

# **Cisco IOS Commands for the ASASM**

Γ

## clear diagnostics loopback

To clear the online diagnostic test configuration, use the **clear diagnostic loopback** command command in privileged EXEC mode.

#### clear diagnostics loopback

Syntax Description	This commar	This command has no arguments or keywords		
Defaults	No default be	ehavior or values.		
Command Modes	Privileged EX	KEC		
Command History	Release	Modifi	cation	
	12.2(18)SXF	<sup>2</sup> 5 This c	ommand was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines	The <b>clear di</b> a	agnostics loopback	<b>command</b> clears the online diagnostic test configuration.	
Examples	The followin	g is sample output f	rom the clear diagnostics loopback command:	
Examples		g is sample output f lear diagnostics		
Examples		lear diagnostics ]	loopback	

<b>Related Commands</b>	Command	Description
	show diagnostics loopback	Shows the information related to the PC loopback test, the number of tests run, the number of loopback packets received, and the number of failures detected.

### firewall autostate

Γ

To enable autostate messaging, use the **firewall autostate** command in global configuration mode. To disable autostate, use the **no** form of this command.

#### firewall autostate

no firewall autostate

Syntax Description	This command h	as no argume	ents or keywords.
Defaults	By default, autos	tate is disabl	ed.
Command Modes	Global configura	tion	
Command History	Release	Modificatio	
	12.2(18)SXF5	This comm	hand was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	Autostate messaging lets the ASA quickly detect that a switch interface has failed or has come up. The supervisor engine can send autostate messages to the ASA about the status of physical interfaces associated with ASA VLANs. For example, when all physical interfaces associated with a VLAN go down, the autostate message tells the ASA that the VLAN is down. This information lets the ASA declare the VLAN as down, bypassing the interface monitoring tests normally required for determining which side suffered a link failure. Autostate messaging provides a dramatic improvement in the time the ASA takes to detect a link failure (a few milliseconds as compared to up to 45 seconds without autostate support).		
	The switch super	visor sends a	an autostate message to the ASA when:
	• The last inter	rface belongi	ing to a VLAN goes down.
	• The first inte	erface belong	ing to a VLAN comes up.
Examples	The following ex Router(config)#	-	es autostate messaging: nutostate
Related Commands	Command		Description
	show firewall a	utostate	Shows the setting of the autostate feature.

### firewall module

To assign firewall groups to the ASA, enter the **firewall module** command in global configuration mode. To remove the groups, use the **no** form of this command.

firewall module module\_number vlan-group firewall\_group

**no firewall module** *module\_number* **vlan-group** *firewall\_group* 

Syntax Description	module_number	Specifies the module number. Use the <b>show module</b> command to view installed modules and their numbers.
	<b>vlan-group</b> firewall_group	Specifies one or more group numbers as defined by the <b>firewall vlan-group</b> command:
		• A single number (n)
		• A range ( <i>n</i> - <i>x</i> )
		Separate numbers or ranges by commas. For example, enter the following numbers:
		5,7-10
Defaults	No default behavior	or values.
Command Modes	Global configuration	1
Command History	Release N	Iodification
	12.2(18)SXF5 T	his command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	VLAN groups in vlan-group com	up to 16 firewall VLAN groups to each ASASM. (You can create more than 16 n Cisco IOS software, but only 16 can be assigned per ASASM.) See the <b>firewall</b> mand to create a group. For example, you can assign all the VLANs to one group; e an inside group and an outside group; or you can create a group for each customer.
		t on the number of VLANs per group, but the ASASM can only use VLANs up to tem limit (see the ASASM licensing documentation for more information).
	• You cannot assi	gn the same VLAN to multiple firewall groups.
		a single firewall group to multiple ASASMs. VLANs that you want to assign to Ms, for example, can reside in a separate group from VLANs that are unique to each
	you are reservin	ASASM failover within the same switch chassis, do not assign the VLAN(s) that ag for failover and stateful communications to a switch port. However, if you are etween chassis, you must include the VLANs in the trunk port between the chassis.

- If you do not add the VLANs to the switch before you assign them to the ASASM, the VLANs are stored in the supervisor engine database and are sent to the ASASM as soon as they are added to the switch.
- You can configure a VLAN in the ASASM configuration before it has been assigned on the switch. Note that when the switch sends the VLAN to the ASASM, the VLAN defaults to be administratively up on the ASASM, regardless of whether the you shut them down in the ASASM configuration. You need to shut them down again in this case.

#### **Examples**

I

The following example shows how to create three firewall VLAN groups: one for each ASA, and one that includes VLANs assigned to both ASAs.

```
Router(config)# firewall vlan-group 50 55-57
Router(config)# firewall vlan-group 51 70-85
Router(config)# firewall vlan-group 52 100
Router(config)# firewall module 5 vlan-group 50,52
Router(config)# firewall module 8 vlan-group 51,52
```

The following is sample output from the **show firewall vlan-group** command:

```
Router# show firewall vlan-group
Group vlans
----- -----
50 55-57
51 70-85
52 100
```

The following is sample output from the **show firewall module** command, which shows all VLAN groups:

Router# show firewall module Module Vlan-groups 5 50,52 8 51,52

Related Commands	Command	Description
	firewall vlan-group	Assigns VLANs to a VLAN group.
	show firewall module vlan-group	Shows the VLAN groups and the VLANs assigned to them.
	show module	Shows all installed modules.

### firewall multiple-vlan-interfaces

To allow you to add more than one SVI to the ASA, use the **firewall multiple-vlan-interfaces** command in global configuration mode. To disable this feature, use the **no** form of this command.

firewall multiple-vlan-interfaces

no firewall multiple-vlan-interfaces

Syntax Description	This command h	has no arguments	or keywords.
--------------------	----------------	------------------	--------------

- **Defaults** By default, multiple SVIs are not allowed.
- **Command Modes** Global configuration

Command History	Release	Modification	
	12.2(18)SXF5	This command was introduced.	

**Usage Guidelines** A VLAN defined on the MSFC is called a switched virtual interface. If you assign the VLAN used for the SVI to the ASA, then the MSFC routes between the ASA and other Layer 3 VLANs. For security reasons, by default, only one SVI can exist between the MSFC and the ASA. For example, if you misconfigure the system with multiple SVIs, you could accidentally allow traffic to pass around the ASA by assigning both the inside and outside VLANs to the MSFC.

However, you might need to bypass the ASA in some network scenarios. For example, if you have an IPX host on the same Ethernet segment as IP hosts, you will need multiple SVIs. Because the ASA in routed firewall mode only handles IP traffic and drops other protocol traffic like IPX (transparent firewall mode can optionally allow non-IP traffic), you might want to bypass the ASA for IPX traffic. Make sure to configure the MSFC with an access list that allows only IPX traffic to pass on the VLAN.

For transparent firewalls in multiple context mode, you need to use multiple SVIs because each context requires a unique VLAN on its outside interface. You might also choose to use multiple SVIs in routed mode so you do not have to share a single VLAN for the outside interface.

#### **Examples**

The following example shows a typical configuration with multiple SVIs:

```
Router(config)# firewall vlan-group 50 55-57
Router(config)# firewall vlan-group 51 70-85
Router(config)# firewall module 8 vlan-group 50-51
Router(config)# firewall multiple-vlan-interfaces
Router(config)# interface vlan 55
Router(config-if)# ip address 10.1.1.1 255.255.255.0
Router(config-if)# no shutdown
Router(config-if)# interface vlan 56
Router(config-if)# ip address 10.1.2.1 255.255.255.0
Router(config-if)# ip address 10.1.2.1 255.255.255.0
Router(config-if)# no shutdown
Router(config-if)# no shutdown
Router(config-if)# end
```

#### Router#

#### The following is sample output from the show interface command:

```
Router# show interface vlan 55
Vlan55 is up, line protocol is up
  Hardware is EtherSVI, address is 0008.20de.45ca (bia 0008.20de.45ca)
  Internet address is 55.1.1.1/24
  MTU 1500 bytes, BW 1000000 Kbit, DLY 10 usec,
     reliability 255/255, txload 1/255, rxload 1/255
  Encapsulation ARPA, loopback not set
  ARP type:ARPA, ARP Timeout 04:00:00
  Last input never, output 00:00:08, output hang never
  Last clearing of "show interface" counters never
  Input queue:0/75/0/0 (size/max/drops/flushes); Total output drops:0
  Queueing strategy:fifo
  Output queue :0/40 (size/max)
  5 minute input rate 0 bits/sec, 0 packets/sec
  5 minute output rate 0 bits/sec, 0 packets/sec
  L2 Switched:ucast:196 pkt, 13328 bytes - mcast:4 pkt, 256 bytes
  L3 in Switched:ucast:0 pkt, 0 bytes - mcast:0 pkt, 0 bytes mcast
  L3 out Switched:ucast:0 pkt, 0 bytes
     0 packets input, 0 bytes, 0 no buffer
     Received 0 broadcasts, 0 runts, 0 giants, 0 throttles
     0 input errors, 0 CRC, 0 frame, 0 overrun, 0 ignored
     4 packets output, 256 bytes, 0 underruns
     0 output errors, 0 interface resets
     0 output buffer failures, 0 output buffers swapped out
```

<b>Related Commands</b>	Command	Description
	firewall module	Assigns a VLAN group to the ASA.
	firewall vlan-group	Defines a VLAN group.

## firewall vlan-group

To assign VLANs to a firewall group, enter the **firewall vlan-group** command in global configuration mode. To remove the VLANs, use the **no** form of this command.

firewall [switch {1 |2}] vlan-group firewall\_group vlan\_range

**no firewall** [switch {1 |2}] vlan-group *firewall\_group* vlan\_range

Syntax Description	firewall_group	Specifies the group ID as an integer.	
	vlan_range	Specifies the VLANs assigned to the group. The <i>vlan_range</i> value can be one or more VLANs (2 to 1000 and from 1025 to 4094) identified in one of the following ways:	
		• A single number ( <i>n</i> )	
		• A range ( <i>n</i> - <i>x</i> )	
		Separate numbers or ranges by commas. For example, enter the following numbers:	
		5,7-10,13,45-100	
		<b>Note</b> Routed ports and WAN ports consume internal VLANs, so it is possible that VLANs in the 1020-1100 range might already be in use.	
	switch $\{1 \mid 2\}$	(Optional) For VSS configurations, specifies the switch number.	
Defaults	No default behav	for or values.	
Command Modes	Global configura	tion.	
Command History	Release	Modification	
	12.2(18)SXF5	This command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines	command. (Yassigned per	gn up to 16 firewall VLAN groups to each ASASM using the <b>firewall module</b> You can create more than 16 VLAN groups in Cisco IOS software, but only 16 can be ASASM.) For example, you can assign all the VLANs to one group; or you can create oup and an outside group; or you can create a group for each customer.	
	• There is no limit on the number of VLANs per group, but the ASASM can only use VLANs up to the ASASM system limit (see the ASASM licensing documentation for more information).		
		imit on the number of VLANs per group, but the ASASM can only use VLANs up to	
	the ASASM	imit on the number of VLANs per group, but the ASASM can only use VLANs up to	
	<ul><li>the ASASM</li><li>You cannot a</li><li>You can assi</li></ul>	imit on the number of VLANs per group, but the ASASM can only use VLANs up to system limit (see the ASASM licensing documentation for more information).	
	<ul> <li>the ASASM</li> <li>You cannot a</li> <li>You can assi multiple ASA ASASM.</li> </ul>	limit on the number of VLANs per group, but the ASASM can only use VLANs up to system limit (see the ASASM licensing documentation for more information). assign the same VLAN to multiple firewall groups. gn a single firewall group to multiple ASASMs. VLANs that you want to assign to	

- Routed ports and WAN ports consume internal VLANs, so it is possible that VLANs in the 1020-1100 range might already be in use.
- You cannot use reserved VLANs.
- You cannot use VLAN 1.
- If you are using ASASM failover within the same switch chassis, do not assign the VLAN(s) that you are reserving for failover and stateful communications to a switch port. However, if you are using failover between chassis, you must include the VLANs in the trunk port between the chassis.
- If you do not add the VLANs to the switch before you assign them to the ASASM, the VLANs are stored in the supervisor engine database and are sent to the ASASM as soon as they are added to the switch.
- You can configure a VLAN in the ASASM configuration before it has been assigned on the switch. Note that when the switch sends the VLAN to the ASASM, the VLAN defaults to be administratively up on the ASASM, regardless of whether the you shut them down in the ASASM configuration. You need to shut them down again in this case.

#### **Examples**

The following example shows how to create three firewall VLAN groups: one for each ASA, and one that includes VLANs assigned to both ASAs.

```
Router(config)# firewall vlan-group 50 55-57
Router(config)# firewall vlan-group 51 70-85
Router(config)# firewall vlan-group 52 100
Router(config)# firewall module 5 vlan-group 50,52
Router(config)# firewall module 8 vlan-group 51,52
```

The following is sample output from the show firewall vlan-group command:

Router# **show firewall vlan-group** Group vlans ----- -----50 55-57 51 70-85 52 100

The following is sample output from the **show firewall module** command, which shows all VLAN groups:

Router# show firewall module Module Vlan-groups 5 50,52 8 51,52

<b>Related Commands</b>	Command	Description
	firewall module	Assigns a VLAN group to an ASA.
	show firewall vlan-group	Shows the VLAN groups and the VLANs assigned to them.
	show module	Shows all installed modules.

### service-module session

To gain console access to the ASASM from the switch CLI, enter the **service-module session** command in privileged EXEC mode.

**service-module session** [switch {1 | 2}] slot *number* 

Syntax Description	slot number	Specifies the slot number of the ASASM. To view the module slot numbers, enter the <b>show module</b> command at the switch prompt.		
	switch {1   2}	(Optional) For VSS configurations, specifies the switch number.		
Defaults	No default behavior	or values.		
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC			
Command History	Release	Modification		
	12.2(33)SXJ1	This command was introduced.		
Usage Guidelines	Using the <b>service-module session</b> command, you create a virtual console connection to the ASASM, with all the benefits and limitations of an actual console connection.			
	Benefits include:			
	<ul> <li>The connection is persistent across reloads and does not time out.</li> <li>You can stay connected through ASASM reloads and view startup messages.</li> </ul>			
-				
	• You can access ROMMON if the ASASM cannot load the image. Limitations include:			
	<ul><li>The connection is slow (9600 baud).</li><li>You can only have one console connection active at a time.</li></ul>			
Note	connection may exis	istence of the connection, if you do not properly log out of the ASASM, the st longer than intended. If someone else wants to log in, they will need to kill the . See the CLI configuration guide for more information.		
Examples	-	aple shows how to gain console access to an ASASM in slot 3: odule session slot 3		

Γ

Related Commands	Commands	Description	
	session	Telnets to the ASASM over the backplane.	

### session

To Telnet from the switch CLI to the ASASM over the backplane, use the **session** command in privileged EXEC mode.

session [switch {1 | 2}] slot number processor 1

Syntax Description	processor 1	Specifies the processor number, which is always 1.						
	slot number	Specifies the slot number. To view the module slot numbers, enter the						
		show module command at the switch prompt.						
	switch {1   2}	(Optional) For VSS configurations, specifies the switch number.						
Defaults	No default behavior or values.							
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC							
Command History	Release	Modification						
	12.2(14)SX	Support for this command was introduced on the Supervisor Engine 720.						
	12.2(17d)SXB	Support for this command on the Supervisor Engine 2 was extended to						
		Release 12.2(17d)SXB.						
	12.2(33)SRA	Release 12.2(17d)SXB. This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.						
Jsage Guidelines	Using the <b>session</b> co Benefits include:	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.						
Usage Guidelines	Using the <b>session</b> co Benefits include: • You can have m	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.						
Jsage Guidelines	Using the <b>session</b> co Benefits include: • You can have m • The Telnet sessi	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.						
Jsage Guidelines	Using the <b>session</b> co Benefits include: • You can have m • The Telnet sessi Limitations include:	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.						
Jsage Guidelines	Using the <b>session</b> co Benefits include: • You can have m • The Telnet sessi Limitations include:	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.						
Jsage Guidelines	Using the <b>session</b> co Benefits include: • You can have m • The Telnet sessi Limitations include: • The Telnet sessi	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.						
Usage Guidelines Note	Using the <b>session</b> co Benefits include: • You can have m • The Telnet sessi Limitations include: • The Telnet sessi • You cannot acce The <b>session</b> <i>slot</i> <b>pro</b>	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA. ommand, you create a Telnet connection to the ASASM. ultiple sessions to the ASASM at the same time. on is a fast connection.						
	Using the <b>session</b> co Benefits include: • You can have m • The Telnet sessi Limitations include: • The Telnet sessi • You cannot acco The <b>session</b> <i>slot</i> <b>pro</b> on the ASASM; the	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA. ommand, you create a Telnet connection to the ASASM. ultiple sessions to the ASASM at the same time. on is a fast connection. on is terminated when the ASASM reloads, and can time out. ess the ASASM until it completely loads; you cannot access ROMMON. <b>cessor 0</b> command, which is supported on other services modules, is not supported						

Γ

### Examples The following example Telnets to an ASASM in processor 1: Router# session slot number processor 1 hostname passwd: cisco hostname>

<b>Related Commands</b>	Command	Description
	service-module session	Obtains console access to the ASASM from the switch CLI.

### show diagnostic loopback

To display information related to the PC loopback test, including the number of tests run, the number of loopback packets received, and the number of failures detected, use the **show diagnostics loopback** command in privileged EXEC mode.

#### show diagnostics loopback

Syntax Description	This command has no arguments or keywords								
Defaults	No default behavior or values.								
Command Modes	The following t	The following table shows the modes in which you can enter the command:							
			Firewall N	lode	Security (	Context			
						Multiple			
	Command Mod	e	Routed	Transparent	Single	Context	System		
	Privileged EXI	EC	•	•	•		•		
Command History	Release	Modi	fication						
communa motory	12.2(18)SXF5		command was	s introduced.					
Usage Guidelines		nostics loopbac umber of tests ru	-				-		
Examples	The following i	is sample output	from the <b>sho</b>	w diagnostics lo	opback co	mmand:			
	hostname# show diagnostics loopback								
	Port Test 0 447 1 447	Pkts-received 447 447	d Failures O O						
Related Commands	Command		Description						
	clear diagnost	ics loopback	Clears the onl	line diagnostic to	est configu	ration.			
	firewall autos	tate	Enables the a	utostate feature.					

### show firewall autostate

To view the setting of the autostate feature, use the **show firewall autostate** command in privileged EXEC mode.

#### show firewall autostate

**Syntax Description** This command has no arguments or keywords.

**Defaults** By default, autostate is disabled.

ſ

**Command Modes** The following table shows the modes in which you can enter the command:

	Firewall M	ode	Security Context		
				Multiple	
Command Mode	Routed	Transparent	Single	Context	System
Privileged EXEC	•	•	•	•	•

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(18)SXF5	This command was introduced.

**Usage Guidelines** Autostate messaging in Cisco IOS software allows the ASA to quickly detect that a switch interface has failed or come up. The switch supervisor sends an autostate message to the ASA when:

- The last interface belonging to a VLAN goes down.
- The first interface belonging to a VLAN comes up.

<b>Related Commands</b>	Command	Description
	clear diagnostics loopback	Clears the online diagnostic test configuration.
	firewall autostate	Enables the autostate feature.

### show firewall module

To view the VLAN groups assigned to each ASA, enter the **show firewall module** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show firewall [switch {1 | 2}] module [module\_number]

Syntax Description	module_number	(Optional) Specifies view installed modul			e show modu	e command
	switch {1   2}	(Optional) For VSS	configurations, s	pecifies th	e switch numb	er.
Defaults	No default behavior o	r values.				
Command Modes	The following table sl	hows the modes in whic	h you can enter	the comma	ind:	
		Firewall N	lode	Security C	Context	
	<b>.</b>		<b>-</b> .	o. 1	Multiple	
	Command Mode	Routed	Transparent	_	Context	System
	Privileged EXEC	•	•	•	•	•
command History		odification is command was introdu	uced.			
Examples	The following is samp groups:	ble output from the <b>show</b>	v firewall modu	ile commar	nd, which show	vs all VLAN
	Router# <b>show firewa</b> Module Vlan-groups 5 50,52 8 51,52	ll module				
Related Commands	Command	Description				
Related Commands	<b>Command</b> firewall module	<b>Description</b> Assigns a VLA	N group to an AS	SA.		
Related Commands		=				
Related Commands	firewall module	Assigns a VLA Assigns VLAN	to a VLAN gro	up.	assigned to the	 m.

Γ

### show firewall module state

To view the state of each ASA, enter the **show firewall module state** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show firewall [switch {1 | 2}] module [module\_number] state

Syntax Description	<i>module_number</i> (Optional) Specifies the module number.										
	switch {1   2}	switch {1   2}(Optional) For VSS configurations, specifies the switch number.									
efaults	No default behavior	or values.									
mmand Modes	The following table s	shows the modes in whi	ich you can enter	the comma	and:						
		Firewall	Mode	Security (	Context						
					Multiple						
	Command Mode	Routed	Transparent	Single	Context	System					
	Privileged EXEC	•	•	•	•	•					
						ľ					
ommand History	Release Modification										
-	12.2(18)SXF5 This command was introduced.										
	_										
xamples	The following is sample output from the show firewall module state command:										
	Router# <b>show firewall module 11 state</b> Firewall module 11:										
	Switchport: Enabled Administrative Mode: trunk Operational Mode: trunk Administrative Trunking Encapsulation: dot1q Operational Trunking Encapsulation: dot1q Negotiation of Trunking: Off										
	Access Mode VLAN: Trunking Native Mo	1 (default) ode VLAN: 1 (default)									
	-	abled: 3,6,7,20-24,40,	,59,85,87-89,99	-115,150,1	88-191,200,2	50,					
	Pruning VLANs Enab	oled: 2-1001									
	Vlans allowed on trunk:										
			domain.	Vlans allowed and active in management domain: Vlans in spanning tree forwarding state and not pruned:							

Related Commands	Command	Description
	firewall module	Assigns a VLAN group to an ASA.
	firewall vlan-group	Assigns VLANs to a VLAN group.
	show firewall module vlan-group	Shows the VLAN groups and the VLANs assigned to them.
	show module	Shows all installed modules.

Γ

### show firewall module traffic

To view the traffic flowing through each ASA, enter the **show firewall module traffic** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show firewall [switch {1 | 2}] module [module\_number] traffic

<i>module_number</i> (Optional) Specifies the module number.							
switch {1   2}(Optional) For VSS configurations, specifies the switch number.							
No default behavior	or values.						
The following table	shows the mo	odes in which	n you can enter	the comma	nd:		
		Firewall M	ode	Security C	ontext		
					Multiple		
Command Mode		Routed	Transparent	Single	Context	System	
Privileged EXEC		•	•	•	•	•	
Release M	Andification						
Router# <b>show firewall module 11 traffic</b> Firewall module 11:							
Hardware is Ethe	erChannel, a BW 6000000	ddress is O	014.1cd5.bef6		.1cd5.bef6)		
	No default behavior The following table Command Mode Privileged EXEC Release M 12.2(18)SXF5 T The following is sam Router# show firew Firewall module 11 Specified interface Hardware is Ethe	No default behavior or values.         The following table shows the model         Command Mode         Privileged EXEC         Release       Modification         12.2(18)SXF5       This command         The following is sample output fr         Router# show firewall module         Firewall module 11:         Specified interface is up lin	No default behavior or values.         The following table shows the modes in which <b>Firewall M Command Mode Routed</b> Privileged EXEC         • <b>Release Modification</b> 12.2(18)SXF5         This command was introdu         The following is sample output from the show         Router# show firewall module 11 traffic         Firewall module 11:         Specified interface is up line protocol         Hardware is EtherChannel, address is 0	No default behavior or values.         The following table shows the modes in which you can enter         Firewall Mode         Firewall Mode         Routed       Transparent         Privileged EXEC       •         Release       Modification         12.2(18)SXF5       This command was introduced.         The following is sample output from the show firewall modu         Router# show firewall module 11 traffic         Firewall module 11:         Specified interface is up line protocol is up (connect Hardware is EtherChannel, address is 0014.1cd5.bef6	No default behavior or values.         The following table shows the modes in which you can enter the comma         Firewall Mode       Security C         Command Mode       Routed       Transparent       Single         Privileged EXEC       •       •       •         Release       Modification       •       •         12.2(18)SXF5       This command was introduced.       •       •         The following is sample output from the show firewall module traffic c       Router# show firewall module 11 traffic       Firewall module 11:         Specified interface is up line protocol is up (connected)       Hardware is EtherChannel, address is 0014.1cd5.bef6 (bia 0014	No default behavior or values.         The following table shows the modes in which you can enter the command:	

- 0 output errors, 0 collisions, 1 interface resets 0 babbles, 0 late collision, 0 deferred 0 lost carrier, 0 no carrier
- O output buffer failures, O output buffers swapped out

### Related Commands

inds	Command	Description				
	firewall module	Assigns a VLAN group to an ASA.				
	firewall vlan-group	Assigns VLANs to a VLAN group.				
	show firewall module	Shows the VLAN groups and the VLANs assigned to them.				
	vlan-group					
	show module	Shows all installed modules.				

<b>Related Commands</b>	Command	Description				
	firewall module	Assigns a VLAN group to an ASA.				
	firewall vlan-group	Creates a group of VLANs.				
	show module	Shows all installed modules.				

The following is sample output from the show firewall module vlan-group command:

**Firewall Mode Security Context** Multiple **Command Mode** Routed Transparent Single Context System Privileged EXEC • • • • •

This command was introduced.

**Command Modes** The following table shows the modes in which you can enter the command:

Modification

Router# show firewall module vlan-group

# show firewall module vlan-group

**Cisco IOS Commands for the ASASM** 

firewall\_group

module\_number

No default behavior or values.

switch {1 | 2}

Release

12.2(18)SXF5

Group vlans \_\_\_\_ 50 55-57 51 70-85 52 100

Chapter 69

**Syntax Description** 

**Command History** 

Examples

I

Defaults

L

To view VLAN groups that can be assigned to the ASA, enter the show firewall module vlan-group command in privileged EXEC mode.

**show firewall** [switch {1 | 2}] module [module\_number] vlan-group [firewall\_group]

(Optional) Specifies the group ID.

(Optional) Specifies the module number.

(Optional) For VSS configurations, specifies the switch number.

### show firewall multiple-vlan-interfaces

To show the state of multiple firewall VLAN interfaces for the ASASM, enter the **show firewall multiple-vlan-interfaces** command in privileged EXEC mode.

#### show firewall multiple-vlan-interfaces

**Syntax Description** This command has no arguments or keywords.

#### **Defaults** No default behavior or values.

**Command Modes** The following table shows the modes in which you can enter the command:

	Firewall Mode		Security Context		
				Multiple	
Command Mode	Routed	Transparent	Single	Context	System
Privileged EXEC	•	•	•	•	•

Command History	Release	Modification	
	8.5(1)	This command was introduced.	

**Examples** The following is sample output from the **show firewall multiple-vlan-interfaces** command:

Router# show firewall multiple-vlan-interfaces

Multiple firewall vlan interfaces feature is enabled

<b>Related Commands</b>	Command	Description
	firewall module	Assigns a VLAN group to an ASA.
	firewall vlan-group	Creates a group of VLANs.
	show module	Shows all installed modules.

### show module

To verify that the switch acknowledges the ASASM and has brought it online, use the **show module** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show module [switch {1 | 2}] [mod-num | all]

Syntax Description	all	(Optional) Specifies all the modules.		
	mod_num	(Optional) Specifies the module number.		
	switch {1   2}	(Optional) For VSS configurations, specifies the switch number.		

**Defaults** No default behavior or values.

**Command Modes** The following table shows the modes in which you can enter the command:

	Firewall Mode		Security Context		
				Multiple	
Command Mode	Routed	Transparent	Single	Context	System
Privileged EXEC	•	•	•	•	•

#### Examples

I

The following is sample output from the show module command:

Router# <b>show module</b> Mod Ports Card Type		Model	Serial No.
<ol> <li>ASA Service Module</li> <li>ASA Service Module</li> <li>Supervisor Engine 720 10</li> <li>16 CEF720 16 port 10GE</li> </ol>	OGE (Active)	WS-SVC-ASA-SM1 WS-SVC-ASA-SM1	SAD135101Z9 SAL12426KB1
Mod MAC addresses		Fw Sw	
2 0022.bdd4.016f to 0022.bdd4.0 4 0022.bdd3.f64e to 0022.bdd3.f 5 0019.e8bb.7b0c to 0019.e8bb.7 6 f866.f220.5760 to f866.f220.5	017e 0.201 f655 0.109 7b13 2.0	12.2(2010080 12.2( 12.2(2010080 12.2( 8.5(2) 12.2(	2010121 Ok 2010121 PwrDown 2010121 Ok
Mod Sub-Module			
2/0 ASA Application Processor 4/0 ASA Application Processor 5 Policy Feature Card 3 5 MSFC3 Daughterboard 6 Distributed Forwarding Card W	SVC-APP-PROC- SVC-APP-INT-1 VS-F6K-PFC3C VS-F6K-MSFC3	1 SAD1436015D SAD141002AK SAL12437BM2 SAL12426DE3	0.202 Other 0.106 PwrDown 1.0 Ok 1.0 Ok
Base PID: Mod Model Serial No.			
2 WS-SVC-APP-HW-1 SAD143502E8	8		

4 TRIFECTA SAD13510129 Mod Online Diag Status ---- ------2 Pass 2/0 Not Applicable 4 Not Applicable 4/0 Not Applicable 5 Pass 6 Pass

#### **Related Commands**

Command	Description
firewall module	Assigns a VLAN group to an ASA.
firewall vlan-group	Creates a group of VLANs.