

Hosted Cloud Connector Using Cisco UCS E-Series

Technology Design Guide

December 2013



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Preface

Cisco Validated Designs (CVDs) provide the foundation for systems design based on common use cases or current engineering system priorities. They incorporate a broad set of technologies, features, and applications to address customer needs. Cisco engineers have comprehensively tested and documented each CVD in order to ensure faster, more reliable, and fully predictable deployment.

CVDs include two guide types that provide tested and validated design and deployment details:

- **Technology design guides** provide deployment details, information about validated products and software, and best practices for specific types of technology.
- **Solution design guides** integrate or reference existing CVDs, but also include product features and functionality across Cisco products and may include information about third-party integration.

Both CVD types provide a tested starting point for Cisco partners or customers to begin designing and deploying systems using their own setup and configuration.

How to Read Commands

Many CVD guides tell you how to use a command-line interface (CLI) to configure network devices. This section describes the conventions used to specify commands that you must enter.

Commands to enter at a CLI appear as follows:

configure terminal

Commands that specify a value for a variable appear as follows:

ntp server 10.10.48.17

Commands with variables that you must define appear as follows:

class-map [highest class name]

Commands at a CLI or script prompt appear as follows:

Router# enable

Long commands that line wrap are underlined. Enter them as one command:

police rate 10000 pps burst 10000 packets conform-action set-discard-classtransmit 48 exceed-action transmit

Noteworthy parts of system output or device configuration files appear highlighted, as follows:

interface Vlan64

ip address 10.5.204.5 255.255.255.0

Comments and Questions

If you would like to comment on a guide or ask questions, please use the feedback form.

For the most recent CVD guides, see the following site:

http://www.cisco.com/go/cvd/wan

CVD Navigator

The CVD Navigator helps you determine the applicability of this guide by summarizing its key elements: the use cases, the scope or breadth of the technology covered, the proficiency or experience recommended, and CVDs related to this guide. This section is a quick reference only. For more details, see the Introduction.

Use Cases

This guide addresses the following technology use cases:

Remote-Site Hosted Cloud Connector Applications

–This
guide helps organizations deploy applications at remote-site
locations and improve network performance by using local
Internet access.

For more information, see the "Use Cases" section in this guide.

Scope

This guide covers the following areas of technology and products:

 Design and configuration of Cisco UCS-E series module in the Cisco ISR-G2 router platform for use with VMware ESXi and Hosted Cloud Connector applications.

For more information, see the "Design Overview" section in this guide.

Proficiency

This guide is for people with the following technical proficiencies—or equivalent experience:

- **CCNA Routing and Switching**–1 to 3 years installing, configuring, and maintaining routed and switched networks
- VCP VMware–At least 6 months installing, deploying, scaling, and managing VMware vSphere environments

Related CVD Guides



Remote Site Using Local Internet Access Technology Design Guide



To view the related CVD guides, click the titles or visit the following site: http://www.cisco.com/go/cvd/wan

Introduction

The *Hosted Cloud Connector Using Cisco UCS E-Series Technology Design Guide* enables an organization to access cloud-based services from their remote sites and provides the following benefits:

- Optimal routing from the remote site to the cloud service provider using local Internet access
- · Flexible, on-demand deployment of applications on the existing remote-site routing platform
- · Simple operational model for distributed service deployment

Related Reading

The Remote Site Using Local Internet Access Technology Design Guide provides guidance and configuration for deploying remote site WAN connectivity with Local Internet Access.

Technology Use Cases

Organizations are quickly adopting cloud services to help enable new business models for greater flexibility at lower cost. Organizations are increasingly looking at the benefits of hosting cloud-based applications at the remote office and accessing the public cloud directly. These types of applications are called *cloud connectors* and can be hosted directly on the remote office router using an integrated Cisco Unified Computing System (UCS) server.

A cloud connector is a Cisco or third-party software component embedded in, hosted on, or integrated with enterprise routing platforms. You can use cloud connectors for a variety of applications, including storage, virtualization, document handling, security, collaboration, and provisioning.

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Figure 1 - Remote site hosted cloud connector on UCS E-Series Server



When you deploy hosted cloud applications by using Cisco ISRG2 and UCS E-Series integrated server modules, you gain unique benefits such as unified support and serviceability, integrated security, and increased application visibility using Cisco AVC for an overall reduction in total cost of ownership (TCO).

Use Case: Remote Site Hosted Cloud Connector Applications

This guide helps organizations deploy applications at remote-site locations and improve performance by using local Internet access and by reducing traffic transmitted over private WAN links to the primary site. The operational model is simplified by integrating the application within the existing Cisco Integrated Services Router (ISR) platform at the remote site without requiring additional standalone platforms.

This design guide enables the following network capabilities:

- Deployment of UCS E-Series Servers in ISRG2 routers
- Deployment of UCS-E specific VMware ESXi for Hosted Cloud Connector Applications
- Deployment of host cloud connector applications that communicate directly with a cloud service by using the local Internet connection

Design Overview

Due to the adoption of cloud services and virtualized data centers, organizations are undergoing a tremendous transition. When deploying cloud connectors and a distributed cloud-services model for business continuity, increased productivity, and enhanced application performance, organizations are faced with several key challenges in network application security and visibility.

When organizations deploy Cisco Cloud Connector applications as part of an integrated platform using the Cisco ISRG2 and UCS E-Series Server module to leverage cloud services in the remote office, the organizations increase network performance by:

- Eliminating WAN backhaul
- Enabling service localization
- Reducing service and support costs

This is all possible while increasing security and visibility through advanced capabilities such as Cisco IOS Zone-Based Firewall (ZBFW) and Cisco Cloud Web Security (CWS), and Cisco AVC.

Cisco Cloud Connector applications deliver business-continuity solutions for voice, data retrieval, cloud storage, and security applications by leveraging local direct Internet access from the remote office location to the cloud-service provider. Additionally, this combined platform eliminates the need for additional remote office footprint and deployment concerns that often arise with multiple component solutions.

There are many Cisco Cloud Connectors available today, with more in development through the Cloud Connector ecosystem. The ecosystem is designed to foster third-party development of Cloud Connectors for hosted and scripted connectors.

Deploying hosted Cisco Cloud Connector applications today using a combined Cisco platform prepares an organization for additional benefits and integration of scripted Cloud Connectors. This is an integral part of the Cisco software-defined networking (SDN) strategy where the intelligence of the networking platforms can be accessed through the Cisco Open Network Environment Platform Kit (Cisco OnePK) application programming interface (API). The Cisco OnePK API allows modification of network behavior for a specific application.

UCS E-Series Integrated Servers

The Cisco UCS E-Series Server is a converged computing solution, offering a bare metal OS, or virtualizationready integrated networking platform.

Cisco UCS E-Series Server provides an integrated platform for Cisco and third-party cloud connector applications to run virtually "within the network" and is the basis for Cloud Connector Solutions. The hardware capabilities, ease of deployment and hypervisor support (VMware, Microsoft Hyper-V Server, Citrix XenServer) make UCS E-Series Server a viable platform for cloud services deployments.





The Cisco UCS E-Series Server is offered in two form factors for the ISR-G2 2900 and 3900 series platforms with a fully integrated BMC controller (CIMC) like the UCS C-Series. Cisco SMARTnet Service for the ISRG2 router covers support for the UCS E-Series Server module. The UCS E-Series Servers are extremely efficient, using as much as 80% less power than a typical server resulting in a lower total cost of ownership (TCO).

Component	UCS E140S	UCS E140D	UCS E160D	UCS E140DP	UCS E160DP
Router slot width	Single	Double	Double	Double	Double
CPU family	Zeon E3	Zeon E5	Zeon E5	Zeon E5	Zeon E5
CPU cores	4	4	6	4	6
DDR3 memory slots	2	3	3	3	3
Max memory	16G	48G	48G	48G	48G
Hard drive bays ¹	2	3	3	3	3
Internal 1GE ports	2	2	2	2	2
Built-in External 1GE ports	1	2	2	2	2
PCIe card support ²	No	Yes	Yes	Included	Included
10/100 management ports	1	1	1	1	1
RAID support	0/1	0/1/5	0/1/5	0/1/5	0/1/5

Table 1 - UCS E-Series Server module options

- 1. Drive bays support 2.5 inch SAS, SSD, and SED drives.
- 2. There are two PCIe card options, a four-port 1GE module or a single port 10GE (SFP) with FCoE support.

Cloud Storage Connectors

A *cloud storage connector* is locally hosted software that connects an organization via the Internet to cloudbased storage services. Cloud storage provides cost savings and business agility for organizations, while delivering easier ways to store, share, and protect enterprise data.

To enable distributed cloud storage, organizations must address several key challenges regarding security and overall network impact—specifically, the speed and latency in remote sites. By deploying storage cloud connector solutions using the solution presented in this guide, an organization can secure integration of an on-premises storage gateway and the cloud-based storage infrastructure with greatly reduced impact on WAN.

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Deploying Hosted Cloud Applications

Router Selection for Remote Sites

The actual WAN remote-site routing platforms remain unspecified because the specification is tied closely to the bandwidth required for a location and the potential requirement for the use of service module slots. One of the benefits of a modular design approach is that organizations have the ability to implement this solution with a variety of potential router choices.

There are many factors to consider in the selection of the WAN remote-site routers. Among those, and key to the initial deployment, is the ability to process the expected amount and type of traffic. You also need to make sure that you have enough interfaces, enough module slots, and a properly licensed Cisco IOS Software image that supports the set of features that is required by the topology. Cisco tested multiple integrated service router models, and the expected performance is shown in the following table.

Option	2911	2921	2951	3925	3945
Ethernet WAN with services ¹	35 Mbps	50 Mbps	75 Mbps	100 Mbps	150 Mbps
On-board FE ports	0	0	0	0	0
On-board GE ports ²	3	3	3	3	3
Service module slots	1	1	2	2	4
Redundant power supply option	No	No	No	Yes	Yes
Supported UCS E-Series Server module	UCS E140S				
		UCS E140D	UCS E140D	UCS E140D	UCS E140D
				UCS E160D	UCS E160D

Table 2 - WAN remote site Cisco Integrated Services Router options

- 1. The performance numbers are conservative numbers obtained when the router is passing Internet MIX (IMIX) traffic with heavy services configured and the CPU utilization is under 75 percent.
- 2. A single-router, dual-link remote-site requires four router interfaces when using a port-channel to connect to an access or distribution layer. Add the EHWIC-1GE-SFP-CU to the Cisco 2900 and 3900 Series Integrated Services Routers in order to provide the additional WAN-facing interface.

Deploying Hosted Cloud Connectors on UCS E-Series Servers

Hosted cloud connector applications such as Amazon Web Services (AWS) storage gateway, Asigra, and CTERA, can be deployed at remote locations using an integrated UCS E-Series Server module.

Figure 3 - Cisco secure remote site - cloud storage connector



Cisco has chosen and validated several cloud storage solutions including the AWS storage gateway, Asigra Cloud Backup Connector, and the CTERA cloud storage solutions.

- The AWS storage gateway combined with the Cisco UCS E-Series Server platform is an easy to deploy secure and flexible cloud storage connector for small to large organizations.
- The Asigra offers the Asigra Cloud Backup Connector solution in partnership with Cisco. A Cisco 3900 and 2900 family of routers are pre-installed with Asigra Cloud Backup, providing organizations with a simple, cost effective, and ready to use data protection infrastructure while avoiding the need for separate IT investments for backup and recovery.
- CTERA's enterprise cloud storage solution combined with Cisco the ISRG2 and UCS E-Series Server platform enables the secure deployment of integrated cloud storage applications to remote offices locations.

CO Reader Tip

This guide assumes the remote-site router has been configured for local Internet access using the Remote Site Using Local Internet Access Technology Guide. This guide provides both local Internet routing and configuration guidelines for deploying security for local Internet configurations.

These applications allow remote-site locations to backup data directly to the cloud for disaster recovery (DR) and continuity of operations (COOP) requirements. Local Internet access provides increased performance for cloud-based applications as well as reduces bandwidth utilization on more expensive private WAN connections when compared to centralized Internet solutions.

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Table 3 - Cloud storage connector gateways

Gateway application Software version		UCS E-Series Server ESXi versions
AWS	v145-VM	5, 5.1.0
Asigra	12.2	5, 5.1.0
CTERA	3.2.47.3	5, 5.1.0

The UCS E-Series Server module can be deployed in Cisco 2900 and 3900 routers configured as part of remote site with local Internet designs taking advantage of the combined and integrated security features of the catalyst switching platform, UCS E-Series Server, and the ISRG2 router.





Tech Tip

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UCS E-Series Server modules can be configured with SAS self-encrypting drives (SEDs). The contents of an SED are always encrypted. The encryption keys are also encrypted and protected in hardware that cannot be accessed by other parts of the system. Disk encryption is done in hardware on each drive without performance penalty. Disks are also not subject to attacks targeting other components of the server system.

For this capability use the E100S-HDSASED600G drive for the single-wide servers and E100D-HDSASED600G drives for the double-wide servers.

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Single Router Remote-Site Designs

In the single router VPN WAN design, you install a single or double-wide UCS E-Series Server module into the ISRG2 router.



The single-wide UCS E140S module can be deployed in designs where resiliency is not a critical factor and when router hardware is limited. In these designs, the external gigabit interface is connected to a single external switch.

Figure 5 - Cisco ISRG2 router with integrated UCS E-Series Server



Hosted Cloud Connector applications access cloud services directly via split tunneling on the single outside Internet interface. Cloud applications communicate securely with cloud services using SSL-based communications.

You configure DMVPN for secure encrypted connectivity to internal network resources in a central location. In this configuration bandwidth is shared for internal and external communication. This design model has no redundancy for internal or external traffic. Figure 6 - Single router VPN WAN - UCS E-Series Server



In the single router MPLS Primary or L2 WAN primary with VPN WAN backup, you install a UCS E-Series Server module into the ISRG2 router. Hosted Cloud Connector applications access cloud services directly via split tunneling on the single outside Internet interface. Cloud applications communicate securely with cloud services using SSL-based communications.

You configure DMVPN as a backup path for secure encrypted connectivity to internal network resources in a central location. In this configuration, bandwidth is not shared for internal and external communication during normal operation. All internal traffic uses dedicated private WAN services and external communications for Internet browsing and cloud connector applications use the separate local Internet connection. During Internet failure situations, cloud services can be redirected to use central Internet access.



Figure 7 - MPLS WAN & L2 WAN primary with VPN backup - UCS E-Series Server

In the single router Dual VPN WAN configuration, hosted Cloud Connector applications access cloud services directly via split tunneling on the single outside Internet interface. Cloud applications communicate securely with cloud services using SSL-based communications.

You configure DMVPN for primary and backup paths for secure encrypted connectivity to internal network resources in a central location. In this configuration, bandwidth is not shared for internal and external communication during normal operation. All internal traffic uses the primary VPN WAN connection and external communications for Internet browsing and Cloud Connector applications use the secondary local Internet connection. During Internet failure situations, local Internet access is maintained.



Figure 8 - VPN WAN primary with backup link - UCS E-Series Server

Dual Router Remote-Site Designs

Where possible, in dual router deployments you should deploy the double-wide UCS E-Series Server such as the UCS E140D. The double-wide modules have two external Ethernet connections that can each be connected to different external switches to provide resilient connectivity for applications.

Tech Tip

When resiliency is required, you should use double-wide modules in all designs. Double-wide modules provide greater application performance and resiliency options with RAID 5 and additional external interfaces.

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Figure 9 - Cisco ISRG2 routers with integrated UCS E-Series Servers



In dual router MPLS Primary or L2 WAN primary with VPN WAN backup, you install a UCS E-Series Server module into each ISRG2 router. Hosted Cloud Connector applications access cloud services directly via split tunneling on the single outside Internet interface. Cloud applications communicate securely with cloud services using SSL based communications.

You configure DMVPN as a backup path for secure encrypted connectivity to internal network resources in a central location. In this configuration bandwidth is not shared for internal and external communication during normal operation. All internal traffic uses dedicated private WAN services and external communications for Internet browsing and cloud connector applications use the separate local Internet connection. During Internet failure situations, cloud services can be redirected to use central Internet access.



Figure 10 - MPLS primary backup link and router - UCS E-Series Server

In the dual router Dual VPN WAN, you install a UCS E-Series Server module into each ISRG2 router. Hosted Cloud Connector applications access cloud services directly via split tunneling on the single outside Internet interface. Cloud applications communicate securely with cloud services using SSL-based communications.

You configure DMVPN for primary and backup paths for secure encrypted connectivity to internal network resources in a central location. In this configuration bandwidth is not shared for internal and external communication during normal operation. All internal traffic uses the primary VPN WAN connection and external communications for Internet browsing and cloud connector applications use the secondary local Internet connection. During Internet failure situations, local Internet access is maintained.





In single and dual router designs, you can install multiple UCS E-Series Server modules within a single router to meet specific organizational requirements. You can maintain some levels of application redundancy using VMware capabilities.

In these configurations, external storage solutions are probably required. For these and other types of requirements, consult your application and hypervisor technical representatives for configuration details.



- 3. Configure UCS E-Series Server using CIMC
- 4. Configure RAID using CIMC

In this process, you configure the remote site access switch, ISRG2 CLI for UCS E-Series Server Cisco Integrated Management Controller (CIMC) access, and prepare the integrated server hardware for applications.

CO Reader Tip

PROCESS

To complete the full installation and configuration of a hosted cloud storage application on the Cisco UCS E-Series Server module, this process must be combined with the "Installing VMware ESXi on the UCS E-Series Server Module" and "Deploying Hosted Cloud Storage Applications on the UCS E-Series Server Module" processes in this guide.

Configuration Checklist

The following table specifies the parameters, data, and universal design parameters that you need in order to set up and configure applications running on the Cisco UCS E-Series Server module. For your convenience, you can enter your values in the table and refer to it when configuring the UCS E-Series Server module. The values you enter will differ from those in this example, which are provided for demonstration purposes only.

Parameter	CVD values for an access-layer connection	CVD values for a distribution-layer connection	Site-specific values
In-band management network	10.5.252.0/24 (existing data subnet)	10.5.241.0/25 (new subnet for UCS E-Series Server management)	
UCS E-Series Server interface address	unnumbered gig0/2.64	10.5.241.1./25	
CIMC interface address	10.5.252.10/24	10.5.241.30/25	
VMware ESXi interface address	10.5.252.11/24	10.5.241.31/25	
Switch interface number	1/0/15, 2/0/15	1/0/15, 2/0/15	
UCS E-Series Server default gateway	10.5.252.3	10.5.241.1	
UCS E-Series Server host name	RS242-UCS-E	RS240-UCS-E	

Procedure 1 Connect UCS E-Series Server to remote-site switch

Use this procedure to configure an access-layer switch for UCS E-Series Server connectivity. The access switch is the appropriate location to physically connect Cisco UCS E-Series Server modules at single-tier remote sites. Regardless of the switch type—single switch, switch stack, or modular—this type of connection must use a Layer 2 access interface. At distribution layer sites, the Cisco UCS E-Series Server module is physically connected to the distribution-layer switch.

This guide assumes that the Cisco UCS E-Series Server module has been installed into the remote-site router and that the LAN switch has already been configured. Only the procedures required to complete the connection of the switch to the UCS E-Series Server module are included. For more information about how to configure switches, see the Campus Wired LAN Technology Design Guide.

Option 1: Single-wide UCS E-Series Server module

Step 1: Connect the Cisco UCS E-Series Server's external Ethernet interface to an Ethernet port on the remote site switch, and then return the switchport configuration to the default.

```
default interface GigabitEthernet1/0/15
```

Step 2: Define the switchport in the remote-site switch as an access port for the data VLAN, and then apply port-security and quality of service (QoS) configuration.

```
interface GigabitEthernet1/0/15
description Link UCS-E 140S
switchport access vlan 64
switchport host
ip arp inspection trust
logging event link-status
macro apply EgressQoS
no shutdown
```

Option 2: Double-wide UCS E-Series Server module

Step 1: Connect the Cisco UCS E-Series Server's external Ethernet interface to an Ethernet port on the remote site switch, and then return the switchport configuration to the default.

default interface GigabitEthernet1/0/15
default interface GigabitEthernet2/0/15

Step 2: Define the switchport in the remote-site switch as an access port for the data VLAN, and then apply port-security and QoS configuration.

```
interface GigabitEthernet1/0/15
description Link UCS-E 140D interface gig 0/2
switchport access vlan 64
switchport host
ip arp inspection trust
logging event link-status
macro apply EgressQoS
no shutdown
```

```
interface GigabitEthernet2/0/15
description Link UCS-E 140D interface gig 0/3
switchport access vlan 64
switchport host
ip arp inspection trust
logging event link-status
macro apply EgressQoS
no shutdown
```

Tech Tip

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The single-wide UCS E-Series Server modules only have a single external Ethernet interface. The double-wide modules have two external Ethernet interfaces for VM traffic and should be connected to two external switches for redundancy.

Procedure 2 Configure ISRG2 for CIMC access

The UCS E-Series procedures in this guide assume that you are using an ISR G2 2900 series router or ISR G2 3900 series router. The ISR 4451-X router procedure, while similar, is not included in this guide.

The Cisco UCS E-Series Server module has two internal interfaces on the router. These interfaces are numbered depending on which slot the UCS E-Series Server module is installed. Interface ucse_/0 represents a routed PCIe interface and interface ucse_/1 represents the multi-gigabit fabric (MGF) interface. This procedure configures the PCIe interface, which is also referred to as the Console interface.

Option 1: Layer 2 access switch

This is the recommended configuration for remote sites with an access layer only. Use this configuration if all UCS E-Series Server applications and CIMC access can reside on the remote site user Data VLAN and a dedicated server subnet or DMZ is not required.

Perform these steps to set up the CIMC interface.

Step 1: Determine the UCS E-Series Server interfaces.

RS242-2951-2#sh ip int brief

Interface	IP-Address	OK?	Method Status	Protocol
Ucse2/0	unassigned	YES	NVRAM up	up
Ucse2/1	unassigned	YES	unset up	up



Step 2: Assign an IP address to the router's UCS E-Series Server interface. In this configuration you use **IP unnumbered** to share the IP address assigned to the internal data VLAN. This will be the gateway IP address for the Cisco UCS E-Series Server CIMC and hypervisor.

interface ucse2/0
ip unnumbered GigabitEthernet 0/2.64
no shutdown

Step 3: Assign an IP address and gateway to the CIMC.

```
interface ucse2/0
imc ip address 10.5.252.10 255.255.255.0 default-gateway 10.5.252.3
```



```
imc access-port shared-lom console
```



Shared console access allows this interface to be used for CIMC access and network traffic. Dedicated mode allows only CIMC access.

Step 4: Configure a static host route for the CIMC host via the internal UCS E-Series Server interface.

ip route 10.5.252.10 255.255.255.255 ucse2/0

Step 5: Configure an additional static host route for the VMware ESXi host that will reside on the same subnet and share the UCS E-Series Server console for access.

ip route 10.5.252.11 255.255.255.255 ucse2/0

Step 6: If this is a dual router remote site, you must redistribute the static routes created in Step 4 and Step 5 into the LAN EIGRP process (Example: EIGRP-100). You use a route map with an access list to explicitly list which static routes are redistributed.

If static route redistribution has already been configured, then the route map may already exist and you can use it in a redistribute statement. In this case, add the new access list and the additional clause for the route map; otherwise, complete the entire step. The highlighted portion is optional.

```
ip access-list standard STATIC-ROUTE-LIST
remark UCSE CIMC & ESXi host routes
permit 10.5.252.10
permit 10.5.252.11
route-map STATIC-IN permit 30
match ip address STATIC-ROUTE-LIST
!
router eigrp 100
redistribute static route-map STATIC-IN
```

Next, verify the CIMC configuration.

Tech Tip It is not always necessary to redistribute these static routes into the LAN EIGRP process. ip route 10.5.252.10 255.255.255.255 ucse2/0 ip route 10.5.252.10 255.255.255.255 ucse2/0 This type of static route is known as a pseudo-static or pseudo-connected route because it meets two conditions: 1) the static route points directly to an interface and 2) the destination IP address is contained within an IP range that is referenced by an EIGRP network statement: router eigrp 100 network 10.5.0.0 0.0.255.255 A pseudo-connected route is treated like a connected route and is automatically advertised within the EIGRP autonomous system as an EIGRP internal route (AD 90) and no redistribution is required. While the route will be automatically brought into the topology and treated similar to a connected route, EIGRP does not reclassify the route as a connected. As with the example presented above, redistribution of static routes, and then applying configuration commands (such as route maps) to the redistribute routes would affect these routes.

Step 7: Open a browser window to the CIMC address (Example: https://10.5.252.10), enter the factory default username **admin** and factory default password **password**, and then click **Log In**.

) cisc	Cisco Integrated Management Controller RS246-3946-U-US1465 Wriver 164.3H322739891	Usemame. Paseword Log In Cancel
/		

Step 8: If this is the first time you log in to this device, you are prompted to change the password. Enter a new password (Example: c1sco123), and then click **Save Changes**.

First Login	0
Please change your pass	word
New Password:	
Confirm New Password:	
(Save Changes Reset Values

Option 2: Layer 3 distribution switch-dedicated UCS E-Series Server subnet

This is the recommended configuration for remote sites with a distribution layer.

This solution also provides flexibility for different application needs, such as the ability to contain certain applications in a local DMZ for each remote-site location.

When connecting to the distribution layer you must assign a dedicated subnet range for Cisco UCS E-Series Server management. The CIMC and ESXi interfaces are both assigned addresses in this range. The external UCS E-Series Server interfaces are connected to the LAN switches providing application access to internal facing VLANs and the Internet.

Perform these steps to set up the CIMC interface.

Step 1: Determine the UCS E-Series Server interfaces.

RS240-3945#**sh** ip int brief

Interface	IP-Address	OK?	Method Status	Protocol
ucse3/0	unassigned	YES	NVRAM up	up
ucse3/1	unassigned	YES	unset up	up



Step 2: Assign an IP address to the router's UCS E-Series Server interface. In this configuration you explicitly assign an IP address on the newly assigned subnet range. This will be the gateway IP address for the Cisco UCS E-Series Server CIMC and hypervisor.

```
interface ucse3/0
ip address 10.5.241.1 255.255.255.128
```

Step 3: Assign an IP address and gateway to the CIMC.

```
interface ucse3/0
imc ip address 10.5.241.30 255.255.128 default-gateway 10.5.241.1
```

Step 4: Configure the CIMC LOM for shared access.

```
interface ucse3/0
imc access-port shared-lom console
no shutdown
```



Step 5: Open a browser window to the CIMC address (Example: https://10.5.241.30), enter the factory default username **admin** and factory default password **password**, and then click **Log In**.



Step 6: If this is the first time you log in to this device, you are prompted to change the password. Enter a new password (Example: c1sco123), and then click **Save Changes**.

First Login	0
Please change your pas	sword
New Password:	
Confirm New Password:	
	Save Changes Reset Values

Procedure 3 Configure UCS E-Series Server using CIMC

Step 1: On the Server Summary screen, verify the installed CPU and, if the memory and disk are correctly reported, that the correct versions of CIMC and BIOS are installed.

Step 2: Enter a description for this device (Example: RS242 UCS E-Series), and click then Save Changes.

cisco Cisco Integ	rated Management Co	ntroller			RS242-UCSE140D-1 admin@10.4.48.158 Log Out
Overall Server Status	C 3. 4 🗮 0 0				500 010
Server Admin Server Admin Formatory Sensors System Event Log Remate Presence BIOS Power Policies Fault Summary Hoat Image Mapping	Server Summary Actions Jewer of Server Dever D	PDD. UUD: BIOS Version: Description: Porer Statu: Porer S	F0C1649635P 4C7696705520F-0006-0011-422AAJ0817 4C7696705520F-0006-0011-422AAJ0817 15242-3551-14C62E400 Cost C		
				Save Chan	ges Reset Values

Step 3: Click the Admin tab, click Network, and then click the Network Settings tab.

Step 4: Configure a host name (Example: RS242-UCSE140D and the primary DNS server if necessary (Example: 10.4.48.10), click **Save Changes**, and then, on the warning dialog box, click **OK**.

cisco Cisco Integ	rated Management Controller			
Overall Server Status	0 9 🗮 🕹 🗮 0			
Good	Network			
Server Admin	Network Settings Network Security			
User Management Network Communications Services	NIC Properties NIC Mode: Shared LOM (host)			
Certificate Management	NIC Redundancy: None			
CIMC Log	NIC Interface: Console			
Event Management	MAC Address: D8:67:D9:C7:DF:53			
Firmware Management Utilities	Common Properties			
	Hostname: RS242-UCSE140D-1			
	IPv4 Properties			
	Enable IPv4: 🗹			
	Use DHCP:			
	IP Address: 10.5.252.10			
	Subnet Mask: 255.255.0			
	Gateway: 10.5.252.2			
	Obtain DNS Server Addresses From DHCP:			
	Preferred DNS Server: 10.4.48.10			
	Alternate DNS Server: 0.0.0.0			
	VLAN Properties			
	Enable VLAN:			
	VLAN ID: 1			
	Priority: 0			

Step 1: Click the Server tab, click Inventory, and then click the Storage tab.

cisco Cisco Integ	rated Management Controller Controller Controller Controller Loged in as: admin@10.4.48.178					
Overall Server Status	C 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1					
Good	Storage Cards					
Server Admin	CPUs Memory Power Supplies Storage PCI Adapters					
Summary	Storage Adapters					
Inventory	Controller Product Name Firmware Package Build Product ID Cache Memory Size					
Sensors	SLOT-5 LSI MegaRAID SAS 2004 RC 20.10.1-0092 LSI Logic 0 MB					
System Event Log Remote Presence						
BIOS	Storage Card: SLOT-5					
Power Policies	ControllerInfo Physical Drive Info Virtual Drive Info					
Fault Summary	(Virtual Drives					
Host Image Mapping	Virtual Drive Name State Size RAID Level Actions					
	0 Optimal 572150 ME RAID 1 - Actions - 2 Control Control Con					
	General Physical Drives					
	Name: Virtual Drive Physical Drive Span Starting Block Number Of Blocks					
	Stripe Size: 64 KB 0 1 0 0 1169920000					
	Drives Per Span: 2 0 3 0 0 1169920000 169920000					
	Access Policy: Read-Write					
	Cache Policy: Direct					
	Read Ahead Policy: None					
	Write Cache Policy: Write Through					
	Disk Cache Policy: Unchanged Allow Background Init: true					
	Auto Canachati Calena II					
	Save Changes Reset Values					

Step 2: Click the Physical Drives Info tab.

Step 3: For the drive in Slot Number 1, click Actions, and then choose Change State.

1			Actions
JBOD	HDD, SATA	952720 MB	- Actions -
JBOD	HDD, SATA	952720 MB	- Actions -
	JBOD	JBOD HDD, SATA	JBOD HDD, SATA 952720 MB

Step 4: If necessary, for the Physical Drive State, choose UnconfiguredGood, and then click Confirm.

Change Physical Drive State 🤫
Change State to: UnconfiguredGood 🕏
Confirm Cancel

Step 5: If necessary, repeat Step 3 and Step 4 for the remaining drives.

Step 6: Click the Virtual Drive Info tab.

Step 7: In the Actions pane, choose Create.

	Tech Tip	
	e configuring a Cisco UCS E-Series Server module with a single hard ct RAID 0 and add the single drive to the list. It is best to use two driv	-
Cisco Inter Overall Server Status Control Server Status Summary Inventory Sensor BJOS Power Policies Fault Summary Host Image Mapping	Concentions Base State S	

Step 8: In the Configure Virtual Drive dialog box, choose RAID Level **RAID 1** from the drop-down list. If your system only has a single drive, choose RAID Level **RAID 0** (this will be the only available option).

c 3 3 🔳	0		Log Ou
Storage Car CPUs Memor Storage Adapts Controller SLOT-5 LSI ControllerInfo	Configure Virtual Drive	Contraction Contra	roduct ID Cache Memory Size
Virtual Drive		Next Cancel	Actions Actions

Step 9: Select the drives you want to include in the RAID configuration, move them from the Unconfigured Drives column to the Selected Drives column by clicking Add, and then, after you finish selecting all the drives click Next.

Configure Virtu	ial Drive	•
RAID Level: RAID 1	*	
Unconfigured Drives:		Selected Drives:
		1
	Add >	2
	< Remove	
		Next Cancel

Step 10: In the Configure Raid Parameters dialog box, select Set Bootable, and then click Next.

Configure	RAID Parameters 🤫
Strip Size:	64KB
Access Policy:	Read-Write
Drive Cache:	Unchanged 🗘
Initialization:	Quick
HSP:	
Set Bootable:	
	Back Next Cancel

Step 11: In the Confirm RAID Configuration dialog box, verify that the proper drives are listed, and then click **Submit**.

Confirm R	AID Confi	guration 🤨
RAID Level:	RAID 1	Drives:
Strip Size:	64KB	1
Access Policy:	Read-Write	2
Drive Cache:	Unchanged	
Initialization:	Quick	
HSP:	Disabled	
Set Bootable:	Enabled	
	Back	Submit Cancel

Step 12: Verify that the virtual and physical drives are properly assigned by clicking the **Server** tab, clicking **Inventory**, clicking the **Storage** tab, and then clicking the **Virtual Drive Info** tab.

cisco Cisco Integ	rated Management Controller	CIMC Hostname: R\$242-2951-2-UCSE140D Logged in as: admin@10.4.48.178 Log Out
Cisco Integ Overall Server Status Server Admin Summary Inventory Sensors System Event Log Remote Presence EIOS Power Policies Foult Summary	rated Management Controller C C C Controller C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	
Host Image Mapping	Virtual Drives Name State Size RAID Level Actions 0 Optimal 571250 H4 RAID 1 - Actions - 2 0 Optimal 571250 H4 RAID 1 - Actions - 2 General Physical Drives Virtual Drive Sean Starting	Actions Create Creat
	Stripe Size: 64 KB Drives Per Span: 2 Span Depth: 1 Access Policy: Direct Read Arbe Policy: None Write Cashe Policy: None Write Cashe Policy: Write Through Disk Cashe Policy: Write Through Disk Cashe Policy: Arbeit Pour Pour Pour Pour Pour Pour Pour Pour	11992000 11992000 11992000
		Save Changes Reset Values



Use this process if your UCS E-Series Server module did not come with VMware ESXi pre-installed.

To avoid WAN utilization and possible congestion problems on your network, if possible you should install ESXi on the UCS E-Series Server modules before shipping them to remote locations.

Tech Tip

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If you are using VMware FL-SRE-V-HOST license (equivalent to VMware vSphere Hypervisor 5.X), make sure that the installed UCS E-Series Server RAM is 32GB or less. If the installed UCS E-Series Server RAM is more than 32GB, an error message appears and you cannot apply the license.

If you want to use 48GB RAM on the UCS E-Series Server, upgrade your license to FL-SRE-V-HOSTVC. You can verify the memory configuration prior to installing VMware ESXi by navigating to the **Server** tab, clicking **Inventory**, and then clicking the **Memory** tab.

Procedure 1 Download the VMware ESXi image specific to the UCS E-Series Server

A custom version of VMware ESXi has been developed specifically for use on Cisco UCS E-Series Servers. Use the following steps to download the custom ISO image.

Step 1: Open a browser and navigate to the VMware login page:

https://my.vmware.com/web/vmware/login

Step 2: Enter your VMware credentials, and then click Log In. If you do not have an account with VMware, create an account by clicking Register.

Step 3: Click All Downloads.

Step 4: Click the All Products tab and then click View Download Components for VMware vSphere.

All Down	loads		
	Search /	All Downloads	Q.
My Products	All Products	Products A-Z	
			All Products
Datacente	r & Cloud Ir	nfrastructure	
VMware vCloue	d Suite		View Download Components I Drivers & Tools I Buy
VMware vSphe	ere with Operation	ns Management	View Download Components I Drivers & Tools I Try
VMware vSphe	ere Data Protectio	on Advanced	View Download Components I Drivers & Tools I Try
VMware vSphe	ere		View Download Components I Drivers & Tools I Try

Step 5: Select version 5.1 in the Select Version: drop-down list.

Download VMware vSphere		
Select Version: 5.1 5.5 5.1 5.0 4.1 4.0	Customers who have purchased VMware vSphere 5.1 can download their relevant installation package from the product download tab below. Looking to upgrade from vSphere 4 or Infrastructure 3? Visit the VMware vSphere Upgrade Center.	

Step 6: Click the Custom ISOs tab, and then click the right arrow to expand the OEM Customized Installer CDs.

Product Downloads	Drivers & Tools	Open Source	Custom ISOs	
Custom ISOs				Release Date
> OEM Customiz	zed Installer CDs			

Step 7: For the Cisco Custom Image for ESXi 5.1.0 U1 GA Install CD, click Go to Downloads.

Рго	duct Downloads Drivers & Tools Open Source Custom ISOs		
	Custom ISOs	Release Date	
-	OEM Customized Installer CDs		
	HP Custom Image for ESXI 5.1.0 Update 1 Install CD	2013-09-30	Go to Downloads
	Hitachi Custom Image for ESXI 5.1.0 Update 1 Install CD	2013-05-31	Go to Downloads
	Cisco Custom Image for ESXi 5.1.0 U1 GA Install CD	2013-05-30	Go to Downloads

Step 8: To download the customized VMware vSphere Hypervisor image, click the **Product Downloads** tab, for the **File type: iso** version click **Download Now**.

Product Downloads	Version History
File	Information
Cisco Custom Im	age for VMware ESXI 5.1.0 U1 GA Install CD Download Now
File size: 305M	Download Manager
File type: iso	
Read More	

Procedure 2 Install VMware ESXi on the UCS E-Series Server

This procedure takes you through several important tasks: mounting the VMware ESXi ISO, setting the UCS E-Series Server Boot settings, and installing VMware ESXi onto the SD card of the UCS E-Series Server. It is important to keep both the CIMC and KVM console windows open throughout these steps.



Step 1: Using your web browser, navigate to the CIMC address of the UCS E-Series Server module and log in (Examples: https://10.5.252.10 and admin/c1sco123).

Step 2: Accept any messages regarding untrusted certificates.

Step 3: In the Server tab, click Remote Presence, click the Virtual Media tab, and then ensure the Enabled check box is selected.

cisco Cisco Integ	rated Management Controller Come Logged in as:	RS240-3945-UCS140S admin@10.4.48.178 Log Out
Overall Server Status	C 🙏 📕 0 0	
Good	Remote Presence	
Server Admin	Virtual KVM Virtual Media Serial over LAN	
Summary Inventory	/Virtual Media Properties Enabled: 🗹	
Sensors	Active Sessions: 0	
System Event Log	Enable Virtual Media Encryption: 🗐	
Remote Presence BIOS		
Power Policies		
Fault Summary		
Host Image Mapping		
	Save Cha	anges Reset Values

cisco Cisco Integ	rated Management Controller	CIMC Hostname: Logged in as:	RS240-3945-UCS140S admin@10.4.48.178 Log Out
Overall Server Status	C 🕹 📕 0 0		
Good	Remote Presence		
Server Admin	Virtual KVM Virtual Media Serial over LAN		
Summary	Actions		
Inventory Sensors	Launch KVM Console		
System Event Log	vKVM Properties		
Remote Presence	Enabled: 🗹		
BIOS	Max Sessions: 4		
Power Policies Fault Summary	Active Sessions: 0		
Host Image Mapping	Remote Port: 2068		
	Enable Video Encryption: 🗐		
	Enable Local Server Video: 🗹		
		Save Ch	anges Reset Values

Step 5: On the **Virtual KVM** tab, under **Actions** click **Launch KVM Console**, and then accept any security warnings. The virtual KVM Console window opens.

	nt Controller
Overall Server Status C Server Admin Summary Inventory Sensors System Event Log Remote Presence BIOS Power Policies Fault Summary Host Image Mapping C C C C Remote Presence BIOS Power Policies Fault Summary Host Image Mapping C C C C C Remote Presence BIOS Power Policies Fault Summary Host Image Mapping C C C C Virtual KVM Virtual KVM Console VKYM Properties Enabled: Max Sessions: 0 Remote Port: 2068 Enable Video Encryption: Enable Local Server Video:	 Serial over LAN Serial over LAN 4 0 2068 1

Step 6: In the KVM Console window, click the Virtual Media tab.



Step 7: In the KVM Console window, click Add Image.

10.5.252.10 - KVM	1 Console					
le Help						
Virtual Me	dia					
Client View						
Mapped Re	ead Only Drive					Exit
	🗌 🔳 🖃 l: - Remo	ovable Disk				
	🗌 🔳 H: - Rem	ovable Disk				Create Image
	🗖 🛛 🖃 G: - Rem	ovable Disk				Add Image
	🗖 🖃 F: - Rem	ovable Disk				Remove Image
	🕅 🛛 🔗 E: - CD/D	DVD				Details ±
Details					•	
Target Drive	Mapped To	Read Bytes	Write Bytes	Duration		
Virtual CD/DVD	Not mapped				_	USB Reset
Removable Disk	Not mapped					
Floppy	Not mapped					

Step 8: Browse to the VMware ESXi ISO image, and then click Open.

🛓 Open	
Look <u>i</u> n:	VMware ESXi 💌 🖬 🛱 🛱 🗄 🗁
ESXi-5.1.0	-1065491-custom-Cisco-5.1.1.1.iso
File <u>N</u> ame:	ESXi-5.1.0-1065491-custom-Cisco-5.1.1.1.iso
Files of <u>T</u> ype:	Disk image file (*.iso, *.img)
	Open Cancel

Step 9: For the newly added image, select Mapped. This maps the ISO file and completes the mount.

10.5.252.10 -	KVM Console						
e Help							
VM Virtual	l Media						
Client View							
Mapped	Read Only	Drive					Exit
		🖃 I: - Removable Di	sk				
		🖃 H: - Removable D	isk				Create Image
		🖃 G: - Removable D	isk				Add Image
		🖃 F: - Removable Di	isk				Remove Image
	1	🚔 E: - CD/DVD					Details ±
		2: C:\CVD\ESXi-5.1.0	-1065491-0	ustom-Cisco-	5.1.1.1.iso - ISO I	Image File	Details *
Details Target Drive	Mapp	ad To	Read Bytes	Write Bytes	Duration	[
Virtual CD/DV		CVD\ESXi-5.1.0-10 0		0	00:00:04		
Removable D		apped			00.00.04		USB Reset
Floppy		apped					
rioppy	NOUTIN	appeu					

Step 10: Return to the KVM Console window by clicking the **KVM** tab. You can monitor the status of the server by using this console window. Keep this window open and visible.



Step 11: In the CIMC, click the **Server** tab, click **Summary**, reboot the server by clicking **Power Cycle Server**, and then click **OK** in the warning dialog box. The console screen turns blank and green for a moment during this process.



Step 12: Monitor the KVM Console window as the server boots, and, when prompted, enter the BIOS setup by pressing F2.
Step 13: When prompted, enter the password (Example: c1sco123). If this is the first time entering the BIOS, you are prompted to set a BIOS password (Example: c1sco123).



Step 14: Using the arrows on your keyboard, navigate to the **Boot** tab, highlight **Boot Option #1**, and then press **Enter**.



Step 15: In the Boot Option #1 dialog box, choose Cypress, and then press Enter.



Step 16: Press **F10**. In the save and exit dialog box, choose **Yes,** and then press **Enter**. This saves the BIOS settings and exits BIOS. The system reboots.



Step 17: In the virtual KVM window, click the **KVM** tab, and then monitor the KVM Console window as the server boots. The server loads the ESXi Installer from the mapped ISO image.

Step 18: When the VMware VMvisor Boot Menu appears, select ESXi Installer



Step 19: In the Welcome dialog box, choose Enter. The installation of ESXi begins.



Step 20: Accept the End User License Agreement (EULA) by pressing F11.

End User License Agreement (EULA)
VMWARE END USER LICENSE AGREEMENT
IMPORTANT-READ CAREFULLY: BY DOWNLOADING, INSTALLING, OR USING THE SOFTWARE, YOU (THE INDIVIDUAL OR LEGAL ENTITY) AGREE TO BE BOUND BY THE TERMS OF THIS END USER LICENSE AGREEMENT ("EULA"). IF YOU DO NOT AGREE TO THE TERMS OF THIS EULA, YOU MUST NOT DOWNLOAD, INSTALL, OR USE THE SOFTWARE, AND YOU MUST DELETE OR RETURN THE UNUSED SOFTWARE TO THE VENDOR FROM WHICH YOU ACQUIRED IT WITHIN THIRTY (30) DAYS AND REQUEST A REFUND OF THE LICENSE FEE, IF ANY, THAT YOU PAID FOR THE SOFTWARE.
EVALUATION LICENSE. If You are licensing the Software for evaluation purposes, your use of the Software is only permitted in a non-production environment and for the period
Use the arrow keys to scroll the EULA text
(ESC) Do not Accept (F11) Accept and Continue

Step 21: Using the down arrow, choose the SD card as the local storage device, press **Enter** (Example: Cypress Astoria SD Card), and then when prompted to confirm disk selection, press **Enter**.

* Contains a VMFS		Install or Upgra	ade	
Storage Device				Capacity
Local: * LSI MRSASRoMB-4 Cypress Astoria Remote: (none)	i (naa.6d867d9c7 SD Card (mpx.vm		:3cd571)	557.86 GiB 7.44 GiB

* Cont	Select a Disk to Install or Upgrade * Contains a VMFS partition				
Stora Confirm Disk Selection acity Local You have selected a disk that contains at least one					
LS partition with existing data. Cy Remot If you continue the selected disk will be overwritten.					
(n(Esc) Cancel (Enter) OK					
(Es	c) Cancel (F1) Details (F5) Refresh (Enter) Contin	iue			

Step 22: For the keyboard layout, choose US Default, and then press Enter.

Please select a keyboard layout		
Swiss French Swiss German Turkish US Default US Dvorak Ukrainian United Kingdom		
Use the arrow keys to scroll.		
(Esc) Cancel (F9) Back (Enter) Continue		

Step 23: Set the root password, and then press Enter (Example: c1sco123).

Please enter a	root password	i (recommended)
Root password: Confirm password:		
(Esc) Cancel	(F9) Back	(Enter) Continue

Step 24: The system scans for resources, which may take a few moments. Press **F11**. A status bar shows the progress of the ESXi installation.

The installer is configured to install ESXi 5.1.0 on mpx.vmhba33:CO:TO:LO. Warning: This disk will be repartitioned.
Warning: This disk will be repartitioned.
(Esc) Cancel (F9) Back (F11) Install

5 %

Step 25: After a successful installation of ESXi, in the **KVM Console** window, click the **Virtual Media** tab, click **Remove Image**, and agree to the warning. This unmounts the image.

Mapped F	Read Only	Drive						Exit
		🖃 I: - Removabl	le Disk				L	EXIL
		🖃 H: - Removat	ble Disk					Create Image
		🖃 G: - Removat	ble Disk					Add Image
		🖃 F: - Removab	le Disk				[Remove Image
	1	🚔 E: - CD/DVD						Details ±
Details								
Target Drive	Mappe	ed To	Read Bytes	Write Bytes	Duration			
Virtual CD/DVD	Not ma	apped						USB Reset
Removable Disk	Not ma	apped						
Floppy	Not ma	apped						

Step 26: On the KVM tab, press Enter. The system restarts, loading the ESXi image installed on the SD drive.



Procedure 3

Configure VMware ESXi Host Settings

Step 1: In the **ESXi home screen window**, press **F2**. This enables you to customize the system after ESXi is finished booting.



Step 2: Log in using the credentials you set during installation (Example: root/c1sco123).

Authentication R	equired
Enter an authori localhost	zed login name and password for
Configured Keybo Login Name: Password:	ard (US Default) [root] [********]

Step 3: Using the down arrow key, highlight to the **Configure Management Network** option, and then press **Enter**.

File View Macros Tools Help KVM Virtual Media	
System Customization	Configure Management Network
Configure Passuord Configure Lockdown Mode	Hostnane: localhost
Configure Nanagement Network Restart Nanagement Network Test Nanagement Network	IP Address: 169.254.140.114
Network Restore Options	IPv6 Addresses: fe80::e22f:6dff:fee0:708c/64
Configure Keyboard Troubleshooting Options	To view or modify this host's management network settings in detail, press <enter>.</enter>
View System Logs	
View Support Information	
Reset System Configuration	

Step 4: Choose IP Configuration, and then press Enter.

File View Macros Tools Help KVM Virtual Media	
Configure Management Network	IP Configuration
Network Adapters VLAN (optional) IP Configuration IP OS Configuration DMS Configuration Custon DMS Suffixes	Automatic IP Address: 169.254.140.114 Subnet Mask: 255.255.0.0 Default Gateway: Not set This host can obtain an IP address and other networking parameters automatically if your network includes a DHCP server. If not, ask your network administrator for the appropriate settings.

Step 5: Highlight Set static IP address and network configuration, and select it by pressing the space bar.

Step 6: Using the down arrow, enter the assigned values from Table 2 (Example:10.5.252.11, 255.255.255.0, 10.5.252.1) for **IP address, subnet mask**, and **default gateway**, and then press **Enter**.

IP Configuration	
This host can obtain network settings automa includes a DHCP server. If it does not, the specified:	
() Use dynamic IP address and network conf (o) Set static IP address and network config	
(o) Set static IP address and network config	guration:
(o) Set static IP address and network config IP Address	guration: [10.5.252.11]

Step 7: Use the down arrow, select DNS Configuration, and then press Enter.



Step 8: Configure the primary DNS server and host name (Example: 10.4.48.10 and RS242-ESXi-1.cisco.local, and then press **Enter**.

DNS Configuration	
This host can only obtain DNS settings automa its IP configuration automatically.	atically if it also obtains
() Obtain DNS server addresses and a hostnam (o) Use the following DNS server addresses an	3
Primary DNS Server [10.4.48.10 Alternate DNS Server [1
Hostname [RS242-ESXi-1.cisco.]	
(Up/Down) Select (Space) Mark Selected	<pre> K </pre> K K Cancel

Step 9: On the Configure Management Network screen, exit by pressing ESC.

Step 10: In the confirmation dialog box, confirm that you want to apply changes and restart by pressing Y.

Configure Management Network: Confirm	
You have made changes to the host's management netwo Applying these changes may result in a brief network disconnect remote management software and affect run machines. In case IPv6 has been enabled or disabled restart your host.	coutage, ning virtual
Apply changes and restart management network?	
<y> Yes <n> No</n></y>	<esc> Cancel</esc>

Procedure 4 Add VMware ESXi host to vCenter

Step 1: From the VMware vSphere client, select the folder location where you want to add the ESXi host (Example: Remote Sites).

Step 2: On the Getting Started tab, under Basic Tasks, click Add a host.

Tech Tip

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You must have the ESXi host name and IP address configured in your DNS database if you want to be able to reference it by name in the vCenter. Add a new DNS entry if required.



Step 3: In the Connection Settings pane, enter the host name of the ESXi host and the username and password (Example: root / c1sco123), and then click **Next**. If necessary, accept the Security Alert by clicking **Yes**.

onnection Settings ost Summary	Connection	
rtual Machine Location eady to Complete	Enter the na	me or IP address of the host to add to vCenter.
	Host:	R5242-E5Xi-1.cisco.local
	Authorization	n
	use this infor	ministrative account information for the host, vSphere Client will rmation to connect to the host and establish a permanent ts operations.
	Username:	root
	Password:	***

Step 4: In the Host Summary pane, verify the details of the ESXi host you want to add, and then click Next.

Add Host Wizard			_ 0
lost Information Review the product information	for the specified host.		
Connection Settings	You have chose	en to add the following host to vCenter:	
Host Summary Assign License Lockdown Mode Virtual Machine Location Ready to Complete	Name: Vendor: Model: Version:	rs242-esxi-1.cisco.local Cisco Systems, Inc. UCS-E140D-M1/K9 VMware ESXi 5.1.0 build-1065491	
Ready to Complete	Virtual Machine	551	
	•		
Help		< Back Next >	Cancel

Step 5: In the **Assign License** window, click in the circle to assign the appropriate VMware license key or add a new license key and then click **Next**.

🛃 Add Host Wizard		
Assign License Assign an existing or a new	license key to this host.	
Connection Settings Host Summary	🛃 Add License Key	X
Assign License Lockdown Mode Virtual Machine Location	New license key:	
Ready to Complete		OK Cancel
	Assign a new license key to this host Enter Key	
	Product: - Capacity: -	
	Available: - Expires: - Label: -	
Help	< Ba	ick Next > Cancel

Step 6: In the Lockdown Mode pane, verify that Enable Lockdown Mode is cleared, and then click Next.

Add Host Wizard Configure Lockdown Mode Specify whether lockdown mode i	s to be enabled for this host.
Connection Settings Host Summary Assign License Lockdown Mode Virtual Machine Location Ready to Complete	Lockdown Mode — When enabled, lockdown mode prevents remote users from logging directly into this host. The host will only be accessible through local console or an authorized centralized management application. If you are unsure what to do, leave this box unchecked. You can configure lockdown mode later by navigating to the host's Configuration tab and editing its Security Profile. Enable Lockdown Mode
Help	< Back Next > Cancel

Step 7: In the Virtual Machine Location pane, select the proper location for the new EXSi host, and then click **Next**.

Add Host Wizard			
Virtual Machine Location Select a location in the vCenter Se	ver inventory for the host's	virtual machines.	
Connection Settings Host Summary Assign License Lockdown Mode Virtual Machine Location Ready to Complete		his host's virtual machines.	
Help		< Back	Next > Cancel

Step 8: In the Ready to Complete summary pane, verify the information, and then click Finish.

Add Host Wizard			_ 🗆 ×
Ready to Complete Review the options you have sel	ected and click Finish to add	the host.	
Connection Settings Host Summary Assign License Lockdown Mode Virtual Machine Location Ready to Complete	Host: Version:	aary and click Finish. rs242-esxi-1.cisco.local VMware ESXi 5.1.0 build-1065491 VM Network Disabled	
Help		< Back Fit	nish Cancel

Step 9: Select the new ESXi host, click the Summary tab and then verify that the information is correct.



Procedure 5 Add a datastore to ESXi hosts

In this procedure, you add storage for the virtual machines and other system files to use. The storage is a disk drive physically located on the server.



Step 1: Using vSphere Client, log in to the ESXi host.

Step 2: On the Configuration tab, in the Hardware pane, click Storage.

Step 3: If your ESXi host does not have a provisioned virtual machine file system (VMFS), in main window, in the "The VMware ESX Server does not have persistent storage" message, click **Click here to create a datastore**.

Getting Started Summary Virtu	al Machines Resource Allocati	ion Performance	Configuration 18	asks & Events 🔷 Alarms	Permissions Ma	ps Storage	e Views	Hardware Status
The ESXi host does not	have persistent stora	iae.				80		20
To run virtual machines, create at le	and the second		d other system files.					
and a start of the	- 1.01 (umm)				e 11 e			
Note: If you plan to use iSCSI or a n	etwork file system (NH5), ensure	e that your storage a	papters and network	connections are properly	configured before co	ontinuing.		
To add storage now, dick here to cre	ate a datastore							
and the second se								
Network Management of A								
Hardware	View: Datastores	Devices						
Hardware Processors	View: Datastores Datastores	Devices						
the state of the second		Devices Status	Device	Drive Type	Capacity	Free T	Туре	Last Update
Processors	Datastores		Device	Drive Type	Capacity	Free T	Туре	Last Update
Processors Memory	Datastores		Device	Drive Type	Capacity	Free T	Туре	Last Update
Processors Memory Storage	Datastores		Device	Drive Type	Capacity	Free T	Туре	Last Update
Processors Memory > Storage Networking	Datastores		Device	Drive Type	Capacity	Free T	Туре	Last Update
Processors Memory Storage Networking Storage Adapters	Datastores		Device	Drive Type	Capacity	Free T	Туре	Last Update

Step 4: In the Add Storage wizard, select Disk/LUN, and then click Next.

🚱 Add Storage	
Select Storage Type Specify if you want to fo	rmat a new volume or use a shared folder over the network.
Disk/LUN Select Disk/LUN File System Version Current Disk Layout Properties Formatting Ready to Complete	Storage Type Disk/LUN Create a datastore on a Fibre Channel, ISCSI, or local SCSI disk, or mount an existing VMFS volume. Network File System Choose this option if you want to create a Network File System. Adding a datastore on Fibre Channel or ISCSI will add this datastore to all hosts that have access to the storage media.
Help	< Back Next > Cancel

Step 5: On the Select Disk/LUN page, select the local disk and then click Next.

Add Storage					
Select Disk/LUN Select a LUN to create a	datastore or expand the current one				
Disk/LUN Select Disk/LUN	Name, Identifier, Path ID, LUN, Capaci		S Label c	. •	Clear
File System Version	Name	Path ID	LUN /	Drive Type	Capacity
Current Disk Layout	Local LSI Disk (naa.6d867d9c7df4e	vmhba0:C2:T0:L0	0	Non-SSD	1.63 TB
Properties Formatting					
Ready to Complete					
teres, to complete					
	•				
Help		1	< Back	Next >	Cancel

Step 6: On the File System Version page, select **VMFS-5** or **VMFS-3**. Hosts running ESXi 4.x will not be able to access VMFS-5 datastores. Unlike VMFS-3, VMFS-5 uses standard 1 MB file system block size with support of 2 TB+ virtual disks.

🛃 Add Storage		
File System Version Specify the version of the	VMFS for the datastore	
Disk/LUN Select Disk/LUN File System Version Current Disk Layout Properties Formatting Ready to Complete	File System Version VMFS-5 Select this option to enable additional capabilities, such as 2TB+ support. VMFS-5 is not supported by hosts with an ESX version older than 5.0. VMFS-3 Select this option if the datastore will be accessed by legacy hosts.	

Step 7: Review the disk capacity and partition information, and then click Next.

k <u>/LUN</u> Select Disk/LUN	Review the current disk layout:			
File System Version Current Disk Layout Properties Formatting ady to Complete	Device Local LSI Disk (naa.6d867d9c7 Location /vmfs/devices/disks/naa.6d867d9 Partition Format Unknown	Drive Type Non-SSD c7df4e0001a2649 The hard disk is	Available 1.63 TB	UN O
		The hard disk is available. Use th		

Step 8: Enter a datastore name, and then click Next.

🛃 Add Storage		
Properties Specify the properties for	the datatore	
Disk/LUN Select Disk/LUN File System Version Current Disk Lavout Properties Formatting Ready to Complete	Enter a datastore name	

Step 9: On the Disk/LUN Formatting page, accept the defaults by clicking **Next**. This formats the maximum available space in the disk.

🛃 Add Storage		_ 🗆 ×
Disk/LUN - Formatting Specify the maximum file	size and capacity of the datastore	
Disk/LUN Select Disk/LUN File System Version Current Disk Layout Properties Formatting Ready to Complete	Capacity Capaci	

Step 10: Click Finish.

The Add Storage wizard is completed.

Ready to Complete	Disk layout:	
na ang ang ang ang ang ang ang ang ang a	Device Drive Type Capacity Local LSI Disk (naa.6d867d9c7df4 Non-SSD 1.63 TB Location /vmfs/devices/disks/naa.6d867d9c7df4e0001a2649515d36e924 Parkition Format	LUN O
	GPT Primary Partitions Capacity VMPS (Local LSI Disk (naa.6d867d9 1.63 TB	
	File system:	
	File system: Properties Datastore name: R5242-ESXI-1-LocalDisk Formatting	

Procedure 6 Configure networking for ESXi host

Use this procedure to configure UCS E-Series Server with a single network interface card (NIC). This procedure uses the values in the following table to map the correct network interfaces to the vSwitch.

Table 5 - Cisco UCS E-Series Server interface assignments

Interface usage	UCS E140S (single-wide)	UCS E140D (double-wide)
Console/internal	vmnic0	vmnic0
Internal MGF	vmnic1	vmnic1
External (1)	vmnic2	vmnic2
External (2)		vmnic3
vSwitch port group network label	ESXi-external	ESXi-external-dual

Step 1: Click the Configuration tab, click Networking, and then click Add Networking.



Step 2: In the Connection Type dialog box, select Virtual Machine, and then click Next.

Connection Types
and host management.

Step 3: Select the external NIC card, **vmnic2**, to be used for this vSwitch, and then click **Next**. This example uses a single interface.

onnection Type etwork Access	Select which vSphere standard switch will handle the network traffic for this connection. You may also create a new vSphere standard switch using the unclaimed network adapters listed below.			
onnection Settings ummary	Create a vSphere standard switch	Speed	Networks	
	Broadcom Corporation NetXtreme		abit Ethernet	
	🗖 📟 vmnic1	1000 Full	None	
	Vmnic2	1000 Full	None	
	O Use vSwitch0	Speed	Networks	
	Broadcom Corporation NetXtreme	BCM5719 Gig	abit Ethernet	
	mic0	1000 Full	None	
	Preview:			
			2	
	Virtual Machine Port Group	-Physical Adapter		

Step 4: In the Port Group Properties pane, edit the Network Label (Example from Table 5: ESXi-external), set the VLAN ID to **None (0)**, and then click **Next**.

Add Network Wizard Virtual Machines - Conne Use network labels to ide	tion Settings ntify migration compatible connections common to two or more hosts.	
Connection Type Network Access Connection Settings Summary	Port Group Properties Network Label: VLAN ID (Optional): None (0)	
	Preview: Virtual Machine Port Group ESXI-external	
Help	< Back	Next > Cancel

Step 5: Review the final host networking configuration, and then click Finish.

Host networking will include the following new and modified standard switches: Preview:
Virtual Machine Port Group Physical Adapters ESXI-external wmnic2

(Optional)

This procedure is only required if you have two external NICs connecting to external switches for resiliency. This example uses the default ESXi NIC teaming configurations for redundancy.

This procedure uses the values in the following table to map the correct network interfaces to the vSwitch.

Table 6 - Cisco UCS E-Series Server interface assignments

Interface usage	UCS E140S (single-wide)	UCS E140D (double-wide)
Console/internal	vmnic0	vmnic0
Internal MGF	vmnic1	vmnic1
External (1)	vmnic2	vmnic2
External (2)		vmnic3
vSwitch port group network label	ESXi-external	ESXi-external-dual



Step 1: Click the Configuration tab, and then click Networking, and then click Add Networking.

Step 2: In the Connection Type dialog box, select Virtual Machine, and then click Next.

Add Network Wizard		_ 🗆
Connection Type Networking hardware	can be partitioned to accommodate each service that requires connectivity.	
Connection Type Network Access Connection Settings Summary	Connection Types Virtual Machine Add a labeled network to handle virtual machine network traffic. VMkernel The VMkernel TCP/IP stack handles traffic for the following ESXI services: vSphere vMotion, ISCSI, NFS, and host management.	
Help	< Back Next >	Cancel

Step 3: Select the external NIC cards, vmnic2 and vmnic3, to be used for this vSwitch, and then click Next.



Step 4: In the Port Group Properties pane, edit the Network Label (Example from Table 6: ESXi-external-dual), set the VLAN ID to **None (0)**, and then click **Next**.

Connection Type	Port Group Properties	tions common to two or more hosts.		
letwork Access Connection Settings	Network Label:	ESXi-external-dual		
jummary	VLAN ID (Optional):	None (0)	•	
	Preview:			
	- Virtual Machine Port Group ESXi-external-dual	Physical Adapters Physical Adap		

Step 5: Review the final host networking configuration, and then click Finish.

Add Network Wizard		
Ready to Complete Verify that all new an	f modified vSphere standard switches are configured appropriately.	
Connection Type Network Access	Host networking will include the following new and modified standard switc Preview:	hes:
Connection Settings Summary	Virtual Machine Port Group ESXi-external-dual	
Help		< Back Finish Cancel

Step 6: View properties by clicking Properties for the newly created vSwitch (Example: vSwitch1).

Hardware	View: vSphere Standard Switch vSp	here Distributed Switch	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Processors Memory Storage	Networking Standard Switch: vSwitch0	Remove Properties	Refresh Add Networking Properties.
Networking Storage Adapters Network Adapters Advanced Settings Power Management	Virtual Machine Port Group VM Network VM Network VMIcenel Port Management Network Vmk0 : 10.5.252.11	Physical Adaptes	
Software	fe80::da67:d9ff:fec7:df4e		
Licensed Features Time Configuration	Standard Switch: vSwitch1	Remove Properties	
DNS and Routing Authentication Services Power Management	- Virtual Machine Port Group	Physical Adapters	

Step 7: In the vSwitch Properties pane, select the Port Group (Example: ESXi-external-dual), and click Edit.

i	Tech Tip
failover	ng the default VMware settings, this NIC redundancy configuration provides r for link or switch failure for applications installed on a Cisco UCS E-Series double-wide module such as the UCS E140D.

	Network Adapters				
Conf	iguration	Summary	Port Group Properties		-
卸	vSwitch	120 Ports	Network Label:	ESXi-external-dual	
0	ESXi-external-dual	Virtual Machine	VLAN ID:	None (0)	
			Effective Policies		_
			Security		
			Promiscuous Mode:	Reject	
			MAC Address Changes:	Accept	
			Forged Transmits:	Accept	
			Traffic Shaping		
			Average Bandwidth:	-	
			Peak Bandwidth:	-	
			Burst Size:	-	
			Failover and Load Balance	ing	
			Load Balancing:	Port ID	
			Network Failure Detection:	Link status only	
			Notify Switches:	Yes	
			Failback:	Yes	
			Active Adapters:	vmnic2, vmnic3	
		. 1	Standby Adapters:	None	
A	1d	Edit Remove	Unused Adapters:	None	

Step 8: In the Port Group Properties pane, view the Failover and Load Balancing details by clicking the **NIC Teaming** tab. The configuration options dialog box appears.

and the second se	ns		
Load Balancing	:	Route based on the	originating virtual port ID 🔄 💆
Network Failov	er Detection:	Link status only	Ŧ
Notify Switches	5:	T Yes	<u>-</u>
Failback:		T Yes	
Select active a	vitch failover orde nd standby adapt ate in the order s	ers for this port group. In a faild	ver situation, standby
Name	Speed	Networks	Move Up
Active Adap			Move Down
vmnic2	1000 Full 1000 Full	None None	
Standby Ada		NONE	
Unused Adaj	JUEIS		
-Adapter Deta	ils —		
Name:			
Location:			
Location: Driver:			



Deploying Hosted Cloud Storage Applications on the UCS E-Series Server Module

1. Deploy OVA for hosted cloud connector applications

To avoid WAN congestion and possible installation issues, download or copy the installation Open Virtual Appliance (OVA) files to a local host at the remote location and perform the install from a remote host at that location.

Most Cloud Connector applications are available as OVA and are designed to be installed into a virtual environment. The OVA is an industry standard format with prepackaged disk, memory, CPU, NICs, and other virtual-machine-related configuration parameters.

```
Procedure 1 Deploy OVA for hosted cloud connector applications
```

This procedure shows how to install an OVA using VMware vCenter.

Step 1: From vCenter, click the ESXi host that you plan to use to run your virtual machine (Example: rs242-esxi-1.cisco.local).

Step 2: From the File menu, click Deploy OVF template.



Step 3: Browse to the local OVA file to install, and then click Next.

🛃 Deploy OVF Template		_ 🗆 🗙
Source Select the source location.		
Source OVF Template Details Name and Location Disk Format Ready to Complete	Deploy from a file or URL C:\CVD\AWS-Storage-Gateway-21-May-2013.ova Enter a URL to download and install the OVF package from the Internet, or specify a location accessible from your computer, such as a local hard drive, a network share, or a CD/DVD drive.	

Step 4: Review the template details and then click Next.

Deploy O¥F Template			_ 🗆 🗡
OVF Template Details Verify OVF template details	5.		
Source OVF Template Details Name and Location Disk Format	Product:	AWS-Storage-Gateway-21-May-2013	
Network Mapping Ready to Complete	Version: Vendor:		
	Publisher:	No certificate present	
	Download size:	692.9 MB	
	Size on disk:	1.7 GB (thin provisioned) 70.0 GB (thick provisioned)	
	Description:	AWS Storage Gateway V145 VM	

Step 5: Enter a name for the OVA (Example: AWS-Storage-Gateway-2), select the proper location, and then click **Next**.

Deploy OVF Template		_ 🗆 🗙
Name and Location Specify a name and loca	ation for the deployed template	
Source OVF Template Details	Name: AWS-Storage-Gateway-2	
Name and Location Disk Format Network Mapping Ready to Complete	The name can contain up to 80 characters and it must be unique within the inventory folder.	

Step 6: Verify the data store and the provisioning according to the recommendations of the application vendor. To accept the recommended Disk Format Settings, click **Next**.

Disk Format In which format do you	want to store the virtual disks?		
	_		
Source OVF Template Details	Datastore:	RS242-ESXi-1-LocalDisk	
Name and Location	Available space (GB):	1672.5	
Disk Format	Available space (ab).	1 10/2.3	
Network Mapping Ready to Complete			
Ready to complete	Thick Provision Lazy Z	eroed	
	C Thick Provision Eager		
	C Thin Provision	201000	

Step 7: Click the current setting for Destination Networks. All destination network choices are displayed.

Network Mapping What networks should th	ne deployed template use?		
Source OVF Template Details Name and Location	Map the networks used in this OVF	template to networks in your inventory	
Disk Format	Source Networks	Destination Networks	
etwork Mapping	VM Network	ESXi-external-dual	
Ready to Complete		ESXi-external-dual	
		VM Network	
	Destriction		
	Description:		
	The VM Network network		·

Step 8: Select the destination network by choosing the ESXi networking profile created in Procedure 10, Step 4 (Example: ESXi-external-dual), and then click **Next**.

Network Mapping What networks should the	ne deployed template use?		
Source OVF Template Details Name and Location	Map the networks used in this OVF	template to networks in your inventory	
Disk Format	Source Networks	Destination Networks	
Network Mapping Ready to Complete	VM Network	ESXi-external-dual	
	Description:		
	The VM Network network		

Deploying Hosted Cloud Applications

Step 9: Review the OVA summary information, select Power on after deployment, and then click Finish.

eploy OVF Template		
eady to Complete Are these the options y	ou want to use?	
Are these the options y	ou want to use?	
	_	
<u>ource</u> IVF Template Details	When you click Finish, the dep	loyment task will be started.
lame and Location	Deployment settings:	
isk Format	OVF file:	C:\CVD\AWS-Storage-Gateway-21-May-2013.ova
etwork Mapping	Download size:	692.9 MB
eady to Complete	Size on disk:	70.0 GB
	Name:	AWS-Storage-Gateway-2
	Folder:	10k
	Host/Cluster:	rs242-esxi-1.cisco.local
	Datastore:	RS242-ESXi-1-LocalDisk
	Disk provisioning:	Thick Provision Lazy Zeroed
	Network Mapping:	"VM Network" to "ESXi-external-dual"
	12	
	Power on after deployment	
Help		< Back Finish Cancel

Step 10: Monitor the deployment.



Step 11: After the OVA is installed, highlight the installed OVA, and then, on the Summary tab, verify its status.



Step 12: Finish configuring the Cloud Connector application according to the guidelines provided by the third-party vendor.

Appendix A: Product List

WAN Remote Site

Functional Area	Product Description	Part Numbers	Software
Modular WAN Remote-site Router	Cisco 3945 Voice Sec. Bundle, PVDM3-64, UC and SEC License PAK	C3945-VSEC/K9	15.2(4)M4 securityk9 license
	Cisco 3925 Voice Sec. Bundle, PVDM3-64, UC and SEC License PAK	C3925-VSEC/K9	datak9 license
	Data Paper PAK for Cisco 3900 series	SL-39-DATA-K9	
	Cisco 2951 Voice Sec. Bundle, PVDM3-32, UC and SEC License PAK	C2951-VSEC/K9	
	Cisco 2921 Voice Sec. Bundle, PVDM3-32, UC and SEC License PAK	C2921-VSEC/K9	
	Cisco 2911 Voice Sec. Bundle, PVDM3-32, UC and SEC License PAK	C2911-VSEC/K9	
	Data Paper PAK for Cisco 2900 series	SL-29-DATA-K9	
	1941 WAAS Express only Bundle	C1941-WAASX-SEC/K9	
	Data Paper PAK for Cisco 1900 series	SL-19-DATA-K9	
Virtual Servers	Cisco UCS E-Series Double-Wide Server Blades, Intel Xeon E5-2400 Six Core processor, 8GB RAM, 2 SD cards, PCle card	UCS-E160DP-M1/K9	_
	Cisco UCS E-Series Double-Wide Server Blades, Intel Xeon E5-2400 Six Core processor, 8GB RAM, 2 SD cards	UCS-E160D-M1/K9	
	Cisco UCS E-Series Double-Wide Server Blades, Intel Xeon E5-2400 Quad Core processor, 8GB RAM, 2 SD cards, PCIe card	UCS-E140DP-M1/K9	
	Cisco UCS E-Series Double-Wide Server Blades, Intel Xeon E5-2400 Quad Core processor, 8GB RAM, 2 SD cards	UCS-E140D-M1/K9	
	Cisco UCS E-Series Single-Wide Server Blades, Intel Xeon E3 Quad Core processor, 8GB RAM, 2 SD cards	UCS-E140S-M1/K9	
VMWare	VMware vSphere	ESXi	5.1.0 U1

Appendix B: Configurations

This appendix shows the validated router configurations for each of the remote sites and solutions presented in this guide, which deploys Cisco UCS E-Series servers for Hosted Cloud Connector applications at remote sites with local Internet access.

Remote Site 240

This site uses a single router MPLS WAN primary with VPN WAN backup.

RS240-3945

```
version 15.2
no service pad
service tcp-keepalives-in
service tcp-keepalives-out
service timestamps debug datetime msec localtime
service timestamps log datetime msec localtime
service password-encryption
!
hostname RS240-3945
!
boot-start-marker
boot system flash0:c3900-universalk9-mz.SPA.152-4.M4.bin
boot-end-marker
!
!
enable secret 4 /DtCCr53Q4B18jSIm1UEqu7cNVZTOhxTZyUnZdsSrsw
1
aaa new-model
!
!
aaa group server tacacs+ TACACS-SERVERS
 server name TACACS-SERVER-1
!
aaa authentication login default group TACACS-SERVERS local
aaa authorization console
aaa authorization exec default group TACACS-SERVERS local
!
aaa session-id common
clock timezone PST -8 0
clock summer-time PDT recurring
!
!
ip cef
```

```
!
ip domain name cisco.local
ip multicast-routing
ip inspect log drop-pkt
no ipv6 cef
!
parameter-map type inspect global
log dropped-packets enable
max-incomplete low 18000
max-incomplete high 20000
spoofed-acker off
multilink bundle-name authenticated
!
1
username admin password 7 121A540411045D5679
!
redundancy
!
ip ssh source-interface Loopback0
ip ssh version 2
1
track 60 ip sla 110 reachability
!
track 61 ip sla 111 reachability
I.
track 62 list boolean or
object 60
object 61
I.
class-map type inspect match-any INSIDE-TO-OUTSIDE-CLASS
match protocol ftp
match protocol tcp
match protocol udp
match protocol icmp
class-map type inspect match-any INSPECT-ACL-OUT-CLASS
match access-group name ACL-RTR-OUT
class-map type inspect match-any PASS-ACL-IN-CLASS
match access-group name ESP-IN
match access-group name DHCP-IN
class-map type inspect match-any PASS-ACL-OUT-CLASS
match access-group name ESP-OUT
match access-group name DHCP-OUT
class-map type inspect match-any INSPECT-ACL-IN-CLASS
match access-group name ACL-RTR-IN
1
policy-map type inspect ACL-OUT-POLICY
```

```
class type inspect INSPECT-ACL-OUT-CLASS
  inspect
 class type inspect PASS-ACL-OUT-CLASS
 pass
 class class-default
  drop
policy-map type inspect INSIDE-TO-OUTSIDE-POLICY
 class type inspect INSIDE-TO-OUTSIDE-CLASS
 inspect
class class-default
 drop
policy-map type inspect ACL-IN-POLICY
 class type inspect INSPECT-ACL-IN-CLASS
 inspect
 class type inspect PASS-ACL-IN-CLASS
 pass
 class class-default
 drop
!
zone security INSIDE
zone security OUTSIDE
zone-pair security IN_OUT source INSIDE destination OUTSIDE
service-policy type inspect INSIDE-TO-OUTSIDE-POLICY
zone-pair security TO-ROUTER source OUTSIDE destination self
 service-policy type inspect ACL-IN-POLICY
zone-pair security FROM-ROUTER source self destination OUTSIDE
 service-policy type inspect ACL-OUT-POLICY
!
crypto keyring GLOBAL-KEYRING
  pre-shared-key address 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 key cisco123
1
crypto isakmp policy 10
 encr aes 256
authentication pre-share
group 2
crypto isakmp keepalive 30 5
crypto isakmp profile ISAKMP-INET-PUBLIC
   keyring GLOBAL-KEYRING
  match identity address 0.0.0.0
!
crypto ipsec security-association replay window-size 1024
1
crypto ipsec transform-set AES256/SHA/TRANSPORT esp-aes 256 esp-sha-hmac
mode transport
1
crypto ipsec profile DMVPN-PROFILE1
 set transform-set AES256/SHA/TRANSPORT
```
```
set isakmp-profile ISAKMP-INET-PUBLIC
I.
Į.
interface Loopback0
ip address 10.255.251.240 255.255.255
ip pim sparse-mode
!
interface Tunnel10
bandwidth 10000
ip address 10.4.34.240 255.255.254.0
no ip redirects
ip mtu 1400
ip hello-interval eigrp 200 20
ip hold-time eigrp 200 60
ip pim dr-priority 0
ip pim nbma-mode
ip pim sparse-mode
ip nhrp authentication cisco123
 ip nhrp map multicast 172.16.130.1
ip nhrp map 10.4.34.1 172.16.130.1
ip nhrp network-id 101
ip nhrp holdtime 600
ip nhrp nhs 10.4.34.1
ip nhrp registration no-unique
ip nhrp shortcut
ip nhrp redirect
zone-member security INSIDE
ip summary-address eigrp 200 10.5.240.0 255.255.248.0
ip tcp adjust-mss 1360
tunnel source GigabitEthernet0/1
tunnel mode gre multipoint
tunnel route-via GigabitEthernet0/1 mandatory
tunnel protection ipsec profile DMVPN-PROFILE1
L
interface Port-channel1
no ip address
L
interface Port-channel1.64
encapsulation dot1Q 64
ip address 10.5.244.1 255.255.255.0
ip helper-address 10.4.48.10
ip pim sparse-mode
ip nat inside
ip virtual-reassembly in
 zone-member security INSIDE
1
interface Port-channel1.69
```

```
encapsulation dot1Q 69
ip address 10.5.245.1 255.255.255.0
 ip helper-address 10.4.48.10
ip pim sparse-mode
ip nat inside
 zone-member security INSIDE
!
interface GigabitEthernet0/0
description MPLS-A (remote-as 65401 - 192.168.3.50)
bandwidth 10000
ip address 192.168.3.49 255.255.255.252
 zone-member security INSIDE
duplex auto
speed auto
no cdp enable
!
interface GigabitEthernet0/1
ip dhcp client default-router distance 10
ip dhcp client route track 62
ip address dhcp
no ip redirects
no ip unreachables
no ip proxy-arp
ip nat outside
ip virtual-reassembly in
 zone-member security OUTSIDE
duplex auto
speed auto
no lldp transmit
no lldp receive
no cdp enable
no mop enabled
1
interface GigabitEthernet0/2
no ip address
duplex auto
speed auto
channel-group 1
1
interface ucse3/0
ip unnumbered Port-channel1.64
ip nat inside
zone-member security INSIDE
imc ip address 10.5.244.10 255.255.255.0 default-gateway 10.5.244.1
imc access-port shared-lom console
!
!
```

```
router eigrp 200
distribute-list route-map BLOCK-DEFAULT in
network 10.4.34.0 0.0.1.255
network 10.5.0.0 0.0.255.255
network 10.255.0.0 0.0.255.255
passive-interface default
no passive-interface Tunnel10
eigrp router-id 10.255.251.240
eigrp stub connected summary redistributed
!
router bgp 65511
bgp router-id 10.255.251.240
bgp log-neighbor-changes
network 10.5.244.0 mask 255.255.255.0
network 10.5.245.0 mask 255.255.255.0
network 10.255.251.240 mask 255.255.255.255
network 192.168.3.48 mask 255.255.255.252
aggregate-address 10.5.240.0 255.255.248.0 summary-only
neighbor 192.168.3.50 remote-as 65401
!
ip local policy route-map PBR-SLA-SET-NEXT-HOP
ip forward-protocol nd
1
no ip http server
ip http authentication aaa
ip http secure-server
!
ip pim autorp listener
ip pim register-source Loopback0
ip nat inside source list NAT interface GigabitEthernet0/1 overload
ip route 10.0.0.0 255.0.0.0 Null0 254
ip route 10.5.244.10 255.255.255.255 ucse3/0
ip route 10.5.244.11 255.255.255.255 ucse3/0
ip route 172.16.130.1 255.255.255.255 GigabitEthernet0/1 dhcp
ip tacacs source-interface Loopback0
!
ip access-list standard NAT
permit 10.5.240.0 0.0.7.255
ip access-list standard NO-DEFAULT
deny 0.0.0.0
permit any
1
ip access-list extended ACL-RTR-IN
permit udp any any eq non500-isakmp
permit udp any any eq isakmp
permit icmp any any echo
permit icmp any any echo-reply
```

```
permit icmp any any ttl-exceeded
permit icmp any any port-unreachable
permit udp any any gt 1023 ttl eq 1
ip access-list extended ACL-RTR-OUT
permit udp any any eq non500-isakmp
permit udp any any eq isakmp
permit icmp any any
ip access-list extended DHCP-IN
permit udp any eq bootps any eq bootpc
ip access-list extended DHCP-OUT
permit udp any eq bootpc any eq bootps
ip access-list extended ESP-IN
permit esp any any
ip access-list extended ESP-OUT
permit esp any any
ip access-list extended SLA-SET-NEXT-HOP
permit icmp any host 172.18.1.253
permit icmp any host 172.18.1.254
1
ip sla auto discovery
ip sla 110
icmp-echo 172.18.1.253 source-interface GigabitEthernet0/1
threshold 1000
frequency 15
ip sla schedule 110 life forever start-time now
ip sla 111
icmp-echo 172.18.1.254 source-interface GigabitEthernet0/1
threshold 1000
frequency 15
ip sla schedule 111 life forever start-time now
!
nls resp-timeout 1
cpd cr-id 1
route-map PBR-SLA-SET-NEXT-HOP permit 10
match ip address SLA-SET-NEXT-HOP
set ip next-hop dynamic dhcp
1
route-map BLOCK-DEFAULT permit 10
match ip address NO-DEFAULT
!
1
snmp-server community cisco RO
snmp-server community cisco123 RW
snmp-server trap-source Loopback0
snmp-server enable traps entity-sensor threshold
tacacs server TACACS-SERVER-1
address ipv4 10.4.48.15
```

```
key 7 00371605165E1F2D0A38
!
!
!
control-plane
!
line con 0
logging synchronous
line aux 0
line 2
no activation-character
no exec
transport preferred none
transport output lat pad telnet rlogin lapb-ta mop udptn v120 ssh
stopbits 1
line 195
no activation-character
no exec
transport preferred none
transport input all
transport output lat pad telnet rlogin lapb-ta mop udptn v120 ssh
stopbits 1
speed 9600
flowcontrol software
line vty 0 4
transport preferred none
transport input ssh
line vty 5 15
transport preferred none
transport input ssh
!
scheduler allocate 20000 1000
ntp source Loopback0
ntp update-calendar
ntp server 10.4.48.17
!
end
```

Remote Site 242

This site uses a dual-router design with MPLS primary and VPN WAN backup. Cisco UCS E-Series servers are deployed in each of the remote-site routers.

RS242-2951-1

```
version 15.2
service timestamps debug datetime msec localtime
service timestamps log datetime msec localtime
service password-encryption
!
hostname RS242-2951-1
!
boot-start-marker
boot-end-marker
!
!
enable secret 4 /DtCCr53Q4B18jSIm1UEqu7cNVZTOhxTZyUnZdsSrsw
!
aaa new-model
1
!
aaa group server tacacs+ TACACS-SERVERS
server name TACACS-SERVER-1
!
aaa authentication login default group TACACS-SERVERS local
aaa authorization console
aaa authorization exec default group TACACS-SERVERS local
!
aaa session-id common
clock timezone PST -8 0
clock summer-time PDT recurring
!
ip cef
!
1
ip domain name cisco.local
ip multicast-routing
no ipv6 cef
!
multilink bundle-name authenticated
!
!
username admin password 7 06055E324F41584B56
!
redundancy
!
```

```
ip ssh source-interface Loopback0
ip ssh version 2
1
track 50 ip sla 100 reachability
1
!
interface Loopback0
ip address 10.255.252.242 255.255.255.255
ip pim sparse-mode
!
interface Port-channel1
no ip address
!
interface Port-channel1.64
encapsulation dot1Q 64
ip address 10.5.252.2 255.255.255.0
ip helper-address 10.4.48.10
ip pim dr-priority 110
ip pim sparse-mode
standby version 2
standby 1 ip 10.5.252.1
standby 1 priority 110
standby 1 preempt
standby 1 authentication md5 key-string 7 094F1F1A1A0A464058
standby 1 track 50 decrement 10
!
interface Port-channel1.69
encapsulation dot1Q 69
ip address 10.5.253.2 255.255.255.0
ip helper-address 10.4.48.10
ip pim sparse-mode
1
interface Port-channel1.99
encapsulation dot1Q 99
ip address 10.5.248.9 255.255.255.252
ip pim sparse-mode
L
interface Embedded-Service-Engine0/0
no ip address
shutdown
1
interface GigabitEthernet0/0
bandwidth 10000
ip address 192.168.4.49 255.255.255.252
duplex auto
 speed auto
no cdp enable
```

```
ļ
I.
interface GigabitEthernet0/2
no ip address
duplex auto
speed auto
channel-group 1
L
interface ucse2/0
ip unnumbered Port-channel1.64
imc ip address 10.5.252.10 255.255.255.0 default-gateway 10.5.252.2
imc access-port shared-lom console
1
interface ucse2/1
no ip address
!
Į.
router eigrp 100
default-metric 100000 100 255 1 1500
network 10.5.0.0 0.0.255.255
network 10.255.0.0 0.0.255.255
redistribute eigrp 200
redistribute bgp 65511
redistribute static route-map STATIC-IN
passive-interface default
no passive-interface Port-channel1.99
eigrp router-id 10.255.252.242
!
router bgp 65511
bgp router-id 10.255.252.242
bgp log-neighbor-changes
network 10.5.252.0 mask 255.255.255.0
network 10.5.253.0 mask 255.255.255.0
network 10.255.252.242 mask 255.255.255.255
network 192.168.4.48 mask 255.255.255.252
aggregate-address 10.5.248.0 255.255.248.0 summary-only
neighbor 192.168.4.50 remote-as 65402
distance 254 192.168.4.50 0.0.0.0 DEFAULT-IN
!
ip forward-protocol nd
!
no ip http server
ip http authentication aaa
ip http secure-server
!
ip pim autorp listener
ip pim register-source Loopback0
```

```
ip route 10.5.252.10 255.255.255.255 ucse2/0
ip route 10.5.252.11 255.255.255.255 ucse2/0
ip tacacs source-interface Loopback0
!
ip access-list standard DEFAULT-IN
permit 0.0.0.0
ip access-list standard STATIC-ROUTE-LIST
permit 10.5.252.11
remark UCSE CIMC & ESXi host routes
permit 10.5.252.10
1
ip sla auto discovery
ip sla 100
 icmp-echo 192.168.4.50 source-interface GigabitEthernet0/0
threshold 1000
frequency 15
ip sla schedule 100 life forever start-time now
!
route-map STATIC-IN permit 20
match ip address STATIC-ROUTE-LIST
1
!
snmp-server community cisco RO
snmp-server community cisco123 RW
snmp-server trap-source Loopback0
snmp-server enable traps entity-sensor threshold
tacacs server TACACS-SERVER-1
address ipv4 10.4.48.15
key 7 04680E051D2458650C00
!
!
!
control-plane
!
1
I.
line con 0
logging synchronous
line aux 0
line 2
no activation-character
no exec
transport preferred none
 transport input all
 transport output lat pad telnet rlogin lapb-ta mop udptn v120 ssh
 stopbits 1
line 131
```

```
no activation-character
no exec
transport preferred none
 transport input all
 transport output lat pad telnet rlogin lapb-ta mop udptn v120 ssh
 stopbits 1
speed 9600
 flowcontrol software
line vty 0 4
transport preferred none
transport input ssh
line vty 5 15
transport preferred none
transport input ssh
1
scheduler allocate 20000 1000
ntp source Loopback0
ntp update-calendar
ntp server 10.4.48.17
!
end
```

RS242-2951-2

```
version 15.2
no service pad
service tcp-keepalives-in
service tcp-keepalives-out
service timestamps debug datetime msec localtime
service timestamps log datetime msec localtime
service password-encryption
1
hostname RS242-2951-2
1
boot-start-marker
boot-end-marker
!
1
enable secret 5 $1$CAeB$6KAR8cjlqzLRQMhbpzSqe.
!
aaa new-model
!
1
aaa group server tacacs+ TACACS-SERVERS
 server name TACACS-SERVER-1
!
aaa authentication login default group TACACS-SERVERS local
```

```
aaa authorization console
aaa authorization exec default group TACACS-SERVERS local
!
!
aaa session-id common
clock timezone PST -8 0
clock summer-time PDT recurring
!
ip cef
!
Ţ.
ip domain name cisco.local
ip multicast-routing
ip inspect log drop-pkt
no ipv6 cef
!
parameter-map type inspect global
log dropped-packets enable
max-incomplete low 18000
max-incomplete high 20000
spoofed-acker off
!
multilink bundle-name authenticated
!
!
username admin password 7 094F1F1A1A0A464058
!
redundancy
!
ip ssh source-interface Loopback0
ip ssh version 2
!
track 60 ip sla 110 reachability
!
track 61 ip sla 111 reachability
!
track 62 list boolean or
object 60
object 61
!
class-map match-any DATA
match dscp af21
class-map type inspect match-any INSIDE-TO-OUTSIDE-CLASS
match protocol ftp
match protocol tcp
match protocol udp
match protocol icmp
```

```
class-map match-any INTERACTIVE-VIDEO
match dscp cs4 af41
class-map type inspect match-any INSPECT-ACL-OUT-CLASS
match access-group name ACL-RTR-OUT
class-map match-any CRITICAL-DATA
match dscp cs3 af31
class-map type inspect match-any PASS-ACL-IN-CLASS
match access-group name ESP-IN
match access-group name DHCP-IN
class-map match-any VOICE
match dscp ef
class-map match-any SCAVENGER
match dscp cs1 af11
class-map type inspect match-any PASS-ACL-OUT-CLASS
match access-group name ESP-OUT
match access-group name DHCP-OUT
class-map match-any NETWORK-CRITICAL
match dscp cs2 cs6
match access-group name ISAKMP
class-map type inspect match-any INSPECT-ACL-IN-CLASS
match access-group name ACL-RTR-IN
1
policy-map WAN
class VOICE
 priority percent 10
 class INTERACTIVE-VIDEO
 priority percent 23
 class CRITICAL-DATA
 bandwidth percent 15
  random-detect dscp-based
 class DATA
 bandwidth percent 19
 random-detect dscp-based
 class SCAVENGER
 bandwidth percent 5
 class NETWORK-CRITICAL
 bandwidth percent 3
 class class-default
 bandwidth percent 25
  random-detect
policy-map type inspect ACL-OUT-POLICY
 class type inspect INSPECT-ACL-OUT-CLASS
 inspect
 class type inspect PASS-ACL-OUT-CLASS
  pass
 class class-default
 drop
```

```
Appendix B: Configurations
```

```
policy-map type inspect INSIDE-TO-OUTSIDE-POLICY
 class type inspect INSIDE-TO-OUTSIDE-CLASS
 inspect
class class-default
 drop
policy-map WAN-INTERFACE-G0/0
class class-default
 shape average 2000000
  service-policy WAN
policy-map type inspect ACL-IN-POLICY
class type inspect INSPECT-ACL-IN-CLASS
 inspect
class type inspect PASS-ACL-IN-CLASS
 pass
class class-default
 drop
1
zone security INSIDE
zone security OUTSIDE
zone-pair security IN OUT source INSIDE destination OUTSIDE
service-policy type inspect INSIDE-TO-OUTSIDE-POLICY
zone-pair security TO-ROUTER source OUTSIDE destination self
service-policy type inspect ACL-IN-POLICY
zone-pair security FROM-ROUTER source self destination OUTSIDE
service-policy type inspect ACL-OUT-POLICY
I.
crypto keyring GLOBAL-KEYRING
 pre-shared-key address 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 key cisco123
1
crypto isakmp policy 10
encr aes 256
authentication pre-share
group 2
crypto isakmp keepalive 30 5
crypto isakmp profile ISAKMP-INET-PUBLIC
  keyring GLOBAL-KEYRING
  match identity address 0.0.0.0
1
crypto ipsec security-association replay window-size 1024
1
crypto ipsec transform-set AES256/SHA/TRANSPORT esp-aes 256 esp-sha-hmac
mode transport
1
crypto ipsec profile DMVPN-PROFILE2
set transform-set AES256/SHA/TRANSPORT
set isakmp-profile ISAKMP-INET-PUBLIC
1
```

```
ļ
interface Loopback0
ip address 10.255.253.242 255.255.255.255
ip pim sparse-mode
1
interface Tunnel10
bandwidth 10000
ip address 10.4.34.242 255.255.254.0
no ip redirects
ip mtu 1400
ip hello-interval eigrp 201 20
ip hold-time eigrp 201 60
ip pim dr-priority 0
ip pim nbma-mode
ip pim sparse-mode
ip nhrp authentication cisco123
ip nhrp map 10.4.34.1 172.16.130.1
ip nhrp map multicast 172.16.130.1
ip nhrp network-id 101
ip nhrp holdtime 600
ip nhrp nhs 10.4.34.1
ip nhrp registration no-unique
ip nhrp shortcut
ip nhrp redirect
zone-member security INSIDE
ip summary-address eigrp 200 10.5.248.0 255.255.248.0
ip tcp adjust-mss 1360
tunnel source GigabitEthernet0/0
tunnel mode gre multipoint
tunnel route-via GigabitEthernet0/0 mandatory
tunnel protection ipsec profile DMVPN-PROFILE2
1
interface Port-channel1
no ip address
1
interface Port-channel1.64
encapsulation dot1Q 64
ip address 10.5.252.3 255.255.255.0
ip helper-address 10.4.48.10
ip pim dr-priority 105
ip pim sparse-mode
ip nat inside
ip virtual-reassembly in
zone-member security INSIDE
standby version 2
standby 1 ip 10.5.252.1
standby 1 priority 105
```

```
standby 1 preempt
standby 1 authentication md5 key-string 7 104D580A061843595F
Ţ.
interface Port-channel1.99
encapsulation dot1Q 99
ip address 10.5.248.10 255.255.255.252
ip pim sparse-mode
ip nat inside
ip virtual-reassembly in
zone-member security INSIDE
I.
interface GigabitEthernet0/0
ip dhcp client default-router distance 10
ip dhcp client route track 62
ip address dhcp
no ip redirects
no ip unreachables
no ip proxy-arp
ip nat outside
ip virtual-reassembly in
 zone-member security OUTSIDE
duplex auto
speed auto
no lldp transmit
no lldp receive
no cdp enable
no mop enabled
service-policy output WAN-INTERFACE-G0/0
!
interface GigabitEthernet0/2
no ip address
duplex auto
speed auto
channel-group 1
interface ucse2/0
ip unnumbered Port-channel1.64
ip nat inside
zone-member security INSIDE
imc ip address 10.5.252.12 255.255.255.0 default-gateway 10.5.252.3
imc access-port shared-lom console
1
interface ucse2/1
no ip address
1
!
router eigrp 200
```

```
distribute-list route-map BLOCK-DEFAULT in
 network 10.4.34.0 0.0.1.255
network 10.5.0.0 0.0.255.255
network 10.255.0.0 0.0.255.255
passive-interface default
no passive-interface Tunnel10
eigrp router-id 10.255.253.242
redistribute eigrp 100 route-map LOOPBACK-ONLY
eigrp stub connected summary redistributed
L
I.
router eigrp 100
network 10.5.0.0 0.0.255.255
network 10.255.0.0 0.0.255.255
redistribute eigrp 200
redistribute static route-map STATIC-IN
passive-interface default
no passive-interface Port-channel1.99
!
!
ip local policy route-map PBR-SLA-SET-NEXT-HOP
ip forward-protocol nd
1
no ip http server
ip http authentication aaa
ip http secure-server
!
ip pim autorp listener
ip pim register-source Loopback0
ip nat inside source list NAT interface GigabitEthernet0/0 overload
ip route 10.0.0.0 255.0.0.0 Null0 254
ip route 10.5.252.12 255.255.255.255 ucse2/0
ip route 10.5.252.13 255.255.255.255 ucse2/0
ip route 172.16.130.1 255.255.255.255 GigabitEthernet0/0 dhcp
ip tacacs source-interface Loopback0
!
ip access-list standard DHCP-DEFAULT
remark DHCP default route
permit 0.0.0.0
ip access-list standard NAT
permit 10.5.248.0 0.0.7.255
ip access-list standard NO-DEFAULT
deny 0.0.0.0
permit any
ip access-list standard R1-LOOPBACK
permit 10.255.252.242
ip access-list standard STATIC-ROUTE-LIST
```

```
remark UCSE CIMC & ESXi host routes
permit 10.5.252.13
permit 10.5.252.12
!
ip access-list extended ACL-RTR-IN
permit udp any any eq non500-isakmp
permit udp any any eq isakmp
permit icmp any any echo
permit icmp any any echo-reply
permit icmp any any ttl-exceeded
permit icmp any any port-unreachable
permit udp any any gt 1023 ttl eq 1
ip access-list extended ACL-RTR-OUT
permit udp any any eq non500-isakmp
permit udp any any eq isakmp
permit icmp any any
ip access-list extended DHCP-IN
permit udp any eq bootps any eq bootpc
ip access-list extended DHCP-OUT
permit udp any eq bootpc any eq bootps
ip access-list extended ESP-IN
permit esp any any
ip access-list extended ESP-OUT
permit esp any any
ip access-list extended ISAKMP
permit udp any eq isakmp any eq isakmp
ip access-list extended SLA-SET-NEXT-HOP
permit icmp any host 172.18.1.253
permit icmp any host 172.18.1.254
1
ip sla auto discovery
ip sla 110
icmp-echo 172.18.1.253 source-interface GigabitEthernet0/0
threshold 1000
frequency 15
ip sla schedule 110 life forever start-time now
ip sla 111
icmp-echo 172.18.1.254 source-interface GigabitEthernet0/0
threshold 1000
frequency 15
ip sla schedule 111 life forever start-time now
!
nls resp-timeout 1
cpd cr-id 1
route-map PBR-SLA-SET-NEXT-HOP permit 10
match ip address SLA-SET-NEXT-HOP
set ip next-hop dynamic dhcp
```

```
ļ
route-map LOCAL-DEFAULT permit 10
match ip address DHCP-DEFAULT
!
1
route-map LOOPBACK-ONLY permit 10
match ip address R1-LOOPBACK
!
route-map BLOCK-DEFAULT permit 10
match ip address NO-DEFAULT
1
route-map STATIC-IN permit 20
match ip address STATIC-ROUTE-LIST
!
1
snmp-server community cisco RO
snmp-server community cisco123 RW
snmp-server trap-source Loopback0
snmp-server enable traps entity-sensor threshold
tacacs server TACACS-SERVER-1
address ipv4 10.4.48.15
key 7 073C244F5C0C0D2E120B
Ţ.
!
T
control-plane
1
!
line con 0
logging synchronous
line aux 0
line 2
no activation-character
no exec
transport preferred none
transport output lat pad telnet rlogin lapb-ta mop udptn v120 ssh
stopbits 1
line 131
no activation-character
no exec
transport preferred none
transport input all
transport output lat pad telnet rlogin lapb-ta mop udptn v120 ssh
 stopbits 1
speed 9600
flowcontrol software
line vty 0 4
```

```
transport preferred none
transport input ssh
line vty 5 15
transport preferred none
transport input ssh
!
scheduler allocate 20000 1000
ntp source Loopback0
ntp server 10.4.48.17
!
end
```

Feedback

Please use the feedback form to send comments and suggestions about this guide.

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