

CHAPTER **7**

Manage User Accounts



User authentication and authorization by Prime Network is disabled if Prime Network is installed with Cisco Prime Central.

User account settings determine the actions users can perform in Prime Network. Each user has an access role that determines the GUI-based tasks they can perform. Device-based tasks are determined by the device scopes that are applied to a user's account, and the privileges they have for that scope. You can also control which maps users can access.

These topics explain how to create and manage user accounts. These topics also explain how to change global password rules and how to change the default access role required to log into the Events GUI client.

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User Authentication and Authorization Overview

Note

User authentication and authorization by Prime Network is disabled if Prime Network is installed with Cisco Prime Central.

In Prime Network, user authentication and authorization is controlled by a combination of device scopes, user roles, and other settings in a user's account. While device scopes determine which devices a user can access and what they can do to those devices, user roles and account settings determine the GUI tasks a user can perform.

User Authentication

User authentication is managed either locally by Prime Network, or externally by an LDAP application. Either method can be used to validate user accounts and passwords, thus controlling who can log in to Prime Network. If you use Prime Network for authentication, user information and passwords are stored in the Prime Network database. If you use an external LDAP application for authentication, passwords are stored on the external LDAP server. (User authorization information—that is, roles and scopes—is always stored in the Prime Network database. The external LDAP server, if used, only stores passwords.) The external authentication method has a special user called the *emergency user*. In Prime Network, root is designated as the external authentication emergency user. This means if Prime Network loses communication with the LDAP server, Prime Network will allow root (and only root) to log in. The root user can then change the authentication method to local, and edit user accounts so that those users can subsequently log in. Prime Network uses LDAP version 3.

Other User Account Settings that Affect Authentication

When you create a user's account, you can also specify the intervals at which users must change their passwords. Prime Network also has authentication settings that are controlled at the global level, such as how many login attempts are permitted before the user is locked out, and when to lock the account due to user inactivity. If a user account is locked, you can easily reenable it from their user account dialog box.

Change the Authentication Method

If you want to change to external authentication, you must do the following:

- Perform the necessary installation prerequisites. See the *Cisco Prime Network 3.10 Installation Guide*.
- Configure Prime Network so that it can communicate with the LDAP server. See Use an External LDAP Server for Password Authentication, page 7-14.

If you want to change from external authentication to Prime Network authentication, you can import the user information from the LDAP server into Prime Network. That procedure is described in the Change from External to Local Authentication, page 7-21.

User Authorization

User authorization is controlled by a combination of user roles, device scopes, and other user account settings.

User Roles

Prime Network provides five predefined security access roles that you can assign to a user when you create their account: Viewer, Operator, OperatorPlus, Configurator, and Administrator. These roles determine which actions a user is permitted to perform in the Prime Network GUI clients. Table 7-1 describes the five user roles.

Note

Users with higher user roles can perform all the actions for which lower roles are authorized. For example, the Configurator is authorized to perform all the actions that the Viewer, Operator and OperatorPlus can perform.

User Role	Description
Viewer	Views the network, links, events, and inventory. Has read-only access to the network and to nonprivileged system functions.
Operator	Performs most day-to-day business operations such as working with existing maps, viewing network-related information, and managing business attachments.
OperatorPlus	Creates new maps, and manages tickets and the alarm life cycle.
Configurator	Performs tasks and tests related to configuration and activation of services, through Command Builder, Configuration Archive, NEIM, and activation commands.
Administrator	Manages the Prime Network system and its security using the Prime Network Administration GUI.

When you create a user account, you assign one user access role to the account. This role determines the user's default permissions, which in turn determine the GUI-based functions the user can perform (those that do not affect devices).

When a new user is defined as an Administrator, this user can perform all administrative actions, including opening all maps, working with all scopes, and managing the system using Prime Network Administration. These activities are performed with the highest privileges. Prime Network Administration supports multiple administrators.

Device Scopes

Device scopes control which devices a user can access, and the actions they can perform on those devices. When you create the user account, you assign one or more device scopes to the user's account, along with a security level for that scope. Detailed information about device scopes and security levels is provided in Control Device Access Using Device Scopes, page 6-1. You can add device scopes to a user account Change User Accounts and Device Scope Access, page 7-12.

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Other User Account Settings that Affect Authorization

When you create a user's account, you can also specify whether the user is permitted to create public (shared) reports and manage jobs. These settings only apply if these features are enabled at the global level. In addition, you can specify that whenever any user runs a Command Builder script, Prime Network will request their credentials. These global settings are described in Configure Global User Settings, page 7-5.

Check Existing User Accounts



Note

This feature is disabled if Prime Network is installed with Cisco Prime Central.

To check existing user accounts, click Users in the navigation area. Figure 7-1 shows an example of the Prime Network Administration window with Users selected.

Note If Prime Network is installed with Cisco Prime Central, you can view user properties but you cannot add or change them.

Figure 7-1 Users Window

A Cisco	Prime Network Adm	ninistration - root	@10.56.22.25						_ 🗆 ×
<u>File T</u> ools	<u>R</u> eports <u>H</u> elp			_					
🎦 New	Properties								
۲ <mark>0</mark>	All Servers	Users							
•	Event Notification Global Settings	Find :	🖬 🛃 🗸	声 智 酔 -					
È	Scopes	User Name 🛛 🔁 🔍	Full User Name	Description	Default Permission	Last Login	External	Emergency	Jobs Authorized
	Topology	sthomas	Sue Thomas	Admin	Administrator	19-Sep-12 14:00:25	false	false	true
	Workflow Engine	: rrklein	Robert Klein	Admin	Administrator	19-Sep-12 13:49:23	false	false	true
		root	System Administrator		Administrator	19-Sep-12 11:54:31	false	true	true
		rhender	Ralph Henderson	Net Desk	OperatorPlus	19-Sep-12 13:52:32	false	false	true
		mhartman	Mary Hartman	Help Desk Plus	Operator	19-Sep-12 13:45:32	false	false	false
		jclarks	Jim Clarkson	Help Desk	Viewer	19-Sep-12 13:41:38	false	false	false
									Line 0 (Size 6)
						Memory:	12%	Conr	ected

The following describes the columns that are displayed in the Users table.

Column	Description				
User Name	The unique username defined for the current client station.				
Full User Name	(Optional) Full username.				
Description	A description of the user.				
Default Permission	The default permission of the user, such as Viewer or Administrator. For example, a user with the default permission Viewer can view maps and the Device List.				
	Note The default permission applies only at an application level; that is, it applies to all activities that are related to GUI functionality and not the activities related to devices. Device access is controlled through the device scopes mechanism.				
Last Login	The date and time that the user last logged in.				

Column	Description
External	Indicates whether an external authentication server is used for account and password verification.
Emergency	Indicates that a user is designated as an emergency user for the external authentication server, in case the external server goes down.
Jobs Authorized	Indicates whether the user can schedule jobs when the per-user authorization for scheduling jobs is enabled. (See User Permissions: Lockouts, Commands and Activations, and Job Scheduling, page 7-6.

Configure Global User Settings

Note

This feature is disabled if Prime Network is installed with Cisco Prime Central.

Each user has an account which controls the actions they are authorized to perform and the devices they can access. The following tables list the global user account settings, their defaults, and how these global settings may interact with individual user account settings. All of these settings can be adjusted from the Administration GUI client.

The topics covered in this section are:

- User Password Settings, page 7-5
- User Permissions: Lockouts, Commands and Activations, and Job Scheduling, page 7-6
- Report Settings, page 7-8

User Password Settings



This feature is disabled if Prime Network is installed with Cisco Prime Central.

To change the global user password settings listed in Table 7-2, choose Global Settings > Security Settings > Password Settings. Changes are applied after you click Apply.

Table 7-2 Global Password Settings

ltem	Description	Default
Password Validity Period	Number of days after which users must reset their password.	30
Number of Attempts Before Lockout	Number of attempts before a user's account is disabled. (Administrators can reenable accounts as described in Change User Accounts and Device Scope Access, page 7-12.)	5

ltem	Description	Default
Password Strength	The last passwords cannot be repeated (1 to 15)	5
	Password must contain four different character types	Enabled
	No character can be repeated more than twice consecutively	Enabled
	Password cannot contain more than consecutive characters from the previous passwords	4
	Cannot contains replication or reversal of user name	Enabled
	Cannot contain the following words (comma-separated list)	Cisco
Days to alert before password expires	Number of days before the password expires. User will receive a warning during the login that his password is about to expire in x days.	7

Table 7-2	Global Password Settings (continued)
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User Permissions: Lockouts, Commands and Activations, and Job Scheduling



This feature is disabled if Prime Network is installed with Cisco Prime Central.

To change the global user account settings listed in Table 7-3, choose **Global Settings > Security Settings > User Account Settings**. Changes are applied to new users; for existing users in active sessions, the changes are applied the next time they log in.

Table 7-3	Global User Account Settings
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ltem	Description	Default
Account Inactivity	Changes the threshold for when Prime Network should disable a user account due to inactivity. To disable the feature (so that accounts are never disabled), enter 0.	30 days

ltem	Description	Default	
Execution of Commands and Activations	By default, a VNE's Telnet credentials are used for device access when a user executes a command or activation. But if you enable this feature, users are required to enter their credentials for device access when they execute an activation or command script. Once the credentials are entered, they are used throughout the current GUI client session for all subsequent command or activation executions. The user can change the credentials using the Edit Credentials button, if necessary. Provisioning and Audit events will display an additional column that lists the device user name. If the original VNE credentials are used, they are not exposed; the device user name will display From VNE login .	Disabled	
	For activations, users must have the same credentials for all devices involved in the activation because Prime Network propagates the credentials to <i>all</i> command scripts in the activation. (Scheduled commands will continue to use the VNE's credentials.)		
	This feature is not available for scheduled commands or activations or for SNMP commands (the user will not be prompted for credentials and the Edit Credentials button will be disabled). The VNE credentials will be used for device access.		
	Note You can also configure Prime Network to generate a warning message whenever a user executes a command script or an activation. Users must acknowledge the message before proceeding. See Add Warning Message to Activations and Command Scripts, page 10-6.		
Job	Enables a per-user authorization mode for scheduling jobs.	Disabled	
Scheduling	When the mode is enabled, job scheduling privileges are controlled by the settings in individual user accounts (as described in Create a New User Account and View User Properties, page 7-9).		
	• If they are granted privileges, they can schedule jobs across the product.	J /	
	• If they are not granted privileges, the job scheduling features in their GUI client be disabled (for example, from the Tools main menu, or when running reports or Command Builder scripts).		

Table 7-3	Global User Account Settings	(continued)

Report Settings

Note

This feature is disabled if Prime Network is installed with Cisco Prime Central.

To change the global report setting listed in Table 7-4, choose Global Settings > Report Settings.

Гable 7-4	Global Report Settings

ltem	Description	Default
Security Settings	Allows all users to create shared (public) reports. When a report is public, all users can view the contents; reports are <i>not</i> filtered according to scopes or security privileges.	Disabled (no users can create public reports)
Purge reports after days	Specifies how long to save a report. (For information on Prime Network data purging, see Reports, page 8-13.)	90 days
Store reports up to MB	Specifies the maximum disk size, in MB, at which reports should be purged. (For information on Prime Network data purging, see Reports, page 8-13.)	Disabled

Change GUI Client User Passwords

Note

This feature is disabled if Prime Network is installed with Cisco Prime Central.

When you change a user's password using this procedure, the user must enter the new password when they log into any of the Prime Network GUI clients: Vision, Events, Administration, Workflow, and Activation Wizard Builder; and the BQL client. You can change the password for any user, including root, using the procedure in this topic.

Users must change their passwords according to the settings in their user account. At any time, users can change their password by choosing **Tools > Change User Password** from the any of the GUI clients.

The following procedures apply only if you are using Prime Network to validate users. If you are using an external LDAP application to manage passwords, you must change the passwords in the LDAP server.

- **Step 1** Select **Users** in the navigation pane.
- Step 2 Right-click the users account, then choose Change Password.
- **Step 3** Enter the new password in the Password and Confirm Password fields.
- **Step 4** Click **OK**. A confirmation message is displayed.
- Step 5 Click OK.

Create a New User Account and View User Properties



These features are disabled if Prime Network is installed with Cisco Prime Central. If a user tries to log into Prime Network, they will be redirected to the suite login page. The only exception is the Prime Network emergency user, who will still be allowed to log into standalone Prime Network. If you migrate from standalone to working with Cisco Prime Central, you must create the Cisco Prime Central users using the Cisco Prime Portal portal, even if the users already existed in standalone mode. (Cisco Prime Central will advise you that the user already existed in Prime Network and will retrieve the user properties and apply them to the new Cisco Prime Central user.)

The following procedure describes how to define a user account.

Before You Begin

Check the global security settings to see the current system defaults. You might also want to check the device scopes that are currently available.

- Step 1 Right-click Users and choose New User to open the New User dialog box.
- **Step 2** Enter the general information about the user in the General Settings area. For existing users, click the General tab to display this information.

Field	Description
User Name	Enter the new user's name to be used for logging in.
Full Name	(Optional) Enter the full name of the user.
Description	(Optional) Enter a free text description of the user.
External user only	If checked, Prime Network will only let the user log in if the user's password can be validated by an external LDAP server. The password fields are disabled. (If external authentication is being used, the box is checked by default. See Use an External LDAP Server for Password Authentication, page 7-14.) Click Test Connection to confirm the connection between the gateway and the LDAP server.
Password	Enter the new Prime Network password, which is then stored in the Prime Network database. Passwords must adhere to the global password rules set by the administrator (see User Password Settings, page 7-5). This field is disabled if you are using LDAP (external user) for authentication.
Confirm Password	Reenter the new Prime Network password.

Field	Description
User is authorized to schedule jobs	Gives the user authority to schedule jobs across the product <i>if per-user job scheduling authorization mode is enabled</i> . If the global authorization mode is disabled, this setting is ignored.
	If the per-user authorization mode is <i>enabled</i> and:
	• This checkbox is activated, the user is permitted to schedule jobs.
	• This checkbox is <i>not</i> activated, the job scheduling features in the user's GUI clients will be disabled.
	By default, the global per-user authorization mode is <i>disabled</i> (all users can schedule jobs), and this setting is ignored. The per-user job scheduling authorization mode is controlled from Global Settings > Security Settings > User Account Settings .

Step 3 Click **Next** and configure the GUI client and device authorization settings for the user. For existing users, click the Authorization tab to display these settings.

Field	Description	
User Role	Select the role that will control the actions the user can perform in the Prime Network, such as which functions they can use in the GUI clients. Click Read More for a description of the roles; you can also get more information from User Authentication, page 7-2. For information on the special All Managed Elements scope, see What Are Device Scopes?, page 6-1.	
Device Security	Select scopes and apply the security levels to them that will control the actions the user can perform on devices. You can apply different security levels for different scopes. If you do not apply a security level to a scope, it defaults to the Viewer level.	
	Note Users will not see any devices in the GUI client unless a device scope is assigned to their account.	
	Use the following buttons to manage scopes. Note that the edit and remove buttons only affect the scopes assigned to this user.	
	• Add—Add a scope to this user account from the list of available scopes.	
	• Edit—Edit the security level for a scope <i>assigned to this user</i> . (This edit function only changes the user's scope security level; it does not change the scope device list. That must be done from the Scopes drawer.	
	• Remove —Deletes a scope from this user's account.	
	• New Scope—Creates a new scope and adds it to the list of available scopes <i>for all users</i> . See What Are Device Scopes?, page 6-1. Changes that you apply to a scope will be applied to all users that have access to that scope.	

Step 4 Click **Next** and enter the account settings for the user. For existing users, click the Account tab to display these settings. (If you are creating a new account, you can also click **Finish** to accept the default account settings. The default settings are provided in the following.)

Field	Description	Default
Enable Account	Enables and disabled the user account. You can manually lock or unlock a user's account at any time. A user whose account is locked cannot log into the system until you reenable their account.	Enabled.
	The user account is automatically locked if:	
	• The number of logins defined is exceeded (see the Limit Connections field in the following).	
	• The user account is not active for a certain number of days, as configured in the Global Settings branch (see Unlock and Re-enable User Accounts, page 7-23); by default, this period is 30 days.	
Force Password Change at Next Login	Check this check box to force the user to change their user password when they next log in. This field is disabled if the gateway server is using external LDAP authentication.	Enabled.
Limit Connections:	Maximum number of Prime Network client sessions that a user can be running at any one time (to protect performance). This BQL sessions and workflow invocations. Leaving this field blank means the user can have <i>unlimited</i> connections.	10 connections
	Note The workflow mechanism requires 3 connections. If you set this value to lower than 3, users will not be able to access the workflow mechanism.	
Force Password Change After Days	Forces the user to change their password after a specific number of days. Uncheck this check box to allow the user to retain their current password indefinitely. This field is disabled if the gateway server is using external LDAP authentication.	Controlled by Global Settings; see User Password Settings, page 7-5.

Step 5 Click **Finish**. and Prime Network creates the account. After the confirmation message is displayed, click **Close** to close the dialog box. The new account is displayed in the Users table.

Change User Accounts and Device Scope Access

<u>Note</u>

These features are disabled if Prime Network is installed with Cisco Prime Central.

Administrators can view, edit, or disable an individual user's account settings. To change global settings such as password rules and inactivity periods, see System Security, page 11-1.

- **Step 1** Select **Users** to populate the list of existing user accounts.
- Step 2 Right-click a user account and choose Properties to open the user properties dialog box.
- **Step 3** Edit the following fields, as required (not all fields are editable).

Field	Description	
General Tab		
User Name	User ID of the user logged in to the system.	
Full Name	(Optional) Full name of the user.	
Description	(Optional) Free text description of the user.	
External User only	Select this option if the user is an external user.	
User is authorized to schedule jobs	Select this option if the user can schedule jobs.	
Authorization Tab		
User Role	The role that will control the actions the user can perform in the Prime Network, such as which functions they can use in the GUI clients. For information on how to make changes, see Configure Global User Settings, page 7-5.	
Device Security	Scopes and apply the security levels to them that will control the actions the user can perform on devices. For information on how to make changes, see Configure Global User Settings, page 7-5.	
Account Tab		
Enable Account	Enables and disabled the user account.	
Force Password Change at Next Login	Force the user to change their user password when they next log in. This field is disabled if the gateway server is using external LDAP authentication.	
Limit Connections:	The maximum number of Prime Network client sessions that the user can be running at any one time. This includes all client types.	
Force Password Change After Days	Forces the user to change their password after a specific number of days. Uncheck this check box to allow the user to retain their current password indefinitely.	
	This field is disabled if the gateway server is using external LDAP authentication.	
User Last Login	Displays date and time of the last login.	

Step 4 Click Apply to apply your changes, and click OK to close the Properties dialog box

Change the User Access Role for the Events GUI Client



This feature is disabled if Prime Network is installed with Cisco Prime Central.

By default, only the Administrator user access role can launch the Events GUI client. If users with other roles try to log into the Events GUI client, they receive an error that tells them they have insufficient permissions. You can adjust Prime Network roles so that other roles in addition to Administrator can log in and use the Events GUI client.

When you change the required role to a lower role, the higher roles also inherit the access. For example, changing the required access role to OperatorPlus means that users with Configurator privileges will also inherit the access. The supported roles are:

Highest role	Administrator
	Configurator
	OperatorPlus
	Operator
Lowest role	Viewer

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This procedure requires a gateway restart.

Step 1 Log into the gateway as *pnuser* and change to the *NETWORKHOME*/Main directory:

cd \$ANAHOME/Main

Step 2 Run the following command (which is one line):

./runRegTool.sh -gs 127.0.0.1 set 0.0.0.0 "site/plugin/ClientPlugin/eventVisionRole"
role

role can be any of the user access roles: **configurator**, **operatorplus**, **operator**, **viewer**, or (if reverting back to the original setting) **administrator**.

Step 3 When the gateway server returns a success message, restart the gateway.

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Configure External User Authentication (LDAP)

- Use an External LDAP Server for Password Authentication, page 7-14
- Change from External to Local Authentication, page 7-21



These features are disabled if Prime Network is installed with Cisco Prime Central. If a user tries to log into Prime Network, they will be redirected to the suite login page. The only exception is the Prime Network emergency user, who will still be allowed to log into standalone Prime Network.

User authentication is managed either locally by Prime Network, or externally by an LDAP application. Either method can be used to validate user accounts and passwords, thus controlling who can log in to Prime Network. If you use Prime Network, user information and passwords are stored in the Prime Network database. If you use an external LDAP application, passwords are stored on the external LDAP server. (User authorization information (roles and scopes) is always stored in the Prime Network database. The external LDAP server, if used, only stores passwords.) The external authentication method has a special user called the *emergency user*. In Prime Network, root is designated as the external authentication emergency user. This means if Prime Network loses communication with the LDAP server, Prime Network will allow root (and only root) to log in. The root user can then change the authentication method to local, and edit user accounts so that those users can subsequently log in. Prime Network uses LDAP version 3.

User authorization is managed through a combination of user access roles and scopes. For detailed information on these topics, see User Authentication, page 7-2, and What Are Device Scopes?, page 6-1.

Use an External LDAP Server for Password Authentication



These features are disabled if Prime Network is installed with Cisco Prime Central.

The following topics describe how you can use an external LDAP server to perform user authentication. By default, Prime Network users internal authentication, which means passwords are stored in and verified against the data that is stored in the Prime Network database. If you want to use external authentication, these topics will guide you through the process.

- How Does External Authentication Work?, page 7-15
- Prerequisites for Using LDAP, page 7-16
- Configure Prime Network to Communicate with the External LDAP Server, page 7-17
- Import Users from the LDAP Server to Prime Network, page 7-20

How Does External Authentication Work?



These features are disabled if Prime Network is installed with Cisco Prime Central.

User authentication can be managed locally by Prime Network or externally by a Lightweight Directory Access Protocol (LDAP) application. If you use an external authentication, user information is checked against what is stored in the external LDAP server (instead of the Prime Network database). The external authentication server only stores login and password information; information pertaining to user roles and scopes is stored in the Prime Network database.

As illustrated in Figure 7-2, when a user logs in to the GUI client, the gateway server contacts the LDAP server to authenticate the user. If the user is successfully authenticated, the LDAP server sends a confirmation to the gateway server, and the gateway server allows the user to log in to Prime Network. From that point on, the user can perform functions and access network elements as specified by their roles and scopes (see Change a User's Device Scope Security Level, page 6-5).

Figure 7-2 User Authentication Process with External LDAP Server



The root user is the *emergency* user. The LDAP emergency user is validated only by Prime Network. Consequently, if the LDAP server goes down, root can log back into Prime Network.

Note

If Prime Network is installed with Cisco Prime Central, the emergency user will still be allowed to log into Prime Network.

Prerequisites for Using LDAP



These features are disabled if Prime Network is installed with Cisco Prime Central.

You must meet the following prerequisites before you can configure Prime Network to use LDAP:

- The LDAP server must be reachable from the Prime Network server, including port 389 for nonencrypted communication, 636 for encrypted communication.
- The LDAP server must support LDAPv3 protocol.
- Windows Server 2003 Active Directory must be configured. Configure a Secure Connection with the Windows Server 2003 Active Directory, page 7-16
- For encrypted communication, a certificate must be installed on the Prime Network server. See Install the LDAP Certificate on the Prime Network Gateway Server, page 7-17.

Configure a Secure Connection with the Windows Server 2003 Active Directory

To manage users in the Active Directory from Java, the connection to the server must be secure. Follow these procedures to make the server connection secure.

If you are using Secure Socket Layer (SSL) for encryption between the Prime Network server and the LDAP server, the Windows server must be a domain controller installed with an Enterprise Certificate Authority. To guarantee a secure connection, you must request and install the appropriate certificate.



This procedure requires a gateway restart.

To obtain the certificate from the LDAP server and place it on the gateway:

Step 1 Use Router Discovery Protocol (RDP) to log into the remote LDAP server.

Step 2 Choose **Start > Programs > Administrative Tools > Domain Controller Security Policy**.

- Step 3 In the left pane, choose Security Settings > Public Key Policies > Automatic Certificate Request Settings.
- **Step 4** Right-click the right pane and choose **New > Automatic Certificate Request**.
- Step 5 Click Next.
- Step 6 Choose Domain Controller and click Next.
- Step 7 Click Finish.
- **Step 8** Restart the server.
- **Step 9** After the server restarts, enter the following command on the command line:

netstat -na

The SSL port 636 should be active; for example:

TCP 0.0.0.0:636 0.0.0.0:0

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Install the LDAP Certificate on the Prime Network Gateway Server

Prime Network requires a certificate to open a context with the LDAP server. To import the certificate into the system .truststore file, complete the following steps:

Step 1 Download the certificate from the relevant LDAP workstation: a. From the client workstation, go to http://ldaphost/certsrv, where ldaphost is the fully qualified domain name or IP address of the LDAP server. **b.** For blade LDAP, enter the service provider username and password. c. Click Download a CA certificate, certificate chain, or CRL. d. Choose Previous cmpdc in the CA certificate option. Click Download CA certificate. f. Save the certnew.cer file on the workstation. You can rename the file as CA.LDAP-IP-address.cer. Step 2 Log into your workstation. Step 3 Go to ~/Main/resourcebundle/com/sheer and copy the .cer file to that directory. Step 4 Enter the following command on the command line: # keytool -import -alias LDAPID -file CA.LDAP-IP-address.cer -keystore .truststore Note Use the password in the security.properties file in this directory. Be sure to use a unique ID to set a unique alias. Step 5 Enter the following command to check your LDAP certificates on the system .truststore file: # keytool -list -keystore .truststore

Configure Prime Network to Communicate with the External LDAP Server



These features are disabled if Prime Network is installed with Cisco Prime Central.

Use this procedure to configure the Prime Network gateway server to communicate with the LDAP server, and to test the connection after it is configured. You can configure a primary and secondary LDAP server. This procedure uses LDAP terminology, such as distinguished name (DN), common name (CN), and domain component (DC). An LDAP distinguished name uniquely identifies a user in the LDAP database, similar to a full filename but in reverse order. CNs and DCs are attributes of the domain name.

Before You Begin

Make sure you have performed the required prerequisites that are described in the *Cisco Prime Network* 3.10 Installation Guide:

- The LDAP server is correctly configured.
- You know the port number needed for the SSL or simple encryption protocol. These are normally 636 for SSL and 389 for simple.

• If you select SSL for the Application-LDAP Protocol, the SSL certificate must be installed on the Prime Network gateway.

You must have Administrator privileges (user access role) to use this and all other functions in Prime Network Administration.



This procedure requires a gateway restart.

To configure the Prime Network gateway server to communicate with the LDAP server:

Step 1 Choose **Global Settings > Security > Authentication Method**. Figure 7-3 provides an example of the Authentication Method window.



Cools Reports Help		
Global Settings Automatic AVM Management Commands and Activations Default VNE Settings Event Management Settings Job Manager Settings License Report Message of the Day Polling Groups Protection Groups Scheme Management Scheme Management Security Settings User Account Settings Scopes Topology Users Workflow Engine	 Cisco Prime Network Authentication LDAP Authentication LDAP Settings LDAP URLs: Distinguished Name Prefix: Distinguished Name Suffix: Application-LDAP Protocol: 	Idap://server-name.d1.d2:636 CN CN=Users,DC=d1,DC=d2 SSL Apply Restore

Step 2 Click **LDAP Authentication** to activate the LDAP Settings area.

Step 3 Complete the LDAP settings. The settings include specifying LDAP schema attributes, such as CN (common name) and DC (domain component).

Table 7-5LDAP Authentication Method Settings

Field	Description
LDAP URL	LDAP server name and port number, in the following format:
	ldap://host.company.com:port
	where:
	• <i>host.company.</i> com —Fully qualified domain name or IP address of the LDAP server, followed by the final two fields of the Distinguished Name Suffix (company.com, described below
	• <i>port</i> —Network port of the LDAP server. The LDAP server port number is normally 389 for simple encryption and 636 for SSL encryption.
	To specify a primary and secondary LDAP server, use the following format:
	ldap://host1.company.com:port1 ldap://host2.company.com:port2
	For example:
	ldap://ldapsj.acme.com:636 ldap://ldapsfo.acme.com:636
Distinguished Name Prefix	First part of the LDAP DN, which is used to uniquely identify users. Enter the information exactly as shown:
	CN
	(The actual format is CN = <i>Value</i> , which specifies the common name for specific users. = <i>Value</i> will be automatically populated with Prime Network usernames.)
Distinguished Name	Second part of the LDAP distinguished name, which specifies the location in the directory:
Suffix	,CN=Users,DC=LDAP_server,DC=company,DC=com
	where:
	• ,CN=Users—Common name for the type of user; enter Users. For example:
	,DC=Users
	• , DC = <i>LDAP_server</i> —Domain component that specifies the fully qualified domain name or IP address of the Prime Network server. For example:
	,DC=ldapsj
	• ,DC= <i>company</i> —Beginning of the domain name. For example:
	,DC=acme
	• ,DC=com—End of the domain name; enter com. For example:
	,DC=com
	The form should:
	• Begin with a comma.
	• End without any ending symbols or punctuation.
	For example:
	,CN=Users,DC=ldapsj,DC=cisco,DC=com

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Field	Description
Application-LDAP Protocol	Encryption protocol used for communication between the Prime Network gateway server and the LDAP server.
	Note The encryption protocol used must be configured on both the Prime Network gateway server and the LDAP server.
	The supported protocols are:
	• SIMPLE—Encrypt using LDAP. Uses port 389 by default.
	• SSL —Encrypt using SSL. Uses port 636 by default. The SSL certificate must be installed on the Prime Network gateway (see the <i>Cisco Prime Network 3.10 Installation Guide</i>).
Step 4	Click Test Connection to test the connection between the gateway server and the LDAP server.
Step 5	Click Apply .
Step 6	Restart the gateway for your changes to take effect. See Stop and Restart Prime Network Components, page 3-15.

 Table 7-5
 LDAP Authentication Method Settings (continued)

You can now manage user passwords using the external LDAP server.

Import Users from the LDAP Server to Prime Network

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These features are disabled if Prime Network is installed with Cisco Prime Central.

To import users from an LDAP server into Prime Network, you must first create and LDAP Data Interchange Format (LDIF) file using the **ldifde** command, and then import the file into Prime Network using the **import_users_from_LDIF_file.pl** command.

This command produces an LDIF file for a Windows LDAP server:

```
# ldifde -l description,displayName,userPrincipalName -f desired-filename -r
objectClass=user
```

The following shows sample contents of an LDIF file named users.LDF:

dn: CN=xxx,CN=Users,DC=ldapsj,DC=com changetype: add displayName: xxx userPrincipalName: xxx@acme.com

dn: CN=yyyy,CN=Users,DC=ldapsj,DC=com changetype: add displayName: yyyy userPrincipalName: yyy@acme.com

dn: CN=zzz,CN=Users,DC=ldapsj,DC=com changetype: add description: description displayName: zzz userPrincipalName: zzz@acme.com The **import_users_from_LDIF_file.pl** command has the following syntax:

import_users_from_LDIF_file.pl *ldif-filename* [*roleName*] *username-attribute-name* [*user-desc-attribute-name*] [*full-name-attribute-name*]

Where:

Argument	Description
ldif-filename	LDIF file name. It should reside in NETWORKHOME/Main.
roleName	Prime Network user role: Administrator, Configurator, Operator, OperatorPlus, and Viewer (default=Viewer)
username-attribute-name	Attribute name as it appears in the LDIF file. The username can appear in the LDIF file as username only, or in the format <i>username@domain</i> . In both cases, after the import, the Prime Network user is the name only (without the <i>@domain</i> suffix). Mandatory for each user.
user-desc-attribute-name	Attribute name as it appears in the LDIF file. Optional for each user.
full-name-attribute-name	Attribute name as it appears in the LDIF file. Optional for each user.

The following command imports the LDAP users listed in the **users.LDF** file into Prime Network. It creates three users with a Viewer role.

```
# cd $ANAHOME/Main/scripts
```

```
# import_users_from_LDIF_file.pl users.LDF userPrincipalName description displayName
```

Note

All imported users are created with non-Prime Network authentication permissions (LDAP authentication). If the username already exists in Prime Network, the new user is not created.

Change from External to Local Authentication



The Authentication Method feature is disabled if Prime Network is installed with Cisco Prime Central. However, the emergency user will still be allowed to log into Prime Network.

If Prime Network is using external authentication and cannot communicate with the LDAP server, the only user permitted to log back into Prime Network is root. This is because root is the *emergency user*, and is validated only by Prime Network. The root user can then log into Prime Network, change the authentication method to local, and edit user accounts so that those users can subsequently log in. For information on editing user accounts, see Change User Accounts and Device Scope Access, page 7-12.

You must have Administrator privileges (user access role) to use this and all other functions in Prime Network Administration.



This procedure requires a gateway restart.

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To change from external to local authentication, follow this procedure:

- **Step 1** Choose **Global Settings > Security > Authentication Method**.
- **Step 2** Click Prime Network **Authentication** to activate local authentication.
- Step 3 Click Apply.
- **Step 4** Restart the gateway for your changes to take effect. See Stop and Restart Prime Network Components, page 3-15.
- Step 5 Reconfigure user accounts accordingly (see Change User Accounts and Device Scope Access, page 7-12).

Control User Access to Maps

Note

These features are disabled if Prime Network is installed with Cisco Prime Central.

You can use the Maps tab to control user access to existing maps. This feature is disabled by default. You must first enable it and then you can control map access.

When logging into Prime Network Vision, new users do not have permission to view any existing maps; they can only access maps they create going forward. However, administrators can assign existing maps to new users by enabling this feature and manually assigning the maps.

You must have Administrator privileges (user access role) to use this and all other functions in Prime Network Administration.

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These procedures requires a gateway restart.	
	Γo enable this feature:
	Log into the gateway as <i>pnuser</i> and change to the <i>NETWORKHOME</i> /Main directory:
ł	# cd \$ANAHOME/Main
]	Run the following command (which is one line):
	<pre># ./runRegTool.sh -gs 127.0.0.1 set 0.0.0.0 "site/mmvm/services/securitymanager/map-security-enabled" true</pre>
	When the gateway server returns a success message, restart the gateway.
r	To assign maps to a user (after enabling the feature):
	Select Users in the Prime Network window.

Step 3 Click the **Maps** tab. The Maps tab is divided into two parts:

- The left side displays a list of all available maps in the database that have not been assigned to the user.
- The right side displays all maps that have been assigned to the user and that the user can open and manage in Prime Network Vision.
- **Step 4** Choose a map from the list of Available Maps, then click the required button to add the map to the list of Assigned Maps to the user.
- **Step 5** Choose and move maps between the two lists, as required, using the appropriate buttons.
- **Step 6** Click **OK** to confirm the user's assigned maps.

Unlock and Re-enable User Accounts

Note

This feature is disabled if Prime Network is installed with Cisco Prime Central.

User accounts can become locked or disabled for two reasons:

- A user entered the wrong password, exceeding the number of permitted retries. The retries setting is controlled from the Password Settings window.
- The user has not logged in, exceeding the account inactivity period.

The settings that control these actions are specified in the Global Settings; see User Permissions: Lockouts, Commands and Activations, and Job Scheduling, page 7-6.

To reenable a locked account:

- **Step 1** Select **Users** to populate the list of existing user accounts.
- **Step 2** Right-click a user account and choose **Properties** to open the user properties dialog box.
- **Step 3** In the Account tab, check the Enable Account check box.
- **Step 4** Save your changes.

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Delete a Prime Network User Account

Note	

This feature is disabled if Prime Network is installed with Cisco Prime Central.

If you want to disable a user account but not delete it, see Change User Accounts and Device Scope Access, page 7-12.

To delete a user account:

Step 1 Select **Users** in the navigation pane.

Step 2 Right-click the account you want to remove, then choose **Delete**.

The account is deleted and is removed from the content area.

Track User-Related Events

The following table provides ways you can get historical information on user-related events. You can tailor your search or reports by specifying keywords (such as *user*).

Information Type	Refer to:
Recent Security events	Security tab in Event GUI client
Historical data on Security events for a specific time period and/or specific events	From the main menu, choose Reports > Run Report > Events Reports > Detailed Non-Network Events > Security Events