

# **O** Commands

The commands in this chapter apply to the Cisco MDS 9000 Family of multilayer directors and fabric switches. All commands are shown here in alphabetical order regardless of command mode. See "About the CLI Command Modes" section on page 1-3 section to determine the appropriate mode for each command.

# odrt.bin

To preform offline data recovery of Cisco SME, use the **odrt.bin** command on Linux-based systems. This command allows you to recover data when the MSM-18/4 module or the Cisco MDS 9222i fabric switch is not available.

odrt.bin [--help][--version]{-h | -l | -r | -w}{if=input\_device\_or\_file | of=output\_device\_or\_file |
kf=key\_export\_file | verbose=level}

Syntax Description	help	(Optional) Displays information on the tool.	
	version	(Optional) Displays the version of the tool.	
	-h	Reads and prints the tape header information on the tape.	
	-1	Lists all SCSI devices.	
	-r	Reads the tape device and writes data to intermediate file(s).	
	-W	Reads the intermediate file(s) on disk and writes data to the tape.	
	if	Specifies the input device or file.	
	of	Specifies the output device or file.	
	kf	Specifies the volume group filename.	
	verbose	Specifies the level of verbose.	
Defaults	None.		
Command Modes	None. This comn	nand runs from the Linux shell.	
Command History	Release	Modification	
	3.3(1a)	This command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines	The odrt.bin con	nmand operates in the following steps:	
	• Tape-to-disk– In this mode, the <b>odrt.bin</b> command reads the encrypted data from the tape and stores it as intermediate files on the disk. This mode is invoked with the '-r' flag. The input parameter is the tape device name and filename on the disk is the output parameter.		
	<ul> <li>the tape devi</li> <li>Disk-to-tape- decompresse is obtained fr (KMC). This tape device n</li> </ul>		

odrt -h if=/dev/sg0

The following example read the data on tape into intermediate file(s) on disk:

```
odrt -r if=/dev/sg0 of=diskfile
```

The following command reads the encrypted/compressed data in intermediate file(s) and writes back the decrypted/decompressed data to the tape:

odrt -w if=diskfile of=/dev/sg0 kf=c1\_tb1\_Default.dat

A sample output of the **odrt** command follows:

[root@ips-host06 odrt]# ./odrt.bin -w if=c of=/dev/sg2 kf=sme\_L700\_IBMLTO3\_Default.dat
verbose=3
Log file: odrt30072
Please enter key export password:
Elapsed 0:3:39.28, Read 453.07 MB, 2.07 MB/s, Write 2148.27 MB, 9.80 MB/s
Done

#### ocsp url

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### ocsp url

To configure the HTTP URL of the Online Certificate Status Protocol (OCSP) for the trust point CA, use the **ocsp url** command in trust point configuration submode. To discard the OCSP configuration, use the **no** form of the command.

ocsp url *url* 

no ocsp url url

Syntax Description	url	Specifies the OCSP URL. The maximum size is 512 characters.	
Defaults	None.		
Command Modes	Trust point configuration submode.		
Command History	Release	Modification	
	3.0(1)	This command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines	The MDS switch uses the OCSP protocol to check the revocation status of a peer certificate (presented to it during the security or authentication exchange for IKE or SSH, for example), only if the revocation checking methods configured for the trust point include OCSP as one of the methods. OCSP checks the certificate revocation status against the latest CRL on the CA using the online protocol, which generate network traffic and also requiring that the OCSP service of the CA be available online in the network. If revocation checking is performed by the cached CRL at the MDS switch, no network traffic is		
	e	ached CRL does not contain the latest revocation information. ticate the CA for the trust point before configuring the OCSP URL for it.	
Examples	<pre>switch# config switch(config)# switch(config-t The following ex</pre>	ample shows how to specify the URL for OCSP to use to check for revoked certificates: terminal crypto ca trustpoint admin-ca rustpoint)# ocsp url http://admin-ca.cisco.com/ocsp ample shows how to remove the URL for OCSP: rustpoint)# no ocsp url http://admin-ca.cisco.com/ocsp	

#### **Related Commands**

Command	Description
crypto ca crl-request	Configures a CRL or overwrites the existing one for the trust point CA.
revocation-check	Configures trust point revocation check methods.
show crypto ca crl	Displays configured CRLs.

### out-of-service

To put an interface out of service, use the **out-of-service** command in interface configuration submode. To restore the interface to service, use the **no** form of the command.

out-of-service [force]

no out-of-service [force]

Syntax Description	force	(Optional) Configures the interface that should be forced out of service.
Defaults	None.	
Command Modes	Interface configurati	on submode.
Command History	Release	Modification
	NX-OS 5.2(1)	This command was deprecated.
	3.0(1)	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	Before using the <b>out-of-service</b> command, you must disable the interface using the <b>shutdown</b> command. When an interface is out of service, all the shared resources for the interface are released, as is the configuration associated with those resources. Taking interfaces out of service releases all the shared resources to ensure that they are available to other	
	is brought back into	tes the configuration in the shared resources to revert to default when the interface service. Also, an interface cannot come back into service unless the default shared rt are available. The operation to free up shared resources from another port is
Examples	The following example shows how to take an interface out of service:	
	configuration to r Do you wish to cor	<pre>shterface fc 1/1 shutdown out-of-service ace into out-of-service will cause its shared resource revert to default</pre>
	<pre>switch(config-if)</pre>	# no out-of-service

<b>Related Commands</b>	Command	Description
	shutdown	Disables an interface.
	show interface	Displays the status of an interface.

## out-of-service module

To perform a graceful shutdown of an integrated crossbar on the supervisor module of a Cisco MDS 9500 Series Director, use the **out-of-service module** command in EXEC mode.

out-of-service module slot

Syntax Description	slot	The <i>slot</i> refers to the chassis slot number for Supervisor-1 module or Supervisor-2 module where the integrated crossbar is located.
Defaults	None.	
Command Modes	EXEC.	
Command History	Release	Modification
	NX-OS 5.2(1)	Applicable for supervisor module only.
	3.0(1)	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	Before removing a cro of the crossbar.	ossbar from an MDS 9500 Series Director, you must perform a graceful shutdown
	of the crossbar.	
Usage Guidelines <u>Note</u>	of the crossbar. To reactivate the integ Supervisor-2 module. For additional informa	ossbar from an MDS 9500 Series Director, you must perform a graceful shutdowr rated crossbar, you must remove and reinsert or replace the Supervisor-1 or ation about crossbar management, refer to the <i>Cisco MDS 9000 Family CLI</i>
	of the crossbar. To reactivate the integ Supervisor-2 module.	rated crossbar, you must remove and reinsert or replace the Supervisor-1 or
	of the crossbar. To reactivate the integ Supervisor-2 module. For additional informa <i>Configuration Guide</i> .	rated crossbar, you must remove and reinsert or replace the Supervisor-1 or
Note	of the crossbar. To reactivate the integ Supervisor-2 module. For additional informa <i>Configuration Guide</i> .	rated crossbar, you must remove and reinsert or replace the Supervisor-1 or ation about crossbar management, refer to the <i>Cisco MDS 9000 Family CLI</i> e shows how to perform a graceful shutdown of the integrated crossbar:
Note	of the crossbar. To reactivate the integ Supervisor-2 module. For additional informa <i>Configuration Guide</i> . The following example	rated crossbar, you must remove and reinsert or replace the Supervisor-1 or ation about crossbar management, refer to the <i>Cisco MDS 9000 Family CLI</i> e shows how to perform a graceful shutdown of the integrated crossbar:
Note Examples	of the crossbar. To reactivate the integ Supervisor-2 module. For additional informa <i>Configuration Guide</i> . The following exampl switch# <b>out-of-serv</b> .	rated crossbar, you must remove and reinsert or replace the Supervisor-1 or ation about crossbar management, refer to the <i>Cisco MDS 9000 Family CLI</i> e shows how to perform a graceful shutdown of the integrated crossbar: ice module 2

## out-of-service xbar

To perform a graceful shutdown of the external crossbar switching module of a Cisco MDS 9513 Director, use the **out-of-service xbar** command in EXEC mode.

out-of-service xbar *slot* 

no out-of-service xbar slot

Syntax Description	slot	Specifies the external crossbar switching module slot number, either 1 or 2. The <i>slot</i> refers to the external crossbar switching module slot number.	
Defaults	None.		
Command Modes	EXEC.		
Command History	Release	Modification	
	NX-OS 5.2(1)	This command was deprecated.	
	3.0(1)	This command was introduced.	
Note		e external crossbar switching module slot number. ernal crossbar switching module, you must remove and reinsert or replace the nodule.	
<u></u> Caution	Taking the crossbar	out-of-service may cause supervisor switchover.	
	For additional information about crossbar management, refer to the <i>Cisco MDS 9000 Family CLI Configuration Guide</i> .		
Examples	The following exam module of a Cisco M switch# <b>out-of-ser</b>		

Related Commands	Command	Description
	out-of-service module	Performs a graceful shutdown of an integrated crossbar on the supervisor module of a Cisco MDS 9500 Series Director.
	show module	Displays the status of a module.