



# PPPoE Agent Remote-ID and DSL Line Characteristics Enhancement

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The PPPoE Agent Remote-ID and DSL Line Characteristics Enhancement feature provides a method by which the digital subscriber line access multiplexer (DSLAM) sends the DSL Remote-ID tag in the discovery phase as an identifier for the authentication, authorization, and accounting (AAA) access request on an Ethernet interface, thereby simulating ATM-based broadband access, but using cost-effective Ethernet instead. This Remote-ID tag is useful for troubleshooting, authentication, and accounting.

## Finding Feature Information in This Module

*Your Cisco IOS software release may not support all of the features documented in this module.* To reach links to specific feature documentation in this module and to see a list of the releases in which each feature is supported, use the “[Feature Information for PPPoE Agent Remote-ID and DSL Line Characteristics Enhancement](#)” section on page 17.

## Finding Support Information for Platforms and Cisco IOS Software Images

Use Cisco Feature Navigator to find information about platform support and Cisco IOS software image support. Access Cisco Feature Navigator at <http://www.cisco.com/go/fn>. You must have an account on Cisco.com. If you do not have an account or have forgotten your username or password, click **Cancel** at the login dialog box and follow the instructions that appear.

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## Prerequisites for the PPPoE Agent Remote-ID and DSL Line Characteristics Enhancement

It is recommended that you be familiar with the following documents before configuring this feature:

- RFC 2516: *A Method for Transmitting PPP over Ethernet (PPPoE)*
- DSL Forum 2004-71: *Solution for Remote-ID in PPPoE Discovery Phase*

See the “Additional References” section on page 8 for more information.

## Information About the PPPoE Agent Remote-ID and DSL Line Characteristics Enhancement

To configure the PPPoE Agent Remote-ID and DSL Line Characteristics feature, you should understand the following concepts:

- Differences Between ATM- and Ethernet-Based Broadband Access Networks, page 2
- DSL Forum 2004-71: Solution for Remote-ID in PPPoE Discovery Phase, page 2
- Remote-ID Tag in Ethernet-Based Broadband Access Networks, page 3
- Benefits of the PPPoE Agent Remote-ID and DSL Line Characteristics Enhancement, page 4

## Differences Between ATM- and Ethernet-Based Broadband Access Networks

Broadband DSLAM and Broadband Remote Access Server (BRAS) vendors need to provide Ethernet-based networks as an alternative to an ATM access network, with a DSLAM bridging the ATM-DSL local loop to the Ethernet-based broadband access network and allowing Ethernet-based connectivity to the BRAS. But in an Ethernet broadband access network, there is no unique mapping between the subscriber Line-ID tag and the interface, as in an ATM-based broadband network. In an ATM-based broadband network, the ATM VC is associated to a subscriber line. During the authentication phase that initiates the PPP access and AAA accounting requests, the BRAS includes a NAS-Port-ID attribute in RADIUS authentication packets that identifies the DSL line for the subscriber.

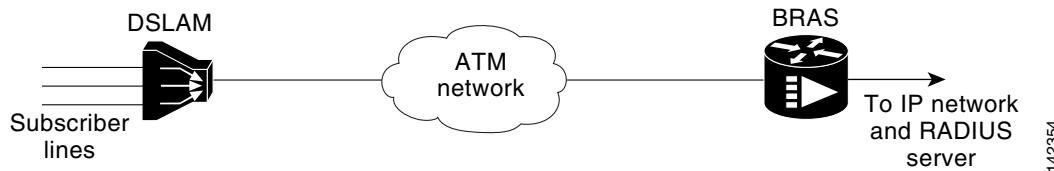
## DSL Forum 2004-71: Solution for Remote-ID in PPPoE Discovery Phase

DSL Forum 2004-71 defines a method whereby the DSLAM sends the DSL Remote-ID tag in the PPPoE discovery phase to apply the same subscriber mapping capability to Ethernet interfaces that is possible on ATM interfaces. This method adds support for the PPPoE server acting as a BRAS to report the Remote-ID tag as a new vendor-specific attribute (VSA) (AAA\_AT\_REMOTE\_ID) in AAA authentication and accounting requests. If the **radius-server attribute 31 remote-id** command is configured on the BRAS, the Remote-ID tag will be sent to a RADIUS server as the Calling Station-ID tag (attribute 31).

## Remote-ID Tag in Ethernet-Based Broadband Access Networks

Traditional ATM-based DSL broadband access networks have the topology shown in [Figure 1](#).

**Figure 1** ATM-Based DSL Broadband Access Network



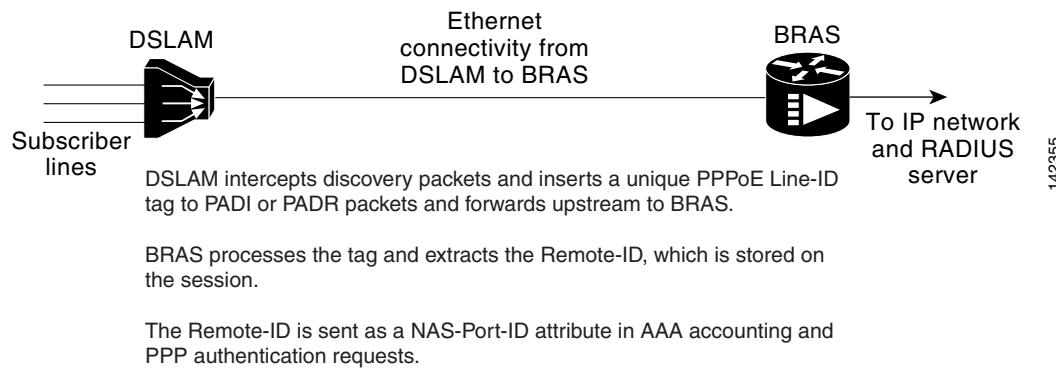
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In terms of logical connectivity, there is a one-to-one mapping of the DSL subscriber line to the end user and the ATM virtual circuit (VC) used to carry the PPP session through the DSLAM and to the BRAS, where this VC information is converted into a NAS-Port-ID tag for use in RADIUS packets.

The simple mapping available from an ATM-based broadband network between the physical line in the DSL local loop to the end user and a virtual circuit (from DSLAM to BRAS) is not available for an Ethernet-based network. To solve this problem, the PPPoE Remote-ID Tag Processing feature uses a PPP over Ethernet (PPPoE) intermediate agent function on the DSLAM to attach a tag to the PPPoE discovery packets. The BRAS then receives the tagged packet, decodes the tag, and inserts the line identifier into RADIUS packets destined for the RADIUS server.

The DSLAM intercepts PPPoE discovery frames from the client or initiates a discovery frame if the PPPoE Active Discovery (PAD) client is a legacy PPP over ATM (PPPoA) device. The DSLAM inserts a unique Remote-ID tag and DSL sync rate tag using the PPPoE vendor-specific tag (0x0105) to PPPoE Active Discovery Initiation (PADI) and PPPoE Active Discovery Request (PADR) packets; see [Figure 2](#). The DSLAM forwards these packets upstream to the BRAS after the insertion. The tag contains the identification of the DSL line on which the PADI or PADR packet was received, in the access node where the intermediate agent resides.

**Figure 2** PPPoE Remote-ID Tag Processing Solution



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When the **vendor-tag remote-id service** command is configured in broadband access (BBA) group configuration mode, the BRAS processes the received PPPoE vendor-specific tag in the PADR frame and extracts the Remote-ID tag, which is sent to the remote AAA server as a VSA in all AAA access and accounting requests. When the **radius-server attribute 31 remote-id** global configuration command is also configured on the BRAS, the Remote-ID value is inserted into attribute 31.

Outgoing PAD Offer (PADO) and PAD Session-Confirmation (PADS) packets from the BRAS have the DSLAM-inserted Remote-ID tag. The DSLAM should strip the tag out of PADO and PADS frames. If the DSLAM cannot strip off the tag, the BRAS must remove the tag before sending the frames out. This is accomplished using the **vendor-tag strip** BBA group configuration mode command. If this command is configured under the BBA group, the BRAS strips the incoming Remote-ID tag (and any other vendor tag) off of the outgoing PADO and PADS frames. This action complies with *DSL Forum Technical Report 101*.

## Benefits of the PPPoE Agent Remote-ID and DSL Line Characteristics Enhancement

The shift toward Ethernet-based DSLAMs offers the following benefits:

- Ability to use simpler and lower-cost provisioning options for DSL subscribers over an Ethernet-based backhaul network rather than on an ATM-based network.
- Ability to use higher bandwidth connectivity options available from Ethernet that are not possible on ATM.
- Ability to upgrade to next-generation DSLAMs with quality of service (QoS), and support for higher bandwidth, asymmetric dual latency modems such as the ADSL2.
- Ability to inject high-bandwidth content such as video in an Ethernet network.

## How to Configure the PPPoE Agent Remote-ID and DSL Line Characteristics Enhancement

This section contains the following procedures:

- [Configuring the PPPoE Agent Remote-ID and DSL Line Characteristics Enhancement Feature, page 4](#)
- [Removing the PPPoE Remote-ID Tag, page 6](#)
- [Troubleshooting Tip, page 7](#)

## Configuring the PPPoE Agent Remote-ID and DSL Line Characteristics Enhancement Feature

This task describes how to configure the PPPoE Agent Remote-ID and DSL Line Characteristics Enhancement feature. When this feature is configured, BRAS will process the incoming PADR frames and send the Remote-ID field of the incoming tag to the RADIUS server as a VSA.

For DSL-Sync-Rate tags, you must enter the **vendor-tag dsl-sync-rate service** command under a BBA group. When this command is entered, the BRAS will process incoming PADR frames and send the DSL-Sync-Rate tags to the RADIUS server as VSAs.

An Access-Accept message is sent by the RADIUS server and vendor-tag attributes sent in the Access-Request message will be present in the Access-Accept message if the RADIUS server echoes it back.

## SUMMARY STEPS

1. **enable**
2. **configure terminal**
3. **radius-server attribute 31 remote-id**
4. **bba-group pppoe *group-name***
5. **vendor-tag remote-id service**
6. **vendor-tag dsl-sync-rate service**
7. **nas-port-id format c**

## DETAILED STEPS

	<b>Command or Action</b>	<b>Purpose</b>
<b>Step 1</b>	<b>enable</b>	Enables privileged EXEC mode. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Enter your password if prompted.</li> </ul>
	<b>Example:</b> Router> enable	
<b>Step 2</b>	<b>configure terminal</b>	Enters global configuration mode.
	<b>Example:</b> Router# configure terminal	
<b>Step 3</b>	<b>radius-server attribute 31 remote-id</b>	(Optional) Sends the Remote-ID tag to the RADIUS server via a new VSA (AAA_AT_REMOTE_ID) and in attribute 31—Calling Station ID. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Configure this command so that the Acct-Session-ID attribute, as displayed in the <b>debug radius</b> command, will contain the information about the incoming access interface, where discovery frames are received, and about the session being established. See the “<a href="#">Troubleshooting Tip</a>” section for more information.</li> </ul>
<b>Step 4</b>	<b>bba-group pppoe <i>group-name</i></b>	Defines a PPPoE profile and enters BBA group configuration mode.
	<b>Example:</b> Router(config)# bba-group pppoe pppoe-group	
<b>Step 5</b>	<b>vendor-tag remote-id service</b>	Enables the BRAS to process incoming PADR frames and send the Remote-ID field of the incoming tag to the RADIUS server as a VSA.
	<b>Example:</b> Router(config-bba-group)# vendor-tag remote-id service	

Command or Action	Purpose
<b>Step 6</b> <code>vendor-tag dsl-sync-rate service</code>  <b>Example:</b> <pre>Router(config-bba-group)# vendor-tag dsl-sync-rate service</pre>	Enables the BRAS to process the incoming PADR frames and send the DSL-Sync-Rate tags to the RADIUS server as VSAs.
<b>Step 7</b> <code>nas-port-id format c</code>  <b>Example:</b> <pre>Router(config-bba-group)# nas-port-id format c</pre>	<p>Specifies a format for broadband subscriber access line identification coding.</p> <p>The designation of <b>format c</b> is specifically designed for a particular coding format. A sample of this format is as follows:</p> <pre>NAS_PORT_ID=atm 31/31/7:255.65535 guangzhou001/0/31/63/31/127</pre> <p>This means the subscriber interface type of the BRAS equipment is an ATM interface. The BRAS slot number is 31, and the BRAS subslot number is 31. The BRAS port number is 7. The virtual path identifier (VPI) is 255, and the virtual circuit identifier (VCI) is 65535.</p> <p>The Circuit-ID/Remote-ID tag is guangzhou001/0/31/63/31/127.</p>

## Removing the PPPoE Remote-ID Tag

Outgoing PADO and PADS packets will have the DSLAM-inserted Remote-ID and DSL-Sync-Rate tags, and the DSLAM must strip these tags from the packets. If the DSLAM cannot strip the tag, the BRAS must remove it before sending out the packets. This task is accomplished through configuration of the **vendor-tag strip** command in BBA group configuration mode. Note that the **vendor-tag strip** command also removes the Circuit-ID tag.

### SUMMARY STEPS

1. `enable`
2. `configure terminal`
3. `bba-group pppoe group-name`
4. `vendor-tag strip`

## DETAILED STEPS

	<b>Command or Action</b>	<b>Purpose</b>
<b>Step 1</b>	<b>enable</b>	Enables privileged EXEC mode. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Enter your password if prompted.</li> </ul>
	<b>Example:</b> Router> enable	
<b>Step 2</b>	<b>configure terminal</b>	Enters global configuration mode.
	<b>Example:</b> Router# configure terminal	
<b>Step 3</b>	<b>bba-group pppoe group-name</b>	Defines a PPPoE profile and enters BBA group configuration mode.
	<b>Example:</b> Router(config)# bba-group pppoe pppoe-group	
<b>Step 4</b>	<b>vendor-tag strip</b>	Enables the BRAS to strip off incoming vendor-specific tags (including Remote-ID, DSL-Sync-Rate tags, and Circuit-ID) from outgoing PADO and PADS frames.
	<b>Example:</b> Router(config-bba-group)# vendor-tag strip	<b>Note</b> Starting in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(31)SB2, the <b>vendor-tag strip</b> command replaces the <b>vendor-tag circuit-id strip</b> command.

## Troubleshooting Tip

When the **radius-server attribute 31 remote-id** global configuration command is entered in the PPPoE Agent Remote-ID Tag and DSL Line Characteristics feature configuration on the BRAS, the **debug radius** privileged EXEC command can be used to generate a report that includes information about the incoming access interface, where discovery frames are received, and about the session being established in PPPoE extended NAS-Port format (format d).

# Configuration Examples for the PPPoE Agent Remote-ID and DSL Line Characteristics Enhancement

This section contains the following examples:

- [Configuring PPPoE Agent Remote-ID and DSL Line Characteristics Enhancement: Example, page 7](#)
- [Removing the PPPoE Remote-ID Tag: Example, page 8](#)

## Configuring PPPoE Agent Remote-ID and DSL Line Characteristics Enhancement: Example

In the following example, outgoing PADO and PADS packets will retain the incoming Vendor-Specific Circuit-ID tag:

```
radius-server attribute 31 remote-id
!
bba-group pppoe rmt-id-tag
  sessions per-mac limit 50
  vendor-tag remote-id service
  vendor-tag dsl-sync-rate service
  nas-port-id format c

!
interface FastEthernet0/0.1
  encapsulation dot1Q 120
  pppoe enable group rmt-id-tag
```

## Removing the PPPoE Remote-ID Tag: Example

In the following example, the BRAS will strip off incoming Vendor-Specific Circuit-ID tags from outgoing PADO and PADS packets:

```
bba-group pppoe rmt-id-tag
  sessions per-mac limit 50
  vendor-tag remote-id service
  vendor-tag strip

interface FastEthernet0/0.1
  encapsulation dot1Q 120
  pppoe enable group rmt-id-tag
```

## Additional References

The following sections provide references related to the PPPoE Agent Remote-ID and DSL Line Characteristics Enhancement feature.

## Related Documents

Related Topic	Document Title
Configuring broadband and DSL	<i>Cisco IOS Broadband and DSL Configuration Guide</i> , Release 12.4
RADIUS attributes	<i>Cisco IOS Security Configuration Guide</i> , Release 12.4
DSL Forum Line-ID tag solution	<i>DSL Forum 2004-71: : Solution for Remote-ID in PPPoE Discovery Phase</i>
Migration to Ethernet-based DSL aggregation	<i>DSL Forum Technical Report 101</i>

## Standards

Standard	Title
No new or modified standards are supported by this feature.	—

## MIBs

MIB	MIBs Link
No new or modified MIBs are supported by this feature.	To locate and download MIBs for selected platforms, Cisco IOS releases, and feature sets, use Cisco MIB Locator found at the following URL: <a href="http://www.cisco.com/go/mibs">http://www.cisco.com/go/mibs</a>

## RFCs

RFC	Title
RFC 2516	<i>A Method for Transmitting PPP over Ethernet (PPPoE)</i>

## Technical Assistance

Description	Link
The Cisco Technical Support & Documentation website contains thousands of pages of searchable technical content, including links to products, technologies, solutions, technical tips, and tools. Registered Cisco.com users can log in from this page to access even more content.	<a href="http://www.cisco.com/techsupport">http://www.cisco.com/techsupport</a>

## Command Reference

This section documents new and modified commands only.

- **vendor-tag circuit-id strip**
- **vendor-tag remote-id service**
- **vendor-tag strip**

# vendor-tag circuit-id strip



**Note** Effective with Cisco IOS Release 12.2(31)SB2, the **vendor-tag circuit-id strip** command is replaced by the **vendor-tag strip** command. See the **vendor-tag strip** command for more information.

To remove the incoming Vendor-Specific Line-ID tag from outgoing PPPoE Active Discovery Offer and Request (PAD0 and PADR) packets, use the **vendor-tag circuit-id strip** command in BBA group configuration mode. To disable the command function, use the **no** form of this command.

**vendor-tag circuit-id strip**

**no vendor-tag circuit-id strip**

**Syntax Description** This command has no arguments or keywords.

**Command Default** This command's functionality is disabled. In the default condition, outgoing packets from the Broadband Remote Access Server (BRAS) have a digital subscriber line access multiplexer (DSLAM) inserted Remote-ID tag when the **vendor-tag remote-id service** command is configured.

**Command Modes** BBA group configuration

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.4(4)T	This command was introduced.
	12.2(28)SB	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(28)SB.
	12.2(31)SB2	This command was replaced by the <b>vendor-tag strip</b> command.

**Usage Guidelines** Outgoing packets from the BRAS will have a digital subscriber line access multiplexer (DSLAM)-inserted Line-ID tag when the **vendor-tag circuit-id service** command is configured. The DSLAM must remove the tag from the PAD0 packets. If the DSLAM cannot remove the tag, the BRAS must remove it before sending out the packets. When the **vendor-tag circuit-id strip** command is configured, the BRAS removes the incoming Vendor-Specific Line-ID tag from the outgoing packets.

Outgoing PAD0 and PADS packets from the BRAS will have the DSLAM-inserted Circuit-ID tag. The DSLAM must remove the tag from PAD0 and PADS packets. If the DSLAM cannot remove the tag, the BRAS must remove it before sending the packets out, and this is accomplished using the **vendor-tag circuit-id strip** command.

**Examples** In the following example, the BRAS removes incoming Vendor-Specific Line-ID tags from outgoing PAD0 and PADS packets:

```
bba-group pppoe pppoe-rm-tag
sessions per-mac limit 50
vendor-tag circuit-id service
```

---

**■ vendor-tag circuit-id strip**

```
vendor-tag circuit-id strip

interface FastEthernet0/0.1
  encapsulation dot1Q 120
  pppoe enable group pppoe-tag
```

---

Related Commands	Command	Description
	<b>vendor-tag circuit-id service</b>	Enables processing of the PPPoE Vendor-Specific tag in a PADR packet so the Circuit-ID part can be sent to a AAA server as the NAS-Port-ID attribute in RADIUS access requests.

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# vendor-tag remote-id service

To enable processing of the PPPoE Vendor-Specific tag in a PPPoE Active Discovery Request (PADR) packet, which extracts the Remote-ID part of the tag and sends it to an AAA server as the NAS-Port-ID attribute in RADIUS access requests, use the **vendor-tag remote-id service** command in BBA group configuration mode. To disable the command function, use the **no** form of this command.

**vendor-tag remote-id service**

**no vendor-tag remote-id service**

**Syntax Description** This command has no argument or keywords.

**Command Default** This command's functionality is disabled. In this default condition, when the Broadband Remote Access Server (BRAS) receives a packet with the vendor-specific tag attached, the tag is ignored and the session is allowed to come up.

**Command Modes** BBA group configuration (config-bba-group)#

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(31)SB2	This command was introduced.
	Cisco IOS XE 2.3.0	This command was integrated. This command is supported on ASR 1000 series.

**Usage Guidelines** When this command is not enabled and the BRAS receives a packet with the Vendor-Specific tag attached, the tag is ignored and the session is allowed to come up. The Vendor-Specific tag is extracted and processed for its Remote-ID part when the **vendor-tag remote-id service** command is enabled in BBA group configuration mode. When the command is configured, the BRAS processes incoming PADR packets and sends the Remote-ID tag to the AAA server as a NAS-Port-ID RADIUS attribute.

**Examples** In the following example, outgoing PPPoE Active Discovery Offer (PADO) and PPPoE Active Discovery Session-Confirmation (PADS) packets are configured to retain the incoming Vendor-Specific Line-ID tag:

```
Router(config-bba-group)# bba-group pppoe pppoe-tag
Router(config-bba-group)# sessions per-mac limit 50
Router(config-bba-group)# vendor-tag remote-id service

Router(config-bba-group)# interface FastEthernet0/0.1
Router(config-bba-group)# encapsulation dot1Q 120
Router(config-bba-group)# pppoe enable group pppoe-tag
```

Related Commands	Command	Description
	<b>vendor-tag strip</b>	Removes an incoming Vendor-Specific Line-ID tag from outgoing PADO and PADR packets.

# vendor-tag strip

To remove the incoming Vendor-Specific Line-ID tag from outgoing PPPoE Active Discovery Offer (PADO) and PPPoE Active Discovery Request (PADR) packets, use the **vendor-tag strip** command in BBA group configuration mode. To disable the command function, use the **no** form of this command.

**vendor-tag strip**

**no vendor-tag strip**

<b>Syntax Description</b>	This command has no arguments or keywords.
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<b>Command Default</b>	This command's functionality is disabled. In the default condition, outgoing packets from the Broadband Remote Access Server (BRAS) have a digital subscriber line access multiplexer (DSLAM)-inserted Remote-ID tag when the <b>vendor-tag remote-id service</b> command is configured.
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<b>Command Modes</b>	BBA group configuration
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<b>Command History</b>	<b>Release</b>	<b>Modification</b>
	12.2(31)SB2	This command was introduced. This command replaces the <b>vendor-tag circuit-id strip</b> command.
	12.2(33)SRC	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRC.

<b>Usage Guidelines</b>	Outgoing packets from the BRAS will have a DSLAM-inserted Remote-ID tag when the <b>vendor-tag remote-id service</b> command is configured. The DSLAM must remove the tag from the PPPoE Active Discovery (PAD) outgoing packets. If the DSLAM cannot remove the tag, the BRAS must remove it before sending out the packets. When the <b>vendor-tag strip</b> command is configured, the BRAS removes the incoming Vendor-Specific Line-ID tag from the outgoing packets.
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Outgoing PADO and PPPoE Active Discovery Session-Confirmation (PADS) packets from the BRAS will have the DSLAM-inserted Circuit-ID tag. The DSLAM must remove the tag from PADO and PADS packets. If the DSLAM cannot remove the tag, the BRAS must remove it before sending the packets out, and this is accomplished using the **vendor-tag strip** command.

The **vendor-tag circuit-id strip** command may continue to perform its normal function in prior releases, but it is no longer being updated. Support for the **vendor-tag circuit-id strip** command will cease in a future release.

**Examples**

In the following example, the BRAS removes incoming Vendor-Specific Remote-ID tags from outgoing PADO and PADS packets:

```
bba-group pppoe pppoe-rm-tag  
sessions per-mac limit 50  
vendor-tag remote-ID service  
vendor-tag strip  
  
interface FastEthernet0/0.1  
encapsulation dot1Q 120  
pppoe enable group pppoe-tag
```

**Related Commands**

Command	Description
<b>vendor-tag circuit-id strip</b>	Removes the incoming Vendor-Specific Line-ID tag from outgoing PADO and PADR packets.
<b>vendor-tag remote-id service</b>	Enables processing of the PPPoE Vendor-Specific tag in a PADR packet so the Remote-ID part can be sent to a AAA server as the NAS-Port-ID attribute in RADIUS access requests.

# Feature Information for PPPoE Agent Remote-ID and DSL Line Characteristics Enhancement

**Table 1** lists the release history for this feature.

Not all commands may be available in your Cisco IOS software release. For release information about a specific command, see the command reference documentation.

Use Cisco Feature Navigator to find information about platform support and software image support. Cisco Feature Navigator enables you to determine which Cisco IOS and Catalyst OS software images support a specific software release, feature set, or platform. To access Cisco Feature Navigator, go to <http://www.cisco.com/go/cfn>. An account on Cisco.com is not required.



**Note** **Table 1** lists only the Cisco IOS software release that introduced support for a given feature in a given Cisco IOS software release train. Unless noted otherwise, subsequent releases of that Cisco IOS software release train also support that feature.

**Table 1 Feature Information for the PPPoE Agent Remote-ID and DSL Line Characteristics Enhancement Feature**

Feature Name	Releases	Feature Information
PPPoE Agent Remote-ID and DSL Line Characteristics Enhancement	12.2(31)SB2	The PPPoE Agent Remote-ID and DSL Line Characteristics Enhancement feature provides a method by which the digital subscriber line access multiplexer (DSLAM) sends the DSL Remote-ID tag in the discovery phase as an identifier for the authentication, authorization, and accounting (AAA) access request on an Ethernet interface, thereby simulating ATM-based broadband access, but using cost-effective Ethernet instead. This Remote-ID tag is useful for troubleshooting, authentication, and accounting.
PPPOE Agent Remote ID & DSL Line Characteristics Enhancement	12.2(33)XNE	This feature was integrated in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)XNE.

## Glossary

**AAA**—Authentication, authorization, and accounting.

**ATM**—Asynchronous Transfer Mode.

**BBA**—broadband access.

**BRAS**—Broadband Remote Access Server.

**DSLAM**—digital subscriber line access multiplexer. A device that connects many digital subscriber lines to a network by multiplexing the DSL traffic onto one or more network trunk lines.

**PADO**—PPPoE Active Discovery Offer.

**PADR**—PPPoE Active Discovery Request.

**PADS**—PPPoE Active Discovery Session-Confirmation.

**PPPoE**—Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet.

**RADIUS**—Remote Authentication Dial-In User Service. Database for authenticating modem and ISDN connections and for tracking connection time.

**VCI**—virtual circuit identifier.

**VLAN**—virtual local-area network.

**VPI**—virtual path identifier.

**VSA**—Vendor-specific Attribute. An attribute that has been implemented by a particular vendor. It uses the attribute Vendor-Specific to encapsulate the resulting AV pair: essentially, Vendor-Specific = protocol:attribute = value.



**Note**

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See [Internetworking Terms and Acronyms](#) for terms not included in this glossary.

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