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#### **Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow Command Reference**

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#### activate

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To activate an application installed in a virtual services container, use the **activate** command in virtual services configuration mode. To deactivate the application, use the **no** form of this command.

	activate no activate		
Syntax Description	This command has no arguments or keywords.		
Command Default	The application installed in the virtual services container is not activated.		
Command Modes	Virtual services configuration (config-virt-serv)		
Command History	Release Modification		
	Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow Release 1.0	This command was introduced.	

Examples

The following example shows how an application installed in a virtual services container is activated.

Device# virtual-service install name openflow\_agent package bootflash:/ofa-1.0.0-n3000-SPA-k9.ova

Note: Installing package 'bootflash:/ofa-1.0.0-n3000-SPA-k9.ova' for virtual service 'openflow\_agent'. Once the install has finished, the VM may be activated. Use 'show virtual-service list' for progress. Device# 2013 Mar 8 20:35:23 n3k-202-194-2 %\$ VDC-1 %\$ %VMAN-2-INSTALL\_STATE: Successfully installed virtual service 'openflow\_agent' Device# configure terminal Device(config)# virtual-service openflow\_agent Device(config-virt-serv)# activate

Related Commands	Command	Description
	hardware profile openflow	Enables support and allocates resources for Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow VLAN tagging actions on the device hardware.
	show virtual-service list	Displays the status of installation of all applications on the virtual service container.
	show virtual-service version	Displays the version of an application installed in the virtual service container of a device.
	show virtual-service version installed	Displays the version of OpenFlow Agent application installed on the virtual services container of device.

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Command	Description
virtual-service	Provisions an application installed in the virtual services container of a device.
virtual-service install	Installs an application on the virtual services container of a device.

### controller

To configure a controller for a Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow logical switch, use the **controller** command in logical switch configuration mode. To remove the controller definitions for the logical switch, use the **no** form of this command.

controller ipv4 *ipv4-address* [port *port-number*][vrf *vrf-name*]security{none| tls}no-tls no controller ipv4 *ipv4-address* [port*port-number*][vrf *vrf-name*]security{none| tls}

Syntax Description	ipv4 ipv4-address	Specifies the IPv4 address of the controller.	
	port port-number	(Optional) Specifies the port through which the device must connect to the controller.	
		The default value is 6533.	
	vrf-name(Optional) Specifies the virtual routing and forwarding (VR defined for the controller.		
		The default value is default.	
	security none	(Optional) Disables Transport Layer Security (TLS) for the controller connection.	
	security tls	(Optional) Enables Transport Layer Security (TLS) for the controller connection.	
Command Default		for Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow. If the <b>security none</b> keyword is not used, TLS the <b>security tls</b> command.	
Command Modes	Logical switch configurat	on (config-ofa-switch)	
<b>Command History</b>	Release	Modification	
	Cisco Plug-in for OpenFl	ow Release 1.0 This command was introduced.	
	Cisco Plug-in for OpenFl	ow Release 1.1This command was modified. The no-tls keyword was added.	

#### **Examples**

The following example shows how the **controller** command is used to configure a controller for an Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlowt logical switch.

```
Device> enable
Device# configure terminal
Device(config)# openflow
Device(config-ofa)# switch 1
Device(config-ofa-switch)# pipeline 201
Device(config-ofa-switch)# controller ipv4 10.1.0.6 port 6666 security none
Device(config-ofa-switch)# of-port interface ethernet1/1
Device(config-ofa-switch)# end
```

Device# copy running-config startup-config

Related Commands	Command	Description
	of-port interface (OpenFlow)	Configures an interface as a port of an Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow logical switch
	openflow	Configures Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow.
	switch (OpenFlow)	Configures Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow logical switch used for Layer 2 switching and enter logical switch configuration mode
	show openflow hardware capabilities	Displays the match and action capabilities of a device.

### hardware profile openflow

To enable support and allocates resources for Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow VLAN tagging actions on the device hardware, use the **hardware profile openflow** command in global configuration mode. To disable VLAN tagging actions, use the **no** form of this command.

#### hardware profile openflow

no hardware profile openflow

- **Syntax Description** This command has no keywords or arguments.
- **Command Default** VLAN tagging actions for Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow are disabled.
- **Command Modes** Global configuration (config)

<b>Command History</b>	Release	Modification
	6.0(2)U1(1)	This command was introduced.

**Usage Guidelines** The **hardware profile openflow** command must be entered before an application is installed on the virtual services container of a device.

 Examples
 Device# configure terminal

 Device(config)# hardware profile openflow

 Device(config)# exit

 Device# copy running-config startup-config

 Device# reload

<b>Related Commands</b>	Command	Description
	virtual-service install	Installs an application on the virtual services container of a device.

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### of-port interface (OpenFlow)

To configure an interface as a port of an Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow logical switch, use the **of-port interface** command in logical switch configuration mode. To remove port configurations for an interface on an Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow logical switch, use the **no** form of this command.

of-port interface interface-name

no of-port interface interface-name

Syntax Description	interface-name	Name of interface to be configured.	
Command Default	No ports are configured for the Cisco Plug-in	n for OpenFlow logical switch.	
Command Modes	Logical switch configuration (config-ofa-sw	itch)	
Command History	Release	Modification	
	Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow Release 1.0	This command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines	lowercase, as shown in the examples. For exa	that interface types used are spelled out clearly and typed in imple, <b>ethernet</b> and <b>port-channel</b> . If the keyword is abbreviated gured. Ensure that the interface name does not have a space	
	You must configure an interface as a port of Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow only when Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow is active and running. When an interface is configured as a port of Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow, the <b>mode openflow</b> configuration is added to the interface. This configuration is removed when the <b>no</b> form of <b>of-port interface</b> is used only if the Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow is running and active.		
Examples	The following example shows how the <b>inter</b> an Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow logical switc	face command is used to configure an interface to be a port of h.	
	Device> enable Device# configure terminal Device(config)# openflow Device(config-ofa)# switch 1 Device(config-ofa-switch)# of-port in Device(config-ofa-switch)# of-port in Device(config-ofa-switch)# end Device# copy running-config startup-c	terface port-channel1	

ands	Command	Description
	controller	Configure a controller for an Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow.
	switch (OpenFlow)	Configures Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow logical switch used for Layer 2 switching and enter logical switch configuration mode

#### max-backoff

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To configure the maximum TCP triggered backoff interval for which Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow can wait before retrying a connection to the controller, use the **max-backoff** command in logical switch configuration mode. To restore the default backoff interval, use the **no** form of this command.

max-backoff backoff-timer

nomax-backoff backoff-timer

Syntax Description	backoff-timer	Interval, in seconds, for which a the controller.	a device can wait before retrying a connection to
		• Range is from 1 to 65535.	
	• Default value is 8 seconds.		
Command Default	A maximum backof	ff of 8 seconds is configured.	
Command Modes	Logical switch confi	iguration (config-ofa-switch)	
Command History	Release		Modification
	Cisco Plug-in for O	OpenFlow 1.1	This command was introduced.
Examples	-	-	mand is used to configure a controller for an
	OpenFlow Agent log	gical switch.	
	Device> enable Device# configure Device(config)# o		

Device# configure terminal Device(config)# openflow Device(config-ofa)# switch 1 Device(config-ofa-switch)# max-backoff 3 Device(config-ofa-switch)# end Device# copy running-config startup-config

#### openflow

To configure Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow and enter Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow Release configuration mode, use the **openflow** command in global configuration mode. To remove all configurations made forCisco Plug-in for OpenFlow and exit Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow Release configuration mode, use the **no** form of this command.

openflow no openflow **Command Default** The Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow is not configured. **Command Modes** Global configuration (config) **Command History** Release Modification This command was introduced. Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow Release 1.0 **Examples** The following example shows how the **openflow** command is used to configure the Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow. Device> enable Device (config) # **openflow** Device (config-ofa) # switch 1 Device(config-ofa-switch)# controller ipv4 10.1.0.6 Device (config-ofa-switch) # interface ethernet1/1 Device (config-ofa-switch) # end Device# copy running-config startup-config

Related Commands	Command	Description
	controller	Configure a controller for an Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow.
	of-port interface (OpenFlow)	Configures an interface as a port of an Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow logical switch
	openflow	Configures Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow.
	switch (OpenFlow)	Configures Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow logical switch used for Layer 2 switching and enter logical switch configuration mode
	max-backoff	Configures an interval for which Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow logical switch must wait before retrying a connection to the controller.
	tls trust-point	Configures local and remote trust points needed for a Transport Layer Security (TLS) connection to the controller
	probe-interval	Configures an interval that Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow logical switch waits before sending a probe to query an idle connection to controller.

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Command	Description
pipeline	Configures a pipeline.
rate-limit	Configures the rate at which packets are sent to a controller by Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow logical switch.

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## pipeline

			enFlow logical switch, use the <b>pipeline</b> command in logical ne configurations, use the <b>no</b> form of this command.
	pipeline pipeline-id		
	no pipeline		
Syntax Description	pipeline-id	Configures pipeline r show openflow hard	umber. This value must be taken from the output of the ware capabilities
Command Default	A pipeline is not configu	red.	
Command Modes	Logical switch configura	tion (config-ofa-switch)	
Command History	Release		Modification
	Cisco Plug-in for Open	Flow Release 1.1	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	1	-	d by Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow logical switch. You can ommand to view supported pipelines for a device.
Examples	The following example s for a Nexus 3000 Series		pipeline for an Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow logical switch
	Device(config)# <b>open</b> Device(config-ofa)# s ! Specifies the pipe Device(config-ofa)# <b>p</b>	<b>switch 1</b> line that enables the	L3 ACL Forwarding Table.
<b>Related Commands</b>	Command		Description
	show openflow hardwar	e capabilities	Displays the match and action capabilities of a device.

### probe-interval

To configure an interval that Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow logical switch waits before sending a probe to query an idle connection to controller, use the **probe-interval** command in logical switch configuration mode. To restore the default probe interval, use the **no** form of this command.

probe-interval probe-interval

no probe-interval probe-interval

Suntax Description			
Syntax Description	probe-interval	Interval, in seconds, at which	an idle controller connection is probed.
		• Default value is 5 secon	ds.
		• Range is from 5 to 6553	5.
Command Default	The idle controller con	nnection is probed every 5 seconds.	
Command Modes	Logical switch config	uration (config-ofa-switch)	
Command History	Release		Modification
	Cisco Plug-in for Op	enFlow Release 1.1	This command was introduced.
Examples	The following exampl idle controller connec		mand is used to configure a probe interval for an
	Device> enable		

Device/ enable Device/ enable Device (config)# openflow Device (config-ofa)# switch 1 Device (config-ofa)# probe-interval 6 Device (config-ofa)# end Device# copy running-config startup-config

#### rate-limit

To configure the rate at which packets are sent to the controller by Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow logical switch, use the **rate-limit** command in the logical switch configuration mode. To remove the rate limit configurations, use the **no** form of this command.

rate-limit packet\_in packet-rate burst number-of-packets

no rate-limit packet\_in packet-rate burst number-of-packets

Syntax Description		
	<pre>packet_in packet-rate</pre>	Configures, in packets per seconds, the maximum rate at which packets are sent to controller.
		• Range is from 1 to 65535.
		• Default value is 0. This indicates that rate limit is disabled and that packets are sent at the maximum possible rate.
	burst number-of-packets	Configures the maximum supported bursts or number of packets destined for the controller that can be stored by the logical switch at any time.
		• Range is from 1 to 65535.
<b>Command Default</b>	Rate limit is not configured	for Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow logical switch.
Command Madaa	T 1	
Command Modes	Logical switch configuration	on (config-ofa-switch)
Command Modes Command History	Logical switch configuration	on (config-ofa-switch) Modification
		Modification
	Release	Modification
	Release Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlo	Modification         ow Release 1.1       This command was introduced.         ws how the rate-limit command is used to configure the rate limit for Cisco Plug-i

#### show openflow copyright

To display copyright and open-source information related to Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow, use the **show openflow copyright** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show openflow copyright

**Command Modes** Privileged EXEC (#)

**Command History** 

ReleaseModificationCisco Plug-in for OpenFlow Version 1.0This command was introduced.

#### **Examples** The following is sample output of the **show openflow copyright** command:

Device# show openflow copyright

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Related Commands	Command	Description
	openflow	Configures Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow.

### show openflow interface

To display a list of Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow logical switch ports, use the **show openflow interface switch** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show openflow interface [interface-name] [switch switch-id]

Syntax Description	interface-name	(Optional) Nam	e of the interface. See Usage Guidelines for more de	tails.
	switch-id	(Optional) Unic	que switch identifier. 1 is the only permitted value.	
Command Default	Displays a list of all inter	faces associated with th	ne Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow logical switch.	
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (#)			
Command History	Release		Modification	
	Cisco Plug-in for OpenF	Flow Version 1.0	This command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines	and are typed in lowercas in lowercase, the interfac	se. For example, <b>ethern</b> se is not configured.	hernet or port-channel keywords are spelled out com et1/1 or port-channel2. If the keyword is abbreviated nFlow) command can display an output.	
Examples	The following is sample	output of the <b>show ope</b>	nflow interface command:	
	Device# show openflo	w interface		
	Logical Switch Id: 1 Interfaces: Ethernet1/11 Ethernet1/12 Ethernet1/2 Ethernet1/24 Ethernet1/25 Ethernet1/3 Ethernet1/4 port-channe12			
	Device# show openflo	w interface etherne	t1/2 switch 1	
	Logical Switch Id: 1 Interface: ethernet Device# <b>show openflo</b>		1	
	Interfaces:			

Ethernet1/11
Ethernet1/12
Ethernet1/13
Ethernet1/2
Ethernet1/24
Ethernet1/25
Ethernet1/3
Ethernet1/4
port-channel2

#### **Related Commands**

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Command	Description
of-port interface (OpenFlow)	Configures an interface as a port of an Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow logical switch
switch (OpenFlow)	Configures Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow logical switch used for Layer 2 switching and enter logical switch configuration mode

### show openflow switch

To display information related to an Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow logical switch, use the **show openflow switch** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show openflow switch [switch-id]

Syntax Description	switch-id	(Optional) Cisco Plug permitted.	-in for OpenFlow logical switch ID. Only the value 1 is
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (	#)	
Command History	Release		Modification
	Cisco Plug-in for	OpenFlow Release 1.0	This command was introduced.
Examples	The following is sa	umple output of the <b>show open</b>	flow switch command on Nexus 3000 Series Device.
	Device# show ope		
Examples	Data plane: se Table-Miss def Config state: Working state: Rate limit (pa Burst limit: ( Max backoff (s Probe interval TLS local trus TLS remote tru Stats coll. pe Logging flow of OFA Descriptio Manufacturer Hardware: NG Software: 6 Serial Num: DP Descripti OF Features: DFID:0001547 Number of bu Capabilities Actions: OUT Controllers:	Yorwarding 101 1: Openflow 1.0 1: coure Fault: NONE no-shutdown enabled toket per second): 0 2: escol: 8 1: (sec): 5 1: (sec): 5 1: changes: Disabled 1: cisco Systems, Inc. 1: Cisco Systems, Inc. 1: Cisco Systems, Inc. 1: SII5200QD8 1: con: n3k-200-141-3:sw1 2: fee00c2a0 bbles:1	fcl PORT STATS

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Ethernet1/1 Ethernet1/7

Table 1: show openflow switch Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Id	Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow logical switch identifier.
Switch type	Type of switch. The possible values are as follows:
	• Forwarding—Forwards packets to controller.
Pipeline ID	Identifier used for pipeline.
Layer	Network layer on which the switch operates.
Data plane: secure	Security levels of the data plane.
Table-Miss default:	Fallback state of switch.
Signal version	OpenFlow version.
Config state:	The switch is in a configuration state of no shutdown.
Working state:	The switch is in a working state.
TLS	Transport Layer Security (TLS) capability and trust points.
Rate Limit	Rate limit.
Burst Limit	Burst limit.
Maximum Backoff	Maximum backoff.
Probe interval	Probe interval.
Stats coll. period (sec):	Time period at which stats are collected.
Logging Flow changes	
Manufacturer: Cisco Systems, Inc.	Manufacturer of the Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow software.

Field	Description
Hardware	Device on which the Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow is installed.
Software:	Operating system running on the device.
Serial Num:	Serial Number of the device.
DP Description	Data Path description used by the controller to identify the device.
DPID	Data Path identifier used by the controller to identify the device.
Number of tables	Number of flows defined for the device on the controller.
Number of buffers	Number of buffers allocated to the device.
Capabilites:	Match capabilities available on this device.
Actions:	Actions available on this device.
Controllers:	Controllers connected to this
192.168.1.31:8005, Protocol: TCP, VRF: default	device, port number used, protocol used for between the controller and
192.168.94.173:6633, Protocol: TCP, VRF: management	the device, and the VRF on which the controller is defined.
Interfaces:	List of interfaces defined for the device.

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### show openflow switch controller

To display information about controllers connected to an Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow switch, use the **show openflow switch controller** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show openflow switch [switch-id | [controllers[stats]]]

x Description	switch-id	(Optional) Cisco Plu	g-in for OpenFlow logical switch identifier.		
	stats	(Optional) Cisco Plu	g-in for OpenFlow Displays controller based statistics.		
nand Modes	Privileged EXEC (	#)			
nand History	Release		Modification		
	Cisco Plug-in for	OpenFlow Version 1.0	This command was introduced.		
e Guidelines	A device can conn	ect to up to eight controllers.			
ples	The following is sample output of the <b>show openflow switch 1 controllers</b> command: Device# <b>show openflow switch 1 controllers</b>				
	Logical Switch D Total Controller Controller: 1 10.168.1.31: Protocol: to VRF: default Connected: S Role: Other	cs: 1 :7777 cp c. Kes			
	state:ACTIVE sec_since_co The following is so	onnect:31474	nflow switch 1 controllers command:		
	_	ample output of the snow operation of the snow operation of the second sec			
		cs: 1 52:8050 cp ment opoint: disabled cpoint: disabled Yes c			

Field	Descriptions
Logical Switch Id: 1	Indicates the unique switch identifier.
Total Controllers: 1	Indicates the total number of controllers connected to this device.
Controller: 1	Indicates the controller identifier.
192.168.1.31:7777	Indicates the IP address of the controller and the controller port used for the connection.
Protocol: TCP	Indicates the protocol used for controller-device communication.
VRF: default	Indicates the virtual routing and forwarding (VRF) instance of which the controller is part of.
Local Trustpoint	Status of local trustpoint
Remote Trustpoint	Status of remote trustpoint
Connected: Yes	Indicates whether the switch is connected to the controller.
Role: Other	Indicates the role of the controller.
	• Master—Full access, at most one
	Slave - Read-only access
	• Other— Default role, full access
state:ACTIVE	Indicates the state of the controller. Possible values are given below:
	• ACTIVE—The controller is active.
	• BACKOFF—The controller is in a state of backoff.
sec_since_connect	Indicates the number of seconds that have elapsed since the connector connected to the device.

Related Commands	Command	Description
	controller	Configure a controller for an Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow.

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Command	Description
switch (OpenFlow)	Configures Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow logical switch used for Layer 2 switching and enter logical switch configuration mode

### show openflow switch flows

To display a list of flows defined for Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow logical switch and related information, use the **show openflow switch flows** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show openflow switch *switch-id* flows[configured| controller| default| fixed| pending| pending-del][brief | summary]

switch-id	(Optional) Cisco Plu	g-in for OpenFlow logical switch identifier.
configured	(Optional) Displays	information related to configured flows.
controller	(Optional) Displays	flow information related to controllers.
default	(Optional) Displays	default information related to flows.
fixed	(Optional) Displays	information related to fixed flows.
fixed	(Optional) Displays	information related to fixed flows.
pending	(Optional) Displays	information related to pending flows.
pending-del	(Optional) Displays	brief information related to flows pending deletion.
summary	(Optional) Displays	a summary of information related to flows.
Privileged EXEC (#	)	
Release		Modification
Cisco Plug-in for O	penFlow Version 1.0	This command was introduced.
		r that is connected to Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow logical
The following is san	nple output of the show openfle	ow switch 1 flows command:
Device# show openflow switch 1 flows		
Logical Switch Id	l: 1	
Total flows: 1		
	configured         controller         default         fixed         fixed         pending         pending-del         summary         Privileged EXEC (#         Release         Cisco Plug-in for C         The flows displayed         switch on the device         The following is sar         Device# show oper         Logical Switch Id	configured       (Optional) Displays         controller       (Optional) Displays         default       (Optional) Displays         fixed       (Optional) Displays         fixed       (Optional) Displays         pending       (Optional) Displays         pending       (Optional) Displays         pending       (Optional) Displays         pending       (Optional) Displays         pending-del       (Optional) Displays         summary       (Optional) Displays         Privileged EXEC (#)       Release         Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow Version 1.0       The flows displayed are configured by the controller         switch on the device.       The following is sample output of the show openflow         Device# show openflow switch 1 flows       Logical Switch Id: 1         Total flows: 1       Total flows: 1

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```
Priority:
                     0x8000
  Table:
                      0
  Cookie:
                      0x466c6f7732
  Duration:
                     176.383s
 Number of packets: 0
 Number of bytes:
                      0
Device# show openflow switch 1 flows
Total flows: 2
Flow: 1
                     ip,dl_vlan=99
strip_vlan,output:1
0x8000
 Rule:
  Actions:
  Priority:
 Table:
                     0
  Cookie:
                      0x466c6f7732
  Duration:
                     96.359s
  Number of packets: 0
  Number of bytes:
                      0
Flow: 2
                     ip,in_port=2,dl_vlan=50
output:1
  Rule:
  Actions:
  Priority:
                      0x8000
 Table:
                      0
  Cookie:
                      0x1
                     95.504s
  Duration:
  Number of packets: 0
  Number of bytes:
```

Table 3: show openflow switch flows Field Descriptions

Field	Descriptions
Rule	List of rules defined for the flow. This is related to the match capabilities of the device. The possible rules are listed below:
	• dl_vlan= <i>vlan-id</i> —Packet has the given VLAN ID.
	• in_port—Packet has arrived on the given input port.
	• ip—Packet uses the IP protocol.
	<ul> <li>nw_dst—Packet is destined for a given destination address prefix.</li> </ul>
	• nw_src—Packet is from a given source address prefix.
	• nw_tos—Packet has the given IP ToS bits set.
	• tp_dst—Packet is destined for the given TCP/UDP destination port.
	• tp_src—Packet is from for the given TCP/UDP source port.

Field	Descriptions
Actions	List of actions to be defined if a packet matches the flow (abides by the rules defined in the flow). The possible actions are:
	• drop—Drop.
	• mod_vlan_vid—Rewrite VLAN ID.
	• output: <i>number</i> —Output to one or more physical ports.
	• output:6533—Output to the controller.
	• strip_vlan—Strip the VLAN ID.
	• mod_dl_src—Modify the source MAC address.
	• mod_dl_dst—Modify the destination MAC address.
	If multiple actions are associated with a flow, they are processed in the order specified. The output action should be the last action in the action list. Any action after the output action is not supported.
Priority	Priority of the flow.
Table	Table number.
Cookies	Cookies defined for the flow.
Duration	Duration, in seconds, for which the flow was executed.
Number of packets: 0	Number of packets/bytes that matched the flow.
Number of bytes: 0	Number of bytes exchanged for the flow.

<b>Related Commands</b>	Command	Description	
	controller	Configure a controller for an Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow.	
	switch (OpenFlow)	Configures Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow logical switch used for Layer 2 switching and enter logical switch configuration mode	

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### show openflow switch ports

To display the mapping between the Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow logical switch ports and the device's physical interfaces, use the **show openflow switch ports** command in privileged EXEC mode.

showopenflow switch [switch-id [ports]]

Syntax Description	switch-id	(Optional) Cisco Pl	ug-in for	OpenFlo	w logical switch identifier.
	ports	(Optional) Displays Plug-in for OpenFlo			statistics for each port defined for an Cisco
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (#)				
Command History	istory Release Modification			ication	
	Cisco Plug-in for Ope	nFlow Version 1.0		This co	ommand was introduced.
Examples	The following is sample Device# show openfl Logical Switch Id: Port Interface Nam 2 Ethernet1/2 3 Ethernet1/3 4 Ethernet1/4 11 Ethernet1/11 12 Ethernet1/13 24 Ethernet1/24 25 Ethernet1/25 321 port-channel2 Table 4: show openflow s	ow switch 1 ports 1 e Config-State PORT_UP	Link-S LINK_U LINK_U LINK_U LINK_U LINK_U LINK_U LINK_I LINK_I LINK_I	State JP DOWN JP JP JOWN DOWN DOWN	1 ports command: Features 10MB-FD 100MB-HD AUTO_NEG 10MB-FD 1GB-FD 1GB-FD 1GB-HD AUTO_NEG 1GB-HD AUTO_NEG 100MB-HD AUTO_NEG
	Field			Descrip	otions
	Logical Switch Id: 1			Indicate	es the unique switch identifier.
	Port				es port numbers assigned for an interface by lug-in for OpenFlow logical switch.
	Interface Name			Indicate	es the name of the physical interface.
	Config-State			Indicate	es the configured state of a port or interface.

Field	Descriptions
Link-State	Indicates the physical link state of a port or interface.
Features	Indicates the configured speed or duplex settings. The values of the output are read as follows:
	• 10MB-FD— Displays that the port has been set to 10–Mbps speed and full duplex.
	• 10MB-HD—Displays that the port has been set to 10–Mbps speed and half duplex.
	• 100MB-HD AUTO_NEG— Displays that the port has been auto-negotiated to 100–Mbps speed and half duplex.
	• 1GB-FD— Displays that the port has been set to 1–Gbps speed and full duplex.
	<ul> <li>1GB-HD AUTO_NEG—Displays that the port has been auto-negotiated to 1–Gbps speed and half duplex.</li> </ul>

<b>Related Commands</b>	Command	Description
	of-port interface (OpenFlow)	Configures an interface as a port of an Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow logical switch
	switch (OpenFlow)	Configures Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow logical switch used for Layer 2 switching and enter logical switch configuration mode

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### show openflow switch stats

To display send and receive statistics for each port defined for the Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow logical switch, use the **show openflow switch stats** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show openflow switch switch-id stats

Syntax Description	switch-id	(Optional) Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow logical switch identifier.			
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (#)				
Command History	Release	Modification			
	Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow Version 1.0	This command was introduced.			
Examples	The following is sample output of the <b>show open</b>	flow switch 1 stats command:			
·	Device# show openflow switch 1 stats				
	Logical Switch Id: 1				
	Total ports 9				
	Port 4: rx pkts=8570, bytes=2459590, drop=0, errs=0, tx pkts=8585, bytes=2461949, drop=0, errs=0,				
	Port 2: rx pkts=0, bytes=0, drop=0, errs=0, tx pkts=0, bytes=0, drop=0, errs=0,				
	Total tables 1 Table 0: classifier Wildcards = 0x3fffff Max entries = 1000000 Active entries = 0 Number of lookups = 0 Number of matches = 0				
	The following is sample output of the show openflow switch 1 stats command:				
	Device# show openflow switch 1 stats				
	Logical Switch Id: 1				
	Total ports: 1				
	Port 4: rx pkts=8570, bytes=2459590, drop=0, errs=0, tx pkts=8585, bytes=2461949, drop=0, errs=0,				
	Port 2: rx pkts=0, bytes=0, drop=0, errs tx pkts=0, bytes=0, drop=0, errs=0, Total tables: 1 Table 0: classifier	=0,			

1

```
Wildcards = 0x3fffff
Max entries = 1500
Active entries = 0
Number of lookups = 0
Number of matches = 0
```

Table 5: Field Description table for show openflow openflow\_agent switch 1 stats

Field	Descriptions
Logical Switch Id: 1	Indicates the unique switch identifier.
Total ports: 1	Indicates the total number of ports defined for the switch.
Port: N	Indicates the port number.
rx pkts=0, bytes=0, errs=0	Indicates the number of packets and bytes received by the port and the number of errors generated while receiving data.
tx pkts=0, bytes=376480	Indicates number of packets and bytes sent by the port.
Total tables	Indicates the total number of tables defined for the device on the controller.
Table 0: classifier	Indicates the name of the table.
Wildcards	Indicates the wildcard character.
Max entries	Indicates the maximum number of flow entries defined in the table.
Active entries	Indicates the number of active flow entries in the table.
Number of lookups	Indicates the number of table lookups that have occurred.
Number of matches	Indicates the number of matches that have occurred for the flow entries in the table.

#### **Related Commands**

Command	Description	
controller	Configure a controller for an Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow.	
switch (OpenFlow)	Configures Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow logical switch used for Layer 2 switching and enter logical switch configuration mode	

### show openflow hardware capabilities

To display the match and action capabilities of a device, use the show openflow hardware capabilities command in privileged EXEC mode.

show openflow hardware capabilities

- **Syntax Description** This command has no arguments or keywords.
- **Command Modes** Privileged EXEC (#)

**Command History** Release Modification Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow Release 1.0 This command was introduced.

**Usage Guidelines** This command displays the list of match and action capabilities supported on this device. The controller connected to this device can define flows using this match criteria and can associate actions to be executed when packets match the flow criteria. The match and action criteria supported for various devices are given below.

#### **Examples** The following is sample output for the show openflow hardware capabilities command.

The following is sample output for Nexus 3000 Series device.

Pipeline ID: 201	
Flow table ID: 0	
Match Capabilities	Match Types
ethernet type VLAN ID VLAN priority code point IP DSCP IP protocol IPv4 source address IPv4 destination address source port destination port in port (virtual or physical)	<pre>mandatory optional optional optional lengthmask lengthmask optional optional optional optional</pre>
	ce, use normal forwading, controlle eth destination mac, set vlan id

```
Flow table ID: 0
Match Capabilities
                                  Match Types
           _____
                                   -----
   ____
ethernet type
                                  mandatory
VLAN ID
                                   optional
VLAN priority code point
                                  optional
IP DSCP
                                  optional
IP protocol
                                  optional
IPv4 source address
                                   lengthmask
                                  lengthmask
IPv4 destination address
source port
                                  optional
destination port
                                   optional
in port (virtual or physical)
                                   optional
Actions:
   output to: specified interface, use normal forwading, controller
   set: set eth source mac, set eth destination mac, set vlan id
   pop: pop vlan tag
   other actions: drop packet
Flow table ID: 1
Match Capabilities
                                  Match Types
------
                                   ____
ethernet mac destination
                                   mandatory
VLAN ID
                                   mandatory
Actions:
   output to: specified interface
   other actions: drop packet
```

#### Table 6: show openflow hardware capabilities Field Descriptions

Command	Description
Pipeline ID	Pipeline to be configured for using the table.
Flow table ID	Table number in a logical switch.
Min Timer	Minimum time at which polling for statistics occurs.
Max Timer	Maximum time at which polling for statistics occurs.
Match Capabilities	Displays a list of match capabilities that can be defined for this device. The definitions of the different match criteria can be found in the OpenFlow 1.0 specification.
Match Types	Displays the type of match criteria. The match types and their meaning are as followed:
	• required—This criteria must be defined for a flow.
	• optional—This criteria may be defined for a flow. It is optional.
	• prefix—This criteria is an IP prefix.
Command	Description
--------------------	---
Actions	Displays a list of actions that can be defined for this device, if a packet matches the flow criteria. The actions can be as follows:
	• output to—Output the packet to the specified location.
	• set—Set the specified parameter for a packet.
	• pop—Remove the specified parameter for a packet.
	• other actions—Execute the specified action. The actions can be as follows:
	° drop—Drop the packet.
Stats	Displays a list of parameters for which statistics are collected.
Others: packet out	Sending of packets to an output location (packet out) is supported by this Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow.

### **Related Commands**

Command	Description	
hardware profile openflow	Enables support and allocates resources for Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow VLAN tagging actions on the device hardware.	

# switch (OpenFlow)

To configure Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow logical switch used for Layer 2 switching and enter logical switch configuration mode, use the **switch** command in Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow Release configuration mode. To remove the Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow logical switch configurations, use the **no** form of this command.

switch logical-switch-id

no switch logical-switch-id

Syntax Description	logical-switch-id	Specifies a m	umerical ID for the logical switch.	
		• Only logical switch ID 1 is supported.		
Command Default	Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow	logical switch is no	t defined.	
Command Modes	Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow	Release configurati	on (config-ofa)	
Command History	Release		Modification	
	Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow	Version 1.0	This command was introduced.	
Examples	The following example descr logical switch.	ibes how the <b>switch</b>	command is used in configuring Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow	
	<pre>logical switch. Device&gt; enable Device# configure termin Device(config)# openflow Device(config-ofa)# swit Device(config-ofa-switch Device(config-ofa-switch Device(config-ofa-switch)</pre>	r :ch 1 1)# controller ip 1)# interface eth		
	Device# copy running-con	fig startup-conf	ig	
<b>Related Commands</b>	Command	Description		
	controller	Configure a cont	roller for an Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow.	
	of-port interface (OpenFlow	Configures an int switch	terface as a port of an Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow logical	
	openflow	Configures Cisco	Plug-in for OpenFlow.	

Command	Description	
switch (OpenFlow)	Configures Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow logical switch used for Layer 2 switching and enter logical switch configuration mode	
max-backoff	Configures an interval for which Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow logical switch must wait before retrying a connection to the controller.	
tls trust-point	Configures local and remote trust points needed for a Transport Layer Security (TLS) connection to the controller	
probe-interval	Configures an interval that Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow logical switch waits before sending a probe to query an idle connection to controller.	
pipeline	Configures a pipeline.	
rate-limit	Configures the rate at which packets are sent to a controller by Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow logical switch.	

# shutdown (OpenFlow)

To disable an Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow logical switch, use the **shutdown** command in logical switch configuration mode. To re-enable the Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow logical switch, use the **no** form of this command.

	shutdown no shutdown	
	no snutuown	
Syntax Description	This command has no arguments or keywords.	
Command Default	The Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow logical switch is en	abled.
Command Modes	Logical switch configuration (config-ofa-switch)	
<b>Command History</b>	Release	Modification
	Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow Version 1.0	This command was introduced.
Examples	The following example describes how the <b>shutdown</b> cological switch.	ommand is used to disable an Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow

Device> enable
Device# configure terminal
Device(config)# openflow
Device(config-ofa)# switch 1
Device(config-ofa-switch)# shutdown
Device(config-ofa-switch)# end
Device# copy running-config startup-config

### tls trust-point

To configure local and remote trust points needed for a Transport Layer Security (TLS) connection to the controller, use the **tls trust-point** command in logical switch configuration mode.

tls trust-point local local-trust-point-name remote remote-trust-point-name

no tls trust-point local local-trust-point-name remote remote-trust-point-name

Syntax Description	local local-trust-point-name	Configures the local trust point.
	remote remote-trust-point-name	Configures the remote trust point.

**Command Default** TLS is enabled for controller connections, but TLS trust points are not configured.

**Command Modes** Logical switch configuration (config-ofa-switch)

<b>Command History</b>	Release	Modification
	Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow Release 1.1	This command was introduced.

**Usage Guidelines** This command does not set up the TLS connection and only configures the trust points.

If this command is not configured, TLS must be disabled in order for the controller connection to work using the **no-tls** keyword of the **controller** command. Otherwise the controller connection fails.

**Examples** The following example shows how the **tls trust-point** command is used to configure a TLS connection to a controller.

Device> enable
Device# configure terminal
Device(config)# openflow
Device(config-ofa)# switch 1
Device(config-ofa-switch)# controller ipv4 10.1.1.1
Device(config-ofa-switch)# tls trust-point local XXX remote YYY
Device(config-ofa-switch)# end
Device# copy running-config startup-config
The following example shows how TLS must be disabled if the tls trust-point command is not used.

```
Device> enable
Device# configure terminal
Device(config)# openflow
Device(config-ofa)# switch 1
Device(config-ofa-switch)# controller ipv4 10.1.1.1 security none
Device(config-ofa-switch)# end
Device# copy running-config startup-config
```

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Description

controller

Command

Configure a controller for an Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow.



# **Virtual Services Commands**

- show virtual-service list, page 40
- show virtual-service detail, page 42
- show virtual-service storage pool list, page 45
- show virtual-service utilization, page 46
- show virtual-service version, page 48
- show virtual-service version installed, page 49
- show virtual-service, page 50
- virtual-service, page 54
- virtual-service connect, page 56
- virtual-service install, page 58
- virtual-service uninstall, page 60
- virtual-service move, page 62

### show virtual-service list

To display the status of installation of all applications on the virtual service container, use the **show** virtual-service list command in privileged EXEC mode.

show virtual-service list

- **Syntax Description** This command has no keywords or arguments.
- **Command Modes** Privileged EXEC (#)

 Command History
 Release
 Modification

 6.0(2)U1(1)
 This command was introduced.

**Examples** The following is sample output of the **show virtual-service list** command with the status of the installation is shown as Installing.

Device# <b>show virtual-se</b> System busy installing Virtual Service List:		'WAAS'. The request may take several minutes
Name	Status	Package Name
multiova	Activated	multiova-working.ova
WAAS fe-ovr2#	Installing	ISR4451X-WAAS-5.2.0-b
	VIRT_SERVICE-5-IN	NSTALL_STATE: Successfully installed virtual service

The following is sample output of the **show virtual-service list** command with the status of the installation is shown as Installed.

Device# <b>show virtual-service list</b> Virtual Service List:		
Name	Status	Package Name
multiova WAAS	Activated Installed	multiova-working.ova ISR4451X-WAAS-5.2.0-b

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Command	Description
Status	Indicates the status of installation of all applications installed in the virtual services container of a device. It can be one of the following:
	• Initializing—Indicates that support for the application is being initialized.
	• Installing—Indicates that the application e is being installed.
	• Installed—Indicates that the application has been installed but has not been activated yet.
	<ul> <li>Activating—Indicates that virtual services package has been installed and is being activated.</li> </ul>
	• Activated—Indicates that virtual services package has been installed and activated.
	• Activate Failed—Indicates that activation of the application has failed.
	• Deactivated—Indicates that the application has been deactivated.

### Table 7: show virtual-service Field Descriptions

<b>Related Commands</b>	Command	Description
	activate	Activates an application installed in a virtual services container.
	show virtual-service version	Displays the version of an application installed in the virtual service container of a device.
	show virtual-service version installed	Displays the version of OpenFlow Agent application installed on the virtual services container of device.
virtual-service	virtual-service	Provisions an application installed in the virtual services container of a device.
	virtual-service install	Installs an application on the virtual services container of a device.

## show virtual-service detail

To display the resources committed by applications installed in the virtual services container of a device upon activation, use the **show virtual-service detail** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show virtual-service [ detail [name virtual-service-name]]

Syntax Description	name virtual-service-name	(Optional) Specifies the name of the application for which resources committed is to be displayed. The maximum length of the name is 20. The hyphen is not a valid character.
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (#)	
Command History	Release	Modification
	6.0(2)U1(1)	This command was introduced.
Examples	Device# show virtual-serv Virtual Service vm_foo De Package Metadata: Package name : f Application name : S	tail: oo.ova ampleApp Sample suite - HelloNetwork
	Memory reservation : 5 CPU reservation : 2 VCPUs : 1 Attached devices: Type Name	10 MB 0% system CPU Alias
	Serial/shell Disk /mnt/co Disk / Serial/Trace Serial/Syslog Serial/aux Serial/shell	serial0 nfig_disk serial3 serial2 serial1 serial0
		at of the <b>show virtual-service detail name</b> command:
	Virtual service openflow_	_

Name Path Application Name Installed version Description		a
Signing Key type Method Licensing	: Cisco development key : SHA-1	
Name Version Resource reservation	: None : None	
Disk Memory CPU reservation	: 55 MB : 0 MB : 0% system CPU	
Attached devices Type N	ame Alias	
Disk /	serial3 serial2 mnt/core mnt/ofa rootfs	

Table 8: show virtual-service detail Field Description

Field	Description
State	Indicates the status of the installation of an application on the virtual services container of a device. It can be one of the following:
	• Initializing—Indicates that support for the application is being initialized.
	<ul> <li>Installing—Indicates that the application is being installed.</li> </ul>
	• Installed—Indicates that the application has been installed but has not been activated yet.
	• Activating—Indicates that the application has been installed and is being activated.
	<ul> <li>Activated—Indicates that the application has been installed and activated.</li> </ul>
	• Activate Failed—Indicates that the application activation has failed.
	• Deactivated—Indicates that the application has been deactivated.
Package information	Displays information related to the application installation package with .ova extension (OVA file) used for installation.

Field	Description
Application	Displays information related to the installed application.
Signing	Displays information related to the method used to sign the OVA file. • SHA-1—Cisco signed package
Licensing	Displays the name and version of the license of the OVA file.
Resource reservation	Resources reserved by the application. This includes disk space, memory, and CPU usage.
Attached devices	Type, name, and alias of the device attached to the application. This is defined in the machine definitions file delivered with the OVA package.

## show virtual-service storage pool list

To display an overview of storage locations (pools) used for virtual service containers, use the **show** virtual-service storage pool list command in privileged EXEC mode.

show virtual-service storage pool list

- **Syntax Description** This command has no keywords or arguments.
- **Command Modes** Privileged EXEC (#)

I

 Command History
 Release
 Modification

 6.0(2)U1(1)
 This command was introduced.

**Examples** The following is sample output of the **show virtual-service storage pool list** command:

Device# show virtual-service storage pool list

Virtual-Service storage pool list

Name	Pool Type	Path
virt_strg_pool_bf_vdc_1	directory	/bootflash/virt_strg_pool_bf_vdc_1

<b>Related Commands</b>	Command	Description
	virtual-service	Provisions an application installed in the virtual services container of a device.

## show virtual-service utilization

To display an overview of resources used by applications installed in the virtual services container of a device, use the **show virtual-service utilization** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show virtual-service utilization name virtual-service-name

ntax Description	name virtual-service-name	Specified the name of an application installed in the virtual services container of the device.	
ommand Modes	Privileged EXEC (#)		
ommand History	Release	Modification	
	6.0(2)U1(1)	This command was introduced.	
amples		the <b>show virtual-service utilization</b> command:	
		version utilization name openflow_plugin	
	Virtual-Service Utilization: CPU Utilization: CPU Time: 0 % (30 second average) CPU State: R : Running		
	Memory Utilization: Memory Allocation: 716800 K Memory Used: 20272 Kb		
	Storage Utilization: Name: N/A, Alias: N/A RD Bytes: 0 RD Requests: 0 Errors: 0 Capacity(1K blocks): 0 Available(1K blocks): 0	WR Bytes: 0 WR Requests: 0 Used(1K blocks): 0 Usage: 0 %	
	Name: /mnt/core, Alias: N/A RD Bytes: 0 RD Requests: 0 Errors: 0 Capacity(1K blocks): 0	WR Bytes: 0 WR Requests: 0 Used(1K blocks): 0	
	Available(1K blocks): 0 Name: /mnt/ofa, Alias: N/A RD Bytes: 0 RD Requests: 0 Errors: 0 Capacity(1K blocks): 0 Available(1K blocks): 0	Usage: 0 % WR Bytes: 0 WR Requests: 0 Used(1K blocks): 0 Usage: 0 %	
	Name: _rootfs, Alias: N/A		

RD Bytes: 0	
RD Requests: 0	
Errors: 0	
Capacity(1K blocks):	0
Available(1K blocks):	0

WR Bytes: 0 WR Requests: 0 Used(1K blocks): 0 Usage: 0 %

Related	Commands
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Command	Description
virtual-service	Provisions an application installed in the virtual services container of a device.

## show virtual-service version

To display the version of an application installed in the virtual service container of a device, use the **show** virtual-service version command in privileged EXEC mode.

show virtual-service version [name virtual-service-name installed]

Syntax Description	name virtual-service-name	(Optional) Specifies the name of an application installed in the virtual services container of a device.
	installed	Specifies that the installed version of OpenFlow Agent must be displayed.
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (#)	
<b>Command History</b>	Release	Modification
	6.0(2)U1(1)	This command was introduced.
	Virtual service openflow_agent Name : OpenflowAgent Version : 1.0	installed version:
<b>Related Commands</b>	Command	Description
	activate	Activates an application installed in a virtual services container.
	show virtual-service list	Displays the status of installation of all applications on the virtual service container.
	show virtual-service version installed	Displays the version of OpenFlow Agent application installed on the virtual services container of device.
	virtual-service	Provisions an application installed in the virtual services container of a device.
	virtual-service install	Installs an application on the virtual services container of a device.

## show virtual-service version installed

To display the version of OpenFlow Agent application installed on the virtual services container of device, use the **show virtual-service version installed** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show virtual-service version installed

- **Syntax Description** This command has no keywords or arguments.
- **Command Modes** Privileged EXEC (#)

I

 Command History
 Release
 Modification

 6.0(2)U1(1)
 This command was introduced.

**Examples** The following is sample output of the **show virtual-service version installed** command:

Device# show virtual-service version installed

Virtual service openflow\_agent installed version: Name : OpenflowAgent Version : 1.0

<b>Related Commands</b>	Command	Description
	virtual-service	Provisions an application installed in the virtual services container of a device.

## show virtual-service

To display an overview of resources used by virtual service containers, use the **show virtual-service** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show virtual-service [detail [name virtual-service-name]| list| global| storage pool list| version [name virtual-service-name] installed| utilization {name virtual-service-name| statistics CPU}]

Syntax Description			
	detail	(Optional) Displays detailed information of all or a specific virtual service container.	
	<b>name</b> <i>virtual-service-name</i> (Optional) Specifies the name of the virtual service. The length of name is 20 characters. Hyphen is not a valid character.		
	list	(Optional) Displays a list of all virtual services.	
	global	(Optional) Displays information related to all virtual services containers.	
	storage pool list	(Optional) Displays location of pools where virtual services are stored.	
	version name virtual-service-name installed	(Optional) Displays version information of the specified virtual services container.	
	version installed	(Optional) Displays version information of all virtual services container.	
	utilization name virtual-service-name	(Optional) Displays resource utilization of a virtual services container.	
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (#)		
<b>Command History</b>	Release	Modification	
	Cisco Nexus 3000 Series NX-OS Ro	elease 6.0(2)U1(1) This command was introduced.	
Examples	Cisco Nexus 3000 Series NX-OS Ro The following is sample output of the Device# show virtual-service		
Examples	The following is sample output of the	e show virtual-service command:	

Maximum VCPUs per virtual service : 1

Committed memory	:	510 MB
Committed disk storage	:	81 MB
Committed system CPU	:	20%
Available memory	:	490 MB
Available disk storage	:	519 MB
Available system CPU	:	60%
Machine types supported	:	LXC

#### Device# show virtual-service global

Virtual Service Global State and Virtualization Limits:

Infrastructure version : 1.3 Total virtual services installed : 1 Total virtual services activated : 1

Maximum memory for virtualization : 768 MB Maximum HDD storage for virtualization : 0 MB Maximum bootflash storage for virtualization : 600 MB Maximum system CPU : 6% Maximum VCPUs per virtual service : 1

Committed memory Committed disk stora Committed system CPU	ge :	700 MB 285 MB 1%
Available memory Available disk stora Available system CPU Machine types suppor Machine types disabl	ge : ted :	68 MB 211 MB 5% LXC KVM

### **Examples**

### The following is sample output of the show virtual-service detail command:

Device# show virtual-service detail

Virtual Service vm foo Detail: Package Metadata: Package name : foo.ova : SampleApp Application name Application description : Sample suite - HelloNetwork Certificate type : Development Package : /bootflash/foo.ova OVA path State : Activated Watchdog : Disabled Disk reservation : 81 MB Memory reservation : 510 MB CPU reservation : 20% system CPU VCPUs : 1 Attached devices: Type Name Alias ------\_\_\_\_\_ Serial/shell serial0 /mnt/config\_disk Disk Disk / Serial/Trace serial3 Serial/Syslog serial2 Serial/aux serial1 Serial/shell serial0

### **Examples**

The following is sample output of the show virtual-service list command:

Device# show virtual-service list

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	Virtual Service L	ist:		
	Name	Status	Package Name	
		Activated	foo.ova	
Examples	The following is sample output of the <b>show virtual-service storage pool list</b> command: Device# <b>show virtual-service storage pool list</b> Virtual-Service storage pool list			
			Path /bootflash/virt_strg_pool_bf_vdc_1	
Examples	The following is sam Device# <b>show virt</b> Virtual service op Name : OpenflowAc Version : 0.1	ual-service versi		
Examples	Device# <b>show virt</b> Virtual-Service U CPU Utilization: CPU Time: 0 %	ual-service versi tilization: (30 second averag	now virtual-service utilization command: on utilization name openflow_agent e)	
	CPU State: R : 1 Memory Utilization Memory Allocatio Memory Used:	n: on: 716800 Kb		
	Storage Utilizati Name: N/A, Alia: RD Bytes: ( RD Requests: ( Errors: ( Capacity(1K b) Available(1K )	s: N/A 0 0 0 locks): 0	WR Bytes: 0 WR Requests: 0 Used(1K blocks): 0 Usage: 0 %	
	Name: /mnt/core, RD Bytes: () RD Requests: () Errors: () Capacity(1K b) Available(1K b)	0 0 0 locks): 0	WR Bytes: 0 WR Requests: 0 Used(1K blocks): 0 Usage: 0 %	
	Name: /mnt/ofa, RD Bytes: 0 RD Requests: 0 Errors: 0 Capacity(1K b) Available(1K b)	0 0 0 locks): 0	WR Bytes: 0 WR Requests: 0 Used(1K blocks): 0 Usage: 0 %	
	Name: _rootfs, A RD Bytes: ( RD Requests: ( Errors: ( Capacity(1K b)	0 0 0	WR Bytes: 0 WR Requests: 0 Used(1K blocks): 0	

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Available(1K blocks): 0

Usage: 0 %

Command	Description
Status	Indicates the status of the virtual services container. It can be one of the following:
	• Initializing—Indicates that support for virtual services is being initialized for the device.
	• Installing—Indicates that the virtual service package is being installed on the device.
	• Installed—Indicates that the virtual service package has been installed on the device but has not been activated yet.
	• Activating—Indicates that virtual services package has been installed and is being activated on the device.
	• Activated—Indicates that virtual services package has been installed and activated on the device.
	<ul> <li>Activate Failed—Indicates that virtual services package activation has failed.</li> </ul>
	• Deactivated—Indicates that the virtual services package has been deactivated.
Machine Types supported	Indicates the operating system-level virtualization method used for running multiple isolated containers. The following machine types are supported:
	• LXC - Linux Containers.

### Table 9: show virtual-service Field Descriptions

Related Commands	Command	Description
	virtual-service	Provisions an application installed in the virtual services container of a device.

### virtual-service

To provision an application installed in the virtual services container of a device and enter virtual services configuration mode, use the **virtual-service** command in global configuration mode. To remove the provisioning of an application installed in the virtual services container of a device and exit virtual services configuration mode, use the **no** form of this command.

**virtual-service** *virtual-service-name* 

no virtual-service virtual-service-name

Syntax Description	virtual-service-name	Name of the application installed on the virtual services container of a device.
Command Default	An installed application is not	provisioned.
Command Modes	Global configuration (config)	
Command History	Release	Modification
	6.0(2)U1(1)	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines Examples	Device# <b>hardware profile</b>	irtual service container at a time. openflow agent nstall name openflow agent package
	bootflash:/ofa-1.0.0-n300	0-SPA-k9.ova
	'openflow_agent'. Once th virtual-service list' for	:23 n3k-202-194-2 %\$ VDC-1 %\$ %VMAN-2-INSTALL_STATE: Successfully e 'openflow_agent' 1 ervice openflow_agent
Related Commands	Command	Description
	show virtual-service list	Displays the status of installation of all applications on the virtual

service container.

Command	Description
show virtual-service version installed	Displays the version of OpenFlow Agent application installed on the virtual services container of device.
show virtual-service version	Displays the version of an application installed in the virtual service container of a device.
virtual-service install	Installs an application on the virtual services container of a device.

## virtual-service connect

To connect to an application installed on the virtual services container of a device, use the **virtual-service connect** command in privileged EXEC mode.

virtual-service connect name virtual-service-name {console | aux}

Syntax Description	<b>name</b> virtual-service-name	Specifies the name of the application installed on the virtual services container of a device.		
	console	Specifies that a connection to the application is to be made through the console port defined by the virtual services container.		
		<b>Note</b> This does not refer to the console port of the device.		
	aux	Specifies that a connection to the application is to be made through the AUX port of the virtual services container.		
		Note This does not refer to the auxiliary port of the device.		
Command Default	No connection exists to	the specified application installed on the virtual services container of a device.		
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (#)			
<b>Command History</b>	Release	Modification		
	6.0(2)U1(1)	This command was introduced.		
Usage Guidelines	file in XML. You cannot not specify that access to	ual service running on a device through serial ports defined in the machine definition connect to the virtual service container if the virtual machine definition file, does console or AUX port is needed.		
	The console and AUX ports used in the command does not refer to the console and AUX ports of the device.			
	The username requested	here is dbg. To exit the login shell, enter Ctrl-C three times.		
Examples	Device# <b>virtual-serv</b> :	ice connect name myagent aux		
	Connecting to virtua Trying 127.0.0.1 Connected to localho Escape character is			

```
MontaVista(R) Linux(R) 6.0
MontaVista Linux CGE 6 .dev-snapshot-20130430 nx3k-1.cisco.com ttyS1
nx3k-1.cisco.com login: dbg
Last login: Thu Jun 20 12:33:35 BST 2013 on pts/1
1) ps
2) wd-disable
3) wd-enable
4) ls_core
5) exit
#?^CConnection closed by foreign host.
Connection to virtual-service terminated.
Device#
```

### **Related Commands**

Command	Description		Description	
activate	Activates an application installed in a virtual services container.			
virtual-service	Provisions an application installed in the virtual services container of a device.			
virtual-service install	Installs an application on the virtual services container of a device.			
virtual-service move	Collect log and core files of an application installed in the virtual services container of a device			

## virtual-service install

To install an application on the virtual services container of a device, use the **virtual-service install** command in privileged EXEC mode. To upgrade an installed application, use the **upgrade** keyword of the command.

virtual-service install name virtual-service-name package file\_url

virtual-service upgrade name virtual-service-name package file\_url

Syntax Description	name virtual-service-nameSpecifies the name of the virtual service. The length of the name is characters. Hyphen is not a valid character.		
	package file-url	Specifies the complete path of the OVA package that is to be installed. This is a file with a .ova extension.	
Command Default	Specified application is not inst	talled on a virtual services container.	
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (#)		
Command History	Release	Modification	
	6.0(2)U1(1)	This command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines	1 0 11	on software is packaged into a file with a .ova extension (OVA file). The a location on a device using the <b>copy scp:</b> command before it is installed or	
	and validates the virtual machin bootflash://virtual-instance.con	the OVA file, validates the contents of the file, creates a virtual service instance in definition file in XML. The command adds a line to the f file. Copying configurations to the startup-config file of the device is not ation of the OVA file. You can install a different OVA file on the active and ).	
	To activate the installed virtual	services container, use the <b>activate</b> command.	
		s the software in the virtual services container with the specified package. The . The virtual service may not be upgraded while it is activated. Use the <b>no</b>	

activate command to deactivate it.

### Examples

The following example shows how the **virtual-service install** command is used to install a virtual services container.

Device# copy scp://10.10.1.1/ofa-1.0.0-n3000-SPA-k9.ova bootflash:/ofa-1.0.0-n3000-SPA-k9.ova Device# virtual-service install name openflow\_agent package bootflash:/ofa-1.0.0-n3000-SPA-k9.ova

Note: Installing package 'bootflash:/ofa-1.0.0-n3000-SPA-k9.ova' for virtual service 'openflow\_agent'. Once the install has finished, the VM may be activated. Use 'show virtual-service list' for progress. Device# 2013 Mar 8 20:35:23 n3k-202-194-2 %\$ VDC-1 %\$ %VMAN-2-INSTALL\_STATE: Successfully installed virtual service 'openflow\_agent' Device# configure terminal Device(config)# virtual-service openflow\_agent Device(config-virt-serv)# activate

The following examples shows how you can monitor the status of the installation of the virtual services container. The Status field indicates the status of the installation.

The following is sample output of the **show virtual-service list** command with status of the installation is 'Installing'.

The following is sample output of the **show virtual-service list** command with the status of the installation is 'Installed'.

Device# <b>show virtual-se</b> Virtual Service List:	ervice list	
Name	Status	Package Name
multiova WAAS	Activated Installed	multiova-working.ova ISR4451X-WAAS-5.2.0-b

Related Commands	Command	Description
	activate	Activates an application installed in a virtual services container.
	virtual-service	Provisions an application installed in the virtual services container of a device.
	show virtual-service	
	virtual-service connect	Connects to an application installed on the virtual services container of a device.
	show virtual-service list	Displays the status of installation of all applications on the virtual service container.
	virtual-service move	Collect log and core files of an application installed in the virtual services container of a device

# virtual-service uninstall

To uninstall an application from the virtual services container of a device, use the **virtual-service uninstall** command in privileged EXEC mode.

virtual-service uninstall name virtual-service-name

Syntax Description	name virtual-service-name	Specifies the name of the application installed in the virtual services container of a device.
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (#)	
<b>Command History</b>	Release	Modification
	6.0(2)U1(1)	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	The <b>uninstall</b> keyword removes the installed virtual service container. The virtual service may not be uninstalled while it is configured or activated.	
0		1.
	while it is configured or activated Before uninstalling a virtual serv	d. ices container, use the <b>no virtual-service</b> command to remove the and the <b>no activate</b> command to deactivate it.
Examples	while it is configured or activated Before uninstalling a virtual serv	ices container, use the <b>no virtual-service</b> command to remove the and the <b>no activate</b> command to deactivate it.
Examples	while it is configured or activated Before uninstalling a virtual serv configurations of the application Device# configure terminal Device (config)# virtual-serv Device (config-virt-serv)# no Device (config-virt-serv)# en	ices container, use the <b>no virtual-service</b> command to remove the and the <b>no activate</b> command to deactivate it.
Examples	while it is configured or activated Before uninstalling a virtual serv configurations of the application Device# configure terminal Device(config)# virtual-serv Device(config-virt-serv)# no Device(config-virt-serv)# en Device# virtual-service unin	ices container, use the <b>no virtual-service</b> command to remove the and the <b>no activate</b> command to deactivate it. vice openflow_plugin o activate ad astall name openflow_plugin
-	while it is configured or activated Before uninstalling a virtual serv configurations of the application Device# configure terminal Device (config)# virtual-serv Device (config-virt-serv)# no Device (config-virt-serv)# en Device# virtual-service unin Command	ices container, use the <b>no virtual-service</b> command to remove the and the <b>no activate</b> command to deactivate it. vice openflow_plugin o activate nd nstall name openflow_plugin <b>Description</b>
Examples	while it is configured or activated Before uninstalling a virtual serv configurations of the application Device# configure terminal Device (config)# virtual-serv Device (config-virt-serv)# nd Device (config-virt-serv)# en Device# virtual-service unin Command activate	ices container, use the <b>no virtual-service</b> command to remove the and the <b>no activate</b> command to deactivate it. vice openflow_plugin o activate ad astall name openflow_plugin <b>Description</b> Activates an application installed in a virtual services container. Provisions an application installed in the virtual services container of
Examples	while it is configured or activated Before uninstalling a virtual serv configurations of the application Device (config) # virtual-serv Device (config-virt-serv) # no Device (config-virt-serv) # en Device # virtual-service unin Command activate	ices container, use the <b>no virtual-service</b> command to remove the and the <b>no activate</b> command to deactivate it. vice openflow_plugin o activate ad astall name openflow_plugin <b>Description</b> Activates an application installed in a virtual services container. Provisions an application installed in the virtual services container of

Command	Description
virtual-service move	Collect log and core files of an application installed in the virtual services container of a device

### virtual-service move

To collect log and core files of an application installed in the virtual services container of a device, use the virtual-service move command in privileged EXEC mode.

virtual-service move name virtual-service-name {core | log} to destination-url

tax Description	name virtual-service-name	Specifies the name of the application installed on the virtual services container of a device.
	core	Moves core files generated by the virtual service container.
	log	Moves log files generated by the virtual service container.
	to destination-url	Specifies the path to which core or log files are moved.
mand Default		
	This command has no default be	ehavior.
mand Modes	Privileged EXEC (#)	ehavior.
		ehavior. Modification

Device# virtual-service move name myagent log to bootflash://module-1/

Command	Description
virtual-service	Provisions an application installed in the virtual services container of a device.
virtual-service connect	Connects to an application installed on the virtual services container of a device.
virtual-service install	Installs an application on the virtual services container of a device.
	virtual-service virtual-service connect