



Cisco WLAN Solution CLI Reference

System Release 3.0

The Cisco WLAN Solution command line interface (CLI) allows operators to connect an ASCII console to the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller and configure the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller and its associated Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access points using the command line interface. The [Using the Cisco WLAN Solution CLI](#) section in the [Product Guide](#) describes most of the high-level CLI tasks, and the following sections provide additional information:

- [*? command*](#)
- [*Help Command*](#)
- [*Viewing Configurations*](#)
- [*Setting Configurations*](#)
- [*Saving Configurations*](#)
- [*Clearing Configurations, Logfiles, and Other Functions*](#)
- [*Uploading and Downloading Files and Configurations*](#)
- [*Troubleshooting*](#)

? command

To display all of the commands in your current level of the command tree, or to display more information about a particular command, use the ? command.

```
>?  
>(command name) ?
```

When you enter a command information request, put a space between the (command name) and the ? (question mark).

Example 1

	>? (at root level)
Clear	Reset the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller or reset configuration to factory defaults.
Config	Configure Cisco Wireless LAN Controller options and settings.
Debug	Manages system debug options.
Help	Help.
Linktest <MAC addr>	Perform a link test to a specified MAC address.
Logout	Exit this session. Any unsaved changes are lost.
Ping <ip address>	Send ICMP echo packets to a specified IP address.
Reset	Reset options.
Save	Save current Cisco Wireless LAN Controller settings to Non-volatile RAM.
Show	Display Cisco Wireless LAN Controller options and settings.
Transfer	Transfer a file to or from the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller.

shows you all the commands and levels available from the root level.

Example 2

```
>transfer download d?  
datatype
```

shows you that datatype is the only entry at the transfer download level.

Example 3

```
>transfer download datatype ?  
<config/code> Enter datatype: config or code.
```

shows you the permissible entries for the transfer download datatype command.



Help Command

To look up keyboard commands, use the help command at the root level.

```
>help
```

Example

```
>help

HELP:

Special keys:
DEL, BS .... delete previous character
Ctrl-A .... go to beginning of line
Ctrl-E .... go to end of line
Ctrl-F .... go forward one character
Ctrl-B .... go backward one character
Ctrl-D .... delete current character
Ctrl-U, X . delete to beginning of line
Ctrl-K .... delete to end of line
Ctrl-W .... delete previous word
Ctrl-T .... transpose previous character
Ctrl-P .... go to previous line in history buffer
Ctrl-N .... go to next line in history buffer
Ctrl-Z .... return to root command prompt
Tab, <SPACE> command-line completion
Exit ..... go to next lower command prompt
? .... list choices
```

Viewing Configurations

To view Cisco Wireless LAN Controller options and settings, use the show commands.

- [show 802.11a](#)
- [show 802.11b](#)
- [show acl](#)
- [show advanced 802.11a](#)
- [show advanced 802.11b](#)
- [show advanced client-handoff](#)
- [show advanced statistics](#)
- [show ap](#)
- [show arp switch](#)
- [show exclusionlist](#)
- [show boot](#)
- [show certificate](#)
- [show client](#)
- [show country](#)
- [show cpu](#)
- [show custom-web](#)
- [show database](#)
- [show debug](#)
- [show dhcp](#)
- [show dhcp summary](#)
- [show eventlog](#)
- [show ike](#)
- [show ipsec](#)
- [show interface](#)
- [show inventory](#)
- [show l2tp](#)
- [show load-balancing](#)
- [show loginsession](#)
- [show known](#)
- [show location](#)
- [show macfilter](#)
- [show mgmtuser](#)
- [show mesh](#)
- [show mobility statistics](#)

- [show mobility summary](#)
- [show msglog](#)
- [show nac statistics](#)
- [show nac summary](#)
- [show netuser](#)
- [show network](#)
- [show port](#)
- [show pmk-cache](#)
- [show qos queue_length all](#)
- [show radius](#)
- [show rfid config](#)
- [show rfid detail](#)
- [show rfid summary](#)
- [show rogue ap](#)
- [show rogue ap detailed](#)
- [show rogue ap summary](#)
- [show rogue adhoc](#)
- [show rogue client](#)
- [show route summary](#)
- [show rules](#)
- [show run-config](#)
- [show serial](#)
- [show sessions](#)
- [show snmpcommunity](#)
- [show snmptrap](#)
- [show snmpv3user](#)
- [show snmpversion](#)
- [show spanningtree port](#)
- [show spanningtree switch](#)
- [show stats](#)
- [show switchconfig](#)
- [show sysinfo](#)
- [show syslog](#)
- [show tech-support](#)
- [show time](#)
- [show trapflags](#)



- [show traplog](#)
- [show watchlist](#)
- [show wlan](#)
- [show wlan summary](#)



show 802.11a

To display basic 802.11a options and settings, use the show 802.11a command.

```
>show 802.11a
```

Syntax	show	Display configurations.
	802.11a	802.11a configurations.

Defaults	(none)
-----------------	--------

Examples	> show 802.11a
	802.11a Network..... Enabled
	802.11a Low Band..... Enabled
	802.11a Mid Band..... Enabled
	802.11a High Band..... Enabled
	802.11a Operational Rates
	802.11a 6M Rate..... Mandatory
	802.11a 9M Rate..... Supported
	802.11a 12M Rate..... Mandatory
	802.11a 18M Rate..... Supported
	802.11a 24M Rate..... Mandatory
	802.11a 36M Rate..... Supported
	802.11a 48M Rate..... Supported
	802.11a 54M Rate..... Supported
	Beacon Interval..... 100
	CF Pollable mandatory..... Disabled
	CF Poll Request mandatory..... Disabled
	CFP Period..... 4
	CFP Maximum Duration..... 100
	Default Channel..... 36
	Default Tx Power Level..... 1
	DTIM Period..... 10
	Fragmentation Threshold..... 2346
	Long Retry Limit..... 4
	Maximum Rx Life Time..... 512
	Max Tx MSDU Life Time..... 512
	Medium Occupancy Limit..... 100
	Pico-Cell Status..... Disabled
	RTS Threshold..... 2347
	Short Retry Limit..... 7
	TI Threshold..... -50

Related Commands	show 802.11b, show advanced 802.11a channel, show advanced 802.11a group, show advanced 802.11a logging, show advanced 802.11a monitor, show advanced 802.11a power, show advanced 802.11a profile, show advanced 802.11a summary
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show 802.11b

To display basic 802.11b/g options and settings, use the show 802.11b command.

```
>show 802.11b
```

Syntax	show	Display configurations.
	802.11b	802.11b/g configurations.

Defaults	(none)
-----------------	--------

Examples	> show 802.11b
	802.11b Network..... Enabled
	11gSupport..... Disabled
	802.11b Operational Rates
	802.11b/g 1M Rate..... Mandatory
	802.11b/g 2M Rate..... Mandatory
	802.11b/g 5.5M Rate..... Mandatory
	802.11b/g 11M Rate..... Mandatory
	802.11b/g 11M Rate..... Mandatory
	Beacon Interval..... 100
	CF Pollable mode..... Disabled
	CF Poll Request mandatory..... Disabled
	CFP Period..... 4
	CFP Maximum Duration..... 60
	Default Channel..... 1
	Default Tx Power Level..... 1
	DTIM Period..... 1
	ED Threshold..... -50
	Fragmentation Threshold..... 2346
	Long Retry Limit..... 4
	Maximum Rx Life Time..... 512
	Max Tx MSDU Life Time..... 512
	Medium Occupancy Limit..... 100
	PBCC mandatory..... Disabled
	Pico-Cell Status..... Disabled
	RTS Threshold..... 2347
	Short Preamble mandatory..... Enabled
	Short Retry Limit..... 7

Related Commands	show 802.11a, show advanced 802.11b channel, show advanced 802.11b group, show advanced 802.11b logging, show advanced 802.11b monitor, show advanced 802.11b txpower, show advanced 802.11b profile, show advanced 802.11b summary
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show acl

To display system Access Control Lists, use the show acl command. Note that t

```
>show acl [summary/detailed]
```

Syntax	show acl	Command action.						
	summary	Display a summary of the Access Control Lists.						
	detailed	Display detailed Access Control List information.						
Defaults	(none)							
Examples	<pre>>acl summary</pre> <table><thead><tr><th>ACL Name</th><th>Applied</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>Pubs Only</td><td>Yes</td></tr><tr><td>Macnica</td><td>Yes</td></tr></tbody></table>		ACL Name	Applied	Pubs Only	Yes	Macnica	Yes
ACL Name	Applied							
Pubs Only	Yes							
Macnica	Yes							
Related Commands	config interface acl							



SHOW ADVANCED 802.11A COMMANDS

Use the following show advanced 802.11a commands:

- [show advanced 802.11a channel](#)
- [show advanced 802.11a group](#)
- [show advanced 802.11a logging](#)
- [show advanced 802.11a monitor](#)
- [show advanced 802.11a receiver](#)
- [show advanced 802.11a txpower](#)
- [show advanced 802.11a profile](#)
- [show advanced 802.11a summary](#)



show advanced 802.11a channel

To display the automatic channel assignment configuration and statistics, use the show advanced 802.11a channel command.

```
>show advanced 802.11a channel
```

Syntax	show advanced 802.11a channel	Display configurations. Advanced parameters. 802.11a network. Channel status.
---------------	-------------------------------	--

Defaults	(none)
-----------------	--------

Examples	<pre>>show advanced 802.11a channel</pre>
	Automatic Channel Assignment Channel Assignment Mode..... AUTO Channel Update Interval..... 600 seconds Channel Update Contribution..... SNI. Channel Assignment Leader..... 00:0b:85:02:0d:20 Last Run..... 374 seconds ago Channel Energy Levels Minimum..... unknown Average..... unknown Maximum..... unknown Channel Dwell Times Minimum..... 0 days, 19 h 07 m 57 s Average..... 0 days, 19 h 08 m 29 s Maximum..... 0 days, 19 h 09 m 11 s

Related Commands	config 802.11a channel
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show advanced 802.11a group

To display the advanced 802.11a Cisco Radio RF grouping, use the show advanced 802.11a group command.

```
>show advanced 802.11a group
```

Syntax	show advanced 802.11a group	Display configurations. Advanced parameters. 802.11a network. RF grouping values.
Defaults	(none)	
Examples		<pre>>show advanced 802.11a group Radio RF Grouping 802.11a Group Mode..... AUTO 802.11a Group Update Interval..... 600 seconds 802.11a Group Leader..... a5:6b:ac:10:01:6b 802.11a Group Member..... a5:6b:ac:10:01:6b 802.11a Last Run..... 133 seconds ago</pre>
Related Commands	config advanced 802.11a group-mode	



show advanced 802.11a logging

To display advanced 802.11a RF event and performance logging, use the show advanced 802.11a logging command.

```
>show advanced 802.11a logging
```

Syntax

show	Display configurations.
advanced	Advanced parameters.
802.11a	802.11a network.
logging	RF event and performance logging.

Defaults

(none)

Examples

```
>show advanced 802.11a logging
RF Event and Performance Logging
    Channel Update Logging..... Off
    Coverage Profile Logging..... Off
    Foreign Profile Logging..... Off
    Load Profile Logging..... Off
    Noise Profile Logging..... Off
    Performance Profile Logging..... Off
    TxPower Update Logging..... Off
```

Related Commands

config advanced 802.11a logging channel, config advanced 802.11a logging coverage, config advanced 802.11a logging foreign, config advanced 802.11a logging load, config advanced 802.11a logging noise, config advanced 802.11a logging performance, config advanced 802.11a logging power



show advanced 802.11a monitor

To display the advanced 802.11a default Cisco Radio monitoring, use the show advanced 802.11a monitor command.

```
>show advanced 802.11a monitor
```

Syntax

show	Display configurations.
advanced	Advanced parameters.
802.11a	802.11a network.
monitor	Cisco Radio monitoring values.

Defaults

(none)

Examples

```
>show advanced 802.11a monitor
```

```
Default 802.11a AP monitoring
  802.11a Monitor Mode..... enable
  802.11a AP Coverage Interval..... 180 seconds
  802.11a AP Load Interval..... 60 seconds
  802.11a AP Noise Interval..... 180 seconds
  802.11a AP Signal Strength Interval..... 60 seconds
```

Related Commands

config advanced 802.11a monitor coverage, config advanced 802.11a monitor load, config advanced 802.11a monitor noise, config advanced 802.11a monitor signal



show advanced 802.11a receiver

To display the configuration and statistics of the 802.11a receiver, use the show advanced 802.11a receiver command.

```
>show advanced 802.11a receiver
```

Syntax	show advanced 802.11a receiver	Display configurations. Advanced parameters. 802.11a network. Receiver.
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Defaults	(none)
-----------------	--------

Examples

```
>show advanced 802.11a receiver
802.11a Advanced Receiver Settings
      RxStart    : Signal Threshold..... 15
      RxStart    : Signal Lamp Threshold..... 5
      RxStart    : Preamble Power Threshold..... 2
      RxReStart : Signal Jump Status..... Enabled
      RxReStart : Signal Jump Threshold..... 10
      TxStomp   : Low RSSI Status..... Enabled
      TxStomp   : Low RSSI Threshold..... 30
      TxStomp   : Wrong BSSID Status..... Enabled
      TxStomp   : Wrong BSSID Data Only Status..... Enabled
      RxAbort   : Raw Power Drop Status..... Disabled
      RxAbort   : Raw Power Drop Threshold..... 10
      RxAbort   : Low RSSI Status..... Disabled
      RxAbort   : Low RSSI Threshold..... 0
      RxAbort   : Wrong BSSID Status..... Disabled
      RxAbort   : Wrong Data Only Status..... Disabled
```

Related Commands	config advanced 802.11a monitor coverage, config advanced 802.11a monitor load, config advanced 802.11a monitor noise, config advanced 802.11a monitor signal
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show advanced 802.11a txpower

To view the advanced 802.11a automatic transmit power assignment, use the show advanced 802.11a txpower command.

```
>show advanced 802.11a txpower
```

Syntax	show advanced 802.11a txpower	Display configurations. Advanced parameters. 802.11a network. Transmit Power.
---------------	-------------------------------	--

Defaults	(none)
-----------------	--------

Examples	<pre>>show advanced 802.11a txpower Automatic Transmit Power Assignment Transmit Power Assignment Mode..... AUTO Transmit Power Update Interval..... 600 seconds Transmit Power Threshold..... -65 dBm Transmit Power Neighbor Count..... 3 APs Transmit Power Update Contribution..... SN. Transmit Power Assignment Leader..... a5:6b:ac:10:01:6b Last Run..... 384 seconds ago</pre>
-----------------	--

Related Commands	config advanced 802.11a txpower-update, config 802.11a txPower
-------------------------	--

show advanced 802.11a profile

To display the advanced 802.11a Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point performance profiles, use the show advanced 802.11a profile command.

```
>show advanced 802.11a profile global  
>show advanced 802.11a profile <AP name>
```

Syntax	show advanced 802.11a profile	Display configurations. Advanced parameters. 802.11a network. Cisco Radio performance profile.
---------------	-------------------------------	---

Defaults	(none)
-----------------	--------

Examples	<pre>>show advanced 802.11a profile global Default 802.11a Cell performance profiles 802.11a Global Interference threshold..... 10% 802.11a Global noise threshold..... -70 dBm 802.11a Global RF utilization threshold..... 80% 802.11a Global throughput threshold..... 1000000 bps 802.11a Global clients threshold..... 12 clients 802.11a Global coverage threshold..... 12 dB 802.11a Global coverage exception level..... 80% 802.11a Global client minimum exception lev..... 3 clients >show advanced 802.11a profile AP1 Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point performance profile not customized This response indicates that the performance profile for this Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point is using the global defaults and has not been individu- ally configured.</pre>
-----------------	--

Related Commands	config advanced 802.11b profile clients, config advanced 802.11b profile coverage, config advanced 802.11b profile customize, config advanced 802.11b profile exception, config advanced 802.11b profile foreign, config advanced 802.11b profile level, config advanced 802.11b profile noise, config advanced 802.11b profile throughput, config advanced 802.11b profile utilization
-------------------------	---

show advanced 802.11a summary

To display the advanced 802.11a Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point name, channel, and transmit level summary, use the show advanced 802.11a summary command.

```
>show advanced 802.11a summary
```

Syntax	show advanced 802.11a summary	Display configurations. Advanced parameters. 802.11a network. Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point name, channel, and transmit level summary.
---------------	-------------------------------	--

Defaults	(none)
-----------------	--------

Examples	<pre>>show advanced 802.11a summary</pre>												
	<table><thead><tr><th>AP Name</th><th>Channel</th><th>TxPower Level</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>AP03</td><td>36*</td><td>1*</td></tr><tr><td>AP02</td><td>52</td><td>5*</td></tr><tr><td>AP01</td><td>64</td><td>5</td></tr></tbody></table>	AP Name	Channel	TxPower Level	AP03	36*	1*	AP02	52	5*	AP01	64	5
AP Name	Channel	TxPower Level											
AP03	36*	1*											
AP02	52	5*											
AP01	64	5											

Asterisks next to channel numbers or power levels indicate that they are being controlled by the global algorithm settings.

Related Commands	show advanced 802.11b summary
-------------------------	-------------------------------



SHOW ADVANCED 802.11B COMMANDS

Use the following show advanced 802.11b commands:

- [show advanced 802.11b channel](#)
- [show advanced 802.11b group](#)
- [show advanced 802.11b logging](#)
- [show advanced 802.11b monitor](#)
- [show advanced 802.11b receiver](#)
- [show advanced 802.11b txpower](#)
- [show advanced 802.11b profile](#)
- [show advanced 802.11b summary](#)



show advanced 802.11b channel

To display the automatic channel assignment status and statistics, use the show advanced 802.11b channel command.

```
>show advanced 802.11b channel
```

Syntax	show advanced 802.11b channel	Display configurations. Advanced parameters. 802.11b/g network. Channel status.
---------------	-------------------------------	--

Defaults	(none)
-----------------	--------

Examples	<pre>>show advanced 802.11b channel</pre>
	Automatic Channel Assignment Channel Assignment Mode..... OFF Channel Update Interval..... 600 seconds Channel Update Contribution..... SNI. Channel Assignment Leader..... 00:0b:85:02:0d:20 Last Run..... 157 seconds ago Channel Energy Levels Minimum..... unknown Average..... unknown Maximum..... unknown Channel Dwell Times Minimum..... unknown Average..... unknown Maximum..... unknown

Related Commands	config 802.11b channel
-------------------------	------------------------



show advanced 802.11b group

To display the advanced 802.11b/g Cisco Radio RF grouping, use the show advanced 802.11b group command.

```
>show advanced 802.11b group
```

Syntax	show advanced 802.11b group	Display configurations. Advanced parameters. 802.11b/g network. RF grouping values.
---------------	-----------------------------	--

Defaults	(none)
-----------------	--------

Examples	<pre>>show advanced 802.11b group Radio RF Grouping 802.11b Group Mode..... AUTO 802.11b Group Update Interval..... 600 seconds 802.11b Group Leader..... a5:6b:ac:10:01:6b 802.11b Group Member..... a5:6b:ac:10:01:6b 802.11b Last Run..... 511 seconds ago</pre>
-----------------	--

Related Commands	config advanced 802.11b group-mode
-------------------------	------------------------------------



show advanced 802.11b logging

To display advanced 802.11b/g RF event and performance logging, use the show advanced 802.11b logging command.

```
>show advanced 802.11b logging
```

Syntax	show advanced 802.11b logging	Display configurations. Advanced parameters. 802.11b network. RF event and performance logging.
---------------	-------------------------------	--

Defaults (none)

Examples

```
>show advanced 802.11b logging
RF Event and Performance Logging
    Channel Update Logging..... Off
    Coverage Profile Logging..... Off
    Foreign Profile Logging..... Off
    Load Profile Logging..... Off
    Noise Profile Logging..... Off
    Performance Profile Logging..... Off
    Transmit Power Update Logging..... Off
```

Related Commands config advanced 802.11b logging channel, config advanced 802.11b logging coverage, config advanced 802.11b logging foreign, config advanced 802.11b logging load, config advanced 802.11b logging noise, config advanced 802.11b logging performance, config advanced 802.11b logging power



show advanced 802.11b monitor

To display the advanced 802.11b/g default Cisco Radio monitoring, use the show advanced 802.11b monitor command.

```
>show advanced 802.11b monitor
```

Syntax

show	Display configurations.
advanced	Advanced parameters.
802.11b	802.11b/g network.
monitor	Cisco Radio monitoring values.

Defaults

(none)

Examples

```
>show advanced 802.11b monitor
```

```
Default 802.11b AP monitoring
  802.11b Monitor Mode..... enable
  802.11b Monitor Channels..... Country channels
  802.11b AP Coverage Interval..... 180 seconds
  802.11b AP Load Interval..... 60 seconds
  802.11b AP Noise Interval..... 180 seconds
  802.11b AP Signal Strength Interval..... 60 seconds
```

Related Commands

config advanced 802.11b monitor coverage, config advanced 802.11b monitor load, config advanced 802.11b monitor noise, config advanced 802.11b monitor signal

show advanced 802.11b receiver

To display the advanced 802.11b/g default Cisco Radio receiver parameters, use the show advanced 802.11b receiver command.

```
>show advanced 802.11b receiver
```

Syntax	show advanced 802.11b receiver	Display configurations. Advanced parameters. 802.11b/g network. Cisco Radio receiver values.
---------------	---	---

Defaults (none)

Examples

```
>show advanced 802.11b receiver
```

```
Default 802.11b Receiver Settings
      RxStart      : Signal Threshold..... 15
      RxStart      : Signal Jump Threshold..... 5
      RxStart      : Preamble Power Threshold..... 2
      RxRestart    : Signal Jump Status..... Enabled
      RxRestart    : Signal Jump Threshold..... 10
      TxStomp     : Low RSS Status. .... Disabled
      TxStomp     : Low RSSI Threshold..... 37
      TxStomp     : Wrong BSSID Status..... Disabled
      TxStomp     : Wrong BSSID Data Only Status... Disabled
      RxAbort     : Raw Power Drop Status..... Disabled
      RxAbort     : Raw Power Drop Threshold..... 0
      RxAbort     : Low RSSI Status..... Enabled
      RxAbort     : Low RSSI Threshold..... 0
      RxAbort     : Wrong BSSID Status..... Disabled
      RxAbort     : Wrong BSSID Data Only Status... Disabled
```

Related Commands config advanced 802.11b monitor coverage, config advanced 802.11b monitor load, config advanced 802.11b monitor noise, config advanced 802.11b monitor signal

show advanced 802.11b profile

To display the advanced 802.11b/g Cisco Radio performance profiles, use the show advanced 802.11b profile command.

```
>show advanced 802.11b profile global
>show advanced 802.11b profile <AP name>
```

Syntax	show advanced 802.11b profile	Display configurations. Advanced parameters. 802.11b/g network. Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point performance profile.
---------------	--	--

Defaults	(none)
-----------------	--------

Examples	<pre>>show advanced 802.11b profile global Default 802.11b Cell performance profiles 802.11b Global Interference threshold..... 10% 802.11b Global noise threshold..... -70 dBm 802.11b Global RF utilization threshold..... 80% 802.11b Global throughput threshold..... 1000000 bps 802.11b Global clients threshold..... 12 clients 802.11b Global coverage threshold..... 12 dB 802.11b Global coverage exception level..... 80% 802.11b Global client minimum exception lev..... 3 clients >show advanced 802.11b profile AP1 Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point performance profile not customized This response indicates that the performance profile for this Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point is using the global defaults and has not been individually configured.</pre>
-----------------	---

Related Commands	config advanced 802.11b profile clients, config advanced 802.11b profile coverage, config advanced 802.11b profile customize, config advanced 802.11b profile exception, config advanced 802.11b profile foreign, config advanced 802.11b profile level, config advanced 802.11b profile noise, config advanced 802.11b profile throughput, config advanced 802.11b profile utilization
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show advanced 802.11b txpower

To view the advanced 802.11b/g automatic transmit power assignment, use the show advanced 802.11b txpower command.

```
>show advanced 802.11b txpower
```

Syntax	show advanced 802.11b txpower	Display configurations. Advanced parameters. 802.11b/g network. Transmit power.
---------------	-------------------------------	--

Defaults	(none)
-----------------	--------

Examples	<pre>>show advanced 802.11b txpower Automatic Transmit Power Assignment Transmit Power Assignment Mode..... AUTO Transmit Power Update Interval..... 600 seconds Transmit Power Threshold..... -65 dBm Transmit Power Neighbor Count..... 3 APs Transmit Power Update Contribution..... SNI. Transmit Power Assignment Leader..... 00:0b:85:02:0d:20 Last Run..... 427 seconds ago</pre>
-----------------	---

Related Commands	config 802.11b txPower
-------------------------	------------------------

show advanced 802.11b summary

To display the advanced 802.11b/g Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point name, channel, and transmit level summary, use the show advanced 802.11b summary command.

```
>show advanced 802.11b summary
```

Syntax	show advanced 802.11b summary	Display configurations. Advanced parameters. 802.11b/g network. Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point name, channel, and transmit level summary.
---------------	-------------------------------	--

Defaults	(none)
-----------------	--------

Examples	<pre>>show advanced 802.11b summary</pre>												
	<table><thead><tr><th>AP name</th><th>Channel</th><th>Txpower Level</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>AP1</td><td>11*</td><td>1*</td></tr><tr><td>AP2</td><td>10*</td><td>4</td></tr><tr><td>AP3</td><td>6*</td><td>2</td></tr></tbody></table>	AP name	Channel	Txpower Level	AP1	11*	1*	AP2	10*	4	AP3	6*	2
AP name	Channel	Txpower Level											
AP1	11*	1*											
AP2	10*	4											
AP3	6*	2											

Asterisks next to channel numbers or power levels indicate that they are being controlled by the global algorithm settings.

Related Commands	show advanced 802.11a summary
-------------------------	-------------------------------



show advanced client-handoff

To display the number of automatic client handoffs after retries, use the show advanced client-handoff command.

```
>show advanced client-handoff
```

Syntax	show advanced client-handoff	Display configurations. Advanced parameters. Advanced client handoff count.
---------------	------------------------------	---

Defaults	(none)
-----------------	--------

Examples	> show advanced client-handoff Client auto handoff after retries..... 130
-----------------	---

Related Commands	config advanced timers auth-timeout, config advanced timers rogue-ap
-------------------------	--



show advanced statistics

To display whether or not the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller port statistics are enabled or disabled, use the show advanced statistics command.

```
>show advanced statistics
```

Syntax	show advanced statistics	Display configurations. Advanced parameters. Show Cisco Wireless LAN Controller port statistics state.
Defaults	(none)	
Examples	>show advanced statistics	Switch port statistics..... Enabled
Related Commands		config advanced timers auth-timeout, config advanced timers rogue-ap

show advanced timers

To display the advanced mobility anchor, authentication response, and rogue access point entry timers, use the show advanced timers command.

```
>show advanced timers
```

Syntax	show	Display configurations.
	advanced	Advanced parameters.
	timers	Advanced system timers.

Defaults Shown below in examples.

Examples

```
>show advanced timers
```

Authentication Response Timeout (seconds).....	10
Rogue Entry Timeout (seconds).....	1200
AP Heart Beat Timeout (seconds).....	30
AP Discovery Timeout (seconds).....	10
EAP Request Timeout (seconds).....	8

Related Commands config advanced timers auth-timeout, config advanced timers rogue-ap



SHOW AP COMMANDS

Use the following show ap commands:

- [show ap auto-rf](#)
- [show ap config](#)
- [show ap stats](#)
- [show ap summary](#)
- [show ap wlan](#)

show ap auto-rf

To display the auto-rf settings for a Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point, use the show ap auto-rf command.

```
>show ap auto-rf <802.11a/802.11b> <AP name>
```

Syntax	show	Display configurations.
	ap auto-rf	Cisco Radio.
	<802.11a/802.11b>	802.11a or 802.11b setting.
	<AP name>	Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point name.

Defaults (none)

Examples

```
>show ap auto-rf 802.11a AP1
Number Of Slots..... 2
Rad Name..... AP03
MAC Address..... 00:0b:85:01:18:b7
    Radio Type..... RADIO_TYPE_80211a
    Noise Information
        Noise Profile..... PASSED
            Channel 36..... -88 dBm
            Channel 40..... -86 dBm
            Channel 44..... -87 dBm
            Channel 48..... -85 dBm
            Channel 52..... -84 dBm
            Channel 56..... -83 dBm
            Channel 60..... -84 dBm
            Channel 64..... -85 dBm
        Interference Information
            Interference Profile..... PASSED
                Channel 36..... -66 dBm @ 1% busy
                Channel 40..... -128 dBm @ 0% busy
                Channel 44..... -128 dBm @ 0% busy
                Channel 48..... -128 dBm @ 0% busy
                Channel 52..... -128 dBm @ 0% busy
                Channel 56..... -73 dBm @ 1% busy
                Channel 60..... -55 dBm @ 1% busy
                Channel 64..... -69 dBm @ 1% busy
        Load Information
            Load Profile..... PASSED
            Receive Utilization..... 0%
            Transmit Utilization..... 0%
            Channel Utilization..... 1%
            Attached Clients..... 1 clients
        Coverage Information
            Coverage Profile..... PASSED
            Failed Clients..... 0 clients
        Client Signal Strengths
            RSSI -100 dBm..... 0 clients
            RSSI -92 dBm..... 0 clients
            RSSI -84 dBm..... 0 clients
            RSSI -76 dBm..... 0 clients
            RSSI -68 dBm..... 0 clients
            RSSI -60 dBm..... 0 clients
            RSSI -52 dBm..... 0 clients
        Client Signal To Noise Ratios
            SNR 0 dBm..... 0 clients
            SNR 5 dBm..... 0 clients
            SNR 10 dBm..... 0 clients
            SNR 15 dBm..... 0 clients
```



```
SNR 20 dBm..... 0 clients
SNR 25 dBm..... 0 clients
SNR 30 dBm..... 0 clients
SNR 35 dBm..... 0 clients
SNR 40 dBm..... 0 clients
SNR 45 dBm..... 0 clients
Nearby RADs
RAD 00:0b:85:01:05:08 slot 0..... -46 dBm on 10.1.30.170
RAD 00:0b:85:01:12:65 slot 0..... -24 dBm on 10.1.30.170
Channel Assignment Information
    Current Channel Average Energy..... -86 dBm
    Previous Channel Average Energy..... -75 dBm
    Channel Change Count..... 109
    Last Channel Change Time..... Wed Sep 29 12:53e:34 2004
    Recommended Best Channel..... 44
RF Parameter Recommendations
    Power Level..... 1
    RTS/CTS Threshold..... 2347
    Fragmentation Threshold..... 2346
    Antenna Pattern..... 0
```

Related Commands config 802.11a antenna, config 802.11b antenna, config cell

show ap config

To display the detailed configuration for an 802.11b/g Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point, use the show ap config command.

```
>show ap config <802.11a/802.11b/general> <AP name>
```

Syntax	show	Display configurations.
	ap	Cisco Radio.
	<802.11a/802.11b/ general>	802.11a, 802.11b/g or general settings.
	<AP name>	Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point name.

Defaults (none)

Examples

```
>show ap config 802.11a AP01
Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point Identifier..... 5
Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point Name..... AP01
AP Type..... Cisco
Switch Port Number..... 19
MAC Address..... 00:0b:85:01:05:00
IP Address..... Disabled
Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point Location..... default location
Primary Cisco WLAN Solution Switch..... Pubs
Secondary Cisco WLAN Solution Switch..... .
Tertiary Cisco WLAN Solution Switch..... .
Administrative State..... ADMIN_ENABLED
Operation State..... REGISTERED
Mirroring Mode..... Disabled
AP Mode..... Local
AP Type..... 5212
Remote AP Debug..... Disabled
S/W Version..... 2.0.133.0
Boot Version..... 0.0.0.0
Stats Reporting Period..... 180
Number Of Slots..... 2
Rad Model..... .
Rad Serial Number..... .

Attributes for Slot 0
Radio Type..... RADIO_TYPE_80211a
Administrative State..... ADMIN_ENABLED
Operation State..... UP
WLAN Override..... Disabled
CellId..... 0

Station Configuration
Configuration..... AUTOMATIC
Number Of WLANs..... 1
Medium Occupancy Limit..... 100
CFP Period..... 4
CFP MaxDuration..... 60
BSSID..... 00:0b:85:01:05:00
Operation Rate Set
6000 Kilo Bits..... MANDATORY
9000 Kilo Bits..... SUPPORTED
12000 Kilo Bits..... MANDATORY
18000 Kilo Bits..... SUPPORTED
```



24000 Kilo Bits.....	MANDATORY
36000 Kilo Bits.....	SUPPORTED
48000 Kilo Bits.....	SUPPORTED
54000 Kilo Bits.....	SUPPORTED
Beacon Period.....	100
DTIM Period.....	1
Multi Domain Capability Implemented.....	TRUE
Multi Domain Capability Enabled.....	TRUE
Country String.....	US
 Multi Domain Capability	
Configuration.....	AUTOMATIC
First Chan Num.....	36
Number Of Channels.....	4
Maximum Tx Power Level.....	17
 MAC Operation Parameters	
Configuration.....	AUTOMATIC
RTS Threshold.....	2347
Short Retry Limit.....	7
Long Retry Limit.....	4
Fragmentation Threshold.....	2346
Maximum Tx MSDU Life Time.....	512
Maximum Rx Life Time.....	512
 Tx Power	
Num Of Supported Power Levels.....	5
Tx Power Level 1.....	32
Tx Power Level 2.....	16
Tx Power Level 3.....	8
Tx Power Level 4.....	4
Tx Power Level 5.....	1
Tx Power Level 6.....	0
Tx Power Level 7.....	0
Tx Power Level 8.....	0
Tx Power Configuration.....	CUSTOMIZED
Current Tx Power Level.....	5
 Phy OFDM parameters	
Configuration.....	CUSTOMIZED
Current Channel.....	64
TI Threshold.....	-50
Antenna Type.....	EXTERNAL_ANTENNA
AntennaMode.....	ANTENNA_OMNI
 Performance Profile Parameters	
Configuration.....	AUTOMATIC
Interference threshold.....	10%
Noise threshold.....	-70 dBm
RF utilization threshold.....	80%
Data-rate threshold.....	1000000 bps
Client threshold.....	12 clients
Coverage SNR threshold.....	16 dB
Coverage exception level.....	25%
Client minimum exception level.....	3 clients
 Rogue Containment Information	
Containment Count.....	00
 >show ap config 802.11b AP01	
Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point Identifier.....	5



Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point

Name.....	AP01
AP Type.....	Cisco WLAN Solution
Switch Port Number.....	19
MAC Address.....	00:0b:85:01:05:00
IP Address.....	Disabled
Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point Location..... default location	
Primary Cisco WLAN Solution Switch.....	
Secondary Cisco WLAN Solution Switch.....	
Tertiary Cisco WLAN Solution Switch.....	
Administrative State.....	ADMIN_ENABLED
Operation State.....	REGISTERED
Mirroring Mode.....	Disabled
AP Mode.....	Local
Remote AP Debug.....	Disabled
S/W Version.....	2.0.133.0
Boot Version.....	0.0.0.0
Stats Reporting Period.....	180
Number Of Slots.....	2
Rad Model.....	
Rad Serial Number.....	

Attributes for Slot 1

Radio Type.....	RADIO_TYPE_80211b
Administrative State.....	ADMIN_ENABLED
Operation State.....	DOWN
WLAN Override.....	Disabled
CellId.....	0

Station Configuration

Configuration.....	AUTOMATIC
Number Of WLANs.....	0
Medium Occupancy Limit.....	100
CFP Period.....	4
CFP MaxDuration.....	60
BSSID.....	00:0b:85:01:05:00
Operation Rate Set	
1000 Kilo Bits.....	MANDATORY
2000 Kilo Bits.....	MANDATORY
5500 Kilo Bits.....	MANDATORY
11000 Kilo Bits.....	MANDATORY
Beacon Period.....	100
DTIM Period.....	1
Multi Domain Capability Implemented.....	TRUE
Multi Domain Capability Enabled.....	TRUE
Country String.....	US
Multi Domain Capability	
Configuration.....	AUTOMATIC
First Chan Num.....	1
Number Of Channels.....	11
Maximum Tx Power Level.....	30

MAC Operation Parameters

Configuration.....	AUTOMATIC
RTS Threshold.....	2347
Short Retry Limit.....	7
Long Retry Limit.....	4
Fragmentation Threshold.....	2346
Maximum Tx MSDU Life Time.....	512
Maximum Rx Life Time.....	512



```

Tx Power
    Num Of Supported Power Levels..... 5
    Tx Power Level 1..... 32
    Tx Power Level 2..... 16
    Tx Power Level 3..... 8
    Tx Power Level 4..... 4
    Tx Power Level 5..... 1
    Tx Power Level 6..... 0
    Tx Power Level 7..... 0
    Tx Power Level 8..... 0
    Tx Power Configuration..... AUTOMATIC
    Current Tx Power Level..... 1

Phy DSSS parameters
    Configuration..... AUTOMATIC
    Current Channel..... 1
    Current CCA Mode..... 0
    ED Threshold..... -50
    Antenna Type..... EXTERNAL_ANTENNA
    Diversity..... DIVERSITY_ENABLED

Performance Profile Parameters
    Configuration..... AUTOMATIC
    Interference threshold..... 10%
    Noise threshold..... -70 dBm
    RF utilization threshold..... 80%
    Data-rate threshold..... 1000000 bps
    Client threshold..... 12 clients
    Coverage SNR threshold..... 12 dB
    Coverage exception level..... 25%
    Client minimum exception level..... 3 clients
Rogue Containment Information
    Containment Count..... 0

>show ap config general AP1
Cisco AP Identifier..... 5

Name..... AP01
AP Type..... Cisco WLAN Solution
Switch Port Number..... 19
MAC Address..... 00:0b:85:01:05:00
IP Address..... Disabled
Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point Location..... default location
Primary Switch..... .
Administrative State..... ADMIN_ENABLED
Operation State..... REGISTERED
Mirroring Mode..... Disabled
AP Mode..... Local
Remote AP Debug..... Disabled
S/W Version..... 2.0.133.0
Boot Version..... 0.0.0.0
Stats Reporting Period..... 180
Number Of Slots..... 2
Rad Model..... .
Rad Serial Number..... 01012203-10057105-01182

```

Related Commands

config 802.11a antenna, config 802.11b antenna, config cell



show ap stats

To display the statistics for a Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point, use the show ap stats command.

```
>show ap stats <802.11a/802.11b> <AP name>
```

Syntax	show	Display configurations.
	ap	Cisco Radio.
	<802.11a/802.11b>	802.11a or 802.11b/g statistics.
	<AP name>	Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point name.

Defaults (none)

Examples

```
>show ap stats 802.11b AP01
Number Of Slots..... 2
Rad Name..... AP01
MAC Address..... 00:0b:85:01:05:00
    Radio Type..... RADIO_TYPE_80211a
    Stats Information
        Number of Users..... 0
        TxFragmentCount..... 24904
        MulticastTxFrameCnt..... 11710
        FailedCount..... 91534
        RetryCount..... 5582
        MultipleRetryCount..... 0
        FrameDuplicateCount..... 0
        RtsSuccessCount..... 0
        RtsFailureCount..... 0
        AckFailureCount..... 473136
        RxFragmentCount..... 12978548
        MulticastRxFrameCnt..... 0
        FcsErrorCount..... 230771
        TxFrameCount..... 24904
        WepUndecryptableCount..... 130
```

Related Commands config ap stats-timer

show ap summary

To display a summary of all Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access points attached to the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller, use the show ap summary command. A list containing each Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point name, number of slots, manufacturer, MAC address, location and Cisco Wireless LAN Controller port number is displayed.

```
>show ap summary
```

Syntax

show	Display configurations.
ap	All Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access points.
summary	Summary of all Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access points.

Defaults

(none)

Examples

```
>show ap summary
```

AP Name	Slots	AP Type	MAC Addr	Location	Port
AP03	2	Cisco WLAN Solution	00:0b:85:01:18:b0	default	
location 12					
AP02	2	Cisco WLAN Solution	00:0b:85:01:12:60	default	
location 11					
AP01	2	Cisco WLAN Solution	00:0b:85:01:05:00	default	
location 19					

Related Commands

show advanced 802.11a summary, show advanced 802.11b summary, show certificate summary, show client summary, show mobility summary, show radius summary, show rogue-ap summary, show wlan summary

show ap wlan

To display whether or not a Cisco Wireless LAN Controller radio is in WLAN Override mode (as described in the [Product Guide](#)), use the show ap wlan command.

```
>show ap wlan [802.11a/802.11b] <AP Name>
```

Syntax	show	Display configurations.
	ap	All Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access points.
	wlan	WLAN parameter.
	<802.11a/802.11b>	802.11a or 802.11b/g statistics.
	<AP name>	Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point name.

Defaults	(none)
-----------------	--------

Examples	<pre>>show ap wlan 802.11a AP01</pre> <p>Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point is not in override mode.</p>
-----------------	---

Related Commands	show advanced 802.11a summary, show advanced 802.11b summary, show certificate summary, show client summary, show mobility summary, show radius summary, show rogue-ap summary, show wlan summary
-------------------------	---



show arp switch

To display the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller MAC addresses, IP Addresses, and port types, use the show arp switch command.

```
>show arp switch
```

Syntax show Display configurations.
 arp arp MAC addresses, IP Addresses, and port types.
 switch Cisco Wireless LAN Controller parameters.

Defaults (none)

Examples >**show arp switch**

MAC Address	IP Address	Port	VLAN	Type
00:C0:A8:87:EA:78	172.19.1.158	service port	1	
00:06:5B:3D:0B:5C	172.19.1.2	service port		
00:D0:59:9D:5E:06	172.19.1.106	service port		

Related Commands debug arp



show exclusionlist

To display a summary of all clients on the manual Exclusion List (blacklisted) from associating with this Cisco Wireless LAN Controller, use the show exclusionlist command. A list containing each manually Excluded MAC address is displayed.

```
>show exclusionlist
```

Syntax show exclusionlist Display configurations.
 Manual Exclusion List.

Defaults (none)

Examples >show exclusionlist
MAC Address Description

00:50:08:00:00:f5 Disallowed Client

Related Commands config exclusionlist add, config exclusionlist delete, config exclusionlist description, show client



show boot

Each Cisco Wireless LAN Controller retains one primary and one backup OS software load in non-volatile RAM. This allows operators to have the Cisco Wireless LAN Controllers boot off the primary load (default), or revert to the backup load when desired. To display the primary and backup software build numbers with an indication of which is active, use the show boot command.

```
>show boot
```

Syntax	show boot	Display configurations. Software bootable versions.
Defaults	(none)	
Examples	<pre>>show boot</pre>	
		Primary Boot Image..... 2.0.133.0 (active) Backup Boot Image..... 2.0.125.0

Related Commands config exclusionlist add, config exclusionlist delete, config exclusionlist description, show client



SHOW CERTIFICATE COMMANDS

Use the following show certificate commands:

- [*show certificate compatibility*](#)
- [*show certificate summary*](#)



show certificate compatibility

To display whether or not certificates are verified as compatible in the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller, use the show certificate compatibility command.

```
>show certificate compatibility
```

Syntax	show certificate compatibility	Display configurations. All certificates. Compatibility of certificates.
Defaults	(none)	
Examples	>show certificate compatibility	Certificate compatibility mode:..... off
Related Commands	show certificate summary	



show certificate summary

To display a summary of all certificates active in the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller, use the show certificate summary command.

```
>show certificate summary
```

Syntax	show certificate summary	Display configurations. All certificates. Synopsis of all certificates.
---------------	--------------------------------	---

Defaults	(none)
-----------------	--------

Examples	<pre>>show certificate summary</pre> <pre>Web Administration Certificate..... Locally Generated Web Authentication Certificate..... Locally Generated Certificate compatibility mode:..... off</pre>
-----------------	---

Related Commands	show certificate compatibility
-------------------------	--------------------------------



SHOW CLIENT COMMANDS

Use the following show client commands:

- [*show client ap*](#)
- [*show client detail*](#)
- [*show client summary*](#)
- [*show client username*](#)

show client ap

To display the clients on a Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point, use the show client ap command.

- ▶ **Note:** The show client ap command may list the status of automatically disabled clients. Use the **show exclusionlist** command to view clients on the Exclusion List (blacklisted).

```
>show client ap <802.11a/802.11b> <AP name>
```

Syntax	show ap <802.11a/802.11b> <AP name>	Display configurations. Cisco Radio. 802.11a or 802.11b/g clients. Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point name.										
Defaults	(none)											
Examples	>show client ap 802.11b AP1											
	<table><thead><tr><th>MAC Address</th><th>AP Id</th><th>Status</th><th>WLAN Id</th><th>Authenticated</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>00:0c:41:0a:33:13</td><td>1</td><td>Associated</td><td>1</td><td>No</td></tr></tbody></table>	MAC Address	AP Id	Status	WLAN Id	Authenticated	00:0c:41:0a:33:13	1	Associated	1	No	
MAC Address	AP Id	Status	WLAN Id	Authenticated								
00:0c:41:0a:33:13	1	Associated	1	No								

Related Commands show client detail, show client summary, show client username, show exclusionlist

show client detail

To display detailed information for a client on a Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point, use the show client detail command.

- ▶ **Note:** The show client ap command may list the status of automatically disabled clients. Use the **show exclusionlist** command to view clients on the Exclusion List (blacklisted).

```
>show client detail <MAC address>
```

Syntax

show	Display configurations.
client	802.11a or 802.11b/g client.
detail	Connectivity information.
<MAC address>	MAC address of the specific client.

Defaults

(none)

Examples

```
>show client detail 00:0c:41:07:33:a6
Client MAC Address..... 00:0c:41:07:33:a6
Client Username..... N/A
AP MAC Address..... 00:0b:85:01:18:b0
Client State..... Associated
Wireless LAN Id..... 1
IP Address..... Unknown
Association Id..... 1
Authentication Algorithm..... Shared Key
Reason Code..... 0
Status Code..... 0
Session Timeout..... 0
Mirroring..... Disabled
QoS Level..... Gold
Diff Serv Code Point (DSPC)..... disabled
802.1P Priority Tag..... disabled
Mobility State..... Local
Mobility Move Count..... 0
Security Policy Completed..... No
Policy Manager State..... DHCP_REQD
Policy Manager Rule Created..... No
NPU Fast Notified..... Yes
Policy Type..... N/A
Encryption Cipher..... WEP (104 bits)
EAP Type..... Unknown
Interface..... management
VLAN..... 0

Client Capabilities:
    CF Pollable..... Not implemented
    CF Poll Request..... Not implemented
    Short Preamble..... Not implemented
    PBCC..... Not implemented
    Channel Agility..... Not implemented
    Listen Interval..... 0

Client Statistics:
    Number of Bytes Received..... 0
    Number of Bytes Sent..... 0
    Number of Packets Received..... 0
    Number of Packets Sent..... 0
    Number of Policy Errors..... 0
    Radio Signal Strength Indicator..... Unavailable
    Signal to Noise Ratio..... Unavailable
```



Nearby AP Statistics:
AP03(slot 0) 24643 seconds ago..... -11 dBm

Related Commands show client ap, show client summary, show client username, show exclusionlist

show client summary

To display a summary of clients associated with a Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point, use the **show client summary** command.

- ▶ **Note:** The **show client ap** command may list the status of automatically disabled clients. Use the **show exclusionlist** command to view clients on the Exclusion List (blacklisted).

>show client summary

Syntax	show client summary	Display configurations. 802.11a or 802.11b/g client. All attached clients.														
Defaults	(none)															
Examples	>show client summary															
		<table><thead><tr><th>MAC Address</th><th>AP Name</th><th>Status</th><th>WLAN</th><th>Auth</th><th>Protocol</th><th>Port</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>00:0c:41:0a:33:13</td><td>AP01</td><td>Associated</td><td>1</td><td>No</td><td>802.11g</td><td>5</td></tr></tbody></table>	MAC Address	AP Name	Status	WLAN	Auth	Protocol	Port	00:0c:41:0a:33:13	AP01	Associated	1	No	802.11g	5
MAC Address	AP Name	Status	WLAN	Auth	Protocol	Port										
00:0c:41:0a:33:13	AP01	Associated	1	No	802.11g	5										

Related Commands [show client ap](#), [show client detail](#), [show client username](#), [show exclusionlist](#)



show client username

To display client data by user name, use the show client username command.

```
>show client username <User Name>
```

Syntax show Display configurations.
 username Cisco Radio.
 <User Name> Client User Name.

Defaults (none)

Examples >**show client username IT_007**

MAC Address	AP ID	Status	WLAN Id	Authenticated
00:0c:41:0a:33:13	1	Associated	1	No

Related Commands show client ap, show client detail, show client summary



show country

The Cisco Wireless LAN Controller must be configured to comply with the target country's permitted 802.11a and/or 802.11b frequency bands. To display a list of supported countries and their permitted frequency bands, use the show country command. This command also shows you the current country setting for the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller.

- ▶ **Note:** Refer to [Cisco WLAN Solution Supported Country Codes in the Product Guide](#) for the most recent country codes and regulatory domains.

>**show country**

Syntax

**show
country**

Display configuration options.
Supported Countries.

Defaults

(none)

Examples

>**show country**

Supported Country Codes

AR.....	802.11a/802.11b
AT.....	802.11a/802.11b/802.11g
AU.....	802.11a/802.11b/802.11g
BR.....	802.11a/802.11b
BE.....	802.11a/802.11b/802.11g
CA.....	802.11a/802.11b/802.11g
CH.....	802.11a/802.11b/802.11g
CY.....	802.11a/802.11b/802.11g
CZ.....	802.11a/802.11b
DE.....	802.11a/802.11b/802.11g
DK.....	802.11a/802.11b/802.11g
EE.....	802.11a/802.11b/802.11g
ES.....	802.11b/802.11g
FI.....	802.11a/802.11b/802.11g
FR.....	802.11a/802.11b/802.11g
GB.....	802.11a/802.11b/802.11g
GR.....	802.11b/802.11g
HK.....	802.11a/802.11b/802.11g
HU.....	802.11a/802.11b/802.11g
IE.....	802.11a/802.11b/802.11g
IN.....	802.11b/802.11g
IS.....	802.11a/802.11b/802.11g
IL.....	802.11a/802.11b
ILO.....	802.11a/802.11b
IT.....	802.11a/802.11b/802.11g
JP.....	802.11a/802.11b/802.11g
KR.....	802.11a/802.11b
LT.....	802.11a/802.11b/802.11g
LV.....	802.11a/802.11b
MA.....	802.11a
MX.....	802.11a/802.11b/802.11g
MY.....	802.11a
NL.....	802.11a/802.11b/802.11g
NZ.....	802.11a/802.11b/802.11g
NO.....	802.11a/802.11b/802.11g
PL.....	802.11a/802.11b/802.11g
PT.....	802.11a/802.11b/802.11g
SA.....	802.11a/802.11b/802.11g
SE.....	802.11a/802.11b/802.11g
SG.....	802.11a/802.11b/802.11g
SI.....	802.11a/802.11b/802.11g
SK.....	802.11a/802.11b/802.11g



TH.....	802.11b/802.11g
TW.....	802.11a/802.11b/802.11g
US.....	802.11a/802.11b/802.11g
USL.....	802.11a/802.11b/802.11g
USE.....	802.11a/802.11b/802.11g
ZA.....	802.11a/802.11b/802.11g

Configured Country..... United States (Legacy)

Related Commands

[show sysinfo](#)



show database

To display the local database configuration, use the show database command.

```
>show database summary
```

Syntax	show database. summary	Command action. Database summary.
---------------	---------------------------	--------------------------------------

Defaults	(none)
-----------------	--------

Examples	> show database summary Current Max database entries..... 512 Max database entries on next reboot..... 512
-----------------	---

Related Commands	show sysinfo
-------------------------	--------------



show cpu

To display current CPU usage information, use the show cpu command.

```
>show cpu
```

Syntax show cpu Command action.

Defaults (none)

Examples

```
>show cpu
Current CPU load: 2.50%
```

Related Commands show sysinfo



show custom-web

To display Web Authentication customization information, use the show custom-web command.

```
>show custom-web
```

Syntax show custom-web Command action.

Defaults (none)

Examples

```
>show custom-web
Cisco WLAN Solution Logo..... Enabled
CustomLogo..... Disabled
Custom Title..... Disabled
Custom Message..... Disabled
Custom Redirect URL..... Disabled
External Web Authentication Mode..... Disabled
External Web Authentication URL..... Disabled
```

Related Commands config custom-web



show debug

Use the show debug command, to determine if MAC address and other flag debugging is enabled or disabled.

```
>show debug
```

Syntax	show debug	Display configurations. MAC address debugging.
---------------	---------------	---

Defaults	disabled
-----------------	----------

Examples	<pre>>show debug</pre> MAC debugging..... disabled Debug Flags Enabled: arp error enabled. bcast error enabled.
-----------------	--

Related Commands	debug mac
-------------------------	-----------

show dhcp

Use the show dhcp command, to display the internal DHCP server configuration.

>show dhcp <scope name>

Syntax show dhcp
<scope name> Command action.
The scope name set with the config dhcp command.

Defaults None

Examples

```
>show dhcp 003
Enabled..... No
Lease Time..... 0
Pool Start..... 0.0.0.0
Pool End..... 0.0.0.0
Network..... 0.0.0.0
Netmask..... 0.0.0.0
Default Routers..... 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0
DNS..... 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0
Netbios Name Servers..... 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0
```

Related Commands config dhcp, show dhcp summary



show dhcp summary

Use the show dhcp summary command, to display a summary of internal DHCP server configurations.

>show dhcp summary

Syntax	show dhcp summary	Command action. List information about internal DHCP servers.
Defaults	None	
Examples	>show dhcp summary	
	Scope Name Enabled Address Range 003 No 0.0.0.0 -> 0.0.0.0	

Related Commands config dhcp, show dhcp



show eventlog

Use the show eventlog command, to display the event log.

```
>show eventlog
```

Syntax	show eventlog	Display configurations. System events.
---------------	------------------	---

Defaults	(none)
-----------------	--------

Examples	>show eventlog
-----------------	----------------

```
Time
File      Line TaskID   Code      d  h  m  s
EVENT> nim.c    154 1234B2DC 00000000  0  0  0 44
EVENT> bootos.c 447 12346F44 AAAAAAAA  0  0  0 17
EVENT> nim.c    154 121160B4 00000000  0  0  0 44
EVENT> bootos.c 447 12111D1C AAAAAAAA  0  0  0 17
EVENT> nim.c    154 121180A4 00000000  0  0  0 44
EVENT> bootos.c 447 12113C24 AAAAAAAA  0  0  0 17
EVENT> nim.c    154 1210D5CC 00000000  0  0  0 44
EVENT> bootos.c 445 12109154 AAAAAAAA  0  0  0 17
EVENT> nim.c    154 121176C4 00000000  0  0  0 44
EVENT> bootos.c 445 12113244 AAAAAAAA  0  0  0 17
EVENT> nim.c    154 121176C4 00000000  0  0  0 43
EVENT> bootos.c 445 12113244 AAAAAAAA  0  0  0 17
EVENT> nim.c    154 121176C4 00000000  0  0  0 44
EVENT> bootos.c 445 12113244 AAAAAAAA  0  0  0 17
EVENT> nim.c    154 1210D44C 00000000  0  0  0 42
Would you like to display the next 15 entries? (y/n)
```

Related Commands	show msglog
-------------------------	-------------



show ike

Use the show ike command, to display active IKE SAs.

>show ike

Syntax	show ike <IP or MAC address>	Command action. Display active IKE SAs IP or MAC address of active IKE SA.
Defaults	(none)	
Examples	>show ike	
Related Commands	None	



show ipsec

Use the show ipsec command, to display active IPSec SAs.

```
>show ipsec
```

Syntax	show ipsec <IP or MAC address>	Command action. Display active IPSec SAs Display active IPSec SAs.
---------------	--------------------------------------	--

Defaults	(none)
-----------------	--------

Examples	>show ipsec
-----------------	-------------

Related Commands	None
-------------------------	------

show interface

Use the show interface command to display details of the system interfaces.

```
>show interface [summary/detailed <interface name>]
```

Syntax	show interface summary detailed interface name	Command action Display a summary of the local interfaces. Display detailed interface information. Identifies interface name for detailed display																																								
Defaults	(none)																																									
Examples		<pre>>show interface summary</pre> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Interface Name</th> <th>Vlan Id</th> <th>IP Address</th> <th>Type</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>management</td> <td>2</td> <td>192.168.2.36</td> <td>Static</td> </tr> <tr> <td>service-port</td> <td>N/A</td> <td>172.16.16.199</td> <td>Static</td> </tr> <tr> <td>virtual</td> <td>N/A</td> <td>0.0.0.0</td> <td>Static</td> </tr> <tr> <td>vlan_301</td> <td>301</td> <td>192.168.2.200</td> <td>Dynamic</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <pre>>show interface detailed management</pre> <table> <tbody> <tr> <td>Interface Name.....</td> <td>management</td> </tr> <tr> <td>MAC Address.....</td> <td>00:0b:85:02:0d:20</td> </tr> <tr> <td>IP Address.....</td> <td>192.168.2.36</td> </tr> <tr> <td>IP Netmask.....</td> <td>255.255.255.0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>IP Gateway.....</td> <td>192.168.2.1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>VLAN.....</td> <td>2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Physical Port.....</td> <td>1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Primary DHCP Server.....</td> <td>10.1.2.11</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Secondary DHCP Server.....</td> <td>Unconfigured</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ACL.....</td> <td>Unconfigured</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Interface Name	Vlan Id	IP Address	Type	management	2	192.168.2.36	Static	service-port	N/A	172.16.16.199	Static	virtual	N/A	0.0.0.0	Static	vlan_301	301	192.168.2.200	Dynamic	Interface Name.....	management	MAC Address.....	00:0b:85:02:0d:20	IP Address.....	192.168.2.36	IP Netmask.....	255.255.255.0	IP Gateway.....	192.168.2.1	VLAN.....	2	Physical Port.....	1	Primary DHCP Server.....	10.1.2.11	Secondary DHCP Server.....	Unconfigured	ACL.....	Unconfigured
Interface Name	Vlan Id	IP Address	Type																																							
management	2	192.168.2.36	Static																																							
service-port	N/A	172.16.16.199	Static																																							
virtual	N/A	0.0.0.0	Static																																							
vlan_301	301	192.168.2.200	Dynamic																																							
Interface Name.....	management																																									
MAC Address.....	00:0b:85:02:0d:20																																									
IP Address.....	192.168.2.36																																									
IP Netmask.....	255.255.255.0																																									
IP Gateway.....	192.168.2.1																																									
VLAN.....	2																																									
Physical Port.....	1																																									
Primary DHCP Server.....	10.1.2.11																																									
Secondary DHCP Server.....	Unconfigured																																									
ACL.....	Unconfigured																																									
Related Commands	config interface																																									



show inventory

To display a physical inventory of the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller, use the show inventory command.

>**show inventory**

Syntax	show inventory	Display configurations. Physical Cisco Wireless LAN Controller configuration.
---------------	---------------------------	--

Defaults	(none)
-----------------	--------

Examples	> show inventory
	Switch Description.....
	Machine Model.....
	Serial Number..... 102389954
	Burned-in MAC Address..... 00:0B:85:02:01:00
	Gig Ethernet/Fiber Card..... Present
	Crypto Accelerator..... Present

Related Commands	show sysinfo
-------------------------	---------------------



show l2tp

To display L2TP sessions, use the show l2tp command.

```
>show l2tp
```

Syntax	show summary <LAC IP addr>	Display configurations. Displays all L2TP sessions. Displays a L2TP session.
Defaults	(none)	
Examples	<pre>>show l2tp summary</pre>	LAC_IPaddr LTid LSid RTid RSid ATid ASid State ----- ----- ----- ----- ----- ----- -----
Related Commands	None	

show known

To display known Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point information, use the show known command.

```
>show known ap <summary/detailed>
```

Syntax	show known ap <summary/detailed>	Display configurations. Known Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point information. Displays a list of all Known Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access points. Provides detailed information for a Known Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point.										
Defaults	None											
Examples	<pre>>show known ap summary</pre>	<table><thead><tr><th>MAC Address</th><th>State</th><th># APs</th><th># Clients</th><th>Last Heard</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>-----</td><td>-----</td><td>-----</td><td>-----</td><td>-----</td></tr></tbody></table>	MAC Address	State	# APs	# Clients	Last Heard	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
MAC Address	State	# APs	# Clients	Last Heard								
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----								
Related Commands	config ap											



show location

To display information about defined locations, use the show location command.

```
>show location summary
```

Syntax show location
 <summary/ Display command for locations.
 / Displays status of locations

Defaults None

Examples >show location summary
 Status..... disabled

Related Commands config location



show load-balancing

To display the status of the load-balancing feature, use the show load-balancing command.

```
>show load-balancing
```

Syntax	show load-balancing	Display configurations. Status load-balancing.
---------------	------------------------	---

Defaults	Enabled
-----------------	---------

Examples	<pre>>show load-balancing Aggressive Load Balancing..... Enabled Aggressive Load Balancing Window..... 0 clients</pre>
-----------------	---

Related Commands	config load-balancing
-------------------------	-----------------------



show loginsession

To display the existing sessions, use the show loginsession command.

```
>show loginsession
```

Syntax show loginsession Display configurations.
 Current session details.

Defaults (none)

Examples >**show loginsession**

ID	User Name	Connection From	Idle Time	Session Time
--	--	--	--	--
00	admin	172.18.4.84	00:00:00	01:08:18

Related Commands config loginsession close



show macfilter

To display the MAC filter parameters, use the show macfilter commands. The MAC delimiter (none, colon, or hyphen) for MAC addresses sent to RADIUS servers is displayed. The MAC filter table lists the clients that are always allowed to associate with a WLAN.

```
>show macfilter [summary/detail <MAC address>]
```

Syntax show macfilter Display configurations.
 Filter details.

Defaults (none)

Examples **>show macfilter summary**
 MAC Filter RADIUS Compatibility mode..... Cisco ACS
 MAC Filter Delimiter..... None

```
>show macfilter detail  
Unable to retrieve MAC filter.
```

Related Commands config macfilter mac-delimiter, config macfilter add, config macfilter delete,
 config macfilter description, config macfilter wlan-id



show mgmtuser

To display the local management user accounts on the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller, use the show mgmtuser command.

```
>show mgmtuser
```

Syntax	show mgmtuser	Display configurations. Management users.						
Defaults	(none)							
Examples	<pre>>show mgmtuser</pre>	<table><thead><tr><th>User Name</th><th>Permissions</th><th>Description</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>admin</td><td>read-write</td><td></td></tr></tbody></table>	User Name	Permissions	Description	admin	read-write	
User Name	Permissions	Description						
admin	read-write							
Related Commands		config mgmtuser add, config mgmtuser delete, config mgmtuser password						

show mesh

To display the mesh configuration for the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller, use the show mesh command.

```
>show mesh <neigh/path/stats/linkrate/summary>
```

Syntax	show mesh <neigh/ path/ stats/ linkrate/ summary>	Display configurations. Mesh configuration. Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point neighborhood list. Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point path. Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point statistics Link rate statistics Link rate neighborhood summary.
Defaults	(none)	
Examples	> show mesh summary TBD	
Related Commands	config mesh	



SHOW MOBILITY COMMANDS

Use the following show mobility commands.

- [*show mobility statistics*](#)
- [*show mobility anchor*](#)
- [*show mobility summary*](#)

show mobility statistics

To display the statistics information for the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller mobility groups, use the show mobility statistics command.

```
>show mobility statistics
```

Syntax	show mobility statistics	Display configurations. Mobility group. Statistics details.
---------------	--------------------------------	---

Defaults	(none)
-----------------	--------

Examples

```
>show mobility statistics
Global Mobility Statistics
    Rx Errors..... 0
    Tx Errors..... 0
    Responses Retransmitted..... 0
    Handoff Requests Received..... 0
    Handoff End Requests Received..... 0
    State Transitions Disallowed..... 0
    Resource Unavailable..... 0
Mobility Initiator Statistics
    Handoff Requests Sent..... 0
    Handoff Replies Received..... 0
    Handoff as Local Received..... 2
    Handoff as Foreign Received..... 0
    Handoff Denys Received..... 0
    Anchor Request Sent..... 0
    Anchor Deny Received..... 0
    Anchor Grant Received..... 0
    Anchor Transfer Received..... 0
Mobility Responder Statistics
    Handoff Requests Ignored..... 0
    Ping Pong Handoff Requests Dropped..... 0
    Handoff Requests Dropped..... 0
    Handoff Requests Denied..... 0
    Client Handoff as Local..... 0
    Client Handoff as Foreign ..... 0
    Anchor Requests Received..... 0
    Anchor Requests Denied..... 0
    Anchor Requests Granted..... 0
    Anchor Transferred..... 0
```

Related Commands config mobility group discovery, config mobility group member



show mobility anchor

To display the WLAN anchor list for the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller mobility groups, use the show mobility anchor command.

```
>show mobility anchor
```

Syntax show Display configurations.
 mobility Mobility group.
 anchor Anchor list.

Defaults (none)

Examples >show mobility anchor
 Mobility Anchor Export List
 WLAN ID IP Address

Related Commands config mobility group discovery, config mobility group member



show mobility summary

To display the summary information for the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller mobility groups, use the show mobility summary command.

```
>show mobility summary
```

Syntax	show mobility summary	Display configurations. Mobility group. Summary details
---------------	-----------------------------	---

Defaults	(none)
-----------------	--------

Examples	<pre>>show mobility summary Mobility Protocol Port..... 16666 Mobility Security Mode..... Disabled Default Mobility Domain..... default Mobility Group members configured..... 1 Switches configured in the Mobility Group MAC Address IP Address Group Name 00:0b:85:02:0d:26 10.1.77.170 <local></pre>
-----------------	---

Related Commands	config mobility group discovery, config mobility group member
-------------------------	---

show msglog

To display the message logs written to the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller database, use the show msglog command. If there are more than 15 entries you are prompted to display the messages shown in the example.

```
>show msglog
```

Syntax show msglog Display configurations.
 Message logs.

Defaults (none)

Examples >**show msglog**

```
Fri Aug 8 17:25:51 2003 File: gvr.c : Line: 777 : GVRP: Transmitting msg.
Fri Aug 8 17:25:50 2003 File: gvr.c : Line: 777 : GVRP: Transmitting msg.
Fri Aug 8 17:25:50 2003 File: gvr.c : Line: 777 : GVRP: Transmitting msg.
Fri Aug 8 17:25:49 2003 File: gvr.c : Line: 777 : GVRP: Transmitting msg.
Fri Aug 8 17:25:49 2003 File: gvr.c : Line: 777 : GVRP: Transmitting msg.
Fri Aug 8 17:25:49 2003 File: gvr.c : Line: 777 : GVRP: Transmitting msg.
Fri Aug 8 17:25:49 2003 File: gvr.c : Line: 777 : GVRP: Transmitting msg.
Fri Aug 8 17:25:35 2003 File: gvr.c : Line: 777 : GVRP: Transmitting msg.
Fri Aug 8 17:25:35 2003 File: gvr.c : Line: 777 : GVRP: Transmitting msg.
Fri Aug 8 17:25:34 2003 File: gvr.c : Line: 777 : GVRP: Transmitting msg.
Fri Aug 8 17:25:34 2003 File: gvr.c : Line: 777 : GVRP: Transmitting msg.
Fri Aug 8 17:25:34 2003 File: gvr.c : Line: 777 : GVRP: Transmitting msg.
Fri Aug 8 17:25:33 2003 File: gvr.c : Line: 777 : GVRP: Transmitting msg.
Fri Aug 8 17:25:22 2003 File: gvr.c : Line: 777 : GVRP: Transmitting msg.
Fri Aug 8 17:25:22 2003 File: gvr.c : Line: 777 : GVRP: Transmitting msg.
Fri Aug 8 17:25:21 2003 File: gvr.c : Line: 777 : GVRP: Transmitting msg.
```

Related Commands show eventlog



show mobility summary

To display the summary information for the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller mobility groups, use the show mobility summary command.

```
>show mobility summary
```

Syntax	show mobility summary	Display configurations. Mobility group. Summary details
---------------	-----------------------------	---

Defaults	(none)
-----------------	--------

Examples	<pre>>show mobility summary Mobility Protocol Port..... 16666 Mobility Security Mode..... Disabled Default Mobility Domain..... default Mobility Group members configured..... 1 Switches configured in the Mobility Group MAC Address IP Address Group Name 00:0b:85:02:0d:26 10.1.77.170 <local></pre>
-----------------	---

Related Commands	config mobility group discovery, config mobility group member
-------------------------	---



show nac statistics

To display Network Access Control detailed information about a Cisco Wireless LAN Controller, use the show nac statistics command.

```
>show nac statistics
```

Syntax	show nac statistics	Display configurations. Network Access Control. Detailed statistics.
---------------	---------------------------	--

Defaults	(none)
-----------------	--------

Examples	<pre>>show nac statistics</pre>
	<pre>Server Index..... 1 Server Address..... 1.1.1.1 Number of requests sent..... 0 Number of retransmissions..... 0 Number of requests received..... 0 Number of malformed requests received..... 0 Number of bad auth requests received..... 0 Number of pending requests..... 0 Number of timed out requests..... 0 Number of misc dropped request received..... 0 Number of requests sent..... 0</pre>

Related Commands	show nac acl, show nac summary.
-------------------------	---------------------------------



show nac summary

To display Network Access Control summary information for a Cisco Wireless LAN Controller, use the show nac summary command.

```
>show nac summary
```

Syntax show Display configurations.
 nac Network Access Control.
 summary Summary information

Defaults (none)

Examples

```
>show nac summary
```

NAC ACL Name		Port	State
Index	Server Address	-----	-----
1	1.1.1.1	13336	Enabled

Related Commands show nac acl, show nac statistics.



show netuser

To display local network user accounts, use the show netuser command.

```
>show netuser
```

Syntax show
 netuser Display configurations.
 Network users.

Defaults (none)

Examples >**show netuser**

User Name	WLAN Id	Description
----- krebbis	1	all krebbis

Related Commands config netuser add, config netuser delete, config netuser password, config netuser wlan-id

show network

To display the network configuration of the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller, use the show network command.

```
>show network
```

Syntax show Display configurations.
 network Network configuration.

Defaults (none)

Examples

```
>show network
RF/Mobility Domain Name..... Engr_Test
Web Mode..... Disable
Secure Web Mode..... Enable
Secure Shell (ssh)..... Enable
Telnet..... Disable
Ethernet Multicast Mode..... Enable
User Idle Timeout..... 300 seconds
ARP Idle Timeout..... 300 seconds
ARP Unicast Mode..... Disabled
Cisco AP Default Master..... Disable
Mgmt Via Wireless Interface..... Disable
Over The Air Provisioning of APs..... Enable
Mobile Peer to Peer Blocking..... Enable
Apple Talk..... Disable
AP Fallback..... Enable
Web Auth Redirect Ports..... 80
Fast SSID Change..... Disabled
```

Related Commands config network arptimeout, config network bcast-ssid, config network dsport, config network master-base, config network mgmt-via-wireless, config network params, config network rf-mobility-domain, config network secureweb, config network secweb-passwd, config network ssh, config network telnet, config network usertimeout, config network vlan, config network webmode

show port

To display the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller port settings on an individual or global basis, use the show port command.

```
>show port <port number>
>show port summary
```

Syntax

show	Display configurations.
port	Cisco Wireless LAN Controller port.
<port number>/summary	Individual port or all ports

Defaults

(none)

Examples

```
>show port 7
```

Pr Type	STP Stat	Admin Mode	Physical Mode	Physical Status	Link Status	Link Trap	Mcast Appliance	POE
7	Normal	Disa	Enable	Auto	10 Half	Down	Enable	Enable

```
>show port summary
```

Pr Type	STP Stat	Admin Mode	Physical Mode	Physical Status	Link Status	Link Trap	Mcast Appliance	POE
1	Normal	Disa	Enable	Auto	10 Half	Down	Enable	Enable
2	Normal	Disa	Disable	Auto	10 Half	Down	Enable	Enable
3	Normal	Disa	Disable	Auto	10 Half	Down	Enable	Disable
4	Normal	Disa	Disable	Auto	10 Half	Down	Enable	Disable
5	Normal	Disa	Disable	Auto	10 Half	Down	Enable	Disable
6	Normal	Disa	Enable	Auto	10 Half	Down	Enable	Enable
7	Normal	Disa	Enable	Auto	10 Half	Down	Enable	Enable
8	Normal	Disa	Disable	Auto	10 Half	Down	Enable	Disable
9	Normal	Disa	Enable	Auto	10 Half	Down	Enable	Enable
10	Normal	Disa	Enable	Auto	10 Half	Down	Enable	Enable
11	Normal	Disa	Enable	Auto	10 Half	Down	Enable	Enable
12	Normal	Disa	Enable	Auto	10 Half	Down	Enable	Enable
13	Normal	Disa	Enable	Auto	10 Half	Down	Enable	Enable
14	Normal	Disa	Enable	Auto	10 Half	Down	Enable	Enable
15	Normal	Disa	Enable	Auto	10 Half	Down	Enable	Disable
16	Normal	Disa	Enable	Auto	10 Half	Down	Enable	Enable
17	Normal	Disa	Enable	Auto	10 Half	Down	Enable	Enable
18	Normal	Disa	Enable	Auto	10 Half	Down	Enable	Enable
19	Normal	Disa	Enable	Auto	10 Half	Down	Enable	Enable
20	Normal	Disa	Enable	Auto	10 Half	Down	Enable	Enable
21	Normal	Disa	Enable	Auto	10 Half	Down	Enable	Enable
22	Normal	Disa	Enable	Auto	10 Half	Down	Enable	Enable
23	Normal	Disa	Enable	Auto	10 Half	Down	Enable	Enable
24	Normal	Disa	Enable	Auto	10 Half	Down	Enable	Enable

Related Commands

config ap port, config network dsport, config mirror port, config port admin-mode, config port autoneg, config port linktrap, config port physicalmode, config port power



show qos queue_length all

To display quality of service (qos) information (queue length), use the show qos command.

```
>show qos queue_length all
```

Syntax	show qos queue_length all	Command action Display all quality of service queue lengths.
Defaults	(none)	
Examples	<pre>>show qos queue_length all</pre>	
	Platinum queue length..... 255 Gold queue length..... 255 Silver queue length..... 150 Bronze queue length..... 100	

Related Commands config qos



show pmk-cache

To display information about the PMK cache, use the show port command.

```
>show pmk-cache [summary/all/<MAC addr>]
```

Syntax	show pmk-cache [summary/all/<MAC addr>]	Display configurations. PMK cache Summary, all, or for a specific MAC address
Defaults	(none)	
Examples	>show pmk-cache summary	PMK Cache
		Station Remaining Lifetime

Related Commands	config pmk-cache delete	



show rfid config

To display RFID tag tracking information, use the show rfid config command.

```
>show rfid config
```

Syntax	show	Display configurations.
	rfid	Network configuration.
	<config>	Configuration options for RFID tracking system

Defaults	(none)
-----------------	--------

Examples	> show rfid config
	RFID Tag data Collection..... Enabled
	RRID Tag Auto-timeout..... Enable
	RFID Client data Collection..... Disabled
	RFID data timeout..... 1200 seconds

Related Commands	config rfid, show rfid summary, show rfid detail.
-------------------------	---



show rfid detail

To display detailed information about one RFID tag, use the show rfid detail command.

```
>show rfid detail <MAC address>
```

Syntax	show rfid detail	Display configurations. Network configuration. Detailed information for one rfid tag
Defaults	(none)	
Examples	> show rfid detail 00:40:96:90:d1:6a TBD	
Related Commands	config rfid, show rfid config, show rfid summary.	



show rfid summary

To display summary information about all known RFID tag tracking tags, use the show rfid summary command.

```
>show rfid summary
```

Syntax	show rfid summary	Display configurations. Network configuration. Summary information for all known RFID tags
---------------	-------------------------	--

Defaults	(none)
-----------------	--------

Examples	<pre>>show rfid summary</pre> <hr/> <table><thead><tr><th>RFID</th><th>TYPE</th><th>Closest AP</th><th>RSSI</th><th>Time Since Last Heard</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>-----</td><td>-----</td><td>-----</td><td>-----</td><td>-----</td></tr></tbody></table>	RFID	TYPE	Closest AP	RSSI	Time Since Last Heard	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
RFID	TYPE	Closest AP	RSSI	Time Since Last Heard							
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----							

Related Commands	config rfid, show rfid config, show rfid detail.
-------------------------	--



SHOW RADIUS COMMANDS

Use the following show radius commands:

- [show radius acct statistics](#)
- [show radius auth statistics](#)
- [show radius rfc3576](#)
- [show radius summary](#)

show radius acct statistics

To display the RADIUS accounting server statistics for the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller, use the show radius acct statistics command.

```
>show radius acct statistics
```

Syntax	show radius acct statistics	Display configurations. RADIUS accounting server. Statistics
---------------	-----------------------------------	--

Defaults	(none)
-----------------	--------

Examples	<pre>>show radius acct statistics</pre> <p>Accounting Servers:</p> <pre>Server Index..... 1 Server Address..... 10.1.17.10 Msg Round Trip Time..... 0 (1/100 second) First Requests..... 0 Retry Requests..... 0 Accounting Responses..... 0 Malformed Msgs..... 0 Bad Authenticator Msgs..... 0 Pending Requests..... 0 Timeout Requests..... 0 Unknowntype Msgs..... 0 Other Drops..... 0</pre>
-----------------	--

Related Commands	show radius auth statistics, show radius summary
-------------------------	--

show radius auth statistics

To display the RADIUS authentication server statistics for the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller, use the show radius auth statistics command.

```
>show radius auth statistics
```

Syntax show Display configurations.
 radius auth RADIUS authentication server.
 statistics Statistics.

Defaults (none)

Examples

```
>show radius auth statistics
Authentication Servers:
  Server Index..... 1
  Server Address..... 1.1.1.1
  Msg Round Trip Time..... 0 (1/100 second)
  First Requests..... 0
  Retry Requests..... 0
  Accept Responses..... 0
  Reject Responses..... 0
  Challenge Responses..... 0
  Malformed Msgs..... 0
  Bad Authenticator Msgs..... 0
  Pending Requests..... 0
  Timeout Requests..... 0
  Unknowntype Msgs..... 0
  Other Drops..... 0
```

Related Commands show radius acct statistics, show radius summary

show radius rfc3576

To display the RADIUS rfc3576 server statistics for the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller, use the show radius rfc3576 command.

RFC 3576, an extension to the Remote Authentication Dial In User Service (RADIUS) protocol, allows dynamic changes to a user session. This includes support for disconnecting users and changing authorizations applicable to a user session, that is, provide support for Disconnect and Change-of-Authorization (CoA) messages. Disconnect messages cause a user session to be terminated immediately, whereas CoA messages modify session authorization attributes such as data filters.

```
>show radius rfc3576 statistics
```

Syntax show radius rfc3576 Display configurations.
 RADIUS RFC3576 server

Defaults (none)

Examples >**show radius rfc3576 statistics**

```
RFC-3576 Servers:  
Server Index.....1  
Server Address.....10.1.17.10  
Msg Round Trip Time.....0 (1/100 second)  
First Requests.....0  
Retry Requests.....0  
Accounting Responses.....0  
Malformed Msgs.....0  
Bad Authenticator Msgs.....0  
Pending Requests.....0  
Timeout Requests.....0  
Unknown type Msgs.....0  
Other Drops.....0
```

Related Commands show radius auth statistics, show radius summary, show radius rfc3576

show radius summary

To display the RADIUS authentication and accounting server summary, use the show radius summary command.

```
>show radius summary
```

Syntax show Display configurations.
 radius RADIUS authentication server.
 summary server summary.

Defaults (none)

Examples >show radius summary

```
Vendor Id Backward Compatibility..... Enabled  
Credentials Caching..... Enabled  
Call Station Id Type..... IP Address  
  
Authentication Servers  
Index Server Address                          Port    State  
-----  
1        10.1.3.10                            1812    Accounting  
  
Servers  
Index Server Address                          Port    State  
-----  
1        10.1.3.10                            1813    Enabled
```

Related Commands show radius auth statistics, show radius acct statistics



SHOW ROGUE AP COMMANDS

Use the following rogue access point commands:

- [show rogue ap clients](#)
- [show rogue ap detailed](#)
- [show rogue ap summary](#)



show rogue ap clients

To show details of a rogue access point clients detected by the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller, use the show rogue ap clients command.

```
>show rogue ap clients <Rogue AP MAC address>
```

Syntax

show	Display configurations.
rogue ap	Rogue access point.
clients	Summary information.
<Rogue AP MAC address>	Rogue access point MAC address.

Defaults

(none)

Examples

```
>show rogue ap clients 00:0b:85:01:39:13
```

MAC Address	State	# APs	Last Heard
00:0b:85:01:39:13	Alert	1	Tue Oct 5 11:36:44 2004

Related Commands

show rogue ap summary



show rogue ap detailed

To show details of a rogue access point detected by the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller, use the show rogue-ap detailed command.

```
>show rogue ap detailed <MAC address>
```

Syntax	show rogue ap detailed <MAC address>	Display configurations. Rogue access point. Summary information. Rogue access point MAC address.
---------------	---	---

Defaults	(none)
-----------------	--------

Examples	>show rogue ap detailed 00:40:96:90:d1:6a
-----------------	---

```
Rogue MAC Address..... 00:40:96:90:d1:6a
State..... Alert
First Time Rogue was Reported..... Sat Aug  9 15:48:50 2003
Last Time Rogue was Reported..... Sat Aug  9 21:16:50 2003
Reported By
    AP 1
        MAC Address..... 00:0b:85:01:88:b0
        Name..... AP1
        Radio Type..... 802.11b
        SSID..... Chichen
        Channel..... 6
        RSSI..... -60 dBm
        SNR..... 40 dB
```

Related Commands	show rogue ap summary, show rogue ap clients
-------------------------	--

show rogue ap summary

To display a summary of the rogue access points detected by the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller, use the show rogue-ap summary command.

```
>show rogue ap summary
```

Syntax	show	Display configurations.
	rogue ap	Rogue access point.
	summary	Summary information.

Defaults (none)

Examples

```
>show rogue ap summary
```

```
Rogue Location Discovery Protocol..... Disabled
RLDP Auto-Contain..... Disabled

MAC Address      State      # APs Last Heard
-----  -----
00:02:6d:28:37:ab  Alert      1      Sat Aug  9 21:12:50 2004
00:09:6b:54:23:90  Alert      1      Sat Aug  9 21:12:50 2003
00:0b:65:00:80:40  Alert      1      Sat Aug  9 21:10:50 2003
```

Related Commands show rogue ap detailed, show rogue ap clients



SHOW ROGUE ADHOC COMMANDS

Use the following Rogue Ad Hoc commands:

- [*show rogue adhoc detailed*](#)
- [*show rogue adhoc summary*](#)



show rogue adhoc detailed

To show details of an ad hoc rogue access point detected by the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller, use the show rogue adhoc client detailed command.

```
>show rogue adhoc detailed <Adhoc Rogue MAC address>
```

Syntax

show	Display configurations.
rogue adhoc	Ad hoc Rogue.
detailed	Summary information.
<MAC address>	Ad hoc Rogue MAC address.

Defaults

(none)

Examples

```
>show rogue adhoc detailed 00:40:96:90:d1:6a
```

```
Adhoc Rogue MAC Address..... 00:40:96:90:d1:6a
State..... Alert
First Time Adhoc Rogue was Reported..... Sat Aug 9 15:48:50 2003
Last Time Adhoc Rogue was Reported..... Sat Aug 9 21:16:50 2003
Reported By
    AP 1
        MAC Address..... 00:0b:85:01:88:b0
        Name..... AP1
        Radio Type..... 802.11b
        SSID..... Chichen
        Channel..... 6
        RSSI..... -60 dBm
        SNR..... 40 dB
```

Related Commands

show rogue adhoc summary

show rogue adhoc summary

To display a summary of the adhoc rogue access points detected by the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller, use the show rogue adhoc summary command.

```
>show rogue adhoc summary
```

Syntax	show rogue adhoc summary	Display configurations. Adhoc rogue access point. Summary information.
---------------	--------------------------------	--

Defaults	(none)
-----------------	--------

Examples

```
>show rogue adhoc summary
```

Client MAC Address	Adhoc BSSID	State	# APs	Last Heard
00:02:6d:28:37:ab		Alert	1	Sat Aug 9 21:12:50 2004
00:09:6b:54:23:90		Alert	1	Aug 9 21:12:50 2003
00:0b:65:00:80:40		Alert	1	Sat Aug 9 21:10:50 2003

Related Commands show rogue adhoc detailed



SHOW ROGUE CLIENT COMMANDS

Use the following Rogue Client commands:

- [*show rogue client detailed*](#)
- [*show rogue client summary*](#)

show rogue client detailed

To show details of a rogue client detected by a Cisco Wireless LAN Controller, use the show rogue client detailed command.

```
>show rogue client detailed <MAC address>
```

Syntax	show	Display configurations.
	rogue client	Rogue client.
	detailed	Summary information.
	<MAC address>	Rogue client MAC address.

Defaults	(none)
-----------------	--------

Examples	>show rogue client detailed 00:40:96:90:d1:6a
-----------------	---

```
Rogue Client MAC Address..... 00:40:96:90:d1:6a
State..... Alert
First Time Rogue Client was Reported..... Sat Aug 9 15:48:50 2003
Last Time Rogue Client was Reported..... Sat Aug 9 21:16:50 2003
Reported By
    AP 1
        Rogue Client MAC Address..... 00:0b:85:01:88:b0
        Name..... AP1
        Radio Type..... 802.11b
        SSID..... Chichen
        Channel..... 6
        RSSI..... -60 dBm
        SNR..... 40 dB
```

Related Commands	show rogue client summary
-------------------------	---------------------------

show rogue client summary

To display a summary of the rogue clients detected by the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller, use the show rogue client summary command.

```
>show rogue client summary
```

Syntax	show rogue client summary	Display configurations. Rogue client. Summary information.
---------------	---------------------------------	--

Defaults	(none)
-----------------	--------

Examples

```
>show rogue client summary
```

MAC Address	State	# APs	Last Heard
00:02:6d:28:37:ab	Alert	1	Sat Aug 9 21:12:50 2004
00:09:6b:54:23:90	Alert	1	Sat Aug 9 21:12:50 2003
00:0b:65:00:80:40	Alert	1	Sat Aug 9 21:10:50 2003

Related Commands

```
show rogue client detailed
```



show route summary

To show the routes assigned to the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller Service port, use the show route summary command.

```
>show route summary
```

Syntax show route summary Command action
 Summary information.

Defaults (none)

Examples >**show route summary**
Number of Routes..... 1

Destination Network	Genmask	Gateway
-----	-----	-----
193.122.17.3	255.255.255.0	172.99.3.89

Related Commands config route



show rules

To show the active internal firewall rules, use the show rules command.

```
>show rules
```

Syntax	show rules	Command action
Defaults	(none)	
Examples	>show rules	
Related Commands	None	

show run-config

To show a comprehensive view the current Cisco Wireless LAN Controller configuration, use the show run-config command.

```
>show run-config
```

Syntax	show run-config	Command action.
Defaults	(none)	
Examples	<pre>>show run-config</pre>	
	System Inventory	
	Switch Description.....	Cisco 1000 Series light-
	weight access point	
	Machine Model.....	(UNUSED PRODUCT)
	Serial Number.....	01012403-10037905-01007
	Burned-in MAC Address.....	00:0B:85:02:0D:20
	Gig Ethernet/Fiber Card.....	Present
	Crypto Accelerator.....	Present
	Press Enter to continue	
	System Information	
	Manufacturer's Name.....	Cisco WLAN Solution
	Product Name.....	Cisco 1000 Series light-
	weight access point	
	Product Version.....	3.0.133.0
	RTOS Version.....	3.0.133.0
	Bootloader Version.....	3.0.133.0
	System Name.....	Pubs01
	System Location.....	
	System Contact.....	
	System ObjectID.....	1.3.6.1.4.1.45.3.60.1
	IP Address.....	10.1.44.170
	System Up Time.....	1 days 2 hrs 15 mins 28 secs
	Configured Country.....	United States (Legacy)
	Operating Environment.....	Commercial (0 to 40 C)
	Internal Temp Alarm Limits.....	0 to 65 C
	Internal Temperature.....	+46 C
	State of 802.11b Network.....	Disabled
	State of 802.11a Network.....	Enabled
	Number of WLANS.....	1
	3rd Party Access Point Support.....	Disabled
	Number of Active Clients.....	1
	Press Enter to continue	
	Switch Configuration	
	802.3x Flow Control Mode.....	Enable
	Current LWAPP Transport Mode.....	Layer 2
	LWAPP Transport Mode after next switch reboot....	Layer 2
	Press Enter to continue	
	Network Information	
	RF/Mobility Domain Name.....	Engr_Test
	Web Mode.....	Disable
	Secure Web Mode.....	Enable
	Secure Shell (ssh).....	Enable
	Telnet.....	Disable
	Ethernet Multicast Mode.....	Enable

```
User Idle Timeout..... 300 seconds
ARP Idle Timeout..... 300 seconds
ARP Unicast Mode..... Disabled
Cisco AP Default Master..... Disable
Mgmt Via Wireless Interface..... Disable
Over The Air Provisioning of APs..... Enable
Mobile Peer to Peer Blocking..... Enable
Apple Talk..... Disable
AP Fallback..... Enable
Web Auth Redirect Ports..... Enable
Fast SSID Change..... Disabled
Press Enter to continue
```

Port Summary

Pr	STP Type	Admin Stat	Physical Mode	Physical Status	Link Status	Link Trap	Mcast Appliance	POE
--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
1	Normal	Forw	Enable	Auto	100 Full	Up	Enable	Enable
2	Normal	Disa	Enable	Auto	10 Half	Down	Enable	Enable
3	Normal	Disa	Enable	Auto	10 Half	Down	Enable	Enable
4	Normal	Disa	Enable	Auto	10 Half	Down	Enable	Enable
5	Normal	Disa	Enable	Auto	10 Half	Down	Enable	Enable
6	Normal	Disa	Enable	Auto	10 Half	Down	Enable	Enable
7	Normal	Disa	Enable	Auto	10 Half	Down	Enable	Enable
8	Normal	Disa	Enable	Auto	10 Half	Down	Enable	Enable
9	Normal	Disa	Enable	Auto	10 Half	Down	Enable	Enable
10	Normal	Disa	Enable	Auto	10 Half	Down	Enable	Enable
11	Normal	Forw	Enable	Auto	100 Full	Up	Enable	Enable
12	Normal	Forw	Enable	Auto	100 Full	Up	Enable	Enable
13	Normal	Disa	Enable	Auto	10 Half	Down	Enable	Enable
14	Normal	Disa	Enable	Auto	10 Half	Down	Enable	Enable
15	Normal	Disa	Enable	Auto	10 Half	Down	Enable	Enable
16	Normal	Disa	Enable	Auto	10 Half	Down	Enable	Enable
17	Normal	Disa	Enable	Auto	10 Half	Down	Enable	Enable
18	Normal	Disa	Enable	Auto	10 Half	Down	Enable	Enable
19	Normal	Forw	Enable	Auto	100 Full	Up	Enable	Enable
20	Normal	Disa	Enable	Auto	10 Half	Down	Enable	Enable
21	Normal	Disa	Enable	Auto	10 Half	Down	Enable	Enable
22	Normal	Disa	Enable	Auto	10 Half	Down	Enable	Enable
23	Normal	Disa	Enable	Auto	10 Half	Down	Enable	Enable
24	Normal	Disa	Enable	Auto	10 Half	Down	Enable	Enable
25	Normal	Forw	Enable	1000 Full	1000 Full	Up	Enable	Enable

Press Enter to continue

AP Summary

AP Name	Slots	AP Type	MAC Addr	Location	Port
AP03	2	Cisco WLAN Solution	00:0b:85:01:18:b0	default	
location 12					
AP02	2	Cisco WLAN Solution	00:0b:85:01:12:60	default	
location 11					
AP01	2	Cisco WLAN Solution	00:0b:85:01:05:00	default	
location 19					

Press Enter to continue. . .

Related Commands

config route



show serial

To show the serial (Console) port configuration, use the show serial command.

```
>show serial
```

Syntax show Display configurations.
 serial Console serial port.

Defaults 9600, 8, OFF, 1, (none)

Examples >show serial
Serial Port Login Timeout (minutes)..... 0
Baud Rate..... 9600
Character Size..... 8
Flow Control:..... Disable
Stop Bits..... 1
Parity Type:..... none

Related Commands config serial baudrate, config serial timeout



show sessions

To a show the console port login timeout and maximum number of simultaneous CLI sessions, use the show sessions command.

>show sessions

Syntax show sessions Display configurations.
 CLI session limits.

Defaults 5 minutes, 5 sessions.

Examples >show sessions
CLI Login Timeout (minutes)..... 0
Maximum Number of CLI Sessions..... 5
which indicates that the CLI sessions never time out, and that the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller can host up to five simultaneous CLI sessions.

Related Commands config sessions maxsessions, config sessions timeout

show snmpcommunity

To view the SNMP version 1/version 2c community configuration, use the show snmpcommunity command.

```
>show snmpcommunity
```

Syntax show Display configurations.
 snmpcommunity SNMP version 1/version 2c community configuration.

Defaults (none)

Examples >**show snmpcommunity**

SNMP Community Name	Client IP Address	Client IP Mask	Access Mode	Status
*****	0.0.0.0	0.0.0.0	Read/Write	Enable
public	0.0.0.0	0.0.0.0	Read Only	Enable

Related Commands config snmp version, config snmp community mode, config snmp community accessmode, config snmp community create, config snmp community delete, config snmp community ipaddr



show snmptrap

To a show the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller SNMP trap receivers and their status, use the show snmptrap command.

```
>show snmptrap
```

Syntax show snmptrap Display configurations.
 SNMP trap receivers.

Defaults (none)

Examples >**show snmptrap**

SNMP Trap Receiver Name	IP Address	Status
180.16.19.81	172.16.16.81	Enable

Related Commands config snmp version, config snmp trapreceiver



show snmpv3user

To show the SNMP version 3 configuration, use the show snmpv3user command.

```
>show snmpv3user
```

Syntax show snmpv3user Display configurations.
 SNMP version 3 configuration.

Defaults (none)

Examples >**show snmpv3user**
SNMP v3 User Name AccessMode Authentication Encryption

default Read/Write HMAC-MD5 CBC-DES

Related Commands config snmp version, config snmp v3user



show snmpversion

To a show the SNMP version status, use the show snmpversion command.

```
>show snmpversion
```

Syntax show snmpversion Display configurations.
 SNMP states.

Defaults Enable.

Examples >show snmpversion
SNMP v1 Mode..... Disable
SNMP v2c Mode..... Enable
SNMP v3 Mode..... Enable

Related Commands config snmp version

show spanningtree port

To view the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller spanning tree port configuration, use the `show spanningtree port` command.

- ▶ **Note:** When the a Cisco 4400 Series Wireless LAN Controller is configured for port redundancy, spanning tree protocol must be disabled for all ports on the Cisco 4400 Series Wireless LAN Controller. Spanning tree protocol can remain enabled on the switch connected to the Cisco 4400 Series Wireless LAN Controller.

```
>show spanningtree port <port>
```

Syntax	<code>show spanningtree port <port></code>	Display configurations. Spanning tree. Physical port. Physical port number: - 1 through 4 on Cisco 2000 Series Wireless LAN Controller - 1 or 2 on Cisco 4100 Series Wireless LAN Controller - 1 or 2 on Cisco 4402 Series Wireless LAN Controller - 1 through 4 on Cisco 4404 Series Wireless LAN Controller
Defaults	800C, Disabled, 802.1D, 128, 100, Auto.	
Examples	<pre>>show spanningtree port 3</pre>	<pre>STP Port ID..... 800C STP Port State..... Disabled STP Port Administrative Mode..... 802.1D STP Port Priority..... 128 STP Port Path Cost..... 100 STP Port Path Cost Mode..... Auto</pre>
Related Commands	config spanningtree port	

show spanningtree switch

To show the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller network (DS Port) spanning tree configuration, use the show spanningtree switch command.

```
>show spanningtree switch
```

Syntax	show spanningtree switch <port>	Display configurations. Spanning tree. Cisco Wireless LAN Controller configuration. Physical port number: - 1 through 4 on Cisco 2000 Series Wireless LAN Controller - 1 or 2 on Cisco 4100 Series Wireless LAN Controller - 1 or 2 on Cisco 4402 Series Wireless LAN Controller - 1 through 4 on Cisco 4404 Series Wireless LAN Controller
Defaults	(none)	
Examples		<pre>>show spanningtree switch STP Specification..... IEEE 802.1D STP Base MAC Address..... 00:0B:85:02:0D:20 Spanning Tree Algorithm..... Disable STP Bridge Priority..... 32768 STP Bridge Max. Age (seconds)..... 20 STP Bridge Hello Time (seconds)..... 2 STP Bridge Forward Delay (seconds).... 15</pre>
Related Commands		config spanningtree switch bridgepriority, config spanningtree switch forward-delay, config spanningtree switch hello-time, config spanningtree switch max-age, config spanningtree switch mode



SHOW STATS COMMANDS

Use the following show stats commands:

- [*show stats port*](#)
- [*show stats switch*](#)

show stats port

To show physical port receive and transmit statistics, use the show stats port command.

```
>show stats port detailed <port>
>show stats port summary <port>
```

Syntax	show stats port detailed summary <port>	Display configurations. Statistics. Port. Details for a port. Summary of all ports. Physical port number: - 1 through 4 on Cisco 2000 Series Wireless LAN Controller - 1 or 2 on Cisco 4100 Series Wireless LAN Controller - 1 or 2 on Cisco 4402 Series Wireless LAN Controller - 1 through 4 on Cisco 4404 Series Wireless LAN Controller
---------------	--	--

Defaults (none)

Examples	<pre>>show stats port summary 5 Packets Received Without Error..... 399958 Packets Received With Error..... 0 Broadcast Packets Received..... 8350 Packets Transmitted Without Error..... 106060 Transmit Packets Errors..... 0 Collisions Frames..... 0 Time Since Counters Last Cleared..... 2 day 11 hr 16 min 23 sec >show stats port detailed 5 PACKETS RECEIVED (OCTETS) Total Bytes..... 267799881 64 byte pkts :918281 65-127 byte pkts :354016 128-255 byte pkts :1283092 256-511 byte pkts :8406 512-1023 byte pkts :3006 1024-1518 byte pkts :1184 1519-1530 byte pkts :0 > 1530 byte pkts :2 PACKETS RECEIVED SUCCESSFULLY Total..... 2567987 Unicast Pkts :2547844 Multicast Pkts:0 Broadcast Pkts:20143 PACKETS RECEIVED WITH MAC ERRORS Total..... 0 Jabbers :0 Undersize :0 Alignment :0 FCS Errors:0 Overruns :0 RECEIVED PACKETS NOT FORWARDED Total..... 0 Local Traffic Frames:0 RX Pause Frames :0 Unacceptable Frames :0 VLAN Membership :0 VLAN Viable Discards:0 MulticastTree Viable:0 ReserveAddr Discards:0 CFI Discards :0 Upstream Threshold :0</pre>
-----------------	---



```
PACKETS TRANSMITTED (OCTETS)
Total Bytes..... 52132995
 64 byte pkts : 647066      65-127 byte pkts : 28346
 128-255 byte pkts : 26988    256-511 byte pkts : 11595
 512-1023 byte pkts : 114     1024-1518 byte pkts : 1324
 1519-1530 byte pkts : 0      Max Info : 1522

PACKETS TRANSMITTED SUCCESSFULLY
Total..... 715435
Unicast Pkts : 117570          Multicast Pkts: 597864          Broadcast Pkts: 1

TRANSMIT ERRORS
Total Errors..... 0
FCS Error : 0           TX Oversized : 0           Underrun Error: 0

TRANSMIT DISCARDS
Total Discards..... 0
Single Coll Frames : 0           Multiple Coll Frames: 0
Excessive Coll Frame: 0         Port Membership : 0
VLAN Viable Discards: 0

PROTOCOL STATISTICS
BPDUs Received : 1450          BPDUs Transmitted : 0
802.3x RX PauseFrame: 0

Time Since Counters Last Cleared..... 6 day 23 hr 49 min 1 sec
```

Related Commands

config port physicalmode



show stats switch

To view the network (DS Port) receive and transmit statistics, use the show stats switch command.

```
>show stats switch detailed
>show stats switch summary
```

Syntax	show	Display configurations.
	stats	Statistics.
	switch	Cisco Wireless LAN Controller.
	detailed	Details for a port.
	summary	Summary of all ports.

Defaults (none)

Examples	>show stats switch summary
	Packets Received Without Error..... 136410
	Broadcast Packets Received..... 18805
	Packets Received With Error..... 0
	Packets Transmitted Without Error..... 78002
	Broadcast Packets Transmitted..... 3340
	Transmit Packet Errors..... 2
	Address Entries Currently In Use..... 26
	VLAN Entries Currently In Use..... 1
	Time Since Counters Last Cleared..... 2 day 11 hr 22 min 17 sec
	 >show stats switch detailed
	RECEIVE
	Octets..... 13973582
	Total Pkts..... 136441
	Unicast Pkts..... 117636
	Multicast Pkts..... 0
	Broadcast Pkts..... 18805
	Pkts Discarded..... 0
	 TRANSMIT
	Octets..... 5919784
	Total Pkts..... 78028
	Unicast Pkts..... 33448
	Multicast Pkts..... 41240
	Broadcast Pkts..... 3340
	Pkts Discarded..... 2
	 ADDRESS ENTRIES
	Most Ever Used..... 26
	Currently In Use..... 26
	 VLAN ENTRIES
	Maximum..... 128
	Most Ever Used..... 1
	Static In Use..... 1
	Dynamic In Use..... 0
	VLANs Deleted..... 0
	Time Since Ctrs Last Cleared..... 2 day 11 hr 23 min 43 sec

Related Commands config network dsport



show switchconfig

To a show the network (DS Port) 802.3x flow control mode, use the show switchconfig command.

```
>show switchconfig
```

Syntax show switchconfig Display configurations.
 Cisco Wireless LAN Controller configuration.

Defaults (none)

Examples >**show switchconfig**
802.3x Flow Control Mode..... Disable
Current LWAPP Transport Mode..... Layer 2
LWAPP Transport Mode after next switch reboot . Layer 2

Related Commands config switchconfig flowcontrol, config switchconfig mode

show sysinfo

To show high-level Cisco Wireless LAN Controller information, use the show sysinfo command.

```
>show sysinfo
```

Syntax	show sysinfo	Display configurations. Cisco Wireless LAN Controller information.
Defaults	(none)	
Examples		<pre>>show sysinfo Manufacturer's Name..... <company name> Product Name..... Product Version..... 1.2.48.0 RTOS Version..... 1.2.48.0 Bootloader Version..... 1.1.11.0 System Name..... IT2003 System Location..... Andrew 1 System Contact..... Wireless_administrator System ObjectID..... 1.3.6.1.4.1.14179 IP Address..... 172.168.2.36 System Up Time..... 2 days 11 hrs 30 mins 1 secs Configured Country..... United States Operating Environment..... Commercial (0 to 40 C) Internal Temp Alarm Limits..... 0 to 65 C Internal Temperature..... +38 C State of 802.11b Network..... Enabled State of 802.11a Network..... Enabled Number of WLANS..... 2 3rd Party Access Point Support..... Disabled Number of Active Clients..... 1</pre>
Related Commands		config country, config wlan, config ap



show syslog

To a show the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller SNMP trap logging status or target IP Address, use the show syslog command.

```
>show syslog
```

Syntax	show syslog	Display configurations. Cisco Wireless LAN Controller SNMP trap logging status or target IP Address.
Defaults	(none)	
Examples	> show syslog Syslog destination..... disabled	
	> show syslog Syslog destination..... 10.10.2.7	

Related Commands config syslog



show tech-support

To show Cisco Wireless LAN Controller variables frequently requested by Cisco Technical Assistance Center (TAC), use the **show tech-support** command.

```
>show tech-support
```

Syntax **show** Display configurations.
 tech-support Cisco Wireless LAN Controller variables.

Defaults (none)

Examples >**show tech-support**
Current CPU Load..... 0%

System Buffers
 Max Free Buffers..... 4608
 Free Buffers..... 4604
 Buffers In Use..... 4

Web Server Resources
 Descriptors Allocated..... 152
 Descriptors Used..... 3
 Segments Allocated..... 152
 Segments Used..... 3

System Resources
 Uptime..... 747040 Secs
 Total Ram..... 127552 Kbytes
 Free Ram..... 19540 Kbytes
 Shared Ram..... 0 Kbytes
 Buffer Ram..... 460 Kbytes

Related Commands (none)



show time

To show the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller time and date, use the show time command.

```
>show time
```

Syntax show time Display configurations.
 Cisco Wireless LAN Controller time and date.

Defaults (none)

Examples >**show time**
Time..... Sun Aug 10 03:04:51 2004

Timezone delta..... 0:0
Daylight savings..... disabled

NTP Servers
 NTP Polling Interval..... 86400

Index NTP Server

Related Commands config time

show trapflags

To show the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller SNMP trap flags, use the show trapflags command.

```
>show trapflags
```

Syntax show trapflags Display configurations.
 Cisco Wireless LAN Controller SNMP trap flags.

Defaults (none)

Examples	<pre>>show trapflags Authentication Flag..... Enable Link Up/Down Flag..... Enable Multiple Users Flag..... Enable Spanning Tree Flag..... Enable Client Related Traps 802.11 Disassociation..... Disable 802.11 Deauthenticate..... Disable 802.11 Authenticate Failure..... Disable 802.11 Association Failure..... Disable Excluded..... Disable 802.11 Security related traps WEP Decrypt Error..... Enable Cisco WLAN Solution AP Register..... Enable InterfaceUp..... Enable Auto-RF Profiles Load..... Enable Noise..... Enable Interference..... Enable Coverage..... Enable Auto-RF Thresholds tx-power..... Enable channel..... Enable antenna..... Enable AAA auth..... Enable servers..... Enable rogueap..... Enable wps..... Enable configsave..... Enable IP Security esp-auth..... Enable esp-replay..... Enable invalidSPI..... Enable ike-neg..... Enable suite-neg..... Enable invalid-cookie..... Enable</pre>
-----------------	--

**Related Commands**

config trapflags authentication, config trapflags linkmode, config trapflags multiusers, config trapflags stpmode, config trapflags client, config trapflags ap, config trapflags rrm-profile, config trapflags rrm-params, config trapflags aaa, config trapflags rogueap, config trapflags configsave, config trapflags ipsec, show traplog

show traplog

To show the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller SNMP trap log, use the show traplog command.

```
>show traplog
```

Syntax show traplog
Display configurations.
Cisco Wireless LAN Controller SNMP trap log.

Defaults (none)

Examples

```
>show traplog
Number of Traps Since Last Reset ..... 1316
Number of Traps Since Log Last Displayed .... 6

Log System Time Trap
-----
0 Sun Aug 10 03:13:03 2003 Rogue AP: 00:0b:85:01:2f:90 removed from AP:0
0:0b:85:01:18:b0 Interface no:1(unknowntype)
1 Sun Aug 10 03:10:06 2003 Rogue AP: 00:0b:85:01:02:40 removed from AP:0
0:0b:85:01:18:b0 Interface no:1(unknowntype)
2 Sun Aug 10 03:10:06 2003 Rogue AP: 00:0b:85:01:4c:90 removed from AP:0
0:0b:85:01:18:b0 Interface no:1(unknowntype)
3 Sun Aug 10 03:07:53 2003 Rogue AP: 00:0b:85:01:2e:30 detected on AP:0
0:0b:85:01:18:b0 Interface no:1(unknown
type) with RSSI: -66 and SNR: 29
4 Sun Aug 10 03:05:53 2003 Rogue AP: 00:40:96:40:82:89 detected on AP:
00:0b:85:01:18:b0 Interface no:1(unknown
type) with RSSI: -68 and SNR: 27
Would you like to display more entries? (y/n)
```

Related Commands show trapflags



show watchlist

To display the client watchlist, use the show watchlist command.

```
>show watchlist
```

Syntax

```
show  
watchlist
```

Command action.

Display client watchlist entry.

Defaults

```
(none)
```

Examples

```
>show watchlist  
client watchlist state is disabled
```

Related Commands

```
config watchlist delete, config watchlist enable/disable, config watchlist add
```

show wlan

To show a summary of the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller WLANs and their status, use the `show wlan` command.

```
>show wlan <WLAN id>
```

Syntax	<code>show wlan</code>	Display configurations.
	<code>summary</code>	Wireless LAN.
	<code><WLAN id></code>	Displays a summary of all WLANs.
		Cisco WLAN Solution WLAN 1 through 16.

Defaults (none)

Examples

```
>show wlan 1
WLAN Identifier..... 1
Network Name (SSID)..... Controller
Status..... Enabled
MAC Filtering..... Disabled
AAA Policy Override..... Disabled
Network Access Control..... Disabled
Number of Active Clients..... 1
Exclusionlist..... Disabled
Session Timeout..... Infinity
Interface..... management
DHCP Server..... 10.1.2.119
Quality of Service..... Bronze (low)
WMM..... Allowed
802.11e..... Disabled
Wired Protocol..... None
IPv6..... Disabled
Radio Policy..... All
Security
    802.11 Authentication:..... Open System (Allow shared key)
    Static WEP Keys..... Enabled
        Key Index:..... 1
        Encryption:..... 104-bit WEP
    802.1X..... Disabled
    Wi-Fi Protected Access (WPA1)..... Disabled
    Wi-Fi Protected Access v2 (WPA2)..... Disabled
    IP Security..... Disabled
    IP Security Passthru..... Disabled
    L2TP..... Disabled
    Web Based Authentication..... Disabled
    Cranite Passthru..... Disabled
    Fortress Passthru..... Disabled
```

Related Commands

`config wlan blacklist`, `config wlan create`, `config wlan delete`, `config wlan dhcp_server`, `config wlan disable`, `config wlan enable`, `config wlan mac-filtering`, `config wlan qos`, `config wlan radio`, `config wlan security 802.1X`, `config wlan security 802.1X encryption`, `config wlan security cranite`, `config wlan security ipsec`, `config wlan security ipsec authentication`, `config wlan security ipsec encryption`, `config wlan security ipsec ike authentication`, `config wlan security ipsec ike DH-Group`, `config wlan security ipsec ike lifetime`, `config wlan security ipsec ike phase1`, `config wlan security passthru`, `config wlan security static-wep-key`, `config wlan security static-wep-key encryption`, `config wlan security web`, `config wlan security web passthru`, `config wlan security wpa`, `config wlan security wpa encryption`, `config wlan timeout`, `config wlan vlan`



show wlan summary

To show a summary of the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller WLANs and their status, use the `show wlan summary` command.

```
>show wlan summary
```

Syntax `show wlan summary` Display configurations.
 Wireless LAN.
 Cisco Wireless LAN Controller Virtual Gateway IP
 Address.

Defaults (none)

Examples `>show wlan summary`

WLAN ID	WLAN Name	Status
1	Controller	Enabled
2	Marketing	Enabled

Related Commands `config wlan summary`



Setting Configurations

Use the following config commands to configure Cisco Wireless LAN Controller options and settings.

- [config 802.11a](#)
- [config 802.11b](#)
- [config acl](#)
- [config advanced 802.11a](#)
- [config advanced 802.11b](#)
- [config advanced client-handoff](#)
- [config advanced statistics](#)
- [config advanced timers](#)
- [config ap](#)
- [config exclusionlist](#)
- [config boot](#)
- [config certificate](#)
- [config client deauthenticate](#)
- [config country](#)
- [config custom-web](#)
- [config database](#)
- [config dhcp](#)
- [config known ap](#)
- [config interface](#)
- [config load-balancing](#)
- [config location add](#)
- [config location delete](#)
- [config location description](#)
- [config location enable/disable](#)
- [config location interface-mapping](#)
- [config macfilter](#)
- [config mgmtuser](#)
- [config mesh](#)
- [config mobility](#)
- [config msglog level](#)
- [config nac acl](#)
- [config nac add](#)
- [config nac delete](#)
- [config nac enable/disable](#)



- [config netuser](#)
- [config network](#)
- [config port](#)
- [config pmk-cache delete](#)
- [config prompt](#)
- [config qos queue length](#)
- [config radius acct](#)
- [config radius auth](#)
- [config radius backward compatibility](#)
- [config radius callStationIdType](#)
- [config rfid auto-timeout](#)
- [config rfid status](#)
- [config rfid timeout](#)
- [config rogue ap](#)
- [config rogue adhoc](#)
- [config rogue client](#)
- [config route](#)
- [config serial](#)
- [config sessions](#)
- [config snmp community](#)
- [config snmp syscontact](#)
- [config snmp syslocation](#)
- [config snmp trapreceiver](#)
- [config snmp v3user](#)
- [config snmp version](#)
- [config spanning tree port](#)
- [config spanningtree switch](#)
- [config switchconfig](#)
- [config syslog](#)
- [config sysname](#)
- [config time](#)
- [config trapflags](#)
- [config watchlist](#)
- [config wlan](#)



config rogue ap

To configure the status of a rogue access point, use the config rogue ap command.

```
>config rogue ap <acknowledged/alert/contain/known> <MAC address> <num of APs>
```

Syntax	config rogue ap acknowledged	Configure parameters. Rogue access point status. This rogue access point has been identified and belongs to an external network.
	alert	This rogue access point has not been identified. Generates a trap upon detection of this access point.
	contain	Start containing a rogue access point.
	known	This rogue access point has been identified and is part of an internal network.
	<MAC address>	MAC address of the rogue access point.
	<num of APs>	Number of rogue access points.
Defaults	(none)	
Example	>config rogue ap acknowledge 11:11:11:11:11:11	
Related Commands•	show rogue ap summary, show rogue ap detailed	



CONFIG 802.11A COMMANDS

Use the following config 802.11a commands:

- [config 802.11a antenna](#)
- [config 802.11a antMode](#)
- [config 802.11a beaconperiod](#)
- [config 802.11a channel](#)
- [config 802.11a disable](#)
- [config 802.11a dtim](#)
- [config 802.11a fragmentation](#)
- [config 802.11a enable](#)
- [config 802.11a pico-cell](#)
- [config 802.11a rate](#)
- [config 802.11a txPower](#)

config 802.11a antenna

To configure the 802.11a antenna, use the config 802.11a antenna command.

Use the config 802.11a disable command to disable the 802.11a Cisco Radio before using the config 802.11a antenna command. Then use the config 802.11a antenna command to configure the Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point to use internal or external antennas. Then use the config 802.11a enable command to enable the 802.11a Cisco Radio.

```
>config 802.11a antenna <Cisco AP> <internal/external>
```

Syntax	config 802.11a antenna <Cisco AP> <internal/external>	Configure parameters. Antennas for 802.11a Cisco Radio. Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point name. Configure for internal or external antennas.
Defaults	Internal.	
Examples	>config 802.11a antenna AP1 internal	to set AP1 to use the 802.11a internal antennas.
Related Commands	config 802.11a disable, config 802.11a enable, config 802.11a antMode	

config 802.11a antMode

To configure the Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point to use one internal antenna for an 802.11a sectorized 180-degree coverage pattern, or both internal antennas for an 802.11a 360-degree omnidirectional pattern, use the config 802.11a antMode command.

```
>config 802.11a antMode <Cisco AP> <omni/sectorA/sectorB>
```

Syntax	config 802.11a antMode <Cisco AP>	Configure parameters. Antenna for 802.11a Cisco Radio. Cisco 1000 Series IEEE 802.11a/b/g lightweight access point name.
	omni	Use both internal antennas.
	sectorA	Use only the Side A internal antenna.
	sectorB	Use only the Side B internal antenna.
Defaults	internal	
Examples	>config 802.11a antMode AP1 omni	
Related Commands	show ap config 802.11a, config 802.11b antMode	

config 802.11a beaconperiod

In Cisco WLAN Solution 802.11a networks, all Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point WLANs broadcast a beacon at regular intervals. This beacon notifies clients that 802.11a service is available, and allows the clients to synchronize with the Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point. To change the 802.11a beacon period for the whole 802.11a network, use the config 802.11a beaconperiod command.

Before you change the beacon period using the config 802.11a beaconperiod command, make sure that you have disabled the 802.11a network using the config 802.11a disable command. When you are done changing the beacon period, remember to enable the 802.11a network using the config 802.11a enable command.

```
>config 802.11a beaconperiod <Time Units>
```

Syntax	config 802.11a beaconperiod <time units>	Configure parameters. 802.11a network parameters. Send a beacon every 100 to 600 milliseconds. Beacon interval in milliseconds.
Defaults	100 milliseconds	
Examples	>config 802.11a beaconperiod 120	to configure an 802.11a network for a beacon period of 120 milliseconds.
Related Commands	show 802.11a, config 802.11b beaconperiod, config 802.11a disable, config 802.11a enable	

config 802.11a channel

To configure an 802.11a network for automatic or manual channel selection, use the config 802.11a channel command.

When configuring 802.11a channels for a single Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point, use the config 802.11a disable command to disable the 802.11a network. Then use the config 802.11a channel command to set automatic channel selection by Radio Resource Management (RRM) or manually set the channel for the 802.11a Cisco Radio. Then enable the 802.11a network using the config 802.11a enable command.

```
>config 802.11a channel {global <auto/once/off>}/{<Cisco AP> <global/channel #>}
```

Syntax	config 802.11a channel global <Cisco AP>	Configure parameters. Cisco Radio channel number. Global channel control. Name of Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point or global setting for all Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access points.
---------------	--	--

Defaults (none)

Examples To have Radio Resource Management (RRM) automatically configure all 802.11a channels based on availability and interference:

```
>config 802.11a channel global auto
```

To have Radio Resource Management (RRM) automatically reconfigure all 802.11a channels one time based on availability and interference:

```
>config 802.11a channel global once
```

To turn 802.11a Radio Resource Management (RRM) automatic configuration off:

```
>config 802.11a channel global off
```

To configure all 802.11a channels in AP1:

```
>config 802.11a channel AP1 global
```

To configure 802.11a channel 36 in AP1:

```
>config 802.11a channel AP1 36
```

Related Commands show 802.11a, config 802.11a disable, config 802.11a enable, config 802.11b channel

config 802.11a disable

To disable 802.11a transmission, use the config 802.11a disable command.

Disable 802.11a transmissions for the whole network or for an individual Cisco Radio using the config 802.11a disable command.

Note that you must use this command to disable the network before using many config 802.11a commands.

This command can be used any time the CLI interface is active.

```
>config 802.11a disable {network/<Cisco AP>}
```

Syntax	config 802.11a enable/disable network <Cisco AP>	Configure parameters. 802.11a network parameters. Enables/disables 802.11a. Whole network. Override the network setting for an individual Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point Cisco Radio.
---------------	--	---

Defaults Network = enabled.

Examples To disable the whole 802.11 a network:
`>config 802.11a disable network`

To disable AP1 802.11a transmissions:
`>config 802.11a disable AP1`

Related Commands show sysinfo, show 802.11a, config 802.11a enable, config 802.11b disable, config 802.11b enable, config 802.11a beaconperiod

config 802.11a dtim

In 802.11 networks, the Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point WLANs broadcast a beacon at regular intervals, which coincides with the DTIM (Delivery Traffic Indication Map). After the DTIM, if the Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point has any frames buffered for broadcast or multicast, it transmits the buffered frames. This protocol allows power-saving clients to wake up at the appropriate time if they are expecting broadcast or multicast data.

Normally, the DTIM value is set to 1 (transmit broadcast and multicast after every beacon) or 2 (transmit after every other beacon). For instance, if the beaconsperiod is 100 ms, and the DTIM value is set to 1, the Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point transmits buffered broadcast and multicast frames 10 times a second; if the beaconsperiod is 100 ms, and the DTIM value is set to 2, the Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point transmits buffered broadcast and multicast frames five times a second; either of these settings may be suitable for applications, including VoIP, that expect frequent broadcast and multicast frames.

However, the DTIM value can be set as high as 255 (transmit broadcast and multicast after every 255th beacon), if all 802.11a clients have power save enabled. Because the clients only have to listen when the DTIM time is reached, they can be set to listen for broadcasts and multicasts less frequently, resulting in longer battery life. For instance, if the beaconsperiod is 100 ms, and the DTIM value is set to 100, the Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point transmits buffered broadcast and multicast frames once every 10 seconds, allowing the power saving clients to sleep longer between periods when they have to wake up and listen for broadcasts and multicasts, resulting in longer battery life.

Many applications cannot tolerate a long time between broadcast and multicast messages, resulting in poor protocol and application performance. A low DTIM value is indicated for 802.11a networks that support such clients.

To change the DTIM value for the whole 802.11a network, use the config 802.11a dtim command.

```
>config 802.11a dtim <period>
```

Syntax	config 802.11a dtim <period>	Configure parameters. 802.11a network parameters. Delivery Traffic Indication Map. DTIM value in number of beaconsperiods.
Defaults	1 (every beaconsperiod)	
Examples	>config 802.11a dtim 2	to configure the 802.11a network to transmit multicast and broadcast messages every other DTIM, or beaconsperiod.
Related Commands	show 802.11a, config 802.11a beaconsperiod, config 802.11b dtim, config 802.11a disable, config 802.11a enable	



config 802.11a fragmentation

To configure the 802.11a fragmentation threshold, use the config 802.11a fragmentation command.

This command can only be used when the network is not operational.

```
>config 802.11a fragmentation <threshold>}
```

Syntax

config	Configure parameters.
802.11a	802.11a network parameters.
fragmentation	Fragmentation threshold.
<threshold>	Fragmentation threshold value.

Defaults

None.

Example

```
>config 802.11a fragmentation 6500
```

Related Commands

config 802.11b fragmentation, show 802.11b, show ap auto-rtf

config 802.11a enable

Enable 802.11a transmissions for the whole network or for an individual Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point using the config 802.11a enable command. You must use this command to enable the network after configuring other 802.11a parameters.

Note that this command only enables the Cisco WLAN Solution 802.11a network. To disable the 802.11a, 802.11b and/or 802.11g networks for an individual WLAN, use the config wlan radio command.

This command can be used any time the CLI interface is active.

```
>config 802.11a enable {network/<Cisco AP>}
```

Syntax	config 802.11a disable/enable network <Cisco AP>	Configure parameters. 802.11a network parameters. Disables/enables 802.11a. For the whole network. Override the network setting for an individual <Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point> Cisco Radio.
---------------	--	---

Defaults Network = enabled.

Examples To enable the whole 802.11a network:

```
>config 802.11a enable network
```

To enable AP1 802.11a transmissions:

```
>config 802.11a enable AP1
```

Related Commands show sysinfo, show 802.11a, config wlan radio, config 802.11a disable, config 802.11b disable, config 802.11b enable, config 802.11b 11gSupport enable, config 802.11b 11gSupport disable



config 802.11a pico-cell

To enable or disable the 802.11a pico-cell extensions, use the config 802.11a pico-cell command.

This command can only be used when the network is not operational.

```
>config 802.11a pico-cell <enable/disable>}
```

Syntax

config	Configure parameters.
802.11a	802.11a network parameters.
pico-cell	Pico cell extensions.
<enable/disable>	Enable or disable.

Defaults

(None.)

Example

```
>config 802.11a pico-cell <enable/disable>
```

Related Commands

config 802.11b pico-cell, config 802.11a, show 802.11a



config 802.11a rate

To set 802.11a mandatory and supported operational rates, use the config 802.11a rate command.

- ▶ **Note:** The data rates set here are negotiated between the client and the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller. If the data rate is set to Mandatory, the client must support it in order to use the network.

If a data rate is set as Supported by the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller, any associated client that also supports that rate may communicate with the Cisco 1000 Series IEEE 802.11a/b/g lightweight access point using that rate. But it is not required that a client be able to use all the rates marked Supported in order to associate.

```
>config 802.11a rate <disabled/mandatory/supported> <rate>
```

Syntax	config 802.11a rate disabled/mandatory/ supported rate	Configure parameters. 802.11a network parameters. Data rate. See Note above. 6000, 9000, 12000, 18000, 24000, 36000, 48000, or 54000 Kbps.
Defaults	(none)	
Examples	To set 802.11a transmission at a mandatory rate at 12000 Kbps: >config 802.11a rate mandatory 12000	
Related Commands	show ap config 802.11a, config 802.11b rate	

config 802.11a txPower

To configure the 802.11a Tx (Transmit) Power Level, use the config 802.11a txPower command.

```
>config 802.11a txPower {global <auto/power level #>}/{<AP Name> <global/power level #>}
```

Syntax	config 802.11a txPower global auto <AP Name> power level #	Configure parameters. 802.11a network parameters. Transmit power parameter. All Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access points. Periodic Radio Resource Management (RRM) automatic configuration. Cisco 1000 Series IEEE 802.11a/b/g lightweight access point name. Transmit power level number.
---------------	--	---

- ▶ **Note:** The 802.11a Cisco Radio currently supports five transmit power levels:
1 = Maximum transmit power level allowed per Country Code setting, 2 = 50% power, 3 = 25% power, 4 = 6.25 to 12.5% power, and 5 = 0.195 to 6.25% power.
Refer to [Cisco WLAN Solution Supported Country Codes](#) in the [Product Guide](#) for the maximum regulatory Transmit Power Level Limits published for each Country Code. Note that the power levels and available channels are defined by the Country Code setting, and are regulated on a country by country basis. Also note that the actual maximum transmit power levels may be less than the published regulatory limits.

Defaults Global, Auto.

Examples To have Radio Resource Management (RRM) automatically set the transmit power for all 802.11a Cisco Radios at periodic intervals:

```
>config 802.11a txPower global auto
```

To set transmit power for all 802.11a Cisco Radios to power level 5 (lowest):

```
>config 802.11a txPower global 5
```

To set transmit power for 802.11a AP1 to global:

```
>config 802.11a txPower AP1 global
```

To set transmit power for 802.11a AP1 to power level 2:

```
>config 802.11a txPower AP1 2
```

Related Commands show ap config 802.11a, config 802.11b txPower, config country

CONFIG 802.11B COMMANDS

Use the following config 802.11b command:

- [config 802.11b 11gSupport](#)
- [config 802.11b antenna](#)
- [config 802.11b beaconperiod](#)
- [config 802.11b channel](#)
- [config 802.11b disable](#)
- [config 802.11b diversity](#)
- [config 802.11b dtim](#)
- [config 802.11b fragmentation](#)
- [config 802.11b enable](#)
- [config 802.11b pico-cell](#)
- [config 802.11b preamble](#)
- [config 802.11b rate](#)
- [config 802.11b txPower](#)

config 802.11b 11gSupport

After enabling the Cisco WLAN Solution 802.11b network using the config 802.11b enable command, enable or disable the Cisco WLAN Solution 802.11g network using the config 802.11b 11gSupport command. Note that you must use this command to enable the network after configuring other 802.11b parameters.

Note that this command only enables the Cisco WLAN Solution 802.11g network after the Cisco WLAN Solution 802.11b network is enabled using the config 802.11b enable command. To disable the 802.11a, 802.11b and/or 802.11g networks for an individual WLAN, use the config wlan radio command.

This command can be used any time the CLI interface is active.

```
>config 802.11b 11gSupport {enable/disable}
```

Syntax	config 802.11b 11gSupport {enable/disable} <Cisco AP>	Configure parameters. 802.11b network parameters. Support for the 802.11g network. Enable or disable 802.11b/g. To override the network setting for individual Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point Cisco Radio.
Defaults	Enabled.	
Examples		<pre>>config 802.11b 11gSupport enable</pre> Changing the 11gSupport will cause all the APs to reboot when you enable 802.11b network. Are you sure you want to continue? (y/n) n 11gSupport not changed!
Related Commands		show sysinfo, show 802.11b, config 802.11b enable, config wlan radio, config 802.11b disable, config 802.11a disable, config 802.11a enable

config 802.11b antenna

To configure the 802.11b/g antenna, use the config 802.11b antenna command.

Use the config 802.11b disable command to disable the 802.11b/g Cisco Radio before using the config 802.11b antenna command. Then use the config 802.11b antenna command to configure the Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point to use internal or external antennas. Then use the config 802.11b enable command to enable the 802.11b/g Cisco Radio.

```
>config 802.11b antenna <Cisco AP> <internal/external>
```

Syntax	config 802.11b antenna <Cisco AP> <internal/external>	Configure parameters. Antennas for 802.11b/g Cisco Radio. Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point name. Configure for internal or external antennas.
Defaults	Internal.	
Examples	> config 802.11b antenna AP1 internal	to set AP1 to use the 802.11b/g internal antennas.
Related Commands	config 802.11b disable, config 802.11b enable, config 802.11a antMode	

config 802.11b beaconperiod

In Cisco WLAN Solution 802.11b/g networks, all Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point WLANs broadcast a beacon at regular intervals. This beacon notifies clients that 802.11b/g service is available, and allows the clients to synchronize with the Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point. To change the 802.11b/g beacon period for the whole 802.11b/g network, use the config 802.11b beaconperiod command.

Before you change the beacon period using the config 802.11b beaconperiod command, make sure that you have disabled the 802.11b/g network using the config 802.11b disable command. When you are done changing the beacon period, remember to enable the 802.11b/g network using the config 802.11b enable command.

```
>config 802.11b beaconperiod <Time Units>
```

Syntax	config 802.11b beaconperiod <time units>	Configure parameters. 802.11b/g network parameters. Send a beacon every 100 to 600 milliseconds. Beacon interval in milliseconds.
Defaults	100 milliseconds.	
Examples	To configure an 802.11b/g network for a beacon period of 180 milliseconds.	
		>config 802.11b beaconperiod 180
Related Commands	show 802.11a, config 802.11a beaconperiod, config 802.11b disable, config 802.11b enable	

config 802.11b channel

To configure the 802.11b/g network for automatic or manual channel selection, use the config 802.11b channel command.

When configuring 802.11b/g channels for a single Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point, use the config 802.11b disable command to disable the 802.11b/g network. Then use the config 802.11b channel command to set automatic channel selection by Radio Resource Management (RRM) or manually set the channel for the 802.11b/g Cisco Radio. Then enable the 802.11b/g network using the config 802.11b enable command.

```
>config 802.11b channel {global <auto/once/off>}/{<Cisco AP> <global/channel #>}
```

Syntax	config 802.11b channel global <Cisco AP>	Configure parameters. 802.11b/g Cisco Radio channel number. Global channel control. Name of Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point or global setting for all Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access points.
---------------	--	--

Defaults (none)

Examples To have Radio Resource Management (RRM) automatically configure all 802.11b/g channels based on availability and interference:

```
>config 802.11b channel global auto
```

To have Radio Resource Management (RRM) automatically reconfigure all 802.11b/g channels one time based on availability and interference:

```
>config 802.11b channel global once
```

To turn 802.11b/g Radio Resource Management (RRM) automatic configuration off:

```
>config 802.11b channel global off
```

To have AP1 use the global (whole network) settings.

```
>config 802.11b channel AP1 global
```

To have AP1 start and continue using channel 11.

```
>config 802.11b channel AP1 channel 11
```

► **Note:** Only channels 1, 6 and 11 are nonoverlapping.

Related Commands show 802.11b, config 802.11b disable, config 802.11b enable, config 802.11a channel

config 802.11b disable

Disable or enable 802.11b/g transmissions for the whole network or for an individual Cisco Radio using the config 802.11b disable command.

Note that you must use this command to disable the network before using other config 802.11b commands.

This command can be used any time the CLI interface is active.

```
>config 802.11b disable <enable/disable>{network/<Cisco AP>}
```

Syntax	config 802.11b disable enable/disable network <Cisco AP>	Configure parameters. 802.11b/g network parameters. Disable 802.11b/g. Enable or disable. Whole network. Override the network setting for an individual Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point Cisco Radio.
---------------	---	--

Defaults Enabled.

Examples

```
>config 802.11b disable network
```

to disable the whole 802.11b/g network.

```
>config 802.11b disable AP1
```

to disable AP1 802.11b/g transmissions.

Related Commands show sysinfo, show 802.11b, config 802.11a disable, config 802.11a enable, config 802.11b enable, config 802.11b beaconperiod

config 802.11b diversity

To configure the diversity option for 802.11b/g antennas, use the config 802.11b diversity command.

```
>config 802.11b diversity <Cisco AP> <enable/sideA/sideB>
```

Syntax	config 802.11b diversity <Cisco AP> <enable/sideA/sideB>	Configure parameters. Diversity antennas for 802.11b/g. Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point name. Between the two internal antennas. Between the internal antennas and an external antenna connected to the Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point Left port. Between the internal antennas and an external antenna connected to the Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point Right port.
---------------	--	---

Defaults Enabled.

Examples To enable diversity for AP1:

```
>config 802.11b diversity AP1 enable
```

To enable diversity for AP1 using an external antenna connected to the Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point Left port (sideA).

```
>config 802.11b diversity AP1 sideA
```

Related Commands show ap config 802.11b

config 802.11b dtim

In 802.11 networks, the Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point WLANs broadcast a beacon at regular intervals, which coincide with the DTIM (Delivery Traffic Indication Map). After the DTIM, if the Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point has any frames buffered for broadcast or multicast, it transmits the buffered frames. This protocol allows power-saving clients to wake up at the appropriate time if they are expecting broadcast or multicast data.

Normally, the DTIM value is set to 1 (transmit broadcast and multicast after every beacon) or 2 (transmit after every other beacon). For instance, if the 802.11b/g beaconperiod is 100 ms, and the DTIM value is set to 1, the Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point transmits buffered broadcast and multicast frames 10 times a second; if the beaconperiod is 100 ms, and the DTIM value is set to 2, the Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point transmits buffered broadcast and multicast frames five times a second; either of these settings may be suitable for applications, including VoIP, that expect frequent broadcast and multicast frames.

However, the DTIM value can be set as high as 255 (transmit broadcast and multicast after every 255th beacon), if all 802.11a clients have power save enabled. Because the clients only have to listen when the DTIM time is reached, they can be set to listen for broadcasts and multicasts less frequently, resulting in longer battery life. For instance, if the 802.11b/g beaconperiod is 100 ms, and the DTIM value is set to 100, the Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point transmits buffered broadcast and multicast frames once every 10 seconds, allowing the power saving clients to sleep longer between periods when they have to wake up and listen for broadcasts and multicasts, resulting in longer battery life.

Note that many applications cannot tolerate a long time between broadcast and multicast messages, resulting in poor protocol and application performance. A low DTIM value is indicated for 802.11b/g networks that support such clients.

To change the DTIM value for the whole 802.11b/g network, use the config 802.11b dtim command.

Before you change the 802.11b/g DTIM value using the config 802.11b dtim command, make sure that you have disabled the 802.11b/g network using the config 802.11b disable command. When you are done changing the DTIM value, remember to enable the 802.11b/g network using the config 802.11b enable command.

>config 802.11b dtim <period>

Syntax	config 802.11b dtim <period>	Configure parameters. 802.11b/g network parameters. Delivery Traffic Indication Map. DTIM period in number of beaconperiods.
Defaults	1 (every beaconperiod)	
Examples	>config 802.11b dtim 1	to configure the 802.11b/g network to transmit multicast and broadcast messages every DTIM, or beaconperiod.
Related Commands	show 802.11b, config 802.11b beaconperiod, config 802.11a dtim, config 802.11b disable, config 802.11b enable	



config 802.11b fragmentation

To configure the 802.11b/g fragmentation threshold, use the config 802.11b fragmentation command.

This command can only be used when the network is not operational.

```
>config 802.11b fragmentation <threshold>}
```

Syntax

config	Configure parameters.
802.11b	802.11b network parameters.
fragmentation	Fragmentation threshold.
<threshold>	Fragmentation threshold value.

Defaults

None.

Example

```
>config 802.11b fragmentation 6500
```

Related Commands

config 802.11a fragmentation, show 802.11a, show auto-rft

config 802.11b enable

Note that you must use this command to enable the network after configuring other 802.11b parameters.

Note that this command only enables the Cisco WLAN Solution 802.11b network. To enable the Cisco WLAN Solution 802.11g network, you MUST have the 802.11b network enabled, and then use the config 802.11b 11gSupport enable command. To disable the 802.11a, 802.11b and/or 802.11g networks for an individual WLAN, use the config wlan radio command.

This command can be used any time the CLI interface is active. Note that you must reboot the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller to implement this command.

```
>config 802.11b enable {network/<Cisco AP>}
```

Syntax	config 802.11b enable/disable network <Cisco AP>	Configure parameters. 802.11b network parameters. Enable or disable 802.11b. Allow support for 802.11g. For the whole network. To override the network setting for individual <Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point> Cisco Radio.
Defaults	Enabled.	
Examples	>config 802.11b enable network to enable the whole 802.11b network and provide support for the 802.11g network.	
Related Commands	>config 802.11b enable AP1 to enable AP1 802.11b transmissions and support AP1 802.11g transmissions.	show sysinfo, show 802.11b, config 802.11b 11gSupport, config wlan radio, config 802.11b disable, config 802.11a disable, config 802.11a enable



config 802.11b pico-cell

To enable or disable the 802.11b/g pico-cell extensions, use the config 802.11b pico-cell command.

This command can only be used when the network is not operational.

```
>config 802.11b pico-cell <enable/disable>}
```

Syntax

config	Configure parameters.
802.11b	802.11b network parameters.
pico-cell	Pico cell extensions.
<enable/disable>	Enable or disable.

Defaults

(None.)

Example

```
>config 802.11b pico-cell enable
```

Related Commands

config 802.11a pico-cell, show 802.11b

config 802.11b preamble

Use this command to change the 802.11b preamble as defined in subclause 18.2.2.2 to long (slower, but more reliable) or short (faster, but less reliable). This command can be used any time the CLI interface is active.

This parameter must be set to long to optimize this Cisco Wireless LAN Controller for some clients, including SpectraLink NetLink Telephones.

Note that you must reboot the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller (reset system) with save to implement this command.

```
>config 802.11b preamble [short/long]
```

Syntax	config 802.11b preamble short/long	Configure parameters. 802.11b network parameters. As defined in subclause 18.2.2.2. Short or long 802.11b preamble.
---------------	------------------------------------	--

Defaults	Short.
-----------------	--------

Examples	<pre>>config 802.11b preamble short >(reset system with save) >show 802.11b Short Preamble mandatory..... Enabled</pre> <pre>>config 802.11b preamble long >(reset system with save) >show 802.11b Short Preamble mandatory..... Disabled</pre>
-----------------	--

Related Commands	show 802.11b
-------------------------	--------------

config 802.11b rate

To configure 802.11b/g mandatory and supported operational rates, use the config 802.11b rate command.

```
>config 802.11b rate <disabled/mandatory/supported> <rate>
```

- ▶ **Note:** The data rates set here are negotiated between the client and the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller. If the data rate is set to Mandatory, the client must support it in order to use the network.

If a data rate is set as Supported by the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller, any associated client that also supports that rate may communicate with the Cisco 1000 Series IEEE 802.11a/b/g lightweight access point using that rate. But it is not required that a client be able to use all the rates marked Supported in order to associate.

Syntax

config	Configure parameters.
802.11b	802.11b/g network parameters.
disabled/mandatory/	See Note above.
supported	
rate	1, 2, 5.5, or 11 Mbps data rate.

Defaults

(none)

Examples

To set 802.11b/g transmission at a mandatory rate at 5.5 Mbps:

```
>config 802.11b rate mandatory 5.5
```

Related Commands

show ap config 802.11b, config 802.11a rate

config 802.11b txPower

To configure the 802.11b/g Tx (Transmit) Power Level, use the config 802.11b txPower command.

```
>config 802.11b txPower {global <auto/powerLevel #>}/{<Cisco AP> <global/powerLevel #>}
```

Syntax	config 802.11b txPower global auto/ <Cisco AP> power level #	Configure parameters. 802.11b/g network parameters. Transmit power parameter. All Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access points. Periodic Radio Resource Management (RRM) automatic configuration. Cisco 1000 Series IEEE 802.11a/b/g lightweight access point name. Transmit power level number.
---------------	--	---

- ▶ **Note:** The Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point 802.11b Cisco Radio currently supports five transmit power levels: 1 = Maximum transmit power level allowed per Country Code setting, 2 = 50% power, 3 = 25% power, 4 = 6.25 to 12.5% power, and 5 = 0.195 to 6.25% power.

Refer to [Cisco WLAN Solution Supported Country Codes](#) in the [Product Guide](#) for the maximum regulatory Transmit Power Level Limits published for each Country Code. Note that the power levels and available channels are defined by the Country Code setting, and are regulated on a country by country basis. Also note that the actual maximum transmit power levels may be less than the published regulatory limits.

Defaults Global, Auto.

Examples To have Radio Resource Management (RRM) automatically set the transmit power for all 802.11b/g Cisco Radios at periodic intervals:

```
>config 802.11a txPower global auto
```

To have Radio Resource Management (RRM) automatically reset the transmit power for all 802.11b/g Cisco Radios one time:

```
>config 802.11b txPower global once
```

To set transmit power for all 802.11b/g Cisco Radios to power level 5 (lowest):

```
>config 802.11b txPower global 5
```

To set transmit power for 802.11b/g AP1 to global:

```
>config 802.11b txPower AP1 global
```

To set transmit power for 802.11b/g AP1 to power level 2:

```
>config 802.11b txPower AP1 2
```

Related Commands show ap config 802.11b, config 802.11a txPower, config country



config acl

To configure Access Control Lists, use the config acl command.

```
>config acl [apply/create/delete/rule] [name]
```

Syntax	config acl apply <name>	Command action. Applies the ACL (name with up to 32 alphanumeric characters) to the data path.
	create	Create a new ACL.
	delete	Delete an ACL.
	rule	Configure rules in the ACL.
	Name	ACL name.
Defaults	N/A	
Examples	>config acl create acl01	
Related Commands	show acl	

CONFIG ADVANCED 802.11A COMMANDS

Use the following advanced 802.11a commands:

- [config advanced 802.11a channel foreign](#)
- [config advanced 802.11a channel load](#)
- [config advanced 802.11a channel noise](#)
- [config advanced 802.11a channel update](#)
- [config advanced 802.11a factory](#)
- [config advanced 802.11a group-mode](#)
- [config advanced 802.11a logging channel](#)
- [config advanced 802.11a logging coverage](#)
- [config advanced 802.11a logging foreign](#)
- [config advanced 802.11a logging load](#)
- [config advanced 802.11a logging noise](#)
- [config advanced 802.11a logging performance](#)
- [config advanced 802.11a logging txpower](#)
- [config advanced 802.11a monitor coverage](#)
- [config advanced 802.11a monitor load](#)
- [config advanced 802.11a monitor mode](#)
- [config advanced 802.11a monitor noise](#)
- [config advanced 802.11a monitor signal](#)
- [config advanced 802.11a receiver](#)
- [config advanced 802.11a txpower-update](#)
- [config advanced 802.11a profile clients](#)
- [config advanced 802.11a profile coverage](#)
- [config advanced 802.11a profile customize](#)
- [config advanced 802.11a profile exception](#)
- [config advanced 802.11a profile foreign](#)
- [config advanced 802.11a profile level](#)
- [config advanced 802.11a profile noise](#)
- [config advanced 802.11a profile throughput](#)
- [config advanced 802.11a profile utilization](#)

config advanced 802.11a channel foreign

To have Radio Resource Management (RRM) consider or ignore foreign 802.11a interference avoidance in making channel selection updates for all 802.11a Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access points, use the config advanced 802.11a channel foreign command.

```
>config advanced 802.11a channel foreign [enable /disable]
```

Syntax	config advanced 802.11a channel foreign [enable /disable]	Configure parameters. Advanced 802.11a parameters. Radio Resource Management (RRM) channel selections. Foreign interference. Consider or ignore.
Defaults	Enabled.	
Examples	>config advanced 802.11a channel foreign enable	to have Radio Resource Management (RRM) consider foreign 802.11a interference when making channel selection updates for all 802.11a Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access points.
Related Commands	show advanced 802.11a channel, config advanced 802.11b channel foreign	

config advanced 802.11a channel load

To have Radio Resource Management (RRM) consider or ignore traffic load in making channel selection updates for all 802.11a Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access points, use the config advanced 802.11a channel load command.

```
>config advanced 802.11a channel load [enable/disable]
```

Syntax	config advanced 802.11a channel load [enable/disable]	Configure parameters. Advanced 802.11a parameters. Radio Resource Management (RRM) channel selections. Traffic load. Consider or ignore.
Defaults	Disabled.	
Examples	<pre>>config advanced 802.11a channel load enable</pre>	to have Radio Resource Management (RRM) consider traffic load when making channel selection updates for all 802.11a Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access points.
Related Commands	show advanced 802.11a channel, config advanced 802.11b channel load	

config advanced 802.11a channel noise

To have Radio Resource Management (RRM) consider or ignore non-802.11a noise in making channel selection updates for all 802.11a Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access points, use the config advanced 802.11a channel noise command.

```
>config advanced 802.11a channel noise [enable/disable]
```

Syntax	config advanced 802.11a channel noise [enable/disable]	Configure parameters. Advanced 802.11a parameters. Radio Resource Management (RRM) channel selections. Non-802.11a noise. Consider or ignore.
Defaults	Disabled.	
Examples	>config advanced 802.11a channel noise enable	to have Radio Resource Management (RRM) consider non-802.11a noise when making channel selection updates for all 802.11a Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access points.
Related Commands	show advanced 802.11a channel, config advanced 802.11b channel noise	



config advanced 802.11a channel update

To have Radio Resource Management (RRM) initiate a channel selection update for all 802.11a Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access points, use the config advanced 802.11a channel update command.

```
>config advanced 802.11a channel update
```

Syntax	config advanced 802.11a channel update	Configure parameters. Advanced 802.11a parameters. Have Radio Resource Management (RRM) update the channel selections.
Defaults	(none)	
Examples	>config advanced 802.11a channel update	
Related Commands	show advanced 802.11a channel, config advanced 802.11b channel update	



config advanced 802.11a factory

To reset 802.11a advanced settings back to the factory defaults, use the config advanced 802.11a factory command.

```
>config advanced 802.11a factory
```

Syntax	config advanced 802.11a factory	Configure parameters. Advanced 802.11a parameters. Return all 802.11a advanced settings to their factory defaults.
Defaults	(none)	
Examples	>config advanced 802.11a factory	
Related Commands	show advanced 802.11a channel	

config advanced 802.11a group-mode

To set the 802.11a automatic RF group selection mode on or off, use the config advanced 802.11a group-mode command.

```
>config advanced 802.11a group-mode <auto/off>
```

Syntax	config advanced 802.11a group-mode auto/off	Configure parameters. Advanced 802.11a parameters. Cisco Radio RF grouping. Sets to automatic or disables.
---------------	---	---

Defaults Auto.

Examples To turn the 802.11a automatic RF group selection mode on:
`>config advanced 802.11a group-mode auto`

To turn the 802.11a automatic RF group selection mode off:
`>config advanced 802.11a group-mode off`

Related Commands show advanced 802.11a group, config advanced 802.11b group-mode



config advanced 802.11a logging channel

To turn the channel change logging mode on or off, use the config advanced 802.11a logging channel command.

```
>config advanced 802.11a logging channel <on/off>
```

Syntax

config	Configure parameters.
advanced 802.11a	Advanced 802.11a parameters.
logging channel	Log channel changes.
<on/off>	Enable or Disable logging.

Defaults

Off (disabled).

Examples

```
>config advanced 802.11a logging channel on
```

Related Commands

show advanced 802.11a logging, config advanced 802.11b logging channel



config advanced 802.11a logging coverage

To turn the channel change logging mode on or off, use the config advanced 802.11a logging channel command.

```
>config advanced 802.11a logging coverage <on/off>
```

Syntax

config	Configure parameters.
advanced 802.11a	Advanced 802.11a parameters.
logging coverage	Log coverage changes.
<on/off>	Enable or Disable logging

Defaults

Off (disabled).

Examples

```
>config advanced 802.11a logging coverage on
```

Related Commands

show advanced 802.11a logging, config advanced 802.11b logging coverage



config advanced 802.11a logging foreign

To turn the channel change logging mode on or off, use the config advanced 802.11a logging channel command.

```
>config advanced 802.11a logging foreign <on/off>
```

Syntax

config	Configure parameters.
advanced 802.11a	Advanced 802.11a parameters.
logging foreign	Log foreign changes.
<on/off>	Enable or Disable logging

Defaults

Off (disabled).

Examples

```
>config advanced 802.11a logging foreign on
```

Related Commands

show advanced 802.11a logging, config advanced 802.11b logging foreign



config advanced 802.11a logging load

To turn the channel change logging mode on or off, use the config advanced 802.11a logging channel command.

```
>config advanced 802.11a logging load <on/off>
```

Syntax	config advanced 802.11a logging load <on/off>	Configure parameters. Advanced 802.11a parameters. Log load changes. Enable or Disable logging
---------------	---	---

Defaults Off (disabled).

Examples `>config advanced 802.11a logging load on`

Related Commands show advanced 802.11a logging, config advanced 802.11b logging load



config advanced 802.11a logging noise

To turn the channel change logging mode on or off, use the config advanced 802.11a logging channel command.

```
>config advanced 802.11a logging noise <on/off>
```

Syntax	config advanced 802.11a logging noise <on/off>	Configure parameters. Advanced 802.11a parameters. Log noise changes. Enable or Disable logging
---------------	--	--

Defaults Off (disabled).

Examples `>config advanced 802.11a logging noise on`

Related Commands show advanced 802.11a logging, config advanced 802.11b logging noise



config advanced 802.11a logging performance

To turn the channel change logging mode on or off, use the config advanced 802.11a logging performance command.

```
>config advanced 802.11a logging performance <on/off>
```

Syntax	config advanced 802.11a logging performance <on/off>	Configure parameters. Advanced 802.11a parameters. Log performance changes. Enable or Disable logging.
Defaults	Off (disabled).	
Examples	>config advanced 802.11a logging performance on	
Related Commands	show advanced 802.11a logging, config advanced 802.11b logging performance	



config advanced 802.11a logging txpower

To turn the transmit power change logging mode on or off, use the config advanced 802.11a logging txpower command.

```
>config advanced 802.11a logging txpower <on/off>
```

Syntax

config	Configure parameters.
advanced 802.11a	Advanced 802.11a parameters.
logging txpower	Log power changes.
<on/off>	Enable or disable logging.

Defaults

Off (disabled).

Examples

```
>config advanced 802.11a logging txpower off
```

Related Commands

show advanced 802.11a logging, config advanced 802.11b logging power



config advanced 802.11a monitor coverage

To set the coverage measurement interval between 60 and 3600 seconds, use the config advanced 802.11a monitor coverage command.

```
>config advanced 802.11a monitor coverage <seconds>
```

Syntax	config advanced 802.11a monitor coverage <seconds>	Configure parameters. Advanced 802.11a parameters. Monitor coverage interval. 60 to 3600 seconds.
Defaults	180 seconds.	
Examples	>config advanced 802.11a monitor coverage 60	to set the coverage measurement interval to 60 seconds.
Related Commands	show advanced 802.11a monitor, config advanced 802.11b monitor coverage	



config advanced 802.11a monitor load

To set the load measurement interval between 60 and 3600 seconds, use the config advanced 802.11a monitor load command.

```
>config advanced 802.11a monitor load <seconds>
```

Syntax	config advanced 802.11a monitor load <seconds>	Configure parameters. Advanced 802.11a parameters. Monitor load interval. 60 to 3600 seconds.
---------------	--	--

Defaults 60 seconds.

Examples `>config advanced 802.11a monitor load 60`
to set the load measurement interval to 60 seconds.

Related Commands show advanced 802.11a monitor, config advanced 802.11b monitor load



config advanced 802.11a monitor mode

To enable or disable the 802.11a monitor mode, use the config advanced 802.11a monitor mode command.

```
>config advanced 802.11a monitor mode <enable/disable>
```

Syntax

config	Configure parameters.
advanced 802.11a	Advanced 802.11a parameters.
monitor mode	Monitor mode.
<enable/disable>	Enable or disable.

Defaults

Enabled.

Examples

```
>config advanced 802.11a monitor mode enable
```

Related Commands

show advanced 802.11a monitor, config advanced 802.11b monitor mode



config advanced 802.11a monitor noise

To set the noise measurement interval between 60 and 3600 seconds, use the config advanced 802.11a monitor noise command.

```
>config advanced 802.11a monitor noise <seconds>
```

Syntax	config advanced 802.11a monitor noise <seconds>	Configure parameters. Advanced 802.11a parameters. Monitor noise interval. 60 to 3600 seconds
---------------	---	--

Defaults 180 seconds.

Examples `>config advanced 802.11a monitor noise 120`
to set the noise measurement interval to 120 seconds.

Related Commands show advanced 802.11a monitor, config advanced 802.11b monitor noise



config advanced 802.11a monitor signal

To set the signal measurement interval between 60 and 3600 seconds, use the config advanced 802.11a monitor signal command.

```
>config advanced 802.11a monitor signal <seconds>
```

Syntax	config advanced 802.11a monitor signal <seconds>	Configure parameters. Advanced 802.11a parameters. Monitor signal interval. 60 to 3600 seconds
---------------	--	---

Defaults 60 seconds.

Examples `>config advanced 802.11a monitor signal 120`
to set the signal measurement interval to 120 seconds.

Related Commands show advanced 802.11a monitor, config advanced 802.11b monitor signal



config advanced 802.11a receiver

To set the advanced receiver configuration, use the config advanced 802.11a receiver command.

```
>config advanced 802.11a receiver <default/rxstart>
```

Syntax	config advanced 802.11a receiver <default/rxstart>	Configure parameters. Advanced 802.11a parameters. Receiver configuration. default configuration/start configuration
Defaults	(None)	
Examples	>config advanced 802.11a receiver default	Cannot change receiver params while network is enabled
Related Commands	config advanced 802.11b receiver	



config advanced 802.11a txpower-update

To initiate updates of the 802.11a transmit power for every Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point, use the config advanced 802.11a txpower-update command.

```
>config advanced 802.11a txpower-update
```

Syntax	config advanced 802.11a txpower-update	Configure parameters. Advanced 802.11a parameters. Update transmission power
Defaults	(None)	
Examples	>config advanced 802.11a txpower-update	
Related Commands	config advance 802.11b txpower-update	

config advanced 802.11a profile clients

To set the Cisco 1000 Series IEEE 802.11a/b/g lightweight access point clients threshold between 1 and 75 clients, use the config advanced 802.11a profile clients command.

```
>config advanced 802.11a profile clients <global/Cisco AP> <value>
```

Syntax	config advanced 802.11a profile clients global/<Cisco AP> <value>
	config Configure parameters.
	advanced 802.11a Advanced 802.11a parameters.
	profile clients Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point Client profile
	global/<Cisco AP> Global or Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point specific profile.
	<value> 1 to 75 clients.
Defaults	12 clients.
Examples	To set all Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point clients thresholds to 25 clients: <pre>>config advanced 802.11a profile clients global 25</pre>
	To set the AP1 clients threshold to 75 clients: <pre>>config advanced 802.11a profile clients AP1 75</pre>
Related Commands	show advanced 802.11a profile, config advanced 802.11b profile clients

config advanced 802.11a profile coverage

To set the Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point coverage threshold between 3 and 50 dB, use the config advanced 802.11a profile coverage command.

```
>config advanced 802.11a profile coverage <global/Cisco AP> <value>
```

Syntax	config advanced 802.11a profile coverage global/<Cisco AP> <value>	Configure parameters. Advanced 802.11a parameters. Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point profile coverage Global or Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point specific profile. <value> 3 to 50 dB.
Defaults	12 dB.	
Examples	To set all Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point coverage thresholds to 30 dB: <pre>>config advanced 802.11a profile coverage global 30</pre>	
	To set AP1 coverage thresholds to 50 dB: <pre>>config advanced 802.11a profile coverage AP1 50</pre>	

Related Commands show advanced 802.11a profile, config advanced 802.11b profile coverage

config advanced 802.11a profile customize

To turn customizing on or off for an 802.11a Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point performance profile, use the config advanced 802.11a profile customize command.

```
>config advanced 802.11a profile customize <Cisco AP> <on|off>
```

Syntax	config advanced 802.11a customize Cisco AP on/off	Configure parameters. Advanced 802.11a parameters. Performance profile. Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point. Enable or disable.
Defaults	Off.	
Examples	To turn performance profile customization on for 802.11a Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point AP1:	<pre>>config advanced 802.11a profile customize AP1 on</pre>
Related Commands	show advanced 802.11a profile, config advanced 802.11b profile customize	

config advanced 802.11a profile exception

To set the Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point coverage exception level between 0 and 100 percent, use the config advanced 802.11a profile exception command.

```
>config advanced 802.11a profile exception <global/Cisco AP> <value>
```

Syntax	config advanced 802.11a profile exception <global/Cisco AP> <value>
config	Configure parameters.
advanced 802.11a	Advanced 802.11a parameters.
profile exception	Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point profile exception
<global/<Cisco AP>>	Global or Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point specific profile.
<value>	0 to 100 percent.
Defaults	25 percent.
Examples	To set all Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point coverage exception levels to 0 percent: <pre>>config advanced 802.11a profile exception global 0</pre> To set the AP1 coverage exception level to 100 percent: <pre>>config advanced 802.11a profile exception AP1 100</pre>
Related Commands	show advanced 802.11a profile, config advanced 802.11b profile exception

config advanced 802.11a profile foreign

To set the foreign 802.11a transmitter interference threshold between 0 and 100 percent, use the config advanced 802.11a profile foreign command.

```
>config advanced 802.11a profile foreign {global/<Cisco AP>} <value>
```

Syntax	config advanced 802.11a profile foreign {global/<Cisco AP>} <value>
	config Configure parameters.
	advanced 802.11a Advanced 802.11a parameters.
	profile foreign Foreign interference profile.
	global/<Cisco AP> Global or Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point specific profile.
	<value> 0 to 100 percent.
Defaults	10 percent.
Examples	To set the Other 802.11a transmitter interference threshold for all Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access points to 50 percent: <pre>>config advanced 802.11a profile foreign global 50</pre>
	To set the Other 802.11a transmitter interference threshold for AP1 to 0 percent: <pre>>config advanced 802.11a profile foreign AP1 0</pre>
Related Commands	show advanced 802.11a profile, config advanced 802.11b profile foreign

config advanced 802.11a profile level

To set the Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point client minimum exception level between 1 and 75 clients, use the config advanced 802.11a profile level command.

```
>config advanced 802.11a profile level <global/Cisco AP> <value>
```

Syntax	config advanced 802.11a profile level <global/Cisco AP> <value>
	config Configure parameters.
	advanced 802.11a Advanced 802.11a parameters.
	profile level Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point profile level
	global/<Cisco AP> Global or Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point specific profile.
	<value> 1 to 75 clients.
Defaults	3 clients.
Examples	<pre>>config advanced 802.11a profile level global 10</pre> to set all Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point client minimum exception levels to 10 clients. <pre>>config advanced 802.11a profile level AP1 25</pre> to set the AP1 client minimum exception level to 25 clients.
Related Commands	show advanced 802.11a profile, config advanced 802.11b profile level

config advanced 802.11a profile noise

To set the 802.11a foreign noise threshold between -127 and 0 dBm, use the config advanced 802.11a profile noise command.

```
>config advanced 802.11a profile noise <global/Cisco AP> <value>
```

Syntax	config advanced 802.11a profile noise global/<Cisco AP> <value>	Configure parameters. Advanced 802.11a parameters. Profile noise limits Global or Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point specific profile. <value> -127 to 0 dBm.
Defaults	-70 dBm.	
Examples	To set the 802.11a foreign noise threshold for all Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access points to -127 dBm: <pre>>config advanced 802.11a profile noise global -127</pre>	
	To set the 802.11a foreign noise threshold for AP1 to 0 dBm: <pre>>config advanced 802.11a profile noise AP1 0</pre>	

Related Commands show advanced 802.11a profile, config advanced 802.11b profile noise

config advanced 802.11a profile throughput

To set the Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point data-rate throughput threshold between 1000 and 10000000 bytes per second, use the config advanced 802.11a profile throughput command.

```
>config advanced 802.11a profile throughput {global/<Cisco AP>} <value>
```

Syntax	config advanced 802.11a profile throughput global/<Cisco AP> <value>	Configure parameters. Advanced 802.11a parameters. Data rate threshold Global or Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point specific profile. 1,000 to 10,000,000 bps.
Defaults	1,000,000 bps.	
Examples	To set all Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point data-rate thresholds to 1000 bytes per second. <pre>>config advanced 802.11a profile data-rate global 1000</pre>	
	To set the AP1 data-rate threshold to 10000000 bytes per second. <pre>>config advanced 802.11a profile data-rate AP1 10000000</pre>	
Related Commands	show advanced 802.11a profile, config advanced 802.11b profile data-rate	

config advanced 802.11a profile utilization

To set the RF utilization threshold between 0 and 100 percent, use the config advanced 802.11a profile utilization command. OS generates a trap when this threshold is exceeded.

```
>config advanced 802.11a profile utilization <global/Cisco AP> <value>
```

Syntax	config advanced 802.11a profile utilization global/<Cisco AP> <value>	Configure parameters. Advanced 802.11a parameters. Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point profile utilization Global or Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point specific profile. 0 to 100 percent.
Defaults	80 percent.	
Examples	To set the RF utilization threshold for all Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access points to 0 percent: <pre>>config advanced 802.11a profile utilization global 0</pre>	
	To set the RF utilization threshold for AP1 to 100 percent <pre>>config advanced 802.11a profile utilization AP1 100</pre>	

Related Commands show advanced 802.11a profile, config advanced 802.11b profile utilization



CONFIG ADVANCED 802.11B COMMANDS

Use the following config advanced 802.11b commands:

- [config advanced 802.11b channel foreign](#)
- [config advanced 802.11b channel load](#)
- [config advanced 802.11b channel noise](#)
- [config advanced 802.11b channel update](#)
- [config advanced 802.11b factory](#)
- [config advanced 802.11b group-mode](#)
- [config advanced 802.11b logging channel](#)
- [config advanced 802.11b logging coverage](#)
- [config advanced 802.11b logging foreign](#)
- [config advanced 802.11b logging load](#)
- [config advanced 802.11b logging noise](#)
- [config advanced 802.11b logging performance](#)
- [config advanced 802.11b logging txpower](#)
- [config advanced 802.11b monitor channel-list](#)
- [config advanced 802.11b monitor coverage](#)
- [config advanced 802.11b monitor load](#)
- [config advanced 802.11b monitor mode](#)
- [config advanced 802.11b monitor noise](#)
- [config advanced 802.11b monitor signal](#)
- [config advanced 802.11b receiver](#)
- [config advanced 802.11b txpower-update](#)
- [config advanced 802.11b profile clients](#)
- [config advanced 802.11b profile coverage](#)
- [config advanced 802.11b profile customize](#)
- [config advanced 802.11b profile exception](#)
- [config advanced 802.11b profile foreign](#)
- [config advanced 802.11b profile level](#)
- [config advanced 802.11b profile noise](#)
- [config advanced 802.11b profile throughput](#)
- [config advanced 802.11b profile utilization](#)

config advanced 802.11b channel foreign

To have Radio Resource Management (RRM) consider or ignore foreign 802.11b/g interference in making channel selection updates for all 802.11b/g Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access points, use the config advanced 802.11b channel foreign command.

```
>config advanced 802.11b channel foreign [enable/disable]
```

Syntax	config advanced 802.11b channel foreign [enable/disable]	Configure parameters. Advanced 802.11b/g parameters. Radio Resource Management (RRM) channel selections. Foreign interference. Consider or ignore.
Defaults	Enabled.	
Examples	>config advanced 802.11b channel foreign enable	to have Radio Resource Management (RRM) consider foreign 802.11b/g interference when making channel selection updates for all 802.11b/g Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access points.
Related Commands	show advanced 802.11b channel, config advanced 802.11a channel foreign	

config advanced 802.11b channel load

To have Radio Resource Management (RRM) consider or ignore traffic load in making channel selection updates for all 802.11b/g Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access points, use the config advanced 802.11b channel load command.

```
>config advanced 802.11b channel load [enable/disable]
```

Syntax	config advanced 802.11b channel load [enable/disable]	Configure parameters. Advanced 802.11b/g parameters. Radio Resource Management (RRM) channel selections. Traffic load. Consider or ignore.
Defaults	Disabled.	
Examples	<pre>>config advanced 802.11b channel load enable</pre>	to have Radio Resource Management (RRM) consider traffic load when making channel selection updates for all 802.11b/g Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access points.
Related Commands	show advanced 802.11b channel, config advanced 802.11a channel load	

config advanced 802.11b channel noise

To have Radio Resource Management (RRM) consider or ignore non-802.11b/g noise in making channel selection updates for all 802.11b/g Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access points, use the config advanced 802.11b channel noise command.

```
>config advanced 802.11b channel noise [enable/disable]
```

Syntax	config advanced 802.11b channel noise [enable/disable]	Configure parameters. Advanced 802.11b/g parameters. Radio Resource Management (RRM) channel selections. Non-802.11b/g noise. Consider or ignore.
Defaults	Disabled.	
Examples	>config advanced 802.11b channel noise enable	to have Radio Resource Management (RRM) consider non-802.11b/g noise when making channel selection updates for all 802.11b/g Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access points.
Related Commands	show advanced 802.11b channel, config advanced 802.11a channel noise	



config advanced 802.11b channel update

To have Radio Resource Management (RRM) initiate a channel selection update for all 802.11b/g Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access points, use the config advanced 802.11b channel update command.

```
>config advanced 802.11b channel update
```

Syntax	config advanced 802.11b channel update	Configure parameters. Advanced 802.11b/g parameters. Update the channel selections.
---------------	--	---

Defaults	(none)
-----------------	--------

Examples	>config advanced 802.11b channel update
-----------------	---

Related Commands	show advanced 802.11b channel, config advanced 802.11a channel update
-------------------------	---



config advanced 802.11b factory

To reset 802.11b/g advanced settings back to the factory defaults, use the config advanced 802.11b factory command.

```
>config advanced 802.11b factory
```

Syntax	config advanced 802.11b factory	Configure parameters. Advanced 802.11b/g parameters. Return all 802.11b/g advanced settings to their factory defaults.
Defaults	(none)	
Examples	>config advanced 802.11b factory	to reset all 802.11b/g advanced settings back to the factory defaults.
Related Commands	show advanced 802.11b channel	



config advanced 802.11b group-mode

To set the 802.11b/g RF group selection mode on or off, use the config advanced 802.11b group-mode command.

```
>config advanced 802.11b group-mode <auto/off>
```

Syntax

config	Configure parameters.
advanced 802.11b	Advanced 802.11b/g parameters.
group-mode	Cisco Radio RF grouping.
<auto/off>	Automatic selection or off.

Defaults

Auto.

Usage

Use to enable or disable 802.11b/g automatic RF group selection mode.

Examples

```
>config advanced 802.11b group-mode auto  
to set the 802.11b/g RF group selection mode to automatic.
```

```
>config advanced 802.11b group-mode off  
to disable the 802.11b/g RF group selection mode.
```

Related Commands

show advanced 802.11b group, config advanced 802.11a group-mode



config advanced 802.11b logging channel

To turn the 802.11b/g channel change logging mode on or off, use the config advanced 802.11b logging channel command.

```
>config advanced 802.11b logging channel <on/off>
```

Syntax

config	Configure parameters.
advanced 802.11b	Advanced 802.11b/g parameters.
logging channel	Log channel changes.
<on/off>	Enable or Disable logging.

Defaults

Disabled.

Examples

```
>config advanced 802.11b logging channel on
```

Related Commands

show advanced 802.11b logging, config advanced 802.11a logging channel



config advanced 802.11b logging coverage

To turn the 802.11b/g channel change logging mode on or off, use the config advanced 802.11b logging channel command.

```
>config advanced 802.11b logging coverage <on/off>
```

Syntax

config	Configure parameters.
advanced 802.11b	Advanced 802.11b/g parameters.
logging coverage	Log coverage changes.
<on/off>	Enable or Disable logging

Defaults

Off (disabled).

Examples

```
>config advanced 802.11b logging coverage on
```

Related Commands

show advanced 802.11b logging, config advanced 802.11a logging coverage



config advanced 802.11b logging foreign

To turn the 802.11b/g channel foreign logging mode on or off, use the config advanced 802.11b logging foreign command.

```
>config advanced 802.11b logging foreign <on/off>
```

Syntax	config advanced 802.11b logging foreign <on/off>	Configure parameters. Advanced 802.11b/g parameters. Log foreign changes. Enable or Disable logging
---------------	--	--

Defaults Off (disabled).

Examples `>config advanced 802.11b logging foreign on`

Related Commands show advanced 802.11b logging, config advanced 802.11a logging foreign



config advanced 802.11b logging load

To turn the 802.11b/g channel load logging mode on or off, use the config advanced 802.11b logging load command.

```
>config advanced 802.11b logging load <on/off>
```

Syntax	config advanced 802.11b logging load <on/off>	Configure parameters. Advanced 802.11b/g parameters. Log load changes. Enable or Disable logging
---------------	---	---

Defaults Off (disabled).

Examples `>config advanced 802.11b logging load on`

Related Commands show advanced 802.11b logging, config advanced 802.11a logging load



config advanced 802.11b logging noise

To turn the 802.11b/g channel noise logging mode on or off, use the config advanced 802.11b logging noise command.

```
>config advanced 802.11b logging noise <on/off>
```

Syntax

config	Configure parameters.
advanced 802.11b	Advanced 802.11b/g parameters.
logging noise	Log noise changes.
<on/off>	Enable or Disable logging

Defaults

Off (disabled).

Examples

```
>config advanced 802.11b logging noise on
```

Related Commands

show advanced 802.11b logging, config advanced 802.11a logging noise



config advanced 802.11b logging performance

To turn the 802.11b/g channel performance logging mode on or off, use the config advanced 802.11b logging performance command.

```
>config advanced 802.11b logging performance <on/off>
```

Syntax

config	Configure parameters.
advanced 802.11b	Advanced 802.11b/g parameters.
logging performance	Log performance changes.
<on/off>	Enable or Disable logging

Defaults

Off (disabled).

Examples

```
>config advanced 802.11b logging performance on
```

Related Commands

show advanced 802.11b logging, config advanced 802.11a logging performance



config advanced 802.11b logging txpower

To turn the 802.11b/g transmit power logging mode on or off, use the config advanced 802.11b logging txpower command.

```
>config advanced 802.11b logging txpower <on/off>
```

Syntax	config advanced 802.11b logging txpower <on/off>	Configure parameters. Advanced 802.11b/g parameters. Log power changes. Enable or Disable logging.
---------------	--	---

Defaults Off (disabled).

Examples `>config advanced 802.11b logging txpower off`

Related Commands show advanced 802.11b logging, config advanced 802.11a logging power



config advanced 802.11b monitor channel-list

To set the 802.11b/g noise/interference/rogue monitoring channel list coverage, use the config advanced 802.11b monitor channel-list command.

```
>config advanced 802.11b monitor channel-list <all/country/dca>
```

Syntax	config advanced 802.11b monitor channel-list <all/country/dca>	Configure parameters. Advanced 802.11b/g parameters. Monitor channel list. Monitor all channels Monitor channels used in configured country code Monitor channels used by automatic channel assignment
Defaults	180 seconds.	
Examples	>config advanced 802.11b monitor channel-list country	
Related Commands	show advanced 802.11b monitor, config advanced 802.11a monitor coverage	



config advanced 802.11b monitor coverage

To set the 802.11b/g coverage measurement interval between 60 and 3600 seconds, use the config advanced 802.11b monitor coverage command.

```
>config advanced 802.11b monitor coverage <seconds>
```

Syntax

config	Configure parameters.
advanced 802.11b	Advanced 802.11b/g parameters.
monitor coverage	Monitor coverage interval.
<seconds>	60 to 3600 seconds.

Defaults

180 seconds.

Examples

```
>config advanced 802.11b monitor coverage 60
```

to set the coverage measurement interval to 60 seconds.

Related Commands

show advanced 802.11b monitor, config advanced 802.11a monitor coverage



config advanced 802.11b monitor load

To set the 802.11b/g load measurement interval between 60 and 3600 seconds, use the config advanced 802.11b monitor load command.

```
>config advanced 802.11b monitor load <seconds>
```

Syntax	config advanced 802.11b monitor load <seconds>	Configure parameters. Advanced 802.11b/g parameters. Monitor load interval. 60 to 3600 seconds
---------------	--	---

Defaults 60 seconds.

Examples `>config advanced 802.11b monitor load 60`
to set the load measurement interval to 60 seconds.

Related Commands show advanced 802.11b monitor, config advanced 802.11a monitor load



config advanced 802.11b monitor mode

To enable or disable the 802.11b monitor mode, use the config advanced 802.11b monitor mode command.

```
>config advanced 802.11b monitor mode <enable/disable>
```

Syntax	config advanced 802.11b monitor mode <enable/disable>	Configure parameters. Advanced 802.11b parameters. Monitor mode. Enable or disable.
Defaults	Enabled.	
Examples	>config advanced 802.11b monitor mode enable	
Related Commands	show advanced 802.11b monitor, config advanced 802.11a monitor mode	



config advanced 802.11b monitor noise

To set the 802.11b/g noise measurement interval between 60 and 3600 seconds, use the config advanced 802.11b monitor noise command.

```
>config advanced 802.11b monitor noise <seconds>
```

Syntax	config advanced 802.11b monitor noise <seconds>	Configure parameters. Advanced 802.11b/g parameters. Monitor noise interval. 60 to 3600 seconds
---------------	---	--

Defaults 180 seconds.

Examples `>config advanced 802.11b monitor noise 120`
to set the noise measurement interval to 120 seconds.

Related Commands show advanced 802.11b monitor, config advanced 802.11a monitor noise



config advanced 802.11b monitor signal

To set the 802.11b/g signal measurement interval between 60 and 3600 seconds, use the config advanced 802.11b monitor signal command.

```
>config advanced 802.11b monitor signal <seconds>
```

Syntax	config advanced 802.11b monitor signal <seconds>	Configure parameters. Advanced 802.11b/g parameters. Monitor signal interval. 60 to 3600 seconds
---------------	--	---

Defaults 60 seconds.

Examples `>config advanced 802.11b monitor signal 120`
to set the signal measurement interval to 120 seconds.

Related Commands show advanced 802.11b monitor, config advanced 802.11a monitor signal



config advanced 802.11b receiver

To set the advanced receiver configuration, use the config advanced 802.11b receiver command.

```
>config advanced 802.11b receiver <default/rxstart>
```

Syntax	config advanced 802.11b receiver <default/rxstart>	Configure parameters. Advanced 802.11b parameters. Receiver configuration. default configuration/start configuration
Defaults	(None)	
Examples	>config advanced 802.11b receiver default	Cannot change receiver params while network is enabled
Related Commands	config advanced 802.11a receiver	



config advanced 802.11b txpower-update

To initiate updates of the 802.11b transmit power for every Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point, use the config advanced 802.11b txpower-update command.

```
>config advanced 802.11b txpower-update
```

Syntax	config advanced 802.11b txpower-update	Configure parameters. Advanced 802.11b parameters. Update transmission power
Defaults	(None)	
Examples	>config advanced 802.11b txpower-update	
Related Commands	config advance 802.11a txpower-update	

config advanced 802.11b profile clients

To set the number of 802.11b/g Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point clients threshold between 1 and 75 clients, use the config advanced 802.11b profile clients command.

```
>config advanced 802.11b profile clients <global/Cisco AP> <value>
```

Syntax	config advanced 802.11b profile clients global/<Cisco AP> <value>	Configure parameters. Advanced 802.11b/g parameters. Client profiles. Global or Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point specific profile. 1 to 75 clients.
Defaults	12 clients	
Examples	> config advanced 802.11b profile clients global 25 to set the Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point clients threshold for all Cisco Radios to 25.	
	> config advanced 802.11b profile clients AP1 75 to set the Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point clients threshold for AP1 to 75.	

Related Commands config advanced 802.11a profile clients

config advanced 802.11b profile coverage

To set the 802.11b/g Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point coverage threshold between 3 and 50 dB, use the config advanced 802.11b profile coverage command.

```
>config advanced 802.11b profile coverage <global/Cisco AP> <value>
```

Syntax	config advanced 802.11b profile coverage global/<Cisco AP> <value>	Configure parameters. Advanced 802.11b/g parameters. Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point profile coverage Global or Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point specific profile <value> 3 to 50 dB
Defaults	12 dB	
Examples	<pre>>config advanced 802.11b profile coverage global 30</pre>	to set the Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point coverage threshold for all Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access points to 30 dB.
	<pre>>config advanced 802.11b profile coverage AP1 50</pre>	to set the Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point coverage threshold for AP1 to 50 dB.

Related Commands config advanced 802.11a profile coverage



config advanced 802.11b profile customize

To turn customization on or off for an 802.11b/g Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point performance profile, use the config advanced 802.11b profile customize command.

```
>config advanced 802.11b profile customize <Cisco AP> <on|off>
```

Syntax	config advanced 802.11b	Configure parameters. Advanced 802.11b/g parameters.
Defaults	Off	
Example:	>config advanced 802.11b profile customize on	to turn customization on for the AP1 performance profile.
Related Commands	config advanced 802.11a profile customize	

config advanced 802.11b profile exception

To set the 802.11b/g Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point coverage exception level between 0 and 100 percent, use the config advanced 802.11b profile exception command.

```
>config advanced 802.11b profile exception <global/Cisco AP> <value=0 to 100 percent>
```

Syntax	config advanced 802.11b profile exception global/<Cisco AP> <value>	Configure parameters. Advanced 802.11b/g parameters. Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point profile exception Global or Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point specific profile 0 to 100 percent
Defaults	25%	
Examples	>config advanced 802.11b profile exception global 0	to set the Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point coverage exception level for all Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access points to 0 percent.
	>config advanced 802.11b profile exception AP1 100	to set the Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point coverage exception level for AP1 to 100 percent.

Related Commands config advanced 802.11a profile exception



config advanced 802.11b profile foreign

To set the foreign 802.11b/g transmitter interference threshold between 0 and 100 percent, use the config advanced 802.11b profile foreign command.

```
>config advanced 802.11b profile foreign {global/<Cisco AP>} <value> (0 to  
100 percent)
```

Syntax	config advanced 802.11b profile foreign {global/<Cisco AP>} <value> (0 to 100 percent)
Configure parameters.	config
Advanced 802.11b/g parameters.	advanced 802.11b
Foreign interference profile.	profile foreign
Global or Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point specific profile.	global/<Cisco AP>
0 to 100 percent.	<value>
Defaults	802.11b/g foreign profile = (tbd) percent.
Examples	<pre>>config advanced 802.11b profile foreign global 50</pre> to set the foreign 802.11b/g transmitter interference threshold for the whole 802.11b/g network to 50 percent. <pre>>config advanced 802.11b profile foreign AP1 0</pre> to set the foreign 802.11b/g transmitter interference threshold for AP1 to 0 percent.
Related Commands	config advanced 802.11b profile foreign

config advanced 802.11b profile level

To set the 802.11b/g Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point client minimum exception level between 1 and 75 clients, use the config advanced 802.11b profile level command.

```
>config advanced 802.11b profile level <global/Cisco AP> <value>
```

Syntax	config advanced 802.11b profile minimum global/<Cisco AP> <value>	Configure parameters. Advanced 802.11b/g parameters. Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point profile level Global or Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point specific profile <value> 1 to 75 clients
Defaults	3 clients	
Examples		<pre>>config advanced 802.11b profile level global 75</pre> to set the Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point client minimum exception level for all Cisco Radios to 75 clients.
Related Commands	config advanced 802.11a profile level	



config advanced 802.11b profile noise

To set the 802.11b/g foreign noise threshold between -127 and 0 dBm, use the config advanced 802.11b profile noise command.

```
>config advanced 802.11b profile noise <global/Cisco AP> <value>
```

Syntax	config advanced 802.11b profile noise <global/<Cisco AP>> <value>
	config Configure parameters.
	advanced 802.11b Advanced 802.11b/g parameters.
	profile noise Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point profile noise
	global/<Cisco AP> Global or Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point specific profile
	<value> -127 to 0 dBm
Defaults	-70 dB
Examples	<pre>>config advanced 802.11b profile noise global -90</pre> to set the 802.11b/g foreign noise threshold for the whole 802.11b/g network to -90 dBm. <pre>>config advanced 802.11b profile noise AP1 -30</pre> to set the 802.11b/g foreign noise threshold for AP1 to -30 dBm.
Related Commands	config advanced 802.11a profile noise

config advanced 802.11b profile throughput

To set the 802.11b/g Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point throughput threshold between 1000 and 10000000 bytes per second, use the config advanced 802.11b profile throughput command.

```
>config advanced 802.11b profile throughput <global/Cisco AP> <value>
```

Syntax	config advanced 802.11b profile throughput global/<Cisco AP> <value>	Configure parameters. Advanced 802.11b/g parameters. Throughput profile. Global or Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point specific profile. <value> 1,000 to 10,000,000 bps.
Defaults	1,000,000 bps	
Examples	> config advanced 802.11b profile throughput global 1000 to set the Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point throughput threshold for all Cisco Radios to 1000 bytes per second.	
	> config advanced 802.11b profile throughput AP1 10000000 to set the Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point throughput threshold for AP1 to 10000000 bytes per second.	
Related Commands	config advanced 802.11a profile throughput	



config advanced 802.11b profile utilization

To set the 802.11b/g RF utilization threshold between 0 and 100 percent, use the config advanced 802.11b profile utilization command.

```
>config advanced 802.11b profile utilization <global/Cisco AP> <value>
```

Syntax	config advanced 802.11b profile utilization <global/Cisco AP> <value>
	config Configure parameters. advanced 802.11b Advanced 802.11b/g parameters. profile utilization Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point profile utilization global/<Cisco AP> Global or Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point specific profile <value> 0 to 100 percent
Defaults	80%
Examples	<pre>>config advanced 802.11b profile utilization global 100</pre> to set the RF utilization threshold for the whole 802.11b/g network to 100 percent. <pre>>config advanced 802.11b profile utilization AP1 50</pre> to set the RF utilization threshold for the AP1 to 50 percent.
Related Commands	config advanced 802.11a profile utilization



config advanced client-handoff

To set the client handoff to occur after a selected number of 802.11 data packet excessive retries, use the config advanced client-handoff command.

```
>config advanced client-handoff <value = 0-255>
```

Syntax config advanced client-handoff <value> Configure parameters.
Advanced parameters.
0 to 255 excessive retries before client handoff.

Defaults 0 excessive retries (disabled).

Examples >config advanced client-handoff 100
to set the client handoff to 100 excessive retries.

Related Commands show advanced client-handoff



config advanced statistics

To enable or disable Cisco Wireless LAN Controller port statistics collection, use the config advanced statistics command.

```
>config advanced statistics <enable/disable>
```

Syntax	config advanced statistics <enable/disable>	Configure parameters. Advanced parameters. Statistics. Enable or disable statistics.
---------------	---	---

Defaults Enabled.

Examples

```
>config advanced statistics disable
```

 to disable statistics.

Related Commands show advanced statistics, show stats port, show stats switch



CONFIG ADVANCED TIMERS COMMANDS

User the following config advanced timers commands:

- [config advanced timers ap-discovery-timeout](#)
- [config advanced timers ap-heartbeat-timeout](#)
- [config advanced timers auth-timeout](#)
- [config advanced timers eap-timeout](#)
- [show advanced timers eap-identity-request-delay](#)

config advanced timers ap-discovery-timeout

The Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point discovery time-out is how often a Cisco Wireless LAN Controller attempts to discover unconnected Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access points. To configure the Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point discovery time-out, use the config advanced timers ap-discovery-timeout command.

```
>config advanced timers ap-discovery-timeout <seconds>
```

Syntax	config advanced timers ap-discovery-timeout <seconds>	Configure parameters. Advanced parameters. Network timers. Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point discovery timeout. Timeout period 1-10 seconds.
Defaults	10 seconds.	
Example		>config advanced timers ap-discovery-timeout 20
Related Commands	show advanced timers	



config advanced timers ap-heartbeat-timeout

The Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point heartbeat timeout controls how often the Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point sends a heartbeat keep-alive signal to the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller. To configure the Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point heartbeat timeout, use the config advanced timers ap-heartbeat-timeout command.

```
>config advanced timers ap-heartbeat-timeout <seconds>
```

Syntax	config advanced timers ap-heartbeat-timeout <seconds>	Configure parameters. Advanced parameters. Network timers. Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point heartbeat timeout. Timeout period 1-30 seconds.
Defaults	30 seconds.	
Example		>config advanced timers ap-heartbeat-timeout 20
Related Commands	show advanced timers	



config advanced timers auth-timeout

To configure the authentication timeout, use the config advanced timers auth-timeout command.

```
>config advanced timers auth-timeout <seconds>
```

Syntax	config advanced timers auth-timeout <seconds>	Configure parameters. Advanced parameters. Network timers. Authentication response timeout. Timeout period in seconds.
---------------	---	--

Defaults 10 seconds.

Example `>config advanced timers auth-timeout 20`

Related Commands show advanced timers



config advanced timers eap-timeout

To configure the EAP expiration timeout, use the config advanced timers eap-timeout command.

```
>config advanced timers eap-timeout <seconds>
```

Syntax	config advanced timers eap-timeout <seconds>	Configure parameters. Advanced parameters. Network timers. EAP timeout. Timeout period in seconds between 8 and 60.
Defaults	(None.)	
Example		>config advanced timers eap-timeout 10
Related Commands		show advanced timers



config advanced timers eap-identity-request-delay

To configure the advanced EAP identity request delay in seconds, use the config advanced timers eap-identity-request-delay command.

```
>show advanced timers eap-identity-request-delay <seconds>
```

Syntax	show advanced timers eap-identity-request-delay <seconds>
	show Display configurations.
	advanced Advanced parameters.
	timers eap-identity-request-delay Advanced system timers.
	<seconds> Number of seconds between 0 and 10.
Defaults	None.
Examples	>show advanced timers eap-identity-request-delay 8
Related Commands	config advanced timers auth-timeout, config advanced timers rogue-ap, show advanced timers

CONFIG AP COMMANDS

Use the following config ap commands:

- [config ap disable](#)
- [config ap enable](#)
- [config ap get-crash-data](#)
- [config ap group-name](#)
- [config ap location](#)
- [config ap mode](#)
- [config ap name](#)
- [config ap primary-base](#)
- [config ap remote-debug](#)
- [config ap reporting-period](#)
- [config ap reset](#)
- [config ap sniff 802.11a](#)
- [config ap sniff 802.11b](#)
- [config ap stats-timer](#)
- [config ap secondary-base](#)
- [config ap tertiary-base](#)
- [config ap static-ip](#)
- [config ap wlan](#)



config ap disable

To disable a Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point, use the config ap disable command.

```
>config ap disable <Cisco AP>
```

Syntax	config ap disable <Cisco AP>	Configure parameters. Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point. Disable command. Name of the Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point.
Defaults	(none)	
Examples	>config ap disable AP1	
Related Commands	config ap enable	



config ap enable

To enable a Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point, use the config ap enable command.

```
>config ap enable <Cisco AP>
```

Syntax	config ap enable <Cisco AP>	Configure parameters. Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point. Enable command. Name of the Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point.
Defaults	(none)	
Examples	>config ap enable AP1	
Related Commands	config ap disable	



config ap get-crash-data

To collect the latest crash data for a Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point, use the config ap get-crash-data command. Use the [transfer upload datatype](#) command to transfer the collected data to the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller.

```
>config ap get-crash-data <Cisco AP>
```

Syntax	config ap get-crash-data <Cisco AP>	Configure parameters. Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point. Enable command. Name of the Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point.
Defaults	(none)	
Examples		>config ap get-crash-data AP3



config ap group-name

To specify a descriptive group name for a Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point, use the config ap group-name command. The Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point must be disabled before changing this parameter.

```
>config ap group-name <groupname> <Cisco AP>
```

Syntax	config ap group name <Cisco AP>	Configure parameters. Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point. Descriptive group name a. Name of the Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point.
Defaults	(none)	
Examples		>config ap group-name superusers AP01
Related Commands		show ap summary

config ap location

To modify the descriptive location of a Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point, use the config ap location command. The Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point must be disabled before changing this parameter.

```
>config ap location "<location>" <Cisco AP>
```

Syntax	config ap location " <location> " <Cisco AP>	Configure parameters. Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point. Descriptive location. Location name (enclosed by double quotation marks). Name of the Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point.
Defaults	(none)	
Examples		>config ap location "Building 1" AP1
Related Commands		show ap summary



config ap mode

Cisco Wireless LAN Controllers communicate with Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access points in one of three modes: local (normal), reap (remote office, must connect to a Cisco 1030 remote edge lightweight access point), or monitor (listen-only). To change a Cisco Wireless LAN Controller communication option for an individual Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point, use the config ap mode command.

Note that the bridge mode can be set only on Cisco 1030 remote edge lightweight access points.

```
>config ap mode [local/reap/monitor/rogue/sniffer/bridge] <Cisco AP>
```

Syntax	config ap mode local/reap/monitor/ rogue/sniffer/bridge <Cisco AP>	Configure boot option. Set the Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point for local (normal), reap (remote office), monitor (listen-only), rogue (rogue detector), sniffer (wireless sniffer) or bridge (bridge access point) mode. Name of the Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point.
---------------	---	---

Defaults Local.

Examples

```
>config ap mode local AP01
```

sets the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller to communicate with AP01 in local (normal) mode.

```
>config ap mode reap AP91
```

sets the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller to communicate with Cisco 1030 remote edge lightweight access point AP91 in remote office mode.

```
>config ap mode monitor AP02
```

sets the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller to communicate with AP02 in monitor (listen-only) mode.

```
>config ap mode rogue AP91
```

sets the AP91 in rogue access point detector mode.

```
>config ap mode sniffer AP02
```

sets the AP02 in wireless sniffer mode. It will capture and forward all the packets from the clients on that channel to a remote machine that runs AiroPeek (A packet analyzer for IEEE 802.11 wireless LANs). It will include information on timestamp, signal strength, packet size and so on.

```
>config ap mode bridge AP91
```

sets the AP91 in bridge mode.

Note that the bridge mode can be set only on a Cisco 1030 remote edge lightweight access point.

Related Commands show ap config



config ap name

To modify the name of a Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point, use the config ap name command.

```
>config ap name <New AP name> <Old AP name>
```

Syntax	config ap name <New AP name> <Old AP name>	Configure parameters. Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point. Name of the Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point. Desired Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point name. Current Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point name.
Defaults	(none)	
Examples		>config ap name AP1 AP2
Related Commands		show ap config



config ap primary-base

To set the Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point primary Cisco Wireless LAN Controller, use the config ap primary-base command. The Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point associates with this Cisco Wireless LAN Controller for all network operation and in the event of a hardware reset.

```
>config ap primary-base <Controller name> <Cisco AP>
```

Syntax	config ap primary-base <Controller name> <Cisco AP>	Configure parameters. Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point. Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point primary Cisco Wireless LAN Controller. Name of Cisco Wireless LAN Controller. Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point name.
Defaults	(none)	
Examples	>config ap primary-base SW_1 AP2	
Related Commands	show sysinfo, config sysname, config ap secondary-base, config ap tertiary-base	

config ap remote-debug

To enable or disable remote debugging of a Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point or to remotely execute a command on a Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point, use the config ap remote-debug command.

```
>config ap remote-debug [enable/disable/exc-command] (command) <Cisco AP>
```

Syntax	config ap remote-debug [enable/disable/ exc-command] (command) <Cisco AP>	Configure parameters. Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point. Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point remote debug/remote command. Enable or disable remote debugging of a Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point, or remotely execute a command. Optional command to be executed. Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point name.
Defaults	Disabled.	
Examples		<pre>>config ap remote-debug enable AP01</pre> to enable remote debugging on AP01. <pre>>config ap remote-debug disable AP02</pre> to disable remote debugging on AP02. <pre>>config ap remote-debug exc-command (command) AP03</pre> to execute Cisco Technical Assistance Center (TAC)-provided commands on AP03.
Related Commands	show sysinfo, config sysname	



config ap reporting-period

To reset a Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point, use the config ap reset command.

```
>config ap reporting-period <period>
```

Syntax	config ap reporting-period <period>	Configure parameters. Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point. Reporting-period command. Time period in seconds between 10 and 120.
Defaults	(none)	
Example		>config ap reporting-period 120
Related Commands		show ap config 802.11a, show ap config 802.11ab



config ap reset

To reset a Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point, use the config ap reset command.

```
>config ap reset <Cisco AP>
```

Syntax	config ap reset <Cisco AP>	Configure parameters. Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point. Reset command. Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point name.
Defaults	(none)	
Example		>config ap reset AP2
Related Commands		show ap config

config ap sniff 802.11a

To enable or disable sniffing on a Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point radio, use the config ap sniff 802.11a command.

When the sniffer feature is enabled on a Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point, it starts sniffing the signal on the given channel. It captures and forwards all the packets to the remote computer that runs Airopeek, a packet analyzer for IEEE 802.11 wireless LANs. It includes information on timestamp, signal strength, packet size and so on.

Before a Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point can act as a sniffer, a remote computer that runs Airopeek must be set up so that it can receive packets sent by the Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point. After the Airopeek installation, copy the following .dll files to the location where airopeek is installed.

- socket.dll file to the Plug-ins folder (Example: C:\Program Files\WildPackets\AiroPeek\Plugins)
- socketres.dll file to the PluginRes folder (Example: C:\Program Files\WildPackets\AiroPeek\1033\PluginRes)

```
>config ap sniff 802.11a <enable/disable><channel><Server-IpAddr><Cisco AP name>]
```

Syntax	config ap sniff [802.11a <enable/disable> <chan> <Server-IpAddr> <Cisco AP name>]	Configure parameters. Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point. Sniffer command. Enable or disable the 802.11a radio Sniffer Channel The sniffer server (remote Airopeek ip address) Cisco AP name.
Defaults	(none)	
Example	>config ap sniff 80211a enable 23 11.22.44.55 AP01	
Related Commands	show ap config, config ap sniff 802.11b	

config ap sniff 802.11b

To enable or disable sniffing on a Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point radio, use the config ap sniff 802.11b command.

When the sniffer feature is enabled on a Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point, it starts sniffing the signal on the given channel. It captures and forwards all the packets to the remote computer that runs Airopeek (A packet analyzer for IEEE 802.11 wireless LANs). It includes information on timestamp, signal strength, packet size and so on.

Before a Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point can act as a sniffer, a remote computer that runs Airopeek must be set up so that it can receive packets sent by the Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point. After the Airopeek installation, copy the following .dll files to the location where airopeek is installed.

- socket.dll file to the Plug-ins folder (Example: C:\Program Files\WildPackets\AiroPeek\Plugins)
- socketres.dll file to the PluginRes folder (Example: C:\Program Files\WildPackets\AiroPeek\1033\PluginRes)

```
>config ap sniff 802.11b <enable/disable><channel><Server-IpAddr><Cisco AP name>
```

Syntax	config ap sniff 802.11b <enable/disable><channel><Server-IpAddr><Cisco AP name>	Configure parameters. Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point. Sniffer command. Enable or disable the 802.11b radio Sniffer Channel The sniffer server (remote Airopeek ip address) Cisco AP name.
Defaults	(none)	
Example		>config ap sniff 802.11b enable 23 11.22.44.55 AP01
Related Commands		show ap config, config ap sniff 802.11a



config ap stats-timer

Use this command to set the time in seconds that the Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point sends its DOT11 statistics to the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller. A value of 0 (zero) means the Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point will not send any DOT11 statistics. The acceptable range for the timer is from 0 to 65535 seconds, and the Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point must be disabled to set this value.

```
>config ap stats-timer <period> <Cisco AP>
```

Syntax	config ap stats-timer <period> <Cisco AP>	Configure parameters. Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point. Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point primary Cisco Wireless LAN Controller. Time in seconds. Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point name.
Defaults	0 (disabled)	
Examples	>config ap stats-timer 600 AP2	
Related Commands	config ap disable	



config ap secondary-base

To set the Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point secondary Cisco Wireless LAN Controller, use the config ap secondary-base command. The Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point associates with this Cisco Wireless LAN Controller for all network operation and in the event of a hardware reset.

```
>config ap secondary-base <Controller name> <Cisco AP>
```

Syntax	config ap primary-base <Controller name> <Cisco AP>	Configure parameters. Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point. Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point secondary Cisco Wireless LAN Controller. Name of Cisco Wireless LAN Controller. Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point name.
Defaults	(none)	
Examples	>config ap secondary-base SW_1 AP2	
Related Commands	show sysinfo, config sysname, config ap primary-base, config ap tertiary-base	



config ap tertiary-base

To set the Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point tertiary Cisco Wireless LAN Controller, use the config ap tertiary-base command. The Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point associates with this Cisco Wireless LAN Controller for all network operation and in the event of a hardware reset.

```
>config ap tertiary-base <Controller name> <Cisco AP>
```

Syntax	config ap tertiary-base	Configure parameters. Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point. Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point tertiary Cisco Wireless LAN Controller.
	<Controller name>	Name of Cisco Wireless LAN Controller.
	<Cisco AP>	Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point name.
Defaults	(none)	
Examples	>config ap tertiary-base SW_1 AP2	
Related Commands	show sysinfo, config sysname, config ap secondary-base, config ap primary-base	

config ap static-ip

To configure an Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point static IP address configuration, use the config ap static-ip command.

```
>config ap static-ip [enable/disable <Cisco AP name> <IP addr> <IP mask>  
<gateway>
```

Syntax	config ap static-ip [enable/ disable] <Cisco AP name> <IP address> <IP mask> <gateway>	Configure parameters. Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point. Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point static IP address Configure the Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point static IP address Disable the Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point static IP address. The Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point uses DHCP to get the IP address. Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point name. Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point IP address IP Mask Gateway
Defaults	(none)	
Examples	>config ap static-ip enable AP2 1.1.1.1 255.255.255.0 10.1.1.1	
Related Commands	show sysinfo, config sysname, config ap secondary-base, config ap primary-base	



config ap wlan

To enable or disable WLAN Override for a Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point radio, and to add or delete WLANs to or from a Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point radio, as described in the [Product Guide](#), use the config ap wlan commands.

```
>config ap wlan [add/delete/enable/disable] [802.11a/802.11b] (WLAN ID)
<Cisco AP>
```

Syntax	config ap wlan enable/disable/ add/delete	Configure parameters. Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point. Reset command. Enable or disable WLAN Override mode. Add or delete a WLAN override. (Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point must have WLAN Override enabled to add or delete a WLAN.)
	802.11a/802.11b (WLAN ID)	802.11a or 802.11b/g radio. Optional Cisco Wireless LAN Controller ID assigned to a WLAN.
	<Cisco AP>	Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point name.
Defaults	(none)	
Example	<pre>>config ap wlan enable 802.11a AP03</pre> <p>to enable WLAN Override on the AP03 802.11a radio.</p>	
	<pre>>config ap wlan add 802.11a 1 AP03</pre> <p>to add WLAN ID 1 on the AP03 802.11a radio.</p>	
	<pre>>config ap wlan delete 802.11a AP03</pre> <p>to delete WLAN ID 1 from the AP03 802.11a radio.</p>	
Related Commands	show ap wlan	

config exclusionlist

To create or delete an Exclusion List (blacklisted) entry, use the config exclusionlist command.

```
>config exclusionlist [add/delete] <MAC addr> [description]
```

Syntax

config exclusionlist	Configure the Exclusion List.
add/delete	Creates/deletes a local Excluded entry.
MAC addr	MAC address of the local Excluded entry.
description	Sets the description for a Excluded entry.

Defaults

(none)

Examples

```
>config exclusionlist add 0:0b:85:01:18:b0 lab  
>config exclusionlist delete 0:0b:85:01:18:b0 lab
```

Related Commands

show exclusionlist



config boot

Each Cisco Wireless LAN Controller can boot off the primary, last-loaded OS image or boot off the backup, earlier-loaded OS image. To change a Cisco Wireless LAN Controller boot option, use the config boot command.

```
>config boot [primary/backup]
```

Syntax	config boot primary/backup	Configure boot option. Primary image or backup image.
Defaults	primary	
Examples	>config boot primary >config boot backup	
Related Commands	show boot	



config certificate

To configures SSL Certificates, use the config certificate command.

```
>config certificate [generate[webadmin/webauth]/compatibility[on/off]]
```

Syntax	config certificate	Command action.
	generate	Generates new certificates.
	webadmin	Generates a new web administration certificate
	webauth	Generates a new web authentication certificate
	compatibility[on/off]	Enables or disables compatibility mode for inter-Cisco Wireless LAN Controller ipsec

Defaults	N/A
-----------------	-----

Examples	<pre>>config certificate generate webadmin</pre>
	Creating a certificate may take some time. Do you wish to continue? (y/n)

```
>config certificate compatibility
```

Related Commands	show certificate summary, show certificate compatibility
-------------------------	--



config client deauthenticate

To disconnect a client, use the config client deauthenticate command.

```
>config client deauthenticate <MAC Address>
```

Syntax	config client deauthenticate <MAC address>	Configure parameters. Network client. Deauthenticate command. Client MAC address.
Defaults	(none)	
Examples		>config client deauthenticate 11:11:11:11:11:11
Related Commands		show client summary, show client detail

config country

To configure the country code, use the config country command. Use the show country command to display a list of supported countries.

- ▶ **Note:** Refer to [Cisco WLAN Solution Supported Country Codes](#) in the [Product Guide](#) for the most recent country codes and regulatory domains.

>config country <country-code>

Syntax	<code>config country <country-code></code>	Configure parameters. Set this Cisco Wireless LAN Controller to comply with selected country's regulations. Select country.
Defaults	Country code = US (United States of America).	
Examples	<code>>config country us</code>	to configure the country code for use in the United States of America, which allows 802.11a and 802.11b/g transmissions.
Related Commands	show country	



config custom-web

To configure the custom-web authentication page, use the config custom-web command.

```
>config custom-web {redirectUrl <string>/weblogo [enable/disable]/webmessage  
<string>/webtitle <string>/ext-webauth-mode [enable/disable]/ext-webauth-url  
<ExternalAuthorizationURL>}
```

Syntax	config custom-web redirectUrl <string> weblogo [enable/disable] webmessage <string> webtitle <string> ext-webauth-mode ext-webauth-url	Command action. Enable/disable the custom redirect URL. Enable/disable the Web Authentication logo. Set the customer message text for Web Authentication. Set the custom title text for Web Authentication. Enable or disable external URL web-based client authorization. The URL used for web-based client authorization.
Defaults	(none)	
Examples		<pre>>config custom-web redirectUrl abc.com >config custom-web weblogo/weblogo enable >config custom-web webmessage Thisistheplace >config custom-web webtitle Helpdesk >config custom-web ext-webauth-mode enable >config custom-web ext-webauth-url http://www.AuthorizationURL.com/</pre>
Related Commands	show custom-web	



config database

To configure the local database, use the config database command. Use the show database command to display local database configuration.

>config database <size>

Syntax	config database <size>	Command action. A database size between 512 and 2040
Defaults	None.	
Examples	>config dhcp lease 003 Configures the dhcp lease for scope 003.	
Related Commands	show database	

config dhcp

To configure the internal DHCP, use the config dhcp command. Use the show dhcp command to display the internal DHCP configuration.

```
>config dhcp
```

Syntax	config dhcp Command action. address-pool <scope name> <start> <end> Configure an address range to allocate. create-scope <name> Create a new dhcp scope. default-router <scope> Configure the default routers. delete-scope <scope name> Delete a dhcp scope. disable <enable/disable> <scope name> Disable a scope. dns-servers <scope name> <dns1> [dns2] [dns3] Configure the name servers. domain <scope name> <domain> Configure the DNS Domain Name. enable <enable/disable> <scope name> Enable a scope. lease <scope name> <lease seconds> Configure the lease time (in seconds). netbios-name-server <scope name> <wubs1> [wins2] [wins2] [wins3] Configure the netbios name servers. network <scope name> <network> <netmask> Configure the network and netmask.
Defaults	None.
Examples	>config dhcp lease 003 Configures the dhcp lease for the scope 003
Related Commands	show dhcp



config known ap

To configure a known Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point, use the config known ap command.

```
>config known ap <add/alert/delete> <Known AP MAC address>
```

Syntax	config known ap add/alert/delete <MAC address>	Configure parameters. Known Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point. Command action. MAC address of the known Cisco 1000 Series light-weight access point.
Defaults	(none)	
Example		>config known ap add ac:10:02:72:2f:bf 12
Related Commands	config ap	



CONFIG INTERFACE COMMANDS

Use the following config interface commands:

- [config interface acl](#)
- [config interface address](#)
- [config interface create](#)
- [config interface delete](#)
- [config interface dhcp](#)
- [config interface hostname](#)
- [config interface port](#)
- [config interface vlan](#)



config interface acl

To configure an interface's Access Control List, use the config interface acl command.

```
>config interface acl <ap-manager/management/vlan-intf-name> <ACL name/none>
```

Syntax

config interface acl	Command action
ap-manager	Configures the AP Manager interface.
management	Configures the management interface.
<vlan-intf-name>	Enter interface name.
<ACL name/none>	Access control list or none.

Defaults

N/A

Examples

```
>config interface acl management none
```

Related Commands

show interface



config interface address

To configure an interface's address information, use the config interface address command.

```
>config interface address [ap-manager <ipaddress>/management <addr> <netmask>  
<gateway>/service port <addr> <netmask>/virtual <addr>] <interface-name>
```

Syntax

config interface address Command action.
ap-manager <IP address> Configures the AP Manager interface.
management <addr> Configures the management interface.
 <netmask> <gateway>
service-port <addr> Configures the out-of-band service Port.
 <netmask>
virtual <addr> Configures the virtual gateway interface.
<interface-name> Enter interface name.

Defaults

N/A

Examples

```
>config interface address ap-manger 172.168.2.3
```

Related Commands

show interface

config interface create

To add a new dynamic interface, use the config interface create command.

```
>config interface create <interface-name> <vlan-id>
```

Syntax config interface create <interface-name> <vlan-id> Command action
Interface name.
VLAN id.

Defaults N/A

Examples >config interface create lab2 6

Related Commands show interface



config interface delete

To delete a dynamic interface, use the config interface delete command.

```
>config interface delete <interface-name>
```

Syntax config interface delete <interface-name> Command action.
Interface name.

Defaults N/A

Examples >config interface delete VLAN501

Related Commands show interface



config interface dhcp

To configure DHCP options on an interface, use the config interface dhcp command.

```
>config interface dhcp ap-manager/management/service-port <interface-name>
```

Syntax	config interface dhcp ap-manager management service-port <interface-name>	Command action. Configures the AP Manager interface. Configures the Management Interface. Configures the out-of-band service Port with disable or enable. Enter interface name.
Defaults	N/A	
Examples	>config interface dhcp service-port DHCP02	
Related Commands	show interface	



config interface hostname

To configure the virtual interface's virtual DNS host name, use the config interface hostname command.

```
>config interface hostname <virtual> <DNS Host Name>
```

Syntax	config interface hostname Command action.
virtual	Configures the virtual gateway interface. (The Virtual Gateway IP Address is any fictitious, unassigned IP address, such as 1.1.1.1, to be used by Layer 3 Security and Mobility managers.)
<DNS Host Name>	DNS Host Name.
Defaults	N/A
Examples	>config interface hostname 1.1.1.1 DNS_Host
Related Commands	show interface



config interface port

To assign an interface to a physical port, use the config interface port command.

```
>config interface port <ap-manager/management/vlan-intf-name> <port number>
```

Syntax	config interface port	Command action.
	ap-manager	AP management interface
	management	The Management Interface.
	vlan-intf-name	VLAN or interface name
	<port number>	Port number for the interface.

Defaults N/A

Examples >config interface port management 3

Related Commands show interface



config interface vlan

To configure an interface's VLAN Identifier, use the config interface vlan command.

```
>config interface vlan <management/vlan-intf-name> <vlan>
```

Syntax

config interface vlan	Command action.
management	The management interface.
vlan-intf-name	VLAN identifier name.
<vlan>	VLAN id.

Defaults

N/A

Examples

```
>config interface vlan management 01  
Request failed - Active WLAN using interface. Disable WLAN first.
```

Related Commands

show interface



config load-balancing

To change the state of the load-balancing feature, use the config load-balancing command.

```
>config load-balancing status[enable/disable]/window <client count>
```

Syntax	config load-balancing status[enable/disable] window<client count>	Configure parameters. Aggressive load-balancing Enable or disable the aggressive load balancing status Set the aggressive load balancing client window with the number of clients from 0 to 20.
Defaults	Enabled	
Examples	>config load-balancing enable	
Related Command	show load-balancing	



config interface vlan

To configure an interface's VLAN Identifier, use the config interface vlan command.

```
>config interface vlan <management/vlan-intf-name> <vlan>
```

Syntax

config interface vlan	Command action.
management	The management interface.
vlan-intf-name	VLAN identifier name.
<vlan>	VLAN id.

Defaults

N/A

Examples

```
>config interface vlan management 01  
Request failed - Active WLAN using interface. Disable WLAN first.
```

Related Commands

show interface



config location add

To create a new Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point location, use the config location add command.

```
>config location add <location name>
```

Syntax	config location add <location name>	Configure parameters. Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point location. Add a location. Name of a location.
Defaults	(none)	
Examples		>config location add warehouse
Related Commands		show location, config location enable/disable, config location delete, config location description, config interlace-mapping



config location delete

To delete an existing Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point location, use the config location delete command.

```
>config location delete <location name>
```

Syntax	config location delete <location name>	Configure parameters. Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point location. Delete a location. Name of a location.
Defaults	(none)	
Examples		>config location delete warehouse
Related Commands		show location, config location add, config location enable/disable, config location description, config interlace-mapping



config location description

To specify a description of a Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point location, use the config location description command.

```
>config location description <location name><description>]
```

Syntax	config location description <location name><description>	Configure parameters. Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point location. Description of a location. Name of a location. Description of a location.
Defaults	(none)	
Examples		>config location description warehouse bld02
Related Commands		show location, config location add, config location delete, config location enable/disable, config interlace-mapping



config location enable/disable

To enable or disable Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point location-based overrides, use the config location disable/enable command.

```
>config location <enable/disable>
```

Syntax	config location	Configure parameters. Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point location.
	Enable or disable	Enable or disable location-based overrides.
Defaults	(none)	
Examples	>config location disable	
Related Commands	show location, config location add, config location delete, config location description, config interlace-mapping	



config location interface-mapping

To add or delete a new Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point location/WLAN/interface mapping, use the config location interface-mapping command.

```
>config location interface-mapping{add/delete}><location name><wlan  
ID><interface name>
```

Syntax	config location interface-mapping { add/delete } > <location name> <wlan ID>] <interface name>	Configure parameters. Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point location. Add or delete a new location/WLAN/interface mapping. Name of a location. Wlan ID. Interface name.
Defaults	(none)	
Examples	>config location interface-mapping add warehouse 13	
Related Commands	show location, config location add, config location delete, config location description, config location disable/enable	



CONFIG MACFILTER COMMANDS

Use the following config macfilter commands.

- [config macfilter add](#)
- [config macfilter delete](#)
- [config macfilter description](#)
- [config macfilter interface](#)
- [config macfilter mac-delimiter](#)
- [config macfilter radius-compat](#)
- [config macfilter wlan-id](#)



config macfilter add

To create a MAC filter entry on the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller, use the config mac filter add command. Use this command to add a client locally to a WLAN on the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller. This filter bypasses the RADIUS authentication process.

```
>config macfilter add <MAC address> <WLAN ID>[interface name][description]
```

Syntax

config	Configure parameters.
macfilter	Local MAC address filter.
add	Add a client.
<MAC address>	Client MAC address.
<WLAN ID>	Client WLAN.
[interface name]	Name of the interface
[description]	Short description of the interface

Defaults

(none)

Examples

```
>config macfilter add 11:11:11:11:11:11 1 lab02 labconnect
```

Related Commands

show macfilter



config macfilter delete

Use to remove a local client from the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller.

```
>config macfilter delete <MAC addr>
```

Syntax	config macfilter delete <MAC addr>	Configure parameters. Local MAC address filter. Delete a client. Client MAC address.
Defaults	(none)	
Examples	>config macfilter delete 11:11:11:11:11:11 Deleted user 111111111111	
Related Commands	show macfilter	



config macfilter description

Use to add a description to a MAC filter.

```
>config macfilter description <MAC addr> <username>"<description>"
```

Syntax	config macfilter delete <MAC address> <username> "<description>"	Configure parameters. Local MAC address filter. Delete a client. Client MAC address. An existing MAC filter user name. Optional description, up to 32 characters, in double quotes.
Defaults	(none)	
Examples		>config macfilter description 11:11:11:11:11:11 engineer1 "MAC Filter 01"
Related Commands	show macfilter	



config macfilter interface

Use to add a MAC filter client interface name.

```
>config macfilter interface <MAC addr> <interface>
```

Syntax	config macfilter interface <MAC address> <interface>"	Configure parameters. Local MAC address filter. Interface name. Client MAC address. interface name.
---------------	---	---

Defaults (none)

Examples >config macfilter interface 11:11:11:11:11:11 Lab01

Related Commands show macfilter



config macfilter mac-delimiter

To set the MAC delimiter (none, colon, or hyphen) for MAC addresses sent to RADIUS servers, use the config macfilter mac-delimiter command.

```
>config macfilter mac-delimiter <colon|hyphen|none|single-hyphen>
```

Syntax	config	Configure parameters.
	macfilter	Local MAC address filter.
	mac-delimiter	MAC address format for RADIUS servers.
	<none colon hyphen single-hyphen>	MAC delimiter format. ("none" disables delimiters.)

Defaults	(none)
-----------------	--------

Examples	>config macfilter mac-delimiter colon
	To have OS send MAC address to RADIUS servers in the form
	aa:bb:cc:dd:ee:ff.

>config macfilter mac-delimiter hyphen	To have OS send MAC address to RADIUS servers in the form
	aa-bb-cc-dd-ee-ff.

>config macfilter mac-delimiter none	To have OS send MAC address to RADIUS servers in the form aabbcccddeeff.
--------------------------------------	--

Related Commands	show macfilter
-------------------------	----------------



config macfilter radius-compat

Use to configure the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller for compatibility with selected RADIUS servers.

```
>config macfilter radius-compat {cisco/free/other}
```

Syntax	config macfilter radius-compat {cisco/free/other}	Configure parameters. Local MAC address filter. Compatibility with selected RADIUS server. RADIUS server compatibility.
Defaults	Other.	
Examples		>config macfilter radius-compat other
Related Commands		show macfilter



config macfilter wlan-id

To modify a client WLAN, use the config macfilter wlan-id command.

```
>config macfilter wlan-id <MAC address> <wlan-id>
```

Syntax	config macfilter wlan-id <MAC address> <wlan-id>	Configure parameters. Local MAC address filter Modify client WLAN Client MAC address New WLAN identification number
Defaults	(none)	
Examples		>config macfilter wlanid 11:11:11:11:11:11 2
Related Commands		show macfilter, show wlan



CONFIG MGMTUSER COMMANDS

Use the following config mgmtuser commands:

- [config mgmtuser add](#)
- [config mgmtuser delete](#)
- [config mgmtuser description](#)
- [config mgmtuser password](#)



config mgmtuser add

To add a management user login to the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller, use the config mgmtuser add command.

```
>config mgmtuser add <username> <password> [read-write/  
read-only][description]
```

Syntax	config mgmtuser add <username> <password> [read-write/read-only] [description]	Configure parameters. Management user account Add a management user account Account username Account password Account privileges Short description
Defaults	(none)	
Examples		>config mgmtuser add admin admin read-write
Related Commands		show mgmtuser



config mgmtuser delete

To delete a management user login to the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller, use the config mgmtuser delete command.

```
>config mgmtuser delete <username>
```

Syntax	config mgmtuser delete <username>	Configure parameters. Management user account Delete a management user account Account username up to 24 alphanumeric characters
Defaults	(none)	
Examples	>config mgmtuser delete admin	Deleted user admin
Related Commands	show mgmtuser	



config mgmtuser description

To add a description to an existing management user login to the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller, use the config mgmtuser delete command.

```
>config mgmtuser description <username> <description>
```

Syntax	config mgmtuser description <username> <description>
	config Configure parameters.
	mgmtuser Management user account.
	description Delete a management user account.
	<username> Account username.
	<description> Account description, up 24 alphanumeric characters,..
Defaults	(none)
Examples	>config mgmtuser description admin master-user
Related Commands	show mgmtuser



config mgmtuser password

To change a management user password, use the config mgmtuser password command.

```
>config mgmtuser password <username> <password>
```

Syntax	config mgmtuser password <username> <password>	Configure parameters. Management user account Add a management user account Account username up to 24 alphanumeric characters. New password
Defaults	(none)	
Examples	>config mgmtuser password admin	
Related Commands	show mgmtuser	

config mesh

To set up mesh Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point parameters, use the config mesh command.

```
>config mesh [rts11a<value>/rts11bg<value>/gcwmin<value>/gcwmax<value>/
gaifs<value>/bcwmin<value>/bcwmax<value>/baifs<value>/clientStatsPush-
Intefval<value>/qdepth<value>/hwretries<value>/linkrate<value>/set/show]
```

Syntax	config mesh <rts11a </rts11a </rts11bg </gcwmin </gcwmax </gaifs </bcwmin </bcwmax </baifs </clientStatsPushInterval </qdepth </hwretries </linkrate </set </show>	Configure parameters. Mesh command. 802.11a RTS threshold. 802.11b/g RTS threshold. Mesh Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point 802.11g cw minimum. Mesh Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point 802.11g cw maximum. Mesh Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point 802.11g aifs. Mesh Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point 802.11b cw minimum. Mesh Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point 802.11b cw maximum. Mesh Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point 802.11b aifs. Mesh Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point client statistics push internal. Mesh Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point qdepth. Mesh Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point hardware retries. Mesh Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point link rate. Send current mesh Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point parameters. Show current mesh ap parameters.
Defaults	(none)	
Examples	<pre>>config mesh show 11aRTSThreshold : 56 11bgRTSThreshold : 0 gcwMin + 0 gswMax : 0 gaifs : 0 bcwMin : 0 bcwMax : 0 baifs : 0 Qdepth : 0 hwRetries : 0 txRate : 0 client stats push interval : 0 minutes Config not set since last change /linkrate/set/show></pre>	
Related Commands	show mesh	



CONFIG MOBILITY COMMANDS

Use the following config mobility commands:

- [config mobility group member](#)
- [config mobility secure-mode](#)
- [config mobility statistics](#)



config mobility group member

To add or delete users from the mobility group member list, use the config mobility group member command.

```
>config mobility group member [add/delete] <MAC address>
```

Syntax	config mobility group [add/delete] <MAC address>	Configure parameters. Mobility group member. Enable or disable mobility group feature. Client MAC address.
Defaults	(none)	
Examples		>config mobility group member add 11:11:11:11:11:11
Related Commands	show mobility	



config mobility secure-mode

To enable or disable secure mode for the mobility messages between mobility group Cisco Wireless LAN Controllers, use the config mobility secure-mode command.

```
>config mobility secure-mode [enable/disable]
```

Syntax	config mobility secure-mode [enable/disable]	Configure parameters. Mobility group member. Secure mode. Enable or disable mobility group message security.
Defaults	(none)	
Examples	>config mobility secure-mode enable	
Related Commands	show mobility summary	



config mobility statistics

To reset the mobility group statistics, use the config mobility statistics command.

```
>config mobility statistics reset
```

Syntax	config mobility statistics reset	Configure parameters. Mobility group. Mobility group statistics. Reset the mobility group statistics.
Defaults	(none)	
Examples		>config mobility statistics reset
Related Commands		show mobility statistics

CONFIG MSGLOG LEVEL COMMANDS

Use the following msglog level commands:

- [*config msglog level critical*](#)
- [*config msglog level error*](#)
- [*config msglog level security*](#)
- [*config msglog level warning*](#)
- [*config msglog level verbose*](#)



config msglog level critical

To reset the message log so it only collects and displays critical (highest-level) messages, use the config msglog level critical command. Note that the message log always collects and displays critical messages, regardless of the message log level setting.

```
>config msglog level critical
```

Syntax	config msglog level critical	Configure parameters. Message log message levels. Collect and display critical messages.
Defaults	Config msglog level error.	
Examples	>config msglog level critical >show msglog	Message Log Severity Level..... CRITICAL (messages)
Related Commands	show msglog	



config msglog level error

To reset the message log so it only collects and displays critical (highest-level) and error (second-highest) messages, use the config msglog level error command.

```
>config msglog level error
```

Syntax	config	Configure parameters.
	msglog level	Message log message levels.
	error	Collect and display error messages.

Defaults Config msglog level error.

Examples

```
>config msglog level error
>show msglog
Message Log Severity Level..... ERROR
(messages)
```

Related Commands show msglog



config msglog level security

To reset the message log so it only collects and displays critical (highest-level), error (second-highest) and security (third-highest) messages, use the config msglog level security command.

```
>config msglog level security
```

Syntax	config	Configure parameters.
	msglog level	Message log message levels.
	security	Collect and display security messages.

Defaults Config msglog level error.

Examples

```
>config msglog level security
>show msglog
Message Log Severity Level..... SECURITY
(messages)
```

Related Commands show msglog



config msglog level warning

To reset the message log so it only collects and displays critical (highest-level), error (second-highest), security (third-highest) and warning (fourth-highest) messages, use the config msglog level warning command.

```
>config msglog level warning
```

Syntax	config msglog level warning	Configure parameters. Message log message levels. Collect and display warning messages.
Defaults	Config msglog level error.	
Examples	>config msglog level warning >show msglog	Message Log Severity Level..... WARNING (messages)
Related Commands	show msglog	



config msglog level verbose

To reset the message log so it collects and displays all messages, use the config msglog level verbose command.

```
>config msglog level verbose
```

Syntax	config msglog level verbose	Configure parameters. Message log message levels. Collect and display all messages.
---------------	-----------------------------	---

Defaults Config msglog level error.

Examples

```
>config msglog level verbose
>show msglog
Message Log Severity Level..... VERBOSE
(messages)
```

Related Commands show msglog



config nac acl

To configure Network Access Control Access Control List name for a Cisco Wireless LAN Controller, use the config nac acl command.

```
>config nac acl <none/acl1-name>
```

Syntax	config nac acl <none/ acl1-name>	Configure. Network Access Control acl. Clears the ACL Name. Enter and acl name.
Defaults	(none)	
Examples	>config nac acl none	
Related Commands	show nac, config nac add, config nac delete, config nac disable/enable, show nac summary, show nac statistics	



config nac add

To add Network Access Control server index for a Cisco Wireless LAN Controller, use the config nac add command.

```
>config nac add <index><IP address><port><secret>
```

Syntax	config nac add <index> <IP Address> <port> <secret>	Configure. Network Access Control. Command action. NAC server index number. NAC server IP address. NAC server port number. NAC server secret.
Defaults	(none)	
Examples	>config nac add none	
Related Commands	show nac, config nac acl, config nac delete, config nac disable/enable, show nac summary, show nac statistics	



config nac delete

To delete a Network Access Control server for a Cisco Wireless LAN Controller, use the config nac delete command.

```
>show nac delete<index>
```

Syntax	config nac delete <index>	Configure. Network Access Control. Command action. Index number for NAC server.
Defaults	(none)	
Examples	> config nac delete 23	
Related Commands	show nac, config nac acl, config nac add, config nac disable/enable, show nac summary, show nac statistics	



config nac enable/disable

To enable or disable a Network Access Control server for a Cisco Wireless LAN Controller, use the config nac enable/disable command.

```
>show nac [disable<index>/enable<index>]
```

Syntax	config nac [disable/enable <index>]	Configure. Network Access Control. Command action. Index number for NAC server.
Defaults	(none)	
Examples	>config nac enable 1	
Related Commands	show nac, config nac acl, config nac add, config nac delete, show nac summary, show nac statistics	



CONFIG NETUSER COMMANDS

Use the following config netuser commands.

- [config netuser add](#)
- [config netuser delete](#)
- [config netuser description](#)
- [config netuser maxUserLogin](#)
- [config netuser password](#)
- [config netuser wlan-id](#)

config netuser add

To add a user to the local network, use the config netuser add command.

```
>config netuser add <username> <password> <WLAN ID> [description}
```

Syntax	config netuser add <username> <password> <WLAN ID [description]	Configure parameters. Local network user. Add a user. Network username of up to 24 alphanumeric characters. User password. WLAN assigned to the user. Short optional description
Defaults	(none)	
Examples		>config netuser add able1 able1 1
Related Commands		show netuser



config netuser delete

To delete an existing user from the local network, use the config netuser delete command.

```
>config netuser delete <username>
```

Syntax	config netuser delete <username>	Configure parameters. Local network user. Add a user. Network username of up to 24 alphanumeric characters.
Defaults	(none)	
Examples	>config netuser delete able1 Deleted user able1	
Related Commands	show netuser	



config netuser description

To add a description to an existing net user, use the config netuser description command.

```
>config netuser description <username> "<description>"
```

Syntax	config netuser	Configure parameters. Local network user of up to 24 alphanumeric characters.
	description <username> " <description> "	Add a user description. Network username. Net user description, up to 32 alphanumeric characters, in double quotes.
Defaults	(none)	
Examples	>config netuser description able1 "HQ1 Contact"	
Related Commands	show netuser	



config netuser maxUserLogin

To set the maximum number of simultaneous users using the same login, use the config netuser maxUserLogin command.

```
>config netuser maxUserLogin <count>
```

Syntax	config netuser maxUserLogin <count>	Configure parameters. Local network user. Maximum number of simultaneous users using the same login. Maximum number of logins under the same username (0 to 8).
Defaults	Unlimited (0).	
Examples		>config netuser maxUserLogin 8
Related Commands		show netuser



config netuser password

To change a local network user password, use the config netuser password command.

```
>config netuser password <username> <password>
```

Syntax	config netuser password <username> <password>	Configure parameters. Local network user Modify the password Network username of up to 24 alphanumeric characters. New user password
Defaults	(none)	
Examples		>config netuser password aire1 aire2
Related Commands		show netuser

config netuser wlan-id

To change a user WLAN ID, use the config netuser wlan-id command.

```
>config netuser wlan-id <username> <WLAN ID>
```

Syntax	config netuser wlan-id username WLAN ID	Configure parameters. Local network user Modify the WLAN ID Network username of up to 24 alphanumeric characters. New WLAN assigned to the user
Defaults	(none)	
Examples		>config netuser wlan-id aire1 2
Related Commands		show netuser, show wlan summary



CONFIG NETWORK COMMANDS

Use the following config network commands:

- [config network ap-fallback](#)
- [config network apple-talk](#)
- [config network arpunicast](#)
- [config network arptimeout](#)
- [config network fast-ssid-change](#)
- [config network master-base](#)
- [config network mgmt-via-wireless](#)
- [config network multicast](#)
- [config network otap-mode](#)
- [config network peer-blocking](#)
- [config network rf-network-name](#)
- [config network secureweb](#)
- [config network ssh](#)
- [config network telnet](#)
- [config network usertimeout](#)
- [config network web-auth-port](#)
- [config network webmode](#)



config network ap-fallback

To enable or disable Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point fallback, use the config network ap-fallback command.

```
>config network ap-fallback <enable/disable>
```

Syntax	config network ap-fallback <enable/disable>	Configure parameters. Cisco Wireless LAN Controller network parameter. Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point fallback. Enable or disable.
Default	Enabled.	
Examples		>config network ap-fallback enable
Related Commands		show network



config network apple-talk

To enable or disable AppleTalk, use the config network apple-talk command.

```
>config network apple-talk <enable/disable>
```

Syntax	config network apple-talk <enable/disable>	Configure parameters. Cisco Wireless LAN Controller network parameter. Modify AppleTalk. Enable or disable.
Defaults	(None).	
Examples		>config network apple-talk enable
Related Commands		show network



config network arpunicast

To set the ARP proxy ARP mode, use the config network arpunicast command.

```
>config network arpunicast <enable/disable>
```

Syntax	config network arpunicast <enable/disable>	Configure parameters. Cisco Wireless LAN Controller network parameter. ARP unicast. Enable or disable.
Defaults	300 with a minimum of 10.	
Examples	<pre>>config network arpunicast enable</pre>	
Related Commands	show network	



config network arptimeout

To set the ARP entry timeout value, use the config network arptimeout command.

```
>config network arptimeout <seconds>
```

Syntax	config network arptimeout <seconds>	Configure parameters. Cisco Wireless LAN Controller network parameter. Modify the ARP timeout value. Timeout in seconds.
Defaults	300 with a minimum of 10.	
Examples	<pre>>config network arptimeout 240</pre>	
Related Commands	show network	

config network fast-ssid-change

To enable or disable fast SSID changing for mobile stations, use the config network fast-ssid-change command.

SSID (Service Set Identifier) is a code attached to all packets on a wireless network to identify each packet as part of that network.

Each client is connected to a particular WLAN (through a Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point) identified by the SSID. If the client moves out of reach of the connected Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point, the client has to reconnect to the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller using a different Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point. This procedure consumes some time as the DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol) Server has to assign an IP Address to the client.

When the Fast SSID option is enabled, the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller uses the existing IP Address of the client even if the client is on a different WLAN.

```
>config network fast-ssid-change <enable/disable>
```

Syntax	config network fast-ssid-change <enable/disable>	Configure parameters. Cisco Wireless LAN Controller network parameter. Modify fast ssid on mobile stations. Enable or Disable.
Defaults	None.	
Examples		>config network fast-ssid-change enable
Related Commands		show network

config network master-base

To set the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller as a master, use the config network master-base command. This setting is only used upon network installation and should be disabled after the initial network configuration.

Because the Master Cisco Wireless LAN Controller is normally not used in a deployed network, the Master Cisco Wireless LAN Controller setting is automatically disabled upon reboot or OS code upgrade.

```
>config network master-base <enable/disable>
```

Syntax	config network master-base <enable/disable>	Configure parameters. Cisco Wireless LAN Controller network parameter. Master Cisco Wireless LAN Controller. Enables or disables a Cisco Wireless LAN Controller acting as a Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point default master.
Defaults	(none)	
Examples	>config network master-base	
Related Commands	None	



config network mgmt-via-wireless

To enable Cisco Wireless LAN Controller management from an associated wireless client, use the config network mgmt-via-wireless command. Note that this feature allows wireless clients to manage only the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller associated with the client AND the associated Cisco 1000 Series light-weight access point. That is, clients cannot manage another Cisco Wireless LAN Controller with which they are not associated.

```
>config network mgmt-via-wireless [enable/disable]
```

Syntax	config network mgmt-via-wireless [enable/disable]	Configure parameters. Cisco Wireless LAN Controller network parameter. Management sessions. Enable or disable.
Defaults	Disabled.	
Examples	>config network mgmt-via-wireless enable	
Related Commands	show network	



config network multicast

To enable or disable the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller multicast feature, use the config network multicast command.

```
>config network multicast [enable/disable]
```

Syntax	config network multicast [enable/disable]	Configure parameters. Network parameters. Ethernet multicast mode. Change the multicast state.
Defaults	Disabled.	
Examples	>config network multicast enable	
Related Commands	show network	



config network otap-mode

To enable or disable over-the-air provisioning (OTAP) of Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access points, use the config network otap-mode command.

```
>config network otap-mode [enable/disable]
```

Syntax	config network otap-mode [enable/disable]	Configure parameters. Network parameters. Over-the-air Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point provisioning. Change the OTAP state.
Defaults	Enabled.	
Examples	>config network otap-mode disable	
Related Commands	show network	



config network peer-blocking

Disabled allows same-subnet clients to communicate through the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller. Enabled (default) forces same-subnet clients to communicate through a higher-level router. To enable or disable peer blocking, use the config network peer-blocking command.

```
>config network peer-blocking [enable/disable]
```

Syntax

config	Configure parameters.
network	Network parameters.
peer-blocking	Peer communications requirement.
[enable/disable]	Change the peer-blocking state.

Defaults

Disabled.

Examples

```
>config network peer-blocking enable
```

Related Commands

show network



config network rf-network-name

To set the RF mobility group domain name, use the config network rf-mobility-domain command.

```
>config network rf-network-name <name>
```

Syntax	config network rf-network-name <name>	Configure parameters. Cisco Wireless LAN Controller network parameter. RF Network Name command. An ASCII string of 8 to 20 characters.
Defaults	(none)	
Examples		>config network rf-network-name travelers
Related Commands		show network



config network secureweb

To change the state of the secure web (https = http + SSL) interface, use the config network secureweb command.

```
>config network secureweb [enable/disable]
```

Syntax	config network secureweb [enable/disable]	Configure parameters. Network parameters. Secure Web User Interface. Change the interface state.
Defaults	Enabled.	
Examples	>config network secureweb enable	
Related Commands	show network	



config network ssh

To change the state of Secure Shell sessions, use the config network ssh command.

```
>config network ssh [enable/disable]
```

Syntax	config network ssh [enable/disable]	Configure parameters. Network parameters. Secure Shell sessions Change the state of the SSH session.
Defaults	Enabled.	
Examples	>config network ssh enable	
Related Commands	show network	



config network telnet

To change the state of telnet sessions, use the config network telnet command.

```
>config network telnet [enable/disable]
```

Syntax	config network telnet [enable/disable]	Configure parameters. Network parameters. Telnet sessions. Change the state of the telnet session.
Defaults	Disabled.	
Examples	>config network telnet enable	
Related Commands	show network	



config network usertimeout

To change the timeout for idle client sessions, use the config network usertimeout command. Use this command to set the idle client session duration on the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller. The minimum duration is 10 seconds.

```
>config network usertimeout <seconds>
```

Syntax	config network usertimeout <seconds>	Configure parameters. Network parameters. Timeout for sessions. Duration in seconds.
Defaults	300, minimum is 10.	
Examples	>config network usertimeout 1200	
Related Commands	show network	



config network web-auth-port

To configure an additional port to be redirected for web authentication, use the config network web-auth-port command.

```
>config network web-auth-port <enable/disable>
```

Syntax	config network web-auth-port <enable/disable>	Configure parameters. Network parameters. Web authorization port number between 0 and 65535. Duration in seconds.
Defaults	None.	
Examples	>config network web-auth-port 1200	
Related Commands	show network	



config pmk-cache delete

To delete an entry in the PMK cache from all Cisco Wireless LAN Controllers in the mobility group, use the config pmk-cache delete command.

```
>config pmk-cache delete [all/<MAC address>]
```

Syntax	config pmk-cache delete <all/MAC address>	Configure parameters. PMK cache action. All Cisco Wireless LAN Controllers or specific MAC address.
Defaults	None.	
Examples	>config pmk-cache delete all	
Related Commands	show pmk-cache	



config network webmode

To enable or disable web access, use the config network webmode command.

```
>config network webmode [enable/disable]
```

Syntax	config network webmode [enable/disable]	Configure parameters. Network parameters. Web User Interface. Change the interface state.
Defaults	Enabled.	
Examples	>config network webmode disable	
Related Commands	show network	



CONFIG PORT COMMANDS

Use the following config port commands:

- [config port adminmode](#)
- [config port autoneg](#)
- [config port linktrap](#)
- [config port multicast](#)
- [config port physicalmode](#)



config port adminmode

To configure the administration mode of a single port or all Cisco Wireless LAN Controller ports, use the config port adminmode command.

```
>config port adminmode [<port>/all] [enable/disable]
```

Syntax	config port adminmode [<port>/all] [enable/disable]	Configure parameters. Port parameters. Administrative mode. Individual port number or all ports. Port state.
Default	Enabled	
Examples	To disable port 8: >config port adminmode 8 disable	
	To enable all ports: >config port adminmode all enable	
Related Commands	show port	



config port autoneg

To configure 10/100BASE-T Ethernet ports for physical port autonegotiation, use the config port autoneg command.

Note that port autoconfiguration must be disabled before you make physical mode manual settings using the config port physicalmode command. Also note that the config port autoneg command overrides settings made using the config port physicalmode command.

```
>config port autoneg [<port>/all] [enable/disable]
```

Syntax	config port <port>	Configure parameters. 10/100BASE-T Ethernet.
	<port>	Physical port number.
	all	All Ports.
	enable	Turn autonegotiation on.
	disable	Turn autonegotiation off.

Defaults All Ports = autonegotiation enabled.

Examples

```
>config port autoneg all enable
```

to turn on physical port autonegotiation for all front-panel Ethernet ports.

```
>config port autoneg 19 disable
```

to disable physical port autonegotiation for front-panel Ethernet port 19.

Related Commands show port, config port physicalmode

config port linktrap

To change trap settings for link status alert for a single port or all Cisco Wireless LAN Controller ports, use the config port linktrap command.

```
>config port linktrap [<port>/all] [enable/disable]
```

Syntax	config port linktrap [<port>/all] [enable/disable]	Configure parameters. Port parameters. Link status alert. Individual port number or all ports. Port state.
---------------	--	--

Default Enabled.

Examples To disable port 8 traps:

```
>config port linktrap 8 disable
```

To enable all port traps:

```
>config port linktrap all enable
```

Related Commands show port

config port multicast

To change the multicast appliance service for a single port or all Cisco Wireless LAN Controller ports, use the config port multicast command.

```
>config port multicast vlan [<port>/all] [enable/disable]
```

Syntax	config	Configure parameters.
	port	Port parameters.
	multicast	Multicast appliance.
	vlan	VLAN.
	[<port>/all]	Individual port number or all ports.
	[enable/disable]	Port state.
Default	Enabled.	
Example	To enable all port traps: >config port multicast vlan all enable	
Related Commands	show port	

config port physicalmode

To set any or all front-panel 10/100BASE-T Ethernet ports for dedicated 10 Mbps or 100 Mbps, Half or Full Duplex operation, use the config port physicalmode command.

Note that you must disable autonegotiation using the config port autoneg command before manually configuring any port's physical mode. Also note that the config port autoneg command overrides settings made using the config port physicalmode command.

```
>config port physicalmode [<port>/all] [enable/disable] [100h/100f/10h/10f]
```

Syntax	config port physicalmode [<port>/all] [enable/disable] [100h/100f/10h/10f]	Configure parameters. Port parameters. Port physical mode. Individual port number or all ports Port state <ul style="list-style-type: none">o 100h = 100 Mbps/Half Duplex operationo 100f = 100 Mbps/Full Duplex operationo 10h = 10 Mbps/Half Duplex operationo 10f = 10 Mbps/Full Duplex operation
---------------	--	---

Defaults All Ports are set to auto negotiate.

Examples To set all ports to 100 Mbps/Full Duplex operation:

```
>config port physicalmode all 100f
```

To set port 20 to 100 Mbps/Half Duplex operation:

```
>config port physicalmode 20 100h
```

To set port 21 to 10 Mbps/Full Duplex operation:

```
>config port physicalmode 21 10f
```

To set port 22 to 10 Mbps/Half Duplex operation:

```
>config port physicalmode 22 10h
```

Related Commands config port autoneg, show port

config prompt

To change the CLI system prompt, use the config prompt command.

This command can be used any time the CLI interface is active.

```
>config prompt "<system prompt>"
```

Because the system prompt is a user-defined variable, it is omitted from the rest of this documentation.

Syntax	config prompt " <system prompt> "	Configure parameters. CLI system prompt, up to 31 alphanumeric characters. New CLI system prompt, in double quotes.
Defaults		The system prompt is configured using the startup wizard.
Examples		(old CLI prompt >config prompt "Type here" Type here>
Related Commands		(none)



config qos queue_length

To configure the Quality of Service parameter, use the config qos command.

```
>config qos queue_length [bronze/silver/gold/platinum] <length>
```

Syntax	config qos queue_length bronze/silver/gold/ <length>	Command action. Configure QoS queue length. Level of quality of service: Background, Best Effort, Queue length.
Defaults	N/A	
Examples		>config qos queue_length gold 12
Related Commands		show qos queue_length all



CONFIG RADIUS ACCT COMMANDS

Use the following config radius acct commands:

- [config radius acct add](#)
- [config radius acct delete](#)
- [config radius acct disable](#)
- [config radius acct enable](#)
- [config radius acct network](#)
- [config radius acct ipsec](#)
- [config radius acct retransmit-timeout](#)

config radius acct add

To configure a RADIUS accounting server for the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller, use the config radius acct add command.

```
>config radius acct add <index> <IP addr> <port> <ascii/hex> <secret>
```

Syntax	config radius acct add <index> <IP addr> <port> <ascii/hex> <secret>	Configure parameters. RADIUS accounting server. Add a RADIUS server. Priority index (Cisco Wireless LAN Controller begins search with 1). IP Address. Port number for the interface protocols. ASCII or Hex Login password.
Defaults		When added the port number defaults to 1813 and state is enabled.
Examples		>config radius acct add 1 10.10.10.10 1813 ascii admin to configure a priority 1 RADIUS server at 10.10.10.10 using port 1813 with a login password of admin.
Related Commands		show radius acct statistics



config radius acct delete

To delete a RADIUS accounting server for the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller, use the config radius acct delete command.

```
>config radius acct add <index>
```

Syntax	config radius acct delete <index>	Configure parameters. RADIUS accounting server. Remove a RADIUS server. Priority index.
---------------	-----------------------------------	--

Defaults	(none)
-----------------	--------

Examples	>config radius acct delete 1
-----------------	------------------------------

Related Commands	show radius acct statistics
-------------------------	-----------------------------



config radius acct disable

To disable a RADIUS accounting server for the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller, use the config radius acct disable command.

```
>config radius acct disable <index>
```

Syntax	config radius acct disable <index>	Configure parameters. RADIUS accounting server. Disable a RADIUS server. Priority index.
Defaults	(none)	
Examples	>config radius acct disable 1	
Related Commands	show radius acct statistics	



config radius acct enable

To enable a RADIUS accounting server for the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller, use the config radius acct enable command.

```
>config radius acct enable <index>
```

Syntax	config radius acct enable <index>	Configure parameters. RADIUS accounting server. Enable a RADIUS server. Priority index.
Defaults	(none)	
Examples	>config radius acct enable 1	
Related Commands	show radius acct statistics	



config radius acct network

To configure a default RADIUS server for network users, use the config radius acct network command.

```
>config radius acct network <index>
```

Syntax	config radius acct network <index>	Configure parameters. Default RADIUS accounting server. Priority index.
---------------	------------------------------------	---

Defaults	(none)
-----------------	--------

Examples	>config radius acct network 1
-----------------	-------------------------------

Related Commands	show radius acct statistics
-------------------------	-----------------------------

config radius acct ipsec

To configure IPSec support for an accounting server for the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller, use the config radius acct ipsec command.

```
>config radius acct ipsec [enable<index>/disable<index>/authentication<hmac-md5/hmac-sha1/encryption<3des/aes/des>/ike<dh-group/lifetime/phasel>]
```

Syntax	config radius acct ipsec <enable/disable /authentication /encryption /ike>	Configure parameters. RADIUS accounting server. IPSec service. Enable or disable IPSec support for an accounting server Configure IPSec authentication Configure IPSec encryption Configures internet Key Exchange (IKE).
Defaults	(none)	
Examples	>config radius acct ipsec enable 1	
Related Commands	show radius acct statistics	



config radius acct retransmit-timeout

To change the default transmission timeout for a RADIUS accounting server for the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller, use the config radius acct retransmit-timeout command.

```
>config radius acct retransmit-timeout <server index><retransmit timeout>
```

Syntax	config radius acct retransmit-timeout <server index><retransmit timeout>	Configure parameters. RADIUS accounting server. Retransmission timeout. Priority index. Timeout range of 2 through 30.
Defaults	(none)	
Examples	>config radius acct retransmit-timeout 5	
Related Commands	show radius acct statistics	



CONFIG RADIUS AUTH COMMANDS

Use the following config radius auth commands:

- [config radius auth add](#)
- [config radius auth delete](#)
- [config radius auth disable](#)
- [config radius auth enable](#)
- [config radius auth network](#)
- [config radius auth management](#)
- [config radius auth rfc3576](#)
- [config radius auth ipsec](#)
- [config radius auth retransmit-timeout](#)

config radius auth add

To configure a RADIUS authentication server for the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller, use the config radius auth add command.

```
>config radius auth add <index> <IP addr> <port> <ascii/hex> <secret>
```

Syntax	config radius auth add <index> <IP addr> <port> <ascii/hex> <secret>	Configure parameters. RADIUS authentication server. Add a RADIUS server. Priority index (Cisco Wireless LAN Controller begins search with 1). IP Address. Port number for the interface protocols. ASCII or Hex. Login password.
Defaults		When added the port number defaults to 1812 and state is enabled.
Examples		>config radius auth add 1 10.10.10.10 1812 ascii admin to configure a priority 1 RADIUS server at 10.10.10.10 using port 1812 with a login password of admin.
Related Commands		show radius auth statistics



config radius auth delete

To delete a RADIUS authentication server for the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller, use the config radius auth delete command.

```
>config radius auth add <index>
```

Syntax	config radius auth delete <index>	Configure parameters. RADIUS authentication server. Remove a RADIUS server. Priority index.
---------------	--	--

Defaults	(none)
-----------------	--------

Examples	>config radius auth delete 1
-----------------	------------------------------

Related Commands	show radius auth statistics
-------------------------	-----------------------------



config radius auth disable

To disable a RADIUS authentication server for the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller, use the config radius auth disable command.

```
>config radius auth disable <index>
```

Syntax	config radius auth disable <index>	Configure parameters. RADIUS authentication server. Disable a RADIUS server. Priority index.
Defaults	(none)	
Examples	>config radius auth disable 1	
Related Commands	show radius auth statistics	



config radius auth enable

To enable a RADIUS authentication server for the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller, use the config radius auth enable command.

```
>config radius acct enable <index>
```

Syntax	config radius auth enable <index>	Configure parameters. RADIUS authentication server. Enable a RADIUS server. Priority index.
Defaults	(none)	
Examples	>config radius auth enable 1	
Related Commands	show radius auth statistics	



config radius auth network

To configure a default RADIUS server for network users, use the config radius auth network command.

```
>config radius acct network <index> <enable/disable>
```

Syntax

config	Configure parameters.
radius auth network	Default RADIUS authentication server.
<index>	Priority index.
<enable/disable>	Enable or disable

Defaults

(none)

Examples

```
>config radius auth network 1 enable
```

Related Commands

show radius acct statistics, config radius acct network



config radius auth management

To configure a default RADIUS server for management users, use the config radius auth management command.

```
>config radius auth management <index> <enable/disable>
```

Syntax	config radius auth network <index> <enable/disable>	Configure parameters. Default RADIUS authentication server. Priority index. Enable or disable
Defaults	(none)	
Examples	>config radius auth management 1 enable	
Related Commands	show radius acct statistics, config radius acct network	

config radius auth rfc3576

To enable or disable RADIUS rfc3576 support for the authentication server for the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller, use the config radius auth rfc3576 command.

RFC 3576, an extension to the Remote Authentication Dial In User Service (RADIUS) protocol, allows dynamic changes to a user session. This includes support for disconnecting users and changing authorizations applicable to a user session, that is, provide support for Disconnect and Change-of-Authorization (CoA) messages. Disconnect messages cause a user session to be terminated immediately, whereas CoA messages modify session authorization attributes such as data filters.

```
>config radius auth rfc3576 <enable/disable><index>
```

Syntax

config	Configure parameters.
radius auth rfc3576	Default RADIUS authentication server.
rfc3576	RFC3576 support.
<index>	Priority index.
<enable/disable>	Enable or disable

Defaults

(none)

Examples

```
>config radius auth rfc3576 enable 2
```

Related Commands

show radius auth statistics, show radius summary, show radius rfc3576



config radius auth ipsec

To configure IPSec support for an authentication server for the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller, use the config radius auth ipsec command.

```
>config radius auth ipsec [enable<index>/disable<index>/authentication<hmac-md5/hmac-sha1/>encryption<3des/aes/des>/ike<dh-group/lifetime/phasel>]
```

Syntax	config radius auth ipsec <enable/disable /authentication /encryption /ike>	Configure parameters. RADIUS authentication server. IPSec service. Enable or disable IPSec support for an authentication server Configure IPSec authentication Configure IPSec encryption Configures internet Key Exchange (IKE).
Defaults	(none)	
Examples	>config radius auth ipsec enable 1	
Related Commands	show radius acct statistics	



config radius auth retransmit-timeout

To change the default transmission timeout for a RADIUS authentication server for the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller, use the config radius auth retransmit-timeout command.

```
>config radius auth retransmit-timeout <server index><retransmit timeout>
```

Syntax	config radius auth retransmit-timeout <server index><retransmit timeout>	Configure parameters. RADIUS authentication server. Retransmission timeout. Priority index. Timeout range of 2 through 30.
Defaults	(none)	
Examples	>config radius auth retransmit-timeout 5	
Related Commands	show radius auth statistics	



config radius backward compatibility

To enable RADIUS backward compatibility for the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller, use the config radius backward command.

```
>config radius backward compatibility [enable/disable]
```

Syntax	config radius backward compatibility [enable/disable]	Configure parameters. RADIUS authentication server. Backward compatibility state.
Defaults	Enabled.	
Examples		>config radius backward compatibility disable
Related Commands		show radius summary

config radius callStationIdType

To enable callStationIdType for the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller, use the config radius callStationIdType command. This command uses the selected calling station ID for communications with RADIUS servers and other applications.

```
>config radius callStationIdType {ipAddr/macAddr/ap-macAddr}
```

Syntax	config callStationIdType ipAddr macAddr ap-macAddr	Configure parameters. Cisco Wireless LAN Controller IP address. Cisco Wireless LAN Controller MAC address. Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point MAC address.
Defaults	Enabled.	
Examples		>config radius callStationIdType ipAddr (Layer 3 Only) >config radius callStationIdType macAddr (Layers 2 and/or 3) >config radius callStationIdType ap-macAddr (Layers 2 and/or 3)
Related Commands	show radius summary	



config rfid auto-timeout

To configure the automatic timeout of RFID tags, use the config rfid auto-timeout command.

```
>show rfid auto-timeout <disable/enable>
```

Syntax	config rfid [auto-timeout <disable/enable>]	Configure. RFID configuration. Enable or disable automatic timeout.
Defaults	(none)	
Examples	>show rfid auto-timeout enable	
Related Commands	show rfid summary, config rfid status, config rfid timeout.	



config rfid status

To enable or disable RFID tag data collection, use the config rfid status command.

```
>show rfid status <enable/disable>
```

Syntax	show rfid status<enable/disable>	Display configurations. RFID configuration. Enable or disable rfid tag collection status.
Defaults	(none)	
Examples	<pre>>show rfid status enable</pre>	
Related Commands		show rfid summary, config rfid auto-timeout, config rfid timeout.



config rfid timeout

To configure the static RFID tag data timeout, use the config rfid timeout command.

```
>show rfid timeout <seconds>
```

Syntax	show rfid timeout <seconds>	Display configurations. RFID configuration. Specify rfid timeout in seconds between 60 and 7200 seconds.
Defaults	(none)	
Examples	>show rfid timeout 60	
Related Commands	show rfid summary, config rfid statistics.	



config rogue ap

To configure the status of a rogue access point, use the config rogue ap command.

```
>config rogue ap <acknowledged/alert/contain/known> <MAC address> <num of APs>
```

Syntax	config rogue ap acknowledged	Configure parameters. Rogue access point status. This rogue access point has been identified and belongs to an external network.
	alert	This rogue access point has not been identified. Generates a trap upon detecting this access point.
	contain	Start containing a rogue access point.
	known	This rogue access point has been identified and is part of an internal network.
	<MAC address>	MAC address of the rogue access point.
	<num of APs>	Number of rogue access points.
Defaults	(none)	
Example	>config rogue ap acknowledge 11:11:11:11:11:11	
Related Commands	show rogue ap summary, show rogue ap detailed, config rogue ap	



config rogue adhoc

To configure the status of an ad hoc rogue access point (IBSS), use the config rogue adhoc command.

```
>config rogue adhoc <acknowledged/alert/contain> <MAC address> <num of APs>
```

Syntax	config rogue adhoc acknowledged alert contain <MAC address> <num of APs>	Configure parameters. Ad hoc rogue access point. This rogue access point has been identified and belongs to an external network. This rogue access point has not been identified. Generates a trap upon detection of this access point. Start containing an ad hoc rogue access point. MAC address of the ad hoc rogue access point. Number of rogue access points.
Defaults	(none)	
Example	>config rogue adhoc acknowledge 11:11:11:11:11:11	
Related Commands	show rogue adhoc summary, show rogue adhoc detailed, config adhoc rogue	

config rogue client

To configure rogue clients, use the config rogue client command.

```
>config rogue client <alert/contain> <MAC address> <num of APs>
```

Syntax	config rogue client alert contain <MAC address> <num of APs>	Configure parameters. Rogue client status. This client has not been identified. Generates a trap upon detecting this access point. Start containing a rogue access point. MAC address of the rogue access point. Number of rogue access points.
Defaults	(none)	
Example		>config rogue client acknowledge 11:11:11:11:11:11 5
Related Commands		show rogue client summary, show rogue client detailed, config rogue client



CONFIG ROUTE COMMANDS

Use the following config route commands:

- [config route add](#)
- [config route delete](#)



config route add

To configure a network route from the Service Port to a dedicated workstation IP address range, use the config route add command.

```
>config route add <Network IP address> <IP netmask> <gateway>
```

Syntax	config route add <Network IP Address> <IP netmask> <gateway>	Configure parameters. Network route. Add a route. Destination network IP Address range. Destination subnet mask. IP Address of the Service Port gateway router.
Defaults	(none)	
Examples		>config route add 10.1.1.0 255.255.255.0 10.1.1.1
Related Commands		show route summary, config route delete



config route delete

To remove a network route from the Service Port, use the config route delete command.

```
>config route delete <Network IP address>
```

Syntax	config route delete <Network IP Address>	Configure parameters. Network route. Delete a route. Destination network IP Address range.
Defaults	(none)	
Examples	>config route delete 10.1.1.0	
Related Commands	show route all, config route add	



CONFIG SERIAL COMMANDS

Use the following config serial commands:

- [*config serial baudrate*](#)
- [*config serial timeout*](#)



config serial baudrate

To set the serial baud rate, use the config serial baudrate command.

```
>config serial [1200/2400/4800/9600/19200/38400/57600/115200]
```

Syntax	config serial [1200/2400/4800/9600/ 19200/38400/57600/ 115200]	Configure parameters. Serial connection settings. Connection speed.
Defaults	9600.	
Examples	>config serial baudrate 9600	
Related Commands	config serial timeout	



config serial timeout

To set the timeout of a serial session, use the config serial timeout command.

Use this command to set the timeout for a serial connection to the front of the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller from 0 to 160 minutes where 0 is no timeout.

```
>config serial timeout <minutes>
```

Syntax	config serial timeout <minutes>	Configure parameters. Serial connection settings. Connection duration. Timeout in minutes from 0 to 160.
Defaults	0 (no timeout).	
Examples	>config serial timeout 10	
Related Commands	config serial timeout	



CONFIG SESSIONS COMMANDS

Use the following config sessions commands:

- [config sessions maxsessions](#)
- [config sessions timeout](#)



config sessions maxsessions

To configure the number of telnet CLI sessions allowed by the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller, use the config sessions maxsessions command. Up to five sessions are possible while a setting of zero prohibits any telnet CLI sessions.

```
>config sessions maxsessions <0-5>
```

Syntax	config sessions maxsessions <0-5>	Configure parameters. Telnet CLI session parameters. Number of allowed CLI sessions. Number of sessions from 0 to 5.
Defaults	5.	
Examples	>config sessions maxsessions 2	
Related Commands	show sessions	



config sessions timeout

To configure the inactivity timeout for telnet CLI sessions, use the config sessions timeout command.

```
>config sessions timeout <0-160>
```

Syntax	config sessions timeout <0-160>	Configure parameters. Telnet CLI session parameters. Duration of CLI sessions. Timeout of telnet session in minutes.
Defaults	5.	
Examples	<pre>>config sessions timeout 20</pre>	
Related Commands	show sessions	



CONFIG SNMP COMMUNITY COMMANDS

Use the following config snmp community commands:

- [config snmp community accessmode](#)
- [config snmp community create](#)
- [config snmp community delete](#)
- [config snmp community ipaddr](#)
- [config snmp community mode](#)



config snmp community accessmode

To modify the access mode (Read only or Read/Write) of an SNMP community, use the config snmp community accessmode command.

```
>config snmp community accessmode [ro/rw] <name>
```

Syntax	config	Configure parameters.			
	snmp	SNMP parameters.			
	community	SNMP community parameters.			
	accessmode	Access privileges.			
	ro/rw	Read only or Read/Write.			
	<name>	Community name.			
Defaults	Two communities are provided by default with the following parameters:				
	SNMP Community Name Client IP Address Client IP Mask Access Mode Status				
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
	public	0.0.0.0	0.0.0.0	Read Only	Enable
	private	0.0.0.0	0.0.0.0	Read/Write	Enable
Examples	>config snmp community accessmode rw private				
Related Commands	show snmp community, config snmp community mode, config snmp community create, config snmp community delete, config snmp community ipaddr				



config snmp community create

To create a new SNMP community, use the config snmp community create command. Use this command to create a new community with the following default configuration:

```
name      0.0.0.0      0.0.0.0      Read Only      Disable  
          >config snmp community create <name>
```

Syntax	config snmp community create <name>	Configure parameters. SNMP parameters. SNMP community parameters. Create a new community. Community name of up to 16 characters.
Defaults	(none)	
Examples	>config snmp community create test	
Related Commands	show snmp community, config snmp community mode, config snmp community accessmode, config snmp community delete, config snmp community ipaddr	

config snmp community delete

To delete an SNMP community, use the config snmp community delete command.

```
>config snmp community delete <name>
```

Syntax

config	Configure parameters.
snmp	SNMP parameters.
community	SNMP community parameters.
delete	Delete a new community.
<name>	Community name.

Defaults

N/A

Examples

```
>config snmp community delete test
```

Related Commands

show snmp community, config snmp community mode, config snmp community accessmode, config snmp community create, config snmp community ipaddr



config snmp community ipaddr

To modify the IP Address of an SNMP community, use the config snmp community ipaddr command.

```
>config snmp community ipaddr <ipaddr> <ipmask> <name>
```

Syntax	config snmp community ipaddr <ipaddr> <ipmask> <name>	Configure parameters. SNMP parameters. SNMP community parameters. Set IP Address parameters. IP Address. Subnet mask. Community name.
Defaults	(none)	
Examples	>config snmp community ipaddr 10.10.10.10.2 255.255.255.0 public	
Related Commands	show snmp community, config snmp community mode, config snmp community accessmode, config snmp community create, config snmp community delete, config snmp community ipaddr	



config snmp community mode

To enable or disable an SNMP community, use the config snmp community mode command.

```
>config snmp community mode <enable/disable> <name>
```

Syntax	config snmp community mode <enable/disable> <name>	Configure SNMP community parameters. Change the state. Enable or disable the community. Community name.
Defaults	(none)	
Examples		>config snmp community mode disable public
Related Commands		show snmp community, config snmp community accessmode, config snmp community create, config snmp community delete, config snmp community ipaddr



config snmp syscontact

To set the SNMP system contact name, use the config snmp syscontact command.

```
>config snmp syscontact <contact>
```

Syntax	config snmp syscontact <contact>	Configure parameters. SNMP parameters. System contact. Name (Up to 31 alphanumeric characters).
Defaults	(none)	
Examples		>config snmp syscontact Cisco WLAN Solution_administrator
Related Commands		show snmpcommunity



config snmp syslocation

To set the SNMP system location name, use the config snmp syslocation command.

```
>config snmp syslocation <location>
```

Syntax	config snmp syslocation <location>	Configure parameters. SNMP parameters. System location. Name (Up to 31 alphanumeric characters).
Defaults	(none)	
Examples		>config snmp syslocation Building_2a
Related Commands		show snmpcommunity



CONFIG SNMP TRAPRECEIVER COMMANDS

Use the following config snmp trapreceiver commands:

- [*config snmp trapreceiver create*](#)
- [*config snmp trapreceiver delete*](#)
- [*config snmp trapreceiver mode*](#)



config snmp trapreceiver create

To add server to receive a SNMP traps, use the config snmp trapreceiver create command. The IP Address must be valid for the command to add the new server.

```
>config snmp trapreceiver create <name> <ipaddr>
```

Syntax	config snmp trapreceiver create <name> <ipaddr>	Configure parameters. SNMP parameters. SNMP trap server parameters. Create a new server. Server name. Server IP Address.
Defaults	(none)	
Examples		>config snmp trapreceiver create test 10.1.1.1
Related Commands		show snmp trap



config snmp trapreceiver delete

To delete a server from the trap receiver list, use the config snmp trapreceiver delete command.

```
>config snmp trapreceiver delete <name>
```

Syntax	config snmp trapreceiver delete <name>	Configure parameters. SNMP parameters. Server to receive traps. Remove a server. Server name
---------------	--	--

Defaults (none)

Examples >config snmp trapreceiver delete test

Related Commands show snmp trap



config snmp trapreceiver mode

To send or disable sending traps to a selected server, use the config snmp trapreceiver mode command. This enables or disables the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller from sending the traps to the selected server.

```
>config snmp trapreceiver mode <enable/disable> <name>
```

Syntax	config snmp trapreceiver mode <enable/disable> <name>	Configure parameters. SNMP parameters. Server to receive traps. Change the state. Enable or disable. Server name.
Defaults	(none)	
Examples	>config snmp trapreceiver mode disable server1	
Related Commands	show snmp trap	



CONFIG SNMP V3USER COMMANDS

Use the following config snmp v3user commands:

- [config snmp v3user create](#)
- [config snmp v3user delete](#)

config snmp v3user create

To add a version 3 SNMP user, use the config snmp v3user create command.

```
>config snmp v3user <username> [rw/ro] [none/hmacmd5/hmacsha] [none/des]
<authkey> <encrypkey>
```

Syntax	config snmp v3user <username> [rw/ro] [none/hmacmd5/hmacsha] [none/des] <authkey> <encrypkey>	Configure parameters. SNMP parameters. Version 3 SNMP. New user name. Read/write or read/only user privileges. Authentication protocol. Encryption protocol. Authentication key, if enabled. Encryption key, if enabled.
---------------	---	--

Defaults	SNMP v3 User Name	AccessMode	Authentication	Encryption
	-----	-----	-----	-----
	default	Read/Write	HMAC-MD5	CBC-DES

Examples	>config snmp v3user test ro 3 to add an SNMP username test with read-only privileges and no encryption or authentication.
-----------------	--

Related Commands	show snmp v3user
-------------------------	------------------



config snmp v3user delete

To delete a version 3 SNMP user, use the config snmp v3user delete command.

```
>config snmp v3user delete <username>
```

Syntax	config	Configure parameters.
	snmp	SNMP parameters.
	v3user	Version 3 SNMP.
	delete	Remove user.
	<username>	Username to delete.

Defaults	SNMP v3 User Name	AccessMode	Authentication	Encryption
	-----	-----	-----	-----
	default	Read/Write	HMAC-MD5	CBC-DES

Examples	>config snmp v3user delete test
This will remove an SNMP user named test.	

Related Commands	show snmp v3user
-------------------------	------------------



config snmp version

To enable or disable selected SNMP versions, use the config snmp version command.

```
>config snmp version <v1/v2/v3> <enable/disable>
```

Syntax	config snmp version <v1/v2/v3> <enable/disable>	Configure parameters. SNMP parameters. Duration of CLI sessions. SNMP version to enable or disable Enable or disable specified version
---------------	---	--

Defaults All versions enabled

Examples >config sessions timeout 20

Related Commands show snmpversion



CONFIG SPANNINGTREE PORT COMMANDS

Use the following config spanningtree port commands:

- [config spanningtree port mode](#)
- [config spanningtree port pathcost](#)
- [config spanningtree port priority](#)

config spanningtree port mode

To turn fast or 802.1D Spanning Tree Protocol on or off for one or all Cisco Wireless LAN Controller ports, use the config spanningtree port mode command.

- ▶ **Note:** When the a Cisco 4400 Series Wireless LAN Controller is configured for port redundancy, spanning tree protocol must be disabled for all ports on the Cisco 4400 Series Wireless LAN Controller. Spanning tree protocol can remain enabled on the switch connected to the Cisco 4400 Series Wireless LAN Controller.

Note that you must disable Cisco Wireless LAN Controller STP using the config spanningtree switch mode command, select STP mode for all Ethernet ports using this command, and then enable Cisco Wireless LAN Controller STP using the config spanningtree switch mode command. This procedure allows the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller to most efficiently set up STP, detect logical network loops, place redundant ports on standby, and build a network with the most efficient pathways.

```
>config spanningtree port mode [off/802.1d/fast] [<port>/all]
```

Syntax	config spanningtree port mode [off/802.1d/fast] [<port>/all]	Configure parameters. Spanning Tree Protocol. Cisco Wireless LAN Controller Ethernet port. STP mode. STP off/802.1D/fast. Port 1 through 12 or 1 through 24, or all ports.
---------------	--	---

Defaults Port STP = off.

Examples

```
>config spanningtree port mode off all
```

to disable STP for all Ethernet ports.

```
>config spanningtree port mode 802.1d 24
```

to turn on STP 802.1D mode for Ethernet port 24.

```
>config spanningtree port mode fast 2
```

to turn on fast STP mode for Ethernet port 2.

Related Commands

show spanningtree port, config spanningtree switch mode, config spanningtree port pathcost, config spanningtree port priority

config spanningtree port pathcost

To set the STP path cost for an Ethernet port, use the config spanningtree port pathcost command.

- ▶ **Note:** When the a Cisco 4400 Series Wireless LAN Controller is configured for port redundancy, spanning tree protocol must be disabled for all ports on the Cisco 4400 Series Wireless LAN Controller. Spanning tree protocol can remain enabled on the switch connected to the Cisco 4400 Series Wireless LAN Controller.

```
>config spanningtree port pathcost [1-65535/auto] [<port>/all]
```

Syntax	config spanningtree port pathcost [1-65535/auto] [<port>/all]	Configure parameters. Spanning Tree Protocol. Cisco Wireless LAN Controller Ethernet port. STP path cost. Port pathcost, as determined by the network planner, or auto (default) Port 1 through 12 or 1 through 24, or all ports.
---------------	---	--

Defaults Pathcost = Automatic.

Examples

```
>config spanningtree port pathcost auto all
```

to have the STP algorithm automatically assign a path cost for all ports.

```
>config spanningtree port pathcost 200 22
```

to have the STP algorithm use a port cost of 200 for port 22.

Related Commands show spanningtree port, config spanningtree port mode, config spanningtree port priority



config spanningtree port priority

To configure the STP port priority, use the >config spanningtree port priority command.

- ▶ **Note:** When the a Cisco 4400 Series Wireless LAN Controller is configured for port redundancy, spanning tree protocol must be disabled for all ports on the Cisco 4400 Series Wireless LAN Controller. Spanning tree protocol can remain enabled on the switch connected to the Cisco 4400 Series Wireless LAN Controller.

```
>config spanningtree port priority [0-255] <port>
```

Syntax	config spanningtree port priority [0-255] <port>	Configure parameters. Spanning Tree Protocol. Cisco Wireless LAN Controller Ethernet port. STP priority, 0 through 255. Port 1 through 12 or 1 through 24.
---------------	--	--

Defaults STP Priority = 128.

Examples

```
>config spanningtree port priority 100 2
```

 to set Ethernet port 2 to STP priority 100.

Related Commands show spanningtree port, config spanningtree switch mode, config spanningtree port mode, config spanningtree port pathcost



CONFIG SPANNINGTREE SWITCH COMMANDS

Use the following config spanningtree switch commands:

- [config spanningtree switch bridgepriority](#)
- [config spanningtree switch forwarddelay](#)
- [config spanningtree switch hellotime](#)
- [config spanningtree switch maxage](#)
- [config spanningtree switch mode](#)

config spanningtree switch bridgepriority

To set the bridge ID, use the config spanningtree switch bridgepriority command. The value of the writable portion of the Bridge ID, that is, the first two octets of the (8 octet long) Bridge ID. The other (last) 6 octets of the Bridge ID are given by the value of Bridge MAC Address. The value may be specified as a number between 0 and 65535.

- ▶ **Note:** When the a Cisco 4400 Series Wireless LAN Controller is configured for port redundancy, spanning tree protocol must be disabled for all ports on the Cisco 4400 Series Wireless LAN Controller. Spanning tree protocol can remain enabled on the switch connected to the Cisco 4400 Series Wireless LAN Controller.

```
>config spanningtree switch bridgepriority [0-65535]
```

Syntax	config spanningtree switch bridgepriority [0-65535]	Configure parameters. Spanning Tree Protocol. Cisco Wireless LAN Controller. Bridge ID. Decimal number range.
Defaults	The factory default is 32768.	
Examples	>config spanningtree switch bridgepriority 40230	
Related Commands	show spanningtree switch, config spanningtree switch forwarddelay, config spanningtree switch helloftime, config spanningtree switch maxage, config spanningtree switch mode	



config spanningtree switch forwarddelay

To set the bridge timeout, use the config spanningtree switch forwarddelay command.

The value that all bridges use for ForwardDelay when this bridge is acting as the root. Note that 802.1D-1990 specifies that the range for this parameter is related to the value of Stp Bridge Maximum Age. The granularity of this timer is specified by 802.1D-1990 to be 1 second. An agent may return a badValue error if a set is attempted to a value which is not a whole number of seconds. The Factory default is 15. Valid values are 4 through 30 seconds.

```
>config spanningtree switch forwarddelay [4-30]
```

Syntax

config	Configure parameters.
spanningtree	Spanning Tree Protocol.
switch	Cisco Wireless LAN Controller.
forwarddelay	Forward delay setting.
[4-30]	Range in seconds.

Defaults

The factory default is 15.

Examples

```
>config spanningtree switch forwarddelay 20
```

Related Commands

show spanningtree switch, config spanningtree switch bridgepriority, config spanningtree switch hellotime, config spanningtree switch maxage, config spanningtree switch mode

config spanningtree switch hellotime

To set the hello time, use the config spanningtree switch hellotime command.

This is the value all bridges use for HelloTime when this bridge is acting as the root. The granularity of this timer is specified by 802.1D- 1990 to be 1 second. Valid values are 1 through 10 seconds.

```
>config spanningtree switch hellotime [1 -10]
```

Syntax

config	Configure parameters.
spanningtree	Spanning Tree Protocol.
switch	Cisco Wireless LAN Controller.
hellotime	Hello time setting.
[1-10]	Range in seconds.

Defaults

The factory default is 15.

Examples

```
>config spanningtree switch hellotime 4
```

Related Commands

show spanningtree switch, spanningtree switch bridgepriority, config spanningtree switch forwarddelay, config spanningtree switch maxage, config spanningtree switch mode



config spanningtree switch maxage

To set the maximum age, use the config spanningtree switch maxage command.

This is the value all bridges use for MaxAge when this bridge is acting as the root. Note that 802.1D-1990 specifies that the range for this parameter is related to the value of Stp Bridge Hello Time. The granularity of this timer is specified by 802.1D-1990 to be 1 second. Valid values are 6 through 40 seconds.

```
>config spanningtree switch maxage [6-40]
```

Syntax	config spanningtree switch maxage [6-40]	Configure parameters. Spanning Tree Protocol. Cisco Wireless LAN Controller. Forward delay setting. Range in seconds.
Defaults	The factory default is 20.	
Examples	>config spanningtree switch maxage 30	
Related Commands	show spanningtree switch, config spanningtree switch bridgepriority, config spanningtree switch forwarddelay, config spanningtree switch hellotime, config spanningtree switch mode	

config spanningtree switch mode

To turn Cisco Wireless LAN Controller Spanning Tree Protocol on or off, use the config spanningtree switch mode command.

Note that you must disable the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller STP using this command, select STP mode for all Ethernet ports using the config spanningtree port mode command, and then enable the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller STP using this command. This procedure allows the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller to most efficiently set up STP, detect logical network loops, place redundant ports on standby, and build a network with the most efficient pathways.

```
>config spanningtree switch mode [enable/disable]
```

Syntax

config	Configure parameters.
spanningtree	Spanning Tree Protocol.
switch	Cisco Wireless LAN Controller.
mode	STP mode.
[enable/disable]	Turn on/off.

Defaults

STP = Disabled.

Examples

```
>config spanningtree switch mode enable
```

to support STP on all Cisco Wireless LAN Controller Ports.

Related Commands

show spanningtree switch, config spanningtree switch bridgepriority, config spanningtree switch forwarddelay, config spanningtree switch hellotime, config spanningtree switch maxage, config spanningtree port mode



CONFIG SWITCHCONFIG COMMANDS

Use the following config switchconfig commands:

- [config switchconfig flowcontrol](#)
- [config switchconfig mode](#)



config switchconfig flowcontrol

To enable or disable 802.3x flow control, use the config switchconfig flowcontrol command.

```
>config switchconfig flowcontrol [enable/disable]
```

Syntax	config switchconfig flowcontrol [enable/disable]	Configure parameters. Cisco Wireless LAN Controller parameters. Flow control. Turn on/off.
Defaults	Disabled	
Examples	>config switchconfig flowcontrol enable	
Related Commands	show switchconfig	



config switchconfig mode

To configure LWAPP transport mode for Layer 2 or Layer 3, use the config switchconfig flowcontrol command.

```
>config switchconfig mode [L2/L3]
```

Syntax	config switchconfig mode [L2/L3]	Configure parameters. Cisco Wireless LAN Controller parameters. Layer 2 or Layer 3 mode.
Defaults	L3	
Examples	>config switchconfig mode L3	
Related Commands	show switchconfig	



config syslog

To send or disable sending system logs, use the config syslog command.

```
>config syslog [<ipaddr>/disable]
```

Syntax	config	Configure parameters.
	syslog	System logs.
	<ipaddr>	Specify an IP Address to send logs.
	disable	Disable logs
Defaults	Disable	
Examples	>config syslog 10.1.1.1 Sending logs to 10.1.1.1	
	>config syslog disable Syslog disabled.	
Related Commands	show syslog	



config sysname

To set the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller system name, use the config sysname command.

```
>config sysname <name>
```

Syntax	config sysname <name>	Configure parameters. Cisco Wireless LAN Controller name. Name (Up to 31 alphanumeric characters).
Defaults	(none)	
Examples	>config sysname Ent_01	
Related Commands	show sysinfo	

config time

To set the system time, use the config time command.

```
>config time <manual/ntp/timezone>
```

Syntax	config manual MM/DD/YYYY HH:MM:SS ntp Interval/server timezone <disable/enable> <hours> [minutes]	Command action. Configures the system time. Configures the Network Time Protocol Polling Interval or the Network Time Protocol Servers. Disables or enables daylight savings time for the system.
Defaults	(none)	
Examples		>config time manual 02/11/2003 15:29:00
Related Commands		show time

CONFIG TRAPFLAGS COMMANDS

Use the following config trapflags commands:

- [config trapflags 802.11-Security](#)
- [config trapflags aaa](#)
- [config trapflags ap](#)
- [config trapflags authentication](#)
- [config trapflags client](#)
- [config trapflags configsave](#)
- [config trapflags ipsec](#)
- [config trapflags linkmode](#)
- [config trapflags multiusers](#)
- [config trapflags rogueap](#)
- [config trapflags rrm-params](#)
- [config trapflags rrm-profile](#)
- [config trapflags stpmode](#)
- [config trapflags wps](#)



config trapflags 802.11-Security

To enable or disable sending 802.11 Security related traps, use the config trapflags 802.11-Security command.

```
>config trapflags 802.11-Security <wepDecryptError> [enable/disable]
```

Syntax	config trapflags 802.11-Security <wepDecryptError> [enable/disable]	Configure parameters. Trap parameters. 802.11 security traps flag. WEP decryption error. Modify the state of the parameter.
Defaults	Enabled	
Examples	>config trapflags aaa disable	
Related Commands	show trapflags	

config trapflags aaa

To enable or disable sending AAA server related traps, use the config trapflags aaa command.

```
>config trapflags aaa <auth/servers> [enable/disable]
```

Syntax	config trapflags aaa <auth/servers> [enable/disable]	Configure parameters. Trap parameters. AAA traps flag. Authentication/Servers Modify the state of the parameter.
Defaults	Enabled	
Examples	>config trapflags aaa auth disable	
Related Commands	show trapflags	

config trapflags ap

To enable or disable sending Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point related traps, use the config trapflags ap command.

```
>config trapflags ap <register/interfaceUp>[enable/disable]
```

Syntax	config trapflags ap <register/interfaceUp>[enable/disable]	Configure parameters. Trap parameters. Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point traps flag. Register/Interface Up Modify the state of the parameter.
Defaults	Enabled	
Examples	>config trapflags ap register disable	
Related Commands	show trapflags	



config trapflags authentication

To enable or disable sending traps on invalid SNMP access, use the config trapflags authentication command.

```
>config trapflags authentication [enable/disable]
```

Syntax	config trapflags authentication [enable/disable]	Configure parameters. Trap parameters. Authentication of SNMP access. Modify the state of the parameter.
Defaults	Enabled	
Examples	>config trapflags authentication disable	
Related Commands	show trapflags	



config trapflags client

To enable or disable sending client related DOT11 traps, use the config trapflags client command.

```
>config trapflags client <802.11-disassociate/802.11-deauthenticate/  
802.11-authfail/802.11-assocfail>[enable/disable]
```

Syntax	config trapflags client <802.11-disassociate/802.11-deauthenticate/802.11-authfail/802.11-assocfail>[enable/disable]	Configure parameters. Trap parameters. DOT11 traps flag. Enable or send the indicated trap for clients. Modify the state of the parameter.
Defaults	Disabled	
Examples	>config trapflags client 802.11-disassociate disable	
Related Commands	show trapflags	



config trapflags configsave

To enable or disable sending configuration saved trap, use the config trapflags configsave command.

```
>config trapflags configsave [enable/disable]
```

Syntax	config trapflags configsave [enable/disable]	Configure parameters. Trap parameters. Saved configuration trap flag. Modify the state of the parameter.
Defaults	Enabled	
Examples	>config trapflags configsave disable	
Related Commands	show trapflags	



config trapflags ipsec

To enable or disable sending IPSec traps, use the config trapflags ipsec command.

```
>config trapflags ipsec <esp-auth/esp-reply/invalidSPI/ike-neg/suite-neg/  
invalid-cookie> [enable/disable]
```

Syntax	config trapflags ipsec <esp-auth/ esp-reply/ nvalidSPI/ ike-neg/suite-neg/ invalid-cookie> [enable/disable]	Configure parameters. Trap parameters. IPSec trap flags. Send IPSec traps when the indicated trap occurs. Modify the state of the parameter.
Defaults	Enabled	
Examples	>config trapflags ipsec esp-auth disable	
Related Commands	show trapflags	

config trapflags linkmode

To enable or disable Cisco Wireless LAN Controller level Link Up/Down trap flag, use the config trapflags linkmode command.

```
>config trapflags linkmode [enable/disable]
```

Syntax	config trapflags linkmode [enable/disable]	Configure parameters. Trap parameters. Link status flag. Modify the state of the parameter.
Defaults	Enabled	
Examples	>config trapflags linkmode disable	
Related Commands	show trapflags	



config trapflags multiusers

To enable or disable sending traps when multiple logins active, use the config trapflags multiusers command.

```
>config trapflags multiusers [enable/disable]
```

Syntax	config trapflags multiusers [enable/disable]	Configure parameters. Trap parameters. Multiple user flag. Modify the state of the parameter.
Defaults	Enabled	
Examples	>config trapflags multiusers disable	
Related Commands	show trapflags	



config trapflags rogueap

To enable or disable sending rogue access point detection traps, use the config trapflags rogueap command.

```
>config trapflags rogueap [enable/disable]
```

Syntax	config trapflags rogueap [enable/disable]	Configure parameters. Trap parameters. Rogue access point detection trap flag. Modify the state of the parameter.
Defaults	Enabled	
Examples	>config trapflags rogueap disable	
Related Commands	show trapflags	



config trapflags rrm-params

To enable or disable sending RRM profile related traps, use the config trapflags rrm-params command.

```
>config trapflags rrm-params <tx-power/channel/antenna> [enable/disable]
```

Syntax	config trapflags rrm-params <tx-power/ channel/ antenna> [enable/disable]	Configure parameters. Trap parameters. RRM parameters traps flag. Enable sending trap when RF manager automatically changes tx-power level for the Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point interface. Enable sending trap when RF manager automatically changes channel for the Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point interface. Enable sending trap when RF manager automatically changes antenna for the Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point interface. Modify the state of the parameter.
Defaults	Enabled	
Examples		>config trapflags rrm-params tx-power disable
Related Commands		show trapflags



config trapflags rrm-profile

To enable or disable sending RRM profile related traps, use the config trapflags rrm-profile command.

```
>config trapflags rrm-profile <load/noise/interference/coverage> [enable/  
disable]
```

Syntax	config trapflags rrm-profile <load/noise/interference/coverage> [enable/disable]	Configure parameters. Trap parameters. RRM profile traps flag. Profile parameters Modify the state of the parameter.
Defaults	Enabled	
Examples	>config trapflags rrm-profile load disable	
Related Commands	show trapflags	



config trapflags stpmode

To enable or disable sending spanning tree traps, use the config trapflags stpmode command.

```
>config trapflags stpmode [enable/disable]
```

Syntax	config trapflags stpmode [enable/disable]	Configure parameters. Trap parameters. Spanning traps flag. Modify the state of the parameter.
Defaults	Enabled	
Examples	>config trapflags stpmode disable	
Related Commands	show trapflags	



config trapflags wps

To enable or disable sending wireless protection system (WPS) traps, use the config trapflags wps command.

```
>config trapflags wps [enable/disable]
```

Syntax	config trapflags wps [enable/disable]	Configure parameters. Trap parameters. Wireless Protection System traps. Modify the state of the parameter.
Defaults	Enabled	
Examples	>config trapflags wps disable	
Related Commands	show trapflags	



CONFIG WATCHLIST COMMANDS

Use the following config watchlist commands.

- [*config watchlist add*](#)
- [*config watchlist delete*](#)
- [*config watchlist enable/disable*](#)



config watchlist add

To add a watchlist entry for a wireless LAN, use the config watchlist add command.

```
>config watchlist add [mac <MAC addr>/username <User Name>]
```

Syntax

config watchlist	Command action.
add	Add a watchlist entry.
mac <MAC addr>	MAC address of new entry.
username <User Name>	User name.

Defaults

(none)

Examples

```
>config watchlist add a5:6b:ac:10:01:6b Able1
```

Related Commands

config watchlist delete, config watchlist enable/disable, show watchlist



config watchlist delete

To delete a watchlist entry for a wireless LAN, use the config watchlist delete command.

```
>config watchlist delete [mac <MAC addr>/username <User Name>]
```

Syntax

config watchlist	Command action.
delete	Delete a watchlist entry.
mac <MAC addr>	MAC address of new entry.
username <User Name>	User name.

Defaults

(none)

Examples

```
>config watchlist delete a5:6b:ac:10:01:6b Able1
```

Related Commands

config watchlist add, config watchlist enable/disable, show watchlist



config watchlist enable/disable

To delete a watchlist entry for a wireless LAN, use the config watchlist delete command.

```
>config watchlist enable/disable
```

Syntax config watchlist enable/disable Command action.
Enable or disable the client watchlist.

Defaults (none)

Examples

```
>config watchlist enable  
>config watchlist disable
```

Related Commands config watchlist add, config watchlist delete, show watchlist



CONFIG WLAN COMMANDS

Use the following config wlan commands. Note that the Standalone

- [config wlan aaa-override](#)
- [config wlan broadcast-ssid](#)
- [config wlan create](#)
- [config wlan delete](#)
- [config wlan dhcp server](#)
- [config wlan disable](#)
- [config wlan enable](#)
- [config wlan exclusionlist](#)
- [config wlan interface](#)
- [config wlan IPv6Support](#)
- [config wlan mac-filtering](#)
- [config wlan qos](#)
- [config wlan radio](#)
- [config wlan radius server](#)
- [config wlan security](#)
- [config wlan timeout](#)
- [config wlan vlan](#)
- [config wlan wwm](#)
- [config wlan 802.11e](#)



config wlan aaa-override

To create a wireless LAN, use the config wlan aaa-override command.

When AAA Override is enabled, and a client has conflicting AAA and Cisco Wireless LAN Controller WLAN authentication parameters, client authentication is performed by the AAA server. As part of this authentication, the Operating System will move clients from the default Cisco WLAN Solution WLAN VLAN to a VLAN returned by the AAA server and predefined in the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller Interface configuration (only when configured for MAC filtering, 802.1X, and/or WPA operation). In all cases, the Operating System will also use QoS and ACL provided by the AAA server, as long as they are predefined in the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller Interface configuration. (This VLAN switching by AAA Override is also referred to as Identity Networking.)

For instance, if the Corporate WLAN primarily uses a Management Interface assigned to VLAN 2, and if AAA Override returns a redirect to VLAN 100, the Operating System redirects all client transmissions to VLAN 100, regardless of the physical port to which VLAN 100 is assigned.

When AAA Override is disabled, all client authentication defaults to the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller authentication parameter settings, and authentication is only performed by the AAA server if the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller WLAN do not contain any client-specific authentication parameters.

The AAA override values may come from a RADIUS server, for example.

```
>config wlan aaa-override [enable/disable] <WLAN id>
```

Syntax	config wlan aaa-override [enable/disable] <WLAN id>	Configure parameters. Wireless LAN parameters. WLAN AAA Override. Change state command. WLAN identifier between 1 and 16.
Defaults	Disabled.	
Examples	>config wlan aaa-override enable	
Related Commands	show wlan	



config wlan broadcast-ssid

To configure an SSID broadcast on a WLAN, use the config wlan broadcast-ssid command.

```
>config wlan broadcast-ssid [enable/disable] <WLAN id>
```

Syntax	config wlan broadcast-ssid [enable/disable] <WLAN id>	
	config	Configure parameters.
	wlan	Wireless LAN parameters.
	broadcast-ssid	Broadcast SSID.
	enable/disable	Change state command.
	<WLAN id>	WLAN identifier between 1 and 16.
Defaults	Disabled.	
Examples	>config wlan broadcast-ssid enable	
Related Commands	show wlan	



config wlan exclusionlist

To modify the Exclusion List (blacklist) timeout for a wireless LAN, use the config wlan exclusionlist command.

Set the timeout in seconds for an automatically disabled client. Client machines are disabled by MAC address. A timeout setting of 0 indicates that the client is permanently disabled and that administrative control is required to remove the client from the automatic disable.

```
>config wlan exclusionlist <WLAN id> <seconds>
```

Syntax	config wlan exclusionlist <WLAN id> <seconds>	Configure parameters. Wireless LAN parameters. Exclusion List. WLAN identifier between 1 and 16. Timeout in seconds.
Defaults	Not enabled	
Examples	>config wlan exclusionlist 16 2	
Related Commands	show exclusionlist	



config wlan create

To create a wireless LAN, use the config wlan create command.

```
>config wlan create <WLAN id> <WLAN id>
```

Syntax	config wlan create <WLAN id> <WLAN id>	Configure parameters. Wireless LAN parameters. Add a WLAN. WLAN identifier between 1 and 16.
Defaults	(none)	
Examples	>config wlan create 1 SSID01	
Related Commands	show trapflags	



config wlan delete

To delete a wireless LAN, use the config wlan delete command.

```
>config wlan delete <WLAN id>
```

Syntax	config wlan delete <WLAN id>	Configure parameters. Wireless LAN parameters. Remove a WLAN. WLAN identifier between 1 and 16.
Defaults	(none)	
Examples	>config wlan delete 16	
Related Commands	show wlan, show wlan summary	



config wlan dhcp_server

To configure the internal DHCP server for a wireless LAN, use the config wlan dhcp_server command.

```
>config wlan dhcp_server <WLAN id> <ipaddr>
```

Syntax	config wlan dhcp_server <WLAN id> <ipaddr>	Configure parameters. Wireless LAN parameters. Configure internal DHCP server. WLAN identifier between 1 and 16. IP Address of the internal DHCP server (this parameter is required).
Defaults	(none)	
Examples		>config wlan dhcp_server 16 10.10.2.1
Related Commands	show wlan	



config wlan disable

To disable a wireless LAN, use the config wlan disable command.

```
>config wlan disable <WLAN id>
```

Syntax	config wlan disable <WLAN id>	Configure parameters. Wireless LAN parameters. Change state of WLAN. WLAN identifier between 1 and 16.
Defaults	(none)	
Examples	>config wlan disable 16	
Related Commands	show wlan	



config wlan enable

To enable a wireless LAN, use the config wlan enable command.

```
>config wlan enable <WLAN id>
```

Syntax	config wlan enable <WLAN id>	Configure parameters. Wireless LAN parameters. Change state of WLAN. WLAN identifier between 1 and 16.
Defaults	(none)	
Examples	>config wlan enable 16	
Related Commands	show wlan	



config wlan interface

To associate a wireless LAN with an existing interface, use the config wlan interface command.

```
>config wlan interface <WLAN id> <interface-name>
```

Syntax	config wlan interface <WLAN id> <interface-name>	
	config	Configure parameters.
	wlan	Wireless LAN parameters.
	interface	Change state of WLAN.
	<WLAN id>	WLAN identifier between 1 and 16.
	<interface-name>	Existing interface name.
Defaults	(none)	
Examples	>config wlan interface 16 VLAN901	
Related Commands	show wlan	



config wlan IPv6Support

To configure IPv6 support on a wireless LAN, use the config wlan IPv6Support command.

```
>config wlan IPv6support [<enable/disable><WLAN id>]
```

Syntax	config wlan IPv6support [<enable/disable><WLAN id>]	
	config	Configure parameters.
	wlan	Wireless LAN parameters.
	IPv6support	IP version 6 support.
	<enable/disable>	Enable or disable support.
	<WLAN id>	WLAN identifier between 1 and 16.
Defaults	(none)	
Examples	>config wlan IPv6support enable 6	
Related Commands	show wlan	

config wlan mac-filtering

To change the state of MAC filtering on a wireless LAN, use the config wlan mac-filtering command.

```
>config wlan mac-filtering [enable/disable] <WLAN id>
```

Syntax	config wlan mac-filtering [enable/disable] <WLAN id>	Configure parameters. Wireless LAN parameters. MAC filtering feature. Change state command. WLAN identifier between 1 and 16.
Defaults	(none)	
Examples		>config wlan mac-filtering enable 1
Related Commands	show wlan	



config wlan qos

To change the quality of service for a wireless LAN, use the config wlan qos command.

```
>config wlan qos <WLAN id> [bronze/silver/gold/platinum]
```

Syntax	config wlan qos <WLAN id> [bronze/silver/gold/platinum]	
	config	Configure parameters.
	wlan	Wireless LAN parameters.
	qos	Quality of service.
	<WLAN id>	WLAN identifier between 1 and 16.
	bronze/silver/gold/ platinum	Grades of service: Background, Best Effort, Video, and Voice, respectively.
Defaults	(none)	
Examples	To set the highest level of service on WLAN 1, use the following command: >config wlan qos 1 gold	
Related Commands	show wlan	



config wlan radio

To set the Cisco Radio policy on a wireless LAN, use the config wlan radio command. Set the WLAN policy to apply to 802.11a, 802.11g, 802.11b, 802.11a/g, 802.11b/g, or All = 802.11a/b/g Cisco Radios.

```
>config wlan radio <WLAN id> [all/802.11a/802.11bg/802.11g/802.11ag]
```

Syntax	config wlan radio <WLAN id> [all/802.11a/802.11bg/802.11g/802.11ag]	
	config	Configure parameters.
	wlan	Wireless LAN parameters.
	radio	Cisco Radio policy.
	<WLAN id>	WLAN identifier between 1 and 16.
	802.11a	Only 802.11a supported, when 802.11a is enabled.
	802.11bg	Only 802.11b supported, when 802.11b is enabled and 802.11g support is disabled.
	802.11g	Only 802.11g supported, when 802.11b and 802.11g support are enabled.
	all	Only 802.11a/b supported, when 802.11a and 802.11b are enabled and 802.11g support is disabled.
	802.11bg	Only 802.11b/g supported, when 802.11b and 802.11g support are enabled.
	802.11ag	Only 802.11a/g supported, when 802.11a, 802.11b and 802.11g support are enabled.
	all	802.11a/b/g supported, when 802.11a, 802.11b and 802.11g support are enabled.
Defaults	(none)	
Examples	>config wlan radio 1 all	
Related Commands	config 802.11a enable, config 802.11a disable, config 802.11b enable, config 802.11b disable, config 802.11b 11gSupport enable, config 802.11b 11gSupport disable, show wlan	



config wlan radius_server

To configure a WLAN's radius servers, use the config wlan radius_server command.

```
>config wlan radius_server [auth/acct][add/delete]<WLAN id> <IP addr>all]
[<port>]
```

Syntax	config wlan radius-server [auth/acct][add/delete]<WLAN id> <IP addr>all] [<port>]	Configure parameters. Wireless LAN parameters. RADIUS servers. Authentication or accounting server. Add or delete a server. WLAN identifier between 1 and 16. IP address of specific server or all. Port number of the configured RADIUS server port number.
Defaults	(none)	
Examples	>config wlan radius_server 1 auth all 16	
Related Commands	config 802.11a enable, config 802.11a disable, config 802.11b enable, config 802.11b disable, config 802.11b 11gSupport enable, config 802.11b 11gSupport disable, show wlan	



config wlan wwm

To configure WMM (WME), use the config wlan wme command.

```
>config wlan wmm <allow/disable/require> <WLAN id>
```

Syntax	config wlan wmm <allow/disable/require> <WLAN id>	Configure parameters. Wireless LAN parameters. Configure WMM. Allows WME on the WLAN. Disables WMM on the WLAN. Requires WMM enabled clients on the WLAN. WLAN identifier between 1 and 16.
Defaults	(none)	
Examples		>config wlan wmm allow 1 SSID01
Related Commands		show trapflags

config wlan 802.11e

To configure 802.11e support on a WLAN, use the config wlan 802.11e command.

802.11e provides Quality of Service (QoS) support for LAN applications, which are critical for delay sensitive applications such as Voice over Wireless IP (VoWIP).

802.11e enhances the 802.11 Media Access Control layer (MAC layer) with a coordinated time division multiple access (TDMA) construct, and adds error-correcting mechanisms for delay sensitive applications such as voice and video. The 802.11e specification provides seamless interoperability and is especially well suited for use in networks that include multimedia capability.

```
>config wlan 802.11e <allow/disable/require> <WLAN id>
```

Syntax	config wlan 802.11e <allow/ disable/ require> <WLAN id>	Configure parameters. Wireless LAN parameters. Configure 802.11e. Allows 802.11e support on the WLAN. Select this option if you are unsure of any multimedia applications use. Disables 802.11e support on the WLAN. Select this option if you do not need to support any multimedia applications. Requires 802.11e support enabled clients on the WLAN. Select this option if multimedia applications need to be supported. WLAN identifier between 1 and 16.
Defaults	(none)	
Examples		>config wlan 802.11e allow 1 SSID01
Related Commands		show trapflags

CONFIG WLAN SECURITY COMMANDS

Use the following wlan security commands.

- [config wlan security 802.1X](#)
- [config wlan security granite](#)
- [config wlan security fortress](#)
- [config wlan security ipsec authentication](#)
- [config wlan security ipsec config](#)
- [config wlan security ipsec encryption](#)
- [config wlan security ipsec ike authentication](#)
- [config wlan security ipsec ike DH-Group](#)
- [config wlan security ipsec ike lifetime](#)
- [config wlan security ipsec ike phase1](#)
- [config wlan security ipsec ike contivity](#)
- [config wlan security l2tp](#)
- [config wlan security passthru](#)
- [config wlan security static-wep-key](#)
- [config wlan security static-wep-key authentication](#)
- [config wlan security static-wep-key encryption](#)
- [config wlan security web](#)
- [config wlan security wpa1](#)
- [config wlan security wpa2](#)

config wlan security 802.1X

To change the state of 802.1X security on the wireless LAN Cisco Radios, use the config wlan security 802.1X command.

Use to change the encryption level of 802.1X security on the WLAN Cisco Radios to:

- 40/64 bit key
- 104/128 bit key
- 128/152 bit key

```
>config wlan security 802.1X [enable/disable/encryption] <WLAN id>
```

Syntax	config wlan security 802.1X enable/disable/encryption <WLAN id>	Configure parameters. Wireless LAN parameters. Security policy. 802.1X security. Change state command. Sets the static WEP keys and indexes. WLAN identifier between 1 and 16.
Defaults	(none)	
Examples	>config wlan security 802.1X enable 16	
Related Commands	show wlan	
Related Commands	show wlan	



config wlan security cranite

To change the state of the Cranite passthrough, use the config wlan security cranite command.

```
>config wlan security cranite [enable/disable] <WLAN id>
```

Syntax	config wlan security cranite [enable/disable] <WLAN id>	
	config	Configure parameters.
	wlan	Wireless LAN parameters.
	security	Security policy.
	cranite	Cranite passthrough.
	enable/disable	Change state command.
	<WLAN id>	WLAN identifier between 1 and 16.
Defaults	(none)	
Examples	>config wlan security cranite enable 16	
Related Commands	show wlan	



config wlan security fortress

To change the state of the Fortress passthrough, use the config wlan security fortress command.

```
>config wlan security fortress [enable/disable] <WLAN id>
```

Syntax	config wlan security fortress [enable/disable] <WLAN id>	
	config	Configure parameters.
	wlan	Wireless LAN parameters.
	security	Security policy.
	fortress	Fortress passthrough.
	enable/disable	Change state command.
	<WLAN id>	WLAN identifier between 1 and 16.
Defaults	(none)	
Examples	>config wlan security fortress enable 16	
Related Commands	show wlan	



config wlan security ipsec

To change the state of the IPSec security, use the config wlan security ipsec command.

```
>config wlan security ipsec [enable/disable] <WLAN id>
```

Syntax	config wlan security ipsec [enable/disable] <WLAN id>	
	config	Configure parameters.
	wlan	Wireless LAN parameters.
	security	Security policy.
	ipsec	IPSec parameters.
	enable/disable	Change state command.
	<WLAN id>	WLAN identifier between 1 and 16.
Defaults	N/A	
Examples	>config wlan security IPsec enable 16	
Related Commands	show wlan	



config wlan security ipsec authentication

To modify the IPSec security authentication protocol used on the wireless LAN, use the config wlan security ipsec authentication command.

Use to change the authentication protocol for IPsec to:

- hmac-md5 Enables IPsec HMAC-MD5 authentication.
- hmac-sha-1 Enables IPsec HMAC-SHA-1 authentication.
- none Disables IPsec authentication.

```
>config wlan security ipsec authentication [hmac-md5/hmac-sha-1/none] <WLAN id>
```

Syntax	config wlan security ipsec authentication [hmac-md5/hmac-sha-1/none] <WLAN id>	Configure parameters. Wireless LAN parameters. Security policy. IPSec security. Authentication parameter. Authentication protocol. WLAN identifier between 1 and 16.
Defaults	N/A	
Examples		>config wlan security ipsec authentication hmac-sha-1 1
Related Commands		show wlan



config wlan security ipsec encryption

To modify the IPSec security encryption protocol used on the wireless LAN, use the config wlan security ipsec encryption command.

```
>config wlan security ipsec encryption [3des/des] <WLAN id>
```

Syntax	config wlan security ipsec encryption [3des/des] <WLAN id>	Configure parameters. Wireless LAN parameters. Security policy. IPSec security. Encryption parameter. Encryption protocol. WLAN identifier between 1 and 16.
Defaults	N/A	
Examples		>config wlan security ipsec encryption aes 1
Related Commands		show wlan



config wlan security ipsec config

To configure the propriety IKE CFG-Mode parameters used on the wireless LAN, use the config wlan security ipsec config command.

IKE (Internet Key Exchange protocol) is used as a method of distributing the session keys (encryption and authentication), as well as providing a way for the VPN endpoints to agree on how the data should be protected. IKE keeps track of connections by assigning a bundle of Security Associations (SAs), to each connection.

```
>config wlan security ipsec config [qotd <ip-addr>] <WLAN id>
```

Syntax	config wlan security ipsec config [qotd <ip-addr>] <WLAN id>	Configure parameters. Wireless LAN parameters. Security policy. IPSec security. Configure ipsec parameter. Quote-of-the-day server IP address for cfg-mode WLAN identifier between 1 and 16.
Defaults	N/A	
Examples		>config wlan security ipsec config 44.55.66.77 1
Related Commands		show wlan



config wlan security ipsec ike authentication

To modify the IPSec ike authentication protocol used on the wireless LAN, use the config wlan security ipsec ike authentication command.

```
>config wlan security ipsec ike authentication <certificates/pre-share-key/  
xauth-psk> <WLAN id> <key>
```

Syntax	config wlan security ipsec ike authentication certificates pre-share-key xauth-psk <WLAN id> <key>	Configure parameters. Wireless LAN parameters. Security policy. IPSec security. IKE protocol. Authentication parameter. Certificate authentication (no key required). Pre-shared key XAuth pre-shared key. WLAN identifier between 1 and 16. Key required for pre-share and xauth-psk.
Defaults	N/A	
Examples		>config wlan security ipsec ike authentication certificates 16 <key>
Related Commands		show wlan



config wlan security ipsec ike dh-group

To modify the IPSec IKE Diffie Hellman group used on the wireless LAN, use the config wlan security ipsec ike authentication command.

```
>config wlan security ipsec ike dh-group <WLAN id> <group-id>
```

Syntax	config wlan security ipsec ike dh-group <WLAN id> <group-id>	Configure parameters. Wireless LAN parameters. Security policy. IPSec security. IKE protocol. Diffie Hellman group parameter. WLAN identifier between 1 and 16. Group 1, 2 or 5
Defaults	N/A	
Examples	>config wlan security ipsec ike dh-group 1 1	
Related Commands	show wlan	

config wlan security ipsec ike lifetime

To modify the IPsec IKE timeout used on the wireless LAN, use the config wlan security ipsec ike lifetime command.

```
>config wlan security ipsec ike lifetime <WLAN id> <group-id> <seconds>
```

Syntax	config wlan security ipsec ike lifetime <WLAN id> <group-id> <seconds>
	config Configure parameters.
	wlan Wireless LAN parameters.
	security Security policy.
	ipsec IPSec security.
	ike IKE protocol.
	lifetime IKE timeout.
	<WLAN id> WLAN identifier between 1 and 16.
	<seconds> Timeout in seconds
Defaults	N/A
Examples	>config wlan security ipsec ike lifetime 1 10
Related Commands	show wlan



config wlan security ipsec ike phase1

To modify IPSec IKE Phase 1 used on the wireless LAN, use the config wlan security ipsec ike phase1 command.

```
>config wlan security ipsec ike phase1 [aggressive/main] <WLAN id>
```

Syntax	config wlan security ipsec ike phase1 [aggressive/main] <WLAN id>	
	config	Configure parameters.
	wlan	Wireless LAN parameters.
	security	Security policy.
	ipsec	IPSec security.
	ike	IKE protocol.
	phase1	Phase 1 command.
	[aggressive/main]	Phase 1 setting.
	<WLAN id>	WLAN identifier between 1 and 16.
Defaults	N/A	
Examples	>config wlan security ipsec ike phase1 aggressive 16	
Related Commands	show wlan	



config wlan security ipsec ike contivity

To modify Nortel's Contivity VPN client support on the wireless LAN, use the config wlan security ipsec ike contivity command.

```
>config wlan security ipsec ike contivity [enable/disable] <WLAN id>
```

Syntax	config wlan security ipsec ike contivity [enable/disable] <WLAN id>	
	config	Configure parameters.
	wlan	Wireless LAN parameters.
	security	Security policy.
	ipsec	IPSec security.
	ike	IKE protocol.
	contivity	Contivity command.
	[enable/disable]	Enable or Disable.
	<WLAN id>	WLAN identifier between 1 and 16.
Defaults	N/A	
Examples	>config wlan security ipsec ike contivity enable 14	
Related Commands	show wlan	



config wlan security passthru

To modify Passthru used on the wireless LAN, use the config wlan security ipsec ike passthru command.

```
>config wlan security passthru [enable/disable] <WLAN id>
```

Syntax	config wlan security passthru [enable/disable] <WLAN id>	
	config	Configure parameters.
	wlan	Wireless LAN parameters.
	security	Security policy.
	passthru	Passthru command.
	[enable/disable]	Passthru setting.
	<WLAN id>	WLAN identifier between 1 and 16.
Defaults	N/A	
Examples	>config wlan security ipsec enable 3 17	
Related Commands	show wlan	



config wlan security l2tp

To configure L2tp used on the wireless LAN, use the config wlan security l2tp command.

```
>config wlan security l2tp [authentication/enable/disable/encryption/ike]
<WLAN id> [gateway]
```

Syntax	config wlan security l2tp [authentication/enable/disable/encryption/ike] <WLAN id> [gateway]	Configure parameters. Wireless LAN parameters. Security policy. L2tp. IPSec authentication transform (hmac-md5 or hmac-sha-1). Modify L2tp status. IPSec configuration transform (3des, aes or des). Internal Key Exchange (authentication, DH-Group, lifetime or phase1). WLAN identifier between 1 and 16.
Defaults	N/A	
Examples		>config wlan security l2tp enable 1
Related Commands		show wlan



config wlan security static-wep-key

To change the status of static WEP key authentication, use the config wlan security static-wep-key command.

```
>config wlan security static-wep-key [enable/disable] <WLAN id>
```

Syntax	config wlan security static-wep-key [enable/disable] <WLAN id>	
	config	Configure parameters.
	wlan	Wireless LAN parameters.
	security	Security policy.
	static-wep-key	Static WEP key authentication.
	enable/disable	Modify status.
	<WLAN id>	WLAN identifier between 1 and 16.
Defaults	N/A	
Examples	>config wlan security static-wep-key enable 1	
Related Commands	config wlan security wpa encryption	



config wlan security static-wep-key authentication

To change the status of static WEP key authentication, use the config wlan security static-wep-key authentication command.

```
>config wlan security static-wep-key authentication <shared-key/open>
<WLAN id>
```

Syntax

config	Configure parameters.
wlan	Wireless LAN parameters.
security	Security policy.
static-wep-key	Static WEP key authentication.
authentication	Authentication setting.
shared-key	Shared-key authentication.
open	Open authentication.
<WLAN id>	WLAN identifier between 1 and 16.

Defaults

N/A

Examples

```
>config wlan security static-wep-key authentication shared-key 1
>config wlan security static-wep-key authentication open 1
```

Related Commands

show wlan

config wlan security static-wep-key encryption

To change the status of static WEP key encryption, use the config wlan security static-wep-key encryption command.

Use to enable or disable static wep key encryption. Static WEP encryption parameters:

- Key sizes: 40/64, 104/128 and 128/152 bit key sizes.
- Key Index: 1 to 4.
- Enter encryption key.
- Select encryption key format in ASCII or HEX.

One unique WEP Key Index can be applied to each WLAN. As there are only four WEP Key Indexes, only four WLANs can be configured for Static WEP Layer 2 encryption.

```
>config wlan security static-wep-key encryption <WLAN id> [40/104/128] [hex/ascii] <key> <key-index>
```

Syntax	config wlan security static-wep-key encryption <WLAN id> [40/104/128] [hex/ascii] <key> <key-index>	Configure parameters. Wireless LAN parameters. Security policy. Static WEP key authentication. Encryption setting. WLAN identifier between 1 and 16. Encryption level. Key format Hex or ASCII key Key index
Defaults	N/A	
Examples		>config wlan security static-wep-key encryption 1 40 hex 0201702001 2
Related Commands		show wlan



config wlan security web

To change the status of Web authentication used on the wireless LAN, use the config wlan security web command.

```
>config wlan security web [acl/enable/disable] <WLAN id> <ACL name/none>
```

Syntax	config wlan security web [acl/enable/disable] <WLAN id> <ACL name/none>
	config Configure parameters.
	wlan Wireless LAN parameters.
	security Security policy.
	web Web authentication.
	acl Add an ACL to the WLAN definition.
	enable/disable Modify status.
	<WLAN id> WLAN identifier between 1 and 16.
	<ACL name/none> Existing ACL name or blank.
Defaults	N/A
Examples	<pre>>config wlan security web acl 1 ACL03 >config wlan security web enable >config wlan security web disable</pre>
Related Commands	show wlan



config wlan security wpa1

To change the status of WiFi Protected Access authentication, use the config wlan security wpa1 command.

```
>config wlan security wpa1 [enable/disable/pre-shared-key] <WLAN id>
```

Syntax	config wlan security wpa1 [enable/disable/pre-shared-key] <WLAN id>	
	config	Configure parameters.
	wlan	Wireless LAN parameters.
	security	Security policy.
	wpa1	WiFi Protected Access authentication.
	enable/disable	Modify status.
	/pre-shared-key	WPA Pre-shared key mode (WPA-PSK). When Enabled, you can choose to enable a pre-shared key with or without an eight- to 63-character RSN Passphrase.
	<WLAN id>	WLAN identifier between 1 and 16.
Defaults	N/A	
Examples	>config wlan security wpa1 enable 1	
Related Commands	show wlan	

config wlan security wpa2

To change the status of WPA authentication, use the config wlan security wpa2 command.

```
>config wlan security wpa2 [enable/disable<pre-shared-key><tkip><wpa-compat>]  
<WLAN id>
```

Syntax	config wlan security wpa2 [enable/disable<pre-shared-key><tkip><wpa-compat>] <WLAN id>	Configure parameters. Wireless LAN parameters. Security policy. WPA authentication. WPA2 Pre-Shared key mode. When Enabled, you can choose to enable a pre-shared key with or without an eight- to 63-character RSN Passphrase. WPA2 TKIP mode. WPA compatibility mode. Modify status. WLAN identifier between 1 and 16.
Defaults	N/A	
Examples		>config wlan security wpa2 enable 1
Related Commands		show wlan



config wlan timeout

To change the timeout of WLAN clients, use the config wlan timeout command.

```
>config wlan timeout <WLAN id> <seconds>
```

Syntax	config wlan timeout <WLAN id> <seconds>	Configure parameters. Wireless LAN parameters. Client timeout. WLAN identifier between 1 and 16. Timeout in seconds.
Defaults	N/A	
Examples	>config wlan timeout 1 6000	
Related Commands	show wlan	



config wlan vlan

To add a Virtual LAN, use the config wlan vlan command.

```
>config wlan vlan <WLAN id> [<VLAN id/untagged> [<IP Address> <Netmask>
<Gateway>]/default]
```

Syntax	config wlan vlan <WLAN id> [<VLAN id/untagged> [<IP Address> <Netmask> <Gateway>]/default]	Configure parameters. Wireless LAN parameters. Virtual LAN. WLAN identifier between 1 and 16. Use the network port configuration VLAN ID or untagged If untagged, enter the IP Address, netmask and gateway
Defaults	N/A	
Examples	>config wlan vlan 1 untagged default	
Related Commands	show wlan wps client-exclusion ip-theft <enable/disable>	Wireless protection system. Client Exclusion Internet Protocol theft or re-use. Enable or disable the client exclusion.
Defaults	N/A	
Examples	>config wps client-exclusion ip-theft enable	
Related Commands	config wps client-exclusion 802.11-assoc, config wps client-exclusion 802.11-auth, config wps client-exclusion 802.1x-auth, config wps client-exclusion nac, config wps client-exclusion web-auth, show wps summary config wps client-exclusion 802.11-assoc, config wps client-exclusion 802.11-auth, config wps client-exclusion 802.1x-auth, config wps client-exclusion nac, config wps client-exclusion ip-theft, show wps summary	

Saving Configurations

Use the save config command before you log out of the command line interface to save all previous configuration changes.

- [save config](#)



save config

To save Cisco Wireless LAN Controller configurations, use the save config command.

```
>save config
```

Syntax `save config` Save Configuration changes.

Defaults (none)

Examples `>save config`
Are you sure you want to save? y/n **y**

Configuration Saved!

Related Commands `show sysinfo`

Clearing Configurations, Logfiles, and Other Actions

To clear existing configurations, logfiles, and other functions, use the clear commands.

- [clear ap-config](#)
- [clear arp](#)
- [clear config](#)
- [clear stats port](#)
- [clear stats mobility](#)
- [clear stats switch](#)
- [clear redirect-url](#)
- [clear transfer](#)
- [clear traplog](#)
- [clear webimage](#)
- [clear webmessage](#)
- [clear webtitle](#)
- [clear ext-webauth-url](#)



clear ap-config

To restore a Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point configuration database to its factory default, use the clear ap-config command.

```
>clear ap-config <Cisco AP>
```

Syntax	clear ap-config <Cisco AP>	Clear. Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point configuration. Name of the Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point.
Defaults	N/A	
Examples	>clear ap-config aire1	
Related Commands	clear transfer, clear download filename, clear download mode, clear download path, clear download serverip, clear download start, clear upload datatype, clear upload filename, clear upload mode, clear upload path, clear upload serverip, clear upload start	



clear arp

To clear the ARP table to a Cisco 1000 Series lightweight access point its factory default, use the clear arp command.

```
>clear arp
```

Syntax	clear arp	Command action.
Defaults	N/A	
Examples	<pre>>clear arp</pre>	Are you sure you want to clear the ARP cache? (y/n)
Related Commands		clear transfer, clear download filename, clear download mode, clear download path, clear download serverip, clear download start, clear upload datatype, clear upload filename, clear upload mode, clear upload path, clear upload serv- erip, clear upload start



clear config

To remove the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller configuration, use the clear config command.

```
>clear config
```

Syntax	clear config	Clear Cisco Wireless LAN Controller configuration.
---------------	--------------	--

Defaults	N/A
-----------------	-----

Examples	<pre>>clear config Are you sure you want to clear the configuration? y/n n Configuration not cleared!</pre>
-----------------	--

Related Commands	clear transfer, clear download filename, clear download mode, clear download path, clear download serverip, clear download start, clear upload datatype, clear upload filename, clear upload mode, clear upload path, clear upload serverip, clear upload start
-------------------------	---



clear stats mobility

To clear the mobility statistics counters for a specific port, use the clear stats mobility command.

```
>clear stats mobility
```

Syntax	clear stats mobility	Clear. Statistics counters. Mobility statistics.
---------------	----------------------------	--

Defaults	N/A
-----------------	-----

Examples	> clear stats mobility Mobility stats cleared.
-----------------	--

Related Commands	clear transfer, clear download datatype, clear download filename, clear download mode, clear download serverip, clear download start, clear upload datatype, clear upload filename, clear upload mode, clear upload path, clear upload serverip, clear upload start, clear stats port
-------------------------	---



clear stats port

To clear the statistics counters for a specific port, use the clear stats port command.

```
>clear stats port <port>
```

Syntax	clear stats port <port>	Clear. Statistics counters. Port level. Cisco Wireless LAN Controller port.
---------------	----------------------------------	--

Defaults	N/A
-----------------	-----

Examples	<pre>>clear stats port 9 Are you sure you want to clear the port stats? y/n y Port stats cleared!</pre>
-----------------	--

Related Commands	clear transfer, clear download datatype, clear download filename, clear download mode, clear download serverip, clear download start, clear upload datatype, clear upload filename, clear upload mode, clear upload path, clear upload serverip, clear upload start
-------------------------	---



clear stats switch

To clear all statistics counters on the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller, use the clear stats switch command.

```
>clear stats switch
```

Syntax	clear stats switch	Clear. Statistics counters. Cisco Wireless LAN Controller.
---------------	--------------------------	--

Defaults	N/A
-----------------	-----

Examples	> clear stats switch Are you sure you want to clear the switch stats? y/n y Switch stats cleared!
-----------------	--

Related Commands	clear transfer, clear download datatype, clear download filename, clear download mode, clear download path, clear download start, clear upload datatype, clear upload filename, clear upload mode, clear upload path, clear upload serverip, clear upload start
-------------------------	---



clear redirect-url

To clear the custom Web Authentication Redirect URL on the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller, use the clear redirect-url command.

```
>clear redirect-url
```

Syntax clear redirect-url Command action.

Defaults N/A

Examples >**clear redirect-url**

```
URL cleared.
```

Related Commands clear transfer, clear download datatype, clear download filename, clear download mode, clear download path, clear download start, clear upload datatype, clear upload filename, clear upload mode, clear upload path, clear upload serverip, clear upload start



clear transfer

To clear transfer information, use the clear transfer command.

```
>clear transfer
```

Syntax	<code>clear transfer</code>	Clear. Transfer data.
---------------	-----------------------------	--------------------------

Defaults	N/A
-----------------	-----

Examples	<pre>>clear transfer Are you sure you want to clear the transfer information? (y/n) Y Transfer Information Cleared!</pre>
-----------------	--

Related Commands	<code>clear transfer</code> , <code>clear download datatype</code> , <code>clear download filename</code> , <code>clear download mode</code> , <code>clear download path</code> , <code>clear download serverip</code> , <code>clear upload datatype</code> , <code>clear download filename</code> , <code>clear download mode</code> , <code>clear download path</code> , <code>clear download serverip</code> , <code>clear download start</code>
-------------------------	---



clear traplog

To clear traplog information, use the clear traplog command.

```
>clear traplog
```

Syntax	clear traplog	Clear. Trap logs.
---------------	------------------	----------------------

Defaults	N/A
-----------------	-----

Examples	> clear traplog Are you sure you want to clear the trap log? (y/n) y Trap Log Cleared!
-----------------	---

Related Commands	clear transfer, clear download datatype, clear download filename, clear download mode, clear download path, clear download serverip, clear download start, clear upload filename, clear upload mode, clear upload path, clear upload serverip, clear upload start
-------------------------	---



clear webimage

To clear the custom Web Authentication Image, use the clear webimage command.

```
>clear webimage
```

Syntax clear webimage Command action.

Defaults N/A

Examples >**clear webimage**
Logo not installed.

Related Commands clear transfer, clear download datatype, clear download filename, clear download mode, clear download path, clear download serverip, clear download start, clear upload filename, clear upload mode, clear upload path, clear upload serverip, clear upload start



clear webmessage

To clear the custom Web Authentication Message, use the clear webmessage command.

```
>clear webmessage
```

Syntax clear webmessage Command action.

Defaults N/A

Examples

```
>clear webmessage
Message cleared.
```

Related Commands clear transfer, clear download datatype, clear download filename, clear download mode, clear download path, clear download serverip, clear download start, clear upload filename, clear upload mode, clear upload path, clear upload serverip, clear upload start



clear webtitle

To clear the custom Web Authentication Title, use the clear webtitle command.

```
>clear webtitle
```

Syntax clear webtitle Command action.

Defaults N/A

Examples

```
>clear webtitle
Title cleared.
```

Related Commands clear transfer, clear download datatype, clear download filename, clear download mode, clear download path, clear download serverip, clear download start, clear upload filename, clear upload mode, clear upload path, clear upload serverip, clear upload start



clear ext-webauth-url

To clear the custom Web Authentication URL, use the clear ext-webauth-url command.

```
>clear ext-webauth-url
```

Syntax clear URL Command action.

Defaults N/A

Examples

```
>clear ext-webauth-url
URL cleared.
```

Related Commands clear transfer, clear download datatype, clear download filename, clear download mode, clear download path, clear download serverip, clear download start, clear upload filename, clear upload mode, clear upload path, clear upload serverip, clear upload start

Uploading and Downloading Files and Configurations

To transfer files to or from the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller, use the transfer commands.

- transfer download
 - [transfer download certpassword](#)
 - [transfer download datatype](#)
 - [transfer download filename](#)
 - [transfer download mode](#)
 - [transfer download path](#)
 - [transfer download serverip](#)
 - [transfer download start](#)
 - [transfer download tftpPktTimeout](#)
 - [transfer download tftpMaxRetries](#)
- transfer upload
 - [transfer upload datatype](#)
 - [transfer upload filename](#)
 - [transfer upload mode](#)
 - [transfer upload path](#)
 - [transfer upload serverip](#)
 - [transfer upload start](#)



transfer download certpassword

To set a certificate's private password, use the transfer download certpassword command.

```
>transfer download certpassword [password]
```

Syntax	transfer download certpassword password	Move a file or configuration. Download operation to Cisco Wireless LAN Controller. Certificate's private key password Password or blank to clear password
Defaults	N/A	
Examples	<pre>>transfer download certpassword</pre> <p>Clearing Password</p>	
Related Commands		clear transfer, transfer download filename, transfer download mode, transfer download path, transfer download serverip, transfer download start, transfer upload datatype, transfer upload filename, transfer upload mode, transfer upload path, transfer upload serverip, transfer upload start

transfer download datatype

To set the download data type, use the transfer download datatype command.

```
>transfer download datatype [code/config/webauthcert/webadmincert/image]
```

Syntax	transfer download datatype code config webauthcert webadmincert image	Move a file or configuration. Download operation to Cisco Wireless LAN Controller. Type of data. Cisco Wireless LAN Controller code. Configuration file. Authentication certificate. Administration certificate. Image
Defaults	N/A	
Examples	> transfer datatype code	
Related Commands	clear transfer, transfer download filename, transfer download mode, transfer download path, transfer download serverip, transfer download start, transfer upload datatype, transfer upload filename, transfer upload mode, transfer upload path, transfer upload serverip, transfer upload start, transfer download datatype image, transfer download start	



transfer download filename

To download a specific file, use the transfer download filename command.

```
>transfer download filename <filename>
```

Syntax	transfer download filename <filename>	Move a file. Download operation to a Cisco Wireless LAN Controller. Enter filename up to 31 alphanumeric characters.
---------------	---	--

Defaults	N/A
-----------------	-----

Examples	> transfer download filename build603
-----------------	--

Related Commands	clear transfer, transfer download datatype, transfer download mode, transfer download path, transfer download serverip, transfer download start, transfer upload datatype, transfer upload filename, transfer upload mode, transfer upload path, transfer upload serverip, transfer upload start
-------------------------	--



transfer download mode

To download a specific file, use the transfer download mode command.

```
>transfer download mode <mode>
```

Syntax	transfer download mode <mode>	Move a file. Download mode for Cisco Wireless LAN Controller. Enter mode of tftp.
---------------	-------------------------------------	---

Defaults	N/A
-----------------	-----

Example	>transfer download mode tftp
----------------	--

Related Commands	clear transfer, transfer download datatype, transfer download filename, transfer download path, transfer download serverip, transfer download start, transfer upload datatype, transfer upload filename, transfer upload mode, transfer upload path, transfer upload serverip, transfer upload start
-------------------------	---



transfer download path

To set a specific path, use the transfer download path command.

```
>transfer download path <path>
```

Syntax	transfer download path <path>	Move a file. Download operation for Cisco Wireless LAN Controller. Enter filename directory path.
Defaults	N/A	
Example		<pre>>transfer download c:\install\version2</pre>
Related Commands		clear transfer, transfer download datatype, transfer download filename, transfer download mode, transfer download serverip, transfer download start, transfer upload datatype, transfer upload filename, transfer upload mode, transfer upload path, transfer upload serverip, transfer upload start



transfer download serverip

To download a specific server, use the transfer download serverip command.

```
>transfer download serverip <ip addr>
```

Syntax	transfer download serverip <IP addr>	Move a file. Download operation for Cisco Wireless LAN Controller. Enter IP address of the server.
Defaults	N/A	
Examples		<pre>>transfer download serverip 175.34.56.78</pre>
Related Commands		clear transfer, transfer download datatype, transfer download filename, transfer download mode, transfer download path, transfer download start, transfer upload datatype, transfer upload filename, transfer upload mode, transfer upload path, transfer upload serverip, transfer upload start

transfer download start

To start a download transfer, use the transfer download start command.

```
>transfer download start
```

Syntax	transfer download start	Move a file. Download start operation for Cisco Wireless LAN Controller.
---------------	----------------------------	--

Defaults	N/A
-----------------	-----

Example	<pre>>transfer download start Mode..... TFTP Data Type..... Code TFTP Server IP..... 172.16.16.78 TFTP Packet Timeout..... 6 TFTP Max Retries..... 10 TFTP Path..... c:\find\off/ TFTP Filename..... wps_2_0_75_0.aes</pre>
----------------	--

This may take some time.

Are you sure you want to start? (y/n) **n**

Transfer Cancelled

Related Commands	clear transfer, transfer download datatype, transfer download filename, transfer download mode, transfer download path, transfer download serverip, transfer upload datatype, transfer download filename, transfer download mode, transfer download path, transfer download serverip, transfer download start
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transfer download tftpPktTimeout

To enter the tftp Packet Timeout in secs between 1 and 254, use the transfer download tftpPktTimeout command.

```
>transfer download tftpPktTimeout <time out>
```

Syntax transfer Move a file
 download tftpPktTimeout The tftp Packet Timeout in secs between 1 and 254.

Defaults N/A

Example **>transfer download tftpPktTimeout 55**

Related Commands clear transfer, transfer download datatype, transfer download filename,
 transfer download mode, transfer download path, transfer download serverip,
 transfer upload datatype, transfer download filename, transfer download mode,
 transfer download path, transfer download serverip, transfer download start



transfer download tftpMaxRetries

To enter the tftp Packet Max Retries in secs between 1 and 254, use the transfer download tftpPktMaxTimeout command.

```
>transfer download tftpPktMaxTimeout <time out>
```

Syntax transfer Move a file.
 download tftpPktMaxTimeoutThe tftp Packet Maximum timeout in secs between
 1 and 254.

Defaults N/A

Example

```
>transfer download tftpPktMaxTimeout 55
```

Related Commands clear transfer, transfer download datatype, transfer download filename,
 transfer download mode, transfer download path, transfer download serverip,
 transfer upload datatype, transfer download filename, transfer download mode,
 transfer download path, transfer download serverip, transfer download start

transfer upload datatype

To set the upload data type, use the transfer upload datatype command.

```
>transfer upload datatype [config/crashfile/errorlog/systemtrace/traplog]
```

Syntax	transfer upload datatype errorlog crashfile systemtrace config traplog	Move a file or configuration. Upload operation to a Cisco Wireless LAN Controller. Type of data. Error log file. Crash file. System trace file. Configuration log. Trap log.
Defaults:	N/A	
Examples	>transfer upload datatype errorlog	
Related Commands	clear transfer, transfer download datatype, transfer download filename, transfer download mode, transfer download path, transfer download serverip, transfer download start, transfer upload filename, transfer upload mode, transfer upload path, transfer upload serverip, transfer upload start	



transfer upload filename

To upload a specific file, use the transfer upload filename command.

```
>transfer upload filename <filename>
```

Syntax	transfer upload filename <filename>	Move a file. Upload operation to a Cisco Wireless LAN Controller. Enter filename up to 31 alphanumeric characters.
Defaults	N/A	
Examples		> transfer upload filename build603
Related Commands		clear transfer, transfer download datatype, transfer download filename, transfer download mode, transfer download path, transfer download serverip, transfer download start, transfer upload datatype, transfer upload mode, transfer upload path, transfer upload serverip, transfer upload start



transfer upload mode

To upload a specific file, use the transfer upload mode command.

```
>transfer upload mode <mode>
```

Syntax	transfer upload mode <mode>	Move a file. Download mode for a Cisco Wireless LAN Controller. Enter mode of tftp.
Defaults	N/A	
Examples	<pre>>transfer upload mode tftp</pre>	
Related Commands		clear transfer, transfer download datatype, transfer download filename, transfer download mode, transfer download path, transfer download serverip, transfer download start, transfer upload datatype, transfer upload filename, transfer upload path, transfer upload serverip, transfer upload start



transfer upload path

To set a specific upload path, use the transfer upload path command.

```
>transfer upload path <path>
```

Syntax	transfer upload path <path>	Move a file. Upload operation for a Cisco Wireless LAN Controller. Enter filename directory path up to 31 characters.
Defaults	N/A	
Examples		<pre>>transfer upload path c:\install\version2</pre>
Related Commands		clear transfer, transfer download datatype, transfer download filename, transfer download mode, transfer download path, transfer download serverip, transfer download start, transfer upload datatype, transfer upload filename, transfer upload mode, transfer upload serverip, transfer upload start



transfer upload serverip

To upload a specific server, use the transfer upload serverip command.

```
>transfer upload serverip <ip addr>
```

Syntax	transfer upload serverip <IP addr>	Move a file. Upload operation for a Cisco Wireless LAN Controller. Enter IP address of the server.
Defaults	N/A	
Examples	>transfer upload serverip 175.34.56.78	
Related Commands	clear transfer, transfer download datatype, transfer download filename, transfer download mode, transfer download path, transfer download serverip, transfer download start, transfer upload datatype, transfer upload filename, transfer upload mode, transfer upload path, transfer upload start	

transfer upload start

To start an upload transfer, use the transfer upload start command.

```
>transfer download start
```

Syntax	transfer upload start	Move a file. Download start operation for a Cisco Wireless LAN Controller.
---------------	--------------------------	---

Defaults	N/A
-----------------	-----

Examples	<pre>>transfer upload start Mode..... TFTP Data Type..... Code TFTP Server IP..... 172.16.16.78 TFTP Packet Timeout..... 6 TFTP Max Retries..... 10 TFTP Path..... c:\find\off/ TFTP Filename..... wps_2_0_75_0.aes</pre>
-----------------	--

This may take some time.

Are you sure you want to start? (y/n) **n**

Transfer Cancelled

Related Commands	clear transfer, transfer download datatype, transfer download filename, transfer download mode, transfer download path, transfer download serverip, transfer download start, transfer upload datatype, transfer upload filename, transfer upload mode, transfer upload path, transfer upload serverip
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Troubleshooting

Use the debug commands to manage system debugging.



CAUTION: Debug commands are reserved for use only under direction of Cisco personnel. Please do not use these commands without direction from Cisco-certified staff.



Notes: