



User Guide for the Cisco Multicast Manager 2.5

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Preface

This preface describes the objectives, audience, organization, and conventions of the *User Guide for Cisco Multicast Manager 2.5.* It refers you to related publications and describes online sources of technical information.

The Cisco Multicast Manager (CMM) is a web-based software application that requires no client software. With the CMM, you can gather information about the multicast running in your network, monitor multicast networks, and diagnose problems.

This preface includes:

- Document Objectives, page vii
- Document Audience, page vii
- Document Organization, page viii
- Document Conventions, page viii
- Related Documentation, page ix
- Obtaining Documentation, Obtaining Support, and Security Guidelines, page ix

Document Objectives

This guide describes how to use the CMM to monitor, troubleshoot and gather information about multicast networks. Using the information provided in this guide, you can complete the tasks that are necessary to use the CMM in your multicast environment.

Document Audience

This guide is for network administrators or operators who use the CMM software to manage multicast networks. Network administrators or operators should have:

- Basic network management skills
- Basic multicast knowledge

Document Organization

This guide is divided into the following chapters:

- Chapter 1, "Getting Started" describes logging into the CMM, an overview of the CMM interface, and the initial tasks to perform.
- Chapter 2, "Configuring with the CMM Administration Tool" provides information on using the CMM Administration Tool to set up your network for monitoring.
- Chapter 3, "Monitoring with the Multicast Manager Tool" provides information on using the CMM Multicast Manager Tool to view topology and reports.
- Chapter 4, "Diagnostics and Troubleshooting with the Multicast Manager Tool" provides information on using the CMM Multicast Manager Tool to view both global and router-specific diagnostics.
- Chapter 5, "Maintaining and Managing the CMM" describes how to view configuration, log, database, device configuration, and historical data files, and how to include backup directories to maintain and manage the CMM.
- Chapter 6, "Route Manager" provides information on how to run reports to compare and view routing table baselines and run diagnostics.

Document Conventions

This guide uses basic conventions to represent text and table information.

Item	Convention
Commands and keywords	boldface font
Variables for which you supply values	<i>italic</i> font
Displayed session and system information	screen font
Elements that are optional	Square brackets ([])
Alternate but required keywords are grouped	Braces ({ }) and separated by a vertical bar ()
Information you enter	boldface screen font
Variables you enter	italic screen font
Menu items and button names	boldface font
Selecting a menu item in paragraphs	Option > Network Preferences
Selecting a menu item in tables	Option > Network Preferences

Examples use the following conventions:

- Terminal sessions and information that the system displays are printed in screen font.
- Information that you enter is in **boldface screen** font. Variables for which you enter actual data are printed in *italic screen* font.
- Nonprinting characters, such as passwords, are shown in angle brackets (<>).
- Information that the system displays is in screen font, with default responses in square brackets ([]).

This publication also uses the following conventions:

- Menu items and button names are in **boldface** font.
- Directories and filenames are in *italic* font.
- If items such as buttons or menu options are grayed out on application windows, it means that the items are not available either because you do not have the correct permissions or because the item is not applicable at this time.



Means *reader take note*. Notes contain helpful suggestions or references to materials not contained in the manual.



Means *reader be careful*. You are capable of doing something that might result in equipment damage or loss of data.



Means the following are useful tips.

Related Documentation

Additional information can be found in the following publications of the CMM documentation set:

- Installation Guide for Cisco Multicast Manager 2.5
- Release Notes for Cisco Multicast Manager 2.5
- Documentation Guide and Supplemental License Agreement for Cisco Multicast Manager 2.5

Obtaining Documentation, Obtaining Support, and Security Guidelines

For information on obtaining documentation, obtaining support, providing documentation feedback, security guidelines, and also recommended aliases and general Cisco documents, see the monthly *What's New in Cisco Product Documentation*, which also lists all new and revised Cisco technical documentation, at:

http://www.cisco.com/en/US/docs/general/whatsnew/whatsnew.html





Getting Started

This chapter covers:

- Process, page 1-1
- Logging into Cisco Multicast Manager, page 1-2
- Overview, page 1-3
- Creating a Domain, page 1-5
- Discovering Your Network, page 1-8

Process

The following is a guideline in reference to the order in which to execute functions.





Process	Reference
Install	Installation Guide for Cisco Multicast Manager, 2.5
Configure	Configuring with the CMM Administration Tool, page 2-1
Monitor	Monitoring with the Multicast Manager Tool, page 3-1
Generate Reports	Managing Reports, page 3-6
Troubleshooting and Diagnosing Multicast Networking	Diagnostics and Troubleshooting with the Multicast Manager Tool, page 4-1
Troubleshooting CMM Server	Maintaining and Managing the CMM, page 5-1

Logging into Cisco Multicast Manager



For details on stopping and starting Cisco Multicast Manager on Solaris and Linux, see the *Installation Guide for the Cisco Multicast Manager 2.5*.

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To access CMM, enter the IP address or the name of the server where the software is installed. For example: http://172.16.0.1:8080. The default port of 8080 can be changed as described in the installation instructions.

Figure 1-2 Cisco Multicast Manager Login Page



To enter CMM, click **Login**. You are prompted for a username and a password. The default CMM username is *admin*, and the default CMM password is *rmsmmt*.



To change your password from default, see Chapter 2, "Managing Users and Passwords".

Overview

Cisco Multicast Manager has two main tools: Administration and Multicast Manager. You can select either tool from the menu at the upper left of Cisco Multicast Manager Web interface. You can perform the following tasks with each tool:

Tool	Tasks	Information	
Administration	Manage domains	Creating a Domain, page 1-5	
	Use administrative utilities	Using Administrative Utilities, page 2-1	
	Configure security	Configuring System Security, page 2-4	
	Manage users	Managing Users and Passwords, page 2-5	
	Perform discovery	Discovering Your Network, page 1-8	
	Configure devices	Configuring Devices and Probes, page 2-7	
	Configure global polling	Configuring Global Polling, page 2-16	
	Configure multicast polling	Configuring Specific Multicast Manager Polling, page 2-26	
	Manage addresses	Managing Device Addresses, page 2-21	

Tool	Tasks	Information
Multicast Manager	View events through the Home page	Viewing the Multicast Manager Home Page, page 3-1
		• Latest Events, page 3-7
	View Topology	Viewing Topology, page 3-2
	Manage Reporting	Managing Reports, page 3-6
	Manage Diagnostics	Managing Diagnostics, page 4-1
	View Help	Viewing User Guide Help, page 4-28

When you first log into Cisco Multicast Manager, the Multicast Manager home page appears.



SSL will be active by default.

Figure 1-3 Multicast Manager Home Page

			······ cisc
rool: Multicast Manager 🗸	Management Domai	n: .test-01 🔽	Licensed to Ci
Home Topology		agnostics	Help
atest Events			
Date	Туре	Device	Details
 Thu Apr 26 18:20:00 2007 	RP S,G Removed	cmm-7206-sd1	Group: 224.2.127.254, Source: 126.32.3.232
 Thu Apr 26 18:20:00 2007 	RP S,G Removed	cmm-7206-sd1	Group: 232.1.1.6, Source: 126.32.3.232
 Thu Apr 26 18:20:00 2007 	RP S,G Removed	cmm-7206-sd2	Group: 224.2.127.254, Source: 126.32.3.232
📹 Thu Apr 26 18:16:02 2007	Video Flow DF High	CMM-G1T-VP1	Group: <u>232.1.1.6</u> (), Source: 126.32.3.232, Value: 880.312, Threshold: 50
📹 Thu Apr 26 18:16:02 2007	Video Flow DF High	CMM-G1T-VP1	Group: 239.233.1.1 (), Source: 126.32.3.232, Value: 465.76, Threshold: 50
📹 Thu Apr 26 18:15:02 2007	Video Flow DF High	CMM-G1T-VP1	Group: <u>232.1.1.6</u> (), Source: 126.32.3.232, Value: 704.664, Threshold: 50
💰 Thu Apr 26 18:15:02 2007	Video Flow DF High	CMM-G1T-VP1	Group: <u>239.233.1.1</u> (), Source: 126.32.3.232, Value: 395.488, Threshold: 50
📸 Thu Apr 26 18:14:02 2007	Video Flow DF High	CMM-G1T-VP1	Group: <u>232.1.1.6</u> (), Source: 126.32.3.232, Value: 798.424, Tareshold: 50
💰 Thu Apr 26 18:14:02 2007	Video Flow DF High	CMM-G1T-VP1	Group: <u>239.233.1.1</u> (), Source: 126.32.3.232, Value: 504.108, Threshold: 50
📷 Thu Apr 26 18:13:01 2007	Video Flow DF High	CMM-G1T-VP1	Group: <u>232.1.1.6</u> (), Source: 126.32.3.232, Value: 817.672, Threshold: 50
Thu Apr 26 18:12:02 2007	Video Flow DF High	CMM-G1T-VP1	Group: <u>232.1.1.6</u> (), Source: 126.32.3.232, Value: 854.784, Threshold: 50
M Thu Apr 26 18:12:02 2007	Video Flow MLR High	CMM-G1T-VP1	Group: <u>232.1.1.6</u> (), Source: 126.32.3.232, Value: 203, Threshold: 0
Thu Apr 26 18:12:02 2007	Video Flow DF High	CMM-G1T-VP1	Group: <u>239.233.1.1</u> (), Source: 126.32.3.232, Value: 404.852, Threshold: 50
📸 Thu Apr 26 18:12:02 2007	Video Flow MLR High	CMM-G1T-VP1	Group: <u>239.233.1.1</u> (), Source: 126.32.3.232, Value: 423, Threshold: 0
Thu Apr 26 18:12:02 2007	Video Flow MLR High	CMM-G1T-VP2	Group: <u>239.233.1.1</u> (), Source: 126.32.3.232, Value: 409, Threshold: 0
Thu Apr 26 18:12:02 2007	Video Flow MLR High	CMM-G1T-VP2	Group: 232.1.1.6 (), Source: 126.32.3.232, Value: 189, Threshold: 0
Thu Apr 26 18:11:02 2007	Video Flow MLR High	CMM-G1T-VP2	Group: 239.233.1.1 (), Source: 126.32.3.232, Value: 35, Threshold: 0
Thu Apr 26 18:11:02 2007	Video Flow MLR High	CMM-G1T-VP2	Group: 232.1.1.6 (), Source: 126.32.3.232, Value: 135, Threshold: 0
Thu Apr 26 18:11:02 2007	Video Flow DF High	CMM-G1T-VP1	Group: 232.1.1.6 (), Source: 126.32.3.232, Value: 739.664, Threshold: 50
Thu Apr 26 18:11:02 2007	Video Flow MLR High	CMM-G1T-VP1	Group: 232.1.1.6 (), Source: 126.32.3.232, Value: 238, Threshold: 0
Thu Apr 26 18:10:02 2007	Video Flow DF High	CMM-G1T-VP2	Group: 239.233.1.1 (), Source: 126.32.3.232, Value: 387.136, Threshold: 50
Thu Apr 26 18:10:02 2007	Video Flow DF High	CMM-G1T-VP2	Group: <u>232.1.1.6</u> (), Source: 126.32.3.232, Value: 800.096, Threshold: 50
Thu Apr 26 18:10:02 2007	Video Flow DF High	CMM-G1T-VP1	Group: 232.1.1.6 (), Source: 126.32.3.232, Value: 906.032, Threshold: 50
Thu Apr 26 18:10:02 2007	Video Flow MLR High	CMM-G1T-VP1	Group: 232.1.1.6 (), Source: 126.32.3.232, Value: 302, Threshold: 0
	Video Flow DF High	CMM-G1T-VP1	Group: <u>239.233.1.1</u> (), Source: 126.32.3.232, Value: 355.056, Threshold: 50

Polling Engine Status

test-01

(Polling Daemon is Running since Thu Apr 26 18:12:23 2007)

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211067

For detailed information on this window, see the "Viewing the Multicast Manager Home Page" section on page 3-1.

Creating a Domain

Before you can begin managing your networks, you must create a domain. A domain is a collection of multicast routers. Multiple domains may exist, and routers can belong to multiple domains. Using Domain Management, you can create and edit domains.

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To create a domain:

- Step 1 From the Multicast Manager home page, select the Administration tool.
- Step 2 Select Domain Management.
- **Step 3** Select **add a new domain**. The System Configuration page appears.

To edit an existing domain, select **edit** next to the desired domain listing.

Figure 1-4 System Configuration Page

Cisco Tool Administration					cisco
Tool: Administration 🔽	Management Domain: 📘	Fest 💌		<u>loqout</u>	Licensed to Cisco
Configuration: Domain Management	System Configuration				<u>^</u>
Admin Utilities					
System Security					
User Management					
Discovery	Management Domain				
MVPN Configuration				-	
Device Configuration	Default Read Only		Verify		
Global Polling Configuration				_	
Multicast Polling Configuration	Default Read Write		Verify		
Route Manager			voni,		
Address Management	SNMP Timeout	0.8			
		0.0			
Test - 10 device(s)	SNMP Retries	2			
	TFTP Server	172.20.111.242]		
Search:	VTY Password		Verify		
	Enable Password		Verify]	
<u>cmm-6503-c2</u> (126.1.3.14)				-	
(,	TACACS/RADIUS Username		Verify		
<u>cmm-6504-04</u> (126.1.11.16) cmm-6506-c1.dns-	TACACS/RADIUS Password		Verify	_	
<u>sj.cisco.com</u> (126.1.2.13)	Cache TACACS Info	tacacsCache			
<u>cmm-6506-c3.dns-</u> sj.cisco.com	Resolve Addresses	DNS			
(126.1.9.15) cmm-7206-sd1	Use SG Cache	sgCache			~

Step 4 Complete the fields in the System Configuration page and click **Save** to continue and create the new domain. Click **Cancel** to exit without creating a domain.

<u>Note</u>

The System Configuration page contains the following fields:

Field	Description		
Management Domain	A management domain is defined as a contiguous group of PIM neighbors sharing the same SNMP community string.		
Default Read Only	SNMP read-only community string.		
Default Read Write	SNMP read-write community string. This is required for retrieving and validating device configurations.		
SNMP Timeout	Retry period if node does not respond. Default value is 0.8.		
SNMP Retries	Number of retries to contact a node before issuing a timeout. Default value is 2.		
TFTP Server	TFTP server IP address. Default is the IP address of Cisco Multicast Manager server.		
VTY Password	The VTY password is required if you want to issue show commands from the application. Certain features, such as querying Layer 2 switches, also require this. If TACACS is being used, then a username and password can be supplied instead of the VTY password.		
Enable Password	(Not currently used.)		
TACACS/RADIUS Username	If you are using TACACS/RADIUS then you can enter a username here. See VTY Password above.		
	Note If you enter a TACACS/RADIUS username and password here, the application will use these values regardless of who is currently logged in. Users can also enter their own username and password when issuing show commands.		
TACACS/RADIUS Password	If you are using TACACS/RADIUS then you can enter a password here. See VTY Password above.		
	Note If you enter a TACACS/RADIUS username and password here, the application will use these values regardless of who is currently logged in. Users can also enter their own username and password when issuing show commands.		
Cache TACACS Info	Check the check box to cache the TACACS username and password until the browser is closed. This eliminates having to enter the username and password each time you issue a router command from the application.		

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Field	Description
Resolve Addresses	Performs DNS lookups on all sources found. The DNS name appears alongside the IP address on the "Show All Groups" screen. If the server is no configured for DNS, then DO NOT check the box If the box is checked, you may receive a slower response, due to the fact that the application is trying to resolve names. We recommend disabling this option if your network contains a large number of SGs. The Resolve Addresses option also causes discovery to do a reverse DNS lookup on a device name. The IP address returned by DNS is then used for management purposes. Otherwise, the IP address by which the device is found is used for management purposes.
Use SG Cache	Some networks contain thousands of sources and groups (SG)s. During discovery, CMM caches al the SGs found in the RPs. If this box is checked CMM reads the SG cache when showing lists of sources and groups, rather then retrieving them again from the RPs in the network. The cache is automatically refreshed if RPs are being polled a described later in this document (see the "RP Polling" section on page 2-26). The cache can also be refreshed manually by clicking the Refresh Cache button in the Multicast Diagnostics window (see the "Show All Groups" section on page 4-2). This button appears only if you have the Use SG Cache option selected. We highly recommend that you use the SG cache option. If there are no RPs in the domain being discovered, then the SG cache is created by querying all the devices that have been discovered, as would be the case in a PIM Dense-Mode network. In this case, the SG cache is updated only when you click the Refresh Cache button.

Discovering Your Network

<u>Note</u>

If you are upgrading from CMM 2.4, you must run discovery to access new features.

After you have created a domain, the second step in using Cisco Multicast Manager is to discover your network using one of these choices, found within the **Discovery** menu:

• Adding Layer 2 Switches to Discovery, page 1-9

- Adding Video Probes, page 1-10
- Performing Multicast Discovery, page 1-13
- Adding or Rediscovering a Single Device, page 1-15

The discovery process is multicast-specific and finds only devices that are PIM-enabled. CMM builds a database of all found devices. Discovery adds support for multiple community strings per domain, along with device-specific SNMP timeout and retries.

Note

If any new routers or interfaces are added to the network, run discovery again so that the database is consistent with the network topology.

A single router may also be added or rediscovered on the network. A router being added must have a connection to a device that already exists in the database. A router that is being rediscovered is initially removed from the database, along with any neighbors that exist in the database. The router and its neighbors are then added back into the database. This option would be used if a change on a device has caused a change in the SNMP ifIndexes.



When possible, use the SNMP ifindex persist command on all devices.

Adding Layer 2 Switches to Discovery

Layer 2 switches are not included in discovery and must be added manually. You can add switches individually, or you can import a list of switches in a CSV file.

To add switches individually, enter the switch name or IP address and the community string, then click Add.

To import a list of switches:

Step 1 Create a text file by typing:

#import file format switch IP address or switch name
this line will be skipped
switchA
192.168.1.1, public
switchC
10.10.10.1, public

- **Step 2** Save the file.
- **Step 3** Within the Administration tool, select **Discovery**.
- Step 4 Select Add L2 Switch.

The Multicast Layer 2 Switch Configuration page appears.

Figure 1-5 Multicast Layer 2 Switch Configuration

Tool: Administration 🛛 👻	Management Domain: 📕 Test 💌	logout	Licensed to Cisc
Configuration:	Laward Conitat Discourse		
Domain Management	Layer 2 Switch Discovery		
Admin Utilities	Import From File		
System Security	Import From File		
User Management			
Discovery		Browse Import	
- Add L2 Switch			
- Add Unicast Router	csv file format: switch_IP,switch_RO		
- Add Video Probe	ast me termed strice. En jonnear. En o		
- Multicast			
- Virtual Link MVPN			
MVPN Configuration			
Device Configuration			
Global Polling Configuration Multicast Polling Configuration	Name/IP Address		
Route Manager			
Address Management	Community String Add		
Test - 10 device(s)			
Search:			
<u>cmm-6503-c2</u> (126.1.3.14)			
<u>cmm-6504-04</u> (126.1.11.16)			

Step 6 Click Import.

Adding Video Probes

Step 5

To configure a video probe:

1. Gather the IP addresses and names of the probes.

Obtain the IP addresses and names of the probes that you will monitor.

2. Input a list of probes.

You can add probes manually, using the Cisco Multicast Manager interface or by importing a CSV that includes a list of the probes that you want to monitor.

- For information on adding probes manually, see Adding Video Probes Manually, page 1-11.
- For information on importing probes listed in a text file, see Importing a List of Probes, page 1-12.
- 3. Set up monitoring for the probes.

For information on setting up monitoring for probes, see the following sections in Chapter 2, "Configuring with the CMM Administration Tool."

- Editing Basic Probe Parameters, page 2-14
- Configuring Global Polling, page 2-16
- Video Probe Polling, page 2-51
- 4. If needed, setting up a trap collector or email alerts.

For information on setting up a trap receiver and email addresses see, Configuring Domain-Specific Trap Receivers and Email Addresses, page 2-20.

Cisco Multicast Manager can monitor the status and video quality of video streams delivered over the multicast network by using video probes that show activity on specified devices or routes.

You can specify a video probe to monitor in two ways:

- Manually, by entering the probes in the Video Probe Discovery page
- By importing a list of probes contained in a text file.



You must compile Cisco Multicast Manager MIBs into your NMS station. The MIBS are located in the following directories:

/opt/RMSMMT - solaris /usr/local/netman - Linux

RMS-MMT-V1SMI.my RMS-MMT.mi2 RMS-MMT.my

Adding Video Probes Manually

To add a video probe manually:

- **Step 1** Within the Administration tool, select **Discovery**.
- Step 2 Select Add Video Probe.

The Video Probe Discovery page appears, as shown in Figure 1-6.

Figure 1-6 Video Probe Discovery Configuration Page

			CISCO
Tool: Administration 🛛 💌	Management Domain: 🛛 Test 💌	loqout	Licensed to Cisco
Configuration:	Video Probe Discovery		~
Domain Management	video Frabe Discovery		
Admin Utilities	This screen is for adding video probes to the dat		
System Security	This screen is for adding video probes to the dat	abase.	
User Management			
Discovery	Import From File		
- Add L2 Switch			
- Add Unicast Router		Browse	
- Add Video Probe		Browse Import	
- Multicast			
- Virtual Link MVPN	csv file format: probe_IP,probe_RO,probe_	RW,router_IP,router_RO,router interface description	
MVPN Configuration			
Device Configuration			
Global Polling Configuration			
Multicast Polling Configuration Route Manager			
Address Management	Probe Name/IP Address		
Aduress Management			
Test - 10 device(s)	Probe RO Community String		
Search:	Probe RW Community String		
Search:	Router Name/IP Address		
	Router RO Community String		
cmm-6503-c2			
(126.1.3.14)	Interface Description		
cmm-6504-c4			
(126.1.11.16)	Add		
cmm-6506-c1.dns-			
sj.cisco.com			
(126.1.2.13)			~

Step 3 Complete the fields in the Video Probe Discovery page.

Field	Description
Probe Name/IP Address	Enter the name or the IP address of the video probe.
Probe RO Community String	Enter the read-only (RO) SNMP community string for the probe.
Probe RW Community String	Enter the read-write (RW) SNMP community string for the probe.
Router Name/IP Address	Enter the hostname of the IP address of the router that the probe is monitoring.
Router RO Community String	Enter the RO community string for the router that the probe is monitoring.
Interface Description	Enter a description of the router interface.

Step 4 Click Add.

The Cisco Multicast Monitor system starts the probe discovery process, and attempts to contact the router. If the router is contacted successfully, the probe information is added to the Cisco Multicast Manager configuration. If the SNMP community string, router name, or IP address is incorrect, an error message appears.

Importing a List of Probes

To import a list of video probes:

Step 1 Create a comma-separated text file (CSV) in the format:

ProbeIPaddress,Probe-SNMP-RO,Probe-SNMP-RW,Router-IP-Address,Router-SNMP-RO, router-interface-desc

Each entry specifies the following information about a video probe.

Entry	Description
ProbeIPaddress	The name or the IP address of the video probe.
Probe-SNMP-RO	The read-only (RO) SNMP community string for the probe.
Probe-SNMP-RW	Enter the read-write (RW) SNMP community string for the probe.
Router-IP-Address	The hostname of the IP address of the router that the probe is monitoring.
Router-SNMP-RO	The RO community string for the router that the probe is monitoring.
router-interface-desc	A description of the router interface.

- **Step 2** Save the text file to a directory on the computer where you are running Cisco Multicast Manager.
- Step 3 Click Browse.
- Step 4 Navigate to the directory where the text file is located and select the text file.

The directory path and file name appear in the Input From File text box.

Step 5 Click Import.

The Cisco Multicast Monitor system starts the probe discovery process and attempts to discover the specified video probes. If the information in the CSV file is correct, the probes are added to the topology database. If the information in the CSV is incorrect, an error message appears.



If the probes are not being added, check that the server CMM is loaded on does have IP connectivity to the probes and the probes have SNMP enabled.

Performing Multicast Discovery

To perform a new multicast discovery:

Step 1 Within the Administration tool, select **Discovery**.

Step 2 Select Multicast. The Multicast Discovery page appears, with a Management Domain selected.

I

Cisco Tool Administration						cisco
Tool: Administration 🛛 👻	Management Don	nain: CMM_DEMO	~		<u>loqout</u>	Licensed to hcl
Configuration:	Discover Multicast	Domain				6
Domain Management Admin Utilities	To discover the network	enter the IP address o	f a seed router along with its	read-only comm	nunity string.	
System Security	-					
User Management	Management ,					
Discovery	Management Domain	JMM_DEMO				
- Add L2 Switch						
- Add Unicast Router	Seed Router					
- Add Video Probe	_			1.1		
- Multicast	Community			lab	The selected strings will	he used
- Virtual Link MVPN	Strings		Add	public	during discovery	
Device Configuration	-				aaning abooror,	
Global Polling Configuration Multicast Polling Configuration						
Route Manager	Discovery Depth	×				
Address Management						
Haaress Hanagement	Network					
CMM DEMO - 10 device(s)	discovery type	🔾 Include				
CININ_DENO - 10 device(s)		O Exclude				
		C EXCIDEN				
Search:	Network Address		Add to List			
	L					
					The second second second second second	and have
cmm-6503-c2	Network Mask		Remove from List		The entered networks m	
(172.20.111.201)					included or excluded in d	iscovery
cmm-6504-c4			-	· · · · · ·		
(126.1.11.16)		Start Discovery				
CEOC et des						

Figure 1-7 Multicast Discovery Page

Step 3Complete the fields in the Discover Multicast Domain pane and click Start Discovery to continue.The Discover Multicast Domain pane contains the following fields:

Field	Description
Management Domain	(Read-only) Lists the selected management domain.
Seed Router	Enter the IP address of the seed router to start discovery. If you enabled DNS when configuring the domain, enter a name.
Community Strings	You can add additional community strings if required.
Discovery Depth	Number of PIM neighbors Cisco Multicast Manager will discover from the seed router (similar to a hop count).

As routers are discovered, they appear in the browser window.

Step 4 (Optional) To view discovery progress as it is running, click **Refresh Status**.

For details on adding or rediscovering a single device, see Adding or Rediscovering a Single Device, page 1-15.

CMM discovers all routers in the network that are multicast enabled and have interfaces participating in multicast routing. If the discovery fails to find any routers, or if there are routers in the network that you expected to discover but did not, check the following:

• Connectivity to the routers

<u>Note</u>

- SNMP community strings on the routers
- Discovery depth setting—is it sufficient?
- SNMP ACLs on the routers

When discovery is complete, the browser window displays the time it took to discover the network and the number of devices discovered:

Discovery took 15 seconds Discovered 5 routers

The time the discovery takes depends on the number of routers, number of interfaces, and router types.

If the discovery seems to stop at a particular router, or seems to pause, check that particular router's connectivity to its PIM neighbors. Also, check the PIM neighbor to see if it supports the PIM and IPMROUTE MIBs. Again, because the discovery is multicast-specific, unless these MIBs are supported, the device will not be included in the database. Issuing the **sh snmp mib** command on a router gives this information.

When discovery finishes, you can view the discovered routers in the lower left pane.

Adding or Rediscovering a Single Device

To add or rediscover a single device:

- Step 1 Within the Administration tool, select Discovery.
- **Step 2** Select **Multicast**. The Multicast Discovery page appears (see Figure 1-7). A **Management Domain** is selected.
- **Step 3** Complete the fields in the Add/Rediscover a Single Device pane and click Add/Rediscover to continue.

The Add/Rediscover a Single Device pane contains these fields:

Field	Description
Management Domain	(Read-only) Lists the selected management domain.
Router	Enter the IP address of the device you want to discover or add.
Community Strings	You can add additional community strings if required.
This device only	Rediscovers this device and updates the current database with the new information.
One hop from this device	Discovers this router and every router within one hop, and updates the current database with the new information.

As devices are discovered, they appear in the browser window.

Performing MVPN Discovery

To create a virtual link:

- **Step 1** Within the Administration tool, select **Discovery**.
- Step 2 Select Virtual Link MVPN. The MVPN Discovery page appears (see Figure 1-8).



Figure 1-8 MVPN Discovery

- **Step 3** Manually create a flat file that contains a list of CEs.
- **Step 4** Enter the file location in the **Flat File Path** field.

- **Step 5** Designate the **Community String** and click **Add**.
- Step 6 Designate the Discovery Depth level and click on the Start Discovery button.







Configuring with the CMM Administration Tool

System administrators can configure their network using the CMM Administration Tool.

This chapter covers:

- Performing Domain Management, page 2-1
- Using Administrative Utilities, page 2-1
- Configuring System Security, page 2-4
- Managing Users and Passwords, page 2-5
- Discovering Your Network, page 2-7
- Configuring Devices and Probes, page 2-7
- Configuring Global Polling, page 2-15
- Configuring Route Manager, page 2-20
- Managing Device Addresses, page 2-21
- Configuring Specific Multicast Manager Polling, page 2-27

Performing Domain Management

For details on Domain Management, see the "Creating a Domain" section on page 1-5.

Using Administrative Utilities

The Administrator Utilities page provides maintenance tools for the system administrator.

Figure 2-1 shows the top part of the Administrator Utilities page.

Figure 2-1 Administrator Utilities Page

Cisco Tool Administration			cisco
Tool: Administration 🛛 🔽	Management Domain: Test 💌	loqout	Licensed to Cisco
Configuration:	Administrator Utilities		^
Domain Management Admin Utilities - License Info	Remove Domain		
System Security User Management Discovery	Management Test 🗸 Delete Doma	in	
MVPN Configuration Device Configuration			
Global Polling Configuration Multicast Polling Configuration Route Manager	Remove Router		
Address Management	cmm-6503-c2		
Test - 10 device(s)	Router cmm-6504-c4 ■ cmm-6506-c1.dns-sj.c cmm-6506-c3.dns-sj.c ▼	r	
Search:			
cmm-6503-c2	Remove Layer 2 Switch		
(126.1.3.14) cmm-6504-c4			
(126.1.11.16) <u>cmm-6506-c1.dns-</u> <u>sj.cisco.com</u> (126.1.2.13)	Switch Delete Switch		
<u>cmm-6506-c3.dns-</u> <u>si.cisco.com</u> (126.1.9.15)			
cmm-7206-sd1	Remove Video Probe		211140

Field	Description
Remove Domain	Removes all data associated with a management domain.
	Note Domains cannot be removed while the polling daemon is running.
Remove Router	Removes a specific router from a management domain. However, if the device is being polled, you must remove it from the polling configuration first.
Remove Layer 2 Switch	Removes Layer 2 switches from the management database.
Remove Video Probe	Removes a video probe from Cisco Multicast Manager.
Remove Baseline	Removes a forwarding tree baseline, along with any associated tree change information.
Address Management Database	Contains:
	• Browse —Find a CSV file to import.
	• Import —You can import a CSV file into the IP address database. The file should be in the following format:
	<pre>#import file format #this line will be skipped 239.1.1.1,test group 192.168.1.1,sourceA</pre>
	• Reinitialize —Restores all reserved multicast addresses to the IP address database.
	• Export —Creates a file in <i>/tmp</i> called mmtIPdb.csv which contains the IP address database in CSV format.
Log Files	Contains:
	View SSH Log
	• Clear Server Log—Truncates the error_log file.
	• View Discovery Log—Shows discovery-specific messages contained in the error_log file.
	Note The error_log file should be rotated along with other system log files.
	• View Polling Engine Log—Displays the contents of the polling log.
	Clear Session Log

Configuring System Security

The System Security page provides TACACS login support for Cisco Multicast Manager. To configure TACACS login support:

Step 1 Select the **Administration** tool.

Step 2 From the Configuration menu, select **System Security**.

The System Security page opens, as shown in Figure 2-2.

Figure 2-2 System Security Page

Cisco Tool Administration			cisco
Tool: Administration 💌	Management Domain: 🔽 💌	logout	Licensed to Cisco
Configuration:	System Security		^
Domain Management	System Security		
Admin Utilities			
System Security	Primary TACACS server info must be configured. Se	condary is ontional	
User Management	Thindry Thenes Server line mase be comigared. Se	condary to optionali	
Discovery			
MVPN Configuration			
Device Configuration	Primary TACACS Server		
Global Polling Configuration			
Multicast Polling Configuration	Primary TACACS Key		
Route Manager Address Management			
Address Management	Primary TACACS Port		
^	Secondary TACACS Server		
Test - 10 device(s)			
	Secondary TACACS Key		
Search:	Secondary TACACS Port		
	Enable TACACS Caching		
cmm-6503-c2			
(126.1.3.14)	Caching Timeout Min		
<u>cmm-6504-c4</u>			
(126.1.11.16)	Non-TACACS Caching Timeout 30 Min Apply	Change	
<u>cmm-6506-c1.dns-</u>			
<u>si.cisco.com</u>	Use One-Time Passwords		
(126.1.2.13)			
<u>cmm-6506-c3.dns-</u>	Apply Disable		
sj.cisco.com (126.1.9.15)			
(126.1.9.15)			*

Step 3 Specify the following information for the primary TACACS server:

- Primary TACACS Server—Enter the IP address of the TACACS server.
- **Primary TACACS Key**—Enter the primary TACACS key.
- **Primary TACACS Port**—Enter the primary TACACS port number (the default port number is 49).
- **Step 4** (Optional) If you want to configure a secondary TACACS server, specify the following information:
 - Primary TACACS Server—Enter the IP address of the TACACS server.
 - Primary TACACS Key—Enter the primary TACACS key.
 - Primary TACACS Port—Enter the primary TACACS port number (the default port number is 49).
- **Step 5** If you want to enable TACACS caching, check the Enable TACACS Caching check box and, in the Caching Timeout field, enter a caching timeout value in seconds.
- **Step 6** If you want to use passwords that are valid only for one use, check the Use One-time Passwords check box.

Step 7 Click Apply.

Manually Configuring System Security

If the TACACS keys are configured incorrectly, then you must change them manually in the /opt/RMSMMT/httpd_perl/conf/httpd.conf file as follows:

```
Tacacs_Pri_Key tac_plus_key
  Tacacs_Sec_Key tac_plus_key
<Sample AAA Server Config>
group = admins {
       service = connection {
              priv-lvl=15
}
group = netop {
        service = connection {}
}
user = mike {
       member = netop
       login = des mRm6KucrBaoHY
}
user = admin {
       member = admins
        login = cleartext "ciscocmm"
}
</Sample AAA Server Config>
```

Managing Users and Passwords

The CMM provides two privilege levels: user and admin. You need an administrator account to configure multicast domains, run discovery, create users, create health checks, and use the **Admin Utilities** functions.

You can configure users and passwords using the User Management pages:

- Manage Users
- Change Password

Managing Users

To manage users:

Step 1 Select the Administration tool.

Step 2 From the Configuration menu, select User Management > Manage Users.

The User Configuration page opens, as shown in Figure 2-3.

Figure 2-3 Manage Users—User Configuration Page

Tool: Administration 🔽	Management Domain: 🛛 Test 🔽	logout	Licensed to Cisco	
Configuration:	User Configuration			
Domain Management				
Admin Utilities	User ID Description Priv Level Remove			
System Security User Management				
- Manage Users	<u>admin</u> admin <u>Delete</u>			
- Change Password				
Discovery	Add User			
MVPN Configuration				
Device Configuration				
Global Polling Configuration	User ID			
Multicast Polling Configuration Route Manager				
Address Management	Description			
~				
Test - 10 device(s)	Priv Level 💿 user 🔘 admin			
	Password Verify			
Search:	Password			
Search:	Add			
1700.0				
<u>cmm-6503-c2</u> (126.1.3.14)				
cmm-6504-c4				
(126.1.11.16)				
cmm-6506-c1.dns-				
sj.cisco.com				
Enter the user ID.				
Litter the user ID.				
(Optional) Enter a de	escription.			
· •	•			
Choose the appropriate privilege level, user or admin .				
Enter the password into the Password and Verify boxes.				
-	nto the Fustore and verify boxes.			
Click Add.				
Salacting the User II	D link in the table allows you to edit the	he user's description	Salact Doloto to de	
•	•	lie user s description.	Sciect Delete to u	
a user (only an admi	nistrator can delete users).			
a aser (only an actin				

Changing Your User Password

To change your user password:

Step 1 On the Configuration Menu, select User Management > Manage Users.

The Change Password page opens, as shown in Figure 2-4.

Cisco Tool Administration				cisco
Tool: Administration 🔽	Management Domain: 🛛 Test 🚩		<u>loqout</u>	Licensed to Cisco
Configuration:	Change Password			
Domain Management Admin Utilities				
System Security				
User Management				
- Manage Users	User ID			
- Change Password				
Discovery	Old Password			
MVPN Configuration			7	
Device Configuration	New Password	/erify		
Global Polling Configuration Multicast Polling Configuration				
Route Manager	Change Password			
Address Management				
Test - 10 device(s) Search:				
Enter your user ID.				
Enter your old passy	vord.			
Enter your new pass	word in the Password and V	erify boxes.		
Click Change Passy	vord			

Figure 2-4 Manage Users – Change Password Page

Discovering Your Network

For details on Discovery, see Discovering Your Network, page 1-8.

Configuring Devices and Probes

Using the Device Configuration page, you can:

- Change the SNMP read key of a single device.
 Select a Router or Switch, then click Edit Parameters.
 See Configuring Devices, page 8
- View a list of all available probes and Edit the basic parameters for the probe.
 Select a Video Probe, then click Edit Parameters.
 See Editing Basic Probe Parameters, page 2-13 for a detailed procedure.

Configuring Devices

To configure a device:

- **Step 1** Select the **Administration** tool.
- Step 2 From the Configuration menu, select Device Configuration

The Device Configuration page opens, as shown in Figure 2-5.

Figure 2-5 Device Configuration – Edit Parameters

Cisco Tool Administration			cisco
Tool: Administration 💌	Management Domain: Test 🛩	loqout	Licensed to Cisco
Configuration:	Device Configuration		<u>^</u>
Domain Management	Device configuration		
Admin Utilities	Routers		
System Security	Routers		
User Management			
Discovery	Router cmm-6503-c2	Edit Parameters	
MVPN Configuration	Router Cmm-6503-C2	Luit Farameters	
Device Configuration			
- Get All Configs			
- Validate All Configs			
- Configure Static RPs	Layer 2 Switches		
- Configure SSM Devices			
Global Polling Configuration			
Multicast Polling Configuration	Switch 💙 🛛 Edit Param	ieters	
Route Manager			=
Address Management			
Test - 10 device(s)	Video Probes		
Search:	Probe 💌 Edit Param	ieters	
<u>cmm-6503-c2</u> (126.1.3.14)	<u></u>		
<u>cmm-6504-04</u> (126.1.11.16)	To apply the default domain community	strings to all devices, dick on update.	
<u>cmm-6506-c1.dns-</u> <u>sj.cisco.com</u> (126.1.2.13)			
<u>cmm-6506-c3.dns-</u>	Update		v

- **Step 3** From the drop-down lists, select a **Router** or **Switch**, then click **Edit Parameters.** The Edit Parameters section for the specified device appears.
- **Step 4** Enter the following information:
 - Read Only Community String—The Read Only Community String for the device.
 - Read Write Community String—The Read Write Community Screen for the device
 - SNMP Timeout—The SMMP timeout interval, in seconds.
 - SNMP Retries—The number of SNMP retries to configure.
- Step 5 Click Modify.
Downloading Router Configurations

If you entered the SNMP write key for the router when you set up the domain, Cisco Multicast Manager can download and display configuration files for the router.

To use this option, TFTP must be enabled on the server, and the SNMP read-write community string must be supplied. See the <i>Installation Guide for the Cisco Multicast Manager</i> .				
To download a router configuration:				
Select the Administration tool.				
From the Configuration menu, select Device Configuration > Get All Configs .				
The Get All Configs page opens.				
Click Go.				
The router configuration appears in the Get All Configs page.				
This process may take some time, depending on the number of routers in the current domain.				

Validating Router Configurations

Using Cisco Multicast Manager, you can verify if IOS commands exist on a router, either globally, or on a single interface. Router configurations for a domain are verified against a template. Several sample templates are included with the application, or you can create a user-defined template, which must be a text (.txt) file containing a list of IOS commands to check. For example, to check for global commands, start the text file with the word "global." To check interface commands, add the word "interface" and so on. You can check for global and interface at the same time, as in the example:

```
GLOBAL
```

```
service timestamps log datetime msec localtime show-timezone
service password-encryption
logging
no logging console
no ip source-route
ip subnet zero
ip classless
INTERFACE
ip pim-sparse-mode
```

۵, Note

Before you can initiate validation, TFTP must be enabled on the server, and the SNMP read-write community string must be configured in Cisco Multicast Manager.

To select a template and initiate validation:

- Step 1 Select the Administration tool.
- Step 2 From the Configuration menu, select Device Configuration > Validate All Configs.
- **Step 3** The Configuration Check page opens, as shown in Figure 2-6.

Cisco Tool Administration			CISCO
Tool: Administration 🔽	Management Domain: 🔽 💌	loqout	Licensed to Cisc
onfiguration:			
Domain Management	Configuration Check		
Admin Utilities			
System Security	Upload Configuration Template		
Jser Management			
Discovery		Browse	
MVPN Configuration			
Device Configuration	Upload		
- Get All Configs			
- Validate All Configs			
- Configure Static RPs	Select/View Template For Config Verification		
- Configure SSM Devices	Select, view remplate For County Vertiliation		
Global Polling Configuration			
Multicast Polling Configuration	rcv.config 🗸 Check View		
Route Manager	, _		
Address Management			
Test - 10 device(s)			
Search:			

Figure 2-6 Configuration Check Page

- **Step 4** Ensure that the correct Management Domain is selected.
- **Step 5** If you want to upload a user-defined template:
 - **a**. Click **Browse**. Open the text (.txt) file you created.
 - b. Click Upload. The user-defined text file appears in the list below.
- **Step 6** Select the template you want to use from the list.
- **Step 7** (Optional) Click **View** to see the contents of each template.
- Step 8 Click Check.

Cisco Multicast Manager checks each router in the database for the existence of the commands in the template you specified. The output display indicates whether the commands have been entered and the corresponding settings have been made.

Configuring Static RPs

If you have static rendezvous points (RPs) configured, you must configure CMM to find these static RPs, which in turn populates the RP Summary within the Multicast Manager tool Diagnostics section. To configure static RPs:

Step 1 Under the Device Configuration menu, click Configure Static RPs.

The Configure Static RPs page opens, as shown in Figure 2-7.

Figure 2-7 Configure Static RPs Page

Cisco Tool Administration			cisco
Tool: Administration 💌	Management Domain: 🛛 Test 💌	<u>loqout</u>	Licensed to Cisco
Configuration: Domain Management Admin Utilities	Configure Static RPs		
System Security User Management Discovery MVPN Configuration	The SG cache must be refreshed after making chan	ges to this screen.	
Device Configuration - Get All Configs - Validate All Configs	Refresh Cache		
- Configure Static RPs - Configure SSM Devices Global Polling Configuration	Discovered RPs RP IP Address cmm-7604-sd2 126.0.2.1		
Multicast Polling Configuration Route Manager Address Management	Static RPs		
Test - 10 device(s)	RP IP Address Delete		
Search:	Add Static RP		
<u>cmm-6503-c2</u> (126.1.3.14) <u>cmm-6504-c4</u>	Search:		
(126.1.11.16) <u>cmm-6506-c1.dns-</u> <u>si.cisco.com</u> (126.1.2.13)			
<u>cmm-6506-c3.dns-</u>			

- **Step 2** In the **Add Static RP** field, enter the IP address of the RP. The **Add Static RP** field is address sensitive, so as you type in the IP address, a list of routers appear.
- **Step 3** Click **Add** next to the router(s) you want to select. The **Static RPs** table is populated.

Configuring SSM Devices

The CMM currently supplies you with a list of all active sources and groups when requested (see the "Show All Groups" section on page 4-2). In a network containing RPs, the CMM visits each RP and collates a list to provide this information when requested. This is not possible in a Source Specific Multicast (SSM) network that does not contain RPs. To provide you with a list of all active sources and groups in SSM networks, you can input routers to the CMM that it visits when asked for this information. You can decide which routers are considered RP-type devices that contain most of the active sources and groups in the network, and then specify those routers. When you request to Show All Groups, the CMM visits the specified routers and builds the list from them.

Note

You can see all active sources and groups on a particular router by viewing the Multicast Routing Table (see the "Managing Router Diagnostics" section on page 4-24).

To configure SSM devices:

- **Step 1** Select the **Administration** tool.
- **Step 2** From the Configuration menu, select **Device Configuration > Configure SSM Devices**.

The Configure Source Specific Multicast Devices page opens, as shown in Figure 2-8.

Figure 2-8 Configure Source Specific Multicast Devices Page

Cisco Tool Administration			cisco
Tool: Administration 🔽	Management Domain: MVPN	V logout	Licensed to HCL Technologi
Configuration:	Calastina Course Manitoria Roll		
Domain Management	-	ing Configuration for MVPN domain	
Admin Utilities	(Polling Daemon is Running since Fri)	Jan 11 14:10:29 2008) Refresh Status	
System Security		,	
User Management			
Discovery			
MVPN Configuration			
Device Configuration	Start Stop Restart		
Global Polling Configuration			
Multicast Polling Configuration			
- RP Polling	The polling deemon must be rest	tarted after making changes on this screen.	
- RPF Polling	The polling daemon must be res	tarteu arter making changes on chis screen.	
- SSM Polling			
- SG Polling - Main	Source/Group Thresholds		
- SG Polling - by Device	Source/ Group Thresholds		
- SG Polling - by Branch			
- L2 Polling	Source	Filter Groups	
- Interface Polling	Source	Tiller Ciloups	
- Tree Polling			
- Health Check Config/Polling			
- MVPN Polling	Group	Filter Sources	
- Video Probe Polling	orodp	T Mor Bodroco	
Route Manager	~		
Address Management			
	RESET SG LISTS		
Add some devices by running discovery.	Units 💿 pps 🔘 bps		
Click here to get started	High Threshold		
	Low Threshold		
		a. .	

- Step 3 Within the Add Source Specific Multicast Device box, enter the IP address of the RP. The Add Static RP box is address sensitive, so as you type in the IP address, a list of routers appear.
- **Step 4** Click **Add** next to the router(s) you want to select. The **Source Specific Multicast Devices** table is populated.

Viewing Available Probes

To view all available probes:

- **Step 1** Select the **Administration** tool.
- Step 2 Click Device Configuration.
- **Step 3** Select the drop-down list in the Probe field.

A list of available probes appears, as shown in Figure 2-9.

Cisco Tool Administration		cisco
Tool: Administration 🔽	Management Domain: Test 💌 loqout	Licensed to Cisco
Configuration:	Device Configuration	<u>^</u>
Domain Management Admin Utilities		
System Security	Routers	
User Management		
Discovery	Router cmm-6503-c2	
MVPN Configuration	Router cmm-6503-c2	
Device Configuration		
- Get All Configs		
- Validate All Configs	Lauren 2 Switzbar	
- Configure Static RPs - Configure SSM Devices	Layer 2 Switches	
Global Polling Configuration	-	
Multicast Polling Configuration	Switch 🔽 Edit Parameters	
Route Manager		
Address Management		
Test - 10 device(s) Search:	Video Probes Probe CMM-G1T-VP1 V Edit Parameters	
<u>cmm-6503-c2</u> (126.1.3.14) <u>cmm-6504-c4</u> (126.1.11.16) <u>cmm-6506-c1.dns-</u> <u>si.cisco.com</u> (126.1.2.13)	To apply the default domain community strings to all devices, click on update.	111094
<u>cmm-6506-c3.dns-</u>	Update	

Editing Basic Probe Parameters

To edit the basic parameters for a video probe:

- **Step 1** Select the **Administration** tool.
- Step 2 Click Device Configuration.

The Device Configuration page appears (shown in Figure 2-9).

Step 3 From the drop-down list in the Probe field, select a video probe, and then click Edit Parameters.

The Edit Parameters section for probes appears, as shown in Figure 2-10.

Tool: Administration 👻	Management Domain: test-01 🔽	Licensed to Cisco
Configuration:	Device Configuration	^
Domain Management		
Admin Utilities System Security	Routers	
User Management		
Discovery		
MVPN Configuration	Router cmm-6503-c2 🛛 🖌 Edit Parameters	
Device Configuration		
- Get All Configs - Validate All Configs	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
- Configure Static RPs	Laver 2 Switches	
 Configure SSM Devices 		
Global Polling Configuration		
Multicast Polling Configuration Route Manager	Switch 💙 Edit Parameters	
Address Management		
test-01 - 9 device(s)		
	Video Probes	
Search:		
	Probe CMM-G1T-VP1 V Edit Parameters	
<u>cmm-6503-c2</u> (126.1.3.14)		
cmm-6504-c4		
(126.1.11.16)		
<u>cmm-6506-c1</u>		
(126.1.2.13)	To apply the default domain community strings to all devices, click on update.	
<u>cmm-6506-c3</u> (126.1.9.15)		
cmm-7206-d2		
(126.1.13.18)	Update	
<u>cmm-7206-sd1</u>		
(126.1.1.11) cmm-7206-sd2		
(126.32.5.12)		
<u>cmm-7604-d1</u> (126.1.12.17)	Probe Name CMM-G1T-VP1	
<u>cmm-crs1.cisco.com</u> (126.15.1.2)	Probe IP Address 172.20.111.212	
	Probe RO Community String public	
	Probe RW Community String private	
	Probe SNMP Timeout 0.8	
	Probe SNMP Retries 2	
	Router Name/IP Address cmm-6503-c2	
	Router RO Community String lab	
	Interface Description	
	Modify	
	(Notiny	
L	1	^ <u>ا</u>

Figure 2-10 Editing Basic Probe Parameters

You can edit the following parameters:

Parameter	Description
Probe RO Community String	The SNMP read-only community string for the probe.
Probe IP Address	The IP address of the device on which the probe is installed.
	Note Does the probe itself have a separate IP address from the router?
Probe RW Community String	SNMP read-write community string for the probe.
Probe SNMP Timeout	Retry period if the probe does not respond. Default value is 0.8.

Parameter	Description
Probe SNMP Retries	Number of retries to contact a probe before issuing a timeout. Default value is 2.
Router Name/IP Address	The hostname or IP address of the router on which the probe is running.
Router RO Community String	The read only community string for the router.
Interface Description	A brief description of the interface that the probe is monitoring.

Step 4 Edit the probe parameters as required.

Step 5 Click Modify.



To set the RW community string and the RO community string to their default values (public for the RO community string and private for the RO community string, click **Update**.

Configuring Global Polling

You can configure each polling element to start and stop at specific times. Each element also has its own polling interval. You can configure these values through the Global Polling Configuration page.

Note

You must restart the polling daemon after making changes on this page.

To configure global polling:

Step 1 Select the **Administration** tool.

Step 2 Click Global Polling Configuration.

The Global Polling Configuration page appears

Figure 2-11 show the top portion of the page, and Figure 2-12 shows the bottom portion.

Cisco Tool Administra	ation		test 💙					.:	CISCO ensed to Cisco
		Management Domain:	test 🚩			logout		LICE	ensed to Lisco
onfiguration:		Global Polling Configura	tion						-
Domain Management					Befresh Stati				
Admin Utilities		(Polling Daemon is Running	since Mon Jar	n 14 12:40:32 2008)	- Heiresh Sidic	13			
System Security Jser Management									
Discovery									
IVPN Configuration									
Device Configuration		Start Stop Restart							
Global Polling									
onfiguration									
- Domain Trap/Email		The polling daemon mu:	st he restart	ed after making ch	anges on this se	reen			
Iulticast Polling Configu .oute Manager	ration	the pointy addition had		od alcor making an	anges en ans se	00111			
iddress Management									
idaross Hanagement		Polling Intervals and Ru	n Times						
est - 10 device(s)	<u> </u>								
							Max	Max	Max
				Start Time	Stop Time	Days	Threads	Davs	Reports
earch:						-		,-	
		Default Run Times 📃 🛛	se Defaults	00 💙 : 00 🌱	23 💙 : 59 🌱	Everyday 🚩			
		DR Polling Interval 1	Min	/ 00 🗸 . 00 🗸	23 🗸 : 59 🗸	Everyday 🗸			
2mm-6503-c2 (126,1,3,14)		DR Polling Interval	MILL		23 🗙 : 58 🗙	Everyday 💌			
cmm-6504-c4		Layer 2 Polling 🔒	Min	/ 00 🗸 . 00 🗸	23 🗸 - 59 🗸	E. mar relation to			
(126.1.11.16)		Interval	MILL		20 🗙 : 00 👗	Everyday 💙			
:mm-6506-c1.dns-		Route Monitor 🗔				E I I	10	20	10
i.cisco.com		Polling Interval	Hrs 🔪	* 00 * : 00 *	23 🕶 : 59 🛩	Everyday 💙	10 🚩	30 🚩	12 🛩
		Specific Route							
126.1.2.13)		Monitor Polling 1	Min 🔊	/ 00 🗸 - 00 🗸	23 🗸 - 59 🗸	Everyday 🗸			
:mm-6506-c3.dns-		Monitor Politing I							
(126.1.2.13) cmm-6506-c3.dns- si.cisco.com (126.1.9.15)		Interval				Lionyddy			

Figure 2-11 Global Polling Configuration Page (Top Portion)



Rising/Falling Trap Repeat 1 Set Configure Global Default SNMP Trap Receivers Add Trap Receiver Configured Trap Receivers Add Trap Receiver 126.10.1.7 Remove Trap Receiver Remove Trap Receiver Configure Global Default Email Addresses for Event Notification Add Email Address Configured Email Addresses	
Configure Global Default SNMP Trap Receivers Add Trap Receiver Configured Trap Receivers Add Trap Receiver 126.10.1.7 Remove Trap Receiver Configure Global Default Email Addresses for Event Notification Add Email Address	
Add Trap Receiver Configured Trap Receivers Add Trap Receiver 126.10.1.7 • Remove Trap Receiver Configure Global Default Email Addresses for Event Notification Add Email Address Configured Email Addresses	
Add Trap Receiver Configured Trap Receiver Add Trap Receiver 126.10.1.7 Remove Trap Receiver Configure Global Default Email Addresses for Event Notification Add Email Address Configured Email Addresses	
Add Trap Receiver 126.10.1.7 • Remove Trap Receiver onfigure Global Default Email Addresses for Event Notification Add Email Address Configured Email Addresses	
anfigure Global Default Email Addresses for Event Notification dd Email Address Configured Email Addresses	
dd Email Address Configured Email Addresses	
dd Email Address Configured Email Addresses	
dd Email Address Configured Email Addresses	
Add Email Address 🛛 🗸 🛛 Remove Email Address	



The following table describes the fields and selections on the Global Polling Configuration page:

<u>Note</u>

Setting any one of these values to less than 1 disables that specific polling feature.

Field or Button	Description
Refresh Status	The status line indicates how long the polling daemon has been running and how it was started. Click Refresh Status to update the status information.
Start	Starts the polling daemon globally.
Stop	Stops the polling daemon globally.

Field or Button	Description
Restart	Restarts the polling daemon globally. Each time you change a polling interval, click Restart .
Default Run Times—Use Defaults	Selecting the Use Defaults checkbox sets all the start/stop times and days to the default values.
DR Polling Interval	Checks the status of all DRs in the network. If a user changes a DR, an SNMP trap is sent.
Layer 2 Polling Interval	Time between polling of the Layer 2 ports.
RP/SG Cache Polling Interval	For certain CMM data, such as the data within the Multicast Diagnostics page (see Show All Groups, page 4-2) the CMM queries each RP, collates a list of active sources, and groups and displays them. There are two ways the CMM can accomplish this: dynamically when the command is entered, or the CMM can build a cache of this information, and when the command is entered, the cache is queried. Caching is enabled on the System Configuration page (see Performing Domain Management, page 2-1) and the RP/SG Cache Polling Interval is the time period that this cache is refreshed.
	Deciding whether caching should be turned on depends upon the number of RPs, sources, and groups. If the Multicast Diagnostics page takes a while to display all groups, you may want to turn caching on.
	The Max Threads value controls how many devices are queried simultaneously. Values can be 1-10. Queries used for RP/SG Cache Polling are SNMP getbulk queries that can potentially return large amounts of data. To address timeouts, you can reduce the number of Max Threads and/or adjust the SNMP timeout and retry values on the System Configuration page (see Performing Domain Management, page 2-1).
RP Status Polling Interval	RP Status Polling queries the sysUpTime of the RPs configured on the RP Polling Configuration page (see RP Polling, page 2-28).
	The purpose of this query is to report availability of the RPs. If the RP responds, an <i>rpReachable</i> trap is sent. If the RP does not respond, an <i>rpUnreachable</i> trap is sent. Since at least one of these traps is sent at each polling interval, you can also use them to ensure that the polling daemon is up and running.
RPF Failure Polling Interval	Time interval that each router will be polled for each source and group configured to check the number of RPF failures.

Field or Button	Description
Threshold Polling Interval	Time interval that each router will be polled for the existence of each source and group configured, and CMM will ensure that no thresholds are exceeded.
Multicast Topology Polling Interval	Topology polling queries the sysUpTime of each router in the multicast domain to see if it has been reloaded. If it has, the polling daemon launches a Single Router Discovery of that device in the background, to ensure that the SNMP <i>ifIndexes</i> have not changed.
Tree Polling Interval	Time interval that the monitored trees are drawn and compared with their baselines.
Interface Polling Interval	Time interval where the percent of multicast bandwidth per interface is compared to the thresholds.
Health Polling Interval	Time interval at which the configured health checks are scheduled to run.
Selective Source Polling Intervals	Time intervals set to the source and group to be monitored for the particular time and day. The time interval configured should not be overlapping for the same source and group.
Video Probe Polling Interval	Time interval at which Cisco Multicast Manager pools the video probes to examine multicast flows and obtain MDI calculations.
Video Probe Clear Timer	Interval after which Cisco Multicast Manager changes a yellow warning indicator to a green OK indicator.
Set	Sets the values you enter.

- **Step 4** To enable or disable the continuous sending of PPS threshold traps, use the **Enable Rising/Falling and Normalized Traps for Thresholds** section:
 - If the **Rising/Falling** option is not checked (disabled), traps are sent whenever the PPS rate for a monitored S,G exceeds specified thresholds.
 - If the **Rising/Falling** option is checked (enabled), a trap is sent only when the PPS rate initially exceeds the high or low threshold. After the PPS rate returns to the specified range, a normalized threshold trap is sent.
 - Because SNMP v1 traps are sent unreliably, you can set the **Trap-Repeat** option to allow the initial and normalized traps to be sent anywhere from 1 to 5 times when an event occurs.
- Step 5 To add or remove trap receivers, use the Configure Global Default SNMP Trap Receivers section. The SNMP trap receivers specified here are only used if domain-specific SNMP trap receivers are not specified. Domain-specific trap receivers are specified from the Trap Receiver/Email Polling Configuration page (see Configuring Domain-Specific Trap Receivers and Email Addresses, page 2-19).

Step 6 To add or remove email addresses, use the Configure Global Default Email Addresses for Event Notification section. Email addresses are notified of SSG exceptions and threshold and existence events. The email addresses specified here are used only if domain-specific email addresses are not specified. Domain-specific email addresses are specified from the Trap Receiver/Email Polling Configuration page (see Configuring Domain-Specific Trap Receivers and Email Addresses, page 2-19).

Configuring Domain-Specific Trap Receivers and Email Addresses

You can configure the CMM to send domain-specific SNMP trap receivers or emails. Under the **Global Polling Configuration** menu at left, click **Domain Trap/Email**. The Trap Receiver/Email Polling Configuration page appears, as shown in Figure 2-13.

Figure 2-13	Trap Receiver/Email Polling Configuration
-------------	---

Enable Rising/Falling	g and Normalized Traps for Thresholds	
Rising/Falling		≡
Trap Repeat 1 💌 🛽	Get	
Configure Global Def	fault SNMP Trap Receivers	
Add Trap Receiver	Configured Trap Receivers	
	Add Trap Receiver 126.10.1.7 V Remove Trap Receiver	
Configure Global Def	fault Email Addresses for Event Notification	
Add Email Address	Configured Email Addresses	
	Add Email Address Remove Email Address	
		v

You can add or remove trap receivers using the **Configure Domain Specific SNMP Trap Receivers** section. The SNMP trap receivers specified here are only used if global SNMP trap receivers are not specified. Global trap receivers are specified from the Configure Global Default SNMP Trap Receivers page (see Configuring Global Polling, page 2-15).

You can add or remove email addresses using the **Configure Domain Specific Email Addresses for Event Notification** section. Email addresses are notified of SSG exceptions and threshold and existence events. The email addresses specified here are only used if global email addresses are not specified. Global email addresses are specified from the Configure Global Default SNMP Trap Receivers page (see Configuring Global Polling, page 2-15).

Configuring Route Manager

Search unicast and/or multicast routing tables for changes by configuring your routers.

The CPU utilization of the router will be checked first to determine if a query of the routing table is acceptable based upon the configured CPU threshold. A value of -1 (the default), indicates that the routing table should be queried without checking CPU utilization. If a router is being queried for the first time, a baseline will be created in the form of routerName.unicast.db and stored in the /opt/RMSMMT/mmtsys/db/<domain> directory; for multicast it would be routerName.multicast.db. Subsequent queries will be checked against this baseline. If a change has been detected, a report will be generated and the baseline will be replaced with the current routing table.



ipRouteAge will not be checked for RIP and Static/Local Routes.

Baseline Route Polling

To configure baseline route polling:

- Step 1 Select the Administration tool.
- Step 2 Click Route Manager.

The Route Manager page appears

Step 3 Click Baseline Route Polling.

Field or Button Description		
Refresh Status	The status line indicates how long the polling daemon has been running and how it was started. Click Refresh Status to update the status information.	
Start	Starts the polling daemon globally.	
Stop	Stops the polling daemon globally.	
Restart	Restarts the polling daemon globally. Each time you change a polling interval, click Restart .	
Routing Table Type	Select either Unicast or Multicast.	
Router	Select Router.	

Field or Button	Description
Select Baseline	Select Baseline.
CPU Threshold	Sets the values that you enter.

Specific Route Polling

ITo configure specific route polling:

Step 1 Select the **Administration** tool.

Step 2 Click Route Manager.

The Route Manager page appears

Click Specific Route Polling.

Field or Button	Description	
Refresh Status	The status line indicates how long the polling daemon has been running and how it was started. Click Refresh Status to update the status information.	
Start	Starts the polling daemon globally.	
Stop	Stops the polling daemon globally.	
Restart	Restarts the polling daemon globally. Each time you change a polling interval, click Restart .	
Routing Table Type	Select either Unicast or Multicast.	
Router	Select Router.	
CPU Threshold	Sets the values that you enter.	

Managing Device Addresses

Using the Address Management menu selection page, you can enter multicast group and source addresses into the database with a description. When the CMM displays these sources and groups, the descriptions will be added for easy recognition.

You can also display and manage the addressing information in:

- the Ad Zone database
- the Channel Map database
- the Multiplex Table database

The database is already populated with all the reserved address space.

Managing IP Addresses

Using the Address Management menu selection page, you can enter multicast group and source addresses into the database with a description. When the CMM displays these sources and groups, the descriptions will be added for easy recognition.

To display the IP address database:

- **Step 1** Select the **Administration** tool.
- Step 2Select Address Management > Address Database.The IP Address Database page opens.
- Step 3 From the drop-down list in the IP Address Database field, select Display Database.

The IP Address Database page displays the IP address database, as shown in Figure 2-14.

Tool: Administration 🔽	Management Domai	n: 🛛 gtulumba 🔽		Licensed to Cisco
Configuration:				<u> </u>
Domain Management	IP Address Database	Select Action	*	
Admin Utilities]	Select Action		
System Security	Display Database	Display Database		
User Management	Address	Add Address	Description (Transport)	Ad Zone Mux ID
Discovery MVPN Configuration	224.0.0.0	Delete Address	(Reserved) [RFC1112,JBP]	
Device Configuration	224.0.0.1	Query Address	n this Subnet [RFC1112,JBP]	
Global Polling Configuration	224.0.0.10	Import Addresses	[Farinacci]	
Multicast Polling Configuration	224.0.0.101	Export Addresses	akke]	
Route Manager				
Address Management	224.0.0.102	HSRP [Wils	•	
- Address Database	224.0.0.103	MDAP [Del	eu]	
- Ad Zone Database	224.0.0.104	Nokia MC (CH [Kalhour]	
- Channel Map Database - Multiplex Table Database	224.0.0.105	ff-Ir-addres	ss [Glanzer]	
- NBound Address DB	224.0.0.106-224.0.0.250) Unassigned	I [JBP]	
	224.0.0.11		nts [Bill Simpson]	
Search:	224.0.0.12		ver / Relay Agent [RFC1884]	
	224.0.0.13		uters [Farinacci]	
cmm-6503-c2	224.0.0.14		APSULATION [Braden]	
(172.20.111.201)	224.0.0.15	all-cbt-rout	ers [Ballardie]	
cmm-6504-c4	224.0.0.16	designated	-sbm [Baker]	
(172.20.111.203)	224.0.0.17	all-sbms [B	aker]	
<u>cmm-6506-c1</u>	224.0.0.18	VRRP [Hind	den]	
(172.20.111.200)	224.0.0.19		[Przygienda]	
cmm-6506-c3 (172.20.111.202)	224.0.0.2		on this Subnet [JBP]	
· /	224.0.0.20		[Przygienda]	
<u>cmm-7206-d2</u> (126.1.16.18)				
cmm-7604-d1	224.0.0.21		nediate Systems [Przygienda]	
(172.20.111.204)	224.0.0.22	IGMP [Dee		
cmm-crs1.cisco.com	224.0.0.23	GLOBECAS	T-ID [Scannell]	
(126.15.1.2)	224.0.0.24	Unassigned	i [JBP]	
	224.0.0.25	router-to-s	witch [Wu]	
	224.0.0.251	mDNS [Ch	eshire]	
	224.0.0.252-224.0.0.255	-	•	
	224.0.0.26	Unassigned		
	224.0.0.28		ol [Polishinski]	
	224.0.0.29	GE-FANUC		
	224.0.0.3	Unassigned	• •	
	224.0.0.30	indigo-vhd	p [Caughie]	
	224.0.0.32	digistar [Ke	erkan]	
	224.0.0.34	pt2-discove	er [Kammerlander]	
	224.0.0.35	DYCLUSTE	R [Koopman]	

Figure 2-14 Address Management

From the IP Address Database drop-down menu, you can also choose these actions:

Menu Selection	scription	
Add Address	Add an address to the IP address database.	
Delete Address	belete an IP address from the database. To delete an IP address,	
	1. From the drop-down menu in the IP Address Database field, select Delete Address.	
	The Delete Address page appears.	
	2. From the drop-down list in the Address field, select the address to delete.	
	You are prompted to delete the address.	
	3. To delete the address click OK .	

Menu Selection	Description
Query Address	To query an IP address:
	1. From the drop-down menu in the IP Address Database field, select Query Address.
	The Query Address page appears.
	2. From the drop-down list in the Address field, select the address to query.
	The Query Address page displays the overlapped IP addresses in the multicast address.
Import Addresses	To import addresses from a CSV file,:
	1. Create a CSV file with this format:
	IP Address, Description, Ad Zone Number, Mux ID
	 From the drop-down menu in the IP Address Database field, select Impor Addresses
	The Import Address page appears.
	3. Click the Browse button and then browse to CSV file that you created in Step 1.
	4. Specify one of the following:
	 To merge the addresses in the import file into the database, click the Merge radio button.
	 To replace the current database with the addresses in the import file, click the Replace radio button.
	5. Click Import.
Export Addresses	The Export Addresses selection allows you to export addresses to a CSV file.
	To export IP addresses:
	 From the drop-down menu in the IP Address Database field, select Expor Addresses
	The following message appears, indicating the directory and file to which the address file has been exported:
	Exported IP Address Database to /tmp/mmtIPdb.csv

Managing the Ad Zone Database

Using the Ad Zone Database selection on the Address Management menu, you can manage digital advertising zones (ad zones) in your network.

To manage ad zones:

- **Step 1** Select the **Administration** tool.
- Step 2Select Address Management > Ad Zone Database.The Ad Zone Database page opens.
- **Step 3** From the Ad Zone Database drop-down menu, choose one of the following actions:
 - **Display Database**—Display the ad zone database.
 - Add Ad Zone—Enter a Zone Number and a Zone Name to add an ad zone.
 - Delete Ad Zone—Delete an ad zone from the database.
 - Edit Ad Zone—Edit an existing ad zone.
 - Query Ad Zone—Query information about an ad zone.
 - Import Ad Zones—Import ad zones from a CSV file.

Managing the Channel Map Database

Using the **Channel Map Database** selection on the Address Management menu, you can manage the channel map database.

To manage the channel map database:

- Step 1 Select the Administration tool.
- Step 2 Select Address Management > Channel Map Database.

The Channel Map Database page opens.

- **Step 3** From the Channel Map Database drop-down menu, choose one of the following actions:
 - **Display Database**—Display the channel map database.
 - Add Channel—Enter a channel from the database.
 - Query Channel—Query information about a channel
 - Import Channels—Import channels information from a CSV file.

If you select Add Channel, the Add Channel page opens, as shown in Figure 2-15.

Figure 2-15 Add Channel Page

Cisco Tool Administration		cisco
Tool: Administration 🛛 👻	Management Domain: 🛛 gtulumba 🔽	Licensed to Cisco
Configuration:		
Domain Management	Channel Map Database Select Action	▲
Admin Utilities		
System Security	Add Channel	
User Management		
Discovery		
MVPN Configuration	Channel Number	
Device Configuration		
Global Polling Configuration	Channel Name	
Multicast Polling Configuration		
Route Manager	Short Name	
Address Management		
- Address Database	Codec Type MPEG-2 🚩	
- Ad Zone Database	Screen Format Widescreen 🔽	
- Channel Map Database	screen Formac Vyluescreen	
- Multiplex Table Database	Service Type SIM 🔻	
- NBound Address DB		
Search:	Add	
<u>cmm-6503-c2</u> (172.20.111.201)		2 2 2 2 3

Step 4 If you are adding a channel, specify the following information, then click **Add**:

Field	Description	
Channel Number	Enter the channel number.	
Channel Name	Enter the channel name.	
Short Name	Enter a short name for the channel.	
CODEC Type	From the drop-down list in the CODEC Type field, select the type of CODEC the channel uses.	
Screen Format	From the drop-down list in the Screen Format field, select the screen format for the channel.	
Service Type	From the drop-down list in the Service Type field, select the service type for the channel.	

- Interface Polling, page 2-43

Managing the Multiplex Table Database

Using the Multiplex Table Database selection on the Address Management menu, you can manage multiplexers in your network.

Configuring Specific Multicast Manager Polling

To manage multiplexes:

Step 1	Select	the	Administration	tool.
Step 1	Select	the	Aummistration	1001

- Step 2 Select Address Management > Multiplex Table Database. The Multiplex Table Database page opens.
- Step 3 From the Multiplex Table Database drop-down menu, choose one of the following actions:
 - **Display Database**—Display the Mux ID database.
 - Add Mux ID—Add a Mux ID.
 - Delete Mux ID—Delete an Mux ID from the database.
 - Edit Mux ID—Edit an existing Mux ID.
 - Query Mux ID—Query information about a Mux ID

Managing the Trap Address Database

To manage the trap address database:

Step 1	Select the Administration tool.
Step 2	Select Address Management > Trap Address DB.
	The Video Trap Sender Configuration. page opens.
Step 3	Enter the address in the IP field.
Step 4	Click Apply.

Configuring Specific Multicast Manager Polling

You can configure the following types of multicast polling:

- RP Polling, page 2-28
- RPF Polling, page 2-30
- Selective Source Monitoring, page 2-33
- SG Polling—Main, page 2-34
- SG Polling—By Device, page 2-38
- SG Polling- By Branch, page 2-39
- L2 Polling, page 2-41

- Tree Polling, page 2-44
- Health Check, page 2-46
- MVPN Polling, page 2-51
- Video Probe Polling, page 2-53

RP Polling

Using the RP Polling Configuration page, you can enable Cisco Multicast Manager to:

- 1. Monitor and report all leaves and joins.
- 2. Set a threshold on the number of groups that can join an RP if this is exceeded, a trap is sent.
- 3. Find out if a specific RP is available.
- 4. Create a list of all acceptable sources and groups and send a trap if any rogue sources or groups appear on the RP.

Note

RP availability is configured within the Global Polling Configuration page (see Configuring Global Polling, page 2-15). A trap is sent if an RP becomes unavailable, and a report is generated within the RP Polling Report page (see RP Polling Report, page 3-7).

To configure RP polling:

Step 1 Select the **Administration** tool.

Step 2 Select **Multicast Polling Configuration** > **RP Polling.**

The RP Polling Configuration page opens, as shown in Figure 2-16.

Figure 2-16 RP Failure Polling Configuration Page

Cisco Tool Administration			cisco
Tool: Administration 💌	Management Domain: MVPN 💌	logout	Licensed to HCL Technologies
Configuration:	RPF Failure Polling Configuration for MVP	N domain	<u>_</u>
Domain Management			
Admin Utilities	(Polling Daemon is Running since Fri Jan 11 14:	10:29 2008) Refresh Status	
System Security			
User Management			
Discovery			
MVPN Configuration			
Device Configuration	Start Stop Restart		
Global Polling Configuration			
Multicast Polling Configuration			
- RP Polling	The polling daemon must be restarted aft	er making changes on this screen	
- RPF Polling		or making analigos on and barborn	
- SSM Polling			
- SG Polling - Main	Source/Group Selection		
- SG Polling - by Device			
- SG Polling - by Branch			
- L2 Polling	Source 0.0.0.0 Filter Groups		
- Interface Polling			
- Tree Polling	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
 Health Check Config/Polling MVPN Polling 			
- WVPN Polling - Video Probe Polling	Group Filter Sources	3	
Route Manager			
Address Management	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Audress Management			
Add some devices by running discovery.	RESET SG LISTS		
Click here to get started	Delta		
	Apply Refresh Cache		

The RP Polling Configuration page contains the following fields and buttons:

Fields and Buttons	Description	
Refresh StatusThe status line indicates how long th daemon has been running and how it Click Refresh Status to update the s information.		
Start	Starts the polling daemon globally.	
Stop	Stops the polling daemon globally.	
Restart	Restarts the polling daemon globally. Each time you change a polling interval, click Restart .	
Enable RP Group Add Delete Traps	Click the check box to monitor all leaves and joins, which are then reported within the RP Polling Report page (see RP Polling Report, page 3-7).	
RP Monitoring	To monitor an RP, select the RP from the box.	
	To monitor a specific number of groups, enter a number in the Group Limit box.	
	Click Monitor RP.	
	If the group limit is exceeded, a report is generated within the RP Group Threshold Report page (see the "RP Group Threshold Report" section on page 3-8).	
RPs Being Monitored	Lists:	
	• RP —The name of the RP being monitored	
	• Group Limit —Number of groups being monitored for that RP.	
	• Accept-List—Monitors the sources and groups active on the RP (see the "RP Accept List Configuration" section on page 2-29).	
	• Remove —Deletes the RP.	
Single S, G Monitoring	Enter the group IP address. If more than one source becomes active for this group, a report is generated.	

RP Accept List Configuration

The RP Accept List Configuration section lets you monitor the active sources and groups on a specific RP.

Figure 2-17	RP Accept List	Configuration

Cisco Tool Administration		ıılıı sco
Tool: Administration 💌	Management Domain: test-01 👻	Cisco
Configuration: Domain Management Admin Utilities System Security User Management Discovery Device Configuration Global Polling Configuration	RP Polling Configuration for test-01 Domain (Polling Daemon is Running since Tue Apr 24 13:34:25 2007) Refresh Status Start Start	
Multicast Polling Configuration - RP Polling - RPF Polling - SG Polling - Main - SG Polling - by Device - L2 Polling - Interface Polling - Tree Polling - Tree Polling - Health Check Config/Polling	The polling daemon must be restarted after making changes on this screen. RP Accept-List Configuration for cmm-7206-sd2 Input is in the form of an access-list. 192.168.20.25 0.0.0.0 specifies the 192.168.20.25 source exactly. 0.0.0.0 255.255.255.255 matches anything.	
- MVPN Polling - Video Probe Polling Address Management test-01 - 9 device(s) Search:	239.1.1.0 0.0.0.255 specifies groups 239.1.1.1 through 239.1.1.254. Source 0.0.0.0 Source Mask 255.255.255 0.0.0.0 matches exactly, 255.255.255.255 matches anything	
<u>cmm-6503-c2</u> (126.1.3.14) <u>cmm-6504-c4</u> (126.1.1.1.6)	Group Group Mask 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 matches exactly, 255.255.255.255 matches anything Add/Edit S,G	
<u>cmm-6506-c1</u> (126.1.2.13) <u>cmm-6506-c3</u> (126.1.9.15) <u>cmm-7206-d2</u> (126.1.13.18)	Source Source Mask Group Group Mask Modify 126.32.2.0 0.0.0.255 232.0.0.0 0.255.255.255 Edit / Delete	
<u>cmm-7206-sd1</u> (126.1.1.1) <u>cmm-7206-sd2</u> (126.32.5.12)	Return to RP Config	211085

Fields and Buttons	Description
Source	Enter the sources that are allowed to appear on this RP.
Source Mask	Enter the source mask.
Group	Enter the groups that are allowed to appear on this RP.
Group Mask	Enter the group mask.
Add/Edit S,G	Click to save your changes.
Return to RP Config	Click to return to the RP Polling Configuration page.

RPF Polling

Using Cisco Multicast Manager, you can monitor Reverse Path Forwarding (RPF) failures for a particular source and group on any selected router.

If any monitored source and group begins to experience RPF failures that rise above the delta, then SNMP traps can be sent, and a report generated, which you can view under RPF Failures (see RPF Failures, page 3-9).

You can select the source and group from the list, or you can enter them manually. If there are a lot of sources and/or groups, you can use the filter option to ensure that you are selecting an S,G that actually exists in the network. The filter option displays only the sources for a selected group or only the groups for a selected source. To reset the lists, click **Reset S,G Lists**.

To configure RPF polling:

- **Step 1** Select the **Administration** tool.
- **Step 2** Select **Multicast Polling Configuration** > **RPF Polling.**

Fields and Buttons	Description	
Refresh Status	The status line indicates how long the polling daemon has been running and how it was started Click Refresh Status to update the status information.	
Start	Starts the polling daemon globally.	
Stop	Stops the polling daemon globally.	
Restart	Restarts the polling daemon globally. Each time you change a polling interval, click Restart .	
Source	Enter or select the IP address of the source to monitor.	
Filter Groups	Filters the output to contain only the relevant groups.	
Group	Enter or select the IP address of the group to monitor.	
Filter Sources	Filters the output to contain only the relevant sources.	
Reset SG Lists	Clears any entries and refreshes the source and group lists.	
Router	Enter the router name.	
Delta	Number of RPF failures per sampling period th trigger a report.	
Apply	Applies and saves the changes.	
Refresh Cache	Click Refresh Cache to refresh the table of sources and groups.	
Display RPF Polling Configuration	To display a list of the current RPF Polling configurations:	
	1. Click Display RPF Polling Configuration You can filter the configuration display by source, group, or router.	
	A list of the current RPF polling configuration appears.	
	2. To edit a configuration, click Edit at the right of the summary row for the configuration.	
	3. To delete a configuration, click Delete at the right of the summary row for the	

configuration.

Step 3 The RPF Failure Polling Configuration page contains the following fields and buttons:

2-33

Selective Source Monitoring

A source and group can be set up to monitor for the particular time and day

Note

The time interval configured should not be overlapping for the same source and group.

To monitor a selective source:

Step 1 Select the Administration tool.

Step 2 Select Multicast Polling Configuration > SSM Polling.

Selective Source Monitoring Polling Configuration screen appears.

Fields and Buttons	Description
Refresh Status	The status line indicates how long the polling daemon has been running and how it was started. Click Refresh Status to update the status information.
Start	Starts the polling daemon globally.
Stop	Stops the polling daemon globally.
Restart	Restarts the polling daemon globally. Each time you change a polling interval, click Restart .
Source	Enter or select the IP address of the source to monitor.
Filter Groups	Filters the output to contain only the relevant groups.
Reset SG Lists	Clears any entries and refreshes the source and group lists.
Units	Select either packets per sampling period (pps) or bits per sampling period (bps).
High Threshold	Enter the high threshold that, if exceeded, generates a report.
Low Threshold	Enter the low threshold that, if exceeded, generates a report.
Apply	Applies and saves the changes.
Refresh Cache	If you are using S,G caching, the cache contents appear. Click Refresh Cache to refresh the table of sources and groups.
Run Time Intervals	Enter a range of time to designate when to monitor the branch. Alerts are only based activity during a designated time frame. Enter the time based on the time zone for the location of the server.

As part of the results generated, a **Source Offline** event is generated for the source and group (S,G) configured when the source goes offline.

A **Source may be offline** event will be generated for (S,G) configured under SG Polling Main, if the source is directly connected to the domain (FHR) and if there is no packet count increase for the monitoring period (typically 1 minute). This event also prevents the bogus trap occurring because of source offline.

SG Polling—Main

Using Cisco Multicast Manager, you can poll sources and groups with high and low thresholds.

You can select the source and group from the list, or you can enter them manually. If there are a lot of sources and/or groups, you can use the filter option to ensure that you are selecting an S,G that actually exists on the network. The filter option displays only the sources for a selected group, or only the groups for a selected source.

To configure SG polling:

Step 1 Select the **Administration** tool.

Step 2 Select Multicast Polling Configuration > SG Polling - Main.

The main SG Polling Configuration page opens, as shown in Figure 2-18.

Cisco Tool Administration			cisco
Tool: Administration 🔽	Management Domain: 📕 Test 💌	loqout	Licensed to Cisco
Configuration: Domain Management Admin Utilities System Security User Management	SG Polling Configuration for Test domain (Polling Daemon is Running since Thu Jan 10 13:22:59	2008) Refresh Status	<u>^</u>
Discovery MVPN Configuration Device Configuration Global Polling Configuration Multicest Polling Configuration	Start Stop Restart		
- RP Polling - RPF Polling - SSM Polling	The polling daemon must be restarted after ma	king changes on this screen.	
- SG Polling - Main - SG Polling - by Device - SG Polling - by Branch - L2 Polling	Source/Group Thresholds		=
- Interface Polling - Tree Polling - Health Check Config/Polling	Source 0.0.0.0	Filter Groups	
- MVPN Polling - Video Probe Polling Route Manager Address Management	Group 224.0.1.40	Filter Sources	
Test - 10 device(s) Search:	RESET SG LISTS cmm-6503-c2 cmm-6504-c4 cmm-6506-c1.dns-sj.cisco.com	Select All	
<u>cmm-6503-c2</u> (126.1.3.14) <u>cmm-6504-c4</u> (126.1.11.16)	Units pps bps High Threshold Low Threshold		
<u>cmm-6506-c1.dns-</u> <u>si.cisco.com</u> (126.1.2.13) <u>omm-6506-c3.dns-</u> <u>si.cisco.com</u> (126.1.9.15) ▼	Apply Refresh Cache		v

Figure 2-18 SG Polling Configuration Page

The SG Polling Configuration page contains the following fields and buttons:

Fields and Buttons	Description	
Refresh Status	The status line indicates how long the polling daemon has been running and how it was started. Click Refresh Status to update the status information.	
Start	Starts the polling daemon globally.	
Stop	Stops the polling daemon globally.	
Restart	Restarts the polling daemon globally. Each time you change a polling interval, click Restart .	
Source	Enter or select the IP address of the source to monitor.	
Filter Groups	Filters the output to contain only the relevant groups.	
Group	Enter or select the IP address of the group to monitor.	
Filter Sources	Filters the output to contain only the relevant sources.	
Reset SG Lists	Clears any entries and refreshes the source and group lists.	
Select Routers	Enter the router name.	
Units	Select either packets per sampling period (pps) or bits per sampling period (bps).	
High Threshold	Enter the high threshold that, if exceeded, generates a report.	
Low Threshold	Enter the low threshold that, if exceeded, generates a report.	
Apply	Applies and saves the changes.	
Refresh Cache	If you are using S,G caching, the cache contents appear. Click Refresh Cache to refresh the table of sources and groups.	
Display Filter Options	You can filter the list of monitored sources and groups by limiting to source, group, and/or router.	
Display Configured SGs	Displays all the sources and groups you are currently monitoring (see Current Source/Group Polling Configuration, page 2-37).	

Edit / Delete Time-based Thresholds

L

Γ

OL-15309-01

Current Source/Group Polling Configuration

Search:

From the SG Polling Configuration page, select Display Configured SGs to display the sources and groups that you are currently monitoring.

Tool: Administration Management Domain: Test 🗸 Licensed to Cisco Configuration: cmm-6506-c3.dns-sj.cisco.com 💌 Domain Management Admin Utilities System Security User Management Units 💿 pps 🔘 bps High Threshold 2 User management Discovery MVPN Configuration Device Configuration Global Polling Configuration - RP Polling - RPP Polling - RPP Polling Low Threshold 1 Apply Refresh Cache Import/Export SSM Polling - SSM Polling - SG Polling - Main - SG Polling - by Device - SG Polling - by Branch - L2 Polling - Interface Polling - Tree Polling - Health Check Config/Polling - WPPN Polling - Video Probe Polling - video Probe Polling - video Probe Polling Export SGs Export Filename: Import Filename: Import SGs Browse... 💿 Merge 🔘 Replace **Display Filter Options** Source Group Router Display Configured SGs Route Manager Address Management Source/Group Polling Configuration Test - 10 device(s) ne Thresi

Figure 2-19 Current Source/Group Polling Configuration

You can also export (in CSV format) the list of monitored S,G's and use an editor o	f your choice to
change, add, and delete, then import the list back, either replacing the current list, o	or merging it.

The **Current Source/Group Polling Configuration** section shows you all monitored sources and groups in a tabular format.

• Under the Modify column, you can edit or delete a specific source and group.

126.32.2.232 239.192.1.189 cmm-6504-o4 2 1 pps

• Under the **Time Threshold** column, click on **Time-Based Thresholds** to configure up to 50 different time of day high and low thresholds for each source and group. Click the **Set Thresholds** button to save your changes.

Each time a source and group exceeds a threshold, a trap is sent and a report is generated.

SG Polling—By Device

You can select a particular router using the Device SG Polling Configuration page, and you can configure which sources and routers to monitor on the specific device.

To configure SG polling for a particular device:

Step 1 Select the **Administration** tool.

Step 2 Select Multicast Polling Configuration > SG Polling - by Device.

The Device SG Polling Configuration page opens, as shown in Figure 2-18.

Figure 2-20 Device SG Polling Configuration Page

						CISCO
Tool: Administration 💌	Management Dor	main: 🛛 Test 🔽		<u>lo</u> ,	qout	Licensed to Cisco
Configuration:	Device SG Polling	Configuration for	Tost domain			^
Domain Management	Device 3d Folling	configuration for	rest uomum			
Admin Utilities	(Polling Daemon is Ru	inning since Thu Ja	n 10 13:22:59 2008)	Refresh Status		
System Security						
User Management						
Discovery						
MVPN Configuration						
Device Configuration	Start Stop Res	tart				
Global Polling Configuration						
Multicast Polling Configuration						
- RP Polling	The polling deems	n must he restar	ted after making cł	andes on this sere	en	
- RPF Polling	The pointy daeme	in musc be restar	ced arter making d	langes on ans sae		
- SSM Polling						
- SG Polling - Main	Select Device Sour	ce/Group Thres	holds			
- SG Polling - by Device		,	lioius			
- SG Polling - by Branch	_					
- L2 Polling	Group Filter Regexp	***		Refresh		
- Interface Polling						
- Tree Polling	Router	Select Device	*			
- Health Check Config/Polling		00100100				
- MVPN Polling	Units	💿 pps 🔘 bps				
- Video Probe Polling	_		_			
Route Manager	High Threshold	1000				
Address Management						
~	Low Threshold	0				
Test - 10 device(s)						
	Add Selecte	ed S,Gs to Polling I	Config			
Search:						
	🗹 Group	Group (DNS)	Group (DB)	Source IP	Source (DNS)	Source (DB)
~						~

The Device SG Polling Configuration page contains the following fields and buttons:

Fields and Buttons	Description
Refresh Status	The status line indicates how long the polling daemon has been running and how it was started. Click Refresh Status to update the status information.
Start	Starts the polling daemon globally.
Stop	Stops the polling daemon globally.
Restart	Restarts the polling daemon globally. Each time you change a polling interval, click Restart .
Group Filter Regexp	Enter any part of the multicast address. Only those that match appear.
Refresh	Clears the Group Filter Regexp previously entered.
Router	Select the router name.

Fields and Buttons	Description
Units	Select either packets per sampling period (pps) or bits per sampling period (bps).
High Threshold	Enter the high threshold which, if exceeded, generates a report.
Low Threshold	Enter the low threshold that, if exceeded, generates a report.
Add Selected S,Gs to Polling Config	Adds selected sources and groups to the polling configuration.

- **Step 3** From the drop-down list in the **Router** field, select a router.
- Step 4 Select Units and enter a High and Low Threshold.

A table showing the currently configured groups appears.

Step 5Within the table, select the groups (and sources) you want to monitor, then click Add Selected S,Gs to
Polling Config.

SG Polling- By Branch

If you run a trace to understand a specific path, you can select a particular branch to poll. To configure branch polling for a particular device:

Step 1 Select the **Administration** tool.

Step 2Select Multicast Polling Configuration > SG Polling - by Branch.

The Branch SG Polling Configuration page opens, as shown in Figure 2-21

Figure 2-21 Branch SG Polling Configuration Page

Cisco Tool Administration				cisco
Tool: Administration 🛛 👻	Management Dom	nain: CMM_DEMO 🔽	<u>loqout</u>	Licensed to hcl
Configuration:	Source	0.0.0.0	Filter Groups	~
Domain Management Admin Utilities System Security		0.0.0.0		
User Management Discovery Device Configuration	Group	224.0.1.39	Filter Sources	
Global Polling Configuration Multicast Polling Configuration - RP Polling	FHR	RESET SG LISTS		
- RPF Polling - SSM Polling - MVPN Config.		cmm-6503-c2	Filter FHR	
- SG Polling - Main - SG Polling - by Device - SG Polling - by Branch	LHR	cmm-6503-c2	Filter LHR	=
- L2 Polling - Interface Polling - Tree Polling - Health Check Config/Polling - MVPN Polling - Video Probe Polling	Select Routers	cmm-6503-c2 cmm-6504-c4 cmm-6506-c1.dns-sj.cisco.com cmm-6506-c3.dns-sj.cisco.com	Filter Routers Select All	
Route Manager Address Management	Units	⊙pps ○bps		
CMM_DEMO - 10 device(s)	High Threshold			2704.0E
	Low Threshold			✓

Fields and Buttons	Description
Source	Enter the source. You may either type the source address or select it from the pull down menu.
Group	Enter the group. You may either type the group address or select it from the pull down menu.
FHR	Enter the start destination for the First Hop Router.
LHR	Enter the end destination for the Last Hop Router.
Select Router	Select a single router or select multiple routers by pressing the shift key and clicking on the desired routers.
Units	Select either packets per sampling period (pps) or bits per sampling period (bps).
High Threshold	Enter the high threshold which, if exceeded, generates a report.
Low Threshold	Enter the low threshold that, if exceeded, generates a report.

Step 3 Click Apply.

L2 Polling

You can add Layer 2 switches to Cisco Multicast Manager individually, or you can import a list (see Adding Layer 2 Switches to Discovery, page 1-9). Cisco Multicast Manager can monitor the total number of multicast packets inbound and/or outbound from any Layer 2 port.

You can also configure up to 50 different time of day thresholds for each port.

To configure Layer 2 switch polling:

Step 1 Select the **Administration** tool.

Step 2 Select Multicast Polling Configuration > L2 Polling.

The L2 Polling configuration page contains the following fields and buttons:

Fields and Buttons	Description
Refresh Status	The status line indicates how long the polling daemon has been running and how it was started. Click Refresh Status to update the status information.
Start	Starts the polling daemon globally.
Stop	Stops the polling daemon globally.
Restart	Restarts the polling daemon globally. Each time you change a polling interval, click Restart .
Select Switch to Monitor	Select the name or IP address of the switch you want to monitor.
Direction	Select either inbound packets received at this port, or outbound packets sent from this port.
High PPS	Enter the high threshold that, if exceeded, generates a report.
Low PPS	Enter the low threshold that, if exceeded, generates a report.
Select Port to Monitor	Select the port to monitor. Ports appear in the following format: ifIndex:module/port.
Add/Edit	Add the port you want to monitor, or from the list of ports, select edit to edit that entry.

The **Current Layer 2 Switch Polling Configuration** section shows you all monitored switches and ports in a tabular format.

- Under the Modify column, you can edit or delete a specific switch and port.
- Under the **Time Threshold** column, click on **Time-Based Thresholds** to configure up to 50 different time of day high and low thresholds for each port. Click the **Set Thresholds** button to save your changes.

Each time a port exceeds a threshold, a trap is sent and a report is generated.

Interface Polling

Cisco Multicast Manager can poll any interface on a router and calculate the percentage of bandwidth used by multicast traffic. You can then configure a high and low threshold, and if these are exceeded, a report is generated. This information is also kept for historical purposes.

To configure multicast bandwidth interface polling:

Step 1 Select the **Administration** tool.

Step 2 Select Multicast Polling Configuration > Interface Polling.

The Interface Monitoring Polling Configuration page opens.

Step 3 From the drop-down list in the **Device** field, select the device to monitor.

The Interface Monitoring Polling Configuration page displays a list of interfaces on the selected device., as shown in Figure 2-22.

Figure 2-22 Interface Monitoring Polling Page

Cisco Tool Administration			CISCO
Tool: Administration 🛛 👻	Management Domain: 🛛 Test 🔽	logout	Licensed to Cisco
Configuration: Domain Management Admin Utilities System Security User Management Discovery MVPN Configuration Polying Configuration Global Polling Configuration - RP Polling - RPF Polling - SSR Polling - My Branch - SS Polling - by Device - SS Polling - Interface Polling - Interface Polling - Tree Polling - Health Check Config/Polling - NVPN Polling - Tree Polling - NVPN Polling - NVPN Polling - NVeN - NVeN Polling - NVEN	Interface Monitoring Polling Configuration for (Polling Daemon is Running since Thu Jan 10 13:22:5 Start) Stop Restart The polling daemon must be restarted after ma Interface Monitoring Device Select Router Apply Reset Current Interface Monitoring Polling Configura Device Interface Bandwidth Direction Hi Three	9 2008) Refresh Status aking changes on this screen.	

- **Step 4** Select the interface to monitor.
- **Step 5** Select either inbound, outbound, or both, and enter values in percentages.
- Step 6 Click Apply.

Tree Polling

Before you can monitor a tree using the Tree Polling Configuration page, you must build a multicast tree and save it to the database as a baseline (see Show All Groups, page 4-2).

Once saved, the trees appear in the Saved Trees field on the Tree Polling Configuration page.

To configure tree polling:

Step 1 Select the **Administration** tool.

Step 2 Select Multicast Polling Configuration > Tree Polling.

The Tree Polling Configuration page opens, as shown in Figure 2-23.

Figure 2-23 Tree Polling Configuration Page

Cisco Tool Administration					cisco
Tool: Administration 🔽	Management Domain: 📕 Test 💌		<u>lo</u>	aout	Licensed to Cisco
Configuration:	Tree Polling Configuration for Test	domain			
Domain Management			D (10) 1		
Admin Utilities	(Polling Daemon is Running since Thu Ja	in 10 13:22:59 2008) 📒	Refresh Status		
System Security					
User Management					
Discovery					
MVPN Configuration					
Device Configuration	Start Stop Restart				
Global Polling Configuration					
Multicast Polling Configuration	-				
- RP Polling	The polling daemon must be restar	ted after making chan	ges on this scr	een.	
- RPF Polling - SSM Polling		-	-		
- SG Polling - Main	-				
- SG Polling - by Device	 Please <u>create</u> a baseline to use this feat 	ure.			
- SG Polling - by Branch					
- L2 Polling	Trees to be Polled				
- Interface Polling	Baseline Source	Group FHR	LHR	Monitor PPS	Remove
- Tree Polling					
- Health Check Config/Polling					
- MVPN Polling					
- Video Probe Polling					
Route Manager					
Address Management					
Test - 10 device(s)					
Search:					
×					

The Tree Polling Configuration page contains the following fields and buttons:

Fields and Buttons	Description
Refresh Status	The status line indicates how long the polling daemon has been running and how it was started. Click Refresh Status to update the status information.
Start	Starts the polling daemon globally.
Fields and Buttons	Description
--------------------	---
Stop	Stops the polling daemon globally.
Restart	Restarts the polling daemon globally. Each time you change a polling interval, click Restart .
Saved Trees	Lists all the multicast tree baselines that have been saved.
Add	Adds the selected tree for monitoring.

Step 3 To monitor a tree, from the drop-down menu in the Saved Trees field, select the tree name, and click Add.

The tree is drawn in the background for every interval that you set up for tree polling (see Configuring Global Polling, page 2-15). This tree is compared with the tree saved in the database. If it is different, a trap is sent, and a report generated

Selecting Trees To Be Polled

The bottom portion of the Tree Polling Configuration page contains the Trees to be Polled table. Using the Trees to be Polled table, you can:

- View tree details and topology by clicking on a tree name in the **Baseline** column of the Trees to be Polled table.
- Monitor for S,G (PPS) when a tree is polled, and generate SNMP traps for Max Delta deviations by clicking **Configure** under **Monitor PPS**.

When you click Configure, the Select Routers on Tree pane appears, as shown in Figure 2-24.

Figure 2-24 Tree Polling Configuration—Configure

Cisco Tool Administration		
Tool: Administration 🔽	Management Domain: VOS-DEMO 🛩	st
Configuration: Domain Management Admin Utilities System Security User Management Discovery	Tree Polling Configuration for VOS-DEMO domain (Polling Daemon is Running since Fri May 4 13:17:59 EDT 2007 by watchdog script) Refresh Status	
MVPN Configuration Device Configuration Global Polling Configuration Multicast Polling Configuration - RP Polling	Start Stop Restart	
- RPF Polling - SSM Polling - SG Polling - Main - SG Polling - by Device - SG Polling - by Branch	The polling daemon must be restarted after making changes on this screen. Select Routers on Tree (Boston-PBS.trace) for S,G PPS Monitoring	
L2 Polling Interface Polling Tree Polling Health Check Config/Polling WYPN Polling Video Probe Polling Route Manager	isp-7600-B1.VOS ▲ isp-7600-H1.VOS ■ isp-7600-H2.VOS ■ isp-7600-g2.VOS ■	
Address Management	5 Specify Max Delta Between PPS Samples Set Return to Main Config Remove	
isp-7600-B1.VOS (43.10.0.1) isp-7600-H1.VOS (40.44.4.2) isp-7600-H3.VOS (30.3.3.2) isp-7600-g1.VOS	Routers selected here will be monitored for (S,G) PPS when the tree is polled. If the PPS rate on any router deviates by MAX Delta from the others, an SNMP trap will be generated.	1292
(30.7.0.2)		21

• Select a router and specify a value in **Max Delta Between PPS Samples**, then click **Set**. To remove a router from monitoring, select the router and click **Remove**. You can also return to the main Tree Polling Configuration page.



- You can select multiple routers by holding down the Ctrl key.
- Remove a tree by clicking on **Delete** under **Remove**.

Health Check

Health checks give you an immediate status update on several key multicast network indicators, including:

- Status of selected RPs.
- Multicast Source Discovery Protocol (MSDP) status.
- Existence of S,G entries on selected routers.
- Status of multicast forwarding trees.

You can create several health checks. Once you have created a health check, you can configure it to run at scheduled intervals, and add email alerts that summarize the results of the health check.

To configure health check polling:

Step 1 Select the **Administration** tool.

Step 2 Select Multicast Polling Configuration > Health Check Config/Polling.

The Health Check Config/Polling page opens, as shown in Figure 2-25.

Figure 2-25 Health Check Polling Configuration Page

Cisco Tool Administration				cisco
Tool: Administration 🔽	Management Domain:	Test 🔽	logout	Licensed to Cisco
Configuration: Domain Management Admin Utilities System Security User Management	-	nfiguration for Test domain since Thu Jan 10 13:22:59 2008)	Refresh Status	
User Management Discovery MVPN Configuration Device Configuration Global Polling Configuration Multicast Polling Configuration - RP Polling	Start Stop Restart			
- RPF Polling - SSM Polling - SG Polling - Main - SG Polling - by Device - SG Polling - by Branch	Create New Health Check	st be restarted after making cha	nges on this screen.	
- L2 Polling - Interface Polling - Tree Polling - Health Check Config/Polling - MVPN Polling	Configured Health Checks	Modify	Remove Add To Polling Config	
- Video Probe Polling Route Manager Address Management	Health Checks Being Pol Name	led Notify on Success	Email Addresses	Remove
Test - 10 device(s)				

Fields and Buttons	Description
Create New Health Check	Type a name for the health check.
Create	Creates the new health check.
Configured Health Checks	Select the health check you want to modify.
Modify	To update a health check, select a health check from the drop-down list of health checks in the Configured Health checks field and then click Modify . A summary of the currently configured health checks appears. For detailed information, see Modifying Health Checks, page 2-48.
Remove	Removes the existing health check.
Add To Polling Config	Schedules this health check to run automatically.
Name	Name of the health check.
Notify on Success	Generates an email report if the health check completes successfully.
Email Addresses	Enter the email addresses to be notified. Click + to add an email address. Click - to remove an email address.
Remove	Click Remove From Polling to stop the health check from running at scheduled intervals.

The Health Check Config/Polling page contains the following fields and buttons:

Modifying Health Checks

If you click **Modify** on the Health Check Configuration page to select a health check to change, the Health Check Configuration page displays information about the currently configured health checks.

To modify the health check configuration:

Step 1 On the Health Check Configuration page, select a health check from the drop-down list of health checks in the **Configured Health Checks** field and then click **Modify**.

Step 2 The Health Check Configuration page displays the currently configured health checks, as shown in Figure 2-26.

Cisco Multicast Manager		cisco
Tool: Multicast Manager 💌	Management Domain: VOS-DEMO 💌 Licensed to	edge-geeks-east
Home Topology	Reporting Diagnostics Help	
Reporting:	Historical Graphs	
Latest Events		
RP Polling Report		
RP Group Threshold Report RPF Failures		
Group Gone Report	🗕 Graph Type SG PPS 🛛 💙	
S,G Threshold Report		
Layer 2 PPS Threshold Report	Time Range Hour	
SSG Report	—	
Tree Report		
S,G Delta Report	Start Feb 💙 3 💙 2007 23 💙 : 00 💙	
Multicast Bandwidth Report	End May 💙 9 💙 2007 0 💙 , 00 💙	
Video Probe Report	End May 💙 9 💙 2007 0 💙 : 00 💙	
VRF Count Report	_	
VRF Interface Count Report		
MDT Default Report	Search List	
MDT Source Report Historical Graphs		
Display All IOS Versions	S,G PPS (Select 3 Max)	
Display All 103 Versions		
VOS-DEMO - 9 device(s) Search: (43.10.0.1) <u>isp-7600-H1.VOS</u> (40.44.44.2) <u>isp-7600-H3.VOS</u> (30.3.3.2) isp-7600-q1.VOS	224.0.1.40:0.0.0:isp-7600-B1.VOS 224.0.1.40:0.0.0:isp-7600-j1.VOS 231.1.0.100:0.0.0:isp-7600-B1.VOS 231.1.0.100:40.15.15.2:isp-7600-B1.VOS 231.1.0.100:40.15.15.2:isp-7600-j1.VOS 231.1.0.101:0.0.0:isp-7600-j1.VOS 231.1.0.101:0.0.0:isp-7600-j1.VOS 231.1.0.101:40.15.15.2:isp-7600-B1.VOS 231.1.0.101:40.15.15.2:isp-7600-B1.VOS 231.1.0.101:40.15.15.2:isp-7600-B1.VOS 231.1.0.101:40.15.15.2:isp-7600-B1.VOS 231.1.0.102:0.0.0:isp-7600-B1.VOS 231.1.0.102:0.0.0:isp-7600-B1.VOS	
(30.7.0.2)	231.1.0.102:40.15.15.2:isp-7600-B1.VOS	
isp-7600-g2.VOS	231.1.0.102:40.15.15.2:isp-7600-j1.VOS	
(30.3.10.1)	231.1.0.103:0.0.0.0:isp-7600-B1.VOS	
<u>isp-7600-q3.VOS</u>	Dianlau	
(40.50.11.1)	Display	
isp-7600-h2.VOS		
(30.7.10.1)		22
isp-7600-j1.VOS	S,G PPS:Source:0.0.0.0 Group:231.1.0.44	RDTO
(8.0.0.1)	1.0	
<u>isp-7600-j3.VOS</u> (44.20.20.1)		
(44.20.20.1)		
	Š 0.5	
	0.0 Week 07 Week 09 Week 11 Week 13 Week 15 Week	17
	isp-7600-B1.VOS	

Figure 2-26 Modifying the Health Check Configuration

- **Step 3** From the drop-down list in the Configured Health Checks field, select the RPs that you want this health check to include.:
 - To add an RP to the list, click Add to Polling Config.
 - To remove an RP from the list, click **Remove**.
 - To Modify the configuration, click **Modify**.

Step 4 To check the status of this RP's MSDP peering, click on **Configure** under the MSDP heading in the list of RPs being checked.

A list of available peers appears, as shown in Figure 2-27.

Figure 2-27 Health Check Configuration—Peers

Cisco Tool Administration						cisco
Tool: Administration 🔽	Management Domain:	VOS-DEMO 🔽			Licensed to edge	e-geeks-east
Configuration: Domain Management Admin Utilities System Security User Management Discovery	-	nfiguration for VOS-DEMO domain since Fri May 4 13:17:59 EDT 2007 by watchd	og script) Refresh Stati	us		
Device Configuration Global Polling Configuration Multicast Polling Configuration - RP Polling - RPF Polling	Start Stop Restart	st be restarted after making changes on t	is screen.			
- SG Polling - Main - SG Polling - by Device - L2 Polling - Interface Polling - Tree Polling	Create New Health Check	Create				
- Health Check Config/Polling - MVPN Polling - Video Probe Polling Address Management	Create New Health Checks		Add To Polling Cor	nfig		
VOS-DEMO - 9 device(s)	Health Checks Being Pol	led				
Search:	Name Boston-PBS	Notify on Success	Em	ail Addresses 💠 🕱	Remove Remove From Polling	
	Boston-Post-AZ	Boston-Post-AZ	~	Ф Ж	Remove From Polling	
isp-7600-B1.VOS (43.10.0.1) isp-7600-H1.VOS (40.44.42.2) isp-7600-H3.VOS (30.73.2) isp-7600-01.VOS (30.70.2) isp-7600-02.VOS	(ABC-AZ-300.health) is Select isp-7600-g3.VOS	p-7600-g3.VOS MSDP Health Check Con Peers to Check	figuration			
(30.3.10.1) isp-7600-q3.VOS (40.50.11.1) isp-7600-h2.VOS (30.7.10.1)	Set Return to Main C	Config Clear Selections				211275

Step 5 Select the peers you want to check, and then click **Set**.

You are returned to the Health Check Configuration Modification page.

Step 6 Select the sources and groups to check.

Step 7 To check for the existence of multicast trees, select the trees from the drop-down list in the Select Baseline field (shown in Figure 2-28) and click on Add.

The selected tree appears in the list of Trees to be Polled.

Figure 2-28 shows the bottom portion of the page, which includes the **Select Baseline** field and the list of Trees to be Polled.

Figure 2-28 Selecting a Baseline

Forwarding Tree	5					
Select Baseline 🛛	ABC-AZ-300).trace		*		
	Add					
Trees to be Polle	ed					
Baseline	Source	Group	FHR	LHR	Remove	
ABC-AZ-300.trace	40.18.18.2	231.30.0.1	SOURCE	ALL	<u>Delete</u>	1303
						211

Step 8

8 To save your modifications, click **Refresh Status**.

MVPN Polling

You can configure polling of multicast devices in Multicast Virtual Private Network (MVPN). To configure MVPN polling:

- **Step 1** Select the **Administration** tool.
- **Step 2** Select Multicast Polling Configuration > MVPN Polling.

The MVPN Polling Configuration page opens, as shown in Figure 2-29.

Figure 2-29 MVPN Polling Configuration

Cisco Tool Administration	
Tool: Administration 🔽	Management Domain: Test 🔽 <u>locout</u>
Configuration:	MVPN Polling Configuration for Test domain
Domain Management	Defeat Otatus
Admin Utilities System Security	(Polling Daemon is Running since Thu Jan 10 15:43:45 2008) Refresh Status
User Management	
Discovery	
MVPN Configuration	
Device Configuration	Start Stop Restart
Global Polling Configuration Multicast Polling Configuration	
- RP Polling	
- RPF Polling	The polling daemon must be restarted after making changes on this screen.
- SSM Polling	
- SG Polling - Main	MVPN Monitoring
- SG Polling - by Device - SG Polling - by Branch	
- L2 Polling	cmm-7206-sd1
- Interface Polling	cmm-7604-d1
- Tree Polling	PE Devices cmm-7604-d2.dns-sj.cisco.com
- Health Check Config/Polling	cmm-7604-d2
- MYPN Polling - Video Probe Polling	
Route Manager	
Address Management	Provider Edge Router
Test - 10 device(s)	Apply Reset
Search:	Current MVPN PE Monitoring Polling Configuration
	Provider Edge Router 🕇
<u>cmm-6503-c2</u> (126.1.3.14)	
cmm-6504-c4	
(126.1.11.16)	
<u>cmm-6506-c1.dns-</u>	
<u>sj.cisco.com</u> (126.1.2.13)	
(126.1.2.13) cmm-6506-c3.dns-	
sj.cisco.com	
(126.1.9.15)	

Step 3 To select a provider edge (PE) device for polling, select the device from the list in the PE devices field.The PE device appears in the list of Provider Edge Routers.

Step 4 When you are done selecting PE devices, click Apply.

You must restart the polling daemon before the changes take effect. To restart the polling daemon, click **Start**.

Video Probe Polling

You can configure the operation of each video probe to specify the probe's delay factor (DF) threshold and the acceptable loss threshold.

You can configure one video probe or configure several video probes at the same time.

To configure video probe polling:

Step 1 Select Administration > Multicast Manager > Video Probe Polling.

The Video Probe Polling Configuration page appears, as shown in Figure 2-30.

Figure 2-30 Video Probe Polling Configuration Page

Cisco Tool Administration	ului cisc	
Tool: Administration 🔽	Management Domain: test 🔽 Licensed to Ci	
Configuration:	(Polling Daemon is Running since Mon Jan 14 12:40:32 2008) Refresh Status	1
Domain Management Admin Utilities		
System Security		
User Management Discovery	Start Stop Restart	
MVPN Configuration		
Device Configuration]	
Global Polling Configuration	The polling daemon must be restarted after making changes on this screen.	
Multicast Polling Configuration	The pointing decider making changes of this second	
- RP Polling		- 1
- RPF Polling	Video Probe Monitoring	
- SSM Polling		
- SG Polling - Main		
- SG Polling - by Device		
- SG Polling - by Branch		
- L2 Polling	Probes	
- Interface Polling		
- Tree Polling		
 Health Check Config/Polling 		
- MVPN Polling	Probe Monitoring Configuration	
- Video Probe Polling		
Route Manager	Probe DF Threshold (mSec) Loss Threshold	
Address Management	Apply Reset	
~	Trade Trade	
test - 10 device(s)		
Search:	Current Video Probe Monitoring Polling Configuration Probe DF (mSec) Loss Modify	
~		

If one or more probes have been configured already, the Current Video Probe Monitoring Polling Configuration section shows the current probe configurations.

Step 2 To add a configuration for an unconfigured probe:

a. Select one or more probes from the **Probes** pull-down menu.

As you select probes, fields for setting the probe configuration appear in the Probe Monitoring Configuration section.

<u>Note</u>

- **b.** To specify a Delay Factor threshold for a probe, check the **DF** check box for the probe and enter a delay factor in milliseconds.
- **c.** To specify a Loss threshold for a probe, check the **Loss** check box and enter a loss threshold value in packets per second.
- d. If you want to clear the values that you have entered, click Reset.
- e. To apply the configuration, click Apply.
- **Step 3** To edit an existing probe configuration:
 - **a**. Click **Edit** in the configuration listing in the current polling configuration section.

The current probe configuration appears in the Edit Probe Monitoring Configuration section.

- **b.** Modify the existing configuration values as required and then click **Apply**.
- **Step 4** To delete an existing probe configuration:
 - **a.** Click **Delete** next to the configuration listing in the Edit Probe Monitoring Configuration section. You are prompted to confirm deletion of the probe configuration.
 - b. If you are sure that you want to delete the configuration, click OK; otherwise, click Cancel.
- **Step 5** Restart the polling daemon after making any probe configuration changes.





Monitoring with the Multicast Manager Tool

This chapter contains the following sections:

- Viewing the Multicast Manager Home Page, page 3-1
- Viewing Topology, page 3-2
- Managing Reports, page 3-6

Viewing the Multicast Manager Home Page

When you log into the CMM, the Multicast Manager Home Page opens. To access this page from within the CMM, select the **Multicast Manager** tool, then select **Home**.

The Home page shows the last 20 events (see the "Latest Events" section on page 3-7).

ool: Multicast Manager 🔽	Management Doma	in: .test-01 🔽	Licensed to Cisc
Home Topology	Reporting Di	agnostics	Help
atest Events			
Date	Туре	Device	Details
 Thu Apr 26 18:20:00 2007 	RP S,G Removed	cmm-7206-sd1	Group: 224.2.127.254, Source: 126.32.3.232
 Thu Apr 26 18:20:00 2007 	RP S,G Removed	cmm-7206-sd1	Group: 232.1.1.6, Source: 126.32.3.232
 Thu Apr 26 18:20:00 2007 	RP S,G Removed	cmm-7206-sd2	Group: 224.2.127.254, Source: 126.32.3.232
📷 Thu Apr 26 18:16:02 2007 🗌	Video Flow DF High	CMM-G1T-VP1	Group: <u>232.1.1.6</u> (), Source: 126.32.3.232, Value: 880.312, Threshold: 50
📸 Thu Apr 26 18:16:02 2007	Video Flow DF High	CMM-G1T-VP1	Group: <u>239.233.1.1</u> (), Source: 126.32.3.232, Value: 465.76, Threshold: 50
📺 Thu Apr 26 18:15:02 2007	Video Flow DF High	CMM-G1T-VP1	Group: <u>232.1.1.6</u> (), Source: 126.32.3.232, Value: 704.664, Threshold: 50
📺 Thu Apr 26 18:15:02 2007	Video Flow DF High	CMM-G1T-VP1	Group: <u>239.233.1.1</u> (), Source: 126.32.3.232, Value: 395.488, Threshold: 50
📷 Thu Apr 26 18:14:02 2007	Video Flow DF High	CMM-G1T-VP1	Group: <u>232.1.1.6</u> (), Source: 126.32.3.232, Value: 798.424, Tareshold: 50
📺 Thu Apr 26 18:14:02 2007	Video Flow DF High	CMM-G1T-VP1	Group: <u>239.233.1.1</u> (), Source: 126.32.3.232, Value: 504.108, Threshold: 50
📺 Thu Apr 26 18:13:01 2007	Video Flow DF High	CMM-G1T-VP1	Group: <u>232.1.1.6</u> (), Source: 126.32.3.232, Value: 817.672, Threshold: 50
📺 Thu Apr 26 18:12:02 2007	Video Flow DF High	CMM-G1T-VP1	Group: <u>232.1.1.6</u> (), Source: 126.32.3.232, Value: 854.784, Threshold: 50
📹 Thu Apr 26 18:12:02 2007	Video Flow MLR High	CMM-G1T-VP1	Group: <u>232.1.1.6</u> (), Source: 126.32.3.232, Value: 203, Threshold: 0
📺 Thu Apr 26 18:12:02 2007	Video Flow DF High	CMM-G1T-VP1	Group: <u>239.233.1.1</u> (), Source: 126.32.3.232, Value: 404.852, Threshold: 50
🖬 Thu Apr 26 18:12:02 2007	Video Flow MLR High	CMM-G1T-VP1	Group: <u>239.233.1.1</u> (), Source: 126.32.3.232, Value: 423, Threshold: 0
📺 Thu Apr 26 18:12:02 2007	Video Flow MLR High	CMM-G1T-VP2	Group: <u>239.233.1.1</u> (), Source: 126.32.3.232, Value: 409, Threshold: 0
📸 Thu Apr 26 18:12:02 2007	Video Flow MLR High	CMM-G1T-VP2	Group: <u>232.1.1.6</u> (), Source: 126.32.3.232, Value: 189, Threshold: 0
💰 Thu Apr 26 18:11:02 2007	Video Flow MLR High	CMM-G1T-VP2	Group: <u>239.233.1.1</u> (), Source: 126.32.3.232, Value: 35, Threshold: 0
📩 Thu Apr 26 18:11:02 2007	Video Flow MLR High	CMM-G1T-VP2	Group: <u>232.1.1.6</u> (), Source: 126.32.3.232, Value: 135, Threshold: 0
📷 Thu Apr 26 18:11:02 2007	Video Flow DF High	CMM-G1T-VP1	Group: <u>232.1.1.6</u> (), Source: 126.32.3.232, Value: 739.664, Threshold: 50
M Thu Apr 26 18:11:02 2007	Video Flow MLR High	CMM-G1T-VP1	Group: <u>232.1.1.6</u> (), Source: 126.32.3.232, Value: 238, Threshold: 0
M Thu Apr 26 18:10:02 2007	Video Flow DF High	CMM-G1T-VP2	Group: <u>239.233.1.1</u> (), Source: 126.32.3.232, Value: 387.136, Threshold: 50
Thu Apr 26 18:10:02 2007	Video Flow DF High	CMM-G1T-VP2	Group: <u>232.1.1.6</u> (), Source: 126.32.3.232, Value: 800.096, Threshold: 50
M Thu Apr 26 18:10:02 2007	Video Flow DF High	CMM-G1T-VP1	Group: <u>232.1.1.6</u> (), Source: 126.32.3.232, Value: 906.032, Threshold: 50
Thu Apr 26 18:10:02 2007	Video Flow MLR High	CMM-G1T-VP1	Group: 232.1.1.6 (), Source: 126.32.3.232, Value: 302, Threshold: 0
Thu Apr 26 18:10:02 2007	Video Flow DF High	CMM-G1T-VP1	Group: <u>239.233.1.1</u> (), Source: 126.32.3.232, Value: 355.056, Threshold: 50
Domains			
Domain	Devices		
.mike	9		
test-01	0		
neill	1		
test-01	9		
Polling Engine Status			

Figure 3-1	Multicast Manager Home Page
------------	-----------------------------

Viewing Topology

Using **Topology**, you can display routers and their multicast information in the database, on an individual basis, or by showing the complete database.

If you are using video probes in your installation, the Cisco Multicast Manager home page displays threshold exceeded alerts that the probes generate. You can click on the group information in the alert (an underlined IP address) to launch the Diagnostics tool and view detailed information about the multicast, which includes a display of the network topology that includes both routers and probes.

This section contains:

- Viewing Router Topology and Multicast Information, page 3-3
- Viewing Topology Including Probe Information, page 3-5

Viewing Router Topology and Multicast Information

To view router topology and multicast information:

- Select the Multicast Manager tool. Step 1
- Click Topology. Step 2
- Step 3 To see the complete database, select Display All.

A network topology table appears, as shown in Figure 3-2. Router names appear at the top of each table.

🌀 Back 🝷 🕥	- 💌 😰 🤇	🏠 🔎 Search 🤸	Favorites 🧭	2.		w •	X 3					
idress 🙆 http://es	l-cmm:8080/perl/to	po.pl#									🖌 🄁 Go	Links
Cisco Multicast	Manager										CISC	
Tool: Multicast	Manager 🔽		Managem	ent Dom	iain:	gtest2	*		Lic	ensed	to Cisco Syst	-
Home	Topology	Reporting	Diagnostics		Help							
Fopology: Display All		Network Topology (P	IM Neighbors)	using dat	abase		db (contains 10 dev 7206-w1	ices)				^
		Local Int	Local IP	PIM 1 Mode	IGMP	Neighbor	Neighbor's Int	Neighbor IP	PIM Mode	IGMP	DR	
		GigabitEthernet0/1	172.31.24.255	sparse		es1-7606- c2	GigabitEthernet3/1	172.31.24.255	sparse	2	es1-7206-w 172.31.24.255	
		Serial4/1	172.31.24.255	sparse		es1-7206- ₩2	Serial4/1	172.31.24.255	sparse	2	N/A (0.0.0.0)	
		GigabitEthernet0/2	172.31.24.255	sparse		es1-7206- w2	GigabitEthernet0/1	172.31.24.255	sparse	2	es1-7206-w 172.31.24.255	
		Serial4/0	172.31.24.255	sparse		es1-7206- ₩2	Serial4/0	172.31.24.255	sparse	2	N/A (0.0.0.0)	
atest2 - 10 de	evices:					es1-	7206-w2					
<u>es1-7206-w1</u>		Local Int	Local IP	PIM Mode	IGMP	Neighbor	Neighbor's Int	Neighbor IP	PIM Mode	IGMP	DR	
<u>es1-7206-w2</u>		GigabitEthernet0/1	172.31.24.255	sparse 2	2	es1-7206- w1	GigabitEthernet0/2	172.31.24.255	sparse		es1-7206-w 172.31.24.255	
<u>es1-7606-c1</u>		Serial4/0	172.31.24.255	sparse 2	2	es1-7206- w1	Serial4/0	172.31.24.255	sparse		N/A (0.0.0.0)	
es1-7606-c2		Serial4/1	172.31.24.255	sparse 2	2	es1-7206- w1	Serial4/1	172.31.24.255	sparse		N/A (0.0.0.0)	
es1-7606-c3						es1-	7606-c1					
<u>es1-7606-04</u>		Local Int	Local IP	PIM Mode	IGMP	Neighbor	Neighbor's Int	Neighbor IP	PIM Mode	IGMP	DR	
<u>es1-7606-d1</u>	~	GigabitEthernet3/14	172.31.24.255	sparse 2	2	es1-7606- c3	GigabitEthernet3/14	172.31.24.255	sparse	2	es1-7606-c 172.31.24.255	~

Figure 3-2 **Topology Display All**

For each device, the table shows the following information:

Field	Description
Local Int	Interfaces running multicast.
Local IP	IP address of the interfaces.
PIM Mode	PIM Mode, can be sparse or dense.
IGMP	IGMP version.
Neighbor	PIM neighbor name.
Neighbor's INT	PIM neighbor's interface.
Neighbor IP	PIM neighbor's IP address.
PIM Mode	PIM neighbor's mode, can be sparse or dense.
IGMP	IGMP version of PIM neighbor.
DR	DR information.

I

Step 4 To see topology for an individual router, click a router from the list pane at the lower left of the interface.Topology information for the selected device appears, as shown in Figure 3-3.

	<u>⊺</u> ools <u>H</u> elp					4
Back 🔻 🌍 🕶 💌	2 🏠 🔎	Search 🧙 Favorites 🚱 💈	3• 🎍 🗹 •	🗕 🛍 🦓		
ess 🔕 http://es1-cmm:8080	/perl/topo.pl#					🖌 🎦 Go 🕴 Link
sco Multicast Manage	r					CISCO
ol: Multicast Manager	*	Management [Domain: gtest2	*	Licensed	to Cisco Systems
Home Topol	ogy Rep	orting Diagnostics	Help			
pology:	Topology	Information for es1-7606-c2 wi	han discoursed			^
splay All		10000002 W				
	U	sername				
	Р	assword				
		ommand	Show			
	Show Ci	mmand	SILOW			
			PIN	1 Neighbors		
atest2 - 10 devices:	-	Local Int	Neighbor	Neighbor IP		
1-7206-w1		GigabitEthernet3/42	es1-7606-c3	172.31.24.255	GigabitEthernet3/42	
		GigabitEthernet3/40	es1-7606-sd1	172.31.24.255	GigabitEthernet3/40	
		GigabitEthernet3/14	es1-7606-o4	172.31.24.255	GigabitEthernet3/14	
1-7206-w2		GigabitEthernet3/38	es1-7606-c1	172.31.24.255 172.31.24.255	GigabitEthernet3/38	
		et l'institution de la se				
1-7606-c1		GigabitEthernet3/13	es1-7606-sd2		GigabitEthernet3/13	
1-7606-c1		GigabitEthernet3/13 GigabitEthernet3/1	es1-7606-sd2 es1-7206-w1	172.31.24.255	GigabitEthernet0/1	
1-7606-c1 1-7606-c2		-	es1-7206-w1		-	
:1-7606-c1 :1-7606-c2 :1-7606-c3		-	es1-7206-w1	172.31.24.255	-	
51-7206-w2 51-7606-c1 51-7606-c2 51-7606-c3 51-7606-c4		GigabitEthernet3/1 Local Int GigabitEthernet3/42	es1-7206-w1 PIM I	172.31.24.255 nterface Mode PIM Mode sparse es1-3	GigabitEthernet0/1 DR 7606-c3 172.31.24.255	
:1-7606-c1 :1-7606-c2 :1-7606-c3		GigabitEthernet3/1 Local Int	es1-7206-w1 PIM I Local IP	172.31.24.255 nterface Mode PIM Mode sparse es1-3	GigabitEthernet0/1 DR	

Figure 3-3 Topology for an Individual Router

The topology display contains these fields and buttons:

Field or Button	Description
Username	Enter your username.
Password	Enter your password.
Show Command	Enter any show commands on the router.
Show	Click Show to run the selected command.
PIM Neighbors	PIM neighbor name.



For details on the columns within this table, see the descriptions for the Topology Display All window.

Step 5 To see a topological display of the routers, select **PIM Neighbors**.

A topological display appears, as shown in Figure 3-4.



Figure 3-4 PIM Neighbors

The topology display shows:

- Each router and its local interfaces.
- The interfaces on each of the router's PIM neighbors.
- The names of the routers and their PIM neighbors.

Viewing Topology Including Probe Information

You can view topology information that shows probes and probe status from the Cisco Multicast Manager home page and from the Diagnostics tool.

The multicast diagnostic information shown on the home page includes:

- The source, group, and channel association that you are troubleshooting.
- A graphical topology tree that clearly shows all of the routers that form the tree, and their input and output interfaces. along with IP addresses and interface descriptions

- The packets per sampling period being received at each point in the tree (sampling periods range from 5 seconds to 30 and are configurable).
- The packet input, output and discard errors being received at each interface.
- A text representation of the tree, which is invaluable when troubleshooting large multicast trees.



For detailed information on using the Diagnostic tool to troubleshoot video multicast flows and viewing a topology tree that shows the multicast topology, see Video Probe Status, page 4-15.

Managing Reports

To start managing reports, within the Multicast Manager tool, click on Reporting.

Within Reporting, you can view:

- A record of the latest SNMP traps sent.
- Historical graphs or trends.
- Routers in the database IOS versions.
- Video probe reports.
- Reports on VPN routing/forwarding instances (VRFs).

Reporting Options
Latest Events, page 3-7
RP Polling Report, page 3-7
RP Group Threshold Report, page 3-8
RPF Failures, page 3-9
Group Gone Report, page 3-9
S,G Threshold Report, page 3-10
Layer 2 PPS Threshold Report, page 3-10
SSG Report, page 3-10
Tree Report, page 3-10
S,G Delta Report, page 3-12
Multicast Bandwidth Report, page 3-12
Video Probe Report, page 3-12
VRF Count Report, page 3-14
VRF Interface Count Report, page 3-14
MDT Default Report, page 3-15
MDT Source Report, page 3-15
Historical Graphs, page 3-15
Display All IOS Versions, page 3-17



The information shown for each type of report, with the exception of Historical Graphs, spans only the previous 24 hours. There may be more information available in the log file. However, it is recommended that the events.log file be rotated every 24 to 48 hours, depending on event activity.

Latest Events

Using the **Latest Events** page, you can set a configurable amount of the latest events generated by the CMM. Clicking **Report** lists the traps in time order.

Figure 3-5 shows the Latest Events page.

Cisco Muli	ticast Manager 2.4(0.0.9)	_					
Fool: Mul	lticast Manager 🔽	Management D	omain: VOS	-DEMO 🔽			Licensed to edge-ge	eks-e
Home	Topology	Reporting	Diagnostics	Help				
eporting:								
atest Eve	ents	Latest Events						
P Polling P	Report							
P Group T	hreshold Report							
PF Failure		Mar. 5						
Group Gon		Max Events 100						
	old Report							
	S Threshold Report	Rep	ίοπ					
SG Report								
ree Repor .G Delta R								
	andwidth Report							
ideo Prob		Data		-	D1		0.1.1	
RF Count		Date		Туре	Device		Details	
	ce Count Report	Tue May 15 14:	30:00 Vid	eo Flow DF High	IQ-EDGE-H1-G1- 16		40.15.15.2, Value: 247.033,	
DT Defau						Threshold: 50		
DT Source		Tue May 15 14:		eo Flow MLR	IQ-EDGE-H1-G1-		40.15.15.2, Value: 1146, Thres	hold:
istorical G		2007	Hig	h	16	10		
isplay All	IOS Versions	Tue May 15 14:	29:01 Vid	eo Flow DF High	IQ-EDGE-H1-G1- 16	Group: 231.10.0.1, Source: Threshold: 50	40.15.15.2, Value: 244.23,	
'OS-DEMO	- 9 device(s)	Tue May 15 14: 2007	29:01 Vid Hig	eo Flow MLR h	IQ-EDGE-H1-G1- 16		40.15.15.2, Value: 1156, Thres	hold:
earch:		Tue May 15 14: 2007	28:01 Vid	eo Flow DF High	IQ-EDGE-H1-G1- 16	Group: 231.10.0.1, Source: Threshold: 50	40.15.15.2, Value: 247.029,	
		Tue May 15 14: 2007	28:01 Vid Hig	eo Flow MLR h	IQ-EDGE-H1-G1- 16	Group: 231.10.0.1, Source: 10	40.15.15.2, Value: 1151, Thres	hold:
sp-7600-B 43.10.0.1)		Tue May 15 14: 2007	VIG	eo Flow DF High	IQ-EDGE-H1-G1- 16	Threshold: 50	40.15.15.2, Value: 244.226,	
<u>sp-7600-H</u> 40.44.44.2 sp-7600-H)	Tue May 15 14: 2007	27:00 Vid Hig	eo Flow MLR h	IQ-EDGE-H1-G1- 16	Group: 231.10.0.1, Source: 10	40.15.15.2, Value: 1146, Thres	hold:
30.3.3.2) sp-7600-a		Tue May 15 14: 2007	VIG	eo Flow DF High	IQ-EDGE-H1-G1- 16	Group: 231.10.0.1, Source: Threshold: 50	40.15.15.2, Value: 247.031,	
30.7.0.2) sp-7600-q		Tue May 15 14: 2007	26:00 Vid Hig	eo Flow MLR h	IQ-EDGE-H1-G1- 16	Group: 231.10.0.1, Source: 10	40.15.15.2, Value: 1152, Thres	hold:
30.3.10.1) sp-7600-q		Z007	25:44 He Fai	alth Check led		Health Check: Boston-PBS		
40.50.11.1 sp-7600-h) 2.VOS	Tue May 15 14: 2007	25:00 Vid	eo Flow DF High	IQ-EDGE-H1-G1- 16	Group: 231.10.0.1, Source: Threshold: 50	40.15.15.2, Value: 244.226,	
30.7.10.1) sp-7600-j1		Tue May 15 14: 2007	Hig	eo Flow MLR h	IQ-EDGE-H1-G1- 16	Group: 231.10.0.1, Source: 10	40.15.15.2, Value: 1149, Thres	hold:
(8.0.0.1) <u>sp-7600-j</u> (X Tue May 15 14: 2007	24:23 He Fai	alth Check led		Health Check: Boston-Post-	AZ	
44.20.20.1)	Tue May 15 14: 2007	24:00 Vid	eo Flow DF High	IQ-EDGE-H1-G1- 16	Group: 231.10.0.1, Source: Threshold: 50	40.15.15.2, Value: 247.031,	

Figure 3-5 Latest Events

RP Polling Report

Using the **RP Polling Report**, you can monitor:

- All leaves and joins for the selected RP (if the Enable RP Add/Delete Traps option is selected, see the "RP Polling" section on page 2-26).
- If the selected RP becomes unavailable.
- Any rogue source or group that joins the selected RP.

To generate an RP Polling report:

Step 1 Select the Multicast Manager tool.

On the Reporting menu, select RP Polling Report.

The RP Polling Report page opens.

- **Step 2** On the RP Polling Report page:
 - Select an RP from the list.
 - Specify the maximum number of events to display.

Step 3 Click Report.

An RP Polling Report appears, as shown in Figure 3-6. The report contains any events that have occurred in the last 24 hours.

Home Topology	Reporting	Diagnostics	Help				
Reporting:	RP Polling Report	for cmm-7206-	cd1				
Latest Events		ate	Router	Source	Group	State	
RP Polling Report							
RP Group Threshold Report RPF Failures	Thu Apr 26 16:58:00		cmm-7206-sd1	126.0.1.11	239.132.0.0	removed	
Group Gone Report	Thu Apr 26 16:56:00		cmm-7206-sd1	126.0.1.18	239.232.0.0	added	
S,G Threshold Report	Thu Apr 26 16:56:00	2007	cmm-7206-sd1	126.0.12	239.232.0.0	added	
Layer 2 PPS Threshold Report	Thu Apr 26 16:56:00	2007	cmm-7206-sd1	126.0.1.11	239.232.0.0	added	
SSG Report	Thu Apr 26 16:29:00	2007	cmm-7206-sd1	126.0.1.11	239.232.0.0	removed	
Tree Report	Thu Apr 26 16:28:00	2007	cmm-7206-sd1	126.0.1.18	239.232.0.0	removed	
S,G Delta Report Multicast Bandwidth Report	Thu Apr 26 16:28:00	2007	cmm-7206-sd1	126.0.1.12	239.232.0.0	removed	
Video Probe Report	Thu Apr 26 16:25:00		cmm-7206-sd1	126.0.1.11	239.132.0.0	added	
VRF Count Report	Thu Apr 26 14:34:00		cmm-7206-sd1	126.0.1.18	239,232,0,0	added	
VRF Interface Count Report	Thu Apr 26 14:34:00		cmm-7206-sd1	126.0.1.12	239,232,0,0	added	
MDT Default Report	Thu Apr 26 14:34:00		cmm-7206-sd1	126.0.1.11	239.232.0.0	added	
MDT Source Report Historical Graphs	-						
Display All IOS Versions	Thu Apr 26 11:34:00		cmm-7206-sd1	126.32.2.33	239.254.4.9	added	
Dispidy Mil 103 Versions	Thu Apr 26 11:34:00		cmm-7206-sd1	126.32.2.33	239.254.4.8	added	
test-01 - 9 device(s)	Thu Apr 26 11:34:00	2007	cmm-7206-sd1	126.32.2.33	239.254.4.7	added	
	Thu Apr 26 11:34:00	2007	cmm-7206-sd1	126.32.2.33	239.254.4.6	added	
	Thu Apr 26 11:34:00	2007	cmm-7206-sd1	126.32.2.33	239.254.4.5	added	
Search:	Thu Apr 26 11:34:00	2007	cmm-7206-sd1	126.32.2.33	239.254.4.4	added	
	Thu Apr 26 11:34:00	2007	cmm-7206-sd1	126.32.2.33	239.254.4.3	added	
	Thu Apr 26 11:34:00	2007	cmm-7206-sd1	126.32.2.33	239,254,4,2	added	
cmm-6503-c2 (126.1.3.14)	Thu Apr 26 11:34:00		cmm-7206-sd1	126.32.2.44	239.254.4.1	added	
· ·	Thu Apr 26 11:34:00		cmm-7206-sd1	126.32.2.43	239,254,4,1	added	
<u>cmm-6504-c4</u> (126.1.11.16)	Thu Apr 26 11:34:00		cmm-7206-sd1	126.32.2.42	239,254,4,1	added	
cmm-6506-c1						added	
(126.1.5.13)	Thu Apr 26 11:34:00		cmm-7206-sd1	126.32.2.41	239.254.4.1		
<u>cmm-6506-c3</u>	Thu Apr 26 11:34:00		cmm-7206-sd1	126.32.2.40	239.254.4.1	added	
(126.1.9.15)	Thu Apr 26 11:34:00	2007	cmm-7206-sd1	126.32.2.39	239.254.4.1	added	
cmm-7206-d2 (126.1.13.18)	Thu Apr 26 11:34:00	2007	cmm-7206-sd1	126.32.2.38	239.254.4.1	added	
. ,	Thu Apr 26 11:34:00	2007	cmm-7206-sd1	126.32.2.37	239.254.4.1	added	
<u>cmm-7206-sd1</u> (126.1.3.11)	Thu Apr 26 11:34:00	2007	cmm-7206-sd1	126.32.2.36	239.254.4.1	added	
cmm-7206-sd2	Thu Apr 26 11:34:00	2007	cmm-7206-sd1	126.32.2.35	239.254.4.1	added	
(126.1.6.12)	Thu Apr 26 11:34:00	2007	cmm-7206-sd1	126.32.2.34	239.254.4.1	added	
<u>cmm-7604-d1</u>	Thu Apr 26 11:34:00		cmm-7206-sd1	126.32.2.33	239.254.4.1	added	
(126.1.12.17)	Thu Apr 26 11:34:00		cmm-7206-sd1	126.32.2.33	239,254,4,0	added	
cmm-crs1.cisco.com	Thu Apr 26 11:34:00		cmm-7206-sd1	126.32.2.43	239,254,2,2	added	
(126.15.1.2)	Thu Apr 26 11:34:00		cmm-7206-sd1	126.32.2.43	239.254.2.2	added	

Figure 3-6 RP Polling Report



To see detailed information about a source, click on an IP address in the **Source** column.

RP Group Threshold Report

Using the **RP Group Threshold Report**, you can monitor a list of RPs that have exceeded their active number of groups limit.

To generate an RP Group Threshold report:

Select the Multicast Manager tool.
On the Reporting menu, select RP Group Threshold Report .
The RP Group Threshold Report page opens.
On the RP Polling Report page:
• Select an RP from the list.
• You can specify the maximum number of events to display.
Click Report .
An RP Group Threshold Report appears.
The report contains any events that have occurred in the last 24 hours.

RPF Failures

Using the **RPF Failures Report**, you can monitor all routers that are experiencing RPF failures above the configured threshold for the configured sources and groups.

To generate an RPF Failures report:

	Select the Multicast Manager tool.						
	On the Reporting menu, select RPF Failures.						
	The RPF Failure Report page opens.						
Or	On the RPF Failure Report page:						
	• Select an RP from the list.						
	• You can specify the maximum number of events to display.						
	Click Report .						
	The report contains any events that have occurred in the last 24 hours.						

Group Gone Report

The **Group Gone Report** is currently unsupported. Please refer to the **S,G Polling Report** (see **S,G** Threshold Report, page 3-10).

S,G Threshold Report

Using the **S,G Threshold Report**, you can monitor every source and group that has exceeded its configured threshold.

To generate an S,G Threshold report:

Step 1 Select a group from the list.

Step 2 You can specify the maximum number of events to display.

Step 3 Click **Report**. The report contains any events that have occurred in the last 24 hours, and shows pps and bps.

Layer 2 PPS Threshold Report

Using the Layer 2 PPS Threshold Report, you can monitor all Layer 2 ports that have exceeded their configured thresholds.

To generate a Layer 2 PPS Threshold Report:

- **Step 1** Select a switch from the list.
- **Step 2** Select a port from the list.
- **Step 3** Click **Select**. The report contains any events that have occurred in the last 24 hours.



The report is for inbound and outbound traffic on the port.

SSG Report

Using the **SSG Report**, you can display information about groups that have more than one sender. To generate an SSG Report:

- **Step 1** Enter the multicast group address.
- **Step 2** Click **Report**. The report contains any events that have occurred in the last 24 hours. The count indicates the number of sources sending to the group.

Tree Report

Using the **Multicast Tree Report**, you can draw and save multicast trees (called baselines). You can then set up the CMM to draw trees that have been saved in the background, and report any changes. (Only changes to Layer 3 devices are reported.)



The drawing and saving of trees is covered in Show All Groups, page 4-2.

If a multicast tree you are monitoring changes, a trap is generated. You can then view the baseline and the changed tree. Changes are highlighted in the text and also in the drawing.

To generate a Multicast Tree Report:

- **Step 1** Select a baseline (multicast tree) from the list.
- **Step 2** You can specify the maximum number of events to display.
- **Step 3** Click **Select**. The report contains any events that have occurred in the last 24 hours.

Selecting "trchanged" in the third column in the report will graphically show the baseline, along with the changed tree. Changes to the tree are highlighted in the table at the top as shown in the figure. The baseline and the current tree are also shown graphically.

ile <u>E</u> dit <u>V</u> iew	<u>Go C</u> hipmarks <u>B</u> ookmarks <u>T</u> ools <u>H</u> elp				0
þ • 🔶 • 🛃	🕴 🛞 😭 🗋 http://172.31.24.255 :808	0/perl/home.pl		~	
aul99.trace Mon	Aug 14 14:40:10 2006: Traced multicast (group 224.0.0.1 (cisco-rp-anno	ounce [Farinacci]) from source 10	.0.0.1	^
Router	Forwarding Int	Neighbor	Neighbor IP	Neighbor Int	
P2-ntv-2	GigabitEthernet1/1	P2-7206-2	10.0.0.1	GigabitEthernet3/0	
P2-ntv-2	Port-channel204	P2-ntv-4	10.0.0.1	Port-channel204	
2-ntv-2	Port-channel205	P2-ntv-3	10.0.0.1	Port-channel205	
P2-7206-2	SRP1/0	P3-7206-2		SRP1/0	
P3-7206-2	GigabitEthernet3/0	P3-msfc-2		Vlan2	
P3-7206-2	GigabitEthernet4/0	P3-msfc-1		Vlan3	
P3-msfc-2	Vlan4	P3-msfc-4		Vlan4	
P3-msfc-2	Vlan5	P3-msfc-3		Vlan5	
2-ntv-1	GigabitEthernet1/1				
2-ntv-1	GigabitEthernet1/2				
2-ntv-1	Port-channel204				
2-ntv-1	Port-channel205				
2-ntv-1	Vlan210				
P2-ntv-2	GigabitEthernet1/2				
2-ntv-2	Loopback0				
P2-ntv-2					
P2-ntv-3	Loopback0				
2-ntv-3	Loopback1				
2-ntv-4	FastEthernet3/1				
2-ntv-4	Loopback0				
2-ntv-4	Loopback1				
2-ntv-4	Vlan2				
2-ntv-4	Vlan20				
93-msfc-1	Vlan5				
93-msfc-4	Loopback0				
P3-msfc-4	Loopback1				
P3-msfc-4	Vlan30				
P3-msfc-3	Loopback0				
P3-msfc-3	Loopback1				
P3-msfc-3	Vlan4				
2-ntv-2	GigabitEthernet1/2	P2-7206-1		GigabitEthernet4/0	
P2-7206-1	SRP1/0	P3-7206-1		SRP1/0	
P2-7206-2	SRP1/0				
P3-7206-2	SRP1/0				
93-7206-2	GigabitEthernet3/0				×

Figure 3-7 Tree Report Page with Changed Tree Data

S,G Delta Report

Using the **Multicast S,G Delta Report**, you can view information about PPS rate deviation on multicast trees.

To generate a Multicast S,G Delta Report:

Step 1 Select a baseline (multicast tree) from the list.

Step 2 You can specify the maximum number of events to display.

Step 3 Click Select. The report contains any events that have occurred in the last 24 hours.

Multicast Bandwidth Report

To generate a report for a router interface that has exceeded its multicast bandwidth thresholds:

Step 1	Select the device.
Step 2	Select the port.
Step 3	Select the maximum number of events.
Step 4	Click Report .

Video Probe Report

Each time CMM interrogates a probe and finds an exception it generates a video probe report and stores it on the hard drive. Using the Video Probe Report, you can view a detailed listing of video probe reports. Each report provides the following information from a video probe:

- VOS flow MRL high—The media loss rate (MLR) over the configured threshold
- VOS delay factor high—The delay factor (DF) over the configured threshold

To view video probe reports:

Step 1 Select Multicast Manager > Reporting.

Step 2 Click Video Probe Report.

The Video Probe Polling Report page appears, as shown in Figure 3-8.

Cisco Multicast Manager		cisco
Tool: Multicast Manager 🔽	Management Domain: test-01	Licensed to Cisco
Home Topology	y Reporting Diagnostics	Help
Reporting: Latest Events RP Polling Report	Parsing events.log file Vide Probe Polling Report	
RP Group Threshold Report RPF Failures Group Gone Report	Video Probe CMM-G1T-VP1 🗸	
S,G Threshold Report Layer 2 PPS Threshold Report SSG Report		
Tree Report S,G Delta Report Multicast Bandwidth Report	Report	
Video Probe Report VRF Count Report VRF Interface Count Report		
MDT Default Report MDT Source Report Historical Graphs		
Display All IOS Versions		
test-01 - 9 device(s)		
Search:		211294

Figure 3-8 Specifying Parameters for the Video Probe Report

- **Step 3** From the pull-down list in the **Video Probe** field, select a probe.
- **Step 4** Enter the number of events you would like to see.
- Step 5 Click Report.

A report for the specified probe appears. Figure 3-9 shows a sample report.

Figure 3-9 Video Probe Report

Cisco Multicast Manager								cisco
Tool: Multicast Manager 🔽	Management (Domain: test-01	~				Lic	censed to Cisco
Home Topology	Reporting	Diagnostics	Help					
Reporting:	Video Drobo Dol	ling Report for C	MM-C1T-VD1					
Latest Events	VILLED PTODE POI				-		-	1.11
RP Polling Report		Date	Pro		Туре	Value		hreshold
RP Group Threshold Report	Wed May 9 12:18:	02 2007	CMM-G1T-VP	1 Video	Flow DF High	1144.6	50	
RPF Failures	Wed May 9 12:18:	02 2007	CMM-G1T-VP	1 Video	Flow MLR High	25	0	
Group Gone Report								
S,G Threshold Report								
Layer 2 PPS Threshold Report								
SSG Report								
Tree Report								
S,G Delta Report								
Multicast Bandwidth Report								
Video Probe Report								
VRF Count Report								
VRF Interface Count Report								
MDT Default Report								
MDT Source Report								
Historical Graphs								
Display All IOS Versions								
test-01 - 9 device(s) Search:								
<u>cmm-6503-c2</u> (126.1.3.14)								211296

VRF Count Report

To generate a VRF Count Report:

Step 1	On the Reporting menu, select VRF Count Report.					
	The VRF Count Report page appears.					
Step 2	On the VRF Count Report page, enter the parameters for the report.					
	A VRF Count Report appears.					

VRF Interface Count Report

To generate a VRF Interface Count Report:

Step 1	On the Reporting menu, select VRF Interface Count Report.
	The VRF Interface Count Report page appears.
Step 2	On the VRF Interface Count Report page, enter the parameters for the report.
	The VRF Interface Count report appears.

MDT Default Report

To generate a MDT Default Report:

Step 1	On the Reporting menu, select MDT Default Report.
	The MDT Default Report page appears.
-	

Step 2On the MDT Default Report page, enter the parameters for the report.A MDT Default Report appears.

MDT Source Report

To generate an MDT Source Report:

Step 1	On the Reporting menu, select MDT Source Report.
	The MDT Source Report page appears.
Step 2	On the MDT Source Report page, enter the parameters for the report.
	An MDT Source Report appears.

Historical Graphs

Using **Historical Graphs**, you can view historical data in a graph format. Historical data is collected when you start to monitor any of the following:

- Source and group activity in a router.
- Multicast packets inbound or outbound of a Layer 2 port.
- Source and group packet deviations on baseline multicast trees.

To view Historical Graphs:

- **Step 1** Select a **Graph Type** from the list:
 - SG Delta PPS
 - SG PPS
 - SG BPS
 - Switch Port PPS

Step 2 Select a Time Range:

- User Specified
- Hour
- Day
- Week
- Month

Step 3 Select a Start and End range.

Step 4 A list of available reports appears. Highlight the appropriate report(s) and click **Display**. You can select up to 3 reports to display on the graph. Data stored for trending purposes is kept for up to 18 months.



Data must be collected to generate a report. If you have selected the correct Graph Type, and you do not see any entries, ensure that data is being collected (see Top Talkers, page 4-14).

Cisco Multicast Manager 2.4	(0.0.9)	
Tool: Multicast Manager 💌	Management Domain: VOS-DEMO 💌	Licensed to edge-geeks-east
Home Topology	Reporting Diagnostics Help	
Reporting:	Historical Graphs	
Latest Events		
RP Polling Report RP Group Threshold Report	-	
RPF Failures	Graph Type SG PPS 🗸 🗸	
Group Gone Report		
S,G Threshold Report Layer 2 PPS Threshold Report	Time Range Hour 🛛 💙	
SSG Report	-	
Tree Report		
S,G Delta Report	Start Feb 💙 3 💙 2007 23 🌱 : 00 🌱	
Multicast Bandwidth Report	End May 💙 9 💙 2007 0 💙 : 00 💙	
Video Probe Report VRF Count Report		
VRF Interface Count Report		
MDT Default Report	Search List	
MDT Source Report		
Historical Graphs Display All IOS Versions	S,G PPS (Select 3 Max)	
VOS-DEMO - 9 device(s)	224.0.1.40:0.0.0.0:isp-7600-B1.VOS	
	224.0.1.40:0.0.0.0:isp-7600-j1.VOS	
Search:	231.1.0.100:0.0.0.0:isp-7600-B1.VOS	
search:	231.1.0.100:0.0.0:isp-7600-j1.VOS	
	231.1.0.100:40.15.15.2:isp-7600-B1.VOS	
isp-7600-B1.VOS	231.1.0.100:40.15.15.2:isp-7600-j1.VOS 231.1.0.101:0.0.0.0:isp-7600-B1.VOS	
(43.10.0.1)	231.1.0.101:0.0.0.0isp-7600-j1.VOS	
isp-7600-H1.VOS	231.1.0.101:40.15.15.2:isp-7600-B1.VOS	
(40.44.44.2)	231.1.0.101:40.15.15.2:isp-7600-j1.VOS	
<u>isp-7600-H3.VOS</u> (30.3.3.2)	231.1.0.102:0.0.0.0:isp-7600-B1.VOS	
(30.3.3.2) isp-7600-q1.VOS	231.1.0.102:0.0.0.0:isp-7600-j1.VOS	
(30.7.0.2)	231.1.0.102:40.15.15.2:isp-7600-B1.VOS	
isp-7600-q2.VOS	231.1.0.102:40.15.15.2:isp-7600-j1.VOS	
(30.3.10.1)	231.1.0.103:0.0.0.0:isp-7600-B1.VOS	
<u>isp-7600-q3.VOS</u> (40.50.11.1)	Display	
isp-7600-h2.VOS		
(30.7.10.1)		
<u>isp-7600-j1.VOS</u>	S,G PPS:Source:0.0.0.0 Group:2	31.1.0.44
(8.0.0.1)	1.0	
<u>isp-7600-j3.VOS</u> (44.20.20.1)		100
((412012011))		······································
	۵.5	
	0.0 Week 07 Week 09 Week 11 Week 13	3 Week 15 Week 17
	isp-7600-B1.VOS	

Figure 3-10 Historical Graphs

Display All IOS Versions

Using the IOS Version Info page, you can view the IOS version of all discovered routers in the current domain. You can sort the table by device, IP address, IOS version, or model by selecting the corresponding column heading.

Figure 3-11 shows a sample IOS Versions Report.

Figure 3-11	IOS Version Info
-------------	------------------

Cisco Multicast Manager 2.4(0.0.9)							ului cisco	_
Tool: Multicast Manager 🔽	Management	Domain: 📘	VOS-DE	мо 🔽	Licensed	to edge	-geeks-ea	st
Home Topology	Reporting	Diagno	stics	Help				
Reporting:	IOS Version Inf	•						
Latest Events		U						
RP Polling Report	Report Generated	Wed Max	0.00.17.5	45 2007				
RP Group Threshold Report	9 Devices	, wearing	5 00.14.	45 2007				
RPF Failures								
Group Gone Report	DEVICE	IP	VE	RSION	MODEL			
S,G Threshold Report	isp-7600-B1.VOS							
Layer 2 PPS Threshold Report	•			12.2(33)SRB				
SSG Report Tree Report	isp-7600-H1.VOS	40.44.44.2						
S,G Delta Report	isp-7600-H3.VOS	30.3.3.2	Version	12.2(33)SRB	cisco7609			
Multicast Bandwidth Report	isp-7600-g1.VOS	30.7.0.2	Version	12.2(33)SRB	cisco7609			
Video Probe Report	isp-7600-g2.VOS	30.3.10.1	Version	12.2(33)SRB	cat6506			
VRF Count Report	isp-7600-g3.VOS							
VRF Interface Count Report								
MDT Default Report	isp-7600-h2.VOS							
MDT Source Report	isp-7600-j1.VOS	8.0.0.1	Version	12.2(33)SRB	cat6506			
Historical Graphs	isp-7600-j3.VOS	44.20.20.1	Version	12.2(33)SRB	cat6509			
Display All IOS Versions								
VOS-DEMO - 9 device(s)								
Search:								
<u>isp-7600-B1.VOS</u> (43.10.0.1) <u>isp-7600-H1.VOS</u> (40.44.44.2)								211279





Diagnostics and Troubleshooting with the Multicast Manager Tool

This chapter contains the following sections:

- Managing Diagnostics, page 4-1
- Viewing User Guide Help, page 4-28

Managing Diagnostics

The **Diagnostics** tool gives you a global view and a router-specific view of your network. The following sections describe global diagnostics:

- Show All Groups, page 4-2
- Locate Host, page 4-7
- Network Status, page 4-7
- RP Status, page 4-8
- RP Summary, page 4-8
- IGMP Diagnostics, page 4-9
- MSDP Status, page 4-10
- Layer 2 Switches, page 4-11
- Health Check, page 4-12
- 6500/7600 Troubleshooting, page 4-12
- Top Talkers, page 4-14
- Video Probe Status, page 4-15
- MPVN Status, page 4-22

The following section describes router-specific diagnostics:

• Managing Router Diagnostics, page 4-24

Show All Groups

With the Show All Groups page, you can:

- 1. View all the active sources and groups in the network in tabular format. Groups are listed in numerical order, and the number of sources for each group appears in the last column. If there is more than one source for a group, select **Sources** to view them all.
- 2. Draw complete graphical trees by clicking on a group.
- 3. Draw filtered graphical trees by selecting the Source, Group, FHR and LHR.
- 4. Plot the pps/bps for a particular source and group.

To use the Show All Groups page:

Step 1 On the Diagnostics menu, select Show All Groups.

The Multicast Diagnostics page appears, as shown in Figure 4-1.

Figure 4-1 Multicast Diagnostics Page

Tool: Multicast Manager 🔽	Management (Domain: VOS-D	ЕМО 🔽				icensed to edge-geeks-
Home Topology	Reporting	Diagnostics	Help				
iagnostics:	1.1.00						
Show All Groups	Gr	aph Line 🔽					
ocate Host							
letwork Status	Va	alue bps 🛩					
P Status			7				
P Summary		Compare					
GMP Diagnostics			-				
SDP Status							
ayer 2 Switches	Trace multicast	group:					
lealth Check	-	FHR isp-7600-B1					
500/7600 Troubleshooting op Talkers	-	100 1000 01					
op Taikers ideo Probe Status		LHR ALL	*				
VPN	-						
OS-DEMO - 9 device(s)		Trace					
earch:							
	Group (14)	Group (DNS)	Group (DB)	Source IP	Source (DNS)	Source (DB)	Number of Sources
		Group (DNS)			Source (DNS)	Source (DB)	
	224.0.1.40	Group (DNS)	cisco-rp-discovery [Farinacci]	0.0.0	Source (DNS)	Source (DB)	Sources [0]
	224.0.1.40 231.10.0.1	Group (DNS)		0.0.0.0 40.15.15.2	Source (DNS)	Source (DB)	Sources [0] Sources [1]
p-7600-B1.¥OS	224.0.1.40 231.10.0.1 231.10.0.2	Group (DNS)	cisco-rp-discovery [Farinacci]	0.0.0.0 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2	Source (DNS)	Source (DB)	Sources [0] Sources [1] Sources [1]
p-7600-B1.¥05 3.10.0.1) p-7600-H1.VOS	224.0.1.40 231.10.0.1	Group (DNS)	cisco-rp-discovery [Farinacci]	0.0.0.0 40.15.15.2	Source (DNS)	Source (DB)	Sources [0] Sources [1]
sp-7600-B1.¥05 13.10.0.1) p-7600-H1.VOS 10.44.44.2)	224.0.1.40 231.10.0.1 231.10.0.2	Group (DNS)	cisco-rp-discovery [Farinacci]	0.0.0.0 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2	Source (DNS)	Source (DB)	Sources [0] Sources [1] Sources [1]
sp-7600-B1.VOS 13.10.0.1) 10.44.44.2) 10.75700-H3.VOS	224.0.1.40 231.10.0.1 231.10.0.2 231.10.0.3 231.10.0.4	Group (DNS)	cisco-rp-discovery [Farinacci]	0.0.0.0 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2	Source (DNS)	Source (DB)	Sources [0] Sources [1] Sources [1] Sources [1] Sources [1]
sp-7600-B1.VOS ip-7600-H1.VOS 10.44.44.2) ip-7600-H3.VOS 30.3.3.2)	224.0.1.40 231.10.0.1 231.10.0.2 231.10.0.3 231.10.0.4 231.10.0.5	Group (DNS)	cisco-rp-discovery [Farinacci]	0.0.0.0 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2	Source (DNS)	Source (DB)	Sources [0] Sources [1] Sources [1] Sources [1] Sources [1] Sources [1]
sp-7600-B1.VOS 43:10.0.1) p-7600-H1.VOS 40:44:44.2) p-7600-H3.VOS 30:3.3.2) p-7600-11.VOS	224.0.1.40 231.10.0.1 231.10.0.2 231.10.0.3 231.10.0.4 231.10.0.5 231.10.0.6	Group (DNS)	cisco-rp-discovery [Farinacci]	0.0.0.0 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2	Source (DNS)	Source (DB)	Sources [0] Sources [1]
sp-7600-B1.VOS 43.10.0.1) sp-7600-H1.VOS 40.44.44.2) sp-7600-H3.VOS 30.3.3.2) sp-7600-n1.VOS 30.7.0.2)	224.0.1.40 231.10.0.1 231.10.0.2 231.10.0.3 231.10.0.4 231.10.0.5 231.10.0.6 231.10.0.6 231.10.0.7	Group (DNS)	cisco-rp-discovery [Farinacci]	0.0.0.0 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2	Source (DNS)	Source (DB)	Sources [0] Sources [1] Sources [1]
sp-7600-B1.VOS 13:10:0:1) p-7600-H1.VOS 10:44:42 30:3:3:2) p-7600-H3.VOS 30:7:0:2 30:7:0:2 30:7:0:2 50:7:02 30	224.0.1.40 231.10.0.1 231.10.0.2 231.10.0.3 231.10.0.4 231.10.0.5 231.10.0.6 231.10.0.7 231.10.0.8	Group (DNS)	cisco-rp-discovery [Farinacci]	0.0.0.0 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2	Source (DNS)	Source (DB)	Sources [0] Sources [1] Sources [1] Sources [1] Sources [1] Sources [1] Sources [1] Sources [1] Sources [1]
sp-7600-81.VOS 43:10.0.1) 5p-7600-11.VOS 40:44:44:2) 5p-7600-13.VOS 30:3.0.2) 5p-7600-02.VOS 30:3.0.2) 30:3.10.1)	224.0.1.40 231.10.0.1 231.10.0.2 231.10.0.3 231.10.0.4 231.10.0.5 231.10.0.6 231.10.0.6 231.10.0.7	Group (DNS)	cisco-rp-discovery [Farinacci]	0.0.0.0 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2	Source (DNS)	Source (DB)	Sources [0] Sources [1] Sources [1]
sp-7600-B1.VOS 43:10.0.1) 90-7600-H1.VOS 40:44:42; 90:3.2; 90:3.2; 90:7.0; 90:7.0; 90:7.0; 90:7.0; 90:7.00; 90:	224.0.1.40 231.10.0.1 231.10.0.2 231.10.0.3 231.10.0.4 231.10.0.5 231.10.0.6 231.10.0.7 231.10.0.8	Group (DNS)	cisco-rp-discovery [Farinacci]	0.0.0.0 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2	Source (DNS)	Source (DB)	Sources [0] Sources [1] Sources [1] Sources [1] Sources [1] Sources [1] Sources [1] Sources [1] Sources [1]
50-7600-81,VOS 4100.01) 10-7500-H1 VOS 4044.44.2) 10-7500-H3 VOS 30-30.2) 10-7600-91,VOS 30-30.2) 10-7600-92,VOS 30-310.1) 10-7600-93,VOS 40-550.11)	224.0.1.40 231.10.0.1 231.10.0.2 231.10.0.3 231.10.0.4 231.10.0.5 231.10.0.6 231.10.0.6 231.10.0.7 231.10.0.9 231.10.0.9 231.10.0.10	Group (DNS)	cisco-rp-discovery [Farinacci]	0.0.0.0 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2	Source (DNS)	Source (DB)	Sources [0] Sources [1] Sources [1] Sources [1] Sources [1] Sources [1] Sources [1] Sources [1] Sources [1]
sp-7600-B1.VOS 43:10.0.1) 90.7600-H1.VOS 40.44.42; 90.3.2; 90.3.2; 90.7.0; 90.7.0; 90.7.	224.0.1.40 231.10.0.1 231.10.0.2 231.10.0.3 231.10.0.4 231.10.0.5 231.10.0.6 231.10.0.7 231.10.0.8 231.10.0.8 231.10.0.10 231.51.0.1	Group (DNS)	cisco-rp-discovery [Farinacci]	0.0.0.0 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2 0.0.00	Source (DNS)	Source (DB)	Sources [0] Sources [1] Sources [0]
50-7600-81-VOS 13.00.1) 10.7500.11.VOS 10.44.44.2) 10.44.44.2) 10.44.44.2) 10.44.44.2) 10.54.44.2) 10.54.44.2) 10.54.44.2) 10.54.20 10.54.20 10.55.20 10.55.20 10.55.11.1) 10.55.11.1) 10.55.11.1) 10.55.11.1) 10.55.11.1) 10.55.11.1) 10.55.11.1) 10.55.11.1) 10.55.11.1)	224.0.1.40 231.10.0.1 231.10.0.2 231.10.0.2 231.10.0.4 231.10.0.4 231.10.0.5 231.10.0.5 231.10.0.7 231.10.0.7 231.10.0.8 231.10.0.9 231.51.0.1 231.51.0.2	Group (DNS)	cisco-rp-discovery [Farinacci]	$\begin{array}{c} 0.0.0.0\\ 40.15.15.2\\ 40.15.15.2\\ 40.15.15.2\\ 40.15.15.2\\ 40.15.15.2\\ 40.15.15.2\\ 40.15.15.2\\ 40.15.15.2\\ 40.15.15.2\\ 40.15.15.2\\ 40.15.15.2\\ 40.15.15.2\\ 0.0.0.0\\ 0.0.0.0\\ \end{array}$	Source (DNS)	Source (DB)	Sources [0] Sources [1] Sources [0]
10.3.0.0.1 10.3.0.0.1 10.3.0.0.1 10.3.0.0.1 10.3.0.1	224.0.1.40 231.10.0.1 231.10.0.2 231.10.0.3 231.10.0.4 231.10.0.5 231.10.0.6 231.10.0.7 231.10.0.8 231.10.0.8 231.10.0.10 231.51.0.1	Group (DNS)	cisco-rp-discovery [Farinacci]	0.0.0.0 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2 0.0.00	Source (DNS)	Source (DB)	Sources [0] Sources [1] Sources [0]
sp-7600-B1.VOS 13.10.0.1) p-7600-H1.VOS 10.44.44.2) p-7600-H2.VOS 30.7.0.2) p-7600-G1.VOS 30.7.0.2) p-7600-G1.VOS 30.7.10.1) p-7600-G1.VOS 30.7.10.1) p-7600-H2.VOS 30.7.10.1) p-7600-H2.VOS 30.7.10.1) p-7600-H2.VOS 30.7.10.1) p-7600-H2.VOS 30.7.10.1)	224.0.1.40 231.10.0.1 231.10.0.2 231.10.0.3 231.10.0.4 231.10.0.5 231.10.0.5 231.10.0.7 231.10.0.7 231.10.0.7 231.10.0.9 231.10.0.10 231.51.0.1 231.51.0.2 231.51.0.3		cisco-rp-discovery [Parinacci] Boston PBS SPTS Boston Raw SPTS 100	$\begin{array}{c} 0.0.0.0\\ 40.15.15.2\\ 40.15.15.2\\ 40.15.15.2\\ 40.15.15.2\\ 40.15.15.2\\ 40.15.15.2\\ 40.15.15.2\\ 40.15.15.2\\ 40.15.15.2\\ 40.15.15.2\\ 40.15.15.2\\ 40.15.15.2\\ 0.0.0.0\\ 0.0.0.0\\ \end{array}$	Source (DNS)	Source (DB)	Sources [0] Sources [1] Sources [0]
sp-7600-B1,VOS 43:10:0.1) pp:7600-H1,VOS 40:44:42; pp:7600-H1,VOS 30:3.0.2; pp:7600-G1,VOS 30:3.0.1) pp:7600-G1,VOS 30:3.10.1) pp:7600-G1,VOS 30:7.10.1) pp:7600-G1,VOS 30:7.10.1) pp:7600-12,VOS 30:7.10.1) pp:7600-12,VOS 30:7.10.1) pp:7600-12,VOS	224.0.1.40 231.10.0.1 231.10.0.2 231.10.0.3 231.10.0.5 231.10.0.5 231.10.0.5 231.10.0.7 231.10.0.8 231.10.0.8 231.10.0.10 231.51.0.1 231.51.0.1 231.51.0.2 231.51.0.3 View previously	saved pktplots	cisco-rp-discovery [Parinacci] Boston PBS SPTS Boston Raw SPTS 100	$\begin{array}{c} 0.0.0.0\\ 40.15.15.2\\ 40.15.15.2\\ 40.15.15.2\\ 40.15.15.2\\ 40.15.15.2\\ 40.15.15.2\\ 40.15.15.2\\ 40.15.15.2\\ 40.15.15.2\\ 40.15.15.2\\ 40.15.15.2\\ 40.15.15.2\\ 0.0.0.0\\ 0.0.0.0\\ \end{array}$	Source (DNS)	Source (DB)	Sources [0] Sources [1] Sources [0]
isp. 7600-81,V05 (43.10.0.1) isp. 7600-11,V05 (40.44.44.2) isp. 7600-13,V05 (30.3.3.2) isp. 7600-13,V05 (30.3.10.1) isp. 7600-13,V05 (40.50.11.1) isp. 7600-13,V05 (40.50.11.0) isp. 7600-13,V05 (40.40.11,V05) (40.40.1	224.0.1.40 231.10.0.1 231.10.0.2 231.10.0.3 231.10.0.4 231.10.0.5 231.10.0.5 231.10.0.7 231.10.0.7 231.10.0.7 231.10.0.9 231.10.0.10 231.51.0.1 231.51.0.2 231.51.0.3	saved pktplots	cisco-rp-discovery [Parinacci] Boston PBS SPTS Boston Raw SPTS 100	$\begin{array}{c} 0.0.0.0\\ 40.15.15.2\\ 40.15.15.2\\ 40.15.15.2\\ 40.15.15.2\\ 40.15.15.2\\ 40.15.15.2\\ 40.15.15.2\\ 40.15.15.2\\ 40.15.15.2\\ 40.15.15.2\\ 40.15.15.2\\ 40.15.15.2\\ 0.0.0.0\\ 0.0.0.0\\ \end{array}$	Source (DNS)	Source (DB)	Sources [0] Sources [1] Sources [0]

- **Step 2** From the drop-down list below the **Source** field in the Set Source and Group to Work On pane, select a source to work on.
- **Step 3** From the drop-down list below the **Group** field in the Set Source and Group to Work On pane, select a group to work on.

The Multicast Diagnostics page appears with the source and group selected.

Step 4 (Optional) If you are using S,G caching, the cache contents appear. In this case, click **Refresh Cache** to refresh the table of sources and groups.

- **Step 5** If there are a lot of sources and groups present, you can filter the display to show only those you are interested in:
 - Source—Enter or select the IP address of the source to monitor.
 - Filter Groups—Filters the output to contain only the relevant groups.
 - Group—Enter or select the IP address of the group to monitor.
 - Filter Sources—Filters the output to contain only the relevant sources.
 - Reset SG Lists—Clears any entries and refreshes the source and group lists.

To ensure a source is sending data, you can plot traffic over a period of time:

- Select Router—Select the router to take the sample from.
- **Samples**—Enter the number of samples (1-50).

Note If the device is a 6500, you may need to adjust the sampling period in order to generate useful data.

- **Interval**—Enter the interval between samples (1-90s).
- **Graph**—Select the type of graph, line or bar.
- Value—Select the value, bps or pps.
- Click **Plot**. This produces a graph for the currently selected S,G on the selected router. You can also save this graph on the server.



Note This option is not meant for long term polling, but rather as an immediate troubleshooting tool. For long term polling of PPS data, the S,G should be configured under S,G Threshold polling

- **Step 6** To draw a graphical tree between two particular routers:
 - FHR—Select the first hop router that the trace should start under.
 - LHR—Select the last hop router that the trace should end under.
 - Click **Trace**. The CMM draws a tree of the source and group selected from the router in FHR to the router in LHR.
- **Step 7** To list all of the active sources and groups, within the Show All Groups page, simply scroll down to see all entries.
- **Step 8** To draw a multicast tree, select a **Group** (in the first column of the Source and Group table). A new page appears with the multicast tree in tabular and graphical format. Routers known as RPs to the source router appear green.



If there is more than one source for the group, select **Sources** under **Number of Sources** and select the source you want to draw the tree from.

Figure 4-2 Drawing a Multicast Tree (Baseline)

Tracing multicast grou	p 231.51.0.1 ()	from source 0.0.0.0

		1.0.1 () from sour							
Router	PPS	Forwarding Int.	Out Errors/Sec	Out Discards/Sec	Neighbor	Neighbor IP	Neighbor Int	In Errors/Sec	In Discards/Sec
-7600-B1.VOS	0 VI603		0	0	isp-7600-g2.VOS	30.3.10.1	VI607	0	0
-7600-B1.VOS	0 Te8/:		0	0	isp-7600-j1.VOS	43.10.0.2	Te1/2	0	0
-7600-g2.VOS	0 VI701		ñ	ñ	isp-7600-h2.VOS	30.7.10.1	VI601	ů.	ů
-7600-j1.VOS	0 Te4/4		0	0	isp-7600-j3.VOS	44.20.20.1	Te9/0/0	0	0
-7600-h2.VOS	0 Te6/4		0	ů.	isp-7600-g1.VOS	30.7.0.2	Te4/0/0	0	0
-7600-g2.VOS	0 Vlant		0	0					
-7600-j3.VOS	0 Gigal	oitEthernet5/0/1	0	0					
-7600-g1.VOS		oitEthernet8/0/0	0	0					
Probe		Route	r	Interface	Source	Group	Status	DE MLR	MLT15 MLT24
MID-B1-G2-1		isp-7600-B1.VOS	Span on B	1 62/1	0.0.0.0	231.51.0.1			
-MID-J1-G5-1		isp-7600-j1.VOS		on J1 G5/1	0.0.0.0	231.51.0.1			
-MID-H2-G7-13		isp-7600-h2.VOS			0.0.0	231.51.0.1			
ce File: trace.1176	8690028.3	Save As Count	er Update Interval: 0	~					
iend:									
endezvous Point	Router	Interface	نرز Video Probe						
		7/2-							
	is	P-7600-B1.VOS							
	/	VI607	Te8/3						
		30.3.10.2 (*,g) V1607	43.10.0.1 (*,g) Te1/2						
		30.3.10.1	43.10.0.2						
		7.1-	7/2						
IQ-MID-B1-G	2-1 is	p-7600-g2.VOS	isp-7600-j1.VOS						
	/	VI701		Тө4/4					
	/ 3	0.7.10.2 (*,g) (*,g) VI601		44.20.20.2 (*,g) Te9/0/0					
	3	0.7.10.1		44.20.20.1					
1	2			21-					
isp-7600	h2.VOS	Vlan601	IQ-MID-J1-G5-1	isp-7600-j3.VOS					
/	$\langle \rangle$	Te6/4							
		30.7.0.1 (*,g) Te4/0/0		(*,g)					
		30.7.0.2							
Q		3-							
Q-MID-H2-G7-13	isp-	7600-g1.VOS		GigabitEthernet5/0/1					
		(*,g)							

- **Step 9** To display packet error counters, select a **Counter Update Interval**. These counters are updated each period.
- **Step 10** To save the multicast tree as a baseline, enter a name within **Trace File**, and click **Save As**. The window closes. You can use the saved baseline for tree polling (see Tree Polling, page 2-44).



te You can also save the tree as a .jpeg, .bmp, or .png file by right-clicking it.

Step 11 (Optional) To view routing information for a router on a router in the multicast tree click on the router icon.

This opens another page that contains IP multicast routing information for the S,G that has been traced: Figure 4-3 shows sample routing information.

🕑 Untitled Document	- Mozilla Firefox			
<u>File E</u> dit <u>V</u> iew <u>G</u> o <u>i</u>	_hipmarks Bookmarks Tools Help			0
(Z 🕻) 🏠 🗋 http://172.31.24.255 :8	080/perl/home.pl	×	
Show Command	Show	1		
Username				-
Username				
Password				
ipMRouteEntry Quer	y for P2-7206-1 (10.0.0.1)()		
Shortest Path Tree				
Group	Source		Shortest Path Tree	
224.0.1.39	0.0.0	False		
224.0.1.39	0.0.0	True		
224.0.1.39	0.0.0	False		
224.0.1.40	0.0.0	False		
224.0.1.40	0.0.0	True		
224.0.1.40	0.0.0.0	True		
224.0.1.40	0.0.0.0	True		
224.0.1.40 224.0.1.40	0.0.0.0	True True		
224.0.1.40	0.0.0.0	True		
224.0.1.40	0.0.0.0	True		
224.0.1.40	0.0.0.0	True		
224.0.1.40	0.0.0.0	True		
224.0.1.40	0.0.0	True		
224.0.1.40	0.0.0.0	True		
224.0.1.40	0.0.0.0	False		
224.0.1.40	0.0.0.0	False		
224.0.1.40	0.0.0.0	True		
224.0.1.40	0.0.0.0	True		
224.0.1.40	0.0.0.0	False		
224.0.1.40	0.0.0.0	True		
224.0.1.40	0.0.0	True		
224.0.1.40	0.0.0	True		
224.0.1.40	0.0.0	True		
224.0.1.40	0.0.0	True		
224.0.1.40	0.0.0	True		~

Figure 4-3 Viewing IP Multicast Routing Information

The trace information page contains these fields and selections:

- Show Command—Enter any show commands on the router. A new window opens that contains multicast route information for the selected router.
- Username—Enter your username.
- **Password**—Enter your password.
- MIB—The name of the MIB entry in the MIB to monitor the router.
- Value—The value of the MIB entry.
- **Description**—A description of the MIB entry.

Step 12 To display details about a router listed in the lower left pane, click on the router name.

Figure 4-4 shows an example.

Figure 4-4	Multicast Diagnostics

ool: Multicast Manager 🚩	Management Domain: 🔽	OS-DEMO 🔽		Licensed to edge-geeks-e
Home Topology	Reporting Diagnos	tics Help		
gnostics:				
iow All Groups	Graph Line •	1		
cate Host				
twork Status	Value bps	*		
Status	_			
Summary	Com	pare		
MP Diagnostics DP Status	_			
ver 2 Switches	Trace multicast group:			
alth Check	Trace multicast group:			
00/7600 Troubleshooting	FHR isp-76	00-B1.VOS 🗸		
Talkers				
eo Probe Status	LHR ALL	~		
PN	Trace	2		
S-DEMO - 9 device(s)				
arch:	Group (14) Group (D	NS) Group (DB)	Source IP Source (DNS)	Source (DB) Number of Sources
	224.0.1.40	cisco-rp-discovery [Farinacci]	0.0.0.0	Sources [0]
	231.10.0.1	Boston PBS SPTS Boston Raw SPTS 100	40.15.15.2	Sources [1]
-7600-B1.VOS .10.0.1)	231.10.0.2		40.15.15.2	Sources [1]
.10.0.1)	231.10.0.3		40.15.15.2	Sources [1]
			40.15.15.2	
-7600-H1.VOS	001 10 0 1			Sources [1]
-7600-H1.VOS 1.44.44.2) -7600-H2 VOS	231.10.0.4			
.44.44.2) -7600-H3.VOS	231.10.0.5		40.15.15.2	Sources [1]
1.44.44.2) -7600-H3.VOS 1.3.3.2)				Sources [1] Sources [1]
1.44.44.2) - <u>7600-H3.VOS</u> 1.3.3.2) - <u>7600-q1.VOS</u>	231.10.0.5		40.15.15.2	
0.44.44.2) -7600-H3.VOS 0.3.3.2) -7600-q1.VOS 0.7.0.2)	231.10.0.5 231.10.0.6 231.10.0.7		40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2	Sources [1] Sources [1]
.44.44.2) <u>-7600-H3.VOS</u> .3.3.2) <u>-7600-g1.VOS</u> .7.0.2) <u>-7600-g2.VOS</u>	231.10.0.5 231.10.0.6 231.10.0.7 231.10.0.8		40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2	<u>Sources</u> [1] <u>Sources</u> [1] <u>Sources</u> [1]
.44.44.2) <u>-7600-H3.VOS</u> .3.3.2) <u>-7600-q1.VOS</u> .7.0.2) <u>-7600-q2.VOS</u> .3.10.1) <u>-7600-q3.VOS</u>	231.10.0.5 231.10.0.6 231.10.0.7 231.10.0.8 231.10.0.9		40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2	Sources [1] Sources [1] Sources [1] Sources [1]
h44.42) -7600-H3.VOS 13.3.2) -7600-91.VOS 17.0.2) -7600-92.VOS 3.310.1) -7600-93.VOS 50.11.1)	231.10.0.5 231.10.0.6 231.10.0.7 231.10.0.8 231.10.0.8 231.10.0.9 231.10.0.10		40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2	Sources [1] Sources [1] Sources [1] Sources [1] Sources [1]
.44.44.2) -7600-H3.VOS -7600-g1.VOS -7600-g2.VOS -7600-g2.VOS -5001-11.1) -7600-g2.VOS	231.10.0.5 231.10.0.6 231.10.0.7 231.10.0.8 231.10.0.9 231.10.0.10 231.51.0.1		40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2 0.0.0.0	Sources [1] Sources [1] Sources [1] Sources [1] Sources [1] Sources [0]
.44.44.2) -7600-11.VOS -7600-11.VOS -7600-11.VOS -7600-12.VOS -7600-32.VOS -7601-31.VOS -7600-42.VOS -7601-42.VOS -7600-12.VOS -710.1)	231.10.0.5 231.10.0.6 231.10.0.7 231.10.0.8 231.10.0.9 231.100.10 231.51.0.1 231.51.0.1 231.51.0.2		40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0	Sources [1] Sources [1] Sources [1] Sources [1] Sources [1] Sources [0] Sources [0]
.44.44.2) -7600-H3.VOS -7600-g1.VOS -7600-g2.VOS -7600-g2.VOS -5001-11.1) -7600-g2.VOS	231.10.0.5 231.10.0.6 231.10.0.7 231.10.0.8 231.10.0.9 231.10.0.10 231.51.0.1		40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2 40.15.15.2 0.0.0.0	Sources [1] Sources [1] Sources [1] Sources [1] Sources [1] Sources [0]

The example in Figure 4-4 shows the following information:

- Group (DNS)—Name given to this group in DNS.
- Group (DB)—Name given to this group in the address database.
- Source IP—IP address of the source.
- Source (DNS)—Name given to this source in DNS.

- **Note** The Source (DNS) field is populated only if DNS is configured, and if **Resolve Sources** is selected on the Device Configuration page. It should be noted that resolving thousands of addresses via DNS can be extremely slow.
- Source (DB)—Name given to this source in the address database.
- Number of Sources—Number of sources in this group.

Step 13 To view previously saved source bps/pps files, select the file, and click Display.

Step 14 To view previously saved traces, select the trace, and click Display.

Locate Host

Using the Locate Host page, you can find sources and receivers in the network. Enter the **IP Address** or hostname (if DNS is configured) and click **Locate**.

Figure 4-5 shows the Locate Host page.

Figure 4-5 Locate Host Page

Cisco Multicast Manager 2.4	4(0.0.7)	cisco
Tool: Multicast Manager 👻	Management Domain: test-01 🔽 License	ed to Cisco
Home Topology	Reporting Diagnostics Help	
Diagnostics: Show All Groups Locate Host Network Status RP Status RP Status Layer 2 Switches Health Check 6500/7600 Troubleshooting Top Talkers Video Probe Status MVPN test-01 - 9 device(s) Search:	Locate Host IP Address 126.1.6.12 Locate cmm-6503-c2 126.1.6.14 GigabitEthernet3/13 cmm-7206-sd2 126.1.6.12 GigabitEthernet0/3	
<u>cmm-6503-c2</u> (126.1.3.14) <u>cmm-6504-c4</u> (126.1.11.16)		211078

Network Status

Using the Network Status page, you can view the status of all devices in the current multicast domain. The System Up Time appears for all devices that are up. Devices that are down or unreachable appear in red.

Figure 4-6 shows the Network Status page.

Cisco Multicast	Manager 2.4	(0.0.7)		CISCO
Tool: Multicast N	Manager 🔽	Management	Domain: test-01 🔽	Licensed to Cisco
Home	Topology	Reporting	Diagnostics	Help
Diagnostics:		Network Status		
Show All Groups		Network Status		
Locate Host		Router	System Up Time	
Network Status		-		
RP Status RP Summary		cmm-6503-c2	26 days, 5:27:38	
IGMP Diagnostics		cmm-6504-o4	26 days, 5:27:20	
MSDP Status		cmm-6506-c1	24 days, 2:02:54	
Layer 2 Switches		cmm-6506-c3	26 days, 5:27:52	
Health Check		cmm-7206-d2	26 days, 5:28:32	
6500/7600 Troubl	eshooting	cmm-7206-sd1	10 days, 1:23:02	
Top Talkers		cmm-7206-sd2	26 days, 5:25:35	
Video Probe Statu	5			
MVPN		cmm-7604-d1	7 days, 19:07:27 om 1 day, 1:02:48	
Search: <u>cmm-6503-c2</u> (126.1.3.14) <u>cmm-6506-c1</u> (126.1.5.13) <u>cmm-6506-c2</u> (126.1.5.13) <u>cmm-7206-d2</u> (126.1.9.15) <u>cmm-7206-sd1</u> (126.1.3.11) <u>cmm-7206-sd1</u> (126.1.6.12) <u>cmm-7206-sd2</u> (126.1.6.12) <u>cmm-7604-d1</u> (126.1.5.1.2)	om			

Figure 4-6 Network Status

RP Status

Using the RP Status page, you can view all routers in the database, their RPs, and the active groups. In a large network with, many S,Gs, it may take some time for this data to appear, because each router in the multicast domain is queried.

RP Summary

Using the RP Summary, you can view all the RPs that the CMM is aware of, based upon the discovery. For details on clicking on an RP, see Viewing Topology, page 3-2.
IGMP Diagnostics

e	IGMP Diagnostics does not work for IOS 12.0S devices.
	Using the IGMP Diagnostics page, you can see the interfaces that have joined onto a particular group:
	Select the routers you want to query.
	Select Diagnostic Type is always set to IGMP Last Reporter.

Step 3 Select Show Failures to display all interfaces on the router.

Step 4 Click Run.

Figure 4-7 shows the IGMP Diagnostics page.

Cisco Multicast Manager 2.4((0.0.9)		cisco
Tool: Multicast Manager 💙	Management Dor	ain: VOS-DEMO 🔽	Licensed to edge-geeks-east
Home Topology	Reporting I	iagnostics Help	
Diagnostics:	IGMP Diagnostics		
Show All Groups	IGMP Diagnosuus		
Locate Host	Retrieving Sources an	GroupsUsing cached s.g entries.	
Network Status			
RP Status RP Summary	Defeat Oraba	1	
IGMP Diagnostics	Refresh Cache	Note: this may take some time depending on the	e number of groups.
MSDP Status			
Layer 2 Switches	i		
Health Check			
6500/7600 Troubleshooting			
Top Talkers	Select Gro	p 224.0.1.40 💟	
Video Probe Status MVPN	-		
VOS-DEMO - 9 device(s)	Select Route	isp-7600-B1.VOS ▲ isp-7600-H1.VOS isp-7600-H3.VOS ▲ isp-7600-g1.VOS ▲	
Search:	Select Diagnostic Ty	e 💿 IGMP Last Reporter	
	Output Filt	r 📃 Show Failures	
<u>isp-7600-B1.VOS</u> (43.10.0.1)		Run	
<u>isp-7600-H1.VOS</u> (40.44.44.2)			
<u>isp-7600-H3.VOS</u> (30.3.3.2)	IGMP Cache Last R	eporter for 224.0.1.40 (cisco-rp-discovery	[Farinacci])
isp-7600-q1.VOS		iter Interf	
(30.7.0.2)	isp-7600-H1.VOS	GigabitEthernet6/8	40.44.44.2
isp-7600-q2.VOS (30.3.10.1)			<u>8</u>
(30.3.10.1) isp-7600-q3.VOS (40.50.11.1)	Finished		211278

Figure 4-7 IGMP Diagnostics Page

MSDP Status

Using the MSPD Status page, you can view all routers running MSDP and their peering connectivity. You can also view details for a specific router, such as peering information and the SA cache.

Note

The MSDP MIB is supported only in IOS releases 12.0S, 12.1T (12.2) and 12.3. Version 12.1(x) does not support this MIB. Therefore, any RP running 12.1(x) with MSDP configured does not appear on this table.

To view peer information or SA cache information, select a router from the list and click the corresponding button.

Figure 4-8 shows the MSDP Status page.

Figure 4-8 MS	SDP Status Page			
Cisco Multicast Manager 2.4	(0.0.7)			cisco
Tool: Multicast Manager 👻	Management Domain: <mark>te</mark>	est-01 🔽		Licensed to Cisco
Home Topology	Reporting Diagnos	tics Help		
Diagnostics:	MCDD OLIV			
Show All Groups	MSDP Status			
Locate Host				
Network Status	Local	Peer	Remote IP	State
RP Status	cmm-6504-c4	cmm-6506-c3	126.0.1.15	established
RP Summary	cmm-6506-c3	cmm-6504-c4	126.0.1.16	established
IGMP Diagnostics MSDP Status	cmm-7206-d2	cmm-7604-d1	126.0.1.17	established
Layer 2 Switches	cmm-7206-sd1	cmm-7206-sd2	126.0.1.12	established
Health Check	cmm-7206-sd2	cmm-7206-sd1	126.0.1.11	established
6500/7600 Troubleshooting				
Top Talkers	cmm-7604-d1	cmm-7206-d2	126.0.1.18	established
Video Probe Status				
MVPN				
test-01 - 9 device(s)	Select MSDP Router Cmm-650	14-c4 🔽 Peer Info SACa	ache Info	
Search:				
<u>cmm-6503-c2</u> (126.1.3.14)				
<u>cmm-6504-c4</u> (126.1.11.16)				
<u>cmm-6506-c1</u> (126.1.5.13)				
<u>cmm-6506-c3</u> (126.1.9.15)				
<u>cmm-7206-d2</u> (126.1.13.18)				
<u>cmm-7206-sd1</u> (126.1.3.11)				
<u>cmm-7206-sd2</u> (126.1.6.12)				
<u>cmm-7604-d1</u> (126.1.12.17)				
<u>cmm-crs1.cisco.com</u> (126.15.1.2)				

Layer 2 Switches

Using the Layer 2 Switches pages, you can view:

- Layer 2 Multicast Information.
- Layer 2 Host IPs.

Note

These queries require the VTY password, or a TACACS username/password. The table that is generated, shows, from a Layer 2 perspective, which multicast groups are being forwarded out which interfaces.

To view Layer 2 multicast information or host IPs:

- **Step 1** Enter your username.
- **Step 2** Enter your password.
- **Step 3** Select the switch(es) you want to view.

Step 4 Click Query.

A display of L2 Multicast information appears. The possible IP addresses that can be mapped to the MAC address are also shown.

Health Check

Using the Health Check page, you can run a health check on a domain. To run a health check, select it from the list, and click **Run**.

Figure 4-9 shows a sample health check display.

Figure 4-9 Health Check

Cisco Multicast Manage	r 2.4(0.0.9)				cisco
Tool: Multicast Manager	Managemen	t Domain: VOS-DEM	10 🔽		Licensed to edge-geeks-east
Home Topol	ogy Reporting	Diagnostics	Help		
Diagnostics:					
Show All Groups	Select Health Cl	neck Boston-Post-AZ	✓ Run		
Locate Host					
Network Status RP Status					
RP Summary	Running (Boston	-Post-AZ.health) Health	Check		
IGMP Diagnostics		,			
MSDP Status	Туре		Testing		Status
Layer 2 Switches	RP	isp-7600-h2.VOS		0:21 days, 12:31:27	
Health Check 6500/7600 Troubleshooting	TREE	Boston-Post-AZ.trace		CHANGED	
Top Talkers					
Video Probe Status	Finished				
MVPN					
VOS-DEMO - 9 device(s)					
Search:					
<u>isp-7600-B1.VOS</u> (43.10.0.1) <u>isp-7600-H1.VOS</u> (40.44.44.2)					ž
<u>isp-7600-H3.VOS</u> (30.3.3.2)					211273

The color of the displayed text on the Health Check display indicates the status of the monitored condition:

- Gray = normal
- White = normal
- Red = error condition

6500/7600 Troubleshooting

Using the 6500/7600 Troubleshooting page, you can enable the CMM to gather accurate packet forwarding statistics and other information in a timely manner. This option initiates a remote login session into the PFC. A persistent SSH issues show commands and displays live statistics. These sessions are terminated when the windows are closed.

 \mathcal{P} Tip

All important sources and groups should be proactively monitored. Use the 6500 Troubleshooting tool to investigate a current problem.

Figure 4-10 shows the 6500/7600 Troubleshooting diagnostics page.

Figure 4-10 6500/7600 Troubleshooting Page

Cisco Multicast Manager 2.4(0.0.7)				cisco
Tool: Multicast Manager 🔽	Management	Domain: test-01	✓		Licensed to Cisco
Home Topology	Reporting	Diagnostics	Help		
Diagnostics:	6500 Troublest	notina			
Show All Groups Locate Host		looding			
Network Status					
RP Status	Router	cmm-6503-c2	~		
RP Summary	Router	Cmm-6503-C2	*		
IGMP Diagnostics	Username				
MSDP Status					
Layer 2 Switches	Password				
Health Check					
Troubleshooting	Enable				
Top Talkers	Polling interval	5 🗸			
Video Probe Status	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
MVPN	Source	126.0.1.11	🗸 filter groups	edit reset	
test-01 - 9 device(s)	Group	232.1.1.1	✓ filter sources	edit reset	
Search:		Run Full Trace	Run Diagnostics		
	Command	sh ip mroute		🖌 edit	
<u>cmm-6503-c2</u> (126.1.3.14)			Run	Command	
<u>cmm-6504-o4</u> (126.1.11.16)					Clear Output E-mail output to TAC
<u>cmm-6506-c1</u> (126.1.5.13)					
<u>cmm-6506-c3</u> (126.1.9.15)					
<u>cmm-7206-d2</u> (126.1.13.18)					
<u>cmm-7206-sd1</u> (126.1.3.11)					
<u>cmm-7206-sd2</u> (126.1.6.12)					
<u>cmm-7604-d1</u> (126.1.12.17)					
<u>cmm-crs1.cisco.com</u> (126.15.1.2)					

The 6500/7600 Troubleshooting page contains the following fields and buttons:

Fields and Buttons	Description
Router	Select a 6500 or 7600 router.
Username	Enter your username.
Password	Enter the MSFC password.
Enable	Enter the enable password.
Polling Interval	Interval at which the statistics are updated.
Source	IP address of the source.
Group IP address of the group.	
Edit	Lets you manually type in a group or source address.
Reset	Populates the source and group lists again.
Run Full Trace	Starts the tree at the source instead of the selected router. For details, see Show All Groups, page 4-2.

211064

Fields and Buttons	Description
Run Diagnostics	Draws a graphical tree of the source and group selected, starting at the router selected. Live traffic statistics also appear for this source and group at this router. You can click any other router in the picture to see live packets statistics for them (see Show All Groups, page 4-2). Ensure pop-up blockers are disabled.
Command	Provides a list of show commands.
Edit	Add your own command by clicking Edit , typing in your command, then click Run Command .
Run Command	Runs the selected show command. Output appears in the text box below.
Clear Output	Clears the output.
E-mail output to TAC	Emails the output to the Cisco TAC.
	Note Your server must have email set up.

When troubleshooting a problem, you can keep a record of the command output:

- **Step 1** Right-click in the output.
- Step 2 Choose Select All.
- **Step 3** Copy and paste the content.

Top Talkers

Using the Top Talkers page, you can view the top 20 talkers, sorted by long term. The top 20 talkers are dynamically updated at every polling interval.

- Step 1 Select a router to monitor.
- **Step 2** Enter your username and password.
- **Step 3** Select a polling interval, indicating the period (in seconds) for the window to update.
- Step 4 Click Top Talkers.

Source	Group	Short Term	Medium Term	Long Term
172.16.0.0	239.0.0.2	500 pps/1104 kbps(1sec)		-
172.16.0.0	239.0.0.2	500 pps/1104 kbps(1sec)		1 1 07
172.16.0.0	239.0.0.2	500 pps/1103 kbps(1sec)		1 (0)
172.16.0.0	239.0.0.2	500 pps/1101 kbps(1sec)	1 \ /	1 \ \
172.16.0.0	239.0.0.2	500 pps/1104 kbps(1sec)		1 (),
172.16.0.0	239.0.0.2	500 pps/1114 kbps(1sec)		
172.16.0.0	239.0.0.2	500 pps/1091 kbps(1sec)	1 3 /	1 \ 07
172.16.0.0	239.0.0.2	500 pps/1107 kbps(1sec)		1 (0)
172.16.0.0	239.0.0.2	500 pps/1105 kbps(1sec)	1 1 7	1
172.16.0.0	239.0.0.2	500 pps/1103 kbps(1sec)		1 (0)
172.16.0.0	239.0.0.2	500 pps/1105 kbps(1sec)	1 1 7	1 (0,
172.16.0.0	239.0.0.2	500 pps/1101 kbps(1sec)		1 (0)
172.16.0.0	239.0.0.2	500 pps/1119 kbps(1sec)	1108 kbps(last 40 secs)	1103 kbps(life avg)
172.16.0.0	239.0.0.2	500 pps/1113 kbps(1sec)	1112 kbps(last 40 secs)	1103 kbps(life avg)
172.16.0.0	239.0.0.2	500 pps/1108 kbps(1sec)	1106 kbps(last 40 secs)	1103 kbps(life avg)
172.16.0.0	239.0.0.2	500 pps/1110 kbps(1sec)	1108 kbps(last 40 secs)	1103 kbps(life avg)
172.16.0.0	239.0.0.2	500 pps/1097 kbps(1sec)	1099 kbps(last 50 secs)	1103 kbps(life avg)
172.16.0.0	239.0.0.2	500 pps/1114 kbps(1sec)	1104 kbps(last 40 secs)	1103 kbps(life avg)
172.16.0.0	239.0.0.2	500 pps/1108 kbps(1sec)	1104 kbps(last 40 secs)	1103 kbps(life avg)
172.16.0.0	239.0.0.2	500 pps/1093 kbps(1sec)	1105 kbps(last 40 secs)	1103 kbps(life avg)

Figure 4-11 Top Talkers

Video Probe Status

You can view diagnostic information about video probes and the flows that they are monitoring from the View Probe Status window.

View probe status shows you:

- The source, group, and channel association that you are troubleshooting.
- A graphical topology tree that clearly shows all of the routers that form the tree, and their input and output interfaces. along with IP addresses and interface descriptions
- The packets per sampling period being received at each point in the tree (sampling periods range from 5 seconds to 30 and are configurable).
- The packet input, output and discard errors being received at each interface.
- A text representation of the tree, which is invaluable when troubleshooting large multicast trees.

In addition, Cisco Multicast Manager draws a topology tree that shows:

- The probes that are positioned along this tree
- The router and interfaces of the probes
- The current status of the flow (Red, Yellow or Green)
- Current and historical flow statistics
- In-depth channel association information

To view video probe status:

Step 1 Select **Multicast Manager > Diagnostics**.

Step 2 Click Video Probe Status.

The Video Flow Status window appear, as shown in Figure 4-12. This window shows the probes that are currently configured and running, and indicates how many flows are being monitored and the status of the probe.

The probe status can be:

Green	Good
Yellow	A threshold was exceeded but the status in now normal
Red	Thresholds are currently being exceeded

Figure 4-12	Video Flow Status Window
-------------	--------------------------

Cisco Multicast	Manager 2.4((0.0.9)					cisco
Tool: Multicast	Manager 🔽	Management I	Domain: VOS	-DEMO 🔽	Lice	nsed to e	dge-geeks-east
Home	Topology	Reporting	Diagnostics	: Help			
Diagnostics: Show All Groups		Video Probe Sta	tus				
Locate Host Network Status RP Status RP Summary IGMP Diagnostics	5	Open Monitoring W	(indow: Moni	tor			
MSDP Status Layer 2 Switches		_	<u>Probe</u> †		Flows	<u>Status</u>	
Health Check	1	IQ-EDGE-H1-G1-1	.6		18		
6500/7600 Troub Top Talkers	leshooting	<u>IQ-HE-H3-G4-1</u>	-		<u></u>	Õ	
Video Probe Sta	atus	<u>IQ-MID-B1-G2-1</u>			<u>10</u>	0	
MVPN		<u>IQ-MID-H2-G7-13</u>			<u>0</u>	•	
VOS-DEMO - 9 de	evice(s)	<u>IQ-MID-J1-G5-1</u>			<u>10</u>	0	
Search:							
<u>isp-7600-B1.VOS</u> (43.10.0.1)	<u>5</u>						

Step 3 To view the current activity on a probe, click on the Probe ID or on the Flows number.

The Video Flow Status window appears, as shown in Figure 4-13, and indicates the status of the video flows.

Tool: Multicast Manager	Y Managemer	nt Domain: VOS-DEMO	D 🔽			Licer	ised to edg	e-geeks-e
Home Topolo	gy Reporting	Diagnostics	Help					
)iagnostics:	Video Elour S	tatus (IO-EDGE-H1-G	1-16)					
Show All Groups	VIGEO FIOW S		1-10)					
Locate Host								
Network Status RP Status		window Monitor						Clear
RP Summary	Open Monitorin	g Window:				Clear Yellow St	atus Indicato	rs: Clear
IGMP Diagnostics	Name 🕈	Last Updated	Source:Port	Group:Port	<u>Status</u>	MDI	MLT15	MLT24
MSDP Status	W	ed May 9 01:00:00 2007	40.15.15.2:300	231.10.0.1:500		247.031:1146	155319	4747350
Layer 2 Switches Health Check					-			
6500/7600 Troubleshooting	W	ed May 9 01:00:00 2007	40.15.15.2:301	<u>231.10.0.2</u> :501	\bigcirc	2.841:0	0	0
Top Talkers	W	ed May 9 01:00:00 2007	40.15.15.2:302	231.10.0.3:502	0	2.839:0	0	0
Video Probe Status	W	ed May 9 01:00:00 2007	40.15.15.2:303	231.10.0.4:503	0	2.839:0	0	0
MVPN					-			
VOS-DEMO - 9 device(s)	W	ed May 9 01:00:00 2007	40.15.15.2:304	231.10.0.5:504		2.839:0	0	0
VOU DEMO 19 device(3)	W	ed May 9 01:00:00 2007	40.15.15.2:305	<u>231.10.0.6</u> :505	0	2.839:0	0	0
Search:	W	ed May 9 01:00:00 2007	40.15.15.2:306	<u>231.10.0.7</u> :506	0	2.837:0	0	0
	w	ed May 9 01:00:00 2007	40.15.15.2:308	<u>231.10.0.9</u> :508	0	2.837:0	0	0
	W	ed May 9 01:00:00 2007	40.18.18.2:700	<u>231.30.0.1</u> :800	0	2.828:0	0	715
isp-7600-B1.VOS (43.10.0.1)	W	ed May 9 01:00:00 2007	40.18.18.2:701	<u>231.30.0.2</u> :801	0	2.826:0	0	590
isp-7600-H1.VOS (40.44.44.2)	W	ed May 9 01:00:00 2007	40.18.18.2:702	<u>231.30.0.3</u> :802	0	2.826:0	0	590
isp-7600-H3.VOS	w	ed May 9 01:00:00 2007	40.18.18.2:703	<u>231.30.0.4</u> :803	0	2.826:0	0	574
(30.3.3.2) isp-7600-q1.VOS	W	ed May 9 01:00:00 2007	40.18.18.2:704	231.30.0.5:804	0	2.826:0	0	640
(30.7.0.2)	W	ed May 9 01:00:00 2007	40.18.18.2:705	<u>231.30.0.6</u> :805	0	2.826:0	0	814
<u>isp-7600-q2.VOS</u> (30.3.10.1)	W	ed May 9 01:00:00 2007	40.18.18.2:706	<u>231.30.0.7</u> :806	0	2.826:0	0	681
isp-7600-q3.VOS (40.50.11.1)	W	ed May 9 01:00:00 2007	40.18.18.2:707	<u>231.30.0.8</u> :807	0	2.826:0	0	682
isp-7600-h2.VOS	W	ed May 9 01:00:00 2007	40.18.18.2:708	<u>231.30.0.9</u> :808		2.826:0	0	675
(30.7.10.1) <u>isp-7600-j1.VOS</u> (8.0.0.1)	W	ed May 9 01:00:00 2007	40.18.18.2:709	<u>231.30.0.10</u> :809	\bigcirc	2.826:0	0	682

Figure 4-13	Viewing Video	Flow Status
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Step 4 To view a trace showing information about a flow, as well as a topology tree that shows the devices and probes associated with the flow, click on a group name (underlined IP address).

Viewing Detailed Multicast Information and Probe Topology

You can view a detailed trace about a video flow and a topology tree that shows the following:

- Rendezvous Points
- Routers
- Interfaces
- Probes

To view a detailed flow trace and topology tree:

Step 1 On the video flow status window, click a group name (underlined IP address).

A message indicating the group and source that is being traced appears. The trace window includes a window with tables that show detailed information about the flow, as shown in Figure 4-14; and, Cisco Multicast Manager draws a topology tree for the flow, as shown in Figure 4-15.

Figure 4-14 Detailed Trace Table

-7600-H3.VOS 0 -7600-g2.VOS 0 -7600-g2.VOS 0 -7600-B1.VOS 0 -7600-j1.VOS 0	Gi7/8 Vl601			0									
-7600-g2.VOS 0				U	0		isp-7600-g2.VO	S 30.3.3.1	Gi6/2	0		1	
-7600-B1.VOS 0				0	0		isp-7600-h2.V0	S 30.7.10.1	VI601	0		1	
	VI607			0	0		isp-7600-B1.VC	S 30.3.10.2	VI607	0		1	
-7600-i1 VOS 0	VI606			0	0		isp-7600-j1.VO		VI606	0		1	
	VI605			0	0		isp-7600-j3.VO		VI605	0			
-7600-j3.VOS 0	Gi8/1			0	0		isp-7600-H1.VC	S 40.44.44.2	Gi6/8	0		1	
-7600-h2.VOS 0		hernet7/13(Link to Probe IQ-		0	0								
-7600-j1.VOS 0		hernet5/1(Link to Probe IQ-M		0	0								
0-7600-H1.VOS 0	GigabitEt	hernet1/16(Link to Probe IQ-		0	0								
Probe		Router		Interface		Source	Group	Status	DF	MLR	MLT15	- P	ILT24
-HE-H3-G4-1		isp-7600-H3.VOS			40.15	5.15.2	231.1.0.1	0	2.833	0	0	0	
-MID-B1-G2-1		isp-7600-B1.VOS			40.15	5.15.2	231.1.0.1		-	-	-	-	
-MID-H2-G7-13		isp-7600-h2.VOS			40.15	5.15.2	231.1.0.1		-	-	-	-	
-MID-J1-G5-1		isp-7600-j1.VOS			40.15	5.15.2	231.1.0.1	0	2.828	0	0	16	
-EDGE-H1-G1-16		isp-7600-H1.VOS	Static Join on H	II G1/16	40.15	5.15.2	231.1.0.1	<u> </u>	244.221	1148	437637	10979	192
								-					
Channel	Related	l Groups Cha	nnel Name	Short Nan	ne	Code	ес Туре	Screen Fo	rmat	Sei	vice Type		MuxID
	.1.0.205	CBS		WCBS		MPEG-2	٧	/idescreen		SIM		1	
	.1.0.205	NBC		WNBC		MPEG-2	٧	/idescreen		SIM		1	
0 231 239	.1.0.250 .1.0.205 .1.1.1 .1.0.2	HBO-OD		HBO-ON-Demand		H.264	4	:3		OD		1	
	.1.0.205	ESPN		ESPN		MPEG-2	٧	/idescreen		SIM		1	

The detailed flow trace table shows the following information:

Column	Information Shown
Router	The router that is being monitored.
PPS	Packets per second transmitted.
Forwarding Int	Interface that is forwarding the packets.
Out Errors/Sec	Output errors per second.
Out Discards/Sec	Output packets discarded, per second.
Neighbor	Hostname of the neighbor router in the network.
Neighbor IP	IP address of the neighbor router in the network.
Neighbor Int	The interface of the neighbor router in the network.
In Errors/Sec	Input errors per second.
In Discards/Sec	Input packets discarded, per second.

The probe status table shows the following information:

Column	Information Shown
Probe	Name of the probe.
Router	Router that the probe is monitoring.
Interface	The router interface to which the probe is connected.
Source	The source router that is multicasting the video data.
Group	The Group name of the source router.
Status	The status of the probe.
DF	The delay factor of the packets, in milliseconds.
MLR	The media loss rate (MLR) for the video stream.
MLT15	Total media packets lost in the last 15 minutes.
MLT24	Total media packets lost in the last 24 hours.

The channel information table shows information about each channel used to transmit the flow:

Column	Information Shown
Channel	The channels used to transmit the video.
Related Groups	The multicast group addresses of the multicast groups used to transmit the video data for this channel.
Channel Name	The name assigned to the channel.
Short Name	Short version of the channel name.
Codec Type	The type of CODEC used with this channel.
Screen Format	Screen format for this channel,
MuxID	A number representing the ID of the multiplexer.

Figure 4-15 shows a sample topology tree for the data that is shown in Figure 4-14.



The topology tree shows a network diagram starting with the router that is linked to the interface that is multicasting the video stream. This is indicated by an interface icon.

Each router in the topology is shown by a router icon, each interface by an interface icon, and each probe by a probe icon.

Step 2 To view a route query report for a router in the topology tree, click on the router icon for the router that you want to query.

Cisco Multicast Manager displays the results of a route query for the router. See Figure 4-3 for a sample report.

- Step 3 To view a Video Flow Status report for a probe shown in the topology tree, click on a probe icon.
- Step 4 Figure 4-16 shows a sample Video Flow Status report.

Figure 4-16 Viewing Video Flow Status

Video Flor	w Status (IQ-HE-H3-G4-1)						
Monitor Flo	ws: Monitor			(Clear Yellow	Status Indica	tors: Clea
<u>Name</u>	<u>Last Updated</u>	Source:Port	Group:Port	Status	<u>MDI</u>	<u>MLT15</u>	<u>MLT24</u>
Video 1	Mon Jan 22 17:55:04 2007	40.15.15.2:2000	<u>231.1.0.1</u> :1000	0	2.833:0	0	0
Video 2	Mon Jan 22 17:55:03 2007	40.15.15.2:2001	<u>231.1.0.2</u> :1001	0	2.833:0	0	0
Video 3	Mon Jan 22 17:55:03 2007	40.15.15.2:2002	<u>231.1.0.3</u> :1002	0	2.833:0	0	0
Video 4	Mon Jan 22 17:55:02 2007	40.15.15.2:2003	<u>231.1.0.4</u> :1003	0	2.833:0	0	0
Video 5	Mon Jan 22 17:55:03 2007	40.15.15.2:2004	<u>231.1.0.5</u> :1004	0	2.833:0	0	0
Video 6	Mon Jan 22 17:55:01 2007	40.15.15.2:2005	<u>231.1.0.6</u> :1005	\bigcirc	2.833:0	0	0
	Mon Jan 22 17:55:03 2007	40.15.15.2:2006	40.17.17.2:1006	0	2.835:0	0	0
	Mon Jan 22 17:55:01 2007	40.15.15.2:2007	40.17.17.2:1007	0	2.833:0	0	0
	Mon Jan 22 17:55:03 2007	40.15.15.2:2008	40.17.17.2:1008	0	2.833:0	0	0
	Mon Jan 22 17:55:03 2007	40.15.15.2:2009	40.17.17.2:1009	0	2.833:0	0	0
	Mon Jan 22 17:55:04 2007	40.15.15.2:2010	40.17.17.2:1010		2.833:0	0	0
	Mon Jan 22 17:55:01 2007	40.15.15.2:2011	40.17.17.2:1011	0	2.833:0	0	0
	Mon Jan 22 17:55:02 2007	40.15.15.2:2012	40.17.17.2:1012		2.833:0	0	0
	Mon Jan 22 17:55:02 2007	40.15.15.2:2013	40.17.17.2:1013	0	2.833:0	0	0
	Mon Jan 22 17:55:02 2007	40.15.15.2:2014	40.17.17.2:1014	0	2.833:0	0	0
	Mon Jan 22 17:55:02 2007	40.15.15.2:2015	40.17.17.2:1015	0	2.833:0	0	0
	Mon Jan 22 17:55:03 2007	40.15.15.2:2016	40.17.17.2:1016	0	2.833:0	0	0
	Mon Jan 22 17:55:02 2007	40.15.15.2:2017	40.17.17.2:1017	0	2.833:0	0	0
	Mon Jan 22 17:55:03 2007	40.15.15.2:2018	40.17.17.2:1018	0	2.833:0	0	0
	Mon Jan 22 17:55:02 2007	40.15.15.2:2019	40.17.17.2:1019	0	2.833:0	0	0
	Mon Jan 22 17:55:03 2007	40.15.15.2:2020	40.17.17.2:1020	0	2.833:0	0	0
	Mon Jan 22 17:55:01 2007	40.15.15.2:2021	40.17.17.2:1021	•	2.833:0	0	0
	Mon Jan 22 17:55:02 2007	40.15.15.2:2022	40.17.17.2:1022	0	2.833:0	0	0
	Mon Jan 22 17:55:03 2007	40.15.15.2:2023	40.17.17.2:1023	•	2.833:0	0	0
	Mon Jan 22 17:55:01 2007	40.15.15.2:2024	40.17.17.2:1024	0	2.833:0	0	0
	Mon Jan 22 17:55:01 2007	40.15.15.2:2025	40.17.17.2:1025	•	2.833:0	0	0

MPVN Status

Using the Diagnostics tool, you can view detailed information about the status of Multicast VPNs, including:

- Virtual Routing and Forwarding (VRF) Table Configurations
- Provider Edge (PE) Device Configurations
- The current status of a specified VRF

To view MVPN status:

Step 1 On the Diagnostics menu, select MVPN.

The MVPN Diagnostics page appears, as shown in Figure 4-17.

Cisco Multicast Manager 2	.4(0.0.9)						 sc
Tool: Multicast Manager 💌	Management D	omain: VOS-DEMO	>			licensed to edge-ge	eks-e
Home Topology	/ Reporting	Diagnostics	Help				
Diagnostics:	Virtual Pouting	and Eorwarding (V	/RF) Table Configuratio	ne			
Show All Groups	Thread Roading	and i bi warang (i		5113			
Locate Host Network Status	cox-ri-1 (8 devi	coc)					
RP Status	Device t	Multicast Enabled	Route Distinguisher	Default MDT	Data MDT Range	Data MDT Mask	
RP Summary			Koute Distinguister		Data PIDT Kanye	Data PIDT Plask	
IGMP Diagnostics	isp-7600-B1.VOS	yes		239.39.39.39			
MSDP Status	isp-7600-q1.VOS	yes	100:1	239.39.39.39			
Layer 2 Switches	isp-7600-g2.VOS	ves	100:1	239.39.39.39			
Health Check 6500/7600 Troubleshooting	isp-7600-H1.VOS	,		239.39.39.39			
Top Talkers		yes					
Video Probe Status	isp-7600-h2.VOS	yes		239.39.39.39			
MVPN	isp-7600-H3.VOS	yes		239.39.39.39			
	isp-7600-j1.VOS	yes	100:1	239.39.39.39			
VOS-DEMO - 9 device(s)	isp-7600-j3.VOS	yes	100:1	239.39.39.39			
isp-7600-B1.VOS (43.10.0.1) isp-7600-H1.VOS	5.	PE) Device Config	urations				
(40.44.44.2)	isp-7600-B1.VO						
isp-7600-H3.VOS (30.3.3.2)	VRF t	Multicast Enabled	<u>Route Distinguisher</u>	<u>Default MDT</u>	<u>Data MDT Range</u>	<u>Data MDT Mask</u>	
isp-7600-q1.VOS (30.7.0.2) isp-7600-q2.VOS	<u>cox-ri-1</u>	yes		239.39.39.39			
(30.3.10.1)							
isp-7600-g3.VOS	isp-7600-g1.¥O	· · ·					
(40.50.11.1)	<u>VRF</u> t	Multicast Enabled	<u>Route Distinguisher</u>	<u>Default MDT</u>	<u>Data MDT Range</u>	<u>Data MDT Mask</u>	
<u>isp-7600-h2.VOS</u> (30.7.10.1)	cox-ri-1	yes	100:1	239.39.39.39			
<u>isp-7600-j1.VOS</u> (8.0.0.1)							
isp-7600-j3.VOS	isp-7600-q2.VO	S (1 VRFs)					
(44.20.20.1)	VRF t	Multicast Enabled	Route Distinguisher	Default MDT	Data MDT Range	Data MDT Mask	
	cox-ri-1	yes	100:1	239.39.39.39			

Figure 4-17 MVPN Diagnostics Page

The MPVN Diagnostics page shows:

- Virtual Routing and Forwarding (VRF) Table Configurations
- Provider Edge (PE) Device Configurations



Cisco Multicast Manager displays the status of the VRF, as shown in Figure 4-18.

Figure 4-18 Viewing VRF Status

Cisco Multicast M	lanager 2.4	(0.0.9)							CIS	
Tool: Multicast M	lanager 🔽	Management	: Domain: SEVI	-TEST 🔽	Licensed	d to Cisco Systems	Exceeded	Allowed # of D	evices: 5	50/1
Home	Topology	Reporting	Diagnostics	Help						
Diagnostics:										
Show All Groups		MADN ARE GU	-a on est-382	25-w6' - Current	Status					
Locate Host		Bouto Di	stinauisher	Douto	Targets					
Network Status			sunguisner		2					
RP Status		100:100		100:100 (import,	,					
RP Summary		Defa	ilt MDT	MDT Default	t Group Uses					
IGMP Diagnostics MSDP Status		232.1.100.0 <u>trac</u>	e	71						
Laver 2 Switches		Data M	DT Range	MDT Data	Threshold	Max MDT Data	Group Uses			
Health Check		232.1.100.16 / 0	.0.0.15	0		2				
6500/7600 Trouble	shooting	202.11.100.107.0		0		-				
Top Talkers	-	Interfaces								
MVPN		Inte	rface Name 🕇	0 da	nin. Status	Oper. Status				
	~				iiii. status					
SEVT-TEST - 16 de		GigabitEthernet	/1	up		up				
		TunnelO		up		up				
Search:		Mroute Table (101 entries)							
		<u>Source</u> †	Group	MDT Source	MDT Group	<u>Group Type</u>	<u>Use</u> Count	<u>Data Flow</u>		
es1-3825-w5		0.0.0.0	224.0.1.39	180.1.0.49	232.1.100.0	default		VRF -> Core	trace	
(180.1.1.48)		0.0.0.0	224.0.1.39	180.1.0.49	232.1.100.0	default		Core -> VRF	trace	
es1-3825-w6		0.0.0.0	224.0.1.40	180.1.0.49	232.1.100.0	default		VRF -> Core	trace	
(180.1.4.49)		0.0.0	224.0.1.40	180.1.0.49	232.1.100.0	default		Core -> VRF	trace	
<u>es1-3845-w3</u>		0.0.0.0	232.1.1.1	180.1.0.49	232.1.100.0	default		VRF -> Core	trace	
(180.1.5.45)		0.0.0.0	232.1.1.1	180.1.0.49	232.1.100.0	default		Core -> VRF	trace	
es1-3845-w4		0.0.0.0	232.1.1.2	180.1.0.49	232.1.100.0	default		VRF -> Core	trace	
(180.1.2.47)		0.0.0.0	232.1.1.2	180.1.0.49	232.1.100.0	default		Core -> VRF		
es1-4503-a5 (126.1.34.41)									trace	
es1-7206-w1		0.0.0.0	232.1.1.3	180.1.0.49	232.1.100.0	default		VRF -> Core	trace	
(126.0.1.31)		0.0.0.0	232.1.1.3	180.1.0.49	232.1.100.0	default		Core -> VRF	<u>trace</u>	
es1-7206-w2		0.0.0.0	232.1.1.4	180.1.0.49	232.1.100.0	default		VRF -> Core	<u>trace</u>	
(126.1.21.32)		0.0.0	232.1.1.4	180.1.0.49	232.1.100.0	default		Core -> VRF	trace	

The VRF status page indicates:

- Route Distinguisher—The route distinguisher for the VRF.
- Route Targets The route targets for the VRF.
- **Default MDT** The default MDT or the VRF.
- MDT Default Group Uses —(please provide description)
- Data MDT Range—Default MDT range.
- MDT Data Threshold Max MDT—please provide description)
- Data Group Uses —please provide description)

For each interface in the VRF, the VRF status page indicates the interface name, administrative status, and operation status of the interface.

The bottom portion of the display shows an Mroute table for the VRF.

Step 3 To display the current status of a specified multicast group, click on **trace**, next to the IP address in the Default MDT column of the table.

A detailed trace and a topology diagram of the multicast group appear, as shown in Figure 4-19.

Figure 4-19 Viewing a Multicast Group Trace

Router PPS	Forwardir	aInt	Out Errors/Sec	Out Discards/Sec	Neighber	Naighbor IP	Neighbor Int	In Errors / Cos	In Discards/Sec
-3825-w6 0	Gi1/0	ig Int 0		0	Neighbor es1-3825-w5	Neighbor IP	Neighbor Int Gi0/0	In Errors/Sec 0	0
-3825-w5 0	Gi0/0/0	0		0	es1-3845-w3	180.1.1.45	Gi0/3/0	0	0
3825-w5 0	Gi0/1	0		0	es1-3845-w4	180.1.3.47	Gi2/0	0	0
3825-w5 0	GigabitEthernet0,	/3/0 0		0					
-3825-w5 0	FastEthernet0/1/	0 0		0					
-3845-w3 0	Loopback0	0		0					
-3845-w4 0	Loopback0	0		0					
e File: trace.11786	91484.1 Save A	S Counte	er Update Interval:	0 💌					
end:	2								
RP									
ndezvous Point	Router	Interface	Video Probe						
		Loopback0	0 4.49						
25-	Gi0/0/0 180.1.1.48 (s,g) Gi0/3/0	Gi0/1 80.1.3.48 (s,g) Gi2/0 80.1.3.47	5 (5.g)	(s.g)					
s1-3845-w3	es1-3845-w4	Gigabit	Ethernet0/3/0	FastEthernet0/1/0					
(s,g)	(s,g)								
	Contract of the local division of the local								

Step 4 To run a route entry query for a router, click on a router icon.

Managing Router Diagnostics

You can view specific multicast diagnostics on a router by clicking the router in the lower left pane.

The Router Diagnostics page is similar to the Multicast Diagnostics page (under Show All Groups), except data is for the selected router only.

• From the **Show Command** field, you can issue a show, ping, trace, or mtrace command. Scroll down to see all the sources and groups active on this router.

- From the SNMP Queries pane, for a selected router, you can view:
 - IGMP Cache Entries—Shows IGMP cache information.

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🛊 - 🔶 - 🥩 😣 🏠 [http://172.31.24.255 :8080/perl/	/home.pl	×	
Show Command	Show			1
Username Password				
qmpCacheEntry Query for P	2-7206-1 (10.0.0.1) ()	0		-
igmpCacheExpiryTime	Interface	0	Time remaining before this entry will be aged out	1
224.0.1.39	SRP1/0	0:02:58	The remaining before this entry will be aged out	11
224.0.1.39	GigabitEthernet4/0	0:02:58		
224.0.1.39	Tunnel22	0:00:00		
224.0.1.39	Loopback1	0:01:56		
224.0.1.39	Loopback2	0:02:54		
224.0.1.39	Tunnel0	0:02:53		
224.0.1.39		0:00:00		
224.0.1.39	GigabitEthernet3/0	0:02:01		
224.0.1.40	SRP1/0	0:01:58		
224.0.1.40	Loopback1	0:01:53		
igmpCacheLastReporter	Interface		Source of last membership report	
224.0.1.39	SRP1/0	239.0.0.5		1
224.0.1.39	GigabitEthernet4/0	239.0.0.5		
224.0.1.39	Tunnel22	239.0.0.5		
224.0.1.39	Loopback1	239.0.0.5		
224.0.1.39	Loopback2	239.0.0.5		
224.0.1.39	Tunnel0	239.0.0.5		
224.0.1.39		239.0.0.5		
224.0.1.39	GigabitEthernet3/0	239.0.0.5		
224.0.1.40	SRP1/0	239.0.0.5		
224.0.1.40	Loopback1	239.0.0.5		
igmpCacheSelf	Interface		Local system is a member of this group true(1) false(2)	
224.0.1.39	SRP1/0	1		
224.0.1.39	GigabitEthernet4/0	1		
224.0.1.39	Tunnel22	1		
224.0.1.39	Loopback1	1		
224.0.1.39	Loopback2	1		

Figure 4-20 IGMP Cache Entries

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Show Command	Show			
	SIDW			
Username				
Password				
Aulticast Info for P2-7206-1	. (10.0.0.1)			
PIM Neighbors				
	ocal Int	Neighbor	Neighbor IP	
GigabitEthernet3/0		P2-ntv-1	10.0.0.1	
GigabitEthernet4/0		P2-ntv-2	10.0.0.1	
SRP1/0			10.0.0.1	
SRP1/0			10.0.0.1	
SRP1/0		P2-7206-2	10.0.0.1	
SRP1/0		P3-7206-1	10.0.0.1	
SRP1/0		P3-7206-2	10.0.0.1	
Tunnel22			10.0.0.1	
PIM Interface Mode				
Local Int	Local IP	PIM Mode	DR	
SRP1/0	224.0.0.1	sparse	P3-7206-2 (224.0.0.1)	
GigabitEthernet4/0	224.0.0.1	sparse	P2-ntv-2 (224.0.0.1)	
Tunnel22	224.0.0.1	sparse	N/A (0.0.0.0)	
Loopback1	224.0.0.1	sparse	P2-7206-1 (224.0.0.1)	
Loopback2	224.0.0.1	sparse	P3-7206-1 (224.0.0.1)	
Tunnel0	224.0.0.1	sparse	P2-7206-1 (224.0.0.1)	
	224.0.0.1	sparse	N/A (0.0.0.0)	
GigabitEthernet3/0	224.0.0.1	sparse	P2-ntv-1 (224.0.0.1)	
IGMP Interface Version				
	Local Int		Local IP	IGMP
SRP1/0		224.0.0.1	2	
GigabitEthernet4/0		224.0.0.1	2	
Tunnel22		224.0.0.1	2	
Loopback1		224.0.0.1	2	
Loopback2		224.0.0.1	2	
TunnelO			2	

Figure 4-21 Multicast Information

- Multicast Routing Table—Shows the multicast routing table.
- Multicast Information—Shows multicast topology information.

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jle Edit ⊻iew <u>G</u> o	⊆hipmarks <u>B</u> ookmarks <u>T</u> ools <u>H</u> elp			0
(🔁 🌔	3 🏠 📄 http://172.31.24.255 :8	080/perl/home.pl	▼	
				2
Show Command	Show			
Username				
Password				
1 0330010				
pMRouteEntry Quer	y for P2-7206-1 (10.0.0.1)()		
Shortest Path Tree				
Group	Source		Shortest Path Tree	
224.0.1.39	0.0.0	False		
224.0.1.39	0.0.0	True		
224.0.1.39	0.0.0.0	False		
224.0.1.40	0.0.0	False		
224.0.1.40	0.0.0	True		
224.0.1.40	0.0.0	True		
224.0.1.40	0.0.0.0	True		
224.0.1.40	0.0.0	True		
224.0.1.40	0.0.0	True		
224.0.1.40	0.0.0	True		
224.0.1.40	0.0.0.0	True		
224.0.1.40	0.0.0	True		
224.0.1.40	0.0.0.0	True		
224.0.1.40	0.0.0	True		
224.0.1.40	0.0.0	True		
224.0.1.40	0.0.0.0	False		
224.0.1.40	0.0.0.0	False		
224.0.1.40	0.0.0	True		
224.0.1.40	0.0.0.0	True		
224.0.1.40	0.0.0	False		
224.0.1.40	0.0.0	True		
224.0.1.40	0.0.0	True		
224.0.1.40	0.0.0	True		
224.0.1.40	0.0.0	True		
224.0.1.40	0.0.0	True		
224.0.1.40	0.0.0	True		

Figure 4-22 Multicast Routing Table

- **PIM Neighbor Information**—Check that a PIM neighbor exists and compare a router's PIM neighbor information. Select the PIM neighbor you want to query.

Ele Edit View Payorites Lools Help Schweiter Edit View Payorites Lools Help Obschweiter Edit View Payorites Physical Schweiter Payorites Physical Schweiter Physicae Schweiter Physical Schweiter Physical Schweiter Phys	👿 - 🦲 鐵 33	warch ☆ Favorites ② ○	ddress ≧ http://esi-cmm:8080/per//mget.pf/router-esi-7606-sd28community=SEVT-16eneighbor=esi-7606-sd2 Show
Back Image: Constraint of the second sec	Image: Solution of the second state of the secon	arch ☆ Favorites ↔ ☆ ☆	Deck Image: Constraint of the second se
how Command Show Username	r sd2 <u>es1-7606-sd1</u> Vlan308 up	Show and es1-7606-sd1 es1-7606-sd2 es1-7606-sd1 Vlan308 Vlan308 up up 172:16.0.0 172:16.0.0	Device es1-7606-sd2 ce1-7606-sd1 Device es1-7606-sd2 es1-7606-sd1 terface Vlan308 Vlan308 vertared vp up Address 172,160.0 172,160.0
Username Password IM Info for es1-7606-sd2 172.31.25.25 and es1-7606-sd1 Device es1-7606-sd2 Device	Vlan308 up	and es1-7606-sd1 es1-7606-sd2 Vlan308 up 172.16.0.0 es1-7606-sd1 up up 172.16.0.0 es1-7606-sd1 up up up 172.16.0.0 up up up up up up up u	Device es1-7606-sd2 es1-7606-sd2 IM Info for es1-7606-sd2 172.31.25.25 and es1-7606-sd1 vian308 vian308 Image: terface Vian308 vian308 terface Status up up Address 172.16.0.0 172.16.0.0
Username Password IM Info for es1-7606-sd2 172.31.25.25 and es1-7606-sd1 Device es1-7606-sd2 Device	Vlan308 up	and es1-7606-sd1 es1-7606-sd2 vlan308 vlan308 vlan208 vlan208	Username
Password	Vlan308 up	es1-7606-sd2 es1-7606-sd1 Vlan308 Vlan308 up up 172.160.0 172.160.0	Password Comparison IM Info for es1-7606-sd2 172.31.25.25 and es1-7606-sd1 ces1-7606-sd2 ces1-7606-sd1 Device es1-7606-sd2 ces1-7606-sd1 Lerface Vian308 vian308 Lerface Status up up Address 172160.0 172160.0
M Info for es1-7606-sd2 172.31.25.25 and es1-7606-sd1 Device es1-7606-sd2 es1-7606-sd1	Vlan308 up	es1-7606-sd2 es1-7606-sd1 Vlan308 Vlan308 up up 172.160.0 172.160.0	Device es1-7606-sd2 es1-7606-sd1 terface Vlan300 Vlan308 terface Status up up Address 172160.0 172160.0
Device es1-7606-sd2 es1-7606-sd1	Vlan308 up	es1-7606-sd2 es1-7606-sd1 Vlan308 Vlan308 up up 172.160.0 172.160.0	Device es1-7606-sd2 es1-7606-sd1 terface Vlan308 Vlan308 terface Status up up Address 172,160,0 172,160,0
Device es1-7606-sd2 es1-7606-sd1	Vlan308 up	es1-7606-sd2 es1-7606-sd1 Vlan308 Vlan308 up up 172.160.0 172.160.0	Device es1-7606-sd2 es1-7606-sd1 terface Vlan308 Vlan308 terface Status up up Address 172,160,0 172,160,0
Device es1-7606-sd2 es1-7606-sd1	Vlan308 up	es1-7606-sd2 es1-7606-sd1 Vlan308 Vlan308 up up 172.160.0 172.160.0	Device es1-7606-sd2 es1-7606-sd1 terface Vlan308 Vlan308 terface Status up up Address 172,160,0 172,160,0
	Vlan308 up	Vlan308 Vlan308 up up 172.16.0.0 172.16.0.0	terface Vlan308 Vlan308 terface Status up up Address 172,16.0.0 172,16.0.0
	Vlan308 up	Vlan308 Vlan308 up up 172.16.0.0 172.16.0.0	terface Vlan308 Vlan308 terface Status up up Address 172,160,0 172,160,0
	up	up up 172.160.0 172.160.0	terface Status up up Address 172160.0 172160.0
		172.16.0.0 172.16.0.0	Address 172.16.0.0 172.16.0.0
		sparse sparse	M Mode sparse sparse
	sparse		
	2	2 2	
		170.10.0.0	R 172.16.0.0 172.16.0.0
	2		
		170 10 0 0	R 172.16.0. 172.16.0.
IM Mode sparse sparse		2 2	SMP Version 2 2
GMP Version 2 2			



Viewing User Guide Help

To view a PDF version of the User Guide for Cisco Multicast Manager, 2.5, select Help.





Maintaining and Managing the CMM

This section contains information concerning the underlying operation of CMM and will be of most interest to the System Administrator that supports the application.

This chapter covers:

- Viewing Configuration Files, page 5-1
- Viewing Log Files, page 5-1
- Viewing Database Files, page 5-2
- Viewing Device Configuration Files, page 5-2
- Viewing Historical Data, page 5-3
- Viewing Standard Multicast MIBs, page 5-3
- Including Backup Directories, page 5-3

Viewing Configuration Files

Assuming the application is installed on Solaris, the directory location will be */opt/RMSMMT* (on Linux it would be */usr/local/netman*). Multicast domain configuration files are kept in */opt/RMSMMT/mmtsys/sys* and named *<domain>.mm.conf*, where *<domain>* is the name of the multicast domain. The file is in the format of option=value. This file should not be edited manually. The polling daemon configuration files are also kept in this directory. The global polling configuration file is *rmspoll.conf*, and the domain specific files are *rmspoll.<domain>.conf*. Like the domain configuration files, these files should be modified only through the browser interface. The only time these files should be modified manually is with the assistance of RMS tech support.

Viewing Log Files

The /opt/RMSMMT/mmtsys/sys directory also contains two log files: events.log and rmspolld.log.

Viewing the events.log File

The events.log file contains syslog type messages, shown below, that correspond to the SNMP traps sent by the polling daemon.

monlo:1082550198:172.16.1.9:1.3.6.1.2.1.31.1.1.1.2.10:0:10:631643:0:50

gone:1082550198:192.168.201.254:239.1.1.1:192.168.1.25:0:0:0:0

hi:1082550198:172.16.1.9:239.1.1.1:192.168.1.25:4116:92785:137:100

This file provides the information for the text-based reports provided by CMM. Depending on the polling interval, and number of objects being polled, this file may grow very quickly. It should be rotated along with all other syslog files on the server.

Viewing the rmspolld.log File

The rmspolld.log file contains log messages pertaining to the polling daemon.

```
04/23/2004 09:40:54 RMS Polling Agent v2.1(1) started successfully. 04/23/2004 09:55:49 Exiting on SIGTERM
```

Viewing Apache Log Files

The Apache log files are located in */opt/RMSMMT/httpd_perl/logs*. When troubleshooting the application, tailing the error_log file (**tail –f error_log**) will provide useful information. Additional application information can be logged to the error_log file by adding the line **debug=1** to the *<domain>.mm.conf* file mentioned above.

The output of the log file will list the process name and back up number, followed by an index number. When a log file exceeds its maximum file capacity, a new file will be dynamically created with the index number incrimented by one, up to three times.



Turning on this debug option generates a large amount of data and should be used only for short periods in conjunction with working RMS tech support.

Viewing Database Files

The database files used by CMM are located in */opt/RMSMMT/mmtsys/db*. The topology database created by running discovery is *<domain>.topo.db*. The S,G cache, also created during discovery, is *<domain>.sg.db*. The cache file is recreated when the polling daemon is running and polling the RPs. The lock files associated with each database file should never be manually removed. Removing these files could corrupt the databases.

Each domain also has a */opt/RMSMMT/mmtsys/db/<domain>* directory associated with it. This directory contains the IOS versions (*iosver.db*) for the domain. Multicast forwarding tree baselines are also saved in this directory.

The IP address database (*ipaddr.db*) is also located in *opt/RMSMMT/mmtsys/db*.

Viewing Device Configuration Files

If TFTP is enabled on the server, and the SNMP read-write community string is supplied, then the application can download router configurations. The configurations are initially stored in the */tftpboot* directory. If a configuration is saved from the "Display Router Config" screen, then a directory will be created (*/opt/RMSMMT/configs/<device>*) to hold the saved configurations.

Viewing Historical Data

PPS data collected by the polling daemon for S,G threshold polling and Layer 2 switch port polling, are stored in RRD files in */opt/RMSMMT/mmtsys/data*.

Viewing Standard Multicast MIBs

Certain versions of IOS now support the standard based IPMROUTE and IGMP MIBs. The STDMIBS file in the */opt/RMSMMT/mmtsys/db* controls which IOS versions the standard MIBs will be used for. The file currently contains the following entries:

 $\ensuremath{\texttt{\#}}$ This file contains versions of IOS that use the standard multicast MIBs.

```
12.3.*.*
12.2.*.T*
12.2.*.BC*
```

Including Backup Directories

To backup application specific data, the following directories should be included in any system backups:

```
/opt/RMSMMT/mmtsys/data
/opt/RMSMMT/mmtsys/db
/opt/RMSMMT/mmtsys/sys
/opt/RMSMMT/configs
```

Prior to performing backups, the */opt/RMSMMT/K98mmt* script should be run to ensure that files are being changed while the backup is being performed.

Note

Running the K98mmt script stops the Apache server along with the polling daemon. The S98mmt script will only start the Apache server. The polling daemon has to be started from the browser at this time.





CHAPTER **6**

Route Manager

This section contains information concerning the underlying operation of CMM and will be of most interest to the System Administrator that supports the application.

This chapter covers:

- Managing Reports, page 6-1
- Managing Diagnostics, page 6-3

Managing Reports

Route Table Reports

To create route table reports:

Step 1	Select the Route Manager tool.
Step 2	Click Reporting.
	The Reporting page appears
Step 3	Click Reporting Table Reports.

Specific Route Monitor Reports

Unicast

To create specific monitor reports for unicast:

- **Step 1** Select the **Route Manager** tool.
- Step 2 Click Reporting.

The Reporting page appears

Step 3 Click Specific Route Monitor Reports.

Step 4 Click Unicast.

Multicast

To create route table reports:

Step 1	Select the Route Manager tool.
Step 2	Click Reporting.
	The Reporting page appears
Step 3	Click Specific Route Monitor Reports.
Step 4	Click Multicast.

Compare Baselines

To compare baselines:

Step 1	Select the Route Manager tool.
Step 2	Click Reporting.
	The Reporting page appears

- Step 3 Click Compare Baselines.
- Step 4 Select Router.

Field or Button	Description
Router	The Router field will reflect the chosen router.
Unicast Baseline 1	Select the first unicast baseline value.
Unicast Baseline 2	Select the second unicast baseline value.
Compare	Compares the value of Unicast Baseline1 and Unicast Baseline 2. Each time that you change a baseline value, click Compare .
Multicast Baseline 1	Select the first multicast baseline value.
Multicast Baseline 2	Select the second multicast baseline value.
Compare	Compares the value of Multicast Baseline1 and Multicast Baseline 2. Each time that you change a baseline value, click Compare .

View Baselines

To view routing table baselines:

- Step 1 Select the Route Manager tool.
- Step 2 Click Reporting.

The Reporting page appears

- Step 3 Click View Baselines.
- Step 4 Select Router.

Field or Button	Description
Router	Select a router.
Unicast Baseline	Select the unicast baseline value.
View	View the value of the Unicast Baseline. Each time that you change a baseline value, click View .
Multicast Baseline	Select the multicast baseline value.
View	View the value of the Multicast Baseline. Each time that you change a baseline value, click View .

Managing Diagnostics

Create Baseline

To create routing table baselines:

- Step 1 Select the Route Manager tool.
- Step 2 Click Diagnostics.

The Diagnostics page appears

Step 3 Click Create Baselines.



The CPU utilization of the router will be checked first to determine if a query of the routing table is acceptable based upon the configured CPU threshold. A value of -1, indicates that the routing table should be queried without checking CPU utilization.

Field or Button	Description
Routing Table Type	Select either Unicast or Multicast.
Select Router	Select a router.
Baseline	Enter the baseline value.
Replace Baseline	Check this box to replace an existing baseline value.
CPU Threshold	Enter the value of the CPU threshold.
Run	Click to run the process.

Check Routing Table

To check the routing table:

Step 1	Select the Route Manager tool.
Step 2	Click Diagnostics.
	The Diagnostics page appears
Step 3	Click Check Routing Table.

Note The CPU utilization of the router will be checked first to determine if a query of the routing table is acceptable based upon the configured CPU threshold. A value of -1, indicates that the routing table should be queried without checking CPU utilization.

Field or Button	Description
Routing Table Type	Select either Unicast or Multicast.
Select Router	Select a router.
Baseline	Enter the baseline value.
Replace Baseline	Check this box to replace an existing baseline value.
CPU Threshold	Enter the value of the CPU threshold.
Run	Click to run the process.



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