

# **Configuring IPv6 PACL**

This chapter describes how to configure the IPv6 Port based Access Control List (PACL).

This chapter includes the following sections:

- Understanding IPv6 PACL, page 40-1
- Configuring IPv6 PACL, page 40-2
- Verifying IPv6 PACL, page 40-6

# **Understanding IPv6 PACL**

The c7600 has mechanisms to apply Access Control Lists (ACLs) at various levels such as Router, VLAN, and Port level. Router Access Control Lists (RACLs) are applied on a Switch Virtual Interface (SVI) or physical interface to filter out the layer 3 traffic. VLAN Access Control Lists (VACLs) are configured on VLANs, and are applicable on the layer 2 and the layer 3 packets passing through the VLAN.

PACLs help filter the incoming Layer 3 packets based on layer 2 and layer 4 parameters at the layer 2 switchports.



#### Figure 40-1 PACL on Physical Ports

## **Restrictions for IPv6 PACL feature**

Following restrictions apply to the IPv6 PACL feature:

- IPv6 PACL is not supported in the IOS software path.
- IPv6 PACL is not supported in the egress direction.
- IPv6 PACL logging is not supported.
- IPv6 PACL does not support routing header match and Differentiated Services Code Point (DSCP) ACL match as these features do not have hardware support.
- IPv6 supports fragment keyword and layer 4 information.
- IPv6 PACL supports time-based ACLs.
- When you configure the **platform ipv6 acl icmp optimize neighbor-discovery** command, a global Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP) Neighbor Discovery (ND) Value Mask Result (VMR) is appended at the top of the Ternary Content-Addressable Memory (TCAM). This ICMP entry overrides the applicable PACL configured on the interface.
- IPv6 PACL is supported on the layer 2 etherchannel, but not on its member ports.
- IPv6 PACL is supported on the trunk ports only in the port prefer mode.
- IPv6 PACL does not support the **access-list log** and **reflect/evaluate** keywords. These keywords are ignored if you add them to the access list for a PACL.
- Due to the limited size of the flow key in the TCAM, IPv6 addresses along with the layer 4 port information cannot be accommodated unless the IPv6 addresses are compressed. Use the **mls ipv6** acl compress address unicast command to compress the IPv6 address. You cannot apply the IPv6 PACL to non-compressible addresses, if the filtering is based on layer 4 ports.

### **Configuring IPv6 PACL**

The following sections describe how to configure IPv6 PACL on c7600:

- Creating Access List, page 40-2
- Configuring PACL mode and Applying IPv6 PACL, page 40-4

#### **Creating Access List**

Complete the following steps to create an access list:

#### SUMMARY STEPS

Step 1	enable
Step 2	configure terminal
Step 3	ipv6 access-list access-list-name
Step 4	<pre>{permit   deny} {protocol/ IPv6 source prefix} source [source-ipv6-address] destination [destination-ipv6-address]</pre>
Step 5	end

#### **ETAILED STEPS**

	Command or Action	Purpose				
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode. Enter your password if prompted.				
	<b>Example:</b> Router# enable					
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.				
	<b>Example:</b> Router# configure terminal					
Step 3	<pre>ipv6 access-list access-list-name</pre>	<ul> <li>Defines an IPv6 ACL, and enters the IPv6 access list configuration mode.</li> <li><i>access-list name</i>: Specifies the name of the IPv6 ACL. IPv6 ACL names</li> </ul>				
	<b>Example:</b> Router(config)# ipv6 access-list list1	cannot contain a space or quotation mark, or begin with a numeral.				
Step 4	<pre>{permit   deny} {protocol/ IPv6 source prefix} source [source-ipv6-address] destination [destination-ipv6-address]</pre>	<ul> <li>Specifies permit or deny conditions for an IPv6 ACL.</li> <li>permit   deny: Determines whether the specified traffic is blocked or allowed to pass.</li> <li>protocol / IPv6 source prefix: Specifies any source ipv6 prefix, protocol (IPv6 ICMP top udp) or a number between 0 and 254.</li> </ul>				
	<b>Example:</b> Router(config-ipv6-acl)# permit tcp 1000::1/64 any	<ul> <li>source: Specifies the source of the traffic.</li> <li>destination: Specifies the destination of the traffic.</li> <li>source-inv6-address: Specifies the source IPv6 address.</li> </ul>				
		<ul> <li><i>destination-ipv6-address:</i> Specifies the destination IPv6 address.</li> </ul>				
		<b>Note</b> The source or destination can be an IPv6 prefix, in the format <i>prefix/length</i> , to indicate a range of addresses, the keyword <b>any</b> to specify any address, or a specific host designated by <b>host</b> <i>host_ipv6_addr</i> .				
Step 5	end	Ends the current configuration session.				
	<b>Example:</b> Router(config-ipv6-acl)# end					

#### **Configuration Example**

This example shows how to create an IPv6 ACL:

```
Router# enable
Router# configure terminal
Router(config)# ipv6 access-list list1
Router(config-ipv6-acl)# permit tcp 1000::1/64 any
Router(config-ipv6-acl)# end
```

## **Configuring PACL mode and Applying IPv6 PACL**

Complete the following steps to configure the PACL mode, and apply IPv6 PACL on a switchport interface:

#### **SUMMARY STEPS**

l	enable
2	configure terminal
3	interface type number
ŀ	switchport
j	switchport mode {access   trunk}
;	switchport access vlan vlan-id [or] switchport trunk allowed vlan vlan-list
,	access-group mode {prefer {port   vlan}   merge}
3	ipv6 traffic-filter access-list-name in
)	end

### **DETAILED STEPS**

	Command or Action	Purpose				
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode. Enter your password if prompted.				
	<b>Example:</b> Router# enable					
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.				
	<b>Example:</b> Router# configure terminal					
Step 3	<b>interface</b> type number	Configures an interface, and enters the interface configuration mode.				
	<b>Example:</b> Router(config)# interface gigabitethernet 3/24					
Step 4	switchport	Moves the interface into Layer 2 mode.				
	<b>Example:</b> Router(config-if)# switchport					
Step 5	<pre>switchport mode {access   trunk}</pre>	Sets the interface type.				
	<b>Example:</b> Router(config-if)# switchport mode access					
Step 6	<pre>switchport access vlan vlan-id [or]</pre>	Sets the VLAN when an interface is in access mode. or				
	switchport trunk allowed vlan vlan-list	Sets the list of allowed VLANs when in trunk mode.				
	Example: Router(config-if)# switchport access vlan 1000 or Router(config-if)# switchport trunk allowed vlan 1000, 2000					
Step 7	access-group mode {prefer {port   vlan}   merge}	Sets the mode for the switchport interface.				
	Example: Router(config-if)# access-group mode prefer port	<b>Note</b> IPv6 PACL is applied on the trunk port only if the access-group mode on the trunk port is set to prefer port. On access ports, if the access-group mode is set to prefer port, then the features between the SVI and the switchport do not merge.				

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 8	<pre>ipv6 traffic-filter access-list-name in</pre>	Filters the incoming IPv6 traffic on a switchport interface.
	<b>Example:</b> Router(config-if)# ipv6 traffic-filter list1 in	
Step 9	end	Ends the current configuration session.
	<b>Example:</b> Router(config-if)# end	

#### **Configuration Example**

This example shows how to configure a PACL mode and apply an IPv6 PACL on a switchport interface:

```
Router# enable
Router# configure terminal
Router(config)# interface gigabitethernet 3/24
Router(config-if)# switchport
Router(config-if)# switchport mode access
Router(config-if)# switchport access vlan 1000
Router(config-if)# access-group mode prefer port
Router(config-if)# ipv6 traffic-filter list1 in
Router(config-if)# end
```

### Verifying IPv6 PACL

Use these commands to verify the configuration of IPv6 PACL on c7600:

• The **show ipv6 access-list** command displays the details of all the IPv6 access lists created.

```
Router# show ipv6 access-list
```

```
IPv6 access list PACL
    permit ipv6 host 2001:410:1:0:200:FF:FE00:1 host 2001:410:2:0:200:FF:FE00:1
sequence 10
    deny ipv6 host 2001:410:1:0:200:FF:FE00:2 host 2001:410:2:0:200:FF:FE00:2 sequence
20
    permit ipv6 host 2001:410:1::3 host 2001:410:2::3 sequence 30
```

• The show run interface GigabitEthernet command displays the IOS interface configuration.

```
Router# show run interface GigabitEthernet 7/0/1
```

```
Current configuration : 179 bytes !
interface GigabitEthernet7/0/1
switchport
switchport access vlan 10
switchport mode access
ipv6 traffic-filter PACL in
end
```

• The **show tcam interface GigabitEthernet acl in ipv6** command displays the following output when the IPv6 PACL is configured on an interface.

```
Router# show tcam interface GigabitEthernet 7/0/1 acl in ipv6
```

```
* Global Defaults shared
_____
ICMP Neighbor Discovery Packet Types:
na - neighbor advertisement ra - router advertisement
ns - neighbor solicit
                        rs - router solicit
r - redirect
IPV6 Address Types:
full - IPv6 Full
                         eui - IPv6 EUI
eipv4 - IPv6 embeded IPv4
_____
   permit ipv6 host 0:2001:410:1:0:200:0:1(eui) host
0:2001:410:2:0:200:0:1(eui)
             ipv6 host 0:2001:410:1:0:200:0:2(eui) host
   deny
0:2001:410:2:0:200:0:2(eui)
   permit ipv6 host 2001:410:1::3(full) host 2001:410:2::3(full)
              icmp(nd-ra) any(eui) any
   permit
   permit
              icmp(nd-na) any(eui) any
   permit
              icmp(nd-rs) any(eui) any
              icmp(nd-ra) any(full) any
   permit
   permit
              icmp(nd-na) any(full) any
              icmp(nd-rs) any(full) any
   permit
              ipv6 any(eipv4) any
   denv
   denv
              ipv6 any(eui) any
   deny
              ipv6 any(full) any
```

• The **show fm interface FastEthernet** command displays all the features configured on a specific interface including the PACLs.

```
Router# show fm interface FastEthernet 2/1
```

```
Interface: FastEthernet2/1 IP is disabled
 hw_state[INGRESS] = not reduced, hw_state[EGRESS] = not reduced
 mcast = 0
 priority = 0
 flags = 0x0
 parent[INGRESS] = none
 inbound label: 65
   Feature IPV6_PACL:
      ACL: test
_____
FM_FEATURE_IPV6_PACL - PACL Name: test Direction:Ingress
DPort - Destination Port SPort - Source Port Pro
                                                      - Protocol
      - Packet Type
                      DPT - Dst. Packet Type SPT
TOS - TOS Value Res
ΡТ
                                                      - Src. Packet Type
                                               Res - VMR Result
     - XTAG TUS - 105 .....

- R-Recirc. Flag MRTNPC - M-Multicast Flag R - Reflexive flag

- T-Top Control N - Non-cachable
х
                                                     - Reflexive flag
RFM
      - F-Fragment flag - T-Tcp Control N
      - M-More Fragments
                             - P-Mask Priority(H-High, L-Low)
     - Adj. Index C - Capture Flag T - M(Mask)/V(Value)
- Flow Mask NULL - Null FM SAO - Source Only FM
Adj.
FΜ
      - Dest. Only FM SADA - Sour.& Dest. Only VSADA - Vlan SADA Only
DAO
ISADA - Intf. SADA
                       FF
                             - Full Flow VFF - Vlan Full Flow
IFF - Intt. Fr
A-VSD - Atleast VSADA A-FF - Atleast Fr
A-DON - Atleast DAO
                       F-VFF - Either FF or VFF IFF-FF - Either IFF or FF
                       A-FF - Atleast FF
                                               A-VFF - Atleast VFF
                                                     - Atleast SADA
                                               A-SD
                      ISADA-L- ISADA Least FF-L
SHORT - Shortest
                                                      - FF Least
IFF-L - IFF Least
                      A-SFF - Any short than FF A-EFF - Any except FF
A-EVFF - Any except VFF SA-L - Source Least DA-L - Dest. Least
SADA-L - SADA Least FF-LESS- FF Less
                                              N-FF - Not FF
N-IFF - Not IFF
                       A-LVFF - Any less than VFF FULL - Full Pkt Type
      - EUI 64 Pkt Type EMBD - Embedded Pkt Type ELNK
                                                      - EUI Link Overlap
EUT
ESTT
     - EUI Site Overlap LINK - Link Pkt Type SITE
                                                     - Site Pkt Type
ERR
      - Flowmask Error
```

+	+-+	+	+	++		++	-+-+	++
Indx FM	T   Dest IPv6 Addr	Source IPv6 Addr	DPT	SPT	ΡT	Pro RFI	4   X   MRTNPC	Adj.
+						++		+
1	V 14:: M FFFF:FFFF:FFFF:FFFF:	2:: FFFF:FFFF:FFFF:FFFF:	FULL EMBD	FULL EMBD		0	L- D	SHORT
	IM_PERMII_RESULI							
2	V 15::1 M FFFF:FFFF:FFFF:FFFF:FFFF:FFFF TM PERMIT RESULT	::	FULL EMBD	EUI EUI		0	L- C	SHORT
3	V 15::1	::	FULL	FULL		0	L-	SHORT
	M FFFF:FFFF:FFFF:FFFF:FFFF:FFFF:FFFF TM_PERMIT_RESULT	::	EMBD	EMBD		0 (	)	
1	77			ਸ਼ਾਸ		58	T_	CHODT
4	v M			EUT		255 (	о О	SHORT
	TM_PERMIT_RESULT			LOI		200	,	
5	V ::			FULL		58	L-	SHORT
	M ::	::		EMBD		255 (	C	
	TM_PERMIT_RESULT							
6	V ::	::		EUI		58	L-	SHORT
	M ::	::		EUI		255 (	C	
	TM_PERMIT_RESULT							
7	V ::	::		FULL		58	L-	SHORT
	M ::	::		EMBD		255 (	C	
	TM_PERMIT_RESULT							
8	V ::	::		EUI		58	L-	SHORT
	M ::	::		EUI		255 (	C	
	TM_PERMIT_RESULT							
9	V ::	::		FULL		58	L-	SHORT
	M ::	::		EMBD		255 (	C	
	TM_PERMIT_RESULT							
10	V ::	::				0	L-	SHORT
	М ::	::				0 (	C	

## **Troubleshooting Tips**

For troubleshooting information, contact Cisco Technical Assistance Center (TAC) at: http://www.cisco.com/en/US/support/tsd\_cisco\_worldwide\_contacts.html