# rmon collection stats

Use the **rmon collection stats** interface configuration command to collect Ethernet group statistics, which include usage statistics about broadcast and multicast packets, and error statistics about cyclic redundancy check (CRC) alignment errors and collisions. Use the **no** form of this command to return to the default setting.

rmon collection stats index [owner name]

**no rmon collection stats** *index* [**owner** *name*]

Syntax Description	index	Remote Network Monitoring (RMON) collection control index. The range is 1 to 65535.
	owner name	(Optional) Owner of the RMON collection.
Defaults	The RMON statistics c	ollection is disabled.
Command Modes	Interface configuration	
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(25)EX	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	interface (UNI) or enha	ollection command is based on hardware counters. If the port is a user network inced network interface (ENI), you must use the <b>no shutdown</b> interface it to enable it before using the <b>rmon collection stats</b> command. UNIs and ENIs Network node interfaces (NNIs) are enabled by default.
	interface (UNI) or enha configuration command are disabled by default.	nced network interface (ENI), you must use the <b>no shutdown</b> interface I to enable it before using the <b>rmon collection stats</b> command. UNIs and ENIs Network node interfaces (NNIs) are enabled by default.
	interface (UNI) or enha configuration command are disabled by default. This example shows ho	nced network interface (ENI), you must use the <b>no shutdown</b> interface I to enable it before using the <b>rmon collection stats</b> command. UNIs and ENIs Network node interfaces (NNIs) are enabled by default. w to collect RMON statistics for the owner <i>root</i> :
	interface (UNI) or enha configuration command are disabled by default. This example shows ho Switch(config)# inte	nced network interface (ENI), you must use the <b>no shutdown</b> interface I to enable it before using the <b>rmon collection stats</b> command. UNIs and ENIs Network node interfaces (NNIs) are enabled by default.
	<pre>interface (UNI) or enha configuration command are disabled by default. This example shows ho Switch(config)# inte Switch(config-if)# re</pre>	Inced network interface (ENI), you must use the <b>no shutdown</b> interface It to enable it before using the <b>rmon collection stats</b> command. UNIs and ENIs Network node interfaces (NNIs) are enabled by default. we to collect RMON statistics for the owner <i>root</i> : rface gigabitethernet0/1
Examples	<pre>interface (UNI) or enha configuration command are disabled by default. This example shows ho Switch(config)# inte Switch(config-if)# re</pre>	Inced network interface (ENI), you must use the <b>no shutdown</b> interface It to enable it before using the <b>rmon collection stats</b> command. UNIs and ENIs Network node interfaces (NNIs) are enabled by default. We to collect RMON statistics for the owner <i>root</i> : rface gigabitethernet0/1 mon collection stats 2 owner root
Usage Guidelines Examples Related Commands	<pre>interface (UNI) or enha configuration command are disabled by default. This example shows ho Switch(config)# inte Switch(config-if)# r You can verify your set</pre>	Inced network interface (ENI), you must use the <b>no shutdown</b> interface I to enable it before using the <b>rmon collection stats</b> command. UNIs and ENIs Network node interfaces (NNIs) are enabled by default. w to collect RMON statistics for the owner <i>root</i> : rface gigabitethernet0/1 mon collection stats 2 owner root ting by entering the show rmon statistics privileged EXEC command.

### sdm prefer

Use the **sdm prefer** global configuration command to configure the template used in Switch Database Management (SDM) resource allocation. If the switch is running the metro IP access image, you can use a template to balance resources between Layer 2 and Layer 3 functionality, or you can maximize system usage to support only Layer 2 features in hardware. You can also select the dual IPv4 and IPv6 template to support IPv6 forwarding. Use the **no** form of this command to return to the default template.

sdm prefer {default | dual-ipv4-and-ipv6 {default | routing | vlan} | layer-2}

no sdm prefer

Note

The **default** and **dual-ipv4-and-ipv6** keywords are visible only when the metro IP access image is installed on the switch.

Syntax Description	default	Give balance to all functions.		
	layer-2	Maximizes system resources for Layer 2 functionality with no routing support.		
	dual-ipv4-and-ipv6	Select a template that supports both IPv4 and IPv6 routing.		
	{default   routing   vlan}	• <b>default</b> —Provide balance to IPv4 and IPv6 Layer 2 and Layer 3 functionality.		
		• <b>routing</b> —Provide maximum system usage for IPv4 and IPv6 routing, including IPv4 policy-based routing.		
		• vlan—Provide maximum system usage for IPv4 and IPv6 VLANs.		
Defaults	The default template p	provides a balance to all features.		
Defaults	1 1	provides a balance to all features. unning the metro base image or the metro access image, only the layer-2 template		
Defaults Command Modes	On switches that are ru			
Command Modes	On switches that are rules supported.			
	On switches that are ruis supported. Global configuration	unning the metro base image or the metro access image, only the layer-2 template		
Command Modes	On switches that are ruis supported. Global configuration	unning the metro base image or the metro access image, only the layer-2 template Modification		

The default templates balances the use of system resources. Do not use the default template if you do not have routing enabled on your switch. Using the balanced template prevents Layer 2 features from using the memory allocated to unicast routing in the default template.

Do not use the layer-2 template if the switch is routing packets. The layer-2 template does not support routing and forces any routing to be done through software. This overloads the CPU and severely degrades routing performance.

If you try to configure IPv6 features without first selecting a dual IPv4 and IPv6 template, a warning message appears.

The dual-stack templates provide in less allowable TCAM capacity for each resource. Do not use them if you plan to forward only IPv4 traffic.

Table 2-4 lists the approximate number of each resource supported in each of the two IPv4 templates for a switch running the metro IP access image. The values in the template are based on eight routed interfaces and approximately 1024 VLANs and represent the approximate hardware boundaries set when a template is selected. If a section of a hardware resource is full, all processing overflow is sent to the CPU, seriously impacting switch performance.

Table 2-4	Approximate Number of Feature Resources Allowed by Each Template
-----------	--

Resource	Layer-2	Default
Unicast MAC addresses	8 K	5 K
IPv4 IGMP groups + multicast routes (default only)	_	1 K
IP v4 IGMP groups (layer-2 only)	1 K	-
IPv4 multicast routes (layer-2 only)	0	-
IPv4 IGMP groups and multicast routes	1 K	-
IPv4 unicast routes	0	9 K
Directly connected IPv4 hosts	-	5 K
Indirect IPv4 routes	-	4 K
IPv4 policy-based routing ACEs <sup>1</sup>	0	0.5 K
IPv4 or MAC QoS <sup>2</sup> ACEs	0.5 K	0.5 K
IPv4 or MAC security ACEs	1 K	1 K

1. ACEs = Access control entries.

2. QoS = Quality of service.

Table 2-5 defines the approximate feature resources allocated by each dual template. Template estimations are based on a switch with 8 routed interfaces and approximately 1000 VLANs.

### Table 2-5 Approximate Feature Resources Allowed by Dual IPv4-IPv6 Templates

Resource	IPv4-and-IPv6 Default	IPv4-and-IPv6 Routing	IPv4-and-IPv6 VLAN
Unicast MAC addresses	2 K	1.5 K	8 K
IPv4 IGMP groups and multicast routes	1 K	1 K	1 K
Total IPv4 unicast routes:	3 K	2.75 K	0
• Directly connected IPv4 hosts	2 K	1.5 K	0

Resource	IPv4-and-IPv6 Default	IPv4-and-IPv6 Routing	IPv4-and-IPv6 VLAN
Indirect IPv4 routes	1 K	1.25 K	0
IPv6 multicast groups	1 K	1 K	1 K
Total IPv6 unicast routes:	3 K	2.75 K	0
• Directly connected IPv6 addresses	2 K	1.5 K	0
• Indirect IPv6 unicast routes	1 K	1.25 K	0
IPv4 policy-based routing ACEs	0	0.25 K	0
IPv4 or MAC QoS ACEs (total)	0.75 K	0.75 K	0.75 K
IPv4 or MAC security ACEs (total)	1 K	0.5 K	1K
IPv6 policy-based routing ACEs <sup>1</sup>	0	0.25 K	0
IPv6 QoS ACEs	0.5 K	0.5 K	0.5 K
IPv6 security ACEs	0.5 K	0.5 K	0.5 K

### Table 2-5 Approximate Feature Resources Allowed by Dual IPv4-IPv6 Templates (continued)

1. IPv6 policy-based routing is not supported.

### Examples

This example shows how to configure the layer-2 template on a switch:

```
Switch(config)# sdm prefer layer-2
Switch(config)# exit
Switch# reload
```

This is an example of an output display when you have changed the template to the layer-2 template and have not reloaded the switch:

5K

```
Switch# show sdm prefer
```

```
The current template is "default" template.
The selected template optimizes the resources in
the switch to support this level of features for
8 routed interfaces and 1024 VLANS.
number of unicast mac addresses:
```

number of IPv4 IGMP groups + multicast routes:	1K
number of IPv4 unicast routes:	9K
number of directly-connected IPv4 hosts:	5K
number of indirect IPv4 routes:	4K
number of IPv4 policy based routing aces:	0.5K
number of IPv4/MAC qos aces:	0.5K
number of IPv4/MAC security aces:	1K
On next reload, template will be "layer-2" template	•

You can verify your settings by entering the show sdm prefer privileged EXEC command.

<b>Related Commands</b>	Command	Description
	show sdm prefer	Displays the current SDM template in use or displays the templates that can be used, with the approximate resource allocation per feature.

# service instance

Use the **service instance** interface configuration command to configure an Ethernet service instance on the interface and to enter Ethernet service configuration mode. Use the **no** form of this command to delete the service instance.

service instance *id* ethernet [*evc-id*]

**no service instance** *id* 

This command is available only if your switch is running the metro IP access or metro access image.

Syntax Description	id	Define a service instance identifier, a per-interface service identifier that does not map to a VLAN. The range is 1 to 4294967295.
	ethernet	Identify the service instance as an Ethernet instance.
	evc-id	(Optional) Attach an Ethernet virtual connection (EVC) to the service instance.
Defaults	No Ethernet servio	ce instances are defined.
Command Modes	Interface configur	ation
Command History	Release	Modification
-	12.2(25)SEG	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	configuration mod	e <b>service instance</b> <i>id</i> <b>ethernet</b> command, the switch enters Ethernet service le, and these configuration commands are available: the service instance to its default state.
		<b>ce-vlan map</b> : configures Ethernet Local Management Interface (LMI) parameters. See <b>mi ce-vlan map</b> command.
	the <b>ethernet</b> l	
	<ul><li>the ethernet I</li><li>exit: exits EV</li></ul>	mi ce-vlan map command.
Examples	<ul> <li>the ethernet l</li> <li>exit: exits EV</li> <li>no: negates a</li> </ul>	<b>mi ce-vlan map</b> command. C configuration mode and returns to global configuration mode. command or returns a command to its default setting. ws how to define an Ethernet service instance and to enter Ethernet service

<b>Related Commands</b>	Command	Description
	show ethernet service instance	Displays information about configured Ethernet service instances.

### service password-recovery

Use the **service password-recovery** global configuration command to enable the password-recovery mechanism (the default). This mechanism allows an end user with physical access to the switch to press the break key on the console terminal to interrupt the boot process while the switch is powering up and to assign a new password.

Use the **no** form of this command to disable part of the password-recovery functionality. When the password-recovery mechanism is disabled, interrupting the boot process is allowed only if the user agrees to set the system back to the default configuration.

service password-recovery

no service password-recovery

**Syntax Description** This command has no arguments or keywords.

**Defaults** The password-recovery mechanism is enabled.

**Command Modes** Global configuration

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(25)EX	This command was introduced.

**Usage Guidelines** As a system administrator, you can use the **no service password-recovery** command to disable some of the functionality of the password recovery feature by allowing an end user to reset a password only by agreeing to return to the default configuration. This provides configuration file security by ensuring that only authenticated and authorized users have access to the configuration file and prevents users from accessing the configuration file by using the password recovery process.

The password recovery procedure requires using a break key. After the switch performs power-on self test (POST), the switch begins the autoboot process. The boot loader prompts the user for a break key character during the boot-up sequence, as shown in this example:

\*\*\*\*\* The system will autoboot in 5 seconds \*\*\*\*\* Send a break key to prevent autobooting.

You must enter the break key on the console terminal within 5 seconds of receiving the message that the system will autoboot. A user with physical access to the switch presses the break key on the console terminal within 5 seconds of receiving the message that flash memory is initializing. The System LED flashes green until the **break key** is accepted. After the **break key** is accepted, the System LED turns off until after the switch boots.

#### If the password-recovery mechanism is disabled, this message appears:

The password-recovery mechanism has been triggered, but is currently disabled. Access to the boot loader prompt through the password-recovery mechanism is disallowed at this point. However, if you agree to let the system be reset back to the default system configuration, access to the boot loader prompt can still be allowed.

Would you like to reset the system back to the default configuration (y/n)?

If the user chooses not to reset the system to the default configuration, the normal boot process continues as if the **break key** had not been pressed. If you choose to reset the system to the default configuration, the configuration file in flash memory is deleted, and the VLAN database file, *flash:vlan.dat* (if present), is deleted.



If you use the **no service password-recovery** command to control end user access to passwords, we recommend that you save a copy of the configuration file in a location away from the switch in case the end user uses the password recovery procedure and sets the system back to default values. Do not keep a backup copy of the configuration file on the switch.

You can enter the **show version** privileged EXEC command to determine if password recovery is enabled or disabled.

Examples

This example shows how to disable password recovery on a switch so that a user can only reset a password by agreeing to return to the default configuration.

Switch(config)# no service-password recovery
Switch(config)# exit

<b>Related Commands</b>	Command	Description
	show version	Displays version information for the hardware and firmware.

# service-policy (interface configuration)

Use the **service-policy** interface configuration command to apply a policy map defined by the **policy-map** command to the incoming or outgoing traffic of a physical port. Use the **no** form of this command to remove the policy map and port association.

service-policy {input | output} policy-map-name

**no service-policy** {**input** | **output**} *policy-map-name* 

Syntax Description	input	Apply the policy map to the input of a physical port.
	output	Apply the policy map to the output of a physical port.
	policy-map-name	The specified policy map to be applied.
 Note	Though visible in the conjugate of the statistics that	ommand-line help strings, the <b>history</b> keyword is not supported, and you should t it gathers.
Defaults	No policy maps are atta	ached to the port.
Command Modes	Interface configuration	
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(25)EX	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	Only one input policy r	nap and one output policy map can be attached to an interface.
	Beginning with Cisco IOS Release 12.2(35)SE, you can attach an output policy map to each interface on the switch. However, the switch supports a limit of three unique queue-limit configurations across all output policy maps at any time. Multiple policy maps can share the same queue-limit configuration. If you try to attach an output policy map with a fourth unique queue-limit configuration, you see this error message:	
	QoS: Configurations ex	on failed. Maximum number of allowable unique queue-limit xceeded.
	You can attach input or	output policy maps to a Fast Ethernet or Gigabit Ethernet port. You cannot attach

### **Examples** This example shows how to apply *plcmap1* as an output policy map:

Switch(config)# interface gigabitethernet0/1
Switch(config-if)# service-policy output plcmap1

This example shows how to remove *plcmap2* from the port:

```
Switch(config)# interface gigabitethernet0/2
Switch(config-if)# no service-policy output plcmap2
```

You can verify your settings by entering the show running-config privileged EXEC command.

Related Commands	Command	Description
	policy-map	Creates or modifies a policy map that can be attached to multiple ports to specify a service policy.
	show policy-map	Displays quality of service (QoS) policy maps.
	<pre>show policy-map interface [interface-id]</pre>	Displays policy maps configured on the specified interface or on all interfaces.
	show running-config	Displays the operating configuration. For syntax information, use this link to the Cisco IOS Release 12.2 Command Reference listing page: http://www.cisco.com/en/US/products/sw/iosswrel/ps1835/prod_command _reference_list.html Select the Cisco IOS Commands Master List, Release 12.2 to navigate to the command.

# service-policy (policy-map class configuration)

Use the **service-policy** policy-map class configuration command to configure a quality of service (Q0S) service policy for an input or output policy map or a per-port, per-VLAN policy map. Use the **no** form of this command to disable a service policy as a QoS policy within a policy map.

service-policy policy-map-name

no service-policy policy-map-name

Syntax Description	policy-map-name	Name of the service policy map (created by using the <b>policy-map</b> global configuration command) to be used in a QoS hierarchical service policy.
Defaults	No service policies ar	e defined.
Command Modes	Policy-map class cont	iguration
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(25)EX	This command was introduced.
	12.2(25)SEG	Support was added for the ability to use this command to assign a child QoS policy to a parent input policy defined by classifying based on VLAN ID (supported with only the metro IP access or metro access image). See "Usage Guidelines."
Usage Guidelines	defined with a classifi per-port, per-VLAN ( You attach a service p creates hierarchical pe	<b>ce-policy input</b> command to assign a child QoS policy to a parent input policy fication based on VLAN IDs. This allows you to create a hierarchical policy for QoS. policy created in policy-map class configuration to a parent output policy map. This policy mapping. Use the <b>service-policy</b> <i>policy-map-name</i> policy-map class and to enter a second-level (child) policy map.
	the <b>match vlan</b> class- configuration comman independent QoS poli per-vlan ingress QoS parent level defines th applied to the corresp	ap, when you configure classes with classification based on VLAN IDs by using map configuration command, you can use <b>service-policy</b> policy-map class nd to associate a child QoS policy with that class. This provides the ability to apply cies based on the VLAN IDs of the incoming traffic on the port. The per-port, feature is supported only using a 2-level hierarchical input policymap, where the ne VLAN-based classification and the child level defines the QoS policy to be onding VLAN or VLANs. You can configure the child policy with all actions that policy maps, specifically policing and marking.
	Ĩ	
Note	Per-port, per-VLAN ( access image.	QoS is supported only when the switch is running the metro IP access or metro

For an output policy map, when **shape average** is also configured on the class **class-default**, you can configure hierarchical policy maps by attaching a single **service-policy** policy-map class command to the class **class-default**. This policy map specifies the service policy for the port-shaped traffic on the port and is the parent policy map. You can configure the child policy with class-based queuing actions by using the **queue-limit** policy map class command and with scheduling actions (by using the **bandwidth**, **shape average**, or **priority** command).

To return to policy-map configuration mode, use the **exit** command. To return to privileged EXEC mode, use the **end** command.

**Examples** 

This example shows how to define the service policy and to attach it to a parent policy map to set the maximum bandwidth (shape) for an output queue at 90000000 bits per second:

```
Switch(config)# policy-map out-policy-parent
Switch(config-pmap)# class class-default
Switch(config-pmap-c)# shape average 90000000
Switch(config-pmap-c)# service-policy out-policy
Switch(config-pmap-c)# exit
Switch(config-pmap)# exit
```

In this example, the class maps in the child-level policy map specify matching criteria for voice and video traffic, and the child policy map sets the action for input policing each type of traffic. The parent-level policy map specifies the VLANs to which the child policy maps are applied on the specified port.

```
Switch(config)# class-map match-any dscp-23 video
Switch(config-cmap)# match ip dscp 23
Switch(config-cmap)# exit
Switch(config)# class-map match-any dscp-63 voice
Switch(config-cmap)# match ip dscp-63
Switch(config-cmap)# exit
Switch(config)# class-map match-any customer-1-vlan
Switch(config-cmap)# match vlan 100
Switch(config-cmap)# match vlan 200
Switch(config-cmap)# match vlan 300
Switch(config-cmap)# exit
```

```
Note
```

You can also enter the match criteria as match vlan 100 200 300 with the same result.

```
Switch(config)# policy-map child policy-1
Switch(config-pmap)# class dscp-63 voice
Switch(config-pmap-c)# police cir 10000000 bc 50000
Switch(config-pmap-c)# conform-action set-cos-transmit 5
Switch(config-pmap-c)# exceed-action drop
Switch(config-pmap-c)# exit
Switch(config-pmap-c)# exit
Switch(config-pmap-c)# set cos 4
Switch(config-pmap-c)# set ip precedence 4
Switch(config-pmap-c)# exit
Switch(config-pmap-c)# exit
Switch(config-pmap-c)# exit
Switch(config-pmap-c)# exit
```

You can verify your settings by entering the **show policy-map** privileged EXEC command.

Related Commands	Command	Description
	class	Defines a traffic classification match criteria for the specified class-map name.
	policy-map	Creates or modifies a policy map that can be attached to multiple ports to specify a service policy.
	show policy-map	Displays quality of service (QoS) policy maps.

### set cos

Use the **set cos** policy-map class configuration command to set a Layer 2 class of service (CoS) value in the packet. Use the **no** form of this command to remove traffic marking.

set cos {cos\_value | from-field [table table-map-name]}

**no set cos** {*cos\_value* | *from-field* [**table** *table-map-name*]}

Syntax Description	cos_value	Enter an IEEE 802.1Q class of service/user priority value with which to classify traffic. The range is from 0 to 7.
	from-field	Specific a packet-marking category to be used to set the CoS value of the packet. If you are using a table map for mapping and converting packet-marking values, this establishes the <i>map-from</i> packet-marking category.
		These options are supported:
		• <b>cos</b> —CoS value
		• <b>dscp</b> —Differentiated Services Code Point (DSCP) value.
		• <b>precedence</b> —IP-precedence value
	table	(Optional) Used in conjunction with the <i>from-field</i> keyword. Indicates that the values set in a specified table map are used to set the CoS value
	table-map-name	(Optional) Used in conjunction with the <b>table</b> keyword. Name of the table map used to specify the CoS value. The table map name can be a maximum of 64 alphanumeric characters.
Defaults Command Modes	No traffic marking i Policy-map class co	
	<b>,</b> 1	
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(25)EX	This command was introduced.
	12-2(25)SEG	Support was added to set multiple marking actions and to use table maps for enhanced packet marking. See "Usage Guidelines."
Usage Guidelines	qos-group, for the sa	<b>et cos</b> with all other marking actions, specifically <b>set dscp</b> , <b>set precedence</b> , and <b>set</b> ame class. Support was also added for the ability to configure more than one marking d packet marking by using table maps for the same class.
		mand if you want to mark a packet that is being sent to a switch. Switches can ader information including a CoS value marking.

You can use the **match cos** class-map configuration command and the **set cos** policy-map class configuration command together to allow switches to interoperate and provide quality of service (QoS) based on the CoS markings. You can also configure Layer 2 to Layer 3 mapping by matching on the CoS value because switches can already match and set CoS values.

If you are using this command to perform enhanced packet marking, you can use the *from-field* packet marking option for mapping and setting the CoS value. The supported *from-field* marking categories are: CoS, DSCP, and IP precedence.

If you specify a *from-field* category, but do not specify the **table** keyword and *table-map-name*, the default action is to copy the value associated with the *from-field* category as the CoS value. For example, if you enter the **set cos precedence** command, the precedence value is copied and used as the CoS value. If you enter the **set cos dscp** command, the DSCP value is copied and used as the CoS value.

Examples

This example shows how to set all FTP traffic to cos 3:

```
Switch(config)# policy-map policy_ftp
Switch(config-pmap)# class ftp_class
Switch(config-pmap-c)# set cos 3
Switch(config-pmap-c)# exit
```

This example shows how to assign a DSCP to CoS table map to a class:

```
Switch(config)# policy-map inpolicy
Switch(config-pmap)# class class-default
Switch(config-pmap-c)# set cos dscp table dscp-cos-tablemap
Switch(config-pmap)# exit
```

You can verify your settings by entering the show policy-map privileged EXEC command.

<b>Related Commands</b>	Command	Description
	class	Defines a traffic classification match criteria for the specified class-map name.
	policy-map	Creates or modifies a policy map that can be attached to multiple ports to specify a service policy.
	show policy-map	Displays QoS policy maps.

### set dscp

Use the set [ip] dscp policy-map class configuration command to mark IPv4 traffic by setting a Differentiated Services Code Point (DSCP) value in the type of service (ToS) byte of the packet. Use the no form of this command to remove traffic marking.

set [ip] dscp {dscp\_value |from-field [table table-map-name]}

**no set** [**ip**] **dscp** {*dscp\_value* | *from-field* [**table** *table-map-name*]}



Entering **ip dscp** is the same as entering **dscp**.

Syntax Description	dscp-value	Enter a DSCP value with which to classify traffic. The range is from 0 to 63. You also can enter a mnemonic name for a commonly used value.
	from-field	Specific a packet-marking category to be used to set the DSCP value of the packet. If you are using a table map for mapping and converting packet-marking values, this establishes the <i>map-from</i> packet-marking category.
		These options are supported:
		• <b>cos</b> —class of service (CoS) value
		• <b>dscp</b> —DSCP value.
		• precedence—IP-precedence value
	table	(Optional) Used in conjunction with the <i>from-field</i> keyword. Indicates that the values set in a specified table map are used to set the DSCP value
	table-map-name	(Optional) Used in conjunction with the <b>table</b> keyword. Name of the table map used to specify the DSCP value. The table map name can be a maximum of 64 alphanumeric characters.
Defaults	No traffic marking is defined.	
Command Modes	Policy-map class configuration	1

### **Command His**

and History	Release	Modification
	12.2(25)EX	This command was introduced.
	12-2(25)SEG	Support was added to set multiple marking actions and to use table maps for enhanced packet marking. See "Usage Guidelines."

Usage Guidelines	You can configure <b>set dscp</b> with other marking actions, specifically <b>set cos</b> and <b>set qos-group</b> , for the same class. Support was also added for the ability to configure more than one marking action with enhanced packet marking by using table maps for the same class.			
	You cannot use the <b>set dscp</b> command with the <b>set precedence</b> command to mark the same packet. DSCP values and IP precedence values are mutually exclusive. A packet can have one value of the other, but not both.			
	After DSCP bits are set, other quality of service (QoS) features can then operate on the bit settings.			
	The network gives priority (or some type of expedited handling) to marked traffic. Typically, you set the DSCP value at the edge of the network (or administrative domain) and data is then queued according to the precedence. Class-based weighted fair queuing (CBWFQ) can speed up handling for high-precedence traffic at congestion points. Weighted Tail Drop (WTD) ensures that high-precedence traffic has lower loss rates than other traffic during times of congestion.			
	Instead of using numeric values, you can also specify the <i>dscp-value</i> by using the reserved keywords <b>EF</b> , <b>AF11</b> , and <b>AF12</b> .			
	If you are using this command to perform enhanced packet marking, you can use the <i>from-field</i> packet marking option for mapping and setting the DSCP value. The supported <i>from-field</i> marking categories are: CoS, DSCP, and IP precedence.			
	If you specify a <i>from-field</i> category, but do not specify the <b>table</b> keyword and <i>table-map-name</i> , the default action is to copy the value associated with the <i>from-field</i> category as the DSCP value. For example, if you enter the <b>set dscp cos</b> command, the CoS value is copied and used as the DSCP value.			
Examples	This example shows how to set all FTP traffic to DSCP 10:			
	<pre>Switch(config)# policy-map policy_ftp Switch(config-pmap)# class ftp_class Switch(config-pmap-c)# set dscp 10 Switch(config-pmap-c)# exit</pre>			
	This example shows how to assign a CoS to DSCP table map to a class:			
	Switch(config)# <b>policy-map inpolicy</b> Switch(config-pmap)# <b>class class-default</b> Switch(config-pmap-c)# <b>set dscp cos table cos-dscp-tablemap</b> Switch(config-pmap)# <b>exit</b>			
	You can verify your settings by entering the <b>show policy-map</b> privileged EXEC command.			

Related Commands	Command	Description
	class	Defines a traffic classification match criteria for the specified class-map name.
	policy-map	Creates or modifies a policy map that can be attached to multiple ports to specify a service policy.
	show policy-map	Displays QoS policy maps.

### set precedence

Use the **set [ip] precedence** policy-map class configuration command to mark IPv4 traffic by setting an IP-precedence value in the packet. Use the **no** form of this command to remove traffic marking.

set [ip] precedence {precedence\_value | from-field [table table-map-name]}

**no set** [**ip**] **precedence** {*precedence\_value* | *from-field* [**table** *table-map-name*]}



Entering **ip precedence** is the same as entering **precedence**.

Syntax Description	precedence_value	Enter an IPv4 precedence value with which to classify traffic. The range is 0 to 7. You also can enter a mnemonic name for a commonly used value.
	from-field	Specific a packet-marking category to be used to set the precedence value of the packet. If you are using a table map for mapping and converting packet-marking values, this establishes the <i>map-from</i> packet-marking category.
		These options are supported:
		• <b>cos</b> —class of service (CoS) value
		• <b>dscp</b> —Differentiated Services Code Point (DSCP) value.
		• <b>precedence</b> —IP-precedence value
Defaults	table	(Optional) Used in conjunction with the <i>from-field</i> keyword. Indicates that the values set in a specified table map are used to set the precedence value
	table-map-name	(Optional) Used in conjunction with the <b>table</b> keyword. Name of the table map used to specify the precedence value. The table map name can be a maximum of 64 alphanumeric characters.
	No traffic marking is defined.	
Command Modes	Policy-map class con	figuration
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(25)EX	This command was introduced.
	12-2(25)SEG	Support was added to set multiple marking actions and to use table maps for enhanced packet marking. See "Usage Guidelines."

### **Usage Guidelines** You can configure set precedence with other marking actions, specifically set cos and set qos-group, for the same class. Support was also added for the ability to configure more than one marking action with enhanced packet marking by using table maps for the same class. You cannot use the **set precedence** command with the **set dscp** command to mark the same packet. DSCP values and IP precedence values are mutually exclusive. A packet can have one value of the other, but not both. After precedence bits are set, other quality of service (QoS) features can then operate on the bit settings. The network gives priority (or some type of expedited handling) to marked traffic. Typically, you set the precedence value at the edge of the network (or administrative domain) and data is then queued according to the precedence. Class-based weighted fair queuing (CBWFQ) can speed up handling for high-precedence traffic at congestion points. Weighted Tail Drop (WTD) ensures that high-precedence traffic has lower loss rates than other traffic during times of congestion. Instead of using numeric values, you can also specify the *dscp-value* by using the reserved keywords **EF**, AF11, and AF12. If you are using this command to perform enhanced packet marking, you can use the *from-field* packet marking option for mapping and setting the precedence value. The supported *from-field* marking categories are: CoS, DSCP, and IP precedence. If you specify a *from-field* category, but do not specify the **table** keyword and *table-map-name*, the default action is to copy the value associated with the *from-field* category as the precedence value. For example, if you enter the set precedence cos command, the CoS value is copied and used as the precedence value. **Examples** This example shows how to give all FTP traffic an IP precedence value of 5: Switch(config) # policy-map policy\_ftp Switch(config-pmap) # class ftp\_class Switch(config-pmap-c)# set precedence 5 Switch(config-pmap-c)# exit This example shows how to assign a CoS to precedence table map to a class: Switch(config) # policy-map inpolicy Switch(config-pmap)# class class-default Switch(config-pmap-c)# set precedence cos table cos-prec-tablemap Switch(config-pmap)# exit You can verify your settings by entering the **show policy-map** privileged EXEC command.

<b>Related Commands</b>	Command	Description
	class	Defines a traffic classification match criteria for the specified class-map name.
	policy-map	Creates or modifies a policy map that can be attached to multiple ports to specify a service policy.
	show policy-map	Displays QoS policy maps.

### set qos-group

Use the **set qos-group** policy-map class configuration command to set a a quality of service (QoS) group identifier that can be used later to classify packets. Use the **no** form of this command to remove the group identifier.

set qos-group value

**no set qos-group** *value* 

Syntax Description	value	Set the QoS group value to use to classify traffic. The range is from 0 to 99.
Defaults	No traffic marking i	is defined.
Command Modes	Policy-map class co	onfiguration
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(25)EX	This command was introduced.
	12.2(25)SEG	The number of supported QoS groups was increased to 100. Support was added to set multiple marking actions and to use table maps for enhanced packet marking. See "Usage Guidelines."
Usage Guidelines	<b>precedence</b> , for the marking action with	<b>Set qos-group</b> with all other marking actions, specifically <b>set cos, set dscp</b> , and <b>set</b> a same class. Support was also added for the ability to configure more than one in enhanced packet marking by using table maps for the same class.
		to associate a QoS group value with a traffic flow as it enters the switch, which can butput policy map to identify the flow.
	A maximum of 100	QoS groups (0 through 99) is supported on the switch.
	To return to policy-r use the <b>end</b> comman	nap configuration mode, use the <b>exit</b> command. To return to privileged EXEC mode, nd.
Examples	Switch(config)# p Switch(config-pmag	s how to set all FTP traffic to QoS group 5: olicy-map policy_ftp p)# class ftp_class p-c)# set gos-group 5 p-c)# exit
	You can verify your	settings by entering the <b>show policy-map</b> privileged EXEC command.

Related Commands Command Description		Description
	class	Defines a traffic classification match criteria for the specified class-map name.
	policy-map	Creates or modifies a policy map that can be attached to multiple ports to specify a service policy.
	show policy-map	Displays QoS policy maps.

### setup

Use the setup privileged EXEC command to configure the switch with its initial configuration. setup Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords. **Command Modes** Privileged EXEC **Command History** Release Modification 12.2(25)EX This command was introduced. **Usage Guidelines** When you use the setup command, make sure that you have this information: • IP address and network mask • Password strategy for your environment When you enter the setup command, an interactive dialog, called the System Configuration Dialog, appears. It guides you through the configuration process and prompts you for information. The values shown in brackets next to each prompt are the default values last set by using either the **setup** command facility or the configure privileged EXEC command. Help text is provided for each prompt. To access help text, press the question mark (?) key at a prompt. To return to the privileged EXEC prompt without making changes and without running through the entire System Configuration Dialog, press Ctrl-C. When you complete your changes, the setup program shows you the configuration command script that was created during the setup session. You can save the configuration in NVRAM or return to the setup program or the command-line prompt without saving it. Examples This is an example of output from the **setup** command: Switch# setup --- System Configuration Dialog ---Continue with configuration dialog? [yes/no]: yes At any point you may enter a question mark '?' for help. Use ctrl-c to abort configuration dialog at any prompt. Default settings are in square brackets '[]'. Basic management setup configures only enough connectivity for management of the system, extended setup will ask you to configure each interface on the system. Would you like to enter basic management setup? [yes/no]: yes Configuring global parameters:

Enter host name [Switch]: host-name The enable secret is a password used to protect access to privileged EXEC and configuration modes. This password, after entered, becomes encrypted in the configuration. Enter enable secret: enable-secret-password The enable password is used when you do not specify an enable secret password, with some older software versions, and some boot images. Enter enable password: enable-password The virtual terminal password is used to protect access to the router over a network interface. Enter virtual terminal password: terminal-password Configure SNMP Network Management? [no]: yes Community string [public]: Current interface summary Any interface listed with OK? value "NO" does not have a valid configuration Interface IP-Address OK? Method Status Protocol Vlan1 172.20.135.202 YES NVRAM up up GigabitEthernet0/1 unassigned YES unset up up GigabitEthernet0/2 unassigned YES unset up down <output truncated> Port-channel1 unassigned YES unset. up down Enter interface name used to connect to the management network from the above interface summary: **vlan1** Configuring interface vlan1: Configure IP on this interface? [yes]: yes IP address for this interface: *ip\_address* Subnet mask for this interface [255.0.0.0]: subnet\_mask The following configuration command script was created: hostname host-name enable secret 5 \$1\$LiBw\$0Xc1wyT.PXPkuhFwqyhVi0 enable password enable-password line vty 0 15 password terminal-password snmp-server community public 1 no ip routing ! interface GigabitEthernet0/1 no ip address interface GigabitEthernet0/2 no ip address 1 end

Use this configuration? [yes/no]: yes
!
[0] Go to the IOS command prompt without saving this config.
[1] Return back to the setup without saving this config.
[2] Save this configuration to nvram and exit.
Enter your selection [2]:

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show running-config	Displays the operating configuration. For syntax information, use this link to the Cisco IOS Release 12.2 Command Reference listing
		page: http://www.cisco.com/en/US/products/sw/iosswrel/ps1835/prod_co mmand_reference_list.html Select the Cisco IOS Commands Master List, Release 12.2 to navigate to the command.
	show version	Displays version information for the hardware and firmware.

### shape average

Use the **shape average** policy-map class configuration command to configure class-based or port shaping by specifying the average traffic shaping rate. Use the command with the class **class-default** to set port shaping. Use the **no** form of this command to remove traffic shaping.

shape average target bps

no shape average target bps

Syntax Description	target bps	Target average bit rate in bits per second (bps). The range is from 64000 to 1000000000 for class-based shaping and 4000000 to 1000000000 for port shaping.
Defaults	No traffic shaping i	is defined.
Command Modes	Policy-map class co	onfiguration
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(25)EX	This command was introduced.
	12.2(25)SEG	Support was added to configure traffic shaping in the <b>class-default</b> of an output policy map.
Usage Guidelines	in input policy map Traffic shaping limit class or <b>class-defat</b> Configuring traffic attached to an inter	its the rate of transmission of data. Configuring traffic shaping for a user-defined <b>alt</b> for class-based shaping sets the peak information rate (PIR) for that class. shaping for the class <b>class-default</b> when it is the only class in the policy map that is face sets the PIR for the interface (port shaping).
		re <b>shape average</b> in a class that includes priority queueing (configured with the p class configuration command).
		command uses a default queue limit for the class. You can change the queue limit by <b>nit</b> policy-map class command, overriding the default that is set by the <b>shape average</b>
		<b>bandwidth</b> policy-map class configuration command to configure class-based ing (CBWFQ) and the <b>shape average</b> command to configure traffic shaping for the
		hierarchical policy maps by attaching the <b>service-policy</b> policy-map class command <b>efault</b> only when <b>shape average</b> is also configured on the class <b>class-default</b> .
	to the class class-u	

### Examples

This example shows how to configure traffic shaping for outgoing traffic on a Fast Ethernet port so that *outclass1*, *outclass2*, and *outclass3* get a maximum of 50, 20, and 10 Mbps of the buffer size. The class **class-default** gets the remaining bandwidth.

```
Switch(config)# policy-map out-policy
Switch(config-pmap)# class classout1
Switch(config-pmap-c)# shape average 50000000
Switch(config-pmap-c)# exit
Switch(config-pmap-c)# shape average 20000000
Switch(config-pmap-c)# shape average 20000000
Switch(config-pmap-c)# exit
Switch(config-pmap-c)# exit
Switch(config-pmap-c)# shape average 10000000
Switch(config-pmap-c)# exit
Switch(config-pmap-c)# exit
Switch(config-pmap)# exit
Switch(config-pmap)# exit
Switch(config)# interface fastethernet 0/1
Switch(config-if)# service-policy out out-policy
```

This example shows how to configure port shaping by configuring a hierarchical policy map that shapes a port to 90 Mbps, allocated according to the *out-policy* policy map configured in the previous example.

```
Switch(config)# policy-map out-policy-parent
Switch(config-pmap)# class class-default
Switch(config-pmap-c)# shape average 90000000
Switch(config-pmap-c)# service-policy out-policy
Switch(config-pmap-c)# exit
Switch(config-pmap)# exit
```

You can verify your settings by entering the show policy-map privileged EXEC command.

<b>Related Commands</b>	Command	Description
	class	Defines a traffic classification match criteria for the specified class-map name.
	policy-map	Creates or modifies a policy map that can be attached to multiple ports to specify a service policy.
	show policy-map	Displays QoS policy maps.
	<pre>show policy-map interface [interface-id]</pre>	Displays policy maps configured on the specified interface or on all interfaces.

Examples

### show access-lists

Use the **show access-lists** privileged EXEC command to display access control lists (ACLs) configured on the switch.

show access-lists [name | number | hardware counters | ipc] [ | {begin | exclude | include}
expression]

Syntax Description	name	(Optional) Name of the ACL.	
	number	(Optional) ACL number. The range is 1 to 2699.	
	hardware counters	(Optional) Display global hardware ACL statistics for switched and routed packets.	
	ipc	(Optional) Display Interprocess Communication (IPC) protocol access-list configuration download information.	
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .	
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .	
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .	
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.	
 Note	Though visible in the c	command-line help strings, the <b>rate-limit</b> keywords are not supported.	
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC		
	6		
Command History	Release	Modification	
	12.2(25)EX	This command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines	The switch supports on 1 to 199 and 1300 to 20	ly IP standard and extended access lists. Therefore, the allowed numbers are only 699.	
	Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter l exclude output, the lines that contain <i>output</i> are not displayed, but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> are displayed.		

This is an example of output from the **show access-lists** command:

```
Switch# show access-lists
Standard IP access list 1
    10 permit 1.1.1.1
    20 permit 2.2.2.2
    30 permit any
    40 permit 0.255.255.255, wildcard bits 12.0.0.0
Standard IP access list videowizard_1-1-1-1
    10 permit 1.1.1.1
```

```
Standard IP access list videowizard_10-10-10-10
10 permit 10.10.10.10
Extended IP access list 121
10 permit ahp host 10.10.10 host 20.20.10.10 precedence routine
```

This is an example of output from the show access-lists hardware counters command:

```
Switch# show access-lists hardware counters
L2 ACL INPUT Statistics
     Drop:
                         All frame count: 855
     Drop:
                        All bytes count: 94143
                       All frame count: 0
     Drop And Log:
     Drop And Log:
                         All bytes count: 0
     Bridge Only:
                         All frame count: 0
     Bridge Only:
                         All bytes count: 0
     Bridge Only And Log: All frame count: 0
     Bridge Only And Log: All bytes count: 0
     Forwarding To CPU: All frame count: 0
     Forwarding To CPU: All bytes count: 0
     Forwarded:
                       All frame count: 2121
     Forwarded: All bytes count: 180762
Forwarded And Log: All frame count: 0
     Forwarded And Log: All bytes count: 0
 L3 ACL INPUT Statistics
     Drop:
                         All frame count: 0
     Drop:
                        All bytes count: 0
     Drop And Log:
                        All frame count: 0
     Drop And Log:
                        All bytes count: 0
     Bridge Only:
                        All frame count: 0
                         All bytes count: 0
     Bridge Only:
     Bridge Only And Log: All frame count: 0
     Bridge Only And Log: All bytes count: 0
     Forwarding To CPU: All frame count: 0
     Forwarding To CPU: All bytes count: 0
     Forwarded:
                        All frame count: 13586
                        All bytes count: 1236182
     Forwarded:
     Forwarded And Log: All frame count: 0
     Forwarded And Log: All bytes count: 0
 L2 ACL OUTPUT Statistics
              All frame count: 0
     Drop:
     Drop:
                         All bytes count: 0
     Drop And Log: All frame count: 0
     Drop And Log:
                       All bytes count: 0
     Bridge Only:
                        All frame count: 0
     Bridge Only:
                        All bytes count: 0
     Bridge Only And Log: All frame count: 0
     Bridge Only And Log: All bytes count: 0
     Forwarding To CPU: All frame count: 0
Forwarding To CPU: All bytes count: 0
     Forwarded:
                         All frame count: 232983
     Forwarded:
                         All bytes count: 16825661
     Forwarded And Log: All frame count: 0
     Forwarded And Log: All bytes count: 0
 L3 ACL OUTPUT Statistics
                        All frame count: 0
     Drop:
                         All bytes count: 0
     Drop:
                        All frame count: 0
     Drop And Log:
     Drop And Log:
                         All bytes count: 0
     Bridge Only:
                         All frame count: 0
     Bridge Only:
                        All bytes count: 0
     Bridge Only And Log: All frame count: 0
```

Bridge Only And Log:	A11	bytes	count:	0
Forwarding To CPU:	A11	frame	count:	0
Forwarding To CPU:	A11	bytes	count:	0
Forwarded:	A11	frame	count:	514434
Forwarded:	A11	bytes	count:	39048748
Forwarded And Log:	A11	frame	count:	0
Forwarded And Log:	A11	bytes	count:	0

<b>Related Commands</b>	Command	Description
	access-list	Configures a standard or extended numbered access list on the switch. For syntax information, select <b>Cisco IOS IP Command Reference</b> , <b>Volume 1 of 3:Addressing and Services, Release 12.2 &gt; IP Services</b> <b>Commands.</b>
	ip access list	Configures a named IP access list on the switch. For syntax information, select Cisco IOS IP Command Reference, Volume 1 of 3:Addressing and Services, Release 12.2 > IP Services Commands.
	mac access-list extended	Configures a named or numbered MAC access list on the switch.

## show archive status

Use the **show archive status** privileged EXEC command to display the status of a new image being downloaded to a switch with the HTTP or the TFTP protocol.

show archive status [ |{begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	Privileged EX	KEC
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(25)EX	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	•	<b>archive download-sw</b> privileged EXEC command to download an image to a TFTP server, the <b>show archive status</b> command shows the status of the download.
	-	are case sensitive. For example, if you enter   <b>exclude output</b> , the lines that contain <i>output</i> ayed, but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> are displayed.
Examples	These are exa	amples of output from the show archive status command:
		<b>v archive status</b> grade in progress
		<b>v archive status</b> grade in progress
		<b>v archive status</b> cracting the image
		<b>v archive status</b> Lfying software
		<b>v archive status</b> rade completed. Reload pending
Related Commands	Command	Description
	archive dow	<b>nload-sw</b> Downloads a new image from a TFTP server to the switch.

# show arp access-list

Use the **show arp access-list** user EXEC command to display detailed information about Address Resolution Protocol (ARP) access control (lists).

show arp access-list [acl-name] [ | {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	acl-name	(Optional) Nam	e of the ACL.
	begin	(Optional) Disp	lay begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Disp	lay excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Disp	lay includes lines that match the specified expression.
	expression	Expression in th	ne output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	User EXEC		
Command History	Release	Modi	fication
	12.2(25)EX	This	command was introduced.
		<b>T1</b>	command was supported in the metro base image.
Usage Guidelines	-	e case sensitive.	For example, if you enter   <b>exclude output</b> , the lines that contain <i>output</i> that contain <i>Output</i> are displayed.
	Expressions are are not displaye	e case sensitive. ed, but the lines	For example, if you enter   <b>exclude output</b> , the lines that contain <i>output</i>
	Expressions are are not displaye This is an exam Switch> <b>show</b> a ARP access lis permit ip	e case sensitive. ed, but the lines nple of output fro arp access-lise st rose	For example, if you enter   <b>exclude output</b> , the lines that contain <i>output</i> that contain <i>Output</i> are displayed. om the <b>show arp access-list</b> command: t 0.0.255 mac any
Examples	Expressions are are not displaye This is an exam Switch> <b>show</b> a ARP access lis permit ip	e case sensitive. ed, but the lines nple of output fro arp access-lise st rose 10.101.1.1 0.1	For example, if you enter   <b>exclude output</b> , the lines that contain <i>output</i> that contain <i>Output</i> are displayed. om the <b>show arp access-list</b> command: <b>t</b> 0.0.255 mac any
Examples	Expressions are are not displaye This is an exam Switch> <b>show</b> a ARP access lis permit ip permit ip	e case sensitive. ed, but the lines nple of output fro arp access-lis st rose 10.101.1.1 0. 20.3.1.0 0.0.	For example, if you enter   <b>exclude output</b> , the lines that contain <i>output</i> that contain <i>Output</i> are displayed. om the <b>show arp access-list</b> command: <b>t</b> 0.0.255 mac any 0.255 mac any
Examples	Expressions are are not displaye This is an exam Switch> <b>show</b> a ARP access lis permit ip permit ip	e case sensitive. ed, but the lines nple of output fro arp access-lise st rose 10.101.1.1 0.1 20.3.1.0 0.0.1	For example, if you enter   exclude output, the lines that contain <i>output</i> that contain <i>Output</i> are displayed. om the show arp access-list command: t 0.0.255 mac any 0.255 mac any Description
Usage Guidelines Examples Related Commands	Expressions are are not displayed This is an exam Switch> <b>show</b> a ARP access lis permit ip permit ip <b>Command</b> <b>arp access-list</b> <b>deny (ARP acc</b>	e case sensitive. ed, but the lines nple of output fro arp access-list st rose 10.101.1.1 0. 20.3.1.0 0.0.	For example, if you enter   exclude output, the lines that contain <i>output</i> that contain <i>Output</i> are displayed.  The show arp access-list command:  Description Defines an ARP ACL. Denies an ARP packet based on matches against the Dynamic Host

## show boot

Use the **show boot** privileged EXEC command to display the settings of the boot environment variables.

show boot [ | {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the expression.
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	10.0(05)EX	
	12.2(25)EX	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	Expressions are case	sensitive. For example, if you enter l <b>exclude output</b> , the lines that contain <i>output</i> t the lines that contain <i>Output</i> are displayed.
Usage Guidelines Examples	Expressions are case are not displayed, bu	sensitive. For example, if you enter   <b>exclude output</b> , the lines that contain <i>output</i>

### Table 2-6 describes each field in the display.

Table 2-6	show boot Field Descriptions
-----------	------------------------------

Field	Description				
BOOT path-list	Displays a semicolon separated list of executable files to try to load and execute when automatically booting.				
	If the BOOT environment variable is not set, the system attempts to load and execute the first executable image it can find by using a recursive, depth-first search through the flash file system. In a depth-first search of a directory, each encountered subdirectory is completely searched before continuing the search in the original directory.				
	If the BOOT variable is set but the specified images cannot be loaded, the system attempts to boot the first bootable file that it can find in the flash file system.				
Config file Displays the filename that Cisco IOS uses to read and write a nonvolatil system configuration.					
Private Config file	Displays the filename that Cisco IOS uses to read and write a nonvolatile copy of the system configuration.				
Enable Break	Displays whether a break during booting is enabled or disabled. If it is set to yes, on, or 1, you can interrupt the automatic boot process by pressing the Break key on the console after the flash file system is initialized.				
Manual Boot	Displays whether the switch automatically or manually boots. If it is set to no or 0, the boot loader attempts to automatically boot the system. If it is set to anything else, you must manually boot the switch from the boot loader mode.				
Helper path-list	Displays a semicolon separated list of loadable files to dynamically load during the boot loader initialization. Helper files extend or patch the functionality of the boot loader.				

Related Commands	Command	Description
	boot config-file	Specifies the filename that Cisco IOS uses to read and write a nonvolatile copy of the system configuration.
	boot enable-break	Enables interrupting the automatic boot process.
	boot manual	Enables manually booting the switch during the next boot cycle.
	boot private-config-file	Specifies the filename that Cisco IOS uses to read and write a nonvolatile copy of the private configuration.
	boot system	Specifies the Cisco IOS image to load during the next boot cycle.

### show cable-diagnostics tdr

Use the **show cable-diagnostics tdr** privileged EXEC command to display the Time Domain Reflector (TDR) results.

show cable-diagnostics tdr interface interface-id [ | {begin | exclude | include} expression]

TDR is supported only on the copper Ethernet 10/100 ports on the Cisco ME switch.

Syntax Description	interface-id	Specify the interface on which TDR was run.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
inclue		(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.

### Command Modes Privileged EXEC

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(25)EX	This command was introduced.

# **Usage Guidelines** TDR is supported only on copper Ethernet 10/100 ports on the Cisco ME switch. It is not supported on small form-factor pluggable (SFP)-module ports. For more information about TDR, see the software configuration guide for this release.

Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter | **exclude output**, the lines that contain *output* do not appear, but the lines that contain *Output* appear.

Examples	This is an example of output from the <b>show cable-diagnostics tdr interface</b> <i>interface-id</i> command on a Cisco ME switch:					
	Switch# show cable-diagnostics tdr interface fastethernet0/1					
	TDR test last run on: March 01 18:14:44					

Interface	Speed	Local	pair	Pair	leng	gth		Remot	e pair	Pair	status
Fa0/1	100M	Pair 2	 A	4	+/-	5	meters	Pair	A	Norma	al
		Pair 1	В	4	+/-	5	meters	Pair	В	Norma	al
		Pair (	2	N/A				Pair	С	N/A	
		Pair 1	D	N/A				Pair	D	N/A	

Table 2-7 lists the descriptions of the fields in the show cable-diagnostics tdr command output.

Field	Description				
Interface	Interface on which TDR was run.				
Speed	Speed of connection.				
Local pair	Name of the pair of wires that TDR is testing on the local interface.				
Pair length	Location on the cable where the problem is, with respect to your switch. TDR can only find the location in one of these cases:				
	• The cable is properly connected, the link is up, and the interface speed is 100 Mbps.				
	• The cable is open.				
	• The cable has a short.				
Remote pair	Name of the pair of wires to which the local pair is connected. TDR can learn about the remote pair only when the cable is properly connected and the link is up.				
Pair status	The status of the pair of wires on which TDR is running:				
	• Normal—The pair of wires is properly connected.				
	• Not completed—The test is running and is not completed.				
	• Not supported—The interface does not support TDR.				
	• Open—The pair of wires is open.				
	• Shorted—The pair of wires is shorted.				
	• ImpedanceMis—The impedance is mismatched.				
	• Short/Impedance Mismatched—The impedance mismatched or the cable is short.				
	• InProgress—The diagnostic test is in progress				

 Table 2-7
 Fields Descriptions for the show cable-diagnostics tdr Command Output

This is an example of output from the **show interface** *interface-id* command when TDR is running:

```
Switch# show interface fastethernet0/1
fastethernet0/1 is up, line protocol is up (connected: TDR in Progress)
```

This is an example of output from the **show cable-diagnostics tdr interface** *interface-id* command when TDR is not running:

Switch# show cable-diagnostics tdr interface fastethernet0/1 % TDR test was never issued on fa0/1

If an interface does not support TDR, this message appears:

% TDR test is not supported on switch 1

Related Commands	Command	Description		
	test cable-diagnostics tdr	Enables and runs TDR on an interface.		

# show class-map

Use the **show class-map** user EXEC command to display quality of service (QoS) class maps, which define the match criteria to classify traffic.

show class-map [class-map-name] [ | {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	class-map-name	(Optional) Display the contents of the specified class map.						
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .						
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .						
	I include (Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .							
	<i>expression</i> Expression in the output to use as a reference point.							
Command Modes	User EXEC							
Command History	Release	Modification						
	12.2(25)EX	This command was introduced.						
Examples	This is an example	e of output from the <b>show class-map</b> command:						
Examples	-							
	Switch> <b>show class-map</b> Class Map match-all videowizard_10-10-10 (id 2) Match access-group name videowizard_10-10-10-10							
	Match any	-any class-default (id 0) -all dscp5 (id 3) 5						
Related Commands	Command	Description						
	class-map	Creates a class map to be used for matching packets to the class whose name you specify.						

Defines the match criteria to classify traffic.

match access-group

# show controllers cpu-interface

Use the **show controllers cpu-interface** privileged EXEC command to display the state of the CPU network interface ASIC and the send and receive statistics for packets reaching the CPU.

show controllers cpu-interface [ | {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Current Description	<u>                                      </u>	(0, (1, 1, 1))	D'. 1. 1.	· · · · · · · · · · · ·	12			
Syntax Description	begin							
	exclude	l <b>exclude</b> (Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .						
	include	(Optional)	Display inc	ludes lines t	hat match the specified <i>expression</i> .			
	expression	Expression	in the outp	out to use as	a reference point.			
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC							
Command History	Release	Modif	ication					
-	12.2(25)EX	This c	command w	as introduce	d.			
jsage duidennes	troubleshooting the	switch.	-		For Cisco technical support representatives			
-	troubleshooting the Expressions are cas are not displayed, b This is a partial out	e switch. se sensitive. F out the lines t sput example	For example hat contain from the <b>sh</b>	, if you enter <i>Output</i> are d	<b>I exclude output</b> , the lines that contain <i>out</i>			
	troubleshooting the Expressions are cas are not displayed, b This is a partial out Switch# <b>show cont</b> cpu-queue-frames	e switch. se sensitive. F out the lines t put example <b>crollers cpu</b> retrieved	For example hat contain from the sh -interface dropped	, if you enter Output are d now controll invalid	r   <b>exclude output</b> , the lines that contain <i>ou</i>			
-	troubleshooting the Expressions are cas are not displayed, b This is a partial out Switch# <b>show cont</b>	e switch. se sensitive. F out the lines t put example <b>crollers cpu</b> retrieved	For example hat contain from the sh -interface dropped	, if you enter Output are d now controll invalid	er l <b>exclude output</b> , the lines that contain <i>ou</i> lisplayed. <b>ers cpu-interface</b> command:			
-	troubleshooting the Expressions are cas are not displayed, b This is a partial out Switch# <b>show cont</b> cpu-queue-frames	switch. se sensitive. Fout the lines t put example <b>crollers cpu</b> retrieved	For example hat contain from the sh -interface dropped	, if you enter Output are d now controll invalid	er l exclude output, the lines that contain <i>ou</i> lisplayed. ers cpu-interface command: hol-block			
-	troubleshooting the Expressions are cas are not displayed, b This is a partial out Switch# <b>show cont</b> cpu-queue-frames rpc	switch. se sensitive. Fout the lines t put example <b>crollers cpu</b> retrieved 4523063	For example hat contain from the sh -interface dropped  0	, if you enter Output are d now controll invalid	ers cpu-interface command:			
-	troubleshooting the Expressions are cas are not displayed, b This is a partial out Switch# <b>show cont</b> cpu-queue-frames 	switch. se sensitive. Fout the lines t put example <b>collers cpu</b> retrieved 4523063 1545035 1903047	For example hat contain from the sh -interface dropped  0 0	, if you enter Output are d now controll invalid 0 0	ers cpu-interface command: hol-block 0 0			
-	troubleshooting the Expressions are cass are not displayed, b This is a partial out Switch# show cont cpu-queue-frames 	e switch. se sensitive. Fout the lines t put example <b>collers cpu</b> retrieved 4523063 1545035 1903047 96145 79596	For example hat contain from the sh -interface dropped  0 0 0 0 0 0	, if you enter <i>Output</i> are d <b>now controll</b> invalid  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	ers cpu-interface command: hol-block 0 0 0 0 0 0			
-	troubleshooting the Expressions are cass are not displayed, b This is a partial out Switch# show cont cpu-queue-frames 	e switch. se sensitive. Fout the lines t put example <b>collers cpu</b> retrieved 4523063 1545035 1903047 96145 79596 0	For example hat contain from the sh -interface dropped 	, if you enter <i>Output</i> are d now controll invalid 	ers cpu-interface command: hol-block 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0			
-	troubleshooting the Expressions are cass are not displayed, b This is a partial out Switch# show cont cpu-queue-frames 	e switch. se sensitive. Fout the lines t put example crollers cpu retrieved 4523063 1545035 1903047 96145 79596 0 5756	For example hat contain from the sh -interface dropped 	, if you enter Output are d now controll invalid  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	ers cpu-interface command: hol-block 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0			
-	troubleshooting the Expressions are cass are not displayed, b This is a partial out Switch# show cont cpu-queue-frames 	e switch. se sensitive. Fout the lines t put example crollers cpu retrieved 4523063 1545035 1903047 96145 79596 0 5756 225646	For example hat contain from the sh -interface dropped 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	, if you enter Output are d now controll invalid 	ers cpu-interface command: hol-block 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0			
-	troubleshooting the Expressions are cass are not displayed, b This is a partial out Switch# show cont cpu-queue-frames 	e switch. se sensitive. F put the lines t put example <b>rollers cpu</b> retrieved 4523063 1545035 1903047 96145 79596 0 5756 225646 46472	For example hat contain from the sh -interface dropped 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	, if you enter Output are d now controll invalid 	ers cpu-interface command: hol-block 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0			
-	troubleshooting the Expressions are cass are not displayed, b This is a partial out Switch# show cont cpu-queue-frames 	e switch. se sensitive. F put the lines t put example <b>rollers cpu</b> retrieved 4523063 1545035 1903047 96145 79596 0 5756 225646 46472 0	For example hat contain from the sh -interface dropped 	, if you enter Output are d now controll invalid 	ers cpu-interface command: hol-block 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0			
-	troubleshooting the Expressions are cass are not displayed, b This is a partial out Switch# show cont cpu-queue-frames 	e switch. se sensitive. Fout the lines t put example retrieved 	For example hat contain from the sh -interface dropped 	, if you enter Output are d now controll invalid 	ers cpu-interface command: hol-block 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0			
	troubleshooting the Expressions are cass are not displayed, b This is a partial out Switch# show cont cpu-queue-frames 	e switch. se sensitive. Fout the lines t sput example relieved retrieved 	For example hat contain from the sh -interface dropped 	, if you enter Output are d now controll invalid 	ers cpu-interface command: hol-block 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0			
-	troubleshooting the Expressions are cass are not displayed, b This is a partial out Switch# show cont cpu-queue-frames 	e switch. se sensitive. Fout the lines t sput example retrieved 	For example hat contain from the sh -interface dropped 	, if you enter <i>Output</i> are d now controll invalid 	ers cpu-interface command: hol-block 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0			
	troubleshooting the Expressions are cass are not displayed, b This is a partial out Switch# show cont cpu-queue-frames 	e switch. se sensitive. Fout the lines t sput example retrieved 	For example hat contain from the sh -interface dropped 	, if you enter <i>Output</i> are d now controll invalid 	ers cpu-interface command: hol-block 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0			
Jsage Guidelines Examples	troubleshooting the Expressions are cass are not displayed, b This is a partial out Switch# show cont cpu-queue-frames 	e switch. se sensitive. Fout the lines t sput example retrieved 	For example hat contain from the sh -interface dropped 	, if you enter <i>Output</i> are d now controll invalid 	ers cpu-interface command: hol-block 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0			

Supervisor ASIC receive-queue parameters \_\_\_\_\_ queue 0 maxrecevsize 5EE pakhead 1419A20 paktail 13EAED4 queue 1 maxrecevsize 5EE pakhead 15828E0 paktail 157FBFC queue 2 maxrecevsize 5EE pakhead 1470D40 paktail 1470FE4 queue 3 maxrecevsize 5EE pakhead 19CDDD0 paktail 19D02C8 <output truncated> Supervisor ASIC Mic Registers 80000800 MicDirectPollInfo MicIndicationsReceived 00000000 00000000 MicInterruptsReceived MicPcsInfo 0001001F MicPlbMasterConfiguration 00000000 MicRxFifosAvailable 00000000 MicRxFifosReady 0000BFFF MicTimeOutPeriod: FrameTOPeriod: 00000EA6 DirectTOPeriod: 00004000 <output truncated> MicTransmitFifoInfo: Fifo0: StartPtrs: 038C2800 ReadPtr: 038C2C38 WritePtrs: 038C2C38 Fifo\_Flag: 8A800800 Weights: 001E001E Fifo1: StartPtr: 03A9BC00 ReadPtr: 03A9BC60 Fifo\_Flag: 89800400 WritePtrs: 03A9BC60 writeHeaderPtr: 03A9BC60 038C8800 038C88E0 Fifo2: StartPtr: ReadPtr: 038C88E0 88800200 WritePtrs: Fifo\_Flag: writeHeaderPtr: 038C88E0 Fifo3: StartPtr: 03C30400 ReadPtr: 03C30638 WritePtrs: 03C30638 Fifo\_Flag: 89800400 writeHeaderPtr: 03C30638 Fifo4: StartPtr: 03AD5000 ReadPtr: 03AD50A0 WritePtrs: 03AD50A0 Fifo\_Flag: 89800400 writeHeaderPtr: 03AD50A0 Fifo5: StartPtr: 03A7A600 ReadPtr: 03A7A600 88800200 WritePtrs: 03A7A600 Fifo\_Flag: writeHeaderPtr: 03A7A600 Fifo6: StartPtr: 03BF8400 ReadPtr: 03BF87F0 WritePtrs: 03BF87F0 Fifo\_Flag: 89800400

<output truncated>

<b>Related Commands</b>	Command	Description
	show controllers ethernet-controller	Displays per-interface send and receive statistics read from the hardware or the interface internal registers.
	show interfaces	Displays the administrative and operational status of all interfaces or a specified interface.

# show controllers ethernet-controller

Use the **show controllers ethernet-controller** privileged EXEC command without keywords to display per-interface send and receive statistics read from the hardware. Use with the **phy** keyword to display the interface internal registers or the **port-asic** keyword to display information about the port ASIC.

show controllers ethernet-controller [interface-id] [phy [detail]] [port-asic {configuration |
 statistics}] [ | {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	interface-id	The physical interface (including type, module, and port number).					
Syntax Description							
	phy	(Optional) Display the status of the internal registers on the switch physical layer device (PHY) for the device or the interface. This display includes the operational					
		state of the automatic medium-dependent interface crossover (Auto-MDIX)					
		feature on an interface.					
	<b>detail</b> (Optional) Display details about the PHY internal registers.						
	port-asic	(Optional) Display information about the port ASIC internal registers.					
	configuration	Display port ASIC internal register configuration.					
	statistics	Display port ASIC statistics, including the Rx/Sup Queue and miscellaneous statistics.					
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .					
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .					
	include	<b>ude</b> (Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .					
	<i>expression</i> Expression in the output to use as a reference point.						
Command Modes		(only supported with the <i>interface-id</i> keywords in user EXEC mode)					
Command History	Release	Modification					
	12.2(25)EX	This command was introduced.					
	-						
Usage Guidelines	This display with or for the specifie	out keywords provides traffic statistics, basically the RMON statistics for all interfaces ed interface.					
	•	he <b>phy</b> or <b>port-asic</b> keywords, the displayed information is useful primarily for Cisco representatives troubleshooting the switch.					

Transmi

Examples

This is an example of output from the **show controllers ethernet-controller** command for an interface. Table 2-8 describes the *Transmit* fields, and Table 2-9 describes the *Receive* fields.

### Switch# show controllers ethernet-controller gigabitethernet0/1

ŧ :	sho	ow controllers ethernet-contr	coller g	igabitethernet0/1
lt	G	igabitEthernet0/1	Receive	
	0	Bytes	0	Bytes
	0	Unicast frames	0	Unicast frames
	0	Multicast frames	0	Multicast frames
	0	Broadcast frames	0	Broadcast frames
	0	Too old frames	0	Unicast bytes
	0	Deferred frames	0	Multicast bytes
	-	MTU exceeded frames	0	Broadcast bytes
	0	1 collision frames		Alignment errors
	0	2 collision frames	0	FCS errors
	0	3 collision frames	0	Oversize frames
		4 collision frames		Undersize frames
		5 collision frames	0	Collision fragments
		6 collision frames		
	-	7 collision frames	-	Minimum size frames
		8 collision frames		65 to 127 byte frames
		9 collision frames		128 to 255 byte frames
		10 collision frames		256 to 511 byte frames
	-	11 collision frames		512 to 1023 byte frames
		12 collision frames		1024 to 1518 byte frames
	-	13 collision frames	-	Overrun frames
		14 collision frames	-	Pause frames
		15 collision frames	0	Symbol error frames
		Excessive collisions		
		Late collisions		Invalid frames, too large
		VLAN discard frames		Valid frames, too large
		Excess defer frames		Invalid frames, too small
		64 byte frames	0	Valid frames, too small
		127 byte frames		
		255 byte frames		Too old frames
		511 byte frames	-	Valid oversize frames
		1023 byte frames		System FCS error frames
		1518 byte frames	0	RxPortFifoFull drop frame
		Too large frames		
	0	Good (1 coll) frames		

### Table 2-8 Transmit Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Bytes	The total number of bytes sent on an interface.
Unicast Frames	The total number of frames sent to unicast addresses.
Multicast frames	The total number of frames sent to multicast addresses.
Broadcast frames	The total number of frames sent to broadcast addresses.
Too old frames	The number of frames dropped on the egress port because the packet aged out.
Deferred frames	The number of frames that are not sent after the time exceeds 2*maximum-packet time.
MTU exceeded frames	The number of frames that are larger than the maximum allowed frame size.
1 collision frames	The number of frames that are successfully sent on an interface after one collision occurs.
2 collision frames	The number of frames that are successfully sent on an interface after two collisions occur.
3 collision frames	The number of frames that are successfully sent on an interface after three collisions occur.
4 collision frames	The number of frames that are successfully sent on an interface after four collisions occur.

Field	Description
5 collision frames	The number of frames that are successfully sent on an interface after five collisions occur.
6 collision frames	The number of frames that are successfully sent on an interface after six collisions occur.
7 collision frames	The number of frames that are successfully sent on an interface after seven collisions occur.
8 collision frames	The number of frames that are successfully sent on an interface after eight collisions occur.
9 collision frames	The number of frames that are successfully sent on an interface after nine collisions occur.
10 collision frames	The number of frames that are successfully sent on an interface after ten collisions occur.
11 collision frames	The number of frames that are successfully sent on an interface after 11 collisions occur.
12 collision frames	The number of frames that are successfully sent on an interface after 12 collisions occur.
13 collision frames	The number of frames that are successfully sent on an interface after 13 collisions occur.
14 collision frames	The number of frames that are successfully sent on an interface after 14 collisions occur.
15 collision frames	The number of frames that are successfully sent on an interface after 15 collisions occur.
Excessive collisions	The number of frames that could not be sent on an interface after 16 collisions occur.
Late collisions	After a frame is sent, the number of frames dropped because late collisions were detected while the frame was sent.
VLAN discard frames	The number of frames dropped on an interface because the CFI <sup>1</sup> bit is set.
Excess defer frames	The number of frames that are not sent after the time exceeds the maximum-packet time.
64 byte frames	The total number of frames sent on an interface that are 64 bytes.
127 byte frames	The total number of frames sent on an interface that are from 65 to 127 bytes.
255 byte frames	The total number of frames sent on an interface that are from 128 to 255 bytes.
511 byte frames	The total number of frames sent on an interface that are from 256 to 511 bytes.
1023 byte frames	The total number of frames sent on an interface that are from 512 to 1023 bytes.
1518 byte frames	The total number of frames sent on an interface that are from 1024 to 1518 bytes.
Too large frames	The number of frames sent on an interface that are larger than the maximum allowed frame size.
Good (1 coll) frames	The number of frames that are successfully sent on an interface after one collision occurs. This value does not include the number of frames that are not successfully sent after one collision occurs.

······································	Table 2-8	Transmit Field Descriptions (continued)
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1. CFI = Canonical Format Indicator

### Table 2-9 Receive Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Bytes	The total amount of memory (in bytes) used by frames received on an interface, including the $FCS^1$ value and the incorrectly formed frames. This value excludes the frame header bits.
Unicast frames	The total number of frames successfully received on the interface that are directed to unicast addresses.
Multicast frames	The total number of frames successfully received on the interface that are directed to multicast addresses.
Broadcast frames	The total number of frames successfully received on an interface that are directed to broadcast addresses.

Field	Description
Unicast bytes	The total amount of memory (in bytes) used by unicast frames received on an interface, including the FCS value and the incorrectly formed frames. This value excludes the frame header bits.
Multicast bytes	The total amount of memory (in bytes) used by multicast frames received on an interface, including the FCS value and the incorrectly formed frames. This value excludes the frame header bits.
Broadcast bytes	The total amount of memory (in bytes) used by broadcast frames received on an interface, including the FCS value and the incorrectly formed frames. This value excludes the frame header bits.
Alignment errors	The total number of frames received on an interface that have alignment errors.
FCS errors	The total number of frames received on an interface that have a valid length (in bytes) but do not have the correct FCS values.
Oversize frames	The number of frames received on an interface that are larger than the maximum allowed frame size.
Undersize frames	The number of frames received on an interface that are smaller than 64 bytes.
Collision fragments	The number of collision fragments received on an interface.
Minimum size frames	The total number of frames that are the minimum frame size.
65 to 127 byte frames	The total number of frames that are from 65 to 127 bytes.
128 to 255 byte frames	The total number of frames that are from 128 to 255 bytes.
256 to 511 byte frames	The total number of frames that are from 256 to 511 bytes.
512 to 1023 byte frames	The total number of frames that are from 512 to 1023 bytes.
1024 to 1518 byte frames	The total number of frames that are from 1024 to 1518 bytes.
Overrun frames	The total number of overrun frames received on an interface.
Pause frames	The number of pause frames received on an interface.
Symbol error frames	The number of frames received on an interface that have symbol errors.
Invalid frames, too large	The number of frames received that were larger than maximum allowed $MTU^2$ size (including the FCS bits and excluding the frame header) and that have either an FCS error or an alignment error.
Valid frames, too large	The number of frames received on an interface that are larger than the maximum allowed frame size.
Invalid frames, too small	The number of frames received that are smaller than 64 bytes (including the FCS bits and excluding the frame header) and that have either an FCS error or an alignment error.
Valid frames, too small	The number of frames received on an interface that are smaller than 64 bytes (or 68 bytes for VLAN-tagged frames) and that have valid FCS values. The frame size includes the FCS bits but excludes the frame header bits.
Too old frames	The number of frames dropped on the ingress port because the packet aged out.
Valid oversize frames	The number of frames received on an interface that are larger than the maximum allowed frame size and have valid FCS values. The frame size includes the FCS value but does not include the VLAN tag.

### Table 2-9 Receive Field Descriptions (continued)

Field	Description
2	The total number of frames received on an interface that have a valid length (in bytes) but that do not have the correct FCS values.
RxPortFifoFull drop frames	The total number of frames received on an interface that are dropped because the ingress queue is full.

#### Table 2-9 Receive Field Descriptions (continued)

1. FCS = frame check sequence

2. MTU = maximum transmission unit

This is an example of output from the **show controllers ethernet-controller phy** command for a specific interface. Note that the last line of the display is the setting for Auto-MDIX for the interface.

Switch# <b>show controllers ethernet-c</b> Control Register	ontrol :	
Control STATUS	•	
Phy ID 1		
Phy ID 2	•	
Auto-Negotiation Advertisement		
Auto-Negotiation Link Partner		0000 0000 0000 0000
Auto-Negotiation Expansion Reg		
Next Page Transmit Register		0010 0000 0000 0001
Link Partner Next page Registe		
1000BASE-T Control Register		0000 1111 0000 0000
1000BASE-T Status Register		0100 0000 0000 0000
Extended Status Register	:	
5	•	0000 0000 0111 1000
PHY Specific Control Register		
PHY Specific Status Register		
Interrupt Enable	:	
Interrupt Status	:	
Extended PHY Specific Control		
Receive Error Counter	:	
Reserved Register 1	:	
Global Status	:	
LED Control	:	
Manual LED Override	:	
Extended PHY Specific Control	:	
Disable Receiver 1	:	
Disable Receiver 2	:	
Extended PHY Specific Status	:	
Auto-MDIX	:	On [AdminState=1 Flags=0x00052248

This is an example of output from the **show controllers ethernet-controller port-asic configuration** command:

Switch# show controllers ethernet-controller port-asic configuration \_\_\_\_\_ PortASIC 0 Registers \_\_\_\_\_ DeviceType : 000101BC : 00000000 Reset PmadMicConfig : 00000001 PmadMicDiag : 0000003 : 000007D0 000007D0 40000000 : 000001D0 000001D0 40000000 SupervisorReceiveFifoSramInfo SupervisorTransmitFifoSramInfo GlobalStatus : 00000800 IndicationStatus : 00000000 IndicationStatusMask : FFFFFFFF InterruptStatus : 00000000 InterruptStatusMask : 01FFE800

SupervisorDiag	:	00000000			
SupervisorFrameSizeLimit	:	000007C8			
SupervisorBroadcast	:	000A0F01			
GeneralIO	:	000003F9	00000000	00000004	
StackPcsInfo	:	FFFF1000	860329BD	5555FFFF	FFFFFFF
		FF0FFF00	86020000	5555FFFF	00000000
StackRacInfo	:	73001630	0000003	7F001644	0000003
		24140003	FD632B00	18E418E0	FFFFFFFF
StackControlStatus	:	18E418E0			
stackControlStatusMask	:	FFFFFFF			
TransmitBufferFreeListInfo	:	00000854	00000800	00000FF8	00000000
		0000088A	0000085D	00000FF8	00000000
TransmitRingFifoInfo	:	00000016	0000016	4000000	00000000
		0000000C	000000C	4000000	00000000
TransmitBufferInfo	:	00012000	00000FFF	00000000	00000030
TransmitBufferCommonCount	:	00000F7A			
TransmitBufferCommonCountPeak	:	0000001E			
TransmitBufferCommonCommonEmpty	:	000000FF			
NetworkActivity	:	00000000	00000000	00000000	02400000
DroppedStatistics	:	00000000			
FrameLengthDeltaSelect	:	00000001			
SneakPortFifoInfo	:	00000000			
MacInfo	:	0EC0801C	0000001	0EC0801B	0000001
		00C0001D	0000001	00C0001E	0000001

<output truncated>

This is an example of output from the show controllers ethernet-controller port-asic statistics command:

Switch# show controllers ethernet-controller port-asic statistics \_\_\_\_\_ PortASIC 0 Statistics \_\_\_\_\_ 0 RxQ-0, wt-0 enqueue frames0 RxQ-0, wt-0 drop frames66 RxQ-0, wt-1 enqueue frames0 RxQ-0, wt-1 drop frames 4118966 RxQ-0, wt-1 enqueue frames 0 RxQ-0, wt-2 enqueue frames 0 RxQ-0, wt-2 drop frames 0 RxQ-1, wt-0 drop frames 0 RxQ-1, wt-0 enqueue frames 296 RxQ-1, wt-1 enqueue frames 0 RxQ-1, wt-1 drop frames 2836036 RxQ-1, wt-2 enqueue frames 0 RxQ-1, wt-2 drop frames 0 RxQ-2, wt-0 enqueue frames 0 RxQ-2, wt-0 drop frames 0 RxQ-2, wt-1 enqueue frames 0 RxQ-2, wt-1 drop frames 0 RxQ-2, wt-2 drop frames 158377 RxQ-2, wt-2 enqueue frames 0 RxQ-3, wt-0 enqueue frames 0 RxQ-3, wt-0 drop frames 0 RxQ-3, wt-1 drop frames 0 RxQ-3, wt-1 enqueue frames 0 RxQ-3, wt-2 enqueue frames 0 RxQ-3, wt-2 drop frames 15 TxBufferFull Drop Count 0 Rx Fcs Error Frames 0 TxBufferFrameDesc BadCrc16 0 Rx Invalid Oversize Frames 0 TxBuffer Bandwidth Drop Cou 0 Rx Invalid Too Large Frames 0 TxQueue Bandwidth Drop Coun 0 Rx Invalid Too Large Frames 0 TxQueue Missed Drop Statist 0 Rx Invalid Too Small Frames 0 Rx Too Old Frames 74 RxBuffer Drop DestIndex Cou 0 SneakQueue Drop Count 0 Tx Too Old Frames 0 Learning Queue Overflow Fra 0 System Fcs Error Frames 0 Learning Cam Skip Count 15 Sup Queue 0 Drop Frames 0 Sup Queue 8 Drop Frames 0 Sup Queue 1 Drop Frames 0 Sup Queue 9 Drop Frames 0 Sup Queue 2 Drop Frames 0 Sup Queue 10 Drop Frames

0 Sup Queue 3 Drop Frames	0 Sup Queue 11 Drop Frames				
0 Sup Queue 4 Drop Frames	0 Sup Queue 12 Drop Frames				
0 Sup Queue 5 Drop Frames	0 Sup Queue 13 Drop Frames				
0 Sup Queue 6 Drop Frames	0 Sup Queue 14 Drop Frames				
0 Sup Queue 7 Drop Frames	0 Sup Queue 15 Drop Frames				
PortASIC 1 Statistics 					
52 RxQ-0, wt-1 enqueue frames 0 RxQ-0, wt-2 enqueue frames	0 RxQ-0, wt-1 drop frames 0 RxQ-0, wt-2 drop frames				

<output truncated>

<b>Related Commands</b>	Command	Description
	show controllers cpu-interface	Displays the state of the CPU network ASIC and send and receive statistics for packets reaching the CPU.
	show controllers tcam	Displays the state of registers for all ternary content addressable memory (TCAM) in the system and for TCAM interface ASICs that are CAM controllers.

## show controllers tcam

Use the **show controllers tcam** privileged EXEC command to display the state of the registers for all ternary content addressable memory (TCAM) in the system and for all TCAM interface ASICs that are CAM controllers.

show controllers tcam [asic [number]] [detail] [ | {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description						
Syntax Description	asic	(Optional) Display port ASIC TCAM information.				
	number	(Optional) Display information for the specified port ASIC number. The range is from 0 to 15.				
	detail	(Optional) Display detailed TCAM register information.				
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the expression.				
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .				
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .				
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.				
Command Modes	Privileged EX	EC				
Command History	Release	Modification				
	12.2(25)EX	This command was introduced.				
Examples	do not appear, but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear. This is an example of output from the <b>show controllers tcam</b> command:					
	Switch# show controllers tcam					
	TCAM-0 Regis	lers				
	REV: 001 SIZE: 00 ID: 00	ters 330103 080040 000000 000000_F0000020				
	REV: 001 SIZE: 000 ID: 000 CCR: 000 RPID0: 000 RPID1: 000 RPID1: 000	B30103 080040 000000				

```
HRR3: 0000000_0000000
 HRR4: 00000000_0000000
 HRR5: 0000000_0000000
 HRR6: 0000000_0000000
 HRR7: 00000000_0000000
<output truncated>
 GMR31: FF_FFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF
 ______
TCAM related PortASIC 1 registers
LookupType:
                   89A1C67D_24E35F00
LastCamIndex:
                    0000FFE0
                    000069E0
LocalNoMatch:
ForwardingRamBaseAddress:
                    00022A00 0002FE00 00040600 0002FE00 0000D400
                    00000000 003FBA00 00009000 00009000 00040600
                    0000000 00012800 00012900
```

<b>Related Commands</b>	Command	Description
	show controllers cpu-interface	Displays the state of the CPU network ASIC and send and receive statistics for packets reaching the CPU.
	show controllers ethernet-controller	Displays per-interface send and receive statistics read from the hardware or the interface internal registers.

# show controllers utilization

Use the **show controllers utilization** user EXEC command to display bandwidth utilization on the switch or specific ports.

show controllers [interface-id] utilization [ | {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	interface-id	<i>interface-id</i> (Optional) ID of the switch interface.				
	begin	xclude(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the specified expression.nclude(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.				
	exclude					
	include					
	expression	Expression	The output to use as a reference point.			
Command Modes	User EXEC					
Command History	Release	N	Iodification			
	12.2(25)EX	Т	his command was introduced.			
Examples	This is an example of output from the <b>show controllers utilization</b> command. Switch> <b>show controllers utilization</b> Port Receive Utilization Transmit Utilization					
	Fa0/1	0				
	Fa0/2	0	0			
	Fa0/3	0	0			
	Fa0/4	0	0			
	Fa0/5 Fa0/6	0 0	0 0			
	Fa0/7	0	0			
	<output truncated=""></output>					
	Switch Receive Bandwidth Percentage Utilization : 0 Switch Transmit Bandwidth Percentage Utilization : 0					
	Switch Fabri	Switch Fabric Percentage Utilization : 0				
	This is an exa	mple of output f	from the show controllers utilization command on a specific port:			
	Receive Band	width Percenta	<pre>igabitethernet0/1 utilization ge Utilization : 0 age Utilization : 0</pre>			

Field	Description
Receive Bandwidth Percentage Utilization	Displays the received bandwidth usage of the switch, which is the sum of the received traffic on all the ports divided by the switch receive capacity.
Transmit Bandwidth Percentage Utilization	Displays the transmitted bandwidth usage of the switch, which is the sum of the transmitted traffic on all the ports divided it by the switch transmit capacity.
Fabric Percentage Utilization	Displays the average of the transmitted and received bandwidth usage of the switch.

### Table 2-10 show controllers utilization Field Descriptions

### **Related Commands**

Command	Description
show controllers	Displays the interface internal registers.
ethernet-controller	

# show cpu traffic qos

Use the **show cpu traffic qos** user EXEC command to display the Quality of Service (QoS) marking parameters for CPU-generated traffic.

show cpu traffic qos [ | {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	User EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(44)SE	This command was introduced.
Examples	This is an exampl	e of output from the <b>show cpu traffic gos</b> command:
	Switch> <b>show cp</b> QOS - CPU Genera	u traffic qos
	Cos	2
	DSCP	30
	Precedence QoS Group	3 4
Related Commands	Command	Description
		•

CPU-generated traffic.

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# show dot1q-tunnel

Use the **show dot1q-tunnel** user EXEC command to display information about IEEE 802.1Q tunnel ports.

show dot1q-tunnel [interface interface-id] [ | {begin | exclude | include} expression]

This command is visible only when the switch is running the metro IP access or metro access image.

Syntax Description	interface interface-id	(Optional) Specify the interface for which to display IEEE 802.1Q tunneling information. Valid interfaces include physical ports and port channels.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	User EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(25)EX	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	-	nsitive. For example, if you enter   <b>exclude output</b> , the lines that contain <i>output</i> ines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.
	do not appear, but the li These are examples of c	ines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.
	do not appear, but the li These are examples of o Switch> <b>show dot1q-tu</b> dot1q-tunnel mode LAN	ines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.
	do not appear, but the li These are examples of o Switch> <b>show dot1q-tu</b>	ines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.
	do not appear, but the li These are examples of o Switch> show dotlq-tu dotlq-tunnel mode LAN Gi0/1 Gi0/2	ines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.
	do not appear, but the li These are examples of o Switch> show dotlq-tu dotlq-tunnel mode LAN 	ines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.
	do not appear, but the li These are examples of o Switch> show dotlq-tu dotlq-tunnel mode LAN Gi0/1 Gi0/2 Gi0/3	ines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.
	do not appear, but the li These are examples of of Switch> show dotlq-tw dotlq-tunnel mode LAN Gi0/1 Gi0/2 Gi0/3 Gi0/6 Po2 Switch> show dotlq-tw dotlq-tunnel mode LAN	<pre>ines that contain Output appear.  butput from the show dot1q-tunnel commands:  innel  V Port(s)  innel interface gigabitethernet0/1 V Port(s)</pre>
Usage Guidelines Examples	do not appear, but the li These are examples of o Switch> show dotlq-tw dotlq-tunnel mode LAN Gi0/1 Gi0/2 Gi0/3 Gi0/6 Po2 Switch> show dotlq-tw	<pre>ines that contain Output appear.  butput from the show dot1q-tunnel commands:  innel  V Port(s)  innel interface gigabitethernet0/1 V Port(s)</pre>
Examples	do not appear, but the li These are examples of of Switch> show dotlq-tw dotlq-tunnel mode LAN Gi0/1 Gi0/2 Gi0/3 Gi0/6 Po2 Switch> show dotlq-tw dotlq-tunnel mode LAN	<pre>ines that contain Output appear.  butput from the show dot1q-tunnel commands:  innel  V Port(s)  innel interface gigabitethernet0/1 V Port(s)</pre>
	do not appear, but the li These are examples of c Switch> show dotlq-tu dotlq-tunnel mode LAN 	butput from the show dot1q-tunnel commands: mnel mnel interface gigabitethernet0/1 N Port(s)  Description

## show dot1x

Use the **show dot1x** privileged EXEC command to display IEEE 802.1x statistics, administrative status, and operational status for the switch or for the specified port.

show dot1x [all | interface interface-id | statistics interface interface-id] [ | {begin | exclude |
 include} expression]

Syntax Description	all	(Optional) Display the IEEE 802.1x status for all ports.		
	interface interface-id	(Optional) Display the IEEE 802.1x status for the specified port (including ture, module, and port number)		
	atatistica interface	type, module, and port number).		
	<b>statistics interface</b> <i>interface-id</i>	(Optional) Display IEEE 802.1x statistics for the specified port (including type, module, and port number).		
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .		
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .		
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .		
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.		
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC			
Command History	Release	Modification		
	12.2(25)EX	This command was introduced.		
	-	nsitive. For example, if you enter   <b>exclude output</b> , the lines that contain <i>output</i> ne lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.		
Examples	_	utput from the <b>show dot1x</b> and the <b>show dot1x all</b> privileged EXEC commands:		
	Switch# <b>show dot1x</b> Sysauthcontrol Dot1x Protocol Versic Dot1x Oper Controlled Dot1x Admin Controlled	d Directions = Both		
	Switch# <b>show dot1x all</b> Dot1x Info for interface GigabitEthernet0/1			
	PortStatus = U MaxReq = 2 HostMode = 5	= CONNECTING = IDLE JNAUTHORIZED		

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QuietPeriod	=	60 Seconds
Re-authentication	=	Disabled
ReAuthPeriod	=	3600 Seconds
ServerTimeout	=	30 Seconds
SuppTimeout	=	30 Seconds
TxPeriod	=	30 Seconds
Guest-Vlan	=	0
Dot1x Info for int	cei	face GigabitEthernet0/2
PortStatus	=	UNAUTHORIZED
MaxReq	=	2
MaxReq HostMode		-
	=	Multi
HostMode	=	- Multi Auto
HostMode Port Control	= = =	Multi Auto 60 Seconds
HostMode Port Control QuietPeriod	= = =	Multi Auto 60 Seconds Disabled
HostMode Port Control QuietPeriod Re-authentication		Multi Auto 60 Seconds Disabled 3600 Seconds
HostMode Port Control QuietPeriod Re-authentication ReAuthPeriod	= = = =	Multi Auto 60 Seconds Disabled 3600 Seconds 30 Seconds
HostMode Port Control QuietPeriod Re-authentication ReAuthPeriod ServerTimeout SuppTimeout		Multi Auto 60 Seconds Disabled 3600 Seconds 30 Seconds

This is an example of output from the show dot1x interface interface-id privileged EXEC command:

Switch# show dot1x interface gigabitethernet0/1 Supplicant MAC 00d0.b71b.35de

Supplicant MAC 000	au.a/10.35de
AuthSM State	= AUTHENTICATED
BendSM State	= IDLE
PortStatus	= AUTHORIZED
MaxReq	= 2
HostMode	= Single
Port Control	= Auto
QuietPeriod	= 60 Seconds
Re-authentication	= Disabled
ReAuthPeriod	= 3600 Seconds
ServerTimeout	= 30 Seconds
SuppTimeout	= 30 Seconds
TxPeriod	= 30 Seconds
Guest-Vlan	= 0

This is an example of output from the **show dot1x statistics interface** *interface-id* command. Table 2-11 describes the fields in the display.

```
Switch# show dot1x statistics interface gigabitethernet0/1
```

PortStatistics Parameters for Dot1x TxReqId = 15 TxReq = 0 TxTotal = 15 RxStart = 4 RxLogoff = 0 RxRespId = 1 RxResp = 1 RxInvalid = 0 RxLenErr = 0 RxTotal = 6 RxVersion = 1 LastRxSrcMac 00d0.b71b.35de

#### Table 2-11show dot1x statistics Field Descriptions

Field	Description
TxReqId	Number of Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP)-request/identity frames that have been sent.
TxReqNumber of EAP-request frames (other than request/identity frames) been sent.	
TxTotal	Number of Extensible Authentication Protocol over LAN (EAPOL) frames of any type that have been sent.

Field	Description
RxStart	Number of valid EAPOL-start frames that have been received.
RxLogoff	Number of EAPOL-logoff frames that have been received.
RxRespId	Number of EAP-response/identity frames that have been received.
RxResp	Number of valid EAP-response frames (other than response/identity frames) that have been received.
RxInvalid	Number of EAPOL frames that have been received and have an unrecognized frame type.
RxLenError	Number of EAPOL frames that have been received in which the packet body length field is invalid.
RxTotal	Number of valid EAPOL frames of any type that have been received.
RxVersion	Number of received packets in the IEEE 802.1x Version 1 format.
LastRxSrcMac	Source MAC address carried in the most recently received EAPOL frame.

#### Table 2-11 show dot1x statistics Field Descriptions (continued)

### **Related Commands**

Command	Description
dot1x default	Resets the configurable IEEE 802.1x parameters to their default values.

### show env

Use the **show env** user EXEC command to display fan, temperature, and power information for the switch.

show env {all | fan | power| rps | temperature [status]} [ | {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	all	Display both fan and temperature environmental status.			
	fan	Display the switch fan status.			
	power	Display the switch power status.			
	rps	Display whether a Cisco RPS 300 Redundant Power System is connected to the switch. This keyword is not visible on all platforms; the Cisco ME switch does not support the RPS			
	temperature	Display the switch temperature status as OK or FAULTY.			
	status	(Optional) Show more detailed temperature status, including the temperature value, state (green, yellow, or red), and the yellow and red threshold values.			
		<b>Note</b> Temperature status is supported only on the Cisco ME-3400-12CS and ME-3400-2CS switches.			
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .			
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .			
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.			
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.			

**Command Modes** User EXEC

<b>Command History</b>	Release	Modification
	12.2(25)EX	This command was introduced.
	12.2(25)SEG1	The status keyword was added.
		The outputs were expanded to reflect the dual fans, dual power supplies, and temperature setting for the Cisco ME 3400G-12CS switches and temperature setting for the Cisco ME 3400-2 CS switch.

#### Usage Guidelines

On a Cisco ME 3400-12CS and ME 3400 2CS switches, you can use the **show env temperature status** command to display the switch temperature status. The command output shows the green and yellow states as *OK* and the red state as *FAULTY*. If you enter the **show env all** command on this switch, the command output is the same as the **show env temperature status** command output.

You can use the **system env temperature threshold yellow** global configuration command to configure the yellow temperature threshold. If not configured, the yellow threshold defaults to 10 degrees Celsius below the red threshold.

For more information about the threshold levels, see the software configuration guide for this release.

Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter | exclude output, the lines that contain *output* are not displayed, but the lines that contain *Output* are displayed.

#### Examples

Displays for the Cisco ME 3400G-12CS or ME 3400 2CS switch are different than those for other Cisco ME 3400 switches. This is an example of output from the **show env all** command for the Cisco ME 3400G-12CS switch:

Switch> **show env all** FAN 1 is OK FAN 2 is OK TEMPERATURE is OK Temperature Value: 31 Degree Celsius Temperature State: GREEN Yellow Threshold : 56 Degree Celsius Red Threshold : 66 Degree Celsius POWER SUPPLY 1 is OK POWER SUPPLY 2 is Alarm disabled

This is an example of output from the **show env all** command for the Cisco ME 3400G-2CS switch:

Switch> **show env all** FAN is OK TEMPERATURE is OK Temperature Value: 37 Degree Celsius Temperature State: GREEN Yellow Threshold : 45 Degree Celsius Red Threshold : 55 Degree Celsius POWER is OK

This is an example of output from the **show env all** command for other Cisco ME switches:

Switch# **show env all** FAN is OK TEMPERATURE is OK POWER is OK RPS is NOT PRESENT

This is an example of output from the **show env fan** command for the Cisco ME 3400G-12CS switch:

Switch> **show env fan** FAN 1 is OK FAN 2 is OK

This is an example of output from the show env fan command for other Cisco ME switches:

Switch> **show env fan** FAN is OK

This is an example of output from the **show env power** command for the Cisco ME 3400G-12CS switch:

Switch> **show env power** POWER SUPPLY 1 is OK POWER SUPPLY 2 is Alarm disabled

These are examples of output from the **show env temperature** command for the Cisco ME 3400G-12CS or ME-3400-2CS switch:

Switch> **show env temperature** TEMPERATURE is OK

Switch> **show env temperature status** Temperature Value: 31 Degree Celsius Temperature State: GREEN Yellow Threshold : 56 Degree Celsius Red Threshold : 66 Degree Celsius

These are examples of output from the **show env temperature** command for the Cisco ME 3400G-12CS or ME-3400-2CS switch:

Switch> **show env temperature** TEMPERATURE is OK

Switch> **show env temperature status** Temperature Value: 31 Degree Celsius Temperature State: GREEN Yellow Threshold : 56 Degree Celsius Red Threshold : 66 Degree Celsius

Related	Commands	0
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S	Command	Description
	power-supply dual	Sets or suppresses alarms for the switch second power supply.
	system env temperature threshold yellow	Configures the yellow temperature threshold.

# show errdisable detect

Use the **show errdisable detect** user EXEC command to display error-disable detection status.

show errdisable detect [ | {begin | exclude | include} expression]

(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .				
reason:				
<ul> <li>port—The physical port is error disabled if a violation occurs.</li> <li>vlan—The virtual port is disabled if a violation occurs.</li> </ul>				
• vlan—The virtual port is disabled if a violation occurs.				
<ul> <li>port/vlan—Some ports are configured for physical port disable, and others are configured for virtual port disable. Enter the show running config privileged EXEC command to see the configuration for each port.</li> </ul>				
A displayed gbic-invalid error in the Reason column refers to an invalid small form-factor pluggable (SFP) interface.				
Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter   exclude output, the lines that contain <i>output</i> are not displayed, but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> are displayed.				

loopback	Enabled	port
lsgroup	Enabled	port
oam-remote-failure	Enabled	port
pagp-flap	Enabled	port
psecure-violation	Enabled	port/vlan
security-violatio	Enabled	port
sfp-config-mismatch	Enabled	port
storm-control	Enabled	port
udld	Enabled	port
vmps	Enabled	port

Note

Though visible in the output, the dtp-flap, ilpower, storm-control, and unicast-flood fields are not valid.

### **Related Commands**

Command	Description
errdisable detect cause	Enables error-disable detection for a specific cause or all causes.
show errdisable flap-values	Displays error condition recognition information.
show errdisable recovery	Displays error-disable recovery timer information.
show interfaces status	Displays interface status or a list of interfaces in an error-disabled state.

# show errdisable flap-values

Use the **show errdisable flap-values** user EXEC command to display conditions that cause an error to be recognized for a cause.

show errdisable flap-values [ | {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	begin	(Optional) Displ	ay begins with	the line that matches the expression.
	exclude	(Optional) Displ	ay excludes lin	es that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Displ	ay includes line	es that match the specified <i>expression</i> .
	expression	Expression in the	e output to use	as a reference point.
Command Modes	User EXEC			
Command History	Release	Modif	fication	
	12.2(25)EX	This c	command was i	ntroduced.
Usage Guidelines	will cause and will be assume access/trunk)	error to be detected ed and the port shu or Port Aggregatio	d and a port to b ut down if three on Protocol (PA)	ny changes to the state within the specified time interval be disabled. For example, the display shows that an error e Dynamic Trunking Protocol (DTP)-state (port mode gP) flap changes occur during a 30-second interval, or if ng a 10-second interval.
	ErrDisable R	-	Time (sec)	
	pagp-flap dtp-flap link-flap	3 3 5	30 30 10	
<u>Note</u>	Although visi	ble in the output d	isplay, the swit	ch does not support DTP.
	-	re case sensitive. F yed, but the lines t	-	you enter l <b>exclude output</b> , the lines that contain <i>output tput</i> are displayed.
Examples	This is an exa	mple of output fro	m the <b>show er</b>	rdisable flap-values command:
	ErrDisable R	-	<b>-values</b> Time (sec)	

### Related Commands 0

ommands	Command	Description
	errdisable detect cause	Enables error-disable detection for a specific cause or all causes.
	show errdisable detect	Displays error-disable detection status.
	show errdisable recovery	Displays error-disable recovery timer information.
	show interfaces status	Displays interface status or a list of interfaces in error-disabled state.

# show errdisable recovery

Use the **show errdisable recovery** user EXEC command to display the error-disable recovery timer information.

show errdisable recovery [ | {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	begin (O	ptional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude (O	ptional) Display excludes lines that match the expression.
	include (O	ptional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .
	<i>expression</i> Ex	pression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	User EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(25)EX	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines		use sensitive. For example, if you enter   <b>exclude output</b> , the lines that contain <i>output</i> but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> are displayed.
	A gbic-invalid err interface.	or-disable reason refers to an invalid small form-factor pluggable (SFP) module
Examples	This is an example	e of output from the <b>show errdisable recovery</b> command:
•	_	disable recovery
	ErrDisable Reaso	n Timer Status
	udld	Disabled
	bpduguard	Disabled
	security-violati	o Disabled
	channel-misconfi	g Disabled
	vmps	Disabled
	pagp-flap	Disabled
	dtp-flap 12ptguard	Disabled Disabled
	link-flap	Enabled
	psecure-violatio	
	gbic-invalid	Disabled
	dhcp-rate-limit	Disabled
	unicast-flood	Disabled
	storm-control	Disabled
	arp-inspection	Disabled
	loopback	Disabled
	Timer interval:3	00 seconds

Interfaces that will be enabled at the next timeout:

Interiace	Errdisable reason	Time left(sec)
Gi0/2	link-flap	279



Though visible in the output, the unicast-flood and DTP fields are not valid.

### **Related Commands**

Command	Description
errdisable recovery	Configures the recover mechanism variables.
show errdisable detect	Displays error-disabled detection status.
show errdisable flap-values	Displays error condition recognition information.
show interfaces status	Displays interface status or a list of interfaces in error-disabled state.

# show etherchannel

Use the show etherchannel user EXEC command to display EtherChannel information for a channel.

show etherchannel [channel-group-number {detail | port | port-channel | protocol | summary}]
{detail | load-balance | port | port-channel | protocol | summary} [ | {begin | exclude |
include} expression]

Syntax Description	channel-group-number	(Optional) Number of the channel group. The range is 1 to 48.
	detail	Display detailed EtherChannel information.
	load-balance	Display the load-balance or frame-distribution scheme among ports in the port channel.
	port	Display EtherChannel port information.
	port-channel	Display port-channel information.
	protocol	Display the protocol that is being used in the EtherChannel.
	summary	Display a one-line summary per channel-group.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.
Command Modes	expression User EXEC	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes Command History	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.  Modification
	<i>expression</i> User EXEC	
Command History	expression User EXEC Release 12.2(25)EX	Modification
	expression         User EXEC         Release         12.2(25)EX         If you do not specify a ch         In the output, the Passive pairs	<b>Modification</b> This command was introduced. <i>cannel-group</i> , all channel groups are displayed. port list field is displayed only for Layer 3 port channels. This field means that s still not up, is configured to be in the channel group (and indirectly is in the

are not displayed, but the lines that contain Output are displayed.

#### Examples

This is an example of output from the **show etherchannel 1 detail** command:

```
Switch> show etherchannel 1 detail
Group state = L2
Ports: 2 Maxports = 16
Port-channels: 1 Max Port-channels = 16
Protocol: LACP
             Ports in the group:
              _____
Port: Gi0/1
_____
Port state = Up Mstr In-Bndl
Channel group = 1 Mode = Active Gcchange = -
Port-channel = Po1
                       GC = -
                                        Pseudo port-channel = Pol
                       Load = 0x00
                                         Protocol = LACP
Port index
          = 0
Flags: S - Device is sending Slow LACPDUS F - Device is sending fast LACPDU
      A - Device is in active mode.
                                      P - Device is in passive mode.
Local information:
                         LACP port
                                     Admin
                                              Oper
                                                      Port
                                                              Port
                                                     Number State
        Flags State
Port.
                        Priority
                                     Key
                                              Key
Gi0/1
              bndl
                        32768
                                                             0x3D
       SA
                                     0x0
                                              0x1
                                                     0 \ge 0
Age of the port in the current state: 01d:20h:06m:04s
              Port-channels in the group:
Port-channel: Po1 (Primary Aggregator)
_ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _
Age of the Port-channel = 01d:20h:20m:26s
Logical slot/port = 10/1 Number of ports = 2
HotStandBy port = null
Port state = Port-channel Ag-Inuse
Protocol
                 = LACP
Ports in the Port-channel:
Index Load Port
                   EC state
                                  No of bits
----+----+----+-------+-----+---
                                      _____
0 00 Gi0/1 Active 0
 0
      00 Gi0/2 Active
                                   0
Time since last port bundled: 01d:20h:20m:20s
                                              Gi0/2
This is an example of output from the show etherchannel 1 summary command:
Switch> show etherchannel 1 summary
Flags: D - down P - in port-channel
       I - stand-alone s - suspended
       H - Hot-standby (LACP only)
       R - Layer3 S - Layer2
       u - unsuitable for bundling
```

U - in use f - failed to allocate aggregator

d - default port

```
Number of channel-groups in use: 1
Number of aggregators: 1
```

Group Port-channel Protocol Ports LACP Gi0/1(P) Gi0/2(P) 1 Pol(SU) This is an example of output from the show etherchannel 1 port-channel command: Switch> show etherchannel 1 port-channel Port-channels in the group: \_\_\_\_\_ Port-channel: Po1 (Primary Aggregator) \_\_\_\_\_ Age of the Port-channel = 01d:20h:24m:50s Logical slot/port = 10/1 Number of ports = 2 HotStandBy port = null Port state = Port-channel Ag-Inuse Protocol = LACP Ports in the Port-channel: EC state No of bits Index Load Port 0 00 Gi0/1 Active 0 0 00 Gi0/2 Active 0 0 Time since last port bundled: 01d:20h:24m:44s Gi0/2 This is an example of output from show etherchannel protocol command: Switch# show etherchannel protocol Channel-group listing: \_\_\_\_\_ Group: 1 \_\_\_\_\_

Protocol: LACP Group: 2 ------Protocol: PAgP

**Related Commands** 

Command	Description
channel-group	Assigns an Ethernet port to an EtherChannel group.
channel-protocol	Restricts the protocol used on a port to manage channeling.
interface port-channel	Accesses or creates the port channel.

## show ethernet service evc

Use the **show ethernet service evc** privileged EXEC command to display information about Ethernet virtual connection (EVC) customer-service instances.

show ethernet service evc [id evc-id | interface interface-id] [detail] [ | { begin | exclude | include }
 expression]

This command is available only if your switch is running the metro IP access or metro access image.

Syntax Description	id evc-id	(Optional) Display EVC information for the specified service. The EVC identifier can be a string of from 1 to 100 characters.
	interface interface-id	(Optional) Display EVC information for the specified interface.
	detail	(Optional) Display detailed information about EVC service or the specified EVC ID or interface.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
Command History	Release 12.2(25)SEG	Modification           This command was introduced.
	12.2(25)SEG Expressions are case set	
Usage Guidelines	12.2(25)SEG Expressions are case set are not displayed, but th	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	12.2(25)SEG Expressions are case set are not displayed, but th	This command was introduced. Insitive. For example, if you enter   <b>exclude output</b> , the lines that contain <i>output</i> he lines that contain <i>Output</i> are displayed.
Usage Guidelines	12.2(25)SEG Expressions are case set are not displayed, but th This is an example of o	This command was introduced. Insitive. For example, if you enter   <b>exclude output</b> , the lines that contain <i>output</i> he lines that contain <i>Output</i> are displayed.
Usage Guidelines	12.2(25)SEG Expressions are case set are not displayed, but th This is an example of or Switch# <b>show ethernet</b> Identifier BLUE	This command was introduced. Insitive. For example, if you enter   <b>exclude output</b> , the lines that contain <i>output</i> he lines that contain <i>Output</i> are displayed. In the show ethernet service evc command: <b>t service evc</b> Type Act-UNI-cnt Status P-P 2 Active
Usage Guidelines	12.2(25)SEG Expressions are case set are not displayed, but th This is an example of or Switch# show ethernet Identifier BLUE PINK	This command was introduced. Insitive. For example, if you enter   <b>exclude output</b> , the lines that contain <i>output</i> he lines that contain <i>Output</i> are displayed. In the show ethernet service evc command: <b>t service evc</b> Type Act-UNI-cnt Status P-P 2 Active MP-MP 2 PartiallyActive
Usage Guidelines	12.2(25)SEG Expressions are case set are not displayed, but th This is an example of or Switch# show ethernet Identifier BLUE PINK PURPLE	This command was introduced.         Insitive. For example, if you enter   exclude output, the lines that contain output he lines that contain Output are displayed.         Insitive the show ethernet service evc command:         t service evc         Type Act-UNI-cnt Status         P-P       2         MP-MP       2         P-P       2         Active         MP-MP       2         P-P       2         Active         P-P       2         Active         P-P       2         Active
Usage Guidelines	12.2(25)SEG Expressions are case set are not displayed, but th This is an example of or Switch# show ethernet Identifier BLUE PINK PURPLE BROWN	This command was introduced.         Insitive. For example, if you enter   exclude output, the lines that contain output he lines that contain Output are displayed.         Insitive the show ethernet service evc command:         t service evc         Type Act-UNI-cnt Status         P-P       2         MP-MP       2         P-P       2         Active         MP-MP       2         P-P       2         Active         MP-MP       2         Active         MP-MP       2         Active         MP-MP       2         Active         MP-MP       2         Active
Usage Guidelines	12.2(25)SEG Expressions are case set are not displayed, but th This is an example of or Switch# show ethernet Identifier BLUE PINK PURPLE BROWN GREEN	This command was introduced.         Insitive. For example, if you enter   exclude output, the lines that contain output he lines that contain Output are displayed.         Insitive from the show ethernet service evc command:         t service evc         Type Act-UNI-cnt Status         P-P       2         Active         MP-MP       2         P-P       2         Active         MP-MP       2         P-P       3         Active         MP-MP       2         Active         MP-MP       3         Active
Usage Guidelines	12.2(25)SEG Expressions are case set are not displayed, but th This is an example of or Switch# show ethernet Identifier BLUE PINK PURPLE BROWN GREEN YELLOW	This command was introduced.         Insitive. For example, if you enter   exclude output, the lines that contain output he lines that contain Output are displayed.         Insitive the show ethernet service evc command:         t service evc         Type Act-UNI-cnt Status         P-P       2         Active         MP-MP       2         PartiallyActive         P-P       3         Active         MP-MP       2         PartiallyActive         P-P       3         Active         MP-MP       2         PartiallyActive
Usage Guidelines	12.2(25)SEG Expressions are case set are not displayed, but th This is an example of or Switch# show ethernet Identifier BLUE PINK PURPLE BROWN GREEN YELLOW BANANAS	This command was introduced.         Insitive. For example, if you enter   exclude output, the lines that contain output he lines that contain Output are displayed.         Insitive from the show ethernet service evc command:         t service evc         Type Act-UNI-cnt Status         P-P       2         Active         MP-MP       2         PartiallyActive         P-P       3         Active         MP-MP       2         P-P       0         InActive
Command History Usage Guidelines Examples	12.2(25)SEG Expressions are case set are not displayed, but th This is an example of or Switch# show ethernet Identifier BLUE PINK PURPLE BROWN GREEN YELLOW	This command was introduced.         Insitive. For example, if you enter   exclude output, the lines that contain output he lines that contain Output are displayed.         Insitive the show ethernet service evc command:         t service evc         Type Act-UNI-cnt Status         P-P       2         Active         MP-MP       2         PartiallyActive         P-P       3         Active         MP-MP       2         PartiallyActive         P-P       3         Active         MP-MP       2         PartiallyActive

Related Commands	Command	Description
	ethernet evc evc-id	Defines an EVC and enters EVC configuration mode.

# show ethernet service instance

Use the **show ethernet service instance** privileged EXEC command to display information about Ethernet customer-service instances.

show ethernet service instance [id id] [interface interface-id] [detail] [ | {begin | exclude |
include} expression]

This command is available only if your switch is running the metro IP access or metro access image.

Syntax Description	id id	(Optional) Display information for the specified service-instance identifier, a per-interface service identifier that does not map to a VLAN. The range is 1 to 4294967295.
	interface interface-id	(Optional) Display service-instance information for the specified interface.
	detail	(Optional) Display detailed information about service instances or the specified service-instance ID or interface.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
Command History	Release 12.2(25)SEG	Modification This command was introduced.
Command History Usage Guidelines	12.2(25)SEG Expressions are case se	This command was introduced.
	12.2(25)SEG Expressions are case se are not displayed, but th	This command was introduced.
Jsage Guidelines	12.2(25)SEG Expressions are case se are not displayed, but th	This command was introduced. ensitive. For example, if you enter   <b>exclude output</b> , the lines that contain <i>output</i> he lines that contain <i>Output</i> are displayed.
Jsage Guidelines	12.2(25)SEG Expressions are case se are not displayed, but the This is an example of o	This command was introduced. ensitive. For example, if you enter   <b>exclude output</b> , the lines that contain <i>output</i> he lines that contain <i>Output</i> are displayed. putput from the <b>show ethernet service instance</b> command: <b>t service instance</b>
Jsage Guidelines	12.2(25)SEG Expressions are case se are not displayed, but the This is an example of o Switch# <b>show etherner</b>	This command was introduced. ensitive. For example, if you enter   <b>exclude output</b> , the lines that contain <i>output</i> he lines that contain <i>Output</i> are displayed. putput from the <b>show ethernet service instance</b> command: t service instance CE-Vlans
lsage Guidelines	12.2(25)SEG         Expressions are case se are not displayed, but the second	This command was introduced. Ensitive. For example, if you enter   <b>exclude output</b> , the lines that contain <i>output</i> he lines that contain <i>Output</i> are displayed. Soutput from the <b>show ethernet service instance</b> command: <b>t service instance</b> CE-Vlans net0/1 untagged, 1-4094 net0/2
lsage Guidelines	12.2(25)SEGExpressions are case se are not displayed, but theThis is an example of oSwitch# show ethernedIdentifier Interface222FastEthern10FastEthern222FastEthern	This command was introduced. Ensitive. For example, if you enter   <b>exclude output</b> , the lines that contain <i>output</i> he lines that contain <i>Output</i> are displayed. Soutput from the <b>show ethernet service instance</b> command: <b>t service instance</b> CE-Vlans net0/1 untagged, 1-4094 net0/2 net0/2 200
lsage Guidelines	12.2(25)SEGExpressions are case se are not displayed, but theThis is an example of oSwitch# show ethernedIdentifier Interface222FastEthern10FastEthern222FastEthern333FastEthern	This command was introduced. Ensitive. For example, if you enter   <b>exclude output</b> , the lines that contain <i>output</i> he lines that contain <i>Output</i> are displayed. Soutput from the <b>show ethernet service instance</b> command: <b>t service instance</b> CE-Vlans net0/1 untagged, 1-4094 net0/2 net0/2 200 net0/2 default
lsage Guidelines	12.2(25)SEGExpressions are case se are not displayed, but theThis is an example of oSwitch# show ethernedIdentifier Interface222FastEthern10FastEthern222FastEthern333FastEthern10FastEthern10FastEthern33FastEthern10FastEthern	This command was introduced. ensitive. For example, if you enter   exclude output, the lines that contain output he lines that contain Output are displayed. output from the show ethernet service instance command: t service instance CE-Vlans net0/1 untagged, 1-4094 net0/2 net0/2 200 net0/2 default net0/3 300
lsage Guidelines	12.2(25)SEGExpressions are case se are not displayed, but theThis is an example of oSwitch# show ethernedIdentifier Interface222FastEthern10FastEthern222FastEthern333FastEthern10FastEthern11FastEthern	This command was introduced. ensitive. For example, if you enter   exclude output, the lines that contain output he lines that contain Output are displayed. output from the show ethernet service instance command: t service instance CE-Vlans net0/1 untagged,1-4094 net0/2 net0/2 200 net0/2 default net0/3 300 net0/3
Jsage Guidelines	12.2(25)SEGExpressions are case se are not displayed, but theThis is an example of oSwitch# show ethernedIdentifier Interface222FastEthern10FastEthern222FastEthern333FastEthern10FastEthern11FastEthern10FastEthern11FastEthern10FastEthern10FastEthern11FastEthern10FastEthern	This command was introduced. ensitive. For example, if you enter   exclude output, the lines that contain output he lines that contain Output are displayed. output from the show ethernet service instance command: t service instance CE-Vlans net0/1 untagged,1-4094 net0/2 net0/2 200 net0/2 default net0/3 300 net0/3 net0/4 300
Jsage Guidelines	12.2(25)SEGExpressions are case se are not displayed, but theThis is an example of oSwitch# show ethernedIdentifierInterface222FastEthern10FastEthern222FastEthern333FastEthern10FastEthern11FastEthern10FastEthern10FastEthern10FastEthern10FastEthern10FastEthern10FastEthern10FastEthern10FastEthern	This command was introduced.         ensitive. For example, if you enter   exclude output, the lines that contain output he lines that contain Output are displayed.         output from the show ethernet service instance command:         t service instance         CE-Vlans         net0/1       untagged, 1-4094         net0/2       200         net0/2       default         net0/3       300         net0/4       300         net0/4       300         net0/4       300
Jsage Guidelines	12.2(25)SEGExpressions are case se are not displayed, but theThis is an example of oSwitch# show ethernedIdentifierInterface222FastEthern10FastEthern222FastEthern333FastEthern10FastEthern11FastEthern10FastEthern10FastEthern10FastEthern10FastEthern10FastEthern10FastEthern10FastEthern10FastEthern10FastEthern10FastEthern10FastEthern	This command was introduced. Insitive. For example, if you enter   exclude output, the lines that contain output he lines that contain Output are displayed. Intervice instance CE-Vlans net0/1 untagged, 1-4094 net0/2 default net0/3 300 net0/4 300 net0/6 untagged, 1-4094 net0/7 untagged, 1-4094
Jsage Guidelines	12.2(25)SEGExpressions are case se are not displayed, but theThis is an example of oSwitch# show ethernedIdentifier Interface222FastEthern10FastEthern22FastEthern33FastEthern10FastEthern	This command was introduced. Ensitive. For example, if you enter   exclude output, the lines that contain output he lines that contain Output are displayed. Soutput from the show ethernet service instance command: t service instance CE-Vlans net0/1 untagged, 1-4094 net0/2 200 net0/2 default net0/3 300 net0/3 300 net0/4 300 net0/6 untagged, 1-4094 net0/7 untagged, 1-4094 net0/8 untagged, 1-4094
Usage Guidelines	12.2(25)SEGExpressions are case se are not displayed, but theThis is an example of oSwitch# show ethernedIdentifier Interface222FastEthern10FastEthern22FastEthern33FastEthern10FastEthern11FastEthern10FastEthern10FastEthern10FastEthern10FastEthern10FastEthern10FastEthern10FastEthern10FastEthern10FastEthern10FastEthern10FastEthern10FastEthern10FastEthern10FastEthern10FastEthern10FastEthern10FastEthern	This command was introduced.         ensitive. For example, if you enter   exclude output, the lines that contain output he lines that contain Output are displayed.         output from the show ethernet service instance command:         t service instance         CE-Vlans         net0/1       untagged, 1-4094         net0/2       200         net0/2       default         net0/3       300         net0/4       300         net0/4       300         net0/6       untagged, 1-4094         net0/7       untagged, 1-4094         net0/8       untagged, 1-4094

333	FastEthernet0/11	100-200,1000,1999-4094
222	FastEthernet0/12	20
333	FastEthernet0/12	10
10	FastEthernet0/13	10
20	FastEthernet0/13	20
30	FastEthernet0/13	30
200	FastEthernet0/13	222
200	FastEthernet0/14	200,222
300	FastEthernet0/14	333
555	FastEthernet0/14	555

### **Related Commands**

;	Command	Description
	service instance <i>id</i> ethernet	Defines an Ethernet service instance and enters Ethernet service
		configuration mode.

# show ethernet service interface

Use the **show ethernet service interface** privileged EXEC command to display interface-based information about Ethernet customer-service instances for all interfaces or a specified interface.

show ethernet service interface [interface-id] [detail] [ | {begin | exclude | include} expression]

This command is available only if your switch is running the metro IP access or metro access image.

Syntax Description	interface-id	(Optional) Display service-instance information for the specified interface.
	detail	(Optional) Display detailed information about service instances on all interfaces or the specified interface.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the expression.
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the expression.
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(25)SEG	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	*	se sensitive. For example, if you enter   <b>exclude output</b> , the lines that contain <i>outpu</i> out the lines that contain <i>Output</i> are displayed.
Usage Guidelines Examples	are not displayed, t	but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> are displayed.
Usage Guidelines Examples	are not displayed, t These are examples	but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> are displayed. It is of outputs from the <b>show ethernet service interface</b> commands:
	are not displayed, t These are examples	but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> are displayed. s of outputs from the <b>show ethernet service interface</b> commands: ernet service interface gigabitethernet0/1 Identifier
-	are not displayed, b These are examples Switch# show ether Interface GigabitEthernet0/ Switch# show ether Interface: FastEt ID:	but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> are displayed. s of outputs from the <b>show ethernet service interface</b> commands: ernet service interface gigabitethernet0/1 Identifier /1 PE2-G101 ernet service interface detail
-	are not displayed, b These are examples Switch# show ether Interface GigabitEthernet0/ Switch# show ether Interface: FastEt ID: CE-VLANS: EVC Map Type: Bur	but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> are displayed. s of outputs from the <b>show ethernet service interface</b> commands: <b>ernet service interface gigabitethernet0/1</b> Identifier /1 PE2-G101 <b>ernet service interface detai1</b> thernet0/1 mdling-Multiplexing
-	are not displayed, b These are examples Switch# show ether Interface GigabitEthernet0/ Switch# show ether Interface: Fastet ID: CE-VLANS: EVC Map Type: Bur Interface: Fastet	but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> are displayed. s of outputs from the <b>show ethernet service interface</b> commands: <b>ernet service interface gigabitethernet0/1</b> Identifier /1 PE2-G101 <b>ernet service interface detail</b> thernet0/1 hdling-Multiplexing
-	are not displayed, b These are examples Switch# show ether Interface GigabitEthernet0/ Switch# show ether Interface: FastEt ID: CE-VLANS: EVC Map Type: Bur	but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> are displayed. s of outputs from the <b>show ethernet service interface</b> commands: <b>ernet service interface gigabitethernet0/1</b> Identifier /1 PE2-G101 <b>ernet service interface detail</b> thernet0/1 hdling-Multiplexing
-	are not displayed, b These are examples Switch# show ether Interface GigabitEthernet0/ Switch# show ether Interface: FastEt ID: CE-VLANS: EVC Map Type: Bur Interface: FastEt ID: CE-VLANS: EVC Map Type: Bur	but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> are displayed. s of outputs from the show ethernet service interface commands: ernet service interface gigabitethernet0/1 Identifier /1 PE2-G101 ernet service interface detail thernet0/1 hdling-Multiplexing thernet0/2 hdling-Multiplexing
-	are not displayed, b These are examples Switch# show ether Interface GigabitEthernet0/ Switch# show ether Interface: FastEt ID: CE-VLANS: EVC Map Type: Bur Interface: FastEt ID: CE-VLANS:	but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> are displayed. s of outputs from the show ethernet service interface commands: ernet service interface gigabitethernet0/1 Identifier /1 PE2-G101 ernet service interface detail thernet0/1 hdling-Multiplexing thernet0/2 hdling-Multiplexing
	are not displayed, b These are examples Switch# show ether Interface GigabitEthernet0/ Switch# show ether Interface: FastEt ID: CE-VLANS: EVC Map Type: Bur Interface: FastEt ID: CE-VLANS: EVC Map Type: Bur Interface: FastEt ID: CE-VLANS: EVC Map Type: Bur Interface: FastEt ID: CE-VLANS:	but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> are displayed. as of outputs from the show ethernet service interface commands: ernet service interface gigabitethernet0/1 Identifier /1 PE2-G101 ernet service interface detail thernet0/1 hdling-Multiplexing thernet0/2 hdling-Multiplexing thernet0/3
-	are not displayed, b These are examples Switch# show ether Interface GigabitEthernet0/ Switch# show ether Interface: FastEt ID: CE-VLANS: EVC Map Type: Bur Interface: FastEt ID: CE-VLANS: EVC Map Type: Bur Interface: FastEt ID: CE-VLANS: EVC Map Type: Bur Interface: FastEt ID: CE-VLANS:	but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> are displayed. s of outputs from the show ethernet service interface commands: ernet service interface gigabitethernet0/1 Identifier /1 PE2-G101 ernet service interface detail thernet0/1 hdling-Multiplexing thernet0/2 hdling-Multiplexing

```
Interface: GigabitEthernet0/1
ID: PE2-G101
CE-VLANS: 10,20,30
EVC Map Type: Bundling-Multiplexing
Associated EVCs:
EVC-ID CE-VLAN
WHITE 30
RED 20
BLUE 10
Associated Service Instances:
Service-Instance-ID CE-VLAN
10 10
20 20
30 30
```

### **Related Commands**

CommandDescriptionservice instance id ethernetDefines an Ethernet service instance and enters Ethernet service<br/>configuration mode from interface configuration mode.

## show flowcontrol

Use the show flowcontrol user EXEC command to display the flow control status and statistics.

show flowcontrol [interface interface-id | module number] [ | {begin | exclude | include}
expression]

Syntax Description	<b>interface</b> <i>interface-id</i>	(Optional) interface.	Display the flow c	ontrol stat	tus and statistics for a specific			
	module number	switch. Th	(Optional) Display the flow control status and statistics for all interfaces on the switch. The only valid module number is 1. This option is not available if you have entered a specific interface ID.					
	begin	(Optional)	Display begins wi	th the line	that matches the <i>expression</i> .			
	exclude	(Optional)	Display excludes l	ines that 1	match the <i>expression</i> .			
	include	(Optional)	Display includes l	ines that n	natch the specified <i>expression</i> .			
	expression	Expression	n in the output to us	se as a ref	erence point.			
Command Modes	User EXEC							
Command History	Release	Modificati	on					
	12.2(25)EX	This comm	nand was introduce	d.				
Usage Guidelines	Use this command to dis	splay the flow	control status and	statistics o	on the switch or for a specific interface.			
			· ·		t all the switch interfaces. The output om the <b>show flowcontrol module</b>			
	Use the <b>show flowcontrol interface</b> <i>interface-id</i> command to display information about a specific interface.							
	Expressions are case se do not appear, but the li			r   <b>exclud</b> o	e output, the lines that contain <i>output</i>			
Examples	This is an example of o	utput from th	e show flowcontro	l comman	ıd.			
	admin o	Control Rec oper adm	eive FlowControl in oper					
	Gi0/2 desired of Gi0/3 desired of	Jnsupp. off off off	off	0 0 0	 0 0 0			
	<output truncated=""></output>							

### This is an example of output from the **show flowcontrol interface** *interface-id* command:

Switch> show flowcontrol interface gigabitethernet0/2							
Port	Send Flo	wControl	Receive	FlowControl	RxPause	TxPause	
	admin	oper	admin	oper			
Gi0/2	desired	off	off	off	0	0	

ds	Command	Description			
	flowcontrol	Sets the receive flow-control state for an interface.			

## show idprom

Use the **show idprom** user EXEC command to display the IDPROM information for a Gigabit Ethernet interface.

show idprom {interface interface-id} [detail] [ | {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	interface interface-id	Display the IDPROM information for the specified Gigabit Ethernet interface.				
	detail	(Optional) Display detailed IDPROM information.				
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .				
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .				
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .				
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.				
Command Modes	User EXEC					
Command History	Release	Modification				
•	12.2(25)EX	This command was introduced.				
	do not appear, but the lin	nes that contain <i>Output</i> appear.				
Examples	This is an example of our	tput from the <b>show idprom interface</b> command for a Gigabit Ethernet interface				
	Switch# show idprom interface gigabitethernet0/1					
	General SFP Informati	on				
	Identifier Connector Transceiver	 : 0x03 : 0x07 : 0x00 0x00 0x00 0x00 0x00 0x00 0x00 0x				
	Encoding	: 0x02				
	BR_Nominal Vendor Name	: 0x01 : CISCO-NEC				
	Vendor Part Number	: OD-BP1511-23SL2				
	Vendor Part Number					
	Vendor Part Number Vendor Revision Vendor Serial Number	: OD-BP1511-23SL2 : 0x30 0x30 0x30 0x31				
	Vendor Part Number Vendor Revision Vendor Serial Number  Other Information	: OD-BP1511-23SL2 : 0x30 0x30 0x30 0x31 : NEC08440067				

Embedded PHY	: not present					
SFP presence index	: 0					
SFP iter cnt	: 697918					
SFP failed oper flag	: 0x0					
IIC error cnt						
IIC error dsb cnt	: 0					
IIC max sts cnt	: 4					
Chk for link status						
Link Status	: 1					
Link Status Media	: 1					
Preferred media	: 0 : 1					
Resolved Media	: 1					
Config Media	: 1					
Access Count	: 0					
Access Count Max	: 2					
Port Rx Loss	: no					
Port Tx Fault	: no					
Port Tx Disable	: no					
Sfp selection asic re						
stbi	: 0x00					
sfpControl	: 0x4C					
	: 0xF000000					
Page 0 Registers						
0000: 1140 Control H	Register	:	0001	0001	0100	0000
0001: 6149 Control \$	STATUS	:	0110	0001	0100	1001
0002: 0141 Phy ID 1		:	0000	0001	0100	0001
0003: 0C92 Phy ID 2			0000			
0004: 01E1 Auto-Nego	otiation Advertisement	:	0000	0001	1110	0001
0005: 0000 Auto-Nego	otiation Link Partner	:	0000	0000	0000	0000
0006: 0004 Auto-Nego	otiation Expansion Reg	:	0000	0000	0000	0100
0007: 2001 Next Page	e Transmit Register	:	0010	0000	0000	0001
0008: 0000 Link Part	ner Next page Registe	:	0000	0000	0000	0000
0009: 0F00 1000BASE	-T Control Register	:	0000	1111	0000	0000
000A: 0000 1000BASE	-T Status Register	:	0000	0000	0000	0000
000F: 0000 Extended	Status Register	:	0000	0000	0000	0000
0010: 6028 PHY Spec:	ific Control Register	:	0110	0000	0010	1000
	ific Status Register		0110			

010 0000 0000 0001 000 0000 0000 0000 000 1111 0000 0000 000 0000 0000 0000 000 0000 0000 0000 0015: 01C0 Receive Error Counter : 0000 0001 1100 0000 
 0016: 0000 Page Address Register
 : 0000 0000 0000 0000

 001A: 8040 PHY Specific Control Register2
 : 1000 0000 0100 0000

<output truncated>

<b>Related Commands</b>	Command	Description		
	show controllers	Displays per-interface send and receive statistics read from the		
	ethernet-controller	hardware, interface internal registers, or port ASIC information.		

## show interfaces

Use the **show interfaces** privileged EXEC command to display the administrative and operational status of all interfaces or a specified interface.

show interfaces [interface-id | vlan vlan-id] [accounting | capabilities [module number] |
counters | description | etherchannel | flowcontrol | private-vlan mapping | rep | stats |
status [err-disabled] | switchport [backup | module number] | trunk] [ | {begin | exclude |
include} expression]

Syntax Description	interface-id	(Optional) Valid interfaces include physical ports (including type, module, and port number) and port channels. The port-channel range is 1 to 48.
	vlan vlan-id	(Optional) VLAN identification. The range is 1 to 4094.
	accounting	(Optional) Display accounting information on the interface, including active protocols and input and output packets and octets.
	capabilities	(Optional) Display the capabilities of all interfaces or the specified interface, including the features and options that you can configure on the interface. Though visible in the command line help, this option is not available for VLAN IDs.
	module number	(Optional) Display <b>capabilities</b> , <b>switchport</b> configuration, or <b>transceiver</b> characteristics (depending on preceding keyword) of all interfaces on the switch. The only valid module number is 1. This option is not available if you have entered a specific interface ID.
	counters	(Optional) See the show interfaces counters command.
	description	(Optional) Display the administrative status and description set for an interface.
	etherchannel	(Optional) Display interface EtherChannel information.
	flowcontrol	(Optional) Display interface flowcontrol information
	private-vlan mapping	(Optional) Display private-VLAN mapping information for the VLAN switch virtual interfaces (SVIs) and private VLAN promiscuous ports. A promiscuous port must be a network node interface (NNI). This keyword is visible only when the switch is running the metro access or metro IP access image.
	rep	(Optional) See the show interfaces rep command.
	stats	(Optional) Display the input and output packets by switching path for the interface.
	status	(Optional) Display the status of the interface. A status of <i>unsupported</i> in the Type field means that a non-Cisco small form-factor pluggable (SFP) module is inserted in the module slot.
	err-disabled	(Optional) Display interfaces in error-disabled state.
	switchport	(Optional) Display the administrative and operational status of a switching (nonrouting) port, including port blocking and port protection settings.
	backup	(Optional) Display Flex Link backup interface configuration and status for the specified interface or all interfaces on the switch. This keyword is visible only when the switch is running the metro access or metro IP access image.
	trunk	Display interface trunk information. If you do not specify an interface, only information for active trunking ports appears.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .

	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
	expression	
Note	-	in the command-line help strings, the <b>crb</b> , <b>fair-queue</b> , <b>irb</b> , <b>mac-accounting</b> , <b>uning random-detect</b> , <b>rate-limit</b> , and <b>shape</b> keywords are not supported.
Command Modes	Privileged EXE	С
Command History	Release	Modification
ooninana motory	12.2(25)EX	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	The show inter	faces capabilities command with different keywords has these results:
-		w interface capabilities module 1 to display the capabilities of all interfaces on the ering any other number is invalid.
	• Use the <b>sho</b> interface.	w interfaces interface-id capabilities to display the capabilities of the specified
		w interfaces capabilities (with no module number or interface ID) to display the of all interfaces on the switch.
		w interface switchport module 1 to display the switch port characteristics of all n the switch. Entering any other number is invalid.
	-	case sensitive. For example, if you enter l <b>exclude output</b> , the lines that contain <i>output</i> d, but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> are displayed.
Examples	This is an exam	ple of output from the <b>show interfaces</b> command for an interface:
	Switch# <b>show i</b>	nterfaces gigabitethernet0/2
	Hardware is MTU 1500 byt reliabili Encapsulatio	etO/2 is down, line protocol is down Gigabit Ethernet, address is 0009.43a7.d085 (bia 0009.43a7.d085) es, BW 10000 Kbit, DLY 1000 usec, ty 255/255, txload 1/255, rxload 1/255 on ARPA, loopback not set
	ARP type: AR	Auto-speed control is off, output flow-control is off CPA, ARP Timeout 04:00:00 Last input never, output never, output hang never
	Input queue: Queueing str Output queue	g of "show interface" counters never 0/75/0/0 (size/max/drops/flushes); Total output drops: 0 rategy: fifo e :0/40 (size/max) put rate 0 bits/sec, 0 packets/sec
	5 minute out 2 packets Received 0 input e	ar face o bits/sec, 0 packets/sec s input, 1040 bytes, 0 no buffer 0 broadcasts, 0 runts, 0 giants, 0 throttles errors, 0 CRC, 0 frame, 0 overrun, 0 ignored bg, 0 multicast, 0 pause input
		ackets with dribble condition detected

4 packets output, 1040 bytes, 0 underruns 0 output errors, 0 collisions, 3 interface resets 0 babbles, 0 late collision, 0 deferred 0 lost carrier, 0 no carrier, 0 PAUSE output 0 output buffer failures, 0 output buffers swapped out

#### This is an example of output from the **show interfaces accounting** command.

Switch# <b>show interfaces accounting</b> Vlan1							
Protocol	Pkts In	Chars In	Pkts Out	Chars Out			
IP	1094395	131900022	559555	84077157			
Spanning Tree	283896	17033760	42	2520			
ARP	63738	3825680	231	13860			
Interface Vlan2 is disabled Vlan7	1						
Protocol	Pkts In	Chars In	Pkts Out	Chars Out			
No traffic sent or received Vlan31	l on this	interface.					
Protocol	Pkts In	Chars In	Pkts Out	Chars Out			
No traffic sent or received	d on this	interface.					
GigabitEthernet0/1							
Protocol	Pkts In	Chars In	Pkts Out	Chars Out			
No traffic sent or received	l on this	interface.					
GigabitEthernet0/2							
Protocol	Pkts In	Chars In	Pkts Out	Chars Out			
No traffic sent or received	l on this	interface.					

<output truncated>

This is an example of output from the show interfaces capabilities command for an interface.

#### Switch# show interfaces gigabitethernet0/2 capabilities

GigabitEthernet0/2	
Model:	modell-ic
Type:	10/100/1000BaseTX SFP
Speed:	10,100,1000,auto
Duplex:	half,full,auto
Trunk encap. type:	802.1Q
Trunk mode:	on,off,desirable,nonegotiate
Channel:	yes
Broadcast suppression:	percentage(0-100)
Flowcontrol:	<pre>rx-(off,on,desired),tx-(none)</pre>
Fast Start:	yes
QoS scheduling:	<pre>rx-(not configurable on per port basis),tx-(4q2t)</pre>
CoS rewrite:	yes
ToS rewrite:	yes
UDLD:	yes
SPAN: s	ource/destination
PortSecure:	yes
Dot1x:	yes

This is an example of output from the **show interfaces** *interface* **description** command when the interface has been described as *Connects to Marketing* by using the **description** interface configuration command.

```
Switch# show interfaces gigabitethernet0/2 descriptionInterface StatusProtocol DescriptionGi0/2updownConnects to Marketing
```

This is an example of output from the **show interfaces etherchannel** command when port channels are configured on the switch:

Switch# show interfaces etherchannel

```
Port-channel1:
Age of the Port-channel = 03d:20h:17m:29s
Logical slot/port = 10/1 Number of ports = 0
GC = 0x00000000 HotStandBy port = null
                 = Port-channel Ag-Not-Inuse
Port state
Port-channel2:
Age of the Port-channel = 03d:20h:17m:29s
Logical slot/port = 10/2 Number of ports = 0
           = 0x00000000 HotStandBy port = null
GC
Port state
                  = Port-channel Ag-Not-Inuse
Port-channel3:
Age of the Port-channel = 03d:20h:17m:29s
Logical slot/port= 10/3Number of ports = 0GC= 0x00000000HotStandBy port = null
              = Port-channel Ag-Not-Inuse
Port state
```

This is an example of output from the **show interfaces private-vlan mapping** command when the private-VLAN primary VLAN is VLAN 10 and the secondary VLANs are VLANs 501 and 502:

```
Switch# show interfaces private-vlan mappingInterface Secondary VLAN Typevlan10501isolatedvlan10502community
```

This is an example of output from the **show interfaces stats** command for a specified VLAN interface.

Switch# show interfaces vlan 1 stats								
Switching pa	ath	Pkts In	Chars In	Pkts	Out C	Chars Out		
Proc	cessor	1165354	136205310	)	570800	91731594		
Route	cache	C	) (	)	C	) 0		
	Total	1165354	136205310	)	570800	91731594		

This is an example of partial output from the **show interfaces status** command. It displays the status of all interfaces.

Switch# show interfaces	status				
Port Name	Status	Vlan	Duplex	Speed	Туре
Fa0/1	connected	1	a-full	a-100	10/100BaseTX
Fa0/2	connected	1	a-full	a-100	10/100BaseTX
Fa0/3	notconnect	1	auto	auto	10/100BaseTX
Fa0/4	disabled	1	auto	auto	10/100BaseTX
Fa0/5	disabled	1	auto	auto	10/100BaseTX
Fa0/6	disabled	1	auto	auto	10/100BaseTX
Fa0/7	disabled	1	auto	auto	10/100BaseTX
Fa0/8	disabled	1	auto	auto	10/100BaseTX
Fa0/9	disabled	1	auto	auto	10/100BaseTX
Fa0/10	disabled	1	auto	auto	10/100BaseTX
Fa0/11	disabled	1	auto	auto	10/100BaseTX
Fa0/12	disabled	1	auto	auto	10/100BaseTX
Fa0/13	disabled	1	auto	auto	10/100BaseTX
Fa0/14	disabled	1	auto	auto	10/100BaseTX
Fa0/15	disabled	1	auto	auto	10/100BaseTX
Fa0/16	disabled	1	auto	auto	10/100BaseTX
Fa0/17	disabled	1	auto	auto	10/100BaseTX
Fa0/18	disabled	1	auto	auto	10/100BaseTX
Fa0/19	disabled	1	auto	auto	10/100BaseTX

Fa0/20	disabled	1	auto	auto	10/100BaseTX
Fa0/21	disabled	1	auto	auto	10/100BaseTX
Fa0/22	disabled	1	auto	auto	10/100BaseTX
Fa0/23	disabled	1	auto	auto	10/100BaseTX
Fa0/24	disabled	1	auto	auto	10/100BaseTX
Gi0/1	notconnect	1	auto	auto	10/100/1000Ba
seTX SFP					
Gi0/2	connected	vl-err-dis a	a-full	a-1000	10/100/1000BaseTX

These are examples of output from the **show interfaces status** command for a specific interface when private VLANs are configured. Port 22 is configured as a private-VLAN host port. It is associated with primary VLAN 20 and secondary VLAN 25.

Switch#	show interfaces	fastethernet0/22	status		
Port	Name	Status	Vlan	Duplex	Speed Type
Fa0/22		connected	20,25	a-full	a-100 10/100BaseTX

In this example, port 2 is configured as a private-VLAN promiscuous port. The display shows only the primary VLAN 20.

Switch#	show interfaces	gigabitethernet0/2	2 status		
Port	Name	Status	Vlan	Duplex	Speed Type
Gi0/2		connected	20	a-full	a-100 10/100/1000BaseTX

This is an example of output from the **show interfaces status err-disabled** command for an interface:

Switch# show interfaces gigabitethernet0/2 status err-disabled

Port	Name	Status	Reason	Err-disabled Vlans
Gi0/2		connected	elmi evc down	1,200

This is an example of output from the **show interfaces switchport** command for a single port. Table 2-12 describes the fields in the display.

Note

Private VLAN trunks are not supported in this release, so those fields are not applicable.

```
Switch# show interfaces gigabitethernet0/1 switchport
Name: Gi0/1
Switchport: Enabled
Administrative Mode: static access
Operational Mode: static access
Administrative Trunking Encapsulation: dotlq
Operational Trunking Encapsulation: native
Negotiation of Trunking: Off
Access Mode VLAN: 1 (default)
Trunking Native Mode VLAN: 1 (default)
Administrative Native VLAN tagging: enabled
Administrative private-vlan host-association: none
Administrative private-vlan mapping: none
Administrative private-vlan trunk native VLAN: none
Administrative private-vlan trunk Native VLAN tagging: enabled
Administrative private-vlan trunk encapsulation: dot1q
Administrative private-vlan trunk normal VLANs: none
Administrative private-vlan trunk private VLANs: none
Operational private-vlan: none
Trunking VLANs Enabled: ALL
Capture Mode Disabled
Capture VLANs Allowed: ALL
Unknown unicast blocked: disabled
```

Unknown multicast blocked: disabled

Appliance trust: none

```
Administrative Native VLAN tagging: enabled
Administrative private-vlan host-association: none
Administrative private-vlan mapping: none
Administrative private-vlan trunk native VLAN: none
Administrative private-vlan trunk Native VLAN tagging: enabled
Administrative private-vlan trunk encapsulation: dotlq
Administrative private-vlan trunk normal VLANs: none
Administrative private-vlan trunk private VLANs: none
Operational private-vlan: none
Trunking VLANs Enabled: ALL
Capture Mode Disabled
Capture VLANs Allowed: ALL
```

```
Unknown unicast blocked: disabled
Unknown multicast blocked: disabled
Appliance trust: none
```

Field	Description
Name	Displays the port name.
Switchport	Displays the administrative and operational status of the port. In this display, the port is in switchport mode.
Administrative Mode	Displays the administrative and operational modes.
Operational Mode	
Administrative Trunking Encapsulation	Displays the administrative and operational encapsulation method and whether trunking negotiation is enabled.
Negotiation of Trunking	
Access Mode VLAN	Displays the VLAN ID to which the port is configured.
Trunking Native Mode VLAN	Lists the VLAN ID of the trunk that is in native mode.
Administrative Native VLAN tagging	Displays whether or not VLAN tagging is enabled.
Administrative private-vlan host-association	Displays the administrative VLAN association for private-VLAN host ports.
Administrative private-vlan mapping	Displays the administrative VLAN mapping for private-VLAN promiscuous ports.
Operational private-vlan	Displays the operational private-VLAN status.
Trunking VLANs enabled	Lists the active VLANs on the trunk.
Capture VLANs allowed	Lists the allowed VLANs on the trunk.
Unknown unicast blocked	Displays whether or not unknown multicast and unknown
Unknown multicast blocked	unicast traffic is blocked on the interface.

### Table 2-12show interfaces switchport Field Descriptions

This is an example of output from the **show interfaces switchport** command for a port configured as a private VLAN promiscuous port. The primary VLAN 20 is mapped to secondary VLANs 25, 30 and 35:

```
Switch# show interface gigabitethernet0/2 switchport
Name: Gi0/2
Switchport: Enabled
Administrative Mode: private-vlan promiscuous
Operational Mode: private-vlan promiscuous
Administrative Trunking Encapsulation: negotiate
Operational Trunking Encapsulation: native
Negotiation of Trunking: Off
Access Mode VLAN: 1 (default)
Trunking Native Mode VLAN: 1 (default)
Administrative Native VLAN tagging: enabled
Administrative private-vlan host-association: none
Administrative private-vlan mapping: 20 (VLAN0020) 25 (VLAN0025) 30 (VLAN0030) 35
(VLAN0035)
Administrative private-vlan trunk native VLAN: none
Administrative private-vlan trunk Native VLAN tagging: enabled
Administrative private-vlan trunk encapsulation: dot1q
Administrative private-vlan trunk normal VLANs: none
Administrative private-vlan trunk private VLANs: none
Operational private-vlan:
20 (VLAN0020) 25 (VLAN0025)
30 (VLAN0030)
35 (VLAN0035)
```

```
<output truncated>
```

This is an example of out put from the **show interfaces switchport backup** command when a Flex Link interface goes down (LINK\_DOWN), and VLANs preferred on this interface are moved to the peer interface of the Flex Link pair. In this example, if interface Gi0/6 goes down, Gi0/8 carries all VLANs of the Flex Link pair.

```
Switch#show interfaces switchport backup
Switch Backup Interface Pairs:
Active Interface Backup Interface State
GigabitEthernet2/0/6 GigabitEthernet0/8 Active Down/Backup Up
Vlans Preferred on Active Interface: 1-50
Vlans Preferred on Backup Interface: 60, 100-120
```

This is an example of output from the **show interfaces** *switchport* **backup** command. In this example, VLANs 1 to 50, 60, and 100 to 120 are configured on the switch:

```
Switch(config)# interface gigabitEthernet 0/6
Switch(config-if)# switchport backup interface gigabitEthernet 0/8 prefer vlan 60,100-120
```

When both interfaces are up, G/0/8 forwards traffic for VLANs 60, 100 to 120, and Gi0/6 will forward traffic for VLANs 1 to 50.

```
Switch#show interfaces switchport backup
Switch Backup Interface Pairs:
Active Interface Backup Interface State
GigabitEthernet0/6 GigabitEthernet2/0/8 Active Up/Backup Up
Vlans on Interface Gi 0/6: 1-50
Vlans on Interface Gi 0/8: 60, 100-120
```

When a Flex Link interface goes down (LINK\_DOWN), VLANs preferred on this interface are moved to the peer interface of the Flex Link pair. In this example, if interface Gi0/6 goes down, Gi0/8 carries all VLANs of the Flex Link pair.

Switch#show interfaces switchport backup Switch Backup Interface Pairs: Active Interface Backup Interface State GigabitEthernet0/6 GigabitEthernet0/8 Active Down/Backup Up Vlans on Interface Gi 0/6: Vlans on Interface Gi 0/8: 1-50, 60, 100-120

When a Flex Link interface comes up, VLANs preferred on this interface are blocked on the peer interface and moved to the forwarding state on the interface that has just come up. In this example, if interface Gi0/6 comes up, then VLANs preferred on this interface are blocked on the peer interface Gi0/8 and forwarded on Gi0/6.

Switch#show interfaces switchport backup Switch Backup Interface Pairs:

Active Interface Backup Interface State GigabitEthernet20/6 GigabitEthernet0/8 Active Up/Backup Up Vlans on Interface Gi 0/6: 1-50 Vlans on Interface Gi 0/8: 60, 100-120

This is an example of output from the **show interfaces** *interface-id* **trunk** command. It displays trunking information for the port.

Switch#	show	interfaces	gigabitethernet0/	1 trunk	
Port		Mode	Encapsulation	Status	Native vlan
Gi0/1		auto	negotiate	trunking	1
Port Gi0/1		Vlans allo 1-4094	owed on trunk		
Port Gi0/1		Vlans allo 1-4	owed and active in	management do	omain
Port Gi0/1		Vlans in s 1-4	spanning tree forwa	arding state a	and not pruned

Related Commands	Command	Description
	switchport access vlan	Configures a port as a static-access or a dynamic-access port.
	switchport block	Blocks unknown unicast or multicast traffic on an interface.
	switchport backup interface	Configures Flex Links, a pair of Layer 2 interfaces that provide mutual backup.
	switchport mode	Configures the VLAN membership mode of a port.
	switchport mode private-vlan	Configures a port as a private-VLAN host or a promiscuous port.
	switchport private-vlan	Defines private-VLAN association for a host port or private-VLAN mapping for a promiscuous port.

### show interfaces counters

Use the **show interfaces counters** privileged EXEC command to display various counters for the switch or for a specific interface.

show interfaces [interface-id | vlan vlan-id] counters [errors | trunk] [module switch- number] |
etherchannel | protocol status] [ | {begin | exclude | include} expression]

	rrors	<ul><li>(Optional) ID of the physical interface, including type, module, and port number.</li><li>(Optional) Display error counters.</li></ul>
tr	l-	
	UNK	(Optional) Display trunk counters.
m	odule switch- number	(Optional) Display counters for the specified switch number. The only available value is 1.
et	herchannel	(Optional) Display EtherChannel counters, including octets, broadcast packets, multicast packets, and unicast packets received and sent.
pr	rotocol status	(Optional) Display status of protocols enabled on interfaces.
l b	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
le	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
li	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .
ex	pression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC

<b>Command History</b>	Release	Мо	dification			
	12.2(25)EX	Thi	s command was	introduced.		
Usage Guidelines	If you do not enter	any keywo	rds, all counter	s for all interfac	es are included.	
	Expressions are cas are not displayed, l		- · ·	•	· ·	nes that contain <i>output</i>
Examples	This is an example counters for the sw	-	output from the	show interfaces	s counters comma	nd. It displays all
Examples	-	itch.	-	show interfaces	s counters comma	nd. It displays all
Examples	counters for the sw Switch# show inte	itch.	-	<b>show interface</b> InMcastPkts	<b>s counters</b> comma InBcastPkts	nd. It displays all
Examples	counters for the sw Switch# show inte	itch. erfaces co	unters			nd. It displays all

This is an example of partial output from the **show interfaces counters protocol status** command for all interfaces.

Switch# show interfaces counters protocol status Protocols allocated: Vlan1: Other, IP Vlan20: Other, IP, ARP Vlan30: Other, IP, ARP Vlan40: Other, IP, ARP Vlan50: Other, IP, ARP Vlan60: Other, IP, ARP Vlan70: Other, IP, ARP Vlan80: Other, IP, ARP Vlan90: Other, IP, ARP Vlan900: Other, IP, ARP Vlan3000: Other, IP Vlan3500: Other, IP FastEthernet0/1: Other, IP, ARP, CDP FastEthernet0/2: Other, IP FastEthernet0/3: Other, IP FastEthernet0/4: Other, IP FastEthernet0/5: Other, IP FastEthernet0/6: Other, IP FastEthernet0/7: Other, IP FastEthernet0/8: Other, IP FastEthernet0/9: Other, IP FastEthernet0/10: Other, IP, CDP

<output truncated>

This is an example of output from the **show interfaces counters trunk** command. It displays trunk counters for all interfaces.

Switch#	show interfaces co	unters trunk	
Port	TrunkFramesTx	TrunkFramesRx	WrongEncap
Gi0/1	0	0	0
Gi0/2	0	0	0
Gi0/3	80678	4155	0
Gi0/4	82320	126	0
Gi0/5	0	0	0

<output truncated>

**Related Commands** 

Command	Description
show interfaces	Displays additional interface characteristics.

## show interfaces rep

Use the **show interfaces rep** User EXEC command to display Resilient Ethernet Protocol (REP) configuration and status for a specified interface or for all interfaces.

show interfaces [interface-id] rep [detail] [ | {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	interface-id	(Optional) Display REP configuration and status for a specified physical interface or port channel ID.					
	detail	(Optional) Display detailed REP configuration and status information.					
	begin	<b>begin</b> (Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .					
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .					
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .					
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.					
Command Modes	User EXEC						
Command History	Release	Modification					
	12.2(40)SE	This command was introduced.					
Usage Guidelines	port) state, the ( <i>FailNoNbr</i> ). T neighboring po connectivity du forwards all da port blocks traf	r the <b>show interface rep</b> [ <b>detail</b> ] command, in addition to an <i>Open, Fail</i> , or AP (alternate Port Role might show as <i>Fail Logical Open (FailLogOpen)</i> or <i>Fail No Ext Neighbor</i> hese states indicate that the port is physically up, but REP is not configured on the rt. In this case, one port goes into a forwarding state for the data path to help maintain uring configuration. The Port Role for this port shows as Fail Logical Open; the port ta traffic on all VLANs. The other failed Port Role shows as <i>Fail No Ext Neighbor;</i> this fic for all VLANs.					
	When the external neighbors for the failed ports are configured, the failed ports go through the alternate port state transitions and eventually go to an Open state or remain as the alternate port, based on the alternate port election mechanism.						
	In the <b>show interfaces rep</b> command output, ports configured as edge no-neighbors are designated with an asterisk (*) in front of <i>Primary Edge</i> or <i>Secondary Edge</i> . In the output of the <b>show interfaces rep</b> <b>detail</b> command, <i>No-Neighbor</i> is spelled out.						
	The output of this command is also included in the <b>show tech-support</b> privileged EXEC command output.						
	Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter l <b>exclude output</b> , the lines that contain <i>output</i> are not displayed, but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> are displayed.						

#### Examples

#### This is sample output from the **show interface rep** command:

#### Switch # show interface rep

Interface	Seg-id	Туре	LinkOp	Role
GigabitEthernet 0/1	1	Primary Edge	TWO_WAY	Open
GigabitEthernet 0/2	1	Edge	TWO_WAY	Open
FastEthernet 0/4	2		INIT_DOWN	Fail

This is sample output from the **show interface rep** command when the edge port is configured to have no REP neighbor. Note the asterisk (\*) next to *Primary Edge*.

Switch# show interface	rep			
Interface	Seg-id	Туре	LinkOp	Role
GigabitEthernet0/1	2		TWO_WAY	Open
GigabitEthernet0/2	2	Primary Edge*	TWO_WAY	Open

This is sample output from the **show interface rep** command when external neighbors are not configured:

Switch # show interface	rep			
Interface	Seg-id	Туре	LinkOp	Role
GigabitEthernet0/1	1		NO_NEIGHBOR	FailNoNbr
GigabitEthernet0/2	2		NO_NEIGHBOR	FailLogOpen

This is sample output from the **show interface rep detail** command for a specified interface:

```
Switch # show interface gigabitethernet0/2 rep detail
GigabitEthernet0/2 REP enabled
Segment-id: 1 (Segment)
PortID: 00030019E85BDD00
Preferred flag: No
Operational Link Status: INIT_DOWN
Current Key: 0000000000000000000
Port Role: Fail
Blocked VLAN: 1-4094
Admin-vlan: 1
Preempt Delay Timer: disabled
LSL Ageout Timer: 5000 ms
Configured Load-balancing Block Port: 1234567890123456
Configured Load-balancing Block VLAN: 1-4094
STCN Propagate to: none
LSL PDU rx: 0, tx: 0
HFL PDU rx: 0, tx: 0
BPA TLV rx: 0, tx: 0
BPA (STCN, LSL) TLV rx: 0, tx: 0
BPA (STCN, HFL) TLV rx: 0, tx: 0
EPA-ELECTION TLV rx: 0, tx: 0
EPA-COMMAND TLV rx: 0, tx: 0
EPA-INFO TLV rx: 0, tx: 0
```

<b>Related Commands</b>	Command	Description
	rep segment	Enables REP on an interface and assigns a segment ID. This command is also used to configure a port as an edge port, a primary edge port, or a preferred port.
	show rep topology [detail]	Displays information about all ports in the segment, including which one was configured and selected as the primary edge port.

## show interfaces transceivers

Use the **show interfaces transceivers** privileged EXEC command to display the physical properties of a small form-factor pluggable (SFP) module interface.

show interfaces [interface-id] transceiver [detail | dom-supported-list | module number |
properties | threshold-table] [ | {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Cuntor Description						
Syntax Description	interface-id	(Optional) Display configuration and status for a specified physical interface.				
	detail	(Optional) Display calibration properties, including high and low numbers and any alarm information for any Digital Optical Monitoring				
		(DoM)-capable transceiver if one is installed in the switch.				
	dom-supported-list	(Optional) List all supported DoM transceivers.				
	module number	(Optional) Limit display to interfaces on module on the switch. The range is 1 to 9. This option is not available if you entered a specific interface ID.				
	properties	(Optional) Display speed, duplex, and inline power settings on an interface.				
	threshold-table	(Optional) Display alarm and warning threshold table				
	begin	<ul><li>(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i></li><li>(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i>.</li></ul>				
	exclude					
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.				
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.				
Commanu MOUCS	User EXEC					
	Release	Modification				
		Modification This command was introduced.				
Command Modes Command History	Release					
	Release12.2(25)EY12.2(44)SEExpressions are case se	This command was introduced.				
Command History	Release         12.2(25)EY         12.2(44)SE         Expressions are case seare not displayed, but the second	This command was introduced. The <b>dom-supported-list and threshold-table</b> keywords were added.				

This is an example of output from the **show interfaces** interface-id **transceiver detail** command:

Switch# show interfaces gigabitethernet0/3 transceiver detail ITU Channel not available (Wavelength not available), Transceiver is externally calibrated. mA:milliamperes, dBm:decibels (milliwatts), N/A:not applicable. ++:high alarm, +:high warning, -:low warning, -- :low alarm. A2D readouts (if they differ), are reported in parentheses. The threshold values are uncalibrated.

	emperature (Celsius)			Thr (Ce	eshold	Threshol (Celsius	.d s)	Threshold
Gi0/3 41.	5	11	0.0					
	Voltage (Volts)		High Alarm Threshold (Volts)	Thr (Vo	eshold lts)	Threshol (Volts)	.d	Threshold
Gi0/3 3.	20	4.	00					
Port	Current (milliamperes)			Thr (mA	eshold )	Threshol (mA)	.d	Threshold (mA)
Gi0/3 31			.0					
Port	Optical Transmit Power (dBm)		Threshold (dBm)	Thr (dB	eshold	Threshol (dBm)	.d	Threshold (dBm)
	.0 ( -0.0)							
Port	Optical Receive Power (dBm)		Threshold (dBm)	Thr (dB	eshold	Threshol	.d	Threshold
	A (-0.0)				-	0.0	-	0.0

This is an example of output from the show interfaces transceiver dom-supported-list command:

Switch# show interfaces transceiver dom-supported-list

Switch# show interfaces	transceiver dom-supported-li
Transceiver Type	Cisco p/n min version
	supporting DOM
DWDM GBIC	ALL
DWDM SFP	ALL
RX only WDM GBIC	ALL
DWDM XENPAK	ALL
DWDM X2	ALL
DWDM XFP	ALL
CWDM GBIC	NONE
CWDM X2	ALL
CWDM XFP	ALL
XENPAK ZR	ALL
X2 ZR	ALL
XFP ZR	ALL
Rx_only_WDM_XENPAK	ALL
XENPAK_ER	10-1888-03
X2_ER	ALL
XFP_ER	ALL
XENPAK_LR	10-1838-04
X2_LR	ALL
<output truncated=""></output>	

Optical Tx	Optical Rx	Temp	Laser Bias	Voltage current	
DWDM GBIC					
Min1	-0.50	-28.50	0	N/A	4.50
Min2	-0.30	-28.29	5	N/A	4.75
Max2	3.29	-6.69	60	N/A	5.25
Max1	3.50	6.00	70	N/A	5.50
DWDM SFP					
Min1	-0.50	-28.50	0	N/A	3.00
Min2	-0.30	-28.29	5	N/A	3.09
Max2	4.30	-9.50	60	N/A	3.59
Max1	4.50	9.30	70	N/A	3.70
RX only WDM	GBIC				
Min1	N/A	-28.50	0	N/A	4.50
Min2	N/A	-28.29	5	N/A	4.75
Max2	N/A	-6.69	60	N/A	5.25
Max1	N/A	6.00	70	N/A	5.50
DWDM XENPAK					
Min1	-1.50	-24.50	0	N/A	N/A
Min2	-1.29	-24.29	5	N/A	N/A
Max2	3.29	-6.69	60	N/A	N/A
Max1	3.50	4.00	70	N/A	N/A
DWDM X2					
Min1	-1.50	-24.50	0	N/A	N/A
Min2	-1.29	-24.29	5	N/A	N/A
Max2	3.29	-6.69	60	N/A	N/A
Max1	3.50	4.00	70	N/A	N/A
DWDM XFP					
Min1	-1.50	-24.50	0	N/A	N/A
Min2	-1.29	-24.29	5	N/A	N/A
Max2	3.29	-6.69	60	N/A	N/A
Max1	3.50	4.00	70	N/A	N/A
CWDM X2					
Min1	N/A	N/A	0	N/A	N/A
Min2	N/A	N/A	0	N/A	N/A
Max2	N/A	N/A	0	N/A	N/A
Max1	N/A	N/A	0	N/A	N/A

### This is an example of output from the show interfaces transceiver threshold-table command:

### **Related Commands**

Command	Description
show interfaces	Displays additional interface characteristics.

## show inventory

Use the **show inventory** user EXEC command to display product identification (PID) information for the hardware.

show inventory [entity-name | raw] [ | {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description					
	entity-name	(Optional) Display the specified entity. For example, enter the interface (such as gigabitethernet $0/x$ ) into which a small form-factor pluggable (SFP) module is installed to display its identity.			
	raw	(Optional) Display every entity in the device.			
	I begin         (Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i>				
	I exclude     (Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .				
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.			
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.			
Command Modes	User EXEC				
Command History	Release	Modification			
	12.2(25)EX	This command was introduced.			
	12.2(25)SEG1	Support for the <i>entity-name</i> keyword was added.			
		v description, and the unique device identifier (UDI), including PID, version			
		d serial number (SN) of that entity. re not programmed with PIDs and VID.s			
Note	Many legacy SFPs a				
Note	Many legacy SFPs a If there is no PID, no Expressions are case	re not programmed with PIDs and VID.s			
	Many legacy SFPs a If there is no PID, no Expressions are case are not displayed, bu	re not programmed with PIDs and VID.s o output appears when you enter the <b>show inventory</b> command. e sensitive. For example, if you enter   <b>exclude output</b> , the lines that contain <i>output</i>			
Note	Many legacy SFPs a If there is no PID, no Expressions are case are not displayed, bu This is example outp Switch> <b>show inver</b> NAME: "1", DESCR:	re not programmed with PIDs and VID.s o output appears when you enter the <b>show inventory</b> command. e sensitive. For example, if you enter I <b>exclude output</b> , the lines that contain <i>output</i> at the lines that contain <i>Output</i> are displayed.			

## show ip arp inspection

Use the show ip arp inspection privileged EXEC command to display the configuration and the operating state of dynamic Address Resolution Protocol (ARP) inspection or the status of this feature for all VLANs or for the specified interface or VLAN.

show ip arp inspection [interfaces [interface-id] | log | statistics [vlan vlan-range] | vlan vlan-range] [ | {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	interfaces [interface-id]	(Optional) Display the trust state and the rate limit of ARP packets for the specified interface or all interfaces. Valid interfaces include physical ports and port channels.				
	log	(Optional) Display the configuration and contents of the dynamic ARP inspection log buffer.				
	statistics [vlan vlan-range]	(Optional) Display statistics for forwarded, dropped, MAC validation failure, IP validation failure, access control list (ACL) permitted and denied, and DHCP permitted and denied packets for the specified VLAN. If no VLANs are specified or if a range is specified, display information only for VLANs with dynamic ARP inspection enabled (active).				
		You can specify a single VLAN identified by VLAN ID number, a range of VLANs separated by a hyphen, or a series of VLANs separated by a comma. The range is 1 to 4094.				
	vlan vlan-range	(Optional) Display the configuration and the operating state of dynamic ARP inspection for the specified VLAN. If no VLANs are specified or if a range is specified, display information only for VLANs with dynamic ARP inspection enabled (active).				
		You can specify a single VLAN identified by VLAN ID number, a range of VLANs separated by a hyphen, or a series of VLANs separated by a comma. The range is 1 to 4094.				
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the expression.				
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the expression.				
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.				
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.				

#### **Command Modes** Privileged EXEC

### Comma

and History	Release	Modification	
	12.2(25)EX	This command was introduced.	
	12.2(37)SE	The output changed to include Probe Logging information.	
	12.2(50)SE	The command was supported in the metro base image.	_

## **Usage Guidelines** Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter | **exclude output**, the lines that contain *output* are not displayed, but the lines that contain *Output* are displayed.

#### **Examples**

This is an example of output from the show ip arp inspection command

Switch# show ip arp inspection

Source Mac Validation : Disabled Destination Mac Validation : Disabled IP Address Validation : Enabled

Vlan	Configuration	Operation	ACL Match	Static ACL
1	Enabled	Active	deny-all	 No
Vlan	ACL Logging	DHCP Logg	-	Logging
1	Acl-Match		Permit	
Vlan	Forwarded	Dropped	DHCP Drops	ACL Drops
1	0	0	0	0
Vlan	DHCP Permits AC	CL Permits	Probe Permits	Source MAC Failures
1	0	0	0	0
Vlan	Dest MAC Failures	IP Valid	ation Failures	Invalid Protocol Data
1	0		0	0

This is an example of output from the show ip arp inspection interfaces command:

Switch# <b>show i</b>	p arp inspection	interfaces	
Interface	Trust State	Rate (pps)	Burst Interval
Gi0/1	Untrusted	15	1
Gi0/2	Untrusted	15	1
Gi0/3	Untrusted	15	1

This is an example of output from the **show ip arp inspection interfaces** interface-id command:

Switch# show i	p arp inspection	interfaces gigab	itethernet0/1
Interface	Trust State	Rate (pps)	Burst Interval
Gi0/1	Untrusted	15	1

This is an example of output from the **show ip arp inspection log** command. It shows the contents of the log buffer before the buffers are cleared:

```
Switch# show ip arp inspection log
Total Log Buffer Size : 32
Syslog rate : 10 entries per 300 seconds.
```

Interface	Vlan	Sender MAC	Sender IP	Num Pkts	Reason	Time
Gi0/1	5	0003.0000.d673	192.2.10.4	5	DHCP Deny	19:39:01 UTC
Mon Mar 1 1	993					
Gi0/1	5	0001.0000.d774	128.1.9.25	6	DHCP Deny	19:39:02 UTC
Mon Mar 1 1	993					
Gi0/1	5	0001.c940.1111	10.10.10.1	7	DHCP Deny	19:39:03 UTC
Mon Mar 1 1	993					

Gi0/1	5	0001.c940.1112	10.10.10.2	8	DHCP Deny	19:39:04 UTC
Mon Mar 1	l 1993					
Gi0/1	5	0001.c940.1114	173.1.1.1	10	DHCP Deny	19:39:06 UTC
Mon Mar 1	l 1993					
Gi0/1	5	0001.c940.1115	173.1.1.2	11	DHCP Deny	19:39:07 UTC
Mon Mar 1	1 1993					
Gi0/1	5	0001.c940.1116	173.1.1.3	12	DHCP Deny	19:39:08 UTC
Mon Mar 1	1 1993					

If the log buffer overflows, it means that a log event does not fit into the log buffer, and the display for the **show ip arp inspection log** privileged EXEC command is affected. A -- in the display appears in place of all data except the packet count and the time. No other statistics are provided for the entry. If you see this entry in the display, increase the number of entries in the log buffer, or increase the logging rate in the **ip arp inspection log-buffer** global configuration command.

This is an example of output from the **show ip arp inspection statistics** command. It shows the statistics for packets that have been processed by dynamic ARP inspection for all active VLANs.

Switch# show ip arp inspection statistics							
Vlan	Forwarded	Dropped	DHCP Drops	ACL Drops			
5	3	4618	4605	4			
2000	0	0	0	0			
Vlan	DHCP Permits ACL	Permits	Source MAC Failur	es			
	0	12		0			
2000	0	0		0			
Vlan 	Dest MAC Failures	IP Valida	tion Failures				
5	0		9				
2000	0		0				

For the **show ip arp inspection statistics** command, the switch increments the number of forwarded packets for each ARP request and response packet on a trusted dynamic ARP inspection port. The switch increments the number of ACL or DHCP permitted packets for each packet that is denied by source MAC, destination MAC, or IP validation checks, and the switch increments the appropriate failure count.

This is an example of output from the **show ip arp inspection statistics vlan 5** command. It shows statistics for packets that have been processed by dynamic ARP for VLAN 5.

Switch#	show ip arp insp	pection statis	stics vlan 5			
Vlan	Forwarded	Dropped	DHCP Drops	ACL Drops		
	3	4618	4605		- 4	
Vlan	DHCP Permits	ACL Permits	Source MAC Fai	lures		
	0	12				
5	0	12		0		
Vlan	Dest MAC Failure	es IP Valida	ation Failures	Invalid	Protocol	Data
5		0	9			3

This is an example of output from the **show ip arp inspection vlan 5** command. It shows the configuration and the operating state of dynamic ARP inspection for VLAN 5.

```
Switch# show ip arp inspection vlan 5
Source Mac Validation :Enabled
Destination Mac Validation :Enabled
IP Address Validation :Enabled
        ConfigurationOperationACL Match------------------EnabledActivesecond
Vlan
                                                       Static ACL
 ____
                                                       _____
      Enabled
   5
                                                       No
      ACL Logging DHCP Logging
Vlan
 ____
   5
         Acl-Match
                         A11
```

### **Related Commands**

Command	Description
arp access-list	Defines an ARP ACL.
clear ip arp inspection log	Clears the dynamic ARP inspection log buffer.
clear ip arp inspection statistics	Clears the dynamic ARP inspection statistics.
ip arp inspection log-buffer	Configures the dynamic ARP inspection logging buffer.
ip arp inspection vlan logging	Controls the type of packets that are logged per VLAN.
show arp access-list	Displays detailed information about ARP access lists.

## show ip dhcp snooping

Use the show ip dhcp snooping user EXEC command to display the DHCP snooping configuration.

show ip dhcp snooping [ | {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
-	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	User EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(25)EX	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines		sensitive. For example, if you enter l <b>exclude output</b> , the lines that contain <i>output</i> e lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.
	do not appear, but th	e lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.
Usage Guidelines Examples	do not appear, but th This is an example o Switch> <b>show ip dh</b> Switch DHCP snoopi	e lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear. f output from the <b>show ip dhcp snooping</b> command.
	do not appear, but th This is an example of Switch> show ip dh Switch DHCP snooping DHCP snooping is co 40-42 Insertion of option Option 82 on untru Verification of hw Interface	f output from the <b>show ip dhcp snooping</b> command. <b>cp snooping</b> ng is enabled onfigured on following VLANs: n 82 is enabled sted port is allowed addr field is enabled Trusted Rate limit (pps)
	do not appear, but the This is an example of Switch> <b>show ip dh</b> Switch DHCP snooping DHCP snooping is co 40-42 Insertion of optico Option 82 on untrue Verification of hw	f output from the <b>show ip dhcp snooping</b> command. <b>cp snooping</b> ng is enabled onfigured on following VLANs: n 82 is enabled sted port is allowed addr field is enabled Trusted Rate limit (pps)
	do not appear, but the This is an example of Switch> show ip dhe Switch DHCP snooping is co 40-42 Insertion of option Option 82 on untrue Verification of hwe Interface GigabitEthernet0/1	f output from the show ip dhep snooping command. cp snooping ng is enabled onfigured on following VLANs: n 82 is enabled sted port is allowed addr field is enabled Trusted Rate limit (pps) 

# show ip dhcp snooping binding

Use the **show ip dhcp snooping binding** user EXEC command to display the DHCP snooping binding database and configuration information for all interfaces on a switch.

show ip dhcp snooping binding [ip-address] [mac-address] [interface interface-id] [vlan vlan-id]
 [ | {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	ip-address	(Optional) Specify the binding entry IP address.					
	mac-address	(Optional) Specify the bindi	ng entry MAC ad	dress.			
	interface interface-id	(Optional) Specify the bindi	ng input interface	e.			
	vlan vlan-id	(Optional) Specify the bindi	ng entry VLAN.				
	I beginDisplay begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .I excludeDisplay excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .						
	<b>l include</b> Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .						
	expression	Expression in the output to u	ise as a reference	point.			
Command Modes	User EXEC						
Command History	Release	Modification					
bonnana motory	norodoo	mounioution					
	12.2(25)EX	This command was introduc	ed.				
oonninana motory			ed.				
	12.2(25)EX	This command was introduc			11		
	12.2(25)EX The <b>show ip dhcp snoop</b> Use the <b>show ip source</b>	This command was introduc ping binding command output s binding privileged EXEC com	shows only the dy mand to display				
	12.2(25)EX The <b>show ip dhcp snoop</b> Use the <b>show ip source</b> configured bindings in t	This command was introduc ping binding command output s binding privileged EXEC com he DHCP snooping binding da abled and an interface changes	shows only the dy mand to display tabase.	the dyn	namically and statically		
Usage Guidelines	12.2(25)EX The <b>show ip dhcp snoop</b> Use the <b>show ip source</b> configured bindings in t If DHCP snooping is en statically configured bin Expressions are case ser	This command was introduc ping binding command output s binding privileged EXEC com he DHCP snooping binding da abled and an interface changes	shows only the dy mand to display tabase. to the down state er   <b>exclude outp</b>	the dyn e, the sw	namically and statically vitch does not delete th		
Jsage Guidelines	12.2(25)EX The <b>show ip dhcp snoop</b> Use the <b>show ip source</b> configured bindings in t If DHCP snooping is en statically configured bin Expressions are case ser do not appear, but the lin	This command was introduc ping binding command output s binding privileged EXEC com he DHCP snooping binding da abled and an interface changes adings. nsitive. For example, if you entournes that contain <i>Output</i> appear.	shows only the dy mand to display tabase. to the down state er   <b>exclude outp</b> y	the dyn , the sw <b>ut</b> , the l	namically and statically witch does not delete the lines that contain <i>outpu</i>		
Jsage Guidelines	12.2(25)EX The <b>show ip dhcp snoop</b> Use the <b>show ip source</b> configured bindings in t If DHCP snooping is en statically configured bin Expressions are case ser do not appear, but the lin	This command was introduc ping binding command output s binding privileged EXEC con he DHCP snooping binding da abled and an interface changes adings.	shows only the dy mand to display tabase. to the down state er   <b>exclude outp</b> y	the dyn , the sw <b>ut</b> , the l	namically and statically witch does not delete th lines that contain <i>outpu</i>		
	12.2(25)EX The show ip dhcp snoop Use the show ip source configured bindings in t If DHCP snooping is en statically configured bin Expressions are case ser do not appear, but the lin This example shows how Switch> show ip dhcp	This command was introduc ping binding command output a binding privileged EXEC com he DHCP snooping binding da abled and an interface changes adings. Insitive. For example, if you entournes that contain <i>Output</i> appear.	shows only the dy mand to display tabase. to the down state er   <b>exclude outp</b> y	the dyn , the sw <b>ut</b> , the l	namically and statically vitch does not delete th lines that contain <i>outpu</i>		

This example shows how to display the DHCP snooping binding entries for a specific IP address:

#### Switch> show ip dhcp snooping binding 10.1.2.150

MacAddress	IpAddress	Lease(sec)	Туре	VLAN	Interface
01:02:03:04:05:06	10.1.2.150	9810	dhcp-snooping	20	GigabitEthernet0/1
Total number of bin	dings: 1				

#### This example shows how to display the DHCP snooping binding entries for a specific MAC address:

Switch> show ip dho	p snooping bindin	g 0102.0304.	0506		
MacAddress	IpAddress	Lease(sec)	Туре	VLAN	Interface
01:02:03:04:05:06	10.1.2.150	9788	dhcp-snooping	20	GigabitEthernet0/2
Total number of bin	dings: 1				

This example shows how to display the DHCP snooping binding entries on a port:

Switch> show ip dho	p snooping bindin	g interface	gigabitethernet	0/2	
MacAddress	IpAddress	Lease(sec)	Туре	VLAN	Interface
00:30:94:C2:EF:35	10.1.2.151	290	dhcp-snooping	20	GigabitEthernet0/2
Total number of bin	dings: 1				

This example shows how to display the DHCP snooping binding entries on VLAN 20:

```
Switch> show ip dhcp snooping binding vlan 20MacAddressIpAddressLease(sec)TypeVLANInterface01:02:03:04:05:0610.1.2.1509747dhcp-snooping20GigabitEthernet0/100:00:00:00:00:0210.1.2.15165dhcp-snooping20GigabitEthernet0/2Total number of bindings: 2210.1.2.15110.1.2.15110.1.2.151
```

Table 2-13 describes the fields in the show ip dhcp snooping binding command output:

#### Table 2-13 show ip dhcp snooping binding Command Output

Field	Description	
MacAddress	Client hardware MAC address	
IpAddress	Client IP address assigned from the DHCP server	
Lease(sec)	Remaining lease time for the IP address	
Туре	Binding type	
VLAN	VLAN number of the client interface	
Interface	Interface that connects to the DHCP client host	
Total number of bindings	Total number of bindings configured on the switch	
	<b>Note</b> The command output might not show the total number of bindings. For example, if 200 bindings are configured on the switch and you stop the display before all the bindings appear, the total number does not change.	

#### **Related Commands**

Command	Description
ip dhcp snooping binding	Configures the DHCP snooping binding database
show ip dhcp snooping	Displays the DHCP snooping configuration.

## show ip dhcp snooping database

Use the **show ip dhcp snooping database** user EXEC command to display the status of the DHCP snooping binding database agent.

show ip dhcp snooping database [detail] [ | {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	detail	(Optional) Display detailed status and statistics information.					
	I begin(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .						
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .					
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.					
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.					
Command Modes	User EXEC						
Command History	Release	Modification					
	12.2(25)EX	This command was introduced.					
Examples		cample of output from the <b>show ip dhcp snooping database</b> command: w <b>ip dhcp snooping database</b>					
Examples		ample of output from the <b>show ip dhcp snooping database</b> command: w ip dhcp snooping database					
	-	Timer : 300 seconds : 300 seconds					
	Agent Runnin						
	—	Expiry : Not Running Expiry : Not Running					
	inore rimer	Inpiry . Not running					
		led Time : None l Time : None					
		Reason : No failure recorded.					
	Total Attemp	npts : 0 Startup Failures : 0					
	-	Transfers : 0 Failed Transfers : 0					
	Successful R	Reads : 0 Failed Reads : 0					
		Reads:0Failed Reads:0Writes:0Failed Writes:0					
	Successful R Successful W Media Failur	Reads:0Failed Reads:0Writes:0Failed Writes:0ures:0					
	Successful R Successful W Media Failur This is an exa	Reads       :       0       Failed Reads       :       0         Writes       :       0       Failed Writes       :       0         ures       :       0       *       *       0         ample of output from the show ip dhcp snooping database detail command:					
	Successful R Successful W Media Failur This is an exa Switch# show	Reads:0Failed Reads:0Writes:0Failed Writes:0ures:0					
	Successful R Successful W Media Failur This is an exa Switch# show Agent URL : Write delay	Reads       :       0       Failed Reads       :       0         Writes       :       0       Failed Writes       :       0         ures       :       0       *       0       *         cample of output from the show ip dhcp snooping database detail command:       *       *       *         w ip dhcp snooping database detail       *       *       *       *         tftp://10.1.1.1/directory/file       *       *       *       *         Timer : 300 seconds       *       *       *       *					
	Successful R Successful W Media Failur This is an exa Switch# show Agent URL : Write delay	Reads       :       0       Failed Reads       :       0         Writes       :       0       Failed Writes       :       0         ures       :       0       *       *       0         cample of output from the show ip dhcp snooping database detail command:       *       *       *         w ip dhcp snooping database detail       *       *       *       *         tftp://10.1.1.1/directory/file       *       *       *       *					
	Successful R Successful W Media Failur This is an exa Switch# show Agent URL : Write delay Abort Timer Agent Runnin	<pre>Reads : 0 Failed Reads : 0 Writes : 0 Failed Writes : 0 Irres : 0 Cample of output from the show ip dhcp snooping database detail command: w ip dhcp snooping database detail tftp://10.1.1.1/directory/file Timer : 300 seconds : : 300 seconds</pre>					

Last Succeded Time : 1 Last Failed Time : 17 Last Failed Reason : 1	:14:25 UI				
Total Attempts Successful Transfers	: 2 :		Startup Failures Failed Transfers		0 21
Successful Reads	:	0	Failed Reads	:	0
Successful Writes	:	0	Failed Writes	:	21
Media Failures	:	0			
First successful acces Last ignored bindings Binding Collisions Invalid interfaces	counters :	0	1		0 0
Parse failures	:	0			
Last Ignored Time : No Total ignored bindings					
Binding Collisions		0	Expired leases		0
Invalid interfaces		-	Unsupported vlan		0
Parse failures		0	onsupporced vian		0
TUTSC TUTTUTES	•	0			

### **Related Commands**

Command	Description
ip dhcp snooping	Enables DHCP snooping on a VLAN.
ip dhcp snooping database	Configures the DHCP snooping binding database agent or the binding file.
show ip dhcp snooping	Displays DHCP snooping information.

## show ip dhcp snooping statistics

Use the **show ip dhcp snooping statistics** user EXEC command to display DHCP snooping statistics in summary or detail form.

show ip dhcp snooping statistics [detail] [ | {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	detail	(Optional) Display detailed statistics i	nformation.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the lin	e that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that	match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that	match the specified expression.
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a re	ference point.
Command Modes	User EXEC		
Command History	Release	Modification	
	12.2(37)SE	This command was introdu-	ced.
Usage Guidelines	do not appear	are case sensitive. For example, if you en r, but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appea ample of output from the <b>show ip dhcp s</b>	r.
	do not appear This is an exa Switch> <b>show</b>	r, but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear ample of output from the <b>show ip dhcp</b> so y ip dhcp snooping statistics	r. snooping statistics command:
	do not appear This is an exa	r, but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear ample of output from the <b>show ip dhcp s</b> <b>ip dhcp snooping statistics</b> cwarded	r.
	do not appear This is an exa Switch> show Packets For Packets Dro	r, but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear ample of output from the <b>show ip dhcp s</b> <b>ip dhcp snooping statistics</b> cwarded	r. snooping statistics command: = 0
	do not appear This is an exa Switch> show Packets For Packets Dro Packets Dro	t, but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear ample of output from the <b>show ip dhcp s</b> <b>ip dhcp snooping statistics</b> cwarded opped	r. snooping statistics command: = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0
	do not appear This is an exa Switch> show Packets For Packets Dro Packets Dro This is an exa Switch> show	ample of output from the show ip dhcp so wip dhcp snooping statistics warded opped opped From untrusted ports ample of output from the show ip dhcp so wip dhcp snooping statistics detail	r. snooping statistics command: = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 snooping statistics detail command:
	do not appear This is an exa Switch> show Packets Dro Packets Dro Packets Dro This is an exa Switch> show Packets Pro	ample of output from the show ip dhcp s w ip dhcp snooping statistics warded opped opped From untrusted ports ample of output from the show ip dhcp s w ip dhcp snooping statistics detail occessed by DHCP Snooping	r. snooping statistics command: = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 snooping statistics detail command:
	do not appear This is an exa Switch> show Packets Dro Packets Dro This is an exa Switch> show Packets Pro Packets Pro Packets Dro	ample of output from the show ip dhcp so w ip dhcp snooping statistics warded opped opped From untrusted ports ample of output from the show ip dhcp so w ip dhcp snooping statistics detail occessed by DHCP Snooping opped Because	r. snooping statistics command: = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 snooping statistics detail command: = 0
	do not appear This is an exa Switch> show Packets Dro Packets Dro Packets Dro This is an exa Switch> show Packets Pro	ample of output from the show ip dhcp so w ip dhcp snooping statistics warded opped opped From untrusted ports ample of output from the show ip dhcp so w ip dhcp snooping statistics detail occessed by DHCP Snooping opped Because cnown	r. snooping statistics command: = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 snooping statistics detail command:
	do not appear This is an exa Switch> show Packets Dro Packets Dro Packets Dro This is an exa Switch> show Packets Pro Packets Dro Dackets Dro Queue ful	ample of output from the show ip dhcp so w ip dhcp snooping statistics warded opped opped From untrusted ports ample of output from the show ip dhcp so w ip dhcp snooping statistics detail occessed by DHCP Snooping opped Because cnown	r. snooping statistics command: = 0 = 0 = 0 snooping statistics detail command: = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0
	do not appear This is an exa Switch> show Packets Dro Packets Dro Packets Dro This is an exa Switch> show Packets Pro Packets Dro IDB not P Queue ful Interface Rate limit	The second secon	r. <b>snooping statistics</b> command: = 0 = 0 = 0 <b>snooping statistics detail</b> command: = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0
	do not appear This is an exa Switch> show Packets Dro Packets Dro Packets Dro This is an exa Switch> show Packets Dro Packets Dro Packets Dro IDB not P Queue ful Interface Rate limit Received	t, but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear ample of output from the show ip dhcp so w ip dhcp snooping statistics warded opped opped From untrusted ports ample of output from the show ip dhcp so w ip dhcp snooping statistics detail because details opped Because cnown 11 e is in errdisabled it exceeded on untrusted ports	r. <b>snooping statistics</b> command: = 0 = 0 = 0 <b>snooping statistics detail</b> command: = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0
	do not appear This is an exa Switch> show Packets Dro Packets Dro Packets Dro This is an exa Switch> show Packets Dro Packets Dro Packets Dro IDB not H Queue ful Interface Rate limit Received Nonzero g	t, but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear ample of output from the show ip dhcp so wip dhcp snooping statistics warded opped opped From untrusted ports ample of output from the show ip dhcp so wip dhcp snooping statistics detail occased by DHCP Snooping opped Because known 11 e is in errdisabled it exceeded on untrusted ports giaddr	r. <b>snooping statistics</b> command: = 0 = 0 = 0 <b>snooping statistics detail</b> command: = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0
	do not appear This is an exa Switch> show Packets Dro Packets Dro Packets Dro This is an exa Switch> show Packets Dro Packets Dro Packets Dro Packets Dro Packets Dro Rate limi Received Nonzero of Source ma	t, but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear ample of output from the show ip dhcp so ip dhcp snooping statistics twarded opped opped From untrusted ports ample of output from the show ip dhcp so ip dhcp snooping statistics detail occassed by DHCP Snooping opped Because thown in errdisabled it exceeded on untrusted ports giaddr ac not equal to chaddr	r. <b>snooping statistics</b> command: = 0 = 0 = 0 <b>snooping statistics detail</b> command: = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0
	do not appear This is an exa Switch> show Packets Dro Packets Dro Packets Dro This is an exa Switch> show Packets Dro Packets Dro Packets Dro Packets Dro IDB not P Queue ful Interface Rate limi Received Nonzero of Source ma Binding m	t, but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear ample of output from the show ip dhcp so ip dhcp snooping statistics twarded opped opped From untrusted ports ample of output from the show ip dhcp so ip dhcp snooping statistics detail occased by DHCP Snooping opped Because snown in e is in errdisabled it exceeded on untrusted ports giaddr ac not equal to chaddr mismatch	r. <b>snooping statistics</b> command: = 0 = 0 = 0 <b>snooping statistics detail</b> command: = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0
	do not appear This is an exa Switch> show Packets Dro Packets Dro Packets Dro This is an exa Switch> show Packets Dro Packets Dro Packets Dro Packets Dro IDB not P Queue ful Interface Rate limi Received Nonzero of Source ma Binding m	t, but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear ample of output from the show ip dhcp so ip dhcp snooping statistics twarded opped opped From untrusted ports ample of output from the show ip dhcp so ip dhcp snooping statistics detail becessed by DHCP Snooping opped Because thown in e is in errdisabled it exceeded on untrusted ports giaddr ac not equal to chaddr mismatch n of opt82 fail	r. <b>snooping statistics</b> command: = 0 = 0 = 0 <b>snooping statistics detail</b> command: = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0
	do not appear This is an exa Switch> show Packets Dro Packets Dro Packets Dro This is an exa Switch> show Packets Dro Packets Dro Packets Dro Packets Dro Packets Dro Packets Dro Packets Dro Packets Dro Switch> show Packets Dro Packets Dro Packets Dro Packets Dro Source ma Binding m Insertion Interface	t, but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear ample of output from the show ip dhcp so ip dhcp snooping statistics twarded opped opped From untrusted ports ample of output from the show ip dhcp so ip dhcp snooping statistics detail becessed by DHCP Snooping opped Because thown in e is in errdisabled it exceeded on untrusted ports giaddr ac not equal to chaddr mismatch n of opt82 fail	r. <b>snooping statistics</b> command: = 0 = 0 = 0 <b>snooping statistics detail</b> command: = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0
Examples	do not appear This is an exa Switch> show Packets Dro Packets Dro Packets Dro This is an exa Switch> show Packets Dro Packets Dro Packets Dro DB not H Queue ful Interface Rate limi Received Nonzero Q Source ma Binding m Insertior Interface Unknown of	t, but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear ample of output from the show ip dhcp so ip dhcp snooping statistics twarded opped opped From untrusted ports ample of output from the show ip dhcp so ip dhcp snooping statistics detail pocessed by DHCP Snooping opped Because snown in e is in errdisabled it exceeded on untrusted ports giaddr ac not equal to chaddr mismatch n of opt82 fail e Down	r. snooping statistics command: = 0 = 0 = 0 snooping statistics detail command: = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0

Table 2-14 shows the DHCP snooping statistics and their descriptions:

Table 2-14DHCP Snooping Statistics

DHCP Snooping Statistic	Description
Packets Processed by DHCP Snooping	Total number of packets handled by DHCP snooping, including forwarded and dropped packets.
Packets Dropped Because IDB not known	Number of errors when the input interface of the packet cannot be determined.
Queue full	Number of errors when an internal queue used to process the packets is full. This might happen if DHCP packets are received at an excessively high rate and rate limiting is not enabled on the ingress ports.
Interface is in errdisabled	Number of times a packet was received on a port that has been marked as error disabled. This might happen if packets are in the processing queue when a port is put into the error-disabled state and those packets are subsequently processed.
Rate limit exceeded	Number of times the rate limit configured on the port was exceeded and the interface was put into the error-disabled state.
Received on untrusted ports	Number of times a DHCP server packet (OFFER, ACK, NAK, or LEASEQUERY) was received on an untrusted port and was dropped.
Nonzero giaddr	Number of times the relay agent address field (giaddr) in the DHCP packet received on an untrusted port was not zero, or the <b>no ip dhcp snooping information option</b> <b>allow-untrusted</b> global configuration command is not configured and a packet received on an untrusted port contained option-82 data.
Source mac not equal to chaddr	Number of times the client MAC address field of the DHCP packet (chaddr) does not match the packet source MAC address and the <b>ip dhcp snooping verify</b> <b>mac-address</b> global configuration command is configured.
Binding mismatch	Number of times a RELEASE or DECLINE packet was received on a port that is different than the port in the binding for that MAC address-VLAN pair. This indicates someone might be trying to spoof the real client, or it could mean that the client has moved to another port on the switch and issued a RELEASE or DECLINE. The MAC address is taken from the chaddr field of the DHCP packet, not the source MAC address in the Ethernet header.
Insertion of opt82 fail	Number of times the option-82 insertion into a packet failed. The insertion might fail if the packet with the option-82 data exceeds the size of a single physical packet on the internet.

DHCP Snooping Statistic	Description
Interface Down	Number of times the packet is a reply to the DHCP relay agent, but the SVI interface for the relay agent is down. This is an unlikely error that occurs if the SVI goes down between sending the client request to the DHCP server and receiving the response.
Unknown output interface	Number of times the output interface for a DHCP reply packet cannot be determined by either option-82 data or a lookup in the MAC address table. The packet is dropped This can happen if option 82 is not used and the client MAC address has aged out. If IPSG is enabled with the port-security option and option 82 is not enabled, the MAC address of the client is not learned, and the reply packets will be dropped.
Reply output port equal to input port	Number of times the output port for a DHCP reply packe is the same as the input port, causing a possible loop. Indicates a possible network misconfiguration or misuse of trust settings on ports.
Packet denied by platform	Number of times the packet has been denied by a platform-specific registry.

### Table 2-14 DHCP Snooping Statistics

Related Commands	Command	Description
	clear ip dhcp snooping	Clears the DHCP snooping binding database, the DHCP snooping binding database agent statistics, or the DHCP snooping statistics counters.

## show ip igmp profile

Use the **show ip igmp profile** privileged EXEC command to display all configured Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP) profiles or a specified IGMP profile.

show ip igmp profile [profile number] [ | {begin | exclude | include} expression]

profile number	(Optional) The IGMP profile number to be displayed. The range is 1 to 4294967295. If no profile number is entered, all IGMP profiles are displayed.
begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .
expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Privileged EXEC	
Release	Modification
12.2(25)EX	This command was introduced.
-	s of output from the <b>show ip igmp profile</b> privileged EXEC command, with and a profile number. If no profile number is entered, the display includes all profiles switch.
Switch# <b>show ip</b> : IGMP Profile 40 permit range 233.1.2	igmp profile 40
Switch# <b>show ip</b> : IGMP Profile 3	igmp profile
IGMP Profile 4 permit	9.0 230.9.9.0 9.0 229.255.255.255
IGMP Profile 4 permit	
	I exclude         I include         expression         Privileged EXEC         Release         12.2(25)EX         Expressions are car         are not displayed, I         These are example         without specifying         configured on the s         Switch# show ip :         IGMP Profile 40         permit         range 233.1.1         Switch# show ip :

### show ip igmp snooping

Use the **show ip igmp snooping** user EXEC command to display the Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP) snooping configuration of the switch or the VLAN.

show ip igmp snooping [groups | mrouter | querier [vlan vlan-id] [detail]] [vlan vlan-id] [detail]
 [ | {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	groups	(Optional) See the <b>show ip igmp snooping groups</b> command.
	mrouter	(Optional) See the <b>show ip igmp snooping mrouter</b> command.
	querier	(Optional) See the <b>show ip igmp snooping querier</b> command.
	vlan vlan-id	(Optional) Specify a VLAN; the range is 1 to 1001 and 1006 to 4094 (available only in privileged EXEC mode).
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.

### Command Modes User EXEC

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(25)EX	This command was introduced.

#### **Use this command to display snooping configuration for the switch or for a specific VLAN.**

VLAN IDs 1002 to 1005 are reserved for Token Ring and FDDI VLANs and cannot be used in IGMP snooping.

Although visible in the output display, output lines for source-only learning are not valid.

Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter | exclude output, the lines that contain *output* do not appear, but the lines that contain *Output* appear.

#### Examples

This is an example of output from the **show ip igmp snooping vlan 1** command. It shows snooping characteristics for a specific VLAN.

Vlan 1:	
IGMP snooping	:Enabled
Immediate leave	:Disabled
Multicast router learning mode	:pim-dvmrp
Source only learning age timer	:10
CGMP interoperability mode	:IGMP_ONLY
Last member query interval : 100	

Note

Source-only learning are not supported, and information appearing for this feature is not valid.

This is an example of output from the **show ip igmp snooping** command. It displays snooping characteristics for all VLANs on the switch.

Switch> <b>show ip igmp snoop</b> Global IGMP Snooping config	-	
IGMP snooping IGMPv3 snooping (minimal) Report suppression	: Enabled : Disable : 2	E E
Vlan 1: IGMP snooping Immediate leave Multicast router learning m Source only learning age to CGMP interoperability mode Last member query interval Vlan 2:	imer	:Enabled :Disabled :pim-dvmrp :10 :IGMP_ONLY : 100
IGMP snooping Immediate leave Multicast router learning mode Source only learning age timer CGMP interoperability mode Last member query interval		:Enabled :Disabled :pim-dvmrp :10 :IGMP_ONLY : 333

<output truncated>

Related Commands	Command	Description
	ip igmp snooping	Enables and configures IGMP snooping on the switch or on a VLAN.
	show ip igmp snooping mrouter	Displays IGMP snooping multicast router ports for the switch or for the specified multicast VLAN.
	show ip igmp snooping querier	Displays the configuration and operation information for the IGMP querier configured on a switch.

## show ip igmp snooping groups

Use the **show ip igmp snooping groups** privileged EXEC command to display the Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP) snooping multicast table for the switch or the multicast information. Use with the **vlan** keyword to display the multicast table for a specified multicast VLAN or specific multicast information.

show ip igmp snooping groups [count | dynamic [count] | user [count]] [ | {begin | exclude |
include} expression]

show ip igmp snooping groups vlan vlan-id [ip\_address | count | dynamic [count] | user [count]]
 [ | {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	count	(Optional) Display the total number of entries for the specified command options instead of the actual entries.	
	dynamic	(Optional) Display entries learned by IGMP snooping.	
	user	Optional) Display only the user-configured multicast entries.	
	ip_address	(Optional) Display characteristics of the multicast group with the specified group IP address.	
	vlan-id	(Optional) Specify a VLAN; the range is 1 to 1001 and 1006 to 4094.	
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .	
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .	
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.	
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.	
Command Modes	Privileged EXE	C	
Command History	Release	Modification	
	12.2(25)EX	This command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines	Use this comma	and to display multicast information or the multicast table.	
	VLAN IDs 1002 to 1005 are reserved for Token Ring and FDDI VLANs and cannot be used in IGMP snooping.		
		e case sensitive. For example, if you enter l <b>exclude output</b> , the lines that contain <i>output</i> but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.	

#### Examples

This is an example of output from the **show ip igmp snooping groups** command without any keywords. It displays the multicast table for the switch.

Switch#	show ip	igmp	snooping	groups			
Vlan	Group		Туре		Version	Port List	
							-
104	224.1	.4.2	igmp		v2	Gi0/1, Gi0/2	2
104	224.1	.4.3	igmp		v2	Gi0/1, Gi0/2	2

This is an example of output from the **show ip igmp snooping groups count** command. It displays the total number of multicast groups on the switch.

Switch# show ip igmp snooping groups count Total number of multicast groups: 2

This is an example of output from the **show ip igmp snooping groups dynamic** command. It shows only the entries learned by IGMP snooping.

Switch#	show ip igm	o snooping	groups vlan 1	dynamic
Vlan	Group	Туре	Version	n Port List
104	224.1.4.2	igmp	v2	Gi0/1, Fa0/15
104	224.1.4.3	igmp	v2	Gi0/1, Fa0/15

This is an example of output from the **show ip igmp snooping groups vlan** *vlan-id ip-address* command. It shows the entries for the group with the specified IP address.

Switch#	show ip igmp	snooping groups	vlan 104	224.1.4.2
Vlan	Group	Туре	Version	Port List
104	224.1.4.2	igmp	v2	Gi0/1, Fa0/15

<b>Related Commands</b>	Command	Description		
	ip igmp snooping	Enables and configures IGMP snooping on the switch or on a VLAN.		
	show ip igmp snooping	Displays the IGMP snooping configuration of the switch or the VLAN.		
	show ip igmp snooping mrouter	Displays IGMP snooping multicast router ports for the switch or for the specified multicast VLAN.		

## show ip igmp snooping mrouter

Use the **show ip igmp snooping mrouter** privileged EXEC command to display the Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP) snooping dynamically learned and manually configured multicast router ports for the switch or for the specified multicast VLAN.

show ip igmp snooping mrouter [vlan vlan-id] [ | {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	vlan vlan-id	(Optional) Specify a VLAN; the range is 1 to 1001 and 1006 to 4094.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(25)EX	This command was introduced.
	snooping. When multicast VL	1005 are reserved for Token Ring and FDDI VLANs and cannot be used in IGMP AN registration (MVR) is enabled, the <b>show ip igmp snooping mrouter</b> command cicast router information and IGMP snooping information.
	•	e sensitive. For example, if you enter l <b>exclude output</b> , the lines that contain <i>output</i> he lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.
Examples	-	of output from the <b>show ip igmp snooping mrouter</b> command. It shows how to puter ports on the switch.
	Switch# <b>show ip i</b> Vlan ports	gmp snooping mrouter
	1 Gi0/1(dyn	amic)

#### Related Commands C

nands	Command	Description		
	ip igmp snooping	Enables and configures IGMP snooping on the switch or a VLAN.		
	ip igmp snooping vlan mrouter	Adds a multicast router port to a multicast VLAN.		
	show ip igmp snooping	Displays the IGMP snooping configuration of the switch or VLAN.		
	show ip igmp snooping groups	Displays IGMP snooping multicast information for the switch or for the specified parameter.		

### show ip igmp snooping querier

Use the **show ip igmp snooping querier** user EXEC command to display the IP address and incoming port for the Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP) query most recently received by the switch.

show ip igmp snooping querier [vlan vlan-id] [detail] [ | {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	vlan vlan-id	(Optional) Specify a VLAN; the range is 1 to 1001 and 1006 to 4094.				
	detail	(Optional) Display querier information as well as configuration and operational information pertaining to the querier.				
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .				
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .				
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.				
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.				
Command Modes	User EXEC					
Command History	Release	Modification				
	12.2(25)EX	This command was introduced.				
Usage Guidelines	Use the <b>show ip igmp snooping querier</b> command to display the IGMP version and IP address of a detected device (also called a <i>querier</i> ) that sends IGMP query message. A subnet can have multiple multicast routers but has only one IGMP querier. In a subnet running IGMPv2, one of the multicast routers is elected as the querier. The querier can be a Layer 3 switch.					
	The <b>show ip igmp snooping querier</b> command output also shows the VLAN and interface of querier was detected. If the querier is the switch, the output shows the <i>Port</i> field as <i>Router</i> . It is a router, the output shows the port number on which the querier is learned in the <i>Port</i> field as <i>Router</i> .					
	The show ip igmp snooping querier detail user EXEC command is similar to the show ip igm snooping querier command. However, the show ip igmp snooping querier detail command di the IP address of the most recent device detected by the switch querier along with this add information:					
	• The elected	IGMP querier in the VLAN				
	•	uration and operational information pertaining to the switch querier (if any) that is in the VLAN				
	<b>E</b>					

Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter | **exclude output**, the lines that contain *output* do not appear, but the lines that contain *Output* appear.

#### **Examples** This is an example of output from the show ip igmp snooping querier command: Switch> show ip igmp snooping querier Vlan IP Address IGMP Version Port \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ 172.20.50.11 v3 1 Gi0/1 2 172.20.40.20 v2 Router This is an example of output from the show ip igmp snooping querier detail command: Switch> show ip igmp snooping querier detail Vlan IP Address IGMP Version Port \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ 1.1.1.1 v2 1 Fa0/1 Global IGMP switch querier status \_\_\_\_\_ admin state admin version source IP address : Enabled : 2 guery-interval (sec) : 0.0.0.0 : 60 max-response-time (sec) : 10 querier-timeout (sec) : 120 tcn query count : 120 tcn query count : 2 tcn query interval (sec) : 10 Vlan 1: IGMP switch querier status \_\_\_\_\_ elected querier is 1.1.1.1 on port Fa0/1 \_\_\_\_\_ admin state : Enabled admin version : 2 source IP address : 10.1.1.65 : 60 query-interval (sec) max-response-time (sec) querier-timeout (sec) : 10 : 120 tcn query count : 2 tcn query interval (sec) : 10 operational state : Non operational version : Non-Querier : 2 operational version tcn query pending count : 0

<b>Related Commands</b>	Command	Description			
	ip igmp snooping querier	Enables and configures the IGMP snooping querier on the switch or on a VLAN.			
	show ip igmp snooping mrouter	Displays IGMP snooping multicast router ports for the switch for the specified multicast VLAN.			

### show ip source binding

Use the show ip source binding user EXEC command to display the IP source bindings on the switch.

show ip source binding [ip-address] [mac-address] [dhcp-snooping | static] [vlan vlan-id]
[interface interface-id] [ | {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	ip-address	(Optional) Display IP source bindings for a specific IP address.
	mac-address	(Optional) Display IP source bindings for a specific MAC address.
	dhcp-snooping	(Optional) Display IP source bindings that were learned by DHCP snooping.
	static	(Optional) Display static IP source bindings.
	vlan vlan-id	(Optional) Display IP source bindings on a specific VLAN.
	interface interface-id	(Optional) Display IP source bindings on a specific interface.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.

#### **Command Modes** User EXEC

Command History	Release	Modificati	on				
	12.2(25)EXThis command was introduced.						
	12.2(50)SE	The comm	and was supported	d in the metro bas	se imag	e.	
Usage Guidelines	in the DHCP snoopin command to display	g binding datab only the dynam	base. Use the <b>show</b> ically configured b	y <b>ip dhcp snoopin</b> bindings.	ng bind	ally configured bindings <b>ling</b> privileged EXEC	
Examples	This is an example of output from the show ip source binding command:						
	Switch> <b>show ip sou</b> MacAddress	IpAddress	Lease(sec)	Туре	VLAN	Interface	
	00:00:00:03:00:0B 00:00:00:00:0A:00:0A	11.0.0.1 11.0.0.2	infinite 10000	static dhcp-snooping	10 10	GigabitEthernet0/1 GigabitEthernet0/1	
Related Commands	Command		Description				
	ip dhcp snooping bi	nding	Configures the DHCP snooping binding database.				
		ding Configures static IP source bindings on the switch.					

### show ip verify source

Use the **show ip verify source** user EXEC command to display the IP source guard configuration on the switch or on a specific interface.

**show ip verify source** [interface interface-id] [ | { begin | exclude | include } expression ]

Syntax Description	interface interface-id	(Optional) Display IP source guard configuration on a specific interface.		
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .		
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .		
l include (Opt		(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .		
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.		

**Command Modes** User EXEC

Command History	Release	Modification
12.2(25)EX		This command was introduced.
12.2(50)SE		The command was supported in the metro base image.

#### Examples

This is an example of output from the **show ip verify source** command:

Switch> show ip verify source					
Interface	Filter-type	Filter-mode	IP-address	Mac-address	Vlan
fa0/1	ip	active	10.0.0.1		10
fa0/1	ip	active	deny-all		11-20
fa0/2	ip	inactive-tru	st-port		
fa0/3	ip	inactive-no-	snooping-vlan		
fa0/4	ip-mac	active	10.0.0.2	aaaa.bbbb.cccc	10
fa0/4	ip-mac	active	11.0.0.1	aaaa.bbbb.cccd	11
fa0/4	ip-mac	active	deny-all	deny-all	12-20
fa0/5	ip-mac	active	10.0.3	permit-all	10
fa0/5	ip-mac	active	deny-all	permit-all	11-20

In the previous example, this is the IP source guard configuration:

- On the Fast Ethernet 0/1 interface, dynamic host control protocol (DHCP) snooping is enabled on VLANs 10 to 20. For VLAN 10, IP source guard with IP address filtering is configured on the interface, and a binding is on the interface. For VLANs 11 to 20, the second entry shows that a default port access control list (ACL) is applied on the interface for the VLANs on which IP source guard is not configured.
- The Fast Ethernet 0/2 interface is configured as trusted for DHCP snooping.
- On the Fast Ethernet 0/3 interface, DHCP snooping is not enabled on the VLANs to which the interface belongs.

- On the Fast Ethernet 0/4 interface, IP source guard with source IP and MAC address filtering is enabled, and static IP source bindings are configured on VLANs 10 and 11. For VLANs 12 to 20, the default port ACL is applied on the interface for the VLANs on which IP source guard is not configured.
- On the Fast Ethernet 0/5 interface, IP source guard with source IP and MAC address filtering is enabled and configured with a static IP binding, but port security is disabled. The switch cannot filter source MAC addresses.

This is an example of output on an interface on which IP source guard is disabled:

Switch> show ip verify source gigabitethernet0/6 IP source guard is not configured on the interface gi0/6.

Related Commands Command		Description
	ip verify source	Enables IP source guard on an interface.

### show ipc

Use the **show ipc** user EXEC command to display Interprocess Communications Protocol (IPC) configuration, status, and statistics.

show ipc {mcast {appclass | groups | status } | nodes | ports [open] | queue | rpc | session {all |
 rx | tx } [verbose] | status [cumlulative] | zones } [ | {begin | exclude | include } expression]

This command is available only if your switch is running the metro IP access image.

Syntax Description	mcast {appclass   groups   status}	Display the IPC multicast routing information. The keywords have these meanings:
		• <b>appclass</b> —Display the IPC multicast application classes.
		• groups—Display the IPC multicast groups.
		• <b>status</b> —Display the IPC multicast routing status.
	nodes	Display participating nodes.
	ports [open]	Display local IPC ports. The keyword has this meaning:
		• <b>open</b> —(Optional) Display only the open ports.
	queue	Display the contents of the IPC transmission queue.
	rpc	Display the IPC remote-procedure statistics.
	session {all   rx   tx}	Display the IPC session statistics (available only in privileged EXEC mode). The keywords have these meanings:
		• all—Display all the session statistics.
		• <b>rx</b> —Display the sessions statistics for traffic that the switch receives
		• <b>tx</b> —Display the sessions statistics for traffic that the switch forwards.
	verbose	(Optional) Display detailed statistics (available only in privileged EXEC mode).
	status [cumlulative]	Display the status of the local IPC server. The keyword has this meaning:
		• <b>cumlulative</b> —(Optional) Display the status of the local IPC server since the switch was started or restarted.
	zones	Display participating IPC zones. The switch supports one IPC zone.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the expression.
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the expression.
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.

Command History Release		Modification
	12.2(25)EX	This command was introduced.

**Usage Guidelines** Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter | **exclude output**, the lines that contain *output* do not appear, but the lines that contain *Output* appear.

Examples	This example shows how to display the IPC routing status:

Switch> show ipc mcast status IPC Mcast Status

				Tx	Rx	
Total Frames				0	0	
					0	
Total control Frames				0	0	
Total Frames dropped				0	0	
Total control Frames dropped				0	0	
Total Reliable messages				0	0	
Total Reliable messages acknowledged			0	0		
Total Out of Band Messages			0	0		
Total Out of Band messages acknowledged		0	0			
Total No Mcast groups				0	0	
Total Retries	0	Total	Timeouts		(	)
Total OOB Retries 0 Total OOB Timeouts				(	)	
Total flushes 0 Total No ports				C	)	

This example shows how to display the participating nodes:

```
Switch> show ipc nodes
There is 1 node in this IPC realm.
ID Type Name Last Last
Sent Heard
10000 Local IPC Master 0 0
```

This example shows how to display the local IPC ports:

```
Switch> show ipc ports
There are 8 ports defined.
```

```
Port ID
             Type
                      Name
                                              (current/peak/total)
There are 8 ports defined.
  10000.1 unicast IPC Master:Zone
                     IPC Master:Echo
  10000.2
             unicast
  10000.3
             unicast
                       IPC Master:Control
                     IPC Master:Init
  10000.4
             unicast
          unicast FIB Master:DFS.process_level.msgs
  10000.5
            unicast FIB Master:DFS.interrupt.msgs
  10000.6
  10000.7
            unicast MDFS RP:Statistics
    port_index = 0 seat_id = 0x10000 last sent = 0
                                                    last heard = 0
  0/2/159
  10000.8
            unicast Slot 1 :MDFS.control.RIL
    port_index = 0 seat_id = 0x10000 last sent = 0
                                                       last heard = 0
  0/0/0
RPC packets:current/peak/total
```

This example shows how to display the contents of the IPC retransmission queue:

```
Switch> show ipc queue
There are 0 IPC messages waiting for acknowledgement in the transmit queue.
There are 0 IPC messages waiting for a response.
There are 0 IPC messages waiting for additional fragments.
There are 0 IPC messages currently on the IPC inboundQ.
Messages currently in use
                                                        3
                                              :
Message cache size
                                                     1000
                                             :
Maximum message cache usage
                                              :
                                                     1000
                                     5000 [max]
0 times message cache crossed
Emergency messages currently in use
                                                        0
                                              :
There are 2 messages currently reserved for reply msg.
Inbound message queue depth 0
Zone inbound message queue depth 0
```

This example shows how to display all the IPC session statistics:

Switch# <b>show ipc sess</b> Tx Sessions:	ion all	
Port ID Type	Name	
<pre>port_index = 0</pre>	t MDFS RP:Statistics type = Unreliable last sent = 0 las 180 Msgs returned = 180	st heard = 0
<pre>port_index = 0</pre>	t Slot 1 :MDFS.control.RIL type = Reliable last sent = 0 las 0 Msgs returned = 0	st heard = 0
Rx Sessions:		
Port ID Type	Name	
<pre>port_index = 0</pre>	t MDFS RP:Statistics seat_id = 0x10000 last sent = 0 last sted = 180 Msgs returned = 180	heard = 0
<pre>port_index = 0</pre>	t Slot 1 :MDFS.control.RIL seat_id = 0x10000 last sent = 0 last sted = 0 Msgs returned = 0	heard = 0

This example shows how to display the status of the local IPC server:

Switch> show ipc status cumulative IPC System Status Time last IPC stat cleared :never This processor is the IPC master server. Do not drop output of IPC frames for test purposes. 1000 IPC Message Headers Cached.

		Rx Side	Tx Side
Total	Frames	12916	608
0	0		
Total	from Local Ports	13080	574
Total	Protocol Control Frames	116	17
Total	Frames Dropped	0	0

Service Usage

Total via Unreliable Connection-Less Service	12783	171
Total via Unreliable Sequenced Connection-Less Svc	0	0
Total via Reliable Connection-Oriented Service	17	116

<output truncated>

<b>Related Commands</b>	Command	Description
	clear ipc	Clears the IPC multicast routing statistics.

### show ipv6 access-list

Use the **show ipv6 access-list** user EXEC command to display the contents of all current IPv6 access lists.

show ipv6 access-list [access-list-name]

```
<u>Note</u>
```

This command is available only if you have configured a dual IPv4 and IPv6 Switch Database Management (SDM) template on the switch.

Syntax Description	access-list-name	(Optional) Name of access list.		
Command Modes	User EXEC			
Command History	Release	Modification		
	12.2(50)SE	This command was introduced.		
Usage Guidelines	The <b>show ipv6 access-list</b> command provides output similar to the <b>show ip access-list</b> command, except that it is IPv6-specific.			
	e	4 and IPv6 template, enter the <b>sdm prefer dual-ipv4-and-ipv6</b> { <b>default</b>   hfiguration command, and reload the switch.		
Examples	The following output from	n the <b>show ipv6 access-list</b> command shows IPv6 access lists named <i>inbound</i> :		
		nd eq bgp (8 matches) sequence 10 eq telnet (15 matches) sequence 20		
	Table 2-15     show ipv6 act	cess-list Field Descriptions		
	Field	Description		
	IPv6 access list inbound	Name of the IPv6 access list, for example, inbound.		
	permit	Permits any packet that matches the specified protocol type.		

1	
tcp	Transmission Control Protocol. The higher-level (Layer 4) protocol type that the packet must match.
any	Equal to ::/0.
eq	An equal operand that compares the source or destination ports of TCP or UDP packets.

Field	Description
bgp (matches)	Border Gateway Protocol. The protocol type that the packet is equal to and the number of matches.
sequence 10	Sequence in which an incoming packet is compared to lines in an access list. Access list lines are ordered from first priority (lowest number, for example, 10) to last priority (highest number, for example, 80).

Related Commands	Command	Description
	clear ipv6 access-list	Resets the IPv6 access list match counters. For syntax information, go to
		http://www.cisco.com/en/US/products/ps5845/products_command_referen ce_chapter09186a008027e846.html#wp1238563
	ipv6 access-list	Defines an IPv6 access list and puts the switch into IPv6 access-list configuration mode.
	sdm prefer	Configures an SDM template to optimize system resources based on how the switch is being used.

### show ipv6 dhcp conflict

Use the **show ipv6 dhcp conflict** privileged EXEC command to display address conflicts found by a Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol for IPv6 (DHCPv6) server when addresses are offered to the client.

show ipv6 dhcp conflict

	snow ipvo unep	connet
Note		ilable only if the switch is running the metro IP access image and you have 4 and IPv6 Switch Database Management (SDM) template on the switch.
Syntax Description		o arguments or keywords.
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(50)SE	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	<b>routing</b>   <b>vlan</b> ) globa When you configure discovery to detect cl	IPv4 and IPv6 template, enter the <b>sdm prefer dual-ipv4-and-ipv6</b> { <b>default</b>   l configuration command, and reload the switch. the DHCPv6 server to detect conflicts, it uses ping. The client uses neighbor ients and reports to the server through a DECLINE message. If an address conflict ss is removed from the pool, and the address cannot be assigned until it is removed
Examples	This is an example of Switch# <b>show ipv6</b> of Pool 350, prefix 20 2001:1005::	001:1005::/48
Related Commands	Command	Description
	ipv6 dhcp pool	Configures a DHCPv6 pool and enters DHCPv6 pool configuration mode.
	clear ipv6 dhcp conflict	Clears an address conflict from the DHCPv6 server database.

### show ipv6 route updated

Use the **show ipv6 route updated** user EXEC command to display the current contents of the IPv6 routing table.

Syntax Description	protocol	(Optional) Display routes for the specified routing protocol. You can enter
		any of these keywords:
		• eigrp
		• ospf
		• rip
		or display routes for the specified type of route. You can enter any of these keywords:
		• connected
		• local
		• static
		• <b>interface</b> <i>interface id</i>
	boot-up	Display the current contents of the IPv6 routing table.
	hh:mm	Enter the time as a 2-digit number for a 24-hour clock. Make sure to use the colons (:). For example, enter <b>13:32</b>
	day	Enter the day of the month. The range is from 1 to 31.
	month	Enter the month in upper case or lower case letters. You can enter the full name of the month, such as <b>January</b> or <b>august</b> , or the first three letters of the month, such as <b>jan</b> or <b>Aug</b> .
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the expression.
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(50)SE	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	Use the <b>show ipv6 r</b> table.	oute privileged EXEC command to display the current contents of the IPv6 routing
	-	e sensitive. For example, if you enter l <b>exclude output</b> , the lines that contain <i>output</i> e lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.

#### Examples This is an example of output from the show ipv6 route updated rip command. Switch> show ipv6 route rip updated IPv6 Routing Table - 12 entries Codes: C - Connected, L - Local, S - Static, U - Per-user Static route B - BGP, R - RIP, I1 - ISIS L1, I2 - ISIS L2 IA - ISIS interarea, IS - ISIS summary O - OSPF Intra, OI - OSPF Inter, OE1 - OSPF ext 1, OE2 - OSPF ext 2 ON1 - OSPF NSSA ext 1, ON2 - OSPF NSSA ext 2 R 2001::/64 [120/2] via FE80::A8BB:CCFF:FE00:8D01, GigabitEthernet0/1 Last updated 10:31:10 27 February 2007 R 2004::/64 [120/2] via FE80::A8BB:CCFF:FE00:9001, GigabitEthernet0/2 Last updated 17:23:05 22 February 2007 R 4000::/64 [120/2] via FE80::A8BB:CCFF:FE00:9001, GigabitEthernet0/3 Last updated 17:23:05 22 February 2007 R 5000::/64 [120/2] via FE80::A8BB:CCFF:FE00:9001, GigabitEthernet0/4 Last updated 17:23:05 22 February 2007 R 5001::/64 [120/2] via FE80::A8BB:CCFF:FE00:9001, GigabitEthernet0/5 Last updated 17:23:05 22 February 2008

<b>Related Commands</b>	Command	Description
	show ipv6 route	Displays the current contents of the IPv6 routing table. For syntax
		information, select Cisco IOS Software > Command References for the
		Cisco IOS Software Releases 12.3 Mainline > Cisco IOS IPv6
		Command Reference > IPv6 Commands: show ipv6 nat translations
		through show ipv6 protocols

### show I2protocol-tunnel

Use the **show l2protocol-tunnel** user EXEC command to display information about Layer 2 protocol tunnel ports. Displays information for interfaces with protocol tunneling enabled.

show l2protocol-tunnel [interface interface-id] [summary] [ | {begin | exclude | include}
expression]

This command is available only if your switch is running the metro IP access or metro access image.

Syntax Description	interface interface-id	(Optional) Specify the interface for which protocol tunneling information appears. Valid interfaces are physical ports and port channels; the port channel range is 1 to 64.
	summary	(Optional) Display only Layer 2 protocol summary information.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.

#### Command Modes User EXEC

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(25)EX	This command was introduced.

# **Usage Guidelines** After enabling Layer 2 protocol tunneling on an access port, a trunk port, or an IEEE 802.1Q tunnel port by using the **12protocol-tunnel** interface configuration command, you can configure some or all of these parameters:

- Protocol type to be tunneled
- Shutdown threshold
- Drop threshold

If you enter the **show l2protocol-tunnel** [**interface** *interface-id*] command, only information about the active ports on which all the parameters are configured appears.

If you enter the **show l2protocol-tunnel summary** command, only information about the active ports on which some or all of the parameters are configured appears.

Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter | exclude output, the lines that contain *output* do not appear, but the lines that contain *Output* appear.

#### Examples

#### This is an example of output from the show l2protocol-tunnel command:

```
Switch> show 12protocol-tunnel
```

COS for Encapsulated Packets: 5 Drop Threshold for Encapsulated Packets: 0

Port			-	Encapsulation Counter	n Decapsulation Counter	Drop Counter
 Fa0/3						
ra0/5						
	pagp			0	242500	
	lacp			24268	242640	
	udld			0	897960	
Fa0/4						
, _						
	pagp	1000		24249	242700	1
	lacp			24256	242660	1
	udld			0	897960	1
Gi0/1	cdp			134482	1344820	1
	pagp	1000		0	242500	1
	lacp	500		0	485320	1
	udld	300		44899	448980	1

This is an example of output from the show l2protocol-tunnel summary command:

```
Switch> show 12protocol-tunnel summary
COS for Encapsulated Packets: 5
Drop Threshold for Encapsulated Packets: 0
```

Port	Protocol	Shutdown Threshold (cdp/stp/vtp) (pagp/lacp/udld)		Status
,		//		up
pag	p lacp udld	//	//	
Fa0/3		//	//	up
pag	p lacp udld	1000//	//	
Fa0/4		//	//	up
pag	p lacp udld	1000/ 500/	//	
Fa0/5	cdp stp vt	p//	//	down
		//	//	
Gi0/1		//	//	down
pag	p	//	1000//	
Gi0/2		//	//	down
pag	p	//	1000//	

<b>Related Commands</b>	Command	Description
	clear l2protocol-tunnel counters	Clears counters for protocol tunneling ports.
	l2protocol-tunnel	Enables Layer 2 protocol tunneling for CDP, STP, or VTP packets on an interface.
	l2protocol-tunnel cos	Configures a class of service (CoS) value for tunneled Layer 2 protocol packets.

### show lacp

Use the **show lacp** user EXEC command to display Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP) channel-group information.

show lacp [channel-group-number] {counters | internal | neighbor | sys-id } [ | {begin | exclude | include } expression]

۵, Note

LACP is available only on network node interfaces (NNIs) or enhanced network interfaces (ENIs).

Syntax Description	channel-group-number	(Optional) Number of the channel group. The range is 1 to 48.
Syntax Description	counters	Display traffic information.
	internal	Display internal information.
	neighbor	Display neighbor information.
	sys-id	Display the system identifier that is being used by LACP. The system identifier is made up of the LACP system priority and the switch MAC address.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	User EXEC	
	User EXEC	Modification
Command Modes Command History		Modification This command was introduced.
	Release 12.2(25)EX You can enter any <b>show</b>	
Command History	Release12.2(25)EXYou can enter any showspecific channel information	This command was introduced.  lacp command to display the active channel-group information. To display
Command History	Release12.2(25)EXYou can enter any showspecific channel informaIf you do not specify a cl	This command was introduced. <b>lacp</b> command to display the active channel-group information. To display tion, enter the <b>show lacp</b> command with a channel-group number.

#### Examples

This is an example of output from the **show lacp counters** user EXEC command. Table 2-16 describes the fields in the display.

Switch> show	w lacp o	counters					
	LAC	PDUs	Marl	ker	Marker H	Response	LACPDUs
Port	Sent	Recv	Sent	Recv	Sent	Recv	Pkts Err
Channel grou	.1:1						
Gi0/1	19	10	0	0	0	0	0
Gi0/2	14	6	0	0	0	0	0

Table 2-16show lacp counters Field Descriptions

Field	Description
LACPDUs Sent and Recv	The number of LACP packets sent and received by a port.
Marker Sent and Recv	The number of LACP marker packets sent and received by a port.
Marker Response Sent and Recv	The number of LACP marker response packets sent and received by a port.
LACPDUs Pkts and Err	The number of unknown and illegal packets received by LACP for a port.

This is an example of output from the show lacp internal command:

```
Switch> show lacp 1 internal
Flags: S - Device is requesting Slow LACPDUs
        F - Device is requesting Fast LACPDUs
        A - Device is in Active mode
                                           P - Device is in Passive mode
Channel group 1
                              LACP port
                                            Admin
                                                      Oper
                                                               Port
                                                                        Port
Port
            Flags
                              Priority
                                            Key
                                                      Key
                                                                        State
                    State
                                                               Number
Gi0/1
                              32768
            SA
                    bndl
                                            0x3
                                                       0x3
                                                               0x4
                                                                        0x3D
Gi0/2
            SA
                    bndl
                              32768
                                            0x3
                                                       0x3
                                                               0x5
                                                                        0x3D
```

Table 2-17 describes the fields in the display.

Table 2-17show lacp internal Field Descriptions

Field	Description
State	State of the specific port. These are the allowed values:
	• – —Port is in an unknown state.
	• <b>bndl</b> —Port is attached to an aggregator and bundled with other ports.
	• <b>susp</b> —Port is in a suspended state; it is not attached to any aggregator.
	• <b>hot-sby</b> —Port is in a hot-standby state.
	• <b>indiv</b> —Port is incapable of bundling with any other port.
	• <b>indep</b> —Port is in an independent state (not bundled but able to switch data traffic. In this case, LACP is not running on the partner port).
	• <b>down</b> —Port is down.
LACP Port Priority	Port priority setting. LACP uses the port priority to put ports s in standby mode when there is a hardware limitation that prevents all compatible ports from aggregating.

Field	Description
Admin Key	Administrative key assigned to this port. LACP automatically generates an administrative key value as a hexadecimal number. The administrative key defines the ability of a port to aggregate with other ports. A port's ability to aggregate with other ports is determined by the port physical characteristics (for example, data rate and duplex capability) and configuration restrictions that you establish.
Oper Key	Runtime operational key that is being used by this port. LACP automatically generates this value as a hexadecimal number.
Port Number	Port number.
Port State	State variables for the port, encoded as individual bits within a single octet with these meanings:
	• bit0: LACP_Activity
	• bit1: LACP_Timeout
	• bit2: Aggregation
	• bit3: Synchronization
	• bit4: Collecting
	• bit5: Distributing
	• bit6: Defaulted
	• bit7: Expired
	<b>Note</b> In the above list, bit7 is the MSB and bit0 is the LSB.

 Table 2-17
 show lacp internal Field Descriptions (continued)

#### This is an example of output from the **show lacp neighbor** command:

Flags: S	<b>show lacp neighbor</b> 5 - Device is sending A - Device is in Activ			-		
Channel g	Channel group 3 neighbors					
Partner's	s information:					
Port Gi0/1	Partner System ID 32768,0007.eb49.5e80	Partner Port Number 0xC	Age 19s	Partner Flags SP		
	LACP Partner Port Priority 32768	Partner Oper Key 0x3	Partner Port State 0x3C			
Partner's information:						
Port Gi0/2	··· <b>1</b> ··· ··	Partner Port Number 0xD	Age 15s	Partner Flags SP		
	LACP Partner Port Priority 32768	Partner Oper Key 0x3	Partner Port State 0x3C			

This is an example of output from the **show lacp sys-id** command:

Switch> **show lacp sys-id** 32765,0002.4b29.3a00

The system identification is made up of the system priority and the system MAC address. The first two bytes are the system priority, and the last six bytes are the globally administered individual MAC address associated to the system.

<b>Related Commands</b>	Command	Description	
	clear lacp	Clears the LACP channel-group information.	
	lacp port-priority	Configures the LACP port priority.	
	lacp system-priority	Configures the LACP system priority.	

### show link state group

Use the **show link state group** global configuration command to display the link-state group information.

show link state group [number] [detail] [ | {begin | exclude | include} expression]

This command is available only if your switch is running the metro IP access or metro access image.

Syntax Description	number	(Optional) Number of the link-state group.		
	detail	(Optional) Specify that detailed information appears.		
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .		
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .		
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .		
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.		
Defaults	There is no default.			
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC			
Command History	Release	Modification		
-				
	12.2(25)SEG	This command was introduced.		
Usage Guidelines	Use the <b>show link sta</b> command without key	te group command to display the link-state group information. Enter this		
Usage Guidelines	Use the <b>show link sta</b> command without key to display information Enter the <b>detail</b> keyw <b>state group detail</b> co or that have upstream	<b>te group</b> command to display the link-state group information. Enter this words to display information about all link-state groups. Enter the group number a specific to the group. ord to display detailed information about the group. The output for the <b>show link</b>		
Usage Guidelines	Use the <b>show link sta</b> command without key to display information Enter the <b>detail</b> keyw <b>state group detail</b> cor or that have upstream configuration for a gr	<b>Ite group</b> command to display the link-state group information. Enter this words to display information about all link-state groups. Enter the group number a specific to the group. ord to display detailed information about the group. The output for the <b>show link</b> mmand displays only those link-state groups that have link-state tracking enabled or downstream interfaces (or both) configured. If there is no link-state group oup, it is not shown as enabled or disabled.		
Usage Guidelines Examples	Use the <b>show link sta</b> command without key to display information Enter the <b>detail</b> keyw <b>state group detail</b> cor or that have upstream configuration for a gr Expressions are case s are not displayed, but	<b>Ate group</b> command to display the link-state group information. Enter this words to display information about all link-state groups. Enter the group number a specific to the group. ord to display detailed information about the group. The output for the <b>show link</b> mmand displays only those link-state groups that have link-state tracking enabled or downstream interfaces (or both) configured. If there is no link-state group oup, it is not shown as enabled or disabled. sensitive. For example, if you enter   <b>exclude output</b> , the lines that contain <i>output</i>		

This is an example of output from the show link state group detail command:

Switch> show link state group detail
(Up):Interface up (Dwn):Interface Down (Dis):Interface disabled
Link State Group: 1 Status: Enabled, Down
Upstream Interfaces : Gi0/15(Dwn) Gi0/16(Dwn)
Downstream Interfaces : Gi0/11(Dis) Gi0/12(Dis) Gi0/13(Dis) Gi0/14(Dis)
Link State Group: 2 Status: Enabled, Down
Upstream Interfaces : Gi0/15(Dwn) Gi0/16(Dwn) Gi0/17(Dwn)
Downstream Interfaces : Gi0/11(Dis) Gi0/12(Dis) Gi0/13(Dis) Gi0/14(Dis)
(Up):Interface up (Dwn):Interface Down (Dis):Interface disabled

Related Commands	Command	Description           Configures an interface as a member of a link-state group.           Enables a link-state group.	
	link state group		
	link state track		
	show running-config	Displays the operating configuration. For syntax information, use this link to the Cisco IOS Release 12.2 Command Reference listing page: http://www.cisco.com/en/US/products/sw/iosswrel/ps1835/prod_comm and_reference_list.html Select the Cisco IOS Commands Master List, Release 12.2 to navigate to the command.	

### show location

Use the show location user EXEC command to display location information for an endpoint.

show location admin-tag | [ | {begin | exclude | include} expression]

show location civic-location {identifier id number | interface interface-id | static } | [ | {begin |
 exclude | include } expression]

show location elin-location {identifier id number | interface interface-id | static } | [ | {begin |
 exclude | include } expression]

Syntax Description	admin-tag	Display administrative tag or site information.		
	civic-location	Display civic location information.Display emergency location information (ELIN).Specify the ID for the civic location or the elin location. The id range is 1 to 4095.		
	elin-location			
	identifier <i>id</i>			
	interface interface-id	Display location information for the specified interface or all interfaces. Valid interfaces include physical ports.		
	static	Display static configuration information.		
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .		
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the expression.		
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .		
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.		
Command Modes	User EXEC			

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.1(40)SE	This command was introduced.

#### **Usage Guidelines**

**use the show location** command to display location information for an endpoint.

Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter | exclude output, the lines that contain *output* do not appear, but the lines that contain *Output* appear.

#### Examples

This is an example of output from the **show location civic-location** command that displays location information for an interface:

```
Switch> show location civic interface gigabitethernet2/0/1
```

Civic location information

Identifier	: 1
County	: Santa Clara
Street number	: 3550
Building	: 19
Room	: C6
Primary road name	: Cisco Way
City	: San Jose
State	: CA
Country	: US

This is an example of output from the **show location civic-location** command that displays all the civic location information:

Switch> show location civic-location static

Civic location informat	zion
City State Country Ports	: 1 : Santa Clara : 3550 : 19 : C6 : Cisco Way : San Jose : CA : US : Gi2/0/1
Identifier Street number Street number suffix Landmark Primary road name City Country	: 2 : 24568 : West : Golden Gate Bridge : 19th Ave : San Francisco : US

This is an example of output from the **show location elin-location** command that displays the emergency location information:

Switch> show location elin-location identifier 1

This is an example of output from the **show location elin static** command that displays all emergency location information:

Switch> show location elin static Elin location information ------Identifier : 1 Elin : 14085553881 Ports : Gi2/0/2 ------Identifier : 2 Elin : 18002228999 ------

### **Related Commands**

nands	Command	Description	
	location (global configuration)	Configures the global location information for an endpoint.	
	location (interface configuration)	Configures the location information for an interface.	

### show mac access-group

Use the **show mac access-group** user EXEC command to display the MAC access control lists (ACLs) configured for an interface or a switch.

show mac access-group [interface interface-id] [ | {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	interface interface-id	(Optional) Display the MAC ACLs configured on a specific interface. Valid interfaces are physical ports and port channels; the port-channel range is 1 to 48 (available only in privileged EXEC mode).		
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .		
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .		
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.		
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.		
Command Modes	User EXEC			
Command History	Release	Modification		
	10.0(05) EX			
Usage Guidelines	-	This command was introduced. nsitive. For example, if you enter   <b>exclude output</b> , the lines that contain <i>output</i> ines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.		
Usage Guidelines Examples	Expressions are case set do not appear, but the li This is an example of o	nsitive. For example, if you enter   <b>exclude output</b> , the lines that contain <i>output</i> ines that contain <i>Output</i> appear. utput from the <b>show mac-access group</b> user EXEC command. In this display, 0/2 has the MAC access list <i>macl_e1</i> applied to inbound traffic; no MAC ACLs		

This is an example of output from the **show mac access-group interface fastethernet0/1** command:

Switch# show mac access-group interface fastethernet0/1
Interface FastEthernet0/1:
 Inbound access-list is macl\_e1

Related Commands 0

CommandDescriptionmac access-groupApplies a MAC access group to an interface.

### show mac address-table

Use the **show mac address-table** user EXEC command to display a specific MAC address table static and dynamic entry or the MAC address table static and dynamic entries on a specific interface or VLAN.

show mac address-table [ | {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	begin	(	(Optional) Di	splay begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
, ,	exclud		. 1	splay excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	includ		· 1	splay includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .
	expressi	on I	Expression in	the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	User EX	EC		
Command History	Release	I	Modification	
	12.2(25)	)EX	This comman	d was introduced.
-	do not ap	ppear, but the lines	s that contain	
Usage Guidelines Examples	do not ap This is a	ppear, but the lines	that contain ut from the sl s-table	
-	do not ap This is a Switch>	ppear, but the lines n example of outp show mac address	that contain ut from the sl s-table able	<i>Output</i> appear. <b>how mac address-table</b> command:
-	do not ap This is a Switch> Vlan	n example of outp show mac address Mac Address Mac Address	that contain ut from the sl s-table able Type 	<i>Output</i> appear. <b>how mac address-table</b> command: Ports 
-	do not ap This is a Switch>  Vlan  All	n example of outp show mac address Mac Address Mac Address 0000.0000.0001	that contain ut from the sl s-table able Type  STATIC	<i>Output</i> appear. <b>how mac address-table</b> command: Ports  CPU
-	do not ap This is a Switch> Vlan  All All	n example of outp show mac address Mac Address Mac Address 0000.0000.0001 0000.0000.0002	that contain ut from the sl s-table able Type  STATIC STATIC	Output appear. how mac address-table command: Ports  CPU CPU
-	do not ap This is a Switch>  Vlan  All	n example of outp show mac address Mac Address Mac Address 0000.0000.0001	that contain ut from the sl s-table able Type  STATIC	<i>Output</i> appear. <b>how mac address-table</b> command: Ports  CPU
-	do not ap This is a Switch> Vlan  All All All	n example of outp show mac address Mac Address Mac Address 0000.0000.0001 0000.0000.0002 0000.0000.	that contain ut from the sl s-table able Type  STATIC STATIC STATIC	Output appear. how mac address-table command: Ports  CPU CPU CPU CPU
-	do not ap This is a Switch>  Vlan  All All All All	n example of outp show mac address Mac Address Mac Address 0000.0000.0001 0000.0000.0002 0000.0000.	that contain ut from the sl s-table able Type STATIC STATIC STATIC STATIC STATIC	Output appear. how mac address-table command: Ports  CPU CPU CPU CPU CPU
-	do not ap This is a Switch>  Vlan  All All All All All All All All	ppear, but the lines n example of outp show mac address Mac Address 	that contain ut from the sl s-table able Type  STATIC STATIC STATIC STATIC STATIC STATIC	Output appear. how mac address-table command: Ports  CPU CPU CPU CPU CPU CPU CPU
-	do not ap This is a Switch>  Vlan  All All All All All All All All A	ppear, but the lines n example of outp show mac address Mac Addres	that contain ut from the sl s-table able Type  STATIC STATIC STATIC STATIC STATIC STATIC STATIC STATIC STATIC STATIC STATIC	Output appear. how mac address-table command: Ports  CPU CPU CPU CPU CPU CPU CPU CPU
-	do not ap This is a Switch>  Vlan  All All All All All All All All A	ppear, but the lines n example of outp show mac address Mac Addres	that contain ut from the sl s-table able Type  STATIC STATIC STATIC STATIC STATIC STATIC STATIC STATIC STATIC STATIC STATIC STATIC STATIC	Output appear. how mac address-table command: Ports  CPU CPU CPU CPU CPU CPU CPU CPU
-	do not ap This is a Switch>  Vlan  All All All All All All All All A	ppear, but the lines n example of outp show mac address Mac Addres	that contain ut from the sl s-table able Type  STATIC STATIC STATIC STATIC STATIC STATIC STATIC STATIC STATIC STATIC STATIC STATIC STATIC	Output appear. how mac address-table command: Ports  CPU CPU CPU CPU CPU CPU CPU CPU
-	do not ap This is a Switch>  Vlan  All All All All All All All All A	ppear, but the lines n example of outp show mac address Mac Addres	that contain ut from the sl s-table able Type  STATIC STATIC STATIC STATIC STATIC STATIC STATIC STATIC STATIC STATIC STATIC STATIC STATIC	Output appear. how mac address-table command: Ports  CPU CPU CPU CPU CPU CPU CPU CPU

Total Mac Addresses for this criterion: 12

<b>Related Commands</b>	Command	Description
	clear mac address-table dynamic	Deletes from the MAC address table a specific dynamic address, all dynamic addresses on a particular interface, or all dynamic addresses on a particular VLAN.
	show mac address-table aging-time	Displays the aging time in all VLANs or the specified VLAN.
	show mac address-table count	Displays the number of addresses present in all VLANs or the specified VLAN.
	show mac address-table dynamic	Displays dynamic MAC address table entries only.
	show mac address-table interface	Displays the MAC address table information for the specified interface.
	show mac address-table notification	Displays the MAC address notification settings for all interfaces or the specified interface.
	show mac address-table static	Displays static MAC address table entries only.
	show mac address-table vlan	Displays the MAC address table information for the specified VLAN.

### show mac address-table address

Use the **show mac address-table address** user EXEC command to display MAC address table information for the specified MAC address.

show mac address-table address mac-address [interface interface-id] [vlan vlan-id] [ | {begin |
 exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	mac-address	Specify the 48-bit MAC address; the valid format is H.H.H.			
	interface interface-id	(Optional) Display information for a specific interface. Valid interfaces include physical ports and port channels.			
	vlan <i>vlan-id</i> (Optional) Display entries for the specific VLAN only. The range is 4094.				
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .			
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .			
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.			
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.			
Command Modes	User EXEC				
Command Modes	User EALC				
Command History	Release	Modification			
Command History	<b>Release</b> 12.2(25)EX	Modification This command was introduced.			
·	12.2(25)EX Expressions are case ser	This command was introduced.			
Usage Guidelines	12.2(25)EX Expressions are case sen do not appear, but the lin	This command was introduced. nsitive. For example, if you enter   <b>exclude output</b> , the lines that contain <i>output</i>			
Command History Usage Guidelines Examples	12.2(25)EX Expressions are case sen do not appear, but the lin This is an example of ou	This command was introduced. asitive. For example, if you enter l <b>exclude output</b> , the lines that contain <i>output</i> nes that contain <i>Output</i> appear. atput from the <b>show mac address-table address</b> command: <b>ess-table address 0002.4b28.c482</b>			
Usage Guidelines	12.2(25)EX Expressions are case sen do not appear, but the lin This is an example of ou Switch# <b>show mac addr</b>	This command was introduced. asitive. For example, if you enter l <b>exclude output</b> , the lines that contain <i>output</i> nes that contain <i>Output</i> appear. atput from the <b>show mac address-table address</b> command: <b>ess-table address 0002.4b28.c482</b>			

<b>Related Commands</b>	Command	Description
	show mac address-table aging-time	Displays the aging time in all VLANs or the specified VLAN.
	show mac address-table count	Displays the number of addresses present in all VLANs or the specified VLAN.
	show mac address-table dynamic	Displays dynamic MAC address table entries only.
	show mac address-table interface	Displays the MAC address table information for the specified interface.
	show mac address-table notification	Displays the MAC address notification settings for all interfaces or the specified interface.
	show mac address-table static	Displays static MAC address table entries only.
	show mac address-table vlan	Displays the MAC address table information for the specified VLAN.

### show mac address-table aging-time

Use the **show mac address-table aging-time** user EXEC command to display the aging time of a specific address table instance, all address table instances on a specified VLAN or, if a specific VLAN is not specified, on all VLANs.

show mac address-table aging-time [vlan vlan-id] [ | {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	vlan vlan-id	(Optional) Display aging time information for a specific VLAN. The range is 1 to 4094.		
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .		
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .		
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .		
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.		
Command Modes	User EXEC			
Command History	Release	Modification		
	12.2(25)EX	This command was introduced.		
Usage Guidelines	If no VLAN number is specified, the aging time for all VLANs appears. Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter   exclude output, the lines that contain <i>output</i>			
	-	he lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.		
Examples	This is an example	of output from the <b>show mac address-table aging-time</b> command:		
	Switch> <b>show mac</b> Vlan Aging Tim	address-table aging-time		
	1 300	-		
	This is an example of output from the show mac address-table aging-time vlan 10 command:			
	Vlan Aging Tim			
	10 300	-		

<b>Related Commands</b>	Command	Description
	mac address-table aging-time	Sets the length of time that a dynamic entry remains in the MAC address table after the entry is used or updated.
	show mac address-table address	Displays MAC address table information for the specified MAC address.
	show mac address-table count	Displays the number of addresses present in all VLANs or the specified VLAN.
	show mac address-table dynamic	Displays dynamic MAC address table entries only.
	show mac address-table interface	Displays the MAC address table information for the specified interface.
	show mac address-table notification	Displays the MAC address notification settings for all interfaces or the specified interface.
	show mac address-table static	Displays static MAC address table entries only.
	show mac address-table vlan	Displays the MAC address table information for the specified VLAN.

# show mac address-table count

Use the **show mac address-table count** user EXEC command to display the number of addresses present in all VLANs or the specified VLAN.

show mac address-table count [vlan vlan-id] [ | {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	vlan vlan-id	(Optional) Display the number of addresses for a specific VLAN. The range is 1 to 4094.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the expression.
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	User EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
-	12.2(25)EX	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	If no VLAN nu	mber is specified, the address count for all VLANs appears.
	-	e case sensitive. For example, if you enter   <b>exclude output</b> , the lines that contain <i>output</i> out the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.
Examples	This is an exam	ple of output from the show mac address-table count command:
	Mac Entries fo	
	Dynamic Addres	ss Count : 2 ss Count : 0

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show mac address-table address	Displays MAC address table information for the specified MAC address.
	show mac address-table aging-time	Displays the aging time in all VLANs or the specified VLAN.
	show mac address-table dynamic	Displays dynamic MAC address table entries only.
	show mac address-table interface	Displays the MAC address table information for the specified interface.
	show mac address-table notification	Displays the MAC address notification settings for all interfaces or the specified interface.
	show mac address-table static	Displays static MAC address table entries only.
	show mac address-table vlan	Displays the MAC address table information for the specified VLAN.

# show mac address-table dynamic

Use the **show mac address-table dynamic** user EXEC command to display only dynamic MAC address table entries.

show mac address-table dynamic [address mac-address] [interface interface-id] [vlan vlan-id]
 [ | {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	address mac-address	(Optional) Specify a 48-bit MAC address; the valid format is H.H.H (available in privileged EXEC mode only).
	interface interface-id	(Optional) Specify an interface to match; valid <i>interfaces</i> include physical ports and port channels.
	vlan vlan-id	(Optional) Display entries for a specific VLAN; the range is 1 to 4094.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.

Command Modes User EXEC

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(25)EX	This command was introduced.

**Usage Guidelines** Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter | **exclude output**, the lines that contain *output* do not appear, but the lines that contain *Output* appear.

Examples

This is an example of output from the **show mac address-table dynamic** command:

Switch>	show mac address	s-table d	lynamic
	Mac Address Ta	able	
Vlan	Mac Address	Туре	Ports
1	0030.b635.7862	DYNAMIC	Gi0/2
1	00b0.6496.2741	DYNAMIC	Gi0/2
Total Ma	ac Addresses for	this cr	iterion: 2

Related Commands	Command	Description
	clear mac address-table dynamic	Deletes from the MAC address table a specific dynamic address, all dynamic addresses on a particular interface, or all dynamic addresses on a particular VLAN.
	show mac address-table address	Displays MAC address table information for the specified MAC address.
	show mac address-table aging-time	Displays the aging time in all VLANs or the specified VLAN.
	show mac address-table count	Displays the number of addresses present in all VLANs or the specified VLAN.
	show mac address-table interface	Displays the MAC address table information for the specified interface.
	show mac address-table static	Displays static MAC address table entries only.
	show mac address-table vlan	Displays the MAC address table information for the specified VLAN.

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# show mac address-table interface

Use the **show mac address-table interface** user command to display the MAC address table information for the specified interface in the specified VLAN.

**show mac address-table interface** *interface-id* [**vlan** *vlan-id*] [ | {**begin** | **exclude** | **include**} *expression*]

Syntax Description	interface-id	Specify an interface type; valid interfaces include physical ports and port channels.
	vlan vlan-id	(Optional) Display entries for a specific VLAN; the range is 1 to 4094.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the expression.
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the expression.
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	User EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(25)EX	This command was introduced.
Jsage Guidelines	do not appear, but th	e sensitive. For example, if you enter <b>  exclude output</b> , the lines that contain <i>outpu</i> he lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.
Examples		
cxumpres		address-table interface gigabitethernet0/2 ress Table
LAUNPIUS		ress Table  ss Type Ports

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show mac address-table address	Displays MAC address table information for the specified MAC address.
	show mac address-table aging-time	Displays the aging time in all VLANs or the specified VLAN.
	show mac address-table count	Displays the number of addresses present in all VLANs or the specified VLAN.
	show mac address-table dynamic	Displays dynamic MAC address table entries only.
	show mac address-table notification	Displays the MAC address notification settings for all interfaces or the specified interface.
	show mac address-table static	Displays static MAC address table entries only.
	show mac address-table vlan	Displays the MAC address table information for the specified VLAN.

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# show mac address-table learning

Use the **show mac address-table learning** user EXEC command to display the status of MAC address learning for all VLANs or the specified VLAN.

**show mac address-table learning** [vlan *vlan-id*] [ | {**begin** | **exclude** | **include**} *expression*]

This command is available only when the switch is running the metro IP access or metro access image.

Syntax Description	vlan vlan-id	(Optional) Display information for a specific VLAN. The range is 1 to 4094.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	User EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(25)EX	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	VLANs and whether MAC address learning is enable learning status on an indiv	
Usage Guidelines	VLANs and whether MAC address learning is enable learning status on an indiv	C address learning is enabled or disabled on them. The default is that MAC d on all VLANs. Use the command with a specific VLAN ID to display the vidual VLAN.
Usage Guidelines	VLANs and whether MAG address learning is enable learning status on an indiv Expressions are case sensit	C address learning is enabled or disabled on them. The default is that MAC d on all VLANs. Use the command with a specific VLAN ID to display the vidual VLAN.
Usage Guidelines Examples	VLANs and whether MAG address learning is enable learning status on an indiv Expressions are case sensi do not appear, but the line This is an example of outp	C address learning is enabled or disabled on them. The default is that MAC d on all VLANs. Use the command with a specific VLAN ID to display the vidual VLAN. tive. For example, if you enter l <b>exclude output</b> , the lines that contain <i>output</i> s that contain <i>Output</i> appear.
	VLANs and whether MAG address learning is enable learning status on an indiv Expressions are case sensi do not appear, but the line This is an example of outp that MAC address learning Switch> show mac address VLAN Learning Status	C address learning is enabled or disabled on them. The default is that MAC d on all VLANs. Use the command with a specific VLAN ID to display the vidual VLAN. tive. For example, if you enter l <b>exclude output</b> , the lines that contain <i>output</i> s that contain <i>Output</i> appear. ut from the <b>show mac address-table learning</b> user EXEC command showing g is disabled on VLAN 200: ss-table learning
	VLANs and whether MAG address learning is enable learning status on an indiv Expressions are case sensi do not appear, but the line This is an example of outp that MAC address learnin Switch> show mac address	C address learning is enabled or disabled on them. The default is that MAC d on all VLANs. Use the command with a specific VLAN ID to display the vidual VLAN. tive. For example, if you enter l <b>exclude output</b> , the lines that contain <i>output</i> s that contain <i>Output</i> appear. ut from the <b>show mac address-table learning</b> user EXEC command showing g is disabled on VLAN 200: ss-table learning
	VLANs and whether MAGaddress learning is enablelearning status on an indivExpressions are case sensitedo not appear, but the lineThis is an example of outpthat MAC address learningSwitch> show mac addressVLANLearning Status1yes100yes	C address learning is enabled or disabled on them. The default is that MAC d on all VLANs. Use the command with a specific VLAN ID to display the vidual VLAN. tive. For example, if you enter I <b>exclude output</b> , the lines that contain <i>output</i> s that contain <i>Output</i> appear. ut from the <b>show mac address-table learning</b> user EXEC command showing g is disabled on VLAN 200: ss-table learning

# show mac address-table move update

Use the **show mac address-table move update** user EXEC command to display the MAC address-table move update information on the switch.

show mac address-table move update [ | {begin | exclude | include} expression]

This command is available only when the switch is running the metro IP access or metro access image.

Syntax Description	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the expression.
	1 Segm	(Optional) Display begins with the fine that matches the expression.
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the expression.
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.
	<i>expression</i> Expression in the output to use as a reference point.	
Command Modes	User EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(25)SEG	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	*	the sensitive. For example, if you enter   <b>exclude output</b> , the lines that contain output
	do not appear, but t	he lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.
Examples		of output from the <b>show mac address-table move update</b> command:

Related Commands	Command	Description
	clear mac address-table move update	Clears the MAC address-table move update counters.
	<pre>mac address-table move update {receive   transmit}</pre>	Configures MAC address-table move update on the switch.

# show mac address-table notification

Use the **show mac address-table notification** user EXEC command to display the MAC address notification settings for all interfaces or the specified interface.

show mac address-table notification [interface [interface-id]] [ | {begin | exclude | include}
expression]

Syntax Description	interface	(Optional) Display information for all interfaces. Valid interfaces include physical ports and port channels.	
	interface-id	(Optional) Display information for the specified interface. Valid interfaces include physical ports and port channels.	
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the expression.	
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .	
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.	
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.	
Command Modes	User EXEC		
Command History	Release	Modification	
	12.2(25)EX	This command was introduced.	
	in the history table, and the history table contents. Use the <b>interface</b> keyword to display the flags for all interfaces. If the <i>interface-id</i> is included, only the flags for that interface appear.		
	Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter   <b>exclude output</b> , the lines that contain <i>output</i> do not appear, but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.		
Examples	This is an example	e of output from the <b>show mac address-table notification</b> command:	
Examples	MAC Notification Interval between Number of MAC Ad Number of MAC Ad Number of Notifi Maximum Number o Current History	Traps are Enabled	
	History Index 0, Entry Timestamp 1032254, Despatch Timestamp 1032254 MAC Changed Message :		

Operation: Added Vlan: 2 MAC Addr: 0000.0000.0001 Module: 0 Port: 1 History Index 1, Entry Timestamp 1038254, Despatch Timestamp 1038254 MAC Changed Message : Operation: Added Vlan: 2 MAC Addr: 0000.0000.0000 Module: 0 Port: 1 Operation: Added Vlan: 2 MAC Addr: 0000.0000.0002 Module: 0 Port: 1 Operation: Added Vlan: 2 MAC Addr: 0000.0000.0003 Module: 0 Port: 1 History Index 2, Entry Timestamp 1074254, Despatch Timestamp 1074254 MAC Changed Message : MAC Addr: 0000.0000.0000 Module: 0 Operation: Deleted Vlan: 2 Port: 1 Operation: Deleted Vlan: 2MAC Addr: 0000.0000.0001 Module: 0Operation: Deleted Vlan: 2MAC Addr: 0000.0000.0002 Module: 0 Port: 1 Port: 1 Operation: Deleted Vlan: 2 MAC Addr: 0000.0000.0003 Module: 0 Port: 1

<b>Related Commands</b>	Command	Description
	clear mac address-table notification	Clears the MAC address notification global counters.
	show mac address-table address	Displays MAC address table information for the specified MAC address.
	show mac address-table aging-time	Displays the aging time in all VLANs or the specified VLAN.
	show mac address-table count	Displays the number of addresses present in all VLANs or the specified VLAN.
	show mac address-table dynamic	Displays dynamic MAC address table entries only.
	show mac address-table interface	Displays the MAC address table information for the specified interface.
	show mac address-table static	Displays static MAC address table entries only.
	show mac address-table vlan	Displays the MAC address table information for the specified VLAN.

### show mac address-table static

Use the **show mac address-table static** user EXEC command to display only static MAC address table entries.

show mac address-table static [address mac-address] [interface interface-id] [vlan vlan-id]
 [ | {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	address mac-address	(Optional) Specify a 48-bit MAC address; the valid format is H.H.H (available in privileged EXEC mode only).
	interface interface-id	(Optional) Specify an interface to match; valid <i>interfaces</i> include physical ports and port channels.
	vlan vlan-id	(Optional) Display addresses for a specific VLAN. The range is 1 to 4094.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.

### Command Modes User EXEC

Command History	Releas	se	Modifica	tion		
	12.2(2	25)EX	This com	mand was introduced.		
Usage Guidelines	Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter l <b>exclude output</b> , the lines that contain <i>output</i> do not appear, but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.					
Examples	This is an example of output from the <b>show mac address-table static</b> command:					
	Switch> show mac address-table static					
		Mac Address T	'able			
	Vlan	Mac Address	Туре	Ports		
	 All	0100.0ccc.cccc	STATIC	 CPU		
	All	0180.c200.0000	STATIC	CPU		
	A11	0100.0ccc.cccd	STATIC	CPU		
	A11	0180.c200.0001	STATIC	CPU		
	A11	0180.c200.0004	STATIC	CPU		
	A11	0180.c200.0005	STATIC	СРИ		

4 0001.0002.0004 STATIC Drop 6 0001.0002.0007 STATIC Drop Total Mac Addresses for this criterion: 8

### Related Commands C

Command	DescriptionAdds static addresses to the MAC address table.		
mac address-table static			
mac address-table static drop	Enables unicast MAC address filtering and configures the switch to drop traffic with a specific source or destination MAC address.		
show mac address-table address	Displays MAC address table information for the specified MAC address.		
show mac address-table aging-time	Displays the aging time in all VLANs or the specified VLAN.		
show mac address-table count	Displays the number of addresses present in all VLANs or the specified VLAN.		
show mac address-table dynamic	Displays dynamic MAC address table entries only.		
show mac address-table interface	Displays the MAC address table information for the specified interface.		
show mac address-table notification	Displays the MAC address notification settings for all interfaces or the specified interface.		
show mac address-table vlan	Displays the MAC address table information for the specified VLAN.		

## show mac address-table vlan

Use the **show mac address-table vlan** user EXEC command to display the MAC address table information for the specified VLAN.

show mac address-table vlan vlan-id [ | {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	vlan-id	(Optional)	Display a	addresses for a specific VLAN. The range is 1 to 4094.
	begin	(Optional)	Display	begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional)	Display	excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional)	Display	includes lines that match the specified expression.
	expression	Expression	in the ou	utput to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	User EXEC			
Command History	Release		Modifica	tion
	12.2(25)EX	-	This com	mand was introduced.
Examples	This is an e	xample of outr	out from t	he show mac address-table vlan 1 command:
	Switch> <b>sh</b> a I	ow mac address Mac Address I	<b>s-table</b> able	vlan 1
		c Address	Туре	Ports
		C Address		Ports  CPU
	1 010			
	1 010 1 011	.0ccc.cccc	STATIC STATIC	 CPU
	1 010 1 011 1 011 1 011 1 011	00.0ccc.ccc 30.c200.0000 00.0ccc.cccd 30.c200.0001	STATIC STATIC STATIC STATIC	 CPU CPU CPU
	1 01 1 01 1 01 1 01 1 01 1 01 1 01	00.0ccc.cccc 80.c200.0000 00.0ccc.cccd 80.c200.0001 80.c200.0002	STATIC STATIC STATIC STATIC STATIC	 CPU CPU CPU CPU
	1 01 1 01 1 01 1 01 1 01 1 01 1 01 1 01	00.0ccc.cccc 30.c200.0000 00.0ccc.cccd 30.c200.0001 80.c200.0002 80.c200.0003	STATIC STATIC STATIC STATIC STATIC STATIC	СРU СРU СРU СРU СРU СРU
	1 01 1 01 1 01 1 01 1 01 1 01 1 01 1 01 1 01	00.0ccc.cccc 80.c200.0000 00.0ccc.cccd 80.c200.0001 80.c200.0002 80.c200.0003 80.c200.0005	STATIC STATIC STATIC STATIC STATIC STATIC STATIC	CPU CPU CPU CPU CPU CPU CPU
	1 01 1 01	00.0ccc.cccc 80.c200.0000 00.0ccc.cccd 80.c200.0001 80.c200.0002 80.c200.0003 80.c200.0005 80.c200.0006	STATIC STATIC STATIC STATIC STATIC STATIC STATIC STATIC	CPU CPU CPU CPU CPU CPU CPU CPU
	1 01 1 01	00.0ccc.cccc 80.c200.0000 00.0ccc.cccd 80.c200.0001 80.c200.0002 80.c200.0003 80.c200.0005	STATIC STATIC STATIC STATIC STATIC STATIC STATIC STATIC	CPU CPU CPU CPU CPU CPU CPU CPU CPU

### Related Commands Co

Command	Description		
show mac address-table address	Displays MAC address table information for the specified MAC address.		
show mac address-table aging-time	Displays the aging time in all VLANs or the specified VLAN.		
show mac address-table count	Displays the number of addresses present in all VLANs or the specified VLAN.		
show mac address-table dynamic	Displays dynamic MAC address table entries only.		
show mac address-table interface	Displays the MAC address table information for the specified interface.		
show mac address-table notification	Displays the MAC address notification settings for all interfaces or the specified interface.		
show mac address-table static	Displays static MAC address table entries only.		

## show monitor

Use the **show monitor** user EXEC command to display information about all Switched Port Analyzer (SPAN) and Remote SPAN (RSPAN) sessions on the switch. Use the command with keywords to show a specific session, all sessions, all local sessions, or all remote sessions.

show monitor [session {session\_number | all | local | range list | remote } [detail]] [ | {begin |
 exclude | include } expression]

(Optional) Display information about specified SPAN sessions.numberSpecify the number of the SPAN or RSPAN session. The range is 1 to 66.Display all SPAN sessions.Display only local SPAN sessions.StDisplay a range of SPAN sessions, where <i>list</i> is the range of valid sessions, either a single session or a range of sessions described by two numbers, the lower one first, separated by a hyphen. Do not enter any spaces between comma-separated parameters or in hyphen-specified ranges.NoteThis keyword is available only in privileged EXEC mode.Display only remote SPAN sessions.(Optional) Display detailed information about the specified sessions.Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .eDisplay excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .eDisplay includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .onExpression in the output to use as a reference point.
Display all SPAN sessions.         Display only local SPAN sessions.         St       Display a range of SPAN sessions, where <i>list</i> is the range of valid sessions, either a single session or a range of sessions described by two numbers, the lower one first, separated by a hyphen. Do not enter any spaces between comma-separated parameters or in hyphen-specified ranges.         Note       This keyword is available only in privileged EXEC mode.         Display only remote SPAN sessions.       (Optional) Display detailed information about the specified sessions.         Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .       e         Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .
Display only local SPAN sessions.         St       Display a range of SPAN sessions, where <i>list</i> is the range of valid sessions, either a single session or a range of sessions described by two numbers, the lower one first, separated by a hyphen. Do not enter any spaces between comma-separated parameters or in hyphen-specified ranges.         Note       This keyword is available only in privileged EXEC mode.         Display only remote SPAN sessions.       (Optional) Display detailed information about the specified sessions.         Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .       e         Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .
St       Display a range of SPAN sessions, where <i>list</i> is the range of valid sessions, either a single session or a range of sessions described by two numbers, the lower one first, separated by a hyphen. Do not enter any spaces between comma-separated parameters or in hyphen-specified ranges.         Note       This keyword is available only in privileged EXEC mode.         Display only remote SPAN sessions.       (Optional) Display detailed information about the specified sessions.         Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .       e         Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .
either a single session or a range of sessions described by two numbers, the lower one first, separated by a hyphen. Do not enter any spaces between comma-separated parameters or in hyphen-specified ranges.NoteThis keyword is available only in privileged EXEC mode.Display only remote SPAN sessions.Display only remote SPAN sessions.(Optional) Display detailed information about the specified sessions.Display begins with the line that matches the expression.eDisplay excludes lines that match the expression.eDisplay includes lines that match the specified expression.
Display only remote SPAN sessions.         (Optional) Display detailed information about the specified sessions.         Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .         e       Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .         e       Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .
(Optional) Display detailed information about the specified sessions.         Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .         e       Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .         e       Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .
Display begins with the line that matches the expression.eDisplay excludes lines that match the expression.eDisplay includes lines that match the specified expression.
e       Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .         e       Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .
Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .
pn Expression in the output to use as a reference point
EC
Modification
EX This command was introduced.

The output is the same for the show monitor command and the show monitor session all command.

#### **Examples**

This is an example of output for the **show monitor** user EXEC command:

```
Switch# show monitor
Session 1
_____
Type
          :Local Session
Source Ports:
   RX Only:
                Fa0/24
   TX Only:
Both:
                None
                Fa0/1-2,Fa0/1-5
Destination Ports:Fa0/18
   Encapsulation:Replicate
Session 2
_____
Type
          :Remote Source Session
Source Ports:
Source VLANs:
TX Only: 10
                 1-9
   Both:
Dest RSPAN VLAN: 105
```

This is an example of output for the **show monitor** user EXEC command for RSPAN source session 1:

```
Switch# show monitor session 1
Session 1
------
Type :Local Session
Source Ports:
RX Only: Fa0/24
TX Only: None
Both: Fa0/1-2,Fa0/1-5
Destination Ports:Fa0/18
Encapsulation:Replicate
```

This is an example of output for the **show monitor session all** user EXEC command when ingress traffic forwarding is enabled:

```
Switch# show monitor session all
Session 1
_____
                 :Local Session
Туре
Source Ports
                 :
   rce Ports :
Both :Fa0/2
Destination Ports :Fa0/3
   Encapsulation :Replicate
         Ingress:Enabled, default VLAN = 5
   Ingress encapsulation:DOT1Q
Session 2
_____
Type
                 :Local Session
Source Ports
                 :
                 :Fa0/1
   Both
Destination Ports :Fa0/4
   Encapsulation :Replicate
```

Ingress:Enabled Ingress encapsulation:DOT1Q

<b>Related Commands</b>	Command	Description
	monitor session	Starts or modifies a SPAN or RSPAN session.

### show mvr

Use the **show mvr** privileged EXEC command without keywords to display the current Multicast VLAN Registration (MVR) global parameter values, including whether or not MVR is enabled, the MVR multicast VLAN, the maximum query response time, the number of multicast groups, and the MVR mode (dynamic or compatible).

show mvr [ | {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .		
	<b>exclude</b> (Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .			
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.		
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.		
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC			
Command History	Release	Modification		
	12.2(25)EX	This command was introduced.		
Examples	This is an example of output from the <b>show mvr</b> command:			
Exampleo	i mo io un example			
	Switch <b># show mvr</b> MVR Running: TRUE MVR multicast VLA MVR Max Multicast MVR Current multi MVR Global query MVR Mode: compati	N: 1 Groups: 256 cast groups: 0 response time: 5 (tenths of sec)		

Related Commands	Command	Description
	mvr (global configuration)	Enables and configures multicast VLAN registration on the switch.
	mvr (interface configuration)	Configures MVR ports.
	show mvr interface	Displays the configured MVR interfaces, status of the specified interface, or all multicast groups to which the interface belongs when the <b>interface</b> and <b>members</b> keywords are appended to the command.
	show mvr members	Displays all ports that are members of an MVR multicast group or, if there are no members, means the group is inactive.

## show mvr interface

Use the **show mvr interface** privileged EXEC command without keywords to display the Multicast VLAN Registration (MVR) receiver and source ports. Use the command with keywords to display MVR parameters for a specific receiver port.

show mvr interface [interface-id [members [vlan vlan-id]]] [ | {begin | exclude | include}
expression]

Syntax Description	interface-id	(Optional) Display MVR type, status, and Immediate Leave setting for the interface.				
		Valid interfaces include physical ports (including type, module, and port number.				
	members	(Optional) Display all MVR groups to which the specified interface belongs.				
	vlan vlan-id	(Optional) Display all MVR group members on this VLAN. The range is 1 to 4094.				
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .				
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the expression.				
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .				
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.				
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC					
Command History	Release	Modification				
	12.2(25)EX	This command was introduced.				
	12.2(35)SE	The Mode and VLAN fields were added to the output display.				

Usage Guidelines

If the entered port identification is a non-MVR port or a source port, the command returns an error message. For receiver ports, it displays the port type, per port status, and Immediate-Leave setting.

If you enter the **show mvr interface** *interface-id* command and the specified port is a non-MVR port, the output displays NON MVR in the Type field. For active MVR ports, it displays the port type (RECEIVER or SOURCE), mode (access or trunk), VLAN, status, and Immediate-Leave setting.

If you enter the members keyword, all MVR group members on the interface appear.

Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter | exclude output, the lines that contain *output* do not appear, but the lines that contain *Output* appear.

### Examples

#### This is an example of output from the **show mvr interface** command:

#### Switch# show mvr interface

DWICCIII	DIION INVI	Incollago			
Port	Туре	Mode	VLAN	Status	Immediate Leave
Fa0/1	Receiver	Trunk	1	ACTIVE/UP	DISABLED
Fa0/1	Receiver	Trunk	2000	ACTIVE/DOWN	DISABLED
Fa0/2	Receiver	Trunk	2	ACTIVE/UP	DISABLED
Fa0/2	Receiver	Trunk	3000	ACTIVE/UP	DISABLED
Fa0/3	Receiver	Trunk	2	ACTIVE/UP	DISABLED
Fa0/3	Receiver	Trunk	3000	ACTIVE/UP	DISABLED
Fa0/10	Source	Access	10	ACTIVE/UP	DISABLED

In the preceding display, Status is defined as follows:

- Active means the port is part of a VLAN.
- Up/Down means that the port is forwarding/nonforwarding.
- Inactive means that the port is not yet part of any VLAN.

This is an example of output from the **show mvr interface fastethernet0/10** command:

switch#	show mvr interf	ace fa0/10			
Port	Туре	Mode	VLAN	Status	Immediate Leave
Fa0/10	RECEIVER	Trunk	201	ACTIVE/DOWN	DISABLED

This is an example of output from the **show mvr interface fastethernet0/1** command. In this example, the port is not an MVR member:

switch#	show mvr interf	ace fa0/1			
Port	Туре	Mode	VLAN	Status	Immediate Leave
Fa0/1	NON MVR	Access	0	INACTIVE	DISABLED

This is an example of output from the show mvr interface gigabitethernet0/1 members command:

Switch# :	show	mvr inte	erface	gigabitet	hernet0/1	members
239.255.	0.0	vlan	202	DYNAMIC	ACTIVE	
239.255.	0.1	vlan	202	DYNAMIC	ACTIVE	
239.255.	0.2	vlan	202	DYNAMIC	ACTIVE	
239.255.	0.3	vlan	203	DYNAMIC	ACTIVE	
239.255.	0.4	vlan	203	DYNAMIC	ACTIVE	
239.255.	0.5	vlan	203	DYNAMIC	ACTIVE	

### Related Commands

Command	Description
mvr (global configuration)	Enables and configures multicast VLAN registration on the switch.
mvr (interface configuration)	Configures MVR ports.
show mvr	Displays the global MVR configuration on the switch.
show mvr members	Displays all receiver ports that are members of an MVR multicast group.

### show mvr members

Use the **show mvr members** privileged EXEC command to display all receiver and source ports that are currently members of an IP multicast group.

show mvr members [ip-address] [ | {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	ip-address		(Optional) The IP multicast address. If the address is entered, all receive source ports that are members of the multicast group appear. If no addre entered, all members of all Multicast VLAN Registration (MVR) group listed. If a group has no members, the group is listed as Inactive.					
	I begin         (Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>express</i>							
	exclude		(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .         (Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .					
	include							
	expression		Expression	on in th	e output to use as a reference point.			
Command Modes	Privileged EX	KEC						
Command History	Release		Modifica	tion				
	12.2(25)EX		This com	mand v	vas introduced.			
	12.2(35)SE		The VLA	N and	Membership fields were added to the output display.			
Usage Guidelines	The show my	r members	command	applies	to receiver and source ports. For MVR-compatible mode, a			
Usage Guidelines	source ports a	are member are case sen	s of all mu sitive. For	lticast g example	e, if you enter   exclude output, the lines that contain output			
-	source ports a Expressions a do not appear	are member are case sen ; but the lir	s of all mu sitive. For les that con	lticast g example ntain <i>Ou</i>	groups. e, if you enter   <b>exclude output</b> , the lines that contain <i>output</i>			
	source ports a Expressions a do not appear	are member are case sen , but the lir ample of ou	s of all mu sitive. For nes that cor tput from t	lticast g example ntain <i>Ou</i>	groups. e, if you enter   <b>exclude output</b> , the lines that contain <i>output</i> <i>utput</i> appear.			
	source ports a Expressions a do not appear This is an exa Switch# <b>show</b> MVR Group 	are member are case sen t, but the lir ample of ou mvr member Status  ACTIVE	s of all mu sitive. For thes that con tput from t members  Fa0/1	lticast g example ntain Ou he show VLAN  1	groups. e, if you enter   exclude output, the lines that contain output utput appear. w mvr members command: Membership 			
	source ports a Expressions a do not appear This is an exa Switch# <b>show</b> MVR Group 	are member are case sen t, but the lir ample of ou s mvr member Status  ACTIVE ACTIVE	s of all mu sitive. For thes that con tput from t members Fa0/1 Fa0/1	lticast g example tain Ou he show VLAN  1 2000	groups. e, if you enter   exclude output, the lines that contain output utput appear. w mvr members command: Membership 			
	source ports a Expressions a do not appear This is an exa Switch# show MVR Group 	are member are case sen ; but the lir ample of ou status  ACTIVE ACTIVE ACTIVE	s of all mu sitive. For thes that com tput from t members  Fa0/1 Fa0/1 Fa0/2	ticast g example tain Ou he show VLAN  1 2000 2	groups. e, if you enter   exclude output, the lines that contain output utput appear. w mvr members command: Membership 			
	source ports a Expressions a do not appear This is an exa Switch# <b>show</b> MVR Group 	are member are case sen t, but the lir ample of ou s mvr member Status  ACTIVE ACTIVE	s of all mu sitive. For thes that con tput from t members Fa0/1 Fa0/1	lticast g example tain Ou he show VLAN  1 2000	groups. e, if you enter   exclude output, the lines that contain output utput appear. w mvr members command: Membership 			
-	source ports a Expressions a do not appear This is an exa Switch# show MVR Group 	are member are case sen ; but the lir ample of ou status  ACTIVE ACTIVE ACTIVE ACTIVE	s of all mu sitive. For thes that com tput from t members  Fa0/1 Fa0/1 Fa0/2 Fa0/2	lticast g example itain Ou he show VLAN  1 2000 2 3000	groups. e, if you enter   exclude output, the lines that contain output utput appear. w mvr members command: Membership 			
Usage Guidelines Examples	source ports a Expressions a do not appear This is an exa Switch# show MVR Group 	are member are case sen ; but the lir ample of ou status  ACTIVE ACTIVE ACTIVE ACTIVE ACTIVE ACTIVE	s of all mu sitive. For thes that com tput from t ars Members  Fa0/1 Fa0/1 Fa0/2 Fa0/2 Fa0/2 Fa0/1	lticast g example tain Ou he show VLAN  1 2000 2 3000 1	groups. e, if you enter   exclude output, the lines that contain output utput appear. w mvr members command: Membership 			

This is an example of output from the **show mvr members 239.255.0.2** command. It shows how to view the members of the IP multicast group 239.255.0.2:

Switch# show mvr members 239.255.0.2 239.255.0.2 ACTIVE Gi0/1(d), Gi0/2(d), Gi0/3(d), Gi0/4(d), Gi0/5(s)

### **Related Commands**

Command	Description
mvr (global configuration)	Enables and configures multicast VLAN registration on the switch.
mvr (interface configuration)	Configures MVR ports.
show mvr	Displays the global MVR configuration on the switch.
show mvr interface	Displays the configured MVR interfaces, status of the specified interface, or all multicast groups to which the interface belongs when the <b>members</b> keyword is appended to the command.

# show pagp

Use the **show pagp** user EXEC command to display Port Aggregation Protocol (PAgP) channel-group information.

show pagp [channel-group-number] {counters | internal | neighbor } [ | {begin | exclude | include } expression]]

۵, Note

PAgP is available only on network node interfaces (NNIs) or enhanced network interfaces (ENIs).

Syntax Description	channel-group-number	(Optional) Number of the channel group. The range is 1 to 48.					
	counters	Display traffic information.					
	internal	Display internal information.					
	neighbor	Display neighbor information.					
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .					
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the expression.					
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .					
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.					
Command Modes	User EXEC						
Commond Illiotom	Deleges	Modification					
Command History	Release						
	12.2(25)EX	This command was introduced.					
Usage Guidelines	•	<b>pagp</b> command to display the active channel-group information. To display the nter the <b>show pagp</b> command with a channel-group number.					
	-	sitive. For example, if you enter   <b>exclude output</b> , the lines that contain <i>output</i> nes that contain <i>Output</i> are appear.					
Examples	do not appear, but the lin	nes that contain <i>Output</i> are appear.					
Examples	do not appear, but the lin	thes that contain <i>Output</i> are appear.					
Examples	do not appear, but the lin This is an example of ou Switch> <b>show pagp 1 co</b> Informati	nes that contain <i>Output</i> are appear. Atput from the <b>show pagp 1 counters</b> command: <b>Dunters</b> ion Flush					
Examples	do not appear, but the lin This is an example of ou Switch> <b>show pagp 1 co</b> Informati Port Sent Re	nes that contain <i>Output</i> are appear. Atput from the <b>show pagp 1 counters</b> command: <b>Sounters</b>					
Examples	do not appear, but the lin This is an example of ou Switch> <b>show pagp 1 co</b> Informati Port Sent Re	thes that contain <i>Output</i> are appear. Atput from the <b>show pagp 1 counters</b> command: <b>Dunters</b> ion Flush ecv Sent Recv					

#### This is an example of output from the show pagp 1 internal command:

Switch>	sho	w pagp	1 inter	nal					
Flags:	s -	Devic	e is sen	ding Slo	w hello.	C - Dev	ice is in	Consisten	state.
	Α -	Devic	e is in .	Auto mod	e.				
Timers:	Н –	Hello	timer i	s runnin	g.	Q - Qui	t timer is	running.	
	S -	Switc	hing tim	er is ru	nning.	I - Inte	erface tim	er is run	ning.
Channel	gro	up 1							
					Hello	Partner	PAgP	Learning	Group
Port		Flags	State	Timers	Interval	Count	Priority	Method	Ifindex
Gi0/1		SC	U6/S7	Н	30s	1	128	Any	16
Gi0/2		SC	U6/S7	Н	30s	1	128	Any	16

#### This is an example of output from the show pagp 1 neighbor command:

### Switch> show pagp 1 neighbor Flags: S - Device is sending Slow hello. C - Device is in Consistent state. A - Device is in Auto mode. P - Device learns on physical port. Channel group 1 neighbors Partner Partner Partner Partner Partner Group

Port	Name	Device ID	Port	Age	Flags	Cap.
Gi0/1	switch-p2	0002.4b29.4600	Gi0/1	9s	SC	10001
Gi0/2	switch-p2	0002.4b29.4600	Gi0/2	24s	SC	10001

Related Commands Command		Description	
	clear pagp	Clears PAgP channel-group information.	

# show parser macro

Use the **show parser macro** user EXEC command to display the parameters for all configured macros or for one macro on the switch.

Syntax Description	brief	(Optional) Display the name of each macro.					
	description [interface	(Optional) Display all macro descriptions or the description of a specific					
	interface-id]	interface.					
	name macro-name	(Optional) Display information about a single macro identified by the macro name.					
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .					
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .					
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .					
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.					
Command Modes	User EXEC						
Command History	Release	Modification					
ooniniana mistory							
oommanu mistory	12.2(25)EX	This command was introduced.					
ooniniana mistory	12.2(25)EX	This command was introduced.					
	Expressions are case sen	This command was introduced. Asitive. For example, if you enter   <b>exclude output</b> , the lines that contain <i>output</i> nes that contain <i>Output</i> appear.					
Usage Guidelines	Expressions are case sen do not appear, but the lir	nsitive. For example, if you enter   <b>exclude output</b> , the lines that contain <i>output</i> nes that contain <i>Output</i> appear.					
Usage Guidelines	Expressions are case sen do not appear, but the lir This is a partial output e	nsitive. For example, if you enter   <b>exclude output</b> , the lines that contain <i>output</i> nes that contain <i>Output</i> appear. example from the <b>show parser macro</b> command:					
Usage Guidelines	Expressions are case sen do not appear, but the lir This is a partial output e Switch# <b>show parser ma</b> Total number of macros	nsitive. For example, if you enter   <b>exclude output</b> , the lines that contain <i>output</i> nes that contain <i>Output</i> appear. example from the <b>show parser macro</b> command: <b>acro</b>					
Usage Guidelines	Expressions are case sen do not appear, but the lir This is a partial output e Switch# <b>show parser ma</b> Total number of macros Macro name : sample-ma	The second seco					
Usage Guidelines	Expressions are case sen do not appear, but the lin This is a partial output e Switch# show parser ma Total number of macros Macro name : sample-ma Macro type : customiza duplex full	The provided equation of the second equation is according to the second equation of the second equation is the second equation of the second equation is $accord = 2$					
Usage Guidelines	Expressions are case sen do not appear, but the lin This is a partial output e Switch# <b>show parser ma</b> Total number of macros Macro name : sample-ma Macro type : customiza	The second seco					
Usage Guidelines	Expressions are case sen do not appear, but the lin This is a partial output e Switch# show parser ma Total number of macros Macro name : sample-ma Macro type : customiza duplex full speed auto mdix auto Macro name : test1	asitive. For example, if you enter   <b>exclude output</b> , the lines that contain <i>output</i> nes that contain <i>Output</i> appear. example from the <b>show parser macro</b> command: <b>acro</b> s = 2 					
Usage Guidelines Examples	Expressions are case sen do not appear, but the lin This is a partial output e Switch# show parser ma Total number of macros Macro name : sample-ma Macro type : customiza duplex full speed auto mdix auto	asitive. For example, if you enter   <b>exclude output</b> , the lines that contain <i>output</i> nes that contain <i>Output</i> appear. example from the <b>show parser macro</b> command: <b>acro</b> s = 2 					
Usage Guidelines	Expressions are case sen do not appear, but the lin This is a partial output e Switch# show parser ma Total number of macros Macro name : sample-ma Macro type : customiza duplex full speed auto mdix auto Macro name : test1 Macro type : customiza	asitive. For example, if you enter   <b>exclude output</b> , the lines that contain <i>output</i> nes that contain <i>Output</i> appear.					

This is an example of output from the show parser macro name command:

```
Switch# show parser macro name sample-macro1
Macro name : sample-macro1
Macro type : customizable
duplex full
speed auto
mdix auto
```

This is an example of output from the show parser macro brief command:

Switch#	show	parser	mac	ro	brief
cust	comiza	able	:	sar	mple-macrol
cust	comiza	able	:	tes	st1

Related Commands	Command	Description
	macro apply	Applies a macro on an interface or applies and traces a macro on an interface.
	macro description	Adds a description about the macros that are applied to an interface.
	macro global	Applies a macro on a switch or applies and traces a macro on a switch.
	macro global description	Adds a description about the macros that are applied to the switch.
	macro name	Creates a macro.
	show running-config	Displays the operating configuration. For syntax information, use this link to the Cisco IOS Release 12.2 Command Reference listing page: http://www.cisco.com/en/US/products/sw/iosswrel/ps1835/prod_command_ reference_list.html Select the Cisco IOS Commands Master List, Release 12.2 to navigate to the command.

# show policer aggregate

Use the **show policer aggregate** user EXEC command to display quality of service (QoS) aggregate policer information for all aggregate policers or a specific policer.

show policer aggregate [aggregate-policer-name] [ | {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	aggregate-policer- name	(Optional) The	name of the aggregate policer.	
	begin	(Optional) Disp	lay begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .	
	exclude	(Optional) Disp	lay excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .	
	include	(Optional) Disp	lay includes lines that match the specified expression.	
	expression	Expression in th	e output to use as a reference point.	
Command Modes	User EXEC			
Command History	Release	Modificatio	)n	
	12.2(25)EX	This comm	and was introduced.	
Examples	This is an example	of output from the	e show policer aggregate command:	
	Switch> <b>show policer aggregate</b> my-policer aggregate-policer: my-policer			
	police cir 12000000 bc 5000 conform-action transmit exceed-action set-cos-transmit cos table 67577			
	In use by policym	ap: pin		
Related Commands	Command		Description	
	police aggregate (j configuration)	policy-map class	Applies an aggregate policer to multiple classes in the same policy map.	
	policer aggregate configuration)	(global	Creates an aggregate policer to police all traffic received on an interface.	

### show policer cpu uni-eni

Use the **show policer cpu uni-eni** user EXEC command to display control-plane policer information for the user network interfaces (UNIs) and enhanced network interfaces (ENIs) on the switch, including frames dropped or the configured threshold rate for the control-plane security feature on the switch.

show policer cpu uni-eni {drop [interface interface-id]] | rate} [ | {begin | exclude | include}
expression]

Syntax Description	drop	(Optional) Display control-plane frame-drop count for all interfaces or the specified interface.
	<b>interface</b> <i>interface-id</i>	Optional) Display the control-plane information for the specified physical interface.
	rate	(Optional) Display the configured threshold rate for CPU policers.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.

### Command Modes User EXEC

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(25)EX	This command was introduced.
	12.2(25)SEG1	Outputs for the show policer cup uni drop changed.
	12.2(44)SE	The <b>show policer cpu uni</b> command was changed to the <b>show policer cpu uni-eni</b> command.

### Usage Guidelines

This command displays policer information that applies to UNIs and ENIs on the switch. Rate-limiting and policers are the same on both port types, except on ENIs on which a Layer 2 control protocol (CDP, STP, LLDP, LACP, or PAgP) has been enabled.

The output also displays if CPU protection has been disabled.

The **show policer cpu uni-eni drop** privileged EXEC command displays the number of accepted and dropped frames for all interfaces on the switch or for the specified interface.

The **show policer cpu uni-eni rate** command displays the CPU protection rate-limit threshold on the switch that was configured by entering the **policer cpu uni** *rate* global configuration command or the default rate of 16000 bits per second (bps).

Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter | **exclude output**, the lines that contain *output* are not displayed, but the lines that contain *Output* are displayed.

### Examples

#### This is an example of output from the show policer cpu uni-eni drop command.

Switch# show policer cpu uni-eni drop

=======================================		=======
Port	In	Dropped
Name	Frames	Frames
Fa0/1	300	0
Fa0/2	0	0
Fa0/3	0	0
Fa0/4	0	0
Fa0/5	200	0
Fa0/6	0	0
Fa0/7	0	0
Fa0/8	0	0
Fa0/9	508055	325086
Fa0/10	0	0
Fa0/11	0	0
Fa0/12	0	0
Fa0/13	0	0
Fa0/14	0	0
Fa0/15	0	0
Fa0/16	0	0
Fa0/17	0	0
Fa0/18	0	0
Fa0/19	0	0
Fa0/20	0	0
Fa0/21	0	0
Fa0/22	0	0
Fa0/23	0	0
Fa0/24	0	0
Gi0/1	0	0
Gi0/2	0	0
drop-all	0	1849645

This is an example of the new output format for the **show policer cpu uni-eni drop interface** command:

This is an example of output from the **show policer cpu uni-eni rate** command when the default rate is used.

Switch> show policer cpu uni-eni rate CPU UNI/ENI port police rate = 160000 bps

This is an example of the show command output when CPU protection is disabled.

Switch# **show policer cpu uni-eni rate** CPU Protection feature is not enabled

Related Commands	Command	Description
	policer cpu uni	Configures a CPU policer threshold rate for the switch or enables or disables CPU protection.
	show platform policer cpu	Displays allocated policer indexes and the corresponding features for all ports or the specified port.

# show policy-map

Use the **show policy-map** user EXEC command to display quality of service (QoS) policy maps, which define classification criteria for incoming and outgoing traffic and the actions to be performed on the classified traffic.

show policy-map [policy-map-name | interface [interface-id] [input | output] [class class-name]]
{begin | exclude | include} expression]

Cuntox Description		(Ontional) Division the analisis and bins man area		
Syntax Description	policy-map-name	(Optional) Display the specified policy-map name.		
	class class-map-name	(Optional) Display QoS policy actions for an individual class.		
	interface [interface-id] [input   output]	(Optional) Display information and statistics about policy maps applied to all ports or the specified port. If you specify a port, you can specify additional keywords. The keywords have these meanings:		
		• <i>interface-id</i> —Display information about policy maps on the specified physical interface.		
		• <b>input</b> —Display information about input policy maps on the switch or applied to the specified port.		
		• <b>output</b> —Display the information about output policy-maps on the switch or applied to the specified port.		
	class class-name	(Optional) Display policy-map statistics for an individual class.		
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .		
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .		
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .		
	<i>expression</i> Expression in the output to use as a reference point.			
Commond History	Deleges	Modification		
Command History	Release			
	12.2(25)EX	This command was introduced.		
Usage Guidelines	Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter l <b>exclude output</b> , the lines that contain <i>outpu</i> do not appear, but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.			
Examples	This is an example of out	put from the <b>show policy-map</b> command:		
	Switch> <b>show policy-ma</b> Policy Map videowizard class videowizard_1 police 100000000 20000	_policy2 0-10-10		
	Policy Map mypolicy class dscp5			

This is an example of output from the **show policy-map** command for a specific policy map:

```
Switch> show policy-map top2
Policy Map top2
Class class-default
shape average 11111124
service-policy pout
```

This is an example of output from the **show policy-map** command for an output policy map:

```
Switch> show policy-map pout
 Policy Map pout
   Class ip1
     priority
    police cir percent 10
      conform-action transmit
      exceed-action drop
     queue-limit 250
     queue-limit precedence 1 100
   Class ip2
     Average Rate Traffic Shaping
     cir 5%
   Class ip3
     bandwidth percent 10
     queue-limit 200
     queue-limit precedence 3 100
```

This is an example of output from the **show policy-map** command for an input policy map:

```
Switch> show policy-map pin-police
Policy Map pin-police
Class ip1
police cir 20000000 bc 625000
conform-action transmit
exceed-action drop
```

This is an example of output from the **show policy-map interface** command for an interface with a two-level output policy map applied:

```
Switch> show policy-map interface fastethernet0/3
FastEthernet0/3
 Service-policy output: top2
    Class-map: class-default (match-any)
     209871 packets
     Match: any
       56 packets
     Traffic Shaping
       Average Rate Traffic Shaping
       CIR 11111124 (bps)
     Output Queue:
       Tail Packets Drop: 195421
     Service-policy : pout
       Class-map: ip1 (match-all)
          9309 packets
         Match: ip precedence 1
         Prioritv
    police cir 20000000 bc 625000
      conform-action transmit
       exceed-action drop
     conform: 4916 (packets) exceed: 4393 (packets)
```

```
Queue Limit
   queue-limit 250 (packets)
   queue-limit precedence 1 100 (packets)
  Output Queue:
   Max Tail Drop Threshold: 250
   Tail Packets Drop: 4393
Class-map: ip2 (match-all)
  0 packets
 Match: ip precedence 2
 Traffic Shaping
   Average Rate Traffic Shaping
   CIR 5%
                 555555 (bps)
  Output Queue:
   Max Tail Drop Threshold: 48
   Tail Packets Drop: 0
Class-map: ip3 (match-all)
  0 packets
 Match: ip precedence 3
 Bandwidth percent 10
                               1111110 (bps)
  Oueue Limit
   queue-limit 200 (packets)
   queue-limit precedence 3 100 (packets)
  Output Queue:
   Max Tail Drop Threshold: 200
   Tail Packets Drop: 0
Class-map: class-default (match-any)
  200562 packets
 Match: any
   56 packets
 Output Queue:
```

This is an example of output from the **show policy-map interface** command for an interface with an input policy applied:

```
Switch> show policy-map interface gigabitethernet0/1
GigabitEthernet0/1
  Service-policy input: pin-police
   Class-map: ip1 (match-all)
      0 packets
      5 minute offered rate 0 bps, drop rate 0 bps
     Match: ip precedence 1
    police cir 20000000 bc 625000
      conform-action transmit
      exceed-action drop
      conform: 27927 (packets) exceed: 272073 (packets)
   Class-map: class-default (match-any)
      0 packets, 0 bytes
      5 minute offered rate 0 bps, drop rate 0 bps
     Match: any
       0 packets
        5 minute rate 0 bps
```

Tail Packets Drop: 191028

Table 2-18 describes the fields in the **show policy-map interface** display. The fields in the table are grouped according to the relevant QoS feature.

Field	Description	
Fields associated with	classes or service policies	
Service-policy input/output	Name of the input or output service policy applied to the specified interfac	
Class-map	Class of traffic shown. Output appears for each configured class in the policy. The choice for implementing class matches (match-all or match-any might also appear next to the traffic class.	
packets	Number of packets identified as belonging to the traffic class.	
Match	Match criteria specified for the class of traffic. This includes criteria such as class of service (CoS) value, IP precedence value, Differentiated Service Code Point (DSCP) value, access groups, and QoS groups.	
Fields associated with	policing	
police	Shown when the <b>police</b> command has been configured to enable traffic policing. Displays the specified committed information rate (CIR) and conform burst size (BC) used for policing packets.	
conform-action	Displays the action to be taken on packets marked as conforming to a specified rate.	
conform	Displays the number of packets marked as conforming to the specified rate	
exceed-action	Displays the actions to be taken on packets marked as exceeding a specified rate.	
exceed	Displays the number of packets marked as exceeding the specified rate.	
Fields associated with	queuing	
Queue Limit	Queue size configured for the class in number of packets.	
Output Queue	The queue created for this class of traffic.	
Tail packets dropped	The number of packets dropped when the mean queue depth is greater than the maximum threshold value.	
Fields associated with	traffic scheduling	
Traffic shaping	The rate used for shaping traffic.	
Bandwidth	Bandwidth configured for this class in kbps or a percentage.	
Priority	Indicates that this class is configured for priority queuing.	
Command	Description	
policy-map	Creates or modifies a policy map that can be attached to multiple ports to specify a service policy.	

Table 2-18 show policy-map interface Field Descriptions

**Related Commands** 

### show port-security

Use the **show port-security** privileged EXEC command to display port-security settings for an interface or for the switch.

show port-security [interface interface-id] [address | vlan] [ | {begin | exclude | include}
expression]

Syntax Description	interfecto interfecto il	(Ontional) Dianlass next accurity action of far the analified interface. Valid
	interface interface-id	(Optional) Display port security settings for the specified interface. Valid interfaces include physical ports (including type, module, and port number).
	address	(Optional) Display all secure MAC addresses on all ports or a specified port.
	vlan	(Optional) Display port security settings for all VLANs on the specified interface. This keyword is visible only on interfaces that have the switchport mode set to <b>trunk</b> .
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.

### Command Modes Privileged EXEC

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(25)EX	This command was introduced.

**Usage Guidelines** If you enter the command without keywords, the output includes the administrative and operational status of all secure ports on the switch.

If you enter an *interface-id*, the command displays port security settings for the interface.

If you enter the **address** keyword, the command displays the secure MAC addresses for all interfaces and the aging information for each secure address.

If you enter an *interface-id* and the **address** keyword, the command displays all the MAC addresses for the interface with aging information for each secure address. You can also use this command to display all the MAC addresses for an interface even if you have not enabled port security on it.

If you enter the **vlan** keyword, the command displays the configured maximum and the current number of secure MAC addresses for all VLANs on the interface. This option is visible only on interfaces that have the switchport mode set to **trunk**.

Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter | exclude output, the lines that contain *output* do not appear, but the lines that contain *Output* appear.

### Examples

This is an example of the output from the **show port-security** command:

Switch# show port-security

Secure Port	-	CurrentAddr (Count)	SecurityViolat (Count)	ion Security Action
Gi0/1	1	0	0	Shutdown
	in System (excl imit in System (	5		

This is an example of output from the **show port-security interface** *interface-id* command:

Switch# show port-security interface gigabitethernet0/1

```
Port Security : Enabled
Port status : SecureUp
Violation mode : Shutdown
Maximum MAC Addresses : 1
Total MAC Addresses : 0
Configured MAC Addresses : 0
Aging time : 0 mins
Aging type : Absolute
SecureStatic address aging : Disabled
Security Violation count : 0
```

This is an example of output from the **show port-security address** command:

### Switch# show port-security address

Secure Mac Address Table

Vlan	Mac Address	Туре	Ports	Remaining Age (mins)
1	0006.0700.0800	SecureConfigured	Gi0/2	1
 тоt эl	Addresses in System	(excluding one mac	ner port)	• • 1

Total Addresses in System (excluding one mac per port) : 1 Max Addresses limit in System (excluding one mac per port) : 6272

This is an example of output from the **show port-security interface gigabitethernet0/2 address** command:

Switch# show port-security interface gigabitethernet0/2 address Secure Mac Address Table

	Jecure Mac Aud			
Vlan	Mac Address	Туре	Ports	Remaining Age (mins)
1	0006.0700.0800	SecureConfigured	Gi0/2	1
Total	Addresses: 1			

This is an example of output from the **show port-security interface** *interface-id* **vlan** command:

Switch# show port-security interface gigabitethernet0/2 vlan Default maximum:not set, using 5120 VLAN Maximum Current

LAN	Maximum	Current
5	default	1
10	default	54
11	default	101
12	default	101
13	default	201
14	default	501

Related Commands	Command	Description
	clear port-security	Deletes from the MAC address table a specific type of secure address or all the secure addresses on the switch or an interface.
	switchport port-security	Enables port security on a port, restricts the use of the port to a user-defined group of stations, and configures secure MAC addresses.

## show port-type

Use the **show port-type** privileged EXEC command to display interface type information for the Cisco ME switch.

show port-type [eni | nni | uni] [ | {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	eni	Enhanced networ	k interface.				
	nni	Network node int	erface.				
	uni	User network inte	erface.				
	begin	(Optional) Displa	by begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .				
	exclude		y excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .				
	include						
	expression	Expression in the	output to use as a reference point.				
ommand Modes	Privileged EXEC						
ommand History	Release	Modification					
	12.2(25)EX	This command was introduced.					
	12.2(44)SE	The <b>eni</b> keywor					
	the specified port type. Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter   <b>exclude output</b> , the lines that contain <i>output</i> do not appear, but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.						
Examples	This is an example Switch# <b>show por</b> Port Name	-	<b>pw port-type</b> command with no keywords:				
	 Fa0/1	1	User Network Interface (uni)				
	Fa0/2	1	User Network Interface (uni)				
	Fa0/3	1	User Network Interface (uni)				
	Fa0/4	1	User Network Interface (uni)				
	Fa0/5	1	User Network Interface (uni)				
	Fa0/6	1	User Network Interface (uni)				
	Fa0/7	1	User Network Interface (uni)				
	Fa0/8	1	User Network Interface (uni)				
	Fa0/9	1	User Network Interface (uni)				
	Fa0/10	1	User Network Interface (uni)				
	<b>H</b> - 0 /11	1	User Network Interface (uni)				
	Fa0/11	1	USEL NECWOIK INCELLACE (UNII)				
	Fa0/11 Fa0/12	1	User Network Interface (uni)				

1

User Network Interface (uni)

Fa0/13

Fa0/14	1	User Network Interface (uni)
Fa0/15	1	User Network Interface (uni)
Fa0/16	1	User Network Interface (uni)
Fa0/17	routed	User Network Interface (uni)
Fa0/18	1	User Network Interface (uni)
Fa0/19	1	User Network Interface (uni)
Fa0/20	1	User Network Interface (uni)
Fa0/21	1	User Network Interface (uni)
Fa0/22	1	User Network Interface (uni)
Fa0/23	10	User Network Interface (uni)
Fa0/24	10	User Network Interface (uni)
Gi0/1	1	Network Node Interface (nni)
Gi0/2	1	Network Node Interface (nni)

This is an example of output from the **show port-type** command using keywords:

Switch#	show port-type :	nni	exclude	Gigabitethernet0/1
Port	Name		Vlan	Port Type
Gi0/2			1	Network Node Interface (nni)

<b>Related Commands</b>	Command	Description
	port-type	Changes the interface type for a specific port.

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# show rep topology

Use the **show rep topology** User EXEC command to display Resilient Ethernet Protocol (REP) topology information for a segment or for all segments, including the primary and secondary edge ports in the segment.

show rep topology [segment segment\_id] [archive] [detail] [ | {begin | exclude | include}
expression]

Syntax Description	segment-id	(Ontional) Diani	ay REP topology information for the specified segment. The ID
Syntax Description	segment-ta	range is from 1 t	
	archive		ay the previous topology of the segment. This keyword can be eshooting a link failure.
	detail	(Optional) Displ	ay detailed REP topology information.
	begin	(Optional) Displ	ay begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Displ	ay excludes lines that match the expression.
	include	(Optional) Displ	ay includes lines that match the specified expression.
	expression	Expression in the	e output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	User EXEC		
Command History	Release	Modifica	tion
Jsage Guidelines	-	topology command	mand was introduced. d output, ports configured as edge no-neighbor are designated wi
Jsage Guidelines	In the <b>show rep</b> an asterisk (*) in <i>No-Neighbor</i> is s The output of thi	<b>topology</b> command front of <i>Pri</i> or <i>Sec</i> spelled out.	mand was introduced.
Jsage Guidelines	In the <b>show rep</b> an asterisk (*) in <i>No-Neighbor</i> is s The output of thi output. Expressions are o	<b>topology</b> command front of <i>Pri</i> or <i>Sec</i> spelled out. is command is also case sensitive. For o	amand was introduced. d output, ports configured as edge no-neighbor are designated wi e. In the output of the <b>show rep topology detail</b> command, included in the <b>show tech-support</b> privileged EXEC command
Usage Guidelines Examples	In the <b>show rep</b> an asterisk (*) in <i>No-Neighbor</i> is s The output of thi output. Expressions are o are not displayed	<b>topology</b> command front of <i>Pri</i> or <i>Sec</i> spelled out. is command is also case sensitive. For l, but the lines that	d output, ports configured as edge no-neighbor are designated wi . In the output of the <b>show rep topology detail</b> command, included in the <b>show tech-support</b> privileged EXEC command example, if you enter   <b>exclude output</b> , the lines that contain <i>outp</i>
	In the <b>show rep</b> an asterisk (*) in <i>No-Neighbor</i> is s The output of thi output. Expressions are o are not displayed This is a sample Switch <b># show n</b>	<b>topology</b> command front of <i>Pri</i> or <i>Sec</i> spelled out. is command is also case sensitive. For l, but the lines that	d output, ports configured as edge no-neighbor are designated wi . In the output of the <b>show rep topology detail</b> command, included in the <b>show tech-support</b> privileged EXEC command example, if you enter I <b>exclude output</b> , the lines that contain <i>outp</i> contain <i>Output</i> are displayed. <b>ow rep topology segment</b> privileged EXEC command:
	In the <b>show rep</b> an asterisk (*) in <i>No-Neighbor</i> is s The output of thi output. Expressions are o are not displayed This is a sample	<b>topology</b> command front of <i>Pri</i> or <i>Sec</i> spelled out. is command is also case sensitive. For d, but the lines that output from the <b>sh</b> <b>cep topology segm</b>	d output, ports configured as edge no-neighbor are designated wi . In the output of the <b>show rep topology detail</b> command, included in the <b>show tech-support</b> privileged EXEC command example, if you enter   <b>exclude output</b> , the lines that contain <i>out</i> contain <i>Output</i> are displayed. <b>ow rep topology segment</b> privileged EXEC command:

sw2_multseg_3750 Gi1/1/2		Open
sw2_multseg_3750 Gi1/1/1		Open
sw1_multseg_3750 Gi1/1/2	Sec	Open

This is a sample output from the **show rep topology** command when the edge ports are configured to have no REP neighbor:

Switch # **show rep topology** REP Segment 2

ICDI DEGMETIC Z			
BridgeName	PortName	Edge	Role
sw8-ts8-51	Gi0/2	Pri*	Open
sw9-ts11-50	Gi1/0/4		Open
sw9-ts11-50	Gi1/0/2		Open
sw1-ts11-45	Gi0/2		Alt
sw1-ts11-45	Pol		Open
sw8-ts8-51	Gi0/1	Sec*	Open

This example shows output from the **show rep topology detail** command:

Switch# show rep topology detail REP Segment 2 repc\_2\_24ts, Fa0/2 (Primary Edge) Alternate Port, some vlans blocked Bridge MAC: 0019.e714.5380 Port Number: 004 Port Priority: 080 Neighbor Number: 1 / [-10] repc\_3\_12cs, Gi0/1 (Intermediate) Open Port, all vlans forwarding Bridge MAC: 001a.a292.3580 Port Number: 001 Port Priority: 000 Neighbor Number: 2 / [-9] repc\_3\_12cs, Po10 (Intermediate) Open Port, all vlans forwarding Bridge MAC: 001a.a292.3580 Port Number: 080 Port Priority: 000 Neighbor Number: 3 / [-8] repc\_4\_12cs, Po10 (Intermediate) Open Port, all vlans forwarding Bridge MAC: 001a.a19d.7c80 Port Number: 080 Port Priority: 000 Neighbor Number: 4 / [-7] repc\_4\_12cs, Gi0/2 (Intermediate) Alternate Port, some vlans blocked Bridge MAC: 001a.a19d.7c80 Port Number: 002 Port Priority: 040 Neighbor Number: 5 / [-6]

<output truncated>

## This example shows output from the **show rep topology segment archive** command:

Switch# <b>show rep</b> REP Segment 1	topology	segment	: 1 archive
BridgeName	PortName	Edge	Role
sw1_multseg_3750	Gi1/1/1	Pri	Open
sw3_multseg_3400	Gi0/13		Open
sw3_multseg_3400	Gi0/14		Open
sw4_multseg_3400	Gi0/13		Open
sw4_multseg_3400	Gi0/14		Open
sw5_multseg_3400	Gi0/13		Open
sw5_multseg_3400	Gi0/14		Open
sw2_multseg_3750	Gi1/1/2		Alt
sw2_multseg_3750	Gi1/1/1		Open
sw1_multseg_3750	Gi1/1/2	Sec	Open

<b>Related Commands</b>	Command	Description
	rep segment	Enables REP on an interface and assigns a segment ID. This command is also used to configure a port as an edge port, a primary edge port, or a preferred port.

## show sdm prefer

Use the **show sdm prefer** privileged EXEC command to display the Switch Database Management (SDM) templates that can be used to allocate system resources for a particular feature, or use the command without a keyword to display the template in use.

show sdm prefer [default | dual-ipv4-and-ipv6 {default | routing | vlan } | layer-2] [ | {begin |
 exclude | include } expression]

Note

The **default** and **dual-ipv4-and-ipv6** keywords are visible only when the metro IP access image is installed on the switch.

Syntax Description						
	default	(Optional) Display the template that balances system resources among features.				
	dual-ipv4-and-ipv6	(Optional) Display the dual templates that support both IPv4 and IPv6.				
	{default   routing	• <b>default</b> —Display the default dual template configuration.				
	vlan)	• <b>routing</b> —Display the routing dual template configuration.				
		• vlan—Display the VLAN dual template configuration.				
	layer-2	(Optional) Display resource allocations for the template that supports Layer 2 features and does not support routing.				
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .				
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .				
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.				
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.				
Command History	Release	Modification				
Command History	Release 12.2(25)EX	<b>Modification</b> This command was introduced.				
Command History						
Command History Usage Guidelines	12.2(25)EX         12.2(50)SE         When you change the reload the switch for the you enter the reload p currently in use and the second the secon	This command was introduced.				

Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter | exclude output, the lines that contain *output* do not appear, but the lines that contain *Output* appear.

### Examples

This is an example of output from the **show sdm prefer** command, displaying the template in use:

012

```
Switch# show sdm prefer
```

```
The current template is ''layer-2'' template.
The selected template optimizes the resources in
the switch to support this level of features for
8 routed interfaces and 1024 VLANS.
```

number	OL	unicast mac addresses:	on
number	of	IPv4 IGMP groups:	1K
number	of	IPv4 multicast routes:	0
number	of	unicast IPv4 routes:	0
number	of	IPv4 policy based routing aces:	0
number	of	IPv4/MAC qos aces:	512
number	of	IPv4/MAC security aces:	1K

This is an example of output from the **show sdm prefer default** command:

```
Switch# show sdm prefer default
"default" template:
The selected template optimizes the resources in
 the switch to support this level of features for
 8 routed interfaces and 1024 VLANs.
number of unicast mac addresses:
                                                     5ĸ
  number of IPv4 IGMP groups + multicast routes:
                                                     1K
 number of IPv4 unicast routes:
                                                     9 K
   number of directly-connected IPv4 hosts:
                                                     5K
   number of indirect IPv4 routes:
                                                     4K
  number of IPv4 policy based routing aces:
                                                     512
  number of IPv4/MAC qos aces:
                                                     512
  number of IPv4/MAC security aces:
                                                     1K
```

This is an example of output from the show sdm prefer dual-ipv4-and-ipv6 routing command:

Switch# show sdm prefer dual-ipv4-and-ipv6 routing "desktop IPv4 and IPv6 routing" template: The selected template optimizes the resources in the switch to support this level of features for 8 routed interfaces and 1024 VLANS.

number of unicast mac addresses:	1.5K
number of IPv4 IGMP groups + multicast routes:	1K
number of IPv4 unicast routes:	2.75K
number of directly-connected IPv4 hosts:	1.5K
number of indirect IPv4 routes:	1.25K
number of IPv6 multicast groups:	1.125k
number of directly-connected IPv6 addresses:	1.5K
number of indirect IPv6 unicast routes:	1.25K
number of IPv4 policy based routing aces:	0.25K
number of IPv4/MAC qos aces:	0.75K
number of IPv4/MAC security aces:	0.5K
number of IPv6 policy based routing aces:	0.25K
number of IPv6 qos aces:	0.5K
number of IPv6 security aces:	0.5K

<b>Related Commands</b>	Command	Description		
	sdm prefer	Sets the SDM template to maximize resources for Layer 2 functionality or to the default template.		

# show spanning-tree

Use the **show spanning-tree** user EXEC command to display spanning-tree state information.

- show spanning-tree [bridge-group | active [detail] | blockedports | bridge | detail [active] |
  inconsistentports | interface interface-id | mst | pathcost method | root | summary [totals] |
  vlan vlan-id] [ | {begin | exclude | include} expression]
- show spanning-tree bridge-group [active [detail] | blockedports | bridge | detail [active] |
  inconsistentports | interface interface-id | root | summary] [| {begin | exclude | include}
  expression]
- show spanning-tree vlan vlan-id [active [detail] | blockedports | bridge | detail [active] |
  inconsistentports | interface interface-id | root | summary] [ | {begin | exclude | include}
  expression]
- show spanning-tree {vlan vlan-id | bridge-group} bridge [address | detail | forward-time | hello-time | id | max-age | priority [system-id] | protocol] [ | {begin | exclude | include} expression]
- show spanning-tree {vlan vlan-id | bridge-group} root [address | cost | detail | forward-time |
  hello-time | id | max-age | port | priority [system-id] [ | {begin | exclude | include}
  expression]
- show spanning-tree interface interface-id [active [detail] | cost | detail [active] | inconsistency |
  portfast | priority | rootcost | state] [ | {begin | exclude | include} expression]

show spanning-tree mst [configuration [digest]] | [instance-id [detail | interface interface-id
 [detail]] [ | {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	bridge-group	(Optional) Specify the bridge group number. The range is 1 to 255.				
	active [detail]	(Optional) Display spanning-tree information only on active interfaces (available only in privileged EXEC mode).				
	blockedports	(Optional) Display blocked port information (available only in privileged EXEC mode).				
	bridge [address   detail   forward-time   hello-time   id   max-age   priority [system-id]   protocol]	(Optional) Display status and configuration of this switch (optional keywords available only in privileged EXEC mode).				
	detail [active]	(Optional) Display a detailed summary of interface information ( <b>active</b> keyword available only in privileged EXEC mode).				
	inconsistentports	(Optional) Display inconsistent port information (available only in privileged EXEC mode).				

interface interface-id [active [detail]   cost   detail [active]   inconsistency   portfast   priority   rootcost   state]	(Optional) Display spanning-tree information for the specified interface (all options except <b>portfast</b> and <b>state</b> available only in privileged EXEC mode). Enter each interface separated by a space. Ranges are not supported. Valid interfaces include physical network node interfaces (NNIs), enhanced network interfaces (ENIs), VLANs, and NNI or ENI port channels. The VLAN range is 1 to 4094. The port-channel range is 1 to 48.				
	<b>Note</b> Spanning Tree Protocol (STP) is not supported on user node interfaces (UNIs). If you enter a UNI interface ID, no spanning-tree information is displayed.				
mst [configuration [digest]] [instance-id	(Optional) Display the multiple spanning-tree (MST) region configuration and status (available only in privileged EXEC mode).				
[detail   interface interface-id [detail]]	The keywords have these meanings:				
	• <b>digest</b> —(Optional) Display the MD5 digest included in the current MST configuration identifier (MSTCI). Two separate digests, one for standard and one for prestandard switches, appear (available only in privileged EXEC mode).				
	The terminology was updated for the implementation of the IEEE standard, and the <i>txholdcount</i> field was added.				
	The new master role appears for boundary ports.				
	The word <i>pre-standard</i> or <i>Pre-STD</i> appears when an IEEE standard bridge sends prestandard BPDUs on a port.				
	The word <i>pre-standard</i> ( <i>config</i> ) or <i>Pre-STD-Cf</i> appears when a port has been configured to send prestandard BPDUs and no prestandard BPDU has been received on that port.				
	The word <i>pre-standard (rcvd)</i> or <i>Pre-STD-Rx</i> appears when a prestandard BPDU has been received on a port that has not been configured to send prestandard BPDUs.				
	A <i>dispute</i> flag appears when a designated port receives inferior designated information until the port returns to the forwarding state or ceases to be designated.				
	• <i>instance-id</i> —You can specify a single instance ID, a range of IDs separated by a hyphen, or a series of IDs separated by a comma. The range is 1 to 4094. The display shows the number of currently configured instances.				
	• <b>interface</b> <i>interface-id</i> —(Optional) Valid interfaces include VLANs, physical NNIs and NNI port channels, and physical ENIs and ENI port channels. STP is not supported on UNIs. The VLAN range is 1 to 4094. The port-channel range is 1 to 48.				
	• <b>detail</b> —(Optional) Display detailed information for the instance or interface.				
pathcost method	(Optional) Display the default path cost method (available only in privileged EXEC mode).				
root [address   cost   detail   forward-time   hello-time   id   max-age   port   priority [system-id]]	(Optional) Display root switch status and configuration (all keywords available only in privileged EXEC mode).				

	summary [totals]	(Optional) Display a summary of port states or the total lines of the spanning-tree state section.
	vlan vlan-id [active [detail]   backbonefast   blockedports   bridge [address   detail   forward-time   hello-time id   max-age   priority [system-id]   protocol]	(Optional) Display spanning-tree information for the specified VLAN (some keywords available only in privileged EXEC mode). You can specify a single VLAN identified by VLAN ID number, a range of VLANs separated by a hyphen, or a series of VLANs separated by a comma. The range is 1 to 4094.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the expression.
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	User EXEC	
Command History		Modification
		This command was introduced.
		The <b>digest</b> keyword was added, and new digest and transmit hold count Tields appear.
Usage Guidelines		NIs. Valid spanning-tree information is available only for NNIs or ENIs.
	Expressions are case sensit	nitted, the command applies to the spanning-tree instance for all VLANs. ive. For example, if you enter l <b>exclude output</b> , the lines that contain <i>outpu</i> that contain <i>Output</i> appear.
Examples	This is an example of outp	ut from the <b>show spanning-tree active</b> command:
	Address Cost Port	
	Address Hello Time Aging Time	49153 (priority 49152 sys-id-ext 1) 0003.fd63.9580 2 sec Max Age 20 sec Forward Delay 15 sec 300
	Uplinkfast enabled	
		s Cost Prio.Nbr Type
	Gi0/1 Root FV <output truncated=""></output>	ND 3019 128.24 P2p

This is an example of output from the **show spanning-tree detail** command: Switch# show spanning-tree detail VLAN0001 is executing the ieee compatible Spanning Tree protocol Bridge Identifier has priority 49152, sysid 1, address 0003.fd63.9580 Configured hello time 2, max age 20, forward delay 15 Current root has priority 32768, address 0001.42e2.cdd0 Root port is 24 (GigabitEthernet0/1), cost of root path is 3038 Topology change flag not set, detected flag not set Number of topology changes 0 last change occurred 1d16h ago Times: hold 1, topology change 35, notification 2 hello 2, max age 20, forward delay 15 Timers: hello 0, topology change 0, notification 0, aging 300 Uplinkfast enabled Port 1 (GigabitEthernet0/1) of VLAN0001 is forwarding Port path cost 3019, Port priority 128, Port Identifier 128.24. Designated root has priority 32768, address 0001.42e2.cdd0 Designated bridge has priority 32768, address 00d0.bbf5.c680 Designated port id is 128.25, designated path cost 19

Timers: message age 2, forward delay 0, hold 0 Number of transitions to forwarding state: 1 Link type is point-to-point by default BPDU: sent 0, received 72364 <output truncated>

This is an example of output from the **show spanning-tree interface** interface-id command:

```
      Switch# show spanning-tree interface gigabitethernet0/1

      Vlan
      Role Sts Cost
      Prio.Nbr Type

      VLAN0001
      Root FWD 3019
      128.24
      P2p
```

This is an example of output from the **show spanning-tree summary** command:

```
Switch# show spanning-tree summary
Switch is in pvst mode
Root bridge for: none
EtherChannel misconfiguration guard is enabled
Extended system ID is enabled
                     is disabled by default
Portfast
PortFast BPDU Guard is disabled by default
Portfast BPDU Filter is disabled by default
Loopguard is disabled by default
Pathcost method used is short
                       Blocking Listening Learning Forwarding STP Active
Name

        1
        0
        0
        11

        3
        0
        0
        1

        3
        0
        0
        1

        3
        0
        0
        1

        3
        0
        0
        1

                                                                12
VLAN0001
VLAN0002
                                                                   4
                         3
VLAN0004
                                                                   4
                         3
VLAN0006
                                                                   4
                                             0
VLAN0031
                          3
                                  0
                                                       1
                                                                    4
VLAN0032
                           3
                                   0
                                             0
                                                        1
                                                                    4
<output truncated>
_____ _____
37 vlans
                          109 0
                                              0
                                                       47
                                                                    156
```

Station update rate set to 150 packets/sec.

This is an example of output from the show spanning-tree mst configuration command:

 Switch#
 show spanning-tree mst configuration

 Name
 [region1]

 Revision
 1

 Instance
 Vlans Mapped

 ----- 0

 1-9,21-4094

 1
 10-20

This is an example of output from the show spanning-tree mst configuration digest command:

```
Switch# show spanning-tree mst configuration

% Switch is not in mst mode

Name []

Revision 0 Instances configured 1

Digest 0xAC36177F50283CD4B83821D8AB26DE62

Pre-std Digest 0xBB3B6C15EF8D089BB55ED10D24DF44DE
```

This is an example of output from the **show spanning-tree mst** interface *interface-id* command:

```
Switch# show spanning-tree mst interface gigabitethernet0/1

GigabitEthernet0/1 of MST00 is root forwarding

Edge port: no (default) port guard : none (default)

Link type: point-to-point (auto) bpdu filter: disable (default)

Boundary : boundary (STP) bpdu guard : disable (default)

Bpdus sent 5, received 74

Instance role state cost prio vlans mapped

0 root FWD 20000 128 1,12,14-4094
```

This is an example of output from the **show spanning-tree mst 0** command:

```
Switch# show spanning-tree mst 0

###### MST00 vlans mapped: 1-9,21-4094

Bridge address 0002.4b29.7a00 priority 32768 (32768 sysid 0)

Root address 0001.4297.e000 priority 32768 (32768 sysid 0)

port Gi0/1 path cost 200038

IST master *this switch

Operational hello time 2, forward delay 15, max age 20, max hops 20

Configured hello time 2, forward delay 15, max age 20, max hops 20
```

Interface	role	state	cost	prio	type
GigabitEthernet0/1	root	FWD	200000	128	P2P bound(STP)
GigabitEthernet0/2	desg	FWD	200000	128	P2P bound(STP)
Port-channel1	desg	FWD	200000	128	P2P bound(STP)

## Related Commands Co

Command	Description
clear spanning-tree counters	Clears the spanning-tree counters.
clear spanning-tree detected-protocols	Restarts the protocol migration process.
spanning-tree bpdufilter	Prevents an interface from sending or receiving bridge protocol data units (BPDUs).
spanning-tree bpduguard	Puts an interface in the error-disabled state when it receives a BPDU.
spanning-tree cost	Sets the path cost for spanning-tree calculations.
spanning-tree extend system-id	Enables the extended system ID feature.
spanning-tree guard	Enables the root guard or the loop guard feature for all the VLANs associated with the selected interface.
spanning-tree link-type	Overrides the default link-type setting for rapid spanning-tree transitions to the forwarding state.
spanning-tree loopguard default	Prevents alternate or root ports from becoming the designated port because of a failure that leads to a unidirectional link.
spanning-tree mst configuration	Enters multiple spanning-tree (MST) configuration mode through which the MST region configuration occurs.
spanning-tree mst cost	Sets the path cost for MST calculations.
spanning-tree mst forward-time	Sets the forward-delay time for all MST instances.
spanning-tree mst hello-time	Sets the interval between hello BPDUs sent by root switch configuration messages.
spanning-tree mst max-age	Sets the interval between messages that the spanning tree receives from the root switch.
spanning-tree mst max-hops	Sets the number of hops in an MST region before the BPDU is discarded and the information held for an interface is aged.
spanning-tree mst port-priority	Configures an interface priority.
spanning-tree mst priority	Configures the switch priority for the specified spanning-tree instance.
spanning-tree mst root	Configures the MST root switch priority and timers based on the network diameter.
spanning-tree port-priority	Configures an interface priority.
spanning-tree portfast (global configuration)	Globally enables the BPDU filtering or the BPDU guard feature on Port Fast-enabled interfaces or enables the Port Fast feature on all nontrunking interfaces.
spanning-tree portfast (interface configuration)	Enables the Port Fast feature on an interface and all its associated VLANs.
spanning-tree vlan	Configures spanning tree on a per-VLAN basis.

## show storm-control

Use the **show storm-control** user EXEC command to display broadcast, multicast, or unicast storm control settings on the switch or on the specified interface or to display storm-control history.

show storm-control [interface-id] [broadcast | multicast | unicast] [ | {begin | exclude | include}
expression]

Syntax Description	interface-id	(Optional) Interface ID for the physical port (including type, module, and port number).
	broadcast	(Optional) Display broadcast storm threshold setting.
	multicast	(Optional) Display multicast storm threshold setting.
	unicast	(Optional) Display unicast storm threshold setting.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
include		(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.

## Command Modes User EXEC

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(25)EX	This command was introduced.

### **Usage Guidelines** When you enter an *interface-id*, the storm control thresholds appear for the specified interface.

If you do not enter an *interface-id*, settings appear for one traffic type for all ports on the switch.

If you do not enter a traffic type, settings appear for broadcast storm control.

Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter | exclude output, the lines that contain *output* do not appear, but the lines that contain *Output* appear.

## Examples

This is an example of a partial output from the **show storm-control** command when no keywords are entered. Because no traffic-type keyword was entered, the broadcast storm control settings appear.

Switch> show s	storm-control
----------------	---------------

Interface	Filter State	Upper	Lower	Current
Gi0/1	Forwarding	20 pps	10 pps	5 pps
Gi0/2	Forwarding	50.00%	40.00%	0.00%
<output td="" trun<=""><td>cated&gt;</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></output>	cated>			

This is an example of output from the **show storm-control** command for a specified interface. Because no traffic-type keyword was entered, the broadcast storm control settings appear.

Switch> show	storm-control	gigabitether	net 0/1	
Interface	Filter State	Upper	Lower	Current
Gi0/1	Forwarding	20 pps	10 pps	5 pps

Table 2-19 describes the fields in the **show storm-control** display.

## Table 2-19show storm-control Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Interface	Displays the ID of the interface.
Filter State	Displays the status of the filter:
	• Blocking—Storm control is enabled, and a storm has occurred.
	• Forwarding—Storm control is enabled, and no storms have occurred.
	• Inactive—Storm control is disabled.
Upper	Displays the rising suppression level as a percentage of total available bandwidth in packets per second or in bits per second.
Lower	Displays the falling suppression level as a percentage of total available bandwidth in packets per second or in bits per second.
Current	Displays the bandwidth usage of broadcast traffic or the specified traffic type (broadcast, multicast, or unicast) as a percentage of total available bandwidth. This field is only valid when storm control is enabled.

## **Related Commands**

Command	Description
storm-control	Sets the broadcast, multicast, or unicast storm control levels for the switch.

# show system mtu

Use the **show system mtu** privileged EXEC command to display the global maximum transmission unit (MTU) or maximum packet size set for the switch.

show system mtu [ | {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(25)EX	This command was introduced.
	ports; the routing M Expressions are car	refers to ports operating at 10/100 Mbps; the system jumbo MTU refers to Gigabit MTU is the MTU for routed packets. se sensitive. For example, if you enter   <b>exclude output</b> , the lines that contain <i>output</i> the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.
Examples	This is an example	of output from the <b>show system mtu</b> command:
	Switch# <b>show sys</b> System MTU size : System Jumbo MTU Routing MTU size	is 1500 bytes size is 1500 bytes
Related Commands	Command	Description
	system mtu	Sets the MTU size for the Fast Ethernet or Gigabit Ethernet ports.

# show table-map

Use the **show table-map** user EXEC command to display quality of service (QoS) table-map information about all configured table maps or the specified table map.

show table-map [table-map-name] [ | {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description		
	table-map-name	(Optional) The name of the table map.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the expression.
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the expression.
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	User EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(25)EX	This command was introduced.
Evomploo		af autout from the shore table more assumed.
Examples	This is an example	of output from the <b>show table-map</b> command:
Examples	_	Le-map
Examples	Switch> <b>show tab</b> tandoori_1>show t Table Map abc	Le-map Cable-map
Examples	Switch> <b>show tab</b> tandoori_1>show t Table Map abc default copy Table Map cos2ds from 2 to 16	le-map cable-map
Examples	Switch> show tabl tandoori_1>show tabl Table Map abc default copy Table Map cos2ds from 2 to 16 default copy Table Map cos2co from 2 to 5 from 3 to 6	le-map cable-map

This is an example of output from the **show table-map** command for a specific table map name:

Switch> show table-map tm

Table Map tm from 1 to 62 from 2 to 63 default ignore

# Related Commands Command Description table-map Creates quality of service (QoS) mapping tables, such as CoS to DSCP, and so on.

# show udld

Use the **show udld** user EXEC command to display UniDirectional Link Detection (UDLD) administrative and operational status for all ports or the specified port.

show udld [interface-id] [ | {begin | exclude | include} expression]

	interface-id	(Optional) ID of the interface and port number. Valid interfaces include physical ports and VLANs. The VLAN range is 1 to 4094.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the expression.
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	User EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(25)EX	This command was introduced.
	do not appear, but t	the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.
Examples	-	of output from the <b>show udld</b> <i>interface-id</i> command. For this display, UDLD is ds of the link, and UDLD detects that the link is bidirectional. Table 2-20 describes
Examples	enabled on both en the fields in this dis	ds of the link, and UDLD detects that the link is bidirectional. Table 2-20 describes splay.
Examples	enabled on both en- the fields in this dis Switch> <b>show udlo</b> Interface gi0/1	ds of the link, and UDLD detects that the link is bidirectional. Table 2-20 describes
Examples	enabled on both en- the fields in this dis Switch> show udld Interface gi0/1  Port enable admin Port enable opera Current bidirecti	ds of the link, and UDLD detects that the link is bidirectional. Table 2-20 describes splay. I gigabitethernet0/1 histrative configuration setting: Follows device default ational state: Enabled .onal state: Bidirectional
Examples	enabled on both en- the fields in this dis Switch> show udld Interface gi0/1  Port enable admin Port enable opera Current bidirecti	ds of the link, and UDLD detects that the link is bidirectional. Table 2-20 describes splay. A gigabitethernet0/1 histrative configuration setting: Follows device default ational state: Enabled conal state: Bidirectional hal state: Advertisement - Single Neighbor detected 60
Examples	enabled on both en- the fields in this dis Switch> <b>show udld</b> Interface gi0/1  Port enable admin Port enable opera Current bidirecti Current operation Message interval:	ds of the link, and UDLD detects that the link is bidirectional. Table 2-20 describes splay. a gigabitethernet0/1 histrative configuration setting: Follows device default ational state: Enabled conal state: Bidirectional hal state: Advertisement - Single Neighbor detected 60 :: 5
Examples	enabled on both en- the fields in this dis Switch> show udld Interface gi0/1  Port enable admin Port enable opera Current bidirecti Current operation Message interval: Time out interval Entry 1 Expiration ti Device ID: 1	ds of the link, and UDLD detects that the link is bidirectional. Table 2-20 describes splay. <b>4 gigabitethernet0/1</b> histrative configuration setting: Follows device default httional state: Enabled lonal state: Bidirectional hal state: Advertisement - Single Neighbor detected 60 .: 5 me: 146 hbor state: Bidirectional Switch-A
Examples	<pre>enabled on both en the fields in this dis Switch&gt; show udld Interface gi0/1  Port enable admin Port enable opera Current bidirecti Current operation Message interval: Time out interval Entry 1 Expiration ti Device ID: 1 Current neigh Device name: Port ID: Gi0/ Neighbor echd</pre>	<pre>ds of the link, and UDLD detects that the link is bidirectional. Table 2-20 describes splay. d gigabitethernet0/1  histrative configuration setting: Follows device default hitional state: Enabled onal state: Bidirectional hal state: Advertisement - Single Neighbor detected 60 .: 5 me: 146 hoor state: Bidirectional Switch-A 1 0 1 device: Switch-B 0 1 port: Gi0/2</pre>

Field	Description
Interface	The interface on the local device configured for UDLD.
Port enable administrative configuration setting	How UDLD is configured on the port. If UDLD is enabled or disabled, the port enable configuration setting is the same as the operational enable state. Otherwise, the enable operational setting depends on the global enable setting.
Port enable operational state	Operational state that shows whether UDLD is actually running on this port.
Current bidirectional state	The bidirectional state of the link. An unknown state appears if the link is down or if it is connected to an UDLD-incapable device. A bidirectional state appears if the link is a normal two-way connection to a UDLD-capable device. All other values mean miswiring.
Current operational state	The current phase of the UDLD state machine. For a normal bidirectional link, the state machine is most often in the Advertisement phase.
Message interval	How often advertisement messages are sent from the local device. Measured in seconds.
Time out interval	The time period, in seconds, that UDLD waits for echoes from a neighbor device during the detection window.
Entry 1	Information from the first cache entry, which contains a copy of echo information received from the neighbor.
Expiration time	The amount of time in seconds remaining before this cache entry is aged out.
Device ID	The neighbor device identification.
Current neighbor state	The neighbor's current state. If both the local and neighbor devices are running UDLD normally, the neighbor state and local state should be bidirectional. If the link is down or the neighbor is not UDLD-capable, no cache entries appear.
Device name	The device name or the system serial number of the neighbor. The system serial number appears if the device name is not set or is set to the default (Switch).
Port ID	The neighbor port ID enabled for UDLD.
Neighbor echo 1 device	The device name of the neighbors' neighbor from which the echo originated.
Neighbor echo 1 port	The port number ID of the neighbor from which the echo originated.
Message interval	The rate, in seconds, at which the neighbor is sending advertisement messages.
CDP device name	The CDP device name or the system serial number. The system serial number appears if the device name is not set or is set to the default (Switch).

## Table 2-20show udld Field Descriptions

<b>Related Commands</b>	Command	Description
	udld	Enables aggressive or normal mode in UDLD or sets the configurable message timer time.
	udld port	Enables UDLD on an individual interface or prevents a fiber-optic interface from being enabled by the <b>udld</b> global configuration command.
	udld reset	Resets all interfaces shutdown by UDLD and permits traffic to begin passing through them again.

# show version

Use the **show version** user EXEC command to display version information for the hardware and firmware.

show version [ | {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description		
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the expression.
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the expression.
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	User EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(25)EX	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	_	se sensitive. For example, if you enter l <b>exclude output</b> , the lines that contain <i>outpu</i> the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.
Examples	This is an example	of output from the <b>show version</b> command:
	Note Though vis	sible in the <b>show version</b> output, the <i>configuration register</i> information is not on the switch.
-	Note Though vis supported of Switch> show vers Cisco IOS Softwar (20050712:084347) Copyright (c) 198 Compiled Sun 17-c	<pre>sible in the show version output, the configuration register information is not on the switch. sion re, MEAP Software (MEAP-IPSERVICES-M), Experimental Version 12.2 ) [teresang-meap-bug-fix 109] 36-2005 by Cisco Systems, Inc. Jul-05 13:19 by teresang</pre>
- -	Note Though vis supported of Switch> show vers Cisco IOS Softwar (20050712:084347) Copyright (c) 198 Compiled Sun 17-c ROM: Bootstrap pr	<pre>sible in the show version output, the configuration register information is not on the switch. sion re, MEAP Software (MEAP-IPSERVICES-M), Experimental Version 12.2 ) [teresang-meap-bug-fix 109] 36-2005 by Cisco Systems, Inc.</pre>
- -	Note Though vis supported of Switch> show vers Cisco IOS Softwar (20050712:084347) Copyright (c) 198 Compiled Sun 17-5 ROM: Bootstrap pr BOOTLDR: ME3400 F tandoori_1 uptim System returned t	<pre>sible in the show version output, the configuration register information is not on the switch. sion re, MEAP Software (MEAP-IPSERVICES-M), Experimental Version 12.2 ) [teresang-meap-bug-fix 109] 36-2005 by Cisco Systems, Inc. Jul-05 13:19 by teresang cogram is C3750 boot loader</pre>
-	Note Though vis supported of Switch> show vers Cisco IOS Softwar (20050712:084347) Copyright (c) 198 Compiled Sun 17-5 ROM: Bootstrap pr BOOTLDR: ME3400 F tandoori_1 uptim System returned to System image file	<pre>sible in the show version output, the configuration register information is not on the switch. sion re, MEAP Software (MEAP-IPSERVICES-M), Experimental Version 12.2 ) [teresang-meap-bug-fix 109] 36-2005 by Cisco Systems, Inc. Jul-05 13:19 by teresang rogram is C3750 boot loader Boot Loader (me3400-HBOOT-M), Version 12.2 [mbutts-meap2 103] ne is 1 day, 2 hours, 49 minutes to ROM by power-on</pre>

The password-recovery mechanism is enabled.

512K bytes of flash-simulated r	non-volatile configuration memory.
Base ethernet MAC Address	: 00:0B:FC:FF:32:80
Power supply part number	: 341-0149-01
Motherboard serial number	: FHH0848001R
Power supply serial number	: DTH0450000T
System serial number	: FSJC0407862
Top Assembly Part Number	: 800-26552-01
Top Assembly Revision Number	: 05
Hardware Board Revision Number	: 0x01

Swi	tch	Ports	Model	SW Version	SW Image
*	1	26	ME-3440-24T-FA	12.2(20050712:084347)	MEAP-IPSERVICES-M

Configuration register is 0xF

# show vlan

Use the **show vlan** user EXEC command to display the parameters for all configured VLANs or one VLAN (if the VLAN ID or name is specified) on the switch.

show vlan [access-map | brief | dot1q tag native | filter | id vlan-id | internal usage | mtu | name
vlan-name | private-vlan [type] | remote-span | summary | uni-vlan [type]] [ | {begin |
exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	access-map	See the show vlan access-map command.
	brief	(Optional) Display one line for each VLAN with the VLAN name, status, and its ports.
	dot1q tag native	(Optional) Display the IEEE 802.1Q native VLAN tagging status. This keyword is supported only when the switch is running the metro IP access or metro access image.
	filter	See the show vlan filter command.
	id vlan-id	(Optional) Display information about a single VLAN identified by VLAN ID number. For <i>vlan-id</i> , the range is 1 to 4094.
	internal usage	(Optional) Display a list of VLANs being used internally by the switch. These VLANs are always from the extended range (VLAN IDs 1006 to 4094). You cannot create VLANs with these IDS by using the <b>vlan</b> global configuration command until you remove them from internal use. This keyword is supported only when the switch is running the metro IP access image.
	mtu	(Optional) Display a list of VLANs and the minimum and maximum transmission unit (MTU) sizes configured on ports in the VLAN.
	name vlan-name	(Optional) Display information about a single VLAN identified by VLAN name. The VLAN name is an ASCII string from 1 to 32 characters.
	private-vlan [type]	(Optional) Display information about configured private VLANs, including primary and secondary VLAN IDs, type (community, isolated, or primary) and ports belonging to the private VLAN. Enter <b>type</b> (optional) to see only the VLAN ID and the type of private VLAN.
	remote-span	(Optional) Display information about Remote SPAN (RSPAN) VLANs.
	summary	(Optional) Display VLAN summary information.
	uni-vlan [type]	(Optional) Display user network interface-enhanced network interface (UNI-ENI) VLAN information. Enter <b>type</b> (optional) to see only the VLAN ID and type of UNI-ENI VLAN.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the expression.
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.



Though visible in the command-line help string, the ifindex keyword is not supported.

## Command Modes User EXEC

Command History	Release	Modification
12.2(25)EX		This command was introduced.

**Usage Guidelines** In the **show vlan mtu** command output, the MTU\_Mismatch column shows whether all the ports in the VLAN have the same MTU. When *yes* appears in this column, it means that the VLAN has ports with different MTUs. Packets that are switched from a port with a larger MTU to a port with a smaller MTU might be dropped. If the VLAN does not have a switch virtual interface (SVI), the hyphen (-) symbol appears in the SVI\_MTU column. If the MTU-Mismatch column displays *yes*, the names of the port with the MinMTU and the port with the MaxMTU appear.

If you try to associate a private VLAN secondary VLAN with a primary VLAN before you define the secondary VLAN, the secondary VLAN is not included in the **show vlan private-vlan** command output.

In the **show vlan private-vlan type** command output, a *normal* type means a VLAN has a private VLAN association but is not part of the private VLAN. For example, if you define and associate two VLANs as primary and secondary VLANs and then delete the secondary VLAN configuration but do not remove the association from the primary VLAN, the VLAN that was the secondary VLAN is shown as *normal* in the display. In the **show vlan private-vlan** output, the primary and secondary VLAN pair is shown as *non-operational*.

In the **show vlan uni-vlan type** command output, type is either *community* or *isolated*. User network interfaces (UNIs) or enhanced network interfaced (ENIs) in a UNI-ENI community VLAN can communicate with each other; UNIs or ENIs in a UNI-ENI isolated VLAN cannot communicate. Network node interfaces (NNIs) can communicate with each other and with UNIs or ENIs in UNI-ENI isolated and community VLANs.

Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter | **exclude output**, the lines that contain *output* do not appear, but the lines that contain *Output* appear.

This is an example of output from the **show vlan** command. Table 2-21 describes the fields in the display.

### Examples

<u>Note</u>

The switch supports only Ethernet VLANs. You can configure parameters for FDDI and Token Ring VLANs and view the results in the vlan.dat file, but these parameters are not supported or used.

Switch> <b>show vlan</b> Switch#show vlan VLAN Name	Status	Ports
1 default 1002 fddi-default	act/unsup	
1003 token-ring-default 1004 fddinet-default 1005 trnet-default	act/unsup act/unsup act/unsup	

VLAN	Туре	SAID	MTU	Parent	RingNo	BridgeNo	Stp	BrdgMode	Trans1	Trans2
1	enet	100001	1500	-	-	-	-	-	0	0
1002	fddi	101002	1500	-	-	-	-	-	0	0
1003	tr	101003	1500	-	-	-	-	-	0	0
1004	fdnet	101004	1500	-	-	-	ieee	-	0	0
1005	trnet	101005	1500 -	-	-	ibm -	0	0VLAN	Name	
Remot	e SPAN	N VLANS								
Prima	ary Sec	condary Ty	pe		Ports					
VLAN	Туре		Ports	5						

Field	Description
VLAN	VLAN number.
Name	Name, if configured, of the VLAN.
Status	Status of the VLAN (active or suspend).
Ports	Ports that belong to the VLAN.
Туре	Media type of the VLAN.
SAID	Security association ID value for the VLAN.
MTU	Maximum transmission unit size for the VLAN.
Parent	Parent VLAN, if one exists.
RingNo	Ring number for the VLAN, if applicable.
BrdgNo	Bridge number for the VLAN, if applicable.
Stp	Spanning Tree Protocol type used on the VLAN.
BrdgMode	Bridging mode for this VLAN—possible values are source-route bridging (SRB) and source-route transparent (SRT); the default is SRB.
Trans1	Translation bridge 1.
Trans2	Translation bridge 2.
Remote SPAN VLANs	Identifies any RSPAN VLANs that have been configured.
Primary/Secondary/ Type/Ports	Includes any configured private VLANs, including the primary VLAN ID, the secondary VLAN ID, the type of secondary VLAN (community or isolated), and the ports that belong to it.
VLAN Type/Ports	Displays any configured UNI-ENI VLANs, the type (community or isolated), and the ports that belong to it.

### Table 2-21show vlan Command Output Fields

This is an example of output from the show vlan dot1q tag native command:

Switch> show vlan dot1q tag native

dot1q native vlan tagging is disabled

This is an example of output from the show vlan private-vlan command:

Switch>	show vlan	private-vlan	
Primary	Secondary	Туре	Ports
10	501	isolated	Gi0/3
10	502	community	Fa0/11
10	503	non-operational3	-
20	25	isolated	Fa0/13, Fa0/20, Fa0/22, Gi0/1,
20	30	community	Fa0/13, Fa0/20, Fa0/21, Gi0/1,
20	35	community	Fa0/13, Fa0/20, Fa0/23, Fa0/33. Gi0/1,
20	55	non-operational	
2000 2	2500	isolated	Fa0/5, Fa0/10, Fa0/15

This is an example of output from the show vlan private-vlan type command:

Switch> show vlan private-vlan type Vlan Type 10 primary 501 isolated 502 community 503 normal

This is an example of output from the show vlan uni-vlan type command:

This is an example of output from the show vlan summary command:

#### Switch> show vlan summary

Number of existing VLANs : 45 Number of existing VTP VLANs : 0 Number of existing extended VLANs : 0

This is an example of output from the show vlan id command.

Switch# VLAN Nam	<b>show vlan id</b> e	2		Stat	tus	Роз	rts			
2 VLA	N0200			act:	ive	Gi	)/1,	Gi0/2		
VLAN Typ	e SAID	MTU	Parent	RingNo	Bridge	eNo	Stp	BrdgMode	Trans1	Trans2
2 ene	t 100002	1500	-	-	-		-	-	0	0
Remote S	PAN VLAN									

Disabled

This is an example of output from the **show vlan internal usage** command. It shows that VLANs 1025 and 1026 are being used as internal VLANs for Fast Ethernet routed ports 23 and 24. If you want to use one of these VLAN IDs, you must first shut down the routed port, which releases the internal VLAN, and then create the extended-range VLAN. When you start up the routed port, another internal VLAN number is assigned to it.

Switch> **show vlan internal usage** VLAN Usage ---- -----1025 FastEthernet0/23 1026 FastEthernet0/24

<b>Related Commands</b>	Command	Description
	private-vlan	Configures a VLAN as a community, isolated, or primary VLAN or associates a primary VLAN with secondary VLANs.
	switchport mode	Configures the VLAN membership mode of a port.
	vlan	Enables VLAN configuration mode where you can configure VLANs 1 to 4094.

# show vlan access-map

Use the **show vlan access-map** privileged EXEC command to display information about a particular VLAN access map or for all VLAN access maps.

show vlan access-map [mapname] [ | {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	mapname	(Optional) Name of a specific VLAN access map.					
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the expression.					
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the expression.					
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.					
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.					
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC						
Command History	Release	Modification					
	12.2(25)EX						
Usage Guidelines	Expressions are case	This command was introduced. sensitive. For example, if you enter <b>  exclude output</b> , the lines that contain <i>output</i> e lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.					
	Expressions are case do not appear, but th	sensitive. For example, if you enter <b>  exclude output</b> , the lines that contain <i>output</i> e lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.					
Usage Guidelines Examples	Expressions are case do not appear, but th This is an example o Switch# <b>show vlan</b> vlan access-map "S Match clauses:	sensitive. For example, if you enter <b>  exclude output</b> , the lines that contain <i>output</i> e lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear. f output from the <b>show vlan access-map</b> command: access-map					
	Expressions are case do not appear, but th This is an example o Switch# <b>show vlan</b> vlan access-map "S Match clauses: ip address: S Action: forward	sensitive. For example, if you enter l exclude output, the lines that contain <i>output</i> e lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear. f output from the show vlan access-map command: access-map ecWiz" 10 ecWiz_Fa1_0_3_in_ip Description					
Examples	Expressions are case do not appear, but th This is an example o Switch# <b>show vlan</b> Vlan access-map "S Match clauses: ip address: S Action: forward	<pre>sensitive. For example, if you enter   exclude output, the lines that contain output e lines that contain Output appear. f output from the show vlan access-map command: access-map ecWiz" 10 ecWiz_Fa1_0_3_in_ip  Description Displays information about all VLAN filters or about a particular VLAN or VLAN access map.</pre>					
Examples	Expressions are case do not appear, but th This is an example o Switch# <b>show vlan</b> vlan access-map "S Match clauses: ip address: S Action: forward	sensitive. For example, if you enter l <b>exclude output</b> , the lines that contain <i>output</i> e lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear. f output from the <b>show vlan access-map</b> command: <b>access-map</b> ecWiz" 10 ecWiz_Fa1_0_3_in_ip Description Displays information about all VLAN filters or about a particular VLAN or					

# show vlan filter

Use the **show vlan filter** privileged EXEC command to display information about all VLAN filters or about a particular VLAN or VLAN access map.

show vlan filter [access-map name | vlan vlan-id] [ | {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	access-map name	(Optional) Display filtering information for the specified VLAN access map.				
	vlan vlan-id	(Optional) Display filtering information for the specified VLAN. The range is 1 to 4094.				
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .				
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the expression.				
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.				
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.				
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC					
Command History	Release	Modification				
	12.2(25)EX	This command was introduced.				
Usage Guidelines	Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter   exclude output, the lines that contain <i>output</i> do not appear, but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.					
Examples	This is an example of	output from the show vlan filter command:				
	Switch# <b>show vlan f</b> VLAN Map map_1 is f 20-22					
Related Commands	Command	Description				
	show vlan access-ma	<ul> <li>Displays information about a particular VLAN access map or for all VLAN access maps.</li> </ul>				
	vlan access-map	Creates a VLAN map entry for VLAN packet filtering.				
	vlan filter	Applies a VLAN map to one or more VLANs.				

## show vmps

Use the **show vmps** user EXEC command without keywords to display the VLAN Query Protocol (VQP) version, reconfirmation interval, retry count, VLAN Membership Policy Server (VMPS) IP addresses, and the current and primary servers, or use the **statistics** keyword to display client-side statistics.

show vmps [statistics] [ | {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	statistics	
	statistics	(Optional) Display VQP client-side statistics and counters.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	User EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(25)EX	This command was introduced.
		e lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.
Evennlee	This is an axample of	
Examples	Switch> <b>show vmps s</b> VMPS Client Statist	Coutput from the <b>show vmps statistics</b> command.
Examples	Switch> show vmps s	Coutput from the <b>show vmps statistics</b> command.
Examples	Switch> <b>show vmps s</b> VMPS Client Statist  VQP Queries: VQP Responses:	Coutput from the show vmps statistics command. statistics  0 0
Examples	Switch> <b>show vmps s</b> VMPS Client Statist  VQP Queries: VQP Responses: VMPS Changes:	Coutput from the show vmps statistics command. statistics  0 0 0 0
Examples	Switch> <b>show vmps s</b> VMPS Client Statist 	Coutput from the show vmps statistics command. statistics 
Examples	Switch> <b>show vmps s</b> VMPS Client Statist  VQP Queries: VQP Responses: VMPS Changes:	Coutput from the show vmps statistics command. statistics  0 0 0 0
Examples	Switch> show vmps s VMPS Client Statist VQP Queries: VQP Responses: VMPS Changes: VQP Shutdowns: VQP Shutdowns: VQP Denied: VQP Wrong Domain: VQP Wrong Version:	Foutput from the show vmps statistics command.
Examples	Switch> show vmps s VMPS Client Statist 	Foutput from the show vmps statistics command.

### Table 2-22 show vmps statistics Field Descriptions

Field	Description	
VQP Queries	Number of queries sent by the client to the VMPS.	
VQP Responses	Number of responses sent to the client from the VMPS.	
VMPS Changes	Number of times that the VMPS changed from one server to another.	

Field	Description		
VQP Shutdowns	Number of times the VMPS sent a response to shut down the port. The client disables the port a removes all dynamic addresses on this port from the address table. You must administratively re-enable the port to restore connectivity.		
VQP Denied	Number of times the VMPS denied the client request for security reasons. When the VMPS response denies an address, no frame is forwarded to or from the workstation with that address (broadcast or multicast frames are delivered to the workstation if the port has been assigned to a VLAN). The client keeps the denied address in the address table as a blocked address to prevent more queries from being sent to the VMPS for each new packet received from this workstation. The client ages the address if no new packets are received from this workstation on this port within the aging time period.		
VQP Wrong Domain	Number of times the management domain in the request does not match the one for the VMPS. Any previous VLAN assignments of the port are not changed. This response means that the server and the client have not been configured with the same VQP management domain.		
VQP Wrong Version	Number of times the version field in the query packet contains a value that is higher than the version supported by the VMPS. The VLAN assignment of the port is not changed. The switches send only VMPS Version 1 requests.		
VQP Insufficient Resource	Number of times the VMPS is unable to answer the request because of a resource availability problem. If the retry limit has not yet been reached, the client repeats the request with the same server or with the next alternate server, depending on whether the per-server retry count has been reached.		

## Table 2-22 show vmps statistics Field Descriptions (continued)

Related Commands	Command	Description
	clear vmps statistics	Clears the statistics maintained by the VQP client.
	vmps reconfirm (privileged EXEC)	Sends VQP queries to reconfirm all dynamic VLAN assignments with the VMPS.
	vmps retry	Configures the per-server retry count for the VQP client.
	vmps server	Configures the primary VMPS and up to three secondary servers.