

S Commands

This chapter describes the Cisco NX-OS Open Shortest Path First (OSPF) commands that begin with S.

set forwarding-address

To set the Open Shortest Path First (OSPF) forwarding address for redistributed type-5 Link State Advertisements (LSAs), use the **set forwarding-address** command. To remove the address, use the **no** form of this command.

set	forwarding-address
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no forwarding-address

Syntax Description	This command	has no	arguments	or keywords.
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Command Default No forwarding address is set as a default.

Command Modes

Release	Modification
5.0(3)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines

This command is used by the OSPF to set the forwarding address for the redistributed type-5 LSAs. The value of the forwarding address specified by the autonomous system boundary router (ASBR) can be either 0.0.0.0 or nonzero. The 0.0.0.0 address indicates that the originating router (the ASBR) is the next hop.

If the ASBR redistributes routes and OSPF is not enabled on the next hop interface for those routes, the forwarding address is set to 0.0.0.0.

All of the following conditions must be met to set the forwarding address field to a nonzero address:

- OSPF is enabled on the ASBR's next hop interface.
- ASBR's next hop interface is non-passive under OSPF.
- ASBR's next hop interface is not point-to-point.
- ASBR's next hop interface is not point-to-multipoint.

For all other conditions, set the forwarding address to 0.0.0.0.

Examples	This example shows how to set the forwarding address:
	<pre>switch(config)# route-map test1 10 permit</pre>
	<pre>switch(config-route-map)# set forwarding-address</pre>

Related Commands	Command	Description
	match as-path	Matches a BGP autonomous system path access list.
	match community	Matches a BGP community.



Command	Description
match ip next-hop	Redistributes any routes that have a next-hop router address passed by one of the access lists specified.
match ip route-source	Redistributes routes that have been advertised by routers and access servers at the address specified by the access lists.
match metric	Redistributes routes with the metric specified.
match tag	Redistributes routes in the routing table that match the specified tags.
route-map (IP)	Defines the conditions for redistributing routes from one routing protocol into another.
set as-path	Modifies an autonomous system path for BGP routes.
set community	Sets the BGP communities attribute.
set level	Indicates where to import routes.
set local-preference	Specifies a preference value for the autonomous system path.
set metric	Sets the metric value for a routing protocol.
set metric-type	Sets the metric type for the destination routing protocol.
set next-hop	Specifies the address of the next hop.
set tag	Sets a tag value of the destination routing protocol.
set weight Specifies the BGP weight for the routing table.	

shutdown (OSPF)

To stop an Open Shortest Path First (OSPF) instance without removing the configuration, use the **shutdown** command. To start a stopped OSPF instance, use the **no** form of this command.

shutdown

no shutdown

- **Syntax Description** This command has no arguments or keywords.
- **Command Default** No process is stopped.

Command Modes	Release	Modification
	5.0(3)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines Entering the **shutdown** command stops a router process but does not remove any configuration parameters. The **shutdown** command is displayed in the running configuration file when enabled.

This command requires the LAN Base Services license.

Examples This example shows how to stop an active OSPF instance:

switch(config)# router ospf firstcompany
switch(config-router)# shutdown

Related Commands	Command	Description
	feature ospf	Enables OSPF on the router.
	router ospf	Configures an OSPF instance.

summary-address (OSPF)

To create aggregate addresses for the Open Shortest Path First (OSPF) protocol, use the **summary-address** command. To return to the default, use the **no** form of this command.

summary-address ip-prefix/length [not-advertise] [tag tag]

no summary-address *ip-prefix/length* [**not-advertise**] [**tag** *tag*]

Image: Specific description of the state of the stat			
Image: Tag tag Image: Command Default Command Default None Command Modes Release Modification 5.0(3)N1(1) This command was Usage Guidelines Use the summary-address command to create addresses. The metric used to advertise the surface use the surface of Boundary Router (ASBR) to advertise one exare covered by the address. This command requires the LAN Base Service Examples This example shows how to configure the surface on one on only the adadvertisement.	signated for a range of addresses, including the prefix cify <i>ip-prefix</i> as an IP address. Specify <i>length</i> as a number 1.		
Command Default None Command Modes Release Modification 5.0(3)N1(1) This command wa Usage Guidelines Use the summary-address command to created addresses. The metric used to advertise the study use this command to help reduce the size of Boundary Router (ASBR) to advertise one exare covered by the address. This command requires the LAN Base Servit Examples This example shows how to configure the study advertisement.	Suppresses routes that match the specified prefix/length		
Command Modes Release Modification 5.0(3)N1(1) This command was Usage Guidelines Use the summary-address command to creat addresses. The metric used to advertise the sure used to advertise the sure use this command to help reduce the size of Boundary Router (ASBR) to advertise one exare covered by the address. This command requires the LAN Base Service Examples This example shows how to configure the sure 192.0.2.0, 192.0.3.0, and so on. Only the adadvertisement.	Specifies the tag value that can be used as a match value ing redistribution using route maps. The range is from 1		
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Usage GuidelinesUse the summary-address command to creat addresses. The metric used to advertise the su Use this command to help reduce the size of Boundary Router (ASBR) to advertise one est are covered by the address. This command requires the LAN Base ServitExamplesThis example shows how to configure the su 192.0.2.0, 192.0.3.0, and so on. Only the ad advertisement.			
ExamplesBoundary Router (ASBR) to advertise one exare covered by the address. This command requires the LAN Base ServiceExamplesThis example shows how to configure the surgest 192.0.2.0, 192.0.3.0, and so on. Only the adadvertisement.	Use the summary-address command to create an aggregate address to replace a series of more-specific addresses. The metric used to advertise the summary is the smallest metric of all the more specific routes.		
Examples This example shows how to configure the su 192.0.2.0, 192.0.3.0, and so on. Only the ada advertisement.	Use this command to help reduce the size of the routing table and allow an OSPF Autonomous System Boundary Router (ASBR) to advertise one external route as an aggregate for all redistributed routes that are covered by the address.		
192.0.2.0, 192.0.3.0, and so on. Only the ad advertisement.	This command requires the LAN Base Services license.		
switch(config) # router ospf 201	mmary address 192.0.0.0 to include address 192.0.1.0, dress 192.0.0.0 is advertised in an external link-state		
<pre>switch(config-router)# summary-address</pre>	192.0.0/16		

Related Commands	Command	Description
	copy running-config startup-config	Saves the configuration changes to the startup configuration file.
	redistribute (OSPF)	Redistributes external routing protocol routes into OSPF.
	show ip ospf summary-address	Displays OSPF summary-address redistribution information.