rmon collection stats

Use the **rmon collection stats** interface configuration command on the switch stack or on a standalone switch to collect Ethernet group statistics, which include usage statistics about broadcast and multicast packets, and error statistics about cyclic redundancy check (CRC) alignment errors and collisions. Use the **no** form of this command to return to the default setting.

rmon collection stats index [owner name]

no rmon collection stats *index* [**owner** *name*]

	index	Demote Network Monitoring (DMON) collection control index. The renge
Syntax Description	index	Remote Network Monitoring (RMON) collection control index. The range is 1 to 65535.
	owner name	(Optional) Owner of the RMON collection.
efaults	The RMON statistics of	collection is disabled.
ommand Modes	Interface configuration	1
ommand History	Release	Modification
	12.2(40)EX2	This command was introduced.
lsage Guidelines	The RMON statistics of	collection command is based on hardware counters.
	This example shows h	collection command is based on hardware counters. ow to collect RMON statistics for the owner <i>root</i> :
	This example shows h Switch(config)# into	ow to collect RMON statistics for the owner <i>root</i> :
	This example shows h Switch(config)# into Switch(config-if)# 1	ow to collect RMON statistics for the owner <i>root</i> :
Examples	This example shows h Switch(config)# into Switch(config-if)# 1	ow to collect RMON statistics for the owner <i>root</i> : erface gigabitethernet2/0/1 rmon collection stats 2 owner root
Usage Guidelines Examples Related Commands	This example shows h Switch(config)# into Switch(config-if)# r You can verify your se	ow to collect RMON statistics for the owner <i>root</i> : erface gigabitethernet2/0/1 rmon collection stats 2 owner root etting by entering the show rmon statistics privileged EXEC command.

sdm prefer

Use the **sdm prefer** global configuration command on the switch stack or on a standalone switch to configure the template used in Switch Database Management (SDM) resource allocation. You can use a template to allocate system resources to best support the features being used in your application. Use a template to provide maximum system usage for unicast routing or for VLAN configuration or to select the dual IPv4 and IPv6 template to support IPv6 forwarding. Use the **no** form of this command to return to the default template.

sdm prefer {access | default | dual-ipv4-and-ipv6 {default | routing | vlan} | routing | vlan}

no sdm prefer

	access	Provide maximum system usage for access control lists (ACLs). Use this template if you have a large number of ACLs.	
	default	Give balance to all functions.	
	dual-ipv4-and-ipv6 {default routing vlan}	Select a template that supports both IPv4 and IPv6 routing.	
		• default —Provide balance to IPv4 and IPv6 Layer 2 and Layer 3 functionality.	
		• routing —Provide maximum system usage for IPv4 and IPv6 routing, including IPv4 policy-based routing.	
		• vlan—Provide maximum system usage for IPv4 and IPv6 VLANs.	
	routing	Provide maximum system usage for unicast routing. You would typically use this template for a router in the middle of a network.	
	vlanProvide maximum system usage for VLANs. This template maximizes system resources for use as a Layer 2 switch with no routing.		
	The default template provides a balance to all features.		
Defaults	The default template p	provides a balance to all features.	
Defaults Command Modes	The default template p Global configuration	provides a balance to all features.	
		provides a balance to all features. Modification	

Follow these guidelines for the Catalyst Switch Module 3110:

- All stack members use the same SDM desktop template that is stored on the stack master. When a new switch member is added to a stack, the stored SDM configuration overrides the template configured on an individual switch.
- The IPv6 packets are routed in hardware across the stack, as long as the packet does not have exceptions (IPv6Options) and the switches have not run out of hardware resources.
- If a stack member cannot support the template that is running on the master switch, the switch goes into SDM mismatch mode, the master switch does not attempt to change the SDM template, and the switch cannot be a functioning member of the stack.

For more information about stacking, see the "Managing Switch Stacks" chapter in the software configuration guide.

Use the no sdm prefer command to set the switch to the default desktop template.

The access template maximizes system resources for access control lists (ACLs) as required to accommodate a large number of ACLs.

The default templates balances the use of system resources.

Use the **sdm prefer vlan** global configuration command only on switches intended for Layer 2 switching with no routing. When you use the VLAN template, no system resources are reserved for routing entries, and any routing is done through software. This overloads the CPU and severely degrades routing performance.

Do not use the routing template if you do not have routing enabled on your switch. Entering the **sdm prefer routing** global configuration command prevents other features from using the memory allocated to unicast routing in the routing template.

Do not use the ipv4-and-ipv6 templates if you do not plan to enable IPv6 routing on the switch. Entering the sdm prefer ipv4-and-ipv6 {default | routing | vlan} global configuration command divides resources between IPv4 and IPv6, limiting those allocated to IPv4 forwarding.

Table 2-15 lists the approximate number of each resource that is supported in each of the IPv4-only templates for a desktop switch. The values in the template are based on 8 routed interfaces and 1024 VLANs and represent the approximate hardware boundaries set when a template is selected. If a section of a hardware resource is full, all processing overflow is sent to the CPU, seriously impacting switch performance.

Resource	Access	Default	Routing	VLAN
Unicast MAC addresses	4 K	6 K	3 K	12 K
Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP) groups and multicast routes	1 K	1 K	1 K	1 K
Unicast routes	6 K	8 K	11 K	0
Directly connected hosts	4 K	6 K	3 K	0
Indirect routes	2 K	2 K	8 K	0
Policy-based routing access control entries (ACEs)	0.5 K	0	0.5 K	0
Quality of service (QoS) classification ACEs	0.5 K	0.5 K	0.5 K	0.5 K
Security ACEs	2 K	1 K	1 K	1 K
VLANs	1 K	1 K	1 K	1 K

Table 2-15 Approximate Number of Feature Resources Allowed by IPv4 Templates

Table 2-16 lists the approximate number of each resource supported in each of the dual IPv4-and IPv6 templates for a desktop switch.

Resource	Default	Routing	VLAN
Unicast MAC addresses	2 K	1.5 K	8 K
IPv4 IGMP groups and multicast routes	1 K	1 K	1 K for IGMP groups 0 for multicast routes
Total IPv4 unicast routes:	3 K	2.75 K	0
• Directly connected IPv4 hosts	2 K	1.5 K	0
• Indirect IPv4 routes	1 K	1.25 K	0
IPv6 multicast groups	1 K	1 K	1 K
Directly connected IPv6 addresses	2 K	1.5 K	0
Indirect IPv6 unicast routes	1 K	1.25 K	0
IPv4 policy-based routing ACEs	0	0.25 K	0
IPv4 or MAC QoS ACEs (total)	0.5 K	0.5 K	0.5 K
IPv4 or MAC security ACEs (total)	1 K	0.5 K	1 K
IPv6 security ACEs	1 K	1 K	0.5 K

Table 2-16 Approximate Feature Resources Allowed by Dual IPv4-IPv6 Templates

Examples

This example shows how to configure the access template on a switch:

Switch(config)# sdm prefer access
Switch(config)# exit
Switch# reload

This example shows how to configure the routing template on a switch:

Switch(config)# sdm prefer routing
Switch(config)# exit
Switch# reload

This example shows how to configure the dual IPv4-and-IPv6 default template on a switch:

Switch(config)# sdm prefer dual-ipv4-and-ipv6 default
Switch(config)# exit
Switch# reload

This example shows how to change a switch template to the default template.

```
Switch(config)# no sdm prefer
Switch(config)# exit
Switch# reload
```

You can verify your settings by entering the show sdm prefer privileged EXEC command.

Related Commands	ds Command Description	
	show sdm prefer	Displays the current SDM template in use or displays the templates that can
		be used, with approximate resource allocation per feature.

service password-recovery

Use the **service password-recovery** global configuration command on the switch stack or on a standalone switch to enable the password-recovery mechanism (the default). This mechanism allows an end user with physical access to the switch to hold down the **Mode** button and interrupt the boot process while the switch is powering up and to assign a new password. Use the **no** form of this command to disable part of the password-recovery functionality. When the password-recovery mechanism is disabled, interrupting the boot process is allowed only if the user agrees to set the system back to the default configuration.

service password-recovery

no service password-recovery

Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.

The password-recovery mechanism is enabled.

Command Modes Global configuration

Defaults

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(40)EX2	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines As a system administrator, you can use the **no service password-recovery** command to disable some of the functionality of the password recovery feature by allowing an end user to reset a password only by agreeing to return to the default configuration.

To use the password-recovery procedure, a user with physical access to the switch holds down the **Mode** button while the unit powers up and for a second or two after the LED above port 1X turns off. When the button is released, the system continues with initialization.

If the password-recovery mechanism is disabled, this message appears:

The password-recovery mechanism has been triggered, but is currently disabled. Access to the boot loader prompt through the password-recovery mechanism is disallowed at this point. However, if you agree to let the system be reset back to the default system configuration, access to the boot loader prompt can still be allowed.

Would you like to reset the system back to the default configuration (y/n)?

If the user chooses not to reset the system to the default configuration, the normal boot process continues, as if the **Mode** button had not been pressed. If you choose to reset the system to the default configuration, the configuration file in flash memory is deleted, and the VLAN database file, *flash:vlan.dat* (if present), is deleted.

•	
No	If you use the no service password-recovery command to control end user access to passwords, we recommend that you save a copy of the config file in a location away from the switch in case the end user uses the password recovery procedure and sets the system back to default values. Do not keep a backup copy of the config file on the switch.
	If the switch is operating in VTP transparent mode, we recommend that you also save a copy of the vlan.dat file in a location away from the switch.
	When you enter the service password-recovery or no service password-recovery command on the stack master, it is propagated throughout the stack and applied to all switches in the stack.
	You can verify if password recovery is enabled or disabled by entering the show version privileged EXEC command.
Examples	This example shows how to disable password recovery on a switch or switch stack so that a user can only reset a password by agreeing to return to the default configuration.
	Switch(config)# no service-password recovery Switch(config)# exit
Related Comman	ds Command Description
	show version Displays version information for the hardware and firmware.

service-policy

Use the **service-policy** interface configuration command on the switch stack or on a standalone switch to apply a policy map defined by the **policy-map** command to the input of a physical port or a switch virtual interface (SVI). Use the **no** form of this command to remove the policy map and port association.

service-policy input policy-map-name

no service-policy input policy-map-name

Syntax Description	input policy-map-nam	Apply the specified policy map to the input of a physical port or an SVI.
Note		command-line help strings, the history keyword is not supported, and you should at it gathers. The output keyword is also not supported.
Defaults	No policy maps are att	ached to the port.
Command Modes	Interface configuration	L Contraction of the second
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(40)EX2	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	Only one policy map p	er ingress port is supported.
	(QoS) is disabled by us port, you can configure the mls qos vlan-base previously configured	nfigured on physical ports or on SVIs. When VLAN-based quality of service sing the no mls qos vlan-based interface configuration command on a physical e a port-based policy map on the port. If VLAN-based QoS is enabled by using d interface configuration command on a physical port, the switch removes the port-based policy map. After a hierarchical policy map is configured and applied e-level policy map takes effect on the interface.
		map to incoming traffic on a physical port or on an SVI. You can configure
		el policy maps for each class defined in the VLAN-level policy map. For more archical policy maps, see the "Configuring QoS" chapter in the software r this release.

Examples

This example shows how to apply *plcmap1* to an physical ingress port:

```
Switch(config)# interface gigabitethernet2/0/1
Switch(config-if)# service-policy input plcmap1
```

This example shows how to remove *plcmap2* from a physical port:

```
Switch(config)# interface gigabitethernet2/0/2
Switch(config-if)# no service-policy input plcmap2
```

This example shows how to apply *plcmap1* to an ingress SVI when VLAN-based QoS is enabled:

```
Switch(config)# interface vlan 10
Switch(config-if)# service-policy input plcmap1
```

This example shows how to create a hierarchical policy map and attach it to an SVI:

```
Switch> enable
Switch# configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch(config)# access-list 101 permit ip any any
Switch(config) # class-map cm-1
Switch(config-cmap)# match access 101
Switch(config-cmap) # exit
Switch(config)# exit
Switch#
Switch#
Switch# configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch(config) # class-map cm-interface-1
Switch(config-cmap)# match input gigabitethernet3/0/1 - gigabitethernet3/0/2
Switch(config-cmap)# exit
Switch(config) # policy-map port-plcmap
Switch(config-pmap)# class-map cm-interface-1
Switch(config-pmap-c)# police 900000 9000 exc policed-dscp-transmit
Switch(config-pmap-c)# exit
Switch(config-pmap)# exit
Switch(config) # policy-map vlan-plcmap
Switch(config-pmap)# class-map cm-1
Switch(config-pmap-c)# set dscp 7
Switch(config-pmap-c)# service-policy port-plcmap-1
Switch(config-pmap-c)# exit
Switch(config-pmap)# class-map cm-2
Switch(config-pmap-c)# match ip dscp 2
Switch(config-pmap-c)# service-policy port-plcmap-1
Switch(config-pmap)# exit
Switch(config-pmap) # class-map cm-3
Switch(config-pmap-c)# match ip dscp 3
Switch(config-pmap-c)# service-policy port-plcmap-2
Switch(config-pmap)# exit
Switch(config-pmap) # class-map cm-4
Switch(config-pmap-c) # trust dscp
Switch(config-pmap) # exit
Switch(config)# int vlan 10
Switch(config-if)#
Switch(config-if)# ser input vlan-plcmap
Switch(config-if) # exit
Switch(config) # exit
Switch#
```

You can verify your settings by entering the show running-config privileged EXEC command.

Related Commands	Command	Description
	policy-map	Creates or modifies a policy map that can be attached to multiple ports to specify a service policy.
	show policy-map	Displays QoS policy maps.
	show running-config	Displays the operating configuration. For syntax information, use this link to the Cisco IOS Release 12.2 Command Reference listing page: http://www.cisco.com/en/US/products/sw/iosswrel/ps1835/prod_command _reference_list.html Select the Cisco IOS Commands Master List, Release 12.2 to navigate to the command.

session

Use the session privileged EXEC command on the stack master to access a specific stack member.

session *stack-member-number*

Note

This command is supported only on stacking-capable switches.

Syntax Description	stack-member-number	Specify the stack member number. The range is 1 to 9.
Defaults	No default is defined.	
Command Modes	Global configuration	
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(40)EX2	This command was introduced.
Jsage Guidelines	When you access the sta	ack member, its stack member number is appended to the system prompt.
Usage Guidelines	When you access the sta	ack member, its stack member number is appended to the system prompt.
-		ack member, its stack member number is appended to the system prompt. w to access stack member 6:
-		w to access stack member 6:
Examples	This example shows how Switch(config)# sessi	w to access stack member 6:
Examples	This example shows how Switch(config)# sessi Switch-6#	w to access stack member 6:
Examples	This example shows how Switch(config)# sessi Switch-6#	w to access stack member 6: .on 6 Description
Usage Guidelines Examples Related Commands	This example shows how Switch(config)# sessi Switch-6# Command reload	w to access stack member 6: on 6 Description Reloads the stack member and puts a configuration change into effect.

Use the **set** policy-map class configuration command on the switch stack or on a standalone switch to classify IP traffic by setting a Differentiated Services Code Point (DSCP) or an IP-precedence value in the packet. Use the **no** form of this command to remove traffic classification.

set {dscp new-dscp | [ip] precedence new-precedence}

no set {**dscp** *new-dscp* | [**ip**] **precedence** *new-precedence*}

Syntax Description	dscp new-dscp	New DSCP value assigned to the classified traffic. The range is 0 to 63. You also can enter a mnemonic name for a commonly used value.
	[ip] precedence new-precedence	<i>e</i> New IP-precedence value assigned to the classified traffic. The range is 0 to 7. You also can enter a mnemonic name for a commonly used value.
Defaults	No traffic classification is define	ed.
Command Modes	Policy-map class configuration	
Command History	Release Modif	ication
	12.2(40)EX2 This c	ommand was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	command to set dscp in the swit	p olicy-map class configuration command, the switch changes this sch configuration. If you enter the set ip dscp policy-map class ting appears as set dscp in the switch configuration.
		ce policy-map class configuration command or the set precedence command. This setting appears as set ip precedence in the switch
	The set command is mutually ex the same policy map.	clusive with the trust policy-map class configuration command within
	mnemonic name for a commonly which is the same as entering the command, which is the same as	e set ip precedence <i>new-precedence</i> command, you can enter a y used value. For example, you can enter the set dscp af11 command, e set dscp 10 command. You can enter the set ip precedence critical entering the set ip precedence 5 command. For a list of supported or the set ip precedence ? command to see the command-line help
	To return to policy-map configur use the end command.	ation mode, use the exit command. To return to privileged EXEC mode,

Examples

This example shows how to assign DSCP 10 to all FTP traffic without any policers:

Switch(config)# policy-map policy_ftp
Switch(config-pmap)# class ftp_class
Switch(config-pmap-c)# set dscp 10
Switch(config-pmap)# exit

You can verify your settings by entering the show policy-map privileged EXEC command.

Related Commands	Command	Description
	class	Defines a traffic classification match criteria (through the police , set , and trust policy-map class configuration commands) for the specified class-map name.
	police	Defines a policer for classified traffic.
	policy-map	Creates or modifies a policy map that can be attached to multiple ports to specify a service policy.
	show policy-map	Displays QoS policy maps.
	trust	Defines a trust state for traffic classified through the class policy-map configuration command or the class-map global configuration command.

setup

Use the setup privileged EXEC command to configure the switch with its initial configuration.

setup

Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC

 Release
 Modification

 12.2(40)EX2
 This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines

When you use the setup command, make sure that you have this information:

- IP address and network mask
- Password strategy for your environment

When you enter the **setup** command, an interactive dialog, called the System Configuration Dialog, appears. It guides you through the configuration process and prompts you for information. The values shown in brackets next to each prompt are the default values last set by using either the **setup** command facility or the **configure** privileged EXEC command.

Help text is provided for each prompt. To access help text, press the question mark (?) key at a prompt.

To return to the privileged EXEC prompt without making changes and without running through the entire System Configuration Dialog, press **Ctrl-C**.

When you complete your changes, the setup program shows you the configuration command script that was created during the setup session. You can save the configuration in NVRAM or return to the setup program or the command-line prompt without saving it.

Examples	This is an example of output from the setup command:				
	Switch# setup System Configuration Dialog				
	Continue with configuration dialog? [yes/no]: yes				
	At any point you may enter a question mark '?' for help. Use ctrl-c to abort configuration dialog at any prompt. Default settings are in square brackets '[]'.				
	Basic management setup configures only enough connectivity for management of the system, extended setup will ask you to configure each interface on the system.				
	Would you like to enter basic management setup? [yes/no]: yes Configuring global parameters:				

setup

```
Enter host name [Switch]: host-name
  The enable secret is a password used to protect access to
  privileged EXEC and configuration modes. This password, after
  entered, becomes encrypted in the configuration.
  Enter enable secret: enable-secret-password
  The enable password is used when you do not specify an
  enable secret password, with some older software versions, and
  some boot images.
  Enter enable password: enable-password
  The virtual terminal password is used to protect
  access to the router over a network interface.
  Enter virtual terminal password: terminal-password
  Configure SNMP Network Management? [no]: yes
  Community string [public]:
Current interface summary
Any interface listed with OK? value "NO" does not have a valid configuration
Interface
                           IP-Address
                                           OK? Method Status
                                                                             Protocol
Vlan1
                           172.20.135.202 YES NVRAM up
                                                                             up
GigabitEthernet6/0/1
                             unassigned
                                             YES unset up
                                                                               up
GigabitEthernet6/0/2
                             unassigned
                                             YES unset up
                                                                               down
<output truncated>
Port-channel1
                           unassigned
                                           YES unset. up
                                                                             down
Enter interface name used to connect to the
management network from the above interface summary: vlan1
Configuring interface vlan1:
Configure IP on this interface? [yes]: yes
IP address for this interface: ip_address
Subnet mask for this interface [255.0.0.0]: subnet_mask
Would you like to enable as a cluster command switch? [yes/no]: yes
Enter cluster name: cluster-name
The following configuration command script was created:
hostname host-name
enable secret 5 $1$LiBw$0Xc1wyT.PXPkuhFwqyhVi0
enable password enable-password
line vty 0 15
password terminal-password
snmp-server community public
Т
no ip routing
interface GigabitEthernet6/0/1
no ip address
interface GigabitEthernet6/0/2
no ip address
!
```

end

Use this configuration? [yes/no]: yes
!
[0] Go to the IOS command prompt without saving this config.
[1] Return back to the setup without saving this config.
[2] Save this configuration to nvram and exit.
Enter your selection [2]:

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show running-config	Displays the operating configuration. For syntax information, use this link to the Cisco IOS Release 12.2 Command Reference listing
		page: http://www.cisco.com/en/US/products/sw/iosswrel/ps1835/prod_co mmand_reference_list.html Select the Cisco IOS Commands Master List, Release 12.2 to navigate to the command.
	show version	Displays version information for the hardware and firmware.

setup express

Use the **setup express** global configuration command to enable Express Setup mode on the switch stack or on a standalone switch. Use the **no** form of this command to disable Express Setup mode.

setup express

no setup express

- **Syntax Description** This command has no arguments or keywords.
- **Defaults** Express Setup is enabled.
- **Command Modes** Global configuration

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(40)EX2	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines

When Express Setup is enabled on a new (unconfigured) switch, pressing the Mode button for 2 seconds activates Express Setup. You can access the switch through an Ethernet port by using the IP address 10.0.0.1 and then can configure the switch with the web-based Express Setup program or the command-line interface (CLI)-based setup program.

When you press the Mode button for 2 seconds on a configured switch, the LEDs above the Mode button start blinking. If you press the Mode button for a total of 10 seconds, the switch configuration is deleted, and the switch reboots. The switch can then be configured like a new switch, either through the web-based Express Setup program or the CLI-based setup program.



As soon as you make any change to the switch configuration (including entering *no* at the beginning of the CLI-based setup program), configuration by Express Setup is no longer available. You can only run Express Setup again by pressing the Mode button for 10 seconds. This deletes the switch configuration and reboots the switch.

If Express Setup is active on the switch, entering the **write memory** or **copy running-configuration** startup-configuration privileged EXEC commands deactivates Express Setup. The IP address 10.0.0.1 is no longer valid on the switch, and your connection using this IP address ends.

The primary purpose of the **no setup express** command is to prevent someone from deleting the switch configuration by pressing the Mode button for 10 seconds.

show setup express

Examples	This example shows how to enable Express Setup mode: Switch(config)# setup express
	 You can verify that Express Setup mode is enabled by pressing the Mode button: On an unconfigured switch, the LEDs above the Mode button turn solid green after 3 seconds. On a configured switch, the mode LEDs begin blinking after 2 seconds and turn solid green after 10 seconds.
<u> </u>	If you <i>hold</i> the Mode button down for a total of 10 seconds, the configuration is deleted, and the switch reboots.
	This example shows how to disable Express Setup mode: Switch(config)# no setup express
	You can verify that Express Setup mode is disabled by pressing the Mode button. The mode LEDs do not turn solid green <i>or</i> begin blinking green if Express Setup mode is not enabled on the switch.
Related Commands	Command Description

Displays if Express Setup mode is active.

show access-lists

Use the **show access-lists** privileged EXEC command to display access control lists (ACLs) configured on the switch.

show access-lists [name | number | hardware counters | ipc] [| {begin | exclude | include}
expression]

Syntax Description	name	(Optional) Name of the ACL.
	number	(Optional) ACL number. The range is 1 to 2699.
	hardware counters	(Optional) Display global hardware ACL statistics for switched and routed packets.
	ipc	(Optional) Display Interprocess Communication (IPC) protocol access-list configuration download information.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the expression.
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Note	Though visible in the c	ommand-line help strings, the rate-limit keywords are not supported.
Note	Though visible in the c Privileged EXEC	ommand-line help strings, the rate-limit keywords are not supported.
		ommand-line help strings, the rate-limit keywords are not supported. Modification
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC	
Command Modes Command History	Privileged EXEC Release 12.2(40)EX2	Modification This command was introduced. y IP standard and extended access lists. Therefore, the allowed numbers are only
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC Release 12.2(40)EX2 The switch supports on 1 to 199 and 1300 to 20	Modification This command was introduced. Iy IP standard and extended access lists. Therefore, the allowed numbers are onl

Examples

This is an example of output from the **show access-lists** command:

```
Switch# show access-lists
Standard IP access list 1
   10 permit 1.1.1.1
   20 permit 2.2.2.2
    30 permit any
    40 permit 0.255.255.255, wildcard bits 12.0.0.0
Standard IP access list videowizard_1-1-1-1
    10 permit 1.1.1.1
Standard IP access list videowizard_10-10-10-10
    10 permit 10.10.10.10
Extended IP access list 121
   10 permit ahp host 10.10.10.10 host 20.20.10.10 precedence routine
Extended IP access list CMP-NAT-ACL
    Dynamic Cluster-HSRP deny ip any any
    10 deny ip any host 19.19.11.11
    20 deny ip any host 10.11.12.13
   Dynamic Cluster-NAT permit ip any any
    10 permit ip host 10.99.100.128 any
    20 permit ip host 10.46.22.128 any
    30 permit ip host 10.45.101.64 any
    40 permit ip host 10.45.20.64 any
    50 permit ip host 10.213.43.128 any
    60 permit ip host 10.91.28.64 any
    70 permit ip host 10.99.75.128 any
    80 permit ip host 10.38.49.0 any
```

This is an example of output from the show access-lists hardware counters command:

All bytes count: 1236182

```
Switch# show access-lists hardware counters
L2 ACL INPUT Statistics
```

```
Drop:
                        All frame count: 855
   Drop:
                        All bytes count: 94143
   Drop And Log:
                        All frame count: 0
   Drop And Log:
                       All bytes count: 0
                       All frame count: 0
   Bridge Only:
   Bridge Only:
                       All bytes count: 0
   Bridge Only And Log: All frame count: 0
   Bridge Only And Log: All bytes count: 0
   Forwarding To CPU: All frame count: 0
   Forwarding To CPU: All bytes count: 0
                 All frame count: 2121
   Forwarded:
   Forwarded:
                       All bytes count: 180762
   Forwarded And Log: All frame count: 0
   Forwarded And Log: All bytes count: 0
L3 ACL INPUT Statistics
                       All frame count: 0
   Drop:
   Drop:
                       All bytes count: 0
   Drop And Log:
                       All frame count: 0
   Drop And Log:
                       All bytes count: 0
   Bridge Only:
                       All frame count: 0
   Bridge Only:
                       All bytes count: 0
   Bridge Only And Log: All frame count: 0
   Bridge Only And Log: All bytes count: 0
   Forwarding To CPU: All frame count: 0
   Forwarding To CPU: All bytes count: 0
   Forwarded:
                      All frame count: 13586
```

Forwarded And Log: All frame count: 0 Forwarded And Log: All bytes count: 0

Forwarded:

L2 ACL OUTPUT Statistics				
Drop:	A11	frame	count:	0
Drop:	A11	bytes	count:	0
Drop And Log:	A11	frame	count:	0
Drop And Log:	A11	bytes	count:	0
Bridge Only:	A11	frame	count:	0
Bridge Only:	A11	bytes	count:	0
Bridge Only And Log:	A11	frame	count:	0
Bridge Only And Log:	A11	bytes	count:	0
Forwarding To CPU:	All	frame	count:	0
Forwarding To CPU:	A11	bytes	count:	0
Forwarded:	A11	frame	count:	232983
Forwarded:	A11	bytes	count:	16825661
Forwarded And Log:	A11	frame	count:	0
Forwarded And Log:	A11	bytes	count:	0
L3 ACL OUTPUT Statistics		C		0
Drop:			count:	0
Drop: Drop:	A11	bytes	count:	0
Drop: Drop: Drop And Log:	All All	bytes frame	count: count:	0
Drop: Drop: Drop And Log: Drop And Log:	All All All	bytes frame bytes	count: count: count:	0 0 0
Drop: Drop: Drop And Log: Drop And Log: Bridge Only:	A11 A11 A11 A11	bytes frame bytes frame	count: count: count: count:	0 0 0 0
Drop: Drop: Drop And Log: Drop And Log: Bridge Only: Bridge Only:	All All All All All	bytes frame bytes frame bytes	<pre>count: count: count: count: count:</pre>	0 0 0 0 0
Drop: Drop: Drop And Log: Drop And Log: Bridge Only: Bridge Only: Bridge Only And Log:	A11 A11 A11 A11 A11 A11 A11	bytes frame bytes frame bytes frame	count: count: count: count: count: count:	0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Drop: Drop And Log: Drop And Log: Drop And Log: Bridge Only: Bridge Only: Bridge Only And Log: Bridge Only And Log:	A11 A11 A11 A11 A11 A11 A11 A11	bytes frame bytes frame bytes frame bytes	<pre>count: count: count: count: count: count: count:</pre>	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Drop: Drop And Log: Drop And Log: Drop And Log: Bridge Only: Bridge Only: Bridge Only And Log: Bridge Only And Log: Forwarding To CPU:	A11 A11 A11 A11 A11 A11 A11 A11	bytes frame bytes frame bytes frame bytes frame	count: count: count: count: count: count: count: count:	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Drop: Drop Mnd Log: Drop And Log: Drop And Log: Bridge Only: Bridge Only: Bridge Only And Log: Bridge Only And Log: Forwarding To CPU: Forwarding To CPU:	All All All All All All All All All	bytes frame bytes frame bytes frame bytes	count: count: count: count: count: count: count: count: count:	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Drop: Drop Mnd Log: Drop And Log: Drop And Log: Bridge Only: Bridge Only: Bridge Only And Log: Bridge Only And Log: Forwarding To CPU: Forwarding To CPU: Forwarded:	A11 A11 A11 A11 A11 A11 A11 A11 A11 A11	bytes frame bytes frame bytes frame bytes frame	count: count: count: count: count: count: count: count: count: count:	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 514434
Drop: Drop: Drop And Log: Drop And Log: Bridge Only: Bridge Only: Bridge Only And Log: Bridge Only And Log: Forwarding To CPU: Forwarding To CPU: Forwarded: Forwarded:	A11 A11 A11 A11 A11 A11 A11 A11 A11 A11	bytes frame bytes frame bytes frame bytes frame bytes	count: count: count: count: count: count: count: count: count: count: count:	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 514434 39048748
Drop: Drop Mnd Log: Drop And Log: Drop And Log: Bridge Only: Bridge Only: Bridge Only And Log: Bridge Only And Log: Forwarding To CPU: Forwarding To CPU: Forwarded:	All All All All All All All All All All	bytes frame bytes frame bytes frame bytes frame bytes frame bytes frame	count: count: count: count: count: count: count: count: count: count:	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 514434 39048748

Related Commands	Command	Description	
	access-list	Configures a standard or extended numbered access list on the switch. For syntax information, select Cisco IOS IP Command Reference , Volume 1 of 3:Addressing and Services , Release 12.2 > IP Services Commands.	
	ip access list	Configures a named IP access list on the switch. For syntax information, select Cisco IOS IP Command Reference, Volume 1 of 3:Addressing and Services, Release 12.2 > IP Services Commands.	
	mac access-list extended	Configures a named or numbered MAC access list on the switch.	

show archive status

Use the **show archive status** privileged EXEC command to display the status of a new image being downloaded to a switch with the HTTP or the TFTP protocol.

show archive status [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	Privileged EX	XEC
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(40)EX2	
Usage Guidelines		archive download-sw privileged EXEC command to download an image to a TFTP server, the archive download-sw command shows the status of the download.
	-	have a TFTP server, you can use Network Assistant or the embedded device manager to image by using HTTP. The show archive status command shows the progress of the
	-	re case sensitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> yed, but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> are displayed.
Examples	These are exa	mples of output from the show archive status command:
		rade in progress
		rade in progress
		racting the image
		r archive status fying software
		archive status ade completed. Reload pending
Related Commands	Command	Description

elated Commands Command		Description		
	archive download-sw	Downloads a new image from a TFTP server to the switch.		

Cisco Catalyst Switch Module 3110 and 3012 for IBM BladeCenter Command Reference

show arp access-list

Use the **show arp access-list** user EXEC command to display detailed information about Address Resolution Protocol (ARP) access control (lists).

show arp access-list [acl-name] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	acl-name	(Optional) Nam	ne of the ACL.
	begin	(Optional) Disp	play begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Disp	play excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Disp	play includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .
	expression	Expression in t	he output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	User EXEC		
Command History	Release	Mod	ification
	12.2(40)EX2	This	command was introduced.
Examples	This is an exa	nple of output fr	rom the show arp access-list command:
	ARP access l: permit ig		0.0.255 mac any
Related Commands	Command		Description
	arp access-lis	t	Defines an ARP ACL.
	deny (ARP a configuration		Denies an ARP packet based on matches against the Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) bindings.
	ip arp inspec	tion filter vlan	Permits ARP requests and responses from a host configured with a static IP address.
	permit (ARP	a a a a a a a l'at	Permits an ARP packet based on matches against the DHCP bindings.

show authentication

Use the **show authentication** command (in either user EXEC or privileged EXEC mode) to display information about authentication manager events on the switch.

show authentication {interface interface-id | registrations | sessions [session-id]
[handle handle] [interface interface-id] [mac mac] [method method]}

Syntax Description	interface interface-id	(Optional) Display all of the authentication manager details for the specified interface.				
	method method	(Optional) Displays all clients authorized by a specified authentication method (dot1x , mab , or webauth)				
	registrations	(Optional) Display authentication manager registrations				
	sessions	 (Optional) Display detail of the current authentication manager sessions (for example, client devices). If you do not enter any optional specifiers, all current active sessions are displayed. You can enter the specifiers singly or in combination to display a specific session (or group of sessions). (Optional) Specify an authentication manager session. 				
	session-id session-id					
	handle handle	(Optional) Specify a range from 1 to 4294967295.				
	mac mac(Optional) Display authentication manager information for a specified MAC address.					
Command Default	This command has no default settings.					
	Privileged EXEC and U	ser EXEC				
Command History	Release	Modification				
	12.2(50)SE	This command was introduced.				
Usage Guidelines	Table 2-17 describes the	e significant fields shown in the output of the show authentication command.				

<u>Note</u>

The possible values for the status of sessions are shown below. For a session in terminal state, *Authz Success* or *Authz Failed* is displayed along with *No methods* if no method has provided a result.

Table 2-17show authentication Command Output

Field	Description
Idle	The session has been initialized and no methods have run yet.
Running	A method is running for this session.
No methods	No method has provided a result for this session.

Field	Description
Authc Success	A method has resulted in authentication success for this session.
Authc Failed	A method has resulted in authentication fail for this session.
Authz Success	All features have been successfully applied for this session.
Authz Failed	A feature has failed to be applied for this session.

Table 2-17	show authentication	Command Out	put (continued)
------------	---------------------	-------------	-----------------

Table 2-18 lists the possible values for the state of methods. For a session in a terminal state, *Authc Success, Authc Failed*, or *Failed over* are displayed. *Failed over* means that an authentication method ran and then failed over to the next method, which did not provide a result. *Not run* appears for sessions that synchronized on standby.

Method State	State Level	Description
Not run	Terminal	The method has not run for this session.
Running	Intermediate	The method is running for this session.
Failed over	Terminal	The method has failed and the next method is expected to provide a result.
Authc Success	Terminal	The method has provided a successful authentication result for the session.
Authc Failed	Terminal	The method has provided a failed authentication result for the session.

Examples

This is an example the **show authentication registrations** command:

```
Switch# show authentication registrations
Auth Methods registered with the Auth Manager:
Handle Priority Name
3 0 dot1x
2 1 mab
1 2 webauth
```

The is an example of the show authentication interface interface-id command:

Switch # show authentication interface gigabitethernet1/23

Client list: MAC Address Domain Status Handle Interface 000e.84af.59bd DATA Authz Success 0xE0000000 GigabitEthernet1/0/23 Available methods list: Handle Priority Name 3 0 dot1x Runnable methods list: Handle Priority Name 3 0 dot1x

This is an example of the **show authentication sessions** command:

Switch# show authentication sessions

Interface	MAC Address	Method	Domain	Status	Session ID
Gi3/45	(unknown)	N/A	DATA	Authz Failed	0908140400000007003651EC
Gi3/46	(unknown)	N/A	DATA	Authz Success	09081404000000080057C274

This is an examle of the **show authentication sessions** command for a specified interface:

```
Switch# show authentication sessions int gi 3/46
           Interface: GigabitEthernet3/46
         MAC Address: Unknown
          IP Address: Unknown
              Status: Authz Success
              Domain: DATA
      Oper host mode: multi-host
    Oper control dir: both
       Authorized By: Guest Vlan
         Vlan Policy: 4094
     Session timeout:
                      N/A
        Idle timeout:
                      N/A
   Common Session ID: 0908140400000080057C274
     Acct Session ID: 0x000000A
             Handle: 0xCC000008
Runnable methods list:
      Method State
             Failed over
      dot1x
```

This is an example of the show authentication sessions command for a specified MAC address:

Switch# show authentication sessions mac 000e.84af.59bd

Interface: GigabitEthernet1/23
MAC Address: 000e.84af.59bd
Status: Authz Success
Domain: DATA
Oper host mode: single-host
Authorized By: Authentication Server
Vlan Policy: 10
Handle: 0xE0000000
Runnable methods list:
Method State
dot1x Authc Success

This is an example of the **show authentication session method** command for a specified method:

Switch# show authentication sessions method mab No Auth Manager contexts match supplied criteria Switch# show authentication sessions method dot1x MAC Address Domain Status Handle Interface 000e.84af.59bd DATA Authz Success 0xE0000000 GigabitEthernet1/23

Related Commands	Command	Description
	authentication event	Sets the action for specific authentication events.
	authentication fallback	Configures a port to use web authentication as a fallback method for clients that do not support IEEE 802.1x authentication.
	authentication host-mode	Sets the authorization manager mode on a port.
	authentication open	Enables or disables open access on a port.
	authentication order	Sets the order of authentication methods used on a port.
	authentication periodic	Enable or disables reauthentication on a port.
	authentication port-control	Enables manual control of the port authorization state.

authentication priority	Adds an authentication method to the port-priority list.
authentication timer	Configures the timeout and reauthentication parameters for an 802.1x-enabled port.
authentication violation	Configures the violation modes that occur when a new device connects to a port or when a new device connects to a port with the maximum number of devices already connected to that port.

show auto qos

Use the **show auto qos** user EXEC command to display the quality of service (QoS) commands entered on the interfaces on which automatic QoS (auto-QoS) is enabled.

show auto qos [interface [interface-id]]

Syntax Description	interface [interface-id	[] (Optional) Display auto-QoS information for the specified port or for all ports. Valid interfaces include physical ports.
Command Modes	User EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(40)EX2	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	-	nmand output shows only the auto-QoS command entered on each interface. The ce <i>interface-id</i> command output shows the auto-QoS command entered on a
	Use the show running- user modifications.	config privileged EXEC command to display the auto-QoS configuration and the
	To display information commands:	about the QoS configuration that might be affected by auto-QoS, use one of these
	• show mls qos	
	 show mls qos map 	os cos-dscp
	• show mls qos inte	rface [interface-id] [buffers queueing]
	 show mls qos map dscp-output-q] 	os [cos-dscp cos-input-q cos-output-q dscp-cos dscp-input-q
	• show mls qos inpu	ıt-queue
	• show running-con	ıfig
Examples		utput from the show auto qos command after the auto qos voip cisco-phone and o-softphone interface configuration commands are entered:
	Switch> show auto qos GigabitEthernet2/0/4 auto qos voip cisco-	
	GigabitEthernet2/0/5 auto qos voip cisco-	
	GigabitEthernet2/0/6 auto qos voip cisco-	

This is an example of output from the **show auto qos interface** *interface-id* command when the **auto qos voip cisco-phone** interface configuration command is entered:

```
Switch> show auto qos interface gigabitethernet 2/0/5
GigabitEthernet2/0/5
auto qos voip cisco-phone
```

This is an example of output from the **show running-config** privileged EXEC command when the **auto qos voip cisco-phone** and the **auto qos voip cisco-softphone** interface configuration commands are entered:

```
Switch# show running-config
Building configuration...
mls qos map policed-dscp 24 26 46 to 0
mls qos map cos-dscp 0 8 16 26 32 46 48 56
mls qos srr-queue input bandwidth 90 10
mls gos srr-queue input threshold 1 8 16
mls gos srr-queue input threshold 2 34 66
mls qos srr-queue input buffers 67 33
mls qos srr-queue input cos-map queue 1 threshold 2 1
mls gos srr-queue input cos-map queue 1 threshold 3 0
mls qos srr-queue input cos-map queue 2 threshold 1 2
mls qos srr-queue input cos-map queue 2 threshold 2 4 6 7
mls gos srr-queue input cos-map queue 2 threshold 3 3 5
mls gos srr-queue input dscp-map queue 1 threshold 2 9 10 11 12 13 14 15
mls gos srr-queue input dscp-map queue 1 threshold 3 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7
mls gos srr-queue input dscp-map queue 1 threshold 3
                                                     32
mls qos srr-queue input dscp-map queue 2 threshold 1 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23
mls qos srr-queue input dscp-map queue 2 threshold 2 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 48
mls qos srr-queue input dscp-map queue 2 threshold 2 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56
mls gos srr-gueue input dscp-map gueue 2 threshold 2 57 58 59 60 61 62 63
mls gos srr-queue input dscp-map queue 2 threshold 3 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31
mls qos srr-queue input dscp-map queue 2 threshold 3 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47
mls qos srr-queue output cos-map queue 1 threshold 3 5
mls qos srr-queue output cos-map queue 2 threshold 3 3 6 7
mls gos srr-queue output cos-map queue 3 threshold 3
                                                      2.4
mls qos srr-queue output cos-map queue 4 threshold 2
mls gos srr-queue output cos-map queue 4 threshold 3
                                                      0
mls qos srr-queue output dscp-map queue 1 threshold 3 \, 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 \,
mls qos srr-queue output dscp-map queue 2 threshold 3 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31
mls qos srr-queue output dscp-map queue 2 threshold 3 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55
mls qos srr-queue output dscp-map queue 2 threshold 3 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63
mls qos srr-queue output dscp-map queue 3 threshold 3 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23
mls qos srr-queue output dscp-map queue 3 threshold 3 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39
mls gos srr-queue output dscp-map queue 4 threshold 1
                                                       8
mls qos srr-queue output dscp-map queue 4 threshold 2
                                                       9 10 11 12 13 14 15
mls qos srr-queue output d<br/>scp-map queue 4 threshold 3 \, 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 \,
mls qos queue-set output 1 threshold 1 100 100 100 100
mls qos queue-set output 1 threshold 2 75 75 75 250
mls qos queue-set output 1 threshold 3 75 150 100 300
mls qos queue-set output 1 threshold 4 50 100 75 400
mls qos queue-set output 2 threshold 1 100 100 100 100
mls qos queue-set output 2 threshold 2 35 35 35 35
mls qos queue-set output 2 threshold 3 55 82 100 182
mls qos queue-set output 2 threshold 4 90 250 100 400
mls gos queue-set output 1 buffers 15 20 20 45
mls qos queue-set output 2 buffers 24 20 26 30
mls gos
. . .
!
```

```
class-map match-all AutoQoS-VoIP-RTP-Trust
 match ip dscp ef
class-map match-all AutoQoS-VoIP-Control-Trust
 match ip dscp cs3 af31
policy-map AutoQoS-Police-SoftPhone
  class AutoQoS-VoIP-RTP-Trust
   set dscp ef
   police 320000 8000 exceed-action policed-dscp-transmit
  class AutoQoS-VoIP-Control-Trust
   set dscp cs3
   police 32000 8000 exceed-action policed-dscp-transmit
T
policy-map AutoQoS-Police-CiscoPhone
  class AutoQoS-VoIP-RTP-Trust
   set dscp ef
   police 320000 8000 exceed-action policed-dscp-transmit
  class AutoQoS-VoIP-Control-Trust
   set dscp cs3
   police 32000 8000 exceed-action policed-dscp-transmit
Т
interface GigabitEthernet2/0/4
switchport mode access
 switchport port-security maximum 400
 service-policy input AutoQoS-Police-SoftPhone
 speed 100
 duplex half
 srr-queue bandwidth share 10 10 60 20
priority-queue out
auto qos voip cisco-softphone
!
interface GigabitEthernet2/0/5
switchport mode access
 switchport port-security maximum 1999
 speed 100
 duplex full
 srr-queue bandwidth share 10 10 60 20
 priority-queue out
mls qos trust device cisco-phone
mls gos trust cos
auto qos voip cisco-phone
1
interface GigabitEthernet2/0/6
switchport trunk encapsulation dot1q
 switchport trunk native vlan 2
 switchport mode access
 speed 10
 srr-queue bandwidth share 10 10 60 20
priority-queue out
mls qos trust device cisco-phone
mls qos trust cos
auto qos voip cisco-phone
!
interface GigabitEthernet4/0/1
srr-queue bandwidth share 10 10 60 20
priority-queue out
mls qos trust device cisco-phone
mls qos trust cos
mls gos trust device cisco-phone
service-policy input AutoQoS-Police-CiscoPhone
<output truncated>
```

This is an example of output from the **show auto qos interface** *interface-id* command when the **auto qos voip cisco-phone** interface configuration command is entered:

```
Switch> show auto qos interface gigabitethernet1/0/2
GigabitEthernet1/0/2
auto qos voip cisco-phone
```

These are examples of output from the **show auto qos** command when auto-QoS is disabled on the switch:

Switch> **show auto qos** AutoQoS not enabled on any interface

These are examples of output from the **show auto qos** interface *interface-id* command when auto-QoS is disabled on an interface:

Switch> show auto gos interface gigabitethernet3/0/1 AutoQoS is disabled

Related Commands

Command	Description
auto qos voip	Automatically configures QoS for VoIP within a QoS domain.
debug auto qos	Enables debugging of the auto-QoS feature.

show boot

Use the **show boot** privileged EXEC command to display the settings of the boot environment variables.

show boot [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the expression.
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the expression.
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(40)EX2	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	-	ensitive. For example, if you enter I exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> the lines that contain <i>Output</i> are displayed.
Examples	This is an example of o	output from the show boot command for all stack members.
Examples	Switch# show boot BOOT path-list Config file Private Config file Enable Break Manual Boot HELPER path-list Auto upgrade	<pre>: flash:cbs31x0-universal-mz : flash:/config.text : flash:/private-config.text : no : yes : : : yes</pre>
Examples	Switch# show boot BOOT path-list Config file Private Config file Enable Break Manual Boot HELPER path-list Auto upgrade Auto upgrade path Switch 2	<pre>: flash:cbs31x0-universal-mz : flash:/config.text : flash:/private-config.text : no : yes :</pre>
Examples	Switch# show boot BOOT path-list Config file Private Config file Enable Break Manual Boot HELPER path-list Auto upgrade Auto upgrade path Switch 2 BOOT path-list Config file Private Config file Enable Break Manual Boot	<pre>: flash:cbs31x0-universal-mz : flash:/config.text : flash:/private-config.text : no : yes : : : yes</pre>
Examples	Switch# show boot BOOT path-list Config file Private Config file Enable Break Manual Boot HELPER path-list Auto upgrade path Switch 2 BOOT path-list Config file Private Config file Enable Break Manual Boot HELPER path-list Auto upgrade	<pre>: flash:cbs31x0-universal-mz : flash:/config.text : flash:/private-config.text : no : yes : : yes : : : flash:cbs31x0-universal-mz : flash:/config.text : flash:/private-config.text : no : yes</pre>

Table 2-19 describes each field in the display.

Field	Description
BOOT path-list	Displays a semicolon separated list of executable files to try to load and execute when automatically booting.
	If the BOOT environment variable is not set, the system attempts to load and execute the first executable image it can find by using a recursive, depth-first search through the flash file system. In a depth-first search of a directory, each encountered subdirectory is completely searched before continuing the search in the original directory.
	If the BOOT variable is set but the specified images cannot be loaded, the system attempts to boot the first bootable file that it can find in the flash file system.
Config file	Displays the filename that Cisco IOS uses to read and write a nonvolatile copy of the system configuration.
Private Config file	Displays the filename that Cisco IOS uses to read and write a nonvolatile copy of the system configuration.
Enable Break	Displays whether a break during booting is enabled or disabled. If it is set to yes, on, or 1, you can interrupt the automatic boot process by pressing the Break key on the console after the flash file system is initialized.
Manual Boot	Displays whether the switch automatically or manually boots. If it is set to no or 0, the boot loader attempts to automatically boot up the system. If it is set to anything else, you must manually boot up the switch from the boot loader mode.
Helper path-list	Displays a semicolon separated list of loadable files to dynamically load during the boot loader initialization. Helper files extend or patch the functionality of the boot loader.
Auto upgrade	On the Catalyst Switch Module 3110, displays whether the switch stack is set to automatically copy its software version to an incompatible switch so that it can join the stack.
	A switch in version-mismatch (VM) mode is a switch that has a different stack protocol version than the version on the switch stack. Switches in VM mode cannot join the switch stack. If the switch stack has an image that can be copied to a switch in VM mode, and if the boot auto-copy-sw feature is enabled, the switch stack automatically copies the image from another stack member to the switch in VM mode. The switch then exits VM mode, reboots, and joins the switch stack.
NVRAM/Config file buffer size	On the Catalyst Switch Module 3012, displays the buffer size that Cisco IOS uses to hold a copy of the configuration file in memory. The configuration file cannot be larger than the buffer size allocation.

Related Commands	Command	Description
	boot auto-copy-sw	Enables the automatic upgrade (auto-upgrade) process to automatically upgrade a switch in version-mismatch (VM) mode.
		This command is supported only on the Catalyst Switch Module 3110.
	boot	Specifies the software image to use in the auto-upgrade process.
	auto-download-sw	This command is supported only on the Catalyst Switch Module 3110.
	boot config-file	Specifies the filename that Cisco IOS uses to read and write a nonvolatile copy of the system configuration.
	boot enable-break	Enables interrupting the automatic boot process.
	boot manual	Enables manually booting the switch during the next boot cycle.
	boot private-config-file	Specifies the filename that Cisco IOS uses to read and write a nonvolatile copy of the private configuration.
	boot system	Specifies the Cisco IOS image to load during the next boot cycle.

show cable-diagnostics tdr

Use the **show cable-diagnostics tdr** privileged EXEC command to display the Time Domain Reflector (TDR) results.

show cable-diagnostics tdr interface *interface-id* [| {**begin** | **exclude** | **include**} *expression*]

Syntax Description	interface-id	Specify the inte	erface on which TDR	was run.		
	begin	(Optional) Disp	blay begins with the li	ne that matches t	he expression.	
	exclude	(Optional) Disp	play excludes lines that	t match the expre	ession.	
	include	(Optional) Disp	play includes lines that	t match the speci	fied expression.	
	expression	Expression in th	he output to use as a r	eference point.		
Command Modes	Privileged EXI	EC				
Command History	Release	Modifi	cation			
	12.2(40)EX2	This co	ommand was introduc	ed.		
Examples	This is an evan	anle of output from	n the show cable-dia	anostics tdr inte	rface interface-id comma	and
LXamples					·	anu.
		run on: March (cs tdr interface gig	gabitethernet0/	2	
	Interface Sp	eed Local pair	Pair length	Remote pair	Pair status	
		00M Pair A	1 +/- 1 meters	Pair A	Normal	
		Pair B Pair C	1 +/- 1 meters 1 +/- 1 meters	Pair B Pair C	Normal Normal	
		Pair D	1 +/- 1 meters	Pair D	Normal	
	Table 2-20 lists	s the descriptions	of the fields in the sh	ow cable-diagno	stics tdr command outpu	ıt.
	Table 2-20	Fields Description	ons for the show cabl	e-diagnostics tdr	Command Output	
	Field	Description				
	Interface	Interface on w	which TDR was run.			

Local pair	Name of the pair of wires that TDR is testing on the local interface.

Speed of connection.

Speed

Field	Description
Pair length	Location on the cable where the problem is, with respect to your switch. TDR can only find the location in one of these cases:
	• The cable is properly connected, the link is up, and the interface speed is 1000 Mb/s.
	• The cable is open.
	• The cable has a short.
Remote pair	Name of the pair of wires to which the local pair is connected. TDR can learn about the remote pair only when the cable is properly connected and the link is up.
Pair status	The status of the pair of wires on which TDR is running:
	• Normal—The pair of wires is properly connected.
	• Not completed—The test is running and is not completed.
	• Not supported—The interface does not support TDR.
	• Open—The pair of wires is open.
	• Shorted—The pair of wires is shorted.
	• ImpedanceMis—The impedance is mismatched.
	• Short/Impedance Mismatched—The impedance mismatched or the cable is short.
	• InProgress—The diagnostic test is in progress

Table 2-20 Fields Descriptions for the show cable-diagnostics tdr Command Output (continued)

This is an example of output from the **show interface** *interface-id* command when TDR is running:

```
Switch# show interface gigabitethernet1/0/2 gigabitethernet1/0/2 is up, line protocol is up (connected: TDR in Progress)
```

This is an example of output from the **show cable-diagnostics tdr interface** *interface-id* command when TDR is not running:

Switch# show cable-diagnostics tdr interface gigabitethernet1/0/2 % TDR test was never issued on Gi1/0/2

If an interface does not support TDR, this message appears:

% TDR test is not supported on switch 1

CommandDescriptiontest cable-diagnostics tdrEnables and runs TDR on an interface.

show cisp

Use the **show cisp** privileged EXEC command to display CISP information for a specified interface.

show cisp {[interface interface-id] | clients | summary} | {[begin | exclude | include} expression]}

Syntax Description	clients	(Optional) Display CISP client details
	interface interface-id	(Optional) Display CISP information about the specified interface. Valid
		interfaces include physical ports and port channels.
	summary	(Optional) Display
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	Global configuration	
Command History	Release	Modification
Command History	Release 12.2(50)SE	Modification This command was introduced.
	12.2(50)SE	This command was introduced.
	12.2(50)SE This example shows out	This command was introduced.
	12.2(50)SE	This command was introduced.
	12.2(50)SE This example shows out WS-C3750E-48TD#show c CISP not enabled on s	This command was introduced.
Command History Examples	12.2(50)SE This example shows out WS-C3750E-48TD#show c CISP not enabled on s	This command was introduced.
	12.2(50)SE This example shows out WS-C3750E-48TD#show c CISP not enabled on s This example shows out	This command was introduced.
	12.2(50)SE This example shows out WS-C3750E-48TD#show c CISP not enabled on s This example shows out	This command was introduced.
Examples	12.2(50)SE This example shows out WS-C3750E-48TD#show c CISP not enabled on s This example shows out CISP is not running o	This command was introduced. tput from the show cisp interface command: sisp interface fast 0 specified interface tput from the show cisp summary command: on any interface Description

show class-map

Use the **show class-map** user EXEC command to display quality of service (QoS) class maps, which define the match criteria to classify traffic.

show class-map [class-map-name] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	alass man name	(Ontional) Disp	lay the contents of the specified class map.
Syntax Description	class-map-name		
	begin exclude		lay begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
			lay excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include		lay includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .
	expression	Expression in th	e output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	User EXEC		
Command History	Release	Modificatio	on
	12.2(40)EX2	This comm	and was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	-		cample, if you enter I exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> ontain <i>Output</i> are displayed.
Usage Guidelines Examples	are not displayed, t	out the lines that co	
	This is an example Switch> show clas Class Map match-a	of output from the ss-map all videowizard_1	ontain <i>Output</i> are displayed.
	This is an example Switch> show class Class Map match-a Match access-c Class Map match- Match any Class Map match-	of output from the ss-map all videowizard_1 group name videow -any class-defaul -all dscp5 (id 3)	ontain <i>Output</i> are displayed. e show class-map command: 10-10-10-10 (id 2) wizard_10-10-10-10 1t (id 0)
	are not displayed, b This is an example Switch> show class Class Map match-a Match access-g Class Map match- Match any Class Map match- Match ip dscp Command	of output from the ss-map all videowizard_1 group name videow -any class-defaul -all dscp5 (id 3)	ontain Output are displayed. e show class-map command: 10-10-10 (id 2) vizard_10-10-10-10 lt (id 0))
Examples	are not displayed, b This is an example Switch> show class Class Map match-a Match access-o Class Map match- Match any Class Map match- Match ip dscp	of output from the ss-map all videowizard_1 group name videow -any class-defaul -all dscp5 (id 3)	ontain <i>Output</i> are displayed. e show class-map command: 10-10-10-10 (id 2) wizard_10-10-10-10 lt (id 0)

show controllers cpu-interface

Use the **show controllers cpu-interface** privileged EXEC command to display the state of the CPU network interface ASIC and the send and receive statistics for packets reaching the CPU.

show controllers cpu-interface [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	begin (Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .						
	exclude	(Optional)	Display exc	cludes lines t	hat match the expr	ression.	
	include	(Optional)	Display inc	ludes lines t	hat match the spec	ified expression.	
	expression	Expression	in the outp	out to use as	a reference point.		
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC						
Command History	Release	Modif	ication				
	12.2(40)EX2	This c	command w	as introduce	d.		
	troubleshooting the		1 .	:6		de l'accident contrib	
Examples	Expressions are cas are not displayed, t	se sensitive. F out the lines t	hat contain	<i>Output</i> are d	lisplayed.	the lines that contain or	tput
Examples	Expressions are cas are not displayed, b This is a partial out Switch# show cont	se sensitive. Fout the lines t tput example crollers cpu	hat contain from the sh - interface	<i>Output</i> are d	lisplayed. ers cpu-interface		tput
Examples	Expressions are cas are not displayed, t This is a partial out	se sensitive. Fout the lines t put the lines t tput example crollers cpu retrieved	hat contain from the sh - interface dropped	Output are d	lisplayed. ers cpu-interface hol-block		tpu
Examples	Expressions are cas are not displayed, b This is a partial out Switch# show cont cpu-queue-frames	se sensitive. Fout the lines t put the lines t tput example crollers cpu retrieved	hat contain from the sh - interface dropped	Output are d	lisplayed. ers cpu-interface hol-block		tpu
Examples	Expressions are cas are not displayed, b This is a partial out Switch# show cont cpu-queue-frames 	te sensitive. Fout the lines t tout the lines t tout example crollers cpu retrieved 4523063 1545035	hat contain from the sh -interface dropped 0 0	Output are d	hol-block		tpu.
Examples	Expressions are cas are not displayed, b This is a partial out Switch# show cont cpu-queue-frames 	to the lines to th	hat contain from the sh -interface dropped 	Output are d	lisplayed. ers cpu-interface hol-block 0 0 0		tpu:
Examples	Expressions are cas are not displayed, b This is a partial out Switch# show cont cpu-queue-frames 	te sensitive. Fout the lines t tout the lines t tout example crollers cpu retrieved 4523063 1545035 1903047 96145	hat contain from the sh -interface dropped 0 0 0 0	Output are d now controll invalid 0 0 0 0	lisplayed. ers cpu-interface hol-block 0 0 0		tpu.
Examples	Expressions are cass are not displayed, b This is a partial out Switch# show cont cpu-queue-frames 	te sensitive. Fout the lines t tout the lines t tout example crollers cpu retrieved 4523063 1545035 1903047 96145 79596	hat contain from the sh -interface dropped 0 0 0 0 0 0	Output are d	lisplayed. ers cpu-interface hol-block 0 0 0 0 0		tpu.
Examples	Expressions are cas are not displayed, b This is a partial out Switch# show cont cpu-queue-frames 	te sensitive. Fout the lines t tout the lines t tout example crollers cpu retrieved 4523063 1545035 1903047 96145	hat contain from the sh -interface dropped 0 0 0 0	Output are d now controll invalid 0 0 0 0	lisplayed. ers cpu-interface hol-block 0 0 0		tpu
Examples	Expressions are cass are not displayed, b This is a partial out Switch# show cont cpu-queue-frames 	te sensitive. Fout the lines t to the line t t to the line t t t t t t t t t t t t t t t t t t t	hat contain from the sh -interface dropped 	Output are d	lisplayed. ers cpu-interface hol-block 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		tpu
Examples	Expressions are cass are not displayed, b This is a partial out Switch# show cont cpu-queue-frames 	te sensitive. Fout the lines t to the line t t to the line t t to the line t t t to the line t t t t t t t t t t t t t t t t t t t	hat contain from the sh -interface dropped 	Output are d	lisplayed. ers cpu-interface hol-block 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		tpu.
Examples	Expressions are cass are not displayed, b This is a partial out Switch# show cont cpu-queue-frames 	se sensitive. Fout the lines t tput example retrieved 4523063 1545035 1903047 96145 79596 0 5756 225646 46472 0	hat contain from the sh -interface dropped 	Output are d	lisplayed. ers cpu-interface hol-block 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		tpu.
Examples	Expressions are cass are not displayed, b This is a partial out Switch# show cont cpu-queue-frames 	se sensitive. Fout the lines t put the lines t rollers cpu retrieved 4523063 1545035 1903047 96145 79596 0 5756 225646 46472 0 68411	hat contain from the sh -interface dropped 	Output are d	lisplayed. ers cpu-interface hol-block 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		tpu
Examples	Expressions are cass are not displayed, b This is a partial out Switch# show cont cpu-queue-frames 	se sensitive. Fout the lines t put the lines t rollers cpu retrieved 	hat contain from the sh -interface dropped 	<i>Output</i> are d	lisplayed. ers cpu-interface hol-block 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		tpu
Examples	Expressions are cass are not displayed, b This is a partial out Switch# show cont cpu-queue-frames 	se sensitive. Fout the lines t tout the lines t rollers cpu retrieved 	hat contain from the sh -interface dropped 	<i>Output</i> are d	lisplayed. ers cpu-interface hol-block 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		tpu.
Examples	Expressions are cass are not displayed, b This is a partial out Switch# show cont cpu-queue-frames 	se sensitive. Fout the lines t put the lines t rollers cpu retrieved 	hat contain from the sh -interface dropped 	<i>Output</i> are d	lisplayed. ers cpu-interface hol-block 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		tpu.

Supervisor ASIC receive-queue parameters _____ queue 0 maxrecevsize 5EE pakhead 1419A20 paktail 13EAED4 queue 1 maxrecevsize 5EE pakhead 15828E0 paktail 157FBFC queue 2 maxrecevsize 5EE pakhead 1470D40 paktail 1470FE4 queue 3 maxrecevsize 5EE pakhead 19CDDD0 paktail 19D02C8 <output truncated> Supervisor ASIC Mic Registers _____ 80000800 MicDirectPollInfo 00000000 MicIndicationsReceived 00000000 MicInterruptsReceived MicPcsInfo 0001001F MicPlbMasterConfiguration 00000000 00000000 MicRxFifosAvailable MicRxFifosReady 0000BFFF MicTimeOutPeriod: FrameTOPeriod: 00000EA6 DirectTOPeriod: 00004000 <output truncated> MicTransmitFifoInfo: Fifo0: StartPtrs: 038C2800 ReadPtr: 038C2C38 WritePtrs: 038C2C38 Fifo_Flag: 8A800800 Weights: 001E001E Fifol: StartPtr: 03A9BC00 ReadPtr: 03A9BC60 Fifo_Flag: 89800400 WritePtrs: 03A9BC60 writeHeaderPtr: 03A9BC60 038C8850 038C88E0 Fifo2: StartPtr: ReadPtr: 038C88E0 Fifo_Flag: 88800200 WritePtrs: writeHeaderPtr: 038C88E0 Fifo3: StartPtr: 03C30400 ReadPtr: 03C30638 WritePtrs: 03C30638 Fifo_Flag: 89800400 writeHeaderPtr: 03C30638 Fifo4: StartPtr: 03AD5000 ReadPtr: 03AD50A0 WritePtrs: 03AD50A0 Fifo_Flag: 89800400 writeHeaderPtr: 03AD50A0 Fifo5: StartPtr: 03A7A600 ReadPtr: 03A7A600 WritePtrs: 03A7A600 Fifo_Flag: 88800200 writeHeaderPtr: 03A7A600 Fifo6: StartPtr: 03BF8400 ReadPtr: 03BF87F0 WritePtrs: 03BF87F0 Fifo_Flag: 89800400

<output truncated>

Related Commands	Command	Description			
	show controllers ethernet-controller	Displays per-interface send and receive statistics read from the hardware or the interface internal registers.			
	show interfaces	Displays the administrative and operational status of all interfaces or a specified interface.			

show controllers ethernet-controller

Use the **show controllers ethernet-controller** privileged EXEC command without keywords to display per-interface send and receive statistics read from the hardware. Use with the **phy** keyword to display the interface internal registers or the **port-asic** keyword to display information about the port ASIC.

show controllers ethernet-controller [interface-id] [phy [detail]] [port-asic {configuration |
 statistics}] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	interface-id	The physical interface (including type, stack member, module, and port number).							
	phy	(Optional) Display the status of the internal registers on the switch physical layer device (PHY) for the device or the interface. This display includes the operational state of the automatic medium-dependent interface crossover (auto-MDIX) feature on an interface.							
	detail	(Optional) Display details about the PHY internal registers.							
	port-asic	(Optional) Display information about the port ASIC internal registers.							
	configuration	Display port ASIC internal register configuration.							
	statistics	Display port ASIC statistics, including the Rx/Sup Queue and miscellaneous statistics.							
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .							
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .							
	I include (Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .								
	expression	<i>expression</i> Expression in the output to use as a reference point.							
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC	(only supported with the <i>interface-id</i> keywords in user EXEC mode) Modification							
	12.2(40)EX2	This command was introduced.							
Usage Guidelines	or for the specifie When you enter the technical support	he phy or port-asic keywords, the displayed information is useful primarily for Cisco representatives troubleshooting the switch.							
	-	ase sensitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> , but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> are displayed.							

Examples

This is an example of output from the **show controllers ethernet-controller** command for an interface. Table 2-21 describes the *Transmit* fields, and Table 2-22 describes the *Receive* fields.

Switch# show controllers ethernet-controller gigabitethernet6/0/1

Transmit Gi	gabitEthernet6/0/1	Receiv	7e
0	Bytes	0	Bytes
0	Unicast frames	0	Unicast frames
0	Multicast frames	0	Multicast frames
0	Broadcast frames	0	Broadcast frames
0	Too old frames	0	Unicast bytes
0	Deferred frames	0	Multicast bytes
0	MTU exceeded frames	0	Broadcast bytes
0	1 collision frames	0	Alignment errors
0	2 collision frames	0	FCS errors
0	3 collision frames	-	Oversize frames
0	4 collision frames	0	Undersize frames
	5 collision frames	0	Collision fragments
	6 collision frames		
	7 collision frames		Minimum size frames
-	8 collision frames		65 to 127 byte frames
-	9 collision frames		128 to 255 byte frames
-	10 collision frames		256 to 511 byte frames
-	11 collision frames		512 to 1023 byte frames
-	12 collision frames		1024 to 1518 byte frames
	13 collision frames	-	Overrun frames
	14 collision frames		Pause frames
	15 collision frames	0	Symbol error frames
	Excessive collisions		
	Late collisions		Invalid frames, too large
-	VLAN discard frames		Valid frames, too large
	Excess defer frames		Invalid frames, too small
	64 byte frames	0	Valid frames, too small
	127 byte frames		
	255 byte frames		Too old frames
	511 byte frames		Valid oversize frames
	1023 byte frames		System FCS error frames
	1518 byte frames	0	RxPortFifoFull drop frame
	Too large frames		
0	Good (1 coll) frames		

Table 2-21Transmit Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Bytes	The total number of bytes sent on an interface.
Unicast Frames	The total number of frames sent to unicast addresses.
Multicast frames	The total number of frames sent to multicast addresses.
Broadcast frames	The total number of frames sent to broadcast addresses.
Too old frames	The number of frames dropped on the egress port because the packet aged out.
Deferred frames	The number of frames that are not sent after the time exceeds 2*maximum-packet time.
MTU exceeded frames	The number of frames that are larger than the maximum allowed frame size.
1 collision frames	The number of frames that are successfully sent on an interface after one collision occurs.
2 collision frames	The number of frames that are successfully sent on an interface after two collisions occur.
3 collision frames	The number of frames that are successfully sent on an interface after three collisions occur.
4 collision frames	The number of frames that are successfully sent on an interface after four collisions occur.

Field	Description
5 collision frames	The number of frames that are successfully sent on an interface after five collisions occur.
6 collision frames	The number of frames that are successfully sent on an interface after six collisions occur.
7 collision frames	The number of frames that are successfully sent on an interface after seven collisions occur.
8 collision frames	The number of frames that are successfully sent on an interface after eight collisions occur.
9 collision frames	The number of frames that are successfully sent on an interface after nine collisions occur.
10 collision frames	The number of frames that are successfully sent on an interface after ten collisions occur.
11 collision frames	The number of frames that are successfully sent on an interface after 11 collisions occur.
12 collision frames	The number of frames that are successfully sent on an interface after 12 collisions occur.
13 collision frames	The number of frames that are successfully sent on an interface after 13 collisions occur.
14 collision frames	The number of frames that are successfully sent on an interface after 14 collisions occur.
15 collision frames	The number of frames that are successfully sent on an interface after 15 collisions occur.
Excessive collisions	The number of frames that could not be sent on an interface after 16 collisions occur.
Late collisions	After a frame is sent, the number of frames dropped because late collisions were detected while the frame was sent.
VLAN discard frames	The number of frames dropped on an interface because the CFI ¹ bit is set.
Excess defer frames	The number of frames that are not sent after the time exceeds the maximum-packet time.
64 byte frames	The total number of frames sent on an interface that are 64 bytes.
127 byte frames	The total number of frames sent on an interface that are from 65 to 127 bytes.
255 byte frames	The total number of frames sent on an interface that are from 128 to 255 bytes.
511 byte frames	The total number of frames sent on an interface that are from 256 to 511 bytes.
1023 byte frames	The total number of frames sent on an interface that are from 512 to 1023 bytes.
1518 byte frames	The total number of frames sent on an interface that are from 1024 to 1518 bytes.
Too large frames	The number of frames sent on an interface that are larger than the maximum allowed frame size.
Good (1 coll) frames	The number of frames that are successfully sent on an interface after one collision occurs. This value does not include the number of frames that are not successfully sent after one collision occurs.

Table 2-21 Transmit Field Descriptions (continued)

1. CFI = Canonical Format Indicator

Table 2-22 Receive Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Bytes	The total amount of memory (in bytes) used by frames received on an interface, including the FCS^1 value and the incorrectly formed frames. This value excludes the frame header bits.
Unicast frames	The total number of frames successfully received on the interface that are directed to unicast addresses.
Multicast frames	The total number of frames successfully received on the interface that are directed to multicast addresses.
Broadcast frames	The total number of frames successfully received on an interface that are directed to broadcast addresses.

ry (in bytes) used by unicast frames received on an interface, including prrectly formed frames. This value excludes the frame header bits. ry (in bytes) used by multicast frames received on an interface, d the incorrectly formed frames. This value excludes the frame header
ry (in bytes) used by broadcast frames received on an interface, d the incorrectly formed frames. This value excludes the frame header
s received on an interface that have alignment errors.
s received on an interface that have a valid length (in bytes) but do not es.
eived on an interface that are larger than the maximum allowed frame
eived on an interface that are smaller than 64 bytes.
agments received on an interface.
s that are the minimum frame size.
s that are from 65 to 127 bytes.
s that are from 128 to 255 bytes.
s that are from 256 to 511 bytes.
s that are from 512 to 1023 bytes.
s that are from 1024 to 1518 bytes.
in frames received on an interface.
es received on an interface.
eived on an interface that have symbol errors.
eived that were larger than maximum allowed MTU ² size (including g the frame header) and that have either an FCS error or an alignment
eived on an interface that are larger than the maximum allowed frame
eived that are smaller than 64 bytes (including the FCS bits and r) and that have either an FCS error or an alignment error.
eived on an interface that are smaller than 64 bytes (or 68 bytes for that have valid FCS values. The frame size includes the FCS bits but bits.
pped on the ingress port because the packet aged out.
eived on an interface that are larger than the maximum allowed frame alues. The frame size includes the FCS value but does not include the

Description

Field

Field	Description
•	The total number of frames received on an interface that have a valid length (in bytes) but that do not have the correct FCS values.
RxPortFifoFull drop frames	The total number of frames received on an interface that are dropped because the ingress queue is full.

Table 2-22 Receive Field Descriptions (continued)

1. FCS = frame check sequence

2. MTU = maximum transmission unit

This is an example of output from the **show controllers ethernet-controller phy** command for a specific interface:

Switch# show controllers ethernet-con	trol	ler di	ashit	-otho	met 1 /	0/2 phy
Control Register		0001 0	-			0/2 pily
Control STATUS	:	0111	1001	0100	1001	
Phy ID 1	:	0000	0001	0100	0001	
Phy ID 2	:	0000	1100	0010	0100	
Auto-Negotiation Advertisement	:	0000	0011	1110	0001	
Auto-Negotiation Link Partner	:	0000	0000	0000	0000	
Auto-Negotiation Expansion Reg	:	0000	0000	0000	0100	
Next Page Transmit Register	:	0010	0000	0000	0001	
Link Partner Next page Registe	:	0000	0000	0000	0000	
1000BASE-T Control Register	:	0000	1111	0000	0000	
1000BASE-T Status Register	:	0100	0000	0000	0000	
Extended Status Register	:	0011	0000	0000	0000	
PHY Specific Control Register	:	0000	0000	0111	1000	
PHY Specific Status Register	:	1000	0001	0100	0000	
Interrupt Enable	:	0000	0000	0000	0000	
Interrupt Status	:	0000	0000	0100	0000	
Extended PHY Specific Control	:	0000	1100	0110	1000	
Receive Error Counter	:	0000	0000	0000	0000	
Reserved Register 1	:	0000	0000	0000	0000	
Global Status	:	0000	0000	0000	0000	
LED Control	:	0100	0001	0000	0000	
Manual LED Override	:	0000	1000	0010	1010	
Extended PHY Specific Control	:	0000	0000	0001	1010	
Disable Receiver 1	:	0000	0000	0000	1011	
Disable Receiver 2	:	1000	0000	0000	0100	
Extended PHY Specific Status	:	1000	0100	1000	0000	
Auto-MDIX	:	On	[Admi	inStat	ce=1	Flags=0x00052248]

This is an example of output from the **show controllers ethernet-controller tengigabitethernet1/0/1 phy** command:

Vendor Field Address :0x77 Extended Vendor Field Address :0x100 Reserved :0x0 Transceiver type :0x2 =X2 Optical connector type :0x1 =SC

Bit encoding:0x1 =NRZ Normal BitRate in multiple of 1M b/s :0x2848 Protocol Type:0x1 =10GgE Standards Compliance Codes : 10GbE Code Byte 0 :0x4 =10GBASE-ER 10GbE Code Byte 1 :0x0 SONET/SDH Code Byte 0:0x0 SONET/SDH Code Byte 1:0x0 SONET/SDH Code Byte 2:0x0 SONET/SDH Code Byte 3:0x0 10GFC Code Byte 0 :0x0 10GFC Code Byte 1 :0x0 10GFC Code Byte 2 :0x0 10GFC Code Byte 3 :0x0 Transmission range in10m :0xFA0 Fibre Type : Fibre Type Byte 0 :0x20 =SM, Generic Fibre Type Byte 1 :0x0 =Unspecified <output truncated>

This is an example of output from the **show controllers ethernet-controller port-asic configuration** command:

	==				=======
Switch 1, PortASIC 0 Registers					
DeviceType		000101BC			
Reset		00000000			
PmadMicConfig		00000001			
PmadMicDiag	:	0000003			
SupervisorReceiveFifoSramInfo		000007D0			
SupervisorTransmitFifoSramInfo	:	000001D0	000001D0	40000000	
GlobalStatus		00000800			
IndicationStatus	:	00000000			
IndicationStatusMask	:	FFFFFFF			
InterruptStatus	:	00000000			
InterruptStatusMask	:	01FFE800			
SupervisorDiag	:	00000000			
SupervisorFrameSizeLimit	:	000007C8			
SupervisorBroadcast	:	000A0F01			
GeneralIO	:	000003F9	00000000	00000004	
StackPcsInfo	:	FFFF1000	860329BD	5555FFFF	FFFFFFFF
		FF0FFF00	86020000	5555FFFF	00000000
StackRacInfo	:	73001630	0000003	7F001644	0000003
		24140003	FD632B00	18E418E0	FFFFFFFF
StackControlStatus	:	18E418E0			
stackControlStatusMask	:	FFFFFFF			
TransmitBufferFreeListInfo	:	00000854	00000800	00000FF8	00000000
		0000088A	0000085D	00000FF8	00000000
TransmitRingFifoInfo	:	00000016	00000016	40000000	00000000
		0000000C	000000C	40000000	00000000
TransmitBufferInfo	:	00012000	00000FFF	00000000	00000030
TransmitBufferCommonCount	:	00000F7A			
TransmitBufferCommonCountPeak	:	0000001E			
TransmitBufferCommonCommonEmpty	:	000000FF			
NetworkActivity	:	00000000	00000000	00000000	02400000
DroppedStatistics	:	00000000			
FrameLengthDeltaSelect	:	00000001			
SneakPortFifoInfo	:	00000000			
MacInfo	:	0EC0801C	00000001	0EC0801B	0000001
		00C0001D	0000001	00C0001E	0000001

Switch# show controllers ethernet-controller port-asic configuration

<output truncated>

This is an example of output from the **show controllers ethernet-controller port-asic statistics** command:

 ${\tt Switch} \#$ show controllers ethernet-controller port-asic statistics

Switch 1,	PortASIC 0 Statistics		
0	RxO-0, wt-0 enqueue frames	0 R	xQ-0, wt-0 drop frames
	RxQ-0, wt-1 enqueue frames		xQ-0, wt-1 drop frames
	RxQ-0, wt-2 enqueue frames		xQ-0, wt-2 drop frames
0	RxQ-1, wt-0 enqueue frames	0 R	xQ-1, wt-0 drop frames
296	RxQ-1, wt-1 enqueue frames	0 R	xQ-1, wt-1 drop frames
2836036	RxQ-1, wt-2 enqueue frames	0 R	xQ-1, wt-2 drop frames
0	RxQ-2, wt-0 enqueue frames		xQ-2, wt-0 drop frames
	RxQ-2, wt-1 enqueue frames		xQ-2, wt-1 drop frames
158377	RxQ-2, wt-2 enqueue frames	0 R	xQ-2, wt-2 drop frames
0		0 5	
	RxQ-3, wt-0 enqueue frames		xQ-3, wt-0 drop frames
	RxQ-3, wt-1 enqueue frames		xQ-3, wt-1 drop frames
0	RxQ-3, wt-2 enqueue frames	UR	xQ-3, wt-2 drop frames
15	TxBufferFull Drop Count	0 R	x Fcs Error Frames
	TxBufferFrameDesc BadCrc16		x Invalid Oversize Frames
	TxBuffer Bandwidth Drop Cou		x Invalid Too Large Frames
	TxQueue Bandwidth Drop Coun		x Invalid Too Large Frames
	TxQueue Missed Drop Statist		x Invalid Too Small Frames
	RxBuffer Drop DestIndex Cou		x Too Old Frames
0	SneakQueue Drop Count	0 т	x Too Old Frames
	Learning Queue Overflow Fra	0 S	ystem Fcs Error Frames
0	Learning Cam Skip Count		_
15	Sup Queue 0 Drop Frames	0 S	up Queue 8 Drop Frames
0	Sup Queue 1 Drop Frames		up Queue 9 Drop Frames
0	Sup Queue 2 Drop Frames	0 S	up Queue 10 Drop Frames
	Sup Queue 3 Drop Frames		up Queue 11 Drop Frames
	Sup Queue 4 Drop Frames		up Queue 12 Drop Frames
	Sup Queue 5 Drop Frames		up Queue 13 Drop Frames
	Sup Queue 6 Drop Frames		up Queue 14 Drop Frames
	Sup Queue 7 Drop Frames		up Queue 15 Drop Frames
	PortASIC 1 Statistics		
0		0 R	xQ-0, wt-0 drop frames
			xQ-0, wt-1 drop frames
	RxQ-0, wt-2 enqueue frames		xQ-0, wt-2 drop frames
	~		~

<output truncated>

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show controllers cpu-interface	Displays the state of the CPU network ASIC and send and receive statistics for packets reaching the CPU.
	show controllers tcam	Displays the state of registers for all hardware memory in the system and for hardware interface ASICs that are content addressable memory controllers.
	show idprom	Displays the IDPROM information for the specified interface.

show controllers ethernet-controller fastethernet

Use the **show controllers ethernet-controller fastethernet** privileged EXEC command to display information about the Ethernet management port, including the port status and the per-interface send and receive statistics read from the hardware.

show controllers ethernet-controller fastethernet 0 [phy [detail] | stack] [| {begin | exclude |
include} expression]

Syntax Description phy [detail]	(Optional) Display the status of the internal registers on the switch physical layer device (PHY) for the Ethernet management port on the switch when the command is entered on a switch. Display the status of the internal registers on the switch PHYs for all the Ethernet management ports in the switch stack when the command is entered on a stack master or member.			
		Use the detail keyword to display details about the PHY internal registers. This display includes the operational state of the automatic medium-dependent interface crossover (auto-MDIX) feature on an interface.		
	stack	(Optional) Display the speed, duplex mode, and link states of the Ethernet management ports in the switch stack when the command is entered on a stack master or member.		
begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .			
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .		
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .		
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.		
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC	C (only supported with the fastethernet 0 keywords in user EXEC mode)		
Command History	Release	Modification		
	12.2(40)EX2	This command was introduced.		

Usage Guidelines The output display provides information that might be useful for Cisco technical support representatives troubleshooting the switch.

Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter | exclude output, the lines that contain *output* do not appear, but the lines that contain *Output* appear.

Examples

This is an example of output from the **show controllers ethernet-controller fastethernet 0** command. See Table 2-21 and Table 2-22 for descriptions of the *Transmit* and *Receive* fields.

Switch> show controller ethernet-controller fastethernet 0

ch> show (controller ethernet-controller	fastethe	rnet 0
Transmit	FastEthernet0	Receive	e
5925	Bytes	33181	Bytes
0	Unicast frames	78	Unicast frames
15	Multicast frames	437	Multicast frames
1	Broadcast frames	0	Broadcast frames
0	Too old frames	0	Unicast bytes
0	Deferred frames	0	Multicast bytes
0	MTU exceeded frames	0	Broadcast bytes
0	1 collision frames	0	Alignment errors
0	2 collision frames	0	FCS errors
0	3 collision frames	0	Oversize frames
0	4 collision frames	0	Undersize frames
0	5 collision frames	0	Collision fragments
0	6 collision frames		
0	7 collision frames		Minimum size frames
0	8 collision frames	0	65 to 127 byte frames
-	9 collision frames	0	128 to 255 byte frames
0	10 collision frames	0	256 to 511 byte frames
0	11 collision frames	0	512 to 1023 byte frames
0	12 collision frames	0	1024 to 1518 byte frames
0	13 collision frames	-	Overrun frames
0	14 collision frames	0	Pause frames
-	15 collision frames		
0	Excessive collisions	0	Symbol error frames
0	Late collisions	0	Invalid frames, too large
-	VLAN discard frames		Valid frames, too large
	Excess defer frames		Invalid frames, too small
	64 byte frames	0	Valid frames, too small
	127 byte frames		
0	255 byte frames	0	Too old frames
	511 byte frames	0	Valid oversize frames
	1023 byte frames		System FCS error frames
	1518 byte frames	0	RxPortFifoFull drop frame
	Too large frames		
0	Good (1 coll) frames		

This is an example of output from the **show controllers ethernet-controller fastethernet 0 phy** command:

```
Switch# show controller ethernet-controller fastethernet 0 phy
FastEthernet0
_____
                        _____
hw_if_index = 2 if_number = 2
PowerPC405 FastEthernet unit 0
PHY Hardware is Broadcom BCM5220 rev. 4 (id_register: 0x40, 0x61E4)
rx_intr: 0 tx_intr: 0 mac_err_isr: 0 phy_link_isr:0
Current station address 00d0.2bfd.d737, default address 00d0.2bfd.d737
MAL register dump:
malcr
       0x00004082 0x100
malesr
          0x0000000 0x101
malier
          0x0000000 0x102
maltxcasr 0x8000000 0x104
           0x80000000 0x105
maltxcarr
maltxeobisr 0x8000000 0x106
maltxdeir
           0x0000000 0x107
malrxcasr
           0x80000000 0x110
malrxcarr 0x8000000 0x111
```

0 Good (>1 coll) frames

malrxeobisr	0x80000000	0x112
malrxdeir	0x00000000	0x113
maltxctp0r	0x0F027880	0x120
malrxctp0r	0x0F0272C0	0x140
malrcbs0	0x0000060	0x160

<output truncated>

This is an example of output from the **show controllers ethernet-controller fastethernet 0 stack** command on a stack member:

Switch#	show controller	ethernet-o	controlle	er fastetherne	et 0 stack
Switch	Interface-Name	Duplex	Speed	Link-State	Active-Link
3	Fa0	a-full	a-100	up	
3	Fa0-Physical	a-full	a-100	up	*

Related Commands	Command	Description
	debug fastethernet	Enables debugging of the Ethernet management port.

show controllers tcam

Use the **show controllers tcam** privileged EXEC command to display the state of the registers for all hardware memory in the system and for all hardware interface ASICs that are content-addressable memory-controllers.

show controllers tcam [asic [number]] [detail] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description		
Syntax Description	asic	(Optional) Display port ASIC hardware information.
	number	(Optional) Display information for the specified port ASIC number. The range is
		from 0 to 15.
	detail	(Optional) Display detailed hardware register information.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC	
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC	Modification

Examples

This is an example of output from the **show controllers tcam** command:

Switch# s	how controllers tcar	m
TCAM-0 Re	gisters	
REV:	00B30103	
SIZE:	00080040	
ID:	0000000	
CCR:	00000000_F0000020	
RPID0:	0000000_00000000	
RPID1:	0000000_00000000	
RPID2:	0000000_00000000	
RPID3:	0000000_00000000	
HRR0:	00000000_E000CAFC	
HRR1:	0000000_00000000	
HRR2:	0000000_00000000	
HRR3:	0000000_00000000	
HRR4:	0000000_00000000	
HRR5:	0000000_00000000	
HRR6:	0000000_00000000	
HRR7:	0000000_00000000	
<output t<="" td=""><td>runcated></td><td></td></output>	runcated>	
GMR31:	FF_FFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF	FF
GMR32:	FF_FFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF	FF
GMR33:	FF_FFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF	FF
TCAM rel	ated PortASIC 1 reg	isters
LookupTyp		89A1C67D_24E35F00
LastCamIn		0000FFE0
LocalNoMa		000069E0
	gRamBaseAddress:	
T OT WOLL OT I	Standaress.	00022A00 0002FE00 00040600 0002FE00 0000D400
		00000000 003FBA00 00009000 00009000 00040600

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show controllers cpu-interface	Displays the state of the CPU network ASIC and send and receive statistics for packets reaching the CPU.
	show controllers ethernet-controller	Displays per-interface send and receive statistics read from the hardware or the interface internal registers.

I

show controllers utilization

Use the **show controllers utilization** user EXEC command to display bandwidth utilization on the switch or specific ports.

show controllers [interface-id] utilization [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	<i>interface-id</i> (Optional) ID of the switch interface.					
	begin	(Optional) Disp	play begins with the line that matches the specified <i>expression</i> .			
	exclude	(Optional) Disp	play excludes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .			
	include	include (Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .				
	<i>expression</i> Expression in the output to use as a reference point.					
Command Modes	User EXEC					
	USU EXEC					
Command History	Release	Мо	dification			
	12.2(40)EX2	Thi	s command was introduced.			
Examples	This is an exa	mple of output frc	om the show controllers utilization command.			
	Switch> show	controllers uti	lization			
			on Transmit Utilization			
	Gi1/0/2	0	0			
	Gi1/0/3 Gi1/0/4	0	0 0			
	Gi1/0/4 Gi1/0/5	0	0			
	Gi1/0/6	0	0			
	Gi1/0/7	0	0			
	<output th="" trund<=""><th>cated></th><th></th></output>	cated>				
	Gi2/0/1	0	0			
	Gi2/0/2	0	0			
	<output truncated=""></output>					
		Switch Receive Bandwidth Percentage Utilization : 0 Switch Transmit Bandwidth Percentage Utilization : 0				
	Switch Fabric	c Percentage Uti	lization : 0			
	This is an exa	This is an example of output from the show controllers utilization command on a specific port:				
		controllers gig width Percentage	abitethernet1/0/1 utilization			

Cisco Catalyst Switch Module 3110 and 3012 for IBM BladeCenter Command Reference

Transmit Bandwidth Percentage Utilization : 0

Table 2-23 defines the field descriptions in the output.

Field	Description
Receive Bandwidth Percentage Utilization	Displays the received bandwidth usage of the switch, which is the sum of the received traffic on all the ports divided by the switch receive capacity.
Transmit Bandwidth Percentage Utilization	Displays the transmitted bandwidth usage of the switch, which is the sum of the transmitted traffic on all the ports divided it by the switch transmit capacity.
Fabric Percentage Utilization	Displays the average of the transmitted and received bandwidth usage of the switch.

Table 2-23 show controllers utilization Field Descriptions

Related Commands

Command	Description
show controllers ethernet-controller	Displays the interface internal registers.

show diagnostic

Use the **show diagnostic** user EXEC command to display the online diagnostic test results and the supported test suites.

show diagnostic content switch [number | all] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

show diagnostic post [|{begin | exclude | include} expression]

show diagnostic result switch [number | all] [detail | test {name | test-id | test-id-range | all}
 [detail]] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

show diagnostic schedule switch [number | all] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

show diagnostic status [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

show diagnostic switch [number | all] [detail] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	content	Display test information including the test ID, the test attributes, and the supported coverage test levels for specific tests and for switches.
	switch [number all]	When entering the content , result , schedule , and switch keywords, you can specify the switches by using one of these options.
		• (Optional) Use the <i>number</i> parameter to display test information for a specific switch. The switch number is the stack member. If the switch is a standalone switch, the switch number is 1. If the switch is a stack master or a stack member, the range is 1 to 9, depending on the switch member numbers in the stack.
		• (Optional) Use the all keyword to display all the test information for the switch or the switch stack.
		The <i>number</i> and all options are supported only on the Catalyst Switch Module 3110.
		Use the show diagnostic switch [<i>number</i> all] command to display the diagnostic test results for the switch or the switch stack. For information about this parameter and the result keyword, see the "Usage Guidelines" section.
	post	Display the power-on self-test (POST) results.
	result	Display the diagnostic test results.
	detail	(Optional) Display the detailed test results.
	test	(Optional) Specify the test results to display:
		• <i>name</i> —Enter the name of the diagnostic test to display results only for this test.
		• <i>test-id</i> —Enter the test ID number to display results only for this test.
		• <i>test-id-range</i> —Enter the range of test ID numbers to display results only for these tests.
		• all —Enter this keyword to display results for all the tests.
	schedule	Display the scheduled diagnostic tests.

	status	Display the running diagnostic tests.		
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the expression.		
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the expression.		
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.		
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.		
Defaults	This second h			
Delduits		as no default setting.		
Command Modes	User EXEC			
Command History	Release	Modification		
· · · · · · · · ·	12.2(40)EX2	This command was introduced.		
Usage Guidelines	The show diagn	ostic post command output is the same as the show post command output.		
j	In switch stacks, if you do not enter the switch <i>number</i> parameter with the content , result , schedule ,			
		ords, information for all stack members is displayed.		
	•	Switch Module 3110, the show diagnostic result switch [<i>number</i> all] [detail] is the same as the show diagnostic switch [<i>number</i> all] [detail] command output.		
	•	Switch Module 3012, the show diagnostic result [detail] command output is the same mostic switch [detail] command output.		
	-	case sensitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> at the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.		
Examples	This example sho	ows how to display the online diagnostics that are configured on all the switches in a stack		
		agnostic content switch all		
	Switch 1: Diagnostics tes	st suite attributes:		
	B/* - Basic ond	lemand test / NA		
	-	rt test / Per device test / NA rive test / Non-disruptive test / NA		
	S/* - Only applicable to standby unit / NA			
	X/* - Not a health monitoring test / NA F/* - Fixed monitoring interval test / NA			
		habled monitoring test / NA		
		ng is active / Monitoring is inactive		
		ll reload after test list completion / NA tition stack / NA		
	Test Interval 1			
		tributes day hh:mm:ss.ms shold		
		:=====================================		
		Cloopback> B*D*X**IR* not configured n/a		
	Z) ICSCIDICASIC			

4) TestPortAsicRingLoopback -----> B*D*X**IR* not configured n/a
5) TestMicRingLoopback -----> B*D*X**IR* not configured n/a
6) TestPortAsicMem -----> B*D*X**IR* not configured n/a

This example shows how to display the running tests in a switch stack:

Switch> show diagnostic status

<bu> - Bootup Diagnostics, <hm> - Health Monitoring Diagnostics, <od> - OnDemand Diagnostics, <sch> - Scheduled Diagnostics</sch></od></hm></bu>			
=====			=====
Card	Description	Current Running Test	Run by
1		N/A	N/A
2		TestPortAsicStackPortLoopback	<0D>
		TestPortAsicLoopback	<od></od>
		TestPortAsicCam	<0D>
		TestPortAsicRingLoopback	<od></od>
		TestMicRingLoopback	<od></od>
		TestPortAsicMem	<0D>
3		N/A	N/A
4		N/A	N/A
=====			=====

<output truncated>

This example shows how to display the online diagnostic test schedule for a nonstacking-capable switch:

```
Switch> show diagnostic schedule
Current Time = 14:39:49 PST Tue Jul 5 2005
Diagnostic for Switch 1:
Schedule #1:
To be run daily 12:00
Test ID(s) to be executed: 1.
```

This example shows how to display the detailed switch results for all the switches in stack. You can also use the **show diagnostic result switch all detail** command to display these results.

```
Switch> show diagnostic switch all detail
Switch 1: SerialNo : CAT1007R044
Overall diagnostic result: PASS
Test results: (. = Pass, F = Fail, U = Untested)
```

1) TestPortAsicStackPortLoopback ---> .

```
Error code -----> 0 (DIAG_SUCCESS)
Total run count -----> 19
Last test execution time ----> Mar 01 1993 00:21:46
First test failure time ----> n/a
Last test failure time ----> n/a
Last test pass time -----> Mar 01 1993 00:21:46
Total failure count ----> 0
Consecutive failure count ---> 0
```

2) TestPortAsicLoopback -----> U

Error code -----> 0 (DIAG_SUCCESS) Total run count -----> 0 Last test execution time ----> n/a First test failure time ----> n/a

```
Last test failure time ----> n/a
     Last test pass time -----> n/a
     Total failure count -----> 0
     Consecutive failure count ---> 0
3) TestPortAsicCam ----> U
     Error code -----> 0 (DIAG_SUCCESS)
     Total run count ----> 0
     Last test execution time ----> n/a
     First test failure time ----> n/a
     Last test failure time ----> n/a
     Last test pass time -----> n/a
     Total failure count -----> 0
     Consecutive failure count ---> 0
4) TestPortAsicRingLoopback -----> U
     Error code -----> 0 (DIAG_SUCCESS)
     Total run count ----> 0
     Last test execution time ----> n/a
     First test failure time ----> n/a
     Last test failure time ----> n/a
     Last test pass time -----> n/a
     Total failure count -----> 0
```

5) TestMicRingLoopback -----> U

Consecutive failure count ---> 0

```
Error code ------> 0 (DIAG_SUCCESS)
Total run count -----> 0
Last test execution time ----> n/a
First test failure time -----> n/a
Last test failure time -----> n/a
Last test pass time -----> n/a
Total failure count ----> 0
Consecutive failure count ---> 0
```

6) TestPortAsicMem -----> U

```
Error code -----> 0 (DIAG_SUCCESS)
Total run count -----> 0
Last test execution time ----> n/a
First test failure time ----> n/a
Last test failure time -----> n/a
Last test pass time -----> n/a
Total failure count ----> 0
Consecutive failure count ---> 0
```

7) TestInlinePwrCtlr -----> U

```
Error code -----> 0 (DIAG_SUCCESS)
Total run count -----> 0
Last test execution time ----> n/a
First test failure time ----> n/a
Last test failure time ----> n/a
```

Last test pass time -----> n/aTotal failure count ----> 0 Consecutive failure count ---> 0

Related Commands

Command	Description
diagnostic monitor	Configures teh health-monitoring diagnostic test.
diagnostic schedule	Sets the scheduling of test-based online diagnostic testing.
diagnostic start	Starts the online diagnostic test.

show dot1q-tunnel

Use the **show dot1q-tunnel** user EXEC command to display information about IEEE 802.1Q tunnel ports.

show dot1q-tunnel [interface interface-id] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	interface interface-id	information. Valid interfaces include physical ports and port channels.			
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .			
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .			
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.			
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.			
Command Modes	User EXEC				
Command History	Release	Modification			
	12.2(40)EX2	This command was introduced.			
	do not appear, but the li	nes that contain <i>Output</i> appear.			
	do not appear, but the li	nes that contain <i>Output</i> appear. putput from the show dot1q-tunnel command: nnel			
	do not appear, but the li These are examples of o Switch> show dot1q-tu	nes that contain <i>Output</i> appear.			
	do not appear, but the li These are examples of of Switch> show dotlq-tu dotlq-tunnel mode LAN 	<pre>nes that contain Output appear. output from the show dot1q-tunnel command: nnel Port(s) nnel interface gigabitethernet1/0/1 Port(s)</pre>			
	do not appear, but the li These are examples of of Switch> show dotlq-tw dotlq-tunnel mode LAN Gi1/0/1 Gi1/0/2 Gi1/0/3 Gi1/0/6 Po2 Switch> show dotlq-tw	<pre>nes that contain Output appear. output from the show dot1q-tunnel command: nnel Port(s) nnel interface gigabitethernet1/0/1 Port(s)</pre>			
Examples	do not appear, but the li These are examples of of Switch> show dotlq-tu dotlq-tunnel mode LAN Gi1/0/1 Gi1/0/2 Gi1/0/3 Gi1/0/6 Po2 Switch> show dotlq-tu dotlq-tunnel mode LAN	<pre>nes that contain Output appear. output from the show dot1q-tunnel command: nnel Port(s) nnel interface gigabitethernet1/0/1 Port(s)</pre>			
Usage Guidelines Examples Related Commands	do not appear, but the li These are examples of of Switch> show dotlq-tu dotlq-tunnel mode LAN 	<pre>putput from the show dot1q-tunnel command: nnel</pre>			

show dot1x

Use the **show dot1x** user EXEC command to display IEEE 802.1x statistics, administrative status, and operational status for the switch or for the specified port.

show dot1x [{all [summary] | interface interface-id} [details | statistics]] [| {begin | exclude |
include} expression]

Syntax Description	all [summary]	(Optional) Display the IEEE 802.1x status for all ports.
	interface interface-id	(Optional) Display the IEEE 802.1x status for the specified port (including type, stack member [Catalyst Switch Module 3110 only], module, and port number).
	details	(Optional) Display the IEEE 802.1x interface details.
	statistics	(Optional) Display IEEE 802.1x statistics for the specified port.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.

Command Modes User EXEC

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(40)EX2	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	If you do not specify a that port appear.	a port, global parameters and a summary appear. If you specify a port, details for
	1	configured as unidirectional or bidirectional control and this setting conflicts with ion, the show dot1x { all interface <i>interface-id</i> } privileged EXEC command nation:
	ControlDirection	= In (Inactive)

Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter | **exclude output**, the lines that contain *output* are not displayed, but the lines that contain *Output* appear.

Examples

This is an example of output from the **show dot1x** user EXEC command:

Switch> show dot1x	
Sysauthcontrol	Enabled
Dot1x Protocol Version	2
Critical Recovery Delay	100
Critical EAPOL	Disabled

This is an example of output from the **show dot1x all** user EXEC command:

Switch> show dot1x all Sysauthcontrol Dot1x Protocol Version Critical Recovery Delay Critical EAPOL Dot1x Info for GigabitEth	Enabled 2 100 Disabled ernet1/0/1
PAE	= AUTHENTICATOR
PortControl	= AUTO
ControlDirection	= Both
HostMode	= SINGLE_HOST
ReAuthentication	= Disabled
QuietPeriod	= 60
~ ServerTimeout	= 30
SuppTimeout	= 30
ReAuthPeriod	= 3600 (Locally configured)
ReAuthMax	= 2
MaxReq	= 2
TxPeriod	= 30
RateLimitPeriod	= 0

<output truncated>

This is an example of output from the show dot1x all summary user EXEC command:

Switch> show d o Interface	PAE	summary Client	Status
Gi2/0/1	AUTH	none	UNAUTHORIZED
Gi2/0/2	AUTH	00a0.c9b8.0072	AUTHORIZED
Gi2/0/3	AUTH	none	UNAUTHORIZED

This is an example of output from the show dot1x interface interface-id user EXEC command:

Switch> show dot1x interface gigabitethernet1/0/2 Dot1x Info for GigabitEthernet1/0/2

PAE	= AUTHENTICATOR
PortControl	= AUTO
ControlDirection	= In
HostMode	= SINGLE_HOST
ReAuthentication	= Disabled
QuietPeriod	= 60
ServerTimeout	= 30
SuppTimeout	= 30
ReAuthPeriod	= 3600 (Locally configured)
ReAuthMax	= 2
MaxReq	= 2
TxPeriod	= 30
RateLimitPeriod	= 0

This is an example of output from the **show dot1x interface** interface-id **details** user EXEC command:

Switch# show dot1x interface gigabitethernet1/0/2 details

DOTIX INTO FOR GIGADITETNERNET1/0/2				
PAE	=	AUTHENTICATOR		
PortControl	=	AUTO		
ControlDirection	=	Both		
HostMode	=	SINGLE_HOST		
ReAuthentication	=	Disabled		
QuietPeriod	=	60		
ServerTimeout	=	30		
SuppTimeout	=	30		
ReAuthPeriod	=	3600 (Locally configured)		
ReAuthMax	=	2		
MaxReq	=	2		
TxPeriod	=	30		
RateLimitPeriod	=	0		

Dot1x Authenticator Client List Empty

This is an example of output from the **show dot1x interface** *interface-id* **details** command when a port is assigned to a guest VLAN and the host mode changes to multiple-hosts mode:

Switch# show dot1x interface gigabitethernet1/0/1 details

Dot1x Info for GigabitEthernet1/0/1

PAE	= AUTHENTICATOR
PortControl	= AUTO
ControlDirection	= Both
HostMode	= SINGLE_HOST
ReAuthentication	= Enabled
QuietPeriod	= 60
ServerTimeout	= 30
SuppTimeout	= 30
ReAuthPeriod	= 3600 (Locally configured)
ReAuthMax	= 2
MaxReq	= 2
TxPeriod	= 30
RateLimitPeriod	= 0
Guest-Vlan	= 182

Dot1x Authenticator Client List Empty

Port Status	=	AUTHORIZED
Authorized By	=	Guest-Vlan
Operational HostMode	=	MULTI_HOST
Vlan Policy	=	182

This is an example of output from the show dot1x interface interface-id statistics command.

RxVersion = 2 LastRxSrcMAC = 00a0.c9b8.0072

Table 2-24 describes the fields in the display.	<i>.</i>
---	----------

Field	Description
RxStart	Number of valid EAPOL-start frames that have been received.
RxLogoff	Number of EAPOL-logoff frames that have been received.
RxResp	Number of valid EAP-response frames (other than response/identity frames) that have been received.
RxRespID	Number of EAP-response/identity frames that have been received.
RxInvalid	Number of EAPOL frames that have been received and have an unrecognized frame type.
RxLenError	Number of EAPOL frames that have been received in which the packet body length field is invalid.
RxTotal	Number of valid EAPOL frames of any type that have been received.
TxReq	Number of EAP-request frames (other than request/identity frames) that have been sent.
TxReqId	Number of Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP)-request/identity frames that have been sent.
TxTotal	Number of Extensible Authentication Protocol over LAN (EAPOL) frames of any type that have been sent.
RxVersion	Number of received packets in the IEEE 802.1x Version 1 format.
LastRxSrcMac	Source MAC address carried in the most recently received EAPOL frame.

Table 2-24	show dot1x statistics	Field Descriptions

```
Related Commands
```

Command	Description
dot1x default	Resets the IEEE 802.1x parameters to their default values.

show dtp

Use the **show dtp** privileged EXEC command to display Dynamic Trunking Protocol (DTP) information for the switch or for a specified interface.

show dtp [interface interface-id] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	interface interface-id		ettings for the specified interface. Valid interfaces type, stack member (Catalyst Switch Module 3110	
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with th	e line that matches the <i>expression</i> .	
	I exclude (Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .			
	include		that match the specified <i>expression</i> .	
	expression	Expression in the output to use as	a reference point.	
Command Modes	User EXEC			
Command History	Release	Modification		
	12.2(40)EX2	This command was int	oduced.	
Usage Guidelines		re case sensitive. For example, if yo yed, but the lines that contain <i>Outpu</i>	u enter l exclude output , the lines that contain <i>outpu</i> <i>ut</i> are displayed.	
Usage Guidelines				
Usage Guidelines				
	are not displa		<i>ut</i> are displayed.	
Usage Guidelines Examples	are not displa This is an exa Switch# show	yed, but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> ample of output from the show dtp of dtp	<i>ut</i> are displayed.	
	are not displa This is an exa Switch# show Global DTP i	yed, but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> mple of output from the show dtp of dtp nformation	at are displayed.	
	are not displa This is an exa Switch# show Global DTP i Send	yed, but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> mple of output from the show dtp of dtp nformation ling DTP Hello packets every 30	at are displayed.	
	are not displa This is an exa Switch# show Global DTP i Send Dyna	yed, but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> mple of output from the show dtp of dtp nformation	at are displayed.	
	are not displa This is an exa Switch# show Global DTP i Send Dyna 21 i	yed, but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> mple of output from the show dtp of dtp nformation ling DTP Hello packets every 30 mic Trunk timeout is 300 second	at are displayed. command: seconds	
	are not displa This is an exa Switch# show Global DTP i Send Dyna 21 i This is an exa	yed, but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> mple of output from the show dtp of dtp nformation ling DTP Hello packets every 30 mic Trunk timeout is 300 second nterfaces using DTP	et are displayed. command: seconds s nterface command:	
	are not displa This is an exa Switch# show Global DTP i Send Dyna 21 i This is an exa Switch# show DTP informat	yed, but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> ample of output from the show dtp of dtp nformation ling DTP Hello packets every 30 mic Trunk timeout is 300 second nterfaces using DTP ample of output from the show dtp i of dtp interface gigabitethernet1 ion for GigabitEthernet1/0/1:	et are displayed. command: seconds s nterface command: /0/1	
	are not displa This is an exa Switch# show Global DTP i Send Dyna 21 i This is an exa Switch# show DTP informat TOS/TAS/TN	yed, but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> ample of output from the show dtp of dtp nformation ling DTP Hello packets every 30 mic Trunk timeout is 300 second nterfaces using DTP ample of output from the show dtp in dtp interface gigabitethernet1 ion for GigabitEthernet1/0/1: IS:	at are displayed. command: seconds s nterface command: /0/1 ACCESS/AUTO/ACCESS	
	are not displa This is an exa Switch# show Global DTP i Send Dyna 21 i This is an exa Switch# show DTP informat TOS/TAS/TN TOT/TAT/TN	yed, but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> ample of output from the show dtp of dtp nformation ling DTP Hello packets every 30 mic Trunk timeout is 300 second nterfaces using DTP ample of output from the show dtp i of dtp interface gigabitethernet1 ion for GigabitEthernet1/0/1: IS: IT:	at are displayed. command: seconds s nterface command: /0/1 ACCESS/AUTO/ACCESS NATIVE/NEGOTIATE/NATIVE	
	are not displa This is an exa Switch# show Global DTP i Send Dyna 21 i This is an exa Switch# show DTP informat TOS/TAS/TN TOT/TAT/TN Neighbor a	yed, but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> ample of output from the show dtp of dtp nformation ling DTP Hello packets every 30 mic Trunk timeout is 300 second nterfaces using DTP ample of output from the show dtp i of dtp interface gigabitethernet1 ion for GigabitEthernet1/0/1: IS: IT: ddress 1:	at are displayed. command: seconds s nterface command: /0/1 ACCESS/AUTO/ACCESS	
	are not displa This is an exa Switch# show Global DTP i Send Dyna 21 i This is an exa Switch# show DTP informat TOS/TAS/TN TOT/TAT/TN Neighbor a Neighbor a	yed, but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> ample of output from the show dtp of dtp nformation ling DTP Hello packets every 30 mic Trunk timeout is 300 second nterfaces using DTP ample of output from the show dtp i of dtp interface gigabitethernet1 ion for GigabitEthernet1/0/1: IS: IT: ddress 1:	ext are displayed. command: seconds s nterface command: /0/1 ACCESS/AUTO/ACCESS NATIVE/NEGOTIATE/NATIVE 000943A7D081	
	are not displa This is an exa Switch# show Global DTP i Send Dyna 21 i This is an exa Switch# show DTP informat TOS/TAS/TN TOT/TAT/TN Neighbor a Hello time	yed, but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> ample of output from the show dtp of dtp nformation ling DTP Hello packets every 30 mic Trunk timeout is 300 second nterfaces using DTP ample of output from the show dtp i of dtp interface gigabitethernet1 ion for GigabitEthernet1/0/1: IS: IT: ddress 1: ddress 2:	example of the second s	
	are not displa This is an exa Switch# show Global DTP i Send Dyna 21 i This is an exa Switch# show DTP informat TOS/TAS/TN TOT/TAT/TN Neighbor a Hello time Access tim	wed, but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> ample of output from the show dtp of dtp nformation ling DTP Hello packets every 30 mic Trunk timeout is 300 second nterfaces using DTP ample of output from the show dtp in dtp interface gigabitethernet1 ion for GigabitEthernet1/0/1: IS: IT: ddress 1: ddress 2: or expiration (sec/state):	at are displayed. command: seconds s nterface command: /0/1 ACCESS/AUTO/ACCESS NATIVE/NEGOTIATE/NATIVE 000943A7D081 0000000000 1/RUNNING never/STOPPED	
	are not displa This is an exa Switch# show Global DTP i Send Dyna 21 i This is an exa Switch# show DTP informat TOS/TAS/TN TOT/TAT/TN Neighbor a Hello time Access tim Negotiatio Multidrop	<pre>yed, but the lines that contain Output mple of output from the show dtp of dtp nformation ling DTP Hello packets every 30 mic Trunk timeout is 300 second nterfaces using DTP mple of output from the show dtp i of dtp interface gigabitethernet1 ion for GigabitEthernet1/0/1: IS: IT: ddress 1: ddress 2: er expiration (sec/state): mer expiration (sec/state): imer expiration (sec/state):</pre>	at are displayed. command: seconds s nterface command: /0/1 ACCESS/AUTO/ACCESS NATIVE/NEGOTIATE/NATIVE 000943A7D081 0000000000 1/RUNNING never/STOPPED never/STOPPED never/STOPPED	
	are not displa This is an exa Switch# show Global DTP i Send Dyna 21 i This is an exa Switch# show DTP informat TOS/TAS/TN TOT/TAT/TN Neighbor a Hello time Access tim Negotiatio Multidrop FSM state:	<pre>yed, but the lines that contain Output mple of output from the show dtp of dtp nformation ling DTP Hello packets every 30 mic Trunk timeout is 300 second nterfaces using DTP mple of output from the show dtp i of dtp interface gigabitethernet1 ion for GigabitEthernet1/0/1: IS: IT: ddress 1: ddress 2: r expiration (sec/state): ner expiration (sec/state): in timer expiration (sec/state):</pre>	at are displayed. command: seconds s nterface command: /0/1 ACCESS/AUTO/ACCESS NATIVE/NEGOTIATE/NATIVE 000943A7D081 00000000000 1/RUNNING never/STOPPED never/STOPPED never/STOPPED S2:ACCESS	
	are not displa This is an exa Switch# show Global DTP i Send Dyna 21 i This is an exa Switch# show DTP informat TOS/TAS/TN TOT/TAT/TN Neighbor a Hello time Access tim Negotiatio Multidrop FSM state: # times mu	<pre>yed, but the lines that contain Output mple of output from the show dtp of dtp nformation ling DTP Hello packets every 30 mic Trunk timeout is 300 second nterfaces using DTP mple of output from the show dtp i of dtp interface gigabitethernet1 ion for GigabitEthernet1/0/1: IS: IT: ddress 1: ddress 2: er expiration (sec/state): mer expiration (sec/state): imer expiration (sec/state):</pre>	at are displayed. command: seconds s nterface command: /0/1 ACCESS/AUTO/ACCESS NATIVE/NEGOTIATE/NATIVE 000943A7D081 0000000000 1/RUNNING never/STOPPED never/STOPPED never/STOPPED never/STOPPED s2:ACCESS 0	
	are not displa This is an exa Switch# show Global DTP i Send Dyna 21 i This is an exa Switch# show DTP informat TOS/TAS/TN TOT/TAT/TN Neighbor a Hello time Access tim Negotiatio Multidrop FSM state:	<pre>yed, but the lines that contain Output mple of output from the show dtp of dtp nformation ling DTP Hello packets every 30 mic Trunk timeout is 300 second nterfaces using DTP mple of output from the show dtp i of dtp interface gigabitethernet1 ion for GigabitEthernet1/0/1: IS: IT: ddress 1: ddress 2: r expiration (sec/state): ner expiration (sec/state): in timer expiration (sec/state):</pre>	at are displayed. command: seconds s nterface command: /0/1 ACCESS/AUTO/ACCESS NATIVE/NEGOTIATE/NATIVE 000943A7D081 0000000000 1/RUNNING never/STOPPED never/STOPPED never/STOPPED S2:ACCESS	

```
Statistics
-----
3160 packets received (3160 good)
0 packets dropped
0 nonegotiate, 0 bad version, 0 domain mismatches, 0 bad TLVs, 0 other
6320 packets output (6320 good)
3160 native, 3160 software encap isl, 0 isl hardware native
0 output errors
0 trunk timeouts
1 link ups, last link up on Mon Mar 01 1993, 01:02:29
0 link downs
```

Related Commands Command

 Command
 Description

 show interfaces trunk
 Displays interface trunking information.

show eap

Use the **show eap** privileged EXEC command to display Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP) registration and session information for the switch or for the specified port.

show eap {{registrations [method [name] | transport [name]]} | {sessions [credentials name
[interface interface-id] | interface interface-id | method name | transport name]}}
[credentials name | interface interface-id | transport name] [| {begin | exclude | include}
expression]

method name (Optional) Display EAP method registration information. transport name (Optional) Display EAP transport registration information. sessions Display EAP session information. credentials name (Optional) Display EAP method registration information. interface interface-id (Optional) Display EAP method registration information. interface interface-id (Optional) Display the EAP information for the specified port (including type, stack member (Catalyst Switch Module 3110 only), module, and port number). I begin (Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the expression. I exclude (Optional) Display excludes lines that match the specified expression. I exclude (Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression. expression Expression in the output to use as a reference point. Command Modes Privileged EXEC Display EAP Modification 12.2(40)EX2 This command was introduced. Jsage Guidelines When you use the show eap registrations privileged EXEC command with these keywords, the command output shows this information: • None—All the lower levels used by EAP and the registered EAP methods. • method name keyword—The specified method registrations. • transport name keyword—The specific lower-level registrations. • transport							
transport name (Optional) Display EAP transport registration information. sessions Display EAP session information. credentials name (Optional) Display EAP method registration information. interface interface-id (Optional) Display the EAP information for the specified port (including type, stack member (Catalyst Switch Module 3110 only), module, and port number). I begin (Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the expression. I exclude (Optional) Display excludes lines that match the expression. I exclude (Optional) Display includes lines that match the expression. expression Expression in the output to use as a reference point. Command Modes Privileged EXEC Command Modes Privileged EXEC Segge Guidelines When you use the show eap registrations privileged EXEC command with these keywords, the command output shows this information: • None—All the lower levels used by EAP and the registered EAP methods. • method name keyword—The specified method registrations. • transport name keyword—The specified lower-level registrations. • transport name keyword—The specified credentials profile. • None—All active EAP sessions. • credentials name keyword—The specified credentials profile. • None—All active EAP sessions. • credentials name keyword—The specified credentials profile.	Syntax Description	registrations Display EAP registration information.					
sessions Display EAP session information. credentials name (Optional) Display EAP method registration information. interface interface-id (Optional) Display the EAP information for the specified port (including type, stack member (Catalyst Switch Module 3110 only), module, and port number). l begin (Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the expression. l exclude (Optional) Display excludes lines that match the expression. l reclude (Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression. expression Expression in the output to use as a reference point. Command Modes Privileged EXEC Display EAP session in the output to use as a reference point. Is command was introduced. Command Modes Privileged EXEC Seage Guidelines When you use the show eap registrations privileged EXEC command with these keywords, the command output shows this information: • None—All the lower levels used by EAP and the registered EAP methods. • method name keyword—The specific lower-level registrations. • It mapport name keyword—The specific lower-level registrations. • transport name keyword—The specific lower-level registrations. • It mapport name keyword—The specified credentials profile. • interface-id keyword—The specified credentials profile. • None—All active EAP sessions. • credentials nam		method name	(Optional) Display EAP method registration information.				
credentials name (Optional) Display EAP method registration information. interface interface-id (Optional) Display the EAP information for the specified port (including type, stack member (Catalyst Switch Module 3110 only), module, and port number). 1 begin (Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> . 1 exclude (Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> . 1 include (Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> . <i>expression</i> Expression in the output to use as a reference point. Command Modes Privileged EXEC Dammand History Release Modification 12.2(40)EX2 This command was introduced. Jsage Guidelines When you use the show eap registrations privileged EXEC command with these keywords, the command output shows this information: • None—All the lower levels used by EAP and the registered EAP methods. • method name keyword—The specific lower-level registrations. When you use the show eap resisting privileged EXEC command with these keywords, the command output shows this information: • None—All the lower levels used by EAP and the registered EAP methods. • method name keyword—The specific lower-level registrations. When you use the show eap sessions privileged EXEC command with these keywords, the command output shows this information: <		transport name	<i>me</i> (Optional) Display EAP transport registration information.				
interface interface-id (Optional) Display the EAP information for the specified port (including type, stack member (Catalyst Switch Module 3110 only), module, and port number). I begin (Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the expression. I exclude (Optional) Display excludes lines that match the expression. I include (Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression. expression Expression in the output to use as a reference point. Command Modes Privileged EXEC Command History Release Modification 12.2(40)EX2 This command was introduced. Usage Guidelines When you use the show eap registrations privileged EXEC command with these keywords, the command output shows this information: • None—All the lower levels used by EAP and the registered EAP methods. • method name keyword—The specified method registrations. • transport name keyword—The specific lower-level registrations. • transport name keyword—The specified redentials profile. • interface interface-id keyword—The specified credentials profile. • interface interface-id keyword—The parameters for the specified interface.		sessions					
type, stack member (Catalyst Switch Module 3110 only), module, and port number). I begin (Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> . I exclude (Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> . Iinclude (Optional) Display includes lines that match the <i>specified expression</i> . <i>expression</i> Expression in the output to use as a reference point. Command Modes Privileged EXEC Command History Release Modification 12.2(40)EX2 This command was introduced. Jsage Guidelines When you use the show eap registrations privileged EXEC command with these keywords, the command output shows this information: • None—All the lower levels used by EAP and the registrations. • transport name keyword—The specified method registrations. • transport name keyword—The specified lower-level registrations. • transport name keyword—The specified credentials profile. • None—All active EAP sessions. • credentials name keyword—The specified credentials profile. • interface interface-id keyword—The specified credentials profile. • interface-id keyword—The specified credentials profile.		credentials name					
I exclude (Optional) Display excludes lines that match the expression. I include (Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression. expression Expression in the output to use as a reference point. Command Modes Privileged EXEC Command History Release Modification 12.2(40)EX2 This command was introduced. Jsage Guidelines When you use the show eap registrations privileged EXEC command with these keywords, the command output shows this information: • None—All the lower levels used by EAP and the registered EAP methods. • method name keyword—The specified method registrations. • transport name keyword—The specified lower-level registrations. • Mone—All active EAP sessions. • credentials name keyword—The specified credentials profile. • interface interface-id keyword—The parameters for the specified interface. • method name keyword—The specified eAP method.		interface interface-id	type, stack member (Catalyst Switch Module 3110 only), module, and port				
Include (Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression. expression Expression in the output to use as a reference point. Command Modes Privileged EXEC Command History Release Modification 12.2(40)EX2 This command was introduced. Usage Guidelines When you use the show eap registrations privileged EXEC command with these keywords, the command output shows this information: • None—All the lower levels used by EAP and the registered EAP methods. • method name keyword—The specific lower-level registrations. When you use the show eap sessions privileged EXEC command with these keywords, the command output shows this information: • None—All the lower levels used by EAP and the registered EAP methods. • method name keyword—The specific lower-level registrations. When you use the show eap sessions privileged EXEC command with these keywords, the command output shows this information: • None—All active EAP sessions. • credentials name keyword—The specified credentials profile. • interface interface-id keyword—The parameters for the specified interface. • method name keyword—The specified EAP method.		begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .				
expression Expression in the output to use as a reference point. Command Modes Privileged EXEC Command History Release Modification 12.2(40)EX2 This command was introduced. Usage Guidelines When you use the show eap registrations privileged EXEC command with these keywords, the command output shows this information: • None—All the lower levels used by EAP and the registered EAP methods. • method name keyword—The specific lower-level registrations. • transport name keyword—The specific lower-level registrations. • None—All active EAP sessions. • credentials name keyword—The specified credentials profile. • interface interface-id keyword—The parameters for the specified interface. • method name keyword—The specified EAP method.		exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .				
Command Modes Privileged EXEC Command History Release Modification 12.2(40)EX2 This command was introduced. Jsage Guidelines When you use the show eap registrations privileged EXEC command with these keywords, the command output shows this information: • None—All the lower levels used by EAP and the registered EAP methods. • method name keyword—The specified method registrations. • transport name keyword—The specific lower-level registrations. When you use the show eap sessions privileged EXEC command with these keywords, the command output shows this information: • None—All active EAP sessions. • credentials name keyword—The specified credentials profile. • interface interface-id keyword—The parameters for the specified interface. • method name keyword—The specified EAP method.		include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .				
Command History Release Modification 12.2(40)EX2 This command was introduced. Jsage Guidelines When you use the show eap registrations privileged EXEC command with these keywords, the command output shows this information: • None—All the lower levels used by EAP and the registered EAP methods. • method name keyword—The specified method registrations. • transport name keyword—The specific lower-level registrations. When you use the show eap sessions privileged EXEC command with these keywords, the command output shows this information: • None—All active EAP sessions. • credentials name keyword—The specified credentials profile. • interface interface-id keyword—The parameters for the specified interface. • method name keyword—The specified EAP method.		expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.				
12.2(40)EX2 This command was introduced. Jsage Guidelines When you use the show eap registrations privileged EXEC command with these keywords, the command output shows this information: • None—All the lower levels used by EAP and the registered EAP methods. • method name keyword—The specified method registrations. • transport name keyword—The specific lower-level registrations. When you use the show eap sessions privileged EXEC command with these keywords, the command output shows this information: • None—All active EAP sessions. • credentials name keyword—The specified credentials profile. • interface interface-id keyword—The parameters for the specified interface. • method name keyword—The specified EAP method.	Command History	Release	Modification				
Jsage Guidelines When you use the show eap registrations privileged EXEC command with these keywords, the command output shows this information: • None—All the lower levels used by EAP and the registered EAP methods. • method name keyword—The specified method registrations. • transport name keyword—The specific lower-level registrations. When you use the show eap sessions privileged EXEC command with these keywords, the command output shows this information: • None—All active EAP sessions. • credentials name keyword—The specified credentials profile. • interface interface-id keyword—The parameters for the specified interface. • method name keyword—The specified EAP method.	Command History	Release	Modification				
 command output shows this information: None—All the lower levels used by EAP and the registered EAP methods. method <i>name</i> keyword—The specified method registrations. transport <i>name</i> keyword—The specific lower-level registrations. When you use the show eap sessions privileged EXEC command with these keywords, the command output shows this information: None—All active EAP sessions. credentials <i>name</i> keyword—The specified credentials profile. interface <i>interface-id</i> keyword—The parameters for the specified interface. method <i>name</i> keyword—The specified EAP method. 		12.2(40)EX2	This command was introduced.				
 method <i>name</i> keyword—The specified method registrations. transport <i>name</i> keyword—The specific lower-level registrations. When you use the show eap sessions privileged EXEC command with these keywords, the command output shows this information: None—All active EAP sessions. credentials <i>name</i> keyword—The specified credentials profile. interface <i>interface-id</i> keyword—The parameters for the specified interface. method <i>name</i> keyword—The specified EAP method. 	Usage Guidelines	command output shows	this information:				
 transport name keyword—The specific lower-level registrations. When you use the show eap sessions privileged EXEC command with these keywords, the command output shows this information: None—All active EAP sessions. credentials name keyword—The specified credentials profile. interface interface-id keyword—The parameters for the specified interface. method name keyword—The specified EAP method. 							
 When you use the show eap sessions privileged EXEC command with these keywords, the command output shows this information: None—All active EAP sessions. credentials name keyword—The specified credentials profile. interface interface-id keyword—The parameters for the specified interface. method name keyword—The specified EAP method. 							
 output shows this information: None—All active EAP sessions. credentials <i>name</i> keyword—The specified credentials profile. interface <i>interface-id</i> keyword—The parameters for the specified interface. method <i>name</i> keyword—The specified EAP method. 		• transport <i>name</i> ke	yword—The specific lower-level registrations.				
 credentials <i>name</i> keyword—The specified credentials profile. interface <i>interface-id</i> keyword—The parameters for the specified interface. method <i>name</i> keyword—The specified EAP method. 		When you use the show eap sessions privileged EXEC command with these keywords, the command output shows this information:					
 interface <i>interface-id</i> keyword—The parameters for the specified interface. method <i>name</i> keyword—The specified EAP method. 		• None—All active EAP sessions.					
• method <i>name</i> keyword—The specified EAP method.		• credentials <i>name</i> keyword—The specified credentials profile.					
		• credentials name k	eyword—The specified credentials profile.				
• transport <i>name</i> keyword—The specified lower layer.							
		• interface interface	- <i>id</i> keyword—The parameters for the specified interface.				

Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter | exclude output, the lines that contain output are not displayed, but the lines that contain Output appear.

Examples

This is an example of output from the show eap registrations privileged EXEC command:

Switch> s	how eap registra	tions			
Registere	Registered EAP Methods:				
Method	Туре	Name			
4	Peer	MD5			
Registere	d EAP Lower Laye	rs:			
Handle	Туре	Name			
2	Authenticator	Dot1x-Authenticator			
1	Authenticator	MAB			

This is an example of output from the show eap registrations transport privileged user EXEC command:

```
Switch> show eap registrations transport all
Registered EAP Lower Layers:
 Handle Type
                    Name
   2
      Authenticator Dot1x-Authenticator
   1
       Authenticator MAB
```

This is an example of output from the show eap sessions privileged EXEC command:

Switch> show eap sessions					
Role:	Authenticator	Decision:	Fail		
Lower layer:	Dot1x-Authentic	aInterface:	Gi1/0/1		
Current method:	None	Method state:	Uninitialised		
Retransmission count:	0 (max: 2)	Timer:	Authenticator		
ReqId Retransmit (timeou	t: 30s, remainin	g: 2s)			
EAP handle:	0x5200000A	Credentials profile:	None		
Lower layer context ID:	0x93000004	Eap profile name:	None		
Method context ID:	0x00000000	Peer Identity:	None		
Start timeout (s):	1	Retransmit timeout (s):	30 (30)		
Current ID:	2	Available local methods:	None		
Role:	Authenticator	Decision:	Fail		
Lower layer:	Dot1x-Authentic	aInterface:	Gi1/0/2		
Current method:	None	Method state:	Uninitialised		
Retransmission count:	0 (max: 2)	Timer:	Authenticator		
ReqId Retransmit (timeou	t: 30s, remainin	g: 2s)			
EAP handle:	0xA800000B	Credentials profile:	None		
Lower layer context ID:	0x0D000005	Eap profile name:	None		
Method context ID:	0x00000000	Peer Identity:	None		
Start timeout (s):	1	Retransmit timeout (s):	30 (30)		
Current ID:	2	Available local methods:	None		

<Output truncated>

This is an example of output from the show eap sessions interface interface-id privileged EXEC	
command:	

Role:	Authenticator	Decision:	Fail
Lower layer:	Dot1x-Authentic	aInterface:	Gi1/0/1
Current method:	None	Method state:	Uninitialised
Retransmission count:	1 (max: 2)	Timer:	Authenticator
ReqId Retransmit (timeou	t: 30s, remainir	ıg: 13s)	
EAP handle:	0x5200000A	Credentials profile:	None
Lower layer context ID:	0x93000004	Eap profile name:	None
Method context ID:	0x00000000	Peer Identity:	None
Start timeout (s):	1	Retransmit timeout (s):	30 (30)
Current ID:	2	Available local methods:	None

Related Commands	Command	Description
	clear eap	Clears EAP session information for the switch or for the specified port.

show energywise

Use the **show energywise** privileged EXEC command to display the EnergyWise settings, the status of the entity, and the status of the power over Ethernet (PoE) ports.

show energywise neighbors [categories | children | domain | events | level [children | current
 [children] | delta | delta children] | neighbors | recurrences | statistics | usage [children] |
 version] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

	<u> </u>							
itax Description	categories	(Optional) Display the power levels.						
	children	(Optional) Display the status of the entity and the PoE ports.						
	domain	(Optional) Display the domain to which the entity belongs.						
	events	(Optional) Displays the last ten events (messages) sent to other entities in the domain.						
	level [children	(Optional) Display the available power levels.						
	current [children] delta delta children]	• children —Available power levels for the entity and the PoE ports.						
		• current —Current power levels for the entity.						
		(Optional) children —Current power levels for the entity and the PoE ports.						
		• delta —Difference between the current and available power levels for the entity.						
		(Optional) children —Difference between the current and available power levels for the entity and the PoE ports.						
	neighbors	(Optional) Display the neighbor table for the domain to which the entity belongs.						
	recurrence	(Optional) Display the EnergyWise settings and status for recurrence.						
	statistics	(Optional) Display the counters for events and errors.						
	usage [children]	(Optional) Display the available power for the entity.						
		• children —Display the available power for the PoE ports.						
	version	(Optional) Display the EnergyWise version.						
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .						
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .						
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.						
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.						

Command Modes Privileged EXEC

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(50)SE	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines

Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter | exclude output, the lines that contain output do not appear, but the lines that contain Output appear.

Examples

Interface	Role	Name	Usage	Lvl	Imp	Туре
	Switch	lobby.1	558.0 (W)	10	1	parent
Switch# shc	w energywise chi	.1dren				
Interface	Role	Name	Usage	Lvl	Imp	Туре
	Switch	lobby.1	558.0 (W)	10	1	parent
Gi1/0/1	interface	Gi1.0.1	0.0 (W)	1	1	child
Gi1/0/2	interface	Gi1.0.2	0.0 (W)	1	1	child
Gi1/0/3	interface	Gi1.0.3	0.0 (W)	1	1	child
Gi1/0/4	interface	Gi1.0.4	0.0 (W)	1	1	child
Gi1/0/5	interface	Gi1.0.5	0.0 (W)	1	1	child
Gi1/0/6	interface	Gi1.0.6	0.0 (W)	1	1	child
<output td="" tru<=""><td>incated></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></output>	incated>					

Switch# show energywise domain

: TG3560G-41 Name Domain : cisco Protocol : udp : 2.2.2.21 ΙP Port : 43440

Switch# show energywise

Switch# show energywise events

Sequence:	246818 References: 0:1 Errors:											
Class:	PN_CLASS_QUERY											
Action:	PN ACTION CPOR POWERNET QUERY SET											
	~ _ ~ _											
Reply To:	8.8.8.24:43440											
Sequence:	246827 References: 0:1 Errors:											
Class:	PN CLASS DISCOVERY											
Action:	PN_ACTION_CPQR_POWERNET_DISCOVERY_DISCOVERY_UPDATE											
Reply To:	8.8.24:43440											

Switch# show energywise level

		Levels (Watts)										
Interface	Name	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	lobby.1	0.0	558.0	558.0	558.0	558.0	558.0	558.0	558.0	558.0	558.0	558.0

Switch# show energywise level children

		Levels (Watts)										
Interface	Name	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	lobby.1	0.0	558.0	558.0	558.0	558.0	558.0	558.0	558.0	558.0	558.0	558.0
Gi1/0/1	Gi1.0.1	0.0	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4
Gi1/0/2	Gi1.0.2	0.0	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4
Gi1/0/3	Gi1.0.3	0.0	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4
Gi1/0/4	Gi1.0.4	0.0	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4
Gi1/0/5	Gi1.0.5	0.0	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4
<output th="" tru<=""><th>incated></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th></output>	incated>											

Switch# show energywise level current Interface Name Level Value

	lobby.1	10	558.0 (W)
Switch#	show energywise level	current child	ren

Interfac	ce Name	Level	Value
	lobby.1	10	558.0 (W)
Gi1/0/1	Gi1.0.1	1	15.4 (W)
Gi1/0/2	Gi1.0.2	1	15.4 (W)
Gi1/0/3	Gi1.0.3	1	15.4 (W)
Gi1/0/4	Gi1.0.4	1	15.4 (W)
Gi1/0/5	Gi1.0.5	1	15.4 (W)
<output< td=""><td>truncated></td><td></td><td></td></output<>	truncated>		

Switch# show energywise level delta

						L	evels (Watts)					
Interface	Name	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9) :	10
												· ·	
	lobby.1	-558.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	

Switch# show energywise level delta child

						Lev	els (Wa	tts)				
Interface	Name	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	lobby.1	-558.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Gi1/0/1	Gi1.0.1	0.0	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4
Gi1/0/2	Gi1.0.2	0.0	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4
Gi1/0/3	Gi1.0.3	0.0	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4
Gi1/0/4	Gi1.0.4	0.0	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4
<output td="" tru<=""><td>uncated></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></output>	uncated>											

Switch# show energywise neighbors

Capa	bility Codes: R - Router,	T - Trans Bridge, B - Source	Route	Bridge
	S - Switch,	H - Host, I - IGMP, r - Repe	ater, P	- Phone
Id	Neighbor Name	Ip:Port	Prot	Capability
1	Switch.A	2.2.2.29:43440	udp	SI
5	Switch.B	2.2.2.22:43440	udp	SI
7	Switch.C	2,2,2,33:43440	cdp	SI

Switch# show energywise recurrences

Id	Addr	Class	Action	Lvl	Cron									
2	Gi1/0/17	QUERY	SET	3	minutes:	0	hour:	8	day:	*	month:	*	weekday:	*
3	Gi1/0/18	QUERY	SET	3	minutes:	0	hour:	8	day:	*	month:	*	weekday:	*
4	Gi1/0/19	QUERY	SET	3	minutes:	0	hour:	8	day:	*	month:	*	weekday:	*

Switch# show energywise statistics

Children: 48 Errors: 2 Drops: 0 Events: 14

Switch# show energywise usage

Interface	Name	Usage	Caliber
	lobby.1	558.0 (W)	max

Switch#	show	energywise	usage	child	
---------	------	------------	-------	-------	--

Interface	Name	I	Usage	Caliber
		-		
	lobby.1	!	558.0 (1	W) max
Gi1/0/1	Gi1.0.1	(0.0 (W) presumed
Gi1/0/2	Gi1.0.2	(0.0 (W) presumed
Gi1/0/3	Gi1.0.3	(0.0 (W) presumed
Gi1/0/4	Gi1.0.4	(0.0 (W) presumed
Gi1/0/5	Gi1.0.5	(0.0 (W) presumed
<output td="" tru<=""><td>incated></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></output>	incated>			
Switch# sho	ow energywise ver	sion		
EnergyWise	is Enabled			

IOS Version: 12.2(50)SE EnergyWise Specification: 1.0.1

Related Commands	Command	Description		
	energywise (global configuration)	Enables and configures EnergyWise on the entity.		
	energywise (interface configuration)	Configures EnergyWise on the PoE port.		

show env

Use the **show env** user EXEC command to display fan, temperature, and power information for the switch or the switch stack.

show env {all | | stack [switch-number] | temperature [status]} [| {begin | exclude | include}
expression]

Syntax Description	all	Display the fan and temperature environmental status and the status of the internal power supplies.
	stack [switch-number]	Display all environmental status for each switch in the stack or for the specified switch. The range is 1 to 9, depending on the switch member numbers in the stack.
		This keyword is supported only on the Catalyst Switch Module 3110.
	temperature	Display the switch temperature status.
	temperature status	(Optional) Display the switch internal temperature (not the external temperature) and the threshold values.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.

Note

Though visible in the command-line help strings, the rps keyword is not supported.

Command Modes User EXEC

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(40)EX2	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines

On a Catalyst Switch Module 3110, use the **show env** user EXEC command to display the information for the switch being accessed—a standalone switch or the stack master. Use this command with the **stack** and **switch** keywords to display all information for the stack or for the specified stack member.

If you enter the **show env temperature status** command, the command output shows the switch temperature state and the threshold level.

You can also use the **show env temperature** command to display the switch temperature status. The command output shows the green and yellow states as *OK* and the red state as *FAULTY*. If you enter the **show env all** command, the command output is the same as the **show env temperature status** command output.

Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter | exclude output, the lines that contain *output* are not displayed, but the lines that contain *Output* are displayed.

Examples

This is an example of output from the **show env all** command on a standalone switch:

```
Switch> show env all
TEMPERATURE is OK
Temperature Value: 45 Degree Celsius
Temperature State: GREEN
Yellow Threshold : 67 Degree Celsius
Red Threshold : 77 Degree Celsius
```

POWER is OK

This is an example of output from the show env stack command:

Switch> **show env stack** SWITCH: 1 FAN is OK TEMPERATURE is OK Temperature Value: 33 Degree Celsius Temperature State: GREEN Yellow Threshold : 65 Degree Celsius Red Threshold : 75 Degree Celsius POWER is OK RPS is AVAILABLE

<output truncated>

This example shows how to display information about stack member 3 from the master switch:

```
Switch> show env stack 3
SWITCH: 3
FAN is OK
TEMPERATURE is OK
Temperature Value: 33 Degree Celsius
Temperature State: GREEN
Yellow Threshold : 65 Degree Celsius
Red Threshold : 75 Degree Celsius
POWER is OK
RPS is AVAILABLE
```

This example shows how to display the temperature value, state, and the threshold values on a standalone switch. Table 2-25 describes the temperature states in the command output.

```
Switch> show env temperature status
Temperature Value: 45 Degree Celsius
Temperature State: GREEN
Yellow Threshold : 67 Degree Celsius
Red Threshold : 77 Degree Celsius
```

Table 2-25 States in the show env temperature status Command Output

State	Description
Green	The switch temperature is in the <i>normal</i> operating range.
Yellow	The temperature is in the <i>warning</i> range. You should check the external temperature around the switch.
Red	The temperature is in the <i>critical</i> range. The switch might not run properly if the temperature is in this range.

show errdisable detect

Use the show errdisable detect user EXEC command to display error-disabled detection status.

show errdisable detect [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
Syntax Description		(Optional) Display begins with the fine that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	User EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(40)EX2	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	1	e case sensitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> ed, but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> are displayed.
		ble reasons in the command output are listed in alphabetical order. The mode column or disable is configured for each feature.
	You can config	ure error-disabled detection in these modes:
	• port mode-	The entire physical port is error disabled if a violation occurs.
	1	 The entire physical port is error disabled if a violation occurs. The VLAN is error disabled if a violation occurs.

Examples

This is an example of output from the show errdisable detect command:

Switch>	show	errdisable	detect
---------	------	------------	--------

SWITCH SHOW GILDIN	able detect	
ErrDisable Reason	Detection	Mode
arp-inspection	Enabled	port
bpduguard	Enabled	vlan
channel-misconfig	Enabled	port
community-limit	Enabled	port
dhcp-rate-limit	Enabled	port
dtp-flap	Enabled	port
gbic-invalid	Enabled	port
inline-power	Enabled	port
invalid-policy	Enabled	port
12ptguard	Enabled	port
link-flap	Enabled	port
loopback	Enabled	port
lsgroup	Enabled	port
pagp-flap	Enabled	port
psecure-violation	Enabled	port/vlan
security-violatio	Enabled	port
storm-control	Enabled	port
udld	Enabled	port
vmps	Enabled	port

Related Commands

Command	Description
errdisable detect cause	Enables error-disabled detection for a specific cause or all causes.
show errdisable flap-values	Displays error condition recognition information.
show errdisable recovery	Displays error-disabled recovery timer information.
show interfaces status	Displays interface status or a list of interfaces in error-disabled state.

show errdisable flap-values

Use the **show errdisable flap-values** user EXEC command to display conditions that cause an error to be recognized for a cause.

show errdisable flap-values [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	begin	(Optional) Disp	play begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .	
	exclude	(Optional) Disp	play excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .	
	include	(Optional) Disp	play includes lines that match the specified expression.	
	expression	Expression in the	he output to use as a reference point.	
Command Modes	User EXEC			
Command History	Release	Mod	ification	
	12.2(40)EX2	This	command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines	·	The <i>Flaps</i> column in the display shows how many changes to the state within the specified time interval will cause an error to be detected and a port to be disabled. See the "Examples" section for an example of the display.		
	-		For example, if you enter l exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> that contain <i>Output</i> are displayed.	
Examples	will be assume access/trunk)	ed and the port sh or Port Aggregati	om the show errdisable flap-values command, which shows that an error hut down if three Dynamic Trunking Protocol (DTP)-state (port mode ion Protocol (PAgP) flap changes occur during a 30-second interval, or hanges occur during a 10-second interval:	
		errdisable fla		
	pagp-flap	3	30	
	dtp-flap link-flap	3 5	30 10	
Related Commands	Command		Description	
	errdisable de	tect cause	Enables error-disabled detection for a specific cause or all causes.	
	show errdisa	ble detect	Displays error-disabled detection status.	
	show errdisa	ble recovery	Displays error-disabled recovery timer information.	
	show interfac	ces status	Displays interface status or a list of interfaces in error-disabled state.	

show errdisable recovery

Use the **show errdisable recovery** user EXEC command to display the error-disabled recovery timer information.

show errdisable recovery [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the expression.
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the expression.
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	User EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(40)EX2	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>ou</i> are not displayed, but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> are displayed.	
Examples	This is an exa	mple of output from the show errdisable recovery command:
Examples		errdisable recovery eason Timer Status
Examples	Switch> show ErrDisable Re- udld bpduguard security-viol channel-misco vmps pagp-flap dtp-flap link-flap l2ptguard psecure-viola gbic-invalid dhcp-rate-lin unicast-flood storm-control arp-inspectic loopback	errdisable recovery eason Timer Status Disabled Disabled latio Disabled Disabled Disabled Disabled Disabled Disabled Enabled Disabled ation Disabled disabled Disabled Disabled Disabled Disabled Disabled Disabled
Examples	Switch> show ErrDisable Re- udld bpduguard security-viol channel-misco vmps pagp-flap dtp-flap link-flap l2ptguard psecure-viola gbic-invalid dhcp-rate-lin unicast-flood storm-control arp-inspectic loopback	errdisable recovery eason Timer Status Disabled Disabled latio Disabled onfig Disabled Disabled Disabled Enabled Disabled ation Disabled ation Disabled ation Disabled d Disabled d Disabled alt Disabled l Disabled ation Stated bisabled ation Disabled bisabled bisabled

Cisco Catalyst Switch Module 3110 and 3012 for IBM BladeCenter Command Reference



Though visible in the output, the unicast-flood field is not valid.

Related Commands

Command	Description
errdisable recovery	Configures the recover mechanism variables.
show errdisable detect	Displays error-disabled detection status.
show errdisable flap-values	Displays error condition recognition information.
show interfaces status	Displays interface status or a list of interfaces in error-disabled state.

show etherchannel

Use the **show etherchannel** user EXEC command to display EtherChannel information for a channel.

show etherchannel [channel-group-number {detail | port | port-channel | protocol | summary}]
{detail | load-balance | port | port-channel | protocol | summary} [| {begin | exclude |
include} expression]

Syntax Description	<i>channel-group-</i> number	(Optional) Number of the channel group. The range is 1 to 64.
-,	detail	Display detailed EtherChannel information.
	load-balance	Display the load-balance or frame-distribution scheme among ports in the port channel.
	port	Display EtherChannel port information.
	port-channel	Display port-channel information.
	protocol	Display the protocol that is being used in the EtherChannel.
	summary	Display a one-line summary per channel-group.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the expression.
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the expression.
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	User EXEC	
		Modification
Command Modes Command History	User EXEC Release 12.2(40)EX2	Modification This command was introduced.
	Release12.2(40)EX2If you do not specify a chIn the output, the Passive	This command was introduced. <i>cannel-group</i> , all channel groups are displayed. port list field is displayed only for Layer 3 port channels. This field means that a still not up, is configured to be in the channel group (and indirectly is in the

Examples

This is an example of output from the **show etherchannel 1 detail** command:

```
Switch> show etherchannel 1 detail
Group state = L2
Ports: 2 Maxports = 16
Port-channels: 1 Max Port-channels = 16
Protocol: LACP
            Ports in the group:
             _____
Port: Gi1/0/1
_____
Port state = Up Mstr In-Bndl
Channel group = 1 Mode = Active
                                    Gcchange = -
Pseudo port-channel = Pol
Port-channel = Pol
                      GC = -
                      Load = 0x00
Port index
          = 0
                                      Protocol = LACP
Flags: S - Device is sending Slow LACPDUS F - Device is sending fast LACPDU
      A - Device is in active mode.
                                    P - Device is in passive mode.
Local information:
                       LACP port
                                   Admin
                                           Oper
                                                  Port
                                                          Port
                                                  Number State
        Flags State
Port
                       Priority
                                  Key
                                           Key
Gi1/0/1 SA
                       32768
                                  0x1
                                                  0x101
                                                          0x3D
              bndl
                                           0x1
Gi1/0/2
       А
              bndl
                      32768
                                  0 \times 0
                                           0x1
                                                  0x0
                                                         0x3D
Age of the port in the current state: 01d:20h:06m:04s
             Port-channels in the group:
             _____
Port-channel: Po1 (Primary Aggregator)
_____
Age of the Port-channel = 01d:20h:20m:26s
Logical slot/port = 10/1 Number of ports = 2
HotStandBy port = null
Port state = Port-channel Ag-Inuse
Protocol
                = LACP
Ports in the Port-channel:
Index Load Port
                  EC state
                                No of bits
0
    00
          Gi1/0/1 Active
                                0
 0
      00 Gi1/0/2 Active
                                 0
Time since last port bundled: 01d:20h:20m:20s Gi1/0/2
```

This is an example of output from the **show etherchannel 1 summary** command:

```
Switch> show etherchannel 1 summary
Flags: D - down P - in port-channel
      I - stand-alone s - suspended
     H - Hot-standby (LACP only)
     R - Layer3 S - Layer2
     u - unsuitable for bundling
     U - in use f - failed to allocate aggregator
      d - default port
Number of channel-groups in use: 1
Number of aggregators:
Group Port-channel Protocol Ports
LACP Gi1/0/1(P) Gi1/0/2(P)
    Pol(SU)
1
```

This is an example of output from the show etherchannel 1 port-channel command:

```
Switch> show etherchannel 1 port-channel
            Port-channels in the group:
             ------
Port-channel: Po1 (Primary Aggregator)
_____
Age of the Port-channel = 01d:20h:24m:50s
Logical slot/port = 10/1 Number of ports = 2
HotStandBy port = null
Port state = Port-channel Ag-Inuse
              = LACP
Protocol
Ports in the Port-channel:
Index Load Port
                  EC state No of bits
_____+
     00 Gi1/0/1 Active 0
 0
      00 Gi1/0/2 Active
 0
                                0
Time since last port bundled: 01d:20h:24m:44s Gi1/0/2
This is an example of output from show etherchannel protocol command:
Switch# show etherchannel protocol
```

```
Channel-group listing:
            -------
Group: 1
_____
Protocol: LACP
Group: 2
_____
Protocol: PAgP
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
channel-group	Assigns an Ethernet port to an EtherChannel group.
channel-protocol	Restricts the protocol used on a port to manage channeling.
interface port-channel	Accesses or creates the port channel.

show fallback profile

Use the **show fallback profile** privileged EXEC command to display the fallback profiles that are configured on a switch.

show fallback profile [append | begin | exclude | include | {[redirect | tee] url} expression]

Syntax Description	append	(Optional) Append redirected output to a specified URL				
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .				
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .				
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.				
	redirect	(Optional) Copy output to a specified URL.				
	l tee	(Optional) Copy output to a specified URL.				
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.				
	url	Specified URL where output is directed.				
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC					
Command History	Release	Modification				
	12.2(40)EX2	This command was introduced.				
	are not displayed, b	se sensitive. For example, if you enter l exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> are displayed.				
Examples	-	of output from the show fallback profile command:				
	Switch# show fall Profile Name: dot	lx-www				
	Description IP Admission Rule IP Access-Group I Profile Name: dot					
	Description IP Admission Rule IP Access-Group I Profile Name: pro	N: default-policy file1				
	Description IP Admission Rule IP Access-Group I	: NONE e : NONE				

Related Commands	C
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ommands	Command	Description
	dot1x fallback	Configure a port to use web authentication as a fallback method for clients that do not support IEEE 802.1x authentication.
	fallback profile	Create a web authentication fallback profile.
	ip admission	Enable web authentication on a switch port
	ip admission name proxy http	Enable web authentication globally on a switch
	show dot1x [interface <i>interface-id</i>]	Displays IEEE 802.1x status for the specified port.

show flowcontrol

Use the show flowcontrol user EXEC command to display the flow control status and statistics.

show flowcontrol [interface interface-id | module number] [| {begin | exclude | include}
expression]

Syntax Description	interface interface-id	(Optional) Display the flow control status and statistics for a specific interface.
	module number	(Optional) Display the flow control status and statistics for all interfaces on the switch or specified stack member.
		On the Catalyst Switch Module 3110, the range is 1 to 9.
		On the Catalyst Switch Module 3012, the only valid module number is 1.
		This option is not available if you have entered a specific interface ID.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the expression.
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	User EXEC	
	User EXEC Release	Modification
		Modification This command was introduced.
Command History	Release 12.2(40)EX2	This command was introduced.
	Release 12.2(40)EX2 Use this command to dis Use the show flowcontr	This command was introduced. Splay the flow control status and statistics on the switch or for a specific interface rol command to display information about all the switch interfaces. For a boutput from the show flowcontrol command is the same as the output from the
Command History	Release 12.2(40)EX2 Use this command to dis Use the show flowcontre standalone switch, the o show flowcontrol mode	This command was introduced. Splay the flow control status and statistics on the switch or for a specific interface rol command to display information about all the switch interfaces. For a boutput from the show flowcontrol command is the same as the output from the

Examples This is an example of output from the **show flowcontrol** command.

This is an example of output from the show howcontrol

Port	Send Flo admin		Receive admin	FlowControl oper	RxPause	TxPause
Gi2/0/1	Unsupp.	Unsupp.	off	off	0	0
Gi2/0/2	desired	off	off	off	0	0
Gi2/0/3	desired	off	off	off	0	0
<output td="" tr<=""><td>uncated></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></output>	uncated>					

This is an example of output from the **show flowcontrol interface** *interface-id* command:

Switch> sh	ow flowco	ntrol gig	abitether	net2/0/2		
Port	Send Flo	wControl	Receive	FlowControl	RxPause	TxPause
	admin	oper	admin	oper		
Gi2/0/2	desired	off	off	off	0	0

Related Commands	Command	Description
	flowcontrol	Sets the receive flow-control state for an interface.

show idprom

Use the **show idprom** user EXEC command to display the IDPROM information for the specified interface.

show idprom {interface interface-id} [detail] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	interface interface-id	Display the IDPROM information for the specified interface.				
	detail	(Optional) Display detailed hexidecimal IDPROM information.				
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .				
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .				
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .				
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.				
Command Modes	User EXEC					
Command History	Release	Modification				
	12.2(40)EX2	This command was introduced.				
Usage Guidelines	This command applies of	only to 10-Gigabit Ethernet interfaces.				
-	Expressions are case ser	nsitive. For example, if you enter l exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> nes that contain <i>Output</i> appear.				
Examples	This is an example of ou the 10-Gigabit Ethernet	atput from the show idprom interface tengigabitethernet1/0/1 command for interface.				
	Switch# show idprom interface tengigabitethernet1/0/1 X2 Serial EEPROM Contents:					
	Non-Volatile Register X2 MSA Version suppo NVR Size in bytes :0 Number of bytes used Basic Field Address Customer Field Address Extended Vendor Fiel Reserved :0x0 Transceiver type :0x Optical connector ty Bit encoding :0x1 =N	<pre>(NVR) Fields prted :0xA x100 1 :0x100 :0xB ess :0x77 a :0xA7 d Address :0x100 c2 =X2 ppe :0x0 =Unspecified RZ ultiple of 1M b/s :0x2848</pre>				
	Standards Compliance 10GbE Code Byte 0 :0 10GbE Code Byte 1 :0 SONET/SDH Code Byte	x0 =Unspecified x0				

```
SONET/SDH Code Byte 1 :0x0
SONET/SDH Code Byte 2 :0x0
SONET/SDH Code Byte 3 :0x0
10GFC Code Byte 0 :0x0
10GFC Code Byte 1 :0x0
10GFC Code Byte 2 :0x0
10GFC Code Byte 3 :0x0
Transmission range in 10m :0x0
Fibre Type :
Fibre Type Byte 0 :0x0 =Unspecified
Fibre Type Byte 1 :0x0 =Unspecified
Centre Optical Wavelength in 0.01nm steps - Channel 0 :0x0 0x0 0x0
Centre Optical Wavelength in 0.01nm steps - Channel 1 :0x0 0x0 0x0
Centre Optical Wavelength in 0.01nm steps - Channel 2 :0x0 0x0 0x0
Centre Optical Wavelength in 0.01nm steps - Channel 3 :0x0 0x0 0x0
Package Identifier OUI :0xC09802
Transceiver Vendor OUI :0x3400B01
Transceiver vendor name :CISCO-OPNEXT, INC
Part number provided by transceiver vendor :TRTC010EN-BMC
Revision level of part number provided by vendor :00
Vendor serial number :OSA093900JK
Vendor manufacturing date code :2005092800
Reserved1 : 01 01 20 04 00 01 00
Basic Field Checksum :0x63
Customer Writable Area :
0x00: 58 32 2D 31 30 47 42 2D 43 58 34 20 20 20 20 20
0x10: 20 56 30 31 20 4F 53 41 30 39 33 39 30 30 4A 4B
0x20: 31 30 2D 32 31 30 35 2D 30 31 20 20 41 30 20 20
Vendor Specific :
0x30: 00 00 01 00 11 B3 39 9F 5A 51 52 C3 2B 93 E2 A3
0x40: 19 81 34 33 16 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 AC 76
 0x50: 37 FF 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
F8-FF-FB, 3F-OF, 01-00
```

Related Commands	Command	Description		
	show controllers	Displays per-interface send and receive statistics read from the		
	ethernet-controller	hardware, interface internal registers, or port ASIC information.		

show interfaces

Use the **show interfaces** privileged EXEC command to display the administrative and operational status of all interfaces or a specified interface.

show interfaces [interface-id | vlan vlan-id] [accounting | capabilities [module number] |
counters | description | etherchannel | flowcontrol | private-vlan mapping | pruning | stats
| status [err-disabled] | switchport [backup | module number] [module number] | transceiver
{tengigabitethernet interface-id} | properties | detail [module number] | trunk] [| {begin |
exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	interface-id	(Optional) Valid interfaces include physical ports (including type, stack member
		[Catalyst Switch Module 3110 only], module, and port number) and port channels.
		The port-channel range is 1 to 64.
	vlan vlan-id	(Optional) VLAN identification. The range is 1 to 4094.
	accounting	(Optional) Display accounting information on the interface, including active protocols and input and output packets and octets.
		Note The display shows only packets processed in software; hardware-switched packets do not appear.
	capabilities	(Optional) Display the capabilities of all interfaces or the specified interface, including the features and options that you can configure on the interface. Though visible in the command line help, this option is not available for VLAN IDs.
	module number	(Optional) Display capabilities , switchport configuration, or transceiver characteristics (depending on preceding keyword) of all interfaces on the switch or specified stack member.
		On the Catalyst Switch Module 3110, the range is 1 to 9.
		On the Catalyst Switch Module 3012, the only valid module number is 1.
		This option is not available if you entered a specific interface ID.
	counters	(Optional) See the show interfaces counters command.
	description	(Optional) Display the administrative status and description set for an interface.
	etherchannel	(Optional) Display interface EtherChannel information.
	flowcontrol	(Optional) Display interface flowcontrol information
	private-vlan mapping	(Optional) Display private-VLAN mapping information for the VLAN switch virtual interfaces (SVIs). This keyword is available only if your switch is running the IP services feature set.
	pruning	(Optional) Display interface trunk VTP pruning information.
	stats	(Optional) Display the input and output packets by switching path for the interface.
	status	(Optional) Display the status of the interface.
	err-disabled	(Optional) Display interfaces in error-disabled state.
	switchport	(Optional) Display the administrative and operational status of a switching (nonrouting) port, including port blocking and port protection settings.
	backup	(Optional) Display Flex Link backup interface configuration and status for the specified interface or all interfaces on the switch or the stack.

	trunk	Display interface trunk information. If you do not specify an interface, only				
		information for active trunking ports appears. (Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> . (Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .				
	begin exclude					
	include	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .				
		(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .				
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.				
Note		the command-line help strings, the crb , fair-queue , irb , mac-accounting , lom-detect , rate-limit , shape , and transceiver [detail properties] keywords are not				
mand Modes	Privileged EXEC					
nmand History	Release	Modification				
	12.2(40)EX2	This command was introduced.				
	12.2(46)SE	The tengigabitethernet <i>interface-id</i> transceiver detail keywords were added.				
idelines	• On Catalyst S to display the	ces capabilities command with different keywords has these results: Switch Module 3110, use the show interface capabilities module <i>number</i> command capabilities of all interfaces on that switch in the stack. If there is no switch with that er in the stack, there is no output.				
	•	witch Module 3110, use the show interface capabilities module 1 command to apabilities of all interfaces on the switch. Any other number is invalid.				
	• Use the show interface.	interfaces interface-id capabilities to display the capabilities of the specified				
		witch Module 3110, use the show interfaces capabilities (with no module number or				
	interface ID)	to display the capabilities of all interfaces in the stack.				
	• On Catalyst S					
	 On Catalyst S interface ID) On Catalyst S display the sw 	witch Module 3110, use the show interfaces capabilities (with no module number or				
	 On Catalyst S interface ID) On Catalyst S display the sw switch with th On Catalyst S 	witch Module 3110, use the show interfaces capabilities (with no module number or to display the capabilities of all interfaces on the switch. witch Module 3110, use the show interface switchport module <i>number</i> command to vitch port characteristics of all interfaces on that switch in the stack. If there is no				

Examples	This is an example	e of output fr	om the sh	ow interface	s command	for an interface	on stack member 3:		
	Switch# show interfaces gigabitethernet3/0/2								
	GigabitEthernet3/0/2 is down, line protocol is down								
	Hardware is Gigabit Ethernet, address is 0009.43a7.d085 (bia 0009.43a7.d085)								
	MTU 1500 bytes	MTU 1500 bytes, BW 10000 Kbit, DLY 1000 usec,							
	reliability	255/255, t	xload 1/2	255, rxload	1/255				
	Encapsulation	ARPA, loopb	ack not :	set					
	Keepalive set	(10 sec)							
	Auto-duplex, A	Auto-speed							
	input flow-cor		, output	flow-contro	l is off				
	ARP type: ARPA	A, ARP Timeo	ut 04:00	:00 Last inp	ut never, c	output never,	output hang never		
	Last clearing	of "show in	terface"	counters ne	ver				
	Input queue: ()/75/0/0 (si	ze/max/d	rops/flushes); Total ou	tput drops: 0			
	Queueing strat	egy: fifo							
	Output queue :	0/40 (size/	max)						
	5 minute input	rate 0 bit	s/sec, 0	packets/sec					
	5 minute outpu	ut rate 0 bi	ts/sec,) packets/se	С				
	2 packets i	nput, 1040	bytes, O	no buffer					
	Received 0	broadcasts,	0 runts	, 0 giants,	0 throttles	3			
	0 input err	cors, 0 CRC,	0 frame	, 0 overrun,	0 ignored				
	0 watchdog,	0 multicas	t, 0 pau	se input					
	0 input pac	0 input packets with dribble condition detected							
	4 packets o	output, 1040	bytes,) underruns					
	0 output er	rors, 0 col	lisions,	3 interface	resets				
	0 babbles,	0 babbles, 0 late collision, 0 deferred							
	0 lost carr	0 lost carrier, 0 no carrier, 0 PAUSE output							
	0 output bu	0 output buffer failures, 0 output buffers swapped out							
	This is an example of output from the show interfaces accounting command.								
	Vlan1	-							
		Protocol	Pkts In	Chars In	Pkts Out	Chars Out			
		IP	1094395	131900022	559555	84077157			
	Spanr	ning Tree	283896	17033760	42	2520			
	-	ARP	63738	3825680	231	13860			
	Interface Vlan2 Vlan7	is disabled							
		Protocol	Pkts In	Chars In	Pkts Out	Chars Out			
	No traffic sent	or received	on this	interface.					
	Vlan31								
		Protocol	Pkts In	Chars In	Pkts Out	Chars Out			
	No traffic sent	or received	on this	interface.					
	GigabitEthernet1	/0/1							
			Pkts In	Chars In	Pkts Out	Chars Out			
	No traffic sent								
	GigabitEthernet1								
		, . ,	Pkts In	Chars In	Pkts Out	Chars Out			
	No traffic sent								
	<output td="" truncate<=""><td>ed></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></output>	ed>							

This is an example of output from the **show interfaces capabilities** command for an interface.

```
Switch# show interfaces gigabitethernet1/0/2 capabilities
GigabitEthernet1/0/2
 Model:
                    WS-CBS3110G
Type:
                    10/100/1000BaseTX
 Speed:
                     10.100.1000.auto
 Duplex:
                     full,auto
 Trunk encap. type: 802.1Q,ISL
 Trunk mode: on, off, desirable, nonegotiate
 Channel:
                     yes
 Broadcast suppression: percentage(0-100)
 Flowcontrol: rx-(off,on,desired),tx-(none)
                     yes
 Fast Start:
 QoS scheduling:
                      rx-(not configurable on per port basis),tx-(4q2t)
                     yes
 CoS rewrite:
 ToS rewrite:
                      ves
 UDLD:
                      yes
 Inline power:
                     no
 SPAN:
                     source/destination
 PortSecure:
                    yes
 Dot1x:
                      ves
```

This is an example of output from the **show interfaces** *interface* **description** command when the interface has been described as *Connects to Marketing* by using the **description** interface configuration command.

```
Switch# show interfaces gigabitethernet1/0/2 descriptionInterface StatusProtocol DescriptionGi1/0/2updownConnects to Marketing
```

This is an example of output from the **show interfaces etherchannel** command when port channels are configured on the switch:

```
Switch# show interfaces etherchannel
_ _ _ _
Port-channel1:
Age of the Port-channel = 03d:20h:17m:29s
Logical slot/port = 10/1 Number of ports = 0
GC = 0x00000000 HotStandBy port = null
                   = Port-channel Ag-Not-Inuse
Port state
Port-channel2:
Age of the Port-channel = 03d:20h:17m:29s
Logical slot/port = 10/2 Number of ports = 0
GC = 0x00000000 HotStandBy port = null
                   = Port-channel Ag-Not-Inuse
Port state
Port-channel3:
Age of the Port-channel = 03d:20h:17m:29s
                     = 10/3 Number of ports = 0
= 0x00000000 HotStandPres
Logical slot/port = 10/3
GC
                                        HotStandBy port = null
                     = Port-channel Ag-Not-Inuse
Port state
```

This is an example of output from the **show interfaces private-vlan mapping** command when the private-VLAN primary VLAN is VLAN 10 and the secondary VLANs are VLANs 501 and 502:

This is an example of output from the **show interfaces** *interface-id* **pruning** command when pruning is enabled in the VTP domain:

```
Switch# show interfaces gigibitethernet1/0/2 pruning
Port Vlans pruned for lack of request by neighbor
Gi1/0/2 3,4
Port Vlans traffic requested of neighbor
Gi1/0/2 1-3
```

This is an example of output from the **show interfaces stats** command for a specified VLAN interface.

Switch# show interfaces vlan 1 stats							
Switching path	Pkts In C	hars In Pkts	Out Cha	rs Out			
Processor	1165354	136205310	570800	91731594			
Route cache	0	0	0	0			
Total	1165354	136205310	570800	91731594			

This is an example of partial output from the **show interfaces status** command. It displays the status of all interfaces.

Switch# show interface	es status
------------------------	-----------

Port Gi1/0/1	Name	Status connected	Vlan routed	Duplex a-half		10/100/1000BaseTX
Gi1/0/2 Gi1/0/3		notconnect	121,40 1	auto auto		10/100/1000BaseTX 10/100/1000BaseTX
Gi1/0/3 Gi1/0/4		notconnect	18	auto		Not Present
Gi1/0/5		connected	121	a-full	a-1000	10/100/1000BaseTX
Gi1/0/6		connected	122,11	a-full	a-1000	10/100/1000BaseTX
<output t<="" td=""><td>runcated></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></output>	runcated>					
Gi2/0/1		notconnect	1	auto	auto	10/100/1000BaseTX
Gi2/0/2		notconnect	1	auto	auto	unsupported

<output truncated>

These are examples of output from the **show interfaces status** command for a specific interface when private VLANs are configured. Port 12 is configured as a private-VLAN host port. It is associated with primary VLAN 20 and secondary VLAN 25.

Switch#	show	interfaces	gigabitethernet1/	0/12 status			
Port	Nar	ne	Status	Vlan	Duplex	Speed	Туре
Gi1/0/12			connected	20,25	a-full	a-100	10/100BaseTX

In this example, port 10 is configured as a private-VLAN promiscuous port. The display shows only the primary VLAN 20.

Switch#	show interfaces g	igabitethernet1,	/0/10 status	1	
Port	Name	Status	Vlan	Duplex	Speed Type
Gi1/0/10		connected	20	a-full	a-100 10/100BaseTX

This is an example of output from the **show interfaces status err-disabled** command. It displays the status of interfaces in the error-disabled state.

Switch#	show interfaces	status err-disable	ed
Port	Name	Status	Reason
Gi1/0/2		err-disabled	gbic-invalid
Gi2/0/3		err-disabled	dtp-flap

This is an example of output from the **show interfaces switchport** command for a port. Table 2-26 describes the fields in the display.

<u>Note</u>

Private VLAN trunks are not supported in this release, so those fields are not applicable.

Switch# show interfaces gigabitethernet1/0/1 switchport Name: Gi1/0/1 Switchport: Enabled Administrative Mode: dynamic auto Operational Mode: static access Administrative Trunking Encapsulation: negotiate Operational Trunking Encapsulation: native Negotiation of Trunking: On Access Mode VLAN: 1 (default) Trunking Native Mode VLAN: 1 (default) Voice VLAN: none Administrative private-vlan host-association:10 (VLAN0010) 502 (VLAN0502) Administrative private-vlan mapping: none Administrative private-vlan trunk native VLAN: none Administrative private-vlan trunk encapsulation: dotlq Administrative private-vlan trunk normal VLANs: none Administrative private-vlan trunk private VLANs: none Operational private-vlan: none Trunking VLANs Enabled: ALL Pruning VLANs Enabled: 2-1001 Capture Mode Disabled Capture VLANs Allowed: ALL Protected: false Unknown unicast blocked: disabled Unknown multicast blocked: disabled

Voice VLAN: none (Inactive) Appliance trust: none

Table 2-26 show interfaces switchport Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Name	Displays the port name.
Switchport	Displays the administrative and operational status of the port. In this display, the port is in switchport mode.
Administrative Mode	Displays the administrative and operational modes.
Operational Mode	
Administrative Trunking Encapsulation	Displays the administrative and operational encapsulation method and whether trunking negotiation is enabled.
Operational Trunking Encapsulation	
Negotiation of Trunking	
Access Mode VLAN	Displays the VLAN ID to which the port is configured.
Trunking Native Mode VLAN	Lists the VLAN ID of the trunk that is in native mode. Lists the
Trunking VLANs Enabled	allowed VLANs on the trunk. Lists the active VLANs on the trunk.
Trunking VLANs Active	

F¹ **I I**

Field	Description
Pruning VLANs Enabled	Lists the VLANs that are pruning-eligible.
Protected	Displays whether or not protected port is enabled (True) or disabled (False) on the interface.
Unknown unicast blocked	Displays whether or not unknown multicast and unknown
Unknown multicast blocked	unicast traffic is blocked on the interface.
Voice VLAN	Displays the VLAN ID on which voice VLAN is enabled.
Administrative private-vlan	Displays the administrative VLAN association for
host-association	private-VLAN host ports.
Administrative private-vlan mapping	Displays the administrative VLAN mapping for private-VLAN promiscuous ports.
Operational private-vlan	Displays the operational private-VLAN status.
Appliance trust	Displays the class of service (CoS) setting of the data packets of the IP phone.

-

. ..

This is an example of output from the **show interfaces switchport** command for a port configured as a private VLAN promiscuous port. The primary VLAN 20 is mapped to secondary VLANs 25, 30 and 35:

```
Switch# show interface gigabitethernet1/0/2 switchport
```

```
Name: Gi1/0/2
Switchport: Enabled
Administrative Mode: private-vlan promiscuous
Operational Mode: private-vlan promiscuous
Administrative Trunking Encapsulation: negotiate
Operational Trunking Encapsulation: native
Negotiation of Trunking: Off
Access Mode VLAN: 1 (default)
Trunking Native Mode VLAN: 1 (default)
Administrative Native VLAN tagging: enabled
Voice VLAN: none
Administrative private-vlan host-association: none
Administrative private-vlan mapping: 20 (VLAN0020) 25 (VLAN0025) 30 (VLAN0030) 35
(VLAN0035)
Administrative private-vlan trunk native VLAN: none
Administrative private-vlan trunk Native VLAN tagging: enabled
Administrative private-vlan trunk encapsulation: dotlq
Administrative private-vlan trunk normal VLANs: none
Administrative private-vlan trunk private VLANs: none
Operational private-vlan:
20 (VLAN0020) 25 (VLAN0025)
30 (VLAN0030)
35 (VLAN0035)
```

<output truncated>

This is an example of output from the show interfaces switchport backup command:

Switch# show interfaces switchport backup Switch Backup Interface Pairs:

reen backup incertace	IuIID.	
Active Interface	Backup Interface	State
Gi1/0/1	Gi1/0/2	Active Up/Backup Standby
Gi3/0/3	Gi4/0/5	Active Down/Backup Up
Pol	Po2	Active Standby/Backup Up

This is an example of output from the **show interfaces** *interface-id* **pruning** command:

```
Switch# show interfaces gigibitethernet1/0/2 pruning
Port Vlans pruned for lack of request by neighbor
```

This is an example of output from the **show interfaces** *switchport* **backup** command. In this example, VLANs 1 to 50, 60, and 100 to 120 are configured on the switch:

```
Switch(config)# interface gigabitethernet 2/0/6
Switch(config-if)# switchport backup interface gigabitethernet 2/0/8 prefer vlan
60,100-120
```

When both interfaces are up, Gi2/0/8 forwards traffic for VLANs 60, 100 to 120, and Gi2/0/6 will forward traffic for VLANs 1 to 50.

Switch# show interfaces switchport backup Switch Backup Interface Pairs: Active Interface Backup Interface State GigabitEthernet2/0/6 GigabitEthernet2/0/8 Active Up/Backup Up Vlans on Interface Gi 2/0/6: 1-50 Vlans on Interface Gi 2/0/8: 60, 100-120

When a Flex Link interface goes down (LINK_DOWN), VLANs preferred on this interface are moved to the peer interface of the Flex Link pair. In this example, if interface Gi2/0/6 goes down, Gi2/0/8 carries all VLANs of the Flex Link pair.

```
Switch# show interfaces switchport backup
Switch Backup Interface Pairs:
Active Interface Backup Interface State
GigabitEthernet2/0/6 GigabitEthernet2/0/8 Active Down/Backup Up
Vlans on Interface Gi 2/0/6:
Vlans on Interface Gi 2/0/8: 1-50, 60, 100-120
```

When a Flex Link interface comes up, VLANs preferred on this interface are blocked on the peer interface and moved to the forwarding state on the interface that has just come up. In this example, if interface Gi2/0/6 comes up, then VLANs preferred on this interface are blocked on the peer interface Gi2/0/8 and forwarded on Gi2/0/6.

```
Switch Backup Interface Pairs:

Active Interface Backup Interface State

GigabitEthernet2/0/6 GigabitEthernet2/0/8 Active Up/Backup Up

Vlans on Interface Gi 2/0/6: 1-50

Vlans on Interface Gi 2/0/8: 60, 100-120
```

Switch# show interfaces switchport backup

This is an example of out put from the **show interfaces switchport backup** command when a Flex Link interface goes down (LINK_DOWN), and VLANs preferred on this interface are moved to the peer interface of the Flex Link pair. In this example, if interface Gi2/0/6 goes down, Gi2/0/8 carries all VLANs of the Flex Link pair.

Switch# show interfaces switchport backup Switch Backup Interface Pairs:

 Active Interface
 Backup Interface
 State

 GigabitEthernet2/0/6
 GigabitEthernet2/0/8
 Active Down/Backup Up

Vlans Preferred on Active Interface: 1-50 Vlans Preferred on Backup Interface: 60, 100-120

This is an example of output from the **show interfaces** *interface-id* **trunk** command. It displays trunking information for the port.

Switch# show interfaces gigabitethernet1/0/1 trunk Port Mode Encapsulation Status Native vlan Gi1/0/1 auto negotiate trunking 1 Port Vlans allowed on trunk Gi1/0/1 1-4094 Vlans allowed and active in management domain Port Gi1/0/1 1-4 Port Vlans in spanning tree forwarding state and not pruned Gi1/0/1 1 - 4

This is an example of output from the **show interfaces** interface-id **transceiver properties** command:

```
Switch# show interfaces gigabitethernet1/0/1 transceiver properties
Name : Gi1/0/1
Administrative Speed: auto
Operational Speed: auto
Administrative Duplex: auto
Administrative Power Inline: enable
Operational Duplex: auto
Administrative Auto-MDIX: off
Operational Auto-MDIX: off
```

This is an example of output from the **show interfaces** *interface-id* **transceiver detail** command:

```
Switch# show interfaces gigabitethernet2/0/3 transceiver detail
ITU Channel not available (Wavelength not available),
Transceiver is externally calibrated.
mA:milliamperes, dBm:decibels (milliwatts), N/A:not applicable.
++:high alarm, +:high warning, -:low warning, -- :low alarm.
A2D readouts (if they differ), are reported in parentheses.
The threshold values are uncalibrated.
```

		High Alarm	High Warn	Low Warn	Low Alarm
	Temperature	Threshold	Threshold	Threshold	Threshold
Port	(Celsius)	(Celsius)	(Celsius)	(Celsius)	(Celsius)
Gi2/0/3	41.5	110.0	103.0	-8.0	-12.0

Port	Voltage (Volts)	High Alarm Threshold (Volts)	Threshold (Volts)	Threshold (Volts)	Threshold (Volts)
Gi2/0/3		4.00	3.70		
	Current (milliamperes)	(mA)	Threshold (mA)	Threshold (mA)	Threshold (mA)
Gi2/0/3	31.0	84.0	70.0	4.0	2.0
	Optical Transmit Power	-	-		
Port	(dBm)		(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)
	(dBm) -0.0 (-0.0)		(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)
Gi2/0/3	-0.0 (-0.0) Optical Receive Power (dBm)	-0.0 High Alarm Threshold (dBm)	(dBm) -0.0 High Warn Threshold (dBm)	(dBm) -0.0 Low Warn Threshold (dBm)	(dBm) -0.0 Low Alarm Threshold (dBm)

This is an example of output from the **show interfaces** interface-id **transceiver properties** command:

```
Switch# show interfaces gigabitethernet1/0/1 transceiver properties
Name : Gi1/0/1
Administrative Speed: auto
Operational Speed: auto
Administrative Duplex: auto
Administrative Power Inline: enable
Operational Duplex: auto
Administrative Auto-MDIX: off
Operational Auto-MDIX: off
```

This is an example of output from the **show interfaces** interface-id **transceiver detail** command:

Switch# show interfaces gigabitethernet2/0/3 transceiver detail
ITU Channel not available (Wavelength not available),
Transceiver is externally calibrated.
mA:milliamperes, dBm:decibels (milliwatts), N/A:not applicable.
++:high alarm, +:high warning, -:low warning, -- :low alarm.
A2D readouts (if they differ), are reported in parentheses.
The threshold values are uncalibrated.

	Temperature (Celsius)	High Alarm Threshold (Celsius)	High Warn Threshold (Celsius)	Low Warn Threshold (Celsius)	Low Alarm Threshold (Celsius)
Gi2/0/3		110.0		-8.0	-12.0
Port Gi2/0/3	Voltage (Volts) 3.20	High Alarm Threshold (Volts) 4.00		(Volts)	Low Alarm Threshold (Volts) 2.95
Port	Current (milliamperes)	High Alarm Threshold (mA)	Threshold	Low Warn Threshold (mA)	Low Alarm Threshold (mA)
Gi2/0/3	31.0	84.0	70.0	4.0	2.0

Port	Optical	High Alarm	High Warn	Low Warn	Low Alarm
	Transmit Power	Threshold	Threshold	Threshold	Threshold
	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)
Gi2/0/3	-0.0 (-0.0)	-0.0	-0.0	-0.0	-0.0
Port	Optical	High Alarm	High Warn	Low Warn	Low Alarm
	Receive Power	Threshold	Threshold	Threshold	Threshold
	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)
Gi2/0/3	N/A (-0.0)	-0.0	-0.0	-0.0	-0.0

This is an example of output from the **show interfaces tengigabitethernet** *interface-id* **transceiver detail** command:

Switch# show interfaces tengigabitethernet1/0/1 transceiver detail Transceiver monitoring is disabled for all interfaces.

ITU Channel not available (Wavelength not available), Transceiver is internally calibrated. mA: milliamperes, dBm: decibels (milliwatts), NA or N/A: not applicable. ++ : high alarm, + : high warning, - : low warning, -- : low alarm. A2D readouts (if they differ), are reported in parentheses. The threshold values are calibrated. High Alarm High Warn Low Warn Low Alarm Temperature Threshold Threshold Threshold Threshold Port (Celsius) (Celsius) (Celsius) (Celsius) (Celsius) _____ ____ Te1/0/1 26.8 70.0 60.0 5.0 0.0 High Alarm High Warn Low Warn Low Alarm Voltage Threshold Threshold Threshold Threshold Port (Volts) (Volts) (Volts) (Volts) (Volts) Te1/0/1 3.15 3.63 3.63 2.97 2.97 High Alarm High Warn Low Warn Low Alarm Current Threshold Threshold Threshold Threshold Port (milliamperes) (mA) (mA) (mA) (mA) _____ _ ____ Te1/0/1 5.0 16.3 15.3 3.9 3.2 Optical High Alarm High Warn Low Warn Low Alarm Transmit Power Threshold Threshold Threshold Threshold Port (dBm) (dBm) (dBm) (dBm) (dBm) _____ _ ____ Te1/0/1 -1.9 1.0 0.5 -8.2 -8.5 Optical High Alarm High Warn Low Warn Low Alarm Receive Power Threshold Threshold Threshold Threshold Port (dBm) (dBm) (dBm) (dBm) (dBm) _____ _____ Te1/0/1 -1.4 1.0 0.5 -14.1 -15.0

This is an example of output from the **show interfaces tengigabitethernet** *interface-id* **transceiver properties** command:

Switch# show interfaces tengigabitethernet1/0/1 transceiver properties Transceiver monitoring is disabled for all interfaces.

ITU Channel not available (Wavelength not available), Transceiver is internally calibrated. Name : Te1/0/1 Administrative Speed: 10000 Administrative Duplex: full Administrative Auto-MDIX: on Administrative Power Inline: N/A

Operational Speed: 10000 Operational Duplex: full Operational Auto-MDIX: off Media Type: 10GBase-LR

Related Commands

Command	Description
switchport access	Configures a port as a static-access or a dynamic-access port.
switchport block	Blocks unknown unicast or multicast traffic on an interface.
switchport backup interface	Configures Flex Links, a pair of Layer 2 interfaces that provide mutual backup.
switchport mode	Configures the VLAN membership mode of a port.
switchport mode private-vlan	Configures a port as a private-VLAN host or a promiscuous port.
switchport private-vlan	Defines private-VLAN association for a host port or private-VLAN mapping for a promiscuous port.
switchport protected	Isolates unicast, multicast, and broadcast traffic at Layer 2 from other protected ports on the same switch.
switchport trunk pruning	Configures the VLAN pruning-eligible list for ports in trunking mode.

show interfaces counters

Use the **show interfaces counters** privileged EXEC command to display various counters for the switch or for a specific interface.

show interfaces [*interface-id* | **vlan** *vlan-id*] **counters** [**errors** | **etherchannel** | **module** *switchnumber* | **protocol status** | **trunk**] [| {**begin** | **exclude** | **include**} *expression*]

Syntax Description	interface-id	(Optional) ID of the physical interface, including type, stack member
		(stacking-capable switch only), module, and port number.
	errors	(Optional) Display error counters.
	etherchannel	(Optional) Display EtherChannel counters, including octets, broadcast packets, multicast packets, and unicast packets received and sent.
	module switch- number	(Optional) Display counters for the specified stack member. The range is from 1 to 9, depending upon the switch numbers in the stack.
		This keyword is supported only on stacking-capable switches.
		In this command, the module keyword refers to the stack member number (1 to 9). The module number that is part of the interface ID is always zero.
	protocol status	(Optional) Display status of protocols enabled on interfaces.
	trunk	(Optional) Display trunk counters.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Note	Though visible in the cor	nmand-line help string, the vlan <i>vlan-id</i> keyword is not supported.
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(40)EX2	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines		eywords, all counters for all interfaces are included.
	-	sitive. For example, if you enter l exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> lines that contain <i>Output</i> are displayed.

Examples

This is an example of partial output from the **show interfaces counters** command. It displays all counters for the switch.

Switch# show	interfaces co	ounters		
Port	InOctets	InUcastPkts	InMcastPkts	InBcastPkts
Gi1/0/1	0	0	0	0
Gi1/0/2	0	0	0	0

<output truncated>

This is an example of partial output from the **show interfaces counters module** command for stack member 2. It displays all counters for the specified switch in the stack.

Switch# show	interfaces co	ounters module	2	
Port	InOctets	InUcastPkts	InMcastPkts	InBcastPkts
Gi2/0/1	520	2	0	0
Gi2/0/2	520	2	0	0
Gi2/0/3	520	2	0	0
Gi2/0/4	520	2	0	0
Gi2/0/5	520	2	0	0
Gi2/0/6	520	2	0	0
Gi2/0/7	520	2	0	0
Gi2/0/8	520	2	0	0

<output truncated>

This is an example of partial output from the **show interfaces counters protocol status** command for all interfaces.

```
Switch# show interfaces counters protocol status
```

```
Protocols allocated:
Vlan1: Other, IP
Vlan20: Other, IP, ARP
Vlan30: Other, IP, ARP
Vlan40: Other, IP, ARP
Vlan50: Other, IP, ARP
Vlan60: Other, IP, ARP
Vlan70: Other, IP, ARP
Vlan80: Other, IP, ARP
Vlan90: Other, IP, ARP
Vlan900: Other, IP, ARP
Vlan3000: Other, IP
Vlan3500: Other, IP
GigabitEthernet1/0/1: Other, IP, ARP, CDP
GigabitEthernet1/0/2: Other, IP
GigabitEthernet1/0/3: Other, IP
GigabitEthernet1/0/4: Other, IP
GigabitEthernet1/0/5: Other, IP
GigabitEthernet1/0/6: Other, IP
GigabitEthernet1/0/7: Other, IP
GigabitEthernet1/0/8: Other, IP
GigabitEthernet1/0/9: Other, IP
GigabitEthernet1/0/10: Other, IP, CDP
```

<output truncated>

This is an example of output from the **show interfaces counters trunk** command. It displays trunk counters for all interfaces.

Switch#	show interfaces co	unters trunk	
Port	TrunkFramesTx	TrunkFramesRx	WrongEncap
Gi1/0/1	0	0	0
Gi1/0/2	0	0	0
Gi1/0/3	80678	4155	0
Gi1/0/4	82320	126	0
Gi1/0/5	0	0	0

<output truncated>

Related Commands	Command	Description	
	show interfaces	Displays additional interface characteristics.	

show inventory

Use the **show inventory** user EXEC command to display product identification (PID) information for the hardware.

show inventory [entity-name | raw] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	entity-name	(Optional) Display the specified entity.
	raw	(Optional) Display every entity in the device.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	User EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(40)EX2	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	The command is cas dump of all identifia	se sensitive. With no arguments, the show inventory command produces a compact able entities that have a product identifier. The compact dump displays the entity ty), entity description, and the unique device identifier (UDI) (PID, VID, and SN) of
Usage Guidelines	The command is cas dump of all identifia location (slot identity that entity.	se sensitive. With no arguments, the show inventory command produces a compact able entities that have a product identifier. The compact dump displays the entity ty), entity description, and the unique device identifier (UDI) (PID, VID, and SN) of
	The command is cas dump of all identific location (slot identific that entity. If there is no PID, n Expressions are case	se sensitive. With no arguments, the show inventory command produces a compact able entities that have a product identifier. The compact dump displays the entity
Note	The command is cas dump of all identific location (slot identific that entity. If there is no PID, n Expressions are case are not displayed, b	se sensitive. With no arguments, the show inventory command produces a compac able entities that have a product identifier. The compact dump displays the entity ty), entity description, and the unique device identifier (UDI) (PID, VID, and SN) of no output appears when you enter the show inventory command. we sensitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>outpu</i>
Note	The command is cas dump of all identific location (slot identific that entity. If there is no PID, n Expressions are case are not displayed, b	se sensitive. With no arguments, the show inventory command produces a compact able entities that have a product identifier. The compact dump displays the entity ty), entity description, and the unique device identifier (UDI) (PID, VID, and SN) of no output appears when you enter the show inventory command. we sensitive. For example, if you enter I exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> are displayed.
	The command is cas dump of all identific location (slot identific that entity. If there is no PID, m Expressions are case are not displayed, b This is example out Switch> show inve NAME: "1", DESCR:	se sensitive. With no arguments, the show inventory command produces a compact able entities that have a product identifier. The compact dump displays the entity ty), entity description, and the unique device identifier (UDI) (PID, VID, and SN) of no output appears when you enter the show inventory command. The sensitive. For example, if you enter I exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> are displayed. The true from the show inventory command: intory "WS-CES3110G-S" S , VID: , SN: FHH105002F6 "WS-CES3110X-S"

show ip arp inspection

Use the **show ip arp inspection** privileged EXEC command to display the configuration and the operating state of dynamic Address Resolution Protocol (ARP) inspection or the status of this feature for all VLANs or for the specified interface or VLAN.

show ip arp inspection [interfaces [interface-id] | log | statistics [vlan vlan-range] | vlan
vlan-range] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	interfaces [interface-id]	(Optional) Display the trust state and the rate limit of ARP packets for the specified interface or all interfaces. Valid interfaces include physical ports and port channels.
	log	(Optional) Display the configuration and contents of the dynamic ARP inspection log buffer.
	statistics [vlan vlan-range]	(Optional) Display statistics for forwarded, dropped, MAC validation failure, IP validation failure, access control list (ACL) permitted and denied, and DHCP permitted and denied packets for the specified VLAN. If no VLANs are specified or if a range is specified, display information only for VLANs with dynamic ARP inspection enabled (active).
		You can specify a single VLAN identified by VLAN ID number, a range of VLANs separated by a hyphen, or a series of VLANs separated by a comma. The range is 1 to 4094.
	vlan vlan-range	(Optional) Display the configuration and the operating state of dynamic ARP inspection for the specified VLAN. If no VLANs are specified or if a range is specified, display information only for VLANs with dynamic ARP inspection enabled (active).
		You can specify a single VLAN identified by VLAN ID number, a range of VLANs separated by a hyphen, or a series of VLANs separated by a comma. The range is 1 to 4094.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(40)EX2	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter | **exclude output**, the lines that contain *output* are not displayed, but the lines that contain *Output* are displayed.

Examples This is an example of output from the show ip arp inspection command

Switch#	show	ip	arp	inspection
---------	------	----	-----	------------

	ac Validation ion Mac Validatior			
	ss Validation			
Vlan	Configuration	-	ACL Match	Static ACL
1	Enabled		deny-all	 No
Vlan	ACL Logging	DHCP Logg	-	
1	Acl-Match			
Vlan	Forwarded	Dropped	DHCP Drops	ACL Drops
1	0	0	0	0
Vlan				Source MAC Failures
1	0	0	0	0
Vlan	Dest MAC Failures	s IP Valid	ation Failures	Invalid Protocol Data
1	()	0	0

This is an example of output from the **show ip arp inspection interfaces** command:

Switch# show ip arp inspection interfaces

Interface	Trust State	Rate (pps)	Burst Interval
Gi1/0/1	Untrusted	15	1
Gi1/0/2	Untrusted	15	1
Gi1/0/3	Untrusted	15	1

This is an example of output from the show ip arp inspection interfaces interface-id command:

Switch# show :	p arp inspection	interfaces gigal	bitethernet1/0/1
Interface	Trust State	Rate (pps)	Burst Interval
Gi1/0/1	Untrusted	15	1

This is an example of output from the **show ip arp inspection log** command. It shows the contents of the log buffer before the buffers are cleared:

Switch# show ip arp inspection log Total Log Buffer Size : 32 Syslog rate : 10 entries per 300 seconds.

Interface	Vlan	Sender MAC	Sender IP	Num Pkts	Reason	Time
Gi1/0/1	5	0003.0000.d673	192.2.10.4	5	DHCP Deny	19:39:01 UTC
Mon Mar 1	1993					
Gi1/0/1	5	0001.0000.d774	128.1.9.25	6	DHCP Deny	19:39:02 UTC
Mon Mar 1	1993					
Gi1/0/1	5	0001.c940.1111	10.10.10.1	7	DHCP Deny	19:39:03 UTC
Mon Mar 1	1993					
Gi1/0/1	5	0001.c940.1112	10.10.10.2	8	DHCP Deny	19:39:04 UTC
Mon Mar 1	1993					
Gi1/0/1	5	0001.c940.1114	173.1.1.1	10	DHCP Deny	19:39:06 UTC
Mon Mar 1	1993					
Gi1/0/1	5	0001.c940.1115	173.1.1.2	11	DHCP Deny	19:39:07 UTC
Mon Mar 1	1993					
Gi1/0/1	5	0001.c940.1116	173.1.1.3	12	DHCP Deny	19:39:08 UTC
Mon Mar 1	1993					

If the log buffer overflows, it means that a log event does not fit into the log buffer, and the display for the **show ip arp inspection log** privileged EXEC command is affected. A -- in the display appears in place of all data except the packet count and the time. No other statistics are provided for the entry. If you see this entry in the display, increase the number of entries in the log buffer, or increase the logging rate in the **ip arp inspection log-buffer** global configuration command.

This is an example of output from the **show ip arp inspection statistics** command. It shows the statistics for packets that have been processed by dynamic ARP inspection for all active VLANs.

Switch#	show ip arp inspect:	ion statis	tics	
Vlan	Forwarded	Dropped	DHCP Drops	ACL Drops
5	3	4618	4605	4
2000	0	0	0	0
Vlan	DHCP Permits ACL	Permits	Source MAC Failur	es
5	0	12		0
2000	0	0		0
Vlan	Dest MAC Failures	IP Valida	tion Failures	
5	0		9	
2000	0		0	

For the **show ip arp inspection statistics** command, the switch increments the number of forwarded packets for each ARP request and response packet on a trusted dynamic ARP inspection port. The switch increments the number of ACL or DHCP permitted packets for each packet that is denied by source MAC, destination MAC, or IP validation checks, and the switch increments the appropriate failure count.

This is an example of output from the **show ip arp inspection statistics vlan 5** command. It shows statistics for packets that have been processed by dynamic ARP for VLAN 5.

Switch#	show ip arp ins	pection statis	tics vlan 5	
Vlan	Forwarded	Dropped	DHCP Drops	ACL Drops
 5	3	4618	4605	4
Vlan	DHCP Permits	ACL Permits	Source MAC Fai	lures
5	0	12		0
Vlan	Dest MAC Failur	es IP Valida	tion Failures	Invalid Protocol Data
5		0	9	3

This is an example of output from the **show ip arp inspection vlan 5** command. It shows the configuration and the operating state of dynamic ARP inspection for VLAN 5.

Source Ma Destinat:	show ip arp inspec ac Validation ion Mac Validation ss Validation	:Enabled		
Vlan	Configuration	Operation	ACL Match	Static ACL
5	Enabled	Active	second	No
Vlan	ACL Logging	DHCP Loggin	a	
			-	
5	Acl-Match	All		

Related	Commands	C
Kelated	Commands	

Command	Description
arp access-list	Defines an ARP ACL.
clear ip arp inspection log	Clears the dynamic ARP inspection log buffer.
clear ip arp inspection statistics	Clears the dynamic ARP inspection statistics.
ip arp inspection log-buffer	Configures the dynamic ARP inspection logging buffer.
ip arp inspection vlan logging	Controls the type of packets that are logged per VLAN.
show arp access-list	Displays detailed information about ARP access lists.

show ip dhcp snooping

Use the show ip dhcp snooping user EXEC command to display the DHCP snooping configuration.

show ip dhcp snooping [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	User EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(40)EX2	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines		sensitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.
	-	ys only the results of global configuration. Therefore, in this example, the circuit in its default format of vlan-mod-port , even if a string is configured for the circuit
Examples	This is an example of	output from the show ip dhcp snooping command:
	40-42	g is enabled nfigured on following VLANs:
	remote-id forma Option 82 on untrus	at: vlan-mod-port
	Interface	Trusted Rate limit (pps)
	GigabitEthernet1/0/ GigabitEthernet1/0/ GigabitEthernet1/0/ GigabitEthernet1/0/	1yesunlimited2yesunlimited3no2000
Related Commands	Command	Description
		ing binding Displays the DHCP snooping binding information.

show ip dhcp snooping binding

Use the **show ip dhcp snooping binding** user EXEC command to display the DHCP snooping binding database and configuration information for all interfaces on a switch.

show ip dhcp snooping binding [ip-address] [mac-address] [interface interface-id] [vlan vlan-id]
 [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	ip-address	(Optional) S	(Optional) Specify the binding entry IP address.					
	mac-address	(Optional) S	pecify the bindi	ng entry MAC ad	dress.			
	interface interface-id	(Optional) S	pecify the bindi	ng input interface	e.			
	vlan vlan-id	(Optional) S	pecify the bindi	ng entry VLAN.				
	begin	I beginDisplay begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .						
	exclude	Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .						
	include	Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .						
	expression	Expression i	n the output to	use as a reference	point.			
Command Modes	User EXEC							
Command History	Release	Modificatio	1					
	12.2(40)EX2	This comma	nd was introduc	ed.				
Usage Guidelines	Use the show ip source configured bindings ir	ce binding privil the DHCP snoo	eged EXEC con pping binding da	nmand to display tabase.	the dyr	ally configured bindings. namically and statically		
	If DHCP snooping is enabled and an interface changes to the down state, the switch does not delete the statically configured bindings.							
	Expressions are case s do not appear, but the		· · ·	-	ut, the	lines that contain <i>output</i>		
Examples	This example shows h	ow to display the	e DHCP snoopii	ng binding entries	for a s	witch:		
	Switch> show ip dhc MacAddress	snooping bind IpAddress	Lease(sec)	Туре	VLAN	Interface		
	01:02:03:04:05:06 00:D0:B7:1B:35:DE Total number of bind	10.1.2.150 10.1.2.151 dings: 2	9837 237	dhcp-snooping dhcp-snooping	20 20	GigabitEthernet2/0/2 GigabitEthernet2/0/2		

This example shows how to display the DHCP snooping binding entries for a specific IP address:

Switch> show ip dhcp snooping binding 10.1.2.150

MacAddress	IpAddress	Lease(sec)	Туре	VLAN	Interface
01:02:03:04:05:06	10.1.2.150	9810	dhcp-snooping	20	GigabitEthernet2/0/1
Total number of bin	dings: 1				

This example shows how to display the DHCP snooping binding entries for a specific MAC address:

Switch> show ip dhc	p snooping bindin	g 0102.0304.	0506		
MacAddress	IpAddress	Lease(sec)	Туре	VLAN	Interface
01:02:03:04:05:06	10.1.2.150	9788	dhcp-snooping	20	GigabitEthernet2/0/2
Total number of bin	dings: 1				

This example shows how to display the DHCP snooping binding entries on a port:

Switch> show ip dho	p snooping bindin	g interface	gigabitethernet	2/0/2	
MacAddress	IpAddress	Lease(sec)	Туре	VLAN	Interface
00:30:94:C2:EF:35	10.1.2.151	290	dhcp-snooping	20	GigabitEthernet2/0/2
Total number of bir	ndings: 1				

This example shows how to display the DHCP snooping binding entries on VLAN 20:

Switch> show ip dhcp snooping binding vlan 20							
MacAddress	IpAddress	Lease(sec)	Туре	VLAN	Interface		
01:02:03:04:05:06	10.1.2.150	9747	dhcp-snooping	20	GigabitEthernet2/0/1		
00:00:00:00:00:02	10.1.2.151	65	dhcp-snooping	20	GigabitEthernet2/0/2		
Total number of bin	dings: 2						

Table 2-27 describes the fields in the show ip dhcp snooping binding command output:

Table 2-27show ip dhcp snooping binding Command Output

Field	Description		
MacAddress	Client hardware MAC address		
IpAddress	Client IP address assigned from the DHCP server		
Lease(sec)	Remaining lease time for the IP address		
Туре	Binding type		
VLAN	VLAN number of the client interface		
Interface	Interface that connects to the DHCP client host		
Total number of bindings	Total number of bindings configured on the switch		
	 Note The command output might not show the total number of bindings. For example, if 200 bindings are configured on the switch and you stop the display before all the bindings appear, the total number does not change. 		

Related Commands

Command	Description
ip dhcp snooping binding	Configures the DHCP snooping binding database
show ip dhcp snooping	Displays the DHCP snooping configuration.

show ip dhcp snooping database

Use the **show ip dhcp snooping database** user EXEC command to display the status of the DHCP snooping binding database agent.

show ip dhcp snooping database [detail] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

yntax Description	detail (Optional) Display detailed status and statistics information.					
	begin (Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .					
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the exp	pression.			
	l include (Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .					
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.				
command Modes	User EXEC					
Command History	Release	Modification				
	-					
zamples		This command was introduced. mple of output from the show ip dhcp snooping data	base command:			
xamples	This is an exa Switch> show		base command:			
xamples	This is an exa Switch> show Agent URL : Write delay	mple of output from the show ip dhcp snooping data ip dhcp snooping database Fimer : 300 seconds	base command:			
xamples	This is an exa Switch> show Agent URL : Write delay	mple of output from the show ip dhcp snooping data ip dhcp snooping database	base command:			
xamples	This is an exa Switch> show Agent URL : Write delay Abort Timer Agent Runnir	mple of output from the show ip dhcp snooping data ip dhcp snooping database Timer : 300 seconds : 300 seconds g : No	base command:			
xamples	This is an exa Switch> show Agent URL : Write delay Abort Timer Agent Runnin Delay Timer	mple of output from the show ip dhcp snooping data ip dhcp snooping database Timer : 300 seconds : 300 seconds	base command:			
xamples	This is an exa Switch> show Agent URL : Write delay Abort Timer Agent Runnin Delay Timer Abort Timer	mple of output from the show ip dhcp snooping data ip dhcp snooping database Timer : 300 seconds : 300 seconds g : No Expiry : Not Running	base command:			
xamples	This is an exa Switch> show Agent URL : Write delay Abort Timer Agent Runnir Delay Timer Abort Timer Last Succede Last Failed	mple of output from the show ip dhcp snooping data ip dhcp snooping database Fimer : 300 seconds : 300 seconds g : No Expiry : Not Running Expiry : Not Running d Time : None Fime : None	base command:			
xamples	This is an exa Switch> show Agent URL : Write delay Abort Timer Agent Runnir Delay Timer Abort Timer Last Succede Last Failed	mple of output from the show ip dhcp snooping data ip dhcp snooping database Timer : 300 seconds : 300 seconds g : No Expiry : Not Running Expiry : Not Running d Time : None	base command:			
ixamples	This is an exa Switch> show Agent URL : Write delay Abort Timer Agent Runnir Delay Timer Abort Timer Last Succede Last Failed Last Failed Total Attemp	<pre>mple of output from the show ip dhcp snooping data ip dhcp snooping database Timer : 300 seconds : 300 seconds g : No Expiry : Not Running Expiry : Not Running d Time : None Time : None Reason : No failure recorded. ts : 0 Startup Failures :</pre>	0			
xamples	This is an exa Switch> show Agent URL : Write delay Abort Timer Agent Runnir Delay Timer Abort Timer Last Succede Last Failed Last Failed Total Attemp Successful T	<pre>mple of output from the show ip dhcp snooping data ip dhcp snooping database Fimer : 300 seconds : 300 seconds g : No Expiry : Not Running Expiry : Not Running d Time : None Fime : None Reason : No failure recorded. ts : 0 Startup Failures : ransfers : 0 Failed Transfers :</pre>	0 0			
xamples	This is an exa Switch> show Agent URL : Write delay Abort Timer Agent Runnir Delay Timer Abort Timer Last Succede Last Failed Last Failed Total Attemp	<pre>mple of output from the show ip dhcp snooping data ip dhcp snooping database Fimer : 300 seconds : 300 seconds g : No Expiry : Not Running Expiry : Not Running d Time : None Fime : None Reason : No failure recorded. ts : 0 Startup Failures : ransfers : 0 Failed Transfers : eads : 0 Failed Reads :</pre>	0			

This is an example of output from the **show ip dhcp snooping database detail** command:

Switch# show ip dhcp snooping database detail Agent URL : tftp://10.1.1.1/directory/file Write delay Timer : 300 seconds Abort Timer : 300 seconds Agent Running : No Delay Timer Expiry : 7 (00:00:07) Abort Timer Expiry : Not Running Last Succeded Time : None Last Failed Time : 17:14:25 UTC Sat Jul 7 2001 Last Failed Reason : Unable to access URL. Total Attempts 21 Startup Failures : 0 : Successful Transfers : 0 Failed Transfers : 21 Successful Reads : 0 Failed Reads : 0 Successful Writes : 0 Failed Writes : 21 0 Media Failures : First successful access: Read Last ignored bindings counters : Binding Collisions : 0 Expired leases : 0 Invalid interfaces 0 : 0 Unsupported vlans : Parse failures : 0 Last Ignored Time : None Total ignored bindings counters: Binding Collisions : 0 Expired leases 0 : Invalid interfaces : 0 0 Unsupported vlans : 0 Parse failures :

Related Commands

Command	Description
ip dhcp snooping Enables DHCP snooping on a VLAN.	
ip dhcp snooping database	Configures the DHCP snooping binding database agent or the binding file.
show ip dhcp snooping	Displays DHCP snooping information.

show ip dhcp snooping statistics

Use the **show ip dhcp snooping statistics** user EXEC command to display DHCP snooping statistics in summary or detail form.

show ip dhcp snooping statistics [detail] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	detail (Optional) Display detailed statistics information.						
	I begin(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .						
	exclude	I exclude(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .I include(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .					
	include						
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a	reference point.				
Command Modes	User EXEC						
Command History	Release	Modification					
	12.2(40)EX2	This command was intro	duced.				
Usage Guidelines	*		enter exclude output, the lines that contain output				
	do not appear, but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.						
	statistics counte	-	stack master. If a new stack master is elected, the				
Examples	This is an example of output from the show ip dhcp snooping statistics command:						
	Switch> show i	p dhcp snooping statistics					
	Packets Forwa	arded	= 0				
	Packets Dropp		= 0				
	Packets Dropp	ped From untrusted ports	= 0				
	This is an example of output from the show ip dhcp snooping statistics detail command:						
		by dhcp snooping statistics deta essed by DHCP Snooping bed Because	= 0				
	IDB not kno	own	= 0				
	Queue full		= 0				
		is in errdisabled	= 0				
	Rate limit		= 0				
	Nonzero gia	n untrusted ports addr	= 0 = 0				
		not equal to chaddr	= 0				
	Binding mis	-	= 0				
	9	of opt82 fail	= 0				
	Interface I	Jown	= 0				
		put interface	= 0				
		it port equal to input port led by platform	= 0 = 0				

Table 2-28 shows the DHCP snooping statistics and their descriptions:

DHCP Snooping Statistic	Description
Packets Processed by DHCP Snooping	Total number of packets handled by DHCP snooping, including forwarded and dropped packets.
Packets Dropped Because IDB not known	Number of errors when the input interface of the packet cannot be determined.
Queue full	Number of errors when an internal queue used to process the packets is full. This might happen if DHCP packets are received at an excessively high rate and rate limiting is not enabled on the ingress ports.
Interface is in errdisabled	Number of times a packet was received on a port that has been marked as error disabled. This might happen if packets are in the processing queue when a port is put into the error-disabled state and those packets are subsequently processed.
Rate limit exceeded	Number of times the rate limit configured on the port was exceeded and the interface was put into the error-disabled state.
Received on untrusted ports	Number of times a DHCP server packet (OFFER, ACK, NAK, or LEASEQUERY) was received on an untrusted port and was dropped.
Nonzero giaddr	Number of times the relay agent address field (giaddr) in the DHCP packet received on an untrusted port was not zero, or the no ip dhcp snooping information option allow-untrusted global configuration command is not configured and a packet received on an untrusted port contained option-82 data.
Source mac not equal to chaddr	Number of times the client MAC address field of the DHCP packet (chaddr) does not match the packet source MAC address and the ip dhcp snooping verify mac-address global configuration command is configured.
Binding mismatch	Number of times a RELEASE or DECLINE packet was received on a port that is different than the port in the binding for that MAC address-VLAN pair. This indicates someone might be trying to spoof the real client, or it could mean that the client has moved to another port on the switch and issued a RELEASE or DECLINE. The MAC address is taken from the chaddr field of the DHCP packet, not the source MAC address

 Table 2-28
 DHCP Snooping Statistics

in the Ethernet header.

DHCP Snooping Statistic	Description
Insertion of opt82 fail	Number of times the option-82 insertion into a packet failed. The insertion might fail if the packet with the option-82 data exceeds the size of a single physical packet on the internet.
Interface Down	Number of times the packet is a reply to the DHCP relay agent, but the SVI interface for the relay agent is down. This is an unlikely error that occurs if the SVI goes down between sending the client request to the DHCP server and receiving the response.
Unknown output interface	Number of times the output interface for a DHCF reply packet cannot be determined by either option-82 data or a lookup in the MAC address table. The packet is dropped. This can happen if option 82 is not used and the client MAC address has aged out. If IPSG is enabled with the port-security option and option 82 is not enabled the MAC address of the client is not learned, and the reply packets will be dropped.
Reply output port equal to input port	Number of times the output port for a DHCP reply packet is the same as the input port, causing a possible loop. Indicates a possible network misconfiguration or misuse of trust settings on ports.
Packet denied by platform	Number of times the packet has been denied by a platform-specific registry.

Table 2-28	DHCP Snooping Statistics (continued)
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Related Commands	Command	Description	
	clear ip dhcp snooping	Clears the DHCP snooping binding database, the DHCP snooping binding database agent statistics, or the DHCP snooping statistics counters.	

show ip igmp profile

Use the **show ip igmp profile** privileged EXEC command to display all configured Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP) profiles or a specified IGMP profile.

show ip igmp profile [profile number] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	Description <i>profile number</i> (Optional) The IGMP profile number to be displayed. The range 4294967295. If no profile number is entered, all IGMP profiles a			
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .		
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .		
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.		
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.		
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC			
Command History	Release	Modification		
	12.2(40)EX2	This command was introduced.		
Examples	-	es of output from the show ip igmp profile privileged EXEC command, with and g a profile number. If no profile number is entered, the display includes all profiles switch.		
	Switch# show ip IGMP Profile 40 permit range 233.1.	igmp profile 40 1.1 233.255.255.255		
	IGMP Profile 4 permit	<pre>igmp profile 9.0 230.9.9.0 9.0 229.255.255.255</pre>		
Related Commands	IGMP Profile 3 range 230.9. IGMP Profile 4 permit	9.0 230.9.9.0		

show ip igmp snooping

Use the **show ip igmp snooping** user EXEC command to display the Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP) snooping configuration of the switch or the VLAN.

show ip igmp snooping [groups | mrouter | querier] [vlan vlan-id] [| {begin | exclude | include}
expression]

Syntax Description	groups	(Optional) See the show ip igmp snooping groups command.
	mrouter	(Optional) See the show ip igmp snooping mrouter command.
querier (Option		(Optional) See the show ip igmp snooping querier command.
	vlan vlan-id	(Optional) Specify a VLAN; the range is 1 to 1001 and 1006 to 4094 (available only in privileged EXEC mode).
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.

Command Modes User EXEC

Command History	Release	Modification		
	12.2(40)EX2	This command was introduced.		
Usage Guidelines	Use this command t	o display snooping configuration for the switch or for a specific VLAN.		
	VLAN IDs 1002 to 1005 are reserved for Token Ring and FDDI VLANs and cannot be used in IGMP snooping.			
	•	e sensitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> he lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.		
. .	<u> </u>			
Examples	This is an example of characteristics for a	of output from the show ip igmp snooping vlan 1 command. It shows snooping specific VLAN.		
	Switch# show ip i g Global IGMP Snoop:	gmp snooping vlan 1 ing configuration:		
	IGMP snooping IGMPv3 snooping (r	:Enabled ninimal) :Enabled		
	Report suppression			
	TCN solicit query TCN flood query co			
	Last member query			

Vlan 1:	
IGMP snooping	:Enabled
Immediate leave	:Disabled
Multicast router learning mode	:pim-dvmrp
Source only learning age timer	:10
CGMP interoperability mode	:IGMP_ONLY
Last member query interval : 100	

This is an example of output from the **show ip igmp snooping** command. It displays snooping characteristics for all VLANs on the switch.

Switch> show ip igmp snoop Global IGMP Snooping config	-			
	: Enable : Disable : 2	d d		
Vlan 1: IGMP snooping :Enabled Immediate leave :Disabled Multicast router learning mode :pim-dvmrp Source only learning age timer :10 CGMP interoperability mode :IGMP_ONLY Last member query interval : 100				
<pre>Vlan 2: IGMP snooping Immediate leave Multicast router learning n Source only learning age t: CGMP interoperability mode Last member query interval <output truncated=""></output></pre>	imer	:Enabled :Disabled :pim-dvmrp :10 :IGMP_ONLY : 333		

Related Commands

Command	Description
ip igmp snooping	Enables IGMP snooping on the switch or on a VLAN.
ip igmp snooping last-member-query-interval	Enables the IGMP snooping configurable-leave timer.
ip igmp snooping querier	Enables the IGMP querier function in Layer 2 networks.
ip igmp snooping report-suppression	Enables IGMP report suppression.
ip igmp snooping tcn	Configures the IGMP topology change notification behavior.
ip igmp snooping tcn flood	Specifies multicast flooding as the IGMP spanning-tree topology change notification behavior.
ip igmp snooping vlan immediate-leave	Enables IGMP snooping immediate-leave processing on a VLAN.
ip igmp snooping vlan mrouter	Adds a multicast router port or configures the multicast learning method.
ip igmp snooping vlan static	Statically adds a Layer 2 port as a member of a multicast group.
show ip igmp snooping groups	Displays the IGMP snooping multicast table for the switch
show ip igmp snooping mrouter	Displays IGMP snooping multicast router ports for the switch or for the specified multicast VLAN.
show ip igmp snooping querier	Displays the configuration and operation information for the IGMP querier configured on a switch.

show ip igmp snooping groups

Use the **show ip igmp snooping groups** privileged EXEC command to display the Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP) snooping multicast table for the switch or the multicast information. Use with the **vlan** keyword to display the multicast table for a specified multicast VLAN or specific multicast information.

show ip igmp snooping groups vlan vlan-id [ip_address | count | dynamic [count] | user [count]]
 [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	count	(Optional) Display the total number of entries for the specified command			
		options instead of the actual entries.			
	dynamic	(Optional) Display entries learned by IGMP snooping.			
	user	Optional) Display only the user-configured multicast entries.			
	ip_address	(Optional) Display characteristics of the multicast group with the specified group IP address.			
	vlan vlan-id	(Optional) Specify a VLAN; the range is 1 to 1001 and 1006 to 4094.			
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .			
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .			
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.			
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.			
Command Modes	Privileged EXE	C			
Command History	Release	Modification			
	12.2(40)EX2	This command was introduced.			
Usage Guidelines	Use this command to display multicast information or the multicast table.				
	VLAN IDs 1002 snooping.	2 to 1005 are reserved for Token Ring and FDDI VLANs and cannot be used in IGMP			
	1	case sensitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> ut the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.			

show ip igmp snooping groups [count | dynamic [count] | user [count]] [| {begin | exclude |
include} expression]

Examples

This is an example of output from the **show ip igmp snooping groups** command without any keywords. It displays the multicast table for the switch.

Switch# show ip igmp snooping groups

Vlan	Group	Туре	Version	Port List
1	224.1.4.4	igmp		Gi1/0/11
1	224.1.4.5	igmp		Gi1/0/11
2	224.0.1.40	igmp	v2	Gi1/0/14
104	224.1.4.2	igmp	v2	Gi2/0/1, Gi2/0/2
104	224.1.4.3	igmp	v2	Gi2/0/1, Gi2/0/2

This is an example of output from the **show ip igmp snooping groups count** command. It displays the total number of multicast groups on the switch.

Switch# **show ip igmp snooping groups count** Total number of multicast groups: 2

This is an example of output from the **show ip igmp snooping groups dynamic** command. It shows only the entries learned by IGMP snooping.

Switch#	show ip igmp	snooping groups	-	mic
Vlan	Group	Type		Port List
104	224.1.4.2	igmp	v2	Gi2/0/1, Gi1/0/14
104	224.1.4.3	igmp	v2	Gi2/0/1, Gi1/0/14

This is an example of output from the **show ip igmp snooping groups vlan** *vlan-id ip-address* command. It shows the entries for the group with the specified IP address.

Switch#	show ip igmp	snooping groups	vlan 104	224.1.4.2
Vlan	Group	Туре	Version	Port List
104	224.1.4.2	igmp	v2	Gi2/0/1, Gi1/0/14

Related Commands	Command	Description		
	ip igmp snooping	Enables IGMP snooping on the switch or on a VLAN.		
	ip igmp snooping vlan mrouter	Configures a multicast router port.		
	ip igmp snooping vlan static	Statically adds a Layer 2 port as a member of a multicast group.		
	show ip igmp snooping	Displays the IGMP snooping configuration of the switch or the VLAN.		
	show ip igmp snooping mrouter	Displays IGMP snooping multicast router ports for the switch or for the specified multicast VLAN.		

show ip igmp snooping mrouter

Use the **show ip igmp snooping mrouter** privileged EXEC command to display the Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP) snooping dynamically learned and manually configured multicast router ports for the switch or for the specified multicast VLAN.

show ip igmp snooping mrouter [vlan vlan-id] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	vlan vlan-id	(Optional) Specify a VLAN; the range is 1 to 1001 and 1006 to 4094.				
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the expression.				
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .				
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.				
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.				
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC					
Command History	Release	Modification				
	12.2(40)EX2	This command was introduced.				
Ilsage Guidelines	Use this command t	o display multicast router ports on the switch or for a specific VLAN				
Usage Guidelines	VLAN IDs 1002 to snooping. When multicast VL displays MVR mult	o display multicast router ports on the switch or for a specific VLAN. 1005 are reserved for Token Ring and FDDI VLANs and cannot be used in IGMP AN registration (MVR) is enabled, the show ip igmp snooping mrouter command icast router information and IGMP snooping information.				
Usage Guidelines	VLAN IDs 1002 to snooping. When multicast VL displays MVR mult Expressions are case	1005 are reserved for Token Ring and FDDI VLANs and cannot be used in IGMP AN registration (MVR) is enabled, the show ip igmp snooping mrouter command icast router information and IGMP snooping information.				
-	VLAN IDs 1002 to snooping. When multicast VL displays MVR mult Expressions are case do not appear, but th This is an example of	1005 are reserved for Token Ring and FDDI VLANs and cannot be used in IGMP AN registration (MVR) is enabled, the show ip igmp snooping mrouter command icast router information and IGMP snooping information. e sensitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i>				
Usage Guidelines Examples	VLAN IDs 1002 to snooping. When multicast VL displays MVR mult Expressions are case do not appear, but th This is an example display multicast ro	1005 are reserved for Token Ring and FDDI VLANs and cannot be used in IGMP AN registration (MVR) is enabled, the show ip igmp snooping mrouter command icast router information and IGMP snooping information. e sensitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> he lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.				

Related Commands

Command	Description
ip igmp snooping	Enables IGMP snooping on the switch or on a VLAN.
ip igmp snooping vlan mrouter	Adds a multicast router port.
ip igmp snooping vlan static	Statically adds a Layer 2 port as a member of a multicast group.
show ip igmp snooping	Displays the IGMP snooping configuration of the switch or the VLAN
show ip igmp snooping groups	Displays IGMP snooping multicast information for the switch or for the specified parameter.

show ip igmp snooping querier

Use the **show ip igmp snooping querier detail** user EXEC command to display the configuration and operation information for the IGMP querier configured on a switch.

show ip igmp snooping querier [detail | vlan vlan-id [detail]] [| {begin | exclude | include}
expression]

Syntax Description	detail	Optional) Display detailed IGMP querier information.				
	vlan vlan-id [detail]	Optional) Display IGMP querier information for the specified VLAN. The range is 1 to 1001 and 1006 to 4094. Use the detail keyword to display detailed information.				
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .				
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .				
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.				
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.				
Command Modes	User EXEC					
Command History	Release	Modification				
	12.2(40)EX2	This command was introduced.				
Usage Guidelines	detected device, also cal multicast routers but has	nooping querier command to display the IGMP version and the IP address of a led a <i>querier</i> , that sends IGMP query messages. A subnet can have multiple s only one IGMP querier. In a subnet running IGMPv2, one of the multicast querier. The querier can be a Layer 3 switch.				
	The show ip igmp snooping querier command output also shows the VLAN and the interface on which the querier was detected. If the querier is the switch, the output shows the <i>Port</i> field as <i>Router</i> . If the querier is a router, the output shows the port number on which the querier is learned in the <i>Port</i> field.					
	The show ip igmp snooping querier detail user EXEC command is similar to the show ip igmp snooping querier command. However, the show ip igmp snooping querier command displays only the device IP address most recently detected by the switch querier.					
	The show ip igmp snooping querier detail command displays the device IP address most recently detected by the switch querier and this additional information:					
	• The elected IGMP querier in the VLAN					
	• The configuration and operational information pertaining to the switch querier (if any) that is configured in the VLAN					

Examples

Switch> show ip igmp snooping querier IP Address IGMP Version Vlan Port _____ 172.20.50.11 v3 1 Gi1/0/1 2 172.20.40.20 v2 Router This is an example of output from the show ip igmp snooping querier detail command: Switch> show ip igmp snooping querier detail Vlan IP Address IGMP Version Port _____ 1.1.1.1 1 v2 Fa8/0/1 Global IGMP switch querier status _____ admin version source IP address : Enabled : 2 : 0.0.0.0 query-interval (sec) max-response-time (sec) : 60 querier-timeout (sec) : 10 tcn query count : 120 tcn query interval (sec) : 10 Vlan 1: IGMP switch querier status _____ on port Fa8/0/1 elected querier is 1.1.1.1 _____ : Enabled admin state admin version : 2 source IP address : 10.1.1.65 query-interval (sec) : 60 : 10

This is an example of output from the show ip igmp snooping querier command:

max-response-time (sec): 10querier-timeout (sec): 120tcn query count: 2tcn query interval (sec): 10operational state: Non-Querieroperational version: 2tcn query pending count: 0

Related Commands

ands	Command	Description		
	ip igmp snooping	Enables IGMP snooping on the switch or on a VLAN.		
	ip igmp snooping querier	Enables the IGMP querier function in Layer 2 networks.		
	show ip igmp snooping	Displays IGMP snooping multicast router ports for the switch or for the specified multicast VLAN.		

show ip source binding

Use the **show ip source binding** user EXEC command to display the IP source bindings on the switch.

show ip source binding [ip-address] [mac-address] [dhcp-snooping | static] [interface interface-id] [vlan vlan-id] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	ip-address	(Optiona	al) Display IP sourc	ce bindings for a	specifi	c IP address.	
	mac-address	(Optiona	al) Display IP sourc	ce bindings for a	specifi	c MAC address.	
	dhcp-snooping	(Options snoopin	al) Display IP sourc g.	ce bindings that w	vere lea	arned by DHCP	
	static	(Optiona	al) Display static IF	static IP source bindings.			
	interface interface-i	d (Option	al) Display IP sourc	ce bindings on a s	specific	interface.	
	vlan vlan-id	(Optiona	al) Display IP sourc	ce bindings on a s	specific	: VLAN.	
	begin (Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .					es the expression.	
	exclude	(Optiona	al) Display exclude	s lines that match	the ex	pression.	
	include	(Optiona	al) Display include:	s lines that match	the sp	ecified expression.	
	expression	Express	ion in the output to	use as a reference	e point		
Command Modes	User EXEC						
Command History	Release	Modificat	ion				
	12.2(40)EX2	This com	mand was introduc	ed.			
Usage Guidelines	in the DHCP snoopir command to display	ng binding data only the dynan sensitive. For e	base. Use the show nically configured b example, if you ente	y ip dhcp snoopi pindings. er exclude outp	ng bino	ally configured bindings ling privileged EXEC lines that contain <i>output</i>	
Examples	This is an example of	•	he show ip source	binding comman	ıd:		
	Switch> show ip so MacAddress	IpAddress	Lease(sec)	Туре	VLAN	Interface	
	00:00:00:0A:00:0B 00:00:00:0A:00:0A	11.0.0.1 11.0.0.2	infinite 10000	static dhcp-snooping	10 10	GigabitEthernet1/0/1 GigabitEthernet1/0/1	
Related Commands	Command		Description				
	ip dhcp snooping binding		Configures the DHCP snooping binding database.				
	ip source binding		Configures static IP source bindings on the switch.				

Cisco Catalyst Switch Module 3110 and 3012 for IBM BladeCenter Command Reference

show ip verify source

Use the **show ip verify source** user EXEC command to display the IP source guard configuration on the switch or on a specific interface.

show ip verify source [interface interface-id] [| { begin | exclude | include } expression]

Syntax Description	interface interface-id (Optional) Display IP source guard configuration on a specific interface						
	begin (Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .						
	exclude (Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .						
	l include (Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .						
	<i>expression</i> Expression in the output to use as a reference point.						
Command Modes	User EXEC						
Command History	Release	Modification					
	12.2(40)EX2	This command	was introduced.				
-	do not appear, but	the lines that contain \hat{C}	<i>utput</i> appear.	exclude output , the lin	nes that contain <i>ou</i>		
-	do not appear, but This is an example Switch> show ip	the lines that contain \hat{C} of output from the sho	Dutput appear.	rce command:			
-	do not appear, but This is an example Switch> show ip	the lines that contain \hat{C} of output from the she	Dutput appear.	rce command:	nes that contain <i>ou</i>		
-	do not appear, but This is an example Switch> show ip Interface Filter	the lines that contain \hat{C} of output from the sho	Dutput appear.	rce command:			
-	do not appear, but This is an example Switch> show ip Interface Filter gil/0/1 ip gil/0/1 ip	the lines that contain C of output from the she verify source r-type Filter-mode active active	Dutput appear.	rce command:	71an		
-	do not appear, but This is an example Switch> show ip Interface Filter gil/0/1 ip gil/0/1 ip gil/0/2 ip	the lines that contain C of output from the she verify source r-type Filter-mode active active inactive-t	Dutput appear. Dw ip verify source IP-address 10.0.0.1 deny-all rust-port	rce command: Mac-address	71an 10		
-	do not appear, but This is an example Switch> show ip Interface Filter gil/0/1 ip gil/0/1 ip gil/0/2 ip gil/0/3 ip	the lines that contain C of output from the she verify source r-type Filter-mode active active inactive-t inactive-n	Dutput appear. Description IP-address 10.0.0.1 deny-all rust-port o-snooping-vlar	rce command: Mac-address X	71an 10		
-	do not appear, but This is an example Switch> show ip Interface Filter gil/0/1 ip gil/0/1 ip gil/0/2 ip	the lines that contain C e of output from the she verify source r-type Filter-mode active active inactive-t inactive-n mac active	Dutput appear. Dw ip verify source IP-address 10.0.0.1 deny-all rust-port	rce command: Mac-address	Vlan 10 11-20 10		
-	do not appear, but This is an example Switch> show ip of Interface Filter gil/0/1 ip gil/0/1 ip gil/0/2 ip gil/0/3 ip gil/0/4 ip-r	the lines that contain C e of output from the she verify source r-type Filter-mode active active inactive-t inactive-n mac active mac active	Dutput appear. Dw ip verify source IP-address 10.0.0.1 deny-all rust-port o-snooping-vlar 10.0.0.2	rce command: Mac-address V 	Vlan 10 11-20 10		
-	do not appear, but This is an example Switch> show ip v Interface Filter gil/0/1 ip gil/0/2 ip gil/0/2 ip gil/0/3 ip gil/0/4 ip-r gil/0/4 ip-r gil/0/4 ip-r gil/0/5 ip-r	the lines that contain C e of output from the she verify source r-type Filter-mode active active inactive-t inactive-n mac active mac active mac active mac active mac active	Dutput appear. Description De	rce command: Mac-address Mac-address Mac-	Vlan 10 11-20 10 11 12-20 10		
-	do not appear, but This is an example Switch> show ip v Interface Filter gil/0/1 ip gil/0/2 ip gil/0/2 ip gil/0/3 ip gil/0/4 ip-r gil/0/4 ip-r	the lines that contain C e of output from the she verify source r-type Filter-mode active active inactive-t inactive-n mac active mac active mac active mac active mac active	Dutput appear. Description De	rce command: Mac-address Mac-address Mac-	Vlan 10 11-20 10 11 12-20		
Usage Guidelines Examples	do not appear, but This is an example Switch> show ip · Interface Filter gil/0/1 ip gil/0/2 ip gil/0/2 ip gil/0/3 ip gil/0/4 ip-r gil/0/4 ip-r gil/0/4 ip-r gil/0/5 ip-r gil/0/5 ip-r	the lines that contain C e of output from the she verify source r-type Filter-mode active active inactive-t inactive-n mac active mac active mac active mac active mac active	Dutput appear. Dutput appear. IP-address 10.0.0.1 deny-all rust-port o-snooping-vlar 10.0.0.2 11.0.0.1 deny-all 10.0.0.3 deny-all	rce command: Mac-address Mac-address Mac-	Vlan 10 11-20 10 11 12-20 10		

- The Gigabit Ethernet 1/0/2 interface is configured as trusted for DHCP snooping.
- On the Gigabit Ethernet 1/0/3 interface, DHCP snooping is not enabled on the VLANs to which the interface belongs.

- On the Gigabit Ethernet 1/0/4 interface, IP source guard with source IP and MAC address filtering is enabled, and static IP source bindings are configured on VLANs 10 and 11. For VLANs 12 to 20, the default port ACL is applied on the interface for the VLANs on which IP source guard is not configured.
- On the Gigabit Ethernet 1/0/5 interface, IP source guard with source IP and MAC address filtering is enabled and configured with a static IP binding, but port security is disabled. The switch cannot filter source MAC addresses.

This is an example of output on an interface on which IP source guard is disabled:

Switch> show ip verify source gigabitethernet1/0/6 IP source guard is not configured on the interface gi1/0/6.

Related Commands	Command	Description
	ip verify source	Enables IP source guard on an interface.

show ipc

Use the **show ipc** user EXEC command to display Interprocess Communications Protocol (IPC) configuration, status, and statistics on a switch stack or a standalone switch.

show ipc {mcast {appclass | groups | status } | nodes | ports [open] | queue | rpc | session {all |
 rx | tx } [verbose] | status [cumlulative] | zones } [| {begin | exclude | include } expression]

Syntax Description	mcast {appclass groups status}	Display the IPC multicast routing information. The keywords have these meanings:				
		• appclass —Display the IPC multicast application classes.				
		• groups—Display the IPC multicast groups.				
		• status —Display the IPC multicast routing status.				
	nodes	Display participating nodes.				
	ports [open]	Display local IPC ports. The keyword has this meaning:				
		• open —(Optional) Display only the open ports.				
	queue	Display the contents of the IPC transmission queue.				
	rpc	Display the IPC remote-procedure statistics.				
	session {all rx tx}	Display the IPC session statistics (available only in privileged EXEC mode). The keywords have these meanings:				
		• all —Display all the session statistics.				
		• rx —Display the sessions statistics for traffic that the switch receives				
		• tx—Display the sessions statistics for traffic that the switch forwards.				
	verbose	(Optional) Display detailed statistics (available only in privileged EXEC mode).				
	status [cumlulative]	Display the status of the local IPC server. The keyword has this meaning:				
		• cumlulative —(Optional) Display the status of the local IPC server since the switch was started or restarted.				
	zones	Display the participating IPC zones. The switch supports a single IPC zone.				
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .				
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .				
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .				
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.				

 Release
 Modification

 12.2(40)EX2
 This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter | **exclude output**, the lines that contain *output* do not appear, but the lines that contain *Output* appear.

This example shows how to display the IPC routing status:

Switch>	show	ipc	mcast	status
---------	------	-----	-------	--------

IPC Mcast Status

Τx

Rx

					17	117	
Total Frames					0	0	
Total control Fra	mes				0	0	
Total Frames drop	ped				0	0	
Total control Fra	mes dropped				0	0	
Total Reliable me	ssages				0	0	
Total Reliable me	ssages acknowle	edge	d		0	0	
Total Out of Band	Messages				0	0	
Total Out of Band messages acknowledged				0	0		
Total No Mcast gr	oups				0	0	
Total Retries		0	Total	Timeouts			0
Total OOB Retries		0	Total	OOB Timeo	uts		0
Total flushes		0	Total	No ports			0

This example shows how to display the participating nodes:

```
Switch> show ipc nodes
There is 1 node in this IPC realm.
ID Type Name Last Last
Sent Heard
10000 Local IPC Master 0 0
```

This example shows how to display the local IPC ports:

```
Switch> show ipc ports
There are 8 ports defined.
```

```
Port ID
             Type
                       Name
                                              (current/peak/total)
There are 8 ports defined.
  10000.1 unicast IPC Master:Zone
                      IPC Master:Echo
  10000.2
             unicast
  10000.3
             unicast
                       IPC Master:Control
  10000.4
             unicast
                       IPC Master:Init
            unicast FIB Master:DFS.process_level.msgs
  10000.5
            unicast FIB Master:DFS.interrupt.msgs
  10000.6
  10000.7
            unicast MDFS RP:Statistics
    port_index = 0 seat_id = 0x10000
                                     last sent = 0
                                                      last heard = 0
  0/2/159
  10000.8
            unicast Slot 1 :MDFS.control.RIL
    port_index = 0 seat_id = 0x10000 last sent = 0
                                                       last heard = 0
  0/0/0
RPC packets:current/peak/total
```

This example shows how to display the contents of the IPC retransmission queue:

```
Switch> show ipc queue
There are 0 IPC messages waiting for acknowledgement in the transmit queue.
There are 0 IPC messages waiting for a response.
There are 0 IPC messages waiting for additional fragments.
There are 0 IPC messages currently on the IPC inboundQ.
Messages currently in use
                                                        3
                                             :
Message cache size
                                                     1000
                                             :
Maximum message cache usage
                                              :
                                                     1000
                                     5000 [max]
0 times message cache crossed
Emergency messages currently in use
                                                        0
                                              :
There are 2 messages currently reserved for reply msg.
Inbound message queue depth 0
Zone inbound message queue depth 0
```

This example shows how to display all the IPC session statistics:

```
Switch# show ipc session all
Tx Sessions:
Port ID
              Type
                        Name
  10000.7
             Unicast MDFS RP:Statistics
    port_index = 0 type = Unreliable
                                                          last heard = 0
                                        last sent = 0
    Msgs requested = 180 Msgs returned = 180
            Unicast Slot 1 :MDFS.control.RIL
  10000.8
    port_index = 0 type = Reliable
                                   last sent = 0
                                                          last heard = 0
    Msgs requested = 0
                       Msgs returned = 0
Rx Sessions:
Port ID
              Туре
                        Name
  10000.7
             Unicast
                       MDFS RP:Statistics
    port_index = 0 seat_id = 0x10000
                                      last sent = 0
                                                        last heard = 0
    No of msgs requested = 180 Msgs returned = 180
  10000.8
             Unicast
                        Slot 1 :MDFS.control.RIL
    port_index = 0 seat_id = 0x10000 last sent = 0
                                                        last heard = 0
    No of msgs requested = 0 Msgs returned = 0
```

This example shows how to display the status of the local IPC server:

Switch> show ipc status cumulative IPC System Status Time last IPC stat cleared :never This processor is the IPC master server. Do not drop output of IPC frames for test purposes. 1000 IPC Message Headers Cached. Rx Side Tx Side Total Frames 12916 608 0 0 Total from Local Ports 13080 574 Total Protocol Control Frames 116 17 0 Total Frames Dropped 0 Service Usage Total via Unreliable Connection-Less Service 12783 171 Total via Unreliable Sequenced Connection-Less Svc 0 0 17 116 Total via Reliable Connection-Oriented Service <output truncated>

Related Commands	Command	Description
	clear ipc	Clears the IPC multicast routing statistics.

show ipv6 access-list

Use the **show ipv6 access-list** user EXEC command to display the contents of all current IPv6 access lists.

show ipv6 access-list [access-list-name]

-		only if you have configured a dual IPv4 and IPv6 Switch Database ate on the switch.
accoss list name		(Optional) Name of access list.
User EXEC		
Release	N	Iodification
12.2(40)EX2	Т	'his command was introduced.
-		nd IPv6 template, enter the sdm prefer dual-ipv4-and-ipv6 { default vlan) and and reload the switch.
The following outpu	t from 1	the show ipv6 access-list command shows IPv6 access lists named inbound
and outbound:		
IPv6 access list i permit tcp any permit tcp any	nbound any e any e	q bgp (8 matches) sequence 10 q telnet (15 matches) sequence 20
Table 2-29 describes	the sig	nificant fields shown in the display.
Table 2-29 show	w ipv6	access-list Field Descriptions
Field		Description
IPv6 access list inbo		Name of the IPv6 access list, for example, inbound.
	Management (SDM) access-list-name User EXEC Release 12.2(40)EX2 The show ipv6 access that it is IPv6-specify To configure the dual global configuration The following output and outbound: Switch# show ipv6 IPv6 access list i permit tcp any permit udp any Table 2-29 Show Field	Management (SDM) templa access-list-name User EXEC Release M 12.2(40)EX2 T The show ipv6 access-list c that it is IPv6-specific. To configure the dual IPv4 a global configuration comma The following output from t and outbound: Switch# show ipv6 access IPv6 access list inbound permit tcp any any e permit udp any any s Table 2-29 describes the sig Table 2-29 show ipv6

that the packet must match.

Equal to ::/0.

Permits any packet that matches the specified protocol type.

Transmission Control Protocol. The higher-level (Layer 4) protocol type

permit

tcp

any

Field	Description		
eq	An equal operand that compares the source or destination ports of TCP or UDP packets.		
bgp (matches)	Border Gateway Protocol. The protocol type that the packet is equal to and the number of matches.		
sequence 10	Sequence in which an incoming packet is compared to lines in an access list. Access list lines are ordered from first priority (lowest number, for example, 10) to last priority (highest number, for example, 80).		

Table 2-29 show ipv6 access-list Field Descriptions (continued)

Related Commands	Command	Description
	clear ipv6 access-list	Resets the IPv6 access list match counters. For syntax information, go to
		http://www.cisco.com/en/US/products/ps5845/products_command_referen ce_chapter09186a008027e846.html#wp1238563
	ipv6 access-list	Defines an IPv6 access list and puts the switch into IPv6 access-list configuration mode.
	sdm prefer	Configures an SDM template to optimize system resources based on how the switch is being used.

show ipv6 dhcp conflict

Use the **show ipv6 dhcp conflict** privileged EXEC commandto display address conflicts found by a Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol for IPv6 (DHCPv6) server when addresses are offered to the client.

show ipv6 dhcp conflict

Note		lable only if you have configured a dual IPv4 and IPv6 Switch Database emplate on the switch.
Syntax Description	This command has no	arguments or keywords.
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
-	12.2(46)SE	This command was introduced.
Haana Cuidalinaa	T C (1 1 . 1	
Usage Guidelines		IPv4 and IPv6 template, enter the sdm prefer dual-ipv4-and-ipv6 { default vlan) command, and reload the switch.
	discovery to detect cli	he DHCPv6 server to detect conflicts, it uses ping. The client uses neighbor ents and reports to the server through a DECLINE message. If an address conflict is is removed from the pool, and the address is not assigned until the administrator from the conflict list.
Examples	This is an example of	the output from the show ipv6 dhcp conflict command:
	Switch# show ipv6 d Pool 350, prefix 20 2001:1005::	01:1005::/48
Related Commands	Command	Description
	ipv6 dhcp pool	Configures a DHCPv6 pool and enters DHCPv6 pool configuration mode.
	clear ipv6 dhcp conflict	Clears an address conflict from the DHCPv6 server database.

show ipv6 mld snooping

Use the **show ipv6 mld snooping** user EXEC command to display IP version 6 (IPv6) Multicast Listener Discovery (MLD) snooping configuration of the switch or the VLAN.

show ipv6 mld snooping [vlan vlan-id] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Note

This command is supported only if you have configured a dual IPv4 and IPv6 Switch Database Management (SDM) template on the switch.

Syntax Description	vlan vlan-id	(Optional) Specify a VLAN; the range is 1 to 1001 and 1006 to 4094.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	User EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(40)EX2	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	-	play MLD snooping configuration for the switch or for a specific VLAN. ough 1005 are reserved for Token Ring and FDDI VLANs and cannot be used
	in MLD snooping.	
	•	4 and IPv6 template, enter the sdm prefer dual-ipv4-and-ipv6 { default vlan) mand and reload the switch.
	-	itive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> es that contain <i>Output</i> appear.
Examples	This is an example of outperformer of outperformer of the second	put from the show ipv6 mld snooping vlan command. It shows snooping fic VLAN.
	Switch> show ipv6 mld s Global MLD Snooping cor	nfiguration:
	MLD snooping MLDv2 snooping (minimal Listener message suppre TCN solicit query TCN flood query count Robustness variable Last listener query cou	: Enabled 1) : Enabled ession : Enabled : Disabled : 2 : 3

Vlan 100:	
MLD snooping	: Disabled
MLDv1 immediate leave	: Disabled
Explicit host tracking	: Enabled
Multicast router learning mode	: pim-dvmrp
Robustness variable	: 3
Last listener query count	: 2
Last listener query interval	: 1000

This is an example of output from the **show ipv6 mld snooping** command. It displays snooping characteristics for all VLANs on the switch.

Switch> show ipv6 mld snooping

Global MLD Snooping configuration:				
MLD snooping MLDv2 snooping (minimal) Listener message suppression TCN solicit query TCN flood query count Robustness variable Last listener query count Last listener query interval	:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	Disabled 2 3 2		
Vlan 1:				
MLD snooping MLDv1 immediate leave Explicit host tracking Multicast router learning mode Robustness variable Last listener query count Last listener query interval <output truncated=""></output>	()	: Disabled : Disabled : Enabled : pim-dvmrp : 1 : 2 : 1000		
Vlan 951:				
MLD snooping MLDv1 immediate leave Explicit host tracking Multicast router learning mode Robustness variable Last listener query count Last listener query interval	0	: Disabled : Disabled : Enabled : pim-dvmrp : 3 : 2 : 1000		

Related Commands

Command	Description	
ipv6 mld snooping	Enables and configures MLD snooping on the switch or on a VLAN.	
sdm prefer	Configures an SDM template to optimize system resources based on how the switch is being used.	

show ipv6 mld snooping address

Use the **show ipv6 mld snooping address** user EXEC command to display all or specified IP Version 6 (IPv6) multicast address information maintained by Multicast Listener Discovery (MLD) snooping.

S) Note

L

This command is supported only if you have configured a dual IPv4 and IPv6 Switch Database Management (SDM) template on the switch.

Syntax Description	vlan vlan-id	(Optional) Specify a VLAN about which to show MLD snooping multicast address information. The VLAN ID range is 1 to 1001 and 1006 to 4094.
	ipv6-multicast-address	(Optional) Display information about the specified IPv6 multicast address. This keyword is only available when a VLAN ID is entered.
	count	(Optional) Display the number of multicast groups on the switch or in the specified VLAN.
	dynamic	(Optional) Display MLD snooping learned group information.
	user	(Optional) Display MLD snooping user-configured group information.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(40)EX2	This command was introduced.
		This command was introduced.
Jsage Guidelines	Use this command to dis	splay IPv6 multicast address information.
Jsage Guidelines		
Jsage Guidelines	You can enter an IPv6 m	splay IPv6 multicast address information. ulticast address only after you enter a VLAN ID.
Usage Guidelines	You can enter an IPv6 m VLAN numbers 1002 the in MLD snooping. Use the dynamic keywo	splay IPv6 multicast address information. ulticast address only after you enter a VLAN ID.
Usage Guidelines	You can enter an IPv6 m VLAN numbers 1002 the in MLD snooping. Use the dynamic keywo keyword to display infor To configure the dual IPv	splay IPv6 multicast address information. Splay IPv6 multicast address only after you enter a VLAN ID. The rough 1005 are reserved for Token Ring and FDDI VLANs and cannot be used rd to display information only about groups that are learned. Use the user

Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter | exclude output, the lines that contain *output* do not appear, but the lines that contain *Output* appear.

Examples

This is an example of output from the **show snooping address** user EXEC command:

Switch> show ipv6 mld snooping address

 Vlan Group
 Type Version Port List

 2
 FF12::3 user
 Gi1/0/2, Gi2/0/2, Gi3/0/1,Gi3/0/3

This is an example of output from the **show snooping address count** user EXEC command:

Switch> show ipv6 mld snooping address count Total number of multicast groups: 2

This is an example of output from the show snooping address user user EXEC command:

Switch> show ipv6 mld snooping address user Vlan Group Type Version Port List 2 FF12::3 user v2 Gi1/0/2, Gi2/0/2, Gi3/0/1,Gi3/0/3

Related Commands	Command	Description
	ipv6 mld snooping vlan	Configures IPv6 MLD snooping on a VLAN.
	sdm prefer	Configures an SDM template to optimize system resources based on how the switch is being used.

show ipv6 mld snooping mrouter

Use the **show ipv6 mld snooping mrouter** user EXEC command to display dynamically learned and manually configured IP version 6 (IPv6) Multicast Listener Discovery (MLD) router ports for the switch or a VLAN.

show ipv6 mld snooping mrouter [vlan vlan-id] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Note

This command is supported only if you have configured a dual IPv4 and IPv6 Switch Database Management (SDM) template on the switch.

Syntax Description	vlan vlan-id	(Optional) Specify a VLAN; the range is 1 to 1001 and 1006 to 4094.		
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .		
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .		
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .		
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.		
Command Modes	User EXEC			
Command History	Release	Modification		
-	12.2(40)EX2	This command was introduced.		
Usage Guidelines	 in MLD snooping. To configure the dual IPv4 and IPv6 template, enter the sdm prefer dual-ipv4-and-ipv6 {default vlan) global configuration command and reload the switch. 			
	Use this command to display MLD snooping router ports for the switch or for a specific VLAN. VLAN numbers 1002 through 1005 are reserved for Token Ring and FDDI VLANs and cannot be used in MLD snooping.			
	Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter l exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> do not appear, but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.			
Examples	This is an example of output from the show ipv6 mld snooping mrouter command. It displays snooping characteristics for all VLANs on the switch that are participating in MLD snooping.			
	Vlan ports	ov6 mld snooping mrouter		
	72 Gi1/0/1	l1(dynamic) l1(dynamic) l1(dynamic)		

This is an example of output from the show ipv6 mld snooping mrouter vlan command. It shows multicast router ports for a specific VLAN.

```
Switch> show ipv6 mld snooping mrouter vlan 100
Vlan
        ports
        ____
_ _ _ _
   2
        Gi1/0/11(dynamic)
```

Related

d Commands	Command	Description	
	ipv6 mld snooping	Enables and configures MLD snooping on the switch or on a VLAN.	
	ipv6 mld snooping vlan mrouter interface <i>interface-id</i> static <i>ipv6-multicast-address</i> interface <i>interface-id</i>]	Configures multicast router ports for a VLAN.	
	sdm prefer	Configures an SDM template to optimize system resources based on how the switch is being used.	

show ipv6 mld snooping querier

Use the **show ipv6 mld snooping querier** user EXEC command to display IP version 6 (IPv6) Multicast Listener Discovery (MLD) snooping querier-related information most recently received by the switch or the VLAN.

show ipv6 mld snooping querier [vlan vlan-id] [detail] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

```
Note
```

This command is supported only if you have configured a dual IPv4 and IPv6 Switch Database Management (SDM) template on the switch.

Syntax Description	vlan vlan-id	(Optional) Specify a VLAN; the range is 1 to 1001 and 1006 to 4094.	
	detail	(Optional) Display MLD snooping detailed querier information for the switch or for the VLAN.	
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .	
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .	
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.	
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.	
Command Modes	User EXEC		
Command History	Release	Modification	
	12.2(40)EX2	This command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines	Use the show ipv6 mld snooping querier command to display the MLD version and IPv6 address of a detected device that sends MLD query messages, which is also called a <i>querier</i> . A subnet can have multiple multicast routers but has only one MLD querier. The querier can be a Layer 3 switch. The show ipv6 mld snooping querier command output also shows the VLAN and interface on which		
	the querier was detected. If the querier is the switch, the output shows the <i>Port</i> field as <i>Router</i> . If the querier is a router, the output shows the port number on which the querier is learned in the <i>Port</i> field.		
	The output of the show ipv6 mld snoop querier vlan command displays the information received in response to a query message from an external or internal querier. It does not display user-configured VLAN values, such as the snooping robustness variable on the particular VLAN. This querier information is used only on the MASQ message that is sent by the switch. It does not override the user-configured robustness variable that is used for aging out a member that does not respond to query messages.		
	information is used user-configured rob	only on the MASQ message that is sent by the switch. It does not override the	
	information is used user-configured rob messages.	only on the MASQ message that is sent by the switch. It does not override the	

Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter | exclude output, the lines that contain *output* do not appear, but the lines that contain *Output* appear.

Examples

This is an example of output from the **show ipv6 mld snooping querier** command:

 Switch> show ipv6 mld snooping querier

 Vlan
 IP Address
 MLD Version Port

 2
 FE80::201:C9FF:FE40:6000 v1
 Gi3/0/1

This is an example of output from the **show ipv6 mld snooping querier detail** command:

```
      Switch> show ipv6 mld snooping querier detail

      Vlan
      IP Address
      MLD Version Port

      2
      FE80::201:C9FF:FE40:6000 v1
      Gi3/0/1
```

This is an example of output from the show ipv6 mld snooping querier vlan command:

```
Switch> show ipv6 mld snooping querier vlan 2
IP address : FE80::201:C9FF:FE40:6000
MLD version : v1
Port : Gi3/0/1
Max response time : 1000s
```

Related Commands	Command	Description
	ipv6 mld snooping	Enables and configures IPv6 MLD snooping on the switch or on a VLAN.
	ipv6 mld snooping last-listener-query-count	Configures the maximum number of queries that the switch sends before aging out an MLD client.
	ipv6 mld snooping last-listener-query-interv al	Configures the maximum response time after sending out a query that the switch waits before deleting a port from the multicast group.
	ipv6 mld snooping robustness-variable	Configures the maximum number of queries that the switch sends before aging out a multicast address when there is no response.
	sdm prefer	Configures an SDM template to optimize system resources based on how the switch is being used.
	ipv6 mld snooping	Enables and configures IPv6 MLD snooping on the switch or on a VLAN.

show ipv6 route updated

Use the show ipv6 route updated command in user EXEC command to display the current contents of the IPv6 routing table.

show ipv6 route [protocol] updated [boot-up] {hh:mm | day{month [hh:mm]} [{hh:mm | day{month [hh:mm]}] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

This command is supported only on the Catalyst Switch Module 3110.

Command History	Release	Modification		
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC			
		<u> </u>		
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.		
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .		
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .		
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .		
	month	Enter the month in upper case or lower case letters. You can enter the full name of the month, such as January or august , or the first three letters of the month, such as jan or Aug .		
	day	Enter the day of the month. The range is from 1 to 31.		
	hh:mm	Enter the time as a 2-digit number for a 24-hour clock. Make sure to use the colons (:). For example, enter 13:32		
	boot-up	Display the current contents of the IPv6 routing table.		
		• interface interface id		
		• static		
		• local		
		• connected		
		or displays routes for the specified type of route using any of these keywords:		
		• rip		
		• ospf		
		• isis		
		• bgp		
Syntax Description	protocol	(Optional) Displays routes for the specified routing protocol using any of these keywords:		

12.2(40)EX2	This command was introduced.	

Usage Guidelines	Use the show ipv6 route privileged EXEC command to display the current contents of the IPv6 routing table.			
	Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter l exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> do not appear, but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.			
Examples	This is an example of output from the show ipv6 route updated rip command.			
	<pre>Switch> show ipv6 route rip updated IPv6 Routing Table - 12 entries Codes: C - Connected, L - Local, S - Static, U - Per-user Static route B - BGP, R - RIP, II - ISIS L1, I2 - ISIS L2 IA - ISIS interarea, IS - ISIS summary O - OSPF Intra, OI - OSPF Inter, OEI - OSPF ext 1, OE2 - OSPF ext 2 ON1 - OSPF NSSA ext 1, ON2 - OSPF NSSA ext 2 R 2001::/64 [120/2] via FE80::A8BE:CCFF:FE00:8D01, GigabitEthernet1/0/1 Last updated 10:31:10 27 February 2007 R 2004::/64 [120/2] via FE80::A8BE:CCFF:FE00:9001, GigabitEthernet1/0/2 Last updated 17:23:05 22 February 2007 R 4000::/64 [120/2] via FE80::A8BE:CCFF:FE00:9001, GigabitEthernet1/0/3 Last updated 17:23:05 22 February 2007 R 5000::/64 [120/2] via FE80::A8BE:CCFF:FE00:9001, GigabitEthernet1/0/4 Last updated 17:23:05 22 February 2007 R 5001::/64 [120/2] via FE80::A8BE:CCFF:FE00:9001, GigabitEthernet1/0/4 Last updated 17:23:05 22 February 2007 R 5001::/64 [120/2] via FE80::A8BE:CCFF:FE00:9001, GigabitEthernet1/0/4 Last updated 17:23:05 22 February 2007 R 5001::/64 [120/2] via FE80::A8BE:CCFF:FE00:9001, GigabitEthernet1/0/4 Last updated 17:23:05 22 February 2007 R 5001::/64 [120/2] via FE80::A8BE:CCFF:FE00:9001, GigabitEthernet1/0/5 Last updated 17:23:05 22 February 2007</pre>			

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show ipv6 route	Displays the current contents of the IPv6 routing table. For syntax information, select Cisco IOS Software > Command References for the Cisco IOS Software Releases 12.3 Mainline > Cisco IOS IPv6 Command Reference > IPv6 Commands: show ipv6 nat translations through show ipv6 protocols

show I2protocol-tunnel

Use the **show l2protocol-tunnel** user EXEC command to display information about Layer 2 protocol tunnel ports. Displays information for interfaces with protocol tunneling enabled.

show l2protocol-tunnel [interface interface-id] [summary] [| {begin | exclude | include}
expression]

Syntax Description	interface <i>interface-id</i>	(Optional) Specify the interface for which protocol tunneling information appears. Valid interfaces are physical ports and port channels; the port channel range is 1 to 64.
	summary	(Optional) Display only Layer 2 protocol summary information.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.

Command Modes User EXEC

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(40)EX2	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines

After enabling Layer 2 protocol tunneling on an access or IEEE 802.1Q tunnel port by using the **l2protocol-tunnel** interface configuration command, you can configure some or all of these parameters:

- Protocol type to be tunneled
- Shutdown threshold
- Drop threshold

If you enter the **show l2protocol-tunnel** [**interface** *interface-id*] command, only information about the active ports on which all the parameters are configured appears.

If you enter the **show l2protocol-tunnel summary** command, only information about the active ports on which some or all of the parameters are configured appears.

Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter | exclude output, the lines that contain *output* do not appear, but the lines that contain *Output* appear.

Examples

This is an example of output from the show l2protocol-tunnel command:

Switch> show 12protocol-tunnel COS for Encapsulated Packets: 5

Drop Threshold for Encapsulated Packets: 0

Port	Protoco	l Shutdown	Drop	Encapsulation	n Decapsulatio	n Drop
		Threshold	Threshold	Counter	Counter	Counter
Gi3/0/3						
	pagp			0	24250	0
	lacp			24268	24264	0
	udld			0	89796	0
Gi3/0/4						
	pagp	1000		24249	24270	0
	lacp			24256	24266	0
	udld			0	89796	0
Gi6/0/1	cdp			1344	82 1344	820
	pagp	1000		0	24250	0
	lacp	500		0	48532	0
	udld	300		44899	44898	0
Gi6/0/2	cdp			134	482 134	4820
	pagp		1000	0	24270	0
	lacp			0	48522	0
	udld	300		44899	44898	0

This is an example of output from the **show l2protocol-tunnel summary** command:

Switch> show 12protocol-tunnel summary COS for Encapsulated Packets: 5 Drop Threshold for Encapsulated Packets: 0

Port	Protocol	Threshold (cdp/stp/vtp)	Drop Threshold (cdp/stp/vtp) (pagp/lacp/udld)	Status
Gi3/0/2		///	//	up
pagp	lacp udld	//	//	
Gi4/0/3			//	up
pagp) lacp udld	1000//	//	
Gi4/0/4			//	up
pagp) lacp udld	1000/ 500/	//	
Gi4/0/5	cdp stp	vtp//	//	down
		//	//	
Gi9/0/1		//	//	down
pagp)	//	1000//	
Gi9/0/2		//	//	down
pagp)	//	1000//	

Related Commands	Command	Description
	clear l2protocol-tunnel counters	Clears counters for protocol tunneling ports.
	l2protocol-tunnel	Enables Layer 2 protocol tunneling for CDP, STP, or VTP packets on an interface.
	l2protocol-tunnel cos	Configures a class of service (CoS) value for tunneled Layer 2 protocol packets.

show lacp

Use the **show lacp** user EXEC command to display Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP) channel-group information.

show lacp [channel-group-number] {counters | internal | neighbor | sys-id } [| {begin | exclude | include } expression]

Syntax Description	channel-group-number	(Optional) Number of the channel group. The range is 1 to 64.
	counters	Display traffic information.
	internal	Display internal information.
	neighbor	Display neighbor information.
	sys-id	Display the system identifier that is being used by LACP. The system identifier is made up of the LACP system priority and the switch MAC address.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	User EXEC	
	<u> </u>	
Command History	Release	Modification
Command History	Release 12.2(40)EX2	Modification This command was introduced.
	12.2(40)EX2 You can enter any show specific channel information If you do not specify a clear You can enter the <i>channe</i>	
	12.2(40)EX2You can enter any show I specific channel informationIf you do not specify a clip You can enter the channel sys-id.Expressions are case sense	This command was introduced. lacp command to display the active channel-group information. To display tion, enter the show lacp command with a channel-group number. hannel group, information for all channel groups appears.
Usage Guidelines	12.2(40)EX2 You can enter any show I specific channel informat If you do not specify a cl You can enter the <i>channe</i> sys-id . Expressions are case sense do not appear, but the lin	This command was introduced. lacp command to display the active channel-group information. To display ition, enter the show lacp command with a channel-group number. hannel group, information for all channel groups appears. <i>el-group-number</i> option to specify a channel group for all keywords except sitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i>
Usage Guidelines	12.2(40)EX2 You can enter any show I specific channel informat If you do not specify a cl You can enter the <i>channe</i> sys-id . Expressions are case sense do not appear, but the lin This is an example of our Switch> show lacp cour	This command was introduced. lacp command to display the active channel-group information. To display tion, enter the show lacp command with a channel-group number. hannel group, information for all channel groups appears. <i>el-group-number</i> option to specify a channel group for all keywords except sitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> hes that contain <i>Output</i> appear. ttput from the show lacp counters user EXEC command. nters
Usage Guidelines	12.2(40)EX2 You can enter any show I specific channel informat If you do not specify a cl You can enter the <i>channe</i> sys-id . Expressions are case sense do not appear, but the lin This is an example of our Switch> show lacp cour LACPDUS	This command was introduced. lacp command to display the active channel-group information. To display tion, enter the show lacp command with a channel-group number. hannel group, information for all channel groups appears. <i>el-group-number</i> option to specify a channel group for all keywords except sitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> hes that contain <i>Output</i> appear. ttput from the show lacp counters user EXEC command. nters
Command History Usage Guidelines Examples	12.2(40)EX2 You can enter any show I specific channel informat If you do not specify a cl You can enter the <i>channe</i> sys-id . Expressions are case sense do not appear, but the lin This is an example of our Switch> show lacp cour LACPDUS	This command was introduced. lacp command to display the active channel-group information. To display thion, enter the show lacp command with a channel-group number. hannel group, information for all channel groups appears. <i>el-group-number</i> option to specify a channel group for all keywords except sitive. For example, if you enter exclude output, the lines that contain output hes that contain Output appear. thput from the show lacp counters user EXEC command. nters s Marker Marker Marker Response LACPDUS ecv Sent Recv Pkts

Table 2-30 describes the fields in the display.

Table 2-30	show lacp counters Field Descriptions	
------------	---------------------------------------	--

Field	Description	
LACPDUs Sent and Recv	The number of LACP packets sent and received by a port.	
Marker Sent and Recv	The number of LACP marker packets sent and received by a port.	
Marker Response Sent and Recv	The number of LACP marker response packets sent and received by a port.	
LACPDUs Pkts and Err	The number of unknown and illegal packets received by LACP for a port.	

This is an example of output from the **show lacp internal** command:

Switch>	Switch> show lacp 1 internal						
Flags:	gs: S - Device is requesting Slow LACPDUs						
	F - Device	is reques	ting Fast LACE	PDUs			
	A - Device	is in Act	ive mode	P - Devic	e is in 1	Passive mo	ode
Channel	Channel group 1						
			LACP port	Admin	Oper	Port	Port
Port	Flags	State	Priority	Key	Key	Number	State
Gi2/0/1	SA	bndl	32768	0x3	0x3	0x4	0x3D
Gi2/0/2	SA	bndl	32768	0x3	0x3	0x5	0x3D

Table 2-31 describes the fields in the display:

Table 2-31	show lacp internal Field Descriptions
------------	---------------------------------------

Field	Description
State	State of the specific port. These are the allowed values:
	• – —Port is in an unknown state.
	• bndl —Port is attached to an aggregator and bundled with other ports.
	• susp —Port is in a suspended state; it is not attached to any aggregator.
	• hot-sby —Port is in a hot-standby state.
	• indiv —Port is incapable of bundling with any other port.
	• indep —Port is in an independent state (not bundled but able to switch data traffic. In this case, LACP is not running on the partner port).
	• down —Port is down.
LACP Port Priority	Port priority setting. LACP uses the port priority to put ports s in standby mode when there is a hardware limitation that prevents all compatible ports from aggregating.

Field	Description	
Admin Key	Administrative key assigned to this port. LACP automatically generates an administrative key value as a hexadecimal number. The administrative key defines the ability of a port to aggregate with other ports. A port's ability to aggregate with other ports is determined by the port physical characteristics (for example, data rate and duplex capability) and configuration restrictions that you establish.	
Oper Key	Runtime operational key that is being used by this port. LACP automatically generates this value as a hexadecimal number.	
Port Number	Port number.	
Port State	State variables for the port, encoded as individual bits within a single octet with these meanings:	
	• bit0: LACP_Activity	
	• bit1: LACP_Timeout	
	• bit2: Aggregation	
	• bit3: Synchronization	
	• bit4: Collecting	
	• bit5: Distributing	
	• bit6: Defaulted	
	• bit7: Expired	
	Note In the list above, bit7 is the MSB and bit0 is the LSB.	

 Table 2-31
 show lacp internal Field Descriptions (continued)

This is an example of output from the **show lacp neighbor** command:

```
Switch> show lacp neighbor
Flags: S - Device is sending Slow LACPDUs F - Device is sending Fast LACPDUs
       A - Device is in Active mode P - Device is in Passive mode
Channel group 3 neighbors
Partner's information:
         Partner
                              Partner
                                                          Partner
Port
         System ID
                              Port Number
                                             Age
                                                          Flags
Gi2/0/1 32768,0007.eb49.5e80 0xC
                                              19s
                                                          SP
         LACP Partner
                                             Partner
                             Partner
         Port Priority
                             Oper Key
                                             Port State
         32768
                              0x3
                                             0x3C
Partner's information:
         Partner
                              Partner
                                                          Partner
Port
         System ID
                              Port Number
                                                          Flags
                                              Age
Gi2/0/2
        32768,0007.eb49.5e80 0xD
                                               15s
                                                          SP
         LACP Partner
                                             Partner
                             Partner
         Port Priority
                                             Port State
                             Oper Key
         32768
                              0x3
                                             0x3C
```

This is an example of output from the **show lacp sys-id** command:

Switch> **show lacp sys-id** 32765,0002.4b29.3a00

The system identification is made up of the system priority and the system MAC address. The first two bytes are the system priority, and the last six bytes are the globally administered individual MAC address associated to the system.

Related Commands Com

Command	Description
clear lacp	Clears the LACP channel-group information.
lacp port-priority	Configures the LACP port priority.
lacp system-priority	Configures the LACP system priority.

show link state group

Use the **show link state group** privileged EXEC command to display the link-state group information.

show link state group [number] [detail] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	number	(Optional) Number of the link-state group.		
	detail	(Optional) Specify that detailed information appears.		
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the expression.		
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the expression.		
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .		
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.		
Defaults	There is no default.			
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC			
Command History	Release	Modification		
	12.2(40)EX2	This command was introduced.		
Usage Guidelines	command without ke	ate group command to display the link-state group information. Enter this ywords to display information about all link-state groups. Enter the group number		
	to display information specific to the group.			
	Enter the detail keyword to display detailed information about the group. The output for the show link state group detail command displays only those link-state groups that have link-state tracking enabled or that have upstream or downstream interfaces (or both) configured. If there is no link-state configuration for a group, the group is not shown as enabled or disabled.			
	Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter exclude output, the lines that contain <i>output</i> are not displayed, but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> are displayed.			

Examples	This is an example of output from the show link state group 1 command:			
	Switch> show link state group 1 Link State Group: 1 Status: Enabled, Down			
	- · ·			
	This is an example of output from the show link state group detail command:			
	Switch> show link state group detail			
	(Up):Interface up (Dwn):Interface Down (Dis):Interface disabled			
	Link State Group: 1 Status: Enabled, Down			
	Upstream Interfaces : Gil/0/17(Dwn) Gil/0/18(Dwn)			
	Downstream Interfaces : Gi1/0/11(Dis) Gi1/0/12(Dis) Gi1/0/13(Dis) Gi1/0/14(Dis)			
	(Up):Interface up (Dwn):Interface Down (Dis):Interface disabled			

Related Commands	Command	Description
	link state group	Configures an interface as a member of a link-state group.
	link state track	Enables a link-state group.
	show running-config	Displays the operating configuration. For syntax information, use this link to the Cisco IOS Release 12.2 Command Reference listing page: http://www.cisco.com/en/US/products/sw/iosswrel/ps1835/prod_comm and_reference_list.html Select the Cisco IOS Commands Master List, Release 12.2 to navigate to the command.

show location

Use the show location user EXEC command to display location information for an endpoint.

show location admin-tag | [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

show location civic-location {identifier id number | interface interface-id | static } | {begin |
 exclude | include} expression]

show location elin-location {identifier id number | interface interface-id | static } | {begin |
 exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	admin-tag	Display administrative tag or site information.		
	civic-location	Display civic location information. Display emergency location information (ELIN). Specify the ID for the civic location or the elin location. The id range is 1 to 4095. Display location information for the specified interface or all interfaces. Valid interfaces include physical ports. Display static configuration information.		
	elin-location			
	identifier <i>id</i>			
	interface interface-id			
	static			
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .		
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .		
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i>.Expression in the output to use as a reference point.		
	expression			
Command Modes	User EXEC			

Command History	Release	Modification	
	12.2(40)EX2	This command was introduced.	

Usage Guidelines

Use the **show location** command to display location information for an endpoint.

Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter | exclude output, the lines that contain *output* do not appear, but the lines that contain *Output* appear.

Examples

This is an example of output from the **show location civic-location** command that displays location information for an interface:

```
Switch> show location civic interface gigabitethernet2/0/1
```

Civic location information

		_
Identifier	:	1
County	:	Santa Clara
Street number	:	3550
Building	:	19
Room	:	C6
Primary road name	:	Cisco Way
City	:	San Jose
State	:	CA
Country	:	US

This is an example of output from the **show location civic-location** command that displays all the civic location information:

Switch> show location civic-location static

Civic location information			
Identifier County Street number Building Room Primary road name City State Country Ports	: 1 : Santa Clara : 3550 : 19 : C6 : Cisco Way : San Jose : CA : US : Gi2/0/1		
Identifier Street number Street number suffix Landmark Primary road name City Country	: 2 : 24568		

This is an example of output from the **show location elin-location** command that displays the emergency location information:

Switch> show location elin-location identifier 1

This is an example of output from the **show location elin static** command that displays all emergency location information:

Switch> show location elin static Elin location information ------Identifier : 1 Elin : 14085553881 Ports : Gi2/0/2 ------Identifier : 2 Elin : 18002228999

Related Commands

Command	Description
location (global configuration)	Configures the global location information for an endpoint.
location (interface configuration)	Configures the location information for an interface.

show logging

Use the **show logging** privileged EXEC command to display the on-board failure logging (OBFL) information.

Syntax Description	<pre>module [switch-number]</pre>	(Optional) Display OBFL information about the specified switches.
		On stacking-capable switches, use the <i>switch-number</i> parameter to specify the switch number, which is the stack member number. If the switch is a standalone switch, the switch number is 1. If the switch is in a stack, the range is 1 to 9, depending on the switch member numbers in the stack.
		On nonstacking-capable switches, the <i>switch-number</i> parameter is always 1 .
		For more information about this parameter, see the "Usage Guidelines" section for this command.
	clilog	Display the OBFL CLI commands that were entered on the standalone switch or specified stack members.
	environment	Display the unique device identifier (UDI) information for the standalone switch or specified stack members and for all the connected FRU devices: the product identification (PID), the version identification (VID), and the serial number.
	message	Display the hardware-related system messages generated by the standalone switch or specified stack members.
	temperature	Display the temperature of the standalone switch or specified stack members.
	uptime	Display the time when the standalone switch or specified stack members start, the reason the switch or specified members restart, and the length of time the standalone switch or specified stack members have been running since they last restarted.
	voltage	Display the system voltages of the standalone switch or the specified switch stack members.
	continuous	(Optional) Display the data in the <i>continuous</i> file.
	summary	(Optional) Display the data in the summary file.
	start <i>hh:mm:ss day month year</i>	(Optional) Display the data from the specified time and date. For more information, see the "Usage Guidelines" section.
	end hh:mm:ss day month year	(Optional) Display the data up to the specified time and date. For more information, see the "Usage Guidelines" section.
	detail	(Optional) Display both the continuous and summary data.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	1.008	

	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Note	Though visible in the	command-line help strings, the poe keyword is not supported.
Defaults	There is no default.	
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(40)EX2	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	The continuous file is summary file, which i	ed, the switch records OBFL data in a continuous file that contains all of the data. circular. When the continuous file is full, the switch combines the data into a s also known as a historical file. Creating the summary file frees up space in the t the switch can write newer data to it.
Usage Guidelines	The continuous file is summary file, which i continuous file so that	s also known as a historical file. Creating the summary file frees up space in the
Usage Guidelines	The continuous file is summary file, which i continuous file so that When using the modu • On a stacking-cap	circular. When the continuous file is full, the switch combines the data into a s also known as a historical file. Creating the summary file frees up space in the t the switch can write newer data to it.
Usage Guidelines	 The continuous file is summary file, which i continuous file so that When using the modu On a stacking-cap the switch display 	circular. When the continuous file is full, the switch combines the data into a s also known as a historical file. Creating the summary file frees up space in the t the switch can write newer data to it. ale <i>switch-number</i> parameter, follow these guidelines: bable switch, if you enter the module keyword but do not enter the switch number, ys OBFL information about the stack members that support OBFL. -capable switch, if you enter the module keyword, you must enter the
Usage Guidelines	 The continuous file is summary file, which i continuous file so that When using the modu On a stacking-cap the switch display On a nonstacking-switch-number va Use the start and end 	circular. When the continuous file is full, the switch combines the data into a s also known as a historical file. Creating the summary file frees up space in the t the switch can write newer data to it. ale <i>switch-number</i> parameter, follow these guidelines: bable switch, if you enter the module keyword but do not enter the switch number, ys OBFL information about the stack members that support OBFL. -capable switch, if you enter the module keyword, you must enter the
Usage Guidelines	 The continuous file is summary file, which i continuous file so that When using the module On a stacking-cap the switch display On a nonstacking <i>switch-number</i> va Use the start and end specifying the start and 	circular. When the continuous file is full, the switch combines the data into a s also known as a historical file. Creating the summary file frees up space in the t the switch can write newer data to it. ale <i>switch-number</i> parameter, follow these guidelines: bable switch, if you enter the module keyword but do not enter the switch number, ys OBFL information about the stack members that support OBFL. -capable switch, if you enter the module keyword, you must enter the lue of 1 . keywords to display data collected only during a particular time period. When nd end times, follow these guidelines: the time as a 2-digit number for a 24-hour clock. Make sure to use the colons (:).
Usage Guidelines	 The continuous file is summary file, which i continuous file so that When using the module On a stacking-cap the switch display On a nonstacking switch-number va Use the start and end specifying the start and hh:mm:ss—Enter For example, enter 	circular. When the continuous file is full, the switch combines the data into a s also known as a historical file. Creating the summary file frees up space in the t the switch can write newer data to it. ale <i>switch-number</i> parameter, follow these guidelines: bable switch, if you enter the module keyword but do not enter the switch number, ys OBFL information about the stack members that support OBFL. -capable switch, if you enter the module keyword, you must enter the lue of 1 . keywords to display data collected only during a particular time period. When nd end times, follow these guidelines: the time as a 2-digit number for a 24-hour clock. Make sure to use the colons (:).
Usage Guidelines	 The continuous file is summary file, which i continuous file so that When using the modu. On a stacking-cap the switch display On a nonstacking <i>switch-number</i> va Use the start and end specifying the start and end specifying the start and enter For example, enter for example, enter and the start the	circular. When the continuous file is full, the switch combines the data into a s also known as a historical file. Creating the summary file frees up space in the t the switch can write newer data to it. ale <i>switch-number</i> parameter, follow these guidelines: bable switch, if you enter the module keyword but do not enter the switch number, ys OBFL information about the stack members that support OBFL. -capable switch, if you enter the module keyword, you must enter the lue of 1. keywords to display data collected only during a particular time period. When nd end times, follow these guidelines: the time as a 2-digit number for a 24-hour clock. Make sure to use the colons (:). er 13:32:45 .
Usage Guidelines	 The continuous file is summary file, which i continuous file so that When using the module On a stacking-cap the switch display On a nonstacking switch-number van Use the start and end specifying the start and end specifying the start and hh:mm:ss—Enter For example, enter day—Enter the dat month—Enter the month, such as Jac 	circular. When the continuous file is full, the switch combines the data into a s also known as a historical file. Creating the summary file frees up space in the t the switch can write newer data to it. ale <i>switch-number</i> parameter, follow these guidelines: bable switch, if you enter the module keyword but do not enter the switch number, ys OBFL information about the stack members that support OBFL. -capable switch, if you enter the module keyword, you must enter the lue of 1 . keywords to display data collected only during a particular time period. When nd end times, follow these guidelines: the time as a 2-digit number for a 24-hour clock. Make sure to use the colons (:). er 13:32:45 . ay of the month. The range is from 1 to 31.

Examples

This is an example of output from the **show logging onboard clilog continuous** command:

Switch# show logging onboard clilog continuous

_____ _ _ _ _ CLI LOGGING CONTINUOUS INFORMATION _____ MM/DD/YYYY HH:MM:SS COMMAND _____ 05/12/2006 15:33:17 show logging onboard temperature detail 05/12/2006 15:33:21 show logging onboard voltage detail 05/12/2006 15:33:32 show logging onboard poe detail 05/12/2006 16:14:09 show logging onboard temperature summary . . . <output truncated> . . . 05/16/2006 13:07:53 no hw-module module logging onboard message level 05/16/2006 13:16:13 show logging onboard uptime continuous 05/16/2006 13:39:18 show logging onboard uptime summary 05/16/2006 13:45:57 show logging onboard clilog summary

This is an example of output from the **show logging onboard message** command:

Switch# show logging onboard message

ERROR MESSAGE SUMMARY INFORMATION Facility-Sev-Name | Count | Persistence Flag MM/DD/YYYY HH:MM:SS No historical data to display

This is an example of output from the show logging onboard status command:

Switch# show log Devices register	ging onboard status ed with infra
-	Slot no.: 0 Subslot no.: 0, Device obfl0:
Application name	clilog :
	Path : obfl0:
	CLI enable status : enabled
	Platform enable status: enabled
Application name	environment :
	Path : obfl0:
	CLI enable status : enabled
	Platform enable status: enabled
Application name	errmsg :
	Path : obfl0:
	CLI enable status : enabled
	Platform enable status: enabled
Application name	poe :
	Path : obfl0:
	CLI enable status : enabled
	Platform enable status: enabled
Application name	temperature :
	Path : obfl0:
	CLI enable status : enabled
	Platform enable status: enabled
Application name	uptime :
	Path : obfl0:
	CLI enable status : enabled
	Platform enable status: enabled

Application name voltage : Path : obfl0: CLI enable status : enabled Platform enable status: enabled

This is an example of output from the show logging onboard temperature continuous command:

Switch# show logging onboard temperature continuous

TEMPERATURE CONTINUOUS INFORMATI	ON		 	 	
Sensor		ID	 	 	
Board temperature		1			

Time Stamp	Senso	or Ter	nperat	ure (C							
MM/DD/YYYY HH:MM:SS	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
05/12/2006 15:33:20	35											
05/12/2006 16:31:21	35											
05/12/2006 17:31:21	35											
05/12/2006 18:31:21	35											
05/12/2006 19:31:21	35											
05/12/2006 20:31:21	35											
05/12/2006 21:29:22	35											
05/12/2006 22:29:22	35											
05/12/2006 23:29:22	35											
05/13/2006 00:29:22	35											
05/13/2006 01:29:22	35											
05/13/2006 02:27:23	35											
05/13/2006 03:27:23	35											
05/13/2006 04:27:23	35											
05/13/2006 05:27:23	35											
05/13/2006 06:27:23	35											
05/13/2006 07:25:24	36											
05/13/2006 08:25:24	35											
<output truncated=""></output>												

This is an example of output from the **show logging onboard uptime summary** command:

Switch# show logging onboard uptime summary

UPTIME SUMMARY INFORMATI				
First customer power on	01/1993 00	:03:50		
Total uptime) years 0	weeks 3 days	21 hours	55 minutes
Total downtime) years 0	weeks 0 days	0 hours	0 minutes
Number of resets				
Number of slot changes				
Current reset reason)			
Current reset timestamp	01/1993 00	:03:28		
Current slot				
Current uptime) years 0	weeks 0 days	0 hours	55 minutes
Reset				
Reason Count				
No historical data to di	7			

This is an example of output from the show logging onboard voltage summary command:

Switch# show logging onboard voltage summary

Number of sensors Sampling frequency Maximum time of storage	: 60 seconds : 3600 minute	25	
Sensor	11	D Maximum Voltage	
12.00V	0	12.567	
5.00V	1	5.198	
3.30V	2	3.439	
2.50V	3	2.594	
1.50V	4	1.556	
1.20V	5	1.239	
1.00V	6	0.980	
0.75V	7	0.768	
Nominal Range	S	ensor ID	

Related Commands

Command	Description
clear logging	Removes the OBFL data in the flash memory.
hw-module module [switch-number] logging	Enables OBFL.
onboard	

show mac access-group

Use the **show mac access-group** user EXEC command to display the MAC access control lists (ACLs) configured for an interface or a switch.

show mac access-group [interface interface-id] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	interface interface-id	(Optional) Display the MAC ACLs configured on a specific interface. Valid interfaces are physical ports and port channels; the port-channel range is 1 to 64 (available only in privileged EXEC mode).						
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .						
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the expression.						
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.						
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.						
Command Modes	User EXEC							
Command History	Release	Modification						
	12.2(40)EX2	This command was introduced.						
Examples	-	utput from the show mac-access group user EXEC command. In this display, sees list <i>macl_e1</i> applied; no MAC ACLs are applied to other interfaces.						
	Switch> show mac acce Interface GigabitEthe Inbound access-lis Interface GigabitEthe Inbound access-lis Interface GigabitEthe Inbound access-lis Interface GigabitEthe Inbound access-lis	<pre>ess-group ernet1/0/1: st is not set ernet1/0/2: st is macl_e1 ernet1/0/3: st is not set ernet1/0/4:</pre>						
	<output truncated=""></output>	<output truncated=""></output>						
	This is an example of or command:	utput from the show mac access-group interface gigabitethernet1/0/1						
	Switch# show mac acce Interface GigabitEthe Inbound access-lis							

Related Commands	Command	Description
	mac access-group	Applies a MAC access group to an interface.

show mac address-table

Use the **show mac address-table** user EXEC command to display a specific MAC address table static and dynamic entry or the MAC address table static and dynamic entries on a specific interface or VLAN.

show mac address-table [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	begi	n	(Optional) Di	isplay begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclu	ude	(Optional) Di	isplay excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	inclu	ıde	(Optional) Di	isplay includes lines that match the specified expression.
	expres	ssion	Expression in	the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	User E	EXEC		
Command History	Relea	se	Modification	
	12.2(4	40)EX2	This comman	nd was introduced.
Examples		s an example of out > show mac addre Mac Address	ss-table	how mac address-table command:
		Mac Address		
	Vlan	Mac Address	Туре	Ports
	 All	0000.0000.0001	STATIC	 CPU
	All	0000.0000.0002		CPU
	A11	0000.0000.0003		CPU
	A11			
		0000.0000.0009	STATIC	CPU
	All	0000.0000.0009 0000.0000.0012		CPU CPU
	A11 A11		STATIC	
	A11 A11	0000.0000.0012	STATIC STATIC	CPU
	All All All	0000.0000.0012 0180.c200.000b 0180.c200.000c 0180.c200.000d	STATIC STATIC STATIC STATIC	CPU CPU CPU CPU
	All All All All	0000.0000.0012 0180.c200.000b 0180.c200.000c 0180.c200.000d 0180.c200.000e	STATIC STATIC STATIC STATIC STATIC	CPU CPU CPU CPU CPU
	All All All All All	0000.0000.0012 0180.c200.000b 0180.c200.000c 0180.c200.000d 0180.c200.000e 0180.c200.000e	STATIC STATIC STATIC STATIC STATIC STATIC	CPU CPU CPU CPU CPU CPU
	All All All All	0000.0000.0012 0180.c200.000b 0180.c200.000c 0180.c200.000d 0180.c200.000e	STATIC STATIC STATIC STATIC STATIC STATIC STATIC	CPU CPU CPU CPU CPU

Total Mac Addresses for this criterion: 12

Related Commands	Command	Description
	clear mac address-table dynamic	Deletes from the MAC address table a specific dynamic address, all dynamic addresses on a particular interface, or all dynamic addresses on a particular VLAN.
	show mac address-table aging-time	Displays the aging time in all VLANs or the specified VLAN.
	show mac address-table count	Displays the number of addresses present in all VLANs or the specified VLAN.
	show mac address-table dynamic	Displays dynamic MAC address table entries only.
	show mac address-table interface	Displays the MAC address table information for the specified interface.
	show mac address-table notification	Displays the MAC address notification settings for all interfaces or the specified interface.
	show mac address-table static	Displays static MAC address table entries only.
	show mac address-table vlan	Displays the MAC address table information for the specified VLAN.

show mac address-table address

Use the **show mac address-table address** user EXEC command to display MAC address table information for the specified MAC address.

show mac address-table address mac-address [interface interface-id] [vlan vlan-id] [| {begin |
 exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	mac-address	Specify the 48-bit MAC address; the valid format is H.H.H.		
	interface interface-id	(Optional) Display information for a specific interface. Valid interfaces include physical ports and port channels.		
	vlan vlan-id	(Optional) Display entries for the specific VLAN only. The range is 1 to 4094.		
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .		
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the expression.		
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.		
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.		
	_			
Command Modes	User EXEC			
Command History	Release	Modification		
Command History	Release 12.2(40)EX2	Modification This command was introduced.		
	12.2(40)EX2 Expressions are case sen			
Usage Guidelines	12.2(40)EX2 Expressions are case sen do not appear, but the lin	This command was introduced.		
Command History Usage Guidelines Examples	12.2(40)EX2 Expressions are case sen do not appear, but the lin This is an example of ou Switch# show mac addr Mac Address	This command was introduced. Insitive. For example, if you enter I exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> nes that contain <i>Output</i> appear. Introduction the show mac address-table address command: Interess-table address 0002.4b28.c482		
Usage Guidelines	12.2(40)EX2 Expressions are case sen do not appear, but the lin This is an example of ou Switch# show mac addr Mac Address	This command was introduced. Insitive. For example, if you enter I exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> nes that contain <i>Output</i> appear. Instruction the show mac address-table address command: Insess-table address 0002.4b28.c482 Instruction Table		

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show mac address-table aging-time	Displays the aging time in all VLANs or the specified VLAN.
	show mac address-table count	Displays the number of addresses present in all VLANs or the specified VLAN.
	show mac address-table dynamic	Displays dynamic MAC address table entries only.
	show mac address-table interface	Displays the MAC address table information for the specified interface.
	show mac address-table notification	Displays the MAC address notification settings for all interfaces or the specified interface.
	show mac address-table static	Displays static MAC address table entries only.
	show mac address-table vlan	Displays the MAC address table information for the specified VLAN.

show mac address-table aging-time

Use the **show mac address-table aging-time** user EXEC command to display the aging time of a specific address table instance, all address table instances on a specified VLAN or, if a specific VLAN is not specified, on all VLANs.

show mac address-table aging-time [vlan vlan-id] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Contro De contration	1 1 1 1	
Syntax Description	vlan vlan-id	(Optional) Display aging time information for a specific VLAN. The range is 1 to 4094.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	User EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(40)EX2	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	If no VLAN number is specified, the aging time for all VLANs appears. Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> do not appear, but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.	
Examples	This is an example	of output from the show mac address-table aging-time command:
	Switch> show mac Vlan Aging Tim	
	1 300	
	This is an example	of output from the show mac address-table aging-time vlan 10 command:
	Vlan Aging Tim	
	10 300	-

Related Commands	Command	Description
	mac address-table aging-time	Sets the length of time that a dynamic entry remains in the MAC address table after the entry is used or updated.
	show mac address-table address	Displays MAC address table information for the specified MAC address.
	show mac address-table count	Displays the number of addresses present in all VLANs or the specified VLAN.
	show mac address-table dynamic	Displays dynamic MAC address table entries only.
	show mac address-table interface	Displays the MAC address table information for the specified interface.
	show mac address-table notification	Displays the MAC address notification settings for all interfaces or the specified interface.
	show mac address-table static	Displays static MAC address table entries only.
	show mac address-table vlan	Displays the MAC address table information for the specified VLAN.

show mac address-table count

Use the **show mac address-table count** user EXEC command to display the number of addresses present in all VLANs or the specified VLAN.

show mac address-table count [vlan vlan-id] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	vlan vlan-id	(Optional) Display the number of addresses for a specific VLAN. The range is 1 to 4094.	
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the expression.	
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .	
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.	
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.	
Command Modes	User EXEC		
Command History	Release	Modification	
	12.2(40)EX2	This command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines	If no VLAN nu	mber is specified, the address count for all VLANs appears.	
	1	case sensitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> ut the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.	
Examples	This is an example of output from the show mac address-table count command:		
	Switch# show m Mac Entries fo		

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show mac address-table address	Displays MAC address table information for the specified MAC address.
	show mac address-table aging-time	Displays the aging time in all VLANs or the specified VLAN.
	show mac address-table dynamic	Displays dynamic MAC address table entries only.
	show mac address-table interface	Displays the MAC address table information for the specified interface.
	show mac address-table notification	Displays the MAC address notification settings for all interfaces or the specified interface.
	show mac address-table static	Displays static MAC address table entries only.
	show mac address-table vlan	Displays the MAC address table information for the specified VLAN.

show mac address-table dynamic

Use the **show mac address-table dynamic** user EXEC command to display only dynamic MAC address table entries.

show mac address-table dynamic [address mac-address] [interface interface-id] [vlan vlan-id]
 [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	address mac-address	(Optional) Specify a 48-bit MAC address; the valid format is H.H.H (available in privileged EXEC mode only).
	interface interface-id	(Optional) Specify an interface to match; valid <i>interfaces</i> include physical ports and port channels.
	vlan vlan-id	(Optional) Display entries for a specific VLAN; the range is 1 to 4094.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.

Command Modes User EXEC

Command History	Release Modification	
	12.2(40)EX2	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> do not appear, but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.	
Examples	Switch> show mac	of output from the show mac address-table dynamic command: address-table dynamic ress. Table

Vlan Mac Address Type Ports 1 0030.b635.7862 DYNAMIC Gi6/0/2 1 00b0.6496.2741 DYNAMIC Gi6/0/2 Total Mac Addresses for this criterion: 2

Related Commands	Command	Description
	clear mac address-table dynamic	Deletes from the MAC address table a specific dynamic address, all dynamic addresses on a particular interface, or all dynamic addresses on a particular VLAN.
	show mac address-table address	Displays MAC address table information for the specified MAC address.
	show mac address-table aging-time	Displays the aging time in all VLANs or the specified VLAN.
	show mac address-table count	Displays the number of addresses present in all VLANs or the specified VLAN.
	show mac address-table interface	Displays the MAC address table information for the specified interface.
	show mac address-table static	Displays static MAC address table entries only.
	show mac address-table vlan	Displays the MAC address table information for the specified VLAN.

show mac address-table interface

Use the **show mac address-table interface** user command to display the MAC address table information for the specified interface in the specified VLAN.

show mac address-table interface interface-id [vlan vlan-id] [| {begin | exclude | include}
expression]

Syntax Description	interface-id	Specify an interface type; valid interfaces include physical ports and port channels.
	vlan vlan-id	(Optional) Display entries for a specific VLAN; the range is 1 to 4094.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the expression.
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the expression.
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	User EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(40)EX2	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines		e sensitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> ne lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.
Examples	This is an example	of output from the show mac address-table interface command:
		address-table interface gigabitethernet6/0/2 ress Table
	Vlan Mac Addre	11
		.7862 DYNAMIC Gi6/0/2
	1 00b0.6496	
		.2741 DYNAMIC Gi6/0/2 es for this criterion: 2

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show mac address-table address	Displays MAC address table information for the specified MAC address.
	show mac address-table aging-time	Displays the aging time in all VLANs or the specified VLAN.
	show mac address-table count	Displays the number of addresses present in all VLANs or the specified VLAN.
	show mac address-table dynamic	Displays dynamic MAC address table entries only.
	show mac address-table notification	Displays the MAC address notification settings for all interfaces or the specified interface.
	show mac address-table static	Displays static MAC address table entries only.
	show mac address-table vlan	Displays the MAC address table information for the specified VLAN.

show mac address-table learning

Use the **show mac address-table learning** user EXEC command to display the status of MAC address learning for all VLANs or the specified VLAN.

show mac address-table learning [vlan vlan-id] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	vlan vlan-id	(Optional) Display information for a specific VLAN. The range is 1 to 4094.
-	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	User EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(46)SE	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	VLANs and whether M address learning is enable learning status on an in Expressions are case se	
	VLANs and whether M address learning is enable learning status on an in Expressions are case se do not appear, but the line This is an example of ou that MAC address learn	AC address learning is enabled or disabled on them. The default is that MAC oled on all VLANs. Use the command with a specific VLAN ID to display the dividual VLAN. nsitive. For example, if you enter l exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> ines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.
	VLANs and whether M address learning is enable learning status on an in Expressions are case se do not appear, but the lit This is an example of ou	AC address learning is enabled or disabled on them. The default is that MAC oled on all VLANs. Use the command with a specific VLAN ID to display the dividual VLAN. Insitive. For example, if you enter l exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> ines that contain <i>Output</i> appear. Intput from the show mac address-table learning user EXEC command showing thing is disabled on VLAN 200: ress-table learning tus
Usage Guidelines Examples	VLANs and whether M address learning is enable learning status on an in Expressions are case se do not appear, but the line This is an example of ou that MAC address learn Switch> show mac addr VLAN Learning Stat	AC address learning is enabled or disabled on them. The default is that MAC oled on all VLANs. Use the command with a specific VLAN ID to display the dividual VLAN. Insitive. For example, if you enter l exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> ines that contain <i>Output</i> appear. Intput from the show mac address-table learning user EXEC command showing thing is disabled on VLAN 200: ress-table learning tus
	VLANs and whether M address learning is enable learning status on an in Expressions are case se do not appear, but the lit This is an example of out that MAC address learn Switch> show mac address VLAN Learning State 	AC address learning is enabled or disabled on them. The default is that MAC oled on all VLANs. Use the command with a specific VLAN ID to display the dividual VLAN. nsitive. For example, if you enter l exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> ines that contain <i>Output</i> appear. Atput from the show mac address-table learning user EXEC command showing ting is disabled on VLAN 200: ress-table learning tus

show mac address-table move update

Use the **show mac address-table move update** user EXEC command to display the MAC address-table move update information on the switch.

show mac address-table move update [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the expression.		
· ·	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the expression.		
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.		
	<i>expression</i> Expression in the output to use as a reference point.			
Command Modes	User EXEC			
Command History	Release	Modification		
	12.2(40)EX2	This command was introduced.		
Usage Guidelines	do not appear, but t	e sensitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain output he lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.		
Examples	This is an example of output from the show mac address-table move update command:			
	Switch> show mac address-table move update Switch-ID : 010b.4630.1780 Dst mac-address : 0180.c200.0010 Vlans/Macs supported : 1023/8320 Default/Current settings: Rcv Off/On, Xmt Off/On Max packets per min : Rcv 40, Xmt 60 Rcv packet count : 10 Rcv conforming packet count : 5 Rcv invalid packet count : 5 Rcv invalid packet count : 0 Rcv packet count this min : 0 Rcv threshold exceed count : 0			
		e : Po2 address : 0003.fd6a.8701 D : 0303.fd63.7600		
	Xmt packet count			

Related Commands	Command	Description
	clear mac address-table move update	Clears the MAC address-table move update counters.
	<pre>mac address-table move update {receive transmit}</pre>	Configures MAC address-table move update on the switch.

show mac address-table notification

Use the **show mac address-table notification** user EXEC command to display the MAC address notification settings for all interfaces or the specified interface.

show mac address-table notification [interface [interface-id]] [| {begin | exclude | include}
expression]

Syntax Description	interface	(Optional) Display information for all interfaces. Valid interfaces include physical ports and port channels.
	interface-id	(Optional) Display information for the specified interface. Valid interfaces include physical ports and port channels.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	User EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification

Use the **show mac address-table notification** command without any keywords to display whether the feature is enabled or disabled, the MAC notification interval, the maximum number of entries allowed in the history table, and the history table contents.

Use the **interface** keyword to display the flags for all interfaces. If the *interface-id* is included, only the flags for that interface appear.

Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter | exclude output, the lines that contain *output* do not appear, but the lines that contain *Output* appear.

Examples	This is an example of output from the show mac address-table notification command:
	Switch> show mac address-table notification
	MAC Notification Feature is Enabled on the switch
	Interval between Notification Traps : 60 secs Number of MAC Addresses Added : 4
	Number of MAC Addresses Removed : 4
	Number of Notifications sent to NMS : 3
	Maximum Number of entries configured in History Table : 100
	Current History Table Length : 3
	MAC Notification Traps are Enabled
	History Table contents
	History Index 0, Entry Timestamp 1032254, Despatch Timestamp 1032254 MAC Changed Message : Operation: Added Vlan: 2 MAC Addr: 0000.0000.0001 Module: 0 Port: 1
	History Index 1, Entry Timestamp 1038254, Despatch Timestamp 1038254 MAC Changed Message :
	Operation: Added Vlan: 2 MAC Addr: 0000.0000.0000 Module: 0 Port: 1
	Operation: Added Vlan: 2 MAC Addr: 0000.0000.0002 Module: 0 Port: 1
	Operation: Added Vlan: 2 MAC Addr: 0000.0000.0003 Module: 0 Port: 1
	History Index 2, Entry Timestamp 1074254, Despatch Timestamp 1074254 MAC Changed Message :
	Operation: Deleted Vlan: 2 MAC Addr: 0000.0000.0000 Module: 0 Port: 1
	Operation: Deleted Vlan: 2 MAC Addr: 0000.0000.0001 Module: 0 Port: 1
	Operation: Deleted Vlan: 2 MAC Addr: 0000.0000.0002 Module: 0 Port: 1
	Operation: Deleted Vlan: 2 MAC Addr: 0000.0000.0003 Module: 0 Port: 1

Related Commands	Command	Description
	clear mac address-table notification	Clears the MAC address notification global counters.
	show mac address-table address	Displays MAC address table information for the specified MAC address.
	show mac address-table aging-time	Displays the aging time in all VLANs or the specified VLAN.
	show mac address-table count	Displays the number of addresses present in all VLANs or the specified VLAN.
	show mac address-table dynamic	Displays dynamic MAC address table entries only.
	show mac address-table interface	Displays the MAC address table information for the specified interface.
	show mac address-table static	Displays static MAC address table entries only.
	show mac address-table vlan	Displays the MAC address table information for the specified VLAN.

show mac address-table static

Use the **show mac address-table static** user EXEC command to display only static MAC address table entries.

show mac address-table static [address mac-address] [interface interface-id] [vlan vlan-id]
 [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	address mac-address	(Optional) Specify a 48-bit MAC address; the valid format is H.H.H (available in privileged EXEC mode only).
	interface interface-id	(Optional) Specify an interface to match; valid <i>interfaces</i> include physical ports and port channels.
	vlan vlan-id	(Optional) Display addresses for a specific VLAN. The range is 1 to 4094.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.

Command Modes User EXEC

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(40)EX2	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter | **exclude output**, the lines that contain *output* do not appear, but the lines that contain *Output* appear.

Examples

This is an example of output from the **show mac address-table static** command:

Switch> show mac address-table static

	Mac Address Ta	able	
Vlan	Mac Address	Туре	Ports
A11	0100.0ccc.cccc	STATIC	CPU
A11	0180.c200.0000	STATIC	CPU
A11	0100.0ccc.cccd	STATIC	CPU
A11	0180.c200.0001	STATIC	CPU
A11	0180.c200.0004	STATIC	CPU
A11	0180.c200.0005	STATIC	CPU
4	0001.0002.0004	STATIC	Drop
6	0001.0002.0007	STATIC	Drop
Total	Mac Addresses for	this cr	iterion: 8

Related Commands C

Adds static addresses to the MAC address table.
Enables unicast MAC address filtering and configures the switch to drop traffic with a specific source or destination MAC address.
Displays MAC address table information for the specified MAC address.
Displays the aging time in all VLANs or the specified VLAN.
Displays the number of addresses present in all VLANs or the specified VLAN.
Displays dynamic MAC address table entries only.
Displays the MAC address table information for the specified interface.
Displays the MAC address notification settings for all interfaces or the specified interface.
Displays the MAC address table information for the specified VLAN.

show mac address-table vlan

Use the **show mac address-table vlan** user EXEC command to display the MAC address table information for the specified VLAN.

show mac address-table vlan vlan-id [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	vlan-id	(Optional) I	Display a	ddresses for a specific VLAN. The range is 1 to 4094.	
	begin	(Optional) I	Display l	begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .	
	exclude	(Optional) I	Display e	excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .	
	include	(Optional) I	Display i	ncludes lines that match the specified expression.	
	expression	Expression	in the ou	tput to use as a reference point.	
Command Modes	User EXEC				
Command History	Release	Ν	Modifica	ion	
	12.2(40)EX2	2 Т	This com	mand was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines	-			example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contair tain <i>Output</i> appear.	output
-	do not appear	r, but the lines	that con	tain <i>Output</i> appear.	output
-	do not appear This is an exa Switch> sho t	r, but the lines	that con ut from t s-table able	tain <i>Output</i> appear. ne show mac address-table vlan 1 command: vlan 1	a output
_	do not appear This is an exa Switch> show Ma 	r, but the lines ample of outpu w mac address ac Address Ta 	that con ut from t s-table Type	tain <i>Output</i> appear. ne show mac address-table vlan 1 command: vlan 1 Ports	a output
-	do not appear This is an exa Switch> show Ma Vlan Mac	r, but the lines ample of outpu w mac address ac Address Ta Address	that con ut from t s-table able Type	tain <i>Output</i> appear. ne show mac address-table vlan 1 command: vlan 1	a output
	do not appear This is an exa Switch> show Ma Mac 1 0100	r, but the lines ample of outpu w mac address ac Address Ta Address	that con ut from t s-table able Type	tain <i>Output</i> appear. The show mac address-table vlan 1 command: vlan 1 Ports 	a output
-	do not appear This is an exa Switch> show Ma Vlan Mac 1 0100 1 0180 1 0100	r, but the lines ample of outpu w mac address ac Address Address 	that con ut from t s-table able Type STATIC STATIC STATIC	tain <i>Output</i> appear. The show mac address-table vlan 1 command: vlan 1 Ports CPU	a output
-	do not appear This is an exa Switch> show Ma Vlan Mac 1 0100 1 0180 1 0180 1 0180	r, but the lines ample of output w mac address ac Address Address 0.0ccc.cccc 0.c200.0000 0.0ccc.cccd 0.c200.0001	that con ut from t s-table able Type STATIC STATIC STATIC STATIC STATIC	tain <i>Output</i> appear. The show mac address-table vlan 1 command: vlan 1 Ports CPU CPU CPU CPU CPU CPU	a output
-	do not appear This is an exa Switch> show Ma Vlan Mac 1 0100 1 0180 1 0180 1 0180 1 0180 1 0180	r, but the lines ample of outpu w mac address ac Address Ta Address 0.0ccc.cccc 0.c200.0000 0.0ccc.cccd 0.c200.0001 0.c200.0002	that con ut from t s-table able Type STATIC STATIC STATIC STATIC STATIC STATIC	tain <i>Output</i> appear. The show mac address-table vlan 1 command: vlan 1 Ports CPU CPU CPU CPU CPU CPU CPU CPU	a output
-	do not appear This is an exa Switch> show Ma Vlan Mac 1 0100 1 0180 1 0180 1 0180 1 0180 1 0180 1 0180	r, but the lines ample of outpu w mac address ac Address Ta Address 0.0ccc.cccc 0.c200.0000 0.0ccc.cccd 0.c200.0001 0.c200.0002 0.c200.0003	that con ut from t s-table able Type STATIC STATIC STATIC STATIC STATIC STATIC STATIC	tain Output appear. The show mac address-table vlan 1 command: vlan 1 Ports CPU CPU CPU CPU CPU CPU CPU CPU	a output
Usage Guidelines Examples	do not appear This is an exa Switch> show Ma Vlan Mac 1 0100 1 0180 1 0180 1 0180 1 0180 1 0180 1 0180 1 0180 1 0180 1 0180 1 0180	r, but the lines ample of outpu w mac address ac Address Ta Address 0.0ccc.cccc 0.c200.0000 0.0ccc.cccd 0.c200.0001 0.c200.0002 0.c200.0003 0.c200.0003	that con ut from t s-table able Type STATIC STATIC STATIC STATIC STATIC STATIC STATIC STATIC STATIC	tain Output appear. ne show mac address-table vlan 1 command: vlan 1 Ports CPU CPU CPU CPU CPU CPU CPU CPU	a output
-	do not appear This is an exa Switch> show Ma Vlan Mac 1 0100 1 0180 1 0180	r, but the lines ample of outpu w mac address ac Address Ta Address 0.0ccc.cccc 0.c200.0000 0.0ccc.cccd 0.c200.0001 0.c200.0002 0.c200.0003	that con ut from t s-table able Type STATIC STATIC STATIC STATIC STATIC STATIC STATIC	tain Output appear. The show mac address-table vlan 1 command: vlan 1 Ports CPU CPU CPU CPU CPU CPU CPU CPU	a output

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show mac address-table address	Displays MAC address table information for the specified MAC address.
	show mac address-table aging-time	Displays the aging time in all VLANs or the specified VLAN.
	show mac address-table count	Displays the number of addresses present in all VLANs or the specified VLAN.
	show mac address-table dynamic	Displays dynamic MAC address table entries only.
	show mac address-table interface	Displays the MAC address table information for the specified interface.
	show mac address-table notification	Displays the MAC address notification settings for all interfaces or the specified interface.
	show mac address-table static	Displays static MAC address table entries only.

show mls qos

Use the **show mls qos** user EXEC command to display global quality of service (QoS) configuration information.

show mls qos [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the expression.
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	User EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(40)EX2	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	*	e sensitive. For example, if you enter l exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> he lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.
Usage Guidelines Examples	do not appear, but the second	he lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear. of output from the show mls qos command when QoS is enabled and Differentiated
	do not appear, but the This is an example of Services Code Point Switch> show mls QoS is enabled	he lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear. of output from the show mls qos command when QoS is enabled and Differentiated t (DSCP) transparency is disabled:
	do not appear, but the This is an example Services Code Poin Switch> show mls QoS is enabled QoS ip packet dsc	he lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear. of output from the show mls qos command when QoS is enabled and Differentiated it (DSCP) transparency is disabled: gos p rewrite is disabled of output from the show mls qos command when QoS is enabled and DSCP
	do not appear, but the This is an example of Services Code Point Switch> show mls QoS is enabled QoS ip packet dsc This is an example transparency is enabled Switch> show mls QoS is enabled	he lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear. of output from the show mls qos command when QoS is enabled and Differentiated t (DSCP) transparency is disabled: gos p rewrite is disabled of output from the show mls qos command when QoS is enabled and DSCP bled:
	do not appear, but the This is an example of Services Code Point Switch> show mls QoS is enabled QoS ip packet dsc This is an example transparency is enabled Switch> show mls QoS is enabled	he lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear. of output from the show mls qos command when QoS is enabled and Differentiated t (DSCP) transparency is disabled: gos p rewrite is disabled of output from the show mls qos command when QoS is enabled and DSCP bled: gos

show mls qos aggregate-policer

Use the **show mls qos aggregate-policer** user EXEC command to display the quality of service (QoS) aggregate policer configuration. A policer defines a maximum permissible rate of transmission, a maximum burst size for transmissions, and an action to take if either maximum is exceeded.

show mls qos aggregate-policer [aggregate-policer-name] [| {begin | exclude | include}
expression]

Syntax Description	aggregate-policer-name	(Optional) Display the policer configuration for the specified name.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	User EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(40)EX2	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	1	itive. For example, if you enter I exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> es that contain <i>Output</i> appear.
Examples	This is an example of out	put from the show mls qos aggregate-policer command:
		ggregate-policer policer1 cer1 1000000 2000000 exceed-action drop map
Related Commands	Command	Description
	mls qos aggregate-polic	er Defines policer parameters that can be shared by multiple classes

within a policy map.

show mls qos input-queue

Use the **show mls qos input-queue** user EXEC command to display quality of service (QoS) settings for the ingress queues.

show mls qos input-queue [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the expression.
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	User EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
Sommanu mistory	norodoo	Woullication
	12.2(40)EX2	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	12.2(40)EX2 Expressions are	
	12.2(40)EX2 Expressions are do not appear, bu	This command was introduced. case sensitive. For example, if you enter I exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i>
Jsage Guidelines	12.2(40)EX2 Expressions are do not appear, bu This is an examp	This command was introduced. case sensitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> at the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.
lsage Guidelines	12.2(40)EX2 Expressions are do not appear, bu This is an examp Switch> show m	This command was introduced. case sensitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> at the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear. ole of output from the show mls qos input-queue command: ls gos input-queue
lsage Guidelines	12.2(40)EX2 Expressions are do not appear, but This is an examp Switch> show m Queue :	This command was introduced. case sensitive. For example, if you enter I exclude output, the lines that contain output at the lines that contain Output appear. ble of output from the show mls qos input-queue command: Is gos input-queue 1 2
lsage Guidelines	12.2(40)EX2 Expressions are do not appear, but This is an examp Switch> show m Queue : 	This command was introduced. case sensitive. For example, if you enter l exclude output, the lines that contain output at the lines that contain Output appear. ble of output from the show mls qos input-queue command: 1 2 90 10
Jsage Guidelines	12.2(40)EX2 Expressions are do not appear, but This is an examp Switch> show m Queue : 	This command was introduced. case sensitive. For example, if you enter l exclude output, the lines that contain output at the lines that contain Output appear. ole of output from the show mls qos input-queue command: Is gos input-queue 1 2 90 10 4 4

Related Commands	Command	Description
	mls qos srr-queue input bandwidth	Assigns shaped round robin (SRR) weights to an ingress queue.
	mls qos srr-queue input buffers	Allocates the buffers between the ingress queues.
	mls qos srr-queue input cos-map	Maps assigned class of service (CoS) values to an ingress queue and assigns CoS values to a queue and to a threshold ID.
	mls qos srr-queue input dscp-map	Maps assigned Differentiated Services Code Point (DSCP) values to an ingress queue and assigns DSCP values to a queue and to a threshold ID.
	mls qos srr-queue input priority-queue	Configures the ingress priority queue and guarantees bandwidth.
	mls qos srr-queue input threshold	Assigns weighted tail-drop (WTD) threshold percentages to an ingress queue.

show mls qos interface

Use the **show mls qos interface** user EXEC command to display quality of service (QoS) information at the port level.

show mls qos interface [interface-id] [buffers | queueing | statistics]
 [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	interface-id	(Optional) Display QoS information for the specified port. Valid interfaces include physical ports.
	buffers	(Optional) Display the buffer allocation among the queues.
	queueing	(Optional) Display the queueing strategy (shared or shaped) and the weights corresponding to the queues.
	statistics	(Optional) Display statistics for sent and received Differentiated Services Code Points (DSCPs) and class of service (CoS) values, the number of packets enqueued or dropped per egress queue, and the number of in-profile and out-of-profile packets for each policer.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.

Note

Though visible in the command-line help string, the **policers** keyword is not supported.

Command Modes User EXEC

Delegan Madification

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(40)EX2	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter | **exclude output**, the lines that contain *output* do not appear, but the lines that contain *Output* appear.

Examples

This is an example of output from the **show mls qos interface** *interface-id* command when VLAN-based QoS is enabled:

Switch> show mls qos interface gigabitethernet1/0/1
GigabitEthernet1/0/1
trust state:not trusted
trust mode:not trusted
trust enabled flag:ena
COS override:dis
default COS:0
DSCP Mutation Map:Default DSCP Mutation Map
Trust device:none
qos mode:vlan-based

This is an example of output from the **show mls qos interface** *interface-id* command when VLAN-based QoS is disabled:

```
Switch> show mls qos interface gigabitethernet1/0/2
GigabitEthernet1/0/2
trust state:not trusted
trust mode:not trusted
trust enabled flag:ena
COS override:dis
default COS:0
DSCP Mutation Map:Default DSCP Mutation Map
Trust device:none
gos mode:port-based
```

This is an example of output from the **show mls qos interface** *interface-id* **buffers** command:

```
Switch> show mls qos interface gigabitethernet1/0/2 buffers
GigabitEthernet1/0/2
The port is mapped to qset : 1
The allocations between the queues are : 25 25 25 25
```

This is an example of output from the **show mls qos interface** *interface-id* **queueing** command. The egress expedite queue overrides the configured shaped round robin (SRR) weights.

```
Switch> show mls qos interface gigabitethernet1/0/2 queueing
GigabitEthernet1/0/2
Egress Priority Queue :enabled
Shaped queue weights (absolute) : 25 0 0 0
Shared queue weights : 25 25 25 25
The port bandwidth limit : 100 (Operational Bandwidth:100.0)
The port is mapped to qset : 1
```

This is an example of output from the **show mls qos interface** *interface-id* **statistics** command. Table 2-32 describes the fields in this display.

```
Switch> show mls qos interface gigabitethernet1/0/2 statistics GigabitEthernet1/0/2
```

dscp: inco	ming				
0 - 4 :	4213	0	0	0	0
5 - 9 :	0	0	0	0	0
10 - 14 :	0	0	0	0	0
15 - 19 :	0	0	0	0	0
20 - 24:	0	0	0	0	0
25 - 29 :	0	0	0	0	0
30 - 34 :	0	0	0	0	0
35 - 39 :	0	0	0	0	0
40 - 44 :	0	0	0	0	0

45 - 49 :	0	0	0	6	0
50 - 54 :	0	0	0	0	0
55 - 59 :	0	0	0	0	0
60 - 64 :	0	0	0	0	
dscp: outo	going				
0 - 4 :	363949	0	0	0	0
5 - 9 :	0	0	0	0	0
10 - 14 :	0	0	0	0	0
15 - 19 :	0	0	0	0	0
20 - 24 :	0	0	0	0	0
25 - 29 :	0	0	0	0	0
30 - 34 :	0	0	0	0	0
35 - 39 :	0	0	0	0	0
40 - 44 :	0	0	0	0	0
45 - 49 :	0	0	0	0	0
50 - 54 :	0	0	0	0	0
55 - 59 :	0	0	0	0	0
60 - 64 :	0	0	0	0	
cos: incom					
0 - 4 :	132067	0	0	0	0
5 - 9 :	0	0	0		
cos: outgo	oing				
0 - 4 :	739155	0	0	0	0
5 - 9 :	90	0	0		
Policer: Ing	profile:	0 OutofPr	ofile:	0	

Table 2-32show mls qos interface statistics Field Descriptions

Field		Description
DSCP	incoming	Number of packets received for each DSCP value.
	outgoing	Number of packets sent for each DSCP value.
CoS	incoming	Number of packets received for each CoS value.
	outgoing	Number of packets sent for each CoS value.
Policer	Inprofile	Number of in profile packets for each policer.
	Outofprofile	Number of out-of-profile packets for each policer.

Related Commands	Command	Description
	mls qos queue-set output buffers	Allocates buffers to a queue-set.
	mls qos queue-set output threshold	Configures the weighted tail-drop (WTD) thresholds, guarantees the availability of buffers, and configures the maximum memory allocation to a queue-set.
	mls qos srr-queue input bandwidth	Assigns SRR weights to an ingress queue.
	mls qos srr-queue input buffers	Allocates the buffers between the ingress queues.
	mls qos srr-queue input cos-map	Maps CoS values to an ingress queue or maps CoS values to a queue and to a threshold ID.
	mls qos srr-queue input dscp-map	Maps DSCP values to an ingress queue or maps DSCP values to a queue and to a threshold ID.
	mls qos srr-queue input priority-queue	Configures the ingress priority queue and guarantees bandwidth.
	mls qos srr-queue input threshold	Assigns WTD threshold percentages to an ingress queue.
	mls qos srr-queue output cos-map	Maps CoS values to an egress queue or maps CoS values to a queue and to a threshold ID.
	mls qos srr-queue output dscp-map	Maps DSCP values to an egress queue or maps DSCP values to a queue and to a threshold ID.
	policy-map	Creates or modifies a policy map.
	priority-queue	Enables the egress expedite queue on a port.
	queue-set	Maps a port to a queue-set.
	srr-queue bandwidth limit	Limits the maximum output on a port.
	srr-queue bandwidth shape	Assigns the shaped weights and enables bandwidth shaping on the four egress queues mapped to a port.
	srr-queue bandwidth share	Assigns the shared weights and enables bandwidth sharing on the four egress queues mapped to a port.

show mls qos maps

Use the **show mls qos maps** user EXEC command to display quality of service (QoS) mapping information. During classification, QoS uses the mapping tables to represent the priority of the traffic and to derive a corresponding class of service (CoS) or Differentiated Services Code Point (DSCP) value from the received CoS, DSCP, or IP precedence value.

Syntax Description	cos-dscp		(Optional) Display class of service (CoS)-to-DSCP map.					
	cos-input-q		(Optional) Display the CoS input queue threshold map.					
	cos-output-q		(Optional) Display the CoS output queue threshold map.					
	dscp-cos		(Optional) Display DSCP-to-CoS map.					
	dscp-input-q		(Optional) Display the DSCP input queue threshold map.					
	dscp-mutation dsc	p-mutation-name	(Optional) Display the specified DSCP-to-DSCP-mutation map.					
	dscp-output-q		(Optional) Display the DSCP output queue threshold map.					
	ip-prec-dscp		(Optional) Display the IP-precedence-to-DSCP map.					
	policed-dscp		(Optional) Display the policed-DSCP map.					
	begin		(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .					
	exclude		(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .					
	include		(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .					
	expression		Expression in the output to use as a reference point.					
Command Modes	User EXEC							
Command History	Release	Modification	1					
	12.2(40)EX2	This comma	nd was introduced.					
Usage Guidelines	Expressions are case do not appear, but the		mple, if you enter l exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> n <i>Output</i> appear.					
	column specifies the in the DSCP. The in	e most-significant of the d	I the DSCP-to-DSCP-mutation maps appear as a matrix. The d1 ligit in the DSCP. The d2 row specifies the least-significant digit I and d2 values provides the policed-DSCP, the CoS, or the the DSCP-to-CoS map, a DSCP value of 43 corresponds to a CoS					

value of 5.

The DSCP input queue threshold and the DSCP output queue threshold maps appear as a matrix. The d1 column specifies the most-significant digit of the DSCP number. The d2 row specifies the least-significant digit in the DSCP number. The intersection of the d1 and the d2 values provides the queue ID and threshold ID. For example, in the DSCP input queue threshold map, a DSCP value of 43 corresponds to queue 2 and threshold 1 (02-01).

The CoS input queue threshold and the CoS output queue threshold maps show the CoS value in the top row and the corresponding queue ID and threshold ID in the second row. For example, in the CoS input queue threshold map, a CoS value of 5 corresponds to queue 2 and threshold 1 (2-1).

mples	This	is a	n e	xampl	e o	f ou	tpu	t fro	om	the	sho	w r	nls qos	s maps	comma	and:	
				ow ml	-	os I	naps	5									
	POII			cp maj d2 0		2	З	Л	5	6	7	Q	9				
		0	:	00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09				
			:			12											
			:			22											
			:			32											
			:			42											
			:			52		54	55	56	57	58	59				
		6	:	60	61	62	63										
	Dscp	-co;	s m	ap:													
				d2 0													
			:			00											
			:			01											
		2	:	02	02	02	02	03	03	03	03	03	03				
		3	:			04											
		4	:	05	05	05	05	05	05	05	05	06	06				
		5	:	06	06	06	06	06	06	07	07	07	07				
				07													
	Cos-	dsci	o m	ap:													
		CO	5:	0													
				0													
	IpPr			ce-ds c:	-	-		2	1 5	5 6		7					
												_					
		C	lsc	p:	0	8 16	5 24	4 32	240) 48	3 50	5					
	Dscp	-out	zpu	tq-th:	res	hold	1 ma	ap:									
	d1	:d2	2	0		1	2	2							7		9
		:													02-01		
		:													03-01		
		:													03-01		
		:		03-01	03	-01	04-	-01	04-	-01	04-	-01	04 - 01	04 - 01	04-01	04-01	04-01
	3	:														04-01 04-01	
	3 4			01-01	01	-01	01-	-01	01-	-01	01-	-01	01-01	01-01	04-01 01-01 04-01	04-01	04-01

Dscp-in	nputo	q-thres	hold m	ap:							
d1	:d2	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
0	:	01-01	01-01	01-01	01-01	01-01	01-01	01-01	01-01	01-01	01-01
1	:	01-01	01-01	01-01	01-01	01-01	01-01	01-01	01-01	01-01	01-01
2	:	01-01	01-01	01-01	01-01	01-01	01-01	01-01	01-01	01-01	01-01
3	:	01-01	01-01	01-01	01-01	01-01	01-01	01-01	01-01	01-01	01-01
4	:	02-01	02-01	02-01	02-01	02-01	02-01	02-01	02-01	01-01	01-01
5	:	01-01	01-01	01-01	01-01	01-01	01-01	01-01	01-01	01-01	01-01
6	:	01-01	01-01	01-01	01-01						
Cos-out	touto	-thres	hold m	an:							
000 04	opuoq	-		-	3	4 5	6	7			
Cos-	-inpu	itq-thr cos 	eshold : 0	map: 1 2	3	4-1 1-1 4 5 	6	7			
- Dscp-ds Defa	scp m ault 1 :	nutatic DSCP M d2 0	n map: Nutatio	n Map: 3 4	56	789					
(0:	00 0	1 02 0	3 04 0	5 06 0	7 08 09	Э				
-	1 :	10 1	1 12 1	3 14 1	5 16 1	7 18 19	Э				
2	2:	20 2	1 22 2	3 24 2	5 26 2	7 28 29	9				
Ĩ	3:	30 3	1 32 3	3 34 3	5363	7 38 39	9				
4	4 :	40 4	1 42 4	3 44 4	5464	7 48 49	9				
5	5:	50 5	1 52 5	3 54 5	5 56 5	7 58 59	Э				
(б:		1 62 6	2							

Related Commands	Command	Description
	mls qos map	Defines the CoS-to-DSCP map, DSCP-to-CoS map, DSCP-to-DSCP-mutation map, IP-precedence-to-DSCP map, and the policed-DSCP map.
	mls qos srr-queue input cos-map	Maps CoS values to an ingress queue or maps CoS values to a queue and to a threshold ID.
	mls qos srr-queue input dscp-map	Maps DSCP values to an ingress queue or maps DSCP values to a queue and to a threshold ID.
	mls qos srr-queue output cos-map	Maps CoS values to an egress queue or maps CoS values to a queue and to a threshold ID.
	mls qos srr-queue output dscp-map	Maps DSCP values to an egress queue or maps DSCP values to a queue and to a threshold ID.

show mls qos queue-set

Use the **show mls qos queue-set** user EXEC command to display quality of service (QoS) settings for the egress queues.

show mls qos queue-set [qset-id] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

		$(\mathbf{O}$	· 1) ID	C /1	(F	1 , 1 1 ,	· 1 · 1 1 C
Syntax Description	qset-id	· •		-		ch port belongs to a queu gress queues per port. Th	
	begin	(Op	tional) Di	isplay beg	gins with th	line that matches the ex	pression.
	exclude	(Op	tional) Di	isplay exc	ludes lines	hat match the expression	n.
	include	(Op	tional) Di	isplay inc	ludes lines	hat match the specified a	expression.
	expression	Exp	ression ir	the outp	ut to use as	a reference point.	
command Modes	User EXEC						
command History	Release		Modifica	ntion			
	12.2(40)EX2		This con	nmand wa	as introduce	1	
Examples							
•	This is an examp	ole of out	put from	the show	mls qos qu	eue-set command:	
	Switch> show m		-	the show	mls qos qu	eue-set command:	
	-		-	the show	mls qos qu 4	e ue-set command:	
	Switch> show m Queueset: 1 Queue : 	Ls qos qu 1	2	3	4	e ue-set command:	
	Switch> show m Queueset: 1 Queue : buffers :	1 25	2 2 2 25	3 25		e ue-set command:	
	Switch> show m Queueset: 1 Queue : 	Ls qos qu 1	2	3	4 25	e ue-set command:	
	Switch> show m Queueset: 1 Queue : 	1 25 100	2 25 200	3 25 100	4 25 100	e ue-set command:	
	Switch> show m Queueset: 1 Queue : 	1 25 100 100	2 25 200 200	3 25 100 100	4 25 100 100	e ue-set command:	
	Switch> show mi Queueset: 1 Queue : 	Ls qos qu 1 25 100 100 50 400	2 25 200 200 200 50 400	3 25 100 100 50 400	4 25 100 100 50 400	e ue-set command:	
	Switch> show mi Queueset: 1 Queue : 	Ls qos qu 1 25 100 100 50	2 25 200 200 50	3 25 100 100 50	4 25 100 100 50	e ue-set command:	
	Switch> show mi Queueset: 1 Queue : 	Ls qos q 1 25 100 100 50 400 1 25	2 25 200 200 50 400 2 2 25	3 25 100 100 50 400 3 25	4 25 100 100 50 400 4 25	e ue-set command:	
	Switch> show mi Queueset: 1 Queue : 	La qos qu 1 25 100 100 50 400 1 25 100	2 25 200 200 50 400 2 2 25 200	3 25 100 100 50 400 3 25 100	4 25 100 100 50 400 4 25 100	e ue-set command:	
	Switch> show mi Queueset: 1 Queue : 	La qos qu 1 25 100 100 50 400 1 25 100 100 100 100	2 25 200 200 50 400 2 2 25 200 200 200	3 25 100 100 50 400 3 25 100 100	4 25 100 100 50 400 4 25 100 100	e ue-set command:	
	Switch> show mi Queueset: 1 Queue : 	La qos qu 1 25 100 100 50 400 1 25 100	2 25 200 200 50 400 2 2 25 200	3 25 100 100 50 400 3 25 100	4 25 100 100 50 400 4 25 100	e ue-set command:	

Related Commands	Command	Description
	mls qos queue-set output buffers	Allocates buffers to the queue-set.
	mls qos queue-set output threshold	Configures the weighted tail-drop (WTD) thresholds, guarantees the availability of buffers, and configures the maximum memory allocation of the queue-set.

show mls qos vlan

Use the **show mls qos vlan** user EXEC command to display the policy maps attached to a switch virtual interface (SVI).

show mls qos vlan vlan-id [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	vlan-id	Specify the VLAN ID of the SVI to display the policy maps. The range is 1 to 4094.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the expression.
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	User EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(40)EX2	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	service (QoS) is Expressions are c	the show mls qos vlan command is meaningful only when VLAN-based quality of enabled and when hierarchical policy maps are configured. case sensitive. For example, if you enter I exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> t the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.
Examples	This is an examp	le of output from the show mls qos vlan command:
	Switch> show ml Vlan10 Attached policy	s qos vlan 10 -map for Ingress:pm-test-pm-2
Related Commands	Command	Description
	policy-map	Creates or modifies a policy map that can be attached to multiple ports and enters policy-map configuration mode.

show monitor

Use the **show monitor** user EXEC command to display information about all Switched Port Analyzer (SPAN) and Remote SPAN (RSPAN) sessions on the switch. Use the command with keywords to show a specific session, all sessions, all local sessions, or all remote sessions.

show monitor [session { session_number | all | local | range list | remote } [detail]] [| {begin |
 exclude | include } expression]

Syntax Description	session	(Optional) Display information about specified SPAN sessions.
	session_number	Specify the number of the SPAN or RSPAN session. The range is 1 to 66.
	all	Display all SPAN sessions.
	local	Display only local SPAN sessions.
	range list	Display a range of SPAN sessions, where <i>list</i> is the range of valid sessions, either a single session or a range of sessions described by two numbers, the lower one first, separated by a hyphen. Do not enter any spaces between comma-separated parameters or in hyphen-specified ranges.
		Note This keyword is supported only in privileged EXEC mode.
	remote	Display only remote SPAN sessions.
	detail	(Optional) Display detailed information about the specified sessions.
	begin	Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	User EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(40)EX2	This command was introduced.

do not appear, but the lines that contain *Output* appear.The output is the same for the **show monitor** command and the **show monitor session all** command.

Examples

This is an example of output for the **show monitor** user EXEC command:

```
Switch# show monitor
Session 1
-----
Type : Local Session
Source Ports :
RX Only : Gi4/0/1
Both : Gi4/0/2-3,Gi4/0/5-6
Destination Ports : Gi4/0/10
Encapsulation : Replicate
Ingress : Disabled
```

```
Session 2
-----
Type : Remote Source Session
Source VLANs :
TX Only : 10
Both : 1-9
Dest RSPAN VLAN : 105
```

This is an example of output for the **show monitor** user EXEC command for local SPAN source session 1:

```
Switch# show monitor session 1
Session 1
------
Type : Local Session
Source Ports :
RX Only : Gi4/0/1
Both : Gi4/0/2-3,Gi4/0/5-6
Destination Ports : Gi4/0/10
Encapsulation : Replicate
Ingress : Disabled
```

This is an example of output for the **show monitor session all** user EXEC command when ingress traffic forwarding is enabled:

Switch# show monitor session all
Session 1
----Type : Local Session
Source Ports :
Both : Gi4/0/2
Destination Ports : Gi4/0/3
Encapsulation : Native
Ingress : Enabled, default VLAN = 5
Ingress encap : DOT1Q

```
Session 2
-----
Type : Local Session
Source Ports :
Both : Gi4/0/8
Destination Ports : Gi4/012
Encapsulation : Replicate
Ingress : Enabled, default VLAN = 4
Ingress encap : Untagged
```

Related Commands	Command	Description
	monitor session	Starts or modifies a SPAN or RSPAN session.

show mvr

Use the **show mvr** privileged EXEC command without keywords to display the current Multicast VLAN Registration (MVR) global parameter values, including whether or not MVR is enabled, the MVR multicast VLAN, the maximum query response time, the number of multicast groups, and the MVR mode (dynamic or compatible).

show mvr [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .	
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the expression.	
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.	
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.	
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC		
Command History	Release	Modification	
	12.2(40)EX2	This command was introduced.	
Examples	This is an example of	of output from the show mvr command:	
·	Switch# show mvr MVR Running: TRUE MVR multicast VLAN: 1 MVR Max Multicast Groups: 256 MVR Current multicast groups: 0 MVR Global query response time: 5 (tenths of sec) MVR Mode: compatible		
	MVR Global query r	cast groups: 0 response time: 5 (tenths of sec)	

Related Commands	Command	Description
	mvr (global configuration)	Enables and configures multicast VLAN registration on the switch.
	mvr (interface configuration)	Configures MVR ports.
	show mvr interface	Displays the configured MVR interfaces, status of the specified interface, or all multicast groups to which the interface belongs when the interface and members keywords are appended to the command.
	show mvr members	Displays all ports that are members of an MVR multicast group or, if there are no members, means the group is inactive.

show mvr interface

Use the **show mvr interface** privileged EXEC command without keywords to display the Multicast VLAN Registration (MVR) receiver and source ports. Use the command with keywords to display MVR parameters for a specific receiver port.

show mvr interface [interface-id [members [vlan vlan-id]]] [| {begin | exclude | include}
expression]

Syntax Description	interface-id	(Optional) Display MVR type, status, and Immediate Leave setting for the interface.	
		Valid interfaces include physical ports (including type, stack member, module, and port number.	
	members	(Optional) Display all MVR groups to which the specified interface belongs.	
	vlan vlan-id	(Optional) Display all MVR group members on this VLAN. The range is 1 to 4094.	
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .	
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .	
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.	
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.	
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC		
Command History	Release	Modification	
·····,	12.2(40)EX2	This command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines	-	identification is a non-MVR port or a source port, the command returns an error ver ports, it displays the port type, per port status, and Immediate-Leave setting.	
	If you enter the members keyword, all MVR group members on the interface appear. If you enter a VLAN ID, all MVR group members in the VLAN appear.		
	Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter l exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> do not appear, but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.		
Examples	This is an example	of output from the show mvr interface command:	
	Switch# show mvr Port Type	Status Immediate Leave	
	Gi1/0/1 SOURCE Gi1/0/2 RECEIV	ACTIVE/UP DISABLED	

In the preceding display, Status is defined as follows:

- Active means the port is part of a VLAN.
- Up/Down means that the port is forwarding/nonforwarding.
- Inactive means that the port is not yet part of any VLAN.

This is an example of output from the show mvr interface command for a specified port:

Switch# show mvr interface gigabitethernet1/0/2 Type: RECEIVER Status: ACTIVE Immediate Leave: DISABLED

This is an example of output from the show mvr interface interface-id members command:

Switch# show mvr interface gigabitethernet1/0/2 members

DYNAMIC	ACTIVE
DYNAMIC	ACTIVE
	DYNAMIC DYNAMIC DYNAMIC DYNAMIC DYNAMIC DYNAMIC DYNAMIC DYNAMIC DYNAMIC

Related Commands

Command	Description
mvr (global configuration)	Enables and configures multicast VLAN registration on the switch.
mvr (interface configuration)	Configures MVR ports.
show mvr	Displays the global MVR configuration on the switch.
show mvr members	Displays all receiver ports that are members of an MVR multicast group.

show mvr members

Use the **show mvr members** privileged EXEC command to display all receiver and source ports that are currently members of an IP multicast group.

show mvr members [ip-address] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	ip-address	source	onal) The IP multicast address. If the address is entered, all receiver and e ports that are members of the multicast group appear. If no address is ed, all members of all Multicast VLAN Registration (MVR) groups are . If a group has no members, the group is listed as Inactive.
	begin	(Opti	onal) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Opti	onal) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Opti	onal) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .
	expression	Expre	ession in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	Privileged EXE	С	
Command History	Release	Modif	lication
-	12.2(40)EX2	This	command was introduced.
Examples	do not appear, b		For example, if you enter l exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> contain <i>Output</i> appear.
	I his is an exam	ple of output fro	om the show mvr members command:
			om the show mvr members command:
	Switch# show m MVR Group IP	vr members Status	Members
	Switch# show m	wr members	
	Switch# show m MVR Group IP 239.255.0.1 239.255.0.2	vr members Status	Members
	Switch# show m MVR Group IP 239.255.0.1 239.255.0.2 239.255.0.3	NVT members Status ACTIVE INACTIVE INACTIVE	Members Gil/0/1(d), Gil/0/5(s) None None
	Switch# show m MVR Group IP 239.255.0.1 239.255.0.2 239.255.0.3 239.255.0.4	vr members Status ACTIVE INACTIVE INACTIVE INACTIVE	Members Gil/0/1(d), Gil/0/5(s) None None None
	Switch# show m MVR Group IP 239.255.0.1 239.255.0.2 239.255.0.3 239.255.0.4 239.255.0.5	vr members Status ACTIVE INACTIVE INACTIVE INACTIVE INACTIVE	Members Gil/0/1(d), Gil/0/5(s) None None None None
	Switch# show m MVR Group IP 239.255.0.1 239.255.0.2 239.255.0.3 239.255.0.4 239.255.0.5 239.255.0.6	vr members Status ACTIVE INACTIVE INACTIVE INACTIVE INACTIVE INACTIVE	Members Gil/0/1(d), Gil/0/5(s) None None None None None
	Switch# show m MVR Group IP 239.255.0.1 239.255.0.2 239.255.0.3 239.255.0.4 239.255.0.5 239.255.0.6 239.255.0.7	vr members Status ACTIVE INACTIVE INACTIVE INACTIVE INACTIVE INACTIVE INACTIVE	Members Gil/0/1(d), Gil/0/5(s) None None None None None None
	Switch# show m MVR Group IP 239.255.0.1 239.255.0.2 239.255.0.3 239.255.0.4 239.255.0.5 239.255.0.6 239.255.0.7 239.255.0.8	vr members Status ACTIVE INACTIVE INACTIVE INACTIVE INACTIVE INACTIVE INACTIVE INACTIVE	Members Gil/0/1(d), Gil/0/5(s) None None None None None None None
	Switch# show m MVR Group IP 239.255.0.1 239.255.0.2 239.255.0.3 239.255.0.4 239.255.0.5 239.255.0.6 239.255.0.7	vr members Status ACTIVE INACTIVE INACTIVE INACTIVE INACTIVE INACTIVE INACTIVE	Members Gil/0/1(d), Gil/0/5(s) None None None None None None

This is an example of output from the **show mvr members** *ip-address* command. It displays the members of the IP multicast group with that address:

```
Switch# show mvr members 239.255.0.2
239.255.003.--22 ACTIVE Gi1//1(d), Gi1/0/2(d), Gi1/0/3(d),
Gi1/0/4(d), Gi1/0/5(s)
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
mvr (global configuration)	Enables and configures multicast VLAN registration on the switch.
mvr (interface configuration)	Configures MVR ports.
show mvr	Displays the global MVR configuration on the switch.
show mvr interface	Displays the configured MVR interfaces, status of the specified interface, or all multicast groups to which the interface belongs when the members keyword is appended to the command.

show network-policy profile

Use the show network policy profile privileged EXEC command to display the network-policy profiles.

show network-policy profile [profile number] [detail] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	profile number	(Optional) Display the network-policy profile number. If no profile is entered, all network-policy profiles appear.
	detail (Optional) Display detailed status and statistics information.	
 begin (Optional) Display begins with the lin		(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC

Command History	Release	Modification
12.2(50)SE		This command was introduced.

Examples

This is an example of output from the show network-policy profile command:

```
Switch# show network-policy profile
Network Policy Profile 10
voice vlan 17 cos 4
Interface:
none
Network Policy Profile 30
voice vlan 30 cos 5
Interface:
none
Network Policy Profile 36
voice vlan 4 cos 3
Interface:
Interface_id
```

Related Commands	Command	Description
	network-policy	Applies a network-policy to an interface.
	network-policy profile (global configuration)	Creates the network-policy profile.
	network-policy profile (network-policy configuration)	Configures the attributes of network-policy profiles.

show nmsp

Use the **show nmsp** privileged EXEC command to display the Network Mobility Services Protocol (NMSP) information for the switch. This command is available only when your switch is running the cryptographic (encrypted) software image.

show nmsp {attachment suppress interface | capability | notification interval | statistics
{connection | summary} | status | subscription {detail | summary}} [| {begin | exclude |
include} expression]

Syntax Description	attachment suppress	Display attachment suppress interfaces.					
yillar Description	interface	Display attachment suppress interfaces.					
	capability	Display switch capabilities including the supported services and subservices.					
	notification interval	Display the notification intervals of the supported services.					
	statistics {connection	Display the NMSP statistics information.					
	summary }	• connection —display the message counters on each connection.					
		• summary —display the global counters.					
	status	Display information about the NMSP connections.					
	subscription {detail	Display the subscription information on each NMSP connection.					
	summary }	• detail —display all services and subservices subscribed on each connection.					
		 summary—display all services subscribed on each connection. (Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i>. (Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i>. 					
	begin						
	exclude						
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .					
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.					
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC						
Semmond History	Balance	Modification					
Command History	Release						
	12.2(50)SE	This command was introduced.					
Examples	This is an example of ou	tput from the show nmsp attachment suppress interface command:					
xamples		Switch# show nmsp attachment suppress interface NMSP Attachment Suppression Interfaces					
cxampies		ession Interfaces					

This is an example of output from the **show nmsp capability** command:

```
Switch# show nmsp capability
NMSP Switch Capability
Service Subservice
Attachment Wired Station
Location Subscription
```

This is an example of output from the show nmsp notification interval command:

This is an example of output from the **show nmsp statistics connection** and **show nmsp statistics summary** commands:

```
Switch# show nmsp statistics connection
NMSP Connection Counters
Connection 1:
  Connection status: UP
  Freed connection: 0
  Tx message count
                      Rx message count
  _____
                         ______
  Subscr Resp: 1
                        Subscr Req: 1
  Capa Notif: 1
                         Capa Notif: 1
  Atta Resp: 1
                          Atta Req: 1
  Atta Notif: 0
  Loc Resp: 1
                          Loc Req: 1
  Loc Notif: 0
Unsupported msg: 0
Switch# show nmsp statistics summary
NMSP Global Counters
_____
 Send too big msg: 0
 Failed socket write: 0
 Partial socket write: 0
 Socket write would block: 0
 Failed socket read: 0
 Socket read would block: 0
 Transmit O full: 0
 Max Location Notify Msg: 0
 Max Attachment Notify Msg: 0
Max Tx Q Size: 0
```

This is an example of output from the **show nmsp status** command:

```
Switch# show nmsp status

NMSP Status

------

NMSP: enabled

MSE IP Address TxEchoResp RxEchoReq TxData RxData

172.19.35.109 5 5 4 4
```

This is an example of output from the **show nmsp show subscription detail** and the **show nmsp show subscription summary** commands:

Related Commands

Command	Description
clear nmsp statistics	Clears the NMSP statistic counters.
nmsp	Enables Network Mobility Services Protocol (NMSP) on the switch.

show pagp

Use the **show pagp** user EXEC command to display Port Aggregation Protocol (PAgP) channel-group information.

show pagp [channel-group-number] {counters | dual-active | internal | neighbor } [| {begin |
 exclude | include } expression]]

Syntax Description	channel-group-number	(Optional) Number of the channel group. The range is 1 to 64.
	counters	Display traffic information.
	dual-active	Display the dual-active status.
	internal	Display internal information.
	neighbor	Display neighbor information.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.

Command Modes User EXEC

Command History	Release	Modification	
12.2(40)EX2		This command was introduced.	
12.2(46)SE		The dual-active keyword was added.	

Usage Guidelines You can enter any **show pagp** command to display the active channel-group information. To display the nonactive information, enter the **show pagp** command with a channel-group number.

Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter | exclude output, the lines that contain *output* do not appear, but the lines that contain *Output* are appear.

Examples

This is an example of output from the **show pagp 1 counters** command:

Switch>	show	pagp	1 counters		
		Infor	mation	Flı	ısh
Port		Sent	Recv	Sent	Recv
Channel	grou	p: 1			
Gi1/0/	/1	45	42	0	0
Gi1/0/	/2	45	41	0	0

This is an example of output from the **show pagp 1 internal** command:

Switch>	Switch> show pagp 1 internal							
Flags:	S - Der	vice is se	nding Slo	w hello.	C - Dev	ice is in	Consistent	state.
	A - Der	vice is in	Auto mod	le.				
Timers:	H - He	lo timer	is runnin	.g.	Q - Qui	t timer is	running.	
	S - Swa	tching ti	mer is ru	nning.	I - Inte	erface tim	er is run	ning.
Channel	group 2	-						
				Hello	Partner	PAgP	Learning	Group
Port	Fla	igs State	Timers	Interval	Count	Priority	Method	Ifindex
Gi1/0/1	SC	U6/S7	Н	30s	1	128	Any	16
Gi1/0/2	SC	U6/S7	Н	30s	1	128	Any	16

This is an example of output from the **show pagp 1 neighbor** command:

Switch> show pagp 1 neighbor

Flags:	S - Device is sending Slow hello.	C - Device is in Consistent state.
	A - Device is in Auto mode.	P - Device learns on physical port.

Channel group 1 neighbors						
	Partner	Partner	Partner		Partner	Group
Port	Name	Device ID	Port	Age	Flags	Cap.
Gi1/0/1	switch-p2	0002.4b29.4600	Gi01//1	9s	SC	10001
Gi1/0/2	switch-p2	0002.4b29.4600	Gi1/0/2	24s	SC	10001

This is an example of output from the show pagp dual-active command:

Switch> show pagp dual-active PAgP dual-active detection enabled: Yes PAgP dual-active version: 1.1

Channel group 1							
	Dual-Active	Partner	Partner	Partner			
Port	Detect Capable	Name	Port	Version			
Gi1/0/1	No	Switch	Gi3/0/3	N/A			
Gi1/0/2	No	Switch	Gi3/0/4	N/A			

<output truncated>

```
Related Commands
                     Command
                                                   Description
                    clear pagp
                                                   Clears PAgP channel-group information.
```

show parser macro

Use the **show parser macro** user EXEC command to display the parameters for all configured macros or for one macro on the switch.

Syntax Description	brief	(Optional) Display the name of each macro.			
	description [interface interface-id]	(Optional) Display all macro descriptions or the description of a specific interface.			
	name macro-name	(Optional) Display information about a single macro identified by the macro name.			
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .			
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .			
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.			
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.			
Command Modes	User EXEC	Madification			
Command History	Release 12.2(40)EX2	Modification This command was introduced.			
Examples	This is a partial output ex	these that contain <i>Output</i> appear. Example from the show parser macro command. The output for the Cisco-default g on the switch platform and the software image running on the switch:			
	Switch# show parser macro Total number of macros = 6				
	Macro name : cisco-global Macro type : default global # Enable dynamic port error recovery for link state # failures errdisable recovery cause link-flap errdisable recovery interval 60				
	<output truncated=""></output>				
	Macro name : cisco-de Macro type : default : # macro keywords \$AVII # Basic interface - En	interface D			

Recommended value for access vlan (AVID) should not be 1 switchport access vlan \$AVID switchport mode access <output truncated> _____ Macro name : cisco-phone Macro type : default interface # Cisco IP phone + desktop template # macro keywords \$AVID \$VVID # VoIP enabled interface - Enable data VLAN # and voice VLAN (VVID) # Recommended value for access vlan (AVID) should not be 1 switchport access vlan \$AVID switchport mode access <output truncated> _____ Macro name : cisco-switch Macro type : default interface # macro keywords \$NVID # Access Uplink to Distribution # Do not apply to EtherChannel/Port Group # Define unique Native VLAN on trunk ports # Recommended value for native vlan (NVID) should not be 1 switchport trunk native vlan \$NVID <output truncated> _____ Macro name : cisco-router Macro type : default interface # macro keywords \$NVID # Access Uplink to Distribution # Define unique Native VLAN on trunk ports # Recommended value for native vlan (NVID) should not be 1 switchport trunk native vlan \$NVID <output truncated> _____ Macro name : snmp Macro type : customizable #enable port security, linkup, and linkdown traps snmp-server enable traps port-security snmp-server enable traps linkup snmp-server enable traps linkdown #set snmp-server host snmp-server host ADDRESS #set SNMP trap notifications precedence snmp-server ip precedence VALUE

This is an example of output from the show parser macro name command:

```
Switch# show parser macro name standard-switch10
Macro name : standard-switch10
Macro type : customizable
macro description standard-switch10
# Trust QoS settings on VOIP packets
auto qos voip trust
# Allow port channels to be automatically formed
channel-protocol pagp
```

This is an example of output from the show parser macro brief command:

```
Switch# show parser macro brief
default global : cisco-global
default interface: cisco-desktop
default interface: cisco-phone
default interface: cisco-switch
default interface: cisco-router
customizable : snmp
```

This is an example of output from the show parser description command:

```
Switch# show parser macro description

Global Macro(s): cisco-global

Interface Macro Description(s)

------

Gil/0/1 standard-switch10

Gil/0/2 this is test macro
```

This is an example of output from the show parser description interface command:

Switch# show parser macro description interface gigabitethernet1/0/2 Interface Macro Description Gil/0/2 this is test macro

Related	Commands
---------	----------

Command	Description	
macro apply	Applies a macro on an interface or applies and traces a macro on an interface.	
macro description	Adds a description about the macros that are applied to an interface.	
macro global	Applies a macro on a switch or applies and traces a macro on a switch.	
macro global description	Adds a description about the macros that are applied to the switch.	
macro name	Creates a macro.	
show running-config	Displays the operating configuration. For syntax information, use this link to the Cisco IOS Release 12.2 Command Reference listing page: http://www.cisco.com/en/US/products/sw/iosswrel/ps1835/prod_command_ reference_list.html Select the Cisco IOS Commands Master List, Release 12.2 to navigate to the command.	

show policy-map

Use the **show policy-map** user EXEC command to display quality of service (QoS) policy maps, which define classification criteria for incoming traffic. Policy maps can include policers that specify the bandwidth limitations and the action to take if the limits are exceeded.

show policy-map [policy-map-name [class class-map-name]] [| {begin | exclude | include}
expression]

Syntax Description	policy-map-name	(Optional) Display the specified policy-map name.
	class class-map-name	(Optional) Display QoS policy actions for a individual class.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Note		nmand-line help string, the control-plane and interface keywords are not ics shown in the display should be ignored.
Command Modes	User EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(40)EX2	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	Expressions are case sense do not appear, but the lin	sitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> es that contain <i>Output</i> appear.
Examples	This is an example of our	tput from the show policy-map command:

Related Commands Command		Description	
	policy-map	Creates or modifies a policy map that can be attached to multiple ports to specify a service policy.	

show port-security

Use the **show port-security** privileged EXEC command to display port-security settings for an interface or for the switch.

show port-security [interface interface-id] [address | vlan] [| {begin | exclude | include}
expression]

Syntax Description	interface interface-id	(Optional) Display port security settings for the specified interface. Valid interfaces include physical ports (including type, stack member, module, and port number).
	address	(Optional) Display all secure MAC addresses on all ports or a specified port.
	vlan	(Optional) Display port security settings for all VLANs on the specified interface. This keyword is visible only on interfaces that have the switchport mode set to trunk .
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(40)EX2	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines

If you enter the command without keywords, the output includes the administrative and operational status of all secure ports on the switch.

If you enter an *interface-id*, the command displays port security settings for the interface.

If you enter the **address** keyword, the command displays the secure MAC addresses for all interfaces and the aging information for each secure address.

If you enter an *interface-id* and the **address** keyword, the command displays all the MAC addresses for the interface with aging information for each secure address. You can also use this command to display all the MAC addresses for an interface even if you have not enabled port security on it.

If you enter the **vlan** keyword, the command displays the configured maximum and the current number of secure MAC addresses for all VLANs on the interface. This option is visible only on interfaces that have the switchport mode set to **trunk**.

Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter | exclude output, the lines that contain *output* do not appear, but the lines that contain *Output* appear.

Examples

This is an example of the output from the **show port-security** command:

Switch# show port-security

Secure Port	MaxSecureAddr (Count)	CurrentAddr (Count)	SecurityViolatio (Count)	n Security Action
Gi1/0/1	1	0	0	Shutdown
Total Addresse	s in System (excl	uding one mac	per port) :	1

Max Addresses limit in System (excluding one mac per port) : 6272

This is an example of output from the show port-security interface interface-id command:

Switch# show port-security interface gigabitethernet1/0/1

```
Port Security : Enabled
Port status : SecureUp
Violation mode : Shutdown
Maximum MAC Addresses : 1
Total MAC Addresses : 0
Configured MAC Addresses : 0
Aging time : 0 mins
Aging type : Absolute
SecureStatic address aging : Disabled
Security Violation count : 0
```

This is an example of output from the **show port-security address** command:

Switch# show port-security address

Secure Mac Address Table

Vlan	Mac Address	Туре	Ports	Remaining Age (mins)
1	0006.0700.0800	SecureConfigured	Gi1/0/2	1
Total	Addresses in System	(excluding one mac	per port) : 1

Max Addresses limit in System (excluding one mac per port) : 6272

This is an example of output from the **show port-security interface gigabitethernet1/0/2 address** command:

Switch# show port-security interface gigabitethernet1/0/2 address Secure Mac Address Table

 Vlan	Mac Address	Туре	Ports	Remaining Age (mins)
1	0006.0700.0800	SecureConfigured	Gi1/0/2	1
Total A	.ddresses: 1			

This is an example of output from the show port-security interface interface-id vlan command:

Switch# show port-security interface gigabitethernet1/0/2 vlan Default maximum:not set, using 5120

VLAN	Maximum	Current	
5	default		1
10	default		54

± 0	actuate	51
11	default	101
12	default	101
13	default	201
14	default	501

Related Commands	Command	Description
	clear port-security	Deletes from the MAC address table a specific type of secure address or all the secure addresses on the switch or an interface.
	switchport port-security	Enables port security on a port, restricts the use of the port to a user-defined group of stations, and configures secure MAC addresses.

show sdm prefer

Use the **show sdm prefer** privileged EXEC command to display information about the Switch Database Management (SDM) templates that can be used to maximize used for allocating system resources for a particular feature, or use the command without a keyword to display the template in use.

show sdm prefer [access | default | dual-ipv4-and-ipv6 {default | routing | vlan} | routing | vlan]
[| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	access	(Optional) Display the template that maximizes system resources for ACLs.
	default	(Optional) Display the template that balances system resources among features.
	dual-ipv4-and-ipv6	(Optional) Display the dual templates that support both IPv4 and IPv6.
	{default routing vlan)	• default —Display the default dual template configuration.
	vian)	• routing —Display the routing dual template configuration.
		• vlan—Display the VLAN dual template configuration.
	routing	(Optional) Display the template that maximizes system resources for routing.
	vlan	(Optional) Display the template that maximizes system resources for Layer 2 VLANs.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(40)EX2	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	reload the switch for the you enter the reload p currently in use and the	SDM template by using the sdm prefer global configuration command, you must he configuration to take effect. If you enter the show sdm prefer command before rivileged EXEC command, the show sdm prefer command shows the template template that will become active after a reload.
		d for each template represent an approximate maximum number for each feature umber might vary, depending on the actual number of other features configured.

Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter | **exclude output**, the lines that contain *output* do not appear, but the lines that contain *Output* appear.

Examples

This is an example of output from the **show sdm prefer** command, which displays the template in use:

```
Switch# show sdm prefer
```

```
"default" template:
The selected template optimizes the resources in
the switch to support this level of features for
8 routed interfaces and 1024 VLANS.
number of unicast mac addresses: 12K
number of igmp groups + multicast routes: 1K
number of unicast routes: 0
number of qos aces: 0.5K
number of security aces: 1K
```

This is an example of output from the show sdm prefer command:

Switch# show sdm prefer

```
The current template is "desktop default" template.
The selected template optimizes the resources in
the switch to support this level of features for
8 routed interfaces and 1024 VLANS.
number of unicast mac addresses: 6K
```

number of igmp groups + multicast routes:	1K
number of unicast routes:	8K
number of directly connected hosts:	бK
number of indirect routes:	2K
number of policy based routing aces:	0
number of qos aces:	0.5K
number of security aces:	1K

This is an example of output from the show sdm prefer routing command:

Switch# show sdm prefer routing

```
"desktop routing" template:
The selected template optimizes the resources in
the switch to support this level of features for
8 routed interfaces and 1024 VLANs.
```

number of unicast mac addresses:	3 K
number of igmp groups + multicast routes:	1K
number of unicast routes:	11K
number of directly connected hosts:	3 K
number of indirect routes:	8K
number of policy based routing aces:	0.5K
number of qos aces:	0.5K
number of security aces:	1K

This is an example of output from the show sdm prefer dual-ipv4-and-ipv6 vlan command:

Switch# show sdm prefer dual-ipv4-and-ipv6 vlan The current template is "desktop IPv4 and IPv6 vlan" template. The selected template optimizes the resources in the switch to support this level of features for 8 routed interfaces and 1024 VLANS.

number of	unicast mac addresses:	8K
number of	IPv4 IGMP groups:	1K
number of	IPv4 multicast routes:	0
number of	IPv4 unicast routes:	0
number of	IPv6 multicast groups:	1K
number of	directly-connected IPv6 addresses:	0
number of	indirect IPv6 unicast routes:	0
number of	IPv4 policy based routing aces:	0
number of	IPv4/MAC qos aces:	0.5K
number of	IPv4/MAC security aces:	1K
number of	IPv6 policy based routing aces:	0
number of	IPv6 qos aces:	0.5K
number of	IPv6 security aces:	0.5K

This is an example of output from the show sdm prefer vlan command:

Switch# show sdm prefer vlan

"desktop vlan" template: The selected template optimizes the resources in the switch to support this level of features for 8 routed interfaces and 1024 VLANS. number of unicast mac addresses: 12K

number	of	IPv4 IGMP groups:	1K
number	of	IPv4 multicast routes:	0
number	of	IPv4 unicast routes:	0
number	of	IPv4 policy based routing aces:	0
number	of	IPv4/MAC qos aces:	0.5K
number	of	IPv4/MAC security aces:	1K

This is an example of output from the **show sdm prefer** command when you have configured a new template but have not reloaded the switch:

Switch# show sdm prefer

The current template is "desktop routing" template. The selected template optimizes the resources in the switch to support this level of features for 8 routed interfaces and 1024 VLANS. number of unicast mac addresses: 3K number of igmn groups - multicast routes: 1K

number of igmp groups + multicast routes:	1K
number of unicast routes:	11K
number of directly connected hosts:	3K
number of indirect routes:	8K
number of qos aces:	0.5K
number of security aces:	1K

On next reload, template will be "desktop vlan" template.

Related Commands	Command	Description
	sdm prefer	Sets the SDM template to maximize resources for routing or VLANs or to the default template, to select a dual IPv4 and IPv6 template, or to select the desktop templates.

show setup express

Use the **show setup express** privileged EXEC command to display if Express Setup mode is active on the switch.

show setup express [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the expression.
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Defaults	No default is defi	ned.
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(40)EX2	This command was introduced.
Examples	This is an example	le of output from the show setup express co mmand:
	Switch# show se express setup m	
Related Commands	Command	Description
	setup express	Enables Express Setup mode.

show spanning-tree

Use the **show spanning-tree** user EXEC command to display spanning-tree state information.

- show spanning-tree [bridge-group | active [detail] | backbonefast | blockedports | bridge | detail
 [active] | inconsistentports | interface interface-id | mst | pathcost method | root | summary
 [totals] | uplinkfast | vlan vlan-id] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]
- show spanning-tree bridge-group [active [detail] | blockedports | bridge | detail [active] |
 inconsistentports | interface interface-id | root | summary] [| {begin | exclude | include}
 expression]
- show spanning-tree vlan vlan-id [active [detail] | blockedports | bridge | detail [active] |
 inconsistentports | interface interface-id | root | summary] [| {begin | exclude | include}
 expression]
- show spanning-tree {vlan vlan-id | bridge-group} bridge [address | detail | forward-time | hello-time | id | max-age | priority [system-id] | protocol] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]
- show spanning-tree {vlan vlan-id | bridge-group} root [address | cost | detail | forward-time | hello-time | id | max-age | port | priority [system-id] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]
- show spanning-tree interface interface-id [active [detail] | cost | detail [active] | inconsistency |
 portfast | priority | rootcost | state] [| { begin | exclude | include } expression]
- show spanning-tree mst [configuration [digest]] | [instance-id [detail | interface interface-id
 [detail]] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	bridge-group	(Optional) Specify the bridge group number. The range is 1 to 255.
	active [detail]	(Optional) Display spanning-tree information only on active interfaces (available only in privileged EXEC mode).
	backbonefast	(Optional) Display spanning-tree BackboneFast status.
	blockedports	(Optional) Display blocked port information (available only in privileged EXEC mode).
	bridge [address detail forward-time hello-time id max-age priority [system-id] protocol]	(Optional) Display status and configuration of this switch (optional keywords available only in privileged EXEC mode).
	detail [active]	(Optional) Display a detailed summary of interface information (active keyword available only in privileged EXEC mode).
	inconsistentports	(Optional) Display inconsistent port information (available only in privileged EXEC mode).
	interface interface-id [active [detail] cost detail [active] inconsistency portfast priority rootcost state]	(Optional) Display spanning-tree information for the specified interface (all options except portfast and state available only in privileged EXEC mode). Enter each interface separated by a space. Ranges are not supported. Valid interfaces include physical ports, VLANs, and port channels. The VLAN range is 1 to 4094. The port-channel range is 1 to 48.

mst [configuration [digest]] [instance-id	(Optional) Display the multiple spanning-tree (MST) region configuration and status (available only in privileged EXEC mode).	
[detail interface	The keywords have these meanings:	
interface-id [detail]]	• digest —(Optional) Display the MD5 digest included in the current MST configuration identifier (MSTCI). Two separate digests, one for standard and one for prestandard switches, appear (available only in privileged EXEC mode).	
	The terminology was updated for the implementation of the IEEE standard, and the <i>txholdcount</i> field was added.	
	The new master role appears for boundary ports.	
	The word <i>pre-standard</i> or <i>Pre-STD</i> appears when an IEEE standard bridge sends prestandard BPDUs on a port.	
	The word <i>pre-standard</i> (<i>config</i>) or <i>Pre-STD-Cf</i> appears when a port has been configured to transmit prestandard BPDUs and no prestandard BPDU has been received on that port.	
	The word <i>pre-standard</i> (<i>rcvd</i>) or <i>Pre-STD-Rx</i> appears when a prestandard BPDU has been received on a port that has not been configured to transmit prestandard BPDUs.	
	A <i>dispute</i> flag appears when a designated port receives inferior designated information until the port returns to the forwarding state or ceases to be designated.	
	• <i>instance-id</i> —You can specify a single instance ID, a range of IDs separated by a hyphen, or a series of IDs separated by a comma. The range is 1 to 4094. The display shows the number of currently configured instances.	
	• interface <i>interface-id</i> —(Optional) Valid interfaces include physical ports, VLANs, and port channels. The VLAN range is 1 to 4094. The port-channel range is 1 to 64.	
	• detail —(Optional) Display detailed information for the instance or interface.	
pathcost method	(Optional) Display the default path cost method (available only in privileged EXEC mode).	
root [address cost detail forward-time hello-time id max-age port priority [system-id]]		
summary [totals]	(Optional) Display a summary of port states or the total lines of the spanning-tree state section. The words <i>IEEE Standard</i> identify the MST version running on a switch.	
uplinkfast	(Optional) Display spanning-tree UplinkFast status.	
vlan vlan-id [active [detail] backbonefast blockedports bridge [address detail forward-time hello-time id max-age priority [system-id] protocol]	 (Optional) Display spanning-tree information for the specified VLAN (some keywords available only in privileged EXEC mode). You can specify a single VLAN identified by VLAN ID number, a range of VLANs separated by a hyphen, or a series of VLANs separated by a comma. The range is 1 to 4094. 	

	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .	
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .	
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .	
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.	
Command Modes	User EXEC		
Command History	Release	Modification	
	12.2(40)EX2	This command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines	If the <i>vlan-id</i> variat	ble is omitted, the command applies to the spanning-tree instance for all VLANs.	
	1	e sensitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> he lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.	
Examples	This is an example	of output from the show spanning-tree active command:	
	Root ID Prio Addr Cost Port	nabled protocol ieee rity 32768 ess 0001.42e2.cdd0 3038	
		ess 0003.fd63.9580 o Time 2 sec Max Age 20 sec Forward Delay 15 sec g Time 300	
		Role Sts Cost Prio.Nbr Type	
	Gi2/0/1 <output td="" truncated<=""><td>Root FWD 3019 128.24 P2p</td></output>	Root FWD 3019 128.24 P2p	
	This is an example of output from the show spanning-tree detail command:		
	Bridge Identifi Configured hell Current root ha Root port is 24 Topology change Number of topol Times: hold 1, hello 2	ting the ieee compatible Spanning Tree protocol er has priority 49152, sysid 1, address 0003.fd63.9580 o time 2, max age 20, forward delay 15 s priority 32768, address 0001.42e2.cdd0 (GigabitEthernet2/0/1), cost of root path is 3038 flag not set, detected flag not set ogy changes 0 last change occurred 1d16h ago topology change 35, notification 2 , max age 20, forward delay 15 , topology change 0, notification 0, aging 300	

```
Port 1 (GigabitEthernet2/0/1) of VLAN0001 is forwarding
Port path cost 3019, Port priority 128, Port Identifier 128.24.
Designated root has priority 32768, address 0001.42e2.cdd0
Designated bridge has priority 32768, address 00d0.bbf5.c680
Designated port id is 128.25, designated path cost 19
Timers: message age 2, forward delay 0, hold 0
Number of transitions to forwarding state: 1
Link type is point-to-point by default
BPDU: sent 0, received 72364
<output truncated>
```

This is an example of output from the **show spanning-tree interface** interface-id command:

	Role Sts Cost	Prio.1	Nbr Type		
VLAN0001	Root FWD 3019	128.24	1 P2p		
Switch# show spa	nning-tree summa	ary			
Switch is in pvs	t mode				
Root bridge for:	none				
EtherChannel mis		lard is ena	abled		
Extended system					
	is disabled	-			
PortFast BPDU Gu		-			
Portfast BPDU Fi					
Loopguard	is disabled	d by defau	lt		
opiinnasc	IS enabled				
BackboneFast					
Pathcost method	used is short				
Name	Blocking	-	-	g Forwarding	
 VLAN0001	1	0	0	11	12
VLAN0002	3	0	0	1	4
VLAN0004	3	0	0	1	4
VLAN0006	3	0	0	1	4
VLAN0031	3	0	0	1	4
VLAN0032	3	0	0	1	4
<output td="" truncate<=""><td>d></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></output>	d>				
 37 vlans	109	0	0	 47	156
Station update r				± /	150
boardin apaaroo 1	200 500 00 100 F	<i>achecob</i> , <i>b</i> c			
	stics				
UplinkFast stati:					
UplinkFast stati:					-
Number of transi					
Number of transi Number of proxy n	multicast addres				
Number of transi Number of proxy n BackboneFast sta	multicast addres tistics				
Number of transi Number of proxy n BackboneFast sta	multicast addres tistics 	sses trans	nitted (a	all VLANs) :	0
Number of transi Number of proxy n BackboneFast sta Number of transi	multicast addres tistics tion via backbor	sses trans neFast (al:	nitted (a L VLANs)	all VLANs) : :	0
Number of transi Number of proxy n BackboneFast sta Number of transi Number of inferio	multicast addres tistics tion via backbor or BPDUs receive	sses trans neFast (al ed (all VL2	nitted (a L VLANs) ANS)	all VLANs) : : :	0 0 0
Number of transi Number of proxy n BackboneFast sta Number of transi Number of inferio Number of RLQ rea	multicast addres tistics tion via backbor or BPDUs receive quest PDUs recei	sses trans neFast (al ed (all VL2 ived (all V	nitted (a l VLANs) NS) /LANs)	all VLANs) : : : :	0 0 0 0
Number of transi Number of proxy n BackboneFast sta Number of transi Number of inferio Number of RLQ rea Number of RLQ rea	multicast addres tistics tion via backbor or BPDUs receive quest PDUs recei sponse PDUs rece	neFast (all ed (all VL/ ived (all V eived (all	nitted (a L VLANS) ANS) /LANS) VLANS)	all VLANs) : : : : :	0 0 0 0 0
Number of transi Number of proxy n BackboneFast sta Number of transi Number of inferio Number of RLQ rea	multicast addres tistics tion via backbor or BPDUs receive quest PDUs recei sponse PDUs rece quest PDUs sent	neFast (al: ed (all VL/ ived (all V eived (all (all VLAN:	nitted (a L VLANS) ANS) /LANS) VLANS) S)	all VLANs) : : : : : : : : : :	0 0 0 0

This is an example of output from the **show spanning-tree mst configuration** command:

 Switch#
 show spanning-tree mst configuration

 Name
 [region1]

 Revision
 1

 Instance
 Vlans Mapped

 ----- 0

 1-9,21-4094

 1
 10-20

This is an example of output from the **show spanning-tree mst interface** interface-id command:

```
Switch# show spanning-tree mst interface gigabitethernet2/0/1

GigabitEthernet2/0/1 of MST00 is root forwarding

Edge port: no (default) port guard : none (default)

Link type: point-to-point (auto) bpdu filter: disable (default)

Boundary : boundary (STP) bpdu guard : disable (default)

Bpdus sent 5, received 74

Instance role state cost prio vlans mapped

0 root FWD 20000 128 1,12,14-4094
```

This is an example of output from the **show spanning-tree mst 0** command:

Switch# show spanning-tree mst 0 ###### MST00 vlans mapped: 1-9,21-4094 Bridge address 0002.4b29.7a00 priority 32768 (32768 sysid 0) Root address 0001.4297.e000 priority 32768 (32768 sysid 0) port Gi1/0/1 path cost 200038 IST master *this switch Operational hello time 2, forward delay 15, max age 20, max hops 20 Configured hello time 2, forward delay 15, max age 20, max hops 20 Interface prio type role state cost _____ _____ _____ GigabitEthernet2/0/1 root FWD 200000 128 P2P bound(STP) GigabitEthernet2/0/2 desg FWD 200000 128 P2P bound(STP) Port-channel1 desg FWD 200000 128 P2P bound(STP)

Related Commands Co

Command	Description
clear spanning-tree counters	Clears the spanning-tree counters.
clear spanning-tree detected-protocols	Restarts the protocol migration process.
spanning-tree backbonefast	Enables the BackboneFast feature.
spanning-tree bpdufilter	Prevents an interface from sending or receiving bridge protocol data units (BPDUs).
spanning-tree bpduguard	Puts an interface in the error-disabled state when it receives a BPDU.
spanning-tree cost	Sets the path cost for spanning-tree calculations.
spanning-tree extend system-id	Enables the extended system ID feature.
spanning-tree guard	Enables the root guard or the loop guard feature for all the VLANs associated with the selected interface.
spanning-tree link-type	Overrides the default link-type setting for rapid spanning-tree transitions to the forwarding state.
spanning-tree loopguard default	Prevents alternate or root ports from becoming the designated port because of a failure that leads to a unidirectional link.
spanning-tree mst configuration	Enters multiple spanning-tree (MST) configuration mode through which the MST region configuration occurs.
spanning-tree mst cost	Sets the path cost for MST calculations.
spanning-tree mst forward-time	Sets the forward-delay time for all MST instances.
spanning-tree mst hello-time	Sets the interval between hello BPDUs sent by root switch configuration messages.
spanning-tree mst max-age	Sets the interval between messages that the spanning tree receives from the root switch.
spanning-tree mst max-hops	Sets the number of hops in an MST region before the BPDU is discarded and the information held for an interface is aged.
spanning-tree mst port-priority	Configures an interface priority.
spanning-tree mst priority	Configures the switch priority for the specified spanning-tree instance.
spanning-tree mst root	Configures the MST root switch priority and timers based on the network diameter.
spanning-tree port-priority	Configures an interface priority.
spanning-tree portfast (global configuration)	Globally enables the BPDU filtering or the BPDU guard feature on Port Fast-enabled interfaces or enables the Port Fast feature on all nontrunking interfaces.
spanning-tree portfast (interface configuration)	Enables the Port Fast feature on an interface and all its associated VLANs.
spanning-tree uplinkfast	Accelerates the choice of a new root port when a link or
	switch fails or when the spanning tree reconfigures itself.

show storm-control

Use the **show storm-control** user EXEC command to display broadcast, multicast, or unicast storm control settings on the switch or on the specified interface or to display storm-control history.

show storm-control [interface-id] [broadcast | multicast | unicast] [| {begin | exclude | include}
expression]

interface-id	(Optional) Interface ID for the physical port (including type, stack member, module, and port number).
broadcast	(Optional) Display broadcast storm threshold setting.
multicast	(Optional) Display multicast storm threshold setting.
unicast	(Optional) Display unicast storm threshold setting.
begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .
expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
	broadcast multicast unicast begin exclude include

Command Modes User EXEC

Command History Release		Modification
	12.2(40)EX2	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines When you enter an *interface-id*, the storm control thresholds appear for the specified interface.

If you do not enter an *interface-id*, settings appear for one traffic type for all ports on the switch.

If you do not enter a traffic type, settings appear for broadcast storm control.

Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter | exclude output, the lines that contain *output* do not appear, but the lines that contain *Output* appear.

Examples

This is an example of a partial output from the **show storm-control** command when no keywords are entered. Because no traffic-type keyword was entered, the broadcast storm control settings appear.

Switch> show storm-control

Interface	Filter State	Upper	Lower	Current
Gi1/0/1	Forwarding	20 pps	10 pps	5 pps
Gi1/0/2	Forwarding	50.00%	40.00%	0.00%
<output td="" tr<=""><td>runcated></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></output>	runcated>			

This is an example of output from the **show storm-control** command for a specified interface. Because no traffic-type keyword was entered, the broadcast storm control settings appear.

Switch> show	storm-control	gigabitether	rnet 1/0/1		
Interface	Filter State	Upper	Lower	Current	
Gi1/0/1	Forwarding	20 pps	10 pps	5 pps	

Table 2-33 describes the fields in the **show storm-control** display.

Table 2-33show storm-control Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Interface	Displays the ID of the interface.
Filter State	Displays the status of the filter:
	• Blocking—Storm control is enabled, and a storm has occurred.
	• Forwarding—Storm control is enabled, and no storms have occurred.
	• Inactive—Storm control is disabled.
Upper	Displays the rising suppression level as a percentage of total available bandwidth in packets per second or in bits per second.
Lower Displays the falling suppression level as a percentage of total ava bandwidth in packets per second or in bits per second.	
Current	Displays the bandwidth usage of broadcast traffic or the specified traffic type (broadcast, multicast, or unicast) as a percentage of total available bandwidth. This field is only valid when storm control is enabled.

Related Commands

Command	Description
storm-control	Sets the broadcast, multicast, or unicast storm control levels for the switch.

show switch

Use the **show switch** user EXEC command to display information related to the stack member or the switch stack.



This command is supported only on the Catalyst Switch Module 3110.

Syntax Description	stack-member-number	(Optional) Display information for the specified stack member. The range is 1 to 9.
	chassis-mgmt	(Optional) Display information about the enclosures in which the stack members are installed.
	detail	(Optional) Display detailed information about the stack ring.
	neighbors	(Optional) Display the neighbors for the entire switch stack.
	stack-ports [summary]	(Optional) Display port information for the entire switch stack. Use the summary keyword to display the stack cable length, the stack link status, and the loopback status.
	stack-ring activity [detail]	(Optional) Display the number of frames per stack member that are sent to the stack ring. Use the detail keyword to display the ASIC, the receive queues, and the number of frames per stack member that are sent to the stack ring.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.

Command Modes User EXEC

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(40)EX2	This command was introduced.
	12.2(50)SE	The display was expanded to include stack cable, link, and loopback information. The stack ports [summary] keywords were added.

Usage Guidelines

Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter | **exclude output**, the lines that contain *output* do not appear, but the lines that contain *Output* appear.

This command displays these states:

• Waiting—A switch is booting up and waiting for communication from other switches in the stack. The switch has not yet determined whether or not it is a stack master.

Stack members not participating in a stack master election remain in the waiting state until the stack master is elected and ready.

- Initializing—A switch has determined whether its stack master status. If it is not the stack master, it is receiving its system- and interface-level configuration from the stack master and loading it.
- Ready—The member has completed loading the system- and interface-level configurations and can forward traffic.
- Master Re-Init—The state immediately after a master re-election and a different member is elected master. The new master is re-initializing its configuration. This state applies only to the new master.
- Ver Mismatch—A switch in version mismatch mode. Version-mismatch mode is when a switch joining the stack has a different stack protocol minor version number than the master.
- SDM Mismatch—A switch in Switch Database Management (SDM) mismatch mode. SDM mismatch is when a member does not support the SDM template running on the master.
- Provisioned—The state of a preconfigured switch before it becomes an active member of a switch stack, or the state of a stack member after it has left the switch stack. The MAC address and the priority number in the display are always 0 for the provisioned switch.

A typical state transition for a stack member (including a stack master) booting up is Waiting -> Initializing -> Ready.

A typical state transition for a stack member becoming a stack master after a stack master election is Ready -> Master Re-Init -> Ready.

A typical state transition for a stack member in version mismatch (VM) mode is Waiting -> Ver Mismatch.

You can use the **show switch** command to identify whether the provisioned switch exists in the switch stack. The **show running-config** and the **show startup-config** privileged EXEC commands do not provide this information.

The display also includes stack MAC-persistency wait-time if persistent MAC address is enabled.

Examples

This example shows how to display summary information about a switch stack:

	Switch> show switch Switch/Stack Mac Address : 001b.540c.5d00					
Switch#	Role	Mac Address	Priority	H/W Version	Current State	
*1 2		001b.540c.5d00 0016.46ff.df00	10 1	1 1	Ready Ready	

This example shows output from the **show switch chassis-mgmt** command:

 Switch#
 Role
 Slot#
 Chassis ID

 *1
 Master
 4
 BEEF 1234 5678 9900 6969 6969 0123 DEAD

 2
 Member
 4
 BEEB 9876 5432 1099 4646 3318 1221 BEEB

This example shows detailed stack information:

Switch/S	tack Mac	tch detail Address : 0013 wait time: 4 mi)	
-	-	Mac Address	Priority	H/W Versior	
*1	Master (0013.c4db.7e00	1	0	Ready
2	Member (0000.000.0000	0	0	Provisioned
6	Member (0003.e31a.1e00	1	0	Ready
Switch#		ort Status Port 2		eighbors 1 Pc	
1	Ok	Down	6	No	one
6	Down	Ok	None	Э	1

This example shows the member 6 summary information:

Switch>	show switc	h 6		
Switch#	Role	Mac Address	Priority	Current State
6	Member	0003.e31a.1e00	1	Ready

This example shows the neighbor information for a stack:

Switch> show switch neighbors

Switch #	Port A	Port B
6	None	8
8	6	None

This example shows stack-port information:

Switch> show	switch sta	ck-ports
Switch #	Port A	Port B
6	Down	Ok
8	Ok	Down

Table 2-34 shows the output for the show switch stack-ports summary command.

Switch> show switch stack-ports summary								
Switch#/	Stack	Neighbor	Cable	Link	Link	Sync	#	In
Port#	Port		Length	OK	Active	OK	Changes	Loopback
	Status						To LinkOK	
1/1	Down	2	50 cm	No	NO	No	10	No
1/2	Ok	3	1 m	Yes	Yes	Yes	0	No
2/1	Ok	5	3 m	Yes	Yes	Yes	0	No
2/2	Down	1	50 cm	No	No	No	10	No
3/1	Ok	1	1 m	Yes	Yes	Yes	0	No
3/2	Ok	5	1 m	Yes	Yes	Yes	0	No
5/1	Ok	3	1 m	Yes	Yes	Yes	0	No
5/2	Ok	2	3 m	Yes	Yes	Yes	0	No

Field	Description
Switch#/Port#	Member number and its stack port number.
Stack Port Status	 Absent—No cable is detected on the stack port. Down—A cable is detected, but either no.
	• Down—A cable is detected, but either no connected neighbor is up, or the stack port is disabled.
	• OK—A cable is detected, and the connected neighbor is up.
Neighbor	Switch number of the active member at the other end of the stack cable.
Cable Length	Valid lengths are 50 cm, 1 m, or 3 m.
	If the switch cannot detect the cable length, the value is <i>no cable</i> . The cable might not be connected, or the link might be unreliable.
Li nk OK	This shows if the link is stable.
	The <i>link partner</i> is a stack port on a neighbor switch.
	• No—The link partner receives invalid protocol messages from the port.
	• Yes—The link partner receives valid protocol messages from the port.
Link Active	This shows if the stack port is in the same state as its link partner.
	• No—The port cannot send traffic to the link partner.
	• Yes—The port can send traffic to the link partner.
Sync OK	• No—The link partner does not send valid protocol messages to the stack port.
	• Yes—The link partner sends valid protocol messages to the port.
# Changes to LinkOK	This shows the relative stability of the link.
	If a large number of changes occur in a short period of time, link flapping can occur.
In Loopback	• No— At least one stack port on the member has an attched stack cable.
	• Yes—None of the stack ports on the member has an attached stack cable.

Table 2-34 show switch stack-ports summary Command Output

This example shows detailed stack-ring activity information:

Switch>	show s	witch stack-	ring activit	y detail		
Switch	Asic	Rx Queue-1	Rx Queue-2	Rx Queue-3	Rx Queue-4	Total
1	0	2021864	1228937	281510	0	3532311
1	1	52	0	72678	0	72730
				 Swit	ch 1 Total:	3605041
2	0	2020901	90833	101680	0	2213414
2	1	52	0	0	0	52
				 Swit	ch 2 Total:	2213466

Total frames sent to stack ring : 5818507

Note: these counts do not include frames sent to the ring by certain output features, such as output SPAN and output ACLs.

Related Command

Command	Description
reload	Reloads the stack member and puts a configuration change into effect.
remote command	Monitors all or specified stack members.
session	Accesses a specific stack member.
switch priority	Changes the stack member priority value.
switch provision	Provisions a new switch before it joins the switch stack.
switch renumber	Changes the stack member number.

show system mtu

Use the **show system mtu** privileged EXEC command to display the global maximum transmission unit (MTU) or maximum packet size set for the switch.

show system mtu [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .			
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .			
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.			
	<i>expression</i> Expression in the output to use as a reference point.				
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC				
Command History	Release	Modification			
	12.2(40)EX2	This command was introduced.			
Usage Guidelines	•	e system mtu or system mtu jumbo global configuration command to change the ew setting does not take effect until you reset the switch.			
	For information about the MTU values and the stack configurations that affect the MTU values, see the system mtu command.				
	Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter I exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> do not appear, but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.				
Examples	This is an example	of output from the show system mtu command:			
	-	is 1500 bytes size is 1500 bytes System Jumbo MTU will be 9198 bytes			
Related Commands	Command	Description			
	system mtu	Sets the MTU size for the Gigabit Ethernet, 10-Gigabit Ethernet, or routed			

show udld

Use the **show udld** user EXEC command to display UniDirectional Link Detection (UDLD) administrative and operational status for all ports or the specified port.

show udld [interface-id] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	interface-id	(Optional) ID of the interface and port number. Valid interfaces include physical ports and VLANs. The VLAN range is 1 to 4094.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the expression.
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	User EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(40)EX2	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	Expressions are case	an <i>interface-id</i> , administrative and operational UDLD status for all interfaces appear. e sensitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> he lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.
Usage Guidelines Examples	Expressions are case do not appear, but the This is an example	e sensitive. For example, if you enter l exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> he lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.
_	Expressions are case do not appear, but the This is an example enabled on both end	e sensitive. For example, if you enter l exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> he lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.

Table 2-35 describes the fields in this display.

Table 2-35 show udld Field Descript

Field	Description
Interface	The interface on the local device configured for UDLD.
Port enable administrative configuration setting	How UDLD is configured on the port. If UDLD is enabled or disabled, the port enable configuration setting is the same as the operational enable state. Otherwise, the enable operational setting depends on the global enable setting.
Port enable operational state	Operational state that shows whether UDLD is actually running on this port.
Current bidirectional state	The bidirectional state of the link. An unknown state appears if the link is down or if it is connected to an UDLD-incapable device. A bidirectional state appears if the link is a normal two-way connection to a UDLD-capable device. All other values mean miswiring.
Current operational state	The current phase of the UDLD state machine. For a normal bidirectional link, the state machine is most often in the Advertisement phase.
Message interval	How often advertisement messages are sent from the local device. Measured in seconds.
Time out interval	The time period, in seconds, that UDLD waits for echoes from a neighbor device during the detection window.
Entry 1	Information from the first cache entry, which contains a copy of echo information received from the neighbor.
Expiration time	The amount of time in seconds remaining before this cache entry is aged out.
Device ID	The neighbor device identification.
Current neighbor state	The neighbor's current state. If both the local and neighbor devices are running UDLD normally, the neighbor state and local state should be bidirectional. If the link is down or the neighbor is not UDLD-capable, no cache entries appear.
Device name	The device name or the system serial number of the neighbor. The system serial number appears if the device name is not set or is set to the default (Switch).
Port ID	The neighbor port ID enabled for UDLD.
Neighbor echo 1 device	The device name of the neighbors' neighbor from which the echo originated.
Neighbor echo 1 port	The port number ID of the neighbor from which the echo originated.
Message interval	The rate, in seconds, at which the neighbor is sending advertisement messages.
CDP device name	The CDP device name or the system serial number. The system serial number appears if the device name is not set or is set to the default (Switch).

Related Commands	Command	Description
	udld	Enables aggressive or normal mode in UDLD or sets the configurable message timer time.
	udld port	Enables UDLD on an individual interface or prevents a fiber-optic interface from being enabled by the udld global configuration command.
	udld reset	Resets all interfaces shutdown by UDLD and permits traffic to begin passing through them again.

show version

Use the **show version** user EXEC command to display version information for the hardware and firmware and software license information only for the Catalyst Switch Module 3110.

show version [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .			
Oyntax Description	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that matches the <i>expression</i> .			
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .			
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.			
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.			
Command Modes	User EXEC				
Command History	Release	Modification			
	12.2(40)EX2	This command was introduced.			
Usage Guidelines		e sensitive. For example, if you enter I exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> he lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.			
Examples	This is an example of on the Catalyst Swi	of output from the show version command that shows the software licenses installed tch Module 3110:			
<u>Note</u>	Though visible in the switch.	ne show version output, the <i>configuration register</i> information is not supported on			
	SOFTWARE (fc1) Copyright (c) 198 Compiled Fri 05-00	ion e, CBS31X0 Software (CBS31X0-UNIVERSAL-M), Version 12.2(40)EX, RELEASE 6-2007 by Cisco Systems, Inc. ct-07 01:05 by myl 0x00003000, data-base: 0x02000000			
	ROM: Bootstrap program is CBS31X0 boot loader BOOTLDR: CBS31X0 Boot Loader (C31X0-HBOOT-M) Version 12.2(40r)EX, RELEASE SOFTWARE (fo]				
	Switch uptime is 4 days, 19 hours, 17 minutes System returned to ROM by power-on System image file is "flash:cbs31x0-universal-mz.122-40.EX.bin"				
	License Level: ip Next reboot licen				
	cisco WS-CBS31230 Processor board I	X-S (PowerPC405) processor with 245760K/16376K bytes of memory. D FHH1128P00F			

Last reset from power-on Target IOS Version 12.2(40)EX 1 Virtual Ethernet interface 1 FastEthernet interface 52 Gigabit Ethernet interfaces 4 Ten Gigabit Ethernet interfaces The password-recovery mechanism is enabled. 512K bytes of flash-simulated non-volatile configuration memory. Base ethernet MAC Address: 00:1B:54:0C:5D:00Motherboard assembly number: 73-10920-04Motherboard serial number: FHH11270015Motherboard revision number: 04 : WS-CBS3110X-S Model number System serial number : FHH1128P00F Hardware Board Revision Number : 0x00 Switch Ports Model SW Version SW Image _____ ____ _____ _____ 1 28 WS-CBS3110X-S * 12.2(40)EX CBS31X0-UNIVERSAL-M 2 28 WS-CBS3110X-S 12.2(40)EX CBS31X0-UNIVERSAL-M Switch 02 _____ Switch Uptime : 4 days, 19 hours, 18 minutes Base ethernet MAC Address : 00:16:46:FF:DF:00 : 73-11920-03 Motherboard assembly number : FHH1111004R Motherboard serial number Motherboard revision number : 01 Model number : WS-CBS3110X-S System serial number : FSJC0712722 License Level : advipservices License Type : Permanent Next reboot licensing Level : advipservices

Configuration register is $0\,\mathrm{xF}$

show vlan

Use the **show vlan** user EXEC command to display the parameters for all configured VLANs or one VLAN (if the VLAN ID or name is specified) on the switch.

show vlan [brief | dot1q tag native | id *vlan-id* | internal usage | mtu | name *vlan-name* | private-vlan [type] | remote-span | summary] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	brief	(Optional) Display one line for each VLAN with the VLAN name, status,
-,		and its ports.
	dot1q tag native	(Optional) Display the IEEE 802.1Q native VLAN tagging status.
	id vlan-id	(Optional) Display information about a single VLAN identified by VLAN ID number. For <i>vlan-id</i> , the range is 1 to 4094.
	internal usage	(Optional) Display a list of VLANs being used internally by the switch. These VLANs are always from the extended range (VLAN IDs 1006 to 4094), and you cannot create VLANs with these IDS by using the vlan global configuration command until you remove them from internal use.
	mtu	(Optional) Display a list of VLANs and the minimum and maximum transmission unit (MTU) sizes configured on ports in the VLAN.
	name vlan-name	(Optional) Display information about a single VLAN identified by VLAN name. The VLAN name is an ASCII string from 1 to 32 characters.
	private-vlan	(Optional) Display information about configured private VLANs, including primary and secondary VLAN IDs, type (community, isolated, or primary) and ports belonging to the private VLAN. This keyword is only supported if your Catalyst Switch Module 3110 is running the IP services feature set.
	type	(Optional) Display only private VLAN ID and type.
	remote-span	(Optional) Display information about Remote SPAN (RSPAN) VLANs.
	summary	(Optional) Display VLAN summary information.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the expression.
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.



Though visible in the command-line help string, the ifindex keyword is not supported.

Command Modes

User EXEC

Command History

Release	Modification
12.2(40)EX2	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines

Examples

In the **show vlan mtu** command output, the MTU_Mismatch column shows whether all the ports in the VLAN have the same MTU. When *yes* appears in this column, it means that the VLAN has ports with different MTUs, and packets that are switched from a port with a larger MTU to a port with a smaller MTU might be dropped. If the VLAN does not have an SVI, the hyphen (-) symbol appears in the SVI_MTU column. If the MTU-Mismatch column displays *yes*, the names of the port with the MinMTU and the port with the MaxMTU appear.

If you try to associate a private VLAN secondary VLAN with a primary VLAN before you define the secondary VLAN, the secondary VLAN is not included in the **show vlan private-vlan** command output.

In the **show vlan private-vlan type** command output, a type displayed as *normal* means a VLAN that has a private VLAN association but is not part of the private VLAN. For example, if you define and associate two VLANs as primary and secondary VLANs and then delete the secondary VLAN configuration without removing the association from the primary VLAN, the VLAN that was the secondary VLAN is shown as *normal* in the display. In the **show vlan private-vlan** output, the primary and secondary VLAN pair is shown as *non-operational*.

Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter | **exclude output**, the lines that contain *output* do not appear, but the lines that contain *Output* appear.

VLAN	ch> sh Name					tus Po:	rts			
1	defau					ive Gi	 1/0/1	, Gi1/0/2	, Gi1/0	/3
						Gi	1/0/4	, Gi1/0/5	, Gi1/0	/6
						Gi	1/0/7	, Gi1/0/8	, Gi1/0	/9
								0, Gi1/0/		/0/12
								3, Gi1/0/		
1	defau	lt			act			, Gi2/0/2		
								, Gi2/0/6		
								, Gi2/0/1		0/11, Gi
< 0.11 ± 1	+ + xx	uncated>				G1.	2/0/1	3, Gi2/0/	14	
<out< td=""><td>Jul LI</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></out<>	Jul LI									
2	VLAN0	002			act	ive				
3	VLAN0	003			act	ive				
<out< td=""><td>put tr</td><td>uncated></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></out<>	put tr	uncated>								
1000	VLAN1	000			act	ive				
		default			act					
1003	token	-ring-defa	ault		act	ive				
1004	fddin	et-default	5		act	ive				
1005	trnet	-default			act	ive				
		SAID			-	-	-	-		
1	enet	100001	1500	_	-	-	-	-	1002	1003
2	enet	100002	1500	-	-	-	-	-	0	0
3	enet	100003	1500	-	-	-	-	-	0	0
<out< td=""><td>put tr</td><td>uncated></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></out<>	put tr	uncated>								
1005	trnet	101005	1500	-	-	-	ibm	-	0	0

This is an example of output from the **show vlan** command. Table 2-36 describes the fields in the display.

Primar	y Seco	dary Type Ports
Primar:	y Seco: 	dary Type Ports
20	25	isolated Gi1/0/1,Gi3/0/1
20	30	community Gi1/0/1, Gi3/0/1
20	35	community Gi1/0/1, Gi3/0/1
contrar	+ +	
<outpu< th=""><th>L Lruno</th><th>aleu></th></outpu<>	L Lruno	aleu>

Table 2-36show vlan Command Output Fields

Field	Description	
VLAN	VLAN number.	
Name	Name, if configured, of the VLAN.	
Status	Status of the VLAN (active or suspend).	
Ports	Ports that belong to the VLAN.	
Туре	Media type of the VLAN.	
SAID	Security association ID value for the VLAN.	
MTU	Maximum transmission unit size for the VLAN.	
Parent	Parent VLAN, if one exists.	
RingNo	Ring number for the VLAN, if applicable.	
BrdgNo	Bridge number for the VLAN, if applicable.	
Stp	Spanning Tree Protocol type used on the VLAN.	
BrdgMode	Bridging mode for this VLAN—possible values are source-route bridging (SRB) and source-route transparent (SRT); the default is SRB.	
Trans1	Translation bridge 1.	
Trans2	Translation bridge 2.	
Remote SPAN VLANs	Identifies any RSPAN VLANs that have been configured.	
Primary/Secondary/ Type/Ports	Includes any private VLANs that have been configured, including the primary VLAN ID, the secondary VLAN ID, the type of secondary VLAN (community or isolated), and the ports that belong to it.	

This is an example of output from the **show vlan dot1q tag native** command:

Switch> **show vlan dotlq tag native** dotlq native vlan tagging is disabled

This is an example of output from the show vlan private-vlan command:

	show vlan Secondary	private-vlan Type	Ports
10	501	isolated	Gi3/0/3
10	502	community	Gi2/0/11
10	503	non-operational3	-
20	25	isolated	Gi1/0/13, Gi1/0/1, Gi2/0/13,
			Gi3/0/13, Gi3/0/14, Gi3/0/1
20	30	community	Gi1/0/13, Gi1/0/1, Gi2/0/13,
			Gi3/0/14, Gi3/0/1

20	35	community	Gi1/0/13, Gi1/0/1,
			Gi2/0/13, Gi3/0/14, Gi3/0/1
20	55	non-operational	
2000	2500	isolated	Gi1/0/5, Gi1/0/10, Gi2/0/5, Gi2/0/10

This is an example of output from the show vlan private-vlan type command:

Switch> show vlan private-vlan type Vlan Type 10 primary 501 isolated 502 community 503 normal

This is an example of output from the show vlan summary command:

Switch> **show vlan summary** Number of existing VLANs : 45 Number of existing VTP VLANs : 45 Number of existing extended VLANs : 0

This is an example of output from the show vlan id command.

```
Switch# show vlan id 2
VLAN Name
                   Status Ports
____ _____
2 VLAN0200
                  active Gi1/0/7, Gi1/0/8
2 VLAN0200
                   active Gi2/0/1, Gi2/0/2
VLAN Type SAID MTU Parent RingNo BridgeNo Stp BrdgMode Trans1 Trans2
enet 100002 1500 - -
                     _
                          - -
                                0
2
                                    0
Remote SPAN VLAN
```

Remote SPAN VLAN

Disabled

This is an example of output from the **show vlan internal usage** command. It shows that VLANs 1025 and 1026 are being used as internal VLANs for Gigabit Ethernet routed ports 7 and 8 on stack member 1. If you want to use one of these VLAN IDs, you must first shut down the routed port, which releases the internal VLAN, and then create the extended-range VLAN. When you start up the routed port, another internal VLAN number is assigned to it.

Switch> **show vlan internal usage** VLAN Usage

1025 GigabitEthernet1/0/7
1026 GigabitEthernet1/0/8

Related Commands	Command	Description
	private-vlan	Configures a VLAN as a community, isolated, or primary VLAN or associates a primary VLAN with secondary VLANs.
	switchport mode	Configures the VLAN membership mode of a port.
	vlan (global configuration)	Enables VLAN configuration mode where you can configure VLANs 1 to 4094.
	vlan (VLAN configuration)	Configures VLAN characteristics in the VLAN database. Only available for normal-range VLANs (VLAN IDs 1 to 1005). Do not enter leading zeros.

show vlan access-map

Use the **show vlan access-map** privileged EXEC command to display information about a particular VLAN access map or for all VLAN access maps.

show vlan access-map [mapname] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	mapname	(Optional) Name of a specific VLAN access map.				
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the expression.				
	l exclude (Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .					
	I include (Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .					
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.				
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC					
Command History	Release	Modification				
	12.2(40)EX2	This command was introduced.				
Examples		the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.				
Examples	-	e of output from the show vlan access-map command:				
	Switch# show vla : Vlan access-map	-				
	Match clauses:					
	ip address: SecWiz_Gi0_3_in_ip ip address: SecWiz_Fa10_3_in_ip					
	Action: forward					
Related Commands	Command	Description				

	VLAN access map.
vlan access-map	Creates a VLAN map entry for VLAN packet filtering.
vlan filter	Applies a VLAN map to one or more VLANs.

show vlan filter

Use the **show vlan filter** privileged EXEC command to display information about all VLAN filters or about a particular VLAN or VLAN access map.

show vlan filter [access-map name | vlan vlan-id] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	access-map name	(Optional) Display filtering information for the specified VLAN access map.			
	vlan vlan-id	(Optional) Display filtering information for the specified VLAN. The range is 1 to 4094.			
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the expression.			
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the expression.			
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.			
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.			
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC				
Command History	Release	Modification			
	12.2(40)EX2	This command was introduced.			
Usage Guidelines	-	sensitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> e lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.			
Examples	This is an example of output from the show vlan filter command:				
	Switch# show vlan f VLAN Map map_1 is f 20-22				
Related Commands	Command	Description			
	show vlan access-ma				
	vlan access-map	Creates a VLAN map entry for VLAN packet filtering.			
	vlan filter Applies a VLAN map to one or more VLANs.				

show vmps

Use the **show vmps** user EXEC command without keywords to display the VLAN Query Protocol (VQP) version, reconfirmation interval, retry count, VLAN Membership Policy Server (VMPS) IP addresses, and the current and primary servers, or use the **statistics** keyword to display client-side statistics.

show vmps [statistics] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	statistics	(Optional) Display VQP client-side statistics and counters.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	User EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(40)EX2	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines Examples	do not appear, but the li	nsitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> ines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.
examples	This is an example of output from the show vmps command:	
	Switch> show vmps VQP Client Status:	
	Reconfirmation status	
	VMPS Action:	other
	This is an example of output from the show vmps statistics command. Table 2-37 describes each field in the display.	
	Switch> show vmps sta VMPS Client Statistic	cs
	VQP Queries:	0
	VQP Responses: VMPS Changes: VQP Shutdowns:	0 0 0

0

0

VQP Denied:

VQP Wrong Domain:

```
VQP Wrong Version: 0
VQP Insufficient Resource: 0
```

Table 2-37 sh	ow vmps statistics	Field Descriptions
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Field	Description
VQP Queries	Number of queries sent by the client to the VMPS.
VQP Responses	Number of responses sent to the client from the VMPS.
VMPS Changes	Number of times that the VMPS changed from one server to another.
VQP Shutdowns	Number of times the VMPS sent a response to shut down the port. The client disables the port and removes all dynamic addresses on this port from the address table. You must administratively re-enable the port to restore connectivity.
VQP Denied	Number of times the VMPS denied the client request for security reasons. When the VMPS response denies an address, no frame is forwarded to or from the workstation with that address (broadcast or multicast frames are delivered to the workstation if the port has been assigned to a VLAN). The client keeps the denied address in the address table as a blocked address to prevent more queries from being sent to the VMPS for each new packet received from this workstation. The client ages the address if no new packets are received from this workstation on this port within the aging time period.
VQP Wrong Domain	Number of times the management domain in the request does not match the one for the VMPS. Any previous VLAN assignments of the port are not changed. This response means that the server and the client have not been configured with the same VTP management domain.
VQP Wrong Version	Number of times the version field in the query packet contains a value that is higher than the version supported by the VMPS. The VLAN assignment of the port is not changed. The switches send only VMPS Version 1 requests.
VQP Insufficient Resource	Number of times the VMPS is unable to answer the request because of a resource availability problem. If the retry limit has not yet been reached, the client repeats the request with the same server or with the next alternate server, depending on whether the per-server retry count has been reached.

Related	Commands
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Command	Description
clear vmps statistics	Clears the statistics maintained by the VQP client.
vmps reconfirm (privileged EXEC)	Sends VQP queries to reconfirm all dynamic VLAN assignments with the VMPS.
vmps retry	Configures the per-server retry count for the VQP client.
vmps server	Configures the primary VMPS and up to three secondary servers.

show vtp

Use the **show vtp** user EXEC command to display general information about the VLAN Trunking Protocol (VTP) management domain, status, and counters.

show vtp {counters | password | status} [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	counters	Display the VTP statistics for the switch.
	password	Display the configured VTP password.
	status	Display general information about the VTP management domain status.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	User EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
· · · · · ·	12.2(40)EX2	This command was introduced.
Jsage Guidelines	•	se sensitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>ou</i> the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.
	do not appear, but t	the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.
	do not appear, but t This is an example Switch> show vtp	the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear. of output from the show vtp counters command.
	do not appear, but t This is an example	of output from the show vtp counters command.
Jsage Guidelines Examples	do not appear, but t This is an example Switch> show vtp VTP statistics: Summary advertise Subset advertisem	the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear. of output from the show vtp counters command. counters mements received : 0 ments received : 0
	do not appear, but t This is an example Switch> show vtp VTP statistics: Summary advertise Subset advertise Request advertise	the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear. of output from the show vtp counters command. counters ements received : 0 ments received : 0 ements received : 0
	do not appear, but t This is an example Switch> show vtp VTP statistics: Summary advertise Subset advertise Request advertise	the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear. of output from the show vtp counters command. counters ements received : 0 ments received : 0 ements received : 0 ements received : 0 ements transmitted : 0
	do not appear, but t This is an example Switch> show vtp VTP statistics: Summary advertise Subset advertise Summary advertise Subset advertise Request advertise Request advertise	the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear. of output from the show vtp counters command. counters ements received : 0 ments received : 0 ements transmitted : 0 ments transmitted : 0 ements transmitted : 0 ements transmitted : 0
	do not appear, but t This is an example Switch> show vtp VTP statistics: Summary advertise Subset advertise Subset advertise Subset advertise Subset advertise Subset advertise Number of config	the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear. of output from the show vtp counters command. counters ements received : 0 ments received : 0 ements transmitted : 0 ments transmitted : 0 ements transmitted : 0 revision errors : 0
	do not appear, but t This is an example Switch> show vtp VTP statistics: Summary advertise Subset advertise Summary advertise Subset advertise Request advertise Request advertise	the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear. of output from the show vtp counters command. counters ements received : 0 ments received : 0 ements transmitted : 0 ments transmitted : 0 ments transmitted : 0 revision errors : 0 digest errors : 0
	do not appear, but t This is an example Switch> show vtp VTP statistics: Summary advertise Subset advertise Subset advertise Subset advertise Subset advertise Subset advertise Number of config Number of config	the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear. of output from the show vtp counters command. counters ements received : 0 ments received : 0 ements transmitted : 0 ments transmitted : 0 ments transmitted : 0 revision errors : 0 digest errors : 0 mary errors : 0
	do not appear, but t This is an example Switch> show vtp VTP statistics: Summary advertise Subset advertise Subset advertise Subset advertise Subset advertise Number of config Number of V1 summ VTP pruning stati	the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear. of output from the show vtp counters command. counters ements received : 0 ments received : 0 ements transmitted : 0 ments transmitted : 0 ments transmitted : 0 revision errors : 0 digest errors : 0 mary errors : 0
	do not appear, but t This is an example Switch> show vtp VTP statistics: Summary advertise Subset advertise Subset advertise Subset advertise Subset advertise Number of config Number of V1 summ VTP pruning stati	the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear. of output from the show vtp counters command. counters ements received : 0 ments received : 0 ements transmitted : 0 ments transmitted : 0 ments transmitted : 0 revision errors : 0 digest errors : 0 mary errors : 0 istics: Join Transmitted Join Received Summary advts received from
	do not appear, but t This is an example Switch> show vtp VTP statistics: Summary advertise Subset advertise Subset advertise Subset advertise Subset advertise Number of config Number of v1 summ VTP pruning stati Trunk 	the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear. of output from the show vtp counters command. counters ements received : 0 ments received : 0 ements transmitted : 0 ements transmitted : 0 ements transmitted : 0 revision errors : 0 digest errors : 0 istics: Join Transmitted Join Received Summary advts received from non-pruning-capable device 0 0 0 0 0
	do not appear, but t This is an example Switch> show vtp VTP statistics: Summary advertise Subset advertise Subset advertise Subset advertise Number of config Number of v1 summ VTP pruning stati Trunk Gi1/0/47	the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear. of output from the show vtp counters command. counters ements received : 0 ements received : 0 ements transmitted : 0 ements transmitted : 0 ements transmitted : 0 digest errors : 0 digest errors : 0 istics: Join Transmitted Join Received Summary advts received from non-pruning-capable device

Table 2-38 show vtp counters Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Summary advertisements received	Number of summary advertisements received by this switch on its trunk ports. Summary advertisements contain the management domain name, the configuration revision number, the update timestamp and identity, the authentication checksum, and the number of subset advertisements to follow.
Subset advertisements received	Number of subset advertisements received by this switch on its trunk ports. Subset advertisements contain all the information for one or more VLANs.
Request advertisements received	Number of advertisement requests received by this switch on its trunk ports. Advertisement requests normally request information on all VLANs. They can also request information on a subset of VLANs.
Summary advertisements transmitted	Number of summary advertisements sent by this switch on its trunk ports. Summary advertisements contain the management domain name, the configuration revision number, the update timestamp and identity, the authentication checksum, and the number of subset advertisements to follow.
Subset advertisements transmitted	Number of subset advertisements sent by this switch on its trunk ports. Subset advertisements contain all the information for one or more VLANs.
Request advertisements transmitted	Number of advertisement requests sent by this switch on its trunk ports. Advertisement requests normally request information on all VLANs. They can also request information on a subset of VLANs.
Number of configuration revision errors	Number of revision errors. Whenever you define a new VLAN, delete an existing one, suspend or resume an existing VLAN, or modify the parameters on an existing VLAN, the configuration revision number of the switch increments.
	Revision errors increment whenever the switch receives an advertisement whose revision number matches the revision number of the switch, but the MD5 digest values do not match. This error means that the VTP password in the two switches is different or that the switches have different configurations.
	These errors means that the switch is filtering incoming advertisements, which causes the VTP database to become unsynchronized across the network.
Number of configuration	Number of MD5 digest errors.
digest errors	Digest errors increment whenever the MD5 digest in the summary packet and the MD5 digest of the received advertisement calculated by the switch do not match. This error usually means that the VTP password in the two switches is different. To solve this problem, make sure the VTP password on all switches is the same.
	These errors mean that the switch is filtering incoming advertisements, which causes the VTP database to become unsynchronized across the network.

Field	Description
Number of V1 summary errors	Number of Version 1 errors.Version 1 summary errors increment whenever a switch in VTP V2 modereceives a VTP Version 1 frame. These errors mean that at least oneneighboring switch is either running VTP Version 1 or VTP Version 2with V2-mode disabled. To solve this problem, change the configurationof the switches in VTP V2-mode to disabled.
Join Transmitted	Number of VTP pruning messages sent on the trunk.
Join Received	Number of VTP pruning messages received on the trunk.
Summary Advts Received from non-pruning-capable device	Number of VTP summary messages received on the trunk from devices that do not support pruning.

This is an example of output from the **show vtp status** command. Table 2-39 describes each field in the display.

Switch> show vtp status	
VTP Version	: 2
Configuration Revision	: 0
Maximum VLANs supported locally	: 1005
Number of existing VLANs	: 45
VTP Operating Mode	: Transparent
VTP Domain Name	: shared_testbed1
VTP Pruning Mode	: Disabled
VTP V2 Mode	: Disabled
VTP Traps Generation	: Enabled
MD5 digest	: 0x3A 0x29 0x86 0x39 0xB4 0x5D 0x58 0xD7

Field	Description
VTP Version	Displays the VTP version operating on the switch. By default, the switch implements Version 1 but can be set to Version 2.
Configuration Revision	Current configuration revision number on this switch.
Maximum VLANs Supported Locally	Maximum number of VLANs supported locally.
Number of Existing VLANs	Number of existing VLANs.

Field	Description	
VTP Operating Mode	Displays the VTP operating mode, which can be server, client, or transparent.	
	Server: a switch in VTP server mode is enabled for VTP and sends advertisements. You can configure VLANs on it. The switch guarantees that it can recover all the VLAN information in the current VTP database from NVRAM after reboot. By default, every switch is a VTP server.	
	Note The switch automatically changes from VTP server mode to VTP client mode if it detects a failure while writing the configuration to NVRAM and cannot return to server mode until the NVRAM is functioning.	
	Client: a switch in VTP client mode is enabled for VTP, can send advertisements, but does not have enough nonvolatile storage to store VLAN configurations. You cannot configure VLANs on it. When a VTI client starts up, it does not send VTP advertisements until it receives advertisements to initialize its VLAN database.	
	Transparent: a switch in VTP transparent mode is disabled for VTP, doe not send or learn from advertisements sent by other devices, and cannot affect VLAN configurations on other devices in the network. The switch receives VTP advertisements and forwards them on all trunk ports except the one on which the advertisement was received.	
VTP Domain Name	Name that identifies the administrative domain for the switch.	
VTP Pruning Mode	Displays whether pruning is enabled or disabled. Enabling pruning on a VTP server enables pruning for the entire management domain. Pruning restricts flooded traffic to those trunk links that the traffic must use to access the appropriate network devices.	
VTP V2 Mode	Displays if VTP Version 2 mode is enabled. All VTP Version 2 switche operate in Version 1 mode by default. Each VTP switch automatically detects the capabilities of all the other VTP devices. A network of VTP devices should be configured to Version 2 only if all VTP switches in th network can operate in Version 2 mode.	
VTP Traps Generation	Displays whether VTP traps are sent to a network management station.	
MD5 Digest	A 16-byte checksum of the VTP configuration.	
Configuration Last Modified	Displays the date and time of the last configuration modification. Displays the IP address of the switch that caused the configuration chang to the database.	

Table 2-39	show vtp status Field Descriptions (c	ontinued)
		•

Related Commands

Command	Description
clear vtp counters	Clears the VTP and pruning counters.
vtp (global configuration)	Configures the VTP filename, interface name, domain name, and mode.
vtp (VLAN configuration)	Configures the VTP domain name, password, pruning, and mode.

show vtp