

# Case Study: Troubleshooting Cisco Unified IP Phone-to-Cisco IOS Gateway Calls

The case study described in Appendix A, "Case Study: Troubleshooting Cisco Unified IP Phone Calls," describes the call flow for an intracluster call. The case study in this appendix examines a Cisco Unified IP Phone that is calling through a Cisco IOS Gateway to a phone that is connected through a local PBX or on the Public Switched Telephone Network (PSTN). Conceptually, when the call reaches the Cisco IOS Gateway, the gateway will forward the call to either a phone connected to an FXS port or to the PBX. If the call is forwarded to the PBX, it could terminate to a phone that is connected to a local PBX, or the PBX forwards it over the PSTN, and the call will terminate somewhere on the PSTN.

This section contains the following topics:

- Call Flow Traces
- Debug Messages and Show Commands on the Cisco IOS Gatekeeper
- Debug Messages and Show Commands on the Cisco IOS Gateway
- Cisco IOS Gateway with T1/PRI Interface
- Cisco IOS Gateway with T1/CAS Interface

### **Call Flow Traces**

This section discusses call flow through examples from the Cisco CallManager trace file CCM000000000. The traces in this case study focus only on the call flow itself because Appendix A, "Case Study: Troubleshooting Cisco Unified IP Phone Calls," (for example, initialization, registration, and KeepAlive mechanism) already explained the more detailed trace information.

In this call flow, a Cisco Unified IP Phone (directory number 1001) that is located in cluster 2 is calling a phone (directory number 3333) that is located somewhere on the PSTN. Remember that you can follow a device through the trace by looking at the TCP handle value, time stamp, or name of the device. The TCP handle value for the device remains the same until the device is rebooted or goes off line.

In the following traces, the Cisco Unified IP Phone (1001) has gone off hook. The trace shows the unique messages, TCP handle, and the calling number, which displays on the Cisco Unified IP Phone. No called number appears at this point, because the user has not tried to dial any digits.

16:05:46.37515:20:18.390 CCM|StationInit - InboundStim - OffHookMessageID tcpHandle=0x5138d98 15:20:18.390 CCM StationD - stationOutputDisplayText tcpHandle=0x5138d98, Display=1001

In the following traces, the user is dialing the DN 3333, one digit at a time. The number 3333 specifies the destination number of the phone, which is located somewhere on the PSTN network. The digit analysis process of the Cisco Unified CallManager is currently active and is analyzing the digits to discover where the call needs to get routed. Appendix A, "Case Study: Troubleshooting Cisco Unified IP Phone Calls," provides a more detailed explanation of the digit analysis

```
15:20:18.390 CCM Digit analysis: match(fqcn="", cn="1001", pss="", dd="")
15:20:19.703 CCM Digit analysis: match(fqcn="", cn="1001", pss="", dd="3")
15:20:20.078 CCM Digit analysis: match(fqcn="", cn="1001", pss="", dd="33")
15:20:20.718 CCM Digit analysis: match(fqcn="", cn="1001", pss="", dd="333")
15:20:21.421 CCM Digit analysis: match(fqcn="", cn="1001", pss="", dd="333")
15:20:21.421 CCM Digit analysis: match(fqcn="", cn="1001", pss="", dd="333")
```

In the following traces, the digit analysis has completed, calling and called party are matched, and the information has been parsed.

```
|CallingPartyNumber=1001
|DialingPattern=3333
|DialingRoutePatternRegularExpression=(3333)
|PretransformDigitString=3333
|PretransformPositionalMatchList=3333
|CollectedDigits=3333
|PositionalMatchList=3333
```

In the following traces, the number 0 indicates the originating location, and the number 1 indicates the destination location. BW = -1 determines the bandwidth of the originating location. The value -1 implies that the bandwidth is infinite. The bandwidth is infinite because the call originated from a Cisco Unified IP Phone located in a LAN environment. BW = 64 determines the bandwidth of the destination location. The call destination specifies a phone located in a PSTN, and the codec type that is used is G.711 (64 Kbps).

15:20:21.421 CCM Locations:Orig=0 BW=-1 Dest=1 BW=64 (-1 implies infinite bw available)

The following traces show the calling and called party information. In this example, the calling party name and number are the same because the administrator has not configured a display name, such as John Smith.

```
15:20:21.421 CCM|StationD - stationOutputCallInfo CallingPartyName=1001,
CallingParty=1001, CalledPartyName=, CalledParty=3333, tcpHandle=0x5138d98
```

The following trace shows that the H.323 code has been initialized and is sending an H.225 setup message. You can also see the traditional HDLC SAPI messages, the IP address of the called side in hexidecimal, and the port numbers.

```
15:20:21.421 CCM|Out Message -- H225SetupMsg -- Protocol= H225Protocol
15:20:21.421 CCM|MMan_Id= 1. (iep= 0 dsl= 0 sapi= 0 ces= 0 IpAddr=e24610ac
IpPort=47110)
```

The following trace shows the calling and called party information as well as the H.225 alerting message. Also shown is the mapping of a Cisco Unified IP Phone hexidecimal value to the IP address. The IP address of the Cisco Unified IP Phone (1001) is 172.16.70.231.

```
15:20:21.437 CCM|StationD - stationOutputCallInfo CallingPartyName=1001,
CallingParty=1001, CalledPartyName=, CalledParty=3333, tcpHandle=0x5138d98
15:20:21.453 CCM|In Message -- H225AlertMsg -- Protocol= H225Protocol
15:20:21.953 CCM|StationD - stationOutputOpenReceiveChannel tcpHandle=0x5138d98 myIP:
e74610ac (172.16.70.231)
```

The following trace shows the compression type that is used for this call (G.711 mu-law).

```
15:20:21.953 CCM StationD - ConferenceID: 0 msecPacketSize: 20 compressionType:(4)Media_Payload_G711Ulaw64k
```

After the H.225 alert message has been sent, H.323 initializes H.245. The following trace shows the calling and called party information, and the H.245 messages. Notice that the TCP handle value remains the same as before, indicating that this is the continuation of the same call.

ONE FOR EACH Channel- 16:53:36.855 CCM|H245Interface(3) paths established ip = e98e6b80, port = 1304|<CT::1,100,105,1.1682><IP::128.107.142.233> ONE FOR EACH Channel- 16:53:37.199 CCM|H245Interface(3) OLC outgoing confirm ip = b870701, port = 49252|<CT::1,100,128,3.9><IP::1.7.135.11>

H323 EP has answered the call and H245 channel setup in progress: 16:53:13.479 CCM In Message -- H225ConnectMsg -- Protocol= H225Protocol

16:03:25.359 CCM|StationD(1): TCPPid = [1.100.117.1] CallInfo callingPartyName=''
callingParty=13001 cgpnVoiceMailbox= calledPartyName='' calledParty=11002
cdpnVoiceMailbox= originalCalledPartyName='' originalCalledParty=11002
originalCdpnVoiceMailbox= originalCdpnRedirectReason=0 lastRedirectingPartyName=''
lastRedirectingParty=11002 lastRedirectingVoiceMailbox= lastRedirectingReason=0
callType=2(OutBound) lineInstance=1 callReference=16777217. version:
0|<CT::1,100,11,2.1><IP::><DEV::>

16:03:25.328 CCM StationD(1): TCPPid = [1.100.117.1] OpenReceiveChannel conferenceID=16777217 passThruPartyID=16777233 millisecondPacketSize=20 compressionType=4(Media\_Payload\_G711Ulaw64k) qualifierIn=?. myIP: e98e6b80 (128.107.142.233) |<CT::1,100,11,1.1><IP::><DEV::> 16:03:25.359 CCM | StationD(2): TCPPid = [1.100.117.2] StartMediaTransmission conferenceID=16777218 passThruPartyID=16777249 remoteIpAddress=e98e6b80(64.255.0.0) remotePortNumber=65344 milliSecondPacketSize=20 compressType=4(Media\_Payload\_G711Ulaw64k) qualifierOut=?. myIP: e98e6b80 (128.107.142.233) <CT::1,100,105,1.213><IP::128.107.142.233> 16:03:25.375 CCM StationD(2): TCPPid = [1.100.117.2] star StationOutputStartMultiMediaTransmission conferenceID=16777218 passThruPartyID=16777250 remoteIpAddress=e98e6b80(66.255.0.0) remotePortNumber=65346 compressType=101(Media\_Payload\_H263) qualifierOut=?. myIP: e98e6b80 (128.107.142.233) |<CT::1,100,105,1.215><IP::128.107.142.233> 16:03:25.328 CCM StationD(1): TCPPid=[1.100.117.1] OpenMultiReceiveChannel conferenceID=16777217 passThruPartyID=1000011 compressionType=101(Media\_Payload\_H263) qualifierIn=?. myIP: e98e6b80 (128.107.142.233) | <CT::1,100,11,1.1><IP::><DEV::>

The following trace shows the H.225 connection message, as well as other information. When the H.225 connection message is received, the call connected.

```
15:20:22.968 CCM | In Message -- H225ConnectMsg -- Protocol= H225Protocol
15:20:22.968 CCM |StationD - stationOutputCallInfo CallingPartyName=1001,
CallingParty=1001, CalledPartyName=, CalledParty=3333, tcpHandle=0x5138d98
15:20:22.062 CCM |MediaCoordinator - wait_AuConnectInfoInd
15:20:22.062 CCM |StationD - stationOutputStartMediaTransmission tcpHandle=0x5138d98 myIP:
e74610ac (172.16.70.231)
15:20:22.062 CCM |StationD - RemoteIpAddr: e24610ac (172.16.70.226) RemoteRtpPortNumber:
16758 msecPacketSize: 20 compressionType:(4)Media_Payload_G711Ulaw64k
15:20:22.062 CCM |Locations:Orig=0 BW=-1Dest=1 BW=6(-1 implies infinite bw available)
16:03:25.359 CCM |MediaManager(1) - wait_AuConnectInfo - recieved response, fowarding,
CI(16777217,16777218) |<CT::1,100,105,1.213><IP::128.107.142.233>
16:03:25.359 CCM |MediaCoordinator -
wait_AuConnectInfoInd |<CT::1,100,105,1.213><IP::128.107.142.233>
16:03:25.359 CCM |ConnectionManager - wait_AuConnectInfoInd,
CI(16777217,16777218) |<CT::1,100,105,1.213><IP::128.107.142.233>
```

The following message shows that an on-hook message from the Cisco Unified IP Phone (1001) is being received. As soon as an on-hook message is received, the H.225 and Skinny Station device disconnection messages are sent, and the entire H.225 message is seen. This final message indicates that the call terminated.

```
15:20:27.296 CCM StationInit - InboundStim - OnHookMessageID tcpHandle=0x5138d98
15:20:27.296 CCM ConnectionManager -wait_AuDisconnectRequest (16777247,16777248): STOP
SESSION
15:20:27.296 CCM | MediaManager - wait_AuDisconnectRequest - StopSession sending disconnect
to (64,5) and remove connection from list
15:20:27.296 CCM | Device SEP003094C26105 , UnRegisters with SDL Link to monitor NodeID= 1
15:20:27.296 CCM StationD - stationOutputCloseReceiveChannel tcpHandle=0x5138d98 myIP:
e74610ac (172.16.70.231)
15:20:27.296 CCM StationD - stationOutputStopMediaTransmission tcpHandle=0x5138d98 myIP:
e74610ac (172.16.70.231)
15:20:28.328 CCM In Message -- H225ReleaseCompleteMsg -- Protocol= H225Protocol
16:03:33.344 CCM StationInit - InboundStim - StationOnHookMessageID: Msg Size(received,
defined) = 4, 12 <CT::1,100,105,1.219><IP::128.107.142.233>
16:03:33.359 CCM ConnectionManager - wait_AuDisconnectRequest(16777217,16777218): STOP
SESSION <CT::1,100,105,1.219><IP::128.107.142.233>
16:03:33.359 CCM StationD(2): TCPPid = [1.100.117.2] CloseReceiveChannel
conferenceID=16777218 passThruPartyID=16777249. myIP: e98e6b80
(128.107.142.233) <CT::1,100,105,1.219<<IP::128.107.142.233>
16:03:33.359 CCM StationD(2): TCPPid = [1.100.117.2] StopMediaTransmission
conferenceID=16777218 passThruPartyID=16777249. myIP: e98e6b80
(128.107.142.233) <CT::1,100,105,1.219<<IP::128.107.142.233>
16:03:33.359 CCM StationD(2): TCPPid = [1.100.117.2]
star_StationOutputCloseMultiMediaReceiveChannel conferenceID=16777218
passThruPartyID=16777249. myIP: e98e6b80
(128.107.142.233) <CT::1,100,105,1.219><IP::128.107.142.233>
16:03:33.359 CCM StationD(2): TCPPid = [1.100.117.2]
star_StationOutputStopMultiMediaTransmission conferenceID=16777218
passThruPartyID=16777250. myIP: e98e6b80
(128.107.142.233) |<CT::1,100,105,1.219><IP::128.107.142.233>
```

## Debug Messages and Show Commands on the Cisco IOS Gatekeeper

In the Call Flow Traces discussion covers the Cisco Unified CallManager SDI trace in detail. In the topology for this case study, the debug ras command has been turned on in the Cisco IOS Gatekeeper.

The following debug messages show that the Cisco IOS Gatekeeper is receiving the admission request (ARQ) for the Cisco Unified CallManager (172.16.70.228), followed by other successful Remote Access Server (RAS) messages. Finally, the Cisco IOS Gatekeeper sends an admission confirmed (ACF) message to the Cisco Unified CallManager.

```
*Mar 12 04:03:57.181: RASLibRASRecvData ARQ (seq# 3365) rcvd from [172.16.70.228883] on
sock [0x60AF038C]
*Mar 12 04:03:57.181: RASLibRAS_WK_TInit ipsock [0x60A7A68C] setup successful
*Mar 12 04:03:57.181: RASLibras_sendto msg length 16 from 172.16.70.2251719 to
172.16.70.228883
*Mar 12 04:03:57.181: RASLibRASSendACF ACF (seq# 3365) sent to 172.16.70.228
```

The following debug messages show that the call is in progress.

\*Mar 12 04:03:57.181: RASLibRASRecvData successfully rcvd message of length 55 from 172.16.70.228883

The following debug messages show that the Cisco IOS Gatekeeper has received a disengaged request (DRQ) from the Cisco Unified CallManager (172.16.70.228), and the Cisco IOS Gatekeeper has sent a disengage confirmed (DCF) to the Cisco Unified CallManager.

\*Mar 12 04:03:57.181: RASLibRASRecvData DRQ (seq# 3366) rcvd from [172.16.70.228883] on sock [0x60AF038C] \*Mar 12 04:03:57.181: RASLibras\_sendto msg length 3 from 172.16.70.2251719 to 172.16.70.228883 \*Mar 12 04:03:57.181: RASLibRASSendDCF DCF (seq# 3366) sent to 172.16.70.228 \*Mar 12 04:03:57.181: RASLibRASRecvData successfully rcvd message of length 124 from 172.16.70.228883

The command show gatekeeper endpoints on the Cisco IOS Gatekeeper shows that all four Cisco Unified CallManagers are registered with the Cisco IOS Gatekeeper. Remember that in the topology for this case study, four Cisco Unified CallManagers exist, two in each cluster. This Cisco IOS Gatekeeper includes two zones and each zone includes two Cisco Unified CallManagers.

R2514-1#show gatekeeper endpoints

	GAT	EKEEPER ENDPOI	NT REG	ISTRATIO	N	
CallSignalAddr	=== Port R	ASSignalAddr	Port	Zone Nar	==== ne Туре	
172.16.70.228	2	172.16.70.2	28	1493	gka.cisco.com	VOIP-GW
H323-1D: acl	.046e4-> 2	ac104615 172.16.70.2	29	3923	gka.cisco.com	VOIP-GW
H323-ID: acl 172.16.70.245	.046e5-> 1	ac104615 172.16.70.2	45	1041	gkb.cisco.com	VOIP-GW
H323-ID: ac1	.046f5-> 1	ac1046e4 172.16.70.	243	2043	gkb.cisco.com	VOIP-GW
H323-ID: ac1 Total number of	.046f5-> active	ac1046e4 registrations	= 4			

# Debug Messages and Show Commands on the Cisco IOS Gateway

In the section Debug Messages and Show Commands on the Cisco IOS Gatekeeper, the Cisco IOS Gatekeeper show commands and debug outputs were discussed in detail. This section focuses on the debug output and show commands on the Cisco IOS Gateway. In the topology for this case study, calls go through the Cisco IOS Gateways. The Cisco IOS Gateway interfaces to the PSTN or PBX with either T1/CAS or T1/PRI interfaces. The following example shows debug output of commands such as debug voip ccapi inout, debug H225 events, and debug H225 asn1.

In the following debug output, the Cisco IOS Gateway accepts the TCP connection request from Cisco Unified CallManager (172.16.70.228) on port 2328 for H.225.

```
*Mar 12 04:03:57.169: H225Lib::h225TAccept: TCP connection accepted from
172.16.70.228:2328 on socket [1]
*Mar 12 04:03:57.169: H225Lib::h225TAccept: Q.931 Call State is initialized to be [Null].
*Mar 12 04:03:57.177: Hex representation of the received TPKT03000065080000100
```

The following debug output shows that the H.225 data is coming from the Cisco Unified CallManager on this TCP session. Notice the protocolIdentifier, which indicates the H.323 version being used, in this debug output. The following debug shows that H.323 version 2 is being used. The example also shows the called and calling party numbers.

```
- Source Address H323-ID
```

- Destination Address e164

```
*Mar 12 04:03:57.177:
                           H225Lib::h225RecvData: Q.931 SETUP received from socket
[1]value H323-UserInformation ::=
*Mar 12 04:03:57.181: {
*Mar 12 04:03:57.181:
                       h323-uu-pdu
*Mar 12 04:03:57.181:
                      {
*Mar 12 04:03:57.181:
                         h323-message-body setup :
*Mar 12 04:03:57.181:
                           {
                             protocolIdentifier { 0 0 8 2250 0 2 },
*Mar 12 04:03:57.181:
*Mar 12 04:03:57.181:
                              sourceAddress
*Mar 12 04:03:57.181:
                              {
*Mar 12 04:03:57.181:
                               h323-ID : "1001"
*Mar 12 04:03:57.181:
                              },
*Mar 12 04:03:57.185:
                             destinationAddress
*Mar 12 04:03:57.185:
                             {
*Mar 12 04:03:57.185:
                               e164 : "3333"
*Mar 12 04:03:57.185:
                             },
*Mar 12 04:03:57.189:
                           H225Lib::h225RecvData: State changed to [Call Present].
```

The following debug output shows Call Control Application Programming Interface (CCAPi). Call Control APi indicates an incoming call. You can also see called and calling party information in the following output. CCAPi matches the dial peer 0, which is the default dial peer. It matches dial peer 0 because the CCAPi could not find any other dial peer for the calling number, so it is using the default dial peer.

```
*Mar 12 04:03:57.189: cc_api_call_setup_ind (vdbPtr=0x616C9F54, callInfo={called=3333,
calling=1001, fdest=1 peer_tag=0}, callID=0x616C4838)
*Mar 12 04:03:57.193: cc_process_call_setup_ind (event=0x617A2B18) handed call to app
"SESSION"
*Mar 12 04:03:57.193: sess_appl: ev(19=CC_EV_CALL_SETUP_IND), cid(17), disp(0)
*Mar 12 04:03:57.193: ccCallSetContext (callID=0x11, context=0x61782BBC)
Mar 12 04:03:57.193: ssaCallSetupInd finalDest cllng(1001), clled(3333)
*Mar 12 04:03:57.193: ssaSetupPeer cid(17) peer list: tag(1)
*Mar 12 04:03:57.193: ssaSetupPeer cid(17), destPat(3333), matched(4), prefix(),
peer(6179E63C)
*Mar 12 04:03:57.193: ccCallSetupRequest (peer=0x6179E63C, dest=, params=0x61782BD0
mode=0, *callID=0x617A87C0)
*Mar 12 04:03:57.193: callingNumber=1001, calledNumber=3333, redirectNumber=
*Mar 12 04:03:57.193: accountNumber=, finalDestFlag=1,
guid=0098.89c8.9233.511d.0300.cddd.ac10.46e6
```

The CCAPi matches the dial-peer 1 with the destination pattern, which is the called number 3333. Keep in mind that peer\_tag means dial peer. Notice the calling and called party number in the request packet.

```
*Mar 12 04:03:57.193: peer_tag=1
*Mar 12 04:03:57.197: ccIFCallSetupRequest: (vdbPtr=0x617BE064, dest=,
callParams={called=3333, calling=1001, fdest=1, voice_peer_tag=1}, mode=0x0)
```

The following debug output shows that the H.225 alerting messages are returning to the Cisco Unified CallManager.

```
*Mar 12 04:03:57.197: ccCallSetContext (callID=0x12, context=0x61466B30)
*Mar 12 04:03:57.197: ccCallProceeding (callID=0x11, prog_ind=0x0)
*Mar 12 04:03:57.197: cc_api_call_proceeding(vdbPtr=0x617BE064, callID=0x12, prog_ind=0x0)
*Mar 12 04:03:57.197: cc_api_call_alert(vdbPtr=0x617BE064, callID=0x12, prog_ind=0x8,
sig_ind=0x1)
*Mar 12 04:03:57.201: sess_appl: ev(17=CC_EV_CALL_PROCEEDING), cid(18), disp(0)
*Mar 12 04:03:57.201: ssa:
cid(18)st(1)oldst(0)cfid(-1)csize(0)in(0)fDest(0)-cid2(17)st2(1)oldst2(0)
*Mar 12 04:03:57.201: ssaIgnore cid(18), st(1),oldst(1), ev(17)
*Mar 12 04:03:57.201: sess_appl: ev(7=CC_EV_CALL_ALERT), cid(18), disp(0)
*Mar 12 04:03:57.201: ssa:
cid(18)st(1)oldst(1)cfid(-1)csize(0)in(0)fDest(0)-cid2(17)st2(1)oldst2(0)
*Mar 12 04:03:57.201: ssaIgnore cid(18), st(1),oldst(1), ev(17)
*Mar 12 04:03:57.201: ssaIgnore cid(18), st(1),oldst(1), ev(17)
*Mar 12 04:03:57.201: ssaIgnore cid(18), st(1),oldst(1), ev(17)
*Mar 12 04:03:57.201: ssaIgnore cid(18), st(1),oldst(0)-cid2(17)st2(1)oldst2(0)
*Mar 12 04:03:57.201: ssaIgnore cid(18), st(1),oldst(0)-cid2(17)st2(1)oldst2(0)
*Mar 12 04:03:57.201: ssaIgnore cid(18), st(1),oldst(0)-cid2(17)st2(1)oldst2(0)
*Mar 12 04:03:57.201: ssaIgnore cid(17) peer list: (empty)
```

```
*Mar 12 04:03:57.201: ccCallAlert (callID=0x11, prog_ind=0x8, sig_ind=0x1)
*Mar 12 04:03:57.201: ccConferenceCreate (confID=0x617A8808, callID1=0x11, callID2=0x12,
tag=0x0)
*Mar 12 04:03:57.201: cc_api_bridge_done (confID=0x7, srcIF=0x616C9F54, srcCallID=0x11,
dstCallID=0x12, disposition=0, tag=0x0)value H323-UserInformation
*Mar 12 04:03:57.201: {
*Mar 12 04:03:57.201:
                        h323-uu-pdu
*Mar 12 04:03:57.201:
                       {
*Mar 12 04:03:57.201:
                          h323-message-body alerting :
*Mar 12 04:03:57.201:
                            {
*Mar 12 04:03:57.201:
                              protocolIdentifier { 0 0 8 2250 0 2 },
*Mar 12 04:03:57.205:
                              destinationInfo
*Mar 12 04:03:57.205:
                              {
*Mar 12 04:03:57.205:
                               mc FALSE,
*Mar 12 04:03:57.205:
                                undefinedNode FALSE
*Mar 12 04:03:57.205:
                              },
```

Notice in this packet that Cisco IOS is also sending the H.245 address and port number to Cisco Unified CallManager. Sometimes the Cisco IOS Gateway will send the unreachable address, which could cause either no audio or one-way audio.

```
*Mar 12 04:03:57.205:
                              h245Address ipAddress :
*Mar 12 04:03:57.205:
                                {
*Mar 12 04:03:57.205:
                                  ip 'AC1046E2'H,
                                  port 011008
*Mar 12 04:03:57.205:
*Mar 12 04:03:57.205:
                                },
*Mar 12 04:03:57.213: Hex representation of the ALERTING TPKT to send.0300003D0100
*Mar 12 04:03:57.213:
*Mar 12 04:03:57.213:
                            H225Lib::h225AlertRequest: Q.931 ALERTING sent from socket
[1]. Call state changed to [Call Received].
*Mar 12 04:03:57.213: cc_api_bridge_done (confID=0x7, srcIF=0x617BE064, srcCallID=0x12,
dstCallID=0x11, disposition=0, tag=0x0)
```

The following debug output shows that the H.245 session is coming up. You can see the capability indication for codec negotiation, as well as how many bytes will be present in each voice packet.

```
*Mar 12 04:03:57.217: cc_api_caps_ind (dstVdbPtr=0x616C9F54, dstCallId=0x11,
srcCallId=0x12, caps={codec=0xEBFB, fax_rate=0x7F, vad=0x3, modem=0x617C5720
codec_bytes=0, signal_type=3})
*Mar 12 04:03:57.217: sess_appl: ev(23=CC_EV_CONF_CREATE_DONE), cid(17), disp(0)
*Mar 12 04:03:57.217: ssa:
cid(17)st(3)oldst(0)cfid(7)csize(0)in(1)fDest(1)-cid2(18)st2(3)oldst2(1)
*Mar 12 04:03:57.653: cc_api_caps_ind (dstVdbPtr=0x617BE064, dstCallId=0x12,
srcCallId=0x11, caps={codec=0x1, fax_rate=0x2, vad=0x2, modem=0x1, codec_bytes=160,
signal_type=0})
```

The following debug output shows that both parties negotiated correctly and agreed on G.711 codec with 160 bytes of data.

```
*Mar 12 04:03:57.653: cc_api_caps_ack (dstVdbPtr=0x617BE064, dstCallId=0x12,
srcCallId=0x11, caps={codec=0x1, fax_rate=0x2, vad=0x2, modem=0x1, codec_bytes=160,
signal_type=0})
*Mar 12 04:03:57.653: cc_api_caps_ind (dstVdbPtr=0x617BE064, dstCallId=0x12,
srcCallId=0x11, caps={codec=0x1, fax_rate=0x2, vad=0x2, modem=0x, codec_bytes=160,
signal_type=0})
*Mar 12 04:03:57.653: cc_api_caps_ack (dstVdbPtr=0x617BE064, dstCallId=0x12,
srcCallId=0x11, caps={codec=0x1, fax_rate=0x2, vad=0x2, modem=0x1, codec_bytes=160,
signal_type=0})
*Mar 12 04:03:57.657: cc_api_caps_ack (dstVdbPtr=0x616C9F54, dstCallId=0x11,
srcCallId=0x12, caps={codec=0x1, fax_rate=0x2, vad=0x2, modem=0x1, codec_bytes=160,
signal_type=0})
```

\*Mar 12 04:03:57.657: cc\_api\_caps\_ack (dstVdbPtr=0x616C9F54, dstCallId=0x11, srcCallId=0x12, caps={codec=0x1, fax\_rate=0x2, vad=0x2, modem=0x1, codec\_bytes=160, signal\_type=0})

The H.323 connect and disconnect messages follow.

```
*Mar 12 04:03:59.373: cc_api_call_connected(vdbPtr=0x617BE064, callID=0x12)
*Mar 12 04:03:59.373: sess appl: ev(8=CC EV CALL CONNECTED), cid(18), disp(0)
*Mar 12 04:03:59.373: ssa:
cid(18)st(4)oldst(1)cfid(7)csize(0)in(0)fDest(0)-cid2(17)st2(4)oldst2(3)
*Mar 12 04:03:59.373: ccCallConnect (callID=0x11)
*Mar 12 04:03:59.373: {
*Mar 12 04:03:59.373:
                       h323-uu-pdu
*Mar 12 04:03:59.373:
                       {
*Mar 12 04:03:59.373:
                          h323-message-body connect :
*Mar 12 04:03:59.373:
                            {
*Mar 12 04:03:59.373:
                              protocolIdentifier { 0 0 8 2250 0 2 },
                              h245Address ipAddress :
*Mar 12 04:03:59.373:
*Mar 12 04:03:59.373:
                                {
*Mar 12 04:03:59.377:
                                  ip 'AC1046E2'H,
*Mar 12 04:03:59.377:
                                  port 011008
*Mar 12 04:03:59.377:
                                },
*Mar 12 04:03:59.389: Hex representation of the CONNECT TPKT to send.03000052080
*Mar 12 04:03:59.393: H225Lib::h225SetupResponse: Q.931 CONNECT sent from socket [1]
*Mar 12 04:03:59.393: H225Lib::h225SetupResponse: Q.931 Call State changed to [Active].
*Mar 12 04:04:08.769: cc_api_call_disconnected(vdbPtr=0x617BE064, callID=0x12, cause=0x10)
*Mar 12 04:04:08.769: sess_appl: ev(12=CC_EV_CALL_DISCONNECTED), cid(18), disp(0)
```

# **Cisco IOS Gateway with T1/PRI Interface**

As explained earlier, two types of calls go through the Cisco IOS Gateways: the Cisco IOS Gateway interfaces to the PSTN or PBX with either T1/CAS or T1/PRI interfaces. The following example shows the debug outputs when the Cisco IOS Gateways use T1/PRI interface.

The debug isdn q931 command on the Cisco IOS Gateway has been turned on, enabling Q.931, a Layer Three signaling protocol for D-channel in the ISDN environment. Each time a call is placed out of the T1/PRI interface, a setup packet must be sent. The setup packet always has (protocol descriptor) pd = 8, and it generates a random hexidecimal value for the callref. The callref tracks the call. For example, if two calls are placed, the callref value can determine the call for which the RX (received) message is intended. Bearer capability 0x8890 means a 64 Kbps data call. If it were a 0x8890218F, it would be a 56 Kbps data call and 0x8090A3 if it is a voice call. In the debug output below, the bearer capability is 0x8090A3, which is for voice. The example shows called and calling party numbers.

The callref uses a different value for the first digit (to differentiate between TX and RX) and the second value is the same (SETUP had a 0 for the last digit and CONNECT\_ACK also has a 0). The router completely depends upon the PSTN or PBX to assign a Bearer channel (B-channel). If the PSTN or PBX does not assign a channel to the router, the call will not be routed. In this case, a CONNECT message is received from the switch with the same reference number as was received for ALERTING (0x800B). Finally, you can see the exchange of the DISCONNECT message followed by RELEASE and RELEASE \_COMP messages as the call is being disconnected. A cause ID for the call rejection follows RELEASE\_COMP messages. The cause ID is a hexidecimal value. The meaning of the cause can be found by decoding the hexidecimal value and following up with your provider.

```
*Mar 1 225209.694 ISDN Sel15 TX -> SETUP pd = 8 callref = 0x000B
*Mar 1 225209.694 Bearer Capability i = 0x8090A3
*Mar 1 225209.694 Channel ID i = 0xA98381
*Mar 1 225209.694 Calling Party Number i = 0x2183, '1001'
*Mar 1 225209.694 Called Party Number i = 0x80, '3333'
```

```
*Mar 1 225209.982 ISDN Sel15 RX <- ALERTING pd = 8 callref = 0x800B
*Mar 1 225209.982 Channel ID i = 0xA98381
*Mar 1 225210.674 ISDN Sel15 RX <- CONNECT pd = 8 callref = 0x800B
*Mar 1 225210.678 ISDN Sel15 TX -> CONNECT_ACK pd = 8 callref = 0x000B
*Mar 1 225215.058 ISDN Sel15 RX <- DISCONNECT pd = 8 callref = 0x800B
*Mar 1 225215.058 Cause i = 0x8090 - Normal call clearing 225217 %ISDN-6
DISCONNECT Int S10 disconnected from unknown , call lasted 4 sec
*Mar 1 225215.058 ISDN Sel15 TX -> RELEASE pd = 8 callref = 0x000B
*Mar 1 225215.082 ISDN Sel15 RX <- RELEASE_COMP pd = 8 callref = 0x800B
*Mar 1 225215.082 Cause i = 0x829F - Normal, unspecified or Special intercept, call
blocked group restriction</pre>
```

## **Cisco IOS Gateway with T1/CAS Interface**

Two types of calls go through the Cisco IOS Gateways: the Cisco IOS Gateway interface to the PSTN or PBX with either T1/CAS or T1/PRI interfaces. The following debug outputs occur when the Cisco IOS Gateways has T1/CAS interface. The debug cas on the Cisco IOS Gateway has been turned on.

The following debug message shows that the Cisco IOS Gateway is sending an off-hook signal to the switch.

Apr 5 17:58:21.727: from NEAT(0): (0/15): Tx LOOP\_CLOSURE (ABCD=1111)

The following debug message indicates that the switch is sending wink after receiving the loop closure signal from the Cisco IOS Gateway.

Apr 5 17:58:21.859: from NEAT(0): (0/15): Rx LOOP\_CLOSURE (ABCD=1111) Apr 5 17:58:22.083: from NEAT(0): (0/15): Rx LOOP\_OPEN (ABCD=0000)

The following debug message indicates that the Cisco IOS Gateway is going off-hook.

Apr 5 17:58:23.499: from NEAT(0): (0/15): Rx LOOP\_CLOSURE (ABCD=1111)

The following output shows the show call active voice brief on the Cisco IOS Gateway when the call is in progress. The output also shows the called and calling party number and other useful information.

```
R5300-5#show call active voice brief
<ID>: <start>hs.<index> +<connect> pid:<peer_id> <dir> <addr> <state> tx:<packets>/<bytes>
rx:<packets>/<bytes> <state>
IP <ip>:<udp> rtt:<time>ms pl:<play>/<gap>ms lost:<lost>/<early>/<late>
delay:<last>/<min>/<max>ms <codec>
FR <protocol> [int dlci cid] vad:<y/n> dtmf:<y/n> seq:<y/n> sig:<on/off> <codec> (payload
size)
Tele <int>: tx:<tot>/<v>/<fax>ms <codec> noise:<l> acom:<l> i/o:<l>/<l> dBm
511D : 156043737hs.1 +645 pid:0 Answer 1001 active
tx:1752/280320 rx:988/158080
IP172.16.70.228:18888 rtt:0ms pl:15750/80ms lost:0/0/0 delay:25/25/65ms g711ulaw
511D : 156043738hs.1 +644 pid:1 Originate 3333 active
tx:988/136972 rx:1759/302548
Tele 1/0/0 (30): tx:39090/35195/0ms g711ulaw noise:-43 acom:0 i/0:-36/-42 dBm
```

