

# Release Notes for Cisco IronPort AsyncOS 7.3.1 for Email

Revised: June 6, 2012

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These release notes contain information critical to upgrading and running Cisco IronPort AsyncOS 7.3.1 for Email, including hardware-specific information and known issues.

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# What's New in Cisco IronPort AsyncOS 7.3.1 for Email

This section describes the issues resolved in the Cisco IronPort AsyncOS 7.3.1 for Email release.

#### **Fixed Issues**

Table 1 Fixed Issues in Version 7.3.1

Defect ID	Description
75758, 75761	Fixed: FIPS-Compliant Appliance Only Partially Resets After Third Failed Login Attempt
	Fixed an issue where a FIPS-compliant Email Security appliance was only partially reset after the third failed login attempt from an SSH connection to the CLI and the appliance was not accessible by SSH or HTTPS. This issue has been resolved. Now, after the third failed login attempt in a row, the appliance deletes its certificates, resets the HSM card, and schedules a system reboot before closing the SSH connection.
81754	Fixed: TLS Traffic Causing Email Processing to Restart or Become Unresponsive
	The DigiNotar blacklist solution added in the previous release contained a defect that resulted in the email process restarting or becoming unresponsive due to certain types of TLS traffic. This issue has been resolved and the email process errors no longer occurs.
80810	Fixed: Email Security appliance trusts DigiNotar as a root certificate authority
	Previously, the Email Security appliance trusted DigiNotar as a root certificate authority. It also trusted DigiNotar's intermediate certificates issued by the State of Netherlands. This no longer occurs. The Email Security appliance no longer includes DigiNotar in the list of trusted certificate authorities. It has also blacklisted DigiNotar's intermediate certificates.

Table 1 Fixed Issues in Version 7.3.1 (continued)

Defect ID	Description
74547	Fixed: Scanning Engine Restarts If It Exceeds Memory Limit
	Fixed an issue where the Email Security appliance's content scanning engine ran out of memory when scanning certain types of vCard attachments. When it reached its memory limit, the engine restarted and the message and its attachment continued through the work queue. This no longer occurs.
75324	Fixed: Fiber IP Interfaces Disappear after Revert
	Fixed an issue where the IP interfaces for the ports on the appliance's fiber card disappeared after you reverted the appliance to an earlier version of the software.
76277	Fixed: findevent Command Does Not Show Some Message ID Logs
	Previously, when using the findevent command to display Message ID logs in the CLI, the command would not display a log if there is a colon after MID <number> in the log, yet the grep command would display the log. For example, the findevent command would not display the following log:</number>
	Wed Mar 9 21:39:44 2011 Warning: MID 55555555: scanning error (name=somewordfile.doc', type=document/doc): file is corrupt
	The command grep "MID 55555555" mail_logs, however, would display this log.
	This issue has been resolved.
75798	Fixed: End User Quarantine Always Uses Demo Certificate for LDAP Connections
	Fixed an issue where the End User Quarantine always used the Demo Certificate for LDAP connections instead of the certificate that the user configured the appliance to use for LDAP connections.
22164, 67958	Fixed: Regular Expression that Exceeds Data Limit Invalidates Message Filter
	Previously, if certain header data caused a failure when evaluating a message filter's regular expression, an application fault occurred and the message filter became invalidated. This issue has been resolved. Now, the appliance skips the message filter for that message without invalidating the filter for subsequent messages.

Table 1 Fixed Issues in Version 7.3.1 (continued)

Defect ID	Description
69693	Fixed: External User Authentication Fails Because Appliance Sends Demo Certificate to LDAP Server
	Previously, if you configure the appliance to connect to an LDAP server using SSL in order to authenticate external users, the appliance would send the LDAP server AsyncOS's demo certificate instead of a certificate you uploaded to the appliance. This issue has been resolved.
72656	Fixed: Messages with From Header Split Over Two Lines Cannot Be Encrypted
	Fixed an issue where a message cannot be encrypted if its From header is split over two lines.
31279	Fixed: NIC Pairing and VLAN Not Supported by Packet Capture Feature
	The Packet Capture feature in AsyncOS 7.3.1 now supports NIC Pairing and VLAN when configuring the feature using the CLI or GUI.
72977	Fixed: Application Fault Occurs When Adding a FIPS Log Using Web UI
	Fixed an issue where an application fault occurred when adding a FIPS log subscription using the Log Subscriptions page in the Web UI.
72658	Fixed: Content Scanning Engine Times Out When Scanning Corrupted PDFs
	The content scanning engine in previous versions of AsyncOS would timeout when scanning certain corrupted PDFs. This no longer occurs. AysncOS 7.3.1 includes an updated version of the content scanning engine that returns an error message when it scans a corrupted PDF.
44537	Fixed: Unable to Detect .exe files Embedded in Microsoft Excel 1997 Documents
	Previously, when .exe files were embedded in Microsoft Excel 1997 documents, the content scanning engine was unable to detect the .exe attachment using the attachment-filetype == "Executable" filter condition. This issue has been resolved.
43951	Fixed: Content Scanning Engine Does Not Detect Microsoft Office 2007 Documents as Password-Protected
	Previously, the scanning engine was unable to detect Microsoft Office 2007 attachments as password-protected using the attachment-protected filter condition. This issue has been resolved.

Table 1 Fixed Issues in Version 7.3.1 (continued)

Defect ID	Description
73306	Fixed: text/rfc822-headers Caused Scanning Engine to Time Out
	Fixed an issue in which the presence of text/rfc822-headers in a message sometimes caused the message scanning engine to time out.
74482	Fixed: CLI Can be used to Access Machine-level Prompt.
	Fixed an issue in which users in certain groups were able to access a machine-level command prompt.
72708	Fixed: Email Scanning Engine Hangs Up While Trying to Decode Invalid UTF-32 Data
	Fixed an issue where the Email Scanning Engine would crash when attempting to process malformed UTF-32 payloads.
67268	Fixed: Scanning Engine Unable to Scan OpenOffice .odt files
	Fixed an issue in which a content filter with a body scanning condition defined in the dictionary was unable to match the term in OpenOffice .odt files. This issue has been addressed.
72023	Fixed: Messages Larger than Maximum Allowed Size Cause Excessive Memory Usage
	The appliance more efficiently clears out memory used by messages exceeding the maximum allowed size. In addition, the order of the log lines have changed to ensure that oversized messages are always logged.
75582	Fixed: "Legacy mailflow report" setting is not retained in saved configuration files
	The "Legacy mailflow report" setting is now retained in the configuration file and this setting will now be correctly set when the configuration file is loaded.
74268	Fixed: Use of persistent cookies by the web interface creates a security vulnerability
	Persistent cookies stored on the user's hard disk included a session identifier and whether or not the user was logged in. The Email Security appliance web user interface now uses temporary (session) cookies for this information, which do not present the same risk.

Table 1 Fixed Issues in Version 7.3.1 (continued)

Defect ID	Description
70598	Fixed: Message Filter Does Not Modify Some Headers Properly
	Fixed an issue where a message filter designed to modify message headers did not modify structured message headers such as To: and From: correctly. Mail user agents like Outlook, Thunderbird, Gmail, and Yahoo Mail could not decode these headers. This issue has been resolved.
51946	Fixed: LDAP Masquerade Query Cannot Process To: Headers that Do Not Conform to RFC 2047
	Previously, an LDAP masquerade query would not be able to process a message with a non-English "To:" header where the email address is also encoded and does not conform to RFC 2047. The message would get stuck in the queue. This issue has been resolved. Now, the appliance decodes and re-encodes a non-compliant To: header and performs the correct LDAP masquerade query.
45990	Fixed: PDF with no document open password triggers attachment-protected rule in message filter
	If a message filter was set up to catch messages with attachments that require a password in order to open them, messages with PDF attachments that did not include password protection, but may have included other restrictions, were caught by the filter. This no longer occurs.
81754	Fixed: TLS Traffic Causing Email Processing to Restart or Become Unresponsive
	The DigiNotar blacklist solution added in the previous 7.5.1 hot patch contained a defect that resulted in the email process restarting or becoming unresponsive due to certain types of TLS traffic. This issue has been resolved and the email process errors no longer occurs.

# What's New in Cisco IronPort AsyncOS 7.3 for Email Hot Patch Release

This section describes the issues resolved in the Cisco IronPort AsyncOS 7.3 for Email hot patch release.

#### **Fixed Issues**

Table 2 Resolved Issues in Version 7.3.1 Hot Patch Release

Defect ID	Description
73455	Fixed: IP Address Logged for Successful and Unsuccessful Logins
	AsyncOS 7.3 for Email now records a user's IP address for successful and unsuccessful system login attempts in the authentication log.
49958	Fixed: Alert Sent When Oldest Log Record is Deleted
	AsyncOS 7.3 adds an option to log subscriptions that sends an Information-level System alert when log records are removed due to the maximum number of records being exceeded. This option appears when creating or editing log subscriptions via the logconfig command in the CLI, and it can only be used with the FTP Poll retrieval method. This option cannot be set in the GUI.

# What's New in Cisco IronPort AsyncOS 7.3 for Email

This section describes the new features added in the Cisco IronPort AsyncOS 7.3 for Email release.

# **New Feature: FIPS Compliance**

AsyncOS for Email 7.3 provides support for the Cisco IronPort Email Security appliance with a FIPS-compliant Hardware Security Module (HSM) card.

The Federal Information Processing Standard (FIPS) 140 is a publicly announced standard developed jointly by the United States and Canadian federal governments specifying requirements for cryptographic modules that are used by all government agencies to protect sensitive but unclassified information. The HSM offered with the certain Cisco IronPort Email Security appliances is the CAVIUM Nitrox XL CN15xx-NFBE Cryptographic Module, which complies with the FIPS 140-2 Level 2 standard. This standard specifies additional protections for information used in cryptographic operations, including the use of a tamper-resistant hardware keystore for private keys.

The HSM card provides cryptographic processing for the appliance as well as storage for private keys. All cryptographic operations take place within the secure environment of the HSM card.

When the Email Security appliance includes the HSM card and uses AsyncOS 7.3, it offloads all cryptographic operations to the HSM card in a FIPS-compliant manner. AsyncOS for Email 7.3 also provides a FIPS management console to allow a FIPS Officer to configure the HSM card to manage certificates and private keys.

### **Software Notes**

Please be aware of the following software impacts:

# **Security Management Appliances That Are Not FIPS Compliant**

While you can use a Security Management appliance that does not have an HSM card to provide centralized services for an Email Security appliance running AsyncOS 7.3, this may bring the Email Security appliance's HSM card out of FIPS compliance.

#### FIPS Officer Password

To manage certificate/key pairs and signing keys on the Email Security appliance's HSM card, you must log into the Email Security appliance as an administrator and then provide the FIPS Officer password. You need the FIPS Officer password to access the FIPS Management console or to use the fipsconfig CLI command.



AsyncOS for Email keeps track of the total number of failed login attempts to the HSM card using the FIPS Officer password. On the third subsequent login failure, the HSM card is initialized, which clears its contents. There is no timeout between failed login attempts. Because the HSM card gets initialized, it loses the certificate and key for accessing the appliance web interface. If the HSM card initializes after the third unsuccessful login attempt, the browser displays a generic error message that it cannot display the web page.

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There is no way to retrieve the FIPS Officer password once it is set. If you forget the FIPS Officer password, the only way to access the HSM card is to initialize it, which wipes all certificates and keys it manages.

## **Configuration Files**

When you save the appliance configuration to a file using AsyncOS 7.3, the certificate and keys that the HSM card manages are not included in the configuration file. Also, if you restore the appliance configuration from a file that erroneously includes certificate and key information, AsyncOS 7.3 ignores the certificate and key information in the file.

To back up the certificates and keys the HSM card manages:

**Step 1** From the FIPS Mode menu, choose FIPS Backup/Restore.

The Backup and Restore page is displayed.

- **Step 2** Under the Backup Certificates and Keys section, choose the file name to use for the XML file that will contain the encrypted certificate and key pairs. You can define your own file name or AsyncOS can choose one for you.
- Step 3 Click Backup.
- **Step 4** Choose to save the file, and click OK.

Navigate to the directory on the local machine to where you want to save the XML file, and click **Save**.



IronPort does not support the backward compatibility of configuration files with previous major releases.

# **Committing Changes in AsyncOS 7.3**

When you log into the FIPS Management console, AysncOS automatically commits any uncommitted changes to the system. All changes accepted in the FIPS Management console are automatically committed.

#### **Console Serial Port Timeout**

If you are accessing an Email Security appliance running AsyncOS 7.3 via a serial connection, the session times out 30 minutes after the connection to the Serial Console port is terminated.

# Security Management Appliances Discard Reporting Data for DLP and Marketing Mail

IronPort Security Management appliances running AsyncOS 6.7.3 or earlier do not support reporting data for the DLP and Marketing Mail features in AsyncOS 7.0 or later. If your IronPort Email Security appliance uses centralized reporting, the Security Management appliance discards the reporting data for those features. If the Security Management appliance is running AsyncOS 6.7.0 or 6.7.3, it sends an alert once each time the reporting service begins, such as on a reboot, stating that the reporting service is receiving data that it cannot process.

Your Security Management appliance must be running AsyncOS 6.7.6 or later in order to use centralized reporting for the DLP and Marketing Mail features.

#### **Email Authentication**

For DKIM Authentication, IronPort currently supports version 8 of the Draft Specification of 'Authentication-Results:' header.

For SPF/SIDF verification, the <code>spf-passed</code> rule is no longer available in content filters. To maintain backwards compatibility, the <code>spf-passed</code> content filter rule will be accepted from XML configuration files but it will be converted to the <code>spf-status</code> rule with corresponding arguments. <code>spf-passed</code> will be changed to <code>spf-status == "Pass"</code> and NOT <code>spf-passed</code> to <code>spf-status != "Pass"</code>. You can, however, still use the <code>spf-passed</code> message filter.

#### **Received Headers**

When you configure AsyncOS to use received headers, you can specify that the header reflects one of the following hostnames:

- The hostname of the Virtual Gateway used for delivering the message
- The hostname of the interface the message is received on

You specify the hostname from the CLI command listenerconfig-> setup. You cannot configure the hostname from the GUI.

If you configure the received header to display the hostname of the interface the message is received on, a strip-header filter action configured to strip received headers will strip the received header inserted by AsyncOS. [Defect IDs: 16254, 25816]

### **Feature Keys**

The AsyncOS appliance checks for and applies feature keys at one minute intervals. Therefore, when you add a feature key, it may take up to a minute to view the changes. [Defect ID: 29160]

## **Upgrading to the AsyncOS 7.3 Release**

Appliances cannot be upgraded to the AsyncOS 7.3 for Email release.

## **Performance Advisory**

**RSA Email DLP** - Enabling RSA Email DLP for outbound traffic on an appliance that is also running anti-spam and anti-virus scanning on inbound traffic can cause a performance decrease of less than 10%. Appliances that are only running outbound messages and are not running anti-spam and anti-virus may experience a significant performance decline.

**DomainKeys** - DomainKeys signing outgoing email can cause a decrease in the message throughput capacity.

**SBNP** - SenderBase Network Participation now uses the Context Adaptive Scanning Engine (CASE) to collect data to power IronPort Information Services. In some configurations customers may experience a moderate performance decline.

**Virus Outbreak Filters** - Virus Outbreak Filters now uses the Context Adaptive Scanning Engine to determine the threat level of a message and scores messages based on a combination of Adaptive Rules and Outbreak Rules. In some configurations, you may experience a moderate performance decline.

**IronPort Spam Quarantine** - Enabling the IronPort Spam Quarantine on-box for a C-Series or X-Series appliance causes a minimal reduction in system throughput for nominally loaded appliances. For appliances that are running near or at peak throughput, the additional load from an active quarantine may cause a throughput reduction of 10-20%. If your system is at or near capacity, and you desire to use the IronPort Spam Quarantine, consider migrating to a larger C-Series appliance or an M-Series appliance.

If you change your anti-spam policy from dropping spam to quarantining it (either on-box or off-box), then your system load will increase due to the need to scan additional spam messages for virus and content security. For assistance in properly sizing your installation please contact your authorized IronPort support provider.

# **Upgrade Paths**

You can upgrade to release 7.3.1-47 from the following versions:

- 7.3.0-054
- 7.3.1-043

### **Fixed Issues**

The following issues have been fixed in the AsyncOS 7.3 for Email release.

Table 3 Resolved Issues in Version 7.3

Defect ID	Description
71552	Fixed: Extra Spaces in DKIM Signature Causes App Fault.
	Fixed an issue where several extra spaces in the d tag of a DKIM signature would cause an app fault.
70739	Fixed: Trailing Space in alt-mailhost Parameters for Policy or Filter Causes App Fault.
	Previously, if any extra spaces were entered via in the alt-mailhost parameters for a policy or filter via the GUI, any messages that hit the policy or filter would cause an app fault and potentially the message would be lost. This issue has been resolved.
71151	Fixed: Internal Users Summary Report Causes App Fault When Run Over 200 Days.
	Fixed an issue where running an Internal Users Summary Report over a range of more than 200 days caused an app fault.
69829	Fixed: Emails Exceeding the Maximum Size Do Not Timeout Properly.
	Previously, there was an issue where the timeout for messages does not work properly if the message is larger than the configured maximum message size. A response wouldn't be sent back to the send and the logs incorrectly indicated that no data was sent. This issue has been resolved.
71152	Fixed: Loading a Configuration file from Previous Appliance to a C670, or X1070 Takes It Offline After Reboot.
	Fixed an issue where a C670 or X1070 appliance that had configuration files imported from a previous generation IronPort appliance, such as a X1060 or C660, would go offline after a reboot. Please note that Cisco IronPort does not support the loading of a configuration file from one appliance model to another.
67137	Fixed: Messages Bounce If an LDAP Server in Chained Masquerade Query is Unreachable.
	Previously, if you had a chained masquerade LDAP query configured and the second LDAP server was unreachable, the message was stuck in the queue in a partially masqueraded state. When the second LDAP server started to respond again, the appliance bounced any partially masqueraded messages stuck in the queue. This issue has been resolved.

Table 3 Resolved Issues in Version 7.3 (continued)

Defect ID	Description
55972	Fixed: TLS/SSL Man-in-the-Middle Vulnerability.
	Previously, an industry-wide vulnerability that existed in the TLS protocol potentially impacted any Cisco product using any version of TLS /SSL. The vulnerability existed in how the protocol handles session re-negotiation and exposed users to a potential Man-in-the-middle attack. This issue has been fixed.
70522	Fixed: DKIM Signing and Verification Create Memory Leak.
55358	Fixed an issue where DKIM signing and verification created large amounts of unclaimed data in the appliance's RAM, which could have resulted in the appliance running out of memory.
69429	Fixed: CASE No Longer Updates After Hitting a Timeout.
	Previously, AsyncOS stopped attempting to update the Context Adaptive Scanning Engine (CASE) after hitting an update timeout. No more CASE updates would arrive, even after trying to force an update via the CLI. This issue has been resolved. AsyncOS will continue to do further updates to CASE after a timeout.

# **Known Issues**

The following list describes known issues in this release of AsyncOS for Email.

Table 4 Known Issues in AsyncOS 7.3

Defect ID	Description
72144	Connection Not Redirecting to HTTPS After Initialization.
	Some SSH clients and web browsers automatically lose the SSH or HTTPS connection when the HSM initializes or when the wrong password is entered three times. If a user enters the wrong password three times via SSH, attempting to log back into the appliance via HTTP will result in an error message because the connection will not redirect to HTTPS. In these cases, the administrator must manually reboot the appliance by powering it off and on.
79296	Appliance May Become Unresponsive
	A C660, C670, X1060, or X1070 appliance may become unresponsive after processing a high amount of message traffic with large attachments over an extended period of time. This issue requires the work queue, scanning engines, and other AsyncOS features to be handling a constant high level of traffic in order to create the excessive memory usage that causes the appliance to become unresponsive.
71994	Host Key Cannot Be Updated For Individual Logs via the GUI.
	Instead of updating the SSH host key for SCP push for an individual log, manually entering an SSH host key using a log subscription's GUI page actually updates the host key for all logs which are configured to SCP push to the given host.
71712	CLI Displays Host Key Error Messages During Cluster Creation.
	When creating a cluster of appliances running AsyncOS 7.3, the CLI displays error messages stating that the /etc/ssh/ssh_host_key.pub and /etc/ssh/ssh_host_dsa_key.pub system host keys cannot be opened. These host keys listed do not exist on the appliance. Cisco IronPort advises you to ignore these error messages.
68368	Reconnect Link in GUI Does Not Reconnect Machines.
	The "reconnect" link in the GUI does not reconnect machines that were disconnected from a cluster unless the machines were disconnected from the cluster individually. Workaround: Use the clusterconfig -> reconnect command in the CLI to reconnect the machines.
71610, 38606	Critical LDAP Alert Sent After Creating an LDAP Profile.
	The Email Security appliance sometimes sends a critical alert after the user creates an LDAP profile using a configuration file. There is no loss in functionality when this occurs.

Table 4 Known Issues in AsyncOS 7.3

Defect ID	Description
68556	Renaming Encryption Profile Doesn't Update DLP Policy.
	If you rename an encryption profile that is being used by a DLP policy, AsyncOS does not automatically update the DLP policy with the updated encryption profile name. AsyncOS will bounce messages that match the DLP profile.
71712	CLI Displays Host Key Error Messages During Cluster Creation.
	When creating a cluster of appliances running AsyncOS 7.3, the CLI displays error messages stating that the /etc/ssh/ssh_host_key.pub and /etc/ssh/ssh_host_dsa_key.pub system host keys cannot be opened. These host keys listed do not exist on the appliance. Cisco IronPort advises you to ignore these error messages.
68368	Reconnect Link in GUI Does Not Reconnect Machines.
	The "reconnect" link in the GUI does not reconnect machines that were disconnected from a cluster unless the machines were disconnected from the cluster individually. Workaround: Use the clusterconfig -> reconnect command in the CLI to reconnect the machines.
79555	Scanning Engine Does Not Recognize Some Password-Protected PDFs
	The Email Security appliance's content scanning engine may not recognize password-protected PDFs created using the Linux version of Open Office.

## **Related Documentation**

The documentation for the Cisco IronPort Email Security appliance includes the following books:

• Cisco IronPort AsyncOS for Email Daily Management Guide. This guide provides instructions for performing common, everyday tasks that system administrators use to manage and monitor the IronPort appliance, such as viewing email traffic using the Email Security Monitor, tracking email messages, managing system quarantines, and troubleshooting the appliance. It also provides reference information for features that system administrators interact with on a regular basis, including Email Security Monitor pages, AsyncOS logs, CLI support commands, and quarantines.

- Cisco IronPort AsyncOS for Email Configuration Guide. This guide is
  recommended for system administrators who are setting up a new IronPort
  appliance and want to learn about its email delivery features. It provides
  instructions on installing the appliance into an existing network infrastructure
  and setting it up as an email gateway appliance. It also includes reference
  information and configuration instructions for email delivery features such as
  the Email Pipeline, Virus Outbreak Filters, content filters, DLP, email
  encryption, anti-virus scanning, and anti-spam scanning.
- Cisco IronPort AsyncOS for Email Advanced Configuration Guide. This guide provides instructions configuring the advanced features of the IronPort appliance. Topics include configuring the appliance to work with LDAP, managing FIPS, creating message filters to enforce email policies, organizing multiple appliances into clusters, and customizing the listeners on the appliance. In addition to configuration, this guide provides reference material for advanced features such as message filter rules and actions, regular expressions used in content dictionaries and message filter rules, and LDAP query syntax and attributes.
- *IronPort AsyncOS CLI Reference Guide*. This guide provides a detailed list of the commands in the AsyncOS command line interface (CLI), as well as examples of the commands in use. System administrators can use this guide for reference when using the CLI on the IronPort appliance.

# **Service and Support**

You can request our support by phone, email, or online 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

During customer support hours (24 hours per day, Monday through Friday excluding U.S. holidays), an engineer will contact you within an hour of your request.

To report a critical issue that requires urgent assistance outside of our office hours, please contact Cisco IronPort using one of the following methods:

U.S. toll-free: 1(877) 641- 4766

International: http://cisco.com/web/ironport/contacts.html Support Portal: http://cisco.com/web/ironport/index.html

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