age {enable | disable}

Syntax Description	debug	Debug parameters.
	l2age	Layer 2 Ago Timeout Messages.
	{enable disable}	- Enter enable to enable l2age debug setting. - Enter disable to disable l2age debug setting.
Defaults	None.	
Examples	<pre>> debug l2age enable > debug l2age disable</pre>	
Related Commands	debug aaa, debug airewave-director, debug arp, debug bcast, debug crypto, debug dhcp, debug disable-all, debug dot11, debug dot1x, debug lwapp, debug mac, debug mobility, debug nac, debug ntp, debug pem, debug pm, debug poe, debug rbc, debug snmp, debug transfer, debug wcp, debug wps	

debug lwapp

To configure LWAPP debug options, use the **debug lwapp** command. This is a helpful command to debug when an AP does not join a controller.

debug lwapp {detail | error | events | packet} {enable | disable}

Syntax Description

debug	Debug parameters.
lwapp	lwapp parameters.
{detail error events packet}	- Enter detail to configure debug of LWAPP detail. - Enter error to configure debug of LWAPP errors. - Enter events to configure debug of LWAPP events and errors. - Enter packet to configure debug of LWAPP packet trace.
{enable disable}	- Enter enable to enable lwapp debug setting. - Enter disable to disable lwapp debug setting.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> debug lwapp packet enable
> debug lwapp packet disable
```

Related Commands

debug aaa, debug airewave-director, debug arp, debug bcast, debug crypto, debug dhcp, debug disable-all, debug dot11, debug dot1x, debug l2age, debug mac, debug mobility, debug nac, debug ntp, debug pem, debug pm, debug poe, debug rbc, debug snmp, debug transfer, debug wcp, debug wps

debug lwapp console cli

To begin debugging of the access point console CLI, use the **debug lwapp console cli** command from the access point console port.

debug lwapp console cli



Note

This access point CLI command must be issued from the access point console port.

Syntax Description

This command has no arguments or keywords.

Defaults

This command has no defaults.

Command History

Release	Modification
4.1	This command was first introduced.

Examples

```
AP# debug lwapp console cli
LWAPP console CLI allow/disallow debugging is on
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
lwapp ap controller ip address	Specifies the IP address of the controller on the H-REAP access point.
clear lwapp private-config	Clears the LWAPP private configuration that contains IP address configurations on the H-REAP access point.

debug mac

To configure MAC debugging, use the **debug mac** command.

debug mac { **disable** | **addr** *MAC* }

Syntax Description	debug	Debug parameters.
	mac	MAC address parameters.
	disable	Enter disable to disable MAC debugging.
	addr	Enter addr to configure the MAC address.
	<i>MAC</i>	MAC address.

Defaults	None.

Examples	> debug mac addr 00.oc.41.07.33.a6 > debug mac disable

Related Commands	debug aaa, debug airewave-director, debug arp, debug bcast, debug crypto, debug dhcp, debug disable-all, debug dot11, debug dot1x, debug l2age, debug lwapp, debug mobility, debug nac, debug ntp, debug pem, debug pm, debug poe, debug rbc, debug snmp, debug transfer, debug wcp, debug wps

debug mesh security

To begin debugging mesh security problems, use the **debug mesh security** command.

debug mesh security

Syntax Description	This command has no arguments or keywords.

Defaults	This command has no defaults.

Command History	Release	Modification
	4.1	This command was first introduced.

Examples	> debug mesh security

Related Commands	Command	Description
	TBD	TBD
	TBD	

debug mobility

To begin debugging mobility options, use the **debug mobility** command.

```
debug mobility { directory [enable | disable ] |
  handoff [enable | disable ] |
  keep-alive [enable | disable ] }
```

Syntax Description

directory	Begins debugging mobility error messages.
enable	Starts debugging of the feature.
disable	Stops debugging of the feature.
handoff	Begins debugging mobility packets.
keep-alive	Begins debugging of mobility keepalive messages.

Defaults

This command has no defaults.

Examples

```
> debug mobility directory enable
-----TBD
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
show mobility summary	Displays a summary of the mobility manager configuration settings

debug nac

To configure debug of Network Access Control (NAC), use the **debug nac** command.

debug nac {events | packet} {enable | disable}

Syntax Description	debug	Debug parameters.
	nac	Network Access Control (NAC) parameters.
	{events packet}	- Enter events to configure debug of NAC events. - Enter packet to configure debug of NAC packets.
	{enable disable}	- Enter enable to enable NAC debug setting. - Enter disable to disable NAC debug setting.

Defaults None.

Examples

```
> debug nac events enable
> debug nac events disable
```

Related Commands debug aaa, debug airewave-director, debug arp, debug bcast, debug dhcp, debug disable-all, debug dot11, debug dot1x, debug l2age, debug lwapp, debug mac, debug mobility, debug ntp, debug pem, debug pm, debug poe, debug rbc, debug snmp, debug transfer, debug wcp, debug wps

debug ntp

To configure debug of debug of Network Time Protocol (NTP), use the **debug ntp** command.

debug ntp {detail | low | packet} {enable | disable}

Syntax Description

debug	Debug parameters.
nac	Network Time Protocol (NTP) parameters.
{detail low packet}	- Enter detail to configure debug of detailed NTP messages. - Enter low to configure debug of low NTP messages. - Enter packet to configure debug of NTP packets.
{enable disable}	- Enter enable to enable NTP debug setting. - Enter disable to disable NTP debug setting.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> debug ntp packet enable
> debug ntp packet disable
```

Related Commands

debug aaa, debug airewave-director, debug arp, debug bcast, debug dhcp, debug disable-all, debug dot11, debug dot1x, debug l2age, debug lwapp, debug mac, debug mobility, debug nac, debug pem, debug pm, debug poe, debug rbc, debug snmp, debug transfer, debug wcp, debug wps

debug pem

To configure the access policy manager debug options, use the **debug pem** command.

debug pem { events | state } { enable | disable }

Syntax Description	debug	Debug parameters.
	pem	Access policy manager debug options.
	{ events state }	- Enter packet to configure debug of policy manager events.. - Enter events to configure debug of policy manager State Machine.
	{ enable disable }	- Enter enable to enable access policy manager debug setting. - Enter disable to disable access policy manager debug setting.

Defaults None.

Examples

```
> debug pem state enable
> debug pem state disable
```

Related Commands debug aaa, debug airewave-director, debug arp, debug bcast, debug dhcp, debug disable-all, debug dot11, debug dot1x, debug l2age, debug lwapp, debug mac, debug mobility, debug nac, debug ntp, debug pm, debug poe, debug rbc, debug snmp, debug transfer, debug wcp, debug wps

debug pm

To configure debug of security policy manager module, use the **debug pm** command.

debug pm all disable

debug pm { **config** | **hwcrypto** | **ikemsg** | **init** | **list** | **message** | **pki** | **rng** | **rules** | **sa-export** | **sa-import** | **ssh-l2tp** | **ssh-appgw** | **ssh-engine** | **ssh-int** | **ssh-pmgr** | **ssh-ppp** | **ssh-tcp** } { **enable** | **disable** }

Syntax Description

debug	Debug parameters.
pm	Security policy manager module parameters.
all disable	Used to disable all debugging in the policy manager module.
{ config hwcrypto ikemsg init list message pki rng rules sa-export sa-import ssh-l2tp ssh-appgw ssh-engine ssh-int ssh-pmgr ssh-ppp ssh-tcp }	- Enter config to configure debug of policy manager configuration. - Enter hwcrypto to configure debug of hardware offload events. - Enter ikemsg to configure debug of IKE messages. - Enter init to configure debug of policy manager initialization events. - Enter list to configure debug of policy manager list mgmt. - Enter message to configure debug of policy manager message queue events. - Enter pki to configure debug of PKI-related events. - Enter rng to configure debug of random number generation. - Enter rules to configure debug of layer 3 policy events. - Enter sa-export to configure debug of SA export (mobility). - Enter sa-import to configure debug of SA import (mobility). - Enter ssh-l2tp to configure debug of policy manager l2tp handling. - Enter ssh-appgw to configure debug of application gateways. - Enter ssh-engine to configure debug of the policy manager engine. - Enter ssh-int to configure debug of the policy manager interceptor. - Enter ssh-pmgr to configure debug of the policy manager policy mgr. - Enter ssh-ppp to configure debug of policy manager ppp handling. - Enter ssh-tcp to configure debug of policy manager tcp handling.
{ enable disable }	- Enter enable to enable mobility debug setting. - Enter disable to disable mobility debug setting.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> debug pm ssh-pmgr enable
> debug pm ssh-pmgr disable
```

Related Commands

debug aaa, debug airewave-director, debug arp, debug bcast, debug dhcp, debug disable-all, debug dot11, debug dot1x, debug l2age, debug lwapp, debug mac, debug mobility, debug nac, debug ntp, debug pem, debug poe, debug rbc, debug snmp, debug transfer, debug wcp, debug wps

debug poe

To configure debug of Power over ethernet debug options, use the **debug poe** command.

debug poe { **detail** | **error** | **message** } { **enable** | **disable** }

Syntax Description

debug	Debug parameters.
poe	Power over ethernet debug options parameters.
{ detail error message }	- Enter detail to configure debug of POE detail logs. - Enter error to configure debug of POE error logs. - Enter message to configure debug of POE messages.
{ enable disable }	- Enter enable to enable POE debug setting. - Enter disable to disable POE debug setting.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> debug poe message enable
> debug poe message disable
```

Related Commands

debug aaa, debug airewave-director, debug arp, debug bcast, debug dhcp, debug disable-all, debug dot11, debug dot1x, debug l2age, debug lwapp, debug mac, debug mobility, debug nac, debug ntp, debug pem, debug pm, debug rbcp, debug snmp, debug transfer, debug wcp, debug wps

debug rbc

To configure Router Blade Control (RBCP) debug options, use the **debug rbc** command.

debug rbc {all | detail | errors | packet} {enable | disable}

Syntax Description	debug	Debug parameters.
	rbc	RBCP parameters.
	{all detail errors packet}	- Enter all to configure debug of RBCP. - Enter detail to configure debug of RBCP detail. - Enter errors to configure debug of RBCP errors. - Enter packet to configure debug of RBCP packet trace.
	{enable disable}	- Enter enable to enable RBCP debug setting. - Enter disable to disable RBCP debug setting.

Defaults None.

Examples

```
> debug rbc packet enable
> debug rbc packet disable
```

Related Commands debug aaa, debug airewave-director, debug arp, debug bcast, debug dhcp, debug disable-all, debug dot11, debug dot1x, debug l2age, debug lwapp, debug mac, debug mobility, debug nac, debug ntp, debug pem, debug pm, debug poe, debug snmp, debug transfer, debug wcp, debug wps

debug snmp

To configure SNMP debug options, use the **debug snmp** command.

debug snmp {agent | all | mib | trap} {enable | disable}

Syntax Description	debug	Debug parameters.
	snmp	lwapp parameters.
	{agent all mib trap}	- Enter agent to configure debug of SNMP agent. - Enter all to configure debug of all SNMP messages. - Enter mib to configure debug of SNMP MIB. - Enter trap to configure debug of SNMP traps.
	{enable disable}	- Enter enable to enable SNMP debug setting. - Enter disable to disable SNMP debug setting.
Defaults	None.	
Examples	<pre>> debug snmp trap enable > debug snmp trap disable</pre>	
Related Commands	debug aaa, debug airewave-director, debug arp, debug bcast, debug dhcp, debug disable-all, debug dot11, debug dot1x, debug l2age, debug lwapp, debug mac, debug mobility, debug nac, debug ntp, debug pem, debug pm, debug poe, debug rbcp, debug transfer, debug wcp, debug wps	

debug transfer

To configure transfer debug options, use the **debug transfer** command.

debug transfer { **all** | **tftp** | **trace** } { **enable** | **disable** }

Syntax Description	debug	Debug parameters.
	transfer	transfer parameters.
	{ all tftp trace }	- Enter all to configure debug of all transfer messages. - Enter tftp to configure debug of tftp transfers. - Enter trace to configure debug of transfer/upgrade.
	{ enable disable }	- Enter enable to enable transfer debug setting. - Enter disable to disable transfer debug setting.
Defaults	None.	
Examples	<pre>> debug transfer trace enable > debug transfer trace disable</pre>	
Related Commands	debug aaa, debug airewave-director, debug arp, debug bcast, debug dhcp, debug disable-all, debug dot11, debug dot1x, debug l2age, debug lwapp, debug mac, debug mobility, debug nac, debug ntp, debug pem, debug pm, debug poe , debug rbc, debug snmp, debug wcp, debug wps	

debug wcp

To configure wcp debug options, use the **debug wcp** command.

debug wcp {events | packet} {enable | disable}

Syntax Description

debug	Debug parameters.
wcp	wcp parameters.
{events packet}	- Enter events to configure debug of WLAN Control Protocol (WCP) Events. - Enter packet to configure debug of WLAN Control Protocol (WCP) Packets.
{enable disable}	- Enter enable to enable wcp debug setting. - Enter disable to disable wcp debug setting.

Defaults

None.

Examples

```
> debug wcp packet enable
> debug wcp packet disable
```

Related Commands

debug aaa, debug airewave-director, debug arp, debug bcast, debug dhcp, debug disable-all, debug dot11, debug dot1x, debug l2age, debug lwapp, debug mac, debug mobility, debug nac, debug ntp, debug pem, debug pm, debug poe , debug rbc, debug snmp, debug transfer, debug wps

debug wps

To configure wps debug options, use the **debug wps** command.

config wps sig {enable | disable}

Syntax Description	debug	debug parameters.
	wps	WPS parameters.
	sig	Signature parameters.
	{enable disable}	- Enter enable to enable wps debug setting. - Enter disable to disable wps debug setting.
Defaults	None.	
Examples	<pre>> debug wps sig enable > debug wps sig disable</pre>	
Related Commands	debug aaa, debug airewave-director, debug arp, debug bcast, debug dhcp, debug disable-all, debug dot11, debug dot1x, debug l2age, debug lwapp, debug mac, debug mobility, debug nac, debug ntp, debug pem, debug pm, debug poe , debug rbc, debug snmp, debug transfer, debug wcp	

ping

To test mobility Ethernet over IP (EoIP) data packet communication between two controllers, use the **eping** command.

eping *mobility_peer_IP_address*

Syntax Description

eping	Initiate a ping request and reply message for EoIP mobility packets.
<i>mobility_peer_IP_address</i>	The IP address of a controller that belongs to a mobility group.

Defaults

None.

Usage Guidelines

This command tests the mobility data traffic over the management interface.



Note This ping test is not Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP) based. The term “ping” is used to indicate an echo request and an echo reply message.

Examples

> **eping** 172.12.35.31

Related Commands

mping, config logging buffered debugging, show logging, debug mobility handoff enable

mping

To test mobility UDP control packet communication between two controllers, use the **mping** command.

mping *mobility_peer_IP_address*

Syntax Description

mping	Initiate a ping request and reply message for UDP mobility packets.
<i>mobility_peer_IP_address</i>	The IP address of a controller that belongs to a mobility group.

Defaults

None.

Usage Guidelines

This test runs over mobility UDP port 16666. It tests whether the mobility control packet can be reached over the management interface.



Note This ping test is not Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP) based. The term “ping” is used to indicate an echo request and an echo reply message.

Examples

```
> mping 172.12.35.31
```

Related Commands

eping, config logging buffered debugging, show logging, debug mobility handoff enable

