



Cisco Nexus 5500 Series NX-OS Multicast Routing Command Reference

Cisco NX-OS Release 7.x

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Preface

This preface describes the audience, organization, and conventions of the *Cisco Nexus 5500 Series NX-OS Multicast Routing Command Reference*. It also provides information on how to obtain related documentation.

This preface includes the following sections:

- Audience, page xi
- Supported Switches, page xi
- Document Conventions, page xii
- Related Documentation, page xiii
- Obtaining Documentation and Submitting a Service Request, page xiv

Audience

This publication is for experienced users who configure and maintain Cisco NX-OS devices.

Supported Switches

This section includes the following topics:

• Cisco Nexus 5500 Platform Switches, page xi

Cisco Nexus 5500 Platform Switches

Table 1 lists the Cisco switches supported in the Cisco Nexus 5500 Platform.



For more information on these switches, see the *Cisco Nexus 5500 Platform and Cisco Nexus 5000 Platform Hardware Installation Guide* available at the following URL: http://www.cisco.com/en/US/products/ps9670/tsd_products_support_series_home.html

Switch	Description
Cisco Nexus 5548P Switch	The Cisco Nexus 5548P switch is the first switch in the Cisco Nexus 5500 Platform. It is a one-rack-unit (1 RU), 10-Gigabit Ethernet and Fibre Channel over Ethernet (FCoE) switch that offers up to 960-Gbps throughput and up to 48 ports.
Cisco Nexus 5596P Switch	The Cisco Nexus 5596P switch is a top-of-rack, 10-Gigabit Ethernet and FCoE switch offering up to 1920-Gigabit throughput and up to 96 ports.

Table 1 Supported Cisco Nexus 5500 Platform Switches

Document Conventions

Command descriptions use these conventions:

Convention	Description	
boldface font	Commands and keywords are in boldface.	
italic font	Arguments for which you supply values are in italics.	
[]	Elements in square brackets are optional.	
$\{x \mid y \mid z\}$	Alternative keywords are grouped in braces and separated by vertical bars.	
[x y z]	Optional alternative keywords are grouped in brackets and separated by vertical bars.	
string	A nonquoted set of characters. Do not use quotation marks around the string or the string will include the quotation marks.	

Screen examples use these conventions:

screen font Terminal sessions and information that the switch displays are in scree		
boldface screenInformation you must enter is in boldface screen font.font		
italic screen font	Arguments for which you supply values are in italic screen font.	
< >	Nonprinting characters, such as passwords, are in angle brackets.	
[]	Default responses to system prompts are in square brackets.	
!, #	An exclamation point (!) or a pound sign (#) at the beginning of a line of code indicates a comment line.	

This document uses the following conventions:



Means reader *take note*. Notes contain helpful suggestions or references to material not covered in the manual.



Means reader be careful. In this situation, you might do something that could result in equipment damage or loss of data.

Related Documentation

Documentation for Cisco Nexus 5000 Series Switches and Cisco Nexus 2000 Series Fabric Extender is available at the following URL:

http://www.cisco.com/en/US/products/ps9670/tsd_products_support_series_home.html

The following are related Cisco Nexus 5000 Series and Cisco Nexus 2000 Series Fabric Extender documents:

Release Notes

Cisco Nexus 5500 Series Release Notes

Configuration Guides

Cisco Nexus 5500 Series Configuration Limits for Cisco NX-OS Release 7.x Cisco Nexus 5500 Series NX-OS Fibre Channel over Ethernet Configuration Guide Cisco Nexus 5500 Series NX-OS Layer 2 Switching Configuration Guide Cisco Nexus 5500 Series NX-OS Multicast Routing Configuration Guide Cisco Nexus 5500 Series NX-OS Quality of Service Configuration Guide Cisco Nexus 5500 Series NX-OS SAN Switching Configuration Guide Cisco Nexus 5500 Series NX-OS Security Configuration Guide Cisco Nexus 5500 Series NX-OS System Management Configuration Guide Cisco Nexus 5500 Series NX-OS Unicast Routing Configuration Guide Cisco Nexus 5500 Series NX-OS Unicast Routing Configuration Guide

Maintain and Operate Guides

Cisco Nexus 5500 Series NX-OS Operations Guide

Installation and Upgrade Guides

Cisco Nexus 5500 Platform Hardware Installation Guide Cisco Nexus 5500 Series NX-OS Software Upgrade and Downgrade Guide Regulatory Compliance and Safety Information for the Cisco Nexus 5500 Series Switches

Licensing Guide

Cisco NX-OS Licensing Guide

Command References

Cisco Nexus 5500 Series NX-OS Fibre Channel Command Reference Cisco Nexus 5500 Series NX-OS Fundamentals Command Reference Cisco Nexus 5500 Series NX-OS Layer 2 Interfaces Command Reference Cisco Nexus 5500 Series NX-OS Multicast Routing Command Reference Cisco Nexus 5500 Series NX-OS QoS Command Reference Cisco Nexus 5500 Series NX-OS Security Command Reference Cisco Nexus 5500 Series NX-OS System Management Command Reference Cisco Nexus 5500 Series NX-OS Unicast Routing Command Reference

Error and System Messages

Cisco NX-OS System Messages Reference

Troubleshooting Guide

Cisco Nexus 5500 Troubleshooting Guide

Obtaining Documentation and Submitting a Service Request

For information on obtaining documentation, submitting a service request, and gathering additional information, see the monthly *What's New in Cisco Product Documentation*, which also lists all new and revised Cisco technical documentation:

http://www.cisco.com/en/US/docs/general/whatsnew/whatsnew.html

Subscribe to the *What's New in Cisco Product Documentation* as an RSS feed and set content to be delivered directly to your desktop using a reader application. The RSS feeds are a free service. Cisco currently supports RSS Version 2.0.



New and Changed Information

This chapter provides release-specific information for each new and changed feature in the *Cisco Nexus* 5500 Series NX-OS Multicast Routing Command Reference. The latest version of this document is available at the following Cisco website:

http://www.cisco.com/en/US/products/ps9670/prod_command_reference_list.html

To check for additional information about this Cisco NX-OS Release, see the *Cisco Nexus 5500 Series NX-OS Release Notes, Release 7.0* available at the following Cisco website:

http://www.cisco.com/en/US/products/ps9670/prod_release_notes_list.html

New and Changed Information for Cisco NX-OS Releases

This section includes the following topics:

• New and Changed Information for Cisco NX-OS Release 7.x, page xv

New and Changed Information for Cisco NX-OS Release 7.x

Table 1 summarizes the new and changed features for Cisco NX-OS Release 7.x and tells you where they are documented.

 Table 1
 New and Changed Information for Release 6.0(2)N1(2)

Feature	Description	Where Documented
ip pim spt-threshold infinity command	This command was introduced for PIM.	• PIM
		– I Commands

Γ



Layer 3 Interfaces Commands



H Commands

This chapter describes the Cisco NX-OS routing commands that begin with H.

I

hardware profile multicast max-limit

To set the maximum number of entries in the multicast routing table, use the **hardware profile multicast max-limit** command.

hardware profile multicast max-limit max-entries

Syntax Description			
	max-entries	Maximum number of entries in the mult routing table. The range is from 0 to 800	
Command Default	None		
Command Modes	Global configuration	on mode	
Command History	Release	Modification	
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines		sary after configuring the max-limit. es not require a license.	
Examples	-	vs how to set the maximum number of entries in the multicast routing tab	le to 3000:
	Warning!!: The mu	hardware profile multicast max-limit 3000 ulticast and /32 unicast route limits have been changed. oute exceeding the limit may get dropped.	
Related Commands	Command	Description	
	show hardware pr status	rofile Displays information about the multicast routing table limits.	



I Commands

This chapter describes the Cisco NX-OS routing commands that begin with I.

I

interface ethernet (Layer 3)

To configure a Layer 3 Ethernet IEEE 802.3 routed interface, use the interface ethernet command.

interface ethernet [chassis_ID/] slot/[QSFP-module/]port[.subintf-port-no]

	chassis_ID	(Optional) Specifies the Fabric Extender chassis ID. The chassis ID is from 100 to 199.
		Note This argument is not optional when addressing the host interfaces of a Cisco Nexus 2000 Series Fabric Extender.
	slot	Slot from 1 to 3. The following list defines the slots available:
		• Slot 1 includes all the fixed ports. A Fabric Extender only has one slot.
		• Slots 2 to 4 are hot-swappable LEMs.
	QSFP-module	The QSFP-module number is from 1 to 4.
		Note The <i>QSFP-module</i> number applies only to the QSFP+ Generic Expansion Module (GEM).
	port	Port number within a particular slot. The port number is from 1 to 128.
	•	(Optional) Specifies the subinterface separator.
	subintf-port-no	(Optional) Port number for the subinterface. The range is from 1 to 48.
Command Default	None	
Command Modes	Global configuration	
		on mode
	6	on mode
Command History	Release	Modification
Command History		
Command History	Release	Modification
Command History	Release 6.0(2)N1(2)	Modification Support for the QSFP+ GEM was added.
Command History Usage Guidelines	Release6.0(2)N1(2)5.2(1)N1(1)You must use the no sas a Layer 3 routed in	Modification Support for the QSFP+ GEM was added.
	Release6.0(2)N1(2)5.2(1)N1(1)You must use the no sas a Layer 3 routed in configurations on thiUse the switchport c	Modification Support for the QSFP+ GEM was added. This command was introduced. switchport command in the interface configuration mode to configure the interface terface. When you configure the interface as a Layer 3 interface, all Layer 2 specific
	Release 6.0(2)N1(2) 5.2(1)N1(1) You must use the no sas a Layer 3 routed in configurations on thi Use the switchport c the interface as a Layer	Modification Support for the QSFP+ GEM was added. This command was introduced. switchport command in the interface configuration mode to configure the interface terface. When you configure the interface as a Layer 3 interface, all Layer 2 specific s interface are deleted. ommand to convert a Layer 3 interface into a Layer 2 interface. When you configure

switch(config-if)#

This example shows how to enter configuration mode for a host interface on a Fabric Extender:

```
switch(config)# interface ethernet 101/1/1
switch(config-if)# no switchport
switch(config-if)# ip address 10.1.1.1/24
switch(config-if)#
```

This example shows how to configure a Layer 3 subinterface for Ethernet interface 1/5 in the global configuration mode:

```
switch(config)# interface ethernet 1/5.2
switch(config-if)# no switchport
switch(config-subif)# ip address 10.1.1.1/24
switch(config-subif)#
```

This example shows how to configure a Layer 3 subinterface in interface configuration mode:

```
switch(config)# interface ethernet 1/5
switch(config-if)# no switchport
switch(config-if)# interface ethernet 1/5.1
switch(config-subif)# ip address 10.1.1.1/24
switch(config-subif)#
```

This example shows how to convert a Layer 3 interface to a Layer 2 interface:

```
switch(config)# interface ethernet 1/5
switch(config-if)# no switchport
switch(config-if)# ip address 10.1.1.1/24
switch(config-if)# switchport
switch(config-if)#
```

Related Commands	Command	Description
	bandwidth	Sets the bandwidth parameters for an interface.
	delay	Configures the interface throughput delay value.
	encapsulation	Sets the encapsulation type for an interface.
	ip address	Sets a primary or secondary IP address for an interface.
	inherit	Assigns a port profile to an interface.
	interface vethernet	Configures a virtual Ethernet interface.
	no switchport	Configures an interface as a Layer 3 interface.
	service-policy	Configures a service policy for an interface.
	show fex	Displays all configured Fabric Extender chassis connected to the switch.
	show interface ethernet	Displays various parameters of an Ethernet IEEE 802.3 interface.

interface loopback

To create a loopback interface and enter interface configuration mode, use the **interface loopback** command. To remove a loopback interface, use the **no** form of this command.

interface loopback number

no interface loopback number

Syntax Description	number	Interface number; valid values are from 0 to 1023.
Command Default	None	
Command Modes	Global configuration	on mode
Command History	Release	Modification
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	Use the interface	loopback command to create or modify loopback interfaces.
	From the loopback	interface configuration mode, the following parameters are available:
	 description— 	Provides a description of the purpose of the interface.
		es IP features, such as the IP address for the interface, Address Resolution Protocol es, load balancing, Unicast Reverse Path Forwarding (RPF) or IP Source Guard.
	• logging—Con	figure logging of events.
	• shutdown—S	hut down traffic on the interface.
	This command doe	es not require a license.
Examples	This example show	vs how to create a loopback interface:
		interface loopback 50)# ip address 10.1.1.1/24)#
Related Commands	Command	Description
	show interface loopback	Displays information about the traffic on the specified loopback interface.

interface port-channel

To create an EtherChannel interface and enter interface configuration mode, use the **interface port-channel** command. To remove an EtherChannel interface, use the **no** form of this command.

interface port-channel channel-number[.subintf-channel-no]

no interface port-channel *channel-number*[.*subintf-channel-no*]

Syntax Description	channel-number	Channel number that is assigned to this EtherChannel logical interface. The range is from 1 to 4096.
	•	(Optional) Specifies the subinterface separator.
		Note Applies to Layer 3 interfaces.
	subintf-channel-no	(Optional) Port number of the EtherChannel subinterface. The range is from 1 to 4093.
		Note Applies to Layer 3 interfaces.
Command Default	None	
Command Modes	Global configuration n Interface configuration	
Command History	Release	Modification
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	A port can belong to or	nly one channel group.
	When you use the inte	rface port-channel command for Layer 2 interfaces, follow these guidelines:
	• If you are using Cl EtherChannel inter	DP, you must configure it only on the physical interface and not on the rface.
		n a static MAC address on the EtherChannel interface, a MAC address is gned. If you assign a static MAC address and then later remove it, the MAC ically assigned.
	channel group. If t	of the EtherChannel is the address of the first operational port added to the his first-added port is removed from the channel, the MAC address comes from al port added, if there is one.
	EtherChannel interface	vitchport command in the interface configuration mode to configure the as a Layer 3 interface. When you configure the interface as a Layer 3 interface, nfigurations on this interface are deleted.
		nmand to convert a Layer 3 EtherChannel interface into a Layer 2 interface. When face as a Layer 2 interface, all Layer 3 specific configurations on this interface

You can configure one or more subinterfaces on a port channel made from routed interfaces.

Examples

This example shows how to create an EtherChannel group interface with channel-group number 50:

```
switch(config)# interface port-channel 50
switch(config-if)#
```

This example shows how to create a Layer 3 EtherChannel group interface with channel-group number 10:

```
switch(config)# interface port-channel 10
switch(config-if)# no switchport
switch(config-if)# ip address 192.0.2.1/24
switch(config-if)#
```

This example shows how to configure a Layer 3 EtherChannel subinterface with channel-group number 1 in interface configuration mode:

```
switch(config)# interface port-channel 10
switch(config-if)# no switchport
switch(config-if)# interface port-channel 10.1
switch(config-subif)# ip address 192.0.2.2/24
switch(config-subif)#
```

This example shows how to configure a Layer 3 EtherChannel subinterface with channel-group number 20.1 in global configuration mode:

```
switch(config)# interface port-channel 20.1
switch(config-subif)# ip address 192.0.2.3/24
switch(config-subif)#
```

Related Commands	Command	Description
	encapsulation	(Layer 3 interfaces) Sets the encapsulation type for an interface.
	ip address	(Layer 3 interfaces) Sets a primary or secondary IP address for an interface.
	no switchport	(Layer 3 interfaces) Configures an interface as a Layer 3 interface.
	show interface	Displays configuration information about interfaces.
	show lacp	Displays LACP information.
	show port-channel summary	Displays information on the EtherChannels.
	vtp (interface)	Enables VLAN Trunking Protocol (VTP) on an interface.



N Commands

This chapter describes the Cisco NX-OS routing commands that begin with N.

no switchport

To configure the interface as a Layer 3 Ethernet interface, use the **no switchport** command.

no switchport Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords. **Command Default** None **Command Modes** Interface configuration mode Release Modification **Command History** 5.2(1)N1(1) This command was introduced. **Usage Guidelines** You can configure any Ethernet port as a routed interface. When you configure an interface as a Layer 3 interface, any configuration specific to Layer 2 on this interface is deleted. If you want to configure a Layer 3 interface for Layer 2, enter the switchport command. Then, if you change a Layer 2 interface to a routed interface, enter the **no switchport** command. **Examples** This example shows how to enable an interface as a Layer 3 routed interface: switch(config)# interface ethernet 1/5 switch(config-if) # no switchport switch(config-if)# This example shows how to configure a Layer 3 interface as a Layer 2 interface: switch(config)# interface ethernet 1/5 switch(config-if)# switchport switch(config-if)# **Related Commands** Command Description

copy running-config startup-config	Saves the running configuration to the startup configuration file.
ip address	Sets a primary or secondary IP address for an interface.
show interfaces	Displays interface information.



IGMP Commands

I



C Commands

This chapter describes the Cisco NX-OS IGMP commands that begin with C.

clear ip igmp event-history

To clear information in the IGMP event history buffers, use the clear ip igmp event-history command.

clear ip igmp event-history {cli | debugs | errors | events | ha | igmp-internal | mtrace | policy | vrf}

Syntax Description	cli	Clears the CLI event history buffer.	
	debugs	Clears the debug event history buffer.	
	events	Clears the event history buffer.	
	ha	Clears the high availability (HA) event history buffer.	
	igmp-internal	Clears the IGMP internal event history buffer.	
	mtrace	Clears the mtrace event history buffer.	
	policy	Clears the polilcy event history buffer.	
	vrf	Clears the virtual routing and forwarding (VRF) event history buffer.	
Command Default	None		
Command Modes	Any command mode		
Command History	Release	Modification	
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.	
Jsage Guidelines		This command was introduced. loes not require a license.	
-	This command d		
Usage Guidelines Examples	This command c This example sh	loes not require a license. ows how to clear information in the IGMP HA event history buffer: # clear ip igmp event-history ha	
_	This command of This example sh	loes not require a license. ows how to clear information in the IGMP HA event history buffer: # clear ip igmp event-history ha	

clear ip igmp groups

To clear IGMP-related information in the IPv4 multicast routing table, use the **clear ip igmp groups** command.

clear ip igmp groups {* | group [source] | group-prefix} [vrf {vrf-name | all | default | management}]

Syntax Description	*	Specifies all routes.	
	group	Group address in the format A.B.C.D.	
	source	(Optional) Source (S, G) route.	
	group-prefix	Group prefix in the format A.B.C.D/length.	
	vrf	(Optional) Clears the virtual routing and forwarding (VRF) instance information.	
	vrf-name	VRF name. The name can be a maximum of 32 alphanumeric characters and is case sensitive.	
	all	Specifies that all VRF entries be cleared from the IPv4 multicast routing table.	
	default	Specifies that the default VRF entry be cleared from the IPv4 multicast routing table.	
	management	Specifies that the management VRF entry be cleared from the IPv4 multicast routing table.	
Command Default	None		
Command Modes	Any command me	ode	
Command History	Release	Modification	
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.	
lleene Cuidelinee	The close in ion.		
Usage Guidelines	The clear ip igmp route command is an alternative form of this command.		
	This command does not require a license.		
Examples	This example shows how to clear all the IGMP-related routes in the IPv4 multicast routing table:		
	<pre>switch(config)# clear ip igmp groups *</pre>		
	switch(config)#		
Related Commands	Command	Description	
	clear ip igmp ro	ute Clears IGMP-related information in the IPv4 multicast routing table.	
	show ip mroute	Displays information about the IPv4 multicast routing table.	

clear ip igmp interface statistics

To clear the IGMP statistics for an interface, use the clear ip igmp interface statistics command.

clear ip igmp interface statistics [ethernet slot/[QSFP-module/]port | loopback if_number |
 port-channel number[.sub_if_number]]

Syntax Description	ethernet slot/[QSFP-module/]port	(Optional) Specifies the Ethernet interface and the slot number and por number. The slot number is from 1 to 255. The <i>QSFP-module number</i> is		
		from 1 to 4. The port number is from 1 to 128.		
		Note The <i>QSFP-module</i> number applies only to the QSFP+ Generic Expansion Module (GEM).		
	loopback if_number	(Optional) Specifies the loopback interface. The loopback interface number is from 0 to 1023.		
	port-channel number	(Optional) Specifies the EtherChannel interface and EtherChannel number. The range is from 1 to 4096.		
	sub_if-number	(Optional) Subinterface number. The range is from 1 to 4093.		
Command Default	None			
Command Modes	Any command mode			
Command History	Release	Modification		
	6.0(2)N1(2)	Support for the QSFP+ GEM was added.		
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.		
Usage Guidelines	This command does not require a license.			
Examples	This example shows how to clear IGMP statistics for an interface:			
	switch# clear ip igmp interface statistics ethernet 2/1 switch#			
	O	Description		
Related Commands	Command	Description		

clear ip igmp route

To clear IGMP-related information in the IPv4 multicast routing table, use the **clear ip igmp route** command.

clear ip igmp route {* | group [source] | group-prefix} [vrf {vrf-name | all | default | management}]

Syntax Description	*	Specifies all routes.		
	group (Group address in the format A.B.C.D.		
	source (Optional) Source (S, G) route.		
	group-prefix (Group prefix in the format A.B.C.D/length.		
	vrf (Optional) Clears the virtual routing and forwarding (VRF) instance information.		
		WRF name. The name can be a maximum of 32 alphanumeric characters and is case sensitive.		
	all	Specifies that all VRF entries be cleared from the IPv4 multicast routing table.		
	default S	Specifies that the default VRF entry be cleared from the IPv4 multicast routing table.		
		Specifies that the management VRF entry be cleared from the IPv4 multicast routing able.		
Command Default	None			
Command Modes	Any command mode			
Command History	Release	Modification		
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.		
Usage Guidelines	The clear ipigmp groups command is an alternative form of this command. This command does not require a license.			
	This command doe	s not require a neerse.		
Examples	This example shows how to clear all the IGMP-related routes in the IPv4 multicast routing table:			
	<pre>switch(config)# clear ip igmp route * switch(config)#</pre>			
Related Commands	Command	Description		
	clear ip igmp gro	-		
	show ip mroute	Displays information about the IPv4 multicast routing table.		
	-			


I Commands

This chapter describes the Cisco NX-OS IGMP commands that begin with I.

I

ip igmp access-group

To enable a route-map policy to control the multicast groups that hosts on the subnet serviced by an interface can join, use the **ip igmp access-group** command. To disable the route-map policy, use the **no** form of this command.

ip igmp access-group policy-name

no ip igmp access-group [policy-name]

Syntax Description	policy-name	Route-map policy name. The route map name can be a maximum of 100 alphanumeric characters.
Command Default	Disabled	
Command Modes	Interface config	guration mode
Command History	Release	Modification
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.
	This command	does not require a license
	This command	does not require a license.
Examples		does not require a license. hows how to enable a route-map policy:
Examples	This example s	hows how to enable a route-map policy:)# interface ethernet 2/2 -if)# ip igmp access-group my_access_group_policy
Examples	This example s switch(config switch(config switch(config	hows how to enable a route-map policy:)# interface ethernet 2/2 -if)# ip igmp access-group my_access_group_policy
Examples	This example s switch(config switch(config switch(config This example s switch(config	hows how to enable a route-map policy:)# interface ethernet 2/2 -if)# ip igmp access-group my_access_group_policy -if)# hows how to disable a route-map policy:)# interface ethernet 2/2 -if)# no ip igmp access-group
Examples Related Commands	This example s switch(config switch(config switch(config This example s switch(config switch(config	hows how to enable a route-map policy:)# interface ethernet 2/2 -if)# ip igmp access-group my_access_group_policy -if)# hows how to disable a route-map policy:)# interface ethernet 2/2 -if)# no ip igmp access-group

ip igmp enforce-router-alert

To enable the enforce router alert option check for IGMPv2 and IGMPv3 packets, use the **ip igmp enforce-router-alert** command. To disable the option check, use the **no** form of this command.

ip igmp enforce-router-alert

no ip igmp enforce-router-alert

Syntax Description	This command has no arguments	or keywords.
--------------------	-------------------------------	--------------

Command Default Enabled

Command Modes Global configuration mode

Command History	Release	Modification
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines This command does not require a license.

ExamplesThis example shows how to enable the enforce router alert option check:switch(config)# ip igmp enforce-router-alert

This example shows how to disable the enforce router alert option check:

switch(config) # no ip igmp enforce-router-alert

Related Commands	Command	Description	
	show running-config	Displays information about the IGMP running-system configuration.	
	igmp		

ip igmp event-history

To configure the size of the IGMP event history buffers, use the **ip igmp event-history** command. To revert to the default buffer size, use the **no** form of this command.

ip igmp event-history {cli | group-debugs | group-events | ha | igmp-internal | interface-debugs | interface-events | msgs | mtrace | policy | statistics | vrf} size *buffer-size*

no ip igmp event-history {clis | group-debugs | group-events | ha | igmp-internal | interface-debugs | interface-events | msgs | mtrace | policy | statistics | vrf} size *buffer-size*

Syntax Description	clis	Configures the IGMP CLI event history buffer size.		
	group-debugs	Configures the IGMP group debug event history buffer size.		
	group-events	Configures the IGMP group-event event history buffer size.		
	ha	Configures the IGMP HA event history buffer size.		
	igmp-internal	Configures the IGMP IGMP-internal event history buffer size.		
	interface- debugs	Configures the IGMP interface debug event history buffer size.		
	interface- events	Configures the IGMP interface-event event history buffer size.		
	msgs	Configures the message event history buffer size.		
	mtrace	Configures the IGMP mtrace event history buffer size.		
	policy	Configures the IGMP policy event history buffer size.		
	statistics	Configures the statistics event history buffer size.		
	vrf	Configures the IGMP VRF event history buffer size.		
	size	Specifies the size of the buffer to allocate.		
	buffer-size	buffer-sizeBuffer size that is one of the following values: disabled, large, medium, or small.The default buffer size is small.		
Command Default	All history buffers are allocated as small.			
Command Modes	Any command n	node		
Command History	Release	Modification		
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.		
Usage Guidelines	This command d	loes not require a license.		
Examples	This example sh	ows how to configure the IGMP HA event history buffer size:		

Related Commands	Command	Description
	clear ip igmp event-history	Clears the contents of IGMP event history buffers.
	show ip igmp event-history	Displays information in the IGMP event history buffers.
	show running-config igmp	Displays information about the IGMP running-system configuration.

switch(config)# ip igmp event-history ha size large

ip igmp flush-routes

To remove routes when the IGMP process is restarted, use the **ip igmp flush-routes** command. To leave routes in place, use the **no** form of this command.

ip igmp flush-routes

no ip igmp flush-routes

Syntax Description	This command has no argun	nents or keywords.
--------------------	---------------------------	--------------------

Command Default The routes are not flushed.

Command Modes Global configuration mode

Command History	Release	Modification
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Usage GuidelinesTo display whether flush routes are configured, use this command line:
switch(config)# show running-config | include flush-routesThis command does not require a license.

 Examples
 This example shows how to remove routes when the IGMP process is restarted:

 switch(config)# ip igmp flush-routes

 This example shows how to leave routes in place when the IGMP process is restarted:

 switch(config)# no ip igmp flush-routes

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show running-config	Displays information about the running-system configuration.

ip igmp group-timeout

To configure a group membership timeout for IGMPv2, use the **ip igmp group-timeout** command. To return to the default timeout, use the **no** form of this command.

ip igmp group-timeout timeout

no ip igmp group-timeout [timeout]

Syntax Description	timeout	Timeout in seconds. The range is from 3 to 65,535. The default is 260.		
Command Default	The group mer	nbership timeout is 260 seconds.		
Command Modes	Interface config	guration mode		
Command History	Release	Modification		
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.		
Usage Guidelines	This command	does not require a license.		
Examples	This example s	shows how to configure a group membership timeout:		
		r)# interface ethernet 2/2 if)# ip igmp group-timeout 200 if)#		
	This example shows how to reset a group membership timeout to the default:			
		<pre>if) # interface ethernet 2/2 i-if) # no ip igmp group-timeout i-if) #</pre>		
Related Commands	Command	Description		
	show ip igmp interface Displays IGMP information about the interface.			

ip igmp immediate-leave

To enable the device to remove the group entry from the multicast routing table immediately upon receiving a leave message for the group, use the **ip igmp immediate-leave** command. To disable the immediate leave option, use the **no** form of this command.

ip igmp immediate-leave

no ip igmp immediate-leave

- **Syntax Description** This command has no arguments or keywords.
- **Command Default** The immediate leave feature is disabled.
- **Command Modes** Interface configuration mode

Command History	Release	Modification
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines Use the **ip igmp immediate-leave** command only when there is one receiver behind the interface for a given group.

This command does not require a license.

Examples This example shows how to enable the immediate leave feature:

switch(config)# interface ethernet 2/2
switch(config-if)# ip igmp immediate-leave

This example shows how to disable the immediate leave feature:

switch(config)# interface ethernet 2/2
switch(config-if)# no ip igmp immediate-leave

Related Commands Command Description show ip igmp interface Displays IGMP information about the interface.

ip igmp join-group

To statically bind a multicast group to an interface, use the **ip igmp join-group** command. To remove a group binding, use the **no** form of this command.

ip igmp join-group {group [source source] | route-map policy-name}

no ip igmp join-group {*group* [**source** *source*] | **route-map** *policy-name*}

Syntax Description	group	Multicast group IP address.
	source source	(Optional) Configures a source IP address for the IGMPv3 (S,G) channel.
	route-map policy-name	Specifies the route-map policy name that defines the group prefixes where this feature is applied. The route map name can be a maximum of 63 alphanumeric characters.
Command Default	None	
Command Modes	Interface config	uration mode
Command History	Release	Modification
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.
Note	multicast comm	bute map, the only match command that is read from the route map is the match ip hand. You can specify the group prefix and source prefix.
٨		
<u></u> Caution	When you enter	this command, the traffic generated is handled by the device CPU, not the hardware.
	This command o	does not require a license.
Examples	This example sh	nows how to statically bind a group to an interface:
		<pre># interface ethernet 2/2 if)# ip igmp join-group 230.0.0.0 if)#</pre>
	This example sh	nows how to remove a group binding from an interface:

```
switch(config)# interface ethernet 2/2
switch(config-if)# no ip igmp join-group 230.0.0.0
switch(config-if)#
```

Related Commands

CommandDescriptionshow ip igmp interfaceDisplays IGMP information about the interface.

ip igmp last-member-query-count

To configure the number of times that the software sends an IGMP query in response to a host leave message, use the **ip igmp last-member-query-count** command. To reset the query interval to the default, use the **no** form of this command.

ip igmp last-member-query-count count

no ip igmp last-member-query-count [count]

Syntax Description	count (Query count. The range is from 1 to 5. The default is 2.	
Command Default	The query count is	2.	
Command Modes	Interface configuration mode		
Command History	Release	Modification	
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines	This command does not require a license.		
Examples	-	ys how to configure a query count:	
	<pre>switch(config)# interface ethernet 2/2 switch(config-if)# ip igmp last-member-query-count 3 switch(config-if)#</pre>		
	This example shows how to reset a query count to the default:		
		<pre>interface ethernet 2/2) # no ip igmp last-member-query-count) #</pre>	
Related Commands	Command	Description	
	show ip igmp interface Displays IGMP information about the interface.		

ip igmp last-member-query-response-time

To configure a query interval in which the software sends membership reports and then deletes the group state, use the **ip igmp last-member-query-response-time** command. To reset the query interval to the default, use the **no** form of this command.

ip igmp last-member-query-response-time interval

no ip igmp last-member-query-response-time [*interval*]

Syntax Description	<i>interval</i> Query interval in seconds. The range is from 1 to 25. The default is 1.		
Command Default	The query interval is 1 second.		
Command Modes	Interface configuration mode		
Command History	Release Modification		
	5.2(1)N1(1)This command was introduced.		
Usage Guidelines	This command does not require a license.		
Examples	This example shows how to configure a query interval:		
	<pre>switch(config)# interface ethernet 2/2 switch(config-if)# ip igmp last-member-query-response-time 3 switch(config-if)#</pre>		
	This example shows how to reset a query interval to the default:		
	<pre>switch(config)# interface ethernet 2/2 switch(config-if)# no ip igmp last-member-query-response-time switch(config-if)#</pre>		
Related Commands	Command Description		
	show ip igmp interface Displays IGMP information about the interface.		

ip igmp querier-timeout

To configure a querier timeout that the software uses when deciding to take over as the querier, use the **ip igmp querier-timeout** command. To reset to the querier timeout to the default, use the **no** form of this command.

ip igmp querier-timeout timeout

no ip igmp querier-timeout [timeout]

Syntax Description	<i>timeout</i> Timeo	ut in seconds. The range is from 1 to 65,535. The default is 255.	
Command Default	The querier timeout is 2:	55 seconds.	
Command Modes	Interface configuration mode		
Command History	Release	Modification	
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines	The ip igmp query-timeout command is an alternative form of this command. This command does not require a license.		
Examples	<pre>switch(config)# interf switch(config-if)# ip switch(config-if)# This example shows how switch(config)# interf</pre>	igmp querier-timeout 200 y to reset a querier timeout to the default:	
Related Commands	Command	Description	
	ip igmp query-timeout	Configures a querier timeout.	
	show ip igmp interface	Displays IGMP information about the interface.	

ip igmp query-interval

To configure a query interval used when the IGMP process starts up, use the **ip igmp query-interval** command. To reset the query interval to the default, use the **no** form of this command.

ip igmp query-interval interval

no ip igmp query-interval [interval]

Syntax Description	interval	Interval in seconds. The range is from 1 to 18,000. The default is 125.	
Command Default	The query inter	rval is 125 seconds.	
Command Modes	Interface config	guration mode	
Command History	Release	Modification	
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines	This command	does not require a license.	
Examples	This example s	shows how to configure a query interval:	
	switch(config	<pre>i) # interface ethernet 2/2 if) # ip igmp query-interval 100</pre>	
	This example shows how to reset a query interval to the default:		
		<pre>(r) # interface ethernet 2/2 (-if) # no ip igmp query-interval (-if) #</pre>	
Related Commands	Command	Description	

show ip igmp interface Displays IGMP information about the interface.

ip igmp query-max-response-time

To configure a query maximum response time that is advertised in IGMP queries, use the **ip igmp query-max-response-time** command. To reset the response time to the default, use the **no** form of this command.

ip igmp query-max-response-time time

no ip igmp query-max-response-time [time]

Syntax Description		Query maximum response time in seconds. The range is from 1 to 25. The default is 10.
Command Default	The query maximu	m response time is 10 seconds.
Command Modes	Interface configura	tion mode
Command History	Release	Modification
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines		es not require a license.
Examples	switch(config)# i	ys how to configure a query maximum response time: interface ethernet 2/2) # ip igmp query-max-response-time 15) #
	switch(config)# i	ys how to reset a query maximum response time to the default: interface ethernet 2/2) # no ip igmp query-max-response-time) #
Related Commands	Command	Description
	snow ip igmp inte	erface Displays IGMP information about the interface.

ip igmp query-timeout

To configure a query timeout that the software uses when deciding to take over as the querier, use the **ip igmp query-timeout** command. To reset to the querier timeout to the default, use the **no** form of this command.

ip igmp query-timeout timeout

no ip igmp query-timeout [timeout]

Syntax Description	<i>timeout</i> Ti	meout in seconds. The range is from 1 to 65,535. The default is 255.	
Command Default	The query timeout is	s 255 seconds.	
Command Modes	Interface configuration mode		
Command History	Release	Modification	
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines	The ip igmp querier-timeout command is an alternative form of this command. This command does not require a license.		
Examples	This example shows	how to configure a querier timeout:	
	<pre>switch(config)# interface ethernet 2/2 switch(config-if)# ip igmp query-timeout 200 switch(config-if)#</pre>		
	This example shows how to reset a querier timeout to the default:		
	<pre>switch(config)# interface ethernet 2/2 switch(config-if)# no ip igmp query-timeout switch(config-if)#</pre>		
Related Commands	Command	Description	
	ip igmp querier-timeout	Configures a querier timeout.	
	show ip igmp inter	face Displays IGMP information about the interface.	

ip igmp report-link-local-groups

To enable IGMP to send reports for link-local groups, use the **ip igmp report-link-local-groups** command. To disable sending reports to link-local groups, use the **no** form of this command.

	ip igmp report-	link-local-groups
	no ip igmp repo	ort-link-local-groups
Syntax Description	This command has r	no arguments or keywords.
Command Default	Disabled	
Command Modes	Interface configurati	ion mode
Command History	Release	Modification
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	This command does	not require a license.
Examples	This example shows	how to enable sending reports to link-local groups:
		aterface ethernet 2/2 ip igmp report-link-local-groups
	This example shows	how to disable sending reports to link-local groups:
		terface ethernet 2/2 no ip igmp report-link-local-groups
Related Commands	Command	Description
	show ip igmp inter	face Displays IGMP information about the interface.

ip igmp report-policy

To enable an access policy that is based on a route-map policy for IGMP reports, use the **ip igmp report-policy** command. To disable the route-map policy, use the **no** form of this command.

ip igmp report-policy *policy-name*

no ip igmp report-policy [policy-name]

Syntax Description	policy-name	Route-map policy name. The route name is a maximum of 100 alphanumeric characters.		
Command Default	Disabled			
Command Modes	Interface confi	guration mode		
Command History	Release	Modification		
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.		
Usage Guidelines		p report-policy command to filter incoming messages. You can configure the route map e from being created in the multicast routing table.		
	The ip igmp report-policy command is an alias of the ip igmp access-group command.			
	If you use the route map, the only match command that is read from the route map is the match ip multicast command. You can specify the group prefix, group range, and source prefix to filter messages.			
	This command requires the Enterprise Services license.			
Examples	This example s	shows how to enable an access policy for IGMP reports:		
	<pre>switch(config)# interface ethernet 2/2 switch(config-if)# ip igmp report-policy my_report_policy switch(config-if)#</pre>			
	This example shows how to disable an access policy for IGMP reports:			
	<pre>switch(config)# interface ethernet 2/2 switch(config-if)# no ip igmp report-policy switch(config-if)#</pre>			
Related Commands	Command	Description		
	show ip igmp interface Displays IGMP information about the interface.			

ip igmp robustness-variable

To configure a robustness count that you can tune to reflect expected packet loss on a congested network, use the **ip igmp robustness-variable** command. To reset the count to the default, use the **no** form of this command.

ip igmp robustness-variable count

no ip igmp robustness-variable [count]

Syntax Description	<i>count</i> Robustness count. The range is from 1 to 7. The default is 2.		
Command Default	The robustness count	is 2.	
Command Modes	Interface configuration	on mode	
Command History	Release	Modification	
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines	This command does r	iot require a license.	
Examples	This example shows h	now to configure a robustness count:	
	· · · · ·	erface ethernet 2/2 ip igmp robustness-variable 3	
	This example shows how to reset a robustness count to the default:		
		erface ethernet 2/2 no ip igmp robustness-variable	
Related Commands	Command	Description	
	show ip igmp interfa	ace Displays IGMP information about the interface.	

ip igmp ssm-translate

To translate IGMPv1 or IGMPv2 membership reports to create the (S, G) state so that the router treats them as IGMPv3 membership reports, use the **ip igmp ssm-translate** command. To remove the translation, use the **no** form of this command.

ip igmp ssm-translate group source

no ip igmp ssm-translate group source

Syntax Description	group	IPv4 multicast group range. By default, the group prefix range is 232.0.0.0/8. To modify the IPv4 Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM) SSM range, see the ip pim ssm range command.	
	source	IP multicast address source.	
Command Default	None		
Command Modes	Global configur VRF configurat		
Command History	Release	Modification	
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines	switch(config)	I translation commands, use this command line: # show running-config include ssm-translation does not require a license.	
Examples	switch# config	# ip igmp ssm-translate 232.0.0.0/8 10.1.1.1	
	This example shows how to remove a translation:		
	<pre>switch# config switch(config) switch(config)</pre>	# no ip igmp ssm-translate 232.0.0.0/8 10.1.1.1	
Related Commands	Command	Description	

show running-config	Displays information about th	ne running-system configuration.
---------------------	-------------------------------	----------------------------------

ip igmp startup-query-count

To configure the query count used when the IGMP process starts up, use the **ip igmp startup-query-count** command. To reset the query count to the default, use the **no** form of this command.

ip igmp startup-query-count count

no ip igmp startup-query-count [count]

Syntax Description	<i>count</i> Query count. The range is from 1 to 10. The default is 2.		
Command Default	The query count is 2.		
Command Modes	Interface configuration mode		
Command History	Release Modification		
	5.2(1)N1(1)This command was introduced.		
Usage Guidelines	This command does not require a license.		
Examples	This example shows how to configure a query count:		
	<pre>switch(config)# interface ethernet 2/2 switch(config-if)# ip igmp startup-query-count 3 switch(config-if)#</pre>		
	This example shows how to reset a query count to the default:		
	<pre>switch(config)# interface ethernet 2/2 switch(config-if)# no ip igmp startup-query-count switch(config-if)#</pre>		
Related Commands	Command Description		
	show ip igmp interface Displays IGMP information about the interface.		

ip igmp startup-query-interval

To configure the query interval used when the IGMP process starts up, use the **ip igmp startup-query-interval** command. To reset the query interval to the default, use the **no** form of this command.

ip igmp startup-query-interval interval

no ip igmp startup-query-interval [interval]

Syntax Description	<i>interval</i> Query interval in seconds. The range is from 1 to 18,000. The default i	s 31.			
Command Default	The query interval is 31 seconds.				
Command Modes	Interface configuration mode				
Command History	Release Modification				
	5.2(1)N1(1)This command was introduced.				
Usage Guidelines	This command does not require a license.				
Examples	This example shows how to configure a startup query interval:				
	<pre>switch(config)# interface ethernet 2/2 switch(config-if)# ip igmp startup-query-interval 25 switch(config-if)#</pre>				
	This example shows how to reset a startup query interval to the default:				
	<pre>switch(config)# interface ethernet 2/2 switch(config-if)# no ip igmp startup-query-interval switch(config-if)#</pre>				
Related Commands	Command Description				
	show ip igmp interface Displays IGMP information about the interface.				

ip igmp state-limit

To configure the maximum states allowed, use the **ip igmp state-limit** command. To remove the state limit, use the **no** form of this command.

ip igmp state-limit max-states [**reserved** reserve-policy max-reserved]

no ip igmp state-limit [max-states [reserved reserve-policy max-reserved]]

Syntax Description	max-states	Maximum states allowed. The range is from 1 to 4,294,967,295.			
	reserved	(Optional) Specifies to use the route-map policy name for the reserve policy. The			
	reserve-policy	route map name can be a maximum of 100 alphanumeric characters.			
	max-reserved				
	max-reserved	(Optional) Maximum number of (*, G) and (S, G) entries allowed on the interface.			
Command Default	None				
Command Modes	Interface config	uration mode			
Command History	Release	Modification			
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.			
Usage Guidelines	This command o	does not require a license.			
Examples	This example sh	nows how to configure a state limit:			
		<pre># interface ethernet 2/2 if)# ip igmp state-limit 5000 if)#</pre>			
	This example shows how to remove a state limit:				
		<pre># interface ethernet 2/2 if)# no ip igmp state-limit if)#</pre>			
Related Commands	Command	Description			
	show ip igmp i	nterface Displays IGMP information about the interface.			
	r o r -				

ip igmp static-oif

To statically bind a multicast group to the outgoing interface (OIF), which is handled by the device hardware, use the **ip igmp static-oif** command. To remove a static group, use the **no** form of this command.

ip igmp static-oif {group [source source] | route-map policy-name}

no ip igmp static-oif {*group* [**source** *source*] | **route-map** *policy-name*}

Syntax Description	group	Multicast group IPv4 address. If you specify only the group address, the (*, G) state is created.			
	source source	(Optional) Configures the source IP address for IGMPv3 and creates the (S, G) state.			
	Note A source tree is built for the (S, G) state only if you enable IG				
	route-map policy-name	Specifies the route-map policy name that defines the group prefixes where this feature is applied. The route map name can be a maximum of 63 alphanumeric characters.			
Command Default	None				
Command Modes	Interface config	uration mode			
Command History	Release	Modification			
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.			
Usage Guidelines	•	this command, make sure that you enable Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM) on the ng the ip pim sparse-mode command.			
	This command o	does not require a license.			
Examples	This example sh	nows how to statically bind a group to the OIF:			
	switch(config-	<pre># interface ethernet 2/2 if)# no switchport if)# ip igmp static-oif 230.0.0.0 if)#</pre>			
	This example sh	nows how to remove a static binding from the OIF:			
	switch(config-	<pre># interface ethernet 2/2 if)# no switchport if)# no ip igmp static oif 230.0.0.0 if)#</pre>			

Related Commands	Command	Description
	ip pim sparse-mode	Enables IPv4 PIM sparse mode on an interface.
	no switchport	Configures the interface as a routed interface.
	show ip igmp local-groups	Displays information about the IGMP local group membership.

ip igmp version

To configure the IGMP version to use on an interface, use the **ip igmp version** command. To reset the IGMP version to the default, use the **no** form of this command.

ip igmp version version

no ip igmp version [version]

Syntax Description	version	Version number. The number is 2 or 3. The default is 2.		
Command Default	The version nun	aber is 2.		
Command Modes	Interface config	uration mode		
Command History	Release	Modification		
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.		
Fxamples	This example sh	nows how to configure the IGMP version to use on an interface.		
Examples	-	nows how to configure the IGMP version to use on an interface: # interface ethernet 2/2		
	<pre>switch(config-if)# ip igmp version 3 switch(config-if)#</pre>			
	This example shows how to reset the IGMP version to the default:			
		<pre># interface ethernet 2/2 if)# no ip igmp version if)#</pre>		
Related Commands	Command	Description		

show ip igmp interface Displays IGMP information about the interface.



Show Commands

This chapter describes the Cisco NX-OS IGMP show commands.

show ip igmp event-history

To display information in the IGMP event history buffers, use the **show ip igmp event-history** command.

show ip igmp event-history {clis | debugs | errors | events | ha | igmp-internal | msgs | mtrace |
policy | statistics | vrf}

Syntax Description	clis	Displays events of type CLI.			
	debugs	Displays events of type debug.			
	errors Displays events of type error.				
	events	Displays events of type event.			
	ha	Displays events of type HA.			
	igmp-internal	Displays events of type IGMP internal.			
	msgs	Displays events of type msg.			
	mtrace	Displays events of type mtrace.			
	policy	Displays events of type policy.			
	statistics	Displays events of type statistics.			
	vrf	Displays events of type VRF.			
Command Default	None				
Command Modes	. 1				
Command Wodes	Any command n	node			
Command History	Release	Modification			
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.			
	(-)				
Usage Guidelines	This command d	loes not require a license.			
		1			
Examples	This example sh	nows how to display information in the IGMP HA event history buffer:			
	<pre>switch(config)# show ip igmp event-history ha</pre>				
	ha events for	IGMP process			
	2008 Apr 12 04	ha events for IGMP process 2008 Apr 12 04:01:32.339950 igmp [4588]: : Router-port PSS entry for vlan 20 upd			
	ated [count 0] 2008 Apr 12 04:00:05.118545 igmp [4588]: : Handling existing vlans notification				
	-	:00:04.824730 igmp [4588]: : PSS entry for global updatedswitch(config)#			

Related Commands	Command	Description
	clear ip igmp event-history	Clears the contents of the IGMP event history buffers.
	ip igmp event-history	Configures the size of IGMP event history buffers.

show ip igmp groups

To display information about IGMP-attached group membership, use the **show ip igmp groups** command.

show ip igmp groups [{source [group]} | {group [source]}] [ethernet slot/[QSFP-module/]port |
port-channel channel-number[.sub_if_number] | vlan vlan-id] [vrf {vrf-name | all}]

Syntax Description	source	Source IP address.		
	group	(Optional) Multicast IP address of the single group to display.		
	ethernet slot/[QSFP-module/]port	(Optional) Specifies the Ethernet interface and the slot number and port number. The slot number is from 1 to 255. The <i>QSFP-module</i> number is from 1 to 4. The port number is from 1 to 128.		
		Note The <i>QSFP-module</i> number applies only to the QSFP+ Generic Expansion Module (GEM).		
	port-channel number	(Optional) Specifies the EtherChannel interface and EtherChannel number. The range is from 1 to 4096.		
	sub_if_number	(Optional) Subinterface number. The range is from 1 to 4093.		
	vlan vlan-id	(Optional) Specifies the VLAN. The range is from 1 to 4094.		
	vrf	(Optional) Applies to a virtual routing and forwarding (VRF) instance.		
	vrf-name	VRF name. The name can be a maximum of 32 alphanumeric characters and is case sensitive.		
	all	Specifies all VRFs.		
Command Modes	Any command mode			
Command History	Release	Modification		
	6.0(2)N1(2)	Support for the QSFP+ GEM was added.		
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.		
Usage Guidelines	The show ip igmp route of	command is an alternative form of this command.		
	This command does not require a license.			
Examples	switch(config)# show ig IGMP Connected Group Me Type: S - Static, D - I	mbership for VRF "default" - 0 total entries Dynamic, L - Local, T - SSM Translated		
	Group Address Type	P Interface Uptime Expires Last Reporter		

switch(config)#

Related Commands

CommandDescriptionshow ip igmp routeDisplays information about the IGMP-attached group membership.

show ip igmp interface

To display information about IGMP on interfaces, use the **show ip igmp interface** command.

show ip igmp interface [brief] [vrf {vrf-name | all}]

Syntax Description	ethernet slot/[QSFP-module/]port	Specifies the Ethernet interface and the slot number and port number. The slot number is from 1 to 255. The <i>QSFP-module</i> number is from 1 to 4. The port number is from 1 to 128.	
		Note The <i>QSFP-module</i> number applies only to the QSFP+ Generic Expansion Module (GEM).	
	port-channel number	Specifies the EtherChannel interface and EtherChannel number. The range is from 1 to 4096.	
	sub_if_number	Subinterface number. The range is from 1 to 4093.	
	vlan vlan-idSpecifies the VLAN. The range is from 1 to 4094.		
	brief	(Optional) Displays one line status per interface.	
	vrf	(Optional) Applies to a virtual routing and forwarding (VRF) instance.	
	vrf-name	VRF name. The name can be a maximum of 32 alphanumeric characters and is case sensitive.	
	all	Specifies all VRFs.	
Command Modes	Any command mode Release	Modification	
		Support for the QSFP+ GEM was added.	
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines	This command does not re	equire a license.	
Examples	This example shows how mode, the vPC informatio	to display information about IGMP on an interface (if IGMP is not in vPC n is not displayed):	

```
Membership count: 0
 Old Membership count 0
 Route-queue depth: 0
 IGMP version: 2, host version: 0
 IGMP query interval: 125 secs, configured value: 125 secs
 IGMP max response time: 10 secs, configured value: 10 secs
 IGMP startup query interval: 31 secs, configured value: 31 secs
 IGMP startup query count: 2
 IGMP last member mrt: 1 secs
 IGMP last member query count: 2
 IGMP group timeout: 260 secs, configured value: 260 secs
 IGMP querier timeout: 255 secs, configured value: 255 secs
 IGMP unsolicited report interval: 10 secs
 IGMP robustness variable: 2, configured value: 2
 IGMP reporting for link-local groups: disabled
 IGMP interface enable refcount: 1
 IGMP interface immediate leave: disabled
 IGMP Report Policy: None
 IGMP State Limit: None
 IGMP interface statistics:
   General (sent/received):
     v1-reports: 0/0
     v2-queries: 0/0, v2-reports: 0/0, v2-leaves: 0/0
     v3-queries: 0/0, v3-reports: 0/0
   Errors:
     General Queries received with invalid destination address; v2: 0, v3: 0
     Checksum errors: 0, Packet length errors: 0
     Packets with Local IP as source: 0, Source subnet check failures: 0
     Query from non-querier:0
     Report version mismatch: 0, Query version mismatch: 0
     Unknown IGMP message type: 0
     Invalid v1 reports: 0, Invalid v2 reports: 0, Invalid v3 reports: 0
   Packets dropped due to router-alert check: 0
 Interface PIM DR: No
 Interface vPC CFS statistics:
   DR queries sent: 0
   DR queries rcvd: 0
   DR queries fail: 0
   DR updates sent: 0
   DR updates rcvd: 0
   DR updates fail: 0
switch(config)#
```

This example shows how to display information about IGMP on an interface in a brief format:

switch(config)# #	show ip	igmp interf	face brief		
IGMP Interfaces f	Eor VRF	"default",	count: 1		
Interface	IP	Address	IGMP Querier	Membership Count	Version
Vlan20 switch(config)#	20	.1.1.3	0.0.0.0	0	v2

show ip igmp local-groups

To display information about IGMP local groups, use the show ip igmp local-groups command.

Syntax Description	ethernet <i>slot/[QSFP-module/]port</i>	Specifies the Ethernet interface and the slot number and port number. The slot number is from 1 to 255. The <i>QSFP-module</i> number is from 1 to 4. The port number is from 1 to 128.				
		Note The <i>QSFP-module</i> number applies only to the QSFP+ Generic Expansion Module (GEM).				
	port-channel number	Specifies the EtherChannel interface and EtherChannel number. The range is from 1 to 4096.				
	sub_if_number	Subinterface number. The range is from 1 to 4093.				
	vlan vlan-id	Specifies the VLAN. The range is from 1 to 4094.				
	vrf	(Optional) Applies to a virtual routing and forwarding (VRF) instance.				
	vrf-name	VRF name. The name can be a maximum of 32 alphanumeric characters and is case sensitive.				
	all Specifies all VRFs.					
Command Modes	Any command mode					
Command History		Modification				
		Support for the QSFP+ GEM was added.				
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.				
Usage Guidelines	This command does not re	equire a license.				
Examples	-	to display information about IGMP local groups:				
	switch(config)# show ip) igmp iocai-groups				

show ip igmp route

To display information about the IGMP-attached group membership, use the **show ip igmp route** command.

show ip igmp route [{source [group]} | {group [source]}] [ethernet slot/[QSFP-module/]port |
port-channel channel-number[.sub_if_number] | vlan vlan-id] [vrf {vrf-name | all}]

Syntax Description		Source IP address.			
Syntax Description	source				
	group	(Optional) Multicast IP address of single group to display.			
	ethernet slot/[QSFP-module/]port	Specifies the Ethernet interface and the slot number and port number. The slot number is from 1 to 255. The <i>QSFP-module</i> number is from 1 to 4. The port number is from 1 to 128.			
		Note The <i>QSFP-module</i> number applies only to the QSFP+ Generic Expansion Module (GEM).			
	port-channel number	Specifies the EtherChannel interface and EtherChannel number. The range is from 1 to 4096.			
	sub_if_number	Subinterface number. The range is from 1 to 4093.			
	vlan vlan-id	Specifies the VLAN. The range is from 1 to 4094.			
	vrf	(Optional) Applies to a virtual routing and forwarding (VRF) instance.			
	<i>vrf-name</i> VRF name. The name can be a maximum of 32 alphanumeric c and is case sensitive.				
	all	Specifies all VRFs.			
Command Modes	Any command mode	Modification			
Commanu mistory		Support for the QSFP+ GEM was added.			
		This command was introduced.			
Usage Guidelines	The show ip igmp groups command is an alternative form of this command.				
	This command does not re	quire a license.			
Examples	This example shows how t	o display information about the IGMP-attached group membership:			
	Type: S - Static, D - D	ute mbership for VRF "default" - 1 total entries ynamic, L - Local, T - SSM Translated Interface Uptime Expires Last Reporter			

230.0.0.0	S	Ethernet1/5	00:31:47	never	0.0.0.0
switch#					

 Commands
 Command
 Description

 show ip igmp groups
 Displays information about the IGMP-attached group membership.
show running-config igmp

To display information about the running-system configuration for IGMP, use the **show running-config igmp** command.

show running-config igmp [all]

Syntax Description	all (Optional) Displays configured and default information.		
Command Default	None		
Command Modes	Any command mod	de	
Command History	Release	Modification	
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines	This command req	uires the LAN Base Services license.	
Examples	This example show	vs how to display information about the IGMP running-system configuration:	
	switch(config)# s	show running-config igmp	
	!Command: show ru !Time: Fri May 2	unning-config igmp 2 08:05:08 2008	
	version 5.2(1)N1	(1)	
	interface Etherne ip igmp static-		
	<pre>switch(config)#</pre>		

show startup-config igmp

To display information about the startup-system configuration for IGMP, use the **show startup-config igmp** command.

show startup-config igmp [all]

Syntax Description	all (Opt	ional) Displays configured and default information.
Command Default	None	
Command Modes	Any command mode	
Command History	Release	Modification
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	This command require	s the LAN Base Services license.
Examples	-	ow to display information about the IGMP startup-system configuration:



IGMP Snooping Commands



C Commands

This chapter describes the Cisco NX-OS IGMP snooping commands that begin with C.

clear ip igmp snooping event-history

To clear information from IGMP snooping event history buffers, use the **clear ip igmp snooping** event-history command.

clear ip igmp snooping event-history {rib | vpc | igmp-snoop-internal | mfdm | mfdm-sum | vlan | vlan-events}

	ip igmp snooping	Configures the size of the IGMP snooping event history buffers.
Related Commands	Command	Description
	switch(config)# switch(config)#	ciear ip igmp event-mistory vian
.xumpicə	switch(config)# clear ip igmp event-history vlan	
Examples	This example show	vs how to clear information in the IGMP snooping VLAN event history buffer:
Usage Guidelines	This command does not require a license.	
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.
Command History	Release	Modification
Command Modes	Any command mo	de
Command Default	None	
	vlan-events	Clears the VLAN-events event history buffer.
	vlan	Clears the VLAN event history buffer.
		Clears the MFDM sum event history buffer.
		Clears the multicast FIB distribution (MFDM) event history buffer.
	igmp-snoop- (internal	Clears the IGMP snooping internal event history buffer.
	-	Clears the virtual port channel (vPC) event history buffer.

clear ip igmp snooping explicit-tracking vlan

To clear the IGMP snooping explicit host tracking information for VLANs, use the **clear ip igmp snooping explicit-tracking vlan** command.

clear ip igmp snooping explicit-tracking vlan vlan-id

Syntax Description	vlan-id VLAN	number. The range is from 1 to 3968 and 4049 to 4093.
Command Default	None	
Command Modes	Any command mode	
Command History	Release	Modification
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	This command does not	require a license.
Examples	This example shows how	to clear the explicit tracking information for VLAN 1:
	switch# clear ip igmp switch#	snooping explicit-tracking vlan 1
Related Commands	Command	Description
	show ip igmp snooping explicit-tracking vlan	Displays explicit host tracking information for IGMPv3.

clear ip igmp snooping statistics vlan

To clear the IGMP snooping statistics for VLANs, use the **clear ip igmp snooping statistics vlan** command.

clear ip igmp snooping statistics vlan [vlan-id | all]

Syntax Description	vlan-id	(Optional) VLAN number. The range is from 1 to 3968 and 4049 to 4093.
	all	(Optional) Applies to all VLANs.
ommand Default	All VLANs	
ommand Modes	Any command mo	de
command History	Release	Modification
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.
sage Guidelines	This command do	es not require a license.
amples	This example show	ws how to clear IGMP snooping statistics for VLAN 1:
	switch# clear ig switch#) igmp snooping statistics vlan 1
Related Commands	Command	Description
	show ip igmp sno statistics vlan	oping Displays IGMP snooping statistics by VLAN.



H Commands

This chapter describes the Cisco NX-OS IGMP snooping commands that begin with H.

hardware multicast snooping group-limit

To configure the number of groups learned through IGMP Snooping, use the **hardware multicast snooping group-limit** command.

hardware multicast snooping group-limit limit

Syntax Description	limit Nu	mber of groups learned through IGMP Snooping. The range is from 100 to 8000.
Command Default	None	
Command Modes	Any command mode	
Command History	Release	Modification
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	Before setting a new g learned.	group-limit, you must either clear the MAC address table or clear the groups already
	The unique OIFL (ou	ttput interface list) combinations can only be 2000.
	Use the vPC type-2 in	nconsistency to show the configurations on vPC peers.
	A reload is not necce	ssary after configuring the group-limit.
	This command does i	not require a license.
Examples	This example shows	how to set the maximum number of groups to 500:
	<pre>switch(config)# has switch(config)#</pre>	rdware multicast snooping group-limit 500
Related Commands	Command	Description
	show ip igmp snoop groups	ing Displays information about the group membership for IGMP snooping.
Usage Guidelines	This command does	not require a license.
Examples	This example shows	how to clear the explicit tracking information for VLAN 1:

	switch# clear ip igmp switch#	snooping explicit-tracking vlan 1
Related Commands	Command	Description
	show ip igmp snooping explicit-tracking vlan	Displays explicit host tracking information for IGMPv3.





I Commands

This chapter describes the Cisco NX-OS IGMP snooping commands that begin with I.

ip igmp snooping (Global)

To enable IGMP snooping, use the **ip igmp snooping** command. To disable IGMP snooping, use the **no** form of this command.

ip igmp snooping

no ip igmp snooping

Syntax Description	This command has no	arguments or keywords.
--------------------	---------------------	------------------------

- Command Default Enabled
- **Command Modes** Global configuration mode

Command History	Release	Modification
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines If the global configuration of IGMP snooping is disabled, then all VLANs are treated as disabled, whether they are enabled or not.

This command does not require a license.

ExamplesThis example shows how to enable IGMP snooping:
switch(config)# ip igmp snooping
switch(config)#This example shows how to disable IGMP snooping:

switch(config)# no ip igmp snooping
switch(config)#

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show ip igmp snooping	Displays IGMP snooping information.

ip igmp snooping (VLAN)

To enable IGMP snooping on specified VLAN interfaces, use the **ip igmp snooping** command. To disable IGMP snooping on the interface, use the **no** form of this command.

ip igmp snooping

no ip igmp snooping

Syntax Description	This command has no arguments or keywords.		
Command Default	Enabled		
Command Modes	VLAN configuration mode		
Command History	Release	Modification	
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.	
Examples		es not require a license.	
Examples	This example shows how to enable IGMP snooping on a VLAN interface: <pre>switch(config)# vlan 1 switch(config-vlan)# ip igmp snooping switch(config-vlan)#</pre>		
		vs how to disable IGMP snooping on a VLAN interface:	
	switch(config)# •	vlan 1 an)# no ip igmp snooping	
Related Commands	Command	Description	
	show ip igmp sno	oping Displays IGMP snooping information.	

ip igmp snooping event-history

To configure the size of the IGMP snooping event history buffers, use the **ip igmp snooping event-history** command. To revert to the default buffer size, use the **no** form of this command.

no ip igmp snooping event-history {igmp-snoop-internal | mfdm | mfdm-sum | rib | vlan | vlan-events | vpc} size *buffer-size*

Syntax Description	igmp-snoop- internal	Clears the IGMP snooping internal event history buffer.
	mfdm	Clears the multicast FIB distribution (MFDM) event history buffer.
	mfdm-sum	Clears the MFDM sum event history buffer.
	rib	Clears the Routing Information Base (RIB) event history buffer.
	vlan	Clears the VLAN event history buffer.
	vlan-events	Clears the VLAN-event event history buffer.
	vpc	Clears the virtual port channel (vPC) event history buffer.
	size	Specifies the size of the buffer to allocate.
	buffer-size	Buffer size that is one of the following values: disabled , large , medium , or small . The default buffer size is small .
Command Modes	Global configur	
Command History	Release	Modification
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	This command o	does not require a license.
Examples	This example sh	nows how to configure the IGMP snooping VLAN event history buffer size:
	switch(config) switch(config)	# ip igmp snooping event-history vlan size large #

ip igmp snooping event-history {igmp-snoop-internal | mfdm | mfdm-sum | rib | vlan | vlan-events | vpc} size *buffer-size*

Related Commands	Command	Description
	clear ip igmp snooping event-history	Clears the contents of the IGMP snooping event history buffers.
	show ip igmp snooping event-history	Displays information in the IGMP snooping event history buffers.
	show running-config igmp	Displays information about the IGMP running-system configuration.

ip igmp snooping explicit-tracking

To enable tracking of IGMPv3 membership reports from individual hosts for each port on a per-VLAN basis, use the **ip igmp snooping explicit-tracking** command. To disable tracking, use the **no** form of this command.

ip igmp snooping explicit-tracking

no ip igmp snooping explicit-tracking

Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Default Enabled

Command Modes VLAN configuration mode

Command History	Release	Modification
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines This command does not require a license.

Examples This example shows how to enable tracking of IGMPv3 membership reports on a VLAN interface: switch(config)# vlan 1
switch(config-vlan)# ip igmp snooping explicit-tracking
switch(config-vlan)#

This example shows how to disable IGMP snooping on a VLAN interface:

switch(config)# vlan 1
switch(config-vlan)# no ip igmp snooping explicit-tracking
switch(config-vlan)#

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show ip igmp snooping	Displays IGMP snooping information.

ip igmp snooping fast-leave

To enable support of IGMPv2 hosts that cannot be explicitly tracked because of the host report suppression mechanism of the IGMPv2 protocol, use the **ip igmp snooping fast-leave** command. To disable support of IGMPv2 hosts, use the **no** form of this command.

ip igmp snooping fast-leave

no ip igmp snooping fast-leave

Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Default Disabled

Command Modes VLAN configuration mode

Command History	Release	Modification
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines When you enable fast leave, the IGMP software assumes that no more than one host is present on each VLAN port.

This command does not require a license.

Examples This example shows how to enable support of IGMPv2 hosts: switch(config) # vlan 1 switch(config-vlan) # ip igmp snooping fast-leave

switch(config-vlan)#

This example shows how to disable support of IGMPv2 hosts:

```
switch(config)# vlan 1
switch(config-vlan)# no ip igmp snooping fast-leave
switch(config-vlan)#
```

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show ip igmp snooping	Displays IGMP snooping information.

ip igmp snooping last-member-query-interval

To configure a query interval in which the software removes a group, use the **ip igmp snooping last-member-query-interval** command. To reset the query interval to the default, use the **no** form of this command.

ip igmp snooping last-member-query-interval interval

no ip igmp snooping last-member-query-interval [*interval*]

	interval	Query interval in seconds. The range is from 1 to 25. The default is 1.
Command Default	The query interval	is 1.
Command Modes	VLAN configurati	on mode
Command History	Release	Modification
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.
Examples	This example shov	vs how to configure a query interval in which the software removes a group:
Lvamhies	1	
rvamhies	switch(config)# ·	vlan 1 an)# ip igmp snooping last-member-query-interval 3
-vanihi e 2	switch(config)# ·	an)# ip igmp snooping last-member-query-interval 3
Lxampies	<pre>switch(config)# switch(config-vl. switch(config-vl. This example show</pre>	an)# ip igmp snooping last-member-query-interval 3 an)# ws how to reset a query interval to the default:
Lλαπμισ	<pre>switch(config)# - switch(config-vl. switch(config-vl. This example show switch(config)#</pre>	an)# ip igmp snooping last-member-query-interval 3 an)# ws how to reset a query interval to the default: vlan 1 an)# no ip igmp snooping last-member-query-interval

show ip igmp snooping Displays IGMP snooping information.

ip igmp snooping link-local-groups-suppression

To enable suppression of IGMP reports from link-local groups, use the **ip igmp snooping link-local-groups-suppression** command. To disable suppression of these reports, use the **no** form of this command.

ip igmp snooping link-local-groups-suppression

no ip igmp snooping link-local-groups-suppression

Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Default Enabled

Command Modes Global configuration mode VLAN configuration mode

Command History	Release	Modification	
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.	

Usage Guidelines If this setting is disabled on the entire device, then it is disabled on all VLANs on device, irrespective of the specific VLAN setting.

This command does not require a license.

This example shows how to enable suppression of IGMP reports from link-local groups:

switch(config)# vlan 1
switch(config-vlan)# ip igmp snooping link-local-groups-suppression
switch(config-vlan)#

This example shows how to disable suppression of IGMP reports from link-local groups:

switch(config)# vlan 1
switch(config-vlan)# no ip igmp snooping link-local-groups-suppression
switch(config-vlan)#

```
        Commands
        Command
        Description

        show ip igmp snooping
        Displays IGMP snooping information.
```

Examples

ip igmp snooping mrouter interface

To configure a static connection to a multicast router, use the **ip igmp snooping mrouter interface** command. To remove the static connection, use the **no** form of this command.

no ip igmp snooping mrouter interface {**ethernet** slot/[QSFP-module/]port | **port-channel** number[.sub_if_number]}

ethernet slot/[QSFP-module/]port	(Optional) Specifies the Ethernet interface and the slot number and port number. The slot number is from 1 to 255 The <i>QSFP-module</i> number is from 1 to 4. The port number is from 1 to 128.
	Note The <i>QSFP-module</i> number applies only to the QSFP+ Generic Expansion Module (GEM).
port-channel number	(Optional) Specifies the EtherChannel interface and EtherChannel number. The range is from 1 to 4096.
sub_if_number	(Optional) Subinterface number. The range is from 1 to 4093.
None	
VLAN configuration mode	
Release	Modification
6.0(2)N1(2)	Support for the QSFP+ GEM was added.
5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.
The interface to the router This command does not rec	must be in the selected VLAN. quire a license.
<pre>switch(config)# vlan 1 switch(config-vlan)# ip switch(config-vlan)# This example shows how to switch(config)# vlan 1</pre>	o configure a static connection to a multicast router: igmp snooping mrouter interface ethernet 2/1 o remove a static connection to a multicast router: ip igmp snooping mrouter interface ethernet 2/1
	slot/[QSFP-module/]port port-channel number sub_if_number None VLAN configuration mode Release 6.0(2)N1(2) 5.2(1)N1(1) The interface to the router This example shows how to switch(config)# vlan 1 switch(config-vlan)# ip switch(config-vlan)# This example shows how to switch(config-vlan)# switch(config-vlan)# This example shows how to switch(config-vlan)# switch(config)# vlan 1 switch(config)# vlan 1 switch(config-vlan)#

ip igmp snooping mrouter interface {**ethernet** slot/[QSFP-module/]port | **port-channel** number[.sub_if_number]}

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show ip igmp snooping	Displays IGMP snooping information.

ip igmp snooping mrouter vpc-peer-link

	-	c connection to a virtual port channel (vPC) peer link, use the ip igmp snooping link command. To remove the static connection, use the no form of this command.	
	ip igmp snoop	ing mrouter vpc-peer-link	
	no ip igmp sno	ooping mrouter vpc-peer-link	
Syntax Description	This command has	no arguments or keywords.	
Command Default	None		
Command Modes	Global configuration	on mode	
Command History	Release	Modification	
-	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines	By default, a vPC Peer-link is considered an IGMP snooping mrouter port. The multicast traffic is sent over to a peer-link for the source VLAN and for each receiving VLAN. If you use the no ip igmp snooping mrouter vpc-peer-link command, the multicast traffic is not sent over to a peer-link for the source VLAN and receiver VLAN unless there are orphan ports in the VLAN.		
	This command doe	s not require a license.	
Examples	-	s how to configure a static connection to a vPC peer link: .p igmp snooping mrouter vpc-peer-link	
		s how to remove a static connection to a vPC peer link:	
	switch(config)# n	ooping mrouter vpc-peer-link	
Related Commands	Command	Description	
	show ip igmp snooping Displays IGMP snooping information.		

ip igmp snooping optimise-multicast-flood

To configure Optimized Multicast Flood (OMF) on all VLANs, use the **ip igmp snooping optimise-multicast-flood** command. To remove the OMF from all VLANs, use the **no** form of this command.

ip igmp snooping optimise-multicast-flood

no ip igmp snooping optimise-multicast-flood

Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Default None

Command Modes Global configuration mode

This command was introduced.	
	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines This command does not require a	license.
---	----------

ExamplesThis example shows how to configure OMF on all VLANs:
switch(config)# ip igmp snooping optimise-multicast-flood
switch(config)#This example shows how to remove OMF from all VLANs:

switch(config)# no ip igmp snooping optimise-multicast-flood
switch(config)#

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show ip igmp snooping	Displays IGMP snooping information.

ip igmp snooping querier

To configure a snooping querier on an interface when you do not enable Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM) because multicast traffic does not need to be routed, use the **ip igmp snooping querier** command. To remove the snooping querier, use the **no** form of this command.

ip igmp snooping querier querier

no ip igmp snooping querier [querier]

Syntax Description	querier	Querier IP address.	
Command Default	None		
Command Modes	VLAN configu	ration mode	
Command History	Release	Modification	
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines	-	address cannot be a multicast address. does not require a license.	
Examples	switch(config)	hows how to configure a snooping querier:)# vlan 1 -vlan)# ip igmp snooping querier 172.20.52.106	
	switch(config-vlan)# This example shows how to disable IGMP snooping on a VLAN interface:		
	switch(config switch(config switch(config	-vlan)# no ip igmp snooping querier	
Related Commands	Command	Description	

show ip igmp snooping Displays IGMP snooping information.

ip igmp snooping report-suppression

To enable limiting the membership report traffic sent to multicast-capable routers, use the **ip igmp snooping report-suppression** command. To disable the limitation, use the **no** form of this command.

ip igmp snooping report-suppression

no ip igmp snooping report-suppression

Syntax Description	This command h	has no arguments	or keywords.
--------------------	----------------	------------------	--------------

Command Default Enabled

Command ModesGlobal configuration modeVLAN configuration mode

Command History	Release	Modification
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	2	report suppression, all IGMP reports are sent as is to multicast-capable routers. s not require a license.
Examples	This example show	rs how to enable limiting the membership report traffic:
	switch(config-vla switch(config-vla	an)# ip igmp snooping report-suppression an)#
	This example show	s how to disable limiting the membership report traffic:
	switch(config)# v switch(config-vla switch(config-vla	an) # no ip igmp snooping report-suppression

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show ip igmp snooping	Displays IGMP snooping information.

ip igmp snooping static-group

To configure a Layer 2 port of a VLAN as a static member of a multicast group, use the **ip igmp snooping static-group** command. To remove the static member, use the **no** form of this command.

ip igmp snooping static-group group [source source] interface {ethernet slot/[QSFP-module/]port | port-channel number[.sub_if_number]}

no ip igmp snooping static-group *group* [**source** *source*] **interface** {**ethernet** *slot/[QSFP-module/]port* | **port-channel** *number*[*.sub_if_number*]}

Syntax Description	group	Group IP address.	
	source source	(Optional) Configures a static (S, G) channel for the source IP address.	
	interface Specifies an interface for the static group.		
	ethernet slot/[QSFP-module/]port	Specifies the Ethernet interface and the slot number and port number. The slot number is from 1 to 255. The <i>QSFP-module</i> number is from 1 to 4. The port number is from 1 to 128.	
		Note The <i>QSFP-module</i> number applies only to the QSFP+ Generic Expansion Module (GEM).	
	port-channel number	Specifies the EtherChannel interface and EtherChannel number. The range is from 1 to 4096.	
	sub_if_number	(Optional) Subinterface number. The range is from 1 to 4093.	
Command Default	None		
Command Modes	VLAN configuration mode		
Command History	Release	Modification	
	6.0(2)N1(2)	Support for the QSFP+ GEM was added.	
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines	This command does not re	quire a license.	
Examples	This example shows how t	o configure a static member of a multicast group:	
	<pre>switch(config)# vlan 1 switch(config-vlan)# ip igmp snooping static-group 230.0.0.1 interface ethernet 2/1 switch(config-vlan)#</pre>		
	Switch(Config=Vian)#		
		o remove a static member of a multicast group:	
	This example shows how t switch(config)# vlan 1	o remove a static member of a multicast group: ip igmp snooping static-group 230.0.0.1 interface ethernet 2/1	

switch(config-vlan)#

Related Commands

Command

Description show ip igmp snooping Displays IGMP snooping information.

ip igmp snooping v3-report-suppression (Global)

To configure IGMPv3 report suppression and proxy reporting for VLANs on the entire device, use the **ip igmp snooping v3-report-suppression** command. To remove IGMPv3 report suppression, use the **no** form of this command.

ip igmp snooping v3-report-suppression

no ip igmp snooping v3-report-suppression

Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Default Disabled

Command Modes Global configuration mode

Command History	Release	Modification
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines This command does not require a license.

Examples This example shows how to configure IGMPv3 report suppression and proxy reporting for VLANs: switch(config)# ip igmp snooping v3-report-suppression

This example shows how to remove IGMPv3 report suppression:

switch(config)# no ip igmp snooping v3-report-suppression

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show ip igmp snooping	Displays IGMP snooping information.

ip igmp snooping v3-report-suppression (VLAN)

To configure IGMPv3 report suppression and proxy reporting for VLANs, use the **ip igmp snooping v3-report-suppression** command. To remove IGMPv3 report suppression, use the **no** form of this command.

ip igmp snooping v3-report-suppression

no ip igmp snooping v3-report-suppression

- **Syntax Description** This command has no arguments or keywords.
- Command Default Enabled
- Command Modes VLAN configuration mode

Command History	Release	Modification
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines If this setting is disabled for the device, which is the default value, then it is disabled for all VLANs, irrespective of how you set this value for an individual VLAN. However, once you set the global setting to enabled, the settings for all the VLANs are enabled by default.

This command does not require a license.

Examples This example shows how to configure IGMPv3 report suppression and proxy reporting for specified VLANs: switch(config)# vlan 10-20

switch(config-vlan)# ip igmp snooping v3-report-suppression

This example shows how to remove IGMPv3 report suppression on specified VLANs:

switch(config)# vlan 10-20
switch(config-vlan)# no ip igmp snooping v3-report-suppression

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show ip igmp snooping	Displays IGMP snooping information.





Show Commands

This chapter describes the Cisco NX-OS IGMP snooping show commands.

show forwarding distribution ip igmp snooping

To display information about Layer 2 IGMP snooping multicast Forwarding Information Base (FIB) distribution, use the **show forwarding distribution ip igmp snooping** command.

show forwarding distribution ip igmp snooping [**vlan** *vlan-id* [**group** *group-addr* [**source** *source-addr*]]]

Syntax Description	vlan vlan-id	(Optional) Specifies a VLAN. The range is from 1 to 3967 and 4048 to 4093.
	group group-addr	(Optional) Specifies a group address.
	source source-addr	(Optional) Specifies a source address.
Command Default	None	
Command Modes	Any command 1	mode
Command History	Release	Modification
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	This command	does not require a license.
Examples	This example sh distribution:	nows how to display information about Layer 2 IGMP snooping multicast FIB
	switch(config)	# show forwarding distribution ip igmp snooping
Related Commands	Command	Description
	test forwardin distribution pe	g Tests the forwarding distribution performance of the Forwarding

show ip igmp snooping

To display information about IGMP snooping, use the show ip igmp snooping command.

show ip igmp snooping [vlan vlan-id]

Syntax Description	vlan vlan-id	(Optional) Specifies a VLAN. The range is from 1 to 3967 and 4048 to 4093. The default is all VLANs.
Command Default	Displays all VL	ANs.
Command Modes	Any command	mode
Command History	Release	Modification
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines Examples		does not require a license.
Examples	This example shows how to display information about IGMP snooping for a VLAN: switch(config) # show ip igmp snooping vlan 20 IGMP Snooping information for vlan 20 IGMP snooping enabled Optimised Multicast Flood (OMF) disabled IGMP querier none Switch-querier disabled IGMPv3 Explicit tracking enabled IGMPv2 Fast leave disabled IGMPv2 Fast leave disabled IGMPv3 Report suppression enabled IGMPv3 Report suppression enabled IGMPv3 Report suppression enabled Router port detection using PIM Hellos, IGMP Queries Number of router-ports: 1 Number of groups: 0 Active ports: Eth1/21 Pol00 switch(config) #	

show ip igmp snooping event-history

To display information in the IGMP snooping event history buffers, use the **show ip igmp snooping** event-history command.

show ip igmp snooping event-history {vpc | igmp-snoop-internal | mfdm | mfdm-sum | vlan |
vlan-events}

Syntax Description	vpc	Displays the event history buffer of type virtual port channel (vPC).	
	igmp-snoop- internalDisplays the event history buffer of type IGMP snooping internal.mfdmDisplays the event history buffer of type multicast FIB distribution (MFDM).		
	vlan	Displays the event history buffer of type VLAN.	
		vlan-events	Displays the event history buffer of type VLAN events.
Command Default	None		
Command Modes	Any command	mode	
Command History	Release	Modification	
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines Examples		does not require a license. hows how to display information in the IGMP snooping VLAN event history buffer	
Examples	switch(config)# show ip igmp snooping event-history vlan		
	2008 Apr 12 00 2008 Apr 12 00	for IGMP snoopprocess 6:30:47.790031 igmp [4588]: : IGMPv3 proxy report: no routers found 6:30:47.790012 igmp [4588]: : IGMPv3 proxy report: no records to se	
	nd 2008 Apr 12 06	6:30:47.789882 igmp [4588]: : IGMPv3 proxy report: no routers found	
	2008 Apr 12 06	6:30:47.789740 igmp [4588]: : IGMPv3 proxy report: no routers found	
	2008 Apr 12 06 nd	6:30:47.789721 igmp [4588]: : IGMPv3 proxy report: no records to se	
	2008 Apr 12 00 2008 Apr 12 00	6:30:47.789584 igmp [4588]: : IGMPv3 proxy report: no routers found 6:13:17.022028 igmp [4588]: : Received a STP Topology change notifi	
	cation, 1 vlar 2008 Apr 12 00 cation	ns 6:13:17.022023 igmp [4588]: : Received a STP Topology change notifi	
	2008 Apr 12 06 cation, 1 vlar		
	2008 Apr 12 00	6:13:15.022289 igmp [4588]: : Received a STP Topology change notifi	
cation 2008 Apr 12 06:13:14.662417 igmp [4588]: : Received a STP Topology change notifi cation, 1 vlans 2008 Apr 12 06:13:14.662412 igmp [4588]: : Received a STP Topology change notifi cation 2008 Apr 12 06:13:12.642393 igmp [4588]: : Received a STP Topology change notifi cation, 1 vlans 2008 Apr 12 06:13:12.642388 igmp [4588]: : Received a STP Topology change notifi cation 2008 Apr 12 06:13:11.946051 igmp [4588]: : Received a STP Topology change notifi cation, 1 vlans 2008 Apr 12 06:13:11.946051 igmp [4588]: : Received a STP Topology change notifi cation, 1 vlans 2008 Apr 12 06:13:11.946046 igmp [4588]: : Received a STP Topology change notifi cation <--Output truncated--> switch(config)#

Related Commands	Command	Description
	ip igmp snooping event-history	Configures the size of the IGMP snooping event history buffers.
	clear ip igmp snooping event-history	Clears information in the IGMP snooping event history buffers.

show ip igmp snooping explicit-tracking

To display information about explicit tracking for IGMP snooping, use the **show ip igmp snooping explicit-tracking** command.

show ip igmp snooping explicit-tracking [vlan vlan-id]

Syntax Description	vlan vlan-id (Optio	nal) Specifies a VLAN. The range is from 1 to 3967 and 4048 to 4093.
Command Default	None	
Command Modes	Any command mode	
Command History	Release	Modification
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	When you use this comm all VLANs. This command does not :	nand without the optional vlan argument, the system displays information for require a license.
Examples	33:	v to display information about explicit tracking for IGMP snooping for VLAN
Related Commands	Command	Description
	clear ip igmp snooping explicit-tracking vlan	Clears the IGMP snooping explicit host tracking information for VLANs.
	ip igmp snooping explicit-tracking	Enables tracking of IGMPv3 membership reports from individual hosts for each port on a VLAN.

show ip igmp snooping groups

To display information about the group membership for IGMP snooping, use the **show ip igmp snooping groups** command.

show ip igmp snooping groups [{source [group]} | {group [source]}] [vlan vlan-id] [detail]

Syntax Description	source	(Optional) Source address for route.
	group	(Optional) Group address for route.
	vlan vlan-id	(Optional) Specifies a VLAN. The range is from 1 to 3967 and 4048 to 4093.
	detail	(Optional) Displays detailed information for the group.
Command Default	None	
Command Modes	Any command	mode
Command History	Release	Modification
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	This command	does not require a license.
Examples	This example s	hows how to display information about the group membership for IGMP snooping:
)# show ip igmp snooping groups atic, D - Dynamic, R - Router port
	Vlan Group Ad 20 */* switch(config	- R Vlan20

show ip igmp snooping mrouter

To display the multicast routers detected by IGMP snooping, use the **show ip igmp snooping mrouter** command.

show ip igmp snooping mrouter [vlan vlan-id]

Syntax Description	vlan vlan-id	(Optional) Specifies a VLAN. The range is from 1 to 3967 and 4048 to 4093.
Command Default	None	
ommand Modes	Any command n	node
Command History	Release	Modification
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.
lsage Guidelines	This command c	does not require a license.
xamples	This example sh	nows how to display the multicast routers detected by IGMP snooping:
	Type: S - Stat	# show ip igmp snooping mrouter ic, D - Dynamic, V - vPC Peer Link ic, D - Dynamic, V - vPC Peer Link, I - Internal port Type Uptime Expires I 04:16:16 never (down)
	switch(config)	#

show ip igmp snooping querier

To display information about IGMP snooping queriers, use the **show ip igmp snooping querier** command.

show ip igmp snooping querier [vlan vlan-id]

Syntax Description	vlan vlan-id	(Optional) Specifies a VLAN. The range is from 1 to 3967 and 4048 to 4093.
Command Default	None	
Command Modes	Any command	mode
Command History	Release 5.2(1)N1(1)	Modification This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	This command	does not require a license.
Examples	-	hows how to display information about IGMP snooping queriers:

show ip igmp snooping statistics

To display information about IGMP snooping statistics, use the **show ip igmp snooping statistics** command.

show ip igmp snooping statistics [vlan vlan-id | global]

Syntax Description	vlan vlan-id	(Optional) Specifies a VLAN. The range is from 1 to 3967 and 4048 to 4093.
	global	(Optional) Specifies the global statistics.
Command Default	None	
Command Modes	Any command	mode
Command History	Release 5.2(1)N1(1)	Modification This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	When you use	this command without any options, the system prints statistics for all VLANs. does not require a license.
Examples	_	hows how to display information about IGMP snooping statistics for VLAN 1:)# show ip igmp snooping statistics vlan 1



MSDP Commands

I



C Commands

This chapter describes the Cisco NX-OS MSDP commands that begin with C.

I

clear ip msdp event-history

To clear information in the Multicast Source Discovery Protocol (MSDP) event history buffers, use the **clear ip msdp event-history** command.

clear ip msdp event-history

Syntax Description	This command has no ar	guments or keywords.
Command Default	None	
Command Modes	Any command mode	
Command History	Release	Modification
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	This command requires	he LAN Base Services license.
Examples	This example shows how	to clear information in the MSDP event history buffers:
	<pre>switch(config)# clear switch(config)#</pre>	ip msdp event-history
Related Commands	Command	Description
	ip msdp event-history	Configures the size of the MSDP event history buffers.
	show ip msdp event-history	Displays information in the MSDP event history buffers.

clear ip msdp peer

To clear a TCP connection to Multicast Source Discovery Protocol (MSDP) peers, use the **clear ip msdp peer** command.

clear ip msdp peer peer-address [vrf vrf-name | default | management]

Syntax Description	peer-address	IP address of the MSDP peer.
	vrf	(Optional) Clears the virtual routing and forwarding (VRF) instance information.
	vrf-name	VRF name. The name can be a maximum of 32 alphanumeric characters and is case sensitive.
	default	Specifies that the default VRF entry be cleared from the multicast routing table.
	management	Specifies that the management VRF entry be cleared from the multicast routing table.
Command Default	None	
Command Modes	Any command r	node
Command History	Release	Modification
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	This command 1	nonviros the LAN Deep Services ligence
		requires the LAN Base Services license.
Examples		nows how to clear a TCP connection to an MSDP peer:
Examples	This example sh	
Examples Related Commands	This example sh switch# clear	nows how to clear a TCP connection to an MSDP peer:

clear ip msdp policy statistics sa-policy

To clear the Source-Active (SA) policy for Multicast Source Discovery Protocol (MSDP) peers, use the **clear ip msdp policy statistics sa-policy** command.

```
clear ip msdp policy statistics sa-policy peer-address {in | out} [vrf vrf-name | default |
    management]
```

Syntax Description	peer-address	IP address of the MSDP peer for the SA policy.
Syntax Description	in	Specifies the input policy.
		Specifies the output policy.
	out vrf	
		(Optional) Clears the virtual routing and forwarding (VRF) instance information.
	vrf-name	VRF name. The name can be a maximum of 32 alphanumeric characters and is case sensitive.
	default	(Optional) Specifies that the default VRF entry be cleared from the multicast routing table.
	management	(Optional) Specifies that the management VRF entry be cleared from the multicast routing table.
Command Default	None	
Command Modes	Any command r	node
Command History	Release	Modification
-	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	This command r	requires the LAN Base Services license.
Usage Guidelines Examples		requires the LAN Base Services license.
	This example sh	
	This example sh switch# clear	nows how to clear an SA policy for an MSDP peer:

clear ip msdp route

To clear routes that match group entries in the Multicast Source Discovery Protocol (MSDP) Source-Active (SA) cache, use the **clear ip msdp route** command.

clear ip msdp route {* | group | group-prefix} [vrf {vrf-name | all | default | management}]

Syntax Description	*	Specifies all sources for the group from the SA cache.
	group	Group address in the format A.B.C.D.
	group-prefix	Group prefix in the format A.B.C.D/length.
	vrf	(Optional) Clears the virtual routing and forwarding (VRF) instance information.
	vrf-name	VRF name. The name can be a maximum of 32 alphanumeric characters and is case sensitive.
	all	Specifies that all VRF entries be cleared from the SA-cache.
	default	Specifies that the default VRF entry be cleared from the SA-cache.
	management	Specifies that the management VRF entry be cleared from the SA-cache.
Command Default	None	
Command Modes	Any command a	mode
Command History	Release	Modification
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	You can also us	e the clear ip msdp sa-cache command for the same function.
	This command	requires the LAN Base Services license.
Examples	This example sl	hows how to clear the MSDP SA cache:
	switch# clear switch#	ip msdp route *
Related Commands		ip msdp route * Description

clear ip msdp sa-cache

To clear routes that match group entries in the Multicast Source Discovery Protocol (MSDP) Source-Active (SA) cache, use the **clear ip msdp sa-cache** command.

clear ip msdp sa-cache {* | group | group-prefix} [vrf {vrf-name | all | default | management}]

Syntax Description		
erman Besserption	*	Specifies all sources for the group from the SA cache.
	group	Group address in the format A.B.C.D.
	group-prefix	Group prefix in the format A.B.C.D/length.
	vrf	(Optional) Clears the virtual routing and forwarding (VRF) instance information.
	vrf-name	VRF name. The name can be a maximum of 32 alphanumeric characters and is case sensitive.
	all	Specifies that all VRF entries be cleared from the SA-cache.
	default	Specifies that the default VRF entry be cleared from the SA-cache.
	management	Specifies that the management VRF entry be cleared from the SA-cache.
Command Default	None	
Command Modes	Any command r	node
Command History	Release	Modification
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.
Jsage Guidelines	You can also use	e the clear ip msdp route command for the same function.
Jsage Guidelines		e the clear ip msdp route command for the same function. requires the LAN Base Services license.
	This command 1	
Usage Guidelines Examples	This command n This example sh	requires the LAN Base Services license.
Examples	This command r This example sh switch# clear	requires the LAN Base Services license.
	This command n This example sh switch# clear switch#	requires the LAN Base Services license. nows how to clear the MSDP SA cache: ip msdp sa-cache Description

clear ip msdp statistics

To clear statistics for Multicast Source Discovery Protocol (MSDP) peers, use the **clear ip msdp statistics** command.

clear ip msdp statistics [peer-address] [vrf vrf-name | default | management]

Syntax Description	peer-address	(Optional) IP address of the MSDP peer.
, ,	vrf	(Optional) Clears the virtual routing and forwarding (VRF) instance information.
	vrf-name	VRF name. The name can be a maximum of 32 alphanumeric characters and is case sensitive.
	default	(Optional) Specifies that the default VRF entry be cleared from the multicast routing table.
	management	(Optional) Specifies that the management VRF entry be cleared from the multicast routing table.
Command Default	None	
Command Modes	Any command r	node
Command History	Release	Modification
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	This command r	equires the LAN Base Services license.
Examples	This example sh	ows how to clear MSDP statistics for all MSDP peers:
	switch# clear switch#	ip msdp statistics
Related Commands	Command	Description





F Commands

This chapter describes the Cisco NX-OS MSDP commands that begin with F.

feature msdp

To enable Multicast Source Discovery Protocol (MSDP), use the **feature msdp** command. To disable PIM, use the **no** form of this command.

feature msdp

no feature msdp

- Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.
- Command Default Disabled
- **Command Modes** Global configuration mode

Command History	Release	Modified
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

- Usage GuidelinesYou must enable the MSDP feature before you can configure MSDP.This command requires the LAN Base Services license.
- **Examples** This example shows how to enable a MSDP configuration: switch(config)# feature msdp switch(config#

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show running-configuration msdp	Displays the MSDP running configuration information.
	show feature	Displays the status of features on a switch.
	ip msdp peer	Configures a MSDP peer.



I Commands

This chapter describes the Cisco NX-OS MSDP commands that begin with I.

I

ip msdp description

To configure a description for the Multicast Source Discovery Protocol (MSDP) peer, use the **ip msdp description** command. To remove the description for the peer, use the **no** form of this command.

ip msdp description peer-address text

no ip msdp description *peer-address* [*text*]

Syntax Description	peer-address	IP address of MSDP peer.
	text	Text description.
Command Default	None	
Command Modes	Global configu	ation mode
Command History	Release	Modification
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	This command	requires the LAN Base Services license.
Examples	1	nows how to configure an MSDP peer description:
		<pre># ip msdp description 192.168.1.10 engineering peer</pre>
	1	nows how to remove an MSDP peer description:
	switch(config	# no ip msdp description 192.168.1.10
Related Commands	Command	Description

Displays information about MSDP peers.

show ip msdp peer

ip msdp event-history

To configure the size of the Multicast Source Discovery Protocol (MSDP) event history buffers, use the **ip msdp event-history** command. To revert to the default buffer size, use the **no** form of this command.

ip msdp event-history {cli | events | msdp-internal | routes | tcp} size buffer-size

no ip msdp event-history {cli | events | msdp-internal | routes | tcp} size buffer-size

Syntax Description	cli	Configures the CLI event history buffer.		
	events	Configures the peer-events event history buffer.		
	msdp-internal	Configures the MSDP internal event history buffer.		
	routes	Configures the routes event history buffer.		
	tcp	Configures the TCP event history buffer.		
	size	Specifies the size of the buffer to allocate.		
	buffer-size	Buffer size that is one of the following values: disabled , large , medium , or small . The default buffer size is small .		
Command Default	All history buffers are allocated as small.			
Command Modes	Any command n	node		
Command History	Release	Modification		
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.		
Usage Guidelines	This command r	equires the LAN Base Services license.		
Examples	This example shows how to configure the size of the MSDP event history buffer:			
	switch(config) switch(config)	# ip msdp event-history events size medium #		
Related Commands	Command	Description		
	clear ip routing multicast event-history	g Clears information in the IPv4 MRIB event history buffers.		

Command	Description
show routing ip multicast event-history	Displays information in the IPv4 MRIB event history buffers.
show running-config msdp	Displays information about the running-system MSDP configuration.

ip msdp flush-routes

To flush routes when the Multicast Source Discovery Protocol (MSDP) process is restarted, use the **ip msdp flush-routes** command. To leave routes in place, use the **no** form of this command.

ip msdp flush-routes

no ip msdp flush-routes

Syntax Description	This command has no	arguments or keywords.
--------------------	---------------------	------------------------

Command Default The routes are not flushed.

Command Modes Global configuration mode

Command History	Release	Modification
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Usage GuidelinesTo display whether flush routes are configured, use this command line:
switch(config)# show running-config | include flush-routesThis command requires the LAN Base Services license.

ExamplesThis example shows how to configure flushing routes when the MSDP process is restarted:
switch(config)# ip msdp flush-routesThis example shows how to configure leaving routes when the MSDP process is restarted:

switch(config)# no ip msdp flush-routes

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show running-config	Displays information about the running-system configuration.

ip msdp group-limit

To configure the Multicast Source Discovery Protocol (MSDP) maximum number of (S, G) entries that the software creates for the specified prefix, use the **ip msdp group-limit** command. To remove the group limit, use the **no** form of this command.

ip msdp group-limit *limit* source *prefix*

no ip msdp group-limit limit source prefix

Syntax Description	limit	Limit on number of groups. The range is from 0 to 4294967295. The default is no limit.
	source <i>prefix</i>	Specifies the prefix to match sources against.
Command Default	None	
Command Modes	Global configur	ration mode
Command History	Release	Modification
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	This command	requires the LAN Base Services license.
Examples	This example sh	nows how to configure the maximum number of (S, G) entries to create for a source:
	switch(config)	# ip msdp group-limit 4000 source 192.168.1.0/24
	This example sh	nows how to remove the limit entries to create:
	switch(config)	# no ip msdp group-limit 4000 source 192.168.1.0/24
Related Commands	Command	Description
neiatea commanas		•
	show ip msdp	sources Displays information about the MSDP learned sources and group limit.

ip msdp keepalive

To configure a Multicast Source Discovery Protocol (MSDP) peer keepalive interval and timeout, use the **ip msdp keepalive** command. To reset the timeout and interval to the default, use the **no** form of this command.

ip msdp keepalive peer-address interval timeout

no ip msdp keepalive *peer-address* [*interval timeout*]

Syntax Description	peer-address	IP address of an MSDP peer.
	interval	Keepalive interval in seconds. The range is from 1 to 60. The default is 60.
	timeout	Keepalive timeout in seconds. The range is from 1 to 90. The default is 90.
Command Default	1	nterval is 60 seconds. imeout is 90 seconds.
Command Modes	Global configur	ration mode
Command History	Release	Modification
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.
Jsage Guidelines	This command	requires the LAN Base Services license.
		requires the LAN Base Services license. nows how to configure an MSDP peer keepalive interval and timeout:
	This example sl	
	This example sl switch(config)	nows how to configure an MSDP peer keepalive interval and timeout:
	This example sl switch(config) This example sl	nows how to configure an MSDP peer keepalive interval and timeout: # ip msdp keepalive 192.168.1.10 60 80
Usage Guidelines Examples Related Commands	This example sl switch(config) This example sl	nows how to configure an MSDP peer keepalive interval and timeout: # ip msdp keepalive 192.168.1.10 60 80 nows how to reset a keepalive interval and timeout to the default:

ip msdp mesh-group

To configure a Multicast Source Discovery Protocol (MSDP) mesh group with a peer, use the **ip msdp mesh-group** command. To remove the peer from one or all mesh groups, use the **no** form of this command.

ip msdp mesh-group peer-address name

no ip msdp mesh-group peer-address [name]

Syntax Description	peer-address	IP address of an MSDP peer in a mesh group.
	name	Name of a mesh group.
Command Default	None	
Command Modes	Global configur	ration mode
Command History	Release	Modification
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	This command	requires the LAN Base Services license.
Examples	This example s	nows how to configure a mesh group with a peer:
	switch(config)	<pre># ip msdp mesh-group 192.168.1.10 my_admin_mesh</pre>
	-	nows how to remove a peer from a mesh group:
	switch(config)	<pre># no ip msdp mesh-group 192.168.1.10 my_admin_mesh</pre>
Related Commands	Command	Description
	show ip msdp mesh-group	Displays information about MSDP mesh groups.

ip msdp originator-id

To configure the IP address used in the RP field of a Source-Active message entry, use the **ip msdp originator-id** command. To reset the value to the default, use the **no** form of this command.

no ip msdp originator-id [{**ethernet** *slot*/[*QSFP-module*/]*port* | **loopback** *if_number* | **port-channel** *number* | **vlan** *vlan-id*}]

Syntax Description	ethernet slot/[QSFP-module/]port	Specifies the Ethernet interface and the slot number and port number. The slot number is from 1 to 255. The <i>QSFP-module</i> number is from 1 to 4. The port number is from 1 to 128.	
		Note The <i>QSFP-module</i> number applies only to the QSFP+ Generic Expansion Module (GEM).	
	loopback if_number	Specifies the loopback interface. The loopback interface number is from 0 to 1023.	
	port-channel number	Specifies the EtherChannel interface and EtherChannel number. The range is from 1 to 4096.	
	vlan vlan-id	Specifies the VLAN interface. The range is from 1 to 4094.	
Command Default	The MSDP process uses the	ne RP address of the local system.	
Command Modes	Global configuration mode	3	
Command History	Release	Modification	
	6.0(2)N1(2)	Support for the QSFP+ GEM was added.	
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines	This command requires the	e LAN Base Services license.	
Examples	-	to configure the IP address used in the RP field of SA messages: originator-id loopback0	
	-	to reset the RP address to the default: sdp originator-id loopback0	

ip msdp originator-id {**ethernet** *slot/[QSFP-module/]port |* **loopback** *if_number |* **port-channel** *number |* **vlan** *vlan-id*}

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show ip msdp summary	Displays a summary of MDSP information.

ip msdp password

To enable a Multicast Source Discovery Protocol (MSDP) MD5 password for the peer, use the **ip msdp password** command. To disable an MD5 password for a peer, use the **no** form of this command.

ip msdp password peer-address password

no ip msdp password peer-address [password]

Syntax Description	peer-address	IP address of an MSDP peer.
	password	MD5 password.
Command Default	None	
Command Modes	Global configu	ration mode
Command History	Release	Modification
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	This command	requires the LAN Base Services license.
Examples	-	hows how to enable an MD5 password for a peer:
)# ip msdp password 192.168.1.10 my_password hows how to disable an MD5 password for a peer:
	-)# no ip msdp password 192.168.1.10
Related Commands	Command	Description
	show ip msdp	

ip msdp peer

To configure a Multicast Source Discovery Protocol (MSDP) peer with the specified peer IP address, use the **ip msdp peer** command. To remove an MDSP peer, use the **no** form of this command.

ip msdp peer *peer-address* **connect-source** {**ethernet** *slot/[QSFP-module/]port* | **loopback** *if_number* | **port-channel** *number* | **vlan** *vlan-id*} [**remote-as** *asn*]

no ip msdp peer *peer-address* [**connect-source** {**ethernet** *slot/[QSFP-module/]port* | **loopback** *if_number* | **port-channel** *number* | **vlan** *vlan-id*}] [**remote-as** *asn*]

Syntax Description	peer-address	IP address of the MSDP peer.	
	connect-source	Configures a local IP address for a TCP connection.	
	ethernet slot/[QSFP-module/]port	Specifies the Ethernet interface and the slot number and port number. The slot number is from 1 to 255. The <i>QSFP-module</i> number is from 1 to 4. The port number is from 1 to 128.	
		Note The <i>QSFP-module</i> number applies only to the QSFP+ Generic Expansion Module (GEM).	
	loopback if_number	Specifies the loopback interface. The loopback interface number is from 0 to 1023.	
	port-channel number	Specifies the EtherChannel interface and EtherChannel number. The range is from 1 to 4096.	
	vlan vlan-id	Specifies the VLAN interface. The range is from 1 to 4094.	
	remote-as asn	(Optional) Configures a remote autonomous system (AS) number.	
Command Default	None		
Command Modes	Global configuration mode	e	
Command History	Release	Modification	
	6.0(2)N1(2)	Support for the QSFP+ GEM was added.	
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines	The software uses the source IP address of the interface for the TCP connection with the peer. If the AS number is the same as the local AS, then the peer is within the Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM) domain; otherwise, this peer is external to the PIM domain.		
	This command requires th	e LAN Base Services license.	
Examples	This example shows how t	to configure an MSDP peer:	
	<pre>switch(config)# ip msdp peer 192.168.1.10 connect-source ethernet 1/0 remote-as 8</pre>		

This example shows how to remove an MSDP peer:

switch(config)# no ip msdp peer 192.168.1.10

Related Commands

nands	Command	Description
	show ip msdp	Displays a summary of MSDP information.
	summary	

ip msdp reconnect-interval

To configure a reconnect interval for the TCP connection, use the **ip msdp reconnect-interval** command. To reset a reconnect interval to the default, use the **no** form of this command.

ip msdp reconnect-interval interval

no ip msdp reconnect-interval [interval]

Syntax Description	internal Roo	onnect interval in seconds. The range is from 1 to 60. The default is 10.	
Syntax Description	<i>interval</i> Rec	Siniect interval in seconds. The range is from 1 to 60. The default is 10.	
Command Default	The reconnect interva	is 10 seconds.	
Command Modes	Global configuration	node	
Command History	Release	Modification	
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines	This command require	es the LAN Base Services license.	
Examples	-	ow to configure a reconnect interval for the TCP connection:	
	This example shows how to reset a reconnect interval to the default:		
	<pre>switch(config)# no</pre>	ip msdp reconnect-interval	
Related Commands	Command	Description	
	show ip msdp peer	Displays information about MSDP peers.	

ip msdp sa-interval

To configure the interval at which the software transmits Source-Active (SA) messages, use the **ip msdp sa-interval** command. To reset the interval to the default, use the **no** form of this command.

ip msdp sa-interval interval

no ip msdp sa-interval [interval]

Syntax Description	interval	SA transmission interval in seconds. The range is from from 60 to 65,535. The default is 60.
Command Default	The SA messag	ge interval is 60 seconds.
Command Modes	Global configu	ration mode
Command History	Release	Modification
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	switch(config	SA interval configuration command, use this command line:)# show running-config include sa-interval requires the LAN Base Services license.
Examples	switch(config	hows how to configure an SA transmission interval:) # ip msdp sa-interval 100 hows how to reset the interval to the default:) # no ip msdp sa-interval
Related Commands	Command show running	Description -config Displays information about the running-system configuration.

ip msdp sa-limit

To configure a limit on the number of (S, G) entries accepted from the peer, use the **ip msdp sa-limit** command. To remove the limit, use the **no** form of this command.

ip msdp sa-limit peer-address limit

no ip msdp sa-limit peer-address [limit]

Syntax Description	peer-address	IP address of an MSDP peer.
	limit	Number of (S, G) entries. The range is from 0 to 4294967295. The default is none.
Command Default	None	
Command Modes	Global configu	ration mode
Command History	Release	Modification
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	This command	requires the LAN Base Services license.
Examples	This example s	nows how to configure a Source-Active (SA) limit for a peer:
	switch(config)	# ip msdp sa-limit 192.168.1.10 5000
	This example s	nows how to reset the limit to the default:
	switch(config)	# no ip msdp sa-limit 192.168.1.10
Related Commands	Command	Description

Displays information about MSDP peers.

show ip msdp peer

ip msdp sa-policy in

To enable filtering of incoming Multicast Source Discovery Protocol (MSDP) Source-Active (SA) messages, use the **ip msdp sa-policy in** command. To disable filtering, use the **no** form of this command.

ip msdp sa-policy peer-address policy-name in

no ip msdp sa-policy peer-address policy-name in

Syntax Description	peer-address	IP address of an MSDP peer.
	policy-name	Route-map policy name.
Command Default	Disabled	
Command Modes	Global configu	ration mode
Command History	Release	Modification
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	This command	requires the LAN Base Services license.
Examples	This example s	hows how to enable filtering of incoming SA messages:
	<pre>switch(config)# ip msdp sa-policy 192.168.1.10 my_incoming_sa_policy in</pre>	
	This example s	hows how to disable filtering:
	switch(config	# no ip msdp sa-policy 192.168.1.10 my_incoming_sa_policy in
Related Commands	Command	Description
	show ip msdp	peer Displays information about MSDP peers.

ip msdp sa-policy out

To enable filtering of outgoing Source-Active (SA) messages, use the **ip msdp sa-policy out** command. To disable filtering, use the **no** form of this command.

ip msdp sa-policy peer-address policy-name out

no ip msdp sa-policy peer-address policy-name out

Syntax Description	peer-address	IP address of an MSDP peer.	
	policy-name	Route-map policy name.	
Command Default	Disabled		
Command Modes	Global configu	ration mode	
Command History	Release	Modification	
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines	This command	requires the LAN Base Services license.	
Examples	This example s	hows how to enable filtering of SA messages:	
	<pre>switch(config)# ip msdp sa-policy 192.168.1.10 my_incoming_sa_policy out</pre>		
	This example s	hows how to disable filtering:	
	switch(config)	# no ip msdp sa-policy 192.168.1.10 my_incoming_sa_policy out	
Related Commands	Command	Description	

Displays information about MSDP peers.

show ip msdp peer
ip msdp shutdown

To shut down a Multicast Source Discovery Protocol (MSDP) peer, use the **ip msdp shutdown** command. To enable the peer, use the **no** form of this command.

ip msdp shutdown peer-address

no ip msdp shutdown peer-address

Syntax Description	peer-address IP ac	ldress of an MSDP peer.	
Command Default	Enabled		
Command Modes	Global configuration n	node	
Command History	Release	Modification	
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines	This command require	s the LAN Base Services license.	
Examples	This example shows he	ow to disable an MSDP peer:	
	switch(config)# ip msdp shutdown 192.168.1.10		
	This example shows he	ow to enable an MSDP peer:	
	switch(config)# no i	p msdp shutdown 192.168.1.10	
Related Commands	Command	Description	
	show ip msdp peer	Displays information about MSDP peers.	



R Commands

This chapter describes the Cisco NX-OS MSDP commands that begin with R.

I

restart msdp

To restart the Multicast Source Discovery Protocol (MSDP) process, use the restart msdp command.

restart msdp

Syntax Description	This command has no arguments or keywords.
e finan Beeenparen	This command has no arguments of key words.

Command Default None

Command Modes Any command mode

Command History	Release	Modification
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

- **Usage Guidelines** This command requires the LAN Base Services license.
- **Examples** This example shows how to restart the MSDP process: switch(config)# restart msdp

Related Commands	Command	Description
	ip msdp flush-routes	Enables flushing routes when the MSDP process is restarted.



Show Commands

This chapter describes the Cisco NX-OS MSDP show commands.

I

show ip msdp count

To display information about Multicast Source Discovery Protocol (MSDP) counts, use the **show ip msdp count** command.

show ip msdp count [asn] [vrf {vrf-name | all}]

Syntax Description		
<i>'</i>	asn	(Optional) Autonomous system (AS) number.
	vrf	(Optional) Applies to a virtual routing and forwarding (VRF) instance.
	vrf-name	VRF name. The name can be a maximum of 32 alphanumeric characters and is case sensitive.
	all	Specifies all VRFs.
Command Default	None	
Command Modes	Any command	mode
Command History	Release	Modification
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	This command	I requires the LAN Base Services license.
Usage Guidelines Examples		I requires the LAN Base Services license. shows how to display MSDP counts:

show ip msdp event-history

To display information in the Multicast Source Discovery Protocol (MSDP) event history buffers, use the **show ip msdp event-history** command.

show ip msdp event-history {errors | msgs | statistics}

<u> </u>		
Syntax Description		Displays events of type error.
	msgs D	Displays events of type msg.
	statistics D	Displays events of type statistics.
Command Default	None	
Command Modes	Any command mod	le
Command History	Release	Modification
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.
Examples	This example show	s how to display information in the MSDP msgs event history buffer:
	switch(config)# s	how ip msdp event-history msgs
Related Commands	<pre>switch(config)# s Command</pre>	blow ip msdp event-history msgs Description
Related Commands		

show ip msdp mesh-group

To display information about Multicast Source Discovery Protocol (MSDP) mesh groups, use the **show ip msdp mesh-group** command.

show ip msdp mesh-group [mesh-group] [vrf {vrf-name | all}]

Syntax Description	mesh-group	(Optional) Mesh group name.
, ,	vrf	(Optional) Applies to a virtual routing and forwarding (VRF) instance.
	vrf-name	VRF name. The name can be a maximum of 32 alphanumeric characters and is case sensitive.
	all	Specifies all VRFs.
Command Default	None	
Command Modes	Any command	mode
Command History	Release	Modification
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	This command	requires the LAN Base Services license.
Examples	This example s	hows how to display information about MSDP mesh groups:

show ip msdp peer

To display information about Multicast Source Discovery Protocol (MSDP) peers, use the **show ip msdp peer** command.

show ip msdp peer [peer-address] [vrf {vrf-name | all}]

Syntax Description	peer-address	(Optional) IP address of an MSDP peer.
	vrf	(Optional) Applies to a virtual routing and forwarding (VRF) instance.
	vrf-name	VRF name. The name can be a maximum of 32 alphanumeric characters and is case sensitive.
	all	Specifies all VRFs.
Command Default	None	
Command Modes	Any command a	mode
Command History	Release	Modification
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	This command	requires the LAN Base Services license.
Examples	-	nows how to display information about MSDP peers: # show ip msdp peer

show ip msdp policy statistics sa-policy

To display information about Multicast Source Discovery Protocol (MSDP) Source-Active (SA) policies, use the **show ip msdp policy statistics sa-policy** command.

show ip msdp policy statistics sa-policy peer-address {in | out} [vrf {vrf-name}]

Syntax Description	peer-address	IP address of the MSDP peer for the SA policy.
, ,	in	Specifies the input policy.
	out	Specifies the output policy.
	vrf	(Optional) Applies to a virtual routing and forwarding (VRF) instance.
	vrf-name	VRF name. The name can be a maximum of 32 alphanumeric characters and is case sensitive.
Command Default	None	
Command Modes	Any command	mode
Command History	Release	Modification
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	This command	requires the LAN Base Services license.
-		
Examples	This example s	hows how to display information about MSDP SA policies:
	-)# show ip msdp policy statistics sa-policy 192.168.1.10 in
	,	

show ip msdp route

To display information about the Multicast Source Discovery Protocol (MSDP) Source-Active (SA) cache, use the **show ip msdp route** command.

Syntax Description	source	Source address for SA cache information.
	group	(Optional) Group address for SA cache information.
	asn	(Optional) Autonomous system (AS) number.
	peer peer	(Optional) Specifies the IP address of a peer.
	detail	(Optional) Displays detailed information.
	vrf	(Optional) Applies to a virtual routing and forwarding (VRF) instance.
		VRF name. The name can be a maximum of 32 alphanumeric characters and is case sensitive.
	all	Specifies all VRFs.
Command Default	None	
Command Modes	Any command mo	ode
Command History	Release	Modification
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	The show ip msd	p sa-cache command is an alternative form of this command.
	This command rec	quires the LAN Base Services license.
Examples	This example show	ws how to display information about the MSDP SA cache:
	<pre>switch(config)#</pre>	show ip msdp route
Deleted Community	Commond	Description
Related Commands	Command	Description
	clear ip msdp ro	
	snow ip msap sa	-cache Displays information about the MSDP SA cache.

show ip msdp rpf

To display information about the Multicast Source Discovery Protocol (MSDP) next-hop autonomous system (AS) on the Border Gateway Protocol (BGP) path to a rendezvous point (RP) address, use the **show ip msdp rpf** command.

show ip msdp rpf rp-address [vrf {vrf-name all}]

Syntax Description	rp-address	IP address of the RP.
	vrf	(Optional) Applies to a virtual routing and forwarding (VRF) instance.
	vrf-name	VRF name. The name can be a maximum of 32 alphanumeric characters and is case sensitive.
	all	Specifies all VRFs.
Command Default	None	
Command Modes	Any command	mode
Command History	Release	Modification
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines Examples	This command requires the LAN Base Services license. This example shows how to display information about MSDP reverse path forwarding (RPF) peers:	
	1)# show ip msdp rpf 192.168.1.10
	Switchi(Contig	/π 5450w 1p m84p 1p1 132.100.1.10

show ip msdp sa-cache

To display information about the Multicast Source Discovery Protocol (MSDP) Source-Active (SA) cache, use the **show ip msdp sa-cache** command.

show ip msdp sa-cache [{source [group]} | {group [source]}] [asn] [peer peer] [detail] [vrf
{vrf-name | all}]

Syntax Description	<i>source</i> So	urce address for SA cache information.
	group (O	ptional) Group address for SA cache information.
	asn (O	ptional) Autonomous system (AS) number.
	peer peer (O	ptional) Specifies the IP address of a peer.
	detail (O	ptional) Displays detailed information.
	vrf (O	ptional) Applies to a virtual routing and forwarding (VRF) instance.
	•	RF name. The name can be a maximum of 32 alphanumeric characters and is case nsitive.
	all Sp	ecifies all VRFs.
Command Default	None	
Command Modes	Any command mode	
Command History	Release	Modification
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	The show ip msdp r	oute command is an alternative form of this command.
	This command requi	res the LAN Base Services license.
Examples	This example shows	how to display information about the MSDP SA cache:
	<pre>switch(config)# sh</pre>	ow ip msdp sa-cache
	-	
Related Commands	Command	Description
Related Commands		che Clears routes in the MSDP Source-Active cache.

show ip msdp route

To display information about the Multicast Source Discovery Protocol (MSDP) Source-Active (SA) route cache, use the **show ip msdp route** command.

Syntax Description	source	Source address for SA cache information.
	group	(Optional) Group address for SA cache information.
	asn	(Optional) Autonomous system (AS) number.
	peer peer	(Optional) Specifies the IP address of a peer.
	detail	(Optional) Displays detailed information.
	vrf	(Optional) Applies to a virtual routing and forwarding (VRF) instance.
	vrf-name	VRF name. The name can be a maximum of 32 alphanumeric characters and is case sensitive.
	all	Specifies all VRFs.
Command Default	None	
Command Modes	Any command 1	mode
Command History	Release	Modification
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	The show ip ms	sdp route command is an alternative form of this command.
	This command	requires the LAN Base Services license.
Examples	This example sh	hows how to display information about the MSDP SA cache:
	1	
	-	# show ip msdp sa-cache
	switch(config)	
Related Commands	switch(config)	Description
Related Commands	switch(config)	Description sa-cache Clears routes in the MSDP Source-Active cache.

show ip msdp sources

To display information about Multicast Source Discovery Protocol (MSDP) learned sources, use the **show ip msdp sources** command.

show ip msdp sources [vrf {vrf-name | all}]

Syntax Description	vrf	(Optional) Applies to a virtual routing and forwarding (VRF) instance.
	vrf-name	VRF name. The name can be a maximum of 32 alphanumeric characters and is case sensitive.
	all	Specifies all VRFs.
Command Default	None	
Command Modes	Any command	mode
Command History	Release	Modification
Command History	Release 5.2(1)N1(1)	Modification This command was introduced.
Command History Usage Guidelines	5.2(1)N1(1)	

show ip msdp summary

To display summary information about Multicast Source Discovery Protocol (MSDP) peers, use the **show ip msdp summary** command.

show ip msdp summary [vrf {vrf-name | all}]

Syntax Description	vrf	(Optional) Applies to a virtual routing and forwarding (VRF) instance.
	vrf-name	VRF name. The name can be a maximum of 32 alphanumeric characters and is case sensitive.
	all	Specifies all VRFs.
Command Default	None	
Command Modes	Any command	mode
Command History	Release	Modification
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	This command	requires the LAN Base Services license.

show running-config msdp

To display information about the running-system configuration for Multicast Source Discovery Protocol (MSDP), use the **show running-config msdp** command.

show running-config msdp [all]

Syntax Description	all (Optional) Displays configured and default information.			
Command Default	None			
Command Modes	Any command mod	le		
Command History	Release	Modification		
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.		
Usage Guidelines	-	aires the LAN Base Services license.		
Examples		s how to display information about the MSDP running-system configuration:		
	switch(config)# show running-config msdp !Command: show running-config msdp !Time: Sat Apr 12 09:14:49 2008			
	version 5.2(1)N1(feature msdp	1)		
	switch(config)#			

show startup-config msdp

To display information about the startup-system configuration for Multicast Source Discovery Protocol (MSDP), use the **show startup-config msdp** command.

show startup-config msdp [all]

Syntax Description	all (Optional) Displays configured and default information.		
Command Default	None		
Command Modes	Any command mode		
Command History	Release	Modification	
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines	This command requires	the LAN Base Services license.	
Examples	-	w to display information about the startup-system configuration for MSDP:	
	switch(config)# show	startup-config msop	



PIM Commands



C Commands

This chapter describes the Cisco NX-OS PIM commands that begin with C.

clear ip mroute

To clear the multicast routing table, use the **clear ip mroute** command.

clear ip mroute {* | group [source] | group-prefix} [vrf {vrf-name | all | default | management}]

Syntax Description	*	Specifies all routes.
	group	Group address in the format A.B.C.D.
	source	(Optional) Source (S, G) route.
	group-prefix	Group prefix in the format A.B.C.D/length.
	vrf	(Optional) Clears the virtual routing and forwarding (VRF) instance information.
	v	VRF name. The name can be a maximum of 32 alphanumeric characters and is case sensitive.
	all	Specifies that all VRF entries be cleared from the multicast routing table.
	default	Specifies that the default VRF entry be cleared from the multicast routing table.
	management	Specifies that the management VRF entry be cleared from the multicast routing table.
Command Default	None	
Command Modes	Any command mo	de
	Any command mo	ode Modification
Command Modes Command History		
Command History	Release 5.2(1)N1(1)	Modification
Command History Usage Guidelines	Release 5.2(1)N1(1) The clear routing	Modification This command was introduced.
	Release 5.2(1)N1(1) The clear routing This example show	Modification This command was introduced. g multicast command is an alternative form of this command.
Command History Usage Guidelines	Release 5.2(1)N1(1) The clear routing This example show switch(config)#	Modification This command was introduced. g multicast command is an alternative form of this command. ws how to clear the multicast routing table:
Command History Usage Guidelines Examples	Release 5.2(1)N1(1) The clear routing This example show switch(config)# switch(config)# command	Modification This command was introduced. s multicast command is an alternative form of this command. ws how to clear the multicast routing table: clear ip mroute *

clear ip pim event-history

To clear information in the IPv4 Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM) event history buffers, use the **clear ip pim event-history** command.

clear ip pim event-history

Syntax Description	This command has no an	rguments or keywords.
Command Default	None	
Command Modes	Any command mode	
Command History	Release	Modification
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	This command requires	the LAN Base Services license.
Examples	This example shows how	w to clear information in the PIM event history buffers:
	<pre>switch(config)# clear switch(config)#</pre>	ip pim event-history
Related Commands	Command	Description
	ip pim event-history	Configures the size of the PIM event history buffers.
	show ip pim event-history	Displays information in the PIM event history buffers.

clear ip pim interface statistics

To clear Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM) counters for a specified interface, use the **clear ip pim interface statistics** command.

clear ip pim interface statistics [ethernet *slot/[QSFP-module/]port* | **port-channel** *channel-number[.sub_if-number]* | **vlan** *vlan-id*]

Syntax Description	ethernet slot/[QSFP-module/]port	(Optional) Specifies the Ethernet interface. The slot number is from 1 to 255. The <i>QSFP-module</i> number is from 1 to 4. The <i>port</i> number is from 1 to 128.
		Note The <i>QSFP-module</i> number applies only to the QSFP+ Generic Expansion Module (GEM).
	port-channel number	(Optional) Specifies the EtherChannel interface and EtherChannel number. The range is from 1 to 4096.
	sub_if-number	(Optional) Subinterface number. The range is from 1 to 4093.
	vlan vlan-id	(Optional) Specifies the VLAN. The range is from 1 to 4094.
Command Default	None	
Command Modes	Any command mode	
Command History	Release	Modification
	6.0(2)N1(2)	Support for the QSFP+ GEM was added.
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	This command requires the	e LAN Base Services license.
Examples	This example shows how t	to clear the PIM counters for a specified interface:
	switch# clear ip pim in switch#	terface statistics ethernet 2/1
Related Commands	Command	Description
		Displays PIM statistics.

clear ip pim policy statistics

To clear Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM) policy counters, use the **clear ip pim policy statistics** command.

clear ip pim policy statistics {jp-policy | neighbor-policy } {ethernet slot/[QSFP-module/]port |
 port-channel channel-number[.sub_if-number] | vlan vlan-id}

clear ip pim policy statistics register-policy [vrf {vrf-name | all | default | management}]

Syntax Description	jp-policy	Specifies statistics for the join-prune policy.
	neighbor- policy	Specifies statistics for the neighbor policy.
	ethernet slot/[QSFP-module/]port	Specifies the Ethernet interface and the slot number and port number. The slot number is from 1 to 255. The <i>QSFP-module</i> number is from 1 to 4. The port number is from 1 to 128.
		Note The <i>QSFP-module</i> number applies only to the QSFP+ Generic Expansion Module (GEM).
	port-channel number	Specifies the EtherChannel interface and EtherChannel number. The range is from 1 to 4096.
	sub_if-number	(Optional) Subinterface number. The range is from 1 to 4093.
	vlan	Specifies the VLAN.
	vlan-id	VLAN number. The range is from 1 to 4094.
	register-policy	Specifies statistics for the register policy.
	vrf	(Optional) Clears the virtual routing and forwarding (VRF) instance information.
	vrf-name	VRF name. The name can be a maximum of 32 alphanumeric characters and is case sensitive.
	all	Specifies that all VRF entries be cleared from the IPv4 multicast routing table.
	default	Specifies that the default VRF entry be cleared from the IPv4 multicast routing table.
	management	Specifies that the management VRF entry be cleared from the IPv4 multicast routing table.
Command Default	None	
Command Modes	Any command mode	
Command History	Release	Modification
	6.0(2)N1(2)	Support for the QSFP+ GEM was added.
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines This command requires the LAN Base Services license.

Examples	This example shows how to clear PIM register policy counters:		
	<pre>switch# clear ip pim policy statistics register-policy switch#</pre>		

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show ip pim policy statistics	Displays PIM policy statistics.

clear ip pim route

To clear routes specific to Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM) for IPv4, use the **clear ip pim route** command.

clear ip pim route {*|group [source]|group-prefix} [vrf {vrf-name | all | default | management}]

group Group address in the format A.B.C.D. source (Optional) Source (S, G) route. group-prefix Group prefix in the format A.B.C.D.llength. vrf (Optional) Clears the virtual routing and forwarding (VRF) instance information. vrf (Optional) Clears the virtual routing and forwarding (VRF) instance information. vrf (Optional) Clears the virtual routing and forwarding (VRF) instance information. vrf (Optional) Clears the virtual routing and forwarding (VRF) instance information. vrf (Optional) Clears the virtual routing and forwarding (VRF) instance information. vrf (Optional) Clears the virtual routing and forwarding (VRF) instance information. vrf-name VRF name. The name can be a maximum of 32 alphanumeric characters and is case sensitive. all Specifies that all VRF entry be cleared from the multicast routing table. default Specifies that the default VRF entry be cleared from the multicast routing table. management Specifies that the management VRF entry be cleared from the multicast routing table. Command Default None Command Modes Any command mode Usage Guidelines This command requires the LAN Base Services license. Examples This example shows how to clear the all the routes specific to PIM:	Syntax Description	*	Specifies all routes.
group-prefix Group prefix in the format A.B.C.D/length. vrf (Optional) Clears the virtual routing and forwarding (VRF) instance information. vrf-name VRF name. The name can be a maximum of 32 alphanumeric characters and is case sensitive. all Specifies that all VRF entries be cleared from the multicast routing table. default Specifies that the default VRF entry be cleared from the multicast routing table. management Specifies that the default VRF entry be cleared from the multicast routing table. management Specifies that the management VRF entry be cleared from the multicast routing table. Command Default None Command Modes Any command mode Usage Guidelines This command requires the LAN Base Services license. Examples This example shows how to clear the all the routes specific to PIM: switch(config) # clear ip pin route * switch(config) # Related Commands Command Description		group	Group address in the format A.B.C.D.
vrf (Optional) Clears the virtual routing and forwarding (VRF) instance information. vrf-name VRF name. The name can be a maximum of 32 alphanumeric characters and is case sensitive. all Specifies that all VRF entries be cleared from the multicast routing table. default Specifies that the default VRF entry be cleared from the multicast routing table. default Specifies that the default VRF entry be cleared from the multicast routing table. management Specifies that the management VRF entry be cleared from the multicast routing table. Command Default None Command Modes Any command mode Command History Release Modification 5.2(1)N1(1) This command was introduced. Usage Guidelines This command requires the LAN Base Services license. Examples This example shows how to clear the all the routes specific to PIM: switch(config) # clear ip pim route * switch(config) # Related Commands Command Description		source	(Optional) Source (S, G) route.
vrf-name VRF name. The name can be a maximum of 32 alphanumeric characters and is case sensitive. all Specifies that all VRF entries be cleared from the multicast routing table. default Specifies that the default VRF entry be cleared from the multicast routing table. management Specifies that the default VRF entry be cleared from the multicast routing table. management Specifies that the default VRF entry be cleared from the multicast routing table. management Specifies that the management VRF entry be cleared from the multicast routing table. Command Default None Command Modes Any command mode Command History Release Modification 5.2(1)N1(1) This command was introduced. Usage Guidelines This command requires the LAN Base Services license. Examples This example shows how to clear the all the routes specific to PIM: switch(config) # clear ip pin route * switch(config) # Related Commands Command Description		group-prefix	Group prefix in the format A.B.C.D/length.
sensitive. all Specifies that all VRF entries be cleared from the multicast routing table. default Specifies that the default VRF entry be cleared from the multicast routing table. management Specifies that the default VRF entry be cleared from the multicast routing table. management Specifies that the management VRF entry be cleared from the multicast routing table. Command Default None Command Modes Any command mode Command History Release Modification 5.2(1)N1(1) This command was introduced. Usage Guidelines This command requires the LAN Base Services license. Examples This example shows how to clear the all the routes specific to PIM: switch(config) # clear ip pin route * switch(config) # Related Commands Command Description		vrf	(Optional) Clears the virtual routing and forwarding (VRF) instance information.
default Specifies that the default VRF entry be cleared from the multicast routing table. management Specifies that the management VRF entry be cleared from the multicast routing table. Command Default None Command Modes Any command mode Command History Release Modification 5.2(1)N1(1) This command was introduced. Usage Guidelines This command requires the LAN Base Services license. Examples This example shows how to clear the all the routes specific to PIM: switch(config) # clear ip pim route * switch(config) # Related Commands Command Description		vrf-name	1 I
management Specifies that the management VRF entry be cleared from the multicast routing table. Command Default None Command Modes Any command mode Command History Release Modification 5.2(1)N1(1) This command was introduced. Usage Guidelines This command requires the LAN Base Services license. Examples This example shows how to clear the all the routes specific to PIM: switch(config)# clear ip pim route * switch(config)# Related Commands Command Description		all	Specifies that all VRF entries be cleared from the multicast routing table.
Command Default None Command Modes Any command mode Command History Release Modification 5.2(1)N1(1) This command was introduced. Usage Guidelines This command requires the LAN Base Services license. Examples This example shows how to clear the all the routes specific to PIM: switch(config)# clear ip pim route * switch(config)# Related Commands Command Description		default	Specifies that the default VRF entry be cleared from the multicast routing table.
Command Modes Any command mode Command History Release Modification 5.2(1)N1(1) This command was introduced. Usage Guidelines This command requires the LAN Base Services license. Examples This example shows how to clear the all the routes specific to PIM: switch(config)# clear ip pim route * switch(config)# Related Commands Command Description		management	Specifies that the management VRF entry be cleared from the multicast routing table.
Command Modes Any command mode Command History Release Modification 5.2(1)N1(1) This command was introduced. Usage Guidelines This command requires the LAN Base Services license. Examples This example shows how to clear the all the routes specific to PIM: switch(config)# clear ip pim route * switch(config)# Related Commands Command Description		-	
Command History Release Modification 5.2(1)N1(1) This command was introduced. Usage Guidelines This command requires the LAN Base Services license. Examples This example shows how to clear the all the routes specific to PIM: switch(config)# clear ip pim route * switch(config)# Related Commands Command Description	Command Default	None	
5.2(1)N1(1) This command was introduced. Usage Guidelines This command requires the LAN Base Services license. Examples This example shows how to clear the all the routes specific to PIM: switch(config) # clear ip pim route * switch(config) # Related Commands Command Description	Command Modes	Any command r	node
5.2(1)N1(1) This command was introduced. Usage Guidelines This command requires the LAN Base Services license. Examples This example shows how to clear the all the routes specific to PIM: switch(config) # clear ip pim route * switch(config) # Related Commands Command Description	Command History	Release	Modification
Examples This example shows how to clear the all the routes specific to PIM: switch(config)# clear ip pim route * switch(config)# Related Commands Command Description			
switch(config)# clear ip pim route * switch(config)# Related Commands Command	Usage Guidelines	This command	requires the LAN Base Services license.
switch(config)# Related Commands Command Description	Examples	This example sh	nows how to clear the all the routes specific to PIM:
show ip pim route Displays information about PIM specific routes.	Related Commands	Command	Description
		show ip pim ro	Displays information about PIM specific routes.

clear ip pim statistics

To clear Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM) statistics counters, use the **clear ip pim statistics** command.

clear ip pim statistics [vrf {vrf-name | all | default | management}]

Syntax Description	vrf	(Optional) Clears the virtual routing and forwarding (VRF) instance information.	
	vrf-name	VRF name. The name can be a maximum of 32 alphanumeric characters and is case sensitive.	
	all	Specifies that all VRF entries be cleared from the multicast routing table.	
	default	Specifies that the default VRF entry be cleared from the multicast routing table.	
	management	Specifies that the management VRF entry be cleared from the multicast routing table.	
Command Default	None		
Command Modes	Any command r	node	
Command History	Release	Modification	
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines	This command 1	requires the LAN Base Services license.	
Examples	This example shows how to clear PIM statistics counters:		
	switch# clear switch#	ip pim statistics	
Related Commands	Command	Description	
	show ip pim st	atistics Displays PIM statistics.	

clear ip routing multicast event-history

To clear information in the IPv4 Multicast Routing Information Base (MRIB) event history buffers, use the **clear ip routing multicast event-history** command.

clear ip routing multicast event-history {cli | mfdm-debugs | mfdm-events | mfdm-stats | rib | vrf}

Syntax Description	cli	Clears the CLI event history buffer.
	mfdm-debugs	Clears the multicast FIB distribution (MFDM) debug history buffer.
	mfdm-events	Clears the MFDM events history buffer.
	mfdm-stats	Clears the MFDM sum event history buffer.
	rib	Clears the RIB event history buffer.
	vrf	Clears the virtual routing and forwarding (VRF) event history buffer.
Command Default	None	
Command Modes	Any command m	ıode
Command History	Release	Modification
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	This command d	loes not require a license.
Examples	This example shows how to clear information in the MRIB RIB event history buffer: switch(config)# clear ip routing multicast event-history rib switch(config)#	
Related Commands	Command	Description
	ip routing mult event-history	•
	show routing ip multicast event-history	Displays information in the IPv4 MRIB event history buffers.

clear routing multicast

To clear the IPv4 multicast routing table, use the clear routing multicast command.

Syntax Description	ip	(Optional) Clears IP commands.	
	ipv4	(Optional) Clears IPv4 commands.	
	*	Specifies all routes.	
	group	Group address in the format A.B.C.D.	
	source	(Optional) Source (S, G) route.	
	group-prefix	Group prefix in the format A.B.C.D/length.	
	vrf	(Optional) Clears the virtual routing and forwarding (VRF) instance information.	
	vrf-name	VRF name. The name can be a maximum of 32 alphanumeric characters and is case sensitive.	
	all	Specifies that all VRF entries be cleared from the IPv4 multicast routing table.	
	default	Specifies that the default VRF entry be cleared from the IPv4 multicast routing table.	
	management	Specifies that the management VRF entry be cleared from the IPv4 multicast routing table.	
Command Modes	Any command i		
Command History	Release	Modification	
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines	s The clear ip mroute command is an alternative form of this command.		
	This command	does not require a license.	
Examples	This example shows how to clear the IPv4 multicast routing table:		
	switch(config) switch(config)	<pre># clear routing multicast * #</pre>	

Related Commands	Command	Description
	clear ip mroute	Clears the multicast routing table.
	show routing ip multicast	Displays information about IPv4 multicast routes.





F Commands

This chapter describes the Cisco NX-OS PIM commands that begin with F.

I

feature pim

To enable Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM), use the **feature pim** command. To disable PIM, use the **no** form of this command.

feature pim

no feature pim

- Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.
- Command Default Disabled
- **Command Modes** Global configuration mode

Command History	Release	Modified
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Usage GuidelinesYou must enable the PIM feature before you can configure PIM.This command requires the LAN Base Services license.

Examples This example shows how to enable a PIM configuration: switch(config)**# feature pim** switch(config#

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show	Displays the PIM running configuration information.
	running-configuration	
	pim	
	show feature	Displays the status of features on a switch.
	ip pim sparse-mode	Enables IPv4 PIM sparse mode on an interface.



I Commands

This chapter describes the Cisco NX-OS PIM commands that begin with I.

I

ip mroute

To configure multicast reverse path forwarding (RPF) static routes, use the **ip mroute** command. To remove RPF static routes, use the **no** form of this command.

- ip mroute {ip-addr ip-mask | ip-prefix} { {next-hop | nh-prefix} | {ethernet slot/[QSFP-module/]port | loopback if_number | port-channel number | vlan vlan-id} } [pref] [vrf vrf-name]
- **no ip mroute** {*ip-addr ip-mask* | *ip-prefix*} {{*next-hop* | *nh-prefix*} | {**ethernet** *slot/[QSFP-module/]port* | **loopback** *if_number* | **port-channel** *number* | **vlan** *vlan-id*} [*pref*] [**vrf** *vrf-name*]

Syntax Description	ip-addr	IP prefix in the format i.i.i.
	ip-mask	IP network mask in the format m.m.m.m.
	ip-prefix	IP prefix and network mask length in the format x.x.x.x/m.
	next-hop	IP next-hop address in the format i.i.i.
	nh-prefix	IP next-hop prefix in the format i.i.i.i/m.
	ethernet slot/[QSFP-module/]port	Specifies the Ethernet interface and the slot number and port number. The slot number is from 1 to 255. The <i>QSFP-module</i> number is from 1 to 4. The port number is from 1 to 128.
		Note The <i>QSFP-module</i> number applies only to the QSFP+ Generic Expansion Module (GEM).
	loopback if_number	Specifies the loopback interface. The loopback interface number is from 0 to 1023.
	port-channel number	Specifies the EtherChannel interface and EtherChannel number. The range is from 1 to 4096.
	vlan vlan-id	Specifies the VLAN interface. The range is from 1 to 4094.
	pref	(Optional) Route preference. The range is from 1 to 255. The default is 1.
	vrf vrf-name	(Optional) Specifies the virtual routing and forwarding (VRF) context name. The name can be any case-sensitive, alphanumeric string up to 32 characters.

Command Default The route preference is 1.

Command Modes Global configuration mode

Command History	Release	Modification
	6.0(2)N1(2)	Support for the QSFP+ GEM was added.
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	This command does not require a license.	
------------------	---	
Examples	This example shows how to configure an RPF static route: switch(config) # ip mroute 192.0.2.33/24 192.0.2.1 switch(config) #	
	This example shows how to remove an RPF static route: switch(config)# no ip mroute 192.0.2.33/24 192.0.2.1 switch(config)#	
Related Commands	Command Description	

oommunu	beschiption
show ip mroute	Displays information about multicast routes.

ip pim anycast-rp

To configure an IPv4 Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM) Anycast-RP peer for the specified Anycast-RP address, use the **ip pim anycast-rp** command. To remove the peer, use the **no** form of this command.

ip pim anycast-rp anycast-rp rp-addr

no ip pim anycast-rp anycast-rp rp-addr

Syntax Description	anycast-rp	Anycast-RP address of the peer.	
	rp-addr	Address of RP in the Anycast-RP set.	
Command Default	None		
Command Modes	Global configu VRF configura		
Command History	Release	Modification	
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines	are used for co	d with the same Anycast-RP address forms an Anycast-RP set. The IP addresses of RPs ommunication with RPs in the set.	
	This command	requires the LAN Base Services license.	
Examples	This example s	shows how to configure a PIM Anycast-RP peer:	
	switch# configure terminal switch(config)# ip pim anycast-rp 192.0.2.3 192.0.2.31		
	This example shows how to remove a peer:		
		gure terminal g)# no ip pim anycast-rp 192.0.2.3 192.0.2.31	
Related Commands	Command	Description	
	show ip pim r	p Displays information about PIM RPs.	

ip pim auto-rp

To enable Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM) listening and forwarding of Auto-RP messages, use the **ip pim auto-rp listen** and **ip pim auto-rp forward** commands. To disable the listening and forwarding of Auto-RP messages, use the **no** form of this command.

ip pim auto-rp {listen [forward] | forward [listen]}

no ip pim auto-rp [{listen [forward] | forward [listen]}]

Syntax Description	listen	Specifies to listen to Auto-RP messages.
	forward	Specifies to forward Auto-RP messages.
Command Default	Disabled	
Command Modes	Global configu VRF configura	
Command History	Release	Modification
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	This command	requires the LAN Base Services license.
Examples	•	shows how to enable listening and forwarding of Auto-RP messages:
	This example	shows how to disable listening and forwarding of Auto-RP messages:
Related Commands	Command	Description
	show ip pim	

ip pim auto-rp mapping-agent

To configure the router as an IPv4 Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM) Auto-RP mapping agent that sends RP-Discovery messages, use the **ip pim auto-rp mapping-agent** command. To remove the mapping agent configuration, use the **no** form of this command.

ip pim auto-rp mapping-agent {**ethernet** *slot/[QSFP-module/]port* | **loopback** *if_number* | **port-channel** *number* | **vlan** *vlan-id* } [**scope** *ttl*]

no ip pim auto-rp mapping-agent [{**ethernet** slot/[QSFP-module/]port | **loopback** if_number | **port-channel** number | **vlan** vlan-id}] [**scope** ttl]

Syntax Description	ethernet slot/[QSFP-module/]port	Specifies the Ethernet interface and the slot number and port number. The slot number is from 1 to 255. The <i>QSFP-module</i> number is from 1 to 4. The port number is from 1 to 128.		
		Note The <i>QSFP-module</i> number applies only to the QSFP+ Generic Expansion Module (GEM).		
	loopback if_number	Specifies the loopback interface. The loopback interface number is from 0 to 1023.		
	port-channel number	Specifies the EtherChannel interface and EtherChannel number. The range is from 1 to 4096.		
	vlan vlan-id	Specifies the VLAN interface. The range is from 1 to 4094.		
	scope ttl	(Optional) Specifies the time-to-live (TTL) value for the scope of Auto-RP Discovery messages. The range is from 1 to 255. The default is 32.		
		Note See the ip pim border command to explicitly define a router on the edge of a PIM domain rather than using the scope argument.		
Command Default	The TTL is 32.			
Command Modes	Global configuration mod VRF configuration mode	le		
Command History	Release	Modification		
	6.0(2)N1(2)	Support for the QSFP+ GEM was added.		
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.		
Usage Guidelines		overy command is an alternative form of this command. the LAN Base Services license.		
	rins commune requires ti			

ExamplesThis example shows how to configure an Auto-RP mapping agent:
switch(config)# ip pim auto-rp mapping-agent ethernet 2/1This example shows how to remove the Auto-RP mapping agent configuration:
switch(config)# no ip pim auto-rp mapping-agent ethernet 2/1

Related Commands Com

Command	Description
ip pim border Configures a router to be on the edge of a PIM domain.	
ip pim send-rp-discovery	Configures a router as an Auto-RP mapping agent.
show ip pim rp	Displays information about PIM RPs.

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ip pim auto-rp mapping-agent-policy

To enable filtering of IPv4 IPv4 Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM) Auto-RP Discover messages, use the **ip pim auto-rp mapping-agent-policy** command. To disable filtering, use the **no** form of this command.

ip pim auto-rp mapping-agent-policy policy-name

no ip pim auto-rp mapping-agent-policy [policy-name]

Syntax Description	policy-name Route-map policy name.			
Command Default	Disabled			
Command Modes	Global configuratio VRF configuration			
Command History	Release	Modification		
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.		
Usage Guidelines		be used on client routers where you can specify mapping agent addresses. pping agent source addresses to filter messages from with the match ip multicast e-map policy.		
		ires the LAN Base Services license.		
Examples	switch(config)# i This example show	s how to enable a route-map policy to filter Auto-RP Discover messages: p pim auto-rp mapping-agent-policy my_mapping_agent_policy s how to disable filtering: o ip pim auto-rp mapping-agent-policy		
Related Commands	Command	Description		
	show ip pim rp	Displays information about PIM RPs.		

ip pim auto-rp rp-candidate

To configure an IPv4 Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM) Auto-RP candidate route processor (RP), use the **ip pim auto-rp rp-candidate** command. To remove an Auto-RP candidate RP, use the **no** form of this command.

ip pim auto-rp rp-candidate {**ethernet** *slot/[QSFP-module/]port* | **loopback** *if_number* | **port-channel** *number* | **vlan** *vlan-id* } {**group-list** *prefix*} {[**scope** *ttl*] | [**interval** *interval*] }

no ip pim auto-rp rp-candidate [{**ethernet** *slot*/[*QSFP-module/*]*port* | **loopback** *if_number* | **port-channel** *number* | **vlan** *vlan-id*}] [**group-list** *prefix*} {[**scope** *ttl*] | [**interval** *interval*]}

Syntax Description	ethernet slot/[QSFP-module/]port	Specifies the Ethernet interface and the slot number and port number. The slot number is from 1 to 255. The <i>QSFP-module</i> number is from 1 to 4. The port number is from 1 to 128.		
		Note The <i>QSFP-module</i> number applies only to the QSFP+ Generic Expansion Module (GEM).		
	loopback if_number	Specifies the loopback interface. The loopback interface number is from 0 to 1023.		
	port-channel <i>number</i> Specifies the EtherChannel interface and EtherChannel number. range is from 1 to 4096.			
	vlan vlan-id	Specifies the VLAN interface. The range is from 1 to 4094.		
	group-list prefix	Specifies the group range used for the access list.		
	scope ttl	(Optional) Specifies a time-to-live (TTL) value for the scope of Auto-RP Announce messages. The range is from 1 to 255. The default is 32.		
		Note See the ip pim border command to explicitly define a router on the edge of a PIM domain rather than using the scope argument.		
	interval interval	(Optional) Specifies an Auto-RP Announce message transmission interval in seconds. The range is from 1 to 65,535. The default is 60.		
Command Default	The TTL is 32. The Announce message int	terval is 60 seconds		
Command Modes	Global configuration mode VRF configuration mode			
Command History	Release	Modification		
	6.0(2)N1(2)	Support for the QSFP+ GEM was added.		
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.		
Usage Guidelines	The scope and interval ke	ywords can be entered once and in any order.		

	The ip pim send-rp-announce command is an alternative form of this command. Using a route map, you can add group ranges that this auto RP candidate-RP can serve.			
Note	<u> </u>			
	This command requires t	the LAN Base Services license.		
Examples	This example shows how to configure a PIM Auto-RP candidate RP: switch(config)# ip pim auto-rp rp-candidate ethernet 2/1 group-list 239.0.0.0/24			
	-	v to remove a PIM Auto-RP candidate RP: pim auto-rp rp-candidate ethernet 2/1 group-list 239.0.0.0/24		
Related Commands	Command	Description		
	ip pim send-rp-announce	Configures a PIM Auto-RP candidate RP.		
	show ip pim interface	Displays information about PIM-enabled interfaces.		

ip pim auto-rp rp-candidate-policy

To allow the Auto-RP mapping agents to filter IPv4 Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM) Auto-RP Announce messages that are based on a route-map policy, use the **ip pim auto-rp rp-candidate-policy** command. To disable filtering, use the **no** form of this command.

ip pim auto-rp rp-candidate-policy *policy-name*

no ip pim auto-rp rp-candidate-policy [policy-name]

Syntax Description	policy-name	Route-map policy name.	
Command Default	Disabled		
Command Modes	Global configur VRF configurat		
Command History	Release	Modification	
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines	command in a r	the RP and group addresses, and whether the type is ASM with the match ip multicast oute-map policy. requires the LAN Base Services license.	
Examples		nows how to allow the Auto-RP mapping agents to filter Auto-RP Announce messages:	
	<pre>switch(config)# ip pim auto-rp rp-candidate-policy my_policy</pre>		
	-	nows how to disable filtering: # no ip pim auto-rp rp-candidate-policy	
Related Commands	Command	Description	
	show ip pim rp	Displays information about PIM RPs.	

ip pim border

To configure an interface on an IPv4 Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM) border, use the **ip pim border** command. To remove an interface from a PIM border, use the **no** form of this command.

ip pim border

no ip pim border

Syntax Description	This command has no argum	nents or keywords.
--------------------	---------------------------	--------------------

- **Command Default** The interface is not on a PIM border.
- **Command Modes** Interface configuration mode

Command History	Release	Modification
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines This command requires the LAN Base Services license.

ExamplesThis example shows how to configure an interface on a PIM border:
switch(config)# ip pim borderThis example shows how to remove an interface from a PIM border:

switch(config)# no ip pim border

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show ip pim interface	Displays information about PIM-enabled interfaces.

ip pim bsr bsr-policy

To allow the bootstrap router (BSR) client routers to filter IPv4 Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM) BSR messages that are based on a route-map policy, use the **ip pim bsr bsr-policy** command. To disable filtering, use the **no** form of this command.

ip pim bsr bsr-policy policy-name

no ip pim bsr bsr-policy [policy-name]

Syntax Description	policy-name	Route-map policy name.
Command Default	Disabled	
Command Modes	Global configur VRF configurati	
Command History	Release	Modification
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	You can specify which source addresses to filter messages from with the match ip multicast command in a route-map policy. This command requires the LAN Base Services license.	
Examples	This example shows how to allow the BSR client routers to filter BSR messages: <pre>switch(config)# interface ethernet 2/2 switch(config-if)# ip pim bsr bsr-policy my_bsr_policy</pre> This example shows how to disable filtering: <pre>switch(config)# interface ethernet 2/2</pre>	
Related Commands	switch(config-	if)# no ip pim bsr bsr-policy Description
	show ip pim rp	-

ip pim bsr-candidate

To configure the router as an IPv4 Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM) bootstrap router (BSR) candidate, use the **ip pim bsr-candidate** command. To remove a router as a BSR candidate, use the **no** form of this command.

ip pim [bsr] bsr-candidate { ethernet *slot/[QSFP-module/]port* | **loopback** *if_number* | **port-channel** *number* | **vlan** *vlan-id* **} [hash-len** *hash-len*] [**priority** *priority*]

no ip pim [bsr] bsr-candidate [{ethernet slot/[QSFP-module/]port | **loopback** if_number | **port-channel** number | **vlan** vlan-id}] [**hash-len** hash-len] [**priority** priority]

	ethernet slot/[QSFP-module/]port	Specifies the Ethernet interface and the slot number and port number.
	alot (OCL'D modulo (mont	1 1
	ston [QSFF-module/]port	The slot number is from 1 to 255. The <i>QSFP-module</i> number is from 1 to 4. The port number is from 1 to 128.
		Note The <i>QSFP-module</i> number applies only to the QSFP+ Generic Expansion Module (GEM).
	loopback if_number	Specifies the loopback interface. The loopback interface number is from 0 to 1023.
	port-channel number	Specifies the EtherChannel interface and EtherChannel number. The range is from 1 to 4096.
	vlan vlan-id	Specifies the VLAN interface. The range is from 1 to 4094.
	hash-len hash-len	(Optional) Specifies the hash mask length used in BSR messages. The range is from 0 to 32. The default is 30.
	priority <i>priority</i>	(Optional) Specifies the BSR priority used in BSR messages. The range is from 0 to 255. The default is 64.
Command Default	The hash mask length is 3 The BSR priority is 64.	0.
Command Modes	Global configuration mod VRF configuration mode	e
Command History	Release	Modification
	6.0(2)N1(2)	Support for the QSFP+ GEM was added.
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	-	used to derive the BSR source IP address used in BSR messages. The LAN Base Services license.

ExamplesThis example shows how to configure a router as a BSR candidate:
switch(config)# ip pim bsr-candidate ethernet 2/2This example shows how to remove a router as a BSR candidate:
switch(config)# no ip pim bsr-candidate

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show ip pim rp	Displays information about PIM RPs.

I

ip pim bsr forward

To listen to and forward IPv4 Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM) bootstrap router (BSR) and Candidate-RP messages, use the **ip pim bsr forward** command. To disable listening and forwarding, use the **no** form of this command.

ip pim bsr forward [listen]

no ip pim bsr [forward [listen]]

Syntax Description	forward	Specifies to forward BSR and Candidate-RP messages.
	listen	(Optional) Specifies to listen to BSR and Candidate-RP messages.
Command Default	Disabled	
Command Modes	Global configur VRF configurat	
Command History	Release	Modification
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	all BSR protoco The ip pim bsr	ared as either a candidate RP or a candidate BSR will automatically listen to and forward al messages, unless an interface is configured with the domain border feature. listen command is an alternative form of this command. requires the LAN Base Services license.
Examples	This example shows how to forward BSR and Candidate-RP messages: switch(config)# ip pim bsr forward This example shows how to disable forwarding: switch(config)# no ip pim bsr forward	
Related Commands	Command ip pim bsr liste	Description en Enables listening to and forwarding of BSR messages.
	show ip pim rp	

ip pim bsr listen

To listen to and forward IPv4 Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM) bootstrap router (BSR) and Candidate-RP messages, use the **ip pim bsr listen** command. To disable listening and forwarding, use the **no** form of this command.

ip pim bsr listen [forward]

no ip pim bsr [listen [forward]]

Syntax Description	listen	Specifies to listen to BSR and Candidate-RP messages.	
	forward	(Optional) Specifies to forward BSR and Candidate-RP messages.	
Command Default	Disabled		
Command Modes	Global configur VRF configurat		
Command History	Release	Modification	
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines	A router configured as either a candidate RP or a candidate BSR will automatically listen to and forward all BSR protocol messages, unless an interface is configured with the domain border feature. The ip pim bsr forward command is an alternative form of this command.		
	This command requires the LAN Base Services license.		
Examples	This example shows how to listen to and forward BSR and Candidate-RP messages: switch(config)# ip pim bsr listen forward		
	This example shows how to disable listening and forwarding:		
	switch(config)	# no ip pim bsr listen forward	
Related Commands	Command	Description	
	ip pim bsr for		
	show ip pim rj	Displays information about PIM RPs.	

ip pim bsr rp-candidate-policy

To filter IPv4 Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM) bootstrap router (BSR) Candidate-RP messages that are based on a route-map policy, use the **ip pim bsr rp-candidate-policy** command. To disable filtering, use the **no** form of this command.

ip pim bsr rp-candidate-policy policy-name

no ip pim bsr rp-candidate-policy [policy-name]

Syntax Description	policy-name	Route-map policy name.	
Command Default	Disabled		
Command Modes	Global configur VRF configurat		
Command History	Release	Modification	
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines	You can specify the RP and group addresses, and whether the type is ASM with the match ip multicast command in a route-map policy. This command requires the LAN Base Services license.		
Examples	switch(config)	nows how to filter Candidate-RP messages: # ip pim bsr rp-candidate-policy my_bsr_rp_candidate_policy	
	This example shows how to disable message filtering: switch(config)# no ip pim bsr rp-candidate-policy		
Related Commands	Command	Description	
	show ip pim r		

ip pim dr-priority

To configure the designated router (DR) priority that is advertised in IPv4 Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM) hello messages, use the **ip pim dr-priority** command. To reset the DR priority to the default, use the **no** form of this command.

ip pim dr-priority priority

no ip pim dr-priority [*priority*]

Syntax Description	priority Prior	rity value. The range is from 1 to 4294967295. The default is 1.	
Command Default	The DR priority is 1.		
Command Modes	Interface configuration	n mode	
Command History	Release	Modification	
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines	-	s the LAN Base Services license.	
Examples	This example shows how to configure DR priority on an interface: switch(config)# interface ethernet 2/2		
	<pre>switch(config-if)# ip pim dr-priority 5</pre>		
	This example shows how to reset DR priority on an interface to the default:		
	<pre>switch(config)# inte switch(config-if)# r</pre>	erface ethernet 2/2 no ip pim dr-priority	
Related Commands	Command	Description	
	show ip pim interfac	e Displays information about PIM-enabled interfaces.	

ip pim event-history

To configure the size of the IPv4 Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM) event history buffers, use the **ip pim event-history** command. To revert to the default buffer size, use the **no** form of this command.

ip pim event-history {assert-receive | cli | hello | join-prune | null-register | packet | pim-internal | rp | vrf} size *buffer-size*

no ip pim event-history {assert-receive | cli | hello | join-prune | null-register | packet | pim-internal | rp | vrf} size *buffer-size*

Syntax Description	assert-receive	Configures the assert receive event history buffer.	
	cli	Configures the CLI event history buffer.	
	hello	Configures the hello event history buffer.	
	join-prune	Configures the join-prune event history buffer.	
	null-register	Configures the null register event history buffer.	
	packet	Configures the packet event history buffer.	
	pim-internal	Configures the PIM internal event history buffer.	
	rp	Configures the rendezvous point (RP) event history buffer.	
	vrf	Configures the virtual routing and forwarding (VRF) event history buffer.	
	size	Specifies the size of the buffer to allocate.	
	buffer-size	Buffer size is one of the following values: disabled , large , medium , or small . The default buffer size is small .	
Command Modes	Any command r	node Modification	
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines Examples	This example sh	requires the LAN Base Services license. nows how to configure the size of the PIM hello event history buffer:	
	<pre>switch(config)# ip pim event-history hello size medium switch(config)#</pre>		

Related Commands	Command	Description
	clear ip pim event-history	Clears information in the IPv4 PIM event history buffers.
	show ip pim event-history	Displays information in the IPv4 PIM event history buffers.
	show running-config pim	Displays information about the running-system PIM configuration.

ip pim flush-routes

To remove routes when the IPv4 Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM) process is restarted, use the **ip pim flush-routes** command. To leave routes in place, use the **no** form of this command.

ip pim flush-routes

no ip pim flush-routes

- **Syntax Description** This command has no arguments or keywords.
- **Command Default** The routes are not flushed.
- **Command Modes** Global configuration mode VRF configuration mode

Command History	Release	Modification	
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines	To display whether flush routes are configured, use this command line: switch(config)# show running-config include flush-routes		
	This command requ	uires the LAN Base Services license.	
Examples	Ĩ	vs how to remove routes when the PIM process is restarted:	
	-	ys how to leave routes in place when the PIM process is restarted: no ip pim flush-routes	

Related Commands	Command	Description	
	show running-config	Displays information about the running-system configuration.	

ip pim hello-authentication ah-md5

To enable an MD5 hash authentication key in IPv4 Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM) hello messages, use the **ip pim hello-authentication ah-md5** command. To disable hello-message authentication, use the **no** form of this command.

ip pim hello-authentication ah-md5 auth-key

no ip pim hello-authentication ah-md5 [*auth-key*]

Syntax Description	auth-key	MD5 authentication key. You can enter an unencrypted (cleartext) key, or one of		
		these values followed by a space and the MD5 authentication key:		
		• 0—Specifies an unencrypted (cleartext) key		
		• 3—Specifies a 3-DES encrypted key		
		• 7—Specifies a Cisco Type 7 encrypted key		
		The key can be from 1 to 16 characters.		
Command Default	Disabled			
Command Modes	Interface config	uration mode		
Command History	Release	Modification		
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.		
Usage Guidelines	-	ryption Standard (3-DES) is a strong form of encryption (168-bit) that allows sensitive be transmitted over untrusted networks. Cisco Type 7 encryption uses the algorithm from bher.		
	This command	requires the LAN Base Services license.		
Examples	This example sh	nows how to enable a 3-DES encrypted key for PIM hello-message authentication:		
	<pre>switch(config)# interface ethernet 2/2 switch(config-if)# ip pim hello-authentication-ah-md5 3 myauthkey</pre>			
	This example shows how to disable PIM hello-message authentication:			
		<pre># interface ethernet 2/2 if)# no ip pim hello-authentication-ah-md5</pre>		

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show ip pim interface	Displays information about PIM-enabled interfaces.

ip pim hello-interval

To configure the IPv4 Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM) hello-message interval on an interface, use the **ip pim hello-interval** command. To reset the hello interval to the default, use the **no** form of this command.

ip pim hello-interval interval

no ip pim hello-interval [interval]

Syntax Description	interval	Interv	al in milliseconds. The range is from 1 to 18,724,286. The default is 30000.
		Note	We do not support agressive hello intervals. Any value below 30000 milliseconds is an aggressive PIM hello-interval value.
Command Default	The PIM hello	interval	is 30,000 milliseconds.
Command Modes	Interface confi	guration	mode
Command History	Release		Modification
	5.2(1)N1(1)		This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	vPC and with o	dual sups	VPC vs non-VPC cases, and also with single vs dual sup cases, Basically for one needs to use default timers. the neighbor hold time is automatically set to is recommended to use BFD for PIM instead of non-default timers.
	This command	roquiros	
Examples		-	the LAN Base Services license. w to configure the PIM hello-message interval on an interface:
Examples	This example s	shows hov	the LAN Base Services license.
Examples	This example s switch(config switch(config	shows how ()# inter (-if)# ig	the LAN Base Services license. w to configure the PIM hello-message interval on an interface: face ethernet 2/2
Examples	This example s switch(config switch(config This example s switch(config	shows hov ()# inter (-if)# ig (shows hov ()# inter	the LAN Base Services license. w to configure the PIM hello-message interval on an interface: face ethernet 2/2 o pim hello-interval 20000
Examples Related Commands	This example s switch(config switch(config This example s switch(config	shows hov ()# inter (-if)# ig (shows hov ()# inter	the LAN Base Services license. w to configure the PIM hello-message interval on an interface: face ethernet 2/2 o pim hello-interval 20000 w to reset the PIM hello-message interval on an interface to the default: face ethernet 2/2

ip pim jp-policy

To filter IPv4 Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM) join-prune messages that are based on a route-map policy, use the **ip pim jp-policy** command. To disable filtering, use the **no** form of this command.

ip pim jp-policy policy-name [in | out]

no ip pim jp-policy [policy-name]

Syntax Description	policy-name	Route-map policy name.	
	in	Specifies that the system applies a filter only for incoming messages.	
	out	Specifies that the system applies a filter only for outgoing messages.	
Command Default	Disabled; no fi	lter is applied for either incoming or outgoing messages.	
Command Modes	Interface config	guration mode	
Command History	Release	Modification	
-	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.	
	 filtering only incoming messages, use the optional in keyword; to specify filtering only outgoing messages, use the optional out keyword. When you enter the command with no keywords, that is no explicit direction, the system rejects further configurations if given with explicit direction. Use the ip pim jp-policy command to filter incoming messages. You can configure the route map to prevent state from being created in the multicast routing table. You can specify group, group and source, or group and RP addresses to filter messages with the match ip multicast command. 		
	This command requires the LAN Base Services license.		
Examples	This example s	hows how to filter PIM join-prune messages:	
	<pre>switch(config)# interface ethernet 2/2 switch(config-if)# ip pim jp-policy my_jp_policy</pre>		
	This example shows how to disable filtering:		
	<pre>switch(config)# interface ethernet 2/2 switch(config-if)# no ip pim jp-policy</pre>		

Related Commands

Command	Description
show ip pim interface	Displays information about PIM-enabled interfaces.

ip pim log-neighbor-changes

To generate syslog messages that list the IPv4 Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM) neighbor state changes, use the **ip pim log-neighbor-changes** command. To disable messages, use the **no** form of this command.

ip pim log-neighbor-changes

no ip pim log-neighbor-changes

Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Default Disabled

Command ModesGlobal configuration modeVRF configuration mode

Command History	Release	Modification	
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.	

Usage Guidelines This command requires the LAN Base Services license.

 Examples
 This example shows how to generate syslog message that list the PIM neighbor state changes:

 switch(config)# ip pim log-neighbor-changes

 This example shows how to disable logging:

switch(config) # no ip pim log-neighbor-changes

Related Commands	Command	Description
	logging level ip pim	Configures the logging level of PIM messages.

ip pim neighbor-policy

To configure a route-map policy that determines which IPv4 Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM) neighbors should become adjacent, use the **ip pim neighbor-policy** command. To reset to the default, use the **no** form of this command.

ip pim neighbor-policy policy-name

no ip pim neighbor-policy [policy-name]

Syntax Description	policy-name	Route-map policy name.
Command Default	Forms adjacent	cy with all neighbors.
Command Modes	Interface config	guration mode
Command History	Release 5.2(1)N1(1)	Modification This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	adjacent to.	e match ip address command in a route-map policy to specify which groups to become requires the LAN Base Services license.
Examples	adjacent: switch(config switch(config This example s switch(config	hows how to configure a policy that determines which PIM neighbors should become)# interface ethernet 2/2 -if)# ip pim neighbor-policy hows how to reset to the default:)# interface ethernet 2/2 -if)# no ip pim neighbor-policy
Related Commands	Command show ip pim in	Description nterface Displays information about PIM-enabled interfaces.

ip pim pre-build-spt

To prebuild the shortest path tree (SPT) for all known (S,G) in the routing table by triggering Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM) joins upstream, use the **ip pim pre-build-spt** command. To reset to the default, use the **no** form of this command.

ip pim pre-build-spt

no ip pim pre-build-spt

Syntax Description	This command	has no arguments	or keywords.
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Command Default Joins are triggered only if the OIF list is not empty.

Command Modes VRF configuration mode

Command History	Release	Modification
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines To prebuild the SPT for all known (S,G)s in the routing table by triggering PIM joins upstream, even in the absence of any receivers, use the **ip pim pre-build-spt** command.

By default, PIM (S,G) joins are triggered upstream only if the OIF-list for the (S,G) is not empty. It is useful in certain scenarios—for example, on the virtual port-channel (vPC) nonforwarding router—to prebuild the SPTs and maintain the (S,G) states even when the system is not forwarding on these routes. Prebuilding the SPT ensures faster convergence when a vPC failover occurs.

When you are running virtual port channels (vPCs), enabling this feature causes both vPC peer switches to join the SPT, even though only one vPC peer switch actually routes the multicast traffic into the vPC domain. This behavior results in the multicast traffic passing over two parallel paths from the source to the vPC switch pair, consuming bandwidth on both paths. Additionally, when both vPC peer switches join the SPT, one or more upstream devices in the network may be required to perform additional multicast replications to deliver the traffic on both parallel paths toward the receivers in the vPC domain.

This command requires the LAN Base Services license.

Examples This example shows how to prebuild the SPT in the absence of receivers: switch(config)# vrf context Enterprise switch(config-vrf)# ip pim pre-build-spt

switch(config-vrf)#

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show ip pim context	Displays information about PIM routes.

ip pim register-policy

To filter IPv4 Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM) Register messages that are based on a route-map policy, use the **ip pim register-policy** command. To disable message filtering, use the **no** form of this command.

ip pim register-policy *policy-name*

no ip pim register-policy [policy-name]

Syntax Description	policy-name Ro	oute-map policy name.
Command Default	Disabled	
Command Modes	Global configuration VRF configuration n	
Command History	Release	Modification
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	source addresses wh	ch ip multicast command in a route-map policy to specify the group or group and ose register messages that should be filtered. res the LAN Base Services license.
Examples	-	how to enable filtering of PIM Register messages: pim register-policy my_register_policy
	This example shows how to disable message filtering: switch(config)# no ip pim register-policy	
Related Commands	Command	Description
	show ip pim policy statistics register-policy	Displays statistics for PIM Register messages.

ip pim register-rate-limit

To configure a rate limit for IPv4 Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM) data registers, use the **ip pim register-rate-limit** command. To remove a rate limit, use the **no** form of this command.

ip pim register-rate-limit rate

no ip pim register-rate-limit [*rate*]

Syntax Description	rate Rate	n packets per second. The range is from 1 to 65,535.	
Syntax Description	Tute Kate		
Command Default	None		
Command Modes	Global configuration m	ode	
Command History	Release	Modification	
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines	This command requires	the LAN Base Services license.	
Examples	-	w to configure a rate limit for PIM data registers:	
	switch(config)# ip pim register-rate-limit 1000 This example shows how to remove a rate limit:		
	-	pim register-rate-limit	
Related Commands	Command	Description	
	show ip pim vrf detail	-	

ip pim rp-address

To configure an IPv4 Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM) static route processor (RP) address for a multicast group range, use the **ip pim rp-address** command. To remove a static RP address, use the **no** form of this command.

ip pim rp-address *rp-address* [**group-list** *prefix* | **override** | **route-map** *policy-name*]

no ip pim rp-address *rp-address* [**group-list** *prefix* | **override** | **route-map** *policy-name*]

Syntax Description	rp-address	IP address of a router which is the RP for a group range.
	group-list prefix	(Optional) Specifies a group range for a static RP.
	override	(Optional) Specifies the RP address. The RP address overrides the dynamically learned RP addresses.
	route-map policy-name	(Optional) Specifies a route-map policy name.
Command Default	The group rang	ge is treated in ASM mode.
Command Modes	Global configu VRF configura	
Command History	Release	Modification
oominanu matury	nelease	Mouncation
Sommanu History	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.
	5.2(1)N1(1) The match ip (This command was introduced.
	5.2(1)N1(1) The match ip can the specify	This command was introduced. multicast command is the only match command that is evaluated in the route map. You
	5.2(1)N1(1) The match ip can the specify Customers can ones.	This command was introduced. multicast command is the only match command that is evaluated in the route map. You y group prefix to filter messages with the match ip multicast command.
Usage Guidelines	5.2(1)N1(1) The match ip is can the specify Customers can ones. This command This example s	This command was introduced. multicast command is the only match command that is evaluated in the route map. You a group prefix to filter messages with the match ip multicast command. use this "override" provision, if they want the static RPs always to override the dynamic
Usage Guidelines	5.2(1)N1(1) The match ip is can the specify Customers can ones. This command This example s any dynamical	This command was introduced. multicast command is the only match command that is evaluated in the route map. You y group prefix to filter messages with the match ip multicast command. use this "override" provision, if they want the static RPs always to override the dynamic requires the LAN Base Services license. shows how to configure a PIM static RP address for a serving group range and to override
Usage Guidelines	5.2(1)N1(1) The match ip is can the specify Customers can ones. This command This example s any dynamical switch (config	This command was introduced. multicast command is the only match command that is evaluated in the route map. You a group prefix to filter messages with the match ip multicast command. use this "override" provision, if they want the static RPs always to override the dynamic requires the LAN Base Services license. Shows how to configure a PIM static RP address for a serving group range and to override ly learned (through BSR) RP addresses: ()# ip pim rp-address 1.1.1.1 group-list 225.1.0.0/16 override
Usage Guidelines	5.2(1)N1(1) The match ip is can the specify Customers can ones. This command This example s any dynamical switch(config This example s	This command was introduced. multicast command is the only match command that is evaluated in the route map. You y group prefix to filter messages with the match ip multicast command. use this "override" provision, if they want the static RPs always to override the dynamic requires the LAN Base Services license. shows how to configure a PIM static RP address for a serving group range and to override ly learned (through BSR) RP addresses:
Usage Guidelines	5.2(1)N1(1) The match ip is can the specify Customers can ones. This command This example s any dynamical switch(config This example s switch(config	This command was introduced. multicast command is the only match command that is evaluated in the route map. You y group prefix to filter messages with the match ip multicast command. use this "override" provision, if they want the static RPs always to override the dynamic requires the LAN Base Services license. shows how to configure a PIM static RP address for a serving group range and to override ly learned (through BSR) RP addresses: (1)# ip pim rp-address 1.1.1.1 group-list 225.1.0.0/16 override shows how to configure a PIM static RP address for a group range:

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show ip pim rp	Displays information about PIM RPs.

ip pim rp-candidate

To configure the router as an IPv4 Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM) bootstrap router (BSR) roure processor (RP) candidate, use the **ip pim rp-candidate** command. To remove the router as an RP candidate, use the **no** form of this command.

ip pim [bsr] rp-candidate {ethernet s*lot*/[*QSFP-module*/]*port* | **loopback** *if_number* | **port-channel** *number* } **{group-list** *prefix* } [**priority** *priority*] [**interval** *interval*]

no ip pim [bsr] rp-candidate {ethernet *slot/[QSFP-module/]port* | **loopback** *if_number* | **port-channel** *number* } **{group-list** *prefix* } **[priority** *priority*] **[interval** *interval*]

Syntax Description	bsr	(Optional) Specifies the BSR protocol RP-distribution configuration.
	ethernet slot/[QSFP-module/]port	(Optional) Specifies the Ethernet interface and the slot number and port number. The slot number is from 1 to 255. The <i>QSFP-module</i> number is from 1 to 4. The port number is from 1 to 128.
		Note The <i>QSFP-module</i> number applies only to the QSFP+ Generic Expansion Module (GEM).
	loopback if_number	(Optional) Specifies the loopback interface. The loopback interface number is from 0 to 1023.
	port-channel number	(Optional) Specifies the EtherChannel interface and EtherChannel number. The range is from 1 to 4096.
	group-list prefix	Specifies a group range handled by the RP.
	priority <i>priority</i>	(Optional) Specifies the RP priority used in candidate-RP messages. The range is from 0 to 65,535. The default is 192.
	interval interval	(Optional) Specifies the BSR message transmission interval in seconds. The range is from 1 to 65,535. The default is 60.
Command Default	The RP priority is 192. The BSR message interval	l is 60 seconds.
Command Modes	Global configuration mode VRF configuration mode	e
Command History	Release	Modification
	6.0(2)N1(2)	Support for the QSFP+ GEM was added.
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	-	onfigure the candidate RP interval to be a minimum of 15 seconds. can add a range of group lists that this candidate-RP can serve.

show ip pim rp

Note	Use the same configuration guidelines for the route-map auto-rp-range that you used when you created a route map for static RPS.
	This command requires the LAN Base Services license.
Examples	This example shows how to configure the router as a PIM BSR RP candidate: switch(config) # ip pim rp-candidate e 2/11 group-list 239.0.0.0/24
	This example shows how to remove the router as an RP candidate: switch(config) # no ip pim rp-candidate
Related Commands	Command Description

Displays information about PIM RPs.

ip pim send-rp-announce

To configure an IPv4 Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM) Auto-RP candidate route processor (RP), use the **ip pim send-rp-announce** command. To remove an Auto-RP candidate RP, use the **no** form of this command.

ip pim send-rp-announce {ethernet slot/[QSFP-module/]port | loopback if_number |
 port-channel number} {group-list prefix} {[scope ttl] | [interval interval]}

no ip pim send-rp-announce [{**ethernet** *slot*/[*QSFP-module*/]*port* | **loopback** *if_number* | **port-channel** *number*} {**group-list** *prefix*} {[**scope** *ttl*] | [**interval** *interval*] }

Syntax Description	ethernet slot/[QSFP-module/]port	(Optional) Specifies the Ethernet interface and the slot number and port number. The slot number is from 1 to 255. The <i>QSFP-module</i> number is from 1 to 4. The port number is from 1 to 128.		
		Note The <i>QSFP-module</i> number applies only to the QSFP+ Generic Expansion Module (GEM).		
	loopback if_number port-channel number group-list prefix	(Optional) Specifies the loopback interface. The loopback interface number is from 0 to 1023.(Optional) Specifies the EtherChannel interface and EtherChannel number. The range is from 1 to 4096.		
			scope <i>ttl</i>	(Optional) Specifies a time-to-live (TTL) value for the scope of Auto-RP Announce messages. The range is from 1 to 255. The default is 32.
		Note See the ip pim border command to explicitly define a router on the edge of a PIM domain rather than using the scope argument.		
	interval interval	(Optional) Specifies an Auto-RP Announce message transmission interval in seconds. The range is from 1 to 65,535. The default is 60.		
Command Default	The TTL is 32. The Auto-RP Announce m	nessage interval is 60 seconds.		
Command Modes	Global configuration mode VRF configuration mode	2		
Command History	Release	Modification		
	6.0(2)N1(2)	Support for the QSFP+ GEM was added.		
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.		
Usage Guidelines	-	eywords can be entered once and in any order. ndidate command is an alternative form of this command.		
This command requires the LAN Base Services license.

ExamplesThis example shows how to configure a PIM Auto-RP candidate RP:
switch(config)# ip pim send-rp-announce ethernet 2/1 group-list 239.0.0.0/24This example shows how to remove a PIM Auto-RP candidate RP:
switch(config)# no ip pim send-rp-announce ethernet 2/1 group-list 239.0.0.0/24

Related Commands	Command	Description	
	ip pim auto-rp rp-candidate	Configures a PIM Auto-RP candidate RP.	
	show ip pim interface	Displays information about PIM-enabled interfaces.	

ip pim send-rp-discovery

To configure the router as an IPv4 Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM) Auto-RP mapping agent that sends RP-Discovery messages, use the **ip pim send-rp-discovery** command. To remove the configuration, use the **no** form of this command.

no ip pim send-rp-discovery [{**ethernet** *slot*/[*QSFP-module*/]*port* | **loopback** *if_number* | **port-channel** *number*} [**scope** *ttl*]

Syntax Description	ethernet slot/[QSFP-module/]port	Specifies the Ethernet interface and the slot number and port number. The slot number is from 1 to 255. The <i>QSFP-module</i> number is from 1 to 4. The port number is from 1 to 128.
		Note The <i>QSFP-module</i> number applies only to the QSFP+ Generic Expansion Module (GEM).
	loopback if_number	Specifies the loopback interface. The loopback interface number is from 0 to 1023.
	port-channel number	Specifies the EtherChannel interface and EtherChannel number. The range is from 1 to 4096.
	scope <i>ttl</i>	(Optional) Specifies the time-to-live (TTL) value for the scope of Auto-RP Discovery messages. The range is from 1 to 255. The default is 32.
		Note See the ip pim border command to explicitly define a router on the edge of a PIM domain rather than using the scope argument.
Command Default	The TTL is 32.	
Command Modes	Global configuration mod VRF configuration mode	le
Command History	Release	Modification
	6.0(2)N1(2)	Support for the QSFP+ GEM was added.
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines		ping-agent command is an alternative form of this command.
	This command requires th	ne LAN Base Services license.
Examples	This example shows how	to configure an Auto-RP mapping agent:

ip pim send-rp-discovery {**ethernet** *slot/[QSFP-module/]port* | **loopback** *if_number* | **port-channel** *number* } [**scope** *ttl*]

switch(config)# ip pim send-rp-discovery ethernet 2/1
This example shows how to remove an Auto-RP mapping agent:
switch(config)# no ip pim send-rp-discovery ethernet 2/1

Related Commands

s Command	Description
show ip pim rp	Displays information about PIM RPs.
ip pim auto-rp mapping-agent	Configures a router as an Auto-RP mapping agent.
ip pim border	Configures a router to be on the edge of a PIM domain.

ip pim sg-expiry-timer

To adjust the (S, G) expiry timer interval for Protocol Independent Multicast sparse mode (PIM-SM) (S, G) multicast routes, use the **ip pim sg-expiry-timer** command. To reset to the default values, use the **no** form of the command.

ip pim [sparse] sg-expiry-timer seconds [sg-list route-map]

no ip pim [**sparse**] **sg-expiry-timer** seconds [**sg-list** route-map]

Syntax Description	sparse ((Optional) Specifies sparse mode.			
Syntax Description					
	seconds Expiry-timer interval. The range is from 181 to 57600 seconds.				
	-	(Optional) Specifies S,G values to which the timer applies. The route map name can			
	<i>route-map</i> b	be a maximum of 100 alphanumeric characters.			
Command Default	The default expiry time is 180 seconds. The timer applies to all (S, G) entries in the routing table.				
	11				
Command Modes	VRF configuration	mode			
Command History	Release	Modification			
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.			
Usage Guidelines	This command req	uires the LAN Base Services license.			
Examples	This example show	vs how to configure the expiry interval to 300 seconds for all (S, G) entries:			
		vrf context Enterprise f)# ip pim sg-expiry-timer 300 f)#			
Related Commands	Command	Description			
	show ip pim cont	ext Displays information about the PIM configuration.			

ip pim sparse-mode

To enable IPv4 Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM) sparse mode on an interface, use the **ip pim sparse-mode** command. To disable PIM on an interface, use the **no** form of this command.

ip pim sparse-mode

no ip pim [sparse-mode]

Syntax Description	This command has no arguments	or keywords.
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Command Default Disabled

Command Modes Interface configuration mode

Command History	Release	Modification
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines This command requires the LAN Base Services license.

Examples This example shows how to enable PIM sparse mode on an interface: switch(config) # interface ethernet 2/2 switch(config-if) # ip pim sparse-mode

This example shows how to disable PIM on an interface:

switch(config)# interface ethernet 2/2
switch(config-if)# no ip pim

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show ip pim interface	Displays information about PIM-enabled interfaces.

ip pim spt-threshold infinity

To create the IPv4 Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM) (*, G) state only (where no source state is created), use the **ip pim spt-threshold infinity** command. To remove the creation of the shared tree state only, use the **no** form of this command.

ip pim spt-threshold infinity group-list route-map-name

no ip pim spt-threshold infinity [group-list route-map-name]

Syntax Description	1 11	icy name that defines the group prefixes where this feature is applied. olicy name can be a maximum of 100 alphanumeric characters.	
Command Default	None		
Command Modes	Global configuration mode VRF configuration mode		
Command History	Release Modific	cation	
	7.0(0)N1(1) This co	ommand was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines	You can specify up to 500 sequence lines in a route map. The match ip multicast command is the only match command that is evaluated in the route map. You can specify the group prefix to filter messages with the match ip multicast command. You must have enabled PIM before you can use the ip pim spt-threshold infinity command.		
<u>Note</u>	This command is not supported for	or virtual port channels (vPC/vPC+).	
•	This command requires the Enter	prise Services license.	
Note The ip pim use-shared-tree-only group-list command performs the same function as the spt-threshold infinity group-list command. You can choose to use either command to in task.		• • • •	
Examples	This example shows how to creat my_group_map:	e the PIM (*, G) state only for the group prefixes defined in	
		reshold infinity group-list my_group_map	
	<pre>I his example shows how to remo switch(config)# no ip pim spt</pre>	ve the creation of the (*, G) state only: -threshold infinity	

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show ip pim rp	Displays information about PIM RPs.

ip pim ssm policy

To configure group ranges for Source Specific Multicast (SSM) using a route-map policy, use the **ip pim ssm policy** command. To remove the SSM group range policy, use the **no** form of this command.

ip pim ssm policy policy-name

no ip pim ssm policy *policy-name*

Syntax Description	policy-name	Route-map policy name that defines the group prefixes where this feature is applied.
Command Default	The SSM range is	232.0.0.0/8.
Command Modes	Global configuration	
Command History	Release	Modification
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	This command req	uires the LAN Base Services license.
Examples	This example show	vs how to configure a group range for SSM:
	<pre>switch(config)# :</pre>	ip pim ssm policy my_ssm_policy
	This example show	vs how to reset the group range to the default:
	<pre>switch(config)# ;</pre>	no ip pim ssm policy my_ssm_policy
		.
Related Commands	Command	Description
	show ip pim group-range	Displays information about PIM group ranges.

ip pim ssm

To configure group ranges for Source Specific Multicast (SSM), use the **ip pim ssm range** command. To reset the SSM group range to the default, use the **no** form of this command with the **none** keyword.

ip pim ssm {**range** {*groups* | **none**} | **route-map** *policy-name*}

no ip pim ssm {**range** {*groups* | **none**} | **route-map** *policy-name*}

Syntax Description	groups	List of up to four group range prefixes.	
	none	Removes all group ranges.	
	route-map policy-name	Specifies the route-map policy name.	
Command Default	The SSM range	e is 232.0.0.0/8.	
Command Modes	Global configurat		
Command History	Release	Modification	
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines	can specify the	nulticast command is the only match command that is evaluated in the route map. You group prefix to filter messages with the match ip multicast command. requires the LAN Base Services license.	
Examples	switch(config)	hows how to configure a group range for SSM: # ip pim ssm range 239.128.1.0/24 hows how to reset the group range to the default:	
	<pre>switch(config)# no ip pim ssm range none</pre>		
	This example shows how to remove all group ranges:		
	switch(config))# ip pim ssm range none	
Related Commands	Command	Description	
	show ip pim group-range	Displays information about PIM group ranges.	

ip pim state-limit

To configure a maximum number of IPv4 Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM) state entries in the current virtual routing and forwarding (VRF) instance, use the **ip pim state-limit** command. To remove the limit on state entries, use the **no** form of this command.

ip pim state-limit max-states [**reserved** policy-name max-reserved]

no ip pim state-limit [max-states [reserved policy-name max-reserved]]

Syntax Description	max-states	Maximum number of (*, G) and (S, G) entries allowed in this VRF. The range is from 1 to 429,496,7295. The default is no limit.	
	reserved (Optional) Specifies that a number of state entries are to be reserved for the route specified in a policy map.		
	policy-name	(Optional) Route-map policy name.	
	max-reserved	(Optional) Maximum reserved (*, G) and (S, G) entries allowed in this VRF. Must be less than or equal to the maximum states allowed. The range is from 1 to 429,496,7295.	
Command Default	None		
Command Modes	Global configur VRF configurat		
Command History	Release	Modification	
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines		mands where state limits are configured, use this command line:	
	<pre>switch(config)# show running-config include state-limit</pre>		
	This command	requires the LAN Base Services license.	
Examples	-	This example shows how to configure a state entry limit with a number of state entries reserved for routes in a policy map:	
	switch(config)	<pre># ip pim state-limit 100000 reserved my_reserved_policy 40000</pre>	
	This example sl	hows how to remove the limits on state entries:	
	-	# no ip pim state-limit	

Related Commands	Command	Description			
show running-config		Displays information about the running-system configuration.			

ip pim use-shared-tree-only

To create the IPv4 Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM) (*, G) state only (where no source state is created), use the **ip pim use-shared-tree-only** command. To remove the creation of the shared tree state only, use the **no** form of this command.

ip pim use-shared-tree-only group-list policy-name

no ip pim use-shared-tree-only [group-list *policy-name*]

Syntax Description	policy-name	Route-map policy name that defines the group prefixes where this feature is applied.			
Command Default	None				
Command Modes	Global configu VRF configura				
Command History	Release	Modification			
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.			
Usage Guidelines	You can use the trees should be	match ip multicast command in a route-map policy to specify the groups where shared enforced.			
	This command	requires the LAN Base Services license.			
 Note	The ip pim use-shared-tree-only group-list command performs the same function as the ip pim spt-threshold infinity group-list command. You can choose to use either command to implement thi task.				
Examples	my_group_poli	hows how to create the PIM (*, G) state only for the group prefixes defined in cy:)# ip pim use-shared-tree-only group-list my_group_policy			
	This example shows how to remove the creation of the (*, G) state only:				
	-)# no ip pim use-shared-tree-only			
Related Commands	Command	Description			
	show ip pim r	p Displays information about PIM RPs.			

ip routing multicast event-history

To configure the size of the IPv4 Multicast Routing Information Base (MRIB) event history buffers, use the **ip routing multicast event-history** command. To revert to the default buffer size, use the **no** form of this command.

no ip routing multicast event-history {cli | mfdm | mfdm-stats | rib | vrf} size buffer-size

Syntax Description	cli	Configures the CLI event history buffer.				
	mfdm-debugs	Configures the multicast FIB distribution (MFDM) debug event history buffer.				
	mfdm-events	Configures the multicast FIB distribution (MFDM) non-periodic events event history buffer.				
	mfdm-stats	Configures the MFDM sum event history buffer.				
	rib	Configures the RIB event history buffer.				
	vrf	Configures the virtual routing and forwarding (VRF) event history buffer.				
	size	Specifies the size of the buffer to allocate.				
	buffer-size	Buffer size is one of the following values: disabled , large , medium , or small . The default buffer size is small .				
Command Default	All history buffe	ers are allocated as small.				
Command Modes	Global configura	ation mode				
Command History	Release	Modification				
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.				
Usage Guidelines		gured buffer sizes, use this command line: # show running-config include "ip routing"				
Examples	This example sh	ows how to configure the size of the MRIB MFDM event history buffer:				

ip routing multicast event-history {cli | mfdm-debugs | mfdm-events | mfdm-stats | rib | vrf} size buffer-size

Related Commands	Command	Description
	clear ip routing multicast event-history	Clears information in the IPv4 MRIB event history buffers.
	show routing ip multicast event-history	Displays information in the IPv4 MRIB event history buffers.
	show running-config	Displays information about the running-system configuration.

ip routing multicast holddown

To configure the IPv4 multicast routing initial holddown period, use the **ip routing multicast holddown** command. To revert to the default holddown period, use the **no** form of this command.

[ip | ipv4] routing multicast holddown holddown-period

no [ip | ipv4] routing multicast holddown holddown-period

Syntax Description	holddown- periodInitial route holddown period in seconds. The range is from 90 to 210. Specify 0 to disable the holddown period. The default is 210.					
Command Default	The holddown j	period is 210 seconds.				
Command Modes	Global configu	ration mode				
Command History	Release	Modification				
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.				
Usage Guidelines		holddown period configuration, use this command line:) # show running-config include "ip routing multicast holddown"				
	This command does not require a license.					
Examples	This example s	hows how to configure the routing holddown period:				
	switch(config) switch(config))# ip routing multicast holddown 100)#				
Related Commands	Command	Description				
	show running	-config Displays information about the running-system configuration.				

ip routing multicast software-replicate

To enable software replication of IPv4 Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM) Any Source Multicast (ASM) packets that are leaked to the software for state creation, use the **ip routing multicast software-replicate** command. To reset to the default, use the **no** form of this command.

ip routing multicast software-replicate

no ip routing multicast software-replicate

Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.

show running-config

- **Command Default** No software replication.
- **Command Modes** Global configuration mode

Command History	Release	Modification
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines		ackets are used by the software only for (S,G) state creation and then dropped. es not require a license.
Examples	Ĩ	vs how to enable software replication of IPv4 PIM ASM packets:
Related Commands	Command	Description

Displays information about the running-system configuration.



R Commands

This chapter describes the Cisco NX-OS PIM commands that begin with R.

restart pim

To restart the IPv4 Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM) process, use the restart pim command.

restart pim

Syntax Description	This command has no arguments or keywords.
--------------------	--

Command Default None

Command Modes Any command mode

Command History	Release	Modification
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines This command requires the LAN Base Services license.

Examples This example shows how to restart the PIM process: switch(config)# restart pim

Related Commands	Command	Description
	ip pim flush-routes	Enables flushing routes when the PIM process is restarted.



Show Commands

This chapter describes the Cisco NX-OS PIM show commands.

show ip mroute

To display information about IPv4 multicast routes, use the **show ip mroute** command.

show ip mroute {group | {source group} | {group [source]}} [summary [software-forwarded]]
[vrf {vrf-name | all}]

Syntax Description	group Group address for route.					
	source	Source address for route.				
	summary	(Optional) Displays route counts and packet rates.				
	software-	(Optional) Displays software-switched route counts only.				
	forwarded					
	vrf	(Optional) Applies to a virtual routing and forwarding (VRF) instance.				
	vrf-name	VRF name. The name can be a maximum of 32 alphanumeric characters and is case sensitive.				
	all	Specifies all VRFs.				
Command Default	None					
Command Modes	Any command	l mode				
Command History	Release	Modification				
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.				
Usage Guidelines	This command	d requires the LAN Base Services license.				
Examples	This example	shows how to display information about IPv4 multicast routes:				
		g)# show ip mroute Routing Table for VRF "default"				
	Incoming in	0/8), uptime: 04:18:55, pim ip nterface: Null, RPF nbr: 0.0.0.0 nterface list: (count: 0)				
	switch(config	τ (τ				
Related Commands	Command	Description				
	show in mrou					

oommunu	Beschhiten
show ip mroute	Displays summary information about IPv4 multicast routes.
summary	

show ip mroute summary

To display summary information about IPv4 multicast routes, use the **show ip mroute summary** command.

show ip mroute summary [count | software-forwarded] [vrf {vrf-name | all}]

show ip mroute [group] summary [software-forwarded] [vrf {vrf-name | all}]

Syntax Description	count (Optional) Displays only route counts.							
	software- forwarded	(Optional) Displays software-switched route counts only.						
	vrf	(Optional) Applies to a virtual routing and forwarding (VRF) instance.						
	vrf-name	VRF name. The name can be a maximum of 32 alphanumeric characters and is case sensitive.						
	all	Specifies all	VRFs.					
	group	(Optional) S	pecifies a grou	up address fo	or a route			
Command Default	None							
Command Modes	Any command	mode						
Command History	Release	Μοα	lification					
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This	s command wa	s introduced	1.			
Usage Guidelines	This command	requires the LA	AN Base Servi	ces license.				
Examples	This example s	hows how to di	splay summar	y informatio	n about I	Pv4 multicast rou	tes:	
	switch(config)# show ip mroute summary IP Multicast Routing Table for VRF "default"							
	Total number Total number	of routes: 1 of (*,G) route of (S,G) route of (*,G-prefi: 0, rough avera	es: 0 x) routes: 1	er group: (0.0			
	Group: 232.0. Source (*,G)	0.0/8, Source packets 0	count: 0 bytes 0	aps 0	pps 0	bit-rate 0.000 bps	oifs O	
	switch(config)#							
	This example shows how to display the number of IPv4 multicast routes:							

switch# show ip mroute summary count
IP Multicast Routing Table for VRF "default"
Total number of routes: 2
Total number of (*,G) routes: 1
Total number of (S,G) routes: 0
Total number of (*,G-prefix) routes: 1
Group count: 1, rough average sources per group: 0.0
switch#

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show ip mroute	Displays information about IPv4 multicast routes.

Cisco Nexus 5500 Series NX-OS Multicast Routing Command Reference

show ip pim event-history

To display information in the IPv4 Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM) event history buffers, use the **show ip pim event-history** command.

show ip pim event-history {errors | msgs | statistics}

Syntax Description	errors	Displays events of type error.			
	msgs	Displays events of type msg.			
	statistics	Displays events of type statistics.			
Command Default	None				
Command Modes	Any command	mode			
Command History	Release	Modification			
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.			
Examples	-	hows how to display information in the IPv4 PIM msgs event history buffer:			
	switch(config)# show ip pim event-history msgs				
		r PIM Process BUG, length:38, at 165671 usecs after Sat Apr 12 08:35:02 2008 vdb: transient thread created			
	2) Event:E_DEBUG, length:38, at 165018 usecs after Sat Apr 12 08:35:02 2008 [100] : nvdb: create transcient thread				
		BUG, length:79, at 165014 usecs after Sat Apr 12 08:35:02 2008 omp-mts-rx opc - from sap 3061 cmd pim_show_internal_event_hist_com			
	4) Event:E_DE	BUG, length:35, at 63168 usecs after Sat Apr 12 08:34:25 2008 vdb: terminate transaction			
		BUG, length:46, at 62809 usecs after Sat Apr 12 08:34:25 2008 vdb: pim_show_df_command returned 0x0			
		BUG, length:38, at 62676 usecs after Sat Apr 12 08:34:25 2008 vdb: transient thread created			
		BUG, length:38, at 61971 usecs after Sat Apr 12 08:34:25 2008 vdb: create transcient thread			
		BUG, length:62, at 61966 usecs after Sat Apr 12 08:34:25 2008 omp-mts-rx opc - from sap 3055 cmd pim_show_df_command			
		BUG, length:50, at 771336 usecs after Sat Apr 12 06:14:41 2008 vdb: _cli_send_my_if_command returned 0x0			

10) Event:E_DEBUG, length:63, at 771105 usecs after Sat Apr 12 06:14:41 2008
[100] : comp-mts-rx opc - from sap 0 cmd _cli_send_my_if_command
<--Output truncated-->
switch(config)#

Related Commands	Command	Description
	clear ip pim event-history	Clears the contents of the PIM event history buffers.
	ip pim event-history	Configures the size of PIM event history buffers.

Cisco Nexus 5500 Series NX-OS Multicast Routing Command Reference

show ip pim group-range

To display information about the group ranges for IPv4 Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM), use the **show ip pim group-range** command.

show ip pim group-range [group] [vrf {vrf-name | all | default | management}]

Syntax Description	group	(Optional) Group address.			
	vrf	(Optional) Applies to a virtual routing and forwarding (VRF) instance.			
	vrf-name	<i>name</i> VRF name. The name can be a maximum of 32 alphanumeric characters and is case sensitive.			
	all	Specifies that all VRF entries be cleared from the IPv4 multicast routing table.			
	default	Specifies that the default VRF entry be cleared from the IPv4 multicast routing table.			
	management Specifies that the management VRF entry be cleared from the IPv4 multicast routi table.				
Command Default	None				
Command Modes	Any command i	node			
Command History	Release	Modification			
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.			
Usage Guidelines	This command	requires the LAN Base Services license.			
Examples	This example shows how to display information about IPv4 PIM group ranges: switch(config) # show ip pim group-range PIM Group-Range Configuration for VRF "default" Group-range Mode RP-address Shared-tree-only range 232.0.0.0/8 SSM switch(config) #				

show ip pim interface

To display information about the enabled interfaces for IPv4 Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM), use the **show ip pim interface** command.

show ip pim interface [brief] [vrf {vrf-name | all | default | management}]

Syntax Description	brief	(Optional) Specifies a brief format for display.		
	vrf	(Optional) Applies to a virtual routing and forwarding (VRF) instance.		
	vrf-name	VRF name. The name can be a maximum of 32 alphanumeric characters		
		and is case sensitive. Specifies all VRFs.		
	all			
	default	Specifies the default VRF.		
	management	Specifies the management VRF.		
	ethernet slot/[QSFP-module/]port	Specifies the Ethernet interface and the slot number and port number. The slot number is from 1 to 255. The <i>QSFP-module</i> number is from 1 to 4. The port number is from 1 to 128.		
		Note The <i>QSFP-module</i> number applies only to the QSFP+ Generic Expansion Module (GEM).		
	port-channel number	Specifies the EtherChannel interface and EtherChannel number. The range is from 1 to 4096.		
	sub_if-number	(Optional) Subinterface number. The range is from 1 to 4093.		
	vlan vlan-id	Specifies the VLAN. The range is from 1 to 4094.		
Command Default	None Any command mode			
Command History	Release	Modification		
	6.0(2)N1(2)	Support for the QSFP+ GEM was added.		
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.		
Usage Guidelines	This command requires th	e LAN Base Services license.		
Examples	This example shows how to display brief information about IPv4 PIM-enabled interfaces:			
	switch# show ip pim int PIM Interface Status fo			

Interface	IP Address	PIM DR Address	Neighbor	Border
			Count	Interface
Vlan100	192.0.2.252	192.0.2.252	0	no
port-channel2000	192.0.2.1	192.0.2.1	1	no
port-channel2001	192.0.2.8	192.0.2.8	1	no
Ethernet1/26	192.0.2.2	192.0.2.2	1	no
Ethernet2/5	192.0.2.3	192.0.2.3	1	no
Ethernet2/6	192.0.2.4	192.0.2.4	1	no
Ethernet2/7	192.0.2.5	192.0.2.5	1	no
Ethernet3/11	192.0.2.6	192.0.2.6	1	no
Ethernet3/12	192.0.2.7	192.0.2.7	1	no
switch#				

This example shows how to display information about PIM-enabled interfaces:

```
switch# show ip pim interface ethernet 2/5
PIM Interface Status for VRF "default"
Ethernet2/5, Interface status: protocol-up/link-up/admin-up
  IP address: 192.0.2.3, IP subnet: 192.0.2.0/24
  PIM DR: 192.0.2.3, DR's priority: 1
  PIM neighbor count: 1
  PIM hello interval: 30 secs, next hello sent in: 00:00:20
  PIM neighbor holdtime: 105 secs
  PIM configured DR priority: 1
  PIM border interface: no
  PIM GenID sent in Hellos: 0x36a7d6d1
  PIM Hello MD5-AH Authentication: disabled
  PIM Neighbor policy: none configured
  PIM Join-Prune inbound policy: none configured
  PIM Join-Prune outbound policy: none configured
  PIM BFD enabled: no
  PIM Interface Statistics, last reset: never
   General (sent/received):
      Hellos: 454/453, JPs: 4/0, Asserts: 0/0
      Grafts: 0/0, Graft-Acks: 0/0
      DF-Offers: 0/0, DF-Winners: 0/0, DF-Backoffs: 0/0, DF-Passes: 0/0
    Errors:
      Checksum errors: 0, Invalid packet types/DF subtypes: 0/0
      Authentication failed: 0
      Packet length errors: 0, Bad version packets: 0, Packets from self: 0
      Packets from non-neighbors: 0
      JPs received on RPF-interface: 0
      (*,G) Joins received with no/wrong RP: 0/0
      (*,G)/(S,G) JPs received for SSM/Bidir groups: 0/0
      JPs filtered by inbound policy: 0
      JPs filtered by outbound policy: 0
```

switch#

show ip pim neighbor

To display information about IPv4 Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM) neighbors, use the **show ip pim neighbor** command.

Syntax Description	ethernet slot/[QSFP-module/]port	(Optional) Specifies the Ethernet interface and the slot number and port number. The slot number is from 1 to 255. The <i>QSFP-module</i> number is from 1 to 4. The port number is from 1 to 128.				
		Note The <i>QSFP-module</i> number applies only to the QSFP+ Generic Expansion Module (GEM).				
	port-channel number(Optional) Specifies the EtherChannel interface and EtherChanThe range is from 1 to 4096.					
	sub_if-number	(Optional) Subinterface number. The range is from 1 to 4093.				
	vlan vlan-id	Specifies the VLAN. The range is from 1 to 4094.				
	neighbor-addr (Optional) IP address of a neighbor.					
	vrf	(Optional) Applies to a virtual routing and forwarding (VRF) instance.				
	<i>vrf-name</i> VRF name. The name can be a maximum of 32 alphanumeric charact and is case sensitive.					
	allSpecifies that all VRF entries be cleared from the IPv4 multicast routin table.defaultSpecifies that the default VRF entry be cleared from the IPv4 multicast routing table.					
	managementSpecifies that the management VRF entry be cleared from the IPv4 multicast routing table.					
Command Default	None					
Command Modes	Any command mode					
Command History	Release	Modification				
	6.0(2)N1(2)	Support for the QSFP+ GEM was added.				
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.				
Usage Guidelines	This command requires th	e LAN Base Services license.				
Examples	This example shows how to display information about PIM neighbors:					

Cisco Nexus 5500 Series NX-OS Multicast Routing Command Reference

switch(config) # show ip pim neighbor

PIM Neighbor	Status for VRF "defaul	t"				
Neighbor	Interface	Uptime	Expires	DR	Bidir-	- BFD
				Priority	Capabl	e State
192.0.2.2	port-channel2000	03:43:40	00:01:21	1	no	n/a
192.0.2.9	port-channel2001	03:43:41	00:01:35	1	no	n/a
192.0.2.1	Ethernet1/26	03:43:44	00:01:33	1	no	n/a
192.0.2.2	Ethernet2/5	03:43:45	00:01:34	1	no	n/a
192.0.2.3	Ethernet2/6	03:43:45	00:01:19	1	no	n/a
192.0.2.4	Ethernet2/7	03:43:45	00:01:39	1	no	n/a
192.0.2.5	Ethernet3/11	03:43:46	00:01:35	1	no	n/a
192.0.2.6	Ethernet3/12	03:43:46	00:01:34	1	no	n/a
switch(config)#						

show ip pim oif-list

To display information about IPv4 Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM) interfaces for a group, use the **show ip pim oif-list** command.

show ip pim oif-list group [source] [vrf {vrf-name | all | default | management}]

Syntax Description	group	Group address.	
-	source	(Optional) Source address.	
	vrf	(Optional) Applies to a virtual routing and forwarding (VRF) instance.	
	vrf-name	VRF name. The name can be a maximum of 32 alphanumeric characters and is case sensitive.	
	all	Specifies that all VRF entries be cleared from the IPv4 multicast routing table.	
	default	Specifies that the default VRF entry be cleared from the IPv4 multicast routing table.	
	management	Specifies that the management VRF entry be cleared from the IPv4 multicast routing table.	
Command Default	None		
Command Modes	Any command	mode	
Command History	Release	Modification	
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines	This command requires the LAN Base Services license.		
Examples	This example sl	nows how to display IPv4 PIM interfaces for a group:	
<pre>switch(config)# show ip pim oif-list 232.0.0.0 PIM OIF-List for VRF default (*, 232.0.0.0/8) Incoming interface: Null0, RPF nbr 0.0.0.0 Timeout interval: 66 secs left Oif-list (count: 0): Timeout-list (count: 0): Immediate-list (count: 0): Immediate-timeout-list (count: 0): Assert-lost-list (count: 0): switch(config)#</pre>		<pre>Eor VRF default (8) terface: Null0, RPF nbr 0.0.0.0 erval: 66 secs left ount: 0): t (count: 0): list (count: 0): limeout-list (count: 0): -list (count: 0):</pre>	

show ip pim policy statistics auto-rp

To display information about the Auto-RP policy statistics for IPv4 Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM), use the **show ip pim policy statistics auto-rp** command.

show ip pim policy statistics auto-rp {rp-candidate-policy | mapping-agent-policy } [vrf
{vrf-name | all | default | management}]

Syntax Description	rp-candidate-	Specifies candidate-RP messages.			
-,	policy				
	mapping- agent-policy				
	vrf	(Optional) Applies to a virtual routing and forwarding (VRF) instance.			
	vrf-name	VRF name. The name can be a maximum of 32 alphanumeric characters and is case sensitive.			
	all	Specifies that all VRF entries be cleared from the IPv4 multicast routing table.			
	default	Specifies that the default VRF entry be cleared from the IPv4 multicast routing table.			
	management	Specifies that the management VRF entry be cleared from the IPv4 multicast routing table.			
Command Default Command Modes Command History	None Any command r Release	node Modification			
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.			
Usage Guidelines	This command r	requires the LAN Base Services license.			
Examples	This example sh	nows how to display information about IPv4 PIM policy statistics:			
•	switch(config)# show ip pim policy statistics auto-rp rp-candidate-policy				

show ip pim policy statistics bsr

To display information about the bootstrap router (BSR) policy statistics for IPv4 Protocol Independent multicast (PIM), use the **show ip pim policy statistics bsr** command.

Syntax Description	bsr-policy	Specifies BSR messages.			
	rp-candidate- policy	Specifies candidate-RP messages.			
	vrf	(Optional) Applies to a virtual routing and forwarding (VRF) instance.			
	vrf-name	VRF name. The name can be a maximum of 32 alphanumeric characters and is case sensitive.			
	all	Specifies that all VRF entries be cleared from the IPv4 multicast routing table.			
	default	Specifies that the default VRF entry be cleared from the IPv4 multicast routing table.			
	management	management Specifies that the management VRF entry be cleared from the IPv4 multicast routing table.			
Command Modes	Any command r Release	node Modification			
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.			
Usage Guidelines	This command requires the LAN Base Services license.				
Examples	This example shows how to display information about IPv4 PIM policy statistics:				

switch(config)# show ip pim policy statistics bsr bsr-policy

show ip pim policy statistics jp-policy

To display information about the join-prune policy statistics for IPv4 Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM), use the **show ip pim policy statistics jp-policy** command.

Syntax Description	ethernet slot/[QSFP-module/]port	Specifies the Ethernet interface and the slot number and port number. The slot number is from 1 to 255. The <i>QSFP-module</i> number is from 1 to 4. The port number is from 1 to 128.			
		Note The <i>QSFP-module</i> number applies only to the QSFP+ Generic Expansion Module (GEM).			
	port-channel number	Specifies the EtherChannel interface and EtherChannel number. The range is from 1 to 4096.			
	sub_if-number	(Optional) Subinterface number. The range is from 1 to 4093.			
	vlan vlan-id	Specifies the VLAN. The range is from 1 to 4094.			
Command Default	None				
Command Modes	Any command mode				
Command History	Release	Modification			
	6.0(2)N1(2)	Support for the QSFP+ GEM was added.			
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.			
Usage Guidelines	This command requires th	e LAN Base Services license.			
Examples	This example shows how t	This example shows how to display information about PIM policy statistics:			
	switch(config)# show ip	pim policy statistics jp-policy ethernet 2/12			

show ip pim policy statistics neighbor-policy

To display information about the neighbor policy statistics for IPv4 Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM), use the **show ip pim policy statistics neighbor-policy** command.

Syntax Description	ethernet slot/[QSFP-module/]port	Specifies the Ethernet interface and the slot number and port number. The slot number is from 1 to 255. The <i>QSFP-module</i> number is from 1 to 4. The port number is from 1 to 128.	
		Note The <i>QSFP-module</i> number applies only to the QSFP+ Generic Expansion Module (GEM).	
	port-channel number	Specifies the EtherChannel interface and EtherChannel number. The range is from 1 to 4096.	
	sub_if-number	(Optional) Subinterface number. The range is from 1 to 4093.	
	vlan vlan-id	Specifies the VLAN. The range is from 1 to 4094.	
Command Default	None		
Command Modes	Any command mode		
Command History	Release	Modification	
	6.0(2)N1(2)	Support for the QSFP+ GEM was added.	
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines	This command requires the LAN Base Services license.		
Examples	This example shows how to display information about IPv4 PIM policy statistics:		
	<pre>switch(config)# show ip pim policy statistics neighbor-policy ethernet 2/12</pre>		

show ip pim policy statistics register-policy

To display information about the register policy statistics for IPv4 Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM), use the **show ip pim policy statistics register-policy** command.

show ip pim policy statistics register-policy [vrf {vrf-name | all | default | management}]

Syntax Description	vrf	(Optional) Applies to a virtual routing and forwarding (VRF) instance.	
	vrf-name	VRF name. The name can be a maximum of 32 alphanumeric characters and is case sensitive.	
	all	Specifies all VRFs.	
	default	Specifies the default VRF.	
	management	Specifies the management VRF.	
Command Default	None		
Command Modes	Any command mode		
Command History	Release	Modification	
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines	This command requires the LAN Base Services license.		
Examples	This example shows how to display information about PIM policy statistics: switch(config)# show ip pim policy statistics register-policy vrf all		

show ip pim route

To display information about the routes for IPv4 Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM), use the **show ip pim route** command.

show ip pim route {source group | group [source]} [vrf {vrf-name | all | default | management}]

Syntax Description	source	Source address.	
	group	Group address.	
	vrf	(Optional) Applies to a virtual routing and forwarding (VRF) instance.	
	vrf-name	VRF name. The name can be a maximum of 32 alphanumeric characters and is case sensitive.	
	all	Specifies that all VRF entries be cleared from the IPv4 multicast routing table.	
	default	Specifies that the default VRF entry be cleared from the IPv4 multicast routing table.	
	management	Specifies that the management VRF entry be cleared from the IPv4 multicast routing table.	
Command Default	None		
Command Modes	Any command mode		
Command History	Release	Modification	
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines	This command	requires the LAN Rese Services license	
Usage Guidelines	This command requires the LAN Base Services license.		
Examples	This example shows how to display IPv4 PIM routes:		
	switch(config)# show ip pim route 232.0.0.0 PIM Routing Table for VRF "default" - 1 entries		
	<pre>(*, 232.0.0.0/8), expires 00:02:15 Incoming interface: Null0, RPF nbr 0.0.0.0 Oif-list: (0) 00000000, timeout-list: (0) 00000000 Immediate-list: (0) 00000000, timeout-list: (0) 00000000 Timeout-interval: 3, JP-holdtime round-up: 3</pre>		
	<pre>switch(config)#</pre>		
show ip pim rp

To display information about the rendezvous points (RPs) for IPv4 Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM), use the **show ip pim rp** command.

show ip pim rp [group] [vrf {vrf-name | all | default | management}]

Syntax Description	group	(Optional) Group address.			
	vrf (Optional) Applies to a virtual routing and forwarding (VRF) instance.				
	<i>vrf-name</i> VRF name. The name can be a maximum of 32 alphanumeric characters a sensitive.				
	all	Specifies all VRFs.			
	default	Specifies the default VRF.			
	management	Specifies the management VRF.			
Command Default	None				
Command Modes	Any command 1	mode			
Command History	Release	Modification			
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.			
Usage Guidelines	This command requires the LAN Base Services license.				
Examples	S This example shows how to display information about IPv4 PIM RPs: switch(config)# show ip pim rp PIM RP Status Information for VRF "default" BSR disabled Auto-RP disabled BSR RP Candidate policy: None BSR RP policy: None Auto-RP Announce policy: None Auto-RP Discovery policy: None				
	switch(config)	• #			

show ip pim rp-hash

To display information about the RP-hash values for IPv4 Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM), use the **show ip pim rp-hash** command.

show ip pim rp-hash group [vrf {vrf-name | all | default | management}]

Syntax Description	group Group address for RP lookup.				
	vrf (Optional) Applies to a virtual routing and forwarding (VRF) instance.				
	<i>vrf-name</i> VRF name. The name can be a maximum of 32 alphanumeric characters and is sensitive.				
	all Specifies all VRFs.				
	default	Specifies the default VRF.			
	management	Specifies the management VRF.			
Command Default	None				
Command Modes	Any command r	node			
Command History	Release	Modification			
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.			
Usage Guidelines	This command 1	requires the LAN Base Services license.			
Examples	This example sh	nows how to display information about IPv4 PIM RP-hash values:			
·	switch(config)# show ip pim rp-hash 224.1.1.1				

show ip pim statistics

To display information about the packet counter statistics for IPv4 Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM), use the **show ip pim statistics** command.

show ip pim statistics [vrf {vrf-name | all | default | management}]

Syntax Description	vrf				
	vrf (Optional) Applies to a virtual routing and forwarding (VRF) instance.				
	vrf-name	VRF name. The name can be a maximum of 32 alphanumeric characters and is case sensitive.			
	all	Specifies all VRFs.			
	default	Specifies the default VRF.			
	management	Specifies the management VRF.			
Command Default	None				
Command Modes	Any command r	node			
Command History	Release	Modification			
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.			
		requires the LAN Base Services license.			
Examples	-	nows how to display information about IPv4 PIM statistics (if PIM is not in vPC mode, es are not displayed):			

```
Data-plane RPF failure due to no route found: 0
   Data-plane no multicast state found: 0
   Data-plane create route state count: 0
  vPC packet stats:
   assert requests sent: 0
   assert requests received: 0
   assert request send error: 0
   assert response sent: 0
   assert response received: 0
   assert response send error: 0
   assert stop sent: 0
   assert stop received: 0
   assert stop send error: 0
   rpf-source metric requests sent: 0
   rpf-source metric requests received: 0
   rpf-source metric request send error: 0
   rpf-source metric response sent: 0
   rpf-source metric response received: 0
   rpf-source metric response send error: 0
   rpf-source metric rpf change trigger sent: 0
   rpf-source metric rpf change trigger received: 0
   rpf-source metric rpf change trigger send error: 0
switch(config)#
```

show ip pim vrf

To display information about IPv4 Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM) by virtual routing and forwarding (VRF) instance, use the **show ip pim vrf** command.

show ip pim vrf [vrf-name | all | default | detail | management]

Syntax Description	vrf-name	(Optional) VRF name. The name can be a maximum of 32 alphanumeric charac and is case sensitive.					
	all	all (Optional) Specifies all VRFs.					
	default	default (Optional) Specifies the default VRF.					
	detail	detail (Optional) Displays detailed PIM VRF information.					
	management	(Optional) Specifies the management VRF.					
Command Default	None						
Command Modes	Any command 1	mode					
Command History	Release	Modification					
oominana mistory	5.0(1))71(1)						
Usage Guidelines	5.2(1)N1(1) This command	This command was introduced.					
	This command	requires the LAN Base Services license.					
	This command This example sh	requires the LAN Base Services license. shows how to display information about IPv4 PIM by VRF:					
	This command a This example sh switch(config)	requires the LAN Base Services license. shows how to display information about IPv4 PIM by VRF:					
	This command This example sh	requires the LAN Base Services license. shows how to display information about IPv4 PIM by VRF:					
	This command in This example sh switch(config) PIM Enabled VE	I requires the LAN Base Services license. Shows how to display information about IPv4 PIM by VRF: () # show ip pim vrf TRF VRF Table Interface BFD ID ID Count Enabled 1 0x00000001 1 no					
	This command a This example sh switch(config) PIM Enabled VF VRF Name default switch(config)	I requires the LAN Base Services license. Shows how to display information about IPv4 PIM by VRF: () # show ip pim vrf TRF VRF Table Interface BFD ID ID Count Enabled 1 0x00000001 1 no					
	This command a This example sh switch(config) PIM Enabled VF VRF Name default switch(config) This example sh	I requires the LAN Base Services license. Shows how to display information about IPv4 PIM by VRF: (1) # show ip pim vrf RF VRF Table Interface BFD ID ID Count Enabled 1 0x0000001 1 no (1) # Shows how to display the detailed information about IPv4 PIM by VRF: ip pim vrf detail					
Usage Guidelines Examples	This command a This example sh switch(config) PIM Enabled VF VRF Name default switch(config) This example sh switch# show i	I requires the LAN Base Services license. Shows how to display information about IPv4 PIM by VRF: (1) # show ip pim vrf RF VRF Table Interface BFD ID ID Count Enabled 1 0x0000001 1 no (1) # Shows how to display the detailed information about IPv4 PIM by VRF: ip pim vrf detail					

Pre-build SPT for all (S,G)s in VRF: disabled switch#

show ip static-route

To display static routes from the unicast Routing Information Base (RIB), use the **show ip static-route** command.

show ip static-route [vrf {vrf-name | all | default | management}]

vrf <i>vrf-name</i> (Optional) Specifies the virtual routing and forwarding (VRF) context name. name can be any case-sensitive, alphanumeric string up to 32 characters.			
all	(Optional) Specifies all VRF instances.		
default	(Optional) Specifies the default VRF.		
management	(Optional) Specifies the management VRF.		
None			
Any command r	mode		
Release	Modification		
5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.		
switch(config)	nows how to display the static routes: # show ip static-route For VRF "default"(1)		
IPv4 Unicast Static Routes:			
Total number o switch(config)	of routes: 0, unresolved: 0 #		
Command	Description		
Commanu	Description		
	all default management None Any command main Release 5.2(1)N1(1) This example sh switch(config) Static-route f IPv4 Unicast S Total number of switch(config)		

show routing ip multicast event-history

To display information in the IPv4 Multicast Routing Information Base (MRIB) event history buffers, use the **show routing ip multicast event-history** command.

show routing ip multicast event-history {cli | errors | mfdm-debugs | mfdm-stats | msgs | rib |
statistics | vrf}

Syntax Description	cli	Displays the event history buffer of type CLI.	
	errors	Displays the event history buffer of type errors.	
	mfdm-debugs	Displays the event history buffer of type multicast FIB distribution (MFDM).	
	mfdm-stats	Displays the event history buffer of type MFDM sum.	
	msgs	Displays the event history buffer of type msgs.	
	rib	Displays the event history buffer of type RIB.	
	statistics	Displays information about the event history buffers.	
	vrf	Displays the event history buffer of type virtual routing and forwarding (VRF).	
Command Default	None		
Johnnanu Delautt	None		
Command Modes	Any command n	node	
Command History	Release	Modification	
Johnnand History	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.	
Examples	This example shows how to display information in the MRIB msgs event history buffer:		
	<pre>switch(config)# show routing ip multicast event-history msgs</pre>		
	Msg events for MRIB Process		
	 Event:E_DEBUG, length:38, at 932956 usecs after Sat Apr 12 09:09:41 2008 [100] : nvdb: transient thread created 		
	2) Event:E_DEBUG, length:38, at 932269 usecs after Sat Apr 12 09:09:41 2008 [100] : nvdb: create transcient thread		
	3) Event:E_DEBUG, length:75, at 932264 usecs after Sat Apr 12 09:09:41 2008 [100] : comp-mts-rx opc - from sap 3210 cmd mrib_internal_event_hist_command		
	4) Event:E_MTS_RX, length:60, at 362578 usecs after Sat Apr 12 09:08:51 2008 [RSP] Opc:MTS_OPC_MFDM_V4_ROUTE_STATS(75785), Id:0X000F217E, Ret:SUCCESS Src:0x00000101/214, Dst:0x00000101/1203, Flags:None HA_SEQNO:0X00000000, RRtoken:0x000F217B, Sync:NONE, Payloadsize:148 Payload:		
	0x0000: 01 00 00 05 00 01 00 00 04 00 00 00 00 00 00 5) Event:E_MTS_RX, length:60, at 352493 usecs after Sat Apr 12 09:07:51 2008 [RSP] Opc:MTS_OPC_MFDM_V4_ROUTE_STATS(75785), Id:0X000F188B, Ret:SUCCESS Src:0x00000101/214, Dst:0x00000101/1203, Flags:None HA_SEQNO:0X00000000, RRtoken:0x000F1888, Sync:NONE, Payloadsize:148		

Related Commands	Command	Description
	ip routing multicast event-history	Configures the size of the IPv4 MRIB event history buffers.
	clear ip routing multicast event-history	Clears information in the IPv4 MRIB event history buffers.

show routing multicast

To display information about IPv4 multicast routes, use the **show routing multicast** command.

show routing [ip | ipv4] multicast [vrf {vrf-name | all | default | management}]
{{source group} | {group [source]}}

Syntax Description (Optional) Specifies IPv4 routes. ip (Optional) Specifies IPv4 routes. ipv4 vrf (Optional) Applies to a virtual routing and forwarding (VRF) instance. vrf-name VRF name. The name can be a maximum of 32 alphanumeric characters and is case sensitive. all Specifies all VRFs. default Specifies the default VRF. management Specifies the management VRF. Source address for routes. source Group address for routes. group **Command Default** None **Command Modes** Any command mode **Command History** Release Modification 5.2(1)N1(1) This command was introduced. **Usage Guidelines** This command requires the LAN Base Services license. **Examples** This example shows how to display information about IPv4 multicast routes: switch(config) # show routing multicast IP Multicast Routing Table for VRF "default" (*, 232.0.0.0/8), uptime: 05:11:19, pim ip Incoming interface: Null, RPF nbr: 0.0.0.0 Outgoing interface list: (count: 0) switch(config)#

show routing multicast clients

To display information about IPv4 multicast routing clients, use the **show routing multicast clients** command.

show routing [ip | ipv4] multicast clients [client-name]

Control Description	•				
Syntax Description	ip	(Optional) Specifies IPv4 multicast clients.			
	ipv4	(Optional) Specifies IPv4 multicast clients.			
	<i>client-name</i> (Optional) One of the following multicast routing client names:mrib				
			• static		
		• msdp			
		• ip			
		• pim			
		1			
O	N				
Command Default	None				
Command Modes	Any command	mode			
Command History	Release	Modification			
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.			
Usage Guidelines	delines This command requires the LAN Base Services license.				
Examples	This example s	shows how to display information about IPv4 multicast clients:			
·	switch(config)# show routing multicast clients pim				
	IP Multicast Routing Client information				
	Client: pim,	Client: pim, client-id: 5, pid: 5296, mts-sap: 310			
	Shared-memory: pim, Notifications: joins prunes rpf delete repopulate				
		ssm owner, bidir owner, shared-only mode owner, cations: sent 1, fail 0, ack rcvd 1			
	Prune notif				
	RPF notific Delete noti				
		notifications: sent 0, fail 0, ack rcvd 0			
	Clear mrout	e notifications: sent 0, fail 0			
	Add route r				
		e requests: rcvd 0, ack sent 0, ack fail 0 e requests: rcvd 0, ack sent 0, ack fail 0			

MTS update route requests: rcvd 0, ack sent 0, ack fail 0 Per VRF notification markers: 1

switch(config)#

show running-config pim

To display information about the running-system configuration for IPv4 Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM), use the **show running-config pim** command.

show running-config pim [all]

Syntax Description	all (C	Optional) Displays configured and default information.	
Command Default	None		
Command Modes	Any command mod	le	
Command History	Release	Modification	
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines	This command requ	uires the LAN Base Services license.	
Examples	This example shows how to display information about the IPv4 PIM running-system configuration:		
	<pre>switch(config)# show running-config pim</pre>		
	!Command: show running-config pim		
	!Time: Sat Apr 12 09:15:11 2008		
	version 5.2(1)N1(1)		
	feature pim		
	ip pim ssm range 232.0.0/8		
	interface Vlan20		
	ip pim sparse-m	ıode	
	switch(config)#		

show startup-config pim

To display information about the startup-system configuration for IPv4 Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM), use the **show startup-config pim** command.

show startup-config pim [all]

Syntax Description	all (Optional) Displays configured and default information.		
Command Default	None		
Command Modes	Any command mode		
Command History	Release	Modification	
	5.2(1)N1(1)	This command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines	This command requires the LAN Base Services license.		
Examples	This example shows how to display information about the startup-system configuration for IPv4 PI		
	<pre>switch(config)# show startup-config pim</pre>		