



## **Cisco CDA Visual Quality Experience Client System Command Reference Guide**

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# Preface

This preface describes the objectives and organization of this guide and contains the following sections:

- [Document Revision History, page v](#)
- [Document Organization, page v](#)
- [Audience, page vi](#)
- [Conventions, page vi](#)
- [Related Documentation, page vi](#)
- [Obtaining Documentation and Submitting a Service Request, page vii](#)

## Document Revision History

[Table 1](#) records the technical changes to the Document Revision History.

**Table 1** Document Revision History

Document Version	Date	Change Summary
OL-30192-01	May 25, 2013	This is the first release of this document.

## Document Organization

[Table 2](#) describes the organization of the document.

**Table 2** Document Organization

Chapter	Description
<a href="#">Chapter 1, “Command-Line Interface Command Summary”</a>	This chapter describes how to use the VQE-C <sup>1</sup> CLI <sup>2</sup> to configure software features.
<a href="#">Chapter 2, “Cisco VQE-C Software Commands”</a>	This chapter provides a complete list of Cisco VQE-C commands, listed alphabetically.

1. Visual Quality Experience - Client
2. CLI = command-line interface

# Audience

This document is intended as a reference for the VQE-C CLI commands. It assumes the reader is familiar with terms and concepts such as dropping packets, tuners, and error repair as they relate to VQE-C. More information on these topics can be found in the high-level VQE reference documents and the VQE-C System Integration Guide.

# Conventions

This publication uses various conventions to convey instructions and information.

Command descriptions use these conventions:

- Commands and keywords are in **boldface** text.
- Arguments for which you supply values are in *italic*.
- Square brackets ( [ ] ) means optional elements.
- Braces ( { } ) group required choices, and vertical bars ( | ) separate the alternative elements.
- Braces and vertical bars within square brackets ( [ { | } ] ) mean a required choice within an optional element.

Interactive examples use these conventions:

- Terminal sessions and system displays are in `screen` font.
- Information you enter is in **boldface screen** font.
- Nonprinting characters, such as passwords or tabs, are in angle brackets (< >).

Notes, cautions, and warnings use these conventions and symbols:



## Note

Means *reader take note*. Notes contain helpful suggestions or references to materials not contained in this manual.



## Caution

Means *reader be careful*. In this situation, you might do something that could result in equipment damage or loss of data.

# Related Documentation

These documents provide complete information about the CDS and are available from Cisco.com:

- [Cisco CDA Visual Quality Experience Client System Configuration Guide](#)
- [Release Notes for Cisco CDA Visual Quality Experience Application, Release 3.7](#)
- [Cisco CDA Visual Quality Experience Application User Guide, Release 3.7](#)
- [Cisco Content Delivery Engine 205/220/250/420 Hardware Installation Guide](#)
- [Regulatory Compliance and Safety Information for the Cisco Content Delivery Engines](#)
- [Open Source Used in Visual Quality Experience 3.7](#)

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## Obtaining Documentation and Submitting a Service Request

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# Command-Line Interface Command Summary

This chapter provides an overview of how to use the Cisco CDA Visual Quality Experience Client System Command Reference Guide (VQE-C) software command-line interface (CLI), including an explanation of CLI command modes, and tables that summarize the purpose of the commands in each mode. The chapter includes the following sections:

- [Using Command Modes, page 1-1](#)



## Note

The CLI can be accessed through the console port or Telnet.

## Using Command Modes

The convention used in this document for the command grammar is:

**keyword** argument [optional-argument] {argument-choice-1 | argument-choice-2}.

Similar to the IOS CLI, the VQE-C CLI has different operating modes. Each mode allows a certain set of commands:

- EXEC mode : Allows commands that are not potentially destructive
- Privileged EXEC mode : Allows all EXEC mode commands (except 'enable') and commands that have more control over VQE-C's functionality and also have greater potential for destruction
- Configure mode : Allows commands to control and configure the basic functionality of VQE-C

The VQE-C CLI has some built-in features to promote ease-of-use. A list of these features to keep in mind while using the VQE-C CLI is as follows:

- type '?' at any time to display possible completions or usage information for a command.
- use the up-arrow and down-arrow to cycle backwards and forwards through command history.
- use "command | include pattern" to only display lines from the resulting output of command that contain the string pattern.

Whenever any change is made to the VQE-C configuration via the CLI, the new configuration is only guaranteed to take effect on the next channel change, after all tuners have been unbound from that particular channel. For example, enabling error repair will only become active on the next channel change (where the channel being bound to has no prior bindings to it). Also, it should be noted that some commands may mask the effects of others. In particular, the drop interval and drop percentage commands will have no noticeable effect until drop enable is given. It is also important to note that none of the effects of these commands are saved through a restart of VQE-C.





# Cisco VQE-C Software Commands

This chapter contains an alphabetical listing of all the commands in Cisco CDA Visual Quality Experience Client System Command Reference Guide (VQE-C) software. The VQE-C software CLI is organized into the following command modes:

- EXEC mode—Allows commands that are not potentially destructive
- Privileged EXEC mode—Allows all EXEC mode commands (except 'enable') and commands that have more control over VQE-C's functionality and also have greater potential for destruction
- Configure mode—Allows commands to control and configure the basic functionality of VQE-C

The commands used to access these modes are marked with a footnote in [Table 2-1](#).

See [Chapter 1, “Using Command Modes,”](#) for a complete discussion of using CLI command modes.

[Table 2-1](#) summarizes the VQE-C commands and indicates the command mode for each command. The same command may have different effects when entered in a different command mode, and for this reason, they are listed and documented separately. In [Table 2-1](#), when the first occurrence is entered in EXEC mode, the second occurrence is entered in Global configuration mode. When the first occurrence is entered in Global configuration mode, the second occurrence is entered in interface configuration mode.



**Note**

When viewing this guide online, click the name of the command in the left column of the table to jump to the command page, which provides the command syntax, examples, and usage guidelines.

**Table 2-1** CLI Commands

Command	Description	CLI Mode
<a href="#">app-delay</a>	Sets the playout timing of replicated app packets.	Configuration
<a href="#">channel tr-135</a>	Changes the TR-135 writable parameters of an active channel.	Configuration
<a href="#">clear counters</a>	Clears all counters.	Privileged EXEC
<a href="#">configure terminal</a>	Enters the configuration mode.	Privileged EXEC
<a href="#">debug</a>	Enables or disables specific debug flags.	Privileged EXEC
<a href="#">disable</a>	Exits privileged EXEC mode and return to user EXEC mode.	Privileged EXEC

**Table 2-1** *CLI Commands (continued)*

Command	Description	CLI Mode
drop	Configures VQE-C packet drop simulation.	Configuration
enable	Enters privileged EXEC mode.	EXEC
error-repair	Performs retransmission repair only when a channel is described as having error-repair configured.	Configuration
error-repair policer	Configures the error repair policer in VQE-C.	
error-repair repeat-request	Configures the error repair repeat request in VQE-C.	
error-repair smart-request	Configures the error repair smart request in VQE-C.	
exit	Exits from the current command level.	EXEC,Privileged EXEC, and Configuration
fec	Performs FEC based repair only when a channel is described as having FEC configured.	Configuration
help	Shows a list of available commands in the current mode.	EXEC,Privileged EXEC, and Configuration
history	Shows a list of previously entered commands.	EXEC,Privileged EXEC, and Configuration
logout	Disconnects the telnet session from the CLI.	EXEC,Privileged EXEC, and Configuration
monitor	Uses the system monitoring tools.	Privileged EXEC
parse sdp	Parses a file containing a single SDP channel description into a list of channel parameters.	Configuration
proxy-igmp-join	Enables the VQE-C proxy mode.	Configuration
rcc	Performs rapid channel change only when a channel is described as having rapid channel change configured.	Configuration
send-debugs-to-cli	Toggles whether the VQE-C debug messages are sent to only syslog, or syslog and the CLI.	Privileged EXEC
show channel	Shows a list of configured channels.	EXEC
show counters	Shows counters.	EXEC
show debug	Shows the current debug flag settings.	EXEC

**Table 2-1** *CLI Commands (continued)*

Command	Description	CLI Mode
<code>show dp</code>	Shows current VQE-C dataplane information.	EXEC
<code>show drop</code>	Shows the current drop simulation settings.	EXEC
<code>show error-repair</code>	Shows the current error repair feature status.	EXEC
<code>show fec</code>	Shows the current FEC feature status.	EXEC
<code>show ipc</code>	Shows current VQE-C control/data plane IPC information.	EXEC
<code>show nat</code>	Shows the current NAT feature status.	EXEC
<code>show pak-pool</code>	Shows the current status of the packet memory pool used by VQE-C.	EXEC
<code>show proxy-igmp</code>	Shows the current status of proxy-igmp.	EXEC
<code>show rcc</code>	Shows the current RCC feature status.	EXEC
<code>show stream-output</code>	Shows the current status of output streaming.	EXEC
<code>show system-config</code>	Shows the current build information and VQE-C configuration settings.	EXEC
<code>show tech-support</code>	Shows an aggregate display of several CLI show commands that are useful for diagnostics.	EXEC
<code>show tuner</code>	Shows statistics and current configuration for a tuner.	EXEC
<code>show update</code>	Shows information about network and channel configuration updates that have been attempted in the past and scheduled for the future.	EXEC
<code>stream-output</code>	Enables VQE-C output streaming.	Configuration
<code>tuner bind</code>	Binds an active tuner to a either valid channel configured in the channel lineup or a temporary channel described by a channel parameters list.	Configuration
<code>tuner create</code>	Creates a tuner.	Configuration
<code>tuner destroy</code>	Destroys a tuner.	Configuration
<code>tuner unbind</code>	Unbinds an active tuner from its currently bound channel.	Configuration
<code>update</code>	Updates the system and/or and channel configurations in VQE-C.	Configuration

# app-delay

To set the playout timing of replicated app packets, use the **app-delay** command in configuration mode.

**app-delay** *delay*

Syntax Description	<b>delay</b> Integer number of ms to delay each APP packet copy.
Command Default	delay: 0
Command Modes	Configuration
Usage Guidelines	When VQE-C is replicating APP packets (i.e. more than one packet containing app data is being sent on output at the beginning of a new channel), this command can be used to send out the replicated app packets at a specific rate.
Examples	<p>The following example enables the VQE-C to delay each packet containing APP data by 40 milliseconds. So, in other words, assuming that VQE-C is replicating APP packets to send a total of 3 of them at the beginning of a new channel's output stream, the first 3 packets on the stream would be sent at times (in ms) T, T+40, T+80, followed by the rest of the MPEG data packets:</p> <pre>vqec(config)# <b>app-delay 40</b></pre>

# channel tr-135

To change the TR-135 writable parameters of an active channel, use **channel tr-135** command in configuration mode.

```
channel tr-135 <channel-url> gmin <gmin> slmd <slmd>
```

## Syntax Description

<b>channel-url</b>	URL of the active channel whose TR-135 parameters is to be changed.
<b>gmin</b>	Integer specifying value of gmin.
<b>slmd</b>	Integer specifying value of Severe Loss Minimum Distance.

## Command Default

TR-135 statistics, that are related to gmin and slmd are disabled.

## Command Modes

Configuration

## Usage Guidelines

After a channel becomes active (when a tuner binds to that channel), the above command can be used to modify the channel's TR-135 writeable parameters: gmin and slmd. The address and protocol of the channel is specified in the form of channel-url, which has the form: **output-type://address:port**

- **output-type**: udp or rtp.
- **address**: valid IPv4 address to be used as the destination address of the output stream.
- **port**: integer in the range [1, 65535] to be used as the destination port of the output stream.

## Examples

The following example sets gmin to 1 and slmd to 2 for an active channel identified by the URL rtp://224.1.1.1:50000

```
vqec(config)# ch tr-135 rtp://224.1.1.1:50000 gmin 1 slmd 2
```

# clear counters

To clear all counters, use the **clear counters** command in privileged EXEC mode.

**clear counters**

---

<b>Syntax Description</b>	This command has no arguments or keywords.
---------------------------	--------------------------------------------

---

<b>Command Default</b>	None
------------------------	------

---

<b>Command Modes</b>	Privileged EXEC
----------------------	-----------------

---

<b>Usage Guidelines</b>	This command clears all counters and statistics.
-------------------------	--------------------------------------------------

---

<b>Examples</b>	The following example clears all counters:
-----------------	--------------------------------------------

```
vqec# clear counters
```



# configure terminal

To enter the configuration mode, use the **configure terminal** command in privileged EXEC mode.

## **configure terminal**

<b>Syntax Description</b>	This command has no arguments or keywords.
---------------------------	--------------------------------------------

<b>Command Default</b>	None
------------------------	------

<b>Command Modes</b>	Privileged EXEC
----------------------	-----------------

<b>Examples</b>	The following example enters the configuration mode from privileged EXEC mode:
-----------------	--------------------------------------------------------------------------------

```
vqec# configure terminal
vqec(config)#
```

# debug

To enable or disable specific debug flags, use the **debug** command in privileged EXEC mode.

```
debug { debug-type {enable | disable} }
```

## Syntax Description

<b>debug-type</b>	The debug flag to operate on.
<i>enable</i>	Enable this debug flag.
<i>disable</i>	Disable this debug flag.

## Command Default

All debug flags are disabled.

## Command Modes

Privileged EXEC

## Usage Guidelines

The debug-type must be one of the following:

Type	Description
all	Represents set of all other types.
channel	Include debug messages from channel.
cpchan	Include debug messages from CP channel.
error-repair	Include debug messages from error repair.
event	Include debug messages from event.
rcc	Include debug messages from rcc.
igmp	Include debug messages from igmp.
input	Include debug messages from input.
output	Include debug messages from output.
pcm	Include debug messages from pcm
recv-socket	Include debug messages from recv_socket.
rtcp	Include debug messages from rtcp.
timer	Include debug messages from timer.
tuner	Include debug messages from tuner.
nat	Include debug messages from NAT.
chan_cfg	Include debug messages from channel configuration.
upcall	Include debug messages from upcalls.
updater	Include debug messages from updater.
dp-error-repair	Include debug messages from DP error repair.
dp-nll	Include debug messages from NLL in DP.
dp-nll-adjust	Include debug messages from NLL adjustments.
dp-pcm	Include debug messages from PCM in DP.

dp-pcm-pak	Include debug messages from PCM for each packet.
dp-inputshim	Include debug messages from DP input shim.
dp-outputshim	Include debug messages from DP output shim.
dp-tlm	Include debug messages from DP toplevel manager.
dp-rcc	Include debug messages from RCC feature in DP.
dp-fec	Include debug messages from FEC feature in DP.
dp-failover	Include debug messages from source failover events in DP.

The following example enables debug flags for fcc and igmp, and then disables the rcc flag:

```
vqec# debug fcc enable
vqec# debug igmp enable
vqec# debug rcc disable
vqec# show debug
channel:          disabled
chan_cfg:        disabled
cpchan:          disabled
error-repair:    disabled
event:           disabled
rcc:             disabled
igmp:            enabled
input:           disabled
output:          disabled
pcm:             disabled
recv-socket:    disabled
rtcp:           disabled
nat :            disabled
timer:          disabled
tuner:          disabled
upcall:         disabled
updater:        disabled
dp-tlm:         disabled
dp-inputshim:   disabled
dp-outputshim:  disabled
dp-nll:         disabled
dp-nll-adjust:  disabled
dp-pcm:         disabled
dp-pcm-pak:     disabled
dp-error-repair: disabled
dp-rcc:         disabled
dp-fec:         disabled
dp-failover:    disabled
```

The following example enables debug flags for channel, event, igmp, and pcm, and then disables all debug flags:

```
vqec# debug channel enable
vqec# debug event enable
vqec# debug igmp enable
vqec# debug pcm enable
vqec# debug dp-pcm enable
vqec# show debug
channel:          enabled
chan_cfg:        disabled
cpchan:          disabled
error-repair:    disabled
event:           enabled
rcc:             disabled
```

```
igmp:          enabled
input:         disabled
output:        disabled
pcm:           enabled
recv-socket:   disabled
rtcp:          disabled
nat :          disabled
timer:         disabled
tuner:         disabled
upcall:        disabled
updater:       disabled
dp-tlm:        disabled
dp-inputshim:  disabled
dp-outputshim: disabled
dp-nll:        disabled
dp-nll-adjust: disabled
dp-pcm:        enabled
dp-pcm-pak:    disabled
dp-error-repair: disabled
dp-rcc:        disabled
dp-fec:        disabled
dp-failover:   disabled
```

The following example shows how to disable all the debug flags:

```
vqec# debug all disable
vqec# show debug
channel:      disabled
chan_cfg:    disabled
cpchan:      disabled
error-repair: disabled
event:       disabled
rcc:         disabled
igmp:        disabled
input:       disabled
output:      disabled
pcm:         disabled
recv-socket: disabled
rtcp:        disabled
nat :        disabled
timer:       disabled
tuner:       disabled
upcall:      disabled
updater:     disabled
dp-nll:      disabled
dp-nll-adjust: disabled
dp-pcm:      disabled
dp-pcm-pak:  disabled
dp-error-repair: disabled
dp-rcc:      disabled
dp-fec:      disabled
dp-failover: disabled
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
show debug	Shows the current debug flag settings.

# disable

To exit privileged EXEC mode and return to user EXEC mode, use the **disable** command in privileged EXEC mode.

**disable**

<b>Syntax Description</b>	This command has no arguments or keywords.
---------------------------	--------------------------------------------

<b>Command Default</b>	None
------------------------	------

<b>Command Modes</b>	Privileged EXEC
----------------------	-----------------

<b>Examples</b>	The following example returns to user EXEC mode from privileged EXEC mode:
-----------------	----------------------------------------------------------------------------

```
vqec# disable  
vqec>
```

# drop

To configure VQE-C packet drop simulation, use the **drop** command in configuration mode.

```
drop [ session { primary | repair } ] { enable | disable | interval <int1><int2> | percentage
percentage }
```

## Syntax Description

<b>interval</b>	Set the drop interval to periodically drop consecutive packets for primary sessions.
<i>int1</i>	Integer in the range [0,int2].
<i>int2</i>	Integer greater than int1.
<b>percentage</b>	Set the random drop percentage for primary sessions.
<i>percentage</i>	Integer in the range [0,100].
<b>enable</b>	Enables drop simulation for Primary Sessions.
<b>disable</b>	Disables drop simulation for Primary Sessions.
<b>session</b>	Configures drop simulation parameters for a session type.
<b>primary</b>	Configures drop simulation parameters for primary sessions.
<b>repair</b>	Configures drop simulation parameters for repair sessions.

## Command Default

**interval: 0**  
**percentage: 0**

## Command Modes

Configuration

## Usage Guidelines

Drop simulation makes VQE-C intentionally drop some packets and behave as if it never received packets that it intentionally drops. This is useful, for example, when attempting to verify error-repair operation of VQE-C despite the primary stream being received without losses from the network.

Drop characteristics of each session type may be configured independently via use of the **session** keyword. If the **session** keyword is omitted, then the command is interpreted as configuring drop characteristics of primary streams.

Use of the **enable** keyword enables drop the simulator for a particular stream type (primary or repair), while use of the **disable** keyword disables the drop simulator for the given stream type. When drops for a particular session type are enabled, configuration of the interval and percentage keywords controls the drop function.

When **interval** is configured, VQE-C intentionally drops the first continuous-drop sequential packets for every interval packets it receives on the specified session of a channel. The order of arrival of packets on that session (rather than the order of sender's transmission or sequence number) determines which continuous-drop packets are dropped .

When **percentage** is configured (and both arguments of interval are set to 0) then VQE-C intentionally drops the configured percentage of the packets it receives, as if it had never received them.

---

**Examples**

The following example enables the VQE-C drop simulation and sets VQE-C to drop 3 sequential packets for every 50 packets it receives on the primary session. In other words, if VQE-C starts receiving packets with sequence number 0 and receives them all sequentially, it will drop any whose sequence numbers fall in the pattern {0, 1, 2, 50, 51, 52, 100, 101, 102, ...}:

```
vqec(config)# drop session primary enable  
vqec(config)# drop session primary interval 3 50
```

The following example enables VQE-C drop simulation for repair streams and sets VQE-C to drop a random 10% of the packets it receives:

```
vqec(config)# drop session repair enable  
vqec(config)# drop session repair percentage 10
```

The following example disables VQE-C drop simulation for both primary and repair streams :

```
vqec(config)# drop session primary disable  
vqec(config)# drop session repair disable
```

# enable

To enter privileged EXEC mode, use the **enable** command in EXEC mode.

**enable**

---

<b>Syntax Description</b>	This command has no arguments or keywords.
---------------------------	--------------------------------------------

---

<b>Command Default</b>	None
------------------------	------

---

<b>Command Modes</b>	EXEC
----------------------	------

---

<b>Examples</b>	The following example enters privileged EXEC mode from user EXEC mode:
-----------------	------------------------------------------------------------------------

```
vqec> enable  
vqec#
```



# error-repair

To perform retransmission repair when a channel is described as having error-repair configured, use the **error-repair** command in configuration mode.

**error-repair** {*enable* | *disable* | *policer* | *smart-request* | *repeat-request*}

**Note**

The **error repair enable** will not turn on retransmission based error repair for a channel that does not have retransmission based error repair configured in the channel\_lineup.

**Syntax Description**

<b>enable</b>	Enable error repair.
<b>disable</b>	Disable error repair.
<b>policer</b>	Configure the error repair policer.
<b>smart-request</b>	Configure error repair smart_request.
<b>repeat-request</b>	Configure the error repair repeat_request.

**Command Default**

Error-repair is enabled.

**Command Modes**

Configuration

**Usage Guidelines**

Use this command to disable retransmission based error repair to see how the video for a retransmission based error repair enabled channel will appear without retransmission based error repair.

This command allows a quick way to toggle between viewing a retransmission based error repair corrected stream and a stream with no retransmission based correction.

**Note**

The use of retransmission based error repair is configured on a per-channel basis and this command allows overriding the configuration to force retransmission based error repair off. This command is used primarily for demonstrating the effects of retransmission based error repair.

**Examples**

The following example disables the VQE-C error repair feature on the next bind after all tuners have been unbound from the channel.

Once this feature is disabled, any packets that are lost in the network will not be recovered by VQE:

```
vqec(config)# error-repair disable
```

# error-repair policer

To configure the error repair policer in VQE-C, use the **error-repair policer** sub-command in configuration mode.

**error-repair policer {enable | disable | rate | burst}**

Syntax Description	<b>enable</b>	Enable the error repair policing feature in VQE-C.
	<b>disable</b>	Disable the error repair policing feature in VQE-C.
	<b>rate</b>	Set the allowed rate of the token bucket for policing error repair requests, expressed as a percentage of the primary stream rate ("b=AS") rate.
	<b>burst</b>	Set the capacity of the token bucket for policing error repair requests.  The value is expressed as a duration of time (in milliseconds) at which the token bucket's capacity would be reached if the bucket were empty and filled at rate rate, with no tokens drained. A larger capacity indicates that more repair requests may be sent over the short term without being policed.

Command Default	<p>The VQE-C error repair policer is disabled by default. Default values and supported ranges for the token bucket parameters are as follows:</p> <p>rate: 5%</p> <p>burst: 10000ms</p>
-----------------	-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

Command Modes	Configuration
---------------	---------------

Usage Guidelines	<p>When the VQE-C experiences a high drop rate for a stream, a large number of error repair requests may be sent to the VQE-S. If it is desirable to limit the error repair requests sent into the network by the VQE-C (e.g. to avoid flooding the network due to a lossy stream), this feature may be enabled.</p> <p>The VQE-C uses the relative policer values configured above, along with the primary stream's rate and an assumed packet size of 1356 bytes, to compute the token bucket parameters used for error repair policing. The default packet size is derived as follows:</p> <p>Default packet size = 7 (MPEG TS pkts) * 188 (bytes/MPEG TS pkt) + 12 (bytes/RTP header) + 12 (bytes/UDP header) + 20 (bytes/IP header) = 1356</p> <p>The token bucket's absolute rate (rate', expressed in repair packets/s) and burst (burst', expressed in packets) parameters used for policing repair requests are then computed from configured values as follows:</p> <p>rate' (packets/s) = &lt;rate&gt;/100 * &lt;stream-rate (bps)&gt; / (8 bits/byte * 1356 bytes/packet)</p> <p>burst' (packets) = &lt;rate' (packets/s)&gt; * &lt;burst (ms)&gt; / (1000 ms per second)</p> <p>Changes to the configured values take effect with the next channel change (streams currently being received are not affected).</p>
------------------	---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

---

**Examples**

The following example enables error repair policing at a rate of 5%, and with a burst value of 10000ms:

```
vqec(config)# error-repair policer enable  
vqec(config)# error-repair policer rate 5  
vqec(config)# error-repair policer burst 10000
```

Assuming a primary stream rate of 6Mbps, the rate' and burst' values used by the policer (as described in the "Usage Guidelines" section above) are 28 packets/s and 277 packets, respectively. These values are displayed in the show tuner output.

# error-repair repeat-request

To configure the error repair repeat-request in VQE-C, use the **error-repair repeat-request** sub-command in configuration mode.

**error-repair repeat-request {enable | disable}**

Syntax Description	<b>enable</b>	Enable the error repair repeat-request feature in VQE-C.
	<b>disable</b>	Disable the error repair repeat-request feature in VQE-C.

**Command Default** **error-repair repeat-request** is disabled by default.

**Command Modes** Configuration

**Usage Guidelines** Repeat request feature will make the VQE-C send a second RET request for the repair packets which doesn't arrive in expected time. The expected time of arrival of repair packets is calculated when VQE-C parameters max\_receive\_bandwidth\_hd, max\_receive\_bandwidth\_sd and min\_hd\_stream\_bitrate are configured.

Changes to the configured values take effect with the next channel change (streams currently being received are not affected).

**Examples** The following example enables error repair repeat-request:

```
vqec(config)# error-repair repeat-request enable
```

# error-repair smart-request

To configure the error repair smart-request in VQE-C, use the **error-repair smart-request** sub-command in configuration mode.

**error-repair smart-request {enable | disable}**

## Syntax Description

<b>enable</b>	Enable the error repair repeat-request feature in VQE-C.
<b>disable</b>	Disable the error repair repeat-request feature in VQE-C.

## Command Default

**error-repair smart-request** is disabled by default.

## Command Modes

Configuration

## Usage Guidelines

Smart request is a feature which will optimize RET bandwidth utilization by qualifying outgoing RET requests from client to server, preventing excessive RET requests for packets that cannot be successful due to buffer capacity issues. The expected time of arrival of repair packets is calculated when VQE-C parameters `max_receive_bandwidth_hd`, `max_receive_bandwidth_sd` and `min_hd_stream_bitrate` are configured.

Changes to the configured values take effect with the next channel change (streams currently being received are not affected).

## Examples

The following example enables error repair smart-request:

```
vqec(config)# error-repair smart-request enable
```

# exit

To exit from the current command level (except when trying to get back to non-privileged EXEC mode), use the **exit** command.

**exit**

---

<b>Syntax Description</b>	This command has no arguments or keywords.
---------------------------	--------------------------------------------

---

<b>Command Default</b>	None
------------------------	------

---

<b>Command Modes</b>	EXEC, Privileged EXEC, and Configuration
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<b>Examples</b>	The following example exits global configuration mode and returns to privileged EXEC mode, then exits the telnet session after the command is issued a second time:
-----------------	---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

```
vqec(config)# exit
vqec# exit
Connection closed by foreign host.
```

# fec

To perform Forward Error Correction(FEC) based repair when a channel is described as having FEC configured, use the **fec command** in configuration mode.

**fec {enable | disable}**

## Syntax Description

<b>enable</b>	Enable the fec decoding feature in VQE-C.
<b>disable</b>	Disable the fec decoding feature in VQE-C.

## Command Default

FEC is enabled.

## Command Modes

Configuration

## Usage Guidelines

Use this command to disable FEC to see how the video for a FEC enabled channel will appear without FEC. This command allows a quick way to toggle between viewing a FEC corrected stream and a stream with no FEC correction.



### Note

The use of FEC is configured on a per-channel basis and this command allows overriding the configuration to force FEC off. This command is used primarily for demonstrating the effects of FEC.

## Examples

The following example disables the VQE-C fec decoding feature. Once this feature is disabled, no received FEC packets are decoded:

```
vqec(config)# fec disable
```

# help

To show a list of available commands in the current mode, use the **help** command.

**help**

**Syntax Description** This command has no arguments or keywords.

**Command Default** None

**Command Modes** EXEC, Privileged EXEC, and Configuration

**Examples** The following example lists all commands that are available in user EXEC mode:

```
vqec# help
help          Show available commands
quit          Disconnect
logout        Disconnect
exit          Exit from current mode
enable        Turn on privileged commands
disable       Turn off privileged commands
configure     Enter configuration mode
clear         clear cmds
send-debug-to- Set whether or not debug messages are to be printed
cli           on the CLI output
debug         Set debugging flags
monitor       Performance monitoring tools
show          Commands to display VQE-C state information
```



# history

To show a list of previously entered commands, use the **history** command.

## history

<b>Syntax Description</b>	This command has no arguments or keywords.
---------------------------	--------------------------------------------

<b>Command Default</b>	None
------------------------	------

<b>Command Modes</b>	EXEC, Privileged EXEC, and Configure
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<b>Examples</b>	The following example lists all commands that were previously issued:
-----------------	-----------------------------------------------------------------------

```
vqec# history
Command history:
0. enable
1. show debug
```

# logout

To disconnect the telnet session from the CLI, use the **logout** command.

## logout



### Note

The **quit** command also can be used to disconnect the telnet session.

### Syntax Description

This command has no arguments or keywords.

### Command Default

None

### Command Modes

EXEC, Privileged EXEC, and Configure

### Examples

The following example disconnects the telnet session:

```
vqec> logout  
Connection closed by foreign host.
```

# monitor

To use the system monitoring tools, use the **monitor** command in privileged EXEC mode.

```
monitor { output-sched [ show | off | on | reset ] | benchmark [ show | off | on ] }
```

## Syntax Description

<b>output-sched</b>	Output Scheduling monitoring commands.
<b>show</b>	Print a histogram of output scheduled intervals.
<b>off</b>	Disable output scheduling monitoring.
<b>on</b>	Enable output scheduling monitoring.
<b>reset</b>	Reset current output scheduling data.
<b>benchmark</b>	Benchmark monitoring commands.
<b>show</b>	Print a list of benchmarks.
<b>off</b>	Disable benchmark sampling.
<b>on</b>	Enable benchmark sampling.

## Command Default

output-sched: **off**

## Command Modes

Privileged EXEC

## Usage Guidelines

The **monitor output-sched** measurement logging may be turned on to troubleshoot reasons for drops on a tuner's output queue.

The **monitor** command may be used to collect and observe the intervals (measured in milliseconds) between instances of output scheduling. The implementation uses a timer for the purposes of awaking and updating the packets available for reading from its tuners every VQEC\_PCM\_OUTPUT\_SCHED\_INTERVAL (20) milliseconds. The histogram keeps track of the actual intervals (in milliseconds) at which the implementation was awoken to update the tuners' output queues

## Examples

The following example shows an output scheduling histogram containing measurements from 2034 intervals, all within the range of 20-29 milliseconds.

```
vqec# monitor output-sched show
```

```
Histogram of Output Scheduling Intervals (in ms):  
20 -          29      [          2034      ]
```

# parse sdp

To parse a file containing a single SDP channel description into a list of channel parameters, use the **parse sdp** command in configuration mode.

```
parse sdp { vod | linear } input-file [ output output-file ] [ params-list ]
```

Syntax Description	{vod   linear}	SDP channel description type: linear for multicast, vod for unicast.
	input-file	Path of file containing SDP channel description.
	output-file	Path of file to which resulting parameters are written.
	params-list	Optional parameters list used to override SDP parameters.

Command Default	None
-----------------	------

Command Modes	Configuration
---------------	---------------

**Usage Guidelines**

The **parse sdp** command exposes the VQE-specific SDP parser and validator and allows external SDP files to be parsed into parameter lists. The validation type is determined by the first argument: "vod" for a video on demand SDP or "linear" for a multicast channel SDP. The input and output file paths should not include special shell symbols (such as "~" or "."); they will not be expanded. The command output will be written to the output file, if specified, or to the CLI otherwise.

Since certain SDP files will not contain all the necessary parameters for binding to a channel (such as transport addresses for a VoD session), additional override parameters may be provided. The format of these input parameters is consistent with the parse command's output. See the examples section for more information.

**Examples**

The following example parses a file "mychannel.cfg" containing a multicast SDP channel description and outputs the results to the CLI. These resulting parameters may be copied as inputs to the tuner bind command. If an output file were specified, the same list would be written to the output file (which could then be provided to the tuner bind command as well).

```
vqec(config)# parse sdp linear mychannel.cfg
primary-dest-addr 229.1.1.8 primary-dest-port 53198 primary-dest-rtcp-port 53199
primary-src-addr 9.3.13.2 primary-src-port 0 primary-src-rtcp-port 53199
primary-payload-type 96 primary-bit-rate 14910000 primary-rtcp-sndr-bw 53
primary-rtcp-rcvr-bw 530000 primary-rtcp-per-rcvr-bw 53 primary_rtcp_xr_loss_rle_enable
primary_rtcp_xr_per_loss_rle_enable primary-rtcp-xr-stat-flags loss,dup,jitt fbt-addr
5.3.19.100 er_enable rcc_enable rtx-src-addr 5.3.19.100 rtx-src-port 50000
rtx-src-rtcp-port 50001 rtx-dest-addr 0.0.0.0 rtx-dest-port 0 rtx-dest-rtcp-port 0
rtx-payload-type 99 rtx-rtcp-sndr-bw 53 rtx-rtcp-rcvr-bw 53
```

# proxy-igmp-join

To enable the VQE-C proxy mode, use the **proxy-igmp-join** command in configuration mode.

**proxy-igmp-join tuner-name stb-if-name stb-ip-addr**

## Syntax Description

tuner-name	Name of an active tuner.
stb-if	Name of the ethernet interface the STB is connected to.
stb-addr	IP address of the STB.

## Command Default

Proxy mode is disabled.

## Command Modes

Configuration

## Usage Guidelines

When the VQE-C proxy mode is enabled for a tuner, that tuner will listen on stb-if-name interface for IGMP join requests coming from a set-top box with address stb-ip-addr. When the tuner receives an IGMP leave and join report from the set-top box, the tuner will then tune to the new channel being joined to by the STB. It will then begin to send a repaired output multicast stream on the stb-if interface for the set-top box to display the stream.

To disable the VQE-C proxy mode for a tuner, use the same command, but provide "0.0.0.0" as stb-ip-addr.

Needs superuser privileges to successfully execute this command. Works only for IEEE 802.3 encapsulation, and will show unexpected behavior for Ethernet II, and 802.1Q (VLAN) encapsulations. Works only for a single STB behind the VQE-C device, and supports UDP-only stream output. Also has only host device support, and does not support operation on a router or bridge. A user cannot configure more than one IGMP proxy for the same STB (IP Address).

## Examples

The following example enables the VQE-C proxy mode for a tuner named "0" and listens for IGMP messages on eth1, where eth1 is the interface on the VQE-C-machine, to which the STB is connected. Here, the address of the STB is 192.168.1.150. When VQE-C receives IGMP join report for some active channel, say, channel 224.1.1.t, from the STB, VQE-C's tuner will tune to this address and stream output to the 224.1.1.t address on the eth1 interface, as a result of which, the STB would then receive multicast data for 224.1.1.t.

```
vqec(config)# proxy-igmp-join 0 eth1 192.168.1.150
```

rcc

To perform rapid channel change only when a channel is described as having rapid channel change configured, use **rcc** command in configuration mode.

**rcc {enable | disable}**

Syntax Description

<b>enable</b>	Enable the rapid channel change feature in VQE-C.
<b>disable</b>	Disable the rapid channel change feature in VQE-C.

Command Default

Rapid channel change is enabled.

Command Modes

Configuration

Usage Guidelines

Use this command to disable **rcc** to see how the channel change for a RCC enabled channel will appear without rapid channel change. This command allows a quick way to toggle between viewing a channel change with and without rapid channel change feature.



Note

The use of RCC is configured on a per-channel basis and this command allows overriding the configuration to force RCC off. This command is used primarily for demonstrating the effects of rapid channel change.

Examples

The following example disables the VQE-C rapid channel change feature. Once this feature is disabled, no rapid channel change is performed:

```
vqec(config)# rcc disable
```

# send-debug-to-cli

To Toggle whether the VQE-C debug messages are sent to only syslog, or syslog and the CLI, use the **send-debug-to-cli** command in privileged EXEC mode.

**send-debug-to-cli {enable | disable}**

## Syntax Description

enable	Enable debug messages to go to the CLI.
disable	Disable debug messages to go to the CLI.

## Command Default

send-debug-to-cli:enabled

## Command Modes

Privileged EXEC

## Examples

The following example disables debug messages from going to the CLI:

```
vqec# send-debug-to-cli disable
```

# show channel

To show a list of configured channels, or to show details for one a configured channel, use the **show channel** command in EXEC mode.

```
show channel [ {counters {all | url <channel_url>} [cumulative]} | {config {all | url<channel-url>}} ]
```

Syntax Description	
<b>counters</b>	(Optional) Prints the counters associated with the all or specified channel(s).
<b>all</b>	Prints the counters associated with all channels.
<b>url &lt;channel_url&gt;</b>	Prints the configuration associated with the specified channel.
<b>cumulative</b>	Displays the counters in the time-window from channel initialization to now.
<b>config</b>	Prints the configuration associated with all or specified channel(s)

Command Default	None
-----------------	------

Command Modes	EXEC
---------------	------

**Usage Guidelines** When no arguments are provided, this command will simply display a list of the configured channels by their URLs and names.

The **show channel counters url <channel\_url> [cumulative]** command displays the counters for a single channel (since last reset/initialization to 'now'), and **show channel counters all [cumulative]** displays the counters for each channel one after the other. If the optional keyword 'cumulative' is supplied, the command will display the counters for each channel since its initialization to 'now', and if absent, the command will display counters since last reset/channel initialization (whichever occurred latest) to 'now'. See the show counters command for descriptions of fields common to both these commands. The following are counters that are unique to "show channel counters".

Field Name	Type	Description
primary rtp expected	uint64	Number of packets expected for this channel's primary session. From RFC 3550: The number of packets expected can be computed by the receiver as the difference between the highest sequence number received and the first sequence number received.
primary rtp lost	uint64	Number of packets lost for this channel's primary session From RFC 3550: The number of packets lost is defined to be the number of packets expected less the number of packets actually received.

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buffer size (usec)	uint64	Channel's current jitter buffer size, which is currently derived from the System Configuration at the time the channel was created.
underruns (events)	uint64	Underruns are counted at the time the jitter buffer is read, and no packets are available for reading.
overruns (events)	uint64	Overruns are counted at the time packets arrive, and an attempted write of a packet to the jitter buffer fails due to an overflow condition.
gmin	uint64	Minimum number of consecutive received packets after the end of an RTP loss event. A loss event is defined as a sequence of lost packets, possibly including islands of received packets. Each island consists of up to (Gmin - 1) received packets (a sequence of Gmin received packets terminates the loss event, and so is not an island).
severe loss minimum distance	uint64	The minimum distance required between error events before an RTP loss event is considered severe.
packets expected after error correction	uint64	Total number of RTP packets expected for a given AV session as described in RFC 3550 after error correction.
packets lost before error correction	uint64	Total number of RTP packets lost for a given session. These statistics are collected when no error correction is applied.
packets lost after error correction	uint64	Packets lost after error correction is applied.
loss events before error correction	uint64	A loss event is defined as a sequence of lost packets, possibly including islands of received packets. Each island consists of up to (Gmin - 1) received packets (a sequence of Gmin received packets terminates the loss event, and so is not an island).
loss events after Error correction	uint64	Loss events after EC is applied.
severe loss index count	uint64	This is the total number of loss events closer than Severe Loss Min. Distance. These stats are collected after error correction is applied.
minimum loss distance	uint64	The smallest number of RTP packets between two consecutive loss events, measured after error correction is applied.
maximum loss period	uint64	The maximum number of RTP packets of the longest loss event measured after error correction is applied.

The **show channel config url <channel\_url>** command displays the configuration for a single channel, and **show channel config all** displays the configuration for each channel one after the other. See the show tuner command for descriptions of each output field.

## Examples

The following example lists all the configured channels, and then displays more details on the second channel listed:

```
vqec> show channel
VQE-C channel cfg update:  not in progress
```

## show channel

```

Last update received:      Jan 21 13:03:22
Channel cfg file version:  136a4169327228e2f980f1b03c95e022
Total number of channels:  10

rtp://230.151.1.1:10000 (Channel 230.151.1.1)
rtp://230.151.1.2:10004 (Channel 230.151.1.2)
rtp://230.151.1.3:10008 (Channel 230.151.1.3)
rtp://230.151.1.4:10012 (Channel 230.151.1.4)
rtp://230.151.1.5:10016 (Channel 230.151.1.5)
rtp://230.151.1.6:10020 (Channel 230.151.1.6)
rtp://230.151.1.7:10024 (Channel 230.151.1.7)
rtp://230.151.1.8:10028 (Channel 230.151.1.8)
rtp://230.151.1.9:10032 (Channel 230.151.1.9)
rtp://230.151.1.10:10036 (Channel 230.151.1.10)

vqec> show channel config url rtp://230.151.1.1:10000
Channel name: Channel 230.151.1.1
Channel sdp_handle: o=- 1209133068 1209133067 IN IP4 venus-iptv
Channel handle: 0x89000001
Channel session identifier: INIP4#-#1209133068#venus-iptv
Channel version: 1209133067
Configuration data: complete
Channel mode: lookaside
Original source multicast address: 230.151.1.1
Source address for original source stream: 5.8.37.2
Original source port: 10000
Original source RTCP port: 10001
Original source RTP payload type: 33
Original source RTCP sender bandwidth: 46875
Original source RTCP receiver bandwidth: 140625
Original source RTCP per receiver bandwidth: 37
Original source RTCP XR Loss RLE Report: Off
Original source RTCP XR Stat Summary Report: 0x0000
RTCP XR Post Repair Loss RLE Report: Off
Maximum bit rate: 3750000
Retransmission/FBT address: 8.36.1.1
Retransmission RTP port: 10002
Retransmission RTCP port: 10003
Retransmission associated payload type: 33
Repair stream RTCP sender bandwidth: 37
Repair stream RTCP receiver bandwidth: 37
Error repair: enabled
Rapid channel change: enabled

vqec# show channel counters url rtp://229.1.1.15:53226

primary rtp expected:      8869

primary rtp lost:          400

-- TR-135 Packet Counters --
bufferize (usec):          200000
underruns (events):        0
overruns (events):        362
gmin:                      0
severe loss minimum distance: 0

                                Before-EC    After-EC
packets expected:            -                0
packets received:            -                0
packets lost:                0                0
loss events:                 0                0
severe loss index count:     -                0
minimum loss distance:       -                -

```

```

maximum loss period:      -          0

-- Stream Packet Counters --
      Inputs      Outputs      Drops (Late)
primary udp mpeg:    0          0          0
primary rtp:        8869        -        400 (0)
primary rtcp:        0          7          -
repair/rcc rtp:      444        -        362 (362)
repair/rcc rtcp:     3          -          -
fec:                0          -        0 (0)
repair rtp stun:     0          0          -
repair rtcp stun:    0          0          -
post-repair:        -        8552        -
tuner Q drops:      -          -        8552
underruns:          0          -          -

-- Repair Packet Counters --
      Pre-Repair      Post-Repair
stream loss:        400        318
rcc loss:          -          0

      Smart req      Repeat
      req           req
error repair:      400        0          0          0
      Recovered
fec:              0

-- Channel Change Counters --
requests:          0
rcc requests:      0
rccs limited:      0
rcc with loss:     0
rcc aborts:        0
  server  stun  response  response  burst  burst
  rejects timeout timeout  invalid  start  activity  other
    0         0         0         0        0        0        0

vqec# show channel counters url rtp://229.1.1.15:53226 cumulative

primary rtp expected:  1209548

primary rtp lost:      60035

-- TR-135 Packet Counters --
buffer size (usec):      200000
underruns (events):      1
overruns (events):      42690
gmin:                   0
severe loss minimum distance: 0
      Before-EC      After-EC
packets expected:      -          0
packets received:      -          0
packets lost:          0          0
loss events:           0          0
severe loss index count: -          0
minimum loss distance: -          0
maximum loss period:   -          0

-- Stream Packet Counters --
      Inputs      Outputs      Drops (Late)
primary udp mpeg:    0          0          0
primary rtp:        1209548    -        60035 (0)

```

## show channel

```

primary rtcp:      0          5157          -
repair/rcc rtp:    60987        -          42690 (42690)
repair/rcc rtcp:   348          -          -
fec:              0            -          0 (0)
repair rtp stun:   1            1          -
repair rtcp stun:  1            1          -
post-repair:      -            1167609    -
tuner Q drops:    -            -          1167409
underruns:        0            -          -

-- Repair Packet Counters --
                        Pre-Repair    Post-Repair
stream loss:         60035          42753
rcc loss:            -              0

                        Requested    Policed    Policed    Smart req    Repeat
error repair:        60038          0          0          0          req
                        Recovered
fec:                 0

-- Channel Change Counters --
requests:            1
rcc requests:        1
rccs limited:        0
rcc with loss:       0
rcc aborts:          0
  server    stun    response  response  burst    burst
  rejects   timeout  timeout   invalid   start    activity  other
    0         0         0         0         0         0         0

```

# show counters

To show counters, use the **show counters** command in EXEC mode.

**show counters** [ {name <tuner-name>} | {cumulative} ]

<b>Syntax Description</b>	<b>tuner-name</b> Name of an active tuner.
<b>Command Default</b>	None
<b>Command Modes</b>	EXEC mode.

**Usage Guidelines** To show historical/rolled-up counters for events which have occurred across all tuners/channels, including events which occurred on tuners/channels which may no longer exist (or whose binding has changed), use the **show counters** command. When the **show counters** command is invoked with the **cumulative** keyword, cumulative statistics for each channel (since it became active to now) are rolled up and then displayed.. In the absence of the **cumulative** keyword, **show counters** displays historical/rolled up statistics for each channel since the channel was last reset/initialized.

The fields shown in the output of this command are described in the following table:

Field Name	Type	Description
<b>Stream Packet Counters</b>		
primary rtp inputs	int	primary rtp packets received.
primary rtp drops	int	primary rtp packets dropped, due to reasons such as: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• rtp parse failure</li> <li>• packet arrived too early (before join)</li> <li>• packet arrived too late for playout</li> <li>• drop simulator tool dropped it</li> </ul>
primary rtp drops (late)	int	primary rtp packets dropped due to arriving too late (after time needed by output scheduler).
primary rtcp inputs	int	primary rtcp packets received.
primary rtcp outputs	int	primary rtcp packets sent.
repair/rcc rtp inputs	int	repair/rcc rtp packets received.

repair/rcc rtp drops	int	repair/rcc rtp packets dropped, due to reasons such as: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• rtp parse failure</li> <li>• packet arrived too early (before join)</li> <li>• packet arrived too late for playout</li> <li>• repair preceded first sequence number from RCC APP.</li> <li>• drop simulator tool dropped it</li> </ul> This counter EXCLUDES drops due to duplicate packets being received.
repair/rcc rtp drops (late)	int	repair/rcc rtp packets dropped due to arriving too late (after time needed by output scheduler).
repair/rcc rtcp inputs	int	repair/rcc rtcp packets received.
fec inputs	int	fec packets received.
fec drops	nt	fec packets dropped, due to reasons such as: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• invalid rtp header</li> <li>• invalid fec header</li> <li>• packet arrived too late</li> <li>• internal error while processing fec packet (e.g. memory allocation failure).</li> </ul>
fec drops (late)	int	fec packets which arrived too late (a primary packet to which it refers has already been scheduled for output).
repair rtp stun inputs	int	STUN packets received on repair rtp port.
repair rtp stun outputs	int	STUN packets sent on repair rtp port.
repair rtcp stun inputs	int	STUN packets received on repair rtcp port.
repair rtcp stun outputs	int	STUN packets sent on repair rtcp port.
post repair outputs	int	post repair stream packets (common to all tuners which are tuned to the same channel).
tuner queue drops	int	drops during packet enqueue on tuner/sink (e.g. due to queue limit reached).
underruns	int	underruns upon inserting packets of the input streams.
<b>Repair Packet Counters</b>		
pre-repair losses	int	number of packets not arriving within the stream.  E.g. an arriving packet stream of sequence numbers 1,4,5,7,8 will bump this counter 3 times.
post-repair losses	int	number of packets which were missing (not repaired) upon output to the tuner.
post-repair losses rcc	int	number of packets which were missing (not repaired) from within an RCC burst upon output to the tuner. Subset of post-repair losses rcc (above).

repairs requested	int	number of repair packets requested by VQE-C.
repairs policed	int	number of repair requests not sent due to rate limiting.
Smart req policed	int	number of repair packets not sent due to smart-request policing.
Repeat req sent	int	number of repair packets re-requested by VQE-C.
fec recovered packets	int	packets successfully regenerated/repared by fec.
<b>Channel Change Counters</b>		
channel change requests	int	number of channel change requests (tuner bind requests) attempted.
rcc requests	int	number of channel change requests (tuner bind requests) attempted in which an RCC operation was initiated.
rcc with loss	int	number of times an RCC occurred (did not abort) but experienced non-zero loss within the RCC burst of the post-repair stream. i.e., an RCC occurred for which the <b>post-repair losses rcc</b> counter incremented and the channel change was not aborted.
rcc aborts total	int	total number of rapid channel changes which aborted, for reasons itemized by counters below.
server reject	int	number of times RCC request was rejected by VQE-S.
stun timeout	int	number of times STUN response not received from VQE-S.
response timeout	int	number of times APP packet not received from VQE-S.
response invalid	int	number of times APP packet received contains invalid contents.
burst start	int	number of times burst failed to start (first repair packet not received in time).
burst activity	int	number of times burst activity timed out prior to completion.

To show counters for a single tuner which accumulated since its channel last became active (was last bound to any tuner), use the **show counters <tuner>** form of the command.

The fields shown in the output of this command are described in the following table:

Field Name	Type	Description
tuner-name	string	Name of tuner being displayed.
Inputs	int	Total number of packets received.
Drops	int	Total number of packets lost (not received).
Primary	int	Total number of primary packets received.
Repair	int	Total number of repair packets received.
Rtcp	int	Total number of RTCP packets received.
Rtp	int	Total number of RTP packets received.
app timeouts	int	Total number of times that there was an APP packet expected that did not show up before the timeout.
null app	int	Total number of NULL (empty) APP packets received.

Outputs	int	Total number of packets that have been sent out from the output queue.
Output Q drops	int	Total number of packets that have been dropped from the output queue because of overflow.
Fec repairs	int	Total number of repair packets that were recovered by FEC.

To clear counters for either form of the **show counters** command, use the **clear counters** command.

## Examples

The following example shows the cumulative counters across all tuners/channels:

```
vqec# show counters
-- Stream Packet Counters --
      Inputs      Outputs      Drops (Late)
primary udp mpeg: 0          0          0
primary rtp:      48805      -          2400 (0)
primary rtcp:     0          40          -
repair/rcc rtp:   2444      -          1960 (1960)
repair/rcc rtcp:  15        -          -
fec:              0          -          0 (0)
repair rtp stun:  0          0          -
repair rtcp stun: 0          0          -
post-repair:     -          46889      -
tuner Q drops:   -          -          46889
underruns:       0          -          -

-- Repair Packet Counters --
      Pre-Repair      Post-Repair
stream loss:         2400         1916
rcc loss:            -          0

      Requested      Policed      Smart req      Repeat req
error repair:       2400         0          0          Sent
                  Recovered
fec:                 0

-- Channel Change Counters --
requests:           0
rcc requests:       0
rccs limited:       0
rcc with loss:      0
rcc aborts:         0

      server      stun      response      response      burst      burst
      rejects    timeout    timeout    invalid      start      activity    other
      0           0         0          0           0         0           0

-- System Event Counters -
clock jumpbacks:    0

vqec# show counters cumulative

-- Stream Packet Counters --
      Inputs      Outputs      Drops (Late)
primary udp mpeg: 0          0          0
primary rtp:      1235442    -          61335 (0)
primary rtcp:     0          5179      -
repair/rcc rtp:   62287      -          43728 (43728)
repair/rcc rtcp:  356        -          -
fec:              0          -          0 (0)
```



```

repair rtp stun: 1 1 -
repair rtcp stun: 1 1 -
post-repair: - 1192466 -
tuner Q drops: - - 1192266
underruns: 0 - -

-- Repair Packet Counters --
                Pre-Repair      Post-Repair
stream loss:    61335            43791
rcc loss:       -                0

                Requested      Policed      Smart req      Repeat req
error repair:   61338          0            0            Sent
                Recovered
fec:            0

-- Channel Change Counters --
requests:       1
rcc requests:   1
rccs limited:   0
rcc with loss:  0
rcc aborts:     0
  server  stun  response  response  burst  burst
  rejects timeout timeout  invalid  start  activity  other
    0      0      0        0        0      0      0

```

The following example shows the counters for a tuner named "tuner1":

```

vqec> show counters tuner1
tuner-name:      tuner1
inputs:          1466955
drops:           30
primary:         1463475
repair:          3231
rtcp:            248
rtp:             1466706
app timeouts:    0
null app:        0
outputs:         1466076
output Q drops:  0
fec repairs:     0

```

## Related Commands

Command	Description
<b>clear counters</b>	Clear counters.

# show debug

To show the current debug flag settings, use the **show debug** command in EXEC mode.

## show debug

Syntax Description	This command has no arguments or keywords.
Command Default	None
Command Modes	EXEC
Usage Guidelines	Each debug flag is responsible for a certain set of possible debug messages. When one of these flags is enabled, debug messages related to that component will begin to appear. Each flag can have a value of enabled or disabled.

**Examples** The following example lists all the current debug flags:

```
vqec> show debug
channel: disabled
chan_cfg: disabled
cpchan: disabled
error-repair: disabled
event: disabled
rcc: disabled
igmp: disabled
input: disabled
output: disabled
pcm: disabled
recv-socket: disabled
rtcp: disabled
nat : disabled
timer: disabled
tuner: disabled
upcall: disabled
updater: disabled
dp-tlm: disabled
dp-inputshim: disabled
dp-outputshim: disabled
dp-nll: disabled
dp-nll-adjust: disabled
dp-pcm: disabled
dp-pcm-pak: disabled
dp-error-repair: disabled
dp-rcc: disabled
dp-fec: disabled
dp-failover: disabled
```

# show dp

To show current VQE-C dataplane information, use the **show dp** command in EXEC mode.

**show dp [counters]**

<b>Syntax Description</b>	This command has no arguments or keywords.
<b>Command Default</b>	None
<b>Command Modes</b>	EXEC
<b>Usage Guidelines</b>	Currently counters is the only option which will display any information.
<b>Examples</b>	The following example shows some example output:

```
vqec# show dp counters
---Dataplane IPC---
  IRQ sent                173
  IRQ dropped              0
  Ejected packets sent     1
  Ejected packets dropped  0
---Dataplane Channel---
  Creates                  0
  Destroys                 0
  Creation failures        0
---Dataplane RTP---
  Source creates           2
  Source destroys          0
  Source table full        0
  Source limit exceeded    0
  Source aged out          0
  RTP IS creates           2
  RTP IS deletes           0
  RTP IS limit exceeded    0
  RTP IS ejected paks      1
  XR stats malloc failures 0
  SSRC filter drops        0
  Repair stream filter drops 0
```

# show drop

To show the current drop simulation settings, use the **show drop** command in EXEC mode.

**show drop**

**Syntax Description** This command has no arguments or keywords.

**Command Default** None

**Command Modes** EXEC

**Usage Guidelines** The fields shown in the output of this command are described in the following table:

Field Name	Type	Description
primary stream dropping	enabled(string) / disabled	Indicates current drop simulator status and dropped packet selection method for the given stream.
or		
repair stream dropping		
Dropping	int	Number of consecutive packets being dropped at the beginning of each drop interval.
interval	int	Length of drop interval.
Percentage	percentage	If dropping randomly selected packets, this is the target rate at which to randomly select and drop packets.

**Examples** The following example displays VQE-C's drop simulation configuration:

```
vqec> show drop
primary stream dropping:  enabled (using percentage)
dropping:                0
interval:                0
percentage:              5%
repair stream dropping:  enabled (using percentage)
dropping:                0
interval:                0
percentage:              3%
```

# show error-repair

To show the current error repair feature status, use the **show error-repair** command in EXEC mode.

## show error-repair

<b>Syntax Description</b>	This command has no arguments or keywords.
---------------------------	--------------------------------------------

<b>Command Default</b>	None
------------------------	------

<b>Command Modes</b>	EXEC
----------------------	------

<b>Examples</b>	The following example shows the current status of error repair:
-----------------	-----------------------------------------------------------------

```
vqec# show error-repair
error-repair:                enabled
smart-request:               disabled
  smart request policed:      0
repeat-request               enabled
  repeat request sent:        687
repair policer:              enabled (set by CLI)
  rate:                       5%
  burst:                      10000ms
packet requests policed:      4878
repeat requests policed:      4650
```

The default or configured values of error-repair smart-request are shown along with smart-request policed counters which displays the total number of error repairs policed by smart-request.

The default or configured value of error-repair repeat-request are shown along with repeat-request sent counters which displays the total number of error repair requests repeated.

The default or configured values for the error-repair smart-request, repeat-request and policer are shown, along with smart-request policed counters which displays the total number of error repair packets policed by smart-request, repeat-request sent counters which displays the total number of error repair packets re-requested and policed counter which displays the total number of error repairs policed for all streams tuned by the VQE-C. This counter is reset via the "clear counters" command and during initialization of VQE-C.

# show fec

To show the current FEC feature status, use the **show fec** command in EXEC mode.

**show fec**

**Syntax Description** This command has no arguments or keywords.

**Command Default** None

**Command Modes** EXEC

**Examples** The following example shows the current status of FEC:

```
vqec> show fec
fec: enabled
```

# show ipc

To show current VQE-C control/data plane IPC information, use the **show ipc** command in EXEC mode.

## show ipc

<b>Syntax Description</b>	This command has no arguments or keywords.
---------------------------	--------------------------------------------

<b>Command Default</b>	None
------------------------	------

<b>Command Modes</b>	EXEC
----------------------	------

<b>Examples</b>	The following example shows some example output:
-----------------	--------------------------------------------------

```
vqec# show ipc
---Dataplane IPC---
  IRQ sent                174
  IRQ dropped              0
  Ejected packets sent     1
  Ejected packets dropped  0
--- IRQ events ---
  Sock name:               /tmp/.vqec_irqsk9847
  Total Events:            174
  Lost Events:             0
  Error Events:            0
  Ack Errors:              0

--- NAT events ---
  Sock name:               /tmp/.vqec_paksk9847
  Total Events:            1
  Lost Events:             0
  Error Events:            0
  Ack Errors:              0
```

# show nat

To show the current NAT feature status, use the **show nat** command in EXEC mode.

**show nat**

**Syntax Description** This command has no arguments or keywords.

**Command Default** None

**Command Modes** EXEC

**Examples** The following example shows the current NAT status:

```
vqec# show nat
NAT protocol:          STUN
NAT bindings open:     2
NAT id:                4043309057
  NAT status:          Not Behind NAT
  Internal address:    5.8.48.2:32797
  Public address:      5.8.48.2:32797
  Last request time:   1214316087525
  Last response time:  1214316087527
NAT id:                2902458370
  NAT status:          Not Behind NAT
  Internal address:    5.8.48.2:32795
  Public address:      5.8.48.2:32795
  Last request time:   1214316087525
  Last response time:  0
```



# show pak-pool

To show the current status of the packet memory pool used by VQE-C, use the **show pak-pool** command in EXEC mode.

## show pak-pool

<b>Syntax Description</b>	This command has no arguments or keywords.
---------------------------	--------------------------------------------

<b>Command Default</b>	None
------------------------	------

<b>Command Modes</b>	EXEC
----------------------	------

<b>Usage Guidelines</b>	<p>If you specify an optional tuner name, you will see information for that tuner.</p> <p>If you specify no optional arguments, you will see information for all active tuners.</p> <p>The fields shown in the output of this command are described in the following table:</p>
-------------------------	---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

Field Name	Type	Description
max entries	int	Maximum number of packets that can be allocated from the packet memory pool at any one time.
Used entries	int	Number of packets currently allocated in the packet memory pool.
High water entries	int	Record high number of used entries at any given runtime.
Fail pak alloc drops	int	Number of packets dropped due to there not being enough free space in the packet pool.

<b>Examples</b>	The following example shows the current status of the packet memory pool:
-----------------	---------------------------------------------------------------------------

```
vqec> show pak-pool
global input pak pool stats:
  max entries:          1000
  used entries:         274
  high water entries:   322
  fail pak alloc drops: 0
```

# show proxy-igmp

To show the current status of proxy-igmp, use the **show proxy-igmp** command in EXEC mode.

```
show proxy-igmp [tuner-name]
```

Syntax Description	tuner-name (Optional) Name of an active tuner
--------------------	-----------------------------------------------

Command Default	None
-----------------	------

Command Modes	EXEC
---------------	------

**Usage Guidelines**

If you specify an optional tuner name, you will see information for that tuner.

If you specify no optional arguments, you will see information for all active tuners.

The fields shown in the output of this command are described in the following table:

Field Name	Type	Description
Tuner name	string	Name of the current tuner.
IGMP Proxy State	string	Status of IGMP proxy for the current tuner.
VQEC Interface	string	Physical interface to which the STB is connected.
STB IP Address	IP	The IP address of the STB interface.
Destination URL	protocol://IP:port	The URL to which the tuner streams output to.
Packets sent	int	Number of packets that were successfully streamed out.
Packets dropped	int	Number of packets that were not successfully transmitted.

**Examples**

The following example shows the stream-output status of a tuner with name "0":

```
vqec> show proxy-igmp
Tuner name:          tuner1
IGMP Proxy State:    Enabled
VQEC Interface:      eth2
STB IP Address:      192.168.1.130
destination URL:     rtp://224.1.1.1:50000
packets sent:        2720
packets dropped:     0
```

# show rcc

To show the current RCC feature status, use the **show rcc** command in EXEC mode.

**show rcc**

<b>Syntax Description</b>	This command has no arguments or keywords.
---------------------------	--------------------------------------------

<b>Command Default</b>	None
------------------------	------

<b>Command Modes</b>	EXEC
----------------------	------

<b>Examples</b>	The following example shows the current status of RCC:
-----------------	--------------------------------------------------------

```
vqec# show rcc
rcc:                               disabled
```

# show stream-output

To show the current status of output streaming, use the **show stream-output** command in EXEC mode.

```
show stream-output [tuner-name]
```

Syntax Description	tuner-name (Optional) Name of an active tuner.
--------------------	------------------------------------------------

Command Default	None
-----------------	------

Command Modes	EXEC
---------------	------

**Usage Guidelines**

If you specify an optional tuner name, you will see information for that tuner.

If you specify no optional arguments, you will see information for all active tuners.

The fields shown in the output of this command are described in the following table:

Field Name	Type	Description
Tuner name	string	Name of the current tuner.
Packets sent	int	Number of packets that were successfully streamed out.
Packets dropped	int	Number of packets that were not successfully transmitted.

**Examples**

The following example shows the stream-output status of a tuner with name "0":

```
vqec# show stream-output 0
Tuner name: 0
packets sent: 25600
packets dropped: 0
```

# show system-config

To show the current build information and VQE-C configuration settings, use the **show system-config** command in EXEC mode.

**show system-config [start-up | network | override | defaults]**

Syntax Description	
<b>start-up</b>	(Optional) Shows contents of system configuration file supplied by integrator.
<b>network</b>	(Optional) Shows contents of cached network configuration file, if one exists.
<b>override</b>	(Optional) shows contents of cached override configuration file, if one exists.
<b>defaults</b>	(Optional) Shows VQE-C software default values for all configuration parameters.
<cr>	Shows the running system configuration currently in use by VQE-C.  This configuration is derived from merging override configuration, network configuration, start-up configuration, and VQE-C software defaults, in that order.

**Command Default** None

**Command Modes** EXEC

**Usage Guidelines** The fields that are displayed by this command are explained in detail in the VQE-C System Configuration Reference document.

**Examples** The following example shows the current VQE-C build information and running configuration:

```
vqec# show system-config

VQE-C 3.7.0 build 22 (development-build)
Built by: root
Workspace: /root/vqec-3.7.0/vqec_3.7.0-22/eva
Timestamp: Jun 25 2013 01:41:50
Dataplane operating mode: USER
max_tuners = 32;
channel_lineup = "zombie_vqe_channels.cfg";
network_cfg_pathname = "";
override_cfg_pathname = "";
index_cfg_pathname = "";
jitter_buff_size = 500;
repair_trigger_point_abs = 20;
pakpool_size = 20000;
so_rcvbuf = 128000;
strip_rtp = true;
input_ifname = "eth1";
```

## ■ show system-config

```

sig_mode = "nat";
nat_binding_refresh_interval = 30;
max_paksize = 1508;
cdi_enable = false;
domain_name_override = "";
libcli_telnet_port = 9909;
output_pakq_limit = 200;
update_window = 60;
update_interval_max = 3600;
app_paks_per_rcc = 1;
error_repair_enable = true;
error_repair_policer.enable = false;
error_repair_policer.rate = 5;
error_repair_policer.burst = 10000;
fec_enable = true;
rcc_enable = false;
rcc_start_timeout = 120;
num_byes = 2;
bye_delay = 40;
reorder_delay_abs = 20;
vcds_server_ip = "0.0.0.0";
vcds_server_port = 8554;
cli_ifname = "lo";
rtcp_dscp_value = 24;
deliver_paks_to_user = true;
fastfill_enable = true;
max_receive_bandwidth_sd = 2400000;
max_receive_bandwidth_sd_rcc = 0;
max_receive_bandwidth_hd = 2400000;
max_receive_bandwidth_hd_rcc = 0;
min_hd_stream_bitrate = 0;
max_fastfill = 0;
app_delay = 0;
src_ip_filter_enable = false;
qoe_enable = true;
rcc_extra_igmp_ip = "0.0.0.0";
rcc_max_concurrent = 32;
integrated_rtp_fallback = true;
udp_passthru_support = false;
vod_cmd_timeout = 2000;
vod_max_sessions = 1;
vod_mode = "iptv";
log_level = 4;
stun_optimization = true;
error_repair_smart_request_enable = false;
error_repair_repeat_request_enable = true;
repair_min_round_trip_time_abs = 0;

```

# show tech-support

To show an aggregate display of several CLI show commands that are useful for diagnostics, use the **show tech-support** command in EXEC mode.

## show tech-support

<b>Syntax Description</b>	This command has no arguments or keywords.
<b>Command Default</b>	None
<b>Command Modes</b>	EXEC
<b>Usage Guidelines</b>	<p>The show tech-support command executes the following CLI commands one after the other, and displays the output of each to the CLI console.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>show system-config</li><li>show tuner all detail</li><li>show channel</li><li>show counters</li><li>show dp counters</li><li>show update</li><li>show drop</li><li>show error-repair</li><li>show fec</li><li>show rcc</li><li>show fast-fill</li><li>show nat</li><li>show pak-pool</li><li>show stream-output</li><li>show ipc</li><li>show proxy-igmp</li></ul> <p>The command could be used by an integrator to get an aggregate view of the VQE-C state that could in turn be useful to verify or diagnose VQE-C integrations.</p>
<b>Examples</b>	<p>The following example shows an edited output of the show tech-support command. The command output displays each sub-command in a header, followed by the output of that command.</p> <pre>vqec&gt; <b>show tech-support</b></pre>

```
# Command "show system-config" :
VQE-C 3.5.0 build 101 (development-build)
Built by: kanjoshi
Workspace: /auto/wskanjoshi/libcli/vam/eva
Timestamp: Feb  4 2010 10:44:18
Dataplane operating mode: USER
max_tuners = 3;.
.
.
.
# Command "show proxy-igmp" :
Tuner name:          tuner1
IGMP Proxy State:    Disabled
```



# show tuner

To show statistics and current configuration for a tuner, use the **show tuner** command in EXEC mode.

```
show tuner {join-delay | {{all | name tuner-name} [brief] [pcm] [fec] [nat] [counters] [channel]
[log] [ipc] [rcc] [detail]}}
```

Syntax Description		
<b>join-delay</b>		Prints a histogram of join-delay times for channel changes(measured across all tuners).
<b>all</b>		Lists all tuners.
<b>name</b> <i>tuner-name</i>		Lists the specific tuner name.
<b>brief</b>		(Optional) Show brief statistics for the specified tuner.
<b>pcm</b>		(Optional) Show pcm statistics
<b>fec</b>		(Optional) Show fec statistics
<b>nat</b>		(Optional) Show nat statistics
<b>channel</b>		(Optional) Show the channel statistics
<b>log</b>		(Optional) Show statistics for packet seq-no or timestamps and loss.
<b>ipc</b>		(Optional) Show statistics for the ipc.
<b>rcc</b>		(Optional) Show statistics relating to rapid channel change.
<b>detail</b>		(Optional) Show all statistics for the specified tuner.

**Command Default** None

**Command Modes** EXEC

**Usage Guidelines** Displays information associated with tuners.

If **all** or **name** *<tuner-name>* are specified, then information for all or the specified tuner(s) will be displayed. The displayed output may be qualified by one or more keyword options which restrict the output to a **brief** display (the default), a **detailed** display, or a display containing a subset of the output based (e.g. fec, log, etc.).

The fields shown in the output of detail option of the show tuner command are described in the following table:

Field Name	Type	Description
Tuner name	String	Name of the current tuner.
Tuner ID	int	Control-plane ID of the tuner.
DP Tuner ID	int	Data-plane ID of the tuner.
Bound to Channel ID	int	ID of the channel the tuner is currently bound to.
<b>Channel Information</b>		

Original source multicast	address	Muticast address of the current channel
Original source port	port	Port of the current multicast channel.
Dataplane channel ID	int	ID of the channel in the data-plane.
Dataplane graph ID	int	ID of the dataplane graph structure representing the current channel.
Repair RTP ephemeral port	port	Port number of the repair receive port, chosen by the operating system at bind-time.
Primary RTP ID	int	Hex ID for the primary RTP stream.
Repair RTP ID	int	Hex ID for the repair RTP stream.
FEC0 RTP ID	int	Hex ID for the first FEC RTP stream.
FEC1 RTP ID	int	Hex ID for the second FEC RTP stream.
<b>Current Channel Information</b>		
name	string	Name of the current channel.
sdp_handle	string	SDP handle for the current channel.
handle	int	Internal handle for the current channel.
session identifier	string	
version	int	Version of the current channel's information.
configuration data	string	
mode	string	Lookaside/Source – the current operating mode of VQE for this channel.
original source multicast address	address	Address for the primary multicast stream.
Source address for original source stream	address	Address of the sender for the primary multicast stream.
Original source port	port	Port number from the primary multicast sender.
Original source RTCP port	port	Port number from the primary multicast RTCP stream.
Original source RTP payload type		RTP payload type of the primary stream.
Original source RTCP sender bandwidth		
Original source RTCP receiver bandwidth		
Original source RTCP per receiver bandwidth		
Original source RTCP XR Loss RLE Report	boolean	Indicates whether RTCP Extended Reporting is enabled or disabled.

Original source RTCP XR Stat Summary Report	int	Indicates the options for RTCP Extended Report summaries.
RTCP XR Post Repair Loss RLE Report	boolean	Indicates whether or not RTCP Extended Reporting is enabled for post-repair data or not.
Maximum bit rate	int	Highest bitrate of the current stream.
Retransmission /FBT address	address	Address of the VQE-S servicing this channel.
Retransmission RTP port	port	Port on the VQE-S to receive repair packets from.
Retransmission RTCP port	port	Port on the VQE-S to send feedback information to.
Retransmission associated payload type		RTP payload type of the retransmission stream.
Repair stream RTCP sender bandwidth		
Repair stream RTCP receiver bandwidth		
Error repair	boolean	Indicates whether or not error repair services are enabled.
Rapid channel change	boolean	Indicates whether or not fast channel change (RCC) services are enabled.
Active channel cfg updates	Int	Number of times an active channel's configuration was updated since the channel was tuned (e.g. the channel was configured with a new source due to failover)
Active channel's last cfg update	Int	Absolute time (in milliseconds) at which the active channel's configuration was last updated. If the active channel's configuration has not changed (since it became active), this value will be zero.
Smart Request	boolean	Indicate whether or not the error repair smart request is enabled
Repeat Request	boolean	Indicate whether or not the error repair repeat-request is enabled
software rtt min		Round trip time calculated in VQE-C
rtt used		Round trip time used in smart request and repeat request calculations
Error repair policer	boolean	Indicated whether or not the error repair policer is enabled.
Primary data received	boolean	Indicates if primary data has been received on this channel.
<b>RTP Primary Session</b>		
ssrc	int	RTP SSRC.
cname	string	RTP CNAME.
nmembers	int	Number of session members.
nsenders	int	Number of session senders.
RTCP compound packet stats		
sent	int	RTCP packets sent for the session.
send_errors	int	RTCP sends that failed.

rcvd	int	RTCP packets received for the session.
rcvd_errors	int	RTCP packets that failed receive processing.
badver	int	Number of primary RTCP packets dropped due to a bad RTP version number.
runts	int	Number of primary RTCP packets dropped due to the message at the end of a compound packet being either shorter than the minimum length of a message (4 bytes), or shorter than the length indicated in the header.
badlen	int	Number of primary RTCP packets dropped due to a length that is invalid for the given message type.
unexp	int	<b>Unexpected RTCP message type:</b> RTCP message types that are valid but are not expected by the application.
avg_pkt_size	int	RTCP received average packet size.
avg_pkt_size_sent	int	RTCP transmitted average packet size.
<b>Sender info for sender<sup>1</sup></b>		
ssrc	int	RTP SSRC
cname	string	RTP CNAME
received	int	RTP packets received
cum_loss	int	RTP cumulative number of packets lost
ehsr	int	RTP extended highest sequence number
jitter	int	RTP interarrival jitter
<b>Sender stats for sender</b>		
max_seq	uint16	Highest sequence number seen
cycles	int	Shifted count of sequence number cycles
bad_seq	int	Last 'bad' sequence number + 1
base_seq	int	Base sequence number
transit	int	Relative transit time for previous packet
received	int	RTP packets received
last_arr_ts_media	int	Last packet arrival timestamp in RTP timestamp units
seqjumps	int	Packets received with large sequence number jumps in comparison to max_seq.
initseq_count	int	The number of times a base sequence number has been established or 're-established' for the sending source.
out_of_order	int	Packets received with sequence numbers that were in the immediate past of the max_seq.
Primary RTCP RRs sent	int	Number of RTCP receiver reports that have been sent for this primary session.
DP sources	int	Number of sources in the dataplane for this RTP session.
<b>Source info for source</b>		
ssrc, src ip, port	string	Identifies a DP source (see above).
source status	string	Indicates the status of a DP source. <b>active/inactive</b> indicates whether packets are currently being received from the source or not.  <b>pktflow</b> indicates that the source's packets are being accepted into the PCM.

source seq num offset	int	Indicates the signed 16-bit offset by which this DP source's sequence numbers may be recovered from PCM sequence numbers (vqec_seq_num_t). E.g., a value of 0 implies that the source's RTP sequence number may be recovered by subtracting 0 from the PCM sequence number and taking the lower 16-bits the result.
Repair data received	boolean	Indicates whether or not repair packets have been received from the repair stream.
<b>RTP Repair Session</b>		
(same field and definitions as above, but for the repair RTP session instead of the primary RTP session)		
<b>Dataplane channel stats</b>		
total recvd paks	int	Total packets received by the RTP module.
total recvd primary paks	int	Total primary packets received by the RTP module.
total recvd repair paks	int	Total repair packets received by the RTP module.
total recvd rtp paks	int	Total RTP packets received by the RTP module.
total rtp drops	int	Total RTP packets that were dropped by the RTP module.
total sim drops	int	Total packets that were intentionally thrown away by the RTP module drop simulation.
total early drops	int	Total packets that were dropped due to early arrival.
failover source	string	Identifies an alternate source whose most recent packets are being queued for use should the primary (packetflow) source disappear. Only applicable only for unicast channels which are receiving traffic from an alternate source.
num paks queued	int	Number of packets queued from an alternate source (see <b>failover source</b> above).
queue head RTP seq num	int	RTP sequence number of packet at the head of the failover queue (see <b>failover source</b> above).
queue tail RTP seq num	int	RTP sequence number of packet at the tail of the failover queue (see <b>failover source</b> above).
prev src last rcv time	Int	Absolute time (in milliseconds) at which the last packet from the channel's previous source was received. (Only displayed if the channel has experienced a source change.) See next field.
curr src first rcv time	Int	Absolute time (in milliseconds) at which the first packet from the channel's current source was received. (Only displayed if the channel has experienced a source change.)  When compared to the <b>prev src last rcv time</b> field above, the difference can indicate the amount of overlap or gap between previous and current sources during the last source failover event.
runts	int	Number of primary RTCP packets dropped due to the message at the end of a compound packet being either shorter than the minimum length of a message (4 bytes), or shorter than the length indicated in the header.
badver	int	Number of primary RTCP packets dropped due to a bad RTP version number.

badlen	int	Number of primary RTCP packets dropped due to a length that is invalid for the given message type.
badcreate	int	Number of primary packets dropped because lookup or create RTP member failed.
seqjumps	int	Packets received with large sequence number jumps in comparison to max_seq.
initseq_count	int	The number of times a base sequence number has been established or 're-established' for the sending source.
runts	int	Number of primary RTCP packets dropped due to the message at the end of a compound packet being either shorter than the minimum length of a message (4 bytes), or shorter than the length indicated in the header.
badver	int	Number of primary RTCP packets dropped due to a bad RTP version number.
badlen	int	Number of primary RTCP packets dropped due to a length that is invalid for the given message type.
badcreate	int	Number of primary packets dropped because lookup or create RTP member failed.
seqjumps	int	Packets received with large sequence number jumps in comparison to max_seq.
initseq_count	int	The number of times a base sequence number has been established or 're-established' for the sending source.
total recvd rtcp paks	int	Total RTCP packets received by the RTP module.
generic nack counter	int	Number of generic NACK packets sent.
total repairs requested	int	Number of packets requested as repairs (total contents of generic NACKs)
total repairs policed	int	Number of packets not requested as repairs due to error-repair policing.
total smart req. policed	int	Number of packets not requested as repairs due to smart-request.
total repeat req sent	int	Number of packets sent as error repair repeat request.
total repeat req policed	int	Number of repeat request packets policed due to error-repair policing.
total repairs unrequested	int	Number of packets not requested as repairs because either: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>the repair requests did not fit into a single RTCP packet (the internal limit defined for the number of Feedback Control Information bitmaps was exceeded).</li> <li>the VQE-C was unable to transmit the RTCP packet containing the constructed repair requests.</li> </ul>
failed to send rtcp pak	int	
failed to report gap	int	
<b>PCM status</b>		
Head	int	Sequence number of the packet at the front of the PCM.
Tail	int	Sequence number of the packet at the end of the PCM.
highest_er_seq_num	int	Sequence number of the newest packet that is eligible for retransmission error repair.

last_reqstd_er_seq_num	int	Sequence number most recently requested for retransmission error repair.
last_rx_seq_num	int	Last received sequence number.
num_paks_in_pak_seq	int	The current number of packets contained in the PCM.
Primary_received	boolean	Indicates whether or not primary stream packets have been received.
Repair_received	boolean	Indicates whether or not repair stream packets have been received.
Repair_trigger_time	int	The time interval (in ms) that specifies how often the gap reporter should be triggered to report loss in the PCM.
Reorder_delay	int	The time (in ms) that loss created by out-of-order arriving packets should be held before they are eligible for retransmission-based error-repair.
fec_delay	int	Time (in ms) that lost packets should be held in order for FEC to have an adequate opportunity to repair them.
Original jitter buff size	int	Duration (in ms) of the jitter buffer, as specified by the configuration.
Total delay including fec	int	Duration (in ms) of the total delay within the PCM, including jitter buffer, reorder_delay, and delays from FEC.
gap_hold_time	int	Total duration (in ms) that lost packets will be held in the PCM before allowing retransmission to try to repair them.
<b>PCM Counters</b>		
late packets	int	Number of packets that arrived late.
head ge last seq reqstd	int	Number of times that the sequence number of the PCM's head became greater than or equal to the sequence number that was most recently requested for retransmission error repair.
Primary packets	int	Number of primary packets received.
Repair packets	int	Number of repair packets received.
Input loss packets	int	Number of missing packets detected on the input (received) stream.
Input loss holes	int	Number of missing packet holes (one or more contiguous missing packets) on the input stream.
Output loss packets	int	Number of missing packets on the ouput stream.
Output loss holes	int	Number of missing packet holes on the output stream.
Pcm_insert drops	int	Number of packets that were dropped due to a PCM insertion failure.
Duplicate packets	int	Number of duplicate packets received in input stream.
Pak_seq_insert fail paks	int	Number of packets that were dropped due to a packet sequence module insertion failure.
Bad seq range	int	Number of packets that tried to be inserted into PCM, but whose seq_num was far outside of the range of the PCM head and tail.
Under runs	int	Number of times the PCM has run out of packets to send.
Output early packets	int	Packets that were scheduled to be played out earlier than they should have been.

Bad receive timestamp	int	Number of packets with invalid timestamps.
duplicate repair packets	int	Number of repair packets that were received as duplicates.
Last tx seq num	int	Sequence number of last packet transmitted from PCM to sink.
Last tx time	int	Time of last packet transmitted from PCM to sink.
Total tx packets	int	Total packets transmitted from PCM to sink.
Total tx bursts	int	Total bursts transmitted from PCM to sink. PCM determines one burst as a series of more than 10 packets that are transmitted in <1 ms.
<b>NLL state</b>		
mode	int	Mode of the NLL, non-tracking (0) or tracking (1).
pred base	uint64	Predicted absolute time for the last packet scheduled.
last act time	uint64	Actual receive time for the last packet scheduled.
primary offset	uint64	Time offset between the repair & primary streams for RCC.
pcr32 base	int	The RTP timestamp for the last packet scheduled.
exp disc	int	Explicit timestamp discontinuities input to the NLL.
imp disc	int	Implicit timestamp discontinuities declared by the NLL.
observations	int	Number of packets processed.
resets	int	Number of times the NLL has been reset.
past predicts	int	Number of times the NLL has predicted send times for a packet in the past.
reset_base w/o time	int	NLL resets using the current time as the receive time for the observation.
<b>FEC status</b>		
fec enabled in channel	boolean	Show if FEC is enabled. True if enable, false, otherwise
fec streams	int	Number of FEC streams available at current session. Show as %d_D
fec_column_stream_avail	boolean	True if column FEC stream is received from network; false, otherwise
fec_row_stream_avail	boolean	True if row FEC stream is received from network; false, otherwise
L value	uint8	Number of columns in one FEC encoding block
D value	uint8	Number of rows in one FEC encoding block
column head	vqec_seq_num_t	The smallest sequence number in column FEC buffer
column tail	vqec_seq_num_t	The largest sequence number in column FEC buffer
row head	vqec_seq_num_t	The smallest sequence number in row FEC buffer
row tail	vqec_seq_num_t	The largest sequence number in row FEC buffer
<b>FEC counters</b>		
late fec packets	uint64	The late FEC packet counter. A FEC packet is late if it protected primary video packet are sent to display
fec recovered packets	uint64	Number of packets recovered by FEC
no need to decode paks	uint64	Number of FEC packets that do not need to be decoded. If there is no loss of the primary packets protected by this FEC packet, then, this FEC packet is not decoded.



total fec packets	uint64	Total FEC packets received
duplicate fec packets		Number of duplicate FEC packets received. A packet is considered duplicate if it is received more than once.
rtp hdr invalid paks	uint64	Number of FEC packets with invalid RTP header.
fec hdr invalid paks	uint64	Number of FEC packets with invalid FEC header
fec paks, unrecoverable	uint64	Number of valid FEC packets that can not be used to recover lost packets.  If there are more than one packet losses of the primary packets that are protected by one FEC packet, this FEC packet is called unrecoverable.
fec paks, other	uint64	Number of FEC packets being dropped due to internal errors, such as memory alloc failure, etc
fec gaps detected	uint64	Number of lost FEC packets according to RTP sequence number gap.
<b>RCC status</b>		
rcc enabled	boolean	true if enabled, otherwise false
rcc result	string	Rapid channel change results as defined below:  <b>success:</b> rapid channel change succeeds, all the processes are finished in designed order.  <b>on-going:</b> rapid channel change is in process.  <b>failure:</b> rapid channel change is aborted.
cp failure reason	string	The reason the rapid channel change was aborted at control plane.  <b>NONE:</b> no error, rapid channel change state machine completed in control plane.  <b>NAT_TIMEOUT:</b> NAT server does not have any response within the rcc_start_timeout. (This only happens when sig_mod is in NAT mode.  <b>APP_TIMEOUT:</b> APP packet was not received within the rcc_start_timeout.
dp failure reason	string	<b>NULL_APP:</b> null APP from VQE-S. The server could not process this rapid channel change. Check the server statistics for information regarding this NULL APP.  <b>INVALID_APP:</b> the received APP packet is not valid, i.e one or more fields in the APP packet are not properly set from the VQE-S.  <b>RCC_DISABLED:</b> rapid channel change is not enabled, either in VQE-C system configuration setup or in channel lineup.  <b>UNKNOWN:</b> none of the above reason was detected, but the rapid channel change was aborted.
<b>Buffer fill (ms)</b>		
minimum buffer fill	rel_time_t	Minimum buffer fill requirement in ms, calculated based on FEC and ER requirement. This is sent from client to server.

maximum buffer fill	rel_time_t	Maximum buffer fill limit in ms, calculated based on the pak-pool size and max_rcc_backfill_scaler. This is sent from client to server.
buffer fill from APP	rel_time_t	Expected buffer fill from server. This is the value from APP packet.
<b>APP expected relative times (ms)</b>		
Join	rel_time_t	Earliest multicast join time
ER	rel_time_t	Expected ER turn on time
End-Of-Burst	rel_time_t	Expected burst end time
<b>Actual relative times (ms)</b>		
CC	rel_time_t	The time the channel change was issued, measured at the time the tuner bind channel. This is the starting point for the calculation of all these relative times below
Pli	rel_time_t	The time the PLI packet was sent to VQE-S
APP	rel_time_t	The time the APP packet was received.
Rep	rel_time_t	The time the first repair packet was received.
Join	rel_time_t	The time the multicast join was issued.
Prim	rel_time_t	The time the primary packet was received.
ER	rel_time_t	The time the error-repair was turned on.
Join-lat	rel_time_t	The IGMP join latency. This relative time is the time difference between the multicast join time and the first primary packet received time.
<b>Pcm snapshots</b>		
JOIN		List the PCM snapshot at multicast join, including <b>Head:</b> head of the PCM (smallest sequence number at PCM). <b>Tail:</b> tail of the PCM (largest sequence number at PCM). <b>Paks:</b> number of packets cached in PCM.
PRIM		List the PCM snapshots at the time when the first primary packet was received, including <b>Head:</b> head of the PCM (smallest sequence number at PCM) <b>Tail:</b> tail of the PCM (largest sequence number at PCM) <b>Paks:</b> number of packets cached in PCM.
EREN		List the PCM snapshots at the time when error-repair was enabled, including <b>Head:</b> head of the PCM (smallest sequence number at PCM) <b>Tail:</b> tail of the PCM (largest sequence number at PCM) <b>Paks:</b> number of packets cached in PCM.
<b>Output statistics</b>		
first primary sequence	vqec_seq_num_t	Sequence number of the first primary packet received.
rcc output loss packets	uint32_t	Total number of lost packets seen at output scheduler during rapid channel change period.
rcc output loss holes	uint32_t	Total number of holes seen at output scheduler during rapid channel change period.
rcc duplicate packets	uint32_t	Total number of duplicated packets received during rapid channel change period
repairs in 1 <sup>st</sup> nack	uint32_t	Total number of repair packets requested in the first NACK after rapid channel change.

first packet output time	rel_time_t	The relative time the first packet of the RCC repair burst was scheduled out to output queue.
last packet output time	rel_time_t	The relative time the last RCC packet was scheduled out to output queue.
first packet decode time	rel_time_t	The relative time the first packet was decoded at STB when changing to a new channel.
NAT Status	string	Indicates whether or not the VQE-C is behind a NAT device (repair RTP port).
Internal address	IP:port	Internal address used for the RTP repairs
Public address	IP:port	External/Public address used for the RTP repairs
Last request time	int	Time of last NAT update request (RTP).
Last response time	int	Time of last NAT update response (RTP).
NAT Status	string	Indicates whether or not the VQE-C is behind a NAT device (repair RTCP port).
Internal address	IP:port	Internal address used for the RTCP repairs
Public address	IP:port	External/Public address used for the RTCP repairs
Last request time	int	Time of last NAT update request (RTCP).
Last response time	int	Time of last NAT update response (RTCP).
<b>Logs</b>		
last 10 repair seq	vqec_seq_num_t	List of the last 10 repair sequence numbers
first 10 primary seq	vqec_seq_num_t	List of first 10 primary packet sequence numbers
last 10 fec repair seq	vqec_seq_num_t	List last 10 FEC corrected primary packets
Input Loss (holes)	vqec_seq_num_t	List of the last 10 input loss (holes) sequence number intervals
Output loss (holes)	vqec_seq_num_t	List of the last 10 output loss (holes) sequence number intervals
primary stream dropping	string	Indicates whether or not the VQE-C drop simulation is enabled.
repair stream dropping	string	Indicates whether or not the VQE-C drop simulation is enabled.
dropping	int	Number of contiguous packets that are dropped at the start of each interval.
interval	int	Length of the drop interval, when dropping contiguous packets.
percentage	int (%)	When in random drop mode, approximate randomized percentage of packets that are being dropped.
Information about output streams (from DP input shim; one for each output stream)		
<b>Output Stream</b> <i>(with hexadecimal ID specified)</i>		
Encaps type	string	Encapsulations supported by this output stream.
Capabilities	string	Capabilities supported by this output stream.
Filter (scheduling class x)	title/int	x represents the scheduling class to which the current filter is associated.

protocol	string	Protocol that the filter is bound to.
source IP	address	IP address to accept incoming packets from.
source port	int	Port number to accept incoming packets from.
dest IP	address	IP address that the filter is bound to.
dest port	int	Port number that the filter is bound to.
Connected Input Stream ID	int	ID of the input stream to which this output stream is connected.
<b>Stats</b>		
packets transmitted	int	Total number of packets that have been transmitted over the stream.
bytes transmitted	int	Total number of bytes that have been transmitted over the stream.
packets dropped	int	Total number of packets that failed to be transmitted.
<b>Output shim status</b>		
state	string	Current state of the output shim module.
is_creates	int	Number of input streams created.
is_destroys	int	Number of output streams created.
num_tuners	int	Number of DP tuners created.
<b>Tuner status (one for each tuner)</b>		
Cp_tid	int	CP ID of this tuner.
qid	int	ID of the output queue.
isid	int	ID of the associated input stream.
qinputs	int	Number of packets input into the output queue.
qdrops	int	Number of packets dropped in the output queue.
qdepth	int	Number of packets currently in the output queue.
qoutputs	int	Number of packets output from the output queue.
<b>Output shim input streams (one for each input stream)</b>		
stream id	int	ID of this stream.
capabilities	string	Stream transmission capabilities.
encapsulation	string	Encapsulation of this stream.
mapped TunIDs	multiple ints	IDs of all tuners mapped to this input stream.
connected os	int	ID of the connected output stream.
packets	int	Number of packets on the input stream.
bytes	int	Number of bytes on the input stream.
drops	int	Number of packet drops on the input stream.

1. From RFC 3550

If **join-delay** is specified, then a histogram will be displayed whose data points are the intervals (in milliseconds) between:

- the request of the channel (which, for a multicast channel, aligns with the join request), and
- the arrival of the first primary stream packet

A single **join-delay** histogram is maintained across all defined tuners. Data points in the histogram are cleared only via the **clear counters** command.

## Examples

The following example shows the basic statistics and information of a tuner with name tuner1:

```
vqec# show tuner name tuner1
Tuner name:          tuner1
```

```

Channel information for channel 0x56000001
Original source multicast: 230.151.1.1
Original source port:      10000
Dataplane channel ID:     a5000001
Dataplane graph ID:       ba000001
Repair RTP ephemeral port: 32795
Primary RTP ID:            a0000000
Repair RTP ID:             a0000001
FEC0 RTP ID:               0
FEC1 RTP ID:               0
Channel name: Channel 230.151.1.1
Source multicast address: 230.151.1.1
Source port: 10000
Retransmission/FBT address: 8.36.1.1
Maximum bit rate: 3750000
PCM counters:
  input primary packets: 4677652
  input loss packets:    0
  input loss holes:      0
  repair received:       3206
  output loss packets:   0
  output loss holes:     0
  under runs:            0
  late packets:          1
FEC status:
  fec enabled in channel: false
FEC counters:
  input fec packets:      0
  fec recovered packets:  0
  fec paks, unrecoverable: 0
  late fec packets:      0
  fec paks, other:        0
--- RCC status ---
rcc enabled:      true
rcc result:       success
cp failure reason: NONE
dp failure reason: NONE

```

The following example shows all statistics and configuration settings of a tuner with name tuner1:

```

vqec# show tuner all detail
Tuner name:      1
Tuner ID:        0
DP Tuner ID:     1
Bound to Channel ID: 0xf7000
Channel information for channel 0xf7000001
Original source multicast: 229.1.1.17
Original source port:     53234
Dataplane channel ID:     87000001
Dataplane graph ID:       86000001
Repair RTP ephemeral port: 43167
Primary RTP ID:            a0000000
Repair RTP ID:             a0000001
FEC0 RTP ID:               0
FEC1 RTP ID:               0
Current channel information:
Channel name: Channel 229.1.1.17
Channel sdp_handle: o=- 1207081763 1333130440974 IN IP4 storm-iptv
Original source multicast address: 229.1.1.17
Source address for original source stream: 9.3.13.2
Original source port: 53234
Original source RTCP port: 53235
Original source RTP payload type: 33
Original source RTCP sender bandwidth: 53
Original source RTCP receiver bandwidth: 530000

```

```

Original source RTCP per receiver bandwidth: 53
Original source RTCP XR Loss RLE Report: On
Original source RTCP XR Stat Summary Report: On
RTCP XR Post Repair Loss RLE Report: On
Maximum bit rate: 15000000
Retransmission/FBT address: 11.120.1.17
Retransmission RTP port: 10066
Retransmission RTCP port: 10067
Retransmission associated payload type: 99
Repair stream RTCP sender bandwidth: 53
Repair stream RTCP receiver bandwidth: 53
Repair stream RTCP XR Loss RLE Report: On
Repair stream RTCP XR Stat Summary Report: On
Error repair: enabled
Rapid channel change: enabled
Active channel cfg updates: 0
Active channel's last cfg update time: 0
Smart Request: disabled
Repeat Request: enabled
    software rtt min (ms): 0
    rtt used (ms): 0
Error repair policer: enabled
    rate (repair pkts/s): 414
    burst (repair pkts): 4148
    current tokens: 18
Primary data received: TRUE
RTP Primary session
    ssrc: 3a8f4257
    cname: 00-1a-64-6d-18-13
    nmembers: 2
    nsenders: 1
RTCP compound packet stats
    sent: 9426
    send_errors: 0
    rcvd: 0
    rcvd_errors: 0
    badver: 0
    runts: 0
    badlen: 0
    unexp: 0
    avg_pkt_size: 144.010705
    avg_pkt_size_sent 144.010705
Sender info for sender 1
    ssrc: 1be89f9d
    cname:
    received: 656687
    cum_loss: 281430
    ehshr: 996051
    jitter (us): 0
Sender stats for sender 1
    max_seq: 13011
    cycles: 983040
    bad_seq: 65537
    base_seq: 57935
    transit: 4086607330
    received: 656687
    last_arr_ts_media: 58912208
    seqjumps: 0
    initseq_count: 1
    out_of_order: 0
Primary RTCP RRs sent: 9426
DP sources: 1
    ssrc=1be89f9d, src ip:9.3.13.2 port:49152
    source status: (active, pktflow)

```

```

        source PCM seq num offset: 0
Repair data received: FALSE
RTP Repair session
    ssrc: 3a8f4257
    cname: 00-1a-64-6d-18-13
    nmembers: 2
    nsenders: 0
RTCP compound packet stats
    sent: 28
    send_errors: 0
    rcvd: 23
    rcvd_errors: 0
    badver: 0
    runts: 0
    badlen: 0
    unexp: 0
    avg_pkt_size: 77.243000
    avg_pkt_size_sent: 90.057133
Repair RTCP RRs sent: 28
DP sources: 0

```

--- Dataplane channel stats ---

```

total recvd paks: 938208
total recvd primary paks: 938207
total recvd repair paks: 0
total recvd rtp paks: 938207
total rtp drops: 0
total sim drops: 281467
total early drops: 0
runts: 0
badver: 0
badlen: 0
badcreate: 0
seqjumps: 0
initseq_count: 1
runts: 0
badver: 0
badlen: 0
badcreate: 0
seqjumps: 0
initseq_count: 0
total recvd rtcp paks: 23
generic nack counter: 9381
total repairs requested: 276760
total smart req. policed: 0
total repeat req sent: 0
total repeat req policed: 0
total repairs policed: 4670
total repairs unrequested: 0
failed to send rtcp pak: 0
failed to report gap: 0

```

PCM status:

```

head: 995971
tail: 996104
highest_er_seq_num: 996077
last_reqstd_er_seq_num: 996053
last_rx_seq_num: 996104
num_paks_in_pak_seq: 104
primary_received: true
repair_received: false
repair_trigger_time: 19
reorder_delay: 20
fec_delay: 0

```

```

original jitter buff size: 100
total delay including fec: 100
gap_hold_time: 20
PCM counters:
late packets: 0
head ge last seq reqstd: 3
input loss packets: 281430
input loss holes: 9381
output loss packets: 281400
output loss holes: 9380
pcm_insert drops: 0
duplicate packets: 0
pak_seq_insert fail paks: 0
bad seq range: 0
under runs: 0
bad receive timestamp: 0
last tx seq num: 995970
last tx time: 1374487732945236
total tx packets: 656635

NLL state:
mode: 1
pred base: 1374487732945
last act time: 1374487732945
primary offset: 0
pcr32 base: 267267057
exp disc: 1
imp disc: 0
resets: 1
past predicts: 0
reset_base w/o time: 0

FEC status:
fec enabled in channel: false
fec streams: 0_D
fec_column_stream_avail: false
fec_row_stream_avail: false
L value: 0
D value: 0
column head: 0
column tail: 0
row head: 0
row tail: 0

FEC counters:
late fec packets: 0
fec recovered packets: 0
total fec packets: 0
duplicate fec packets: 0
rtp_hdr invalid paks: 0
fec_hdr invalid paks: 0
fec paks, other: 0
fec gaps detected: 0

--- RCC status ---
rcc enabled: true
rcc result: failure
cp failure reason: NULL_APP
dp failure reason: CP_ABORT
--- Buffer Fill (ms) ---
minimum buffer fill: 100
maximum buffer fill: 361
buffer fill from APP: 0
fast fill from APP (PCR): 0

```



```

PCR from APP:          0
PTS from APP:          0
--- APP expected relative times (ms) ---
Join      ER      End-Of-Burst
0         0         0
---Actual relative times (ms)---
First line is VQE-C time, second line is pkt rcv time
CC      Pli      APP      Rep      Join      Prim      ER      BEND      Join-lat
0       0       1       0       3       54       3       0       47
0       0       1       0       3       50       3       0       47
--- Pcm snapshots ---
      Head      Tail      Paks
JOIN 0         0         0
PRIM 0         0         0
EREN 0         0         0
--- Output statistics ---
first primary sequence: 57935
first repair sequence:  0
first repair rtp ts:    0
rcc output loss packets: 0
rcc output loss holes:  0
rcc duplicate packets:  0
repairs in 1st nack:    30
first packet output time 150
last packet output time 159
rtcp xr num gap packets: 0
concurrent rccs limited: 0
RCC output loss (holes):
0 - 0 time 0, 0 - 0 time 0, 0 - 0 time 0, 0 - 0 time 0, 0 - 0 time 0, 0 - 0 time 0,
0 - 0 time 0, 0 - 0 time 0, 0 - 0 time 0, 0 - 0 time 0,
--- NAT status ---
NAT id:          3556769794
Binding name:    :
NAT protocol:    STUN
NAT status:      Not Behind NAT
Internal address: 11.8.10.7:43167
Public address:  11.8.10.7:43167
Last request time: 1374487074517
Last response time: 0
NAT id:          285212673
Binding name:    :
NAT protocol:    STUN
NAT status:      Not Behind NAT
Internal address: 11.8.10.7:43169
Public address:  11.8.10.7:43169
Last request time: 1374487074517
Last response time: 1374487074517
primary stream dropping: enabled (using interval)
dropping:          30
interval:          100
percentage:         0%
repair stream dropping: disabled
dropping:          15
interval:          100
percentage:         0%
Input Shim information for channel ID f700000108:
Primary Output Stream [ID '0x89000001']
Encaps type:       RTP
Capabilities:      PUSH PUSH_VECTORED PUSH_POLL
Filter (scheduling class 0):
protocol:          UDP
source IP:         <any>
source port:       <any>

```

```

dest IP:                229.1.1.17
dest port:              53234
Connected Input Stream ID: 2684354560
Stats:
  packets dropped:      0
Repair Output Stream [ID '0x80000002']
Encaps type:           RTP
Capabilities:          PUSH PUSH_VECTORED PUSH_POLL
Filter (scheduling class 0):
  protocol:            UDP
  source IP:           <any>
  source port:         <any>
  dest IP:             11.8.10.7
  dest port:           43167
Connected Input Stream ID: 2684354561
Stats:
  packets dropped:      0
Tuner status (tunerid = 1):
cp_tid:                0
qid:                   0
isid:                  1
qinputs:               656635
qdrops:                656435
qdepth:                200
qoutputs:              0
Output Shim information for channel ID f700000108:
Post-repair stream id: 1
capabilities:          PUSH PUSH_VECTORED
encapsulation:        UDP
mapped TunIDs:         1
connected os:          1
packets:               0
bytes:                 0
drops:                 0

```

The following example shows the join-delay intervals experienced across all tuners. It indicates that there have been a total 6 channel changes since initialization or last issue of the "clear counters" command, each of which fall within the join-delay bucket ranges listed on the left:

```

vqec# show tuner join-delay
Histogram of Join to First Primary Pkt Delay (in ms):
    0 -          9   [          1  ]
   10 -         19   [          1  ]
   20 -         29   [          2  ]

```

# show update

To show information about network and channel configuration updates that have been attempted in the past and scheduled for the future, use the **show update** command in EXEC mode.

## show update

**Syntax Description** This command has no arguments or keywords.

**Command Modes** None

**Command Modes** EXEC

**Usage Guidelines** The fields shown in the output of this command are described in the following table:

Field Name	Description
Updater state	State of the updater service.
identity	Unique identifier (CNAME) used by VQE-C when requesting configuration files. The VCDS may supply a customized configuration based on this identifier.
update window	Period (in seconds) over which VQE-C may defer a background update by a random amount, as defined by the <b>update_window</b> configuration parameter.
polling	TRUE if polling is enabled, FALSE otherwise
poll interval	Amount of time (in seconds) to wait between background updates, excluding the randomized update window delay component. Based on the <b>update_interval_max</b> configuration parameter.
Next Update Request:	Approximate time of next scheduled update request, if polling is enabled.
Last Update Request	Time of last update request
Servers attempted/eligible	<p>Number of VQE-C Configuration Delivery Servers which VQE-C attempted to contact during its last configuration update attempt. ("attempted").</p> <p>Number of VQE-C Configuration Delivery Servers which VQE-C learned from DNS as being eligible/configured in the network to handle update requests during its last configuration update attempt (eligible).</p>

VCDS Selected for request	IP address of VCDS used for the last configuration update attempt.
VCDS version	Version string within RTSP DESCRIBE response message supplied by the server.
Index file retrieval	Results of the VQE-C's last attempt to retrieve an index file containing version identifiers of the network and channel configuration files for this STB.
Network config update result	Result of trying to retrieve a network configuration file from the VCDS during the last update attempt.
Channel config update result	Result of trying to retrieve a channel configuration file from the VCDS during the last update attempt.
Last successful update transfer times:	
Network config update response time	Time elapsed between issue of a request for an updated network configuration file and its complete arrival.
Channel config update response time	Time elapsed between issue of a request for an updated channel configuration file and its complete arrival.
<b>Updater counters</b>	
Index retrieval attempts (failures).	Total number of updates attempted by VQE-C (and number of update attempts which were unsuccessful due an index file being unavailable).
Network Config update attempts (failures)	Number of times VQE-C determined that its network configuration differed from that offered by a VCDS, and requested an update to the file (and number of such updates which failed).
Channel Config update attempts (failures)	Number of times VQE-C determined that its channel configuration differed from that offered by a VCDS, and requested an update to the file (and number of such updates which failed).

**Note**

**cdi\_enable** must be configured as TRUE for the updates to be performed and this display to be available.

**Examples**

The following example shows that the VQE-C performed a successful update with VCDS whose IP address is 138.5.3.1 on January 21 at 16:02. Only the channel configuration was retrieved, as the network configuration file cached by VQE-C was current.

```
vqec# show update
Updater state:                running
identity:                    00-14-5e-80-6a-4a
update window:                30
polling:                      enabled
poll interval (s):            3600
Next update request:          Jan 21 17:03:10
Last update request:          Jan 21 16:02:11
Servers attempted/eligible:    1/1
VCDS selected for request:     138.5.3.1:8554
VCDS version:                  vcds 3.2.1
Index file retrieval:          success
Network Config update result:  update not necessary
Channel Config update result:  success
```

```
Last successful update transfer times:
Network Config update response time (s):    n/a
Channel Config update response time (s):    0.151819
Updater counters:
Index retrieval attempts (failures):        1 (0)
Network Config update attempts (failures):  0 (0)
Channel Config update attempts (failures):  1 (0)
```

# stream-output

To enable VQE-C output streaming, use the **stream-output** command in Configuration mode.

**stream-output tuner-name if-name output-url**

Syntax Description	<b>tuner-name</b>	Name of an active tuner.
	<b>if-name</b>	Name of an Ethernet interface.
	<b>output-url</b>	Destination URL of the output stream.

**Command Default** Output Streaming mode is disabled.

**Command Modes** Configuration

**Usage Guidelines** When the VQE-C output streaming mode is enabled for a tuner, that tuner will begin sending a repaired output stream on the tuner-if interface. The address and protocol of the repaired output multicast stream is determined from the output-url, which has the form:

**output-type://address:port**

- output-type:** udp
- address:** valid IPv4 address to be used as the destination address of the output stream
- port:** integer in the range [1, 65535] to be used as the destination port of the output stream

**Examples** The following example enables the VQE-C output streaming mode for a tuner named 0 and begins to send a repaired UDP multicast stream from the interface eth1 to the address 192.168.1.128 on port 50000:

```
vqec(config)# stream-output 0 eth1 udp://192.168.1.128:50000
```

# tuner bind

To bind an active tuner to a either valid channel configured in the channel lineup or a temporary channel described by a channel parameters list, use the **tuner bind** command in configuration mode.

```
tuner bind <tuner-name> {<url> | chan-params {file <filename> | list <param_list>}} [no_rcc]
[fastfill] [max-fastfill <max_fastfill>] [rcc-bw <max_rcv_bw_rcc>] [er-bw
<max_rcv_bw_er>] [tr-135 gmin <gmin> slmd <slmd>]
```

<b>Syntax Description</b>	<b>tuner-name</b>	Name of an active tuner.
	<b>channel-url</b>	URL of the channel to be bound.
	<b>params-file</b>	Path of a file containing a channel parameter list.
	<b>params-list</b>	A list of key-value channel parameters
	<b>no_rcc</b>	(Optional) If this keyword is specified, the channel change will occur with RCC disabled.
	<b>tr-135</b>	(Optional) If this keyword is specified, after a tuner binds to this channel, the channel's TR-135 writable parameters: gmin and severe loss minimum distance(slmd) are updated.

**Command Default** None

**Command Modes** Configuration

**Usage Guidelines** The channel-url must be of the form:

**protocol://address:port**

**protocol:** protocol of the channel. Usually **igmp**.

**address:** valid IPv4 multicast address of the channel

**port:** integer in the range [1, 65535] and should match the primary rtp port of the channel as configured in the channel lineup

The params-list or the contents of the **params-file** should take the following format:

```
primary-dest-addr addr primary-dest-port port [primary-dest-rtcp-port port] [primary-src-addr addr]
[primary-src-port port] [primary-src-rtcp-port port] [primary-payload-type payload-type]
primary-bit-rate bit-rate [primary-rtcp-sndr-bw rtcp-bw] [primary-rtcp-rcvr-bw rtcp-bw]
[primary-rtcp-per-rcvr-bw rtcp-bw] [primary_rtcp_xr_loss_rle_enable]
[primary_rtcp_xr_per_loss_rle_enable] [primary-rtcp-xr-stat-flags loss[,dup][,jitt]] [fbt-addr addr]
[er_enable] [rcc_enable] [rtx-src-addr addr ] [rtx-src-port port] [rtx-src-rtcp-port port] [rtx-dest-addr
addr] [rtx-dest-port port] [rtx-dest-rtcp-port port] [rtx-payload-type payload-type] [rtx-rtcp-sndr-bw
rtcp-bw] [rtx-rtcp-rcvr-bw rtcp-bw] [rtx_rtcp_xr_loss_rle_enable] [rtx-rtcp-xr-stat-flags
loss[,dup][,jitt]] [fec_enable] [fec-mode {1D | 2D}] [fec1-mcast-addr addr] [fec1-mcast-port
port][fec1-mcast-rtcp-port port] [fec1-src-addr addr] [fec1-payload-type payload-type]
```

[fec1-rtcp-sndr-bw rtcp-bw] [fec1-rtcp-rcvr-bw rtcp-bw] [fec2-mcast-addr addr] [fec2-mcast-port port]  
 [fec2-mcast-rtcp-port port] [fec2-src-addr addr] [fec2-payload-type payload-type] [fec2-rtcp-rcvr-bw  
 rtcp-bw] [fec2-rtcp-sndr-bw rtcp-bw]

**addr:** dotted decimal IP address

**port:** valid UDP port number

**payload-type:** RTP payload type in the dynamic range 96 - 128

**bit-rate:** rate of the primary stream in bps

**rtcp-bw:** maximum bandwidth used for RTCP in bps

The **tuner bind** command may use the parameters list or parameters file created as the output from the parse sdp command. Using the **chan-params** option in a bind call allows the user to create and listen to channels beyond those described in the channel lineup.



#### Note

It is not necessary to use tuner unbind prior to using tuner bind multiple consecutive times.

#### Examples

The following example binds a tuner named "tuner1" to channel 230.151.1.1 at port 10000 using the RTP protocol with RCC enabled if available:

```
vqec(config)# tuner bind tuner1 rtp://230.151.1.1:10000
```



# tuner create

To create a tuner, use the **tuner create** command in configuration mode.

**tuner create tuner-name**

<b>Syntax Description</b>	<b>tuner-name</b> Name of the tuner to be created.
<b>Command Default</b>	None
<b>Command Modes</b>	Configuration
<b>Examples</b>	<p>The following example creates a tuner named newtuner:</p> <pre>vqec(config)# <b>tuner create newtuner</b></pre>

# tuner destroy

To destroy a tuner, use the **tuner destroy** command in configuration mode.

**tuner destroy tuner-name**

Syntax Description	tuner-name	Name of an active tuner to be destroyed.
--------------------	------------	------------------------------------------

Command Default	None
-----------------	------

Command Modes	Configuration
---------------	---------------

Examples	The following example first creates a tuner named newtuner, and then destroys it:  vqec(config)# <b>tuner create newtuner</b> vqec(config)# <b>tuner destroy newtuner</b>
----------	------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

Related Commands	Command	Description
	tuner create	Create a tuner.

# tuner unbind

To unbind an active tuner from its currently bound channel, use the **tuner unbind** command in configuration mode.

**tuner unbind tuner-name**

Syntax Description	tuner-name	Name of an active tuner currently bound to a channel
Command Default	None	
Command Modes	Configuration	
Usage Guidelines	When a tuner is unbound from a channel, that tuner will no longer receive any packets from any channels until it is bound to another channel via the tuner bind command.	
Examples	The following example binds a tuner named 0 to channel 224.1.1.1 at port 50000 using the IGMP protocol, and then unbinds that same tuner so it will stop receiving packets from that channel:  vqec(config)# <b>tuner bind 0 igmp://224.1.1.1:50000</b> vqec(config)# <b>tuner unbind 0</b>	

# update

To update the system and/or and channel configurations in VQE-C, use the **update** command in configuration mode.

```
update { file <filename> type {network | override-tags | channel } }
```

  
**Note**

If no parameters are specified (i.e. `update <cr>` ), then VQE-C will attempt to update its Channel and Network Configuration (if configured) via CDI. If the file and type parameters are provided, then the update is assumed to come from a local file instead of being supplied by CDI.

## Syntax Description

<b>file</b>	Identifies the local file whose contents are used for updating a VQE-C configuration.
<i>filename</i>	Name of the local file whose contents are used for updating a VQE-C configuration.
<b>type</b>	Identifies the type of configuration to be updated.
<b>network</b>	Assumes same as VQE-C start-up file.
<b>override-tags</b>	Assumes one parameters and value per line, separated by whitespace.
<b>channel</b>	Assumes SDP syntax.
<b>&lt;cr&gt;</b>	Triggers a CDI-based update.

## Command Default

VQE-C will update necessary components via CDI when needed and as specified by the VQE-C system configuration.

## Command Modes

Configuration

## Usage Guidelines

Use **update <cr>** to trigger a configuration update ahead of the next polled update scheduled by the updater, or if update polling is not configured.

Use the **update file <filename> type <type>** form of this command to force an update to VQE-C configuration using the contents of a local file. This command should not typically be needed and is provided for special situations only (e.g. as a means to test VQE-C behavior with different configuration files or to supply a configuration file when a VCDS is not available).

  
**Note**

If CDI is enabled, file-based configuration updates may be overwritten by CDI updates.

## Examples

The following example will update the VQE-C configuration from the latest configuration provided by the VCDS referenced by the DNS server:

```
vqec(config)# update
```