

Alarm Management and Logging Correlation Commands

This module describes the commands used to manage alarms and configure logging correlation rules for system monitoring on the router.

For detailed information about alarm management and logging correlation concepts, configuration tasks, and examples, see the *Implementing and Monitoring Alarms and Logging Correlation* module in the *System Monitoring Configuration Guide for Cisco NCS 6000 Series Routers*.

For system logging commands, see the Logging Services Commands module.

For system logging concepts, see the *Implementing Logging Services* module in the *System Monitoring Configuration Guide for Cisco NCS 6000 Series Routers*.

- alarm, page 3
- all-alarms, page 5
- all-of-router, page 6
- clear logging correlator delete, page 7
- clear logging events delete, page 9
- clear logging events reset, page 13
- context-correlation, page 15
- logging correlator apply rule, page 17
- logging correlator apply ruleset, page 20
- logging correlator buffer-size, page 22
- logging correlator rule, page 24
- logging correlator ruleset, page 27
- logging events buffer-size, page 29
- logging events display-location, page 31
- logging events level, page 33
- logging events threshold, page 35

- logging suppress apply rule, page 37
- logging suppress rule, page 39
- nonrootcause, page 41
- reissue-nonbistate, page 43
- reparent, page 45
- rootcause, page 47
- show logging correlator buffer, page 49
- show logging correlator info, page 52
- show logging correlator rule, page 54
- show logging correlator ruleset, page 57
- show logging events buffer, page 60
- show logging events info, page 65
- show logging suppress rule, page 67
- show snmp correlator buffer, page 69
- show snmp correlator info, page 71
- show snmp correlator rule, page 72
- show snmp correlator ruleset, page 73
- source, page 74
- timeout, page 76
- timeout-rootcause, page 78

alarm

To specify a type of alarm to be suppressed by a logging suppression rule, use the **alarm** command in logging suppression rule configuration mode.

alarm msg-category group-name msg-code

Syntax Description	msg-category	Message category of the root message.
	group-name	Group name of the root message.
	msg-code	Message code of the root message.
Command Default	No alarm types are configu	rred by default.
	51 0	
Command Modes	Logging suppression rule of	onfiguration
Command History	Release	Modification
	Release 5.0.0	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines		must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task nment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator
Task ID	Task ID	Operations
	logging	read, write
Examples		o configure the logging suppression rule "commit" to suppress alarms whose root
	message are "MBGL", with	a group name "commit" and message code "succeeded":
		onfig)# logging suppress rule commit onfig-suppr-rule)# alarm MBGL COMMIT SUCCEEDED

Command	Description
logging suppress rule, on page 39	Creates a logging suppression rule.

all-alarms

To configure a logging suppression rule to suppress all types of alarms, use the **all-alarms** command in logging suppression rule configuration mode.

all-alarms

- **Syntax Description** This command has no keywords or arguments.
- **Command Default** No alarm types are configured by default.

Command Modes Logging suppression rule configuration

Command History	Release	Modification
	Release 5.0.0	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines To use this command, you must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task IDs. If the user group assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator for assistance.

Task ID	Task ID	Operations
	logging	read, write

Examples

This example shows how to configure the logging suppression rule commit to suppress all alarms:

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config) # logging suppress rule commit RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-suppr-rule) # all-alarms

Related Commands	Command	Description
	logging suppress rule, on page 39	Creates a logging suppression rule.

all-of-router

To apply a logging suppression rule to alarms originating from all locations on the router, use the **all-of-router** command in logging suppression apply rule configuration mode.

all-of-router

- **Syntax Description** This command has no keywords or arguments.
- **Command Default** No scope is configured by default.

Command Modes Logging suppression apply rule configuration

Command History	Release	Modification
	Release 5.0.0	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines To use this command, you must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task IDs. If the user group assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator for assistance.

Task ID	Task ID	Operations
	logging	execute

Examples

This example shows how to apply the logging suppression rule "commit" to all locations on the router:

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config) # logging suppress apply rule commit RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-suppr-apply-rule) # all-of-router

Related Commands	Command	Description
	logging suppress apply rule, on page 37	Applies and activates a logging suppression rule.

clear logging correlator delete

To delete all messages or messages specified by a correlation ID from the logging correlator buffer, use the **clear logging correlator delete** command in XR EXEC mode.

clear logging correlator delete {all-in-buffer| correlation-id}

Syntax Description	all-in-buffer	Clears all messages in the logging correlator buffer.
	correlation-id	Correlation event record ID. Up to 14 correlation IDs can be specified, separated by a space. Range is 0 to 4294967294.
Command Default	No messages are automat	ically deleted unless buffer capacity is reached.
Command Modes	XR EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	Release 5.0.0	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	IDs. If the user group assi for assistance. Use the show logging cor	a must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task gnment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator relator buffer, on page 49 command to confirm that records have been cleared. buffer-size, on page 22 command to configure the capacity of the logging correlator
Task ID	Task ID	Operations
	logging	execute
Examples	-	to clear all records from the logging correlator buffer: clear logging correlator delete all-in-buffer

Command	Description
show logging correlator buffer, on page 49	Displays messages in the logging correlator buffer.

clear logging events delete

To delete messages from the logging events buffer, use the **clear logging events delete** command in XR EXEC mode.

clear logging events delete

Syntax Description	admin-level-only	Deletes only events at the administrative level.
	all-in-buffer	Deletes all event IDs from the logging events buffer.
	bistate-alarms-set	Deletes bi-state alarms in the SET state.
	category name	Deletes events from a specified category.
	context name	Deletes events from a specified context.
	event-hi-limit event-id	Deletes events with an event ID equal to or lower than the event ID specified with the <i>event-id</i> argument. Range is 0 to 4294967294.
	event-lo-limit event-id	Deletes events with an event ID equal to or higher than the event ID specified with the <i>event-id</i> argument. Range is 0 to 4294967294.
	first event-count	Deletes events, beginning with the first event in the logging events buffer. For the <i>event-count</i> argument, enter the number of events to be deleted.
	group message-group	Deletes events from a specified message group.
	last event-count	Deletes events, beginning with the last event in the logging events buffer. For the <i>event-count</i> argument, enter the number of events to be deleted.
	location node-id	Deletes messages from the logging events buffer for the specified location. The <i>node-id</i> argument is entered in the <i>rack/slot/module</i> notation.
	message message-code	Deletes events with the specified message code.
	severity-hi-limit	Deletes events with a severity level equal to or lower than the severity level specified with the <i>severity</i> argument.

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severity	Severity level. Valid values are:		
	• alerts		
	• critical		
	• emergencies		
	• errors		
	• informational		
	 notifications warnings		
			Note Settings for the severity levels and their respective system conditions are listed under the "Usage Guidelines" section for the logging events level command. Events of lower severity level represent events of higher importance.
	severity-lo-limit	Deletes events with a severity level equal to or higher than the severity level specified with the <i>severity</i> argument.	
timestamp-hi-limit	Deletes events with a time stamp equal to or lower than the specified time stamp.		

hh : mm : ss [month] [day] [year]	Time stamp for the timestamp-hi-limit or timestamp-lo-limit keyword. The <i>month</i> , <i>day</i> , and <i>year</i> arguments default to the current month, day, and year, if not specified.
	 Ranges for the <i>hh</i> : <i>mm</i> : <i>ss month day year</i> arguments are as follows: <i>hh</i> :—Hours. Range is 00 to 23. You must insert a colon after the <i>hh</i> argument.
	• <i>mm</i> :—Minutes. Range is 00 to 59. You must insert a colon after the <i>m</i> argument.
	• ss—Seconds. Range is 00 to 59.
	• <i>month</i> —(Optional) The month of the year. The values for the <i>month</i> argument are:
	° january
	° february
	° march
	° april
	° may
	° june
	° july
	° august
	° september
	° october
	° november
	° december
	• <i>day</i> —(Optional) Day of the month. Range is 01 to 31.
	• <i>year</i> —(Optional) Year. Enter the last two digits of the year (for example, 04 for 2004). Range is 01 to 37.
timestamp-lo-limit	Deletes events with a time stamp equal to or higher than the specified time stamp.

Command Modes XR EXEC

Command

Displays messages in the logging events buffer.

istory	Release	Modification	
	Release 5.0.0	This command was introduced.	
elines		in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task s preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator	
	This command is used to delete messages from the logging events buffer that match the keywords and arguments that you specify. The description is matched if all of the conditions are met.		
	Use the show logging events buffe logging events buffer.	r, on page 60 command to verify that events have been cleared from the	
	Use the logging events buffer-size buffer.	, on page 29 command to configure the capacity of the logging events	
	Task ID	Operations	
	logging	execute	
	This example shows how to delete	all messages from the logging events buffer:	
	RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# clear]	ogging events delete all-in-buffer	
ands	Command	Description	
	clear logging events reset, on page	ge 13 Resets bi-state alarms.	

show logging events buffer, on page 60

clear logging events reset

To reset bi-state alarms, use the clear logging events reset command in XR EXEC mode.

clear logging events reset {all-in-buffer| event-id}

Syntax Description	all-in-buffer	Resets all bi-state alarm messages in the event logging buffer.
	event-id	Event ID. Resets the bi-state alarm for an event or events. Up to 32 event IDs can be specified, separated by a space. Range is 0 to 4294967294.
Command Default	None	
Command Modes	XR EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	Release 5.0.0	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	IDs. If the user group for assistance. This command clears by state changes asso	l, you must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task o assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator is bi-state alarms messages from the logging events buffer. Bi-state alarms are generated ociated with system hardware, such as a change of interface state from active to inactive, in and removal (OIR) of a Modular Service Card (MSC), or a change in component
	Use the show logging	g events buffer, on page 60 command to display messages in the logging events buffer.
Task ID	Task ID	Operations
	logging	execute
Examples	-	how to reset all bi-alarms in the logging events buffer:
	., .,,	······································

Command	Description
clear logging events delete, on page 9	Deletes all bi-state alarm messages, or messages specified by correlation ID, from the logging events buffer.
show logging events buffer, on page 60	Displays messages in the logging events buffer.

context-correlation

To enable context-specific correlation, use the **context-correlation** command in either stateful or nonstateful correlation rule configuration mode. To disable correlation on context, use the **no** form of this command.

context-correlation

no context-correlation

- **Syntax Description** This command has no keywords or arguments.
- **Command Default** Correlation on context is not enabled.

Command ModesStateful correlation rule configurationNonstateful correlation rule configuration

Command History	Release	Modification
	Release 5.0.0	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines To use this command, you must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task IDs. If the user group assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator for assistance.

This command enables context-specific correlation for each of the contexts in which a given rule is applied. For example, if the rule is applied to two contexts (context1 and context2), messages that have context "context1" are correlated separately from those messages with context "context2".

Use the show logging correlator rule, on page 54 command to show the current setting for the context-correlation flag.

Task ID	Task ID	Operations
	logging	read, write

Examples

This example shows how to enable correlation on context for a stateful correlation rule:

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config) # logging correlator rule stateful_rule type stateful RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-corr-rule-st) # context-correlation

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Command	Description
logging correlator rule, on page 24	Defines the rules for correlating messages.
show logging correlator rule, on page 54	Displays one or more predefined logging correlator rules.

logging correlator apply rule

To apply and activate a correlation rule and enter correlation apply rule configuration mode, use the **logging correlator apply rule** command in XR Config mode. To deactivate a correlation rule, use the **no** form of this command.

logging correlator apply rule *correlation-rule* [**all-of-router**| **context** *name*| **location** *node-id*] **no logging correlator apply rule** *correlation-rule* [**all-of-router**| **context** *name*| **location** *node-id*]

Syntax Description	correlation-rule	Name of the correlation rule to be applied.	
	all-of-router	(Optional) Applies the correlation rule to the entire router.	
	context name	(Optional) Applies the correlation rule to the specified context. Unlimited number of contexts. The <i>name</i> string is limited to 32 characters.	
	location node-id	(Optional) Applies the correlation rule to the specified node. The <i>node-id</i> argument is entered in the <i>rack/slot/module</i> notation. Unlimited number of locations.	
Command Default	No correlation rules are	applied.	
Command Modes	XR Config		
Command History	Release	Modification	
	Release 5.0.0	This command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines		ou must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task signment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator	
	The logging correlator apply rule command is used to either add or remove apply settings for a given rule. These settings then determine which messages are correlated for the affected rules.		
	If the rule is applied to all-of-router , then correlation occurs for only those messages that match the configure cause values for the rule to be correlated, regardless of the context or location setting of that message.		
	If a rule is applied to a specific set of contexts or locations, then correlation occurs for only those message that match both the configured cause values for the rule and at least one of those contexts or locations.		
	Use the show logging corrule.	orrelator rule, on page 54 command to show the current apply settings for a given	

When a rule is applied (or if a rule set that contains this rule is applied), then the rule definition cannot be modified through the configuration until the rule or rule set is once again unapplied.

<u>)</u> Tip

<u>)</u> Tip

It is possible to configure apply settings at the same time for both a rule and zero or more rule sets that contain the rule. In this case, the apply settings for the rule are the union of all the apply configurations.

The **logging correlator apply rule** command allows you to enter submode (config-corr-apply-rule) to apply and activate rules:

	<pre>uter(config)# logging correlator apply rule stateful1 uter(config-corr-apply-rule)#?</pre>
all-of-router clear clear commit context describe	Apply the rule to all of the router Clear the uncommitted configuration Clear the configuration Commit the configuration changes to running Apply rule to specified context Describe a command without taking real actions
do	Run an exec command
exit	Exit from this submode
location	Apply rule to specified location
no	Negate a command or set its defaults
pwd	Commands used to reach current submode
root	Exit to the XR Config mode
show	Show contents of configuration
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:ro	uter(config-corr-apply-rule)#
While in the submo	ode, you can negate keyword options:

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-corr-apply-rule)# no all-of-router RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-corr-apply-rule)# no context RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-corr-apply-rule)# no location

Task ID

Task ID logging

Operations read, write

Examples

This example shows how to apply a predefined correlator rule to a location:

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config) # logging correlator apply rule rule1 RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-corr-apply-rule) # location 0/2/CPU0

Command	Description
logging correlator rule, on page 24	Defines the rules for correlating messages.
show logging correlator rule, on page 54	Displays one or more predefined logging correlator rules.

Command	Description
show logging correlator ruleset, on page 57	Displays one or more predefined logging correlator rule sets.

logging correlator apply ruleset

To apply and activate a correlation rule set and enter correlation apply rule set configuration mode, use the **logging correlator apply ruleset** command in XR Config mode. To deactivate a correlation rule set, use the **no** form of this command.

logging correlator apply ruleset *correlation-ruleset* [all-of-router| context name| location *node-id*] no logging correlator apply ruleset *correlation-ruleset* [all-of-router| context name| location *node-id*]

Syntax Description	correlation-ruleset	Name of the correlation rule set to be applied.
	all-of-router	(Optional) Applies the correlation rule set to the entire router.
	context name	(Optional) Applies the correlation rule set to the specified context. Unlimited number of contexts. The <i>name</i> string is limited to 32 characters.
	location node-id	(Optional) Applies the correlation rule to the specified node. The <i>node-id</i> argument is entered in the <i>rack/slot/module</i> notation. Unlimited number of locations.
Command Default	No correlation rule sets an	re applied.
Command Modes	XR Config	
Command History	Release	Modification
	Release 5.0.0	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines		a must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task gnment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator
	00 0	pply ruleset command is used to either add or remove apply settings for a given en determine which messages are correlated for the affected rules.
	If the rule set is applied to all-of-router , then correlation occurs for only those messages that match t configured cause values for the rule to be correlated, regardless of the context or location setting of the message.	
		specific set of contexts or locations, then correlation occurs for only those messages gured cause values for the rule and at least one of those contexts or locations.

Use the show logging correlator ruleset, on page 57 command to show the current apply settings for a given rule set.

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Tip When a rule is applied (or if a rule set that contains this rule is applied), then the rule definition cannot be modified through the configuration until the rule or rule set is once again unapplied.

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Tip It is possible to configure apply settings at the same time for both a rule and zero or more rule sets that contain the rule. In this case, the apply settings for the rule are the union of all the apply configurations.

The **logging correlator apply ruleset** command allows you to enter the submode (config-corr-apply-ruleset) to apply and activate rule sets:

```
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config) # logging correlator apply ruleset ruleset1
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-corr-apply-ruleset)#?
  all-of-router Apply the rule to all of the router
                 Clear the uncommitted configuration
  clear
  clear
                 Clear the configuration
  commit
                 Commit the configuration changes to running
  context
                 Apply rule to specified context
  describe
                 Describe a command without taking real actions
                 Run an exec command
  do
  exit
                 Exit from this submode
                 Apply rule to specified location
  location
                 Negate a command or set its defaults
  no
  pwd
                 Commands used to reach current submode
  root
                 Exit to the XR Config mode
  show
                 Show contents of configuration
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-corr-apply-ruleset)#
```

While in the submode, you can negate keyword options:

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-corr-apply-ruleset)# no all-of-router RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-corr-apply-ruleset)# no context RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-corr-apply-ruleset)# no location

Task ID	Task ID	Operations
-	logging	read, write

Examples

This example shows how to apply a predefined correlator rule set to the entire router:

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# logging correlator apply ruleset ruleset1
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-corr-apply-rule)# all-of-router

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show logging correlator ruleset, on page 57	Displays one or more predefined logging correlator rule sets.

logging correlator buffer-size

To configure the logging correlator buffer size, use the **logging correlator buffer-size** command in XR Config mode. To return the buffer size to its default setting, use the **no** form of this command.

	logging correlator buffer-size bytes		
	no logging correla	tor buffer-size bytes	
Syntax Description	bytes	The size, in bytes, of the logging correlator buffer. Range is 1024 to 52428800 bytes.	
Command Default	bytes: 81920 bytes		
Command Modes	XR Config		
Command History	Release	Modification	
	Release 5.0.0	This command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines	IDs. If the user grou for assistance. The logging correl a all the correlation re	id, you must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task up assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator ator buffer-size command configures the size of the correlation buffer. This buffer holds ecords as well as the associated correlated messages. When the size of this buffer is relations in the buffer are replaced with the newer incoming correlations. The criteria that these buffers are:	
	• First, remove the oldest nonstateful correlation records from the buffer.		
	• Then, if there are no more nonstateful correlations present; remove the oldest stateful correlation records.		
	Use the show logging correlator info, on page 52 command to confirm the size of the buffer and the page of buffer space that is currently used. The show logging events buffer, on page 60 all-in-buffer concan be used to show the details of the buffer contents.		
Task ID	Task ID	Operations	
	logging	read, write	
lask ID			

Examples This example shows how to set the logging correlator buffer size to 90000 bytes:

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config) # logging correlator buffer-size 90000

Command	Description
show logging correlator info, on page 52	Displays the logging correlator buffer size and the percentage of the buffer occupied by correlated messages.

logging correlator rule

To define the rules for correlating messages, use the **logging correlator rule** command in XR Config mode. To delete the correlation rule, use the **no** form of this command.

logging correlator rule correlation-rule type {stateful| nonstateful}

no logging correlator rule correlation-rule

escription correlation	n-rule	Name of the correlation rule to be applied.
type		Specifies the type of rule.
stateful		Enters stateful correlation rule configuration mode.
nonstatef	ul	Enters nonstateful correlation rule configuration mode.

- **Command Default** No rules are defined.
- Command Modes XR Config

and History	Release	Modification
	Release 5.0.0	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines

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To use this command, you must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task IDs. If the user group assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator for assistance.

The **logging correlator rule** command defines the correlation rules used by the correlator to store messages in the logging correlator buffer. A rule must, at a minimum, consist of three elements: a root-cause message, one or more non-root-cause messages, and a timeout.

When the root-cause message, or a non-root-cause message is received, the timer is started. Any non-root-cause messages are temporarily held, while the root-cause is sent to syslog. If, after the timer has expired, the root-cause and at least one non-root-cause message was received, a correlation is created and stored in the correlation buffer.

A rule can be of type stateful or nonstateful. Stateful rules allow non-root-cause messages to be sent from the correlation buffer if the bi-state root-cause alarm clears at a later time. Nonstateful rules result in correlations that are fixed and immutable after the correlation occurs.

Below are the rule parameters that are available while in stateful correlation rule configuration mode:

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-corr-rule-st)# ?

context-correlation nonrootcause	Specify enable correlation on context nonrootcause alarm
reissue-nonbistate	Specify reissue of non-bistate alarms on parent clear
reparent	Specify reparent of alarm on parent clear
rootcause	Specify root cause alarm: Category/Group/Code combos
timeout	Specify timeout
timeout-rootcause	Specify timeout for root-cause

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router (config-corr-rule-st) # Below are the rule parameters that are available while in nonstateful correlation rule configuration mode:

```
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-corr-rule-nonst)# ?
```

```
context-correlation Specify enable correlation on context
nonrootcause nonrootcause alarm
rootcause Specify root cause alarm: Category/Group/Code combos
timeout Specify timeout
timeout-rootcause Specify timeout for root-cause
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-corr-rule-nonst)#
```

Note

A rule cannot be deleted or modified while it is applied, so the **no logging correlator apply** command must be used to unapply the rule before it can be changed.

Note

The name of the correlation rule must be unique across all rule types and is limited to a maximum length of 32 characters.

Use the show logging correlator buffer, on page 49 to display messages stored in the logging correlator buffer.

Use the show logging correlator rule, on page 54 command to verify correlation rule settings.

Task ID	Task ID	Operations
	logging	read, write

Examples This example shows how to enter stateful correlation rule configuration mode to specify a collection duration period time for correlator messages sent to the logging events buffer:

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# logging correlator rule state_rule type stateful RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-corr-rule-st)# timeout 50000

```
Related Commands
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Command	Description
logging correlator apply rule, on page 17	Applies and activates correlation rules.

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Command	Description
nonrootcause, on page 41	Enters non-root-cause configuration mode and specifies a non-root-cause alarm.
reissue-nonbistate, on page 43	Reissues non-bistate alarm messages (events) from the correlator log after its root-cause alarm clears.
reparent, on page 45	Reparents non-root-cause messages to the next highest active root-cause in a hierarchical correlation when their immediate parent clears.
rootcause, on page 47	Specifies a root-cause message alarm.
show logging correlator buffer, on page 49	Displays messages in the logging correlator buffer.
show logging correlator rule, on page 54	Displays one or more predefined logging correlator rules.
timeout, on page 76	Specifies the collection period duration time for the logging correlator rule message.
timeout-rootcause, on page 78	Specifies an optional parameter for an applied correlation rule.

logging correlator ruleset

To enter correlation rule set configuration mode and define a correlation rule set, use the **logging correlator ruleset** command in XR Config mode. To delete the correlation rule set, use the **no** form of this command.

logging correlator ruleset correlation-ruleset rulename correlation-rulename

no logging correlator ruleset correlation-ruleset

Syntax Description	correlation-ruleset	Name of the correlation rule set to be applied.	
	rulename	Specifies the correlation rule name.	
	correlation-rulename	Name of the correlation rule name to be applied.	
Command Default	No rule sets are defined.		
Command Modes	XR Config		
Command History	Release	Modification	
	Release 5.0.0	This command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines	, 5	be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task t is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator	
	The logging correlator ruleset command defines a specific correlation rule set. A rule set name must be unique and is limited to a maximum length of 32 characters.		
	To apply a logging correlator rul	le set, use the logging correlator apply ruleset, on page 20 command.	
Examples	This example shows how to spec	cify a logging correlator rule set:	
	RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config	<pre>i)# logging correlator ruleset ruleset_1 -corr-ruleset)# rulename state_rule -corr-ruleset)# rulename state_rule2</pre>	

Command	Description
logging correlator apply ruleset, on page 20	Applies and activates a correlation rule set and enters correlation apply rule set configuration mode.
show logging correlator buffer, on page 49	Displays messages in the logging correlator buffer.
show logging correlator ruleset, on page 57	Displays defined correlation rule set names.

logging events buffer-size

To configure the size of the logging events buffer, use the **logging events buffer-size** command in XR Config mode. To restore the buffer size to the default value, use the **no** form of this command.

logging events buffer-size bytes no logging events buffer-size bytes **Syntax Description** bytes The size, in bytes, of the logging events buffer. Range is 1024 to 1024000 bytes. The default is 43200 bytes. **Command Default** bytes: 43200 **Command Modes** XR Config **Command History** Release Modification Release 5.0.0 This command was introduced. **Usage Guidelines** To use this command, you must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task IDs. If the user group assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator for assistance.

Note

The logging events buffer automatically adjusts to a multiple of the record size that is lower than or equal to the value configured for the *bytes* argument.

Use the show logging events info, on page 65 command to confirm the size of the logging events buffer.

Task ID	Task ID	Operations
	logging	read, write

Examples

This example shows how to increase the logging events buffer size to 50000 bytes:

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config) # logging events buffer-size 50000

Command	Description
logging events level, on page 33	Specifies a severity level for logging alarm messages.
logging events threshold, on page 35	Specifies the event logging buffer capacity threshold that, when surpassed, will generate an alarm.
show logging correlator info, on page 52	Displays information about the size of the logging correlator buffer and available capacity.
show logging events buffer, on page 60	Displays messages in the logging events buffer.
show logging events info, on page 65	Displays configuration and operational messages about the logging events buffer.

logging events display-location

	To enable the alarm source location display field for bistate alarms in the output of the show logging and show logging events buffer command, use the logging events display-location command in XR Config mode.	
	logging events display- no logging events displ	
Syntax Description	This command has no keywords or arguments.	
Command Default	The alarm source location display field in show logging output is not enabled.	
Command Modes	XR Config	
Command History	Release	Modification
	Release 5.0.0	This command was introduced.
IDs. If the user group assignment is preventing you from for assistance.The output of the show logging command for bistate all field in the output displayed the location of the process display-location command to configure the output of t source field that displays the actual source of the alarm		ou must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task asignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator logging command for bistate alarms has been enhanced. Previously, the alarm source ayed the location of the process that logged the alarm. Use the logging events and to configure the output of the show logging command to include an additional as the actual source of the alarm. The alarm source is displayed in a format that is burce identification in other platforms and equipment. The new alarm source display ification and isolation of the source of a fault.
By default, the output of the show logging command does not include the new alarm source identification field. If you enable the alarm source location display field in the show logging output, the same namine conventions are also used to display hardware locations in the show diag and show inventory command output.		alarm source location display field in the show logging output, the same naming
Note	Customer OSS tools may rely on the default output to parse and interpret the alarm output.	
Task ID	Task ID	Operations
	logging	read, write

Examples

This example shows the **show logging** command output for bistate alarms before and after enabling the alarm source location display field:

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# show logging | inc Interface

Wed Aug 13 01:30:58.461 UTC

LC/0/2/CPU0:Aug 12 01:20:54.073 : ifmgr[159]: %PKT_INFRA-LINK-5-CHANGED : Interface GigabitEthernet0/2/0/0, changed state to Administratively Down LC/0/2/CPU0:Aug 12 01:20:59.450 : ifmgr[159]: %PKT_INFRA-LINK-3-UPDOWN : Interface GigabitEthernet0/2/0/0, changed state to Down LC/0/2/CPU0:Aug 12 01:20:59.451 : ifmgr[159]: %PKT_INFRA-LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN : Line protocol on Interface GigabitEthernet0/2/0/0, changed state to Down RP/0/5/CPU0:Aug 12 01:22:11.496 : ifmgr[202]: %PKT_INFRA-LINK-5-CHANGED : Interface MgmtEth0/5/CPU0/0, changed state to Administratively Down RP/0/5/CPU0:Aug 12 01:23:23.842 : ifmgr[202]: %PKT_INFRA-LINK-3-UPDOWN : Interface MgmtEth0/5/CPU0/0, changed state to Down RP/0/5/CPU0:Aug 12 01:23:23.843 : ifmgr[202]: %PKT_INFRA-LINK-3-UPDOWN : Line protocol on Interface MgmtEth0/5/CPU0/0, changed state to Down RP/0/5/CPU0:Aug 12 01:23:23.843 : ifmgr[202]: %PKT_INFRA-LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN : Line protocol on Interface MgmtEth0/5/CPU0/0, changed state to Down RP/0/5/CPU0:Aug 12 01:23:23.850 : ifmgr[202]: %PKT_INFRA-LINK-3-UPDOWN : Line protocol on Interface MgmtEth0/5/CPU0/0, changed state to Down RP/0/5/CPU0:Aug 12 01:23:23.850 : ifmgr[202]: %PKT_INFRA-LINK-3-UPDOWN : Interface MgmtEth0/5/CPU0/0, changed state to Up RP/0/5/CPU0:Aug 12 01:23:23.856 : ifmgr[202]: %PKT_INFRA-LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN : Line protocol on Interface MgmtEth0/5/CPU0/0, changed state to Up

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# config Wed Aug 13 01:31:32.517 UTC

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config) # logging events display-location

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config) # commit

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# exit

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# show logging | inc Interface

Wed Aug 13 01:31:48.141 UTC LC/0/2/CPU0:Aug 12 01:20:54.073 : ifmgr[159]: %PKT INFRA-LINK-5-CHANGED : Interface GigabitEthernet0/2/0/0, changed state to Administratively Down LC/0/2/CPU0:Aug 12 01:20:59.450 : ifmgr[159]: %PKT INFRA-LINK-3-UPDOWN : interface GigabitEthernet0/2/0/0: Interface GigabitEthernet072/0/0, changed state to Down LC/0/2/CPU0:Aug 12 01:20:59.451 : ifmgr[159]: %PKT_INFRA-LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN : interface GigabitEthernet0/2/0/0: Line protocol on Interface GigabitEthernet0/2/0/0, changed state to Down RP/0/5/CPU0:Aug 12 01:22:11.496 : ifmgr[202]: %PKT INFRA-LINK-5-CHANGED : Interface MgmtEth0/5/CPU0/0, changed state to Administratively Down RP/0/5/CPU0:Aug 12 01:23:23.842 : ifmgr[202]: %PKT_INFRA-LINK-3-UPDOWN : interface MgmtEth0/5/CPU0/0: Interface MgmtEth0/5/CPU0/0, changed state to Down RP/0/5/CPU0:Aug 12 01:23:23.843 : ifmgr[202]: %PKT INFRA-LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN : interface MgmtEth0/5/CPU0/0: Line protocol on Interface MgmtEth0/5/CPU0/0, changed state to Down RP/0/5/CPU0:Aug 12 01:23:23.850 : ifmgr[202]: %PKT_INFRA-LINK-3-UPDOWN : interface MgmtEth0/5/CPU0/0: Interface MgmtEth0/5/CPU0/0, changed state to Up RP/0/5/CPU0:Aug 12 01:23:23.856 : ifmgr[202]: %PKT_INFRA-LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN : interface MgmtEth0/5/CPU0/0: Line protocol on Interface MgmtEth0/5/CPU0/0, changed state to Up

Command	Description
show logging events buffer, on page 60	Displays messages in the logging events buffer.

logging events level

To specify a severity level for logging alarm messages, use the **logging events level** command in XR Config mode. To return to the default value, use the **no** form of this command.

Severity level of events to be logged in the logging events buffer, including events of a

higher severity level (numerically lower). Table 1: Alarm Severity Levels for Event Logging, on page 33 lists severity levels and their respective system conditions.

logging events level severity

no logging events level

Command Default All severity levels (from 0 to 6) are logged.

severitv

Command Modes XR Config

History	Release	Modification
	Release 5.0.0	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines

Command

Syntax Description

To use this command, you must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task IDs. If the user group assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator for assistance.

This command specifies the event severity necessary for alarm messages to be logged. Severity levels can be specified by the severity level description (for example, **warnings**). When a severity level is specified, events of equal or lower severity level are also written to the logging events buffer.

Note

Events of lower severity level represent events of higher importance.

This table lists the system severity levels and their corresponding numeric values, and describes the corresponding system condition.

Table 1: Alarm Severity Levels for Event Logging

Severity Level Keyword	Numeric Value	Logged System Messages
emergencies	0	System is unusable.

Severity Level Keyword	Numeric Value	Logged System Messages
alerts	1	Critical system condition exists requiring immediate action.
critical	2	Critical system condition exists.
errors	3	Noncritical errors.
warnings	4	Warning conditions.
notifications	5	Notifications of changes to system configuration.
informational	6	Information about changes to system state.

Task ID

Task ID	Operations
logging	read, write

Examples

Related Commands

This example shows how to set the severity level for notification to warnings (level 4):

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config) # logging events level warnings

Command	Description
logging events buffer-size, on page 29	Specifies the logging events buffer size.
logging events threshold, on page 35	Specifies the logging events buffer capacity threshold that, when surpassed, will generate an alarm.

logging events threshold

To specify the logging events buffer threshold that, when surpassed, generates an alarm, use the **logging** events threshold command in XR Config mode. To return to the default value, use the **no** form of this command.

logging events threshold percent

no logging events threshold

Syntax Description	noncont	Minimum percentage of buffer capacity that must be allocated to messages before an	
,	percent	alarm is generated. Range is 10 to 100. The default is 80 percent.	
Command Default	percent: 80 perce	nt	
Command Modes	XR Config		
Command History	Release	Modification	
	Release 5.0.0	This command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines		hand, you must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task roup assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator	
	This command can be configured to generate an alarm when 10 percent or more of the event buffer capacity is available.		
	The logging events buffer is circular; that is, when full it overwrites the oldest messages in the buffer. Once the logging events buffer reaches full capacity, the next threshold alarm is generated when the number of overwritten events surpasses the percentage of buffer capacity allocated to messages.		
	Use the show logging events info, on page 65 command to display the current threshold setting.		
Task ID	Task ID	Operations	
	logging	read, write	

Examples This example shows how to configure the threshold setting to 95 percent of buffer capacity:

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config) # logging events threshold 95

Command	Description
logging events buffer-size, on page 29	Specifies the logging correlator buffer size.
logging events level, on page 33	Specifies a severity level for logging alarm messages.
show logging events info, on page 65	Displays configuration and operational messages about the logging events buffer.
logging suppress apply rule

To apply and activate a logging suppression rule, use the **logging suppress apply rule** command in XR Config mode. To deactivate a logging suppression rule, use the **no** form of this command.

logging suppress apply rule *rule-name* [all-of-router| source location *node-id*]

no logging suppress apply rule *rule-name* [**all-of-router**| **source location** *node-id*]

Syntax Description	rule-name	Name of the logging suppression rule to activate.
	all-of-router	(Optional) Applies the specified logging suppression rule to alarms originating from all locations on the router.
	source location node-id	(Optional) Applies the specified logging suppression rule to alarms originating from the specified node. The <i>node-id</i> argument is entered in the <i>rack/slot/module</i> notation.
Command Default	No logging suppression rule	s are applied.
Command Modes	XR Config	
Command History	Release	Modification
	Release 5.0.0	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines		nust be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task ment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator
Task ID	Task ID	Operations
	logging	read, write
Examples	This example shows how to	apply a predefined logging suppression rule to the entire router:
		nfig)# logging suppress apply rule infobistate nfig-suppr-apply-rule)# all-of-router

Command	Description
all-of-router, on page 6	Applies a logging suppression rule to suppress alarms originating from all sources on the router.
source, on page 74	Applies a logging suppression rule to alarms originating from a specific node on the router.

logging suppress rule

To create a logging suppression rule and enter the configuration mode for the rule, use the **logging suppress rule** command in the XR Config mode. To remove a logging suppression rule, use the **no** form of this command.

logging suppress rule rule-name [alarm msg-category group-name msg-code] all-alarms]

no logging suppress rule *rule-name*

Internation Plane of the full. alarm (Optional) Specifies a type of alarm to be suppressed by the logging suppression rule. msg-category Message category of the root message. group-name Group name of the root message. msg-code Message code of the root message. all-alarms (Optional) Specifies that the logging suppression rule suppresses all types of alarms. Command Default No logging suppression rules exist by default. Command Modes XR Config Command History Release Medification Release 5.0.0 To use this command, you must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task IDs. If the user group assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator for assistance. If you use the logging suppress rule command without specifying a non-root-cause alarm, you can do so afterwards, by entering the alarm keyword at the prompt.			
suppression rule. suppression rule. msg-category Message category of the root message. group-name Group name of the root message. msg-code Message code of the root message. all-alarms (Optional) Specifies that the logging suppression rule suppresses all types of alarms. Command Default No logging suppression rules exist by default. Command Modes XR Config Command History Release Release 5.0.0 This command was introduced. Usage Guidelines To use this command, you must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task DS. If the user group assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator for assistance. If you use the logging suppress rule command without specifying a non-root-cause alarm, you can do so afterwards, by entering the alarm keyword at the prompt. Task ID Task ID Operations	Syntax Description	rule-name	Name of the rule.
group-name Group name of the root message. msg-code Message code of the root message. all-alarms (Optional) Specifies that the logging suppression rule suppresses all types of alarms. Command Default No logging suppression rules exist by default. Command Modes XR Config Command History Release Release 50.0 This command was introduced. Usage Guidelines To use this command, you must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task IDs. If the user group assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator for assistance. If you use the logging suppress rule command without specifying a non-root-cause alarm, you can do so afterwards, by entering the alarm keyword at the prompt. Task ID Task ID		alarm	
msg-code Message code of the root message. all-alarms (Optional) Specifies that the logging suppression rule suppresses all types of alarms. Command Default No logging suppression rules exist by default. Command Modes XR Config Command History Release Release 5.0.0 This command was introduced. Usage Guidelines To use this command, you must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task IDs. If the user group assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator for assistance. If you use the logging suppress rule command without specifying a non-root-cause alarm, you can do so afterwards, by entering the alarm keyword at the prompt. Task ID Task ID		msg-category	Message category of the root message.
all-alarms (Optional) Specifies that the logging suppression rule suppresses all types of alarms. Command Default No logging suppression rules exist by default. Command Modes XR Config Command History Release Release Modification Release 5.0.0 This command was introduced. Usage Guidelines To use this command, you must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task IDs. If the user group assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator for assistance. If you use the logging suppress rule command without specifying a non-root-cause alarm, you can do so afterwards, by entering the alarm keyword at the prompt. Task ID Task ID		group-name	Group name of the root message.
Command Default No logging suppression rules exist by default. Command Modes XR Config Command History Release Release 5.0.0 This command was introduced. Usage Guidelines To use this command, you must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task IDs. If the user group assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator for assistance. If you use the logging suppress rule command without specifying a non-root-cause alarm, you can do so afterwards, by entering the alarm keyword at the prompt. Task ID Task ID		msg-code	Message code of the root message.
Command Modes XR Config Command History Release Modification Release 5.0.0 This command was introduced. Usage Guidelines To use this command, you must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task IDs. If the user group assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator for assistance. If you use the logging suppress rule command without specifying a non-root-cause alarm, you can do so afterwards, by entering the alarm keyword at the prompt. Task ID Task ID Operations		all-alarms	
Command History Release Modification Release 5.0.0 This command was introduced. Usage Guidelines To use this command, you must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task IDs. If the user group assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator for assistance. If you use the logging suppress rule command without specifying a non-root-cause alarm, you can do so afterwards, by entering the alarm keyword at the prompt. Task ID Task ID	Command Default	No logging suppression	rules exist by default.
Inclusion Inclusion Release 5.0.0 This command was introduced. Usage Guidelines To use this command, you must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task IDs. If the user group assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator for assistance. If you use the logging suppress rule command without specifying a non-root-cause alarm, you can do so afterwards, by entering the alarm keyword at the prompt. Task ID Operations	Command Modes	XR Config	
Usage GuidelinesTo use this command, you must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task IDs. If the user group assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator for assistance. If you use the logging suppress rule command without specifying a non-root-cause alarm, you can do so afterwards, by entering the alarm keyword at the prompt.Task IDTask ID	Command History	Release	Modification
IDs. If the user group assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator for assistance.If you use the logging suppress rule command without specifying a non-root-cause alarm, you can do so afterwards, by entering the alarm keyword at the prompt.Task IDOperations		Release 5.0.0	This command was introduced.
Task ID Operations	Usage Guidelines	IDs. If the user group ass	
	Task ID	Task ID	Operations
		logging	-

Examples

This example shows how to create a logging suppression rule called infobistate:

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config) # logging suppress rule infobistate
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-suppr-rule)#

Command	Description
alarm, on page 3	Specifies a type of alarm to be suppressed by a logging suppression rule.
all-alarms, on page 5	Configures a logging suppression rule to suppress all types of alarms.

nonrootcause

To enter the non-root-cause configuration mode and specify a non-root-cause alarm, use the **nonrootcause** command in stateful or nonstateful correlation rule configuration modes.

nonrootcause alarm msg-category group-name msg-code

no nonrootcause

Syntax Description	alarm	Non-root-cause alarm.
	msg-category	(Optional) Message category assigned to the message. Unlimited messages (identified by message category, group, and code) can be specified, separated by a space.
	group-name	(Optional) Message group assigned to the message. Unlimited messages (identified by message category, group, and code) can be specified, separated by a space.
	msg-code	(Optional) Message code assigned to the message. Unlimited messages (identified by message category, group, and code) can be specified, separated by a space.
Command Default	Non-root-cause con	figuration mode and alarm are not specified.
Command Modes	Stateful correlation	rule configuration
	Nonstateful correlat	tion rule configuration
Command History	Release	Modification
	Release 5.0.0	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	IDs. If the user grou for assistance. This command is use	Id, you must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task up assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator ed to enter the non-root-cause configuration mode to configure one or more non-root-cause
		with a particular correlation rule.
		ng events info, on page 65 command to display the current threshold setting.

If you use the **nonrootcause** command without specifying a non-root-cause alarm, you can do so afterwards, by entering the **alarm** keyword at the prompt.

Task ID	Task ID	Operations	
	logging	read, write	
Examples	This example available und	shows how to enter non-root-cause configuration er this mode:	n mode and display the commands that are
	RP/0/RP0/CE	J0:router(config)# logging correlator rul o J0:router(config-corr-rule-st)# nonrootca J0:router(config-corr-rule-st-nonrc)# ?	
	clear	Specify non-root cause alarm: Category/G Clear the uncommitted configuration Clear the configuration	-
	commit describe do	Describe a command without taking real as Run an exec command	
	exit	Exit from this submode	

no	Negate a command or set its defaults
pwd	Commands used to reach current submode
root	Exit to the XR Config mode
show	Show contents of configuration
This examp	ble shows how to specify a non-root-cause alarm for Layer 2 local SONET messages with an alarm
severity of	4. The non-root-cause alarm is associated with the correlation rule named state_rule.

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-corr-rule-st-nonrc)# alarm L2 SONET_LOCAL ALARM

Command	Description
logging events buffer-size, on page 29	Specifies the logging correlator buffer size.
logging events level, on page 33	Specifies a severity level for logging alarm messages.
logging events threshold, on page 35	Specifies the logging events buffer capacity threshold that, when surpassed, will generate an alarm.
show logging events info, on page 65	Displays configuration and operational messages about the logging events buffer.

reissue-nonbistate

To reissue non-bistate alarm messages (events) from the correlator log after the root-cause alarm of a stateful rule clears, use the **reissue-nonbistate** command in stateful or nonstateful correlation rule configuration modes. To disable the reissue-nonbistate flag, use the **no** form of this command.

reissue-nonbistate

no reissue-nonbistate

Syntax Description This command has no keywords or arguments.

Command Default Non-bistate alarm messages are not reissued after their root-cause alarm clears.

Command Modes Stateful correlation rule configuration Nonstateful correlation rule configuration

Command History	Release	Modification
	Release 5.0.0	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines To use this command, you must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task IDs. If the user group assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator for assistance.

By default, when the root-cause alarm of a stateful correlation is cleared, any non-root-cause, bistate messages being held for that correlation are silently deleted and are not sent to syslog. If the non-bistate messages should be sent, use the **reissue-nonbistate** command for the rules where this behavior is required.

Task ID	Task ID	Operations
	logging	read, write

Examples

This example shows how to reissue nonbistate alarm messages:

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config) # logging correlator rule state_rule type stateful RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-corr-rule-st) # reissue-nonbistate

Command	Description
show logging correlator buffer, on page 49	Displays messages in the logging correlator buffer.
show logging events buffer, on page 60	Displays messages in the logging events buffer.

reparent

To reparent non-root-cause messages to the next highest active rootcause in a hierarchical correlation when their immediate parent clears, use the **reparent** command in stateful correlation rule configuration mode. To disable the reparent flag, use the **no** form of this command.

 reparent no reparent
 reparent

 Syntax Description
 This command has no keywords or arguments.

 Command Default
 A non-root-cause alarm is sent to syslog after a root-cause parent clears.

 Command Modes
 Stateful correlation rule configuration

 Command History
 Release 5.0.0

Usage Guidelines To use this command, you must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task IDs. If the user group assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator for assistance.

Use the **reparent** command to specify what happens to non-root-cause alarms in a hierarchical correlation after their root-cause alarm clears. The following scenario illustrates why you may want to set the reparent flag.

Rule 1 with rootcause A and non-rootcause B

Rule 2 with rootcause B and non-rootcause C

(Alarm B is a non-rootcause for Rule 1 and a rootcause for Rule 2. For the purpose of this example, all the messages are bistate alarms.)

If both Rule 1 and Rule 2 each trigger a successful correlation, then a hierarchy is constructed that links these two correlations. When alarm B clears, alarm C would normally be sent to syslog, but the operator may choose to continue suppression of alarm C (hold it in the correlation buffer); because the rootcause that is higher in the hierarchy (alarm A) is still active.

The reparent flag allows you to specify non-root-cause behavior—if the flag is set, then alarm C becomes a child of rootcause alarm A; otherwise, alarm C is sent to syslog.



Stateful behavior, such as reparenting, is supported only for bistate alarms. Bistate alarms are associated with system hardware, such as a change of interface state from active to inactive.

Task ID	Task ID	Operations
	logging	read, write
Examples	This example shows how to set the reparent flag	
	RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-corr-rule-st)	
Related Commands		
Related Commands	RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-corr-rule-st)	# reparent
Related Commands	RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-corr-rule-st)	# reparent Description

rootcause

To specify the root-cause alarm message, use the **rootcause** command in stateful or nonstateful correlation rule configuration modes.

rootcause msg-category group-name msg-code

no rootcause

ntax Description	msg-category	Message category of the root message.
	group-name	Group name of the root message.
	msg-code	Message code of the root message.

Command Default Root-cause alarm is not specified.

Command ModesStateful correlation rule configurationNonstateful correlation rule configuration

Command History	Release	Modification
	Release 5.0.0	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines To use this command, you must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task IDs. If the user group assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator for assistance.

This command is used to configure the root-cause message for a particular correlation rule. Messages are identified by their message category, group, and code. The category, group, and code each can contain up to 32 characters. The root-cause message for a stateful correlation rule should be a bi-state alarm.

Use the show logging events info, on page 65 command to display the root-cause and non-root-cause alarms for a correlation rule.

Task ID	Task ID	Operations
	logging	read, write

Examples

This example shows how to configure a root-cause alarm for a stateful correlation rule:

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# logging correlator rule state_rule type stateful RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-corr-rule-st)# rootcause L2 SONET_LOCAL ALARM

Command	Description
logging events buffer-size, on page 29	Specifies the logging correlator buffer size.
logging events level, on page 33	Specifies a severity level for logging alarm messages.
logging events threshold, on page 35	Specifies the logging events buffer capacity threshold that, when surpassed, will generate an alarm.
timeout-rootcause, on page 78	Specifies an optional parameter for an applied correlation rule.
show logging events info, on page 65	Displays configuration and operational messages about the logging events buffer.

show logging correlator buffer

To display messages in the logging correlator buffer, use the **show logging correlator buffer** command in XR EXEC mode.

show logging correlator buffer {**all-in-buffer** [**ruletype** [**nonstateful**] **stateful**]] [**rulesource** [**internal**] **user**]]| **rule-name** *correlation-rule1* ... *correlation-rule14*| **correlationID** *correlation-id1* ... *correlation-id14*}

Syntax Description	all-in-buffer	Displays all messages in the correlation buffer.
		Displays an messages in the correlation burlet.
	ruletype	(Optional) Displays the ruletype filter.
	nonstateful	(Optional) Displays the nonstateful rules.
	stateful	(Optional) Displays the stateful rules.
	rulesource	(Optional) Displays the rulesource filter.
	internal	(Optional) Displays the internally defined rules from the rulesource filter.
	user	(Optional) Displays the user-defined rules from the rulesource filter.
	rule-name correlation-rule1correlation-rule14	Displays a messages associated with a correlation rule name. Up to 14 correlation rules can be specified, separated by a space.
	correlationID <i>correlation-id1correlation-id14</i>	Displays a message identified by correlation ID. Up to 14 correlation IDs can be specified, separated by a space. Range is 0 to 4294967294.
Command Default	None	
Command Modes	XR EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	Release 5.0.0	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines		a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task reventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator

This command displays messages from the logging correlator buffer that match the correlation ID or correlation rule name specified. When the **all-in-buffer** keyword is entered, all messages in the logging correlator buffer are displayed.

If the ruletype is not specified, then both stateful and nonstateful rules are displayed.

if the rulesource is not specified, then both user and internal rules are displayed.

Task ID	Task ID	Operations
	logging	read

Examples

This is the sample output from the **show logging correlator buffer** command:

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# show logging correlator buffer all-in-buffer

```
#C_id.id:Rule Name:Source :Context: Time : Text
#14.1 :Rule1:RP/0/5/CPU0: :Aug 22 13:39:13.693 2007:ifmgr[196]: %PKT_INFRA-LINK-3-UPDOWN :
Interface MgmtEth0/5/CPU0/0, changed state to Down
#14.2 :Rule1:RP/0/5/CPU0: :Aug 22 13:39:13.693 2007:ifmgr[196]: %PKT_INFRA-LINEPROTO-3-UPDOWN
: Line protocol on Interface MgmtEth0/5/CPU0/0, changed state to Down
This table describes the significant fields shown in the display.
```

Table 2: show logging correlator buffer Field Descriptions

Field	Description
C_id.	Correlation ID assigned to a event that matches a logging correlation rule.
id	An ID number assigned to each event matching a particular correlation rule. This event number serves as index to identify each individual event that has been matched for a logging correlation rule.
Rule Name	Name of the logging correlation rule that filters messages defined in a logging correlation rule to the logging correlator buffer.
Source	Node from which the event is generated.
Time	Date and time at which the event occurred.
Text	Message string that delineates the event.

Command	Description
show logging correlator info, on page 52	Displays the logging correlator buffer size and the percentage of the buffer occupied by correlated messages.
show logging correlator rule, on page 54	Displays one or more predefined logging correlator rules.

show logging correlator info

To display the logging correlator buffer size and the percentage of the buffer occupied by correlated messages, use the **show correlator info** command in XR EXEC mode.

show logging correlator info

Syntax Description This command has no keywords or arguments.

Command Default None

Command Modes XR EXEC

 Command History
 Release
 Modification

 Release 5.0.0
 This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines To use this command, you must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task IDs. If the user group assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator for assistance.

This command displays the size of the logging correlator buffer and the percentage of the buffer allocated to correlated messages.

Use the logging correlator buffer-size, on page 22 command to set the size of the buffer.

Task ID	Task ID	Operations
	logging	read

Examples In this example, the **show logging correlator info** command is used to display remaining buffer size and percentage allocated to correlated messages:

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# show logging correlator info

Buffer-Size Percentage-Occupied 81920 0.00

Related	Commands
---------	----------

nmands	Command	Description
	logging correlator buffer-size, on page 22	Specifies the logging correlator buffer size.

Command	Description
show logging correlator buffer, on page 49	Displays messages in the logging correlator buffer.
show logging correlator rule, on page 54	Displays one or more predefined logging correlator rules.

show logging correlator rule

To display defined correlation rules, use the **show logging correlator rule** command in XR EXEC mode.

show logging correlator rule {all| correlation-rule1...correlation-rule14} [context context1...context 6] [location node-id1...node-id6] [rulesource {internal|user}] [ruletype {nonstateful| stateful}] [summary| detail]

Syntax Description	all	Displays all rule sets.
	correlation-rule1correlation-rule14	Rule set name to be displayed. Up to 14 predefined correlation rules can be specified, separated by a space.
	context context1context 6	(Optional) Displays a list of context rules.
	location node-id1node-id6	(Optional) Displays the location of the list of rules filter from the designated node. The <i>node-id</i> argument is entered in the <i>rack/slot/module</i> notation.
	rulesource	(Optional) Displays the rulesource filter.
	internal	(Optional) Displays the internally defined rules from the rulesource filter.
	user	(Optional) Displays the user defined rules from the rulesource filter.
	ruletype	(Optional) Displays the ruletype filter.
	nonstateful	(Optional) Displays the nonstateful rules.
	stateful	(Optional) Displays the stateful rules.
	summary	(Optional) Displays the summary information.
	detail	(Optional) Displays detailed information.
Command Default	None	
Command Modes	XR EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	Release 5.0.0	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines To use this command, you must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task IDs. If the user group assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator for assistance.

If the ruletype is not specified, then both stateful and nonstateful rules are displayed as the default.

If the rulesource is not specified, then both user and internally defined rules are displayed as the default.

If the summary or detail keywords are not specified, then detailed information is displayed as the default.

Task ID	Task ID	Operations
	logging	read

Examples

This is sample output from the show logging correlator rule command:

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# show logging correlator rule test

```
Rule Name : test
Type : Non Stateful
Source : User
Timeout : 30000 Rule State: RULE_APPLIED_ALL
Rootcause Timeout : None
Context Correlation : disabled
Reissue Non Bistate : N/A
Reparent : N/A
Alarms :
Code Type: Category Group Message
Root: MGBL CONFIG DB COMMIT
Leaf: L2 SONET ALARM
Apply Locations: None
Apply Contexts: None
Number of buffered alarms : 0
This table describes the significant fields shown in the display.
```

Table 3: show logging correlator rule Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Rule Name	Name of defined correlation rule.
Time out	Configured timeout for the correlation rule.
Rule State	Indicates whether or not the rule has been applied. If the rule applies to the entire router, this field will display "RULE_APPLIED_ALL."
Code Type	Message category, group, and code.
Root	Message category, group and code of the root message configured in the logging correlation rule.

Field	Description
Leaf	Message category, group and code of a non-root-cause message configured in the logging correlation rule.
Apply Locations	Node or nodes where the rule is applied. If the logging correlation rule applies to the entire router, this field will display "None."
Apply Contexts	Context or contexts to which the rule is applied. If the logging correlation rule is not configured to apply to a context, this field will display "None."

Command	Description
logging correlator apply rule, on page 17	Applies and activates correlation rules.
logging correlator rule, on page 24	Defines the rules for correlating messages.
show logging correlator buffer, on page 49	Displays messages in the logging correlator buffer.
show logging correlator info, on page 52	Displays the logging correlator buffer size and the percentage of the buffer occupied by correlated messages

show logging correlator ruleset

To display defined correlation rule set names, use the **show logging correlator ruleset** command in XR EXEC mode.

show logging correlator ruleset {all| correlation-ruleset1 ... correlation-ruleset14} [detail| summary]

Syntax Description	all	Displays all rule set names.	
	correlation-rule1correlation-rule14	Rule set name to be displayed. Up to 14 predefined rule set names can be specified, separated by a space.	
	detail	(Optional) Displays detailed information.	
	summary	(Optional) Displays the summary information.	
Command Default	Detail is the default, if nothing is spec	cified.	
Command Modes	XR EXEC		
Command History	Release	Modification	
	Release 5.0.0	This command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines		a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task reventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator	
	If the ruletype is not specified, then both stateful and nonstateful rules are displayed as the default.		
	If the rulesource is not specified, then both user and internally defined rules are displayed as the default.		
	If the summary or detail options are not specified, then detailed information is displayed as the default.		
Task ID	Task ID	Operations	
	logging	read	

Examples This is the sample output from the **show logging correlator ruleset** command:

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# show logging correlator RuleSetOne RuleSetTwo

Rule Set Name : RuleSetOne Rules: Rule1 : Applied Rule2 : Applied Rule3 : Applied Rule Set Name : RuleSetTwo Rules: Rule1 : Applied Rule5 : Not Applied This is the sample output from the show logging correlator ruleset command when the all option is specified:

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# show logging correlator ruleset all

```
Rule Set Name : RuleSetOne
Rules: Rule1 : Applied
Rule2 : Applied
Rule3 : Applied
Rule Set Name : RuleSetTwo
Rules: Rule1 : Applied
Rule5 : Not Applied
Rule Set Name : RuleSetThree
Rules: Rule2 : Applied
Rule3 : Applied
This is sample output from the show log
```

This is sample output from the **show logging correlator ruleset** command when the **all** and **summary** options are specified:

```
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# show logging correlator ruleset all summary
RuleSetOne
RuleSetTwo
RuleSetThree
This table describes the significant fields shown in the display.
```

Table 4: show logging correlator ruleset Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Rule Set Name	Name of the ruleset.
Rules	All rules contained in the ruleset are listed.
Applied	The rule is applied.
Not Applied	The rule is not applied.

Command	Description
logging correlator apply rule, on page 17	Applies and activates correlation rules.
logging correlator rule, on page 24	Defines the rules for correlating messages.
show logging correlator buffer, on page 49	Displays messages in the logging correlator buffer.

Command	Description
show logging correlator info, on page 52	Displays the logging correlator buffer size and the percentage of the buffer occupied by correlated messages.
show logging correlator rule, on page 54	Displays defined correlation rules.

show logging events buffer

To display messages in the logging events buffer, use the **show logging events buffer** command in XR EXEC mode.

show logging events buffer [admin-level-only] [all-in-buffer] [bistate-alarms-set] [category name] [context name] [event-hi-limit event-id] [event-lo-limit event-id] [first event-count] [group message-group] [last event-count] [location node-id] [message message-code] [severity-hi-limit severity] [severity-lo-limit severity] [timestamp-hi-limit hh:mm:ss [month] [day] [year] timestamp-lo-limit hh:mm:ss [month] [day] [year]]

Syntax Description	admin-level-only	Displays only the events that are at the adminstrative level.
	all-in-buffer	Displays all event IDs in the events buffer.
	bistate-alarms-set	Displays bi-state alarms in the SET state.
	category name	Displays events from a specified category.
	context name	Displays events from a specified context.
	event-hi-limit event-id	Displays events with an event ID equal to or lower than the event ID specified with the <i>event-id</i> argument. Range is 0 to 4294967294.
	event-lo-limit event-id	Displays events with an event ID equal to or higher than the event ID specified with <i>event-id</i> argument. Range is 0 to 4294967294.
	first event-count	Displays events in the logging events buffer, beginning with the first event. For the <i>event-count</i> argument, enter the number of events to be displayed.
	group message-group	Displays events from a specified message group.
	last event-count	Displays events, beginning with the last event in the logging events buffer. For the <i>event-count</i> argument, enter the number of events to be displayed.
	location node-id	Displays events for the specified location. The <i>node-id</i> argument is entered in the <i>rack/slot/module</i> notation.
	message message-code	Displays events with the specified message code.
	severity-hi-limit	Displays events with a severity level equal to or lower than the specified severity level.

severity	Severity level. Valid values are:		
	• emergencies • alerts • critical		
	• errors		
	• warnings		
	• notifications		
	• informational		
	Note Settings for the severity levels and their respective system conditions are listed under the "Usage Guidelines" section for the logging events level command. Events of lower severity level represent events of higher importance.		
severity-lo-limit	Displays events with a severity level equal to or higher than the specified severity level.		
timestamp-hi-limit	Displays events with a time stamp equal to or lower than the specified time stamp.		

	hh : mm : ss [month] [day] [year]	Time stamp for the timestamp-hi-limit or timestamp-lo-limit keyword. The <i>month</i> , <i>day</i> , and <i>year</i> arguments default to the current month, day, and year if not specified.
		Ranges for the <i>hh</i> : <i>mm</i> : <i>ss month day year</i> arguments are as follows:
		• <i>hh</i> :—Hours. Range is 00 to 23. You must insert a colon after the <i>hh</i> argument.
		• <i>mm</i> :—Minutes. Range is 00 to 59. You must insert a colon after the <i>mm</i> argument.
		• ss—Seconds. Range is 00 to 59.
		• <i>month</i> —(Optional) The month of the year. The values for the <i>month</i> argument are:
		° january
		° february
		° march
		° april
		° may
		° june
		°july
		° august
		° september
		° october
		° november
		° december
		• <i>day</i> —(Optional) Day of the month. Range is 01 to 31.
		• <i>year</i> —(Optional) Year. Enter the last two digits of the year (for example, 04 for 2004). Range is 01 to 37.
	timestamp-lo-limit	Displays events with a time stamp equal to or higher than the specified time stamp.
Command Default	None	
Command Modes	XR EXEC	

Command History	Release	Modification		
	Release 5.0.0	This command was introduced.		
Usage Guidelines	To use this command, you must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task IDs. If the user group assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator for assistance.			
	This command displays mess is matched when all of the co	ages from the logging events buffer matching the description. The description nditions are met.		
Task ID	Task ID	Operations		
	logging	read		
Examples	This is the sample output from the show logging events buffer all-in-buffer command: RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# show logging events buffer all-in-buffer			
	#ID :C_id:Source :Tir			
	<pre>#1 : :RP/0//CPU0:Jan 9 08:57:54 2004:nvram[66]: %MEDIA-NVRAM_PLATFORM-3-BAD_N VRAM_VAR : ROMMON variable-value pair: '^['[19~CONFIG_FILE = disk0:config/startup, contains illegal (non-printable)characters #2 : :RP/0//CPU0:Jan 9 08:58:21 2004:psarb[238]: %PLATFORM-PSARB-5-GO_BID : Card is going to bid state. #3 : :RP/0//CPU0:Jan 9 08:58:22 2004:psarb[238]: %PLATFORM-PSARB-5-GO_ACTIVE : Card is becoming active. #4 : :RP/0//CPU0:Jan 9 08:58:22 2004:psarb[238]: %PLATFORM-PSARB-6-RESET_ALL_LC_ CARDS : RP going active; resetting all linecards in chassis #5 : :RP/0//CPU0:Jan 9 08:58:22 2004:redcon[245]: %HA-REDCON-6-GO_ACTIVE : this card going active</pre>			
	#6 : :RP/0//CPU0:Jan 9 08:58:22 2004:redcon[245]: %HA-REDCON-6-FAILOVER_ENABLED : Failover has been enabled by config This table describes the significant fields shown in the display.			
	Table 5: show logging correlator buffer Field Descriptions			
	Field	Description		
	#ID	Integer assigned to each event in the logging events buffer.		
	C_id.	Correlation ID assigned to a event that has matched a logging correlation rule.		

Node from which the event is generated.

Date and time at which the event occurred.

Source

Time

Field	Description
%CATEGORY-GROUP-SEVERITY-MESSAGECODE	The category, group name, severity level, and message code associated with the event.
Text	Message string that delineates the event.

Command	Description
	Displays configuration and operational messages about the logging events buffer.

show	logging	events	info
••	333	••••	

To display configuration and operational information about the logging events buffer, use the show logging events info command in XR EXEC mode.

show logging events info

- **Syntax Description** This command has no keywords or arguments.
- **Command Default** None

Command Modes XR EXEC

Command History Release Modification Release 5.0.0 This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines To use this command, you must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task IDs. If the user group assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator for assistance.

> This command displays information about the size of the logging events buffer, the maximum size of the buffer, the number of records being stored, the maximum allowable number of records threshold for circular filing, and message filtering.

Task ID	Task ID	Operations
	logging	read

Examples This is the sample output from the **show logging events info** command:

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# show logging events info

Size (Cu	rrent/Max)	#Records	Thresh	Filte	r
16960	/42400	37	90	Not	Set
This table	e describes the s	significant fields sh	own in the dis	play.	

Table 6: show logging events info Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Size (Current/Max)	The current and maximum size of the logging events buffer. The maximum size of the buffer is controlled by the logging events buffer-size, on page 29 command.
#Records	The number of event records stored in the logging events buffer.
Thresh	The configured logging events threshold value. This field is controlled by the logging events threshold, on page 35 command.
Filter	The lowest severity level for events that will be displayed. This field is controlled by the logging events level, on page 33 command.

Command	Description
logging events buffer-size, on page 29	Specifies the logging correlator buffer size.
logging events level, on page 33	Specifies a severity level for logging alarm messages.
logging events threshold, on page 35	Specifies the logging events buffer capacity threshold that, when surpassed, will generate an alarm.
show logging events buffer, on page 60	Displays information about messages in the logging events buffer according to type, time, or severity level.

show logging suppress rule

To display defined logging suppression rules, use the **show logging suppression rule** command in XR EXEC mode.

show logging suppress rule [*rule-name1* [... [*rule-name14*]]| **all [detail] [summary]** [**source location** *node-id*]]

Syntax Description	rule-name1 [[rule-name14]]	Specifies up to 14 logging suppression rules to display.
	all	Displays all logging suppression rules.
	source location node-id	(Optional) Displays the location of the list of rules filter from the designated node. The <i>node-id</i> argument is entered in the <i>rack/slot/module</i> notation.
	detail	(Optional) Displays detailed information.
	summary	(Optional) Displays the summary information.
Command Default	None	
Command Modes	XR EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	Release 5.0.0	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines		e in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator
Task ID	Task ID	Operations
	logging	read

Examples This example displays information about a logging suppression rule that has been configured but has not been activated:

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# show logging suppression rule test_suppression

Rule Name : test_suppression Rule State: RULE_UNAPPLIED Severities : informational, critical				
Alarms :				
Category	Group	Message		
CAT C	GROUP C	CODE C		
CAT_D	GROUP_D	CODE_D		
Apply Alarm-Loca	tions: PLIM-0/2	2, PowerSupply-0/A/A0		

Apply Sources: 0/RP0/CPU0, 1/6/SP

Number of suppressed alarms : 0 This example displays information about all logging suppression rules applied to a specific source location on the router:

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# show logging suppress rule all source location 0/RP0/CPU0

Rule Name : test_sup Rule State: RULE_APP Severities : N/A Alarms :	-		
Category CAT E	Group GROUP F	Message CODE G	
Apply Alarm-Locatic Apply Sources:	ons: None 0/RP0/CPU0		
Number of suppressed alarms : 0 This example shows summary information about all logging suppression rules:			
1	, ,		
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router	# show logging s	suppression rule all summmary	
Rule Name		:Number of Suppressed Alarms	
Mike1		0	
Mike2		0	
Mike3		0	
Real1		4	

Related Commands

Command	Description
logging suppress apply rule, on page 37	Applies and activates a logging suppression rule.
logging suppress rule, on page 39	Creates a logging suppression rule.

show snmp correlator buffer

To display messages in SNMP correlator buffer, use the show snmp correlator buffer in XR EXEC mode.

show snmp correlator buffer [all| correlation *ID* | rule-name *name*]

Syntax Description	all	Displays all massages in the correlator huffer
		Displays all messages in the correlator buffer.
	correlation <i>id</i>	Displays a message identified by correlation ID. Range is 0 to 4294967294. Up to 14 correlation rules can be specified, separated by a space.
	rule-name name	Displays a messages associated with a SNMP correlation rule name. Up to 14 correlation rules can be specified, separated by a space.
Command Default	None	
Command Modes	XR EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	Release 5.0.0	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	To use this command	you must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task
Task ID	IDs. If the user group a for assistance.	assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator
Task ID	IDs. If the user group a	

```
cieIfStateChangeReason.17 = down
Nonroot : 1.3.6.1.2.1.14.16.2.2
Time: Dec 14 02:32:04
Varbind(s):
    ospfRouterId = 1.1.1.1
    ospfNbrIpAddr = 30.0.28.2
    ospfNbrAddressLessIndex = 0
    ospfNbrRtrId = 3.3.3.3
    ospfNbrState = down(1)
```

show snmp correlator info

To display the SNMP correlator buffer size and the percentage of the buffer occupied by correlated messages, use the **show snmp correlator info** command in XR EXEC mode.

show snmp correlator info

- **Syntax Description** This command has no keywords or arguments.
- Command Default None

Command Modes XR EXEC

Command History	Release	Modification
	Release 5.0.0	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines To use this command, you must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task IDs. If the user group assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator for assistance.

Task ID	Task ID	Operation
	snmp	read

Examples The sample shows an output that contains remaining buffer size and percentage allocated to correlated messages from the **show snmp correlator info** command:

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# show snmp correlator info

Buffer-Size Percentage-Occupied 85720 0.00

show snmp correlator rule

To display defined SNMP correlation rules, use the **show snmp correlator rule** command in XR EXEC mode.

show snmp correlator rule [all rule-name]

Syntax Description	all	Displays all rule sets.
	rule-name	Specifies the name of a rule. Up to 14 predefined SNMP correlation rules can be specified, separated by a space.
Command Default	None	
Command Modes	XR EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	Release 5.0.0	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines		l, you must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator
Task ID	Task ID	Operation
	snmp	read
Examples	This sample shows a	n output from the show snmp correlator rule command:
	RP/0/RP0/CPU0:rou Rule Name : rule :	ter# show snmp correlator rule rule_1
	Time out : 8 Root: 0	88 Rule State: RULE_APPLIED_ALL DID : 1.3.6.1.2.1.11.0.2 vbind : 1.3.6.1.2.1.2.2.1.2 value /3\.3\.\d{1,3}\.\d{1,3}/ vbind : 1.3.6.1.2.1.5.8.3 index val

show snmp correlator ruleset

To display defined SNMP correlation rule set names, use the **show snmp correlator ruleset** command in XR EXEC mode.

show snmp correlator ruleset [all ruleset-name]

Syntax Description	all	Displays all rule set names.
	ruleset-name	Specifies the name of a rule set. Up to 14 predefined rule set names can be specified, separated by a space.
Command Default	None	
Command Modes	XR EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	Release 5.0.0	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines		you must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator
Task ID	Task ID	Operation
	snmp	read
Examples	This sample shows an	output from the show snmp correlator ruleset command:
	RP/0/RP0/CPU0:rout Rule Set Name : Rules: chris1	er# show snmp correlator ruleset test test : Not Applied
	chris2	: Applied

source

	To apply a logging suppressi command in logging suppres		ting from a specific node on the router, use the source ation mode.
	source location node-id		
	no source location node-id		
Syntax Description	location node-id	Specifies a node. T notation.	The <i>node-id</i> argument is entered in the <i>rack/slot/module</i>
Command Default	No scope is configured by de	efault.	
Command Modes	Logging suppression apply re-	ule configuration	
Command History	Release	Modifie	cation
	Release 5.0.0	This co	mmand was introduced.
Usage Guidelines			ociated with a task group that includes appropriate task om using a command, contact your AAA administrator
Task ID	Task ID)perations
	logging	e	xecute
Examples	0/RP0/CPU0: RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(con	fig)# logging suppre	opression rule infobistate to suppress alarms from ss apply rule infobistate # source location 0/RP0/CPU0
Related Commands	Command		Description
	logging suppress apply rule,	, on page 37	Applies and activates a logging suppression rule.

timeout

To specify the collection period duration time for the logging correlator rule message, use the **timeout** command in stateful or nonstateful correlation rule configuration modes. To remove the timeout period, use the no form of this command. timeout [milliseconds] no timeout **Syntax Description** milliseconds Range is 1 to 600000 milliseconds. **Command Default** Timeout period is not specified. **Command Modes** Stateful correlation rule configuration Nonstateful correlation rule configuration **Command History** Modification Release Release 5.0.0 This command was introduced. **Usage Guidelines** To use this command, you must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task IDs. If the user group assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator for assistance. Each correlation rule that is applied must have a timeout value, and only those messages captured within this timeout period can be correlated together. The timeout begins when the first matching message for a correlation rule is received. If the root-cause message is received, it is immediately sent to syslog, while any non-root-cause messages are held. When the timeout expires and the rootcause message has not been received, then all the non-root-cause messages captured during the timeout period are reported to syslog. If the root-cause message was received during the timeout period, then a correlation is created and placed in the correlation buffer. Note The root-cause alarm does not have to appear first. It can appear at any time within the correlation time period.

Task ID	Task ID	Operations
	logging	read, write
Examples	This example shows how to define a logging (one minute):	correlation rule with a timeout period of 60,000 milliseconds
		correlator rule state rule type stateful
		correlator rule state_rule type stateful st)# timeout 60000
Related Commands	RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# logging	
Related Commands	RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# logging RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-corr-rule-	st)# timeout 60000

timeout-rootcause

To specify an optional parameter for an applied correlation rule, use the **timeout-rootcause** command in stateful or nonstateful correlation rule configuration modes. To remove the timeout period, use the **no** form of this command.

timeout-rootcause [*milliseconds*]

no timeout-rootcause

Syntax Description	milliseconds	Range is 1 to 7200000 milliseconds.		
Command Default	Root-cause alarm timeout	period is not specified.		
Command Modes		Stateful correlation rule configuration		
	Nonstateful correlation rul	e configuration		
Command History	Release	Modification		
	Release 5.0.0	This command was introduced.		
Usage Guidelines	To use this command, you must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task IDs. If the user group assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator for assistance. When a root-cause timeout is configured and a non-root-cause message is received first, the following occurs:			
	• When a root-cause timeout is configured and a non-root-cause message is received first, the following occurs:			
	When the root-cause message arrives before the root-cause timeout expires, then the correlation continues as normal using the remainder of the main rule timeout.			
	• When the root-cause message is not received before the root-cause timeout expires, then all the non-root-cause messages held during the root-cause timeout period are sent to syslog and the correlation is terminated.			
Task ID	Task ID	Operations		
	logging	read, write		

Examples

This example shows how to configure a timeout period for a root cause alarm:

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# logging correlator rule state_rule type stateful RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-corr-rule-st)# timeout-rootcause 50000

Command	Description
logging correlator rule, on page 24	Defines the rules by which the correlator logs messages to the logging events buffer.