



Alarm Configuration

Cisco Unified CallManager Serviceability Alarms assist system administrators and support personnel in troubleshooting Cisco Unified CallManager problems by enabling administrators to configure alarms and events and by providing alarm message definitions. An administrator configures alarms and trace parameters and provides the information to a Cisco TAC engineer.

Administrators use alarms to provide runtime status and state of the system and to take corrective action for problem resolution; for example, to determine whether phones are registered and working. Alarms contain information such as explanation and recommended action. Alarm information includes application name, machine name, and cluster name to help you perform troubleshooting for problems that are not on your local Cisco Unified CallManager.

You can configure alarms for Cisco Unified CallManager servers that are in a cluster and services for each server, such as Cisco Unified CallManager, Cisco TFTP, and Cisco CTIManager. You configure the alarm interface to send alarm information to multiple destinations, and each destination can have its own alarm event level (from debug to emergency). Then, you use the real-time monitoring tool to collect and view the alarms.

When a service issues an alarm, the alarm interface sends the alarm to the chosen monitors (for example, SDI trace, Cisco RIS Data Collector). The monitor forwards the alarm or writes it to its final destination (such as a log file).

This chapter contains the following topics:

- [Configuring or Updating an Alarm for a Service, page 16-1](#)
- [Alarm Destination Settings, page 16-3](#)
- [Alarm Event Level Settings, page 16-4](#)

Configuring or Updating an Alarm for a Service

This section describes how to configure an alarm for any Cisco Unified CallManager service.



Note

Cisco recommends that you do not change SNMP Trap and Catalog configurations.

Refer to your online OS documentation for more information on how to use your standard registry editor.

Procedure

Step 1 Choose **Alarm > Configuration**.

The Alarm Configuration window displays.

Step 2 From the Server drop-down box, choose the server for which you want to configure the alarm.

Step 3 From the Service drop-down box, choose the service for which you want to configure the alarm.



Note The drop-down list box displays all services (active and inactive).

In the Alarm Configuration window, a list of alarm monitors with the event levels displays for the chosen service displays.

Step 4 Check the check box or boxes for the desired alarm destination as described in [Table 16-1](#).

Step 5 In the Alarm Event Level selection box, click the Down arrow.

A list with event levels displays.

Step 6 Click the desired alarm event level as described in [Table 16-2](#).

Step 7 To apply the current settings for selected services to all nodes in a cluster, check the **Apply to all Nodes** check box.

Step 8 To save your configuration, click the **Update** button.



Note To set the default, click the **Set Default** button; then, click **Update**.

Additional Information

See the [Related Topics](#), page 16-4.

Alarm Destination Settings

Table 16-1 describes the alarm destination settings.

Table 16-1 Alarm Destinations

Name	Destination description
Enable Alarm for Local Syslogs	SysLog viewer. The program logs Cisco Unified CallManager errors in the Application Logs within SysLog Viewer and provides a description of the alarm and a recommended action. You can access the SysLog Viewer from the Serviceability Real-Time Monitoring Tool. For information on viewing logs with the SysLog Viewer, see the “Using SysLog Viewer in RTMT” section in the <i>Cisco Unified CallManager Serviceability Administration Guide, Release 5.0(4)</i>.
Enable Alarm for Remote Syslogs	Syslog file. Check this check box to enable the Syslog messages to be stored on a Syslog server and to specify the Syslog server name. If this destination is enabled and no server name is specified, Cisco Unified CallManager does not send the Syslog messages. Note In the Server field, enter the name or IP address of the remote Syslog server that you want to use to accept Syslog messages. Do not specify a Cisco Unified CallManager node as the destination because the Cisco Unified CallManager node does not accept Syslog messages from another server. For example, if you want to send the alarms to CiscoWorks 2000, specify the CiscoWorks 2000 server name.
Enable Alarm for SDI Trace	The SDI trace library. To log alarms in the SDI trace log file, check this check box and check the Trace On check box in Trace Configuration window for the chosen service. For more information on using the Trace Configuration window, see the “Configuring Trace Parameters” section in the <i>Cisco Unified CallManager Serviceability Administration Guide, Release 5.0(4)</i>.
Enable Alarm for SDL Trace	The SDL trace library. This destination applies only to Cisco CallManager and CTIManager services. Configure this alarm destination by using Trace SDL configuration.

Additional Information

See the [Related Topics, page 16-4](#).

Alarm Event Level Settings

Table 16-2 describes the alarm event level settings.

Table 16-2 Alarm Event Levels

Name	Description
Emergency	This level designates system as unusable.
Alert	This level indicates that immediate action is needed.
Critical	Cisco Unified CallManager detects a critical condition.
Error	This level signifies an error condition exists.
Warning	This level indicates that a warning condition is detected.
Notice	This level designates a normal but significant condition.
Informational	This level designates information messages only.
Debug	This level designates detailed event information that Cisco TAC engineers use for debugging.

Additional Information

See the [Related Topics, page 16-4](#).

Related Topics

- [Configuring or Updating an Alarm for a Service, page 16-1](#)
- [Alarm Destination Settings, page 16-3](#)
- [Alarm Event Level Settings, page 16-4](#)
- [Alarms, Cisco Unified CallManager New and Changed Information Guide, Release 5.1\(1\)](#)