

# снартев 41

# **Service Alarms**

This section describes the Cisco ANA service alarms (events). Service alarms appear in the Cisco ANA EventVision Service tab. For information about Cisco ANA EventVision, see the *Cisco Active Network Abstraction 3.7.1 User Guide*. These topics describe the Cisco ANA service alarms, registry parameters, and source OIDs:

- Service Alarms
- Registry Parameters
- Alarm Source OIDs

Each alarm is described in a section containing:

• A short description, including background about the network state or system (Cisco ANA) state that caused the alarm. The short description of the service alarm is what appears in the ticket, in the Service tab of Cisco ANA EventVision. The short description for each type and subtype can be viewed in Registry Parameters.

When a flapping event occurs, the short description is changed.



The name of the service alarm is the same as the short description.

- A table of all the subtype events that represent one of the states the alarm can be in, and a description of when they are issued. For example, the Link Down alarm can have multiple subtype events (states) which include Link Down Due to Admin Down, Link Down Due to Oper Down, and Link Up. The description also shows if the event is a clearing event.
- Information related to the correlation of the alarm, mainly:
  - The alarm issue correlation process and location (local or network).
  - If other alarms can correlate to this alarm.
  - The keys that are used in the correlation process.
  - The specific correlation filters in use for the alarm, if any. The filter indicates if a specific event cannot be selected as the root cause event in the correlation process.
- By default, any new event filters the following events: Cloud Problem, BGP Process Down, LDP Neighbor Down, MPLS Interface Removed, the event itself, and events with lower or equal correlation weight.

Each section describes a group of alarms sharing the same event type.

## **Service Alarms**

The following service alarms are supported in Cisco ANA:

- Adaptive Polling
- All IP Interfaces Down
- ATM IMA Service
- BFD Connectivity Down
- BFD Neighbor Loss
- BGP Link Down
- BGP Neighbor Loss
- BGP Process Down
- Broken LSP Discovered
- Card Down
- Card Out
- CFM Domain Fault
- Carrier Grade NAT Translations Create Rate
- Carrier Grade NAT Translations Delete Rate
- Carrier Grade NAT Inside-to-Outside Forward Rate
- Carrier Grade NAT Outside-to-Inside Forward Rate
- Carrier Grade NAT Inside-to-Outside Drops Port Limit Exceeded
- Carrier Grade NAT Inside-to-Outside Drops System Limit Reached
- Carrier Grade NAT Inside-to-Outside Drops Resource Depletion
- Cloud Problem
- Component Unreachable
- CPU Utilization
- Device Unsupported
- Discard Packets
- Dropped Packets
- DS0 Bundle Service Alarm
- DS1 Path Link Down
- DS1 Path Port Down
- DS3 Path Link Down
- DS3 Path Port Down
- Dual Stack IP Changed
- DWDM Controller Down
- DWDM G709 Status Down
- EFP Down
- GRE Keepalive

- GRE Tunnel Down
- HSRP Group Status Changed
- Interface Status
- Investigation State
- L2TP Peer Not Established
- L2TP Sessions Threshold
- Lag Down
- Lag Link Down
- Layer 2 Tunnel Down
- LDP Neighbor Loss
- Link Down
- Link Utilization
- Local Switching Down
- Logical Port Down
- Members Changed
- Memory Utilization
- MLPPP Bundle
- MPLS Black Hole Found
- MPLS Interface Removed
- MPLS TE FRR State Changed
- MPLS TE Tunnel Down
- OSPF Neighbor State Change
- Port Down
- Rx Dormant
- Rx Utilization
- Shelf Out
- SONET Path Link Down
- SONET Path Port Down
- Subinterface Down
- Tx Dormant
- Tx Utilization
- VSI Down

### **Adaptive Polling**

Adaptive polling is a mechanism that handles situations in which the device CPU is crossing a predefined, configurable threshold. It reduces the polling when the CPU reaches high threshold values for a configurable sample, and returns the polling to a normal rate when the CPU reaches the lower threshold. Where the CPU stays high for several samplings, the VNE is automatically moved to the maintenance state to avoid continuous polling of the device.

In all cases, alarms are issued when the device or the VNE state changes.

Subtype Event Name	Description
VNE Switched to Low Polling Rate Due to CPU High Usage	Issued when the CPU level has been above the high threshold (configurable, default=90%) for several samplings (configurable, default=5). The polling rate of the device is lowered by adding a delay between requests (default delay is 500 msec).
VNE Switched Back to Regular Polling Rate	Clearing event. Issued when the CPU level has been below the lower threshold (configurable, default=70%) for several samplings (configurable, default=2). The polling rate of the device is changed back to normal (no delay between requests).
VNE Switched to Maintenance Mode Due to CPU High Usage	Issued when the VNE polling rate is lower but the CPU stays high for several samplings (configurable, default=10). The VNE is automatically moved to the maintenance state, which means it stops polling the device.
	This state cannot be automatically cleared when the CPU usage decreases; the user must manually change the VNE state from the maintenance state to Start (as described in <i>Cisco Active Network Abstraction 3.7.1 Administrator Guide</i> ).

Table 41-1 Adaptive Polling – Subtype Events

#### Correlation

The alarm correlates to other alarms using the local correlation mechanism with the ManagedElement key. No other alarms can correlate to it.

#### **Impact Analysis**

No impact analysis is performed for this alarm.

#### Source OID

See Managed Element OID (IManagedElementOid).

### **All IP Interfaces Down**

The All IP Interfaces Down alarm is used when *all* IP interfaces configured on the same port are down, and implies that another fault has occurred in lower layers (such as the physical layer). In this case, one alarm is issued, and all IP interface status alarms are correlated to it.

Subtype Event Name	Description
All IP Interfaces Down	Issued when all the IP interfaces configured above a physical interface change their state to down.
Active IP Interfaces Found	Clearing event. Issued when at least one of the IP interfaces changes its state to up.

#### Table 41-2 All IP Interfaces Down—Subtype Events

#### Correlation

The alarm correlates to other alarms using the local correlation mechanism with the PortLayer1 key representing the physical layer. The PortLayer1 key is the port that all the IP interfaces were configured on.

Other alarms might correlate to this alarm using the physical port key, in particular the Interface Status Down alarm.

#### **Impact Analysis**

No impact analysis is performed for this alarm.

#### Source OID

See Physical Layer OID (IPhysicalLayerOid).

### **ATM IMA Service**

The ATM IMA Service alarm is generated by the IMA group. IMA Group Down events are generated when the number of IMA group members is reduced by a user-defined percentage configured in the registry. The severity depends on the percentage of member removed. To avoid false correlations, the events are combined with the IMA group status. An IMA group down generates the highest severity. Other severities are user-defined.

Subtype Event Name	Description
	Generated when the IMA group is administratively shut down. All the members are correlated to this event.
IMA Oper Down	Generated when the IMA group is operationally down.

#### Correlation

The IMA Admin Down alarm can be the root cause of other events, but other ATM IMA events cannot be root cause of other events. No events are correlated.

#### **Impact Analysis**

No impact analysis is performed for this alarm.

Source OID

See IMA Service (IIMAGroupOid).

### **BFD Connectivity Down**

The BFD Connectivity Down Alarm is generated when the connectivity is lost between two BFD neighbors.

Table 41-4 BFD Connectivity Down

Subtype Event Name	Description
BFD Connectivity Down	Generated when BFD connection is lost.
BFD Connectivity Up	Clearing Event. Generated when BFD connection is found.

#### Correlation

BFD Connectivity Down alarm uses flow based correlation.

The VNE with flow based correlation mechanisim uses an active correlation flow that traverses among three layers of the network (Layer 1, Layer 2, and Layer 3) and tries to correlate along a specified network path to an alarm. Based on the alarm that could occur in any one of the layers, it will try to find the root cause alarm. BFD Connectivity Down alarm can correlate to alarms that are found upto Layer 3.

#### **Impact Analysis**

No impact analysis is performed for this alarm.

#### Source OID

See BFD Connectivity Down OID.

### **BFD Neighbor Loss**

A BFD Neighbor Loss alarm is triggered when the status of BFD changes. When the status of a BFD is changed, an alarm will be issued by each neighbor as a separate event. These alarms will remain displayed until the parent ticket is cleared, that is until the status of the BFD neighbor changes to its previous state.

A BFD Neighbor Found alarm is a clearing event for the BFD Neighbor Loss alarm. It is triggered when the alarm state changes from down to up.

#### Table 41-5 BFD Neighbor Loss

Subtype Event Name	Description
BFD Neighbor Loss	Generated when the connection to BFD neighbor is lost.
BFD Neighbor Found	Clearing Event.Generated when the BFD Neighbor is found.

BFD Neighbor Loss alarm uses flow based correlation.The VNE with flow based correlation mechanisim uses an active correlation flow that traverses among<br/>three layers of the network (Layer 1,Layer 2, and Layer 3) and tries to correlate along a specified network<br/>path to an alarm. Based on the alarm that could occur in any one of the layers, it will try to find the root<br/>cause alarm. BFD Neighbor loss alarm can corrleate upto Layer 3.Impact AnalysisNo impact analysis is performed for this alarm.Source OIDSource OID

See BFD Neighbor Loss OID.

### **BGP Link Down**

When a connection between two BGP peers is lost, no route information is exchanged between the two peers. This situation affects the network connectivity because route entries which are not refreshed start to be dropped from the routing table, causing packets to be dropped.

In this scenario, when a BGP neighbor has an adjacent peer (meaning that it is connected to another BGP neighbor with a discovered link), a BGP Link Down alarm is issued. When the adjacent peer is not managed, a BGP Neighbor Loss alarm is issued. A VNE identifies this situation based on changes in the BGP neighbor table of the device.

Due to the nature of this fault, it is possible that one of the devices may be unreachable. In this case, the respective VNE does not identify the changes in the BGP neighbor table of the unreachable device, but a BGP Link Down is still issued.

A negotiation process between the two link edges is issued when the BGP neighbor entry state changes from Established, indicating that a BGP Link Down should be invoked.

Subtype Event Name	Description
BGP Link Down Due to Admin Down	Issued when a BGP neighbor entry has changed its state from Established to another state, or a BGP neighbor entry that had an Established state has been removed from the BGP neighbors table and the entry has an adjacent peer.
	BGP neighbor state complies with the definitions in BGP4-MIBBFDbgpPeerState (1.3.6.1.2.1.15.3.1.2). In the case of a state change, any state other than Established implies that the connection between the BGP peers is not fully functioning, which means the route information is not exchanged.
	This alarm is issued when a BGP link is administratively down.
BGP Link Down Due to Oper	Issued when a BGP neighbor entry has changed its state from Established to another state, or a BGP neighbor entry that had an Established state has been removed from the BGP neighbors table and the entry has an adjacent peer.
	BGP neighbor state complies with the definitions in BGP4-MIB::bgpPeerState (1.3.6.1.2.1.15.3.1.2). In the case of a state change, any state other than Established implies that the connection between the BGP peers is not fully functioning, which means the route information is not exchanged.
	This alarm is issued when a BGP link is operatively down.
BGP Link Down VRF Due to Admin	Issued in the same conditions as the BGP Link Down alarm except that the neighbor is defined in the context of a VRF (BGP connection between PE router and CE router).
	This alarm is issued when a BGP link is administratively down.
BGP Link Down VRF Due to Oper	Issued in the same conditions as the BGP Link Down alarm except that the neighbor is defined in the context of a VRF (BGP connection between PE router and CE router).
	This alarm is issued when a BGP link is operatively down.
BGP Link Up	Clearing event. Issued when one of the edge BGP neighbor entries has changed its state from any state other than Established to Established. This is the clearing alarm for both the BGP Link Down alarms previously described.

#### Table 41-6 BGP Link Down—Subtype Events

#### Correlation

The alarm correlates to other alarms using the network correlation mechanism that runs a forward IP flow to the BGP neighbor peer IP. This flow runs a forward flow from each of the BGP neighbors to its peer IP, and might collect the following alarms: Interface Status Down, Port Down, Link Down, Device Unreachable, and so on.

Other alarms might correlate to it using the MPBgp key or the MPBgp key concatenated with the neighbor peer IP. Furthermore, the relevant BGP Neighbor Down syslogs are correlated to the service alarm.

Note

The BGP Link Down and BGP Link Down VRF alarms do not filter out the BGP Process Down alarm in the correlation process.

#### **Impact Analysis**

No impact analysis is performed for this alarm.

Source OID

See MPBGP OID (IMpBgpOid).

### **BGP Neighbor Loss**

If BGP connectivity to a specific device in an MPLS VPN network is lost, VPN sites lose connectivity. The VNE models the BGP connection between routers and actively monitors its state. A BGP Neighbor Loss alarm is generated from both sides of the connection when a connectivity loss occurs. Alarms and tickets are issued and impact analysis information displayed.

The correlation engine identifies various faults that affect the BGP connection and reports them as the root cause for the BGP Neighbor Loss alarm, for example, Link Down, CPU Overutilized, and Link Data Loss.



Note

BGP Neighbor Loss alarms are not correlated to each other. They are correlated to the root cause of the connectivity loss.

The BGP Neighbor Loss alarm is detected actively by the system, and service alarms are generated. The system also supports BGP neighbor down syslogs.

When the VNE BGP component polls the BGP neighbor status (expedite or normal polling) and finds that an entry for a neighbor no longer exists or its state changed from Established to another state, the BGP component issues a BGP Neighbor Loss alarm. This alarm causes the BGP component to issue a Root Cause Analysis (RCA) correlation flow to find the root cause. If RCA does not find an alarm to correlate, the VNE sends the alarm to the gateway as a ticket.

If a BGP neighbor loss occurs and the BGP component has no other BGP PE links, all VRFs with route entries to the PE as BGP next hops are true-affected. This information is sent as an update to the previous BGP Neighbor Loss alarm.

Subtype Event Name	Description
BGP Neighbor Loss Due to Admin	Issued when a BGP neighbor entry has changed its state from Established to another state due to admin, or when a BGP neighbor entry with the Established state has been removed from the BGP neighbors table.
	BGP neighbor state complies with the definitions in BGP4-MIB::bgpPeerState (1.3.6.1.2.1.15.3.1.2). In the case of a state change, any state other than Established implies that the connection between the BGP peers is not fully functioning, meaning that the route information is not exchanged.
BGP Neighbor Loss Due to Oper	Issued when a BGP neighbor entry has changed its state from Established to another state due to oper, or when a BGP neighbor entry with the Established state has been removed from the BGP neighbors table.
BGP Neighbor Loss VRF Due to Admin	Issued in the same conditions as the BGP Neighbor Loss Due to Admin alarm, except that the neighbor is defined in the context of a VRF (BGP connection between PE router and CE router).

 Table 41-7
 BGP Neighbor Loss—Subtype Events

Subtype Event Name	Description
BGP Neighbor Loss VRF Due to Oper	Issued in the same conditions as the BGP Neighbor Loss Due to Oper alarm, except that the neighbor is defined in the context of a VRF (BGP connection between PE router and CE router).
BGP Neighbor Found	Clearing event. Issued when a BGP neighbor entry has changed its state from any state other than Established to the Established state, or a new BGP neighbor entry that has an Established state has been discovered in the BGP neighbors table. This is the clearing alarm of both neighbor loss alarms previously described.

Table 41-7 BGP Neighbor Loss—Subtype Events	(continued)
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The alarm correlates to other alarms using the network correlation mechanism that runs a forward IP flow to the BGP neighbor peer IP. This flow runs a forward flow from each of the BGP neighbors to its peer IP, and might collect the following alarms: Interface Status Down, Port Down, Link Down, Device Unreachable, and so on.

Other alarms might correlate to it using the MPBgp key or the MPBgp key concatenated with the neighbor peer IP. Furthermore, the relevant BGP Neighbor Down syslogs are correlated to the service alarm.

Note

The BGP Neighbor Loss and BGP Neighbor Loss VRF alarms do not filter out the BGP Process Down alarm in the correlation process.

#### **Impact Analysis**

The alarm issues an impact analysis process that calculates the affected services of this fault. In this case, the affected service is represented as a pair of VRFs that cannot communicate due to this BGP Neighbor Loss fault.

The affected pair (service) can be marked as potentially affected or real affected. In this case, because the BGP reports on a neighbor loss only after a hold-time interval (default 180 sec), in which it did not get the hello message from its neighbor, it assumes that the connection was lost and cannot be recovered. The identified affected pairs are marked as real affected.

#### Source OID

See MPBGP OID (IMpBgpOid).

### **BGP Process Down**

A Cisco ANA query checks the status of the BGP process when the VNE BGP component polls for the status and configuration of its BGP neighbors (expedite or normal polling). If the BGP process is not running, the VNE BGP component issues a BGP Process Down alarm. This alarm is always a ticket and does not try to correlate to other alarms. All BGP Neighbors Down alarms issued in response to the BGP Process Down alarm are correlated to the BGP Process Down ticket.

Subtype Event Name	Description
BGP Process Down	Issued when the BGP process/service is down after it was up. The BGP component in the VNE identifies this change, updates its state, and issues the alarm.
BGP Process Up	Clearing event. Issued when the BGP process/service changes its state back to up. The BGP component in the VNE identifies this change, updates its state, and issues the clearing alarm.

Table 41-8	BGP Process Down—Subtype Events
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Due to the nature of this alarm, it cannot be correlated to other alarms, thus this alarm does not try to run any correlation process.

Other alarms might correlate to it using the MPBgp key, in particular BGP Neighbor Loss alarms caused by this failure correlate to it.

#### **Impact Analysis**

No impact analysis is performed for this alarm.

#### Source OID

See MPBGP OID (IMpBgpOid).

### **Broken LSP Discovered**

A Broken LSP Discovered alarm is issued as a companion to the MPLS Black Hole Found alarm (see MPLS Black Hole Found.)

A Broken LSP Discovered event means that an LSP, at some point, went through an MPLS black hole. Because of this, the MPLS labels were removed from the packet, and one of the following scenarios occurs:

- If the packet contains more than one MPLS label (data contained in the packet is VPN traffic), the packet is dropped or is forwarded to an incorrect destination. This happens because the IP header in the packet belongs to a different routing domain.
- If the packet contains only one MPLS label (data contained in the packet belongs to the same routing domain), the packet continues to be forwarded based on the IP header information instead of the MPLS labels. This is not a problem.

The following information applies to the Broken LSP Discovered alarm:

- This alarm does not have a clearing alarm, which means that after it is issued, its severity cannot be changed.
- To overcome the previous limitation, the alarm auto-clear flag is set to true. This means that this alarm severity does not have an impact on the severity of other alarms that it correlates to.
- Though the Broken LSP Discovered alarm is issued as a companion to the MPLS Black Hole Found, it does not imply that it is issued from the same device that issued the MPLS Black Hole Found alarm.

After an MPLS Black Hole Found alarm is issued, a process starts and looks for broken LSPs that go through this MPLS black hole. The process of discovering the broken LSPs is as follows:

- At the VNE on which the MPLS Black Hole Found was issued, all label switching entries that were destined for the black hole have an untagged out label. All MPLS labels are removed from packets traversing using this label switching entry.
- 2. Each untagged label switching entry starts traversing the LSP using a backward flow.

Note

The direction of a backward flow traversing the VNE model is opposite that of a standard packet flow traversing the network.

- **3.** On each device traversed in the backward flow, Cisco ANA checks for configured MPLS-based services on the device. The following identification services are supported:
  - Existence of VRFs (BGP/MPLS VPN services based on RFC2547).
  - Existence of MPLS Layer2 tunnels (PWE3 services based on RFC4448).
- 4. If the device contains such services, a Broken LSP Discovered alarm is issued for each LSP traversed backward to that point.

This means that only PE routers issue such alarms. It is possible that the same LSP has entry points in multiple devices, and thus multiple alarms are issued for it.

5. Information that is important for each broken LSP alarm issued is the entry point (label switching entry) and the exit point (the IP subnet destination).

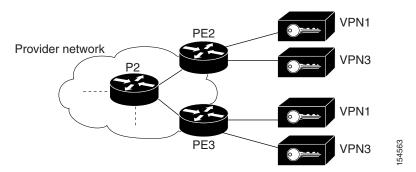
This information is used in the impact analysis process to identify the relevant affected pairs (services).

In the network described in Figure 41-1, the shortest path from PE2 to PE3 is PE2 < P2 < PE3. The link between P2 and PE3 is an MPLS link, meaning interfaces on both sides of the link are configured as MPLS interfaces. Also assume that for some reason, the MPLS configuration is incomplete or incorrect; for example:

- Only one interface is configured as an MPLS interface.
- The label distribution protocol is configured differently on both interfaces (protocol mismatch).

In this case, the label switching table on P2 and PE3 will have untagged entries for the LSPs between PE2 and PE3. If PE2 and PE3 have VPN services (for example VRFs and pseudowires), the outcome will be that the data flow between PE2 and PE3 will be affected.

#### Figure 41-1 Example of an MPLS Black Hole Scenario



In this case, Cisco ANA does the following:

- Identifies untagged label switching entries on P2 and PE3.
- Issues MPLS Black Hole Found alarms on the interfaces on both sides of the link (since the LSP is unidirectional).
- Initiates a backward flow starting from the link on the specific untagged entries and identifies the two LSPs traversing the link:
  - LSP from PE2 to PE3
  - LSP from PE3 to PE2
- Issues Broken LSP Discovered alarms on both LSPs in PE2 and PE3, which are correlated to the corresponding MPLS Black Hole Found alarm.



The clearing alarm does not activate flows to locate the LSPs that were passing through it in order to issue a clearing alarm for Broken LSPs, but rather uses the auto-clear functionality. The gateway periodically reviews the tickets and checks if all the alarms under each ticket are cleared or configured as auto-cleared alarms and whether the gateway correlation timeout has passed, in which case the gateway closes the ticket.

After the MPLS Black Hole alarm clears, and the configured gateway correlation timeout period is reached, the gateway can close the ticket because all the alarms correlated to MPLS Black Hole and Broken LSP are auto-cleared.



If an MPLS Network Link Down event causes an IP reroute and an LDP redistribution, new LSPs might be redirected through nonMPLS segments, which will create a black hole. In this case, Broken LSP Discovered alarms are issued. However, the discovered broken LSPs are correlated to the Link Down alarm and not to the MPLS Black Hole Found alarm.

#### Table 41-9 Broken LSP Discovered – Subtype Events

Subtype Event Name	Description
Broken LSP Discovered	Issued as a companion to the MPLS Black Hole Found alarm as described previously. For every LSP traversing the black hole, a Broken LSP Discovered alarm is issued.
	There is no clearing event.

#### Correlation

This alarm is correlated by definition to one of the following:

- The MPLS Black Hole Found that triggered the discovery of this broken LSP.
- Link Down alarm, if the link down caused the MPLS traffic to change its course and pass through the black hole.

No other alarms can correlate to it.

#### **Impact Analysis**

The alarm issues an impact analysis process that identifies the local affected services of this fault. In this case, affected services can be of two types:

- A pair of VRFs that cannot communicate due to this broken LSP (for BGP/MPLS VPN services).
- A pair of MPLS Layer 2 tunnel edges representing a PWE3 service endpoint.

The affected pairs in this alarm are marked as potentially affected.



The system can be configured to present the affected pairs for BGP/MPLS VPN services as pairs of VRF IP interfaces instead of just the VRFs. This creates, in most cases, additional pairs that might cause a load on the system. Configuring them as IP interfaces is disabled by default.

#### Source OID

See Managed Element OID (IManagedElementOid) (the LSE entry that is the entry point to the broken LSP).

### **Card Down**

The Card Down alarm represents a state in which a card is not operational. This can be caused by a hardware failure, or by changing the administrative state of the card.

Table 41-10	Card Down—Subtype Events
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Subtype Event Name	e Description	
Card Down	Issued when the operational state of a card is changed to down. This can be caused by a hardware failure, or by changing the administrative state of the card	
Card Up	Clearing event. Issued when the operational state of the card changes back to up.	
Correlation		
	Due to the nature of this alarm, the event does not try to correlate to another event, and creates a new ticket in the gateway where the event is the root cause alarm of the ticket.	
	Other alarms might correlate to it using the Card key.	
Impact Analysis		
	No impact analysis is performed for this alarm.	
Source OID		
	See Module OID (IModuleOid).	
Card Out		

The Card Out alarm represents a state where a card is removed from the device. The Card Out alarm is also issued when a device stops reporting on the existence of a card due to another failure, even if the card is actually still in the device. It is assumed that any functionality that was implemented by the card is not working anymore if the card had no redundancy configuration.

# Note

When a Card Out alarm occurs, Cisco ANA NetworkVision displays an alarm icon next to the affected card in the inventory display. Even though the card has been physically removed, it is still displayed in Cisco ANA NetworkVision so that you can identify which network element is generating the alarm.

Table 41-11	Card Out—Subtype Events
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Subtype Event Name	Description
Card Out	Issued when a card is removed from the device. It is possible that some card failures are identified as Card Out because the device does not report on the card's existence after a failure.
Subcard Out	Issued when a card that is contained in another card is removed from the device. When a card that contains other cards is removed, in addition to the Card Out alarm issued on the main card, a Subcard Out alarm is issued for each of its subcards. It is possible that some failures of cards that contain subcards are identified as Card Down on the parent card and Subcard Out for the subcards, because the device stops reporting on the existence of the subcards.
Card In	Clearing event. Issued when the card is inserted back into the device.

#### Correlation

Due to the nature of the Card Out alarm, the event does not try to correlate to another event, and creates a new ticket in the gateway where the event is the root cause alarm of the ticket. The Subcard Out alarm correlates to other alarms using the local correlation mechanism with Subcard key and its parent Card key.

Other alarms might correlate to it using the Card and Subcard keys.

#### **Impact Analysis**

No impact analysis is performed for this alarm.

#### Source OID

See Module OID (IModuleOid).

### **CFM** Domain Fault

The CFM Domain Fault service alarm is created for every CFM domain having at least one event attached to an entity belonging to that domain (Maintenance Association, Maintenance Endpoint, and Remote Maintenance Endpoint). The CFM Domain Fault service alarm is cleared after all the correlated events are cleared.

Events can be aggregated as long as they have a common source OID.

The CFM application is used to aggregate the different CFM syslogs and traps by domain.

The domain OID is contained in the MEP OID.

#### Table 41-12CFM Domain Fault

Subtype Event Name	Description
CFM Domain Aggregation Down	Created for every domain that has at least one event attached to an entity belonging to the domain: Maintenance Association, Maintenance Endpoint (MEP), or Remote MEP.
CFM Domain Aggregation Up	Issued after all correlated events are cleared.

#### Correlation

Because Cisco ANA does not discover CFM topologies, CFM event correlation is not available.

#### **Impact Analysis**

No impact analysis is performed for this alarm.

#### Source OID

IMaintenanceDomainOID

### **Carrier Grade NAT Translations Create Rate**

When data packets traverse from the private to public network, the Cisco CRS-1 routers (configured with Carrier Grade NAT) translate many private IPv4 addresses into fewer public IPv4 addresses. Similarly, when data packets traverse from the public to private network, many public IPv4 addresses are translated into fewer private IPv4 addresses.

Carrier Grade NAT Translations Create Rate represents the number of translation entries that are created in the last one second. Alarms are issued when the number of translations exceeds or drops below the threshold value. The threshold values can be changed by the user.

 Table 41-13
 Carrier Grade NAT Translations Create Rate

Subtype Event Name	Description
Carrier Grade NAT Translations Create Rate Higher Threshold Exceeded	Alarm is triggered when the number of translations created exceeds the higher threshold value. The default higher threshold value is 80.
Carrier Grade NAT Translations Create Rate Lower Threshold Exceeded	Alarm is triggered when the number of translations created is lower than the lower threshold value. The default lower threshold value is 40.
Carrier Grade NAT Translations Create Rate Threshold Normal	Alarm triggered when the number of translations created is equal to the normal threshold value.

#### Correlation

Carrier Grade NAT Translations Create Rate service alarm does not try to correlate with any other alarm. No other alarms can correlate to this alarm.

#### **Impact Analysis**

No impact analysis is performed for this alarm.

#### Source OID

See Carrier Grade NAT OID (ICgnServiceOid).

### **Carrier Grade NAT Translations Delete Rate**

When data packets traverse from the private to public network, the Cisco CRS-1 routers (configured with Carrier Grade NAT) translate many private IPv4 addresses into fewer public IPv4 addresses. Similarly, when data packets traverse from the public to private network, many public IPv4 addresses are translated into fewer private IPv4 addresses.

Carrier Grade NAT Translations Delete Rate represents the number of translation entries that are deleted in the last one second. Alarms are issued when the number of translations exceeds or drops below the threshold value. The threshold values can be changed by the user.

Table 41-14 Carrier Grade NAT Translations Delete Rate

Subtype Event Name	Description
Carrier Grade NAT Translations Delete Rate Higher Threshold Exceeded	Alarm is triggered when the number of translations deleted exceeds the higher threshold value. The default higher threshold value is 80.
Carrier Grade NAT Translations Delete Rate Lower Threshold Exceeded	Alarm is triggered when the number of translations deleted is lower than the lower threshold value. The default lower threshold value is 40.
Carrier Grade NAT Translations Delete Rate Threshold Normal	Alarm triggered when the number of translations deleted is equal to the normal threshold value.

#### Correlation

Carrier Grade NAT Translations Delete Rate service alarm does not try to correlate with any other alarm. No other alarms can correlate to this alarm.

#### **Impact Analysis**

No impact analysis is performed for this alarm.

#### Source OID

See Carrier Grade NAT OID (ICgnServiceOid).

### **Carrier Grade NAT Inside-to-Outside Forward Rate**

Data packets enter the Cisco CRS-1 routers (configured with Carrier Grade NAT) from the private network. The destination address of the packet is changed to a global address and is forwarded to the public network.

Carrier Grade NAT Inside-to-Outside Forward Rate represents the number of packets that have been forwarded from the private to the public network in the last one second. Alarms are issued when the number of forwarded packets, exceeds or drops below the threshold value. The threshold values can be changed by the user.

Table 41-15 Carrier Grade NAT Inside-to-Outside Forward Rate

Subtype Event Name	Description
Carrier Grade NAT Inside-to-Outside Forward Rate Higher Threshold Exceeded	Alarm is triggered when the number of packets forwarded exceeds the higher threshold value. The default higher threshold value is 80.
Carrier Grade NAT Inside-to-Outside Forward Rate Lower Threshold Exceeded	Alarm is triggered when the number of packets forwarded is lower than the lower threshold value. The default lower threshold value is 40.
Carrier Grade NAT Inside-to-Outside Forward Rate Threshold Normal	Alarm triggered when the number of packets forwarded is equal to the normal threshold value.

#### Correlation

Carrier Grade NAT Inside-to-Outside Forward Rate service alarm does not try to correlate with any other alarm.

No other alarms can correlate to this alarm.

#### **Impact Analysis**

No impact analysis is performed for this alarm.

#### Source OID

See Carrier Grade NAT OID (ICgnServiceOid).

### **Carrier Grade NAT Outside-to-Inside Forward Rate**

Data packets enter the Cisco CRS-1 routers (configured with Carrier Grade NAT) from the public network. The destination address of the packet is changed to a private address and the packet is forwarded to the private network.

Carrier Grade NAT Outside-to-Inside Forward Rate represents the number of packets that have been forwarded from the private to the public network in the last one second. Alarms are issued when the number of forwarded packets, exceeds or drops below the threshold value. The threshold values can be changed by the user.

Subtype Event Name	Description
Carrier Grade NAT Outside-to-Inside Forward Rate Higher Threshold Exceeded	Alarm is triggered when the number of packets forwarded exceeds the higher threshold value. The default higher threshold value is 80.
Carrier Grade NAT Outside-to-Inside Forward Rate Lower Threshold Exceeded	Alarm is triggered when the number of packets forwarded is lower than the lower threshold value. The default lower threshold value is 40.
Carrier Grade NAT Outside-to-Inside Forward Rate Threshold Normal	Alarm is triggered when the number of packets forwarded is equal to the normal threshold value.

Table 41-16 Carrier Grade NAT Outside-to-Inside Forward Rate

Carrier Grade NAT Outside-to-Inside Forward Rate service alarm does not try to correlate with any other alarm.

No other alarms can correlate to this alarm.

#### **Impact Analysis**

No impact analysis is performed for this alarm.

#### Source OID

See Carrier Grade NAT OID (ICgnServiceOid).

### **Carrier Grade NAT Inside-to-Outside Drops Port Limit Exceeded**

When data packets traverse from the private network to public network, Cisco CRS-1 routers (configured with Carrier Grade NAT) translates the private addresses into global addresses. Data packets can get dropped during the inside-to-outside translations, when the port limit is exceeded.

Carrier Grade NAT Inside-to-Outside Drops Port Limit Exceeded alarm is issued when the number of dropped packets, exceeds or drops below the threshold value. The threshold values can be changed by the user.

#### Table 41-17 Carrier Grade NAT Inside-to-Outside Drops Port Limit Exceeded

Subtype Event Name	Description
Carrier Grade NAT Inside-to-Outside Drops Port Limit Higher Threshold Exceeded	Alarm is triggered when the number of packets dropped exceeds the higher threshold value. The default higher threshold value is 80.

Subtype Event Name	Description
Carrier Grade NAT Inside-to-Outside Drops Port Limit Lower Threshold Exceeded	Alarm is triggered when the number of packets dropped is lower than the lower threshold value. The default lower threshold value is 40.
Carrier Grade NAT Inside-to-Outside Drops Port Limit Threshold Normal	Alarm is triggered when the number of packets dropped is equal to the normal threshold value.

Table 41-17 Carrier Grade NAT Inside-to-Outside Drops Port Limit Exceeded (continued
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Carrier Grade NAT Inside-to-Outside Drops Port Limit Exceeded service alarm does not try to correlate with any other alarm.

No other alarms can correlate to this alarm.

#### **Impact Analysis**

No impact analysis is performed for this alarm.

#### Source OID

See Carrier Grade NAT OID (ICgnServiceOid).

### **Carrier Grade NAT Inside-to-Outside Drops System Limit Reached**

When data packets traverse from the private network to public network, Cisco CRS-1 routers (configured with Carrier Grade NAT) translates the private addresses into global addresses. Data packets can get dropped during the inside-to-outside translations, when the system limit is reached.

Carrier Grade NAT Inside-to-Outside Drops System Limit Reached alarm is issued when the number of dropped packets, exceeds or drops below the threshold value. The threshold values can be changed by the user.

 Table 41-18
 Carrier Grade NAT Inside-to-Outside Drops System Limit Reached

Subtype Event Name	Description
Carrier Grade NAT Inside-to-Outside Drops System Limit Reached Higher Threshold Exceeded	Alarm is triggered when the number of packets dropped exceeds the higher threshold value. The default higher threshold value is 80.
Carrier Grade NAT Inside-to-Outside Drops System Limit Reached Lower Threshold Exceeded	Alarm is triggered when the number of packets dropped is lower than the lower threshold value. The default lower threshold value is 40.
Carrier Grade NAT Inside-to-Outside Drops System Limit Reached Threshold Normal	Alarm is triggered when the number of packets dropped is equal to the normal threshold value.

Carrier Grade NAT Inside-to-Outside Drops System Limit Reached service alarm does not try to correlate with any other alarm. No other alarms can correlate to this alarm.

#### **Impact Analysis**

No impact analysis is performed for this alarm.

#### Source OID

See Carrier Grade NAT OID (ICgnServiceOid).

### **Carrier Grade NAT Inside-to-Outside Drops Resource Depletion**

When data packets traverse from the private network to public network, Cisco CRS-1 routers (configured with Carrier Grade NAT) translates the private addresses into global addresses. Data packets can get dropped during the inside-to-outside translations, when no ports are available.

Carrier Grade NAT Inside-to-Outside Drops Resource Depletion alarm is issued when the number of dropped packets, exceeds or drops below the threshold value. The threshold values can be changed by the user.

Table 41-19 Carrier Grade NAT Inside-to-Outside Drops Resource Depletion
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Subtype Event Name	Description
Carrier Grade NAT Inside-to-Outside Drops Resource Depletion Higher Threshold Exceeded	Alarm is triggered when the number of packets dropped exceeds the higher threshold value. The default higher threshold value is 80.
Carrier Grade NAT Inside-to-Outside Drops Resource Depletion Lower Threshold Exceeded	Alarm is triggered when the number of packets dropped is lower than the lower threshold value. The default lower threshold value is 40.
Carrier Grade NAT       Alarm is triggered when the number of packets dropped is equal to the normal         Inside-to-Outside Drops       value.         Resource Depletion Threshold       Value.	

#### Correlation

Carrier Grade NAT Inside-to-Outside Drops Resource Depletion service alarm does not try to correlate with any other alarm.

No other alarms can correlate to this alarm.

#### **Impact Analysis**

No impact analysis is performed for this alarm.

#### Source OID

See Carrier Grade NAT OID (ICgnServiceOid).

### **Cloud Problem**

Cloud VNEs represent unmanaged network segments, so that operations such PathTracer and Root Cause Analysis (RCA) can be viewed or processed end-to-end. A Cloud VNE represents the unmanaged segment of a network as a single device to which two or more managed segments of the network can be connected.

In a network in which a segment of the network is unmanaged, Cisco ANA runs a correlation flow to find the root cause. If no root cause is found within the managed segment, a Cloud Problem service alarm is created, to which events are correlated.

Table 41-20 Cloud Problem – Subtype Events

Subtype Event Name	Description
Cloud Problem	An alarm might use network correlation using IP-based forward flow to a destination. During the flow, the alarm collects possible alarms with which to correlate. If it can find no such alarms, and the flow has traversed a Cloud VNE (a network segment unmanaged by Cisco ANA), at the end of the flow a Cloud Problem alarm is issued. The original alarm is correlated to it.
	This alarm does not have a clearing alarm, thus the severity of the Cloud Problem alarm is informational.

#### Correlation

Due to the nature of the Cloud Problem alarm, the event does not try to correlate to another event, but creates a new ticket in the gateway where the event is the root cause alarm of the ticket.

Note

When required, a correlation filter filters the Cloud Problem alarm. This enables or disables the ability of an alarm to create a Cloud Problem alarm and to correlate to it. The default value is false for all alarms in the system, meaning that an alarm does not correlate to the Cloud Problem alarm by default. However, there are several events that override the default configuration (these events are specific to Cisco devices) and are set to true, as follows:

- BGP Neighbor Down syslog
- OSPF Neighbor Loss syslog
- EIGRP Router Query to Neighbors Timeouted syslog

As described previously, other alarms might be correlated to it using the logic in the Cloud Problem subalarm. See Cloud Problem.



The Cloud Problem alarm does not filter the BGP Process Down alarm in the correlation process.

#### **Impact Analysis**

No impact analysis is performed for this alarm.

Source OID

See Managed Element OID (IManagedElementOid).

### **Component Unreachable**

A VNE might be configured to poll its respective device in multiple network protocols (for example both SNMP and Telnet). In addition, each protocol can be configured for reachability testing. This means that when the VNE stops responding using a protocol, the device is considered unreachable.

 Table 41-21
 Component Unreachable – Subtype Events

Subtype Event Name	Description	
Component Unreachable	Issued when the device is not responding to at least one of the network protocols that are configured for reachability. The VNE uses a retry mechanism to make sure the problem persists for a certain configurable duration before issuing an alarm. This means that it is resilient during short periods of network packet loss.	
	<b>Note</b> Cisco ANA will generate Device Unreachable events, with corresponding SNMP Timeout messages in the AVM log file, for devices with nonunique SNMP engine identifiers. These identifiers are normally derived from the unique MAC address of the device and assigned automatically. You can also customized them. But then you must try to avoid custom SNMP engine identifiers. However if you do use them, ensure that they are unique.	
Component Reachable	Clearing event issued when the device responds to all the network protocols that are configured for reachability.	
Device Partially Managed	Warning event issued when the device is partially managed.	

#### Source OID

See Managed Element OID (IManagedElementOid) (the managed element of the Cloud VNE).

#### **Checking Reachability**

Reachability used by the VNEs (to check the reachability between the VNEs and network elements) depends on the configuration of the VNE, and involves multiple connectivity tests using SNMP, Telnet/SSH, and ICMP, as appropriate.

The following table describes the various situations where an NE fails to respond to the protocols:

VNE Type	Protocol Used to Check Reachability	Action Taken When NE Fails to Respond	Action Taken When NE is Reachable
ICMP VNE	ICMP only. During the ICMP test, the unit pings the NE every configured interval.	ICMP ping is suspended, and a VNE Unreachable event is sent to the Cisco ANA Gateway. Thereafter, only the reachability tests are run to detect when the device is reachable again.	ICMP ping is restarted, and the alarm is cleared.
Generic VNE	<ul> <li>SNMP only (default). Polls the sysoid of the NE using an SNMP get command during the SNMP reachability test, and expects to receive a response; or</li> <li>SNMP only (default), and adding an ICMP test.</li> </ul>	General polling is suspended, and a VNE Unreachable event is sent to the Cisco ANA Gateway. Thereafter, only the reachability tests are run to detect when the device is reachable again. If more than one protocol is used, it is enough for one of them to become unreachable to generate the event. The event is generic to all the protocols.	<ul> <li>General polling is restarted, and all commands are sent to the device, smoothed across the polling interval.</li> <li>The alarm is cleared.</li> </ul>
Full VNE	<ul> <li>SNMP only (default). Polls the sysoid of the NE using an SNMP get command during the SNMP reachability test, and expects to receive a response; or</li> <li>SNMP only (default), and adding ICMP and Telnet. During the Telnet test, the unit sends Enter via the open session and expects to get a prompt back.</li> </ul>	General polling is suspended, and a VNE Unreachable event is sent to the Cisco ANA Gateway. Thereafter, only the reachability tests are run to detect when the device is reachable again. If more than one protocol is used, it is enough for one of them to become unreachable to generate the event. The event is generic to all the protocols.	<ul> <li>General polling is restarted, and all commands are sent to the device, smoothed across the polling interval.</li> <li>The alarm is cleared.</li> </ul>

#### Table 41-22 Unreachable Network Elements

Each of these scenarios has two possible settings in the registry:

- Track reachability (true/false). The default is true.
  - When this parameter is true, reachability is tracked according to the specific protocol (ICMP, SNMP, Telnet, and so forth).

When this parameter is false, the test is not performed.

• Lazy reachability (true/false). The default is false. This parameter determines whether there is a dedicated reachability command in charge of tracking reachability or whether reachability is determined by the regular polled commands.

When this parameter is true, reachability is based on polling, and a dedicated command is not activated.

When this parameter is false, a dedicated SNMP command is activated, and this test verifies the response from a specific SNMP OID (sysoid is the default that can be changed).

After the first failure of a command and all its retries, the device is considered unreachable. At this point, Cisco ANA starts to poll the device using the dedicated reachability command (see Table 41-22). In normal track reachability mode (lazy=false), the reachability commands run all the time. When the reachability test succeeds for the first time, it stops running and the device is considered reachable again.

Note

Changes to the registry should be performed only with the support of Cisco. For details, contact your Cisco account representative.

#### Correlation

The alarm correlates to other alarms using the network correlation mechanism, which runs a forward IP flow from the global routing entity to the management IP address (that is, to the IP address of the unit on which the VNE resides). This flow might collect the following alarms: Device Unreachable, Link Down, Port Down, Interface Status Down, BGP Neighbor Loss, and so forth.

Other alarms might correlate to it using the ManagedElement key.

Note

The Device Unreachable alarm filters out the Link Down on Unreachable alarm in the correlation process. Events with the same weight are not filtered out.

#### **Impact Analysis**

No impact analysis is performed for this alarm.

Source OID

See Managed Element OID (IManagedElementOid).

### **CPU Utilization**

VNEs are configured to trace their device CPU utilization. An alarm is issued when device CPU utilization crosses a configured threshold. The thresholds, as defined in the registry under the managed element, are:

- Upper threshold—80%
- Lower threshold—40%

Table 41-23	CPU	Utilization –	Subtype	<b>Events</b>
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Subtype Event Name	Description
CPU Overutilized	Issued when the device CPU usage is above the configured upper threshold.
CPU Normal Utilization	Clearing event. Issued when the device CPU usage returns to below the lower threshold.

#### Correlation

Due to the nature of CPU utilization alarms, the event does not try to correlate to another event; it creates a new ticket in the gateway where the event is the root cause alarm of the ticket.

No other alarm tries to correlate to this alarm.

#### **Impact Analysis**

No impact analysis is performed for this alarm.

#### Source OID

See Managed Element OID (IManagedElementOid).

### **Device Unsupported**

A VNE identifies various loading situations that prevent regular operation of the VNE. When such a situation occurs, the VNE issues a Device Unsupported alarm.

Table 41-24 Device Unsupported—Subtype Events

Subtype Event Name	Description	
Device Unsupported	Issued for the following scenarios:	
	• The device type identified by its sysOid is not identified by the system.	
	• The device software version is not supported, and the VNE is configured to react when a device is unsupported. Other possible actions are: use the default version, load generic VNE, or load ICMP VNE.	
	• Registry problems occur when trying to load generic or ICMP VNEs.	
	• The VNE failed to retrieve the device sysOid or software version.	

#### Correlation

Due to the nature of the Device Unsupported alarm, the event does not try to correlate to another event and creates a new ticket in the gateway where the event is the root cause alarm of the ticket.

No other alarms can correlate to this alarm.

#### **Impact Analysis**

No impact analysis is performed for this alarm.

#### Source OID

See Managed Element OID (IManagedElementOid).

### **Discard Packets**

VNEs are configured to trace the discarded packet counters on their device ports. An alarm is issued when the discarded counter for a port crosses the configured thresholds. The thresholds, as defined in the registry under PortLayer1, are:

- Upper threshold—500 packets per second.
- Lower threshold—50 packets per second.

Subtype Event Name	Description	
Discard Packets	Issued when the number of discarded packets on a device port is higher than the configured threshold.	
Normal Discard Packets	Clearing alarm. Issued when the number of discarded packets on a devices port is lower than the configured threshold.	

#### Table 41-25 Discard Packets – Subtype Events

#### Correlation

Due to the nature of the Discard Packets alarm, the event does not try to correlate to another event, and creates a new ticket in the gateway where the event is the root cause alarm of the ticket.

No other alarms can correlate to this alarm.

#### Impact Analysis

By default, impact analysis is not supported for this alarm, but it can be enabled. If enabled, a flow starts to collect all the affected services passing this port. The endpoint of such services can be any termination point, such as an IP interface, VC, Port, VRF, and so on.

#### Source OID

See Physical Layer OID (IPhysicalLayerOid).

### **Dropped Packets**

VNEs are configured to trace the dropped packet counters on their device ports. An alarm is issued when a dropped packet counter from a port crosses the configured thresholds. The thresholds, as defined in the registry under PortLayer1, are:

- Upper threshold—500 packets per second.
- Lower threshold—50 packets per second.

Table 41-26 Dropped Packets – Subtype Events

Subtype Event Name	Description	
Dropped Packets on Port	Issued when the number of dropped packets on a device port is higher than the configured threshold.	
	Port Clearing event. Issued when the number of dropped packets on a device port is lot than the configured threshold.	

#### Correlation

Due to the nature of the Dropped Packets on Port alarm, the event does not try to correlate to another event. It creates a new ticket in the gateway where the event is the root cause alarm of the ticket. No other alarms can correlate to this alarm.

#### **Impact Analysis**

By default, impact analysis is not supported for this alarm, but it can be enabled. If enabled, a flow starts to collect all the affected services passing this port. The endpoint of such services can be any termination point, such as an IP interface, VC, port, VRF, and so on.

#### Source OID

See Physical Layer OID (IPhysicalLayerOid).

### **DSO Bundle Service Alarm**

DS0 Bundle is a logical interface with an administration and operational status. The DS0Bundle Service alarm is generated when the administration or operational status changes.

#### Table 41-27 DS0 Bundle Service – Subtype Events

Subtype Event Name	Description
DS0 Bundle Admin Down	Generated when the DS0 Bundle status changes from OK to Admin Down.
DS0 Bundle Oper Down	Generated when the DS0 Bundle status changes from OK to Oper Down.
DS0 Bundle Up	Generated when the DS0 Bundle status changes from Not OK to OK.

#### Correlation

This alarm will be correlated to lower layer events, such as Port Down. Upper layer events can be correlated to this event.

#### **Impact Analysis**

No impact analysis is performed for this alarm.

#### Source OID

See DS0 Bundle OID (IDS0BundleOid).

### **DS1 Path Link Down**

DS1 Path Link Down is generated when an administrative or operational path shutdown occurs.

#### Table 41-28 DS1 Path Link Down—Subtype Events

Subtype Event Name	Description
DS1 Path Link Down Due to Admin Down	Generated when the path is administratively shut down.
DS1 Path Link Down Due to Oper Down	Generated when the path is operatively shut down.
DS1 Path Link Down Due to Card	Generated when the card is down in the DS1 path.
DS1 Path Link Down on Unreachable	Generated when the path is not reachable.
DS1 Path Link Up	Generated when the DS1 path is up.

DS1 Path Link Down can be correlated to lower level alarms, such as Port Down. It can be the root cause for higher level alarms.

#### **Impact Analysis**

No impact analysis is performed for this alarm.

#### Source OID

See Topological Link OID (ITopologicalLinkOid), where each endpoint is a DS1 Path OID (IDS1PathOid).

### **DS1 Path Port Down**

DS1 Path Port Down is generated when an administrative or operational path shutdown occurs.

Table 41-29 DS1 Path Port Down—Subtype Events

Subtype Event Name	Description
DS1 Path Port Down Due to Admin	Generated when the DS1 port path is administratively down.
DS1 Path Port Down Due to Oper	Generated when the DS1 port path is operatively down.
DS1 Path Port Down Due to Card	Generated when the card is down in the DS1 port path.
DS1 Path Port Up	Generated when the DS1 port path is up.

#### Correlation

DS1 Path Port Down can be correlated to lower level alarms, such as Port Down. It can be the root cause for higher level alarms.

#### **Impact Analysis**

No impact analysis is performed for this alarm.

#### Source OID

See DS1 Path OID (IDS1PathOid).

### **DS3 Path Link Down**

DS3 Path Link Down is generated due to administrative or operational shutdown of the path.

Table 41-30 DS3 Path Link Down—Subtype Events

Subtype Event Name	Description
DS3 Path Link Down Due to Admin Down	Generated when the path is administratively shut down.
DS3 Path Link Down Due to Oper Down	Generated when the path is operatively shut down.

Table 41-30	DS3 Path Link Down—Subtype Events
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Subtype Event Name	Description
DS3 Path Link Down Due to Card	Generated when the path is down due to card.
DS3 Path Link Down on Unreachable	Generated when the path is not reachable.
DS3 Path Link Up	Generated when the DS3 path is up.

DS3 Path Link Down can be correlated to lower level alarms, such as Port Down. It can be the root cause for higher level alarms.

#### **Impact Analysis**

No impact analysis is performed for this alarm.

#### Source OID

See Topological Link OID (ITopologicalLinkOid), where each endpoint is a DS3 Path OID (IDS3PathOid).

### **DS3 Path Port Down**

DS3 Path Port Down is generated when an administrative or operational path shutdown occurs.

#### Table 41-31 DS3 Path Port Down – Subtype Events

Subtype Event Name	Description
DS3 Path Port Down Due to Admin	Generated when the DS3 port path is administratively down.
DS3 Path Port Down Due to Oper	Generated when the DS3 port path is operatively shut down.
DS3 Path Port Down Due to Card	Generated when the DS3 port path is down due to card.
DS3 Path Port Up	Generated when the DS3 port path is up.

#### Correlation

DS3 Path Port Down can be correlated to lower level alarms, such as Port Down. It can be the root cause for higher level alarms.

#### **Impact Analysis**

No impact analysis is performed for this alarm.

#### Source OID

See DS3 Path OID (IDS3PathOid).

### **Dual Stack IP Changed**

The dual stack IP interface alarm generates events when an interface goes from a dual IP address (IPv4 and IPv6) to a single stack, and when it goes from a single stack to a dual. That is, the event is generated when an IPv6 (global unicast address) or IPv4 address is removed from an interface. The event does not do any correlation but can be a root cause.

Table 41-32Dual Stack IP Changed

Subtype Event Name	Description
Dual Stack IP Removed	Generated when all IPv6 (global unicast address) or all IPv4 addresses are removed from a dual-stack (two IP addresses) interface.
Dual Stack IP Added	Generated when an IPv6 (global unicast address) or IPv4 address is configured on a single-stack (one IP address) interface that was previously configured as a dual stack.

#### Correlation

No correlation is performed for this alarm.

#### **Impact Analysis**

No impact analysis is performed for this alarm.

#### Source OID

See IP Interface OID (IPInterfaceOid).

### **DWDM** Controller Down

The DWDM controller has an Up and Admin-Down status. The DWDM Controller Down alarm is generated when the DWDM controller state changes. A DWDM Controller Down ticket is generated. The DWDM Controller Down alarm is based on polling results.

#### Table 41-33DWDM Controller Down

Subtype Event Name	Description
DWDM Controller Down	The alarm trigger.
DWDM Controller Up	The clearing alarm.

#### Correlation

No correlation is performed for this alarm.

#### **Impact Analysis**

No impact analysis is performed for this alarm.

Source OID

See DWDM Controller OID (IDWDMOid).

### **DWDM G709 Status Down**

The DWDM G709 wrapper has a status of up and down, The DWDM G709 Status Down alarm is generated when the G709 wrapper state changes, and the DWDM G709 Status Down ticket is generated. The alarm is based on the polling result; if the DWDM G709 wrapper status changes, the service alarm is triggered.

#### Table 41-34 DWDM G709 Status Down

Subtype Event Name	Description
DWDM G709 Status Down	The alarm trigger.
DWDM G709 Status Up	The clearing alarm.

#### Correlation

No correlation is performed for this alarm.

#### **Impact Analysis**

No impact analysis is performed for this alarm.

#### Source OID

See DWDM Controller OID (IDWDMOid).

### **EFP Down**

The EFP Down alarm represents a state in which an Ethernet flow point (EFP) administrative or operational status changes from up to down. The alarm is cleared after the status value is set to up.

The polling of the status property can happen at every standard polling interval, or can be expedited following syslog handling.

The severity of the service alarms is Major, with the exception of EFP Up, which has the severity Cleared.

Subtype Event Name	Description
EFP Admin Down	EFP is in administrative status down.
EFP Down Due to Error Disabled	EFT is in operational status down and the error disabled property value is true.
EFP Oper Down	EFP is in operational status down.
EFP Up	Clearing event. Issued when the EFP status returns to up.

#### Table 41-35EFP Down — Subtype Events

The generated service alarm searches for its root cause through the correlation mechanism. In addition, the EFP Down alarm is the root cause for every relevant network event caused by the EFP Down event.

#### **Impact Analysis**

No impact analysis is performed for this alarm.

#### Source OID

See EFP OID (IEFPOID).

### **GRE Keepalive**

The GRE Keepalive alarm is generated when the GRE keepalive attribute is not configured or has been removed from a discovered GRE tunnel.

Table 41-36	GRE Keepalive—Subtype Events
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Subtype Event Name	Description
Keepalive Not Set	The alarm triggering event when GRE Keepalive is not configured. The event is ticketable with a minor severity.
Keepalive Set	The clearing event.

#### Correlation

No correlation is performed for this alarm.

#### **Impact Analysis**

No impact analysis is performed for this alarm.

#### Source OID

See GRE Tunnel Endpoint OID Structure.

### **GRE Tunnel Down**

Generic routing encapsulation (GRE) tunnels are basically stateless, meaning that when the tunnel is down, the tunnel edges might not identify this situation and continue reporting the tunnel as up. To overcome this, the GRE tunnel edge can be configured to send *keepalive* messages. If at some point a GRE tunnel edge does not receive keepalive messages, it can change its state to down.

The GRE Tunnel Down alarm is supported only on GRE tunnels that are configured with keepalive messages. When keepalive is configured on the GRE tunnel edge, if a failure occurs in the GRE tunnel at any point, both IP interfaces of the GRE tunnel edges change their state to down. This ensures that the alarm is identified. If keepalive is not configured on the GRE tunnel edge, because the alarm creation is triggered by the state change of the IP interface of the GRE tunnel, the GRE Tunnel Down alarm might not be generated.

Subtype Event Name	Description
GRE Tunnel Down	Issued when a GRE link exists between the two tunnel edges and the state of the IP interface of one of the GRE tunnel edges changes to down. A simple negotiation procedure is done to avoid sending the event from both edges of the GRE tunnel, and a GRE Tunnel Down event is issued.
GRE Tunnel Up	Clearing event. Issued when the IP interface state changes back to up. The clearing event is issued even if the GRE link does not exist (for example, if you have chosen to clear and remove the event).

#### Table 41-37 GRE Tunnel Down—Subtype Events

#### Correlation

The GRE Tunnel Down alarm tries to correlate to other alarms using the network correlation mechanism that runs a forward IP flow from the local GRE tunnel edge to the tunnel destination IP. This flow might collect the following alarms: Link Down, Port Down, Interface Status Down, and more.

Other alarms might correlate to it using the TunnelGre key.

#### **Impact Analysis**

No impact analysis is performed for this alarm.

#### Source OID

See Topological Link OID (ITopologicalLinkOid) (each endpoint is Layer 2 GRE Tunnel OID (ITunnelGreOid).

### **HSRP Group Status Changed**

Hot Standby Router Protocol (HSRP) is used in IP networks and allows one router to automatically assume the function of the second router if the second router fails. The current support relates to the instance where only one backup router is configured in the HSRP group, though it is possible to configure more than one.

Table 41-38 HSRP Group Status Changed—Subtype Events

Subtype Event Name	Description
Primary HSRP Interface Is Not Active	Issued when the primary interface within an HSRP group has changed its state to down. This means that one of the other interfaces in the group becomes the active interface in the group.
	This alarm tries to correlate to other alarms using the network correlation mechanism that runs a forward IP flow from the local global routing entity to the HSRP group backup interface IP.
	Alarms can correlate to this alarm using the local IPInterface key.
Primary HSRP Interface Is Active	Clearing event for the Primary HSRP Interface Is Not Active alarm. Issued when the primary interface within a HSRP group has changed its state back to up after it was down. This means that if one of the other interfaces in the group was currently active it becomes secondary. This alarm is the clearing alarm for the Primary HSRP Interface Is Not Active alarm.

Subtype Event Name	Description
Secondary HSRP Interface Is Active	Issued when a secondary interface within an HSRP group has changed its state to up. This happens when the original active interface changes its state to down and the backup interface takes over.
	This alarm tries to correlate to other alarms using the network correlation mechanism that runs a forward IP flow from the local global routing entity to the HSRP group virtual IP.
	Alarms can correlate to this alarm using the local IPInterface key.
Secondary HSRP Interface Is Not Active	Clearing event for the Secondary HSRP Interface Is Active alarm. Issued when a secondary interface within a HSRP group has changed its state back to down after it was up. This means that the original active interface in that group has changed its state to up.

Table 41-38	HSRP Group Status Changed—Subtype Events (continued)
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For correlation to work, there must be a correlation path between the routers. Correlation details are described in the relevant subtype events in Table 41-38.

#### **Impact Analysis**

No impact analysis is performed for this alarm.

#### Source OID

See IP Interface OID (IPInterfaceOid) (IP interface of the active or secondary interface).

### **Interface Status**

VNEs are configured to trace the operational state of their IP interfaces. When the status of an IP interface changes, the VNE issues the relevant alarm. There are multiple subtype events for Interface Status Down, and the subtype that is issued depends on the scenario. Each has a different behavior; these are described in Table 41-39.

Subtype Event Name	Description
Interface Status Down GRE Tunnel (GRE tunnel)	Issued when the IP interface on a GRE tunnel changes its state to down.
	Correlation—This alarm issues a local correlation process and tries to correlate to the GRE Tunnel Down alarm. If the GRE tunnel down does not exist (for example, in the case where no GRE link exists), the alarm is issued as the root cause. When the GRE tunnel is issued from the other edge of the tunnel, it uses the local alarm to correlate to it.
	Other alarms might correlate to it using the IPInterface key. This includes alarms such as Device Unreachable or any other alarms that perform network correlation and where the correlation flow traverses the IP interface.
Interface Status Down Connection (connection that is a point-to-point	Issued when a point-to-point IP interface changes its state to down. The identification of this type of interface is done using the following:
connection)	1. The subnet mask is /30 or /31.
	2. The IP interface is on one VC encapsulation.
	Correlation—The alarm correlates to other alarms using the network correlation mechanism that runs a forward down IP flow from the IP interface to other IP addresses in the IP interface's IP address subnet. This flow might collect the following alarms: Link Down, Port Down, and so on.
	Other alarms might correlate to it using the IPInterface or the physical port (PortLayer1) keys.
Interface Status Down Nonconnection	Issued when a point-to-point IP interface changes its state to down. The identification of this type of interface is done using the following:
(nonconnection that is a multipoint connection)	1. The number of encapsulations under the IP interface/MPLS is greater than one.
connection	2. Any other case not covered in the previously-described scenarios.
	Correlation—The alarm correlates to other alarms using the network correlation mechanism that runs a forward down flow from the IP interface to the physical port (PortLayer1) under this interface.
Interface Status Up	Clearing event. Issued when an IP interface changes its operational state from down to up.

#### Table 41-39 Interface Status – Subtype Events

#### Correlation

Correlation details are described in the relevant subtype events in Table 41-39.

#### Impact Analysis

No impact analysis is performed for this alarm.

#### Source OID

See IP Interface OID (IPInterfaceOid).

# **Investigation State**

Situations might occur where one or more physical components (specifically modules) are not identified by the physical investigation component in a VNE. This is not an unusual scenario because many devices have large sets of supported modules, and not all of the modules may be supported by the VNE. The Investigation State alarm is issued in this scenario.

Table 41-40 Investigation State – Subtype Events

Subtype Event Name	Description
Investigation State	Issued when one or more modules are not identified by the physical investigation component of the VNE.
	There is no clearing event.

#### Correlation

Due to the nature of the Investigation State alarm, the event does not try to correlate to another event, and creates a new ticket in the gateway where the event is the root cause alarm of the ticket.

No other alarms can correlate to this alarm.

#### **Impact Analysis**

No impact analysis is performed for this alarm.

Source OID

See Managed Element OID (IManagedElementOid).

# L2TP Peer Not Established

This alarm is specific to the Redback Networks implementation of Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol (L2TP), and is based on the state of an L2TP peer that is basically a logical entity from which L2TP tunnels are created. The L2TP peer is also used as a container for these L2TP tunnels. The alarm is issued when the L2TP peer has an incorrect tunnel configuration and the tunnels between the L2TP access concentrator (LAC) and the L2TP network server (LNS) cannot be created.

Table 41-41 L2TP Peer Not Established—Subtype Events

Subtype Event Name	Description
L2TP Peer Not Established	Issued when the L2TP peer has an incorrect configuration, and L2TP tunnels cannot be created between the LAC and the LNS. This is identified by querying the state of the L2TP peer tunnels that do not change to Established.
L2TP Peer Is Removed	Issued when the L2TP peer is removed from the L2TP peer list, or when the first tunnel in the peer changes its state from Established to another state.
L2TP Peer Established	Clearing event. Issued when at least one tunnel of the L2TP peer is in an Established state.

Correlation	
	The alarm correlates to other alarms using the network correlation mechanism that runs a forward down flow from the L2TP peer to the remote IP.
	Other alarms can correlate to this alarm using the local L2TPpeer key.
Impact Analysis	
	No impact analysis is performed for this alarm.
Source OID	
	See L2TP Peer OID (IL2tpPeerOid).

# **L2TP Sessions Threshold**

This alarm is specific to the Redback Networks implementation of L2TP and is implemented as a TCA of the number of sessions in a L2TP peer. The alarm is issued when the number of L2TP sessions related to the L2TP peer crosses a configurable threshold.

#### Table 41-42 L2TP Sessions Threshold—Subtype Events

Subtype Event Name	Description
L2TP Sessions Count Exceeds Maximum Threshold	Issued when the number of active sessions associated with the L2TP peer crosses a configurable threshold (the default is 80%). The calculation is done as follows:
	active-sessions/(max-session-per-tunnel * max-tunnels-per-peer) * 100.
L2TP Sessions Count Has Returned to Normal	Clearing event. Issued when the number of active sessions associated with the L2TP peer drops below the lower threshold (the default is 70%).

# Correlation

Due to the nature of the L2TP Sessions Count Exceeds Maximum Threshold alarm, the event does not try to correlate to another event, and creates a new ticket in the gateway where the event is the root cause alarm of the ticket.

No other alarms can correlate to this alarm.

### **Impact Analysis**

No impact analysis is performed for this alarm.

# Source OID

#### See L2TP Peer OID (IL2tpPeerOid).

# <u>Note</u>

This alarm is implemented as TCA, which means that no information about this alarm is found in the standard event-related registry.

# Lag Down

The Lag Down alarm is generated when the status of the Link Aggregation changes.

Table 41-43Lag Down—Subtype Events

Subtype Event Name	Description
Lag Admin Down	Issued when the status changes due to administrative status change.
Lag Oper Down	Issued when the status changes due to oper status change.
Lag Up	Clearing Event. Issued when the status is up again.

# Correlation

Lag Down alarm does not correlate to any alarm. No other alarms can correlate to this alarm.

### **Impact Analysis**

No impact analysis is performed for this alarm.

# Source OID

See Lag Down OID.

# Lag Link Down

The Lag Link Down alarm is generated when the status of the Lag Link changes in the logical inventory.

 Table 41-44
 Lag Link Down—Subtype Events

Subtype Event Name	Description
Lag Link Admin Down	Generated when lag link is administratively down.
Lag Link Oper Down	Generated when lag link is operatively down.
Lag Link Up	Clearing Event. Issued when the status is up again.

## Correlation

Lag Link Down alarm does not correlate to any alarm. No other alarms can correlate to this alarm.

## **Impact Analysis**

No impact analysis is performed for this alarm.

# Source OID

See Lag Link Down OID.

# Layer 2 Tunnel Down

A Layer 2 tunnel represents a point-to-point pseudowire in the network, also known as an AToM. This alarm is issued when the operational state of a Layer 2 tunnel changes.

 Table 41-45
 Layer 2 Tunnel Down—Subtype Events

Subtype Event Name	Description
Layer 2 Tunnel Down	Issued when the operational state of the Layer 2 tunnel changes its state to down. This can happen due to a problem between the two edges of the tunnel or on the local tunnel interface.
	When the state changes on both edges, a simple negotiation procedure is done to avoid sending the alarm from both edges of the Layer 2 tunnel.
Layer 2 Tunnel Up	Clearing event. Issued when the Layer 2 tunnel changes its state back to up.

#### Correlation

Because this alarm can be caused by multiple conditions, it issues multiple network correlation flows, which run as follows:

• A network flow from the Layer 2 tunnel to the remote IP to identify problems that occur between the tunnel edges.

This flow might collect the following alarms: Link Down, Port Down, MPLS alarms, and so on.

• A network flow from the local Layer 2 tunnel edge to the physical port on which it is configured, to identify problems that occur on the local physical interface.

This flow might collect the following alarms: Link Down, Port Down, and so on.

• A network flow from the remote Layer 2 tunnel edge to the physical port on which it is configured, to identify problems that occur on the remote physical interface.

This flow might collect the following alarms: Link Down, Port Down, and so on.

Any alarm can correlate to this alarm using the PTP Layer2 MPLS Tunnel (which represents the Layer 2 tunnel edge) key.

Note

The Layer 2 Tunnel Down alarm does not filter out the LDP Neighbor Down alarm in the correlation process.

### **Impact Analysis**

No impact analysis is performed for this alarm.

# Source OID

See Topological Link OID (ITopologicalLinkOid) (each endpoint is Layer 2 MPLS Tunnel OID (IPTPMplsLayer2TunnelOid).

# LDP Neighbor Loss

LDP enables neighboring P or PE routers acting as LSRs to discover peers in an MPLS network to which they can establish LDP sessions. The sessions allow the routers to negotiate and exchange labels used for forwarding packets.

If a session to an LDP neighbor goes down, an LDP Neighbor Down alarm is issued. This can happen as the result of a failure in the TCP connection used by the LDP session, or if the interface is no longer running MPLS. The LDP neighbor down alarm is cleared by a corresponding LDP Neighbor Up alarm.

The alarm is issued when a peer is removed from the table in the LDP Neighbors tab. The alarm runs a correlation flow to detect the network core triggering event. A root cause analysis is performed to find the root cause. The alarm initiates an IP-based flow toward the peer transport address destination. If an alarm is found during the flow, that alarm is correlated to the LDP Neighbor Down alarm.



The LDP Neighbor Down alarm can correlate to the MPLS Interface Removed alarm.

VNEs are configured to trace the state of the current LDP neighbor of their devices. The VNE issues the relevant alarm when it identifies that an existing LDP neighbor has been removed, or that an LDP neighbor that was removed has been restored.

The identification of this alarm is expedited by notifications such as syslogs or traps.

Table 41-46	LDP Neighbor Loss—Subtype Events
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Subtype Event Name	Description
LDP Neighbor Down	Issued when an LDP neighbor of the device that was previously discovered is removed.
LDP Neighbor Up	Clearing event. Issued when the LDP neighbor that was previously removed is restored and is currently active.

### Correlation

This alarm issues a network correlation flow that runs a forward down flow from the global routing entity to the LDP peer IP address.

This flow might collect the following alarms: MPLS Interface Removed, Link Down, Port Down, and so on.

Any alarm can correlate to this alarm using the LDPPeer or LDPpeerDiscoverySources keys.



The LDP Neighbor Down alarm does not filter out the MPLS Interface Removed alarm in the correlation process.

#### **Impact Analysis**

No impact analysis is performed for this alarm.

### Source OID

See LSE OID (ILseOid) (Label Switching Entity with the differentiator object of the LDP peer).

# Link Down

This is one of the basic service alarms supported in the system. When a port has an adjacent peer (that is, it is connected to another port and has a discovered link), and its operational state changes from up to down or from down to up, the alarm is issued. When the port is not adjacent, a Port Down alarm is issued instead of a Link Down alarm. See Port Down.

The negotiation process between the two link edges occurs when the port's operational state changes to down to identify the exact event that should be issued.

Subtype Event Name	Description
Link Down Due to Admin Down	Issued when the admin state of at least one of the link ports changes to down.
	Correlation—Due to the nature of this alarm, the event does not try to correlate to another event, and creates a new ticket in the gateway that is the root cause alarm of the ticket.
Link Down Due to Oper Down	Issued when the admin state is up on both ports and none of the scenarios described below occur.
	Correlation—This alarm issues a local correlation process and tries to correlate to other alarms using the physical port (PortLayer1) key.
Link Down Due to Card Event	Issued when at least one of the ports is on a card that was removed from the device, or is currently in an operational down state.
	Correlation—This alarm issues a local correlation process and tries to correlate to other alarms (specifically Card Out or Card Down) using the Module key.
Link Down on Unreachable	Issued when at least one of the ports is on a device that is currently unreachable by its VNE.
	Correlation—This alarm issues a local correlation process in order to correlate to the Device Unreachable alarm (using the ManagedElement key).
Link Up	Clearing event. Issued when the port operational state changes back to up.

Table 41-47Link Down-Subtype Events

Link Down supports flapping with the following subevents:

- Link Down Flapping
- Link Down Flapping Update
- Link Down Stopped Flapping Cleared
- Link Down Stopped Flapping Noncleared



In Cisco ANA EventVision, these flapping subevent names are displayed in the event's short description field.

## Correlation

Other alarms can try to correlate to any link down alarm using the physical port (PortLayer1) key.

#### **Impact Analysis**

No impact analysis is performed for this alarm.

## Source OID

See Topological Link OID (ITopologicalLinkOid) where each endpoint is Physical Layer OID (IPhysicalLayerOid).

# **Link Utilization**

VNEs are configured to trace the Rx and Tx counters on their device ports, where a port has an adjacent peer (that is, it is connected to another port), and it already issued a Rx Overutilized or Tx Overutilized alarm. (For more information on these alarms, see Rx Utilization and Tx Utilization.) This alarm has complementary functionality so that all the utilization alarms from both ports of the link correlate to it, instead of issuing multiple root cause alarms.

Table 41-48 Link Utilization – Subtype Events

Subtype Event Name	Description
Link Overutilized	Issued after Tx Overutilized or Rx Overutilized alarms are issued on a physical port, if the port has an adjacent peer to enable correlation of all port level utilizations alarms from the ports on both sides of the link to one link utilization alarm.
Link Utilization Normal	Clearing event. Issued if both sides of the link send clearing alarms on the Tx utilization and Rx utilization alarms.

#### Correlation

Due to the nature of this alarm, the event does not try to correlate to another event, and creates a new ticket in the gateway where the event is the root cause alarm of the ticket.

Other alarms can correlate to this alarm using the physical port (PortLayer1) key.

#### **Impact Analysis**

No impact analysis is performed for this alarm.

#### Source OID

See Topological Link OID (ITopologicalLinkOid) where each endpoint is Physical Layer OID (IPhysicalLayerOid).

# Local Switching Down

The Local Switching Entry Down Alarm is issued when the status of the local switching entry changes.

Subtype Event Name		Description	
Local Switching Entry Down		Generated when the status changes to down.	
Local Switching Ent	try Up	Clearing event for the Local Switching Entry down alarm.	
Correlation			
	Local Switchi	ing Entry Down alarm uses flow based correlation.	
	three layers of	E with flow based correlation mechanisim uses an active correlation flow that traverses among ers of the network (Layer 1,Layer 2, and Layer 3) and tries to correlate along a specified network n alarm. Based on the alarm that could occur in any one of the layers, it will try to find the root arm.	
Impact Analysis			
	No impact an	alysis is performed for this alarm.	
Source OID			
	See Local Sw	itching Entry Down OID.	

#### Table 41-49 Logical Port Down—Subtype Events

# **Logical Port Down**

Logical ports are logical interfaces that are defined on physical ports. Logical ports are used to logically separate the traffic of the physical port, and to control the separated traffic in a different manner. Logical ports are currently implemented in Cisco ANA for specific VNE types (for example, Lucent WAN Switches) and specific technologies (such as ATM and Frame Relay). Each logical port has an independent administrative and operational state. When the operational state of a logical port changes, the VNE issues an alarm.

 Table 41-50
 Logical Port Down – Subtype Events

Subtype Event Name	Description
Logical Port Down	Issued when the operational state of a logical port changes to down.
Logical Port Up	Clearing event. Issued when the operational state of a logical port changes back to up.

### Correlation

This alarm issues a local correlation process and tries to correlate to alarms on the physical port using the physical port (PortLayer1) key. Possible alarms that this alarm can correlate to are Link Down, Port Down, or any alarm on the physical port.

Other alarms might correlate to it using the logical port key, including alarms that perform network correlation, and the correlation flow traverses the logical port.



The Logical Port Down alarm does not filter out the BGP Process Down alarm in the correlation process.

### **Impact Analysis**

No impact analysis is performed for this alarm.

Source OID

See Logical Port OID (ILogicalPortOid).

# **Members Changed**

Members Changed alarm is generated if there is a status change for any member of the aggregation entity such as Ethernet LAG, MLPPP or IMA Group. For example, if an Ethernet LAG group has 4 Ethernet links (members) configured as part of the group and if one link goes down, a low priority Members Changed is generated indicating that 1 out of 4 links (25% of links) are down. If three or all links go down (75% of links or all links), a high priority service alarm is generated. Based on the configuration of thresholds in the registry the aggregation service alarm is a low priority, medium priority or high priority service alarm.

Table 41-51	Members Chang	jed
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Subtype Event Name	Description
High Priority Member Down	Issued when the percentage of active links is greater than zero and less than or equal to the high priority threshold defined in the registry.
Medium Priority Member Down	Issued when the percentage of active links is less than or equal to the medium priority threshold and greater than the high priority threshold defined in the registry.
Low Priority Member Down	Issued when the percentage of active links is less than or equal to the low priority threshold and greater than the medium priority threshold defined in the registry.
All Members Operationally Up	Issued when all the member links are up.

#### Correlation

Members Changed service alarm does not try to correlate with any other alarm. No other alarms can correlate to this alarm.

#### **Impact Analysis**

No impact analysis is performed for this alarm.

# Source OID

Members Changed Alarms will have any one of the following OIDs based on the members that have changed.

- IMA Service (IIMAGroupOid)
- MLPPP OID (IMLPPPOid)
- Lag Down OID
- Members Changed OID (IDataLinkAggregationOid)

If the status of the IMA group members is changed, Source OID will be IIMAGroupOid.

If the status of the MLPPP members is changed, it will be IMLPPPOid.

If the status of the EthernetChannel or LAG members is changed, Source OID will be IDataLinkAggregationOid.

# **Memory Utilization**

VNEs are configured to trace their device memory utilization. A memory utilization alarm is issued when the device memory utilization crosses a configured threshold. The thresholds, as defined in the registry under ManagedElement, are:

- Upper threshold—80%
- Lower threshold—40%

Table 41-52 Memory Utilization—Subtype Events

Subtype Event Name	Description
Memory Overutilized	Issued when the device memory usage is above the configured upper threshold.
Memory OK	Clearing event. Issued when the device memory usage is back below the lower threshold.

### Correlation

Due to the nature of the Memory Utilization alarm, the event does not try to correlate to another event, and creates a new ticket in the gateway where the event is the root cause alarm of the ticket.

No other alarms can correlate to this alarm.

#### **Impact Analysis**

No impact analysis is performed for this alarm.

# Source OID

See Managed Element OID (IManagedElementOid).

# **MLPPP Bundle**

MLPPP Bundle does not generate a Service alarm for each endpoint; it generate the alarm for links. If a link is not available, the service alarm is generated for individual endpoints. MLPPP Bundle can be a root cause. However, it cannot be correlated to other service alarms; that is, another event cannot be the root cause of MLPPP Down. MLPPP Bundle is ticketable.

Subtype Event Name	Description
MLPPP Down Due To Flapping	Generated when MLPPP is down due to flapping.
MLPPP Down Flapping Update	Generated when MLPPP flapping update occurs.
MLPPP Down Flapping Proxy	Generated when MLPPP is down due to flapping proxy.
MLPPP Down Due To Admin Down	Generated when MLPPP is administratively shut down on either side.

Table 41-53 MLPPP Bundle Service Alarm

Subtype Event Name	Description
MLPPP Down Due To Oper Down	Generated when MLPPP is down but neither endpoint is operatively shut down.
MLPPP Up	Generated when either side changes to up.

#### Table 41-53 MLPPP Bundle Service Alarm

#### Correlation

MLPPP Down cannot be correlated to other events. However, other events can correlate to MLPPP Down.

#### **Impact Analysis**

No impact analysis is performed for this alarm.

## Source OID

See MLPPP OID (IMLPPPOid) or Topological Link OID (ITopologicalLinkOid), where each endpoint is a MLPPP OID (IMLPPPOid).

# **MPLS Black Hole Found**

An MPLS black hole is an abnormal termination of an MPLS path (an LSP) inside an MPLS network. An MPLS black hole exists when there are untagged entries destined for a known PE router on a specific interface. Note that the untagged interfaces might exist in the network in normal situations. For example, where the boundary of the MPLS cloud has untagged interfaces, this is still considered normal.

MPLS black hole cause the loss of all the MPLS labels on a packet, including the VPN information that lies in the inner MPLS label. Therefore, if a packet goes through an untagged interface, the VPN information is lost. The VPN information loss translates directly to VPN sites losing connectivity.

Black hole alarms are detected in either of the following situations:

- When the system is loaded for the first time and performs the initial discovery of the network.
- Changes in the network are identified through the ongoing discovery process.

 Table 41-54
 MPLS Black Hole Found – Subtype Events

Subtype Event Name	Description
MPLS Black Hole Found	Issued when an MPLS interface has at least one untagged LSP leading to a known PE router; in other words, an LSE entry changed to an Untagged action with a PE as a next hop. After an MPLS Black Hole Found alarm is issued, a process begins looking for broken LSPs that go through the MPLS black hole. See Broken LSP Discovered.
MPLS Black Hole Cleared	Clearing event. Issued when the MPLS interface that had untagged LSPs to a known PE router has no more untagged entries to any known PE neighbor.

# Correlation

The MPLS Black Hole Found alarm can correlate to MPLS Interface Removed and LDP Neighbor Loss alarms. Broken LSP Discovered alarms can correlate to MPLS Black Hole Found alarms.

Note	The MPLS Black Hole Found alarm does not filter out the MPLS Interface Removed and LDP Neighbor Down alarms in the correlation process.
Impact Analysis	
	No impact analysis is performed for this alarm.
Source OID	
	See LSE OID (ILseOid) (appended with a differentiator of the next hop interface name).

# **MPLS Interface Removed**

The MPLS interface is basically a representation of the MPLS sublayer in an interface configuration. The interface can be configured with or without MPLS capabilities. If this type of configuration change takes place while the VNE is loaded, it issues MPLS interface removed or added alarms.

Table 41-55	MPLS Interface Removed—Subtype Events
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Subtype Event Name	Description
MPLS Interface Removed	Issued when an MPLS interface has at least one untagged LSP leading to a known PE router (that is, an LSE entry changed to an Untagged action with a PE as a next hop). After an MPLS Black Hole Found alarm is issued, a process that looks for broken LSPs that go through this MPLS black hole is started. See Broken LSP Discovered.
MPLS Interface Added	Clearing event. Issued when the MPLS capabilities of an interface are enabled after they were disabled.

### Correlation

The alarm correlates to other alarms using the network correlation mechanism which runs a forward flow to the underlying physical port. This flow might collect the Card Out and Card Down alarms, because the only other cases in which it happens are due to other faults that are hardware related.

Other alarms might correlate to it using the MPLS key, including MPLS black hole alarms, MPLS TE Tunnel Down alarm, and so on.

#### **Impact Analysis**

No impact analysis is performed for this alarm.

# Source OID

See LSE OID (ILseOid) (Label Switching Entity with differentiator object of the MPLS interface description).

# **MPLS TE FRR State Changed**

The MPLS TE FRR State Changed service alarm is triggered when the backup MPLS TE FRR tunnel changes from Ready to Active, and from Active to Ready.

Table 41-56MPLS TE FRR State Changed

Subtype Event Name	Description
MPLS TE FRR State Changed to Active	Generated when the status of the protecting MPLS TE FRR tunnel changes from Ready to Active because of a network failure in the primary tunnel segment.
MPLS TE FRR State Changed to Ready	Generated when the status of the protecting MPLS TE FRR tunnel changes back to Ready.

# Correlation

Correlation is performed.

#### **Impact Analysis**

No impact analysis is performed for this alarm.

### Source OID

See MPLS TE Tunnel OID (IMplsTETunnelOid).

# **MPLS TE Tunnel Down**

MPLS TE tunnel alarms include:

- MPLS TE Tunnel Down
- MPLS TE Tunnel Flapping
- Tunnel Reoptimized

If a TE tunnel operational status changes to down, an MPLS TE Tunnel Down alarm is generated. The Cisco ANA correlation engine identifies the faults that affect the TE tunnel status and identifies the root cause for the MPLS TE Tunnel Down alarm. For example, a Link Down will cause a TE tunnel to go down. Multiple up and down alarms that are generated during a short time interval are suppressed and displayed as an MPLS TE Tunnel Flapping alarm (according to the specific flapping configuration).

MPLS TE Tunnel Down and MPLS TE Tunnel Flapping alarms are actively detected and service alarms are generated. The system also supports MPLS TE Tunnel Down syslogs, which are correlated to the service alarm.

For Cisco CRS-1 routers running Cisco IOS XR 3.6 software and using PBTS in MPLS or MPLS VPN networks, Cisco ANA supports the following subalarms for the MPLE TE Tunnel Down alarm:

- High Priority MPLS TE Tunnel Down
- Medium Priority MPLS TE Tunnel Down
- Low Priority MPLS TE Tunnel Down

The specific subalarm that is generated depends on the EXP bit specified for the traffic. Cisco ANA maps the specified EXP bit to tunnel priority and uses that mapping to generate the resultant subalarm. The alarm description includes information about the EXP bit.

VNEs are configured to trace the operational state of their MPLS TE tunnel interfaces. When the state of the tunnel changes, the VNE issues the relevant alarm.

Table 41-57 MPLS TE Tunnel Down—Subtype Events

Subtype Event Name	Description
MPLS TE Tunnel Rerouted	Issued when the tunnel changes it state to down.
	MPLS TE Tunnel Down alarm supports flapping with the following subevents:
	MPLS TE Tunnel Flapping
	• MPLS TE Tunnel Update
	• MPLS TE Tunnel Stopped Flapping Cleared
	• MPLS TE Tunnel Stopped Flapping Noncleared
	<b>Note</b> In Cisco ANA EventVision, these flapping subevent names are displayed in the event's short description field.
High Priority MPLS TE Tunnel Down	This alarm is issued if the EXP bit is set to denote high priority. Cisco ANA maps the bit to a high priority alarm.
Medium Priority MPLS TE Tunnel Down	This alarm is issued if the EXP bit is set to denote medium priority. Cisco ANA maps the bit to a medium priority alarm.
Low Priority MPLS TE Tunnel Down	This alarm is issued if the EXP bit is set to denote low priority. Cisco ANA maps the bit to low priority alarm.
MPLS TE Tunnel Rerouted	This alarm is issued when the MPLS TE Tunnel is Rerouted.
MPLS TE Tunnel Reoptimized	Tunnel reoptimization occurs when a tunnel is up and its route changes but the tunnel continues to remain up. When a TE tunnel is reoptimized to take a different path, the system parses the tunnel reoptimized syslog, if such a syslog is available, and displays it as a ticket.
	The Tunnel Reoptimized alarm is generated from a syslog message sent by the router.
MPLS TE Tunnel Up	Clearing event. Issued when an MPLS TE tunnel changes its operational state from down to up.

#### Correlation

For all the down alarms, any other alarm can try to correlate to this alarm using the MPLS TE tunnel OID (IMplsTETunnelOid) key. The alarm correlates to other alarms using the network correlation mechanism that runs a forward down IP flow from the MPLS TE tunnel to its tunnel destination IP address. This flow might collect the following alarms: Link Down, Port Down, and so on.

The MPLS TE Tunnel Down alarm does not filter out the BGP Process Down alarm in the correlation process.

#### **Impact Analysis**

No impact analysis is performed for this alarm.

Source OID

See MPLS TE Tunnel OID (IMplsTETunnelOid).

# **OSPF Neighbor State Change**

An OSPF Neighbor Down alarm is triggered when the status of an OSPF changes. When the status of an OSPF is changed, an alarm will be issued by each neighbor as a separate event. These alarms will remain displayed until the parent ticket is cleared, that is until the status of the OSPF neighbor changes to its previous state.

An OSPF Neighbor Up alarm is a clearing event for the OSPF Neighbor Down alarm. It is triggered when the alarm state changes from down to up..

Table 41-58 OSPF Neighbor State Changed

Subtype Event Name	Description
OSPF Neighbor Up	Issued by the neighboring VNEs after the OSPF device status has changed to up.
OSPF Neighbor Down	Issued by the neighboring VNEs after the OSPF device status has changed to down.

# Correlation

The root cause for an OSPF Neighbor Down can be correlated by the correlation flow towards the neighbor's interface IP address. OSPF neighbor down key is the OID of the neighbor, and is used for correlating OSPF Neighbor Down syslogs and traps to OSPF Neighbor Down alarm.

### **Impact Analysis**

No impact analysis is performed for this alarm.

# Source OID

See OSPF Neighbor State Change OID

# **Port Down**

When a physical port does not have an adjacent peer (that is, it is connected to another port) and its operational state changes from up to down, or from down to up, port down alarms are issued. When the port does have an adjacent peer, instead of a Port Down alarm, a similar Link Down alarm is issued.

Port Down supports flapping with the following subevents:

- Port Down Flapping
- Port Down Flapping Update
- Port Down Stopped Flapping Cleared
- Port Down Stopped Flapping Noncleared.

See Link Down.

### Table 41-59Port Down-Subtype Events

Subtype Event Name	Description
Port Down Due to Admin	Issued when the admin state of a physical port changes to down.
Port Down Due to Oper	Issued when the operational state of a physical port changes to down.
Port Down Due to Card Event	Issued when the port is on a card that was removed from the device or is currently in an operational down state.
	Correlation—This alarm issues a local correlation process and tries to correlate to other alarms (specifically Card Out or Card Down) using the Module key.
Port Up	Clearing event. Issued when the operational state of a logical port changes back to up.

### Correlation

For all the down alarms, any other alarm can try to correlate to this alarm using the physical port (PortLayer1) key.

#### **Impact Analysis**

No impact analysis is performed for this alarm.

## Source OID

See Physical Layer OID (IPhysicalLayerOid).

# **Rx Dormant**

VNEs are configured to trace the Rx packet counters on their device ports. An alarm is issued when the Rx counter on a port drops below the configured threshold.



This alarm is disabled by default.

#### Table 41-60Rx Dormant – Subtype Events

Subtype Event Name	Description
Rx Dormant	Issued when the number of Rx packets on a device port is lower than the configured threshold.
Rx Dormant Normal	Clearing event. Issued when the number of Rx packets on a device port returns to a number lower than the configured threshold.

### Correlation

The port Rx Dormant alarm does not start a correlation process and is always issued as a root cause alarm.

### **Impact Analysis**

No impact analysis is performed for this alarm.

#### Source OID

See Physical Layer OID (IPhysicalLayerOid).

# **Rx Utilization**

VNEs are configured to trace the Rx packet counters on their device ports. An alarm is issued when a the Rx counter for a port crosses the configured thresholds. The thresholds, as defined in the registry under PortLayer1, are:

- Upper threshold—75%
- Lower threshold—50%

When a port has an adjacent peer (that is, it is connected to another port) a Link Utilization alarm is also issued. For more information on these alarms, see Link Utilization.

### Table 41-61 Rx Utilization—Subtype Events

Subtype Event Name	Description
Rx Overutilized	Issued when the number of Rx packets on a device port is higher than the configured threshold.
Rx Utilization Normal	Clearing event. Issued when the number of Rx packets on a device port returns to a number lower than the configured threshold.

## Correlation

The Rx utilization alarms do not start a correlation process. No other alarms can correlate to this alarm, because there are no supported alarms that can be affected by the Rx utilization alarm.

#### Impact Analysis

By default, impact analysis is not supported for this alarm, but can be enabled. If it is enabled, a flow starts to collect all the affected services passing this port. The endpoint of such services can be any termination point, such as an IP interface, VC, port, VRF, and so on.

### Source OID

See Physical Layer OID (IPhysicalLayerOid).

# **Shelf Out**

The Shelf Out alarm represents a state in which the shelf is removed from the device. The Shelf Out alarm is also issued when the device stops reporting on the existence of a shelf due to another failure, even if the shelf is actually still in the device. It is assumed that any functionality that was implemented by the shelf is not working anymore if the shelf had no redundancy configuration.

 Table 41-62
 Shelf Out – Subtype Events

Subtype Event Name	Description
Shelf Out	Issued when a shelf is removed from the device. It is possible that some shelf failures are identified as Shelf Out, because the device does not report on the shelf's existence after the failure.
Shelf In	Clearing event. Issued when the shelf is inserted back into the device.

#### Correlation

Due to the nature of the Shelf Out alarm, it does not start a correlation process and is always issued as a root cause alarm.

Other alarms might correlate to it using the Shelf key, such as the Card Out alarm.

#### **Impact Analysis**

No impact analysis is performed for this alarm.

### Source OID

See Shelf OID (IShelfOid).

# **SONET Path Link Down**

The SONET Path Link Down Alarm is issued when the status of the SONET path link changes.

Table 41-63 SONET Path Link Down—Subtype Events

Subtype Event Name	Description
SONET Path Link Down Due to Admin Down	Issued when the administrative status changes.
SONET Path Link Down Due to Oper Down	Issued when the oper status changes.
SONET Path Link Down Due to Card	Issued when the path link is down due to card.
SONET Path Link Down on Unreachable	Issued when the path link is down due to unreachable status.
SONET Path Link Up	Clearing event. Issue when the path link down status changes from down to
	up.

# Correlation

This alarm correlates to port down and link down alarms.

### **Impact Analysis**

No impact analysis is performed for this alarm.

Source OID

See SONET Path Link Down OID.

# **SONET Path Port Down**

The SONET Path Port Down is issued when the status of the SONET path port changes.

 Table 41-64
 SONET Path Link Down—Subtype Events

Subtype Event Name	Description
SONET Path Port Down Due to Admin Down	Issued when the administrative status changes.
SONET Path Port Down Due to Oper Down	Issued when the oper status changes.
SONET Path Port Down Due to Card	Issued when the path port is down due to card.
SONET Path Port Up	Clearing event. Issued when the path port down status changes from down to up.

## Correlation

This alarm correlates to port down and link down alarms.

#### **Impact Analysis**

No impact analysis is performed for this alarm.

### Source OID

See SONET Path Port Down OID.

# **Subinterface Down**

QinQ technology refers to the nesting of a VLAN header in an Ethernet frame in an already existing VLAN header. Both VLAN headers must be of the type 802.1Q. When one VLAN header is nested within another VLAN header, they are often referred to as *stacked VLANs*. QinQ technology allows service provider networks to carry traffic with double-tagged, stacked VLAN (802.1Q-in-Q) headers of multiple customers while maintaining the VLAN and Layer 2 protocol configurations of each customer without impacting the traffic of other customers.

A subinterface is a logical division of traffic on an interface, such as multiple subnets across one physical interface. A subinterface name is represented as an extension to an interface name using dot notation, such as Interface Gigabit Ethernet 0/1/2/3.10. In this example, the main interface name is Gigabit Ethernet 0/1/2/3 and the subinterface is 10.

A Subinterface Down alarm is issued when the administrative or operational state of an Ethernet subinterface of a stacked VLAN changes. This state can be polled at standard polling intervals or can be expedited following syslog handling.

Subtype Event Name	Description
Subinterface Down	Issued when the operational status of the subinterface changes from up to down.
Subinterface Admin Down	Issued when the administrative status of the subinterface changes from up to down.
Subinterface Up	Clearing event. Issued when the operational or administrative status of the subinterface changes from down to up.

#### Table 41-65 Subinterface Down—Subtype Events

## Correlation

The Subinterface Down event searches for the root cause through the correlation mechanism. The Subinterface Admin Down event does not search for the root cause through the correlation mechanism. Subinterface Down is the root cause for every relevant network event caused by the Subinterface Down event.

#### **Impact Analysis**

No impact analysis is performed for this alarm.

### Source OID

See VLAN Tagged Interface OID (IVlanTaggedInterfaceOID).

# **Tx Dormant**

VNEs are configured to trace the Tx packet counters on their device ports. An alarm is issued when an Rx counter on a port drops below the configured thresholds. The upper and lower thresholds are defined in the registry under PortLayer1.



This alarm is disabled by default.

Table 41-66	Tx Dormant—Subtype Events
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Subtype Event Name	Description
Tx Dormant	Issued when the number of Tx packets on a device port is lower than the configured threshold.
Tx Dormant Normal	Clearing event. Issued when the number of Tx packets on a device port returns to a number higher than the configured threshold.

# Correlation

The port Tx Dormant alarm does not start a correlation process and is always issued as a root cause alarm.

#### **Impact Analysis**

No impact analysis is performed for this alarm.

## Source OID

See Physical Layer OID (IPhysicalLayerOid).

# **Tx Utilization**

VNEs are configured to trace the Tx packets counters on their device ports. An alarm is issued when a Rx counter on a port crosses the configured thresholds. The thresholds, as defined in the registry under PortLayer1, are:

- Upper threshold—75%
- Lower threshold—50%

When a port has an adjacent peer (that is, it is connected to another port), a Link Utilization alarm is also issued. For more information on these alarms, see Link Utilization.

Table 41-67 Tx Utilization – Subtype Events

Subtype Event Name	Description
Tx Overutilized	Issued when the number of Tx packets on a device port is higher than the configured threshold.
Tx Utilization Normal	Clearing event. Issued when the number of Tx packets on a device port returns to a number lower than the configured threshold.

## Correlation

The port Tx Utilization alarm does not start a correlation process. No other alarm tries to correlate to this alarm, because there are no supported alarms that can be affected by the Tx Utilization on Port alarm.

#### **Impact Analysis**

By default, impact analysis is not supported for this alarm, but can be enabled. If impact analysis is enabled, a flow starts to collect all the affected services passing this port. The endpoint of such services can be any termination point, such as an IP interface, VC, port, VRF, and so on.

# Source OID

See Physical Layer OID (IPhysicalLayerOid).

# **VSI Down**

The VSI Down alarm represents a state in which a virtual switch instance (VSI) administrative or operational status changes from up to down. The alarm is cleared after the status value is set to up.

The polling of the status property can happen at every standard polling interval, but it can be expedited following the trap handling of one of the following:

• VLAN interface status change of a VLAN that is connected to a VSI.

• Pseudowire status change of a pseudowire configured on the VSI.

The severity of the service alarms is Major, except for VSI Admin Down alarm.

Table 41-68	VSI Down —Subtype Events
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Subtype Event Name	Description
VSI Down	VSI is in operational status down.
VSI Admin Down	VSI is in administrative status down.
VSI Up	VSI status is up.

### Correlation

The VSI Down alarm does not start a correlation process and is always issued as a root cause alarm.

### **Impact Analysis**

No impact analysis is performed for this alarm.

Source OID

See VSI OID (IVSIOID).

# **Registry Parameters**

The following registry parameters are included in this section:

- Adaptive Polling
- All IP Interfaces Down
- ATM IMA Down
- BGP Link Down
- BGP Neighbor Loss
- BGP Process Down
- BFD Connectivity Down
- BFD Neighbor Loss
- Broken LSP Discovered
- Card Down
- Card Out
- Carrier Grade NAT Translations Create Rate
- Carrier Grade NAT Translations Delete Rate
- Carrier Grade NAT Inside-to-Outside Forward Rate
- Carrier Grade NAT Outside-to-Inside Forward Rate
- Carrier Grade NAT Inside-to-Outside Drops Port Limit Exceeded
- Carrier Grade NAT Inside-to-Outside Drops System Limit Reached

- Carrier Grade NAT Inside-to-Outside Drops Resource Depletion
- CFM Domain Fault
- Cloud Problem
- Component Unreachable
- CPU Utilization
- Device Unsupported
- Discard Packets
- Dropped Packets
- DS0 Bundle
- DS1 Path Link Down
- DS1 Path Port Down
- DS3 Path Link Down
- DS3 Path Port Down
- Dual Stack IP Changed
- DWDM Controller
- DWDM G709 Status
- EFP Down
- GRE Keepalive
- GRE Tunnel Down
- HSRP Group Status Changed
- Interface Status
- Investigation State
- L2TP Peer Not Established
- L2TP Sessions Threshold
- Lag Down
- Lag Link Down
- Layer 2 Tunnel Down
- LDP Neighbor Loss
- Link Down
- Link Utilization
- Local Switching Down
- Logical Port Down
- Members Changed
- Memory Utilization
- MLPPP Bundle
- MPLS Black Hole Found
- MPLS Interface Removed
- MPLS TE FRR State Changed

- MPLS TE Tunnel Down
- OSPF Neighbor State Change
- Port Down
- Rx Dormant
- Rx Utilization
- Shelf Out
- SONET Path Link Down
- SONET Path Port Down
- Subinterface Down
- Tx Dormant
- Tx Utilization
- VSI Down

# **Adaptive Polling**

Service Alarm Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	Adaptive Polling
Subtype	high polling interval
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=true
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	weight=0
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=124
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=MAJOR
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=VNE switched to low polling rate due to CPU high usage

# Table 41-69 VNE Switched to Low Polling Rate Due to CPU High Usage

Service Alarm Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	Adaptive polling
Subtype	maintenance
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=true
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	weight=0
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=124
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=CRITICAL
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=VNE switched to maintenance mode due to CPU high usage

Table 41-70 VNE Switched to Maintenance Mode Due to CPU High Usage

Table 41-71 VNE Switched Back to Regular Polling Rate

Service Alarm Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	Adaptive polling
Subtype	regular polling interval
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	weight=0
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=124
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=CLEARED
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=false
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=VNE switched back to regular polling rate

# **All IP Interfaces Down**

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	all ip interfaces down
Subtype	active ip interfaces found
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	weight=0
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=837
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=CLEARED
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=false
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=Active ip interfaces found
Flapping information	clear-interval=240000
	flapping-interval=60000
	flapping-threshold=5
	update-interval=200000
	update-threshold=20

Table 41-72 Active IP Interfaces Found

### Table 41-73All IP Interfaces Down

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	all ip interfaces down
Subtype	all ip interfaces down
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=true
	is-correlation-allowed=true
	weight=750

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=837
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=MAJOR
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=All ip interfaces down
Flapping information	clear-interval=240000
	flapping-interval=60000
	flapping-threshold=5
	update-interval=200000
	update-threshold=20

#### Table 41-73 All IP Interfaces Down (continued)

# **ATM IMA Down**

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	ima down
Subtype	ima admin down
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=true
	weight=110000

IMA Admin Down Table 41-74

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=681
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	auto-removed-timeout=5000000
	duplication-counter=1
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	priority=0
	reduction-counter=1
	send-to-gw=true
	severity=CRITICAL
	short-description=ima administratively down

## Table 41-74 IMA Admin Down (continued)

### Table 41-75 IMA Oper Down

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	ima down
Subtype	ima oper down
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	weight=800
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=680
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	auto-removed-timeout=5000000
	duplication-counter=1
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	priority=0
	reduction-counter=1
	send-to-gw=true
	severity=MAJOR
	short-description=ima operationally down

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	ima down
Subtype	high priority ima down
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	weight=800
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=680
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	auto-removed-timeout=5000000
	duplication-counter=1
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	priority=0
	reduction-counter=1
	send-to-gw=true
	severity=CRITICAL
	short-description=high priority ima down

	Table 41-76	High Priority IMA Down
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# Table 41-77Medium Priority IMA Down

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	ima down
Subtype	medium priority ima down
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	weight=800

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=680
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	auto-removed-timeout=5000000
	duplication-counter=1
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	priority=0
	reduction-counter=1
	send-to-gw=true
	severity=MAJOR
	short-description=medium priority ima down

# Table 41-78 Low Priority IMA Down

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	ima down
Subtype	low priority ima down
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	weight=800
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=680
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	auto-removed-timeout=5000000
	duplication-counter=1
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	priority=0
	reduction-counter=1
	send-to-gw=true
	severity=MINOR
	short-description=low priority ima down

# **BFD Connectivity Down**

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	BFD connectivity down
Subtype	BFD connectivity down
Correlation information	activate-flow=true
	correlate=true
	is-correlation-allowed=true
	weight=840
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=1222
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=MAJOR
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=BFD connectivity down

#### Table 41-79 BFD Connectivity Down

Table 41-80 BFD Connectivity Up

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	BFD connectivity down
Subtype	BFD connectivity up
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	weight=0
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=1222
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=CLEARED
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=false
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=BFD connectivity up

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# **BFD Neighbor Loss**

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	BFD neighbor loss
Subtype	BFD neighbor loss
Correlation information	activate-flow=true
	correlate=true
	is-correlation-allowed=true
	weight=840
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=1234
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=MAJOR
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=BFD neighbor loss

#### Table 41-81BFD Neighbor Loss

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	BFD neighbor loss
Subtype	BFD neighbor found
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	weight=0
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=1234
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=CLEARED
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=false
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=BFD neighbor found

# **BGP Link Down**

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	BGP link down
Subtype	BGP link down due to admin
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=true
	weight=0
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=1221
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=MINOR
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=BGP link down due to admin

Table 41-83 BGP Link Down Due to Admin Down

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Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	BGP link down
Subtype	BGP link down due to oper
Correlation information	activate-flow=true
	correlate=true
	is-correlation-allowed=true
	weight=599
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=1221
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=MAJOR
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=BGP link down due to oper

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	BGP link down
Subtype	BGP link down vrf due to admin
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=true
	weight=0
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=1221
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=MINOR
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=BGP link down vrf due to admin

	Table 41-85	BGP Link Down	VRF Due to Admin
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Iable 41-00 DGF LIIIK DOWII VHF Due to Ope	Table 41-86	BGP Link Down VRF Due to Op
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Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	BGP link down
Subtype	BGP link down vrf due to oper
Correlation information	activate-flow=true
	correlate=true
	is-correlation-allowed=true
	weight=400
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=1221
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=MAJOR
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=BGP link down vrf due to oper

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	BGP link down
Subtype	BGP link up
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	weight=0
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=1221
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=CLEARED
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=false
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=BGP link up

#### Table 41-87 BGP Link Up

# **BGP Neighbor Loss**

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	BGP neighbor loss
Subtype	BGP neighbor found
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	weight=0
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=127
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=CLEARED
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=false
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=BGP neighbor found

Table 41-88BGP Neighbor Found

Event Setting	Registry Parameter	
Туре	BGP neighbor loss	
Subtype	BGP neighbor loss due to admin	
Correlation information	activate-flow=false	
	correlate=false	
	is-correlation-allowed=true	
	weight=0	
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=127	
	auto-cleared=false	
	auto-removed=true	
	functionality-type=SERVICE	
	severity=MINOR	
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000	
	is-ticketable=true	
	send-to-gw=true	
	short-description=BGP neighbor loss due to admin	

Table 41-89	BGP Neighbor Loss Due to Admin
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Table 41-90	BGP Neighbor Loss Due to Oper
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Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	BGP neighbor loss
Subtype	BGP neighbor loss due to oper
Correlation information	activate-flow=true
	correlate=true
	is-correlation-allowed=true
	weight=601
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=127
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=MAJOR
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=BGP neighbor loss due to oper

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	BGP neighbor loss
Subtype	bgp-neighbor-loss-vrf due to admin
Correlation information	activate-flow=flase
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=true
	weight=0
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=127
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=MINOR
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=BGP neighbor loss vrf due to admin

Table 41-91	BGP Neighbor Loss VRF Due to Admin

### Table 41-92 BGP Neighbor Loss VRF Due to Oper

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	BGP neighbor loss
Subtype	bgp-neighbor-loss-vrf
Correlation information	activate-flow=true
	correlate=true
	is-correlation-allowed=true
	weight=400
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=127
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=MAJOR
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=BGP neighbor loss vrf due to oper

## **BGP Process Down**

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	bgp-process-down
Subtype	bgp-process-down
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=true
	weight=850
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=1501
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=CRITICAL
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=BGP process down

Table 41-93 BGP Process Down

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	bgp-process-down
Subtype	bgp-process-up
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	weight=0
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=1501
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=CLEARED
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=false
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=BGP process up

## **Broken LSP Discovered**

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	Broken LSP discovered
Subtype	Broken LSP discovered
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=true
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	weight=0
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=129
	auto-cleared=true
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=MAJOR
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=Broken LSP discovered

#### Table 41-95 Broken LSP Discovered

## **Card Down**

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	card down
Subtype	card down
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=true
	weight=100000

### Table 41-96 Card Down

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Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=11
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=MAJOR
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=Card down

Table 41-96	Card Down	(continued)
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### Table 41-97 Card Up

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	card down
Subtype	card up
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	weight=0
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=11
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=CLEARED
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=false
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=Card up

## **Card Out**

#### Table 41-98 Card In

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	card out
Subtype	card in

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	weight=0
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=3
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=CLEARED
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=false
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=Card in

### Table 41-98Card In (continued)

### Table 41-99 Card Out

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	card out
Subtype	card out
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=true
	weight=100000
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=3
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=MAJOR
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=Card out

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	card out
Subtype	subcard out
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=true
	is-correlation-allowed=true
	weight=1000
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=3
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=MAJOR
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=Card out

#### Table 41-100 Subcard Out

## **Carrier Grade NAT Translations Create Rate**

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	cgn statistics translationsCreate
Subtype	cgn statistics translationsCreate higher threshold exceeded
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	weight=0

 Table 41-101
 Carrier Grade NAT Translations Create Rate Higher Threshold Exceeded

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=5001
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=MAJOR
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=cgn statistics translationsCreate higher threshold exceeded

Table 41-102 Carrier Grade NAT Translations Create Rate Lower Threshold Exceeded

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	cgn statistics translationsCreate
Subtype	cgn statistics translationsCreate lower threshold exceeded
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	weight=0
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=5001
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=MINOR
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=cgn statistics translationsCreate lower threshold exceeded

#### Table 41-103 Carrier Grade NAT Translations Create Rate Threshold Normal

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	cgn statistics translationsCreate
Subtype	cgn statistics translationsCreate threshold normal

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	weight=0
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=5001
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=CLEARED
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=false
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=cgn statistics translationsCreate threshold normal

Table 41-103 Carrier Grade NAT Translations Create Rate Threshold Normal (continued)

### **Carrier Grade NAT Translations Delete Rate**

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	cgn statistics translationsDelete
Subtype	cgn statistics translationsDelete higher threshold exceeded
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	weight=0
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=5002
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=MAJOR
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=cgn statistics translationsDelete higher threshold exceeded

 Table 41-104
 Carrier Grade NAT Translations Delete Rate Higher Threshold Exceeded

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	cgn statistics translationsDelete
Subtype	cgn statistics translationsDelete lower threshold exceeded
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	weight=0
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=5002
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=MINOR
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=cgn statistics translationsDelete lower threshold exceeded

Table 41-105 Carrier Grade NAT Translations Delete Rate Lower Threshold Exceeded

Table 41-106 Carrier Grade NAT Translations Delete Rate Threshold Normal

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	cgn statistics translationsDelete
Subtype	cgn statistics translationsDelete threshold normal
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	weight=0
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=5002
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=CLEARED
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=false
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=cgn statistics translationsDelete threshold normal

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## **Carrier Grade NAT Inside-to-Outside Forward Rate**

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	cgn statistics fwdIn2Out
Subtype	cgn statistics fwdIn2Out higher threshold exceeded
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	weight=0
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=5003
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=MAJOR
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=cgn statistics fwdIn2Out higher threshold exceeded

Table 41-107 Carrier Grade NAT Inside-to-Outside Forward Rate Higher Threshold Exceeded

#### Table 41-108 Carrier Grade NAT Inside-to-Outside Forward Rate Lower Threshold Exceeded

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	cgn statistics fwdIn2Out
Subtype	cgn statistics fwdIn2Out lower threshold exceeded
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	weight=0

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=5003
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=MINOR
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=cgn statistics fwdIn2Out lower threshold exceeded

Table 41-109 Carrier Grade NAT Inside-to-Outside Forward Rate Threshold Normal

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	cgn statistics fwdIn2Out
Subtype	cgn statistics fwdIn2Out threshold normal
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	weight=0
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=5003
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=CLEARED
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=false
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=cgn statistics fwdIn2Out threshold normal

### **Carrier Grade NAT Outside-to-Inside Forward Rate**

Table 41-110 Carrier Grade NAT Outside-to-Inside Forward Rate Higher Threshold Exceeded

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	cgn statistics fwdOut2In
Subtype	cgn statistics fwdOut2In higher threshold exceeded

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	weight=0
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=5004
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=MAJOR
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=cgn statistics fwdOut2In higher threshold exceeded

 Table 41-110
 Carrier Grade NAT Outside-to-Inside Forward Rate Higher Threshold Exceeded

Table 41-111 Carrier Grade NAT Outside-to-Inside Forward Rate Lower Threshold Exceeded

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	cgn statistics fwdOut2In
Subtype	cgn statistics fwdOut2In lower threshold exceeded
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	weight=0
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=5004
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=MINOR
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=cgn statistics fwdOut2In lower threshold exceeded

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	cgn statistics fwdOut2In
Subtype	cgn statistics fwdOut2In threshold normal
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	weight=0
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=5004
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=CLEARED
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=false
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=cgn statistics fwdOut2In threshold normal

Table 41-112	Carrier Grade NAT Outside-to-Inside Forward Rate Threshold Normal

# **Carrier Grade NAT Inside-to-Outside Drops Port Limit Exceeded**

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	cgn statistics dropsPortLimitIn2Out
Subtype	cgn statistics dropsPortLimitIn2Out higher threshold exceeded
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	weight=0

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Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=5005
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=MAJOR
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=cgn statistics dropsPortLimitIn2Out higher threshold exceeded

#### Table 41-114 Carrier Grade NAT Inside-to-Outside Drops Port Limit Lower Threshold Exceeded

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	cgn statistics dropsPortLimitIn2Out
Subtype	cgn statistics dropsPortLimitIn2Out lower threshold exceeded
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	weight=0
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=5005
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=MINOR
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=cgn statistics dropsPortLimitIn2Out lower threshold exceeded

#### Table 41-115 Carrier Grade NAT Inside-to-Outside Drops Port Limit Threshold Normal

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	cgn statistics dropsPortLimitIn2Out
Subtype	cgn statistics dropsPortLimitIn2Out threshold normal

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	weight=0
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=5005
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=CLEARED
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=false
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=cgn statistics dropsPortLimitIn2Out threshold normal

Table 41-115 Carrier Grade NAT Inside-to-Outside Drops Port Limit Threshold Normal (continued)

### **Carrier Grade NAT Inside-to-Outside Drops System Limit Reached**

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	cgn statistics dropsSystemLimitIn2Out
Subtype	cgn statistics dropsSystemLimitIn2Out higher threshold exceeded
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	weight=0
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=5006
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=MAJOR
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=cgn statistics dropsSystemLimitIn2Out higher threshold exceeded

 Table 41-116
 Carrier Grade NAT Inside-to-Outside Drops System Limit Reached Higher Threshold

 Exceeded
 Exceeded

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	cgn statistics dropsSystemLimitIn2Out
Subtype	cgn statistics dropsSystemLimitIn2Out lower threshold exceeded
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	weight=0
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=5006
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=MINOR
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=cgn statistics dropsSystemLimitIn2Out lower threshold exceeded

Table 41-117	Carrier Grade NAT Inside-to-Outside Drops System Limit Reached Lower Threshold
	Exceeded

#### Table 41-118 Carrier Grade NAT Inside-to-Outside Drops System Limit Reached Threshold Normal

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	cgn statistics dropsSystemLimitIn2Out
Subtype	cgn statistics dropsSystemLimitIn2Out threshold normal
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	weight=0
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=5006
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=CLEARED
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=false
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=cgn statistics dropsSystemLimitIn2Out threshold normal

## **Carrier Grade NAT Inside-to-Outside Drops Resource Depletion**

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	cgn statistics dropsResourceDepletionIn2Out
Subtype	cgn statistics dropsResourceDepletionIn2Out higher threshold exceeded
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	weight=0
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=5007
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=MAJOR
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=cgn statistics dropsResourceDepletionIn2Out higher threshold exceeded

 Table 41-119
 Carrier Grade NAT Inside-to-Outside Drops Resource Depletion Higher Threshold

 Exceeded
 Exceeded

# Table 41-120 Carrier Grade NAT Inside-to-Outside Drops Resource Depletion Lower Threshold Exceeded Exceeded

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	cgn statistics dropsResourceDepletionIn2Out
Subtype	cgn statistics dropsResourceDepletionIn2Out lower threshold exceeded
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	weight=0

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=5007
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=MINOR
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=cgn statistics dropsResourceDepletionIn2Out lower threshold exceeded

Table 41-120	Carrier Grade NAT Inside-to-Outside Drops Resource Depletion Lower Threshold	
	Exceeded (continued)	

Table 41-121 Carrier Grade NAT Inside-to-Outside Drops Resource Depletion Threshold Norma
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Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	cgn statistics dropsResourceDepletionIn2Out
Subtype	cgn statistics dropsResourceDepletionIn2Out threshold normal
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	weight=0
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=5007
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=CLEARED
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=false
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=cgn statistics dropsResourceDepletionIn2Out threshold normal

## **CFM Domain Fault**

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	CFM Domain Fault
Subtype	CFM Domain Aggregation Down
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=true
	weight=2
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=3016
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	auto-removed-timeout=5000000
	duplication-counter=1
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	gw-correlation-timeout=9223372036854775807
	is-ticketable=true
	priority=0
	reduction-counter=1
	send-to-gw=true
	severity=INFO
	short-description=CFM Domain fault

Table 41-122 CFM Domain Aggregation Down

#### Table 41-123CFM Domain Aggregation Up

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	CFM Domain Fault
Subtype	CFM Domain Aggregation Up
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	weight=0

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Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=3016
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	auto-removed-timeout=5000000
	duplication-counter=1
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=false
	priority=0
	reduction-counter=1
	send-to-gw=true
	severity=CLEARED
	short-description=CFM Domain fault cleared

### **Cloud Problem**

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	cloud problem
Subtype	cloud problem
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=true
	weight=2000
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=122
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=INFO
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=cloud problem

Table 41-124 Cloud Problem

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	cloud problem
Subtype	cloud up
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	weight=0
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=122
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=CLEARED
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=false
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=cloud problem fixed

# **Component Unreachable**

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	component unreachable
Subtype	component reachable
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	weight=0
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=5
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=CLEARED
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=false
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=Device Reachable

 Table 41-126
 Component Reachable

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	component unreachable
Subtype	component unreachable
Correlation information	activate-flow=true
	correlate=true
	is-correlation-allowed=true
	weight=600
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=5
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=MAJOR
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=Device Unreachable

Table 41-127	Component Unreachable
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 Table 41-128
 Device Partially Managed

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	component unreachable
Subtype	device partially managed
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	weight=0
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=5
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=WARNING
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=Device Partially Reachable

# **CPU Utilization**

Event Setting	Registry Parameter	
Туре	cpu utilization	
Subtype	cpu normal use	
Correlation information	activate-flow=false	
	correlate=false	
	is-correlation-allowed=false	
	weight=0	
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=17	
	auto-cleared=false	
	auto-removed=true	
	functionality-type=SERVICE	
	severity=CLEARED	
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000	
	is-ticketable=false	
	send-to-gw=true	
	short-description=CPU utilization less than lower threshold	

Table 41-129 CPU Normal Utilization

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	cpu utilization
Subtype	cpu over utilized
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	weight=0
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=17
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=MAJOR
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=CPU utilization exceeded lower threshold

# **Device Unsupported**

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	device unsupported
Subtype	device initializing
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	weight=0
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=16
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=CRITICAL
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=false
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=Device initializing

Table 41-131 Device Initializing

	Table 41-132	Device Unsupported
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Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	device unsupported
Subtype	device unsupported
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	weight=0
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=16
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=CRITICAL
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=Device unsupported

## **Discard Packets**

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	discard packets
Subtype	discard packets
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=true
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	weight=0
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=9
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=MINOR
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=Discarded packet rate exceeded upper threshold

#### Table 41-133 Discard Packets

 Table 41-134
 Normal Discard Packets

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	discard packets
Subtype	normal discard packets
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	weight=0
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=9
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=CLEARED
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=false
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=Discarded packet rate is below lower threshold

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# **Dropped Packets**

Event Setting	Registry Parameter		
Туре	dropped packets		
Subtype	dropped packets		
Correlation information	activate-flow=false		
	correlate=false		
	is-correlation-allowed=false		
	weight=0		
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=10		
	auto-cleared=false		
	auto-removed=true		
	functionality-type=SERVICE		
	severity=MINOR		
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000		
	is-ticketable=true		
	send-to-gw=true		
	short-description=Dropped packet rate exceeded upper threshold		

Table 41-135Dropped Packets on Port

Table 41-136 Stopped	Dropping	Packets on	Port
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Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	dropped packets
Subtype	normal dropped packets
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	weight=0
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=10
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=CLEARED
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=false
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=Dropped packet rate is below lower threshold

# **DSO Bundle**

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	ds0 bundle down
Subtype	ds0 bundle admin down
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=true
	root-cause-timeout=420000
	weight=750
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=660
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	auto-removed-timeout=5000000
	duplication-counter=1
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	priority=0
	reduction-counter=1
	send-to-gw=true
	severity=MAJOR
	short-description=ds0 bundle admin down

Table 41-137DS0 Bundle Admin Down

#### Table 41-138 DS0 Bundle Oper Down

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	ds0 bundle down
Subtype	ds0 bundle oper down
Correlation information	activate-flow=true
	correlate=true
	is-correlation-allowed=true
	root-cause-timeout=420000
	weight=725

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=660
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	auto-removed-timeout=5000000
	duplication-counter=1
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	priority=0
	reduction-counter=1
	send-to-gw=true
	severity=MAJOR
	short-description=ds0 bundle oper down

Table 41-138	DS0 Bundle Oper Down (continued)
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### Table 41-139 DS0 Bundle Up

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	ds0 bundle down
Subtype	ds0 bundle up
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	root-cause-timeout=420000
	weight=0

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=660
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	auto-removed-timeout=5000000
	duplication-counter=1
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=false
	priority=0
	reduction-counter=1
	send-to-gw=true
	severity=CLEARED
	short-description=ds0 bundle up

Table 41-139	DS0 Bundle Up (continued)
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## **DS1** Path Link Down

Event Setting	Registry Parameter	
Туре	ds1path link down	
Subtype	ds1path link down due to admin down	
Correlation information	activate-flow=false	
	correlate=false	
	is-correlation-allowed=true	
	root-cause-timeout=420000	
	weight=815	

Table 41-140 DS1 Path Link Down Due to Admin Down

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=1344
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	auto-removed-timeout=5000000
	duplication-counter=1
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	priority=0
	reduction-counter=1
	send-to-gw=true
	severity=CRITICAL
	short-description=DS1 Path Link down due to admin down

 Table 41-140
 DS1 Path Link Down Due to Admin Down (continued)

Table 41-141DS1 Path Link Down Due to Oper Down

Event Setting	Registry Parameterk
Туре	ds1path link down
Subtype	ds1path link down due to oper down
Correlation information	activate-flow=true
	correlate=true
	is-correlation-allowed=true
	root-cause-timeout=420000
	weight=810

Event Setting	Registry Parameterk
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=1344
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	auto-removed-timeout=5000000
	duplication-counter=1
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	priority=0
	reduction-counter=1
	send-to-gw=true
	severity=CRITICAL
	short-description=DS1 Path Link down due to oper down

Table 41-141 DS1 Path Link Down Due to Oper Down (continued)

Table 41-142 DS1 Path Link Down Due to Card

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	ds1path link down
Subtype	ds1path link down due to card
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=true
	is-correlation-allowed=true
	root-cause-timeout=420000
	weight=815

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=1344
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	auto-removed-timeout=5000000
	duplication-counter=1
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	priority=0
	reduction-counter=1
	send-to-gw=true
	severity=CRITICAL
	short-description=DS1 Path Link down due to Card event

 Table 41-142
 DS1 Path Link Down Due to Card (continued)

 Table 41-143
 DS1 Path Link Down on Unreachable

Event Setting	Registry Parameter	
Туре	ds1path link down	
Subtype	ds1path link down on unreachable	
Correlation information	activate-flow=true	
	correlate=true	
	is-correlation-allowed=true	
	root-cause-timeout=420000	
	weight=810	

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=1344
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	auto-removed-timeout=5000000
	duplication-counter=1
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	priority=0
	reduction-counter=1
	send-to-gw=true
	severity=CRITICAL
	short-description=DS1 Path Link down on unreachable

Table 41-143	DS1 Path Link Down on Unreachable (continued)

### Table 41-144 DS1 Path Link Up

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	ds1path link down
Subtype	ds1path link up
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	root-cause-timeout=420000
	weight=0

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=1344
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	auto-removed-timeout=5000000
	duplication-counter=1
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=false
	priority=0
	reduction-counter=1
	send-to-gw=true
	severity=CLEARED
	short-description=DS1 Path Link up

Table 41-144	DS1 Path Link Up (continued)
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### **DS1 Path Port Down**

Table 41-145	DS1 Path Port Down Due to Admin

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	ds1path port down
Subtype	ds1path port down due to admin
Correlation information	activate-flow=true
	correlate=true
	is-correlation-allowed=true
	root-cause-timeout=420000
	weight=810

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=1381
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	auto-removed-timeout=5000000
	duplication-counter=1
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	priority=0
	reduction-counter=1
	send-to-gw=true
	severity=MAJOR
	short-description=DS1 Path down due to Admin

Table 41-145	DS1 Path Port Down Due to Admin (continued)

Table 41-146DS1 Path Port Down Due to Oper

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	ds1path port down
Subtype	ds1path port down due to oper
Correlation information	activate-flow=true
	correlate=true
	is-correlation-allowed=true
	root-cause-timeout=420000
	weight=810

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=1381
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	auto-removed-timeout=5000000
	duplication-counter=1
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	priority=0
	reduction-counter=1
	send-to-gw=true
	severity=MAJOR
	short-description=DS1 Path down due to Oper

 Table 41-146
 DS1 Path Port Down Due to Oper (continued)

 Table 41-147
 DS1 Path Port Down Due to Card

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	ds1path port down
Subtype	ds1path port down due to card
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=true
	is-correlation-allowed=true
	root-cause-timeout=420000
	weight=815

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=1381
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	auto-removed-timeout=5000000
	duplication-counter=1
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	priority=0
	reduction-counter=1
	send-to-gw=true
	severity=MAJOR
	short-description=DS1 Path down due to Card

Table 41-147	DS1 Path Port Down Due to Card (continued)

### Table 41-148 DS1 Path Port Up

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	ds1path port down
Subtype	ds1path port up
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	root-cause-timeout=420000
	weight=0

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=1381
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	auto-removed-timeout=5000000
	duplication-counter=1
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=false
	priority=0
	reduction-counter=1
	send-to-gw=true
	severity=CLEARED
	short-description=DS1 Path up

### **DS3 Path Link Down**

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	ds3path link down
Subtype	ds3path link down due to admin down
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=true
	root-cause-timeout=420000
	weight=825

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=1356
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	auto-removed-timeout=5000000
	duplication-counter=1
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	priority=0
	reduction-counter=1
	send-to-gw=true
	severity=CRITICAL
	short-description=DS3 Path Link down due to admin down

Table 41-149 DS3 Path Link Down Due to Admin Down (continued)

Table 41-150DS3 Path Link Down Due to Oper Down

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	ds3path link down
Subtype	ds3path link down due to oper down
Correlation information	activate-flow=true
	correlate=true
	is-correlation-allowed=true
	root-cause-timeout=420000
	weight=820

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=1356
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	auto-removed-timeout=5000000
	duplication-counter=1
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	priority=0
	reduction-counter=1
	send-to-gw=true
	severity=CRITICAL
	short-description=DS3 Path Link down due to oper down

Table 41-150	DS3 Path Link Down Due to Oper Down (continued)
10010 41 100	

 Table 41-151
 DS3 Path Link Down Due to Card

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	ds3path link down
Subtype	ds3path link down due to card
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=true
	is-correlation-allowed=true
	root-cause-timeout=420000
	weight=825

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=1356
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	auto-removed-timeout=5000000
	duplication-counter=1
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	priority=0
	reduction-counter=1
	send-to-gw=true
	severity=CRITICAL
	short-description=DS3 Path Link down due to Card event

 Table 41-151
 DS3 Path Link Down Due to Card (continued)

Table 41-152 DS3 Path Link Down on Unreachable

Event Setting	Registry Parameter	
Туре	ds3path link down	
Subtype	ds3path link down on unreachable	
Correlation information	activate-flow=true	
	correlate=true	
	is-correlation-allowed=true	
	root-cause-timeout=420000	
	weight=820	

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=1356
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	auto-removed-timeout=5000000
	duplication-counter=1
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	priority=0
	reduction-counter=1
	send-to-gw=true
	severity=CRITICAL
	short-description=DS3 Path Link down on unreachable

 Table 41-152
 DS3 Path Link Down on Unreachable (continued)

#### Table 41-153 DS3 Path Link Up

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	ds3path link down
Subtype	ds3path link up
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	root-cause-timeout=420000
	weight=0

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=1356
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	auto-removed-timeout=5000000
	duplication-counter=1
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=false
	priority=0
	reduction-counter=1
	send-to-gw=true
	severity=CLEARED
	short-description=DS3 Path Link up

Table 41-153	DS3 Path Link Up (continued)
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## **DS3 Path Port Down**

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	ds3path port down
Subtype	ds3path port down due to admin
Correlation information	activate-flow=true
	correlate=true
	is-correlation-allowed=true
	root-cause-timeout=420000
	weight=820

Table 41-154 DS3 Path Port Down Due to Admin

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=1357
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	auto-removed-timeout=5000000
	duplication-counter=1
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	priority=0
	reduction-counter=1
	send-to-gw=true
	severity=MAJOR
	short-description=DS3 Path Down due to Admin

 Table 41-154
 DS3 Path Port Down Due to Admin (continued)

Table 41-155DS3 Path Port Down Due to Oper

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	ds3path port down
Subtype	ds3path port down due to oper
Correlation information	activate-flow=true
	correlate=true
	is-correlation-allowed=true
	root-cause-timeout=420000
	weight=820

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=1357
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	auto-removed-timeout=5000000
	duplication-counter=1
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	priority=0
	reduction-counter=1
	send-to-gw=true
	severity=MAJOR
	short-description=DS3 Path Down due to Oper

Table 41-155	DS3 Path Port Down Due to Oper (continued)
10010 41 100	

 Table 41-156
 DS3 Path Port Down Due to Card

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	ds3path port down
Subtype	ds3path port down due to card
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=true
	is-correlation-allowed=true
	root-cause-timeout=420000
	weight=825

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=1357
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	auto-removed-timeout=5000000
	duplication-counter=1
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	priority=0
	reduction-counter=1
	send-to-gw=true
	severity=MAJOR
	short-description=DS3 Path down due to Card

 Table 41-156
 DS3 Path Port Down Due to Card (continued)

#### Table 41-157 DS3 Path Port Up

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	ds3path port down
Subtype	ds3path port up
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	root-cause-timeout=420000
	weight=0

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=1357
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	auto-removed-timeout=5000000
	duplication-counter=1
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=false
	priority=0
	reduction-counter=1
	send-to-gw=true
	severity=MAJOR
	short-description=DS3 Path up

# **Dual Stack IP Changed**

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	Dual stack IP Changed
Subtype	Dual stack IP removed
Correlation information	activate-flow=true
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	root-cause-timeout=420000
	weight=820

Table 41-158 Dual Stack IP Removed

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=1170
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	auto-removed-timeout=5000000
	duplication-counter=1
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	priority=0
	reduction-counter=1
	send-to-gw=true
	severity=MINOR
	short-description=Dual stack IP removed

Table 41-158	Dual Stack IP Removed (continued)
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 Table 41-159
 Dual Stack IP Added

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	Dual stack IP Changed
Subtype	Dual stack IP added
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	root-cause-timeout=420000
	weight=0

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=1170
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	auto-removed-timeout=5000000
	duplication-counter=1
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=false
	priority=0
	reduction-counter=1
	send-to-gw=true
	severity=CLEARED
	short-description=Dual stack IP added

Table 41-159	Dual Stack IP Added (continued)
	2 447 0 4404 7 4404 (0000040)

## **DWDM Controller**

Table 41-160	DWDM Controller Down

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	dwdm controller down
Subtype	dwdm controller down
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	root-cause-timeout=420000
	weight=0

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=1888
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	auto-removed-timeout=5000000
	duplication-counter=1
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	priority=0
	reduction-counter=1
	send-to-gw=true
	severity=MAJOR
	short-description=dwdm controller down

Table 41-160	DWDM Controller Down (continued)
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### Table 41-161DWDM Controller Up

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	dwdm controller down
Subtype	dwdm controller up
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	root-cause-timeout=420000
	weight=0

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=1888
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	auto-removed-timeout=5000000
	duplication-counter=1
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=false
	priority=0
	reduction-counter=1
	send-to-gw=true
	severity=CLEARED
	short-description=dwdm controller up

Table 41-161	DWDM Controller Up (continued)
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## **DWDM G709 Status**

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	dwdm g709 status down
Subtype	dwdm g709 status down
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	root-cause-timeout=420000
	weight=0

Table 41-162 DWDM G709 Status Down

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=1889
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	auto-removed-timeout=5000000
	duplication-counter=1
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	priority=0
	reduction-counter=1
	send-to-gw=true
	severity=MINOR
	short-description=dwdm g709 status down

Table 41-162	DWDM G709 Status Down (continued)
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### Table 41-163DWDM G709 Status Up

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	dwdm g709 status down
Subtype	dwdm g709 status up
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	root-cause-timeout=420000
	weight=0

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=1889
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	auto-removed-timeout=5000000
	duplication-counter=1
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=false
	priority=0
	reduction-counter=1
	send-to-gw=true
	severity=CLEARED
	short-description=dwdm g709 status up

Table 41-163 DWDM G709 Status Up (continu	Table 41-163	163 DWDM G709 Status Up (continued)
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## **EFP Down**

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	efp down
Subtype	efp admin down
Correlation information	activate-flow=true
	correlate=true
	is-correlation-allowed=true
	weight=849
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=918
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=MAJOR
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=EFP admin down

### Table 41-164 EFP Admin Down

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	efp down
Subtype	efp down due to error disabled
Correlation information	activate-flow=true
	correlate=true
	is-correlation-allowed=true
	weight=849
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=918
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=MAJOR
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=EFP down due to error disabled

	Table 41-165	EFP Down Due to Error Disabled
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Table 41-166 EFP Oper Down

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	efp down
Subtype	efp oper down
Correlation information	activate-flow=true
	correlate=true
	is-correlation-allowed=true
	weight=849
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=918
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=MAJOR
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=EFP oper down

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	efp down
Subtype	efp up
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	weight=0
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=918
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=CLEARED
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=false
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=EFP up

Table 41-167 EFP Up

# **GRE Keepalive**

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	keepalive set
Subtype	keepalive not set
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	weight=0

Table 41-168 Keepalive Not Set

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=915
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	auto-removed-timeout=5000000
	duplication-counter=1
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	priority=0
	reduction-counter=1
	send-to-gw=true
	severity=MINOR
	short-description=keepalive not configured

 Table 41-168
 Keepalive Not Set (continued)

#### Table 41-169 Keepalive Set

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	keepalive set
Subtype	keepalive set
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	weight=0
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=915
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	auto-removed-timeout=5000000
	duplication-counter=1
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=false
	priority=0
	reduction-counter=1
	send-to-gw=true
	severity=CLEARED
	short-description=keepalive configured

## **GRE Tunnel Down**

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	GRE tunnel down
Subtype	GRE tunnel down
Correlation information	activate-flow=true
	correlate=true
	is-correlation-allowed=true
	weight=830
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=358
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=MAJOR
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=GRE tunnel down

Table 41-170 GRE Tunnel Down

Table 41-171	GRE Tunnel Up
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Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	GRE tunnel down
Subtype	GRE tunnel up
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	weight=0
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=358
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=CLEARED
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=false
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=GRE tunnel up

# **HSRP Group Status Changed**

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	hsrp group status changed
Subtype	Primary HSRP interface is active
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	weight=0
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=22
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=CLEARED
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=false
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=Primary HSRP interface is active

Table 41-172 Primary HSRP Interface Is Active

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	hsrp group status changed
Subtype	Primary HSRP interface is not active
Correlation information	activate-flow=true
	correlate=true
	is-correlation-allowed=true
	weight=720
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=22
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=MAJOR
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=Primary HSRP interface is not active

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	hsrp group status changed
Subtype	Secondary HSRP interface is active
Correlation information	activate-flow=true
	correlate=true
	is-correlation-allowed=true
	weight=720
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=22
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=MAJOR
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=Secondary HSRP interface is active

Table 41-174 Secondary HSRP Interface Is Active

#### Table 41-175 Secondary HSRP Interface Is Not Active

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	hsrp group status changed
Subtype	Secondary HSRP interface is not active
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	weight=0
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=22
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=CLEARED
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=false
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=Secondary HSRP interface is not active

## **Interface Status**

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	interface status
Subtype	interface status down GRE tunnel
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=true
	is-correlation-allowed=true
	weight=825
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=700
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=MAJOR
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=Interface status down
Flapping information	clear-interval=240000
	flapping-interval=60000
	flapping-threshold=5
	update-interval=200000
	update-threshold=20

 Table 41-176
 Interface Status Down GRE Tunnel

#### Table 41-177 Interface Status Down Connection

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	interface status
Subtype	interface status down connection
Correlation information	activate-flow=true
	correlate=true
	is-correlation-allowed=true
	weight=500

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=700
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=MAJOR
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=Interface status down
Flapping information	clear-interval=240000
	flapping-interval=60000
	flapping-threshold=5
	update-interval=200000
	update-threshold=20

#### Table 41-178 Interface Status Down Nonconnection

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	interface status
Subtype	interface status down non connection
Correlation information	activate-flow=true
	correlate=true
	is-correlation-allowed=true
	weight=700
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=700
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=MAJOR
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=Interface status down

Event Setting	Registry Parameter	
Flapping information	clear-interval=240000	
	flapping-interval=60000	
	flapping-threshold=5	
	update-interval=200000	
	update-threshold=20	

Table 41-178	Interface Status Down Nonconnection (continued)
Table 41-170	interface Status Down Nonconnection (continueu)

### Table 41-179Interface Status Up

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	interface status
Subtype	interface status up
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	weight=0
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=700
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=CLEARED
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=false
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=Interface status up
Flapping information	clear-interval=240000
	flapping-interval=60000
	flapping-threshold=5
	update-interval=200000
	update-threshold=20

### **Investigation State**

#### Table 41-180Investigation State

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	investigation state
Subtype	investigation state module unsupported

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	weight=0
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=262
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=CRITICAL
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=Module unsupported

Table 41-180	Investigation State (continued)
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## **L2TP Peer Not Established**

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	12tp peer not established
Subtype	12tp peer established
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	weight=0
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=185
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=CLEARED
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=false
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=12tp peer established

Table 41-181L2TP Peer Established

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Flapping information	clear-interval=240000
	flapping-interval=60000
	flapping-threshold=5
	update-interval=200000
	update-threshold=20

Table 41-181	L2TP Peer Established (continued)
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### Table 41-182L2TP Peer Is Removed

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	12tp peer not established
Subtype	12tp peer is removed
Correlation information	activate-flow=true
	correlate=true
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	weight=0
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=185
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=MAJOR
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=false
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=12tp peer is removed
Flapping information	clear-interval=240000
	flapping-interval=60000
	flapping-threshold=5
	update-interval=200000
	update-threshold=20

#### Table 41-183 L2TP Peer Not Established

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	12tp peer not established
Subtype	12tp peer not established

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Correlation information	activate-flow=true
	correlate=true
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	weight=0
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=185
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=MAJOR
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=l2tp peer not established
Flapping information	clear-interval=240000
	flapping-interval=60000
	flapping-threshold=5
	update-interval=200000
	update-threshold=20

Table 41-183	L2TP Peer Not Established (continued)
Iable 41-105	

# **L2TP Sessions Threshold**

 Table 41-184
 L2TP Sessions Count Exceeds Maximum Threshold

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	12tp sessions threshold
Subtype	12tp sessions count exceeds max threshold
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=true
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	weight=0

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=N/A (TCA alarm)
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=MINOR
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=l2tp sessions count exceeds max threshold

Table 41-184	L2TP Sessions Count Exceeds Maximum Threshold (continued)

 Table 41-185
 L2TP Sessions Count Has Returned to Normal

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	12tp sessions threshold
Subtype	12tp sessions count has returned to normal
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	weight=0
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=N/A (TCA alarm)
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=CLEARED
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=false
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=l2tp sessions count has returned to normal

### Lag Down

Table 41-186	Lag Admin Down
	Lug Aunin Down

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	lag down
Subtype	lag admin down

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	weight=0
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=718
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=MAJOR
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=Lag down due to admin down

Table 41-186	Lag Admin Down	(continued)
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### Table 41-187 Lag Oper Down

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	lag down
Subtype	lag oper down
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	weight=0
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=718
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=MAJOR
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=Lag down due to oper down

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	lag down
Subtype	lag up
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	weight=0
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=718
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=CLEARED
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=false
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=Lag up

Table 41-188 Lag Up

## Lag Link Down

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	lag link down
Subtype	lag link admin down
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	weight=0
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=719
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=MAJOR
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=Lag link down due to admin down

 Table 41-189
 Lag Link Admin Down

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	lag link down
Subtype	lag link oper down
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	weight=0
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=719
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=MAJOR
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=Lag link down due to oper down

Table 41-190	Lag Link Oper Down
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### Table 41-191Lag Link Up

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	lag link down
Subtype	lag link up
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	weight=0
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=719
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=CLEARED
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=false
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=Lag link up

# Layer 2 Tunnel Down

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	layer 2 tunnel down
Subtype	layer 2 tunnel down
Correlation information	activate-flow=true
	correlate=true
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	weight=0
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=179
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=MINOR
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=Layer 2 tunnel down

Table 41-192 Layer 2 Tunnel Down

Table 41-193 Layer 2 Tunnel U	Up	1
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Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	layer 2 tunnel down
Subtype	layer 2 tunnel up
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	weight=0
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=179
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=CLEARED
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=false
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=Layer 2 tunnel up

# **LDP Neighbor Loss**

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	LDP neighbor loss
Subtype	LDP neighbor down
Correlation information	activate-flow=true
	correlate=true
	is-correlation-allowed=true
	weight=670
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=557
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=MAJOR
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=LDP neighbor down

Table 41-194 LDP Neighbor Down

Table 41-195	LDP Neighbor	Up
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Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	LDP neighbor loss
Subtype	LDP neighbor up
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	weight=0
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=557
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=CLEARED
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=false
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=LDP neighbor up

# Link Down

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	link down
Subtype	link down due to admin down
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=true
	weight=850
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=1
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=MINOR
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=Link down due to admin down
Flapping information	clear-interval=360000
	flapping-interval=150000
	flapping-threshold=5
	update-interval=200000
	update-threshold=20

 Table 41-196
 Link Down Due to Admin Down

#### Table 41-197Link Down Due to Card Event

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	link down
Subtype	link down due to card
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=true
	is-correlation-allowed=true
	weight=850

Event Setting	Registry Parameter	
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=1	
	auto-cleared=false	
	auto-removed=true	
	functionality-type=SERVICE	
	severity=CRITICAL	
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000	
	is-ticketable=true	
	send-to-gw=true	
	short-description=Link down due to Card event	
Flapping information	clear-interval=360000	
	flapping-interval=150000	
	flapping-threshold=5	
	update-interval=200000	
	update-threshold=20	

Table 41-197	Link Down Due to Card Event (continued)
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### Table 41-198 Link Down Due to Oper Down

Event Setting	Registry Parameter	
Туре	link down	
Subtype	link down due to oper down	
Correlation information	activate-flow=false	
	correlate=true	
	is-correlation-allowed=true	
	weight=850	
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=1	
	auto-cleared=false	
	auto-removed=true	
	functionality-type=SERVICE	
	severity=CRITICAL	
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000	
	is-ticketable=true	
	send-to-gw=true	
	short-description=Link down due to oper down	

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Flapping information	clear-interval=360000
	flapping-interval=150000
	flapping-threshold=5
	update-interval=200000
	update-threshold=20

### Table 41-199 Link Down on Unreachable

Event Setting	Registry Parameter	
Туре	link down	
Subtype	link down on unreachable	
Correlation information	activate-flow=false	
	correlate=true	
	is-correlation-allowed=true	
	weight=850	
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=1	
	auto-cleared=false	
	auto-removed=true	
	functionality-type=SERVICE	
	severity=CRITICAL	
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000	
	is-ticketable=true	
	send-to-gw=true	
	short-description=Link down on unreachable	
Flapping information	clear-interval=360000	
	flapping-interval=150000	
	flapping-threshold=5	
	update-interval=200000	
	update-threshold=20	

### Table 41-200 Link Up

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	link down
Subtype	link up

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	weight=0
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=1
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=CLEARED
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=false
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=Link up
Flapping information	clear-interval=360000
	flapping-interval=150000
	flapping-threshold=5
	update-interval=200000
	update-threshold=20

Table 41-200 Link Up (continued)
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# Link Utilization

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	link utilization
Subtype	link over Utilized
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=true
	is-correlation-allowed=true
	weight=0

Table 41-201 Link Overutilized

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=642
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=MINOR
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=Link over utilized

Table 41-201	Link Overutilized	(continued)
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Table 41-202 L	nk Utilization Normal
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Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	link utilization
Subtype	link utilization normal
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=true
	weight=0
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=642
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=CLEARED
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=false
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=Link utilization normal

# Local Switching Down

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	local switching down
Subtype	local switching down

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Correlation information	activate-flow=true
	correlate=true
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	weight=0
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=1299
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=MAJOR
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=Local switching entry down

Table 41-203	Local Switching Entry Down (continued)

Table 41-204Local Switching Entry Up

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	local switching down
Subtype	local switching up
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	weight=0
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=1299
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=CLEARED
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=false
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=Local switching entry up

# **Logical Port Down**

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	logical port down
Subtype	logical port down
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=true
	is-correlation-allowed=true
	weight=0
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=198
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=MAJOR
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=Logical port down

Table 41-205 Logical Port Down

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	logical port down
Subtype	logical port up
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	weight=0
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=198
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=CLEARED
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=false
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=Logical port up

# **Members Changed**

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	Members Changed
Subtype	high priority member down
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	weight=800
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=682
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=CRITICAL
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=High priority member down

Table 41-207 High Priority Member Down

 Table 41-208
 Medium Priority Member Down

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	members changed
Subtype	medium priority member down
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	weight=800
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=682
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=MAJOR
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=Medium priority member down

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Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	members changed
Subtype	low priority member down
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	weight=800
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=682
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=MINOR
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=Low priority member down

Table 41-209 L	ow Priority	Member Down
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 Table 41-210
 All Members Operationally Up

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	members changed
Subtype	members up
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	weight=0
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=682
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=CLEARED
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=false
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=All members operationally up

# **Memory Utilization**

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	memory utilization
Subtype	memory normal use
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	weight=0
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=18
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=CLEARED
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=false
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=Memory utilization less than normal threshold

Table 41-211 Memory OK

Table 41-212	Memory Overutilized
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Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	memory utilization
Subtype	memory over utilized
Correlation information	activate-flow=-
	correlate=-
	is-correlation-allowed=-
	weight=-
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=18
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=MAJOR
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=Memory utilization exceeded upper threshold

# **MLPPP Bundle**

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	mlppp down
Subtype	flapping
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=true
	weight=1000
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=914
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	auto-removed-timeout=5000000
	duplication-counter=1
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	priority=0
	reduction-counter=1
	send-to-gw=true
	severity=MAJOR
	short-description=mlppp down flapping

Table 41-213 MLPPP Down Due To Flapping

#### Table 41-214MLPPP Down Flapping Update

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	mlppp down
Subtype	flapping update
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=true
	weight=1000

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=914
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	auto-removed-timeout=5000000
	duplication-counter=1
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	priority=0
	reduction-counter=1
	send-to-gw=true
	severity=MAJOR
	short-description=mlppp down flapping update

 Table 41-214
 MLPPP Down Flapping Update (continued)

 Table 41-215
 MLPPP Down Due To Admin Down

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	mlppp down
Subtype	mlppp admin down
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=true
	weight=1000
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=914
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	auto-removed-timeout=5000000
	duplication-counter=1
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	priority=0
	reduction-counter=1
	send-to-gw=true
	severity=CRITICAL
	short-description=mlppp administratively down

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	mlppp down
Subtype	local flapping proxy
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=true
	weight=1000
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=914
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	auto-removed-timeout=5000000
	duplication-counter=1
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=false
	priority=0
	reduction-counter=1
	send-to-gw=false
	severity=INFO
	short-description=mlppp down flapping proxy

 Table 41-216
 MLPPP Down Flapping Proxy

 Table 41-217
 MLPPP Down Due To Oper Down

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	mlppp down
Subtype	mlppp oper down
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=true
	weight=1000

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=914
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	auto-removed-timeout=5000000
	duplication-counter=1
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	priority=0
	reduction-counter=1
	send-to-gw=true
	severity=MAJOR
	short-description=mlppp operationally down

 Table 41-217
 MLPPP Down Due To Oper Down (continued)

### Table 41-218 MLPPP Up

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	mlppp down
Subtype	mlppp up
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=true
	weight=1000
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=914
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	auto-removed-timeout=5000000
	duplication-counter=1
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=false
	priority=0
	reduction-counter=1
	send-to-gw=true
	severity=CLEARED
	short-description=mlppp up

### **MPLS Black Hole Found**

An MPLS black hole is defined as an abnormal termination of an MPLS path (LSP) inside an MPLS network. An MPLS black hole exists when on a specific interface there are untagged entries destined for a known PE router. It is assumed that a router functions as a PE router if services, such as L3 VPNs or pseudowire (L2 VPN) MPLS tunnels, are using the MPLS network. Note that the untagged interfaces may exist in the network in normal situations; for example, where the boundary of the MPLS cloud has untagged interfaces.

An MPLS black hole causes the loss of all MPLS labels on a packet, including the VPN information that lies in the inner MPLS label. If a packet goes through an untagged interface, the VPN information is lost. The VPN information loss causes VPN sites to lose connectivity.

MPLS Black Hole Found alarms are actively detected. Service alarms are generated whenever Cisco ANA discovers an MPLS interface with at least one untagged LSP leading to a known PE router.

Black hole alarms are detected either:

- When the system is loaded for the first time and performs the initial discovery of the network.
- Through the ongoing discovery process, which identifies changes in the network.



MPLS black hole discovery is supported only when the PEs are managed by Cisco ANA.

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	MPLS Black hole found
Subtype	MPLS Black hole cleared
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	weight=0
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=128
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=CLEARED
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=false
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=MPLS Black hole cleared

#### Table 41-219 MPLS Black Hole Cleared

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	MPLS Black hole found
Subtype	MPLS Black hole found
Correlation information	activate-flow=true
	correlate=true
	is-correlation-allowed=true
	weight=650
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=128
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=WARNING
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=MPLS Black hole found

## **MPLS Interface Removed**

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	MPLS interface removed
Subtype	MPLS interface added
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	weight=0
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=972
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=CLEARED
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=false
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=MPLS interface added

Table 41-221MPLS Interface Added

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	MPLS interface removed
Subtype	MPLS interface removed
Correlation information	activate-flow=true
	correlate=true
	is-correlation-allowed=true
	weight=700
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=972
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=MAJOR
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=MPLS interface removed

Table 41-222	MPLS Interface Removed

# **MPLS TE FRR State Changed**

Table 41-223	MPLS TE FRR State Changed to Active

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	MPLS TE FRR State Changed
Subtype	MPLS TE FRR State Changed to Active
Correlation information	activate-flow=true
	correlate=true
	is-correlation-allowed=true
	root-cause-timeout=420000
	weight=700

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=1322
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	auto-removed-timeout=5000000
	duplication-counter=1
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	priority=0
	reduction-counter=1
	send-to-gw=true
	severity=MAJOR
	short-description=MPLS TE FRR State Changed to Active

Table 41-223 MPLS TE FRR State Changed to Active (continued)

### Table 41-224 MPLS TE FRR State Changed to Ready

Event Setting	Registry Parameter	
Туре	MPLS TE FRR State Changed	
Subtype	MPLS TE FRR State Changed to Ready	
Correlation information	activate-flow=false	
	correlate=false	
	is-correlation-allowed=false	
	root-cause-timeout=420000	
	weight=0	

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=1322
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	auto-removed-timeout=5000000
	duplication-counter=1
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=false
	priority=0
	reduction-counter=1
	send-to-gw=true
	severity=CLEARED
	short-description=MPLS TE FRR State Changed to Ready

Table 41-224	MPLS TE FRR State Changed to Ready (continued)
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## **MPLS TE Tunnel Down**

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	mpls te tunnel down
Subtype	mpls te tunnel down
Correlation information	activate-flow=true
	correlate=true
	is-correlation-allowed=true
	weight=800
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=555
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=MAJOR
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=MPLS TE tunnel down

Table 41-225 MPLS TE Tunnel Down

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Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Flapping information	clear-interval=240000
	flapping-interval=60000
	flapping-threshold=5
	update-interval=200000
	update-threshold=20

 Table 41-225
 MPLS TE Tunnel Down (continued)

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	mpls te tunnel down
Subtype	High Priority mpls te tunnel down
Correlation information	activate-flow=true
	correlate=true
	is-correlation-allowed=true
	weight=800
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=555
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=CRITICAL
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=High Priority MPLS-TE tunnel down
Flapping information	clear-interval=240000
	flapping-interval=60000
	flapping-threshold=5
	update-interval=200000
	update-threshold=20

Table 41-226 High Priority MPLS TE Tunnel Down

### Table 41-227 Medium Priority MPLS TE Tunnel Down

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	mpls te tunnel down
Subtype	Medium Priority mpls te tunnel down

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Correlation information	activate-flow=true
	correlate=true
	is-correlation-allowed=true
	weight=800
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=555
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=MAJOR
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=Medium Priority MPLS-TE tunnel down
Flapping information	clear-interval=240000
	flapping-interval=60000
	flapping-threshold=5
	update-interval=200000
	update-threshold=20

Table 41-227 Medium Priority MPLS TE Tunnel Down (continued)

 Table 41-228
 Low Priority MPLS TE Tunnel Down

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	mpls te tunnel down
Subtype	Low Priority mpls te tunnel down
Correlation information	activate-flow=true
	correlate=true
	is-correlation-allowed=true
	weight=800

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=555
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=MINOR
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=Low Priority MPLS-TE tunnel down
Flapping information	clear-interval=240000
	flapping-interval=60000
	flapping-threshold=5
	update-interval=200000
	update-threshold=20

Table 41-228	Low Priority MPLS TE Tunnel Down (continued)

### Table 41-229 MPLS TE Tunnel Reoptimized

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	mpls te tunnel down
Subtype	mpls te tunnel down reoptimized
Correlation information	activate-flow=true
	correlate=true
	is-correlation-allowed=true
	weight=800
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=555
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=INFO
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=MPLS-TE tunnel reoptimized

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Flapping information	clear-interval=240000
	flapping-interval=60000
	flapping-threshold=5
	update-interval=200000
	update-threshold=20

Table 41-229	MPLS TE Tunnel Reoptimized (continued)
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### Table 41-230 MPLS TE Tunnel Rerouted

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	mpls te tunnel down
Subtype	mpls te tunnel rerouted
Correlation information	activate-flow=true
	correlate=true
	is-correlation-allowed=true
	weight=800
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=555
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=INFO
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=MPLS-TE tunnel rerouted
Flapping information	clear-interval=240000
	flapping-interval=60000
	flapping-threshold=5
	update-interval=200000
	update-threshold=20

### Table 41-231 MPLS TE Tunnel Up

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	mpls te tunnel down
Subtype	mpls te tunnel up

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	weight=0
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=555
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=CLEARED
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=false
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=MPLS-TE tunnel up
Flapping information	clear-interval=240000
	flapping-interval=60000
	flapping-threshold=5
	update-interval=200000
	update-threshold=20

Table 41-231	MPLS TE Tunnel Up (continued)
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# **OSPF Neighbor State Change**

Table 41-232	OSPF Neighbor Down
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Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	ospf neighbor state change
Subtype	ospf neighbor down
Correlation information	activate-flow=true
	correlate=true
	is-correlation-allowed=true
	weight=200

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=1350
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=MAJOR
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=OSPF Neighbor Down

Table 41-233	<b>OSPF</b> Neighbor Up
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Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	ospf neighbor state change
Subtype	ospf neighbor up
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	weight=0
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=1350
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=CLEARED
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=false
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=OSPF Neighbor Up

## Port Down

### Table 41-234 Port Down Due to Admin

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	port down
Subtype	port down due to admin

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=true
	weight=100000
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=2
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=MINOR
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=Port down due to admin
Flapping information	clear-interval=360000
	flapping-interval=150000
	flapping-threshold=5
	update-interval=200000
	update-threshold=20

 Table 41-234
 Port Down Due to Admin (continued)

#### Table 41-235Port Down Due to Oper

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	port down
Subtype	port down due to oper
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=true
	weight=100000

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=2
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=MAJOR
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=Port down due to oper
Flapping information	clear-interval=360000
	flapping-interval=150000
	flapping-threshold=5
	update-interval=200000
	update-threshold=20

 Table 41-235
 Port Down Due to Oper (continued)

#### Table 41-236Port Down Due to Card Event

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	port down
Subtype	port down due to card
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=true
	is-correlation-allowed=true
	weight=900
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=2
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=MAJOR
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=Port down due to Card event

Event Setting	Registry Parameter	
Flapping information	clear-interval=360000	
	flapping-interval=150000	
	flapping-threshold=5	
	update-interval=200000	
	update-threshold=20	

Table 41-236	Port Down Due to Card Event (continued)

### Table 41-237 Port Up

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	port down
Subtype	port up
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	weight=0
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=2
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=CLEARED
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=false
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=Port up
Flapping information	clear-interval=360000
	flapping-interval=150000
	flapping-threshold=5
	update-interval=200000
	update-threshold=20

## **Rx Dormant**

### Table 41-238 Rx Dormant

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	rx dormant
Subtype	rx dormant

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Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	weight=0
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=378
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=MINOR
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=rx dormant

Table 41-238 Rx Dormant (continued)

### Table 41-239 Rx Dormant Normal

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	rx dormant
Subtype	rx dormant normal
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	weight=0
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=378
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=CLEARED
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=false
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=rx dormant normal

# **Rx Utilization**

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	rx utilization
Subtype	rx over Utilized
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=true
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	weight=0
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=8
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=MINOR
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=Rx utilization exceeded upper threshold

Table 41-240 Rx Overutilized

Table 41-241 Rx Utilization Normal

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	rx utilization
Subtype	rx utilization normal
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	weight=0
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=8
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=CLEARED
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=false
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=Rx utilization is below lower threshold

# Shelf Out

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	shelf out
Subtype	shelf in
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	weight=0
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=33
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=CLEARED
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=false
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=Shelf in

Table 41-242 Shelf In

#### Table 41-243 Shelf Out

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	shelf out
Subtype	shelf out
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=true
	weight=110000
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=33
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=MAJOR
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=Shelf out

## **SONET Path Link Down**

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	sonetpath link down
Subtype	sonetpath link down due to admin down
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=true
	weight=845
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=1345
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=CRITICAL
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=SONET Path Link down due to admin down
Flapping information	clear-interval=360000
	flapping-interval=150000
	flapping-threshold=5
	update-interval=200000
	update-threshold=20

Table 41-244 SONET Path Link Down Due to Admin Down

#### Table 41-245 SONET Path Link Down Due to Oper Down

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	sonetpath link down
Subtype	sonetpath link down due to oper down
Correlation information	activate-flow=true
	correlate=true
	is-correlation-allowed=true
	weight=840

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Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=1345
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=CRITICAL
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=SONET Path Link down due to oper down
Flapping information	clear-interval=360000
	flapping-interval=150000
	flapping-threshold=5
	update-interval=200000
	update-threshold=20

 Table 41-245
 SONET Path Link Down Due to Oper Down (continued)

#### Table 41-246 SONET Path Link Down Due to Card

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	sonetpath link down
Subtype	sonetpath link down due to card
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=true
	is-correlation-allowed=true
	weight=845
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=1345
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=CRITICAL
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=SONET Path Link down due to Card event

Event Setting	Registry Parameter	
Flapping information	clear-interval=360000	
	flapping-interval=150000	
	flapping-threshold=5	
	update-interval=200000	
	update-threshold=20	

 Table 41-246
 SONET Path Link Down Due to Card (continued)

Table 41-247	SONET Path Link Down on Unreachable	

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	sonetpath link down
Subtype	sonetpath link down on unreachable
Correlation information	activate-flow=true
	correlate=true
	is-correlation-allowed=true
	weight=840
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=1345
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=CRITICAL
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=SONET Path Link down on unreachable
Flapping information	clear-interval=360000
	flapping-interval=150000
	flapping-threshold=5
	update-interval=200000
	update-threshold=20

#### Table 41-248 SONET Path Link Up

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	sonetpath link down
Subtype	sonetpath link up

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	weight=0
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=1345
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=CLEARED
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=false
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=SONET Path Link up
Flapping information	clear-interval=360000
	flapping-interval=150000
	flapping-threshold=5
	update-interval=200000
	update-threshold=20

Table 41-248 SONET Path Link Up (continued)

## **SONET Path Port Down**

 Table 41-249
 SONET Path Port Down Due to Admin Down

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	sonetpath port down
Subtype	sonetpath port down due to admin
Correlation information	activate-flow=true
	correlate=true
	is-correlation-allowed=true
	weight=840

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=1333
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=MAJOR
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=SONET Path down due to Admin
Flapping information	clear-interval=360000
	flapping-interval=150000
	flapping-threshold=5
	update-interval=200000
	update-threshold=20

Table 41-249 SONET Path Port Down Due to Admin Down (continued)

### Table 41-250 SONET Path Port Down Due to Oper Down

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	sonetpath port down
Subtype	sonetpath port down due to oper
Correlation information	activate-flow=true
	correlate=true
	is-correlation-allowed=true
	weight=840
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=1333
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=MAJOR
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=SONET Path down due to Oper

I

Event Setting	Registry Parameter	
Flapping information	clear-interval=360000	
	flapping-interval=150000	
	flapping-threshold=5	
	update-interval=200000	
	update-threshold=20	

Table 41-250	SONET Path Port Down Due to Oper Down (continued)

#### Table 41-251 SONET Path Port Down Due to Card

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	sonetpath port down
Subtype	sonetpath port down due to card
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=true
	is-correlation-allowed=true
	weight=845
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=1333
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=MAJOR
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=SONET Path down due to Card
Flapping information	clear-interval=360000
	flapping-interval=150000
	flapping-threshold=5
	update-interval=200000
	update-threshold=20

### Table 41-252 SONET Path Port Up

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	sonetpath port down
Subtype	sonetpath port up

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=true
	weight=845
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=1333
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=CLEARED
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=false
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=SONET Path up
Flapping information	clear-interval=360000
	flapping-interval=150000
	flapping-threshold=5
	update-interval=200000
	update-threshold=20

Table 41-252	SONET Path Port Up (continued)
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# Subinterface Down

Iable 41-253 Subinterface Down	Table 41-253	Subinterface Down
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Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	sub-interface down
Subtype	sub-interface oper down
Correlation information	activate-flow=true
	correlate=true
	is-correlation-allowed=true
	weight=849

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=917
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=MAJOR
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=VLAN Sub Interface oper down

Table 41-253	Subinterface Down	(continued)
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Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	sub-interface down
Subtype	sub-interface admin down
Correlation information	activate-flow=true
	correlate=true
	is-correlation-allowed=true
	weight=849
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=917
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=MAJOR
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=VLAN Sub Interface admin down

### Table 41-255 Subinterface Up

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	sub-interface down
Subtype	sub-interface up

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	weight=0
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=917
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=CLEARED
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=false
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=VLAN Sub Interface up

Table 41-255	Subinterface Up	(continued)
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# **Tx Dormant**

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	tx dormant
Subtype	tx dormant
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	weight=0
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=377
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=MINOR
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=tx dormant

Table 41-256 Tx Dormant

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	tx dormant
Subtype	tx dormant normal
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	weight=0
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=377
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=CLEARED
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=false
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=tx dormant normal

Table 41-257	Tx Dormant Normal

# **Tx Utilization**

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	tx utilization
Subtype	tx over Utilized
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=true
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	weight=0
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=7
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=MINOR
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=Tx utilization exceeded upper threshold

Table 41-258 Tx Overutilized

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	tx utilization
Subtype	tx utilization normal
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	weight=0
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=7
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=CLEARED
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=false
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=Tx utilization is below lower threshold

# **VSI** Down

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	vsi down
Subtype	vsi oper down
Correlation information	activate-flow=true
	correlate=true
	is-correlation-allowed=true
	weight=845
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=916
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=MAJOR
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=VSI oper down

### Table 41-260 VSI Down

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	vsi down
Subtype	vsi admin down
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=true
	weight=101
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=916
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=MAJOR
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=true
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=VSI admin down

### Table 41-262 VSI Up

Event Setting	Registry Parameter
Туре	vsi down
Subtype	vsi up
Correlation information	activate-flow=false
	correlate=false
	is-correlation-allowed=false
	weight=0
Northbound metadata	alarm-type=916
	auto-cleared=false
	auto-removed=true
	functionality-type=SERVICE
	severity=CLEARED
	gw-correlation-timeout=1200000
	is-ticketable=false
	send-to-gw=true
	short-description=VSI up

# Alarm Source OIDs

These topics describe the possible source object identifiers (OIDs) of alarms generated by Cisco ANA. A description of each source OID and OID structure is given, with examples of OIDs and service alarms that use those OIDs as their source.



The source OID must be unique in the alarm type context. For example, it is not possible to generate multiple different alarms with the same type from the same component using the component OID as the source. An additional differentiator should be added to the base component OID. See LSE OID (ILseOid), for an example.

The following source OIDs are described:

- BFD Connectivity Down OID
- BFD Neighbor Loss OID
- BGP Neighbor Entry OID (IBgpNeighborEntryOid)
- Carrier Grade NAT OID (ICgnServiceOid)
- DS0 Bundle OID (IDS0BundleOid)
- DS1 Path OID (IDS1PathOid)
- DS3 Path OID (IDS3PathOid)
- DWDM Controller OID (IDWDMOid)
- EFP OID (IEFPOID)
- IMA Service (IIMAGroupOid)
- IP Interface OID (IPInterfaceOid)
- L2TP Peer OID (IL2tpPeerOid)
- Lag Down OID
- Lag Link Down OID
- Local Switching Entry Down OID
- Logical Port OID (ILogicalPortOid)
- LSE OID (ILseOid)
- Managed Element OID (IManagedElementOid)
- Members Changed OID (IDataLinkAggregationOid)
- MLPPP OID (IMLPPPOid)
- Module OID (IModuleOid)
- MPBGP OID (IMpBgpOid)
- MPLS TE Tunnel OID (IMplsTETunnelOid)
- OSPF Neighbor State Change OID
- Physical Layer OID (IPhysicalLayerOid)
- Shelf OID (IShelfOid)
- SONET Path Port Down OID
- SONET Path Link Down OID

- Topological Link OID (ITopologicalLinkOid)
- VLAN Tagged Interface OID (IVlanTaggedInterfaceOID)
- VSI OID (IVSIOID)

## **BFD Connectivity Down OID**

The BFD Connectivity Down OID supports the BFD Connectivity Down Alarm.

#### Example

```
{[TopologicalLink(AEndPoint={[ManagedElement(Key=p1)][LogicalRoot][Context(ContextName=Def
ault
context)][BfdService]})(LinkType=14)(TunnelID=-1)(ZEndPoint={[ManagedElement(Key=c3-npe1-7
6)][LogicalRoot][Context(ContextName=Default
context)][BfdService][ServiceEvent(DiffObject=2.0.0.29 <-> 2.0.0.30)]})]
```

## **BFD Neighbor Loss OID**

The BFD Neighbor Loss OID supports the BFD Neighbor Loss Alarm.

#### Example

ManagedElement(Key=p1)][LogicalRoot][Context(ContextName=Default context)][BfdService]})

# BGP Neighbor Entry OID (IBgpNeighborEntryOid)

The BGP Neighbor Entry OID is the source OID for any alarms related to BGP neighbors.

The BGP Neighbor Entry source OID supports the BGP Neighbor Loss alarm.

The structure of the BGP Neighbor Entry OID is:

{[ManagedElement(Key=*deviceName*)][LogicalRoot][FWComponentContainer(Type=7)][MpBgp][Bg pNeighborEntry(PeerIdentifier=*peerIP*)(VrfName=*vrfName*)]}

The VrfName identifier in the BGP entry part exists if the entry is under VRF.

#### Example

```
{[ManagedElement(Key=PE3-NY-7300)][LogicalRoot][FWComponentContainer(Type=7)][MpBgp][BgpNe
ighbourEntry(PeerIdentifier=10.0.7.4)(VrfName=Red)]}
```

## Carrier Grade NAT OID (ICgnServiceOid)

The Carrier Grade NAT OID is the source OID for Carrier Grade NAT alarms.

The structure of the Carrier Grade NAT OID is:

{[ManagedElement(Key=deviceIP)][LogicalRoot][FWComponentContainer(Type=10)][CgnService(CgnName=CgnInstanceName)]}

```
{[ManagedElement(Key=169.254.192.135)][LogicalRoot][FWComponentContainer(Type=10)]
[CgnService(CgnName=demo)]}
```

## DS0 Bundle OID (IDS0BundleOid)

The DS0 Bundle OID is the source OID for any alarms related to DS0 Bundle.

The alarm supported by Cisco ANA with DS0 Bundle OID source OID is:

• DS0 Bundle Down

The structure of the DS0 Bundle OID is:

{[ManagedElement(Key=mlppp-mlppp number)][PhysicalRoot][Chassis][Slot(SlotNum=slot number)][Module][Slot(SlotNum=shot number)][Module][Port(PortNumber=port number)][PhysicalLayer][Lop(Id=identifier)][DS0Bundle(BundleLocation=Bundle: location)(Id=identifier)]}

#### Example

```
{[ManagedElement(Key=mlppp-2)][PhysicalRoot][Chassis][Slot(SlotNum=4)][Module][Slot(SlotNum=3)][Module][Port(PortNumber=T3
4/3/0)][PhysicalLayer][Lop(Id=14)][DS0Bundle(BundleLocation=Bundle:
Serial4/3/0/14:0)(Id=0)]}
```

## DS1 Path OID (IDS1PathOid)

The DS1 Path OID is the source OID for any alarms related to DS1 port and link down.

Alarms supported by DS1 Path OID include:

- DS1 Path Port Down
- DS1 Path Link Down

The structure of the DS1 Path OID is:

{[ManagedElement(Key=*element key*)][PhysicalRoot][Chassis][Slot(SlotNum=*slotnumber*)][Module \][Slot(SlotNum=*slotnumber*)][Module][Port(PortNumber=*portnumber*][PhysicalLayer][Sonet\_SdhHo p(Id=*hop identifier*)][Lop(Id=*LOP ID*)]}

#### Example

```
{[ManagedElement(Key=ana-dev-7609-1)][PhysicalRoot][Chassis][Slot(SlotNum=8)][Module \
][Slot(SlotNum=1)][Module][Port(PortNumber=SONET \
8/1/0)][PhysicalLayer][Sonet_SdhHop(Id=3)][Lop(Id=3/5/3)]}
```

## DS3 Path OID (IDS3PathOid)

The DS3 Path OID is the source OID for any alarms related to DS3 port down.

Alarms supported by DS3 Path OID include:

- DS3 Path Port Down
- DS3 Path Link Down

The structure of the DS3 Path OID is:

{[ManagedElement(Key=*element key*)][PhysicalRoot][Chassis][Slot(SlotNum=*slotnumber*)][Module \][Slot(SlotNum=*slotnumber*)][Module][Port(PortNumber=*portnumber*][PhysicalLayer][Sonet\_SdhHo p(Id=*hop identifier*)][Lop(Id=*LOP ID*)]}

#### Example

```
{[ManagedElement(Key=ana-dev-7609-1)][PhysicalRoot][Chassis][Slot(SlotNum=8)][Module \
][Slot(SlotNum=1)][Module][Port(PortNumber=SONET \
8/1/0)][PhysicalLayer][Sonet_SdhHop(Id=3)][Lop(Id=3/5/3)]}
```

# **DWDM Controller OID (IDWDMOid)**

The DWDM Controller OID is the IMO class of the DWDM controller. Alarms supported with the DWDM Controller OID include:

- DWDM Controller Down
- DWDM G709 Status Down

The structure of the DWDM Controller OID is:

{[ManagedElement(Key=*devicename*)][PhysicalRoot][Chassis][Shelf(ShelfNum=*shelfnumber*)][Slot(S lotNum=*slotnumber*)][Module][Port(PortNumber=*portnumber*)][PhysicalLayer]}

#### Example

```
{[ManagedElement(Key=CRS1-simu-41)][PhysicalRoot][Chassis][Shelf(ShelfNum=0)][Slot(SlotNum
=5)][Module][Port(PortNumber=POS0/5/0/0)][PhysicalLayer]}
```

## **EFP OID (IEFPOID)**

The structure of the EFP OID is:

{[ManagedElement(Key=deviceName)][LogicalRoot][FWComponentContainer(Type=7)][MpBgp][Bg pNeighbourEntry(PeerIdentifier=peerIP)(VrfName=vrfName)]}

#### Example

{[ManagedElement(Key=PE3-NY-7300)][LogicalRoot][FWComponentContainer(Type=7)][MpBgp][BgpNe ighbourEntry(PeerIdentifier=10.0.7.4)(VrfName=Red)]}

## IMA Service (IIMAGroupOid)

The IMA Service OID supports the ATM IMA Service alarm. The structure of the IMA Service OID is:

#### IIMAGroupOid:

{[ManagedElement(Key=*ManagedElementkey*)][LogicalRoot][PhysicalLayerAggregationContainer(Ty pe=*type*)][IMAGroup(Id=*IMAGroupID*)]}

```
{[ManagedElement(Key=vne-146)][LogicalRoot][PhysicalLayerAggregationContainer(Type=1)][IMA
Group(Id=ATM8/1/ima10)]}
```

## IP Interface OID (IPInterfaceOid)

The IP Interface OID is the source OID for any alarms related to the IP interface.

Alarms supported by Cisco ANA with IP Interface source OID are:

- Interface Status
- HSRP Group Status Changed
- Dual Stack IP Changed

The structure of the IP Interface OID can be one of the following:

• IP interface under the global routing (RoutingEntity):

{[ManagedElement(Key=*deviceName*)][LogicalRoot][FWComponentContainer(Type=1)][Routing Entity][IpInterface(IpInterfaceName=*ifName*)]}

• IP interface under a VRF:

{[ManagedElement(Key=*deviceName*)][LogicalRoot][FWComponentContainer(Type=3)][Vrf(Vrf Name=*vrfName*)][IpInterface(IpInterfaceName=*ifName*)]}

#### Examples

IP Interface OID under the RoutingEntity:

{[ManagedElement(Key=PE2-TX-GSR)][LogicalRoot][FWComponentContainer(Type=1)][RoutingEntity ][IpInterface(IpInterfaceName=POS0/0)]}

#### IP Interface OID under a VRF:

{[ManagedElement(Key=PE-South)][LogicalRoot][FWComponentContainer(Type=3)][Vrf(VrfName=vrf A)][IpInterface(IpInterfaceName=Serial2/0.400)]}

## Lag Down OID

The Lag Down OID is the source OID for Lag Down Alarm.

#### Example

```
{[ManagedElement(Key=169.254.77.108)][LogicalRoot][Context(ContextName=Default
context)][DataLinkAggregationContainer(Type=1)][DataLinkAggregation(Index=11)]]}.
```

## Lag Link Down OID

The Lag Link Down OID is the source OID for the Lag Link alarm. The OID is a topological link with A and Z side endpoints similiar to Lag Down OID.

## L2TP Peer OID (IL2tpPeerOid)

Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol (L2TP) modeling in Cisco ANA is available only for Redback SMS devices. L2TP Peer is a component that is used to model the administrative aspect of L2TP tunnels. It is basically an entity responsible for creating L2TP tunnels based on its configuration.

The L2TP Peer OID is the source OID for any alarms related to L2TP Peer components.

Alarms supported by Cisco ANA with L2TP Peer source OID are:

- L2TP Peer Not Established
- L2TP Session Threshold

The structure of the L2TP Peer OID is:

{[ManagedElement(Key=*deviceName*)][LogicalRoot][Context(ContextName=*contextName*)][FWCom ponentContainer(Type=6)][L2tpPeer(PeerName=*peerName*)]}

#### Example

{[ManagedElement(Key=redback)][LogicalRoot][Context(ContextName=l2tpCtx)][FWComponentConta iner(Type=6)][L2TPPeer(PeerName=peer5)]}

## Local Switching Entry Down OID

Local Switching Entry Down OID is the source OID for Local Switching Entry Down alarm.

#### Example

```
Oid: {[ManagedElement(Key=169.254.77.108)][LogicalRoot][Context(ContextName=Default
context)][FWComponentContainer(Type=8)][LocalSwitchingEntity]}
```

with DiffObject as the LocalSwitchingEntryKey

## Logical Port OID (ILogicalPortOid)

A logical port represents a logical ATM/FrameRelay interface which is configured on top of a physical port. One physical port might have multiple logical ports. In ATM, logical ports are differentiated by VP muxing, that is, each logical port is configured with a range of VPIs. This type of configuration exists in Lucent GX/CBX, which are supported by Cisco ANA.

The Logical Port OID is the source OID for any alarms related to logical ports.

The alarm supported by Cisco ANA with the Logical Port source OID is:

Logical Port Down

The structure of the Logical Port OID can be one of the following:

Logical port on a module's physical port:

{[ManagedElement(Key=deviceName)][PhysicalRoot][Chassis][Slot(SlotNum=slotNum)][Module ][Port(PortNumber=portNum)][PhysicalLayer][VpMux][LogicalPort(LogicalPortNumber=logical PortNum)]}

Logical port on a submodule's physical port:

{[ManagedElement(Key=deviceName)][PhysicalRoot][Chassis][Slot(SlotNum=slotNum)][Module] [Slot(SlotNum=subSlotNum)][Module][Port(PortNumber=portNum)][PhysicalLayer][VpMux][L ogicalPort(LogicalPortNumber=logicalPortNum)]}

• Logical port of a subport:

{[ManagedElement(Key=deviceName)][PhysicalRoot][Chassis][Slot(SlotNum=slotNum)][Module ][Port(PortNumber=portNum)][PhysicalLayer][SubPort(SubPortNumber=subPortNumber)][VpMu x][LogicalPort(LogicalPortNumber=logicalPortNum)]}

## LSE Entry OID (IMpIsEntryOid)

The LSE Entry OID is used as the source OID for any alarms related to LSE entries.

The alarm supported by Cisco ANA with the LSE Entry source OID is:

• Broken LSP Discovered

The structure of the LSE Entry OID is:

{[ManagedElement(Key=*deviceName*)][LogicalRoot][FWComponentContainer(Type=4)][Lse][LSEEn tries(InLabel=*inLabel*)][MplsEntry(OutInterface=*outIfOid*)]}

The OutInterface is the IP interface OID of the outgoing interface.

#### Example

```
{[ManagedElement(Key=PE1-NY-GSR)][LogicalRoot][FWComponentContainer(Type=4)][Lse][LSEEntri
es(InLabel=74)][MplsEntry(OutInterface={[ManagedElement(Key=PE1-NY-GSR)][LogicalRoot][FWCo
mponentContainer(Type=1)][RoutingEntity][IpInterface(IpInterfaceName=POS0/0)]})]
```



The structure of the OutInterface is a separate OID.

## LSE OID (ILseOid)

The Label Switching Entity (LSE) OID is used as the source for various alarms related to MPLS.

Alarms supported by Cisco ANA with LSE OID are:

- MPLS Black Hole Found
- MPLS Interface Removed
- LDP Neighbor Loss

The structure of the LSE OID is:

{[ManagedElement(Key=deviceName)][LogicalRoot][FWComponentContainer(Type=4)][Lse]}

### **Alarm Differentiators**

Multiple alarms of the same type cannot have the same source. When this occurs, then the LSE OID is used as a base OID and is augmented with a differentiator. A specific alarm differentiator is used for each type of alarm.

The following examples show how specific alarm differentiators are used in the different types of alarms:

#### Example 1

MPLS Black Hole Found—[ServiceEvent(DiffObject=*ifName nextHop*)]

Source OIDs of MPLS Black Hole Found:

{[ManagedElement(Key=RR1-IOU)][LogicalRoot][FWComponentContainer(Type=4)][Lse][ServiceEven t(DiffObject=Ethernet0/0 192.168.1.210)]}

{[ManagedElement(Key=RR1-IOU)][LogicalRoot][FWComponentContainer(Type=4)][Lse][ServiceEven t(DiffObject=Ethernet0/0 192.168.1.310)]}

#### Example 2

MPLS Interface Removed—[ServiceEvent(DiffObject=mplsIfDescr)]

#### Source OIDs of MPLS Interface Removed:

{[ManagedElement(Key=PE4-NY-7200)][LogicalRoot][FWComponentContainer(Type=4)][Lse][Service Event(DiffObject=MPLS on interface FastEthernet0/1)]}

{[ManagedElement(Key=PE4-NY-7200)][LogicalRoot][FWComponentContainer(Type=4)][Lse][Service Event(DiffObject=MPLS on interface FastEthernet0/2)]}

#### **Example 3**

LDP Neighbor Loss—[ServiceEvent(DiffObject=peerLdpId)]

#### Source OIDs of LDP Neighbor Loss:

{[ManagedElement(Key=CORE2-NY-GSR)][LogicalRoot][FWComponentContainer(Type=4)][Lse][Servic eEvent(DiffObject=172.255.0.1:0)]}

{[ManagedElement(Key=CORE2-NY-GSR)][LogicalRoot][FWComponentContainer(Type=4)][Lse][Servic eEvent(DiffObject=172.255.0.1:5)]}

## Managed Element OID (IManagedElementOid)

Managed Element represents the root component of the VNE. Any alarm related to the top-level component of the VNE will have the Managed Element OID as the source.

Alarms which have Managed Element OID as their source are:

- Device Unreachable
- Device Unsupported
- CPU Overutilized
- Module Unsupported (Investigation State)
- Adaptive Polling
- Cloud Problem (for cloud VNEs)

The structure of the Managed Element OID is:

{[ManagedElement(Key=deviceName)]}

#### Example

{[ManagedElement(Key=PE4-NY-7200)]}

## Members Changed OID (IDataLinkAggregationOid)

The Members Changed OID is used as a source OID for service aggregation alarms.

The structure of the Members Changes OID is:

{[ManagedElement(Key=deviceName)][LogicalRoot][Context(ContextName=contextName)][DataLin kAggregationContainer(Type=1)][DataLinkAggregation(Index=snmpIndex)]}

```
{[ManagedElement(Key=vne-146)][LogicalRoot][Context(ContextName=Default
context)][DataLinkAggregationContainer(Type=1)][DataLinkAggregation(Index=50)]}
```

## MLPPP OID (IMLPPPOid)

The MLPPP OID is the source OID for any alarms related to MLPPP. The structure of the MLPPP OID is:

{[ManagedElement(Key=mlppp-*key*)][LogicalRoot][Context(ContextName=Default context)] [EncapsulationAggregationContainer(Type=*type*)][EncapsulationAggregation(Group=*group*)]}

#### Example

```
{[ManagedElement(Key=mlppp-2)][LogicalRoot][Context(ContextName=Default
context)][EncapsulationAggregationContainer(Type=1)][EncapsulationAggregation(Group=200)]}
```

## Module OID (IModuleOid)

The Module OID is the source OID for any alarms related to a card or module.

Alarms which have Module OID as their source are:

- Card Out
- Card Down

Possible structures of the Module OIDs are:

• Module under chassis:

{[ManagedElement(Key=*deviceName*)][PhysicalRoot][Chassis][Shelf(ShelfNum=*shelfNum*)][Slot (SlotNum=*slotNum*)][Module]}

• Module under other module (submodule):

{[ManagedElement(Key=*deviceName*)][PhysicalRoot][Chassis][Shelf(ShelfNum=*shelfNum*)][Slot (SlotNum=*slotNum*)][Module][Slot(SlotNum=*subSlotNum*)][Module]}

Shelf is an optional part of the OID.

#### Example

```
{[ManagedElement(Key=CRS-1)][PhysicalRoot][Chassis][Shelf(ShelfNum=0)][Slot(SlotNum=4
-Back)][Module][Slot(SlotNum=10)][Module]}
```

## MPBGP OID (IMpBgpOid)

The MPBGP OID will be the source OID for any alarms related to BGP service.

The alarm supported by Cisco ANA with MPBGP source OID is:

BGP Process Down

The structure of the MPBGP OID is:

{[ManagedElement(Key=deviceName)][LogicalRoot][FWComponentContainer(Type=7)][MpBgp]}

#### Example

{[ManagedElement(Key=Juniper M5)][LogicalRoot][FWComponentContainer(Type=7)][MpBgp]}

# MPLS TE Tunnel OID (IMplsTETunnelOid)

The MPLS TE Tunnel OID is the source OID for any alarms related to MPLS TE tunnels.

The alarm supported by Cisco ANA with MPLS TE Tunnel source OID is:

• MPLS TE Tunnel Down

The structure of the MPLS TE Tunnel OID is:

pInterface(IpInterfaceName=tunnel-te0)][MplsTETunnel]}

{[ManagedElement(Key=*deviceName*)][LogicalRoot][FWComponentContainer(Type=1)][RoutingEntity][IpInterface(IpInterfaceName=*ifName*)][MplsTETunnel]}

{[ManagedElement(Key=CRS1-PE)][LogicalRoot][FWComponentContainer(Type=1)][RoutingEntity][I

#### Example

Note

The structure of the OID is different when the IP interface is under a VRF (see IP Interface OID (IPInterfaceOid), page 41-191).

## **OSPF Neighbor State Change OID**

The OSPF Neighbor State Change OID is the source OID for the OSPF Neighbor Up and the OSPF Neighbor Down alarms. The OID of the Members Changed alarm is the OID of the affected Neighbor.

#### Example

```
{[ManagedElement(Key=172.25.87.145)][LogicalRoot][FWComponentContainer(Type=11)][OspfProce
ss(OspfVersion=v2)(ProcessId=1)][OspfNeighbor(AreaId=0)(IfName=TenGigabitEthernet2/4)(Ospf
NeighborId=10.10.20.3)]}
```

# Physical Layer OID (IPhysicalLayerOid)

The Physical Layer OID is the source OID for any alarm related to the physical layer of a port.

Alarms which have Physical Layer OID as their source are:

- Port Down
- Tx/Rx Utilization (no adjacent)
- Tx/Rx Dormant
- Dropped/Discarded Packets
- All IP Interfaces Down

The structure of the Physical Layer OID is:

{[ManagedElement(Key=*deviceName*)][PhysicalRoot][Chassis][Shelf(ShelfNum=*shelfNum*)][Slot(Slot tNum=*slotNum*)][Module][Slot(SlotNum=*subSlotNum*)][Module][Port(PortNumber=*portNum*)][Physic alLayer]}

Optional parts of the OID are:

- Shelf
- Second-level slot
- Module representing submodule

PortNum can also be the port name (see the following examples).

#### Examples

Source of port down where the port is on a submodule:

```
{[ManagedElement(Key=CRS-1)][PhysicalRoot][Chassis][Shelf(ShelfNum=0)][Slot(SlotNum=4
-Back)][Module][Slot(SlotNum=4)][Module][Port(PortNumber=GigabitEthernet0/4/4/1)][Physical
Layer]}
```

## Shelf OID (IShelfOid)

The Shelf OID is the source OID for any alarms related to shelf.

The alarm which has Shelf OID as its source is:

• Shelf Out

The structure of the Shelf OID is:

{[ManagedElement(Key=deviceName)][PhysicalRoot][Chassis][Shelf(ShelfNum=shelfNum]]}

#### Example

{[ManagedElement(Key=CRS-1)][PhysicalRoot][Chassis][Shelf(ShelfNum=0)]}

## **SONET Path Port Down OID**

The Sonet Path Port Down OID is the source OID for SONET Path Port Down alarm.

#### Example

```
{[ManagedElement(Key=172.25.87.146)][PhysicalRoot][Chassis][Slot(SlotNum=8)][Module][Slot(
SlotNum=1)][Module][Port(PortNumber=SONET 8/1/0)][PhysicalLayer][Sonet_SdhHop(Id=2)]}
```

## **SONET Path Link Down OID**

The SONET Path Link Down OID is the source OID for the SONET Path Link alarm. The OID is a topological link with A and Z side endpoints similiar to SONET Path port Down OID.

## Topological Link OID (ITopologicalLinkOid)

The Topological Link OID is the source OID for any Link Down alarm. It has the following structure:

{[TopologicalLink(AEndPoint=AEndOid)(TunnelID=tunnelId)(ZEndPoint=ZEndOid)]}

- AEndOid, ZEndOid—The OIDs of the link endpoint components.
- TunnelID—Where multiple links can exist between two components, the TunnelID value is used to distinguish between the links.

### Supported Alarms with Topological Link OID Source

The alarms supported in Cisco ANA which have Topological Link OID source are:

• Link Down—Link down between physical ports, the endpoint OIDs of the physical layer. In this case, the TunnelId is not used and is set to -1. See Link Down Endpoint OID Structure, page 41-198.



There are various alarm subtypes of link down (for example, Link Down to Admin Down, and Link Down on Unreachable). They all have the same source OID.

- Link Utilization—The source OID is the same as for link down.
- Tx/Rx Utilization—The source OID is the same as for link down where the physical layer component is adjacent.
- GRE Tunnel Down—The endpoint OIDs are the GRE tunnel endpoints. In this case, the TunnelID is not used and is set to -1. See GRE Tunnel Endpoint OID Structure, page 41-199.
- Layer 2 Tunnel Down—The endpoint OIDs are the Layer 2 MPLS tunnel endpoints. In this case, the TunnelID is not used, nor is it initialized. See Layer 2 MPLS Tunnel Endpoint OID Structure, page 41-199.
- BGP Link Down—The endpoint OIDs are the MpBGP. In this case, the TunnelID is not used, nor is it initialized. See BGP Link Down Endpoint OID Structure, page 41-199.
- DS1 Path Link Down—See DS1 Path Link Down, page 41-29.
- DS3 Path Link Down—See DS3 Path Link Down, page 41-30.
- MLPPP Down Due to Admin Down—See MLPPP Bundle, page 41-46.
- MLPPP Down Due to Oper Down—See MLPPP Bundle, page 41-46.

### Link Down Endpoint OID Structure

The structure of the Link Down Endpoint OID is:

{[ManagedElement(Key=*deviceName*)][PhysicalRoot][Chassis][Shelf(ShelfNum=*shelfNum*)][Slot(SlotNum=*slotNum*)][Module][Slot(SlotNum=*subSlotNum*)][Module][Port(PortNumber=*portNum*)][Physic alLayer]}

Optional parts of the Link Down Endpoint OID are:

- Shelf
- Second-level slot
- Module representing a submodule

PortNum can also be the port name (see the following examples).

#### Examples

Source of link down where the physical ports are on a module:

```
{[TopologicalLink(AEndPoint={[ManagedElement(Key=PE3-NY-7300)][PhysicalRoot][Chassis][Slot
(SlotNum=1)][Module][Port(PortNumber=FastEthernet1/1)][PhysicalLayer]})(TunnelID=-1)(ZEndP
oint={[ManagedElement(Key=PE1-NY-GSR)][PhysicalRoot][Chassis][Slot(SlotNum=1)][Module][Slo
t(SlotNum=1)][Module][Port(PortNumber=GigabitEthernet1/1/2)][PhysicalLayer]})]}
```

Source of link down where the physical port of AendPoint is on a submodule:

{[TopologicalLink(AEndPoint={[ManagedElement(Key=PE1-NY-GSR)][PhysicalRoot][Chassis][Slot( SlotNum=1)][Module][Slot(SlotNum=1)][Module][Port(PortNumber=GigabitEthernet1/1/1)][Physic alLayer]})(TunnelID=-1)(ZEndPoint={[ManagedElement(Key=NPE1-NY-7600)][PhysicalRoot][Chassi s][Slot(SlotNum=4)][Module][Port(PortNumber=FastEthernet4/48)][PhysicalLayer]})]}

See also, DS3 Path OID (IDS3PathOid), page 41-189, DS3 Path OID (IDS3PathOid), page 41-189, MLPPP OID (IMLPPPOid), page 41-195.

### **GRE Tunnel Endpoint OID Structure**

The structure of the GRE Tunnel Endpoint OID is:

{[ManagedElement(Key=deviceName)][LogicalRoot][Context(ContextName=contextName)][TunnelC ontainer(TunnelType=4)][TunnelGre(TunnelName=tunnelName)]}

#### Examples

Source of GRE Tunnel Down alarm:

```
{[TopologicalLink(AEndPoint={[ManagedElement(Key=PE-East-IOU-158)][LogicalRoot][Context(Co
ntextName=Default
context)][TunnelContainer(TunnelType=4)][TunnelGre(TunnelName=Tunnel1)]})(TunnelID=-1)(ZEn
dPoint={[ManagedElement(Key=PE-South-IOU-158)][LogicalRoot][Context(ContextName=Default
context)][TunnelContainer(TunnelType=4)][TunnelGre(TunnelName=Tunnel1)]})]
```

Layer 2 Tunnel Down—The endpoint OIDs are the Layer 2 MPLS tunnel endpoints. In this case, the TunnelID is not used and is not initialized.

### Layer 2 MPLS Tunnel Endpoint OID Structure

The structure of the Layer 2 MPLS Tunnel Endpoint OID is:

{[ManagedElement(Key=deviceName)][LogicalRoot][Context(ContextName=contextName)][TunnelC ontainer(TunnelType=1)][PTPLayer2MplsTunnel(PeerRouterIp=peerRouterIP)(TunnelId=tunnelId)]}

#### Example

Source of Layer 2 Tunnel Down:

```
{[TopologicalLink(AEndPoint={[ManagedElement(Key=NPE1-NY-7600)][LogicalRoot][Context(Conte
xtName=Default
```

```
context)][TunnelContainer(TunnelType=1)][PTPLayer2MplsTunnel(PeerRouterIp=172.255.1.5)(Tun
nelId=100)]})(TunnelID=)(ZEndPoint={[ManagedElement(Key=PE4-NY-7200)][LogicalRoot][Context
(ContextName=Default
```

```
context)][TunnelContainer(TunnelType=1)][PTPLayer2MplsTunnel(PeerRouterIp=172.255.1.3)(Tun
nelId=100)]})]
```

### BGP Link Down Endpoint OID Structure

The structure of the MpBGP Link Down Endpoint OID is:

{[ManagedElement(Key=*deviceName*)][LogicalRoot][FWComponentContainer(Type=7)] [TunneIId=*tunneIId*)]}

#### Example

Source of BGP Link Down:

```
{[TopologicalLink(AEndPoint={[ManagedElement(Key=PE-East-IOU-159)][LogicalRoot][FWComponen
tContainer(Type=7)][MpBgp]})(TunnelID=-1)(ZEndPoint={[ManagedElement(Key=RR2-IOU-159)][Log
icalRoot][FWComponentContainer(Type=7)][MpBgp]})]
```

## VLAN Tagged Interface OID (IVIanTaggedInterfaceOID)

The VLAN Tagged Interface OID is used as the source OID for alarms related to QinQ or stacked VLANs, such as Subinterface Down.

A subinterface is a logical division of traffic on an interface, such as multiple subnets across one physical interface. A subinterface name is represented as an extension to an interface name using dot notation, such as Interface Gigabit Ethernet 0/1/2/3.10. In this example, the main interface name is Gigabit Ethernet 0/1/2/3 and the subinterface is 10.

The structure of the VLAN Tagged Interface OID is:

{[ManagedElement(Key=*deviceName*)][PhysicalRoot][Chassis][Slot(SlotNum=*slotNum*)][Module][Sl ot(SlotNum=*subSlotNum*)][Module][Port(PortNumber=*portNum*)][PhysicalLayer][DataLinkLayer][Vl anEncapMux][VLANTaggedInterface(InterfaceName=*subInterfaceName*)]}

#### Example

{[ManagedElement(Key=10.56.101.133)][PhysicalRoot][Chassis][Slot(SlotNum=4)][Module][Slot( SlotNum=0)][Module][Port(PortNumber=GigabitEthernet4/0/2)][PhysicalLayer][DataLinkLayer][V lanEncapMux][VLANTaggedInterface(InterfaceName=Gi4/0/2.1)]}

## VSI OID (IVSIOID)

The VSI OID is used as a source for VSI IMOs and VSI alarms including VSI Admin Down, VSI Down, and VSI Up.

The VSI OID is structured so that the VPLS name and VPN ID are identifiers for the VSI entity concatenated to the logical context OID.

```
[ManagedElement(Key=7606S-PE1)][LogicalRoot][Context(ContextName=Default context)][FWComponentContainer(Type=10)] [VSI(VplsInstanceName=eli_VFI)(VpnId=101)]}
```