



## LAG and LACP Command Reference

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This chapter describes commands to configure Link Aggregation Group (LAG) and Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP).

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# channel-group

To configure the interface in a channel group and set the Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP) mode, use the **channel-group** command in interface configuration mode. To remove the channel-group configuration from the interface, use the **no** form of this command.

**channel-group** *channel-group-number* **mode** {**active** | **passive**}

**no channel-group** *channel-group-number*

## Syntax Description

<i>channel-group-number</i>	Integer that identifies the channel group. The range is from 1 to 128.
<b>mode</b>	Sets the LACP mode.
<b>active</b>	Enables LACP unconditionally.
<b>passive</b>	Enables LACP only when an LACP device is detected. This is the default state.

## Command Default

No channel groups are assigned.

## Command Modes

Interface configuration (config-if)

## Command History

Release	Modification
9.3.0	This command was introduced.

## Usage Guidelines

You do not have to disable the IP address that is assigned to a physical interface that is part of a channel group, but we highly recommend in doing so. A port-channel must be created before member links are assigned to it.

## Examples

The following example shows how to add the interface TenGigabitEthernet 4/1 to the channel group specified by port-channel 1:

```
Router(config)# interface port-channel 1
Router(config-if)# exit
Router(config)# interface TenGigabitEthernet 4/1
Router(config-if)# channel-group 1
```

## Related Commands

Command	Description
<b>interface port-channel</b>	Creates a port-channel virtual interface.

Command	Description
<b>lacp port-priority</b>	Sets the LACP priority for a physical interface.
<b>lacp system-priority</b>	Sets the LACP priority for a system.
<b>show interfaces port-channel</b>	Displays traffic that is seen by a specific port channel.

# interface port-channel

To create a port-channel virtual interface, use the **interface port-channel** command in global configuration mode.

**interface port-channel** *channel-number*

## Syntax Description

<i>channel-number</i>	Channel number assigned to this port-channel interface.
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## Command Default

The port-channel virtual interface is not created.

## Command Modes

Global configuration (config)

## Command History

Release	Modification
9.3.0	This command was introduced.

## Examples

The following example shows how to create a port-channel interface.

```
Router(config)# interface port-channel 2
```

## Related Commands

Command	Description
<b>channel-group</b>	Configures the interface in a channel group.
<b>interface port-channel</b>	Creates a port-channel virtual interface.
<b>lacp min-bundle</b>	Defines the minimum number of active bundled LACP ports allowed in a port channel.
<b>lacp max-bundle</b>	Defines the maximum number of active bundled LACP ports allowed in a port channel.
<b>show interfaces port-channel</b>	Displays traffic that is seen by a specific port channel.

# lacp fast-switchover

To enable LACP 1:1 link redundancy, use the **lacp fast-switchover** command in interface configuration mode. To disable LACP 1:1 link redundancy, use the **no** form of this command.

**lacp fast-switchover**

**no lacp fast-switchover**

## Syntax Description

This command has no arguments or keywords.

## Command Default

LACP 1:1 link redundancy is disabled by default.

## Command Modes

Interface configuration (config-if)

## Command History

Release	Modification
9.3.0	This command was introduced.

## Usage Guidelines

Before entering the **lacp fast-switchover** command, ensure the following:

- The port channel protocol type is LACP.
- The **lacp max-bundle** command has been entered on the port channel. The **lacp fast-switchover** command does not affect the **lacp max-bundle** command.

When you enable LACP 1:1 link redundancy, based on the system priority and port priority, the port with the higher system priority chooses the link as the active link and the other link as the standby link. When the active link fails, the standby link is selected as the new active link without taking down the port channel. When the original active link recovers, it reverts to its active link status. During this switch over, the port channel is also up.

## Examples

The following example shows how to enable LACP 1:1 link redundancy:

```
Router(config-if) # lacp fast-switchover
```

## Related Commands

Command	Description
<b>lacp max-bundle</b>	Defines the maximum number of active bundled LACP ports allowed in a port channel.

# lacp max-bundle

To define the maximum number of active bundled LACP ports allowed in a port channel, use the **lacp max-bundle** command in interface configuration mode. To return to the default settings, use the **no** form of this command.

**lacp max-bundle** *max-bundle-number*

**no lacp max-bundle**

## Syntax Description

<i>max-bundle-number</i>	Maximum threshold of active member links allowed in the LACP bundle. The range from is 1 to 8. The maximum threshold value must be greater than or equal to the minimum threshold value.
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## Command Default

A maximum number of active bundled LACP ports is not configured.

## Command Modes

Interface configuration (config-if)

## Command History

Release	Modification
9.3.0	This command was introduced.

## Usage Guidelines

The value specified in the *max-bundle-number* argument determines the number of active links that are bundled in the port channel. The remaining links are in hot-standby mode.

## Examples

The following example shows how to set three ports to bundle in port channel 2:

```
Router(config)# interface port-channel 2
Router(config-if)# lacp max-bundle 3
```

## Related Commands

Command	Description
<b>interface port-channel</b>	Creates a port-channel virtual interface.
<b>lacp fast-switchover</b>	Enables LACP 1:1 link redundancy.
<b>lacp port-priority</b>	Sets the LACP priority for a physical interface.
<b>show interfaces port-channel</b>	Displays traffic that is seen by a specific port channel.

# lacp min-bundle

To define the minimum number of active bundled LACP ports allowed in a port channel, use the **lacp min-bundle** command in interface configuration mode. To return to the default settings, use the **no** form of this command.

**lacp min-bundle** *min-bundle-number*

**no lacp min-bundle**

## Syntax Description

<i>min-bundle-number</i>	Minimum threshold of active member links allowed in the LACP bundle. The range is from 1 to 8. The default is 1.
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## Command Default

A minimum number of active bundled LACP ports is not configured.

## Command Modes

Interface configuration (config-if)

## Command History

Release	Modification
9.3.0	This command was introduced.

## Usage Guidelines

Use this command to configure the minimum number of active links allowed in an LACP bundle. When the number of active links falls below this minimum threshold, the port channel shuts down.

## Examples

The following example shows how to set the minimum number of active links to five ports:

```
Router(config)# interface port-channel 2
Router(config-if)# lacp min-bundle 5
```

## Related Commands

Command	Description
<b>interface port-channel</b>	Creates a port-channel virtual interface.
<b>show interfaces port-channel</b>	Displays traffic that is seen by a specific port channel.

# lacp port-priority

To set the LACP priority for a physical interface, use the **lacp port-priority** command in interface configuration mode. To return to the default setting, use the **no** form of this command.

**lacp port-priority** *priority*

**no lacp port-priority**

## Syntax Description

<i>priority</i>	Integer that indicates the priority for the physical interface. The range is from 0 to 65535. The default is 32768.
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## Command Default

The default port priority is set to 32768.

## Command Modes

Interface configuration (config-if)

## Command History

Release	Modification
9.3.0	This command was introduced.

## Usage Guidelines

You may assign a port priority to each port on a device running LACP. You can specify the port priority by using the **lacp port-priority** command or use the default port priority (32768). The port priority is used to decide which ports should be put in standby mode when a hardware limitation or the **lacp max-bundle** command configuration prevents all compatible ports from aggregating. Priority is supported only on port channels with LACP-enabled physical interfaces.



### Note

A high priority number means a low priority.

To verify the configured port priority, use the **show lacp internal** command.

## Examples

The following example shows how to set a port priority of 23700 for an interface:

```
Router(config-if) # lacp port-priority 23700
```

## Related Commands

Command	Description
<b>channel-group</b>	Creates a channel group.



Command	Description
<b>lacp max-bundle</b>	Defines the maximum number of active bundled LACP ports allowed in a port channel.
<b>lacp system-priority</b>	Sets the LACP system priority.
<b>show lacp</b>	Displays information about LACP activity on the device.

# lacp system-priority

To set the LACP priority for a system, use the **lacp system-priority** command in global configuration mode. To return to the default setting, use the **no** form of this command.

**lacp system-priority** *priority*

**no lacp system-priority**

## Syntax Description

<i>priority</i>	Integer that indicates the LACP priority for the system. The range is from 0 to 65535. The default is 32768.
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## Command Default

The default system priority is set to 32768.

## Command Modes

Global configuration (config)

## Command History

Release	Modification
9.3.0	This command was introduced.

## Usage Guidelines

You can assign a system priority to each device running LACP. You can specify the system priority by using the **lacp system-priority** command or use the default system priority (32768). The system priority is used with the MAC address of the device to form the system ID and is used during negotiation with the other systems. The system priority is supported only on port channels with LACP-enabled physical interfaces.



### Note

A high priority number means a low priority.

To verify the configured system priority, issue the **show lacp** command.

## Examples

The following example shows how to set a system priority of 25500 for a device:

```
Router(config)# lacp system-priority 25500
```

## Related Commands

Command	Description
<b>channel-group</b>	Creates a channel group.
<b>lacp port-priority</b>	Sets the priority of a port.

Command	Description
<b>show lacp</b>	Displays information about LACP activity on the device.

## port-channel load-balance

To configure a member link for load balancing, use the **port-channel load-balance** command in interface configuration mode. To disable load balancing, use the **no** form of this command.

**port-channel load-balance** {**link** *link-id*}

### Syntax Description

<b>link</b> <i>link-id</i>	Integer that identifies the member link for load balancing. The range is from 1 to 8.
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### Command Default

The member link is not configured for load balancing.

### Command Modes

Interface configuration (config-if)

### Command History

Release	Modification
9.3.0	This command was introduced.

### Usage Guidelines

The Cisco CPT supports manual load balancing and platform default load balancing. It does not support weighted load balancing in this release. When manual load balancing is not configured and applied to the service instance, the default platform load balancing mechanism is used.

### Examples

The following example shows how to configure manual load balancing:

```
Router(config)# interface port-channel 1
Router(config-if)# port-channel load-balance link 1
```

# show interfaces port-channel

To display the traffic on specific port channel, use the **show interfaces port-channel** command in privileged EXEC mode.

**show interfaces port-channel** *channel-number*

## Syntax Description

<i>channel-number</i>	(Optional) Port channel number. The range is 1 to 128.
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## Command Modes

Privileged EXEC (#)

## Command History

Release	Modification
9.3.0	This command was introduced.

## Examples

The following is a sample output of the **show interfaces port-channel** command that shows how to view the information for a port channel interface.

Router# **show interfaces port-channel 20**

```
Port-channel20 is up, line protocol is up
Hardware is GEChannel, address is 0002.0415.0002 (bia 0000.0000.0000)
MTU 9600 bytes, BW 10000000 Kbit/sec, DLY 10 usec,
reliability 255/255, txload 1/255, rxload 1/255
Encapsulation ARPA, loopback not set
Keepalive set (10 sec)
ARP type: ARPA, ARP Timeout 04:00:00
No. of active members in this channel: 1
Member 0 : TenGigabitEthernet4/2 , Full-duplex, 10000Mb/s
No. of passive members in this channel: 0
Last input never, output never, output hang never
Last clearing of "show interface" counters never
Input queue: 0/75/0/0 (size/max/drops/flushes); Total output drops: 0
Queueing strategy: fifo
Output queue: 0/40 (size/max)
5 minute input rate 0 bits/sec, 0 packets/sec
5 minute output rate 0 bits/sec, 0 packets/sec
37 packets input, 7820 bytes, 0 no buffer
Received 0 broadcasts (0 IP multicasts)
0 runts, 0 giants, 0 throttles
0 input errors, 0 CRC, 0 frame, 0 overrun, 0 ignored
0 watchdog, 0 multicast, 0 pause input
39 packets output, 8088 bytes, 0 underruns
0 output errors, 0 collisions, 0 interface resets
0 unknown protocol drops
0 babbles, 0 late collision, 0 deferred
```

```
show interfaces port-channel
```

```
0 lost carrier, 0 no carrier, 0 pause output
0 output buffer failures, 0 output buffers swapped out
```

#### Related Commands

Command	Description
<b>channel-group</b>	Configures the interface in a channel group and sets the LACP mode.
<b>interface port-channel</b>	Creates a port-channel virtual interface.
<b>lacp max-bundle</b>	Defines the maximum number of active bundled LACP ports allowed in a port channel.
<b>lacp min-bundle</b>	Defines the minimum number of active bundled LACP ports allowed in a port channel.

# show lacp

To display LACP information, use the **show lacp** command in privileged EXEC mode.

**show lacp** {*channel-group-number* | **counters** | **internal** [**detail**] | **neighbor** [**detail**] | **sys-id**}

## Syntax Description

<i>channel-group-number</i>	Number of the channel group. The range is from 1 to 128.
<b>counters</b>	Displays information about the LACP traffic statistics.
<b>internal</b>	Displays LACP internal information.
<b>detail</b>	(Optional) Displays detailed internal information.
<b>neighbor</b>	Displays information about the LACP neighbor.
<b>sys-id</b>	Displays the LACP system identification. It is a combination of the port priority and the MAC address of the device.

## Command Modes

Privileged EXEC (#)

## Command History

Release	Modification
9.3.0	This command was introduced.

## Usage Guidelines

Use the **show lacp** command to troubleshoot problems related to LACP in a network. If you do not specify a value for the argument *channel-group-number*, all the channel groups are displayed.

## Examples

The following are sample outputs of the **show lacp** command that shows how to view the LACP activity in the network.

```
Router# show lacp internal
```

```
Flags:  S - Device is requesting Slow LACPDUs
        F - Device is requesting Fast LACPDUs
        A - Device is in Active mode           P - Device is in Passive mode
```

```
Channel group 20
```

Port	Flags	State	LACP port Priority	Admin Key	Oper Key	Port Number	Port State
Te4/2	SA	bndl	32768	0x5	0x5	0x42	0x3D

```
Router# show lacp 20 counters
```

**show lacp**

Port	LACPDUs		Marker		Marker Response		LACPDUs	
	Sent	Recv	Sent	Recv	Sent	Recv	Pkts	Err
-----								
Channel group 20								
Te4/2	21	18	0	0	0	0	0	

Router# **show lacp 20 internal**

Flags: S - Device is requesting Slow LACPDUs  
 F - Device is requesting Fast LACPDUs  
 A - Device is in Active mode P - Device is in Passive mode

Channel group 20

Port	Flags	State	LACP port		Admin Key	Oper Key	Port Number	Port State
			Priority	Priority				
Te4/2	SA	bndl	32768	32768	0x5	0x5	0x42	0x3D

Router# **show lacp 20 counters**

Port	LACPDUs		Marker		Marker Response		LACPDUs	
	Sent	Recv	Sent	Recv	Sent	Recv	Pkts	Err
-----								
Channel group: 20								
Te4/2	26	31	0	0	0	0	0	

Router# **show lacp sys-id**

32768,0005.9b2e.18e0

**Related Commands**

Command	Description
<b>lacp port-priority</b>	Sets the priority for the physical interfaces.
<b>lacp system-priority</b>	Sets the priority of the system.