



# CHAPTER 11

## Accessing Data from the Web Interface

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This chapter provides information about accessing Cisco Mobile Wireless Transport Manager (MWTM) data from the MWTM web interface by using a web browser.

This chapter contains:

- [Supported Browsers, page 11-1](#)
- [Accessing the MWTM Web Interface, page 11-2](#)
- [Overview of the MWTM Web Interface, page 11-3](#)
- [Displaying the Home Page, page 11-8](#)
- [Downloading the MWTM Client from the Web, page 11-9](#)
- [Displaying Alarms and Events, page 11-11](#)
- [Displaying Summary Lists, page 11-12](#)
- [Displaying Status and Summary Reports, page 11-12](#)
- [Viewing Report Status, page 11-13](#)
- [Viewing Historical Statistics Report Settings, page 11-15](#)
- [Tools, page 11-16](#)
- [Understanding Groups, page 11-19](#)
- [Viewing Statistics, page 11-22](#)

## Supported Browsers

The MWTM web interface is supported on the following browsers:

- Microsoft Internet Explorer version 6.0 and 7.0 on Microsoft Windows operating system
- Mozilla Firefox 2.0 on Solaris 9 and Red Hat Linux Enterprise AS 4.0 operating system
- Mozilla Firefox 3.0+ on Solaris 10 and Red Hat Linux Enterprise 5.3 and Microsoft Windows operating systems.



### Note

The first time you attempt to connect to the MWTM server using Firefox 3.0, you must add an exception to allow the connection. See [Importing an SSL Certificate to an MWTM Client, page 2-23](#) for more information.

## Checking Your Browser

To check your browser and screen settings, from the MWTM web interface Home page, select **Browser Checker**.



### Note

Opening the MWTM in an unsupported browser generates a warning. Also, if JavaScript is not enabled, the MWTM web interface cannot function.

The Browser Checker window contains:

Pane or Field	Description
<b>Browser Information</b>	
Browser	The name and version of the browser you are using.
Browser User Agent	Text string sent to identify the user agent to the server. Typically includes information such as the application name, version, host operating system, and language.
Platform	The platform type. For example, Win32.
Cookies Enabled	Whether you have cookies enabled on the browser (Yes or No).
Javascript Enabled	Whether Javascript is enabled (Yes or No).
AJAX Component	The Asynchronous JavaScript and XML (AJAX) component sends asynchronous HTTP update requests. The MWTM web application is only accessible to web browsers that have an AJAX component enabled. Typical values include XMLHttpRequest (for Mozilla-based browsers) and MSXML2.XmlHttp (for IE 6).
<b>Screen Information</b>	
Size	Resolution of the display; for example, 1024 x 768.
Color Depth	Depth of the color display; for example, 16.

## Accessing the MWTM Web Interface

The home page of the MWTM web interface is the first window to appear when you launch the MWTM web interface.

To access the MWTM web interface, use one of these methods:

- Open a browser and enter **`http://mwtm_server:1774`** in the Address field. (1774 is the default port).



### Note

Accessing the MWTM web interface through a URL other than **`http://mwtm-server:1774`** is not supported.

- From the MWTM client interface, choose **View > MWTM Web Links > Home**.

The MWTM Home page window opens in the browser window. For details about the Home page, see [Displaying the Home Page, page 11-8](#).

# Overview of the MWTM Web Interface

The MWTM web interface shows basic information about the events and objects that the MWTM manages. The MWTM web interface shows:

Pane	Description
Title Bar	Shows: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Mobile Wireless Transport Manager, version, and server name</li><li>• Managed networks (can be any combination of IP-RAN, ITP, CSG1, CSG2, GGSN, BWG, HA, and PDSN)</li><li>• Logout (appears only if you enable user access; see <a href="#">Configuring User Access, page 2-1</a>)</li><li>• Help—Click this link to access context-sensitive online help</li><li>• Preferences—Click this link to access preferences that you can change from the web interface (see <a href="#">Changing Web Preference Settings, page 5-clviii</a>)</li></ul>
Location bar	Shows where you currently are in the MWTM navigation tree.
Navigation Tree	In the left pane, shows a tree of information organized by categories (see <a href="#">MWTM Web Interface Navigation Tree, page 11-3</a> ).
Content Area	In the right pane, shows detailed information about the object chosen in the navigation tree (see <a href="#">MWTM Web Interface Content Area, page 11-5</a> ).

## MWTM Web Interface Navigation Tree

You can easily navigate the features of the MWTM web interface by using the navigation tree in the left pane. By default, the navigation tree is sorted by alarm severity, with objects having the most severe alarms appearing at the top of the tree.

**Note**

To learn more about alarm severity, see [Chapter 9, “Managing Alarms and Events.”](#)

To view detailed information about a selection in the navigation tree, click the item in the tree. The content area in the right pane shows details about the chosen item. A plus (+) or minus (-) just to the left of the item indicates whether the item has subtending items under its domain.

The MWTM automatically updates the navigation tree when changes occur to discovered nodes or to the network. When any changes occur in the MWTM client navigation tree, the MWTM web interface reflects these changes in its navigation tree. For example, if you delete a node in the MWTM client, the MWTM web interface removes that node from its navigation tree.

**Note**

For information about the navigation tree in the MWTM client interface, see [MWTM Client Navigation Tree, page 4-cxxv](#).

The MWTM web interface navigation tree contains:

GUI Element	Description
 Sort tree by name	Sorts all content in the navigation tree alphabetically by name.
 Sort tree by status	Sorts all content in the navigation tree by status, from the highest alarms to the lowest.
Home	Shows links to MWTM client software, Cisco documentation, and information about the MWTM on the Cisco web (see <a href="#">Displaying the Home Page, page 11-8</a> ).
Administrative	Shows MWTM system information including messages, logs, status, and properties (see <a href="#">Viewing Administrative Information from the Web Interface, page 12-1</a> ).  If MWTM User-Based Access is enabled, only users with authentication level 3 (Network Operator) and higher can see all options. Users of all other levels see only the System Information and System Status panes.
Active Alarms	Shows alarms (see <a href="#">Displaying Alarms and Events, page 11-11</a> ).
Event History	Shows information about the events delivered by the MWTM event logger and event processor for events that the MWTM event logger and event processor deliver for all objects in the current network view (see <a href="#">Displaying Alarms and Events, page 11-11</a> ).
Summary Lists	Shows summaries of all objects that the MWTM manages (see <a href="#">Displaying Summary Lists, page 11-12</a> ).
Reports	<p>Common Statistics—Shows common statistic reports for AAA, CPU, Interface, and Memory. For more information, see <a href="#">Viewing Common Statistics Reports, page 13-6</a>.</p> <p>ITP Statistics—Shows ITP statistic reports for AS, ASP, GTT Rates, Link, Link-Multi-Day, Linkset, MLR, MSU Rates, and SCTP. For more information, see <a href="#">Viewing ITP Statistics Reports, page 13-24</a>.</p> <p>Mobile Statistics—Shows mobile statistic reports for APN, Content Services, and PDSN. For more information, see <a href="#">Viewing Mobile Statistics Reports, page 13-70</a>.</p> <p>RAN Statistics—shows RAN statistic reports for PWE3 and RAN-Optimized. For more information, see <a href="#">RAN-Optimized Reports, page 13-125</a>.</p> <p>ITP Accounting—Shows ITP accounting reports for MTP3, AS/ASP, and GTT. For more information, see <a href="#">Viewing ITP Accounting Reports, page 13-134</a>.</p> <p>Mobile Subscribers—Shows subscriber account reports for HA, CSG, GGSN, and BWG. For more information, see <a href="#">Viewing Mobile Subscriber Count Reports, page 13-138</a>.</p>
File Archive	<p>Events—Shows archived events (see <a href="#">Viewing Archived Event Files on the Web, page 9-22</a>).</p> <p>Common Statistics—Shows archived common statistic reports. For more information, see <a href="#">Viewing File Archive Common Reports, page 13-142</a>.</p> <p>ITP Statistics—Shows archived ITP statistic reports. For more information, see <a href="#">Viewing File Archive ITP Reports, page 13-148</a>.</p> <p>Mobile Statistics—Shows archived Mobile statistic reports. For more information, see <a href="#">Viewing File Archive Mobile Reports, page 13-162</a>.</p> <p>RAN Statistics—Shows archived RAN statistic reports. For more information, see <a href="#">Viewing File Archive RAN Reports, page 13-170</a>.</p>

GUI Element	Description
Tools	Provides tools for launching CiscoWorks, CiscoView, and Device Center. Also provides a search tool for Home Agent (HA) and Gateway GPRS Support Node (GGSN) subscribers (see <a href="#">Tools, page 11-16</a> ).
Groups	Displays user-defined groups (see <a href="#">Understanding Groups, page 11-19</a> ).
DEFAULT View	Shows a current list of nodes in the DEFAULT view.



## MWTM Web Interface Content Area

The content area of the MWTM client interface is fully described in [MWTM Client Content Area, page 4-cxxvi](#). That description also applies to the web interface. Additional navigational features that appear only in the web interface include:

- [Customizing Date Ranges, page 11-5](#)
- [Using the Toolbar, page 11-5](#)

### Customizing Date Ranges

Some windows require that you select date ranges for generating historical graphs (see [Displaying RAN-O Statistics, page 11-22](#)). Standard date ranges (for example, Last 24 Hours or Last 7 Days) are available from a drop-down menu. However, if you want to customize the date range:

- Step 1** Click the **Customize Date and Time Range** tool  in the toolbar of the content area. A dialog box appears.
- Step 2** Enter a:
- Begin Date and End Date; or, select those dates by clicking the Calendar tool .
  - Begin Hour and End Hour from the drop-down menus, if they are available.











**Note** The dialog box shows an error if the End Date is equal to or less than the Begin Date. Correct the error before proceeding.




- Step 3** Click **OK** to accept the date and time changes; or, **Cancel** to cancel this operation. The MWTM web interface generates a report for the specified time period.

### Using the Toolbar

Depending upon the object you select in the navigation tree, the web interface toolbar provides these tools and options:

Tool or Function	Description
Last Updated	Date and time the MWTM last updated the information on the page.
Page	Shows where you are (page X of X total pages) and lists the total number of entries.

Tool or Function	Description
 Refresh	Forces a refresh of the current web page. Click this icon to refresh the current page.
Status Refresh Interval	Allows you change the default refresh interval of 180 seconds. Enter a value between 180 and 900 seconds.  <b>Note</b> Changes you make are temporary to the current page. Navigating away from the page sets the status refresh interval back to the default setting. To change the default setting, see <a href="#">Changing Web Preference Settings, page 5-clviii</a> .
Provision	Allows you to provision the objects.
Page Size	Drop-down list of different page sizes (the number of table rows in the display). Click the drop-down arrow to select a different value. The value that you select becomes the default page size for all pages in the web interface.  The title bar displays the current page and total number of table entries.
>	Advances the display to the next page of information.
>>	Advances the display to the last page of information.
<	Advances the display to the previous page of information.
<<	Advances the display to the first page of information.
 Modify event filter	Opens the Event Filter dialog box. You can create a filter to display only the events in which you are interested (see <a href="#">Setting Alarm or Event Filters, page 9-11</a> ).
 Remove filter	Applies or removes a filter that you created.
Archived	Link that shows only archived alarms or events. This link appears when you select Event History or Active Alarms in the navigation tree. It also appears when you click the Alarms tab or Recent Events tab for a specific object.   <b>Caution</b> In the <i>Server.properties</i> file, you can limit the number of rows in the archived events table with the MAX_ARCHIVED_EVENT_DB_ROWS property. The default value is 200,000. Increasing this value can have severe impact on server performance and can cause the server to run out of memory.
 Customize Date and Time Range	Opens the Customize Date and Time Range dialog box (see <a href="#">Customizing Date Ranges, page 11-5</a> ).
 Graph Series Editor	Opens the Graph Series Editor dialog box, which provides a check box for each available data series. Check the check box to display a series, and uncheck the check box to hide a series.  If you click <b>OK</b> without selecting a series, it is the same as clicking Cancel.  By default, the MWTM displays no more than 12 series by default. To change this default setting, see <a href="#">Display Series Dialog Box, page 8-107</a> .
 Run	Runs the report type for the chosen duration.
 Export	Exports the raw graph data to a report with comma-separated values (CSV file). You can save this file to disk or open it with an application that you choose (for example, Microsoft Excel).
Data Range	Label that shows the chosen time range for the historical statistics.
Type	Drop-down list of report types.

Tool or Function	Description
Duration	Drop-down list of default time ranges. Select one of these options, then click the <b>Run</b> tool. To specify a nondefault time range, click the <b>Customize Date and Time Range</b> too.
Output	Drop-down menu that provides these options: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Graph—Displays statistical data in graphs and tables</li> <li>Table—Presents statistical data in tabular format only</li> <li>CSV—Exports statistical data using comma-separated values</li> </ul>
Sort Parameter	Used in the graph output of certain reports to select the criteria for including a top set of series and for ordering the corresponding graphs displayed.
 Pause	Pauses the page refresh feature. Click Pause to disable the page refresh that would normally occur after the Status Refresh Interval. Click Pause again to re-enable the Status Refresh Interval.
 Edit Notes	Enables you to edit or add notes for events.
Slow Poller Interval	Allows you to change the default slow poller interval of 60 seconds. Enter a value between 60 and 300 seconds.  <b>Note</b> Changes you make are temporary to the current page. Navigating away from the page sets the status refresh interval back to the default setting. To change the default setting, see <a href="#">Changing Web Preference Settings, page 5-clviii</a> .
Fast Poller Interval	Allows you to change the default fast poller interval of 15 seconds. Enter a value between 5 and 60 seconds.  <b>Note</b> Changes you make are temporary to the current page. Navigating away from the page sets the status refresh interval back to the default setting. To change the default setting, see <a href="#">Changing Web Preference Settings, page 5-clviii</a> .
Reset Counters	Enables you to modify the counter reset settings to one of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Show counters since reboot</li> <li>Show counters since last poll</li> <li>Show counters since user reset</li> </ul>
Launch	Drop-down list of applications you can launch: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>CiscoView</li> <li>CiscoWorks LMS Portal</li> <li>Device Center</li> <li>Node Home Page (This option is displayed based on the CiscoWorks user configuration)</li> </ul> After you choose the application, click the  Run icon to launch it.
Severity	Drop-down list of the severities of alarms or events. Severity can be Critical, Major, Minor, Warning, Informational, Indeterminate, or Normal.  This drop-down list appears when you select Event History or Active Alarms in the navigation tree. It also appears when you click the Alarms tab or Recent Events tab for a specific object.

Tool or Function	Description
Change Severity	<p>Button to change the severity level of an alarm or event.</p> <p>To change the severity level, select one or more alarms or events by clicking the corresponding check boxes, choose a severity from the Severity drop-down list, then click Change Severity.</p> <p>This button appears when you select Event History or Active Alarms in the navigation tree. It also appears when you click the Alarms tab or Recent Events tab for a specific object.</p>
Clear Selection	<p>Link to clear the selection of one or more events or alarms. To select one or more alarms or events, check the corresponding check boxes. To clear the selection, click the Clear Selection link.</p> <p>This button appears when you select Event History or Active Alarms in the navigation tree. It also appears when you click the Alarms tab or Recent Events tab for a specific object.</p>
Toolbar for alarms and events	The web interface provides the same toolbar for alarms and events as the client interface. For full descriptions of these tools, see <a href="#">Toolbar Buttons, page 9-7</a> .

## Displaying the Home Page

The MWTM web interface Home page provides access to MWTM client software, Cisco documentation, and information about the MWTM.

To access the Home page of the MWTM web interface, click **Home** under the navigation tree in the left pane.

The content area in the right pane shows these GUI elements:

Pane	GUI Element	Description
Client Software	Download Windows Client	<p>Shows the download instructions for the:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Windows client</li> <li>Solaris client</li> <li>Linux client</li> <li>Information about the browser and screen display</li> </ul> <p>For details, see <a href="#">Downloading the MWTM Client from the Web, page 11-9</a>.</p>
	Download Solaris Client	
	Download Linux Client	
	Browser Checker	



Pane	GUI Element	Description
MWTM on Cisco.com	MWTM Home Page	Shows hyperlinks to:
	MWTM Software Download Page	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• MWTM information on the Cisco website</li> <li>• MWTM software download from Cisco.com</li> </ul>
	Latest MWTM Documentation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Most recent versions of MWTM documentation</li> </ul>
	Engineering Software Updates (FTP)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Software updates provided by Cisco Engineering</li> <li>• Supported IOS Releases document for the current release</li> </ul>
	MWTM Supported IOS Releases	For details, see <a href="#">Accessing Software Updates and Additional Information, page 11-10</a> .
Documentation	Help Home Page	Shows:
	Release Notes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Online Help system for the MWTM</li> </ul>
	Install Guide	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• PDF versions<sup>1</sup> of the: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– <i>Release Notes for the Cisco Mobile Wireless Transport Manager</i></li> <li>– <i>Installation Guide for the Cisco Mobile Wireless Transport Manager</i></li> <li>– <i>User Guide for the Cisco Mobile Wireless Transport Manager</i></li> <li>– <i>OSS Integration Guide for the Cisco Mobile Wireless Transport Manager</i></li> <li>– <i>Alarm Guide for the Cisco Mobile Wireless Transport Manager</i></li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	User Guide	
	OSS Integration Guide	
	Alarm Guide	
	Frequently Asked Questions	
	MWTM Server Help Command	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• HTML version of the FAQs</li> <li>• CLI output of the <b>mwtm help</b> command</li> </ul>
		For details, see <a href="#">Viewing the MWTM Technical Documentation, page 11-11</a> .

1. To access the latest versions, go to the parent index for Cisco MWTM user documents:  
[http://www.cisco.com/en/US/products/ps6472/tsd\\_products\\_support\\_series\\_home.html](http://www.cisco.com/en/US/products/ps6472/tsd_products_support_series_home.html)

## Downloading the MWTM Client from the Web

You can access the MWTM client installation software for Linux (unsupported), Solaris, and Windows from the MWTM web interface Home page. This access is useful if you do not have the CD-ROM, or if you prefer to download the software by using your web browser. Once you have downloaded the MWTM client installation software to your workstation, you must install the software on your local system.

For more information about installing the MWTM client software by using a web server, see the following chapters in the [Installation Guide for the Cisco Mobile Wireless Transport Manager 6.1.2](#):

- “Installing the MWTM on Solaris”
- “Installing the MWTM on Windows”
- “Installing the MWTM on Linux”

### Related Topics

- [Downloading the Solaris Client, page 11-10](#)
- [Downloading the Windows Client, page 11-10](#)

- [Downloading the Linux Client \(Unsupported\)](#), page 11-10

## Downloading the Solaris Client

To access the MWTM Client for Solaris page, select **Download Solaris Client**.

The web interface shows the supported Solaris versions and instructions for downloading the Solaris client. See the [Installation Guide for the Cisco Mobile Wireless Transport Manager 6.1.2](#) for a detailed procedure.

To start the client after installation, add the `/opt/CSCOsgmClient/bin` subdirectory to your path, then enter the **mwtm client** command from the command line.

## Downloading the Windows Client

To access the MWTM Client for Windows page, select **Download Windows Client**.

The web interface shows supported Windows versions and instructions for downloading the Windows setup program. After downloading the setup program onto your desktop or other Windows directory, double-click the **setup.exe** icon to start the setup program and launch the installation wizard. See the [Installation Guide for the Cisco Mobile Wireless Transport Manager 6.1.2](#) for detailed procedures.

To start the client after installation, launch it from the Windows Start menu or double-click the **MWTM Client** icon on your desktop.

## Downloading the Linux Client (Unsupported)

To access the MWTM Client for Linux page, select **Download Linux Client**.



### Note

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The MWTM does not support the MWTM client for Linux. Use the MWTM Linux client under advisement.

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The web interface shows the supported Linux versions and instructions for downloading the Linux client. See the [Installation Guide for the Cisco Mobile Wireless Transport Manager 6.1.2](#) for a detailed procedure.

To start the client after installation, add the `/opt/CSCOsgmClient/bin` subdirectory to your path, then enter the **mwtm client** command from the command line.

## Accessing Software Updates and Additional Information

You can access this information about the MWTM from the MWTM web interface Home page. To:

- View information about the MWTM or any other Cisco product available on Cisco.com, select **Cisco Home Page**.
- Read Cisco literature associated with the MWTM, including product data sheets, Q and As, and helpful presentations, select **MWTM Home Page**.
- Access software updates for the MWTM from Cisco.com for FTP, select **Engineering Software Updates (FTP)**. The Cisco Systems Engineering FTP server page appears.

- Access software updates for the MWTM from Cisco.com, select **MWTM Software Download Page**. The Software Download page for the MWTM appears.
- Access the most recent versions of customer documentation for the MWTM, select **Latest MWTM Documentation**. The Cisco Mobile Wireless Transport Manager documentation page on Cisco.com appears. From this page, you can view the latest versions of MWTM release notes, installation guides, and end-user guides.

**Note**

If you cannot access Cisco.com from your location, you can always view the customer documentation that was delivered with the MWTM software. See the [Viewing the MWTM Technical Documentation](#), page 11-11.

## Viewing the MWTM Technical Documentation

From the MWTM web interface Home page, you can view this MWTM technical documentation. To view the:

- Entire Cisco Mobile Wireless Transport Manager Help System, select **Help Home Page**.
- Entire *User Guide for the Cisco Mobile Wireless Transport Manager 6.1.2* as a PDF file on the web, using the Adobe Acrobat Reader, select **User Guide (PDF)**.
- Entire *Installation Guide for the Cisco Mobile Wireless Transport Manager 6.1.2* as a PDF file on the web, using the Adobe Acrobat Reader, select **Install Guide (PDF)**.
- Entire *Release Notes for the Cisco Mobile Wireless Transport Manager 6.1.2* as a PDF file on the web, using the Adobe Acrobat Reader, select **Release Notes (PDF)**.
- Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs) about the MWTM, select **Frequently Asked Questions**.
- Syntax for every MWTM command, select **MWTM Server Help Command**.

**Caution**

These PDF versions of technical documents might not be the latest versions. For the latest versions, go to: [http://www.cisco.com/en/US/products/ps6472/tsd\\_products\\_support\\_series\\_home.html](http://www.cisco.com/en/US/products/ps6472/tsd_products_support_series_home.html).

## Displaying Alarms and Events

To display alarms in the web interface, click **Active Alarms** in the navigation tree, or select an object in the navigation tree and click the Alarms tab.

To display events in the web interface, click Event History in the navigation tree, or select an object in the navigation tree and click the Recent Events tab.

Viewing alarms and events in the web interface is essentially the same as viewing them in the MWTM client. Only minor differences exist:

- A paging feature for paging through large tables.
- A refresh interval that you can change.
- An Archived link for viewing archived alarms.
- Alarm selection by check box and a Clear Selection link.
- Severity drop-down list and a Change Severity button.

For detailed descriptions of these tools, see the [“Using the Toolbar”](#) section on page 11-5.

For descriptions of the columns, see the [“Right-click Menus”](#) section on page 9-9.

## Displaying Summary Lists

Displaying Summary Lists in the web interface is essentially the same as displaying them in the MWTM client. Only minor differences exist. Clicking on an object under the Summary Lists in the web interface causes the content area to show information about the object.

For details on:

- Navigating table columns, see [Navigating Table Columns](#), page 5-clxiii.
- The toolbar, see [Using the Toolbar](#), page 11-5.

For complete information about Summary Lists, see the [Displaying Object Windows](#), page 6-2.

## Displaying Software Versions

The Software Versions table lists the software versions for each node the MWTM manages.

To access the Software Versions page:

- From the Web interface navigation tree, choose **Summary Lists > Software Versions**.
- From the MWTM main window, choose **View > MWTM Web Links > Software Versions**.

For details on:

- Navigating the columns of the Software Versions table, see [Navigating Table Columns](#), page 5-clxiii.
- The toolbar, see [Using the Toolbar](#), page 11-5.

The Software Versions table contains:

Column	Description
Name	Name of the node.
Node Type	Type of node.
Software Version	Software version used by the node.
Software Description	Full software version information.

## Displaying Status and Summary Reports

You can view a table, graph, or CSV file that shows the overall state of the available MWTM reports, the time the server took to gather data from the network and store it in the database, and enable or disable reports from the report page. You can also run hourly and daily performance summary reports.

- 
- Step 1** In the MWTM Web interface, in the navigation tree, click **Reports**. The Report Status window appears as described in [Viewing Report Status](#), page 11-13.
- Step 2** From the Type pulldown menu, select one of the following types of reports:

- Report Status—See [Viewing Report Status](#), page 11-13.
- Performance Summary Hourly—See [Performance Summary Hourly Report](#), page 11-14.
- Performance Summary Daily—See [Performance Summary Daily Report](#), page 11-14.

**Step 3** Select a duration and output type. See the [“Using the Toolbar”](#) section on page 11-5 for more information about these fields.

## Viewing Report Status

The Reports page in the MWTM web interface allows you to view a table, graph, or CSV file that shows the overall state of the available MWTM reports. You can also enable or disable reports from the report page.



### Note

Only reports that run on a regularly scheduled interval are displayed in the Hourly and Daily data. Reports that run continuously are not displayed.



### Note

Only reports that run on a regular scheduled interval display information in the following columns: Last Start Time, Last End Time, and Duration. Reports that run continuously display *N/A* for these columns. A report that has not yet run has *Unknown* in the above columns.

To access the main Reports page:

**Step 1** Do one of the following:

- In a web browser, launch the MWTM web interface (see [Accessing the MWTM Web Interface](#), page 11-2). In the navigation tree, click **Reports**.
- From the MWTM client, in the MWTM main window, choose **View > MWTM Web Links > Reports**.

The Reports page in the content area shows the Report Type and the status (enabled or disabled). If you have generated a report, a green status ball and the word “Enabled” appear in the Status column. If you have not generated a report, a red status ball and the word “Disabled” appears.



### Note

Clicking a Report Type takes you directly to the report data page.

The Status column indicates whether you have enabled or disabled data gathering for the specified report type.

**Step 2** To enable a report in the MWTM Web interface, click “Disabled” in the Status column. The Status changes “Enabled” and a green status ball appears.

## Performance Summary Hourly Report

The Performance Summary Hourly Report shows the time it takes to gather the data from the network and store it in the database. This report shows data for reports that are invoked via an hourly cronjob only and not reports that run continuously.

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- Step 1** In the MWTM Web interface, in the navigation tree, click **Reports**. The Report Status window appears as described in [Viewing Report Status, page 11-13](#).
- Step 2** From the Type pulldown menu, select **Performance Summary Hourly**.

GUI Element	Description
<i>Toolbar</i>	Provides functions to select a report type, duration, output type. See <a href="#">Using the Toolbar, page 11-5</a> .
<i>Table</i>	<p>If you select the Output Type <b>Table</b>, the table contains:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Report Type—Type of report.</li> <li>Start Time (<i>timezone</i>)—Time the report started.</li> <li>End Time (<i>timezone</i>)—Time the report ended.</li> <li>Duration (secs)—Time it took to run the report.</li> <li>Object Count—Number of objects on which the report was run.</li> </ul> <p><b>Note</b> If the Output Type is Table or CSV, the same data is presented but the column headings are labeled by data type.</p>
Expand to Full Screen	If Output Type is Graph, this text link displays the graph in a new, full-screen window for easier viewing.
Duration (Secs)	<p>If Output Type is Graph, Y-axis label that shows duration in second.</p> <p><b>Note</b> If no data exists between any two data points, the graph displays a color-coded vertical bar to show the period for which no data is available.</p>
Time	If Output Type is Graph, X-axis label that shows a historical time scale and the server time zone.
<i>Legend</i>	If Output Type is Graph, color-coded legend that shows labels for output.

---

## Performance Summary Daily Report

The Performance Summary Daily Report shows the time it takes to gather the data from the network and store it in the database. This report shows data for reports that are invoked via a daily cronjob only and not reports that run continuously.

- 
- Step 1** In the MWTM Web interface, in the navigation tree, click **Reports**. The Report Status window appears as described in [Viewing Report Status, page 11-13](#).
- Step 2** From the Type pulldown menu, select **Performance Summary Daily**.

GUI Element	Description
<i>Toolbar</i>	Provides functions to select a report type, duration, output type. See <a href="#">Using the Toolbar, page 11-5</a> .
<i>Table</i>	<p>If you select the Output Type <b>Table</b>, the table contains:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Type—Type of report.</li> <li>• Start Time (<i>timezone</i>)—Time the report started.</li> <li>• End Time (<i>timezone</i>)—Time the report ended.</li> <li>• Duration (secs)—Time it took to run the report</li> <li>• Object Count—Number of objects on which the report was run.</li> <li>• If the Output Type is Table or CSV, the same data is presented but the column headings are labeled by data type.</li> </ul>
Expand to Full Screen	If Output Type is Graph, this text link displays the graph in a new, full-screen window for easier viewing.
Duration (Secs)	<p>If Output Type is Graph, Y-axis label that shows duration in second.</p> <p><b>Note</b> If no data exists between any two data points, the graph displays a color-coded vertical bar to show the period for which no data is available.</p>
Time	If Output Type is Graph, X-axis label that shows a historical time scale and the server time zone.
<i>Legend</i>	If Output Type is Graph, color-coded legend that shows labels for output.
Bits/Sec or Bytes/Sec	<p>If Output Type is Graph, Y-axis label that shows traffic rate in bits per second. The Y axis automatically scales to the interface speed.</p> <p><b>Note</b> If no data exists between any two data points, the graph displays a color-coded vertical bar to show the period for which no data is available.</p>

## Viewing Historical Statistics Report Settings

- Step 1** In the MWTM Web interface, in the navigation tree, click **Reports**. The Report Status window appears as described in [Viewing Report Status, page 11-13](#).
- Step 2** Click the **Settings** tab. The Historical Stats Report Settings information is displayed.
- You can click on Disabled or Enabled to change the state of any of the reports.
- You can click on any field, except for the Reports Directory field, to modify its value.

Field	Description	
<b>General Settings</b>	Reports Directory	Specifies the directory in which the MWTM reports are stored. You must use the CLI to change the directory in which the reports are stored; you cannot click on this field to modify it.
	Time Mode	Specifies the time mode, either 12-hour or 24-hour, for the reports.
	Master Report Flag	If this option is enabled, the individual report settings are used. If this option is disabled, all reports are turned off.
	Perform Disk Space Checking	Specifies whether disk space checking is enabled or disabled.
	Export Reports	Specifies whether to automatically generate reports in CSV format.
	15 Min Stats Aging (Days)	Specifies the database aging value for 15-minute statistics. When records exceed the specified value, they are aged out of the database.
	Hourly Stats Aging (Days)	Specifies the database aging value for hourly statistics. When records exceed the specified value, they are aged out of the database.
	Daily Stats Aging (Days)	Specifies the database aging value for daily statistics. When records exceed the specified value, they are aged out of the database.
	Monthly Stats Aging (Days)	Specifies the database aging value for monthly statistics. When records exceed the specified value, they are aged out of the database.
	Custom Stats Aging (Days)	Specifies the database aging value for custom statistics. When records exceed the specified value, they are aged out of the database.
<b>ITP Report Settings</b>	Show links with no capacity set (nullcaps)	Specifies whether to show links/linksets that do not have planned send and receive capacities.
	Show SCTP IP Links	Specifies whether to show SCTP IP links.
	High In-Service Ratio Threshold	Displays the high value for the In-Service ratio threshold.
	High Utilization Ratio Threshold	Displays the high value for the utilization ratio threshold.

## Tools

To access launch and search tools, click **Tools** in the navigation tree of the MWTM web interface. The following options are available:

- [Launch Tools, page 11-17](#)
- [Event Sounds, page 11-17](#)
- [Using the Batch Provision Tool, page 11-17](#)
- [Search Tools, page 11-18](#)



## Launch Tools

If you have integrated with a CiscoWorks server, one or more of the following applications appears in the Launch pane as active links:

- CiscoView
- CiscoWorks LMS Portal
- Device Center

The name of the server appears in parentheses following the application names. To launch an application, click the application name. See [Integrating the MWTM with Other Products, page 5-clxxvi](#).

## Event Sounds

The Event Sounds tool allows you to select a sound to be played when the client loses its connection to the MWTM server. By default, no sound is played when the client loses its connection to the server. You must select a sound to be played.

- 
- Step 1** Click **Tools** in the navigation tree of the MWTM web interface. From the **Client disconnect sound** pulldown menu, select a sound. The sound you selected is saved.
- Step 2** After selecting a client disconnect sound, click **Play** to sample the sound.
- 



### Note

Make sure you are not logged into the MWTM client at the same time that you are changing the client disconnect sound in the MWTM web interface. Any sound changes you make using the MWTM client override changes you make using the web interface.

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You can use the MWTM client interface to create and change event sound filters for the MWTM client as explained in [Setting Sounds for Events at an MWTM Client, page 9-35](#).

## Using the Batch Provision Tool

- 
- Step 1** Click **Tools** in the navigation tree of the MWTM web interface, then click **Batch Provision**. This option appears only if you have previously created a provisioning group such as HA config, GGSN config, CSG Config, IP-RAN Config, or RAN-O Config.
- Step 2** In the first pane, from the **Group** pulldown menu, select the group for which you want to batch script. The second pane updates with the batch scripts applicable for the group type you selected in the previous pane.
- Step 3** In the second pane, from the **Batch** pulldown menu, select the script that you want to create. The contents of the batch script are displayed for the batch you selected.
- Step 4** In the third pane, click **Provision**. Click the **Write Mem** option to save the script to the running configuration.

If nodes in the group are not all running the same Cisco IOS version software, a dialog box appears asking whether you want to continue or cancel the operation.

When a batch script is created, the Cisco IOS version of the node that the script was created against is persisted with the batch script. If the Cisco IOS version of the batch script does not match the IOS version for the master node in the group, a dialog box appears asking you whether you want to continue or cancel the operation.

#### Related Topic

- [About Provisioning, page 8-43](#)

## Search Tools



#### Note

You must have the Cisco Home Agent (HA) network enabled to use this tool (for details on enabling HA, see [mwtm manage, page B-44](#)).

The Search pane provides a tool that you use to search for a specific subscriber across one or more designated Cisco Home Agent (HA) routers or to search for a GGSN subscriber. These tools are useful for troubleshooting problems that subscribers might report.

In the Search pane, click one of the following options:

- **Search for Home Agent Subscriber** (See [Searching for Home Agent Subscribers, page 11-18](#).)
- **Search for GGSN Subscriber** (See [Searching for GGSN Subscribers, page 11-19](#).)

## Searching for Home Agent Subscribers

- Step 1** Click **Tools** in the navigation tree of the MWTM web interface, then select **Search for Home Agent Subscriber**.
- Step 2** Click the Identifier Type radio button:
  - **Network Access Identifier**—Use this option if you know the subscriber's network access identifier (NAI); for example, jdoe@xyz.com.
  - **IP Address**—Use this option if you know the subscriber's IP address
- Step 3** Depending on your selection in [Step 2](#), enter the subscriber's NAI or IP address in the Mobile Node Identifier field.
- Step 4** In the Select Groups to Search pane, click on the group(s) for which you want to search for Home Agents. This field is only available if you have previously created an HA config, HA report, or General group. (See [Creating Groups, page 11-19](#).)
- Step 5** In the Select Home Agents to Search pane, check the check boxes of the Home Agents that you want to search. (The default setting is all Home Agents.) Click **Select All** to check all boxes and search all Home Agents. Click **Deselect All** to clear all check boxes.
- Step 6** To conduct the search, click the **Search** button.  
The Search Results popup window appears.
- Step 7** If the search successfully locates the subscriber, and you want to troubleshoot the problem, click the **Troubleshoot Subscriber** button in the Search Results popup.  
The MWTM automatically navigates to the Troubleshooting tab of the HA device.

- Step 8** For more information about troubleshooting devices by using the Troubleshooting tab, see [Viewing Troubleshooting, page 8-40](#).

## Searching for GGSN Subscribers

- Step 1** Click **Tools** in the navigation tree of the MWTM web interface, then click **Search for GGSN Subscriber**.
- Step 2** In the MSISDN field, enter the MSISDN for which you want to search.
- Step 3** In the Select Groups to Search pane, click on the group(s) for which you want to search for GGSN subscribers. This field is only available if you have previously created a GGSN config, GGSN report, or General group. (See [Creating Groups, page 11-19](#).)
- Step 4** In the Select GGSN Nodes to Search field, select all the GGSN Nodes on which you want to search for the MSISDN you entered. Click **Select All** to check all boxes and search all GGSN nodes. Click **Deselect All** to clear all check boxes.
- Step 5** To conduct the search, click the **Search** button.  
The Search Results popup window appears.
- Step 6** If the search is successful, you can select from the matching GGSNs to troubleshoot the subscriber by clicking the **Troubleshoot Subscriber** button in the Search Results popup.

## Understanding Groups

MWTM allows you to create *groups* of nodes that can simplify operations. You can create groups using the MWTM web interface and then perform operations against all nodes of a group instead of performing the operation against each node individually. You can also perform searches on groups. For example, you can search for a home agent subscriber on nodes within a specific group.

For provisioning groups, the *master node* is the first node in the group. The master node is used to determine provisioning commands.

### Related Topics

- [Creating Groups, page 11-19](#)
- [Editing Groups, page 11-20](#)
- [Viewing Group Summary Information, page 11-21](#)

## Creating Groups



### Note

This option is available to users with authentication level Power User (level 2) and higher.

You can create the following types of groups:

- Step 1** From the web interface, click **Groups**.

**Step 2** Click the Create icon. The New Group form appears.

**Step 3** Complete the New Group fields:

Field	Description
Name	Enter a name for the group
Type	From the pulldown menu, select the group type: CSG configuration CSG report GGSN configuration GGSN report General—Any node can be in the general group. HA configuration HA report IPRAN configuration RAN-O configuration



**Note** If a group contains non-existent nodes or if you add a node of the wrong type to a group, the group will be invalid.

**Step 4** Click **OK**.

The Edit window appears displaying information about the group you just created. See [Viewing Group Summary Information, page 11-21](#) for more information.

#### Related Topics

- [Understanding Groups, page 11-19](#)
- [Editing Groups, page 11-20](#)
- [Viewing Group Summary Information, page 11-21](#)

## Editing Groups

After you have created a group, you can add nodes to and remove nodes from the group. You can also order the nodes within the group.



**Note** This option is available to users with authentication level Power User (level 2) and higher. If you do not have the required privileges you will not see the Edit tab.

**Step 1** From the web interface, click **Groups > group name**.

- Step 2** Click the **Edit** tab. The Group Settings pane displays the group name and group type.
- Step 3** In the Group Members pane, specify to display available members by **Nodes** or by **Groups**. You might want to view members by Group if you want to copy all members of one group to another group. The available members or groups are displayed.



**Note** Only valid nodes for a group are displayed in the Available members/groups list. A group is invalid if it contains non-existent nodes or if the group contains nodes of the wrong type.

- Step 4** Click on a member or group to add to the specified group, then click **Add**. The member or group is added to the Selected Members list.
- Step 5** To remove a member, click on the member in the Selected Members list, then click **Remove**.
- Step 6** To order the nodes in a group, use the **Raise** and **Lower** buttons.

For provisioning groups, the *master node* is the first node in the group. The master node is used to determine provisioning commands.

## Viewing Group Summary Information

From the web interface navigation tree, click **Groups** to display the Group Summary List.

Field	Description
Name	Name of the group.
Group Type	Type of group.
Size	Number of nodes in the group.
Notes	Displays any notes attached to the group.
Valid	<b>Yes</b> indicates the group is valid. <b>No</b> indicates the group is not valid. A group is invalid if it contains non-existent nodes or if the group contains nodes of the wrong type.
Last Verified	Time and date group was last verified.

## Displaying Group Details

- Step 1** From the web interface, click **Groups > group name**. You can click on any of the following tabs for more information about the specified group:
- Details—See [Viewing Group Details, page 11-22](#).
- Notes—See [Viewing Notes, page 6-39](#).
- Events—Displays events associated with the nodes in the group only. See [Displaying Alarms and Events, page 11-11](#).
- Alarms—Displays alarms associated with the nodes in the group only. See [Displaying Alarms and Events, page 11-11](#).

Edit—See [Editing Groups, page 11-20](#).

## Viewing Group Details

- 
- Step 1** From the web interface, click **Groups** > *group name*.
- Step 2** Click **Details**. Detailed information about the specified group is displayed. See [Nodes Table, page 6-5](#) for descriptions of the fields.

The Group Member Verification Status field specifies that status of each group member as it exists in the group. If the group is not valid, this field indicates which node is causing the group to not be valid.

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## Viewing Statistics

You can use statistics for capacity planning and trend analysis. For example, you can generate graphs, tables, or CSV files:

- For a specified time range to display historical statistics for customer busy-hours.
- To show the maximum send and receive traffic over a specified time period.
- To show data on a 15-minute, daily, or hourly basis.

MWTM provides two types of statistics:

- **Real-time statistics**—The MWTM provides real-time (not historical) performance statistics and error information occurring in real time. The MWTM client also displays graphs for real-time statistics. You use real-time statistics for troubleshooting active problem areas in your network. See [Displaying RAN-O Statistics, page 11-22](#) and [Displaying Error Statistics, page 11-26](#)
- **Historical reports (statistics)**. These reports are available on the MWTM web interface only.

These statistics vary by the time frame over which they are collected and stored and for some domains, the statistics gathered vary. For example, real-time SCTP Association Statistic Details describes link-level SCTP statistics collected every 15 seconds. The SCTP historical reports describe device-level SCTP statistics for all of the SCTP links on a specific device over 15 minute, hourly, and daily intervals.

## Displaying RAN-O Statistics

You can view real-time performance data for a shorthaul or backhaul interface in the MWTM:

- Web interface by selecting a shorthaul or backhaul interface in the navigation tree and clicking the Shorthaul Performance or Performance tab in the right pane.
- Client interface by right-clicking a shorthaul or backhaul interface in the navigation tree and clicking Performance History. The MWTM client interface provides access to RAN-O real-time performance statistics that you can use to troubleshoot problems that occur in real time. The zoom and navigation features quickly enable isolating and focusing on a problem area.

**Note**

If the CISCO-IP-RAN-BACKHAUL-MIB on the node is not compliant with the MWTM, the MWTM issues the message:

MIB not compliant for reports

Install a version of IOS software on the node that is compatible with the MWTM. For a list of compatible IOS software, from the MWTM:

- Web interface, choose **Administrative > IPRAN OS README**.
- Client interface, choose **View > MWTM Web Links > Administrative**; then click **IPRAN OS README**.

The Performance tab shows one or more graphs depending on the type of report chosen. These graphs depict send and receive rates of optimized IP traffic over a specified time range. The graphs display the traffic in bits per second. Each data series shows maximum, minimum, and average rates of optimized traffic.

The Performance tab for a backhaul interface shows total rates for GSM and UMTS traffic, including total error rates.

This section provides information about:

- [Displaying Shorthaul Performance Statistics, page 11-23](#)
- [Displaying Backhaul Performance Statistics, page 11-24](#)

## Displaying Shorthaul Performance Statistics

The Shorthaul Performance tab for a shorthaul interface shows the maximum, minimum, and average rates for send and receive traffic.

The Shorthaul Performance tab for a shorthaul interface contains:

GUI Element	Description
<i>Toolbar</i>	Provides functions to select a report type, duration, output type. See <a href="#">Using the Toolbar, page 11-5</a> .
Type	A comprehensive summary of minimum, average, and maximum capacity statistics for send and receive traffic on a RAN shorthaul. You can choose from 15-minute, hourly, or daily capacity summary reports, or choose a custom range.
<i>Table</i>	<p>If you select the Output Type Table, the table contains:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Data Type—Type of data, send or receive</li> <li>• Average—Average of the data across the chosen time range</li> <li>• Minimum—Minimum value across the chosen time range</li> <li>• Minimum Timestamp EDT—Time the minimum value occurred</li> <li>• Maximum—Maximum value across the chosen time range</li> <li>• Maximum Timestamp EDT—Time the maximum value occurred</li> </ul> <p><b>Note</b> If the Output Type is Table or CSV, the same data is presented but the column headings are labeled by data type (for example, Send Average and Receive Average).</p>
Expand to Full Screen	If Output Type is Graph, this text link displays the graph in a new, full-screen window for easier viewing.

GUI Element	Description
Bits/Sec or Bytes/Sec	If Output Type is Graph, Y-axis label that shows traffic rate in bits per second. The Y axis automatically scales to the interface speed.  <b>Note</b> If no data exists between any two data points, the graph displays a color-coded vertical bar to show the period for which no data is available.
Time	If Output Type is Graph, X-axis label that shows a historical time scale and the server time zone.
Legend	If Output Type is Graph, color-coded legend that shows labels for traffic rates.

## Displaying Backhaul Performance Statistics

The Performance tab for a backhaul interface shows minimum, average, and maximum traffic rates for send and receive traffic. You can also determine the percentage of backhaul utilization that various traffic types occupy. Error rates appear, too.

The Performance tab for a backhaul interface contains:

GUI Elements	Description
Toolbar	Provides functions to select a report type, duration, output type, and the Graph Series Editor. See the <a href="#">“Using the Toolbar” section on page 11-5</a> .
Type	Report Type. If you choose a Capacity Summary report, the report shows a comprehensive summary of minimum, average, and maximum capacity statistics for total traffic (GSM-Abis and UMTS-Iub), total GSM-Abis traffic, and total UMTS-Iub traffic. You can choose from 15-minute, hourly, or daily capacity summary reports. Error rates appear, too.  If Output Type is Graph, statistics appear in these graphs: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Top—Capacity statistics for send traffic rates, including percentage of backhaul utilization (right side of graph).</li> <li>• Middle—Capacity statistics for receive traffic rates, including percentage of backhaul utilization (right side of graph).</li> <li>• Bottom—Error counts for send and receive traffic.</li> </ul>
Type (continued)	If you choose a Minimum, Average, or Maximum Capacity report, the tables and graphs show capacity statistics for the backhaul interface. You can choose from 15-minute, hourly, or daily capacity reports.  If Output Type is Graph, send and receive rate statistics appear in separate panes. Each pane shows two fully expandable graphs: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Top—Shows total (GSM-Abis and UMTS-Iub), total GSM-Abis, and total UMTS-Iub traffic rates, including percentage of backhaul utilization (right side of graph).</li> <li>• Bottom—Shows traffic rates for each shorthaul interface that belongs to the backhaul.</li> </ul>



GUI Elements	Description
<i>Table</i>	<p><b>Note</b> Different tables appear depending on the report Type and Output Type selections.</p> <p>If the Output Type is Graph, a table appears with these columns:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Data Type—Type of data, send or received</li> <li>• Average—Average of the data across the chosen time range</li> <li>• Minimum—Minimum value across the chosen time range</li> <li>• Minimum Timestamp EDT—Time the minimum value occurred</li> <li>• Maximum—Maximum value across the chosen time range</li> <li>• Maximum Timestamp EDT—Time the maximum value occurred</li> </ul> <p><b>Note</b> If the Output Type is Table or CSV, similar data is presented but the column headings may vary. Also, if the value is N/A, that means no data is available.</p> <p>Another table has these columns:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Data Type—Category of error for which statistics are gathered. Types include optimization, missed packets, and miscellaneous errors.</li> <li>• Total Counts—Total error count for each type of error.</li> <li>• Avg. Error Rate (Per Sec)—The calculated average error rate per second for each error type over the duration of the data range that you chose.</li> </ul> <p><b>Note</b> You can sort the contents of the columns in ascending or descending order by clicking the column heading.</p>
Expand to Full Screen	If Output Type is Graph, text link that shows a graph in a new, full-screen window for easier viewing.
Bits/Sec or Bytes/Sec	<p>If Output Type is Graph, primary Y-axis label (left side of graph) that shows traffic rate in bits per second. The Y axis automatically scales to the User Bandwidth.</p> <p>If no data exists between any two data points, the graph displays a color-coded vertical bar to show the period for which no data is available.</p>
% Utilization	<p>If Output Type is Graph, secondary Y-axis label (right side of graph) that shows the backhaul utilization as a percentage of the User Bandwidth. The graph background has horizontal bars that are color-coded to indicate these thresholds:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Overloaded—Top portion of graph.</li> <li>• Warning—Middle portion of graph.</li> <li>• Acceptable—Bottom portion of graph.</li> </ul> <p>For definitions of these thresholds, see the <a href="#">“Threshold Information (RAN-O Only)”</a> section on page 8-43.</p> <p><b>Note</b> If the % Utilization exceeds 100%, see <a href="#">Why does my backhaul utilization graph show greater than 100% for transmit traffic?</a>, page C-22.</p>
Time	X-axis label that shows a user-specified, historical time scale and the server time zone.
<i>Legend</i>	Color-coded legend that shows labels for traffic and error rates.

## Displaying Error Statistics

You can view error data for a shorthaul or backhaul interface in the MWTM:

- Web interface by selecting an interface in the navigation tree and clicking the Shorthaul Errors or Errors tab in the content area.
- Client by right-clicking an interface in the navigation tree and clicking **Error History**.

**Note**

If the CISCO-IP-RAN-BACKHAUL-MIB on the node is not compliant with the MWTM, the MWTM issues the message:

MIB not compliant for reports

Install a version of IOS software on the node that is compatible with the MWTM. For a list of compatible IOS software, from the MWTM:

- Web interface, choose **Administrative > IPRAN OS README**.
- Client interface, choose **View > MWTM Web Links > Administrative**; then click **IPRAN OS README**.

You view error data for a shorthaul or backhaul interface by selecting the interface in the navigation tree and clicking the Errors tab in the content area. The Errors tab shows total error counts and average error rates in table and graph format.

This section provides information about:

- [Displaying Shorthaul Error Statistics, page 11-27](#)
- [Displaying Backhaul Error Statistics, page 11-28](#)

## Displaying Shorthaul Error Statistics

The Shorthaul Errors tab for a shorthaul interface shows a single table and a graph that shows the error rates and counts for different types of GSM-Abis and UMTS-Iub errors.

The Shorthaul Errors tab for a shorthaul interface contains:

GUI Elements	Description
<i>Toolbar</i>	Provides functions to select report type, duration, and output type. See the <a href="#">“Using the Toolbar” section on page 11-5</a> .
<i>Type</i>	<p>Report Type. If you choose an Error Summary report, the table and graph display a comprehensive summary of total error counts and average error rates for protocol, missed-packet, and miscellaneous errors for the chosen shorthaul. You can choose from 15-minute, hourly, or daily error summary reports. Statistics appear in table and graph format.</p> <p>If you choose an error report that is not a summary report, the table and graph displays protocol, missed packet, or miscellaneous errors for the shorthaul interface. You can choose from 15-minute, hourly, or daily error reports. Statistics appear in table and graph format.</p> <p>For definitions of these error types, see:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Protocol Failures, page 8-117</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Miscellaneous, page 8-118</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Missed Packets, page 8-119</a></li> </ul>
<i>Table</i>	<p><b>Note</b> Different tables and column headings appear depending on the report Type and Output Type selections.</p> <p>If Output Type is Graph, a table appears with these columns:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Data Type—Category of error for which statistics are gathered. Types include protocol, missed packets, and miscellaneous errors.</li> <li>• Total Counts—Total error count for each type of error.</li> <li>• Avg. Error Rate (Per Sec)—The calculated average error rate per second for each error type over the duration of the data range that you chose.</li> </ul> <p><b>Note</b> If the value is N/A, that means no data is available.</p> <p>Depending on the report Type selection, if the Output Type is Table or CSV, a table appears with multiple columns showing various error types and their counts. For definitions of these error types, see the:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Protocol Failures, page 8-117</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Miscellaneous, page 8-118</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Missed Packets, page 8-119</a></li> </ul> <p><b>Note</b> You can sort the contents of the columns in ascending or descending order by clicking the column heading.</p>
<i>Expand to Full Screen</i>	If Output Type is Graph, this text link displays a graph in a new, full-screen window for easier viewing.
<i>Error Counts</i>	<p>If Output Type is Graph, Y-axis label on left side of graph that shows traffic rate in bits per second.</p> <p><b>Note</b> If no data exists between any two data points, the graph displays a color-coded vertical bar to show the period for which no data is available.</p>

GUI Elements	Description
Time	If Output Type is Graph, X-axis label that shows a user-specified, historical time scale and the server time zone.
Legend	If Output Type is Graph, color-coded legend that shows labels for traffic and error rates.

## Displaying Backhaul Error Statistics

The Errors tab for a RAN backhaul interface shows a single table and a graph that shows the error rates and counts for different interfaces belonging to the backhaul.


The Errors tab for a backhaul interface contains:

GUI Elements	Description
Toolbar	Provides functions to select a report type, duration, output type, and the Graph Series Editor. See the <a href="#">“Using the Toolbar” section on page 11-5</a> .
Table	<p><b>Note</b> Different tables and column headings appear depending on the report Type and Output Type selections.</p> <p>If Output Type is Graph, a table appears with these columns:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Data Type—Category of error for which statistics are gathered. Types include optimization, missed packets, and miscellaneous errors.</li> <li>• Total Counts—Total error count for each type of error.</li> <li>• Avg. Error Rate (Per Sec)—The calculated average error rate per second for each error type over the duration of the data range that you chose.</li> </ul> <p><b>Note</b> If the value is N/A, that means no data is available.</p> <p>If Output Type is Table, a table appears with columns for total error counts for various error types (for example, total GSM-Abis errors).</p> <p><b>Note</b> You can sort the contents of the columns in ascending or descending order by clicking the column heading.</p>
Expand to Full Screen	If Output Type is Graph, text link that shows a graph in a new, full-screen window for easier viewing.
Error Counts	If Output Type is Graph, Y-axis label on left side of graph that shows traffic rate in bits per second.
Time	If Output Type is Graph, X-axis label that shows a user-specified, historical time scale and the server time zone.
Legend	If Output Type is Graph, color-coded legend that shows labels for traffic and error rates (for example, Total Errors UMTS-Iub).

## Generating RAN Data Export Files

You can easily generate historical reports for RAN backhauls and shorthauls in the web interface. You can then export this data to a report with comma-separated values (CSV file). You can save this file to disk or open it with an application that you choose (for example, Microsoft Excel).

To export RAN data:

- 
- Step 1** Select a RAN backhaul or shorthaul in the navigation tree of the web interface.
- Step 2** Click the Performance or Errors tab in the right pane.
- Step 3** Generate a report.
- Step 4** Click the Export the report as a CSV file icon  .
- 

## Displaying CSG2 Real-Time Statistics

The MWTM enables you to display real-time statistics for CSG2 nodes in the MWTM web interface. To display real-time statistics, select the node in the navigation tree and click the Statistics tab. The following options appear under the Type drop-down menu:

- [Global Statistics, page 11-29](#)
- [CSG2 Protocol, page 11-34](#)
- [Gx Policy Preload Ext, page 11-35](#)
- [Gx Policy Preload, page 11-37](#)
- [Gx Global Statistics, page 11-39](#)
- [Gx PCRF Method List Message, page 11-41](#)
- [Gx PCRF Method List Message Error, page 11-41](#)

## Global Statistics

**Note**

For toolbar details, see [Using the Toolbar, page 11-5](#).

To view the Global Statistics table, choose this option from the Type drop-down menu. The GUI displays the following categories:

- [Global Statistics, page 11-30](#)
- [Load Statistics, page 11-30](#)
- [BMA Statistics, page 11-32](#)
- [Quota Server Statistics, page 11-33](#)
- [User Database Statistics, page 11-34](#)

## Global Statistics

The Global Statistics pane contains:

Field	Description
User Current	The total number of users with one or more active sessions on the system.
Session Current	The total number of sessions on the system. A session corresponds to a transmission control protocol (TCP) or user datagram protocol (UDP) flow.
User High Water	The highest number of active users reported by the User Current field since its last reset.
Session High Water	The highest number of active sessions reported by the Session Current field since its last reset.
<i>The following statistics are available only on CSG2, Release 2, for devices running IOS 12.4(15) or later.</i>	
GTP BMA Rejected	Number of messages received from all the Billing Mediation Agents (BMAs) with reject cause code.
GTP BMA Dropped	Total Number of messages dropped destined for any of the BMAs
GTP BMA Retransmit	Number of messages retransmitted to all BMAs.
GTP QuotaMgr Rejected	Number of messages received from all the Quota Managers with reject cause code.
GTP QuotaMgr Dropped	Total Number of messages dropped destined for any of the Quota Managers.
GTP QuotaMgr Retransmit	Number of messages retransmitted to all the Quota Managers.

## Load Statistics

Load statistics are available only on CSG2, Release 2, for devices running IOS 12.4(15) or later.

The Load Statistics pane contains:

		Description
Statistics Type	Column	Defines the type of statistics for each row: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Radius Start Requests</li> <li>• Session Create Requests</li> <li>• BMA Messages</li> <li>• Messages to Quota Server</li> <li>• User Database Requests</li> </ul>

		Description
Radius Start Requests	Allowed	Number of outgoing Radius Start requests allowed.
	Allowed Rate	Number of outgoing Radius Start requests allowed per second.
	Allowed Rate High Water	The highest number of outgoing Radius Start requests allowed per second.
	IPC Queue Depth Tolerance	Maximum queue depth for Radius Start requests in the (Inter Processor Communication) IPC queue.
	Denied	Number of outgoing Radius Start requests denied.
	Denial Rate	Number of outgoing Radius Start requests denied per second.
	Denial Rate High Water	The highest number of outgoing Radius Start requests denied per second.
Session Create Requests	Allowed	Number of outgoing Session Create Requests allowed.
	Allowed Rate	Number of outgoing Session Create Requests allowed per second.
	Allowed Rate High Water	The highest number of outgoing Session Create Requests allowed per second.
	IPC Queue Depth Tolerance	Maximum queue depth for Session Create Requests in the IPC queue.
	Denied	Number of outgoing Session Create Requests denied.
	Denial Rate	Number of outgoing Session Create Requests denied per second.
	Denial Rate High Water	The highest number of outgoing Session Create Requests denied per second.
BMA Messages	Allowed	Number of outgoing BMA messages allowed.
	Allowed Rate	Number of outgoing BMA messages allowed per second.
	Allowed Rate High Water	The highest number of outgoing BMA messages allowed per second.
	IPC Queue Depth Tolerance	Maximum queue depth for BMA messages in the IPC queue.
	Denied	Number of outgoing BMA messages denied.
	Denial Rate	Number of outgoing BMA messages denied per second.
	Denial Rate High Water	The highest number of outgoing BMA messages denied per second.
Messages to Quota Server	Allowed	Number of outgoing messages to Quota Manager allowed.
	Allowed Rate	Number of outgoing messages to Quota Manager allowed per second.
	Allowed Rate High Water	The highest number of outgoing messages to Quota Manager allowed per second.
	IPC Queue Depth Tolerance	Maximum queue depth for messages to Quota Manager in the IPC queue.
	Denied	Number of outgoing messages to Quota Manager denied.
	Denial Rate	Number of outgoing messages to Quota Manager denied per second.
	Denial Rate High Water	The highest number of outgoing messages to Quota Manager denied per second.

		Description
User Database Requests	Allowed	Number of outgoing User Database requests allowed.
	Allowed Rate	Number of outgoing User Database requests allowed per second.
	Allowed Rate High Water	The highest number of outgoing User Database requests allowed per second.
	IPC Queue Depth Tolerance	Maximum queue depth for User Database requests in the IPC queue.
	Denied	Number of outgoing User Database requests denied.
	Denial Rate	Number of outgoing User Database requests denied per second.
	Denial Rate High Water	The highest number of outgoing User Database requests denied per second.

## BMA Statistics

The Billing Mediation Agent (BMA) Statistics pane contains:

Column	Description
Server	Name of the BMA server.
Port	The UDP port of the BMA.
VRF Name	Name of the virtual routing and forwarding (VRF) over which communication with BMA occurs. If no VRF is specified, the global routing table is used.
State	The state of the BMA. Possible states include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Standby—The server is prepared to become active.</li> <li>Failed—The server has failed to respond to requests.</li> <li>Active—The server has been activated to receive requests.</li> <li>Echowait—An echo request to this billing mediation agent is waiting for a response.</li> <li>Nawait—A node-alive request to this billing mediation agent is waiting for a response.</li> <li>Suspended—The server has received a stop request from the operator.</li> </ul>
Lost Records	Total number of lost records since system initialization or the last time the counter wrapped.
Total Sent	Total number of records sent to the billing mediation agent.
Failed Acks	Number of acknowledgments received from the billing mediation agent for which there are no outstanding requests.
Outstanding	Current number of messages waiting to be acknowledged. An arrow icon indicates the trend (up or down) since the last poll.
Outstanding High Water	The highest number of messages waiting for acknowledgements as reported by the Outstanding field since its last reset.
Bad Records	Number of bad records received. These are records in which an error was detected while attempting to decode the contents.
Retransmits	Number of messages retransmitted to the billing mediation agent.
Sent Rate	Rate at which records are sent to the billing mediation agent.

*The following statistics are available only on CSG2, Release 2, for devices running IOS 12.4(15) or later.*



Column	Description
Rate Interval	The duration of time interval in Packet Rate and Ack Rate.
Packet Rate	Number of packets sent to the BMA per second calculated over the interval indicated by Rate Interval.
Ack Rate	Number of acknowledgments received from the BMA per second calculated over the interval indicated by Rate Interval.

## Quota Server Statistics

The Quota Server Statistics pane contains:

Column	Description
Server	Name of the quota server.
Port	The UDP port of the quota server.
VRF Name	Name of the Virtual Routing and Forwarding (VRF) over which communication with the quota server occurs. If no VRF is specified, the global routing table is used.
State	The state of the quota manager. Possible states include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Standby—The quota manager is prepared to become active.</li> <li>Failed—The quota manager has failed to respond to requests.</li> <li>Active—The quota manager has been activated to receive requests.</li> <li>Echowait—An echo request to this quota manager is waiting for a response.</li> <li>Nawait—A node-alive request to this quota manager is waiting for a response.</li> <li>Suspended—The quota manager has received a stop request from the operator.</li> </ul>
Lost Records	Total number of lost records since system initialization or the last time the counter wrapped.
Total Sent	Total number of records sent to the quota server.
Failed Acks	Number of acknowledgments received from the quota server for which there are no outstanding requests.
Outstanding	Current number of messages waiting to be acknowledged. An arrow icon indicates the trend (up or down) since the last poll.
Outstanding High Water	The highest number of messages waiting for acknowledgements as reported by the Outstanding field since its last reset.
Bad Records	Number of bad records received. These are records in which an error was detected while attempting to decode the contents.
Retransmits	Number of messages retransmitted to the quota manager.
Sent Rate	Rate at which records are sent to the quota server.

*The following statistics are available only on CSG2, Release 2, for devices running IOS 12.4(15) or later.*

Rate Interval	The duration of time interval in Packet Rate and Ack Rate.
Packet Rate	Number of packets sent to the Quota Manager per second calculated over the interval indicated by Rate Interval.
Ack Rate	Number of acknowledgments received from the Quota Manager per second calculated over the interval indicated by Rate Interval.

## User Database Statistics

The user database is a service that translates a client IP address into a user identifier. The User Database Statistics pane contains:

Column	Description
Server	Name of the user database server.
Port	The listening UDP port of the server.
VRF Name	Name of the VRF over which communication with user data server occurs. If no VRF is specified, the global routing table is used.
State	State of the user database. Possible values include: Reset—State before the database is determined to be active. Active—The database is available and processing requests. Failed—The database has failed and is not processing requests.
Requests	Number of user database requests.
User Identifiers Returned	Number of user identifiers returned.
Requests Resent	Number of user database requests resent.
Request Timeouts	Number of user database requests that have timed out.
Request Errors	Number of errors returned on user database requests.
Requests Rate	Rate of user database requests.
User Identifiers Returned Rate	Rate at which user identifiers are returned.

## CSG2 Protocol



### Note

For toolbar details, see [Using the Toolbar, page 11-5](#).

To view the CSG2 Protocol statistics, choose this option from the Type drop-down menu. The GUI displays:

Column	Description
Inspection Method	Type of inspection method used to identify the protocol.
Protocol	Protocol name used in the configuration of the entity which provides the content services.
Transactions	Total number of transactions for a given protocol.
Subscriber Send Packets	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Total number of outgoing subscriber packets.</li> <li>Rate—Number of outgoing subscriber packets per second.</li> <li>Peak—The highest number of outgoing subscriber packets per second.</li> </ul>

Column	Description
Subscriber Send Bits	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Total number of outgoing subscriber bytes.</li> <li>Rate—Number of outgoing subscriber bits per second.</li> <li>Peak—The highest number of outgoing subscriber bits per second.</li> </ul>
Network Send Packets	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Total number of outgoing network packets.</li> <li>Rate—Number of outgoing network packets per second.</li> <li>Peak—The highest number of outgoing network packets per second.</li> </ul>
Network Send Bits	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Total number of outgoing network bytes.</li> <li>Rate—Number of outgoing network bits per second.</li> <li>Peak—The highest number of outgoing network bits per second.</li> </ul>

## Gx Policy Preload Ext



### Note

For toolbar details, see [Using the Toolbar, page 11-5](#).

To view the Gx Policy Preload Ext statistics, choose this option from the Type drop-down menu. The GUI displays the following categories:

- [Service Contents, page 11-35](#)
- [Accounting Policy Maps, page 11-36](#)
- [Billing Services, page 11-36](#)
- [Content Policies, page 11-37](#)
- [Billing Plans, page 11-37](#)

## Service Contents

The Service Contents pane contains:

Column	Description
Service Contents Inserted	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of service contents inserted during preload.</li> </ul>
Service Contents Deleted	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of service contents deleted during preload.</li> </ul>
Service Contents Rolled Back	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of times the rollback is successful on insertion or deletion of service contents during preload.</li> </ul>
Service Contents Insert Failed	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of times insertion of service contents has failed during preload.</li> </ul>
Service Contents Delete Failed	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of times deletion of service contents has failed during preload.</li> </ul>
Service Contents Roll Back Failed	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of times rollback has failed on insertion or deletion of service contents during preload.</li> </ul>

## Accounting Policy Maps

The Accounting Policy Maps pane contains:

Column	Description
Accounting Policy Maps Inserted	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of accounting policy-maps inserted during preload.</li> </ul>
Accounting Policy Maps Deleted	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of accounting policy-maps deleted during preload.</li> </ul>
Accounting Policy Maps Rolled Back	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of times the rollback is successful on insertion or deletion of accounting policy-maps during preload.</li> </ul>
Accounting Policy Maps Insert Failed	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of times insertion of accounting policy-maps has failed during preload.</li> </ul>
Accounting Policy Maps Delete Failed	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of times deletion of accounting policy-maps has failed during preload.</li> </ul>
Accounting Policy Maps Roll Back Failed	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of times rollback has failed on insertion or deletion of accounting policy-maps during preload.</li> </ul>

## Billing Services

The Billing Services pane contains:

Column	Description
Billing Services Inserted	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of billing services inserted during preload.</li> </ul>
Billing Services Deleted	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of billing services deleted during preload.</li> </ul>
Billing Services Rolled Back	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of times the rollback is successful on insertion or deletion of billing services during preload.</li> </ul>
Billing Services Insert Failed	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of times insertion of billing services has failed during preload.</li> </ul>
Billing Services Delete Failed	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of times deletion of billing services has failed during preload.</li> </ul>
Billing Services Roll Back Failed	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of times rollback has failed on insertion or deletion of billing services during preload.</li> </ul>

## Content Policies

The Content Policies pane contains:

Column	Description
Content Policies Inserted	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of content policies inserted during preload.</li> </ul>
Content Policies Deleted	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of content policies deleted during preload.</li> </ul>
Content Policies Rolled Back	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of times the rollback is successful on insertion or deletion of content policies during preload.</li> </ul>
Content Policies Insert Failed	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of times insertion of content policies has failed during preload.</li> </ul>
Content Policies Delete Failed	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of times deletion of content policies has failed during preload.</li> </ul>
Content Policies Roll Back Failed	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of times rollback has failed on insertion or deletion of content policies during preload.</li> </ul>

## Billing Plans

The Billing Plans pane contains:

Column	Description
Billing Plans Inserted	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of billing plans inserted during preload.</li> </ul>
Billing Plans Deleted	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of billing plans deleted during preload.</li> </ul>
Billing Plans Rolled Back	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of times the rollback is successful on insertion or deletion of billing plans during preload.</li> </ul>
Billing Plans Insert Failed	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of times insertion of billing plans has failed during preload.</li> </ul>
Billing Plans Delete Failed	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of times deletion of billing plans has failed during preload.</li> </ul>
Billing Plans Roll Back Failed	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of times rollback has failed on insertion or deletion of billing plans during preload.</li> </ul>

## Gx Policy Preload



### Note

For toolbar details, see [Using the Toolbar, page 11-5](#).

To view the Gx Policy Preload statistics, choose this option from the Type drop-down menu. The GUI displays the following categories:

- [Gx Policy Preload Statistics, page 11-38](#)

- [Gx Policy Preload Error Statistics, page 11-38](#)

## Gx Policy Preload Statistics

The Gx Policy Preload Statistics pane contains:

Column	Description
PCEF Initiated Preloading	Number of PCEF initiated preloading.
PCRF Initiated Preloading	Number of PCRF initiated preloading.
Policy Preload Requests	Number of Policy Preload requests.
Policy Preload Responses	Number of Policy Preload responses.
Global Policy Push Count	Number of Global Policy Push.
Global Policy Push Acknowledgement	Number of Global Policy Push Acknowledgement.

## Gx Policy Preload Error Statistics

The Gx Policy Preload Error Statistics pane contains:

Column	Description
Preload Data Inconsistent	Number of times the preload data is inconsistent.
Attribute Value Pairs Missing	Number of times the mandatory AVPs (Attribute Value Pairs) are missing.
Wrong Order Failures	Number of failures due to wrong order.
Enforcement Failures	Number of failures to enforce.
Static configuration Conflicts	Number of conflicts with static config.
Credit Control Request Failures	Number of times failed to CCR (Credit Control Request).
Invalid Message Type Errors	Number of invalid message type errors.
Credit Control Answer Errors	Total number of errors occurred in CCA (Credit Control Answer).
Reauthorization Answer Failures	Number of times failed to send RAA (Re-Authorization Answer).

Column	Description
Reauthorization Response Errors	Total number of errors occurred in RAR (Re-Authorization Request).
Invalid Request Type Errors	Number of invalid req-type errors.
Invalid Request Number Errors	Number of invalid req-num errors.
Invalid Request Status Errors	Number of invalid req-status errors.
Invalid Session ID Errors	Number of times the session id received does not exist or when the session id associated with request is not the same as the one received.
Preload Timeout Errors	Number of times the preload timeout occurs.

## Gx Global Statistics



### Note

For toolbar details, see [Using the Toolbar, page 11-5](#).

To view the Gx Global statistics, choose this option from the Type drop-down menu. The GUI displays the following categories:

- [Gx Global Message Statistics, page 11-39](#)
- [Gx Global Message Error Statistics, page 11-40](#)

## Gx Global Message Statistics

The Gx Global Message Statistics pane contains:

Column	Description
Active Sessions	Total number of active sessions.
Credit Control Request Initial Messages Sent	Total number of CCR-Initial messages sent.
Credit Control Request Initial Messages Sent Rate	Rate at which CCR-Initial messages are sent.
Credit Control Request Update Messages Sent	Total number of CCR-Update messages sent.
Credit Control Request Update Messages Sent Rate	Rate at which the CCR-Update messages are sent.

Column	Description
Credit Control Request Final Messages Sent	Total number of CCR-Final messages sent.
Credit Control Request Final Messages Sent Rate	Rate at which the CCR-Final messages are sent.
Credit Control Answer Messages Received	Total number of CCA messages received.
Credit Control Answer Messages Received Rate	Rate at which the CCA messages are received.
Reauthorization Request Messages Received	Total number of RAR messages received.
Reauthorization Request Messages Received Rate	Rate at which the RAR messages are sent.
Reauthorization Answer Messages Sent	Total number of RAA messages sent.
Reauthorization Answer Messages Sent Rate	Rate at which the RAA messages are sent.

## Gx Global Message Error Statistics

The Gx Global Message Error Statistics pane contains:

Column	Description
Credit Control Response Failures	Number of failures to send CCR.
Invalid Message Type Errors	Total number of invalid message type errors.
Duplicate Request Errors	Total number of duplicate request type errors.
Credit Control Answer Errors	Total number of errors occurred in CCA.
Reauthorization Answer Failures	Number of failures to send RAA.
Reauthorization Response Errors	Total number of errors occurred in RAR.
Invalid Request Type Errors	Number of errors due to invalid request type.



Column	Description
Invalid Request Number Errors	Number of errors due to invalid request number.
Invalid Request Status Errors	Number of errors due to invalid request status.
Invalid Session ID Errors	Number of times the session id received does not exist or when the session id associated with request is not the same as the one received.

## Gx PCRF Method List Message



### Note

For toolbar details, see [Using the Toolbar, page 11-5](#).

To view the Gx PCRF Method List Message statistics, choose this option from the Type drop-down menu. The GUI displays:

Column	Description
Method List Name	Method list name.
Credit Control Request Initial Messages Sent	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Total number of CCR-Initial messages sent.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which CCR-Initial messages are sent.</li> </ul>
Credit Control Request Update Messages Sent	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Total number of CCR-Update messages sent.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which the CCR-Update messages are sent.</li> </ul>
Credit Control Request Final Messages Sent	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Total number of CCR-Final messages sent.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which the CCR-Final messages are sent.</li> </ul>
Credit Control Answer Messages Received	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Total number of CCA messages received.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which the CCA messages are received.</li> </ul>
Reauthorization Request Messages Received	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Total number of RAR messages received.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which the RAR messages are sent.</li> </ul>
Reauthorization Answer Messages Sent	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Total number of RAA messages sent.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which the RAA messages are sent.</li> </ul>

## Gx PCRF Method List Message Error



### Note

For toolbar details, see [Using the Toolbar, page 11-5](#).

To view the Gx PCRF Method List Message Error statistics, choose this option from the Type drop-down menu.

The GUI displays:

Column	Description
Method List Name	Method list name.
PCRF Reboots	Number of times PCRF reboots.
Credit Control Response Failures	Number of failures to send CCR.
Invalid Message Type Errors	Total number of invalid message type errors.
Duplicate Request Errors	Total number of duplicate request type errors.
Credit Control Answer Errors	Total number of errors occurred in CCA.
Reauthorization Answer Failures	Number of failures to send RAA.
Reauthorization Response Errors	Total number of errors occurred in RAR.
Invalid Request Type Errors	Number of errors due to invalid request type.
Invalid Request Number Errors	Number of errors due to invalid request number.
Invalid Request Status Errors	Number of errors due to invalid request status.
Invalid Session ID Errors	Number of times the session id received does not exist or when the session id associated with request is not the same as the one received.

## Displaying BWG Real-Time Statistics

The MWTM enables you to display real-time statistics for Broadband Wireless Gateway (BWG) nodes in the MWTM web interface. To display BWG real-time statistics, select a BWG node in the navigation tree and click the Statistics tab. The following subtabs appear:

- [Global Statistics, page 11-42](#)
- [Paths Statistics, page 11-51](#)
- [User Groups Statistics, page 11-52](#)

## Global Statistics

The Global statistics subtab shows global statistics for BWG nodes and contains:

- [Status, page 11-43](#)
- [Creation and Deletion Statistics, page 11-44](#)
- [Miscellaneous Statistics, page 11-45](#)
- [Signaling Packet Statistics, page 11-46](#)

- [DHCP Packet Statistics, page 11-46](#)
- [Handoff Statistics, page 11-47](#)
- [Data Packet Statistics, page 11-48](#)
- [Dropped Packet Statistics, page 11-49](#)
- [Profile Statistics, page 11-50](#)
- [Rejected Statistics, page 11-51](#)

**Note**

For toolbar details, see [Using the Toolbar, page 11-5](#).

## Status

The Status pane shows:

Field	Description
Version	Software version of the BWG.
Description	Description of the physical instance of the BWG.
Operational Status	Current operational state of the BWG.
Session Redundancy Status	Indicates whether session redundancy is enabled or disabled.

## Creation and Deletion Statistics

The Creation and Deletion Statistics pane shows:

Field	Description
Base Stations	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Maximum—Maximum number of base stations that can be concurrently supported by this BWG.</li> <li>• Current—Current number of signaling paths to all base stations. One signaling path is created between the BWG and each base station, so the current number of signaling paths is equal to the number of base stations currently connected to the BWG.</li> <li>• Created Count—Total number of signaling paths created on this BWG which include active and past signaling paths.</li> <li>• Created Rate—Rate at which signaling paths are created.</li> <li>• Deleted Count—Total number of signaling paths deleted on this BWG.</li> <li>• Deleted Rate—Rate at which signaling paths are deleted.</li> </ul>
Data Paths	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Maximum—N/A</li> <li>• Current—Current number of data paths to all base stations.</li> <li>• Created Count—Total number of data paths created on this BWG which include active and past data paths.</li> <li>• Created Rate—Rate at which data paths are created.</li> <li>• Deleted Count—Total number of data paths deleted on this BWG.</li> <li>• Deleted Rate—Rate at which data paths are deleted.</li> </ul>
Subscribers	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Maximum—Maximum number of subscribers that can be concurrently supported by this BWG.</li> <li>• Current—Number of subscribers currently connected to this BWG.</li> <li>• Created Count—Total number of subscribers created on this BWG which includes active and past subscribers</li> <li>• Created Rate—Rate at which subscribers are created.</li> <li>• Deleted Count—Total number of subscribers deleted on this BWG.</li> <li>• Deleted Rate—Rate at which subscribers are deleted.</li> </ul>
Sessions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Maximum—N/A</li> <li>• Current—Number of sessions currently active on this BWG.</li> <li>• Created Count—Total number of sessions created on this BWG which include active and past sessions.</li> <li>• Created Rate—Rate at which sessions are created.</li> <li>• Deleted Count—Total number of sessions deleted on this BWG.</li> <li>• Deleted Rate—Rate at which sessions are deleted.</li> </ul>

Field	Description
Flows	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Maximum—N/A</li> <li>• Current—Current number of flows for all sessions active on this BWG.</li> <li>• Created Count—Total number of flows created on this BWG which include active and past flows.</li> <li>• Created Rate—Rate at which flows are created.</li> <li>• Deleted Count—Total number of flows deleted on this BWG.</li> <li>• Deleted Rate—Rate at which flows are deleted.</li> </ul>
Hosts	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Maximum—N/A</li> <li>• Current—Current number of hosts connected to this BWG.</li> <li>• Created Count—Total number of hosts created on this BWG which include active and past hosts.</li> <li>• Created Rate—Rate at which hosts are created.</li> <li>• Deleted Count—Total number of hosts deleted on this BWG.</li> <li>• Deleted Rate—Rate at which hosts are deleted.</li> </ul>

## Miscellaneous Statistics

The Miscellaneous Statistics pane shows:

Field	Description
Framed Routes	Indicates the current number of unique framed routes downloaded from AAA and inserted into the IP routing table on a gateway.
Framed Router Subscribers	Indicates the number of subscribers using framed routes.
Auto-Provisioned Sessions	Indicates the number of auto-provisioned sessions on gateway.
Redirected Sessions	Indicates the number of sessions with all uplink IP packets redirected by the gateway.
Networks Behind Mobile Stations	Indicates the number of networks behind mobile stations.
Aged Out Hosts	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Count—Indicates the number of idle static hosts aged out.</li> <li>• Rate—Rate at which idle static hosts are aged out.</li> </ul>

## Signaling Packet Statistics

The Signaling Packet Statistics pane shows:

Field	Description
Pending	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Total number of signaling packets currently pending on this BWG</li> </ul>
Processed	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Total number of signaling packets processed by this BWG.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which signaling packets are processed.</li> </ul>
Requeued	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Total number of signaling packets that were requeued on this BWG.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which signaling packets are requeued.</li> </ul>
Congestion Drops	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of signaling packets dropped when too many signaling packets are queued. The current queue limit is 1000 packets.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which signaling packets are dropped.</li> </ul>
Service Disabled Drops	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of signaling packets dropped due to disabled service.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which signaling packets are dropped.</li> </ul>
Service Not Ready Drops	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of signaling packets dropped while in non-active state for redundant configuration.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which signaling packets are dropped.</li> </ul>
Encapsulation Errors Drops	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of signaling packets dropped due to encapsulation errors.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which signaling packets are dropped.</li> </ul>
Disposed Drops	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of signaling packets disposed by the BWG.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which signaling packets are disposed.</li> </ul>

## DHCP Packet Statistics

The DHCP Packet Statistics pane shows:

Field	Description
Discover	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of DHCP discover packets.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which DHCP packets are discovered.</li> </ul>
Offer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of DHCP offer packets.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which DHCP packets are offered.</li> </ul>
Request	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of DHCP request packets.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which DHCP packets are requested.</li> </ul>
Decline	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of DHCP decline packets.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which DHCP packets are declined.</li> </ul>
Ack	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of DHCP acknowledged packets.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which DHCP packets are acknowledged.</li> </ul>
Nak	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of DHCP negatively acknowledged packets.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which DHCP packets are negatively acknowledged.</li> </ul>

Field	Description
Release	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of DHCP release packets.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which DHCP packets are released.</li> </ul>
Inform	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of DHCP inform packets.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which DHCP packets are informed.</li> </ul>
Lease Query	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of DHCP lease query packets.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which DHCP packets are lease queried.</li> </ul>
Unknown	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of DHCP unknown packets.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which DHCP packets are unknown.</li> </ul>

## Handoff Statistics

The Handoff Statistics pane shows:

Field	Description
Successful Handoffs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of successful session handoffs between Base Stations.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which successful session handoffs occur.</li> </ul>
Failed Handoffs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of failed session handoffs between Base Stations.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which failed session handoffs occur.</li> </ul>
Successful CMAC Key Updates	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of successful CMAC Key count updates related to handoff between base stations.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which successful CMAC Key count updates are received.</li> </ul>
Failed CMAC Key Updates	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of failed CMAC Key count updates related to handoff between base stations.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which failed CMAC Key count updates are received.</li> </ul>
Successful Security Key Exchanges	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of successful security key exchanges during handoff between base stations.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which successful security key exchanges occur.</li> </ul>
Failed Security Key Exchanges	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of failed security key exchanges during handoff between base stations.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which failed security key exchanges occur.</li> </ul>

## Data Packet Statistics

The Data Packet Statistics pane shows:

Field	Description
Received IP Packets	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of data packets received by the BWG.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which data packets are received by the BWG.</li> </ul>
Received IP Bits	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of data bits received by the BWG.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which data bits are received by the BWG.</li> </ul>
Sent IP Packets	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of data packets sent by the BWG.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which data packets are sent by the BWG.</li> </ul>
Sent IP Bits	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of data bits sent by the BWG.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which data bits are sent by the BWG.</li> </ul>
Redirected IP Packets	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of IP packets redirected by the BWG.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which IP packets are redirected by the BWG.</li> </ul>
Redirected IP Bits	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of IP bits redirected by the BWG.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which IP bits are redirected by the BWG.</li> </ul>
Received Ethernet Packets	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of ethernet packets received by the BWG.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which IP packets are redirected by the BWG.</li> </ul>
Received Ethernet Bits	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of ethernet bits received by the BWG.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which ethernet bits are received by the BWG.</li> </ul>
Sent Ethernet Packets	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of ethernet packets sent by the BWG.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which ethernet packets are sent by the BWG.</li> </ul>
Sent Ethernet Bits	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of ethernet bits sent by the BWG.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which ethernet bits are sent by the BWG.</li> </ul>
Redirected Ethernet Packets	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of ethernet packets redirected by the BWG.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which ethernet packets are redirected by the BWG.</li> </ul>
Redirected Ethernet Bits	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of ethernet bits redirected by the BWG.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which ethernet bits are redirected by the BWG.</li> </ul>
Punted Data Packets	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number data packets punted from the cef path to the process path.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which packets are punted from the cef path to the process path.</li> </ul>



## Dropped Packet Statistics

The Dropped Packet Statistics pane shows:

Field	Description
Encapsulation Errors Drops	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of data packets dropped due to encapsulation errors.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which data packets are dropped.</li> </ul>
Invalid Address Drops	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of data packets dropped due to invalid IP address.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which data packets are dropped.</li> </ul>
Service Disabled Drops	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of data packets dropped due to disabled service.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which data packets are dropped.</li> </ul>
Invalid Protocol Type Drops	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of data packets dropped due to invalid protocol types.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which data packets are dropped.</li> </ul>
Length Error Drops	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of data packets dropped due to IP packet length errors.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which data packets are dropped.</li> </ul>
Absent Key Drops	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of data packets dropped due to GRE key errors.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which data packets are dropped.</li> </ul>
Flow Not Found Drops	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of data packets dropped due to flow not found errors.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which data packets are dropped.</li> </ul>
Flow Path Not Found Drops	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of data packets dropped due to flow path not found errors.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which data packets are dropped due to flow path not found errors.</li> </ul>
Flow Path Invalid Source Drops	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of data packets dropped due to invalid source path address errors in the GRE header.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which data packets are dropped due to invalid source path address errors in the GRE header.</li> </ul>
Session Not Found Drops	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of data packets dropped due to session not found errors for the GRE key.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which data packets are dropped due to session not found errors.</li> </ul>
Subscriber Not Found Drops	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of data packets dropped due to subscriber not found errors for the GRE key.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which data packets are dropped due to subscriber not found errors.</li> </ul>
Checksum Error Drops	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of data packets dropped due to checksum errors.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which data packets are dropped due to checksum errors.</li> </ul>
Ingress Filtering Drops	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of data packets dropped due to subscriber invalid source IP address errors.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which data packets are dropped due to invalid source IP address errors.</li> </ul>

Field	Description
Sequence Number Error Drops	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of data packets dropped due to sequence number errors.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which data packets are dropped due to sequence number errors.</li> </ul>
Fragmented Drops	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of data packets dropped due to fragmented packet errors.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which data packets dropped due to fragmented packet errors.</li> </ul>
Static IP Host Creation Failure Drops	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of packets, such as upstream ARP and upstream data packets, dropped due to failure in creation of Static IP Host.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which data packets are dropped due to failure in creation of Static IP Host.</li> </ul>
L2 Multicast and Broadcast Drops	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Number of L2 multicast and broadcast data packets other than ARP and DHCP dropped by BWG.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which L2 multicast and broadcast data packets are dropped.</li> </ul>
Throttled Path Punt Drops	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of data packets dropped due to throttling of punts.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which L2 multicast and broadcast data packets are dropped.</li> </ul>
Learned Static Hosts Drops	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of data packets dropped due to BWG learning about static hosts from upstream data packets.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which data packets are dropped due to BWG learning about static hosts from upstream data packets.</li> </ul>

## Profile Statistics

The Profile Statistics pane shows:

Field	Description
Service Flow Profile Not Found	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of service flow creation errors due to an unconfigured service flow profile.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which creation errors are received.</li> </ul>
QOS Profile Not Found	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of service flow creation errors due to an unconfigured service flow QoS profile.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which creation errors are received.</li> </ul>
Classifier Profile Not Found	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of service flow creation errors due to an unconfigured service flow packet classifier profile.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which service flow creation errors occur due to an unconfigured service flow packet classifier profile.</li> </ul>
SLA Profile Not Found	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number number of session creation failures due to configuration error in Service Level Agreement (SLA) profile on BWG.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which session creation failures occur due to configuration error in Service Level Agreement (SLA) profile on BWG.</li> </ul>

## Rejected Statistics

The Rejected Statistics pane shows:

Field	Description
Rejected Base Station Paths	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of paths rejected because they exceeded the maximum number of base stations allowed to connect to this BWG.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which paths are rejected because they exceeded the maximum number of base stations allowed to connect to this BWG.</li> </ul>
Unapproved Base Station Sessions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of session creation and/or session handoffs rejected because the requesting base station is not approved for it.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which created sessions and/or session handoffs are rejected because the base station is not approved for it.</li> </ul>
Rejected Subscriber Sessions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of sessions rejected due to exceeding the maximum number of allowed subscribers.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which sessions that were rejected due to exceeding the maximum number of allowed subscribers.</li> </ul>
Rejected Session Flows	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of flows that were rejected due to exceeding the maximum number of flows allowed per session.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which flows were rejected due to exceeding the maximum number of flows allowed per session.</li> </ul>
Session Deleted by the Gateway	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of sessions deleted by the BWG.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which sessions were deleted by the BWG.</li> </ul>
Rejected Hosts Open Requests	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of <i>hosts open</i> requests rejected.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which <i>hosts open</i> requests are rejected.</li> </ul>

## Paths Statistics



### Note

For toolbar details, see [Using the Toolbar, page 11-5](#).

The Paths statistics subtab shows information and statistics about each base station and contains:

Column	Description
Remote IP Address	Path IP address at the base station side.
Local IP Address	Path IP address at the BWG side.
Type	Path type, can be signaling or data.
Sessions	Number of sessions over the path.
Flows	Number of flows over the path.
Sent IP Packets: Count	Total number of IP packets sent over the path.

Column	Description
Sent IP Packets: Rate	Rate at which IP packets are sent.
Sent IP Bits: Count	Total number of IP bits sent over the path.
Sent IP Bits: Rate	Rate at which IP bits are sent.
Received IP: Packets Count	Total number of IP packets received over the path.
Received IP: Packets Rate	Rate at which IP packets are received.
Received IP Bits: Count	Total number of IP bits received over the path.
Received IP Bits: Rate	Rate at which IP bits are received.
Sent Ethernet Packets: Count	Total number of Ethernet packets sent over the path.
Sent Ethernet Packets: Rate	Rate at which Ethernet packets are sent.
Sent Ethernet Bits: Count	Total number of Ethernet bits sent over the path.
Sent Ethernet Bits: Rate	Rate at which Ethernet bits are sent.
Received Ethernet Packets: Count	Total number of Ethernet packets received over the path.
Received Ethernet Packets: Rate	Rate at which Ethernet packets are received.
Received Ethernet Bits: Count	Total number of Ethernet bits received over the path.
Received Ethernet Bits: Rate	Rate at which Ethernet bits are received.

## User Groups Statistics

The User Groups statistics subtab shows information and statistics for user groups and contains:

- [Sessions and Flow Statistics, page 11-53](#)
- [Traffic Statistics, page 11-53](#)



### Note

For toolbar details, see [Using the Toolbar, page 11-5](#).

## Sessions and Flow Statistics

The Sessions and Flow Statistics pane shows:

Column	Description
Name	Domain name identifying a user group.
Service Mode	User group service mode.
Current Session Count	Total number of active sessions per user group.
Current Flows Count	Total number of active flows per user group.
Sessions Created: Count	Total number of sessions created per user group.
Sessions Created: Rate	Rate at which sessions are created.
Sessions Deleted: Count	Total number of sessions deleted per user group.
Sessions Deleted: Rate	Rate at which sessions are deleted.
Flows Created: Count	Total number of flows created per user group.
Flows Created: Rate	Rate at which flows are created.
Flows Deleted: Count	Total number of flows deleted per user group.
Flows Deleted: Rate	Rate at which flows are deleted.
Group Overwrites: Count	Number of times this user group has been overwritten by the user group received from the AAA server. Users can belong to a particular user group at the time of initial entry and the AAA server can recategorize the user under a different user group after successful authentication.
Group Overwrites: Rate	Rate at which this user group has been overwritten by the user group received from the AAA server.

## Traffic Statistics

The Traffic Statistics pane shows:

Column	Description
Name	Domain name identifying a user group.
Service Mode	User group service mode.
Sent IP Packets: Count	Total number of IP packets sent over the path.

Column	Description
Sent IP Packets: Rate	Rate at which IP packets are sent.
Sent IP Bits: Count	Total number of IP bits sent over the path.
Sent IP Bits: Rate	Rate at which IP bits are sent.
Received IP Packets: Count	Total number of IP packets received over the path.
Received IP Packets: Rate	Rate at which IP packets are received.
Received IP Bits: Count	Total number of IP bits received over the path.
Received IP Bits: Rate	Rate at which IP bits are received.
Sent Ethernet Packets: Count	Total number of Ethernet packets sent over the path.
Sent Ethernet Packets: Rate	Rate at which Ethernet packets are sent.
Sent Ethernet Bits: Count	Total number of Ethernet bits sent over the path.
Sent Ethernet Bits: Rate	Rate at which Ethernet bits are sent.
Received Ethernet Packets: Count	Total number of Ethernet packets received over the path.
Received Ethernet Packets: Rate	Rate at which Ethernet packets are received.
Received Ethernet Bits: Count	Total number of Ethernet bits received over the path.
Received Ethernet Bits: Rate	Rate at which Ethernet bits are received.
Received: Packets Rate	Rate at which packets are received.
Received: Bits Count	Total number of bits received by this user group.
Received: Bits Rate	Rate at which bits are received.
Invalid Source Packets: Count	Number of packets dropped due to invalid source address errors.
Invalid Source Packets: Rate	Rate at which packets are dropped.
Invalid Source Bits: Count	Number of bits dropped due to invalid source address errors.
Invalid Source Bits: Rate	Rate at which bits are dropped.

# Displaying HA Real-Time Statistics

The MWTM enables you to display real-time statistics for Home Agent (HA) nodes in the MWTM web interface. To display HA real-time statistics, select a HA node in the navigation tree and click the Statistics tab. These subtabs appear:

- [Global, page 11-55](#)
- [IP Local Pool Config, page 11-57](#)
- [IP Local Pool Stats, page 11-57](#)

## Global

The Global subtab shows global statistics for HA nodes and contains:

- [Registrations Processed by AAA, page 11-55](#)
- [Registration Requests, page 11-56](#)
- [Standby Synchronization, page 11-56](#)

**Note**

For toolbar details, see [Using the Toolbar, page 11-5](#).

## Registrations Processed by AAA

The Registrations Processed by AAA pane shows:

Field	Description
Maximum Processed in one minute	The maximum number of registration requests processed in a minute by the HA. It includes only those registration requests which were authenticated by the AAA server.
Average time to process (msecs)	The average time taken by the home agent to process a registration request. Calculations are based on only those registration requests that were authenticated by the AAA server.
Authenticated via AAA Server	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Count—The total number of registration requests processed by the home agent, including only those registration requests that were authenticated by the AAA server.</li><li>• Rate—The total rate of registration requests processed by the home agent, including only those registration requests that were authenticated by the AAA server.</li></ul>

## Registration Requests

The Registration Requests pane shows:

Field	Description
Current Bindings	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—The current number of entries in the home agent's mobility binding list. The home agent updates this number in response to registration events from mobile nodes.</li> <li>Rate—The count can increment or decrease, resulting in a positive or negative rate.</li> </ul>
Initial Received	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Total number of initial registration requests received by the HA.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which initial registration requests are received by the HA.</li> </ul>
Initial Denied	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Total number of initial registration requests denied by the HA.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which initial registration requests are denied by the HA.</li> </ul>
All Received	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Total number of all registration requests received by the HA.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which all registration requests are received by the HA.</li> </ul>
All Denied	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Total number of all registration requests denied by the HA.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which all registration requests are denied by the HA.</li> </ul>

## Standby Synchronization

The Standby Synchronization pane shows:

Field	Description
Binding Updates Sent	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Total number of binding updates sent by the home agent to a standby home agent.</li> <li>Rate—Total rate of binding updates sent by the home agent to a standby home agent.</li> </ul>
Binding Updates Unacknowledged	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Total number of binding updates sent by the home agent for which no acknowledgement is received from the standby home agent.</li> <li>Rate—Total rate of binding updates sent by the home agent for which no acknowledgement is received from the standby home agent.</li> </ul>



## IP Local Pool Config


**Note**

For toolbar details, see [Using the Toolbar, page 11-5](#).

The IP Local Pool Config subtab shows IP addresses for HA nodes and contains:

Column	Description
Name	Name that uniquely identifies an IP local pool. This name must be unique among all the local IP pools even when they belong to different pool groups.
Addresses: Low	This object specifies the first IP address of the range of IP addresses contained by this pool entry. This address must be less than or equal to the High address.
Addresses: High	This object specifies the last IP address of the range of IP addresses mapped by this pool entry. If only a single address is being mapped, the value of this object is equal to the Low value.
Addresses: Free	Number of IP addresses available for use in the range of IP addresses.
Addresses: In Use	Number of IP addresses being used in the range of IP addresses.
Priority	This object specifies the priority of the IP local pool. IP local pools will be used in assigning IP addresses in the order of priority.

## IP Local Pool Stats


**Note**

For toolbar details, see [Using the Toolbar, page 11-5](#).

The IP Local Pool Stats subtab shows IP addresses and IP addresses in use for HA nodes and contains:

Column	Description
Name	Name that uniquely identifies an IP local pool. This name must be unique among all the local IP pools even when they belong to different pool groups.
Addresses: Free	Number of IP addresses available for use in this IP local pool.
Addresses: In Use	Number of IP addresses being used in this IP local pool.
Addresses: Maximum In Use	Contains the high water mark of used addresses in an IP local pool since pool creation, since the system was restarted, or since this object was reset, whichever occurred last.
Addresses In Use: Low Threshold	When the number of used addresses in an IP local pool falls below this threshold value, a notification is generated.
Addresses In Use: High Threshold	When the number of used addresses in an IP local pool is equal or exceeds this threshold value, a notification is generated.

Column	Description
Addresses In Use: Low Threshold Percentage	When the percentage of used addresses in an IP local pool falls below this threshold value, a notification is generated.
Addresses In Use: High Threshold Percentage	When the percentage of used addresses in an IP local pool is equal or exceeds this threshold value, a notification is generated.

## Displaying GGSN Real-Time Statistics

The MWTM enables you to display real-time statistics only in the MWTM web interface for Gateway GPRS Support Nodes (GGSNs) that reside on the Service and Application Module for IP (SAMI). To display GGSN real-time statistics, select a SAMI-based GGSN node in the navigation tree and click the Statistics tab. These subtabs appear:

- [Global, page 11-58](#)
- [SGSN Throughput, page 11-63](#)
- [APN, page 11-64](#)
- [IP Local Pool Config, page 11-68](#)
- [IP Local Pool Stats, page 11-69](#)

## Global



### Note

For toolbar details, see [Using the Toolbar, page 11-5](#).

The Global subtab shows global statistics for GGSN nodes and contains:

- [GTP Statistics, page 11-59](#)
- [Charging Statistics, page 11-59](#)
- [GTP Throughput Statistics Ext, page 11-59](#)
- [PDP Context Statistics, page 11-60](#)
- [AAA Authentication Statistics, page 11-62](#)
- [AAA Accounting Statistics, page 11-62](#)
- [IP and UDP Statistics, page 11-63](#)

## GTP Statistics

The GTP Statistics pane displays statistics about the GPRS Tunneling Protocol (GTP) and contains:

Field	Description
GTP Signaling Messages	GTP signaling messages sent between the Serving GPRS Support Node (SGSN) and GGSN.
G-PDU Messages	GTP Packet Data Unit (G-PDU) messages sent or received on an SGSN path.
G-PDU Octets	G-PDU bytes sent or received in a GTP PDU message on an SGSN path.
Unexpected GTP Signaling Messages	Number of unexpected GTP signaling messages sent or received.
GTP Messages with Parser Errors	Number of GTP messages received with wrong value.
Sent	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of messages or bytes in the transmit direction.</li> <li>Rate—The transmit rate of the messages or bytes.</li> </ul>
Received	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of messages or bytes in the receive direction.</li> <li>Rate—The receive rate of the messages or bytes.</li> </ul>

## Charging Statistics

The Charging Statistics pane displays count and rate statistics for GGSN charging messages and contains:

Field	Description
G-CDR Messages Pending	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—GGSN Call Detail Records (CDRs) that are pending.</li> <li>Rate—Rate (per second) of pending G-CDR messages.</li> </ul>
G-CDR Messages Sent	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Total number of G-CDRs sent.</li> <li>Rate—Rate (per second) of sent G-CDR messages.</li> </ul>

## GTP Throughput Statistics Ext

The GTP Throughput Statistics Ext pane displays count and rate statistics about GTP throughput and contains:

Field	Description
GTP Packets	GTP packets between the GGSN and SGSN.
GTP Bytes	GTP bytes between the GGSN and SGSN.
Sampling Interval in Minutes: 3	Global GTP throughput statistics on the GGSN for a duration of 3 minutes.
Sampling Interval in Minutes: 5	Global GTP throughput statistics on the GGSN for a duration of 5 minutes.

Field	Description
Data age (minutes)	The difference in minutes between the time when the data was collected and retrieved. This is the time that has elapsed after the previous collection or update of the data.
Upstream	Rate (per second) of upstream GTP traffic during the last sampling period.
Downstream	Rate (per second) of downstream GTP traffic during the last sampling period.

## PDP Context Statistics

The PDP Context Statistics pane shows count and rate values for these statistics:

Field	Description
Active GTP v0 PDP Contexts	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—PDP contexts (GTP version 0) that are active.</li> <li>Rate—The rate of active PDP contexts (GTP version 0).</li> </ul>
Active GTP v1 PDP Contexts	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—PDP contexts (GTP version 1) that are active.</li> <li>Rate—The rate of active PDP contexts (GTP version 1).</li> </ul>
PDP Contexts Created	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—PDP contexts that were created.</li> <li>Rate—Rate of PDP contexts that were created.</li> </ul>
PDP Contexts Deleted	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—PDP contexts that were deleted.</li> <li>Rate—Rate of PDP contexts that were deleted.</li> </ul>
PDP Context Activations Rejected	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—PDP contexts for which the activation request was rejected.</li> <li>Rate—Rate of PDP contexts for which the activation request was rejected.</li> </ul>
PDP PPP-Regen Interfaces Created	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Device-specific interfaces created for association with PDP contexts regenerated to a PPP session.</li> <li>Rate—Rate of device-specific interfaces created for association with PDP contexts regenerated to a PPP session.</li> </ul>
Active PDP Contexts with Direct Tunnel	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Active PDP contexts with direct tunnel enabled.</li> <li>Rate—Rate of active PDP contexts with direct tunnel enabled.</li> </ul>
PDP Contexts Deleted Without Waiting for the SGSN	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—PDPs deleted in the GGSN without waiting for a delete context response from the SGSN.</li> <li>Rate—Rate of PDPs deleted in the GGSN without waiting for a delete context response from the SGSN.</li> </ul>
PDP Contexts Deleted Without Sending to the SGSN	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—PDPs deleted in the GGSN without sending a delete request to the SGSN.</li> <li>Rate—Rate of PDPs deleted in the GGSN without sending a delete request to the SGSN.</li> </ul>
Update PDP Context Requests Sent	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Update PDP context requests that the GGSN initiated and that were sent to the SGSN.</li> <li>Rate—Rate of update PDP context requests that the GGSN initiated and that were sent to the SGSN.</li> </ul>

Field	Description
Update PDP Context Responses Received	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Update PDP context responses received from the SGSN for the GGSN-initiated update requests.</li> <li>Rate—Rate of update PDP context responses received from the SGSN for the GGSN-initiated update requests.</li> </ul>
COA Messages Received	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Change of Authorization (COA) messages received at the GGSN.</li> <li>Rate—Rate of COA messages received at the GGSN.</li> </ul>
COA Messages Dropped	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—COA messages dropped at the GGSN.</li> <li>Rate—Rate of COA messages dropped at the GGSN.</li> </ul>
COA QOS Updates Sent	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Update PDP requests for QOS changes that COA initiated and that are sent from the GGSN.</li> <li>Rate—Rate of update PDP requests for QOS changes that COA initiated and that are sent from the GGSN.</li> </ul>
Error Indication Messages Received	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of error indication messages received on the GGSN.</li> <li>Rate—Rate of error indication messages received on the GGSN.</li> </ul>
Direct Tunnels Enabled	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Direct tunnels enabled for the PDP contexts in the GGSN.</li> <li>Rate—Rate of direct tunnels enabled for the PDP contexts in the GGSN.</li> </ul>
Error Indications for DT PDP Contexts	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Error indications received for Direct Tunnel (DT) PDP contexts from the Radio Network Controller (RNC).</li> <li>Rate—Rate of error indications received for Direct Tunnel (DT) PDP contexts from the Radio Network Controller (RNC).</li> </ul>
DT PDP Contexts Deleted Due to Update Response	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Direct tunnel PDP contexts deleted because of update response failure.</li> <li>Rate—Rate of direct tunnel PDP contexts deleted because of update response failure.</li> </ul>
PDP Context Activations Failure Ratio	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of PDP context activation failures.</li> <li>Rate—Rate of PDP context activation failures.</li> </ul>
PDP Context Requests Rejected due to Insufficient Resources	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of PDP context requests rejected due to insufficient resources.</li> <li>Rate—Rate of PDP context requests rejected due to insufficient resources.</li> </ul>
PDP Context Requests Rejected due to Insufficient Resources for PPP Regeneration	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of PDP context Requests rejected due to insufficient resources for PPP regeneration.</li> <li>Rate—Rate of PDP context requests rejected due to insufficient resources for PPP regeneration.</li> </ul>
PDP Context Requests Dropped due to the PPP Regeneration Threshold Limit	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of PDP context requests dropped due to the PPP regeneration threshold limit.</li> <li>Rate—Rate of PDP context requests dropped due to the PPP regeneration threshold limit.</li> </ul>
PDP Context Messages with TFT Semantic Errors	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of PDP context messages with TFT semantic errors.</li> <li>Rate—Rate of PDP context messages with TFT semantic errors.</li> </ul>
PDP Context Messages with TFT Syntax Errors	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of PDP context messages with TFT syntax errors.</li> <li>Rate—Rate of PDP context messages with TFT syntax errors.</li> </ul>

Field	Description
PDP Context Messages with Packet Filter Syntax Errors	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of PDP context messages with packet filter syntax errors.</li> <li>Rate—Rate of PDP context messages with packet filter syntax errors.</li> </ul>
PDP Context Messages with Packet Filter Semantic Errors	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of PDP context messages with packet filter semantic errors.</li> <li>Rate—Rate of PDP context messages with packet filter semantic errors.</li> </ul>
Error indication Messages Sent	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of error indication messages sent.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which the error indication messages are sent.</li> </ul>

## AAA Authentication Statistics

AAA Authentication Statistics pane shows:

Field	Description
Server Name	Name of the server.
Server State	Whether the server is up (operational) or down (not operational).
Transactions Completed	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of authentication transactions with the server which succeeded since it is made active.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which the authentication transactions with the server are succeeded since it is made active.</li> </ul>
Transaction Failures	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of authentication transactions with this server which failed since it is made active.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which the authentication transactions with the server are failed since it is made active.</li> </ul>
Requests	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of authentication requests sent to this server since it is made active.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which the authentication requests are sent to the server since it is made active.</li> </ul>
Request Timeouts	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of authentication requests which are timed out since it is made active.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which the authentication requests are timed out since it is made active.</li> </ul>
Error Responses	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of server ERROR authentication responses received from this server since it is made active.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which the server ERROR authentication responses are received from the server since it is made active.</li> </ul>
Incorrect Responses	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of authentication responses which could not be processed since it is made active.</li> <li>Rate—Rate (per second) of authentication responses which could not be processed since it is made active.</li> </ul>

## AAA Accounting Statistics

AAA Accounting Statistics pane shows:

Field	Description
Server Name	Name of the server.
Server State	Whether the server is up (operational) or down (not operational).

Field	Description
Transactions Completed	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of accounting transactions with the server which succeeded since system reinitialization.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which the accounting transactions with the server are succeeded since it is made active.</li> </ul>
Transaction Failures	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of accounting transactions with this server which failed since system reinitialization.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which the accounting transactions with the server are failed since it is made active.</li> </ul>
Requests	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of accounting requests sent to this server since system reinitialization.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which the accounting requests are sent to the server since it is made active.</li> </ul>
Request Timeouts	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of accounting requests which have timed out since system reinitialization.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which the accounting requests are timed out since it is made active.</li> </ul>
Error Responses	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of server ERROR accounting responses received from this server since system reinitialization.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which the server ERROR accounting responses are received from the server since it is made active.</li> </ul>
Incorrect Responses	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of accounting responses which could not be processed since system reinitialization.</li> <li>Rate—Rate of accounting responses which could not be processed since system reinitialization.</li> </ul>

## IP and UDP Statistics

The IP and UDP Statistics pane shows:

Field	Description
IP In Header Errors	Input datagrams discarded because of errors in their IP headers, including bad checksums, version number mismatches, other format errors, time-to-live exceeded, and errors discovered in processing their IP options.
IP Out Discards	Outbound packets that were discarded although no errors were detected. One reason for discarding a packet would be to free buffer space.
IP Out No Routes	IP datagrams discarded because no route could be found to transmit them. This statistic includes any datagrams that a host cannot route because all its default gateways are down.
IP Reassembly Fails	Failures detected by the IP reassembly algorithm.
IP Routing Discards	Routing entries that were discarded even though they are valid. One reason for discarding a routing entry would be to free buffer space for other routing entries.
UDP In Datagrams	UDP datagrams delivered to UDP users.

## SGSN Throughput



### Note

For toolbar details, see [Using the Toolbar, page 11-5](#).

The SGSN Throughput subtab shows:

Field	Description
SGSN Name	Name of the SGSN.
Sampling Interval in Minutes: 3	Throughput statistics on the SGSN for a duration of 3 minutes.
Sampling Interval in Minutes: 5	Throughput statistics on the SGSN for a duration of 5 minutes.
Upstream Packets	Rate (per second) of upstream packets sent on this SGSN during the last sampling period.
Upstream Bytes	Rate (per second) of upstream bytes sent on this SGSN during the last sampling period.
Downstream Packets	Rate (per second) of downstream packets sent on this SGSN during the last sampling period.
Downstream Bytes	Rate (per second) of downstream bytes sent on this SGSN during the last sampling period.
Data age (minutes)	The difference in minutes between the time when the data was collected and retrieved. This is the time that has elapsed after the previous collection or update of the data.

## APN



### Note

For toolbar details, see [Using the Toolbar, page 11-5](#).

The APN subtab contains:

- [APN Instance Throughput, page 11-64](#)
- [APN Instance Throughput Ext, page 11-65](#)
- [APN Instance PDP, page 11-65](#)
- [APN Instance PDP Ext, page 11-66](#)
- [APN Instance Miscellaneous, page 11-67](#)

## APN Instance Throughput

To view the APN Instance Throughput Statistics table, choose this option from the Type drop-down menu. The GUI displays the count and rate values for these statistics:

Field	Description
APN Name	The name of the Access Point Name (APN).
APN Index	A unique numerical identifier for the APN.
Upstream Packets	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Count—Number of upstream packets sent on this APN during the last sampling period.</li> <li>• Rate—Rate (per second) of upstream packets sent on this APN during the last sampling period.</li> </ul>



Field	Description
Upstream Bytes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of upstream bytes sent on this APN during the last sampling period.</li> <li>Rate—Rate (per second) of upstream bytes sent on this APN during the last sampling period.</li> </ul>
Downstream Packets	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of downstream packets sent on this APN during the last sampling period.</li> <li>Rate—Rate (per second) of downstream packets sent on this APN during the last sampling period.</li> </ul>
Downstream Bytes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of downstream bytes sent on this APN during the last sampling period.</li> <li>Rate—Rate (per second) of downstream bytes sent on this APN during the last sampling period.</li> </ul>

## APN Instance Throughput Ext

To view the APN Instance Throughput Ext Statistics table, choose this option from the Type drop-down menu. The GUI displays the count and rate values for these statistics:

Field	Description
APN Name	The name of the Access Point Name (APN).
APN Index	A unique numerical identifier for the APN.
Sampling Interval in Minutes: 3	Throughput statistics on the APN for a duration of 3 minutes.
Sampling Interval in Minutes: 5	Throughput statistics on the APN for a duration of 5 minutes.
Upstream Packets	Rate (per second) of upstream packets sent on this APN during the last sampling period.
Upstream Bytes	Rate (per second) of upstream bytes sent on this APN during the last sampling period.
Downstream Packets	Rate (per second) of downstream packets sent on this APN during the last sampling period.
Downstream Bytes	Rate (per second) of downstream bytes sent on this APN during the last sampling period.
Data Range (minutes)	The difference in minutes between the time when the data was collected and retrieved. This is the time that has elapsed after the previous collection or update of the data.

## APN Instance PDP

To view the APN Instance PDP Statistics table, choose this option from the Type drop-down menu. The GUI displays the count and rate values for these statistics:

Field	Description
APN Name	The name of the Access Point Name (APN).
APN Index	A unique numerical identifier for the APN.
Active PDP Contexts	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Current number of active PDP contexts on this APN.</li> </ul>

Field	Description
PDP Activations by MS Success	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Total number of successfully completed PDP context activation procedures by the MS on this APN.</li> <li>Rate—Rate (per second) of successfully completed PDP context activation procedures by the MS on this APN.</li> <li>Ratio—Number of successful activations for every 100 activation attempts.</li> </ul>
PDP Activations by MS Failure	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Total number of failed PDP context activation procedures by the MS on this APN.</li> <li>Rate—Rate (per second) of failed PDP context activation procedures by the MS on this APN.</li> </ul>
PDP Deactivations by Network Success	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Total number of successfully completed PDP context deactivation procedures by the GGSN on this APN.</li> <li>Rate—Rate (per second) of successfully completed PDP context deactivation procedures by the GGSN on this APN.</li> </ul>
PDP Deactivations by Network Failure	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Total number of failed PDP context deactivation procedures by the GGSN on this APN.</li> <li>Rate—Rate (per second) of failed PDP context deactivation procedures by the GGSN on this APN.</li> </ul>
PDP Retainability	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Ratio—For every 100 PDP contexts, the number of activations whose deactivation was not completed by the GGSN.</li> </ul>
PDP Deactivations By MS Success	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Total number of successfully completed PDP context deactivation procedures by the MS on this APN.</li> <li>Rate—Rate (per second) of successfully completed PDP context deactivation procedures by the MS on this APN.</li> <li>Ratio—Number of successful deactivations for every 100 deactivation attempts.</li> </ul>
PDP Deactivation By MS Failure	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Total number of failed PDP context deactivation procedures by the MS on this APN.</li> <li>Rate—Rate (per second) of failed PDP context deactivation procedures by the MS on this APN.</li> </ul>

## APN Instance PDP Ext

To view the APN Instance PDP Statistics table, choose this option from the Type drop-down menu. The GUI displays the count and rate values for these statistics:

Field	Description
APN Name	The name of the Access Point Name (APN).
APN Index	A unique numerical identifier for the APN.

Field	Description
Dynamic PDP Activation By MS Success	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Total number of successfully completed dynamic PDP context activation procedures initiated by MS on this APN.</li> <li>Rate—Rate (per second) of successfully completed dynamic PDP context activation procedures initiated by MS on this APN.</li> <li>Ratio—Number of successful dynamic activations for every 100 dynamic activation attempts.</li> </ul>
Dynamic PDP Activation By MS Failure	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Total number of failed dynamic PDP context activation procedures initiated by MS on this APN.</li> <li>Rate—Rate (per second) of failed dynamic PDP context activation procedures initiated by MS on this APN.</li> </ul>
Dynamic PDP Activation By Network Success	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Total number of successfully completed network initiated PDP context activation procedures.</li> <li>Rate—Rate (per second) of successfully completed network initiated PDP context activation procedures.</li> <li>Ratio—Number of successful network initiated activations for every 100 activation attempts.</li> </ul>
Dynamic PDP Activation By Network Failure	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Total number of failed network initiated PDP context activation procedures.</li> <li>Rate—Rate (per second) of failed network initiated PDP context activation procedures.</li> </ul>
PDP Update By Network Success	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Total number of successful update responses received from the SGSN for GGSN initiated update requests on this APN.</li> <li>Rate—Rate (per second) of successful update responses received from the SGSN for GGSN initiated update requests on this APN.</li> <li>Ratio—Number of successful update responses received for every 100 update attempts.</li> </ul>
PDP Update By Network Failure	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Total number of failed update responses received from the SGSN for GGSN initiated update requests on this APN.</li> <li>Rate—Rate (per second) of failed update responses received from the SGSN for GGSN initiated update requests on this APN.</li> </ul>

## APN Instance Miscellaneous

To view the APN Miscellaneous Statistics table, choose this option from the Type drop-down menu. The GUI displays count and rate values for these statistics:

Field	Description
APN Name	The name of the Access Point Name (APN).
APN Index	A unique numerical identifier for the APN.

Field	Description
DHCP Requests Success	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Total number of successful DHCP address request sent by the GGSN on this APN.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which the successful DHCP address requests are sent by the GGSN on this APN.</li> <li>Ratio—Number of successful DHCP requests for every 100 DHCP requests.</li> </ul>
DHCP Requests Failure	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Total number of unsuccessful DHCP address request sent by the GGSN on this APN.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which the unsuccessful DHCP address requests are sent by the GGSN on this APN.</li> </ul>
DHCP Releases	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Total number of DHCP address release request sent by the GGSN on this APN.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which the DHCP address release request is sent by the GGSN on this APN.</li> </ul>
COA Message Success	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of successfully acknowledged COA messages by the GGSN with a COA ACK.</li> <li>Rate—Rate of successfully acknowledged COA messages by the GGSN with a COA ACK.</li> <li>Ratio—Number of successfully acknowledged COA messages for every 100 COA messages received on this APN.</li> </ul>
COA Message Failure	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of unsuccessfully acknowledged COA messages by the GGSN with a COA ACK.</li> <li>Rate—Rate of unsuccessfully acknowledged COA messages by the GGSN with a COA ACK.</li> </ul>
Direct Tunnels Enabled	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Direct tunnels enabled for the PDP contexts on this APN.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which the direct tunnels are enabled for the PDP contexts on this APN.</li> </ul>

## IP Local Pool Config



### Note

For toolbar details, see [Using the Toolbar, page 11-5](#).

The IP Local Pool Config subtab shows IP addresses for GGSN nodes and contains:

Field	Description
Name	Name of the IP local pool.
Addresses	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Low—The first IP address of the range of IP addresses contained by this pool entry.</li><li>• High—The last IP address of the range of IP addresses mapped by this pool entry.</li><li>• Free—Number of IP addresses available for use within the range of IP addresses.</li><li>• In Use—Number of IP addresses being used within the range of IP addresses.</li></ul>

## IP Local Pool Stats

**Note**

For toolbar details, see [Using the Toolbar, page 11-5](#).

The IP Local Pool Stats subtab shows IP addresses and IP addresses in use for GGSN nodes and contains:

Field	Description
Name	Name of the IP local pool.
Addresses	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Free—Number of IP addresses available for use in this IP local pool.</li><li>• In Use—Number of IP addresses being used in this IP local pool.</li><li>• Maximum in Use—The maximum number of used addresses in an IP local pool since pool creation, since the system was restarted, or since this object was reset, whichever occurred last.</li></ul>

## Displaying PDSN Real-Time Statistics

The MWTM enables you to display real-time statistics for Packet Data Serving Node (PDSN) nodes in the MWTM web interface. To display PDSN real-time statistics, select a PDSN node in the navigation tree and click the Statistics tab. The following option appears under Type drop-down menu:

- [System Statistics, page 11-69](#)

## System Statistics

**Note**

For toolbar details, see [Using the Toolbar, page 11-5](#).

To view the System Statistics, choose this option from Type drop-down menu. The GUI displays the following categories:

- [Session Statistics, page 11-70](#)
- [Flow Statistics, page 11-71](#)
- [Session Bandwidth Statistics, page 11-72](#)
- [PCF Statistics, page 11-72](#)
- [Traffic Statistics, page 11-73](#)

## Session Statistics

The Session Statistics pane contains:

Field	Description
Maximum Allowed Sessions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Maximum number of sessions allowed by the system.</li> </ul>
Session Failure Ratio	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Ratio of session failures.</li> </ul>
Session Utilization	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Total session utilization.</li> </ul>
Total Active Sessions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Total number of sessions in active state.</li> </ul>
Total Dormant Sessions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Total number of sessions in dormant state.</li> </ul>
Total HDLC over GRE Sessions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Total number of HDLCoGRE sessions currently established with the system.</li> </ul>
Total PPP over GRE Sessions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Total number of PPPoGRE sessions currently established with the system.</li> </ul>
Total Session Failures	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of A10/A11 session failures occurring since PDSN agent restarted.</li> </ul>
Total Sessions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Total number of sessions currently established with the system.</li> </ul>
Total Sessions Established	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Total number of sessions established since system was last restarted.</li> </ul>
Total Sessions Established Rate	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Rate at which the sessions were established since system was last restarted.</li> </ul>
Total Sessions Release	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Total number of sessions released since system was last restarted.</li> </ul>
Total Sessions Released Rate	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Rate at which the sessions were released since system was last restarted.</li> </ul>

## Flow Statistics

The Flow Statistics pane contains:

Field	Description
Flow Failure Ratio	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Ratio of flow failures.</li> </ul>
Total Mobile IP Flow Failures	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Total number of mobile IP flow setup request failed since system reboot.</li> <li>Rate—Rate of mobile IP flow setup request failed since system reboot.</li> </ul>
Total Mobile IP Flows	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Total number of flows currently using MoIP services.</li> </ul>
Total Mobile IP Flows Established	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Total number of mobile IP flow that has been established successfully since system reboot.</li> <li>Rate—Rate of mobile IP flow that has been established successfully since system reboot.</li> </ul>
Total MSID Flows	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Total number of flows currently using MSID service.</li> </ul>
Total Proxy Mobile IP Flow Failures	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Total number of proxy mobile IP flow setup request failed since system reboot.</li> <li>Rate—Rate of proxy mobile IP flow setup request failed since system reboot.</li> </ul>
Total Proxy Mobile IP Flows	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Total number of flows currently using proxy MoIP service.</li> </ul>
Total Proxy Mobile IP Flows Established	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Total number of proxy mobile IP flow that has been established successfully since system reboot.</li> <li>Rate—Rate of proxy mobile IP flow that has been established successfully since system reboot.</li> </ul>
Total Simple IP Flow Failures	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Total number of simple IP flow setup request failed since last system reboot.</li> <li>Rate—Rate of simple IP flow setup request failed since last system reboot.</li> </ul>
Total Simple IP Flows	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Total number of flows currently using simple IP service.</li> </ul>
Total Simple IP Flows Established	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Total number of Simple IP flow that has been established successfully since system reboot.</li> <li>Rate—Rate of Simple IP flow that has been established successfully since system reboot.</li> </ul>
Total Unknown Type Flow Failures	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Total number of unknown type flow setup request failed since last system reboot.</li> <li>Rate—Rate of unknown type flow setup request failed since last system reboot.</li> </ul>
Total VPDN Flow Failures	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Total number of VPDN flow setup request failed since last system reboot.</li> <li>Rate—Rate of VPDN flow setup request failed since last system reboot.</li> </ul>

Field	Description
Total VPDN Flows	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—The total number of flows currently using VPDN service.</li> </ul>
Total VPDN Flows Established	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Total number of VPDN flow that has been established successfully since system reboot.</li> <li>Rate—Rate of VPDN flow that has been established successfully since system reboot.</li> </ul>

## Session Bandwidth Statistics

The Session Bandwidth Statistics pane contains:

Field	Description
Bandwidth Utilization	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Total bandwidth that has been utilized.</li> </ul>
Total Allocated Bandwidth	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Total bandwidth allocated for sessions currently established on the PDSN.</li> </ul>
Total Available Bandwidth	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Bandwidth available on the PDSN system for creation of new sessions.</li> </ul>
Total Configured Bandwidth	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—total bandwidth value configured via the CLI that would be supported by PDSN system.</li> </ul>

## PCF Statistics

The PCF Statistics pane contains:

Field	Description
Maximum Allowed PCFs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Maximum number of PCF allowed by the system.</li> </ul>
PCF Utilization	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Total PCF utilization.</li> </ul>
Total PCFs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Total number of PCF currently interacting with the system.</li> </ul>



## Traffic Statistics

The Traffic Statistics pane contains:

Field	Description
Proxy Mobile IP Packets Received	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Total number of proxy mobile IP data packets received from mobile stations by PDSN since system was last restarted.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which the proxy mobile IP data packets are received from mobile stations by PDSN since system was last restarted.</li> </ul>
Short Data Burst Packets Sent	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Total number of SDB marked data packets sent to PCF from PDSN since system was last restarted.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which the SDB marked data packets are sent to PCF from PDSN since system was last restarted.</li> </ul>
Simple IP Packets Sent	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Total number of simple IP data packets sent to mobile stations since system was last restarted.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which the simple IP data packets are sent to mobile stations since system was last restarted.</li> </ul>
Mobile IP Packets Sent	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Total number of mobile IP data packets sent to mobile stations from PDSN since system was last restarted.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which the mobile IP data packets are sent to mobile stations from PDSN since system was last restarted.</li> </ul>
No Session Packet Discards	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Total number of packets discarded from PCF because of missing session since system was last restarted.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which the packets are discarded from PCF because of missing session since system was last restarted.</li> </ul>
Proxy Mobile IP Packets Sent	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Total number of proxy mobile IP data packets sent to mobile stations from PDSN since system was last restarted.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which the proxy mobile IP data packets are sent to mobile stations from PDSN since system was last restarted.</li> </ul>
Invalid GRE Protocol Packet Discards	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Total number of packets discarded from PCF because of invalid GRE protocol since system was last restarted.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which the packets are discarded from PCF because of invalid GRE protocol since system was last restarted.</li> </ul>
Mobile IP Packets Received	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Total number of mobile IP data packets received from mobile stations since system was last restarted.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which the mobile IP data packets are received from mobile stations since system was last restarted.</li> </ul>
Simple IP Bits Sent	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Total number of simple IP data octets (in unit of 1024 octets) sent to mobile stations from PDSN since system was last restarted.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which the simple IP data octets (in unit of 1024 octets) are sent to mobile stations from PDSN since system was last restarted.</li> </ul>

Field	Description
Mobile IP Bits Received	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Total number of mobile IP data octets (in unit of 1024 octets) received from mobile stations by PDSN since system was last restarted.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which the mobile IP data octets (in unit of 1024 octets) are received from mobile stations by PDSN since system was last restarted.</li> </ul>
Short Data Burst Bits Sent	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Total number of SDB marked data octets sent to PCF from PDSN since system was last restarted.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which the SDB marked data octets are sent to PCF from PDSN since system was last restarted.</li> </ul>
Proxy Mobile IP Bits Sent	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Total number of proxy mobile IP data octets (in unit of 1024 octets) sent to mobile stations from PDSN since system was last restarted.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which the proxy mobile IP data octets (in unit of 1024 octets) are sent to mobile stations from PDSN since system was last restarted.</li> </ul>
Mobile IP Bits Sent	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Total number of mobile IP data octets (in unit of 1024 octets) sent to mobile stations from PDSN since system was last restarted.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which the mobile IP data octets (in unit of 1024 octets) are sent to mobile stations from PDSN since system was last restarted.</li> </ul>
Proxy Mobile IP Bits Received	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Total number of proxy mobile IP data octets (in unit of 1024 octets) received from mobile stations since system was last restarted.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which the proxy mobile IP data octets (in unit of 1024 octets) are received from mobile stations since system was last restarted.</li> </ul>
Simple IP Bits Received	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Total number of simple IP data octets (in unit of 1024 octets) received from mobile stations by PDSN since system was last restarted.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which the simple IP data octets (in unit of 1024 octets) are received from mobile stations by PDSN since system was last restarted.</li> </ul>
No GRE Key Packet Discards	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Total number of packets discarded from PCF because of the missing GRE Keying since system was last restarted.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which the packets are discarded from PCF because of the missing GRE Key since system was last restarted.</li> </ul>
Invalid Checksum Packet Discards	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Total number of packets discarded from PCF because of invalid checksum since system was last restarted.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which the packets are discarded from PCF because of invalid checksum since system was last restarted.</li> </ul>
Simple IP Packets Received	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Total number of simple IP data packets received from mobile stations since system was last restarted.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which the simple IP data packets are received from mobile stations since system was last restarted.</li> </ul>

## Displaying QoS Statistics

You can view QOS real-time statistics for IP-RAN aggregation and cell-site routers that have both pseudo wires and RAN Optimized backhauls. To view QOS real-time statistics for one of these nodes, select the node in the navigation tree, then click the QoS tab.

The following options appear under View drop-down menu:

- [Config, page 11-75](#)
- [Class Map, page 11-75](#)
- [Queuing, page 11-76](#)
- [Match Statement, page 11-76](#)
- [Packet Marking, page 11-77](#)
- [Traffic Shaping, page 11-78](#)
- [Policing, page 11-78](#)

## Config



### Note

For toolbar details, see [Using the Toolbar, page 11-5](#).

To view the Config details, choose Config option from the View drop-down menu. The GUI displays a bullet list/tree of the QoS configuration.

## Class Map



### Note

For toolbar details, see [Using the Toolbar, page 11-5](#).

To view the Class Map Statistics table, choose Class Map option from the View drop-down menu. The GUI displays:

Column	Description
Class Map	User-defined traffic class that contains one or many match statements used to classify packets into different categories.
Service Policy Direction	The direction of traffic for which the service policy is applied.
Pre-Policy Packets	The number of inbound packets prior to executing any QoS policies.
Pre-Policy Bits	The number of inbound octets prior to executing any QoS policies.
Pre-Policy Bits Rate	The rate of the traffic prior to executing any QoS policies.
Post-Policy Bits	The number of outbound octets after executing QoS policies.
Post-Policy Bits Rate	The rate of the traffic after executing QoS policies.
Dropped Packets	The number of dropped packets per class as the result of all features that can produce drops.
Dropped Bits	The number of dropped bytes per class as the result of all features that can produce drops.

Column	Description
Drop Bits Rate	The rate of the drops per class as the result of all features that can produce drops.
SRAM Buffer Dropped Packets	The number of drop packet count which occurred due to a lack of SRAM buffers during output processing on an interface.

## Queuing



### Note

For toolbar details, see [Using the Toolbar, page 11-5](#).

To view the Queuing Statistics table, choose Queuing option from the View drop-down menu. The GUI displays:

Column	Description
Class Map	User-defined traffic class that contains one or many match statements used to classify packets into different categories.
Service Policy Direction	The direction of traffic for which the service policy is applied.
Queue Depth	The current depth of the queue.
Max Queue Depth	The maximum depth of the queue.
Queue Discarded Bits	The count of octets, associated with this class, that were dropped by queueing.
Queue Discarded Packets	The number of packets, associated with this class, that were dropped by queueing.

## Match Statement



### Note

For toolbar details, see [Using the Toolbar, page 11-5](#).

To view the Match Statement Statistics table, choose Match Statement option from the View drop-down menu. The GUI displays:

Column	Description
Class Map	User-defined traffic class that contains one or many match statements used to classify packets into different categories.
Service Policy Direction	The direction of traffic for which the service policy is applied.
Match Statement	The specific match criteria to identify packets for classification purposes.
Pre-Policy Packets	The number of inbound packets prior to executing any QoS policies.

Column	Description
Pre-Policy Bits	The number of inbound octets prior to executing any QoS policies.
Pre-Policy Bits Rate	The rate of the traffic prior to executing any QoS policies.

## Packet Marking



### Note

For toolbar details, see [Using the Toolbar, page 11-5](#).

To view the Packet Marking Statistics table, choose Packet Marking option from the View drop-down menu. The GUI displays:

Column	Description
Class Map	User-defined traffic class that contains one or many match statements used to classify packets into different categories.
Service Policy Direction	The direction of traffic for which the service policy is applied.
DSCP Packets	The number of packets whose DSCP field is marked by Set feature.
Precedence Packets	The number of packets whose Precedence field is marked by Set feature.
QOS Group Packets	The number of packets whose Qos Group field is marked by Set feature.
Frame Relay DE Packets	The number of packets whose Frame Relay DE Bit is marked by Set feature.
ATM CLP Packets	The number of packets whose ATM CLP Bit is marked by Set feature.
Layer 2 COS Packets	The number of packets whose Layer 2 Cos field is marked by Set feature.
MPLS Experimental Imposition Packets	The number of packets whose MPLS Experimental Imposition field is marked by Set feature.
Discard Class Packets	The number of packets whose Discard Class field is marked by Set feature.
MPLS Experimental Top Most Packets	The number of packets whose MPLS Experimental Top Most field is marked by Set feature.
SRP Priority Packets	The number of packets whose SRP Priority field is marked by Set feature.
DSCP Tunnel Packets	The number of packets whose DSCP Tunnel field is marked by Set feature.
Precedence Tunnel Packets	The number of packets whose Precedence Tunnel field is marked by Set feature.
Frame Relay FECN	The number of packets whose Frame Relay FECN BECN field is marked by Set feature.

## Traffic Shaping

**Note**

For toolbar details, see [Using the Toolbar, page 11-5](#).

To view the Traffic Shaping Statistics table, choose this option from the View drop-down menu. The GUI displays:

Column	Description
Class Map	User-defined traffic class that contains one or many match statements used to classify packets into different categories.
Service Policy Direction	The direction of traffic for which the service policy is applied.
Active	The current traffic-shaping state. When traffic-shaping is enabled and the traffic rate exceeds the shape rate, traffic-shaping is considered to be active. Otherwise, it is considered inactive.
Queue Size	The current traffic-shaping queue depth in packets.
Delayed Bits	The number of octets that have been delayed.
Delayed Packets	The number of packets that have been delayed.
Dropped Bits	The number of octets that have been dropped during shaping.
Dropped Packets	The number of packets that have been dropped during shaping.

## Policing

**Note**

For toolbar details, see [Using the Toolbar, page 11-5](#).

To view the Policing Statistics table, choose Policing option from the View drop-down menu. The GUI displays:

Column	Description
Class Map	User-defined traffic class that contains one or many match statements used to classify packets into different categories.
Service Policy Direction	The direction of traffic for which the service policy is applied.
Conformed Packets	The number of packets treated as conforming by the policing feature
Conformed Bits	The number of octets treated as conforming by the policing feature
Conformed Bits Rate	The rate of conforming traffic.
Exceeded Packets	The number of packets treated as non-conforming by the policing feature.
Exceeded Bits	The number of octets treated as non-conforming by the policing feature.
Exceeded Bits Rate	The rate of non-conforming traffic.

Column	Description
Violated Packets	The number of packets treated as violated by the policing feature.
Violated Bits	The number of octets treated as violated by the policing feature.
Violated Bits Rate	The rate of the violating traffic.

## Displaying PWE3 Real-Time Statistics

The MWTM enables you to display PWE3 real-time statistics in the MWTM web interface. Because the MWTM client also displays these statistics and the GUIs for the web and client interfaces are so similar, the PWE3 real-time statistics are described in [Viewing PWE3 Statistics, page 8-113](#).

## Displaying TDM Real-Time Statistics

The MWTM enables you to display TDM real-time statistics in the MWTM web interface. Because the MWTM client also displays these statistics and the GUIs for the web and client interfaces are so similar, the TDM real-time statistics are described in [Viewing TDM Statistics, page 8-98](#).

## Displaying SLB Real time statistics

The MWTM enables you to display SLB real-time statistics in the MWTM web interface, for the mSEF devices that support 7600 supervisor card. To display SLB real-time statistics, select the mSEF node that supports 7600 supervisor card in the navigation tree and click the Statistics tab. These options appear under the Type drop-down menu:

- [Virtual Server, page 11-80](#)
- [Real Server, page 11-80](#)
- [Server Farms, page 11-81](#)
- [Global Statistics, page 11-82](#)
- [DFP Agents, page 11-83](#)
- [DFP Real Servers, page 11-83](#)

## Virtual Server


**Note**

For toolbar details, see [Using the Toolbar, page 11-5](#).

To view the Virtual Server statistics table, choose Virtual Server option from the Type drop-down menu. The GUI displays:

Column	Description
Virtual Server Name	Name of the virtual server.
Protocol	Protocol for the virtual server.
IP Address	IP address of the virtual server.
Port	Port of the virtual server.
State	State of the virtual server.
Current Connections	Number of currently assigned connections being handled by this virtual server.
Total Connections	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of assigned connections handled by the virtual server since the server was configured.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which the assigned connections are handled by the virtual server since the server was configured.</li> </ul>
Server Farm	Name of the virtual server farm bound to the virtual server.

## Real Server


**Note**

For toolbar details, see [Using the Toolbar, page 11-5](#).

To view the Real server configuration and statistics table, choose Real Server option from the Type drop-down menu. The GUI displays:

Column	Description
IP Address	IP Address of the real server.
Farm Name	Name of the server farm of the real server.
State	Current state of real server.
Current Connections	Number of assigned connections being handled by this real server.
Total Connections	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of assigned connections handled by this real server since this server was configured.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which the assigned connections are handled by the real server since the server was configured.</li> </ul>



Column	Description
Consecutive Connection Failures	Number of connection failures to this real server without a successful connection.
Total Connection Failures	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Total number of times this real server has failed since the creation of this row.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which the real server has failed since the creation of this row.</li> </ul>
Administrative Weight	User-configured weight of the real server for the load balancing algorithms.
Operational Weight	Actual operating weight of the real server used by the load-balancing algorithms.

## Server Farms



### Note

For toolbar details, see [Using the Toolbar, page 11-5](#).

To view the Server farm configuration and statistics table, choose Server Farm option from the Type drop-down menu. The GUI displays:

Column	Description
Farm Name	Name of the server farm.
Predictor	Load balancing algorithm in use by the server farm for its real servers for the local SLB entity.
NAT Setting	Type of NAT employed by the local SLB entity for servers in this server farm.
Number of Real Servers	Number of real servers in the server farm.
Bind ID	Identifies one or more server farms to which the real server belongs.

## Global Statistics


**Note**

For toolbar details, see [Using the Toolbar, page 11-5](#).

To view the Global Statistics table, choose this option from the Type drop-down menu. The GUI displays:

Field	Description
Assisted Switching Packets	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of packets handled by SLB which are switched via the highest-performance switching path.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which the packets are handled by SLB which are switched via the highest-performance switching path.</li> </ul>
Zombies	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of TCP and UDP connections currently in the zombie state waiting for timers to expire.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which the TCP and UDP connections currently in the zombie state waiting for timers are expired.</li> </ul>
Connections Reassigned	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of TCP and UDP connections reassigned from one real server to another.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which the TCP and UDP connections are reassigned from one real server to another.</li> </ul>
Connections Destroyed	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of TCP and UDP connections destroyed by SLB, either by TCP/IP teardown or timeout.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which the TCP and UDP connections are destroyed by SLB.</li> </ul>
Connections Created	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of TCP and UDP connections created since SLB was configured.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which the TCP and UDP connections are created since SLB is configured.</li> </ul>
Unassisted Switching Packets	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of packets forwarded by the Software Load Balancing manager's software.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which the packets are forwarded by the Software Load Balancing manager's software.</li> </ul>
Connections Established	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Count—Number of connections established through SLB.</li> <li>Rate—Rate at which the connections are established through SLB.</li> </ul>

## DFP Agents

**Note**

For toolbar details, see [Using the Toolbar, page 11-5](#).

To view the DFP Agents statistics table, choose this option from the Type drop-down menu. The GUI displays:

Column	Description
IP Address	IP address of the DFP agent.
Port	Port number of DFP agent.
State	State of DFP agent.
Time Out	Time interval during which the agent must send at least one message to the manager.
Retry Count	Number of times the manager will attempt to re-establish a connection with the agent.
Agent Interval	Time interval before SLB retries connecting to a DFP agent.

## DFP Real Servers

**Note**

For toolbar details, see [Using the Toolbar, page 11-5](#).

To view the DFP Real Servers statistics table, choose this option from the Type drop-down menu. The GUI displays:

Column	Description
IP Address	IP address of the DFP agent.
Protocol	Protocol of the real server.
Port	Port number of real server.
Bind ID	Identifies one or more server farms to which the real server belongs.
Real Weight	Weight of the real server reported from a DFP agent.

