

CHAPTER 3

Configuring System Message Logging

This chapter describes how to configure system message logging on Cisco MDS 9000 Family switches. It includes the following sections:

- [About System Message Logging, page 3-1](#)
- [System Message Logging Configuration, page 3-4](#)
- [System Message Logging Configuration Distribution, page 3-10](#)
- [Displaying System Message Logging Information, page 3-11](#)
- [Default Settings, page 3-16](#)

About System Message Logging

With the system message logging software, you can save messages in a log file or direct the messages to other devices. By default, the switch logs normal but significant system messages to a log file and sends these messages to the system console. This feature provides you with the following capabilities:

- Provides logging information for monitoring and troubleshooting
- Allows you to select the types of captured logging information
- Allows you to select the destination server to forward the captured logging information properly configured system message logging server.



Note

When the switch first initializes, the network is not connected until initialization completes. Therefore, messages are not redirected to a system message logging server for a few seconds.

Log messages are not saved across system reboots. However, a maximum of 100 log messages with a severity level of critical and below (levels 0, 1, and 2) are saved in NVRAM.

[Table 3-1](#) describes some samples of the facilities supported by the system message logs.

Table 3-1 Internal Logging Facilities

Facility Keyword	Description	Standard or Cisco MDS Specific
acl	ACL manager	Cisco MDS 9000 Family specific
all	All facilities	Cisco MDS 9000 Family specific
auth	Authorization system	Standard

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Table 3-1 Internal Logging Facilities (continued)

Facility Keyword	Description	Standard or Cisco MDS Specific
authpriv	Authorization (private) system	Standard
bootvar	Bootvar	Cisco MDS 9000 Family specific
callhome	Call Home	Cisco MDS 9000 Family specific
cron	Cron or at facility	Standard
daemon	System daemons	Standard
fcc	FCC	Cisco MDS 9000 Family specific
fcdomain	fcdomain	Cisco MDS 9000 Family specific
fcns	Name server	Cisco MDS 9000 Family specific
fcs	FCS	Cisco MDS 9000 Family specific
flogi	FLOGI	Cisco MDS 9000 Family specific
fspf	FSPF	Cisco MDS 9000 Family specific
ftp	File Transfer Protocol	Standard
ipconf	IP configuration	Cisco MDS 9000 Family specific
ipfc	IPFC	Cisco MDS 9000 Family specific
kernel	Kernel	Standard
local0 to local7	Locally defined messages	Standard
lpr	Line printer system	Standard
mail	Mail system	Standard
mcast	Multicast	Cisco MDS 9000 Family specific
module	Switching module	Cisco MDS 9000 Family specific
news	USENET news	Standard
ntp	NTP	Cisco MDS 9000 Family specific
platform	Platform manager	Cisco MDS 9000 Family specific
port	Port	Cisco MDS 9000 Family specific
port-channel	PortChannel	Cisco MDS 9000 Family specific
qos	QoS	Cisco MDS 9000 Family specific
rdl	RDL	Cisco MDS 9000 Family specific
rib	RIB	Cisco MDS 9000 Family specific
rscn	RSCN	Cisco MDS 9000 Family specific
securityd	Security	Cisco MDS 9000 Family specific
syslog	Internal system messages	Standard
sysmgr	System manager	Cisco MDS 9000 Family specific
tlport	TL port	Cisco MDS 9000 Family specific
user	User process	Standard
uucp	UNIX-to-UNIX Copy Program	Standard
vhbad	Virtual host base adapter daemon	Cisco MDS 9000 Family specific

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Table 3-1 Internal Logging Facilities (continued)

Facility Keyword	Description	Standard or Cisco MDS Specific
vni	Virtual network interface	Cisco MDS 9000 Family specific
vrrp_cfg	VRRP configuration	Cisco MDS 9000 Family specific
vrrp_eng	VRRP engine	Cisco MDS 9000 Family specific
vsan	VSAN system messages	Cisco MDS 9000 Family specific
vshd	vshd	Cisco MDS 9000 Family specific
wnn	WWN manager	Cisco MDS 9000 Family specific
xbar	Xbar system messages	Cisco MDS 9000 Family specific
zone	Zone server	Cisco MDS 9000 Family specific

Table 3-2 describes the severity levels supported by the system message logs.

Table 3-2 Error Message Severity Levels

Level Keyword	Level	Description	System Message Definition
emergencies	0	System unusable	LOG_EMERG
alerts	1	Immediate action needed	LOG_ALERT
critical	2	Critical conditions	LOG_CRIT
errors	3	Error conditions	LOG_ERR
warnings	4	Warning conditions	LOG_WARNING
notifications	5	Normal but significant condition	LOG_NOTICE
informational	6	Informational messages only	LOG_INFO
debugging	7	Debugging messages	LOG_DEBUG



Note

Refer to the *Cisco MDS 9000 Family System Messages Reference* for details on the error log message format.

SFP Diagnostics

The error message related to SFP failures is written to the syslog. You can listen to the syslog for events related to SFP failures. The values, low or high alarm, and the warning are checked for the following parameters:

- TX Power
- RX Power
- Temperature
- Voltage
- Current

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The SFP notification trap indicates the current status of the alarm and warning monitoring parameters for all the sensors based on the digital diagnostic monitoring information. This notification is generated whenever there is a change in the status of atleast one of the monitoring parameters of the sensors on the transceiver in an interface.

The CISCO-INTERFACE-XCVR-MONITOR-MIB contains the SFP notification trap information. Refer to the *Cisco MDS 9000 Family MIB Quick Reference* for more information on this MIB.

System Message Logging Configuration

System logging messages are sent to the console based on the default (or configured) logging facility and severity values.

This sections includes the following topics:

- [Message Logging Initiation, page 3-4](#)
- [Console Severity Level, page 3-4](#)
- [Monitor Severity Level, page 3-6](#)
- [Module Logging, page 3-6](#)
- [Facility Severity Levels, page 3-6](#)
- [Log Files, page 3-7](#)
- [System Message Logging Servers, page 3-7](#)

Message Logging Initiation

You can disable logging to the console or enable logging to a specific Telnet or SSH session.

- When you disable or enable logging to a console session, that state is applied to all future console sessions. If you exit and log in again to a new session, the state is preserved.
- When you enable or disable logging to a Telnet or SSH session, that state is applied only to that session. If you exit and log in again to a new session, the state is not preserved.

To enable or disable the logging state for a Telnet or SSH session, follow these steps :

	Command	Purpose
Step 1	switch# terminal monitor	Enables logging for a Telnet or SSH session. Note A console session is enabled by default.
Step 2	switch# terminal no monitor	Disables logging for a Telnet or SSH session. Note A Telnet or SSH session is disabled by default.

Console Severity Level

When logging is enabled for a console session (default), you can configure the severity levels of messages that appear on the console. The default severity for console logging is 2 (critical).

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**Tip**

The current critical (default) logging level is maintained if the console baud speed is 9600 baud (default). All attempts to change the console logging level generates an error message. To increase the logging level (above critical), you must change the console baud speed to 38400 baud.

To configure the severity level for the console session, follow these steps:

	Command	Purpose
Step 1	switch# config t switch(config)#	Enters configuration mode.
Step 2	switch(config)# logging console 3	Configures console logging at level 3 (error). Logging messages with a severity level of 3 or above are displayed on the console.
	switch(config)# no logging console	Reverts console logging to the factory set default severity level of 2 (critical). Logging messages with a severity level of 2 or above are displayed on the console.

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Monitor Severity Level

When logging is enabled for a monitor session (default), you can configure the severity levels of messages that appear on the monitor. The default severity for monitor logging is 5 (notifications).

To configure the severity level for a monitor session, follow these steps:

	Command	Purpose
Step 1	switch# config t switch(config)#	Enters configuration mode.
Step 2	switch(config)# logging monitor 3	Configures monitor logging at level 3 (error). Logging messages with a severity level of 3 or above are displayed on the monitor.
	switch(config)# no logging monitor	Reverts monitor logging to the factory set default severity level of 5 (notifications). Logging messages with a severity level of 5 or above are displayed on the console.

Module Logging

By default, logging is enabled at level 7 for all modules. You can enable or disable logging for each module at a specified level.

To enable or disable the logging for modules and configure the severity level, follow these steps:

	Command	Purpose
Step 1	switch# config t switch(config)#	Enters configuration mode.
Step 2	switch(config)# logging module 1	Configures module logging at level 1 (alerts) for all modules.
	switch(config)# logging module	Configures module logging for all modules in the switch at the default level 5 (notifications).
	switch(config)# no logging module	Disables module logging.

Facility Severity Levels

To configure the severity level for a logging facility (see [Table 3-1](#)), follow these steps:

	Command	Purpose
Step 1	switch# config t switch(config)#	Enters configuration mode.
Step 2	switch(config)# logging level kernel 4	Configures Telnet or SSH logging for the kernel facility at level 4 (warning). As a result, logging messages with a severity level of 4 or above are displayed.
	switch(config)# no logging level kernel 4	Reverts to the default severity level 6 (informational) for the Telnet or SSH logging for the kernel facility.
		Note Use the show logging info command to display the default logging levels for the facilities listed in Table 3-1 .

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Log Files

By default, the switch logs normal but significant system messages to a log file and sends these messages to the system console. Log messages are not saved across system reboots. The logging messages that are generated may be saved to a log file. You can configure the name of this file and restrict its size as required. The default log file name is messages. The file name can have up to 80 characters and the file size ranges from 4096 bytes to 4194304 bytes.

To send log messages to a file, follow these steps:

	Command	Purpose
Step 1	switch# config t switch(config)#	Enters configuration mode.
Step 2	switch(config)# logging logfile messages 3	Configures logging of information for errors or events above with a severity level 3 or above to the default log file named messages.
	switch(config)# logging logfile ManagerLog 3	Configures logging of information for errors or events with a severity level 3 or above to a file named ManagerLog using the default size of 10,485,760 bytes.
	switch(config)# logging logfile ManagerLog 3 size 3000000	Configures logging information for errors or events with a severity level 3 or above to a file named ManagerLog. By configuring a size, you are restricting the file size to 3,000,000 bytes.
	switch(config)# no logging logfile	Disables logging messages to the logfile.



Note

You can rename the log file using the **logging logfile** command.

The configured log file is saved in the /var/log/external directory. The location of the log file cannot be changed. You can use the **show logging logfile** and **clear logging logfile** commands to view and delete the contents of this file. You can use the **dir log:** command to view logging file statistics. You can use the **delete log:** command to remove the log file.

You can copy the logfile to a different location using the **copy log:** command using additional copy syntax.

System Message Logging Servers

You can configure a maximum of three system message logging servers.

To send log messages to a UNIX system message logging server, you must configure the system message logging daemon on a UNIX server. Log in as root, and follow these steps:

- Step 1 Add the following line to the /etc/syslog.conf file.
- ```
local1.debug /var/log/myfile.log
```



### Note

Be sure to add five tab characters between **local1.debug** and **/var/log/myfile.log**. Refer to entries in the /etc/syslog.conf file for further examples.

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The switch sends messages according to the specified facility types and severity levels. The **local1** keyword specifies the UNIX logging facility used. The messages from the switch are generated by user processes. The **debug** keyword specifies the severity level of the condition being logged. You can set UNIX systems to receive all messages from the switch.

**Step 2** Create the log file by entering these commands at the UNIX shell prompt:

```
$ touch /var/log/myfile.log
$ chmod 666 /var/log/myfile.log
```

**Step 3** Make sure the system message logging daemon reads the new changes by entering this command:

```
$ kill -HUP ~cat /etc/syslog.pid~
```

To configure system message logging server IPv4 addresses, follow these steps:

|               | Command                                                            | Purpose                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|---------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Step 1</b> | switch# <b>config t</b><br>switch#                                 | Enters configuration mode.                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Step 2</b> | switch(config)# <b>logging server 172.22.00.00</b>                 | Configures the switch to forward log messages according to the specified facility types and severity levels to remote multiple servers specified by its hostname or IPv4 address (172.22.00.00). |
|               | switch(config)# <b>logging server 172.22.00.00 facility local1</b> | Configures the switch to forward log messages according to the specified facility (local1) for the server IPv4 address (172.22.00.00). The default outgoing facility is local7.                  |
|               | switch(config)# <b>no logging server 172.11.00.00</b>              | Removes the specified server (172.11.00.00) and reverts to factory default.                                                                                                                      |

To configure system message logging server IPv6 addresses, follow these steps:

|               | Command                                                                        | Purpose                                                                                                                                                          |
|---------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Step 1</b> | switch# <b>config t</b><br>switch#                                             | Enters configuration mode.                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Step 2</b> | switch(config)# <b>logging server 2001::0db8:800:200c:417a</b>                 | Configures the switch to forward log messages according to the specified facility types and severity levels to a remote server specified by its IPv6 address.    |
|               | switch(config)# <b>logging server 2001::0db8:800:200c:417a facility local1</b> | Configures the switch to forward log messages according to the specified facility (local1) for the server IPv6 address. The default outgoing facility is local7. |
|               | switch(config)# <b>no logging server 2001::0db8:800:200c:417a</b>              | Removes the specified server and reverts to factory default.                                                                                                     |

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## System Message Logging

The system message logging software saves the messages in a log file or directs the messages to other devices. This feature has the following capabilities:

- Provides logging information for monitoring and troubleshooting.
- Allows the user to select the types of captured logging information.
- Allows the user to select the destination server to forward the captured logging information.

By default, the switch logs normal but significant system messages to a log file and sends these messages to the system console. You can specify which system messages should be saved based on the type of facility and the severity level. Messages are time-stamped to enhance real-time debugging and management.

You can access the logged system messages using the CLI or by saving them to a correctly configured system message logging server. The switch software saves system messages in a file that can save up to 1200 entries. You can monitor system messages remotely by accessing the switch through Telnet, SSH, the console port, or by viewing the logs on a system message logging server.

## Outgoing System Message Logging Server Facilities

All system messages have a logging facility and a level. The logging facility can be thought of as *where* and the level can be thought of as *what*.

The single system message logging daemon (syslogd) sends the information based on the configured **facility** option. If no facility is specified, local7 is the default outgoing facility.

The internal facilities are listed in [Table 3-1](#) and the outgoing logging facilities are listed in [Table 3-3](#).

**Table 3-3 Outgoing Logging Facilities**

| Facility Keyword        | Description                    | Standard or Cisco MDS Specific   |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| <b>auth</b>             | Authorization system           | Standard                         |
| <b>authpriv</b>         | Authorization (private) system | Standard                         |
| <b>cron</b>             | Cron or at facility            | Standard                         |
| <b>daemon</b>           | System daemons                 | Standard                         |
| <b>ftp</b>              | File Transfer Protocol         | Standard                         |
| <b>kernel</b>           | Kernel                         | Standard                         |
| <b>local0 to local7</b> | Locally defined messages       | Standard (local7 is the default) |
| <b>lpr</b>              | Line printer system            | Standard                         |
| <b>mail</b>             | Mail system                    | Standard                         |
| <b>news</b>             | USENET news                    | Standard                         |
| <b>syslog</b>           | Internal system messages       | Standard                         |
| <b>user</b>             | User process                   | Standard                         |
| <b>uucp</b>             | UNIX-to-UNIX Copy Program      | Standard                         |

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## System Message Logging Configuration Distribution

You can enable fabric distribution for all Cisco MDS switches in the fabric. When you perform system message logging configurations, and distribution is enabled, that configuration is distributed to all the switches in the fabric.

You automatically acquire a fabric-wide lock when you issue the first configuration command after you enabled distribution in a switch. The system message logging server uses the effective and pending database model to store or commit the commands based on your configuration. When you commit the configuration changes, the effective database is overwritten by the configuration changes in the pending database and all the switches in the fabric receive the same configuration. After making the configuration changes, you can choose to discard the changes by aborting the changes instead of committing them. In either case, the lock is released. See [Chapter 2, “Using the CFS Infrastructure”](#) for more information on the CFS application.

To enable fabric distribution for system message logging server configurations, follow these steps:

|        | Command                                      | Purpose                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|--------|----------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Step 1 | switch# <b>config t</b>                      | Enters configuration mode.                                                                                                                                                                     |
| Step 2 | switch(config)# <b>logging distribute</b>    | Enables the system message logging server configuration to be distributed to all switches in the fabric, acquires a lock, and stores all future configuration changes in the pending database. |
|        | switch(config)# <b>no logging distribute</b> | Disables (default) system message logging server configuration distribution to all switches in the fabric.                                                                                     |

To commit the system message logging server configuration changes, follow these steps:

|        | Command                               | Purpose                                                                                                                                                                      |
|--------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Step 1 | switch# <b>config t</b>               | Enters configuration mode.                                                                                                                                                   |
| Step 2 | switch(config)# <b>logging commit</b> | Distributes the configuration changes to all switches in the fabric, releases the lock, and overwrites the effective database with the changes made to the pending database. |

To discard the system message logging server configuration changes, follow these steps:

|        | Command                              | Purpose                                                                                                                |
|--------|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Step 1 | switch# <b>config t</b>              | Enters configuration mode.                                                                                             |
| Step 2 | switch(config)# <b>logging abort</b> | Discards the system message logging server configuration changes in the pending database and releases the fabric lock. |

## Fabric Lock Override

If you have performed a system message logging task and have forgotten to release the lock by either committing or discarding the changes, an administrator can release the lock from any switch in the fabric. If the administrator performs this task, your changes to the pending database are discarded and the fabric lock is released.

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**Tip**

The changes are only available in the volatile directory and are subject to being discarded if the switch is restarted.

To use administrative privileges and release a locked system message logging session, use the **clear logging session** command.

```
switch# clear logging session
```

## Database Merge Guidelines

See the “[CFS Merge Support](#)” section on page 2-9 for detailed concepts.

When merging two system message logging databases, follow these guidelines:

- Be aware that the merged database is a union of the existing and received database for each switch in the fabric.
- Verify that the merged database will only have a maximum of three system message logging servers.



**Caution**

If the merged database contains more than three servers, the merge will fail.

## Displaying System Message Logging Information

Use the **show logging** command to display the current system message logging configuration. See Examples 3-1 to 3-10.



**Note**

When using the **show logging** command, output is displayed only when the configured logging levels for the switch are different from the default levels.

### Example 3-1 Displays Current System Message Logging

```
switch# show logging
Logging console: enabled (Severity: critical)
Logging monitor: enabled (Severity: debugging)
Logging linecard: enabled (Severity: debugging)
Logging server: enabled
{172.20.102.34}
 server severity: debugging
 server facility: local7
{10.77.202.88}
 server severity: debugging
 server facility: local7
{10.77.202.149}
 server severity: debugging
 server facility: local7
Logging logfile: enabled
 Name - messages: Severity - debugging Size - 4194304
Facility Default Severity Current Session Severity

kern 6 6
user 3 3
mail 3 3
```

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|                |              |                  |
|----------------|--------------|------------------|
| daemon         | 7            | 7                |
| auth           | 0            | 7                |
| syslog         | 3            | 3                |
| lpr            | 3            | 3                |
| news           | 3            | 3                |
| uucp           | 3            | 3                |
| cron           | 3            | 3                |
| authpriv       | 3            | 7                |
| ftp            | 3            | 3                |
| local0         | 3            | 3                |
| local1         | 3            | 3                |
| local2         | 3            | 3                |
| local3         | 3            | 3                |
| local4         | 3            | 3                |
| local5         | 3            | 3                |
| local6         | 3            | 3                |
| local7         | 3            | 3                |
| vsan           | 2            | 2                |
| fspf           | 3            | 3                |
| fcdomain       | 2            | 2                |
| module         | 5            | 5                |
| sysmgr         | 3            | 3                |
| zone           | 2            | 2                |
| vni            | 2            | 2                |
| ipconf         | 2            | 2                |
| ipfc           | 2            | 2                |
| xbar           | 3            | 3                |
| fcns           | 2            | 2                |
| fcs            | 2            | 2                |
| acl            | 2            | 2                |
| tlport         | 2            | 2                |
| port           | 5            | 5                |
| flogi          | 2            | 2                |
| port_channel   | 5            | 5                |
| wwn            | 3            | 3                |
| fcc            | 2            | 2                |
| qos            | 3            | 3                |
| vrrp_cfg       | 2            | 2                |
| ntp            | 2            | 2                |
| platform       | 5            | 5                |
| vrrp_eng       | 2            | 2                |
| callhome       | 2            | 2                |
| mcast          | 2            | 2                |
| rdl            | 2            | 2                |
| rscn           | 2            | 2                |
| bootvar        | 5            | 2                |
| securityd      | 2            | 2                |
| vhbad          | 2            | 2                |
| rib            | 2            | 2                |
| vshd           | 5            | 5                |
| 0(emergencies) | 1(alerts)    | 2(critical)      |
| 3(errors)      | 4(warnings)  | 5(notifications) |
| 6(information) | 7(debugging) |                  |

```
Feb 14 09:50:57 excal-113 %TTYD-6-TTYD_MISC: TTYD TTYD started
Feb 14 09:50:58 excal-113 %DAEMON-6-SYSTEM_MSG: precision = 8 usec
...
```

Use the **show logging nvram** command to view the log messages saved in NVRAM. Only log messages with a severity level of critical and below (levels 0, 1, and 2) are saved in NVRAM.

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**Example 3-2 Displays NVRM Log Contents**

```
switch# show logging nvram
Jul 16 20:36:46 172.22.91.204 %KERN-2-SYSTEM_MSG: unable to alloc and fill in a
new mtsbuf (pid=2209, ret_val = -105)
Jul 16 20:36:46 172.22.91.204 %KERN-2-SYSTEM_MSG: unable to alloc and fill in a
new mtsbuf (pid=2199, ret_val = -105)
Jul 16 20:36:46 172.22.91.204 %KERN-2-SYSTEM_MSG: unable to alloc and fill in a
new mtsbuf (pid=2213, ret_val = -105)
Jul 16 20:36:46 172.22.91.204 %KERN-2-SYSTEM_MSG: unable to alloc and fill in a
new mtsbuf (pid=2213, ret_val = -105)
...
```

**Example 3-3 Displays the Log File**

```
switch# show logging logfile
Jul 16 21:06:50 %DAEMON-3-SYSTEM_MSG: Un-parsable frequency in /mnt/pss/ntp.drift
Jul 16 21:06:56 %DAEMON-3-SYSTEM_MSG: snmpd:snmp_open_debug_cfg: no snmp_saved_dbg_uri ;
Jul 16 21:06:58 172.22.91.204 %PORT-5-IF_UP: Interface mgmt0 is up
Jul 16 21:06:58 172.22.91.204 %MODULE-5-ACTIVE_SUP_OK: Supervisor 5 is active
...
```

**Example 3-4 Displays Console Logging Status**

```
switch# show logging console
Logging console: enabled (Severity: notifications)
```

**Example 3-5 Displays Logging Facility**

```
switch# show logging level
```

| Facility | Default Severity | Current Session Severity |
|----------|------------------|--------------------------|
| -----    | -----            | -----                    |
| kern     | 6                | 6                        |
| user     | 3                | 3                        |
| mail     | 3                | 3                        |
| daemon   | 7                | 7                        |
| auth     | 0                | 7                        |
| syslog   | 3                | 3                        |
| lpr      | 3                | 3                        |
| news     | 3                | 3                        |
| uucp     | 3                | 3                        |
| cron     | 3                | 3                        |
| authpriv | 3                | 7                        |
| ftp      | 3                | 3                        |
| local0   | 3                | 3                        |
| local1   | 3                | 3                        |
| local2   | 3                | 3                        |
| local3   | 3                | 3                        |
| local4   | 3                | 3                        |
| local5   | 3                | 3                        |
| local6   | 3                | 3                        |
| local7   | 3                | 3                        |
| vsan     | 2                | 2                        |
| fspf     | 3                | 3                        |
| fcdomain | 2                | 2                        |
| module   | 5                | 5                        |
| sysmgr   | 3                | 3                        |
| zone     | 2                | 2                        |
| vni      | 2                | 2                        |
| ipconf   | 2                | 2                        |
| ipfc     | 2                | 2                        |

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|                 |               |                   |
|-----------------|---------------|-------------------|
| xbar            | 3             | 3                 |
| fcns            | 2             | 2                 |
| fcs             | 2             | 2                 |
| acl             | 2             | 2                 |
| tlport          | 2             | 2                 |
| port            | 5             | 5                 |
| flogi           | 2             | 2                 |
| port_channel    | 5             | 5                 |
| wnn             | 3             | 3                 |
| fcc             | 2             | 2                 |
| qos             | 3             | 3                 |
| vrrp_cfg        | 2             | 2                 |
| ntp             | 2             | 2                 |
| platform        | 5             | 5                 |
| vrrp_eng        | 2             | 2                 |
| callhome        | 2             | 2                 |
| mcast           | 2             | 2                 |
| rdl             | 2             | 2                 |
| rscn            | 2             | 2                 |
| bootvar         | 5             | 2                 |
| securityd       | 2             | 2                 |
| vhbad           | 2             | 2                 |
| rib             | 2             | 2                 |
| vshd            | 5             | 5                 |
| 0 (emergencies) | 1 (alerts)    | 2 (critical)      |
| 3 (errors)      | 4 (warnings)  | 5 (notifications) |
| 6 (information) | 7 (debugging) |                   |

**Example 3-6 Displays Logging Information**

```
switch# show logging info
Logging console: enabled (Severity: critical)
Logging monitor: enabled (Severity: debugging)
Logging linecard: enabled (Severity: debugging)
Logging server: enabled
{172.20.102.34}
 server severity: debugging
 server facility: local7
{10.77.202.88}
 server severity: debugging
 server facility: local7
{10.77.202.149}
 server severity: debugging
 server facility: local7
Logging logfile: enabled
 Name - messages: Severity - debugging Size - 4194304
Facility Default Severity Current Session Severity

kern 6 6
user 3 3
mail 3 3
daemon 7 7
auth 0 7
syslog 3 3
lpr 3 3
news 3 3
uucp 3 3
cron 3 3
authpriv 3 7
ftp 3 3
local0 3 3
local1 3 3
local2 3 3
```

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|                |              |                  |
|----------------|--------------|------------------|
| local3         | 3            | 3                |
| local4         | 3            | 3                |
| local5         | 3            | 3                |
| local6         | 3            | 3                |
| local7         | 3            | 3                |
| vsan           | 2            | 2                |
| fspf           | 3            | 3                |
| fcdomain       | 2            | 2                |
| module         | 5            | 5                |
| sysmgr         | 3            | 3                |
| zone           | 2            | 2                |
| vni            | 2            | 2                |
| ipconf         | 2            | 2                |
| ipfc           | 2            | 2                |
| xbar           | 3            | 3                |
| fcns           | 2            | 2                |
| fcs            | 2            | 2                |
| acl            | 2            | 2                |
| tlport         | 2            | 2                |
| port           | 5            | 5                |
| flogi          | 2            | 2                |
| port_channel   | 5            | 5                |
| wwn            | 3            | 3                |
| fcc            | 2            | 2                |
| qos            | 3            | 3                |
| vrrp_cfg       | 2            | 2                |
| ntp            | 2            | 2                |
| platform       | 5            | 5                |
| vrrp_eng       | 2            | 2                |
| callhome       | 2            | 2                |
| mcast          | 2            | 2                |
| rdl            | 2            | 2                |
| rscn           | 2            | 2                |
| bootvar        | 5            | 2                |
| securityd      | 2            | 2                |
| vhbad          | 2            | 2                |
| rib            | 2            | 2                |
| vshd           | 5            | 5                |
| 0(emergencies) | 1(alerts)    | 2(critical)      |
| 3(errors)      | 4(warnings)  | 5(notifications) |
| 6(information) | 7(debugging) |                  |

### ***Example 3-7 Displays Last Few Lines of a Log File***

```
switch# show logging last 2
Nov 8 16:48:04 excal-113 %LOG_VSHD-5-VSHD_SYSLOG_CONFIG_I: Configuring console from pts/1
(171.71.58.56)
Nov 8 17:44:09 excal-113 %LOG_VSHD-5-VSHD_SYSLOG_CONFIG_I: Configuring console from pts/0
(171.71.58.72)
```

### ***Example 3-8 Displays Switching Module Logging Status***

```
switch# show logging module
Logging linecard: enabled (Severity: debugging)
```

### ***Example 3-9 Displays Monitor Logging Status***

```
switch# show logging monitor
Logging monitor: enabled (Severity: information)
```

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**Example 3-10   Displays Server Information**

```
switch# show logging server
Logging server: enabled
{172.22.95.167}
 server severity: debugging
 server facility: local7
{172.22.92.58}
 server severity: debugging
 server facility: local7
```

# Default Settings

Table 3-4 lists the default settings for system message logging.

**Table 3-4       Default System Message Log Settings**

| Parameters                                | Default                                               |
|-------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|
| System message logging to the console     | Enabled for messages at the critical severity level.  |
| System message logging to Telnet sessions | Disabled.                                             |
| Logging file size                         | 4194304.                                              |
| Log file name                             | Message (change to a name with up to 200 characters). |
| Logging server                            | Disabled.                                             |
| Syslog server IP address                  | Not configured.                                       |
| Number of servers                         | Three servers.                                        |
| Server facility                           | Local 7.                                              |