



CHAPTER 4

Information Tags

Information tags (info-tags) are identifiers that can be used to retrieve information about call legs, events, the script itself, current configuration, and values returned from RADIUS.



Note

Some info-tags have one or more parameters that are used to further identify the information to be retrieved, set, or modified.

Info-tags are grouped according to use. The first three characters of the info-tag label indicate the grouping:

- aaa—RADIUS information.
- cfg—Configuration information.
- con—Connection information.
- evt—Event information.
- leg—Call leg information.
- med—Media services information.
- sys—System information.

This chapter lists the available info-tags and the following information about each:

- Description—Explanation of the purpose of the info-tag.
- Syntax—The syntax of the info-tag.
- Mode—Whether the info-tag is read or read-write.
- Scope—The context in which the info-tag can be used. Some info-tags can be used at any time (global). Others are valid only when certain events are received, and the script terminates with error output if the info-tag is used in other situations. For example, you cannot call `evt_dcdigits` while handling the `ev_setup_done` event. In other words, if the previous command is `leg setup` and the `ev_setup_done` event has not yet returned, then you cannot execute an `infotag get evt_dcdigits` command, or the script will terminate with error output.
- Return Type—The type of information returned by the info-tag when used with an `infotag get` or `infotag set` command.
- Direct Mapping—Whether the info-tag can be used directly with a command (other than the `infotag get` or `infotag set` commands) and with which commands it can be used.

**Note**

If an info-tag is specified incorrectly, if any of the parameters are specified incorrectly, or if the info-tag is used outside its intended scope, the script terminates with error output.

aaa_accounting_last_sent

| | |
|----------------|--|
| Description | Retrieves the timestamp of the last accounting record sent from the voice-aaa subsystem. |
| Syntax | infotag get aaa_accounting_last_sent {servertag} |
| | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>servertag</i>—The server or server group identifier. This value refers to the method-list name, as in the following AAA configuration: <pre>aaa accounting connection {default method-list-name} group group-name</pre> |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | Valid only on completion of a successful servertag subscription. |
| Return Type | timestamp |
| Direct Mapping | None |

aaa_avpair

| | |
|----------------|---|
| Description | Returns the value of an AV-pair that was returned by RADIUS. After an authorize command finishes, the RADIUS server could have returned parameters as AV-pairs. This info-tag, along with aaa_avpair_exists, is used to get the value of a parameter after checking that such a parameter was returned. Refer to the table in “AV-Pair Names” section on page -4 for a list of valid VSA AV-pair names. |
| Syntax | infotag get aaa_avpair avpair-name |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | Global |
| Return Type | String, Number, Boolean (1 or 0), or any other value that is configured or returned through RADIUS. |
| Direct Mapping | None |

aaa_avpair_exists

| | |
|-------------|--|
| Description | Returns the number of matched AV-pairs in the RADIUS server return. After an authorize command completes, the RADIUS server may return parameters as AV-pairs. This info-tag, along with aaa_avpair, is used to find out if a parameter exists before getting its value. Refer to the table in the “AV-Pair Names” section on page -4 for a list of valid VSA AV-pair names. |
| Syntax | infotag get aaa_avpair_exists avpair-name |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | Global |

| | |
|----------------|--------|
| Return Type | Number |
| Direct Mapping | None |

AV-Pair Names

The info-tag `aaa_avpair_exists` can be used to check the availability of a VSA. The info-tag `aaa_avpair` can be used to access the value returned in this VSA. The valid VSA names that can be passed as parameters to these commands are the following.

| Type | Name | Description |
|------|-----------------------|--|
| aaa | h323-ivr-in | A generic VSA for the billing server to send any information to the gateway in the form of an AV-pair, such as “color:blue” or “advprompt:rtsp://www.cisco.com/rtsp/areyouready.au” |
| | h323-ivr-out | A generic VSA for the gateway to send any information to the billing server in the form of an AV-pair, such as “color:blue” or “advprompt:rtsp://www.cisco.com/rtsp/areyouready.au” |
| | h323-credit-amount | The credit amount remaining in the account is returned. |
| | h323-credit-time | The credit time remaining in the account is returned. |
| | h323-prompt-id | The ID of the prompt is returned. |
| | h323-redirect-number | The number for redirection of a call is returned. |
| | h323-redirect-ip-addr | The IP address for the preferred route is returned. |
| | h323-preferred-lang | The language that the billing system returns as the preferred language of the end user. Three languages are supported; en (english), sp (spanish), and ch (mandarin). You can define additional languages as needed. |
| | h323-time-and-day | The time and day at the destination. |
| | h323-return-code | This information is returned only after an authorization command is issued. It returns either a numerical value or “Unknown variable name.” The numerical value indicates what action the IVR application should take, namely to play a specific audio file to inform the end user of the reason for the failed authorization. If “Unknown variable name” is returned, the external AAA-server is out of service. |
| | h323-billing-model | Indicates the billing model used for the call. Initial values: 0=Credit, 1=Debit. Note: The debit card application assumes a Debit billing model. |
| | h323-currency | ISO currency to indicate what units to use in playing the remaining balance. The debit card application assumes units of <i>preferred_language_dollar.au</i> and <i>preferred_language_cent.au</i> . |

**Note**

If the `aaa` variable returns “0,” this indicates that there is no VSA match to the name returned.

aaa_new_guid

| | |
|----------------|---|
| Description | Request the system to generate and return a new GUID. |
| Syntax | infotag get aaa_new_guid |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | Global |
| Return Type | String |
| Direct Mapping | None |

cfg_avpair

| | |
|----------------|---|
| Description | Returns the value of an AV-pair that was configured through the CLI. |
| Syntax | infotag get cfg_avpair avpair-name |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | Global |
| Return Type | String, Number, Boolean (1 or 0), or any other value that is configured or returned through RADIUS. |
| Direct Mapping | None |

cfg_avpair_exists

| | |
|----------------|---|
| Description | Returns an indication of whether the specified parameter or AV-pair was configured through the CLI. |
| Syntax | infotag get cfg_avpair_exists avpair-name |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | Global |
| Return Type | Boolean (1 = true; 0=false) |
| Direct Mapping | None |

con_all

| | |
|----------------|--|
| Description | Returns or maps to a list of all the connection IDs in the script. |
| Syntax | infotag get con_all |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | Global |
| Return Type | Number list |
| Direct Mapping | Connections |

con_ofleg

| | |
|----------------|--|
| Description | Gets a list of all the connections the leg is a part of. This does not include those connections that are in Creation or under Destruction. The info-tag should map to just one leg. |
| Syntax | infotag get con_ofleg {info-tag legID} |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | Global |
| Return Type | Number list |
| Direct Mapping | Connections |

evt_aaa_status_info

| | |
|----------------|--|
| Description | Retrieves the aaa information. For example, the method list from the <i>ev_accounting_status_ind</i> event. |
| Syntax | infotag get evt_aaa_status_info [attribute-name] <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>attribute-name</i>—The attribute you want to access. Defined attributes are <i>method-list-name</i> and <i>status</i>. If no attribute is specified, the list of attributes returns in the form of <i>av1#av2#</i>, where “#” is the delimiter. Status values are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – 000—Accounting Failed – 001—Accounting Success |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | <i>ev_accounting_status_ind</i> |
| Return Type | String |
| Direct Mapping | None |
| Examples | set method_list [infotag get evt_aaa_status_info method-list-name] |

evt_address_resolve_reject_reason

| | |
|----------------|--|
| Description | Returns the address resolution rejection cause. |
| Syntax | infotag get evt_address_resolve_reject_reason |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | <i>ev_address_resolved</i> |
| Return Type | Number |
| Direct Mapping | None |

evt_address_resolve_term_cause

| | |
|----------------|---|
| Description | Returns the address resolution termination cause. |
| Syntax | infotag get evt_address_resolve_term_cause |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | ev_address_resolved |
| Return Type | Number |
| Direct Mapping | None |

evt_connections

| | |
|----------------|---|
| Description | Returns a list of connection IDs associated with the event received. |
| Syntax | infotag get evt_connections |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | ev_handoff ev_returned ev_setup_done ev_create_done ev_destroy_done |
| Return Type | Number list |
| Direct Mapping | Connections |

evt_consult_info

| | |
|----------------|--|
| Description | Returns consult information from a consult response event. |
| Syntax | infotag get evt_consult_info {consultID transferDest} |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | ev_consult_response |
| Return Type | String |
| Direct Mapping | None |

evt_dcdigits

| | |
|----------------|---|
| Description | Returns the digits collected by the leg collectdigits command. |
| Syntax | infotag get evt_dcdigits |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | ev_collectdigits_done |
| Return Type | String |
| Direct Mapping | None |

evt_dest_handle

| | |
|----------------|---|
| Description | Returns the application handle of the instance that registered for the destination number. This value is only available when the destination is an analog FXS phone and the phone is busy. If no application registered for the destination number, the value is an empty string. |
| Syntax | infotag get evt_dest_handle |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | ev_setup_done |
| Return Type | String; represents a TCL application handle |
| Direct Mapping | None |

evt_digit

| | |
|----------------|---|
| Description | Returns the digit key that was pressed. |
| Syntax | infotag get evt_digit |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | ev_digit_end |
| Return Type | String |
| Direct Mapping | None |

evt_digit_duration

| | |
|----------------|---|
| Description | Returns the duration of the digit that was pressed. |
| Syntax | infotag get evt_digit_duration |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | ev_digit_end |
| Return Type | Number |
| Direct Mapping | None |

evt_disc_iec

| | |
|----------------|---|
| Description | Returns the Internal Error Code (IEC). In the case of multiple IECs, only the last one is returned. The IEC returns in the same format as Radius VSAs, as a dotted “version.entity.category.subsystem.error.diagnostic” string. If <component> is not specified, this command returns the dotted string with the components of the IEC. For example, “1.1.180.3.21.0.” If there is no internal error associated with the disconnect, the returned string is “0.0.0.0.0.” |
| Syntax | infotag get evt_disc_iec [<component>] The optional <component> argument can be one of the following parameters: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• <i>entity</i>—Returns the entity component of the IEC. For example, “1.”• <i>category</i>—Returns the category component of the IEC. For example, “180.”• <i>subsystem</i>—Returns the subsystem component. For example, “3.”• <i>errcode</i>—Returns the subsystem-specific error code component. For example, “21.” |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | ev_disconnected |
| Return Type | String |
| Direct Mapping | None |

evt_disc_rsi

| | |
|----------------|---|
| Description | Returns the RSI numeric value that indicates where the release originated from. If there is no RSI available, this command returns 0. |
| Note | Valid only upon receiving an <i>ev_disconnected</i> event. If called while processing any other event, this command returns a TCL_ERROR, causing the script to terminate. |
| Syntax | infotag get evt_disc_rsi |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | ev_disconnected |
| Return Type | String |
| Direct Mapping | None |

evt_endpoint_addresses

| | |
|----------------|--|
| Description | Returns a list of endpoint addresses. |
| Syntax | infotag get evt_endpoint_addresses |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | ev_address_resolved |
| Return Type | String |
| | The return value has the following structure: <i><endpointAddress>#<endpointAddress>#...</i> |
| | The first <i>endpointAddress</i> is the primary address. The <i>endpointAddresses</i> that follow are the alternate addresses. |
| Direct Mapping | None |

evt_event

| | |
|----------------|---|
| Description | Returns the name of the event received. |
| Syntax | infotag get evt_event |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | Global |
| Return Type | String |
| Direct Mapping | None |

evt_facility_id

| | |
|----------------|--|
| Description | Returns the service type of the facility message response. The value is <i>ss_mcid_resp</i> for MCID invocation responses. |
| Syntax | infotag get evt_facility_id |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | Global |
| Return Type | String |
| Direct Mapping | None |
| Example | set facility_id [infotag get evt_facility_id] |
| Usage Notes | None |

evt_facility_report

| | |
|----------------|---|
| Description | Enables the receipt of facility events. |
| Syntax | infotag set evt_facility_report <mcid gtd> |
| Mode | Write |
| Scope | Global |
| Return Type | String |
| Direct Mapping | None |
| Example | infotag set evt_facility_report gtd |
| Usage Notes | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The <i>mcid</i> option of this information tag must be set to receive facility responses from MCID responses. The <i>gtd</i> option of this information tag must be set to receive facility events that contain GTD information. |

evt_feature_param

| | |
|----------------|---|
| Description | Returns parameters related to a specific feature event. |
| Syntax | infotag get evt_feature_param {parameter_name} Possible return strings for media_inactivity are as follows: <i>no media received</i> —Media inactivity detected; no RTP or RTCP packets have been received for a configured amount of time. RTCP packet has been received before a media inactivity condition is met. <i>no control info received</i> —Media inactivity detected; no RTP or RTCP packets have been received for a configured amount of time. No RTCP packet has been received before a media inactivity condition is met. |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | ev_feature |
| Return Type | String |
| Direct Mapping | None |
| Example | infotag get evt_feature_param media_inactivity_type |

evt_feature_report

| | |
|----------------|---|
| Description | Enables or disables certain feature events to be intercepted by the script. |
| Syntax | infotag set evt_feature_report {[“no_”]event_names} <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • event_names—A list of application event names that define what events should or should not be reported to an application when a call is active. An event name with a “no_” prefix means not to report it. Possible values for event_names are as follows: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – fax – modem – modem_phase – hookflash – onhook – offhook – media_inactivity |
| Mode | Write |
| Scope | ev_feature |
| Return Type | None |
| Direct Mapping | None |
| Examples | <p>To enable hookflash and disable fax and modem feature events received by the script: <code>infotag set evt_feature_report hookflashnofaxnomodem</code></p> <p>To enable media_inactivity received by the script: <code>infotag set evt_feature_report media_activity</code></p> |

evt_feature_type

| | |
|-------------|--|
| Description | Returns the feature type string when a feature event is received. |
| Syntax | infotag get evt_feature_type <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Possible event names returned are as follows: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – fax – modem – modem_phase – hookflash – onhook – offhook – media_inactivity – media_activity |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | ev_feature |

| | |
|----------------|--------|
| Return Type | String |
| Direct Mapping | None |

evt_gtd

| | |
|----------------|---|
| Description | Associates a handle to the GTD parameters contained in the event. The application can use the handle to include the associated GTD parameters in any outgoing call signal message. |
| Syntax | infotag get evt_gtd <gtd_handle> |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | ev_address_resolved ev_alert ev_connected ev_disconnected ev_proceeding ev_progress ev_setup_indication |
| Return Type | Number. If a handle can be created from the event, 1 is returned, otherwise 0 is returned. |
| Direct Mapping | None |
| Example | set handle [infotag get evt_gtd gtd_inf] |
| Usage Notes | None |

evt_handoff ani

| | |
|----------------|--|
| Description | Returns the ani set by the inbound application in the <transfer>/ field of the leg setup command. |
| Syntax | infotag get evt_handoff ani |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | Global |
| Return Type | String |
| Direct Mapping | None |
| Example | set ani [infotag get evt_handoff ani] |
| Usage Notes | This command is only available in the handoff event. |

evt_handoff argstring

| | |
|----------------|---|
| Description | This command replaces the existing <i>evt_handoff_string</i> information tag. |
| Syntax | infotag get evt_handoff argstring |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | Global |
| Return Type | String |
| Direct Mapping | None |
| Example | set hstring [infotag get evt_handoff argstring] |
| Usage Notes | This command is only available in the handoff event. |

evt_handoff_dnls

| | |
|----------------|--|
| Description | Returns the dnls set by the inbound application in the <transfer>/ field of the leg setup command. Available only in the handoff event. |
| Syntax | infotag get evt_handoff dnls |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | Global |
| Return Type | String |
| Direct Mapping | None |
| Example | set dnls [infotag get evt_handoff dnls] |
| Usage Notes | None |

evt_handoff_legs

| | |
|----------------|--|
| Description | Returns all the legs handed off to the application. Typically used to retrieve all call legs in a multiple-leg handoff, but can also be used for a single-leg handoff. |
| Syntax | infotag get evt_handoff_legs |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | ev_handoff |
| Return Type | String; represents legIDs separated by space characters. |
| Direct Mapping | None |

evt_handoff_proto_headers

| | |
|----------------|---|
| Description | Retrieves the handoff header. |
| Syntax | infotag get evt_handoff proto_headers [<attribute-name>] <attribute-name>—Name of the header to get. |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | Global |
| Return Type | String |
| Direct Mapping | None |
| Example | set AccountInfo [infotag get evt_handoff proto_headers AccountInfo] The following command returns all headers in a concatenated string. Each header av-pair is separated by a '&': set allHeaders [infotag get evt_handoff proto_headers] |
| Usage Notes | If <attribute-name> is not specified, all headers are returned in a concatenated string, with each header separated by a “&” symbol. |

evt_handoff_string

| | |
|----------------|---|
| Description | Returns the handoff string when one or more call legs are handed off or returned to the script. |
| Syntax | infotag get evt_handoff_string |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | ev_handoff ev_returned |
| Return Type | String |
| Direct Mapping | None |

evt_iscommand_done

| | |
|----------------|---|
| Description | Returns an indication of whether the command has finished. |
| Syntax | infotag get evt_iscommand_done |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | ev_returned ev_setup_done ev_collectdigits_done ev_vxmldialog_done |
| Return Type | Boolean (1 = true; 0 = false) |
| Direct Mapping | None |

evt_last_disconnect_cause

| | |
|----------------|---|
| Description | Returns the value of the last failure detected during this call. The failure could have occurred on any call leg associated with this call. If no failures have occurred during the call, <i>di_000</i> is returned. |
| | The value of this information tag is updated while processing the following events: |
| | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>ev_disconnected</i>—Set to the cause value received in the protocol message. • <i>ev_disc_prog_ind</i>—Set to the cause value received in the protocol message. • <i>ev_collectdigits_done</i>—Set to <i>di_028</i> (invalid number) when the <i>ev_collectdigits_done</i> event returns status <i>cd_006</i>. Not modified when other digit collect status codes are returned. • <i>ev_setup_done</i>—Set to the cause code associated with the call setup attempt. The value is <i>di_016</i> (normal) if the call setup is successful. • <i>ev_authenticate_done</i>—Set to <i>di_057</i> (bearer capability is not available) when the <i>ev_authenticate_done</i> event status is not <i>au_000</i>. Not modified if event status is <i>au_000</i>. • <i>ev_authorize_done</i>—Set to <i>di_057</i> (bearer capability is not available) when the <i>ev_authorize_done</i> event status is not <i>ao_000</i>. Not modified if event status is <i>ao_000</i>. |
| Syntax | infotag get evt_last_disconnect_cause |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | Global |
| Return Type | String. See the “ Disconnect Cause ” section on page 5-8 for string format. |
| Direct Mapping | None |

evt_last_event_handle

| | |
|----------------|---|
| Description | Returns the command handle of the setup. |
| Syntax | infotag get evt_last_event_handle |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | <i>ev_address_resolved</i> <i>ev_alert</i> |
| Return Type | String |
| Direct Mapping | None |

evt_last_iec

| | |
|----------------|--|
| Description | When the script receives an <i>ev_setup_done</i> event that returns a bad status and wants more information, the script can poll this infotag to find the last Internal Error Code (IEC) associated with the rotary setup attempts and play an appropriate message to the caller on the incoming leg based on the IEC. This infotag is valid for any event. If there is no IEC associated with the call yet, the returned string is 0.0.0.0.0, or 0 for component. |
| Syntax | infotag get evt_last_iec [<component>] |
| | The optional <component> argument can be one of the following parameters: |
| | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>entity</i>—Returns the entity component of the IEC. For example, “1.” • <i>category</i>—Returns the category component of the IEC. For example, “180.” • <i>subsystem</i>—Returns the subsystem component. For example, “3.” • <i>errcode</i>—Returns the subsystem-specific error code component. For example, “21.” |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | Global |
| Return Type | String |
| Direct Mapping | None |

evt_legs

| | |
|----------------|--|
| Description | Returns a list of leg IDs associated with the event received. For information about which legs the <i>evt_legs</i> info-tag returns for a specific event, see Chapter 5, “Events.” |
| Syntax | infotag get evt_legs |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | ev_authorize_done ev_leg_timer ev_digit_end ev_hookflash ev_disconnected ev_disconnect_done ev_grab ev_setup_indication ev_media_done ev_handoff ev_returned ev_setup_done ev_collectdigits_done ev_vxml_dialog_done ev_vxmldialog_event |
| Return Type | Number list |
| Direct Mapping | Legs |

evt_module_handle

| | |
|----------------|--|
| Description | Returns the module handle of the module that generated the current module event. |
| Syntax | infotag get evt_module_handle |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | ev_module_done, ev_module_event |
| Return Type | String |
| Direct Mapping | None |

evt_module_subevent

| | |
|----------------|---|
| Description | Returns the module subevent name specified in the module return interim command that generated the <i>ev_module_event</i> being processed. This provides access to the parameters associated with the specific module event being handled. |
| Syntax | infotag get evt_module_subevent |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | ev_module_event |
| Return Type | String |
| Direct Mapping | None |

evt_module_context

| | |
|----------------|--|
| Description | Returns the module context specified when creating this module with the module new command. |
| Syntax | infotag get evt_module_context |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | ev_module_done, ev_module_event |
| Return Type | String |
| Direct Mapping | None |

evt_msg

| | |
|-------------|--|
| Description | Retrieves the message body. |
| | Note Only valid when handling an ev_msg_indication event. |
| Syntax | infotag get evt_msg <array-name> |
| | <array_name>—The name of a TCL array populated with information from the -p attribute in the sendmsg command. |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | Global |
| Return Type | A list of array item names. |

| | |
|----------------|---|
| Direct Mapping | None |
| Examples | <pre>proc act_handle_msg { infotag get evt_msg rx_message if { [info exists rx_message(fruit)] == 1 } { set fruit \$rx_message(fruit) } else { set fruit "peaches" } set ident [infotag get evt_msg_source] set return_msg(text) "Got your message requesting \$fruit, ignoring it" sendmsg \$ident -p return_msg }</pre> |
| Usage Notes | None |

evt_msg_source

| | |
|----------------|--|
| Description | Retrieves the handle of the source of the message. |
| Syntax | infotag get evt_msg_source |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | Global |
| Return Type | String |
| Direct Mapping | None |
| Examples | <pre>proc act_handle_msg { infotag get evt_msg rx_message if { [info exists rx_message(fruit)] == 1 } { set fruit \$rx_message(fruit) } else { set fruit "peaches" } set ident [infotag get evt_msg_source] set return_msg(text) "Got your message requesting \$fruit, ignoring it" sendmsg \$ident -p return_msg }</pre> |
| Usage Notes | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> This handle is the same kind of handle returned by the <i>mod_handle</i> information tag. It can be used in a sendmsg or handoff command. This information tag is only valid after an ev_msg_indication event. If called at other times, an error occurs and the script fails. |

evt_params

| | |
|----------------|---|
| Description | Creates an array variable named <array-name> within the current modulespace from the information provided by the <param-array> parameter of the module return command. This provides access to the parameters associated with the specific module event being handled. |
| Syntax | infotag get evt_params <array-name> |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | ev_module_done, ev_module_event |
| Return Type | String |
| Direct Mapping | None |

evt_progress_indication

| | |
|-------------|---|
| Description | Returns the value of the progress indication of the received alert, connected, disconnect, disconnect with PI, proceeding, or progress message. |
| Syntax | infotag get evt_progress_indication |
| Mode | Read |

| | |
|----------------|---|
| Scope | ev_alert ev_connected ev_progress ev_proceeding ev_disconnected ev_disc_prog_ind |
| Return Type | Number |
| Direct Mapping | None |
| Example | set progress [infotag get evt_progress_indication] |
| Usage Notes | None |

evt_proto_content

| | |
|----------------|--|
| Description | Used to retrieve the content of the received event. The content is the body of the protocol message. |
| Syntax | infotag get evt_proto_content |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | ev_notify, ev_subscribe_done, ev_unsubscribe_indication |
| Return Type | String |
| Direct Mapping | None |
| Examples | <code>set r_content [infotag get evt_proto_content]</code> |
| Usage Notes | Only textual content, such as plain text or xml text, is supported. |

evt_proto_content_type

| | |
|----------------|--|
| Description | Used to retrieve the content type of the received event. This event specifies the type of content carried in the body of the protocol message. |
| Syntax | infotag get evt_proto_content_type |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | ev_notify, ev_subscribe_done, ev_unsubscribe_indication |
| Return Type | String |
| Direct Mapping | None |
| Examples | <code>set content_type [infotag get evt_proto_content_type]</code> |
| Usage Notes | Only textual content, such as plain text or xml text, is supported. |

evt_proto_headers

| | |
|----------------|--|
| Description | Used to access the protocol header information associated with the events. |
| Syntax | infotag get evt_proto_headers <attribute-name> <i><attribute-name></i> —Name of the header to get. |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | ev_notify, ev_subscribe_done, ev_unsubscribe_indication |
| Return Type | String containing the value of the header attribute. |
| Direct Mapping | None |
| Examples | <code>set event [infotag get evt_proto_headers Event]</code> <code>set inviteSubject [infotag get evt_proto_headers "Subject"]</code> <code>set all_headers [infotag get evt_proto_headers]</code> |
| Usage Notes | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Both standard and non-standard headers can be accessed using this command. The application does not cache the header values. If an application wants to retain header information, it must save the information in its local or global variables. • If <i><attribute-name></i> is not specified, all headers are returned in a concatenated string, with each header separated by a “&” symbol. |

evt_report ev_transfer_request

| | |
|----------------|---|
| Description | Allows notification of the call transfer request event from an endpoint to the application. |
| Syntax | infotag set evt_report ev_transfer_request |
| Mode | Write |
| Scope | Global |
| Return Type | String |
| Direct Mapping | None |
| Examples | <code>infotag set evt_report ev_transfer_request</code> |
| Usage Notes | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The script performs a leg setup to the transfer-to endpoint. The callinfo (transferCall, transferBy, consultID) field is populated with information available in the evt_transfer_info information tag. After the callinfo field is populated, a call is set up toward the transfer-to endpoint. |

evt_redirect_info

| | |
|----------------|--|
| Description | Returns forwarding request information when a call is being forwarded. |
| Syntax | infotag get evt_redirect_info {redirectDest redirectReason redirectCount originalDest} <ul style="list-style-type: none"> redirectDest—redirected-to number retrieved during call setup to the destination redirectReason—the type of redirection <ul style="list-style-type: none"> rr_cfb—CF-busy rr_cfnr—CF-no answer rr_cd—CD-call deflection rr_cfu—CF-unconditional redirectCount—number of call diversions that have occurred originalDest—original called number |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | ev_setup_done |
| Return Type | String |
| Direct Mapping | None |

evt_service_control

| | |
|----------------|---|
| Description | Returns the service control indexed by <index>, with <index> 1 being the first service control field. |
| Syntax | infotag get evt_service_control <index> |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | ev_address_resolved |
| Return Type | String |
| | The string content is application dependent. The format of the content are agreed upon between the application and the route entity. |
| Note | The application processes the service descriptor fields. Neither the gatekeeper nor the gateway interprets the contents of the service descriptors. |
| Direct Mapping | None |

evt_service_control_count

| | |
|----------------|---|
| Description | Returns the number of service control fields. |
| Syntax | infotag get evt_service_control_count |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | ev_address_resolved |
| Return Type | Number |
| Direct Mapping | None |

evt_status

| | |
|----------------|--|
| Description | Returns the status of the event received. This info-tag is valid only in the scope of the function handling the event. For a list of possible statuses, see the “ Status Codes ” section on page 5-6. |
| Syntax | infotag get evt_status |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | ev_setup_done ev_collectdigits_done ev_media_done ev_disconnected ev_authorize_done ev_authenticate_done ev_vxmldialog_done ev_subscribe_done ev_unsubscribe_done ev_unsubscribe_indication |
| Return Type | String |
| Direct Mapping | None |

| | |
|-------------|---|
| Examples | <pre> proc act_SubscribeDone { } { puts "***** act_Subscribe : SUBSCRIPTION DONE received" set sub_id [infotag get evt_subscription_id] set status [infotag get evt_status] puts "*** act_subscribe: subscription status=\$status" if {\$status == "su_000"} { puts "\n Subscription accepted." return } else if {\$status == "su_001"} { puts "\n Subscription is pending" return } else {\$status == "su_002"} { # subscription request has failed; close the subscription puts "\nSubscription request has failed." set status_text [infotag get evt_status_text] puts "text is: \$status_text\n" subscription close \$sub_id } } </pre> |
| Usage Notes | Return codes indicate some type of failure has occurred; therefore, the script should be written to handle such errors accordingly. |

evt_status_text

| | |
|----------------|--|
| Description | Retrieves failure information associated with an event. |
| Syntax | infotag get evt_status_text |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | ev_subscribe_done, ev_unsubscribe_done, ev_unsubscribe_indication |
| Return Type | String with failure information, if any. |
| Direct Mapping | None |
| Example | <pre> set sub_id [infotag get evt_subscription_id] set status [infotag get evt_status] puts "*** act_subscribe: subscription status=\$status" if {\$status == "su_002"} { # subscription request has failed; close the subscription puts "\nSubscription request has failed." set status_text [infotag get evt_status_text] puts "text is: \$status_text\n" subscription close \$sub_id } </pre> |

evt_subscription_id

| | |
|----------------|---|
| Description | Retrieves the subscription id associated with events related to a subscription or a notification. |
| Syntax | infotag get evt_subscription_id |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | ev_subscribe_done, ev_notify, ev_subscribe_cleanup, ev_unsubscribe_indication |
| Return Type | Subscription ID |
| Direct Mapping | None |
| Examples | set sub_id [infotag get evt_subscription_id] |
| Usage Notes | None |

evt_timer_name

| | |
|----------------|---|
| Description | Retrieves the name associated with the expired named_timer. |
| Syntax | infotag get evt_timer_name |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | ev_named_timer |
| Return Type | String |
| Direct Mapping | None |

evt_transfer_info

| | |
|----------------|--|
| Description | Returns transfer information from a transfer request event. |
| Syntax | infotag get evt_transfer_info {transferBy transferDest consultID} |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | ev_transfer_request |
| Return Type | String |
| Direct Mapping | None |

evt_vxmlevent

| | |
|----------------|---|
| Description | Returns a string containing the VXML event that was thrown. These events are generally of the form <i>vxml.*</i> . Events thrown from the dialog markup, or the document using the VXML <i>sendevent object</i> extension, are of the form <i>vxml.dialog.*</i> . For more information on sendevent objects, refer to SendEvent Object, page 1-8 . |
| Syntax | infotag get evt_vxmlevent |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | ev_vxmldialog_done ev_vxmldialog_event |
| Return Type | String |
| Direct Mapping | None |

evt_vxmlevent_params

| | |
|----------------|---|
| Description | Retrieves parameters that may come with an event. This info-tag clears the array variable and fills it with the parameter values indexed by the parameter names in the param option of the sendevent object tag. Parameters can also be returned through the <exit/> tag with a namelist attribute. For more information on sendevent objects, refer to SendEvent Object, page 1-8 . In either case, if the namelist contains an audio clip variable, it is made available to the Tcl script as a parameter with a string value containing the <i>ram://uri</i> form for the audio clip. The info tag returns a space-separated list of indexes that were added to the return array variable passed as a parameter to the information tag. |
| Syntax | infotag get evt_vxmlevent_params <array-variable-name> |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | ev_vxmldialog_done ev_vxmldialog_event |
| Return Type | String Parameter: array-variable-name |
| Direct Mapping | None |

gtd_attr_exists

| | |
|----------------|---|
| Description | Used to determine if an attribute instance exists in a GTD message. |
| Syntax | infotag get gtd_attr_exists <gtd_handle><attr_instance> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <gtd_handle>—Name of the GTD handle from which the application wants to check the existence of a GTD attribute instance. • <attr_instance>—This parameter is of the form <attr_name>, <attr_instance>. <attr_instance> can be specified with a value of -1, which means “don’t care.” |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | Global |
| Return Type | Boolean (1=true; 0=false) |
| Direct Mapping | None |

last_command_handle

| | |
|----------------|--|
| Description | Retrieves the last command handle. |
| Syntax | infotag get last_command_handle |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | Global |
| Return Type | String |
| Direct Mapping | None |

leg_all

| | |
|----------------|---|
| Description | Returns or maps to one or more call legs. This is the union of leg_incoming and leg_outgoing. |
| Syntax | infotag get leg_all |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | Global |
| Return Type | Number list |
| Direct Mapping | Legs |

leg_ani

| | |
|----------------|---|
| Description | Returns the ANI field of CallInfo. |
| Syntax | infotag get leg_ani [legID] |
| | If no leg ID is specified, this info-tag returns the ANI field of the first incoming call leg. Not specifying a leg ID works only if there is at least one incoming call leg. |
| | If a leg ID is specified, this info-tag returns the ANI field of that call leg. If the call leg is not valid, the script terminates with error output. |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | Global |
| Return Type | String |
| Direct Mapping | None |

leg_ani_pi

| | |
|----------------|---|
| Description | Gets the calling number presentation indication value. |
| Syntax | infotag get leg_ani_pi |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | Global |
| Return Type | <p>Number list</p> <p>Values retrieved could be one of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1—presentation_allowed 2—presentation_restricted 3—number_lost_due_to_interworking 4—reserved_value 5—not_present (denotes that the Calling Number IE is absent in the incoming signaling message.) |
| Direct Mapping | None |

leg_ani_si

| | |
|----------------|--|
| Description | Gets the calling number screening indication value. |
| Syntax | infotag get leg_ani_si |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | Global |
| Return Type | <p>Number list</p> <p>Values retrieved could be one of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1—usr_provided_unscreened 2—usr_provided_screening_passed 3—usr_provided_screening_failed 4—network_provided 5—not_present (denotes that the Calling Number IE is absent in the incoming signaling message.) |
| Direct Mapping | None |

leg_dn_tag

| | |
|----------------|---|
| Description | Returns the DN field of call info. In an Ephone-initiated call, it carries the DN tag of the calling party. |
| Syntax | infotag get leg_dn_tag [legID] |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | Global |
| Return Type | String |
| Direct Mapping | None |

leg_dnis

| | |
|----------------|--|
| Description | Returns the DNIS field of CallInfo. |
| Syntax | infotag get leg_dnis [legID] |
| | If no leg ID is specified, this info-tag returns the DNIS field of the first incoming call leg. Not specifying a leg ID works only if there is at least one incoming call leg. |
| | If a leg ID is specified, this info-tag returns the DNIS field of that call leg. If the call leg is not valid, the script terminates with error output. |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | Global |
| Return Type | String |
| Direct Mapping | None |

leg_display_info

| | |
|----------------|--|
| Description | Returns the display_info field of call info. In an Ephone-initiated call, this field contains the name of the calling party. |
| Syntax | infotag get leg_display_info legID |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | Global |
| Return Type | String |
| Direct Mapping | None |

leg_guid

| | |
|----------------|--|
| Description | Returns the GUID o a leg. |
| Syntax | infotag get leg_guid [legID] |
| | If legID is not specified, returns the GUID of the first incoming leg. |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | Global |
| Return Type | String |
| Direct Mapping | None |

leg_incoming

| | |
|----------------|--|
| Description | Returns or maps to one or more incoming call legs. |
| Syntax | infotag get leg_incoming |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | Global |
| Return Type | Number list |
| Direct Mapping | Legs |

leg_incoming_guid

| | |
|----------------|--|
| Description | Returns the incoming GUID of a leg. |
| Syntax | infotag get leg_incoming_guid [legID] |
| | If legID is not specified, returns the GUID of the first incoming leg. |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | Global |
| Return Type | String |
| Direct Mapping | None |

leg_inconnection

| | |
|----------------|---|
| Description | Gets a list of legs that are part of this connection. The info-tag parameter maps to just one connection. |
| Syntax | infotag get inconnection {connID info-tag} |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | Global |
| Return Type | Number list |
| Direct Mapping | Legs |

leg_isdid

| | |
|----------------|---|
| Description | Returns the DID field of CallInfo. This is a Boolean field (1 and 0) that reflects the FinalDestination flag of the call leg. |
| Syntax | infotag get leg_isdid [legID] |
| | If no leg ID is specified, this info-tag returns the DID field of the first incoming call leg. Not specifying a leg ID works only if there is at least one incoming call leg. |
| | If a leg ID is specified, this info-tag returns the DID field of that call leg. If the call leg is not valid, the script terminates with error output. |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | Global |
| Return Type | Boolean (1 = true; 0 = false) |
| Direct Mapping | None |

leg_outgoing

| | |
|----------------|--|
| Description | Returns or maps to one or more outgoing call legs. |
| Syntax | infotag get leg_outgoing |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | Global |
| Return Type | Number list |
| Direct Mapping | Legs |

leg_password

| | |
|----------------|--|
| Description | If no leg ID is specified, this info-tag returns the password field of the first incoming call leg. Not specifying a leg ID works only if there is at least one incoming call leg. If a leg ID is specified, this info-tag returns the password field of that call leg. If the call leg is not valid, the script terminates with error output. |
| Syntax | infotag get leg_password [legID] |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | Global |
| Return Type | String |
| Direct Mapping | None |

leg_proto_headers

| | |
|----------------|--|
| Description | Provides access to headers associated with the protocol being used. |
| Syntax | infotag get leg_proto_headers [<attribute-name>] [legID] <attribute-name>—Name of the header to get. |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | Global |
| Return Type | String |
| Direct Mapping | None |
| Example | <pre>set AccountInfo [infotag get leg_proto_headers AccountInfo] set inviteSubject [infotag get evt_proto_headers "Subject"] set inviteFrom [infotag get leg_proto_headers "From" leg_incoming]</pre> <p>The following command returns all headers received from the incoming Invite message in a concatenated string. Each header av-pair is separated by a '&':</p> <pre>set allHeaders [infotag get evt_proto_headers]</pre> |
| Usage Notes | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> This information tag allows the accessing of SIP headers from VXML documents or TCL IVR 2.0 scripts. Currently, only access to headers in SIP invite, subscribe, notify and H.323 setup messages are supported. If <attribute-name> is not specified, all headers are returned in a concatenated string, with each header separated by a "&" symbol. If legID is not provided, the first incoming leg is applied. |

leg_rdn

| | |
|----------------|---|
| Description | Gets the redirect number from the first incoming leg. |
| Syntax | infotag get leg_rdn |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | Global |
| Return Type | String |
| Direct Mapping | None |

leg_rdn_pi

| | |
|----------------|--|
| Description | Gets the redirect number presentation indication value. |
| Syntax | infotag get leg_rdn_pi |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | Global |
| Return Type | Number list Values retrieved could be one of the following: 1—presentation_allowed 2—presentation_restricted 3—number_lost_due_to_interworking 4—reserved_value 5—not_present (denotes that the Redirect Number IE is absent in the incoming signaling message.) |
| Direct Mapping | None |

leg_rdn_si

| | |
|----------------|---|
| Description | Gets the redirect number screening indication value. |
| Syntax | infotag get leg_rdn_si |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | Global |
| Return Type | Number list Values retrieved could be one of the following: 1—usr_provided_unscreened 2—usr_provided_screening_passed 3—usr_provided_screening_failed 4—network_provided 5—not_present (denotes that the Redirect Number IE is absent in the incoming signaling message.) |
| Direct Mapping | None |

leg_redirect_cnt

| | |
|----------------|---|
| Description | Retrieves redirection count information from the first incoming call leg or for a leg if callid is specified. |
| Syntax | infotag get leg_redirect_cnt |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | Global |
| Return Type | Number. Values retrieved between 0–7. |
| Direct Mapping | None |

leg_remoteipaddress

| | |
|----------------|---|
| Description | Returns the remote IP address of the endpoint from which the call is received. If the IP address is not available, an empty string is returned. |
| Syntax | infotag get leg_remoteipaddress <leg-id> |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | Global |
| Return Type | String (ip address) |
| Direct Mapping | None |

leg_remote_media_ip_address

| | |
|----------------|---|
| Description | Returns the remote media IP address of the endpoint. If the IP address is not available, an empty string is returned. |
| Syntax | infotag get leg_remote_media_ip_address <leg_id> |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | Global |
| Return Type | String (ip address) |
| Direct Mapping | None |

leg_remote_signaling_ip_address

| | |
|----------------|---|
| Description | Returns the remote signaling IP address of the endpoint. If the IP address is not available, an empty string is returned. |
| Syntax | infotag get leg_remote_signaling_ip_address <leg_id> |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | Global |
| Return Type | String (ip address) |
| Direct Mapping | None |

leg_rgn_noa

| | |
|----------------|---|
| Description | Gets the redirect number nature of address value. |
| Syntax | infotag get leg_rgn_noa |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | Global |
| Return Type | <p>Number</p> <p>Values retrieved could be one of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 00—Unknown, number present 01—Unknown, number absent, presentation restricted 02—Unique subscriber number 03—Nonunique subscriber number 04—Unique national (significant) number 05—Nonunique national number 06—Unique international number 07—Nonunique international number 08—Network specific number 09—Nonsubscriber number 10—Subscriber number, operator requested 11—National number, operator requested 12—International number, operator requested 13—No number present, operator requested 14—No number present, cut through call to carrier 15—950+ call from local exchange carrier public station, hotel/motel or non-exchange access end office 16—Test line test code 17—Unique 3 digit national number 18—Credit card 19—International inbound 20—National or international with carrier access code included 21—Cellular - global ID GSM 22—Cellular - global ID NWT 900 23—Cellular - global ID autonet 24—Mobile (other) 25—Ported number 26—VNET 27—International operator to operator outside WZ1 28—International operator to operator inside WZ1 29—Operator requested - treated 30—Network routing number in national (significant) format 31—Network routing number in network specific format 32—Network routing number concatenated with called directory number 33—Screened for number portability 34—Abbreviated number |
| Direct Mapping | None |



Note This infotag has been provided as an interim mechanism for accessing specific signaling information. It may be obsoleted in a future IOS release when an alternate method of accessing this information is made

available.

leg_rgn_npi

| | |
|----------------|---|
| Description | Returns the redirect number numbering plan indicator value. |
| Syntax | infotag get leg_rgn_npi |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | Global |
| Return Type | Number |
| | Values retrieved could be one of the following: 1—ISDN numbering plan 2—Data numbering plan 3—Telex numbering plan 4—Private numbering plan 5—National 6—Maritime mobile 7—Land mobile 8—ISDN mobile 252—Unknown |
| Direct Mapping | None |



Note This infotag has been provided as an interim mechanism for accessing specific signaling information. It may be obsoleted in a future IOS release when an alternate method of accessing this information is made available.

leg_rgn_num

| | |
|----------------|--------------------------------------|
| Description | Returns the redirect number address. |
| Syntax | infotag get leg_rgn_num |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | Global |
| Return Type | String |
| Direct Mapping | None |



Note This infotag has been provided as an interim mechanism for accessing specific signaling information. It may be obsoleted in a future IOS release when an alternate method of accessing this information is made available.

leg_rgn_pi

| | |
|----------------|---|
| Description | Returns the redirect number presentation indicator value. |
| Syntax | infotag get leg_rgn_pi |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | Global |
| Return Type | <p>Number</p> <p>Values retrieved could be one of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0—Unknown 1—Presentation allowed 2—Presentation not allowed 3—Address not available |
| Direct Mapping | None |


Note

This infotag has been provided as an interim mechanism for accessing specific signaling information. It may be obsoleted in a future IOS release when an alternate method of accessing this information is made available.

leg_rgn_si

| | |
|----------------|--|
| Description | Returns the redirect number screening indicator value. |
| Syntax | infotag get leg_rgn_si |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | Global |
| Return Type | <p>Number</p> <p>Values retrieved could be one of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1—User provided not screened 2—User provided screening passed 3—User provided screening failed 4—Network provided 252—Unknown |
| Direct Mapping | None |


Note

This infotag has been provided as an interim mechanism for accessing specific signaling information. It may be obsoleted in a future IOS release when an alternate method of accessing this information is made available.

leg_settlement_time

| | |
|----------------|---|
| Description | Returns the minimum of the OSP settlement time (in seconds) associated with the list of specified legs. |
| Syntax | infotag get leg_settlement_time {legID info-tag} [minimum] |
| | If you specify minimum, this returns the minimum of the OSP settlement time of the list of legs and the value of the AAA AV-pair creditTime. This AAA AV-pair creditTime was returned by a previous aaa authorize command. |
| | If all credit times are uninitialized, “uninitialized” is returned. |
| | If all have unlimited time, or if one is uninitialized and the others have unlimited time, “unlimited” is returned. |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | Global |
| Return Type | Number |
| Direct Mapping | None |

leg_source_carrier_id

| | |
|----------------|--|
| Description | Retrieve the source carrier ID. |
| Syntax | infotag get leg_source_carrier_id |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | Global |
| Return Type | None |
| Direct Mapping | None |

leg_state

| | |
|----------------|---|
| Description | Returns the state of the call leg in a different state. |
| Syntax | infotag get leg_state |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | Global |
| Return Type | None |
| Direct Mapping | None |

leg_subscriber_type

| | |
|----------------|--|
| Description | Returns the subscriber type. |
| Syntax | infotag get leg_subscriber_type |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | Global |
| Return Type | None |
| Direct Mapping | None |

leg_suppress_outgoing_auto_acct

| | |
|----------------|--|
| Description | When set, the service provider module does not automatically generate an accounting packet on the outgoing call leg. |
| Syntax | infotag get leg_suppress_outgoing_auto_acct infotag set leg_suppress_outgoing_auto_acct |
| Mode | Read/write |
| Scope | Global |
| Return Type | None for set Boolean (0 1) for get |
| Direct Mapping | Leg |

leg_target_carrier_id

| | |
|----------------|--|
| Description | Set the target carrier ID. |
| Syntax | infotag set leg_target_carrier_id |
| Note | This command is obsolete and is replaced by the callinfo targetCarrierID command. |
| Mode | Write |
| Scope | Global |
| Return Type | String |
| Direct Mapping | None |

leg_tdm_hairpin

| | |
|----------------|--|
| Description | Enables TDM hairpinning on the incoming call leg. Copies the TDM hairpin value to the outgoing leg and enables it for TDM hairpinning. |
| Syntax | infotag set leg_tdm_hairpin [legID info-tag] [enable disable] |
| Mode | Write |
| Scope | Global |
| Return Type | None |
| Direct Mapping | None |

leg_type

| | |
|-------------|---|
| Description | Returns the interface type of the specified leg. If the <i>detail</i> parameter is specified, this returns a detailed string that includes the interface subtype of the specified leg. The <i>detail</i> parameter is optional. The information tag used to specify the leg should map to just one leg. |
| Syntax | infotag get leg_type [detail] {legID info-tag} |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | Global |

| | |
|----------------|--|
| Return Type | String Possible return values are: telephony voip mmoip voatm vofr unknown none |
| | Possible return values with the <i>detail</i> parameter are: voip-h323 voip-sip tele-analog-em tele-analog-fxo tele-analog-fxs tele-analog-efxs tele-analog-efxo tele-digital-isdn tele-digital-cas tele-digital-bri tele-digital-r2 msp-doc msp-fax unknown |
| Direct Mapping | None |

leg_username

| | |
|----------------|--|
| Description | If no leg ID is specified, this info-tag returns the username field of the first incoming call leg. Not specifying a leg ID works only if there is at least one incoming call leg. If a leg ID is specified, this info-tag returns the username field of that call leg. If the call leg is not valid, the script terminates with error output. |
| Syntax | infotag get leg_username [legID] |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | Global |
| Return Type | String |
| Direct Mapping | None |

med_backup_server

| | |
|----------------|---|
| Description | Returns or sets the backup server. This is applicable for RTSP-based prompts. If the script attempts to play a prompt using a URL and the URL fails, it tries to replay the URL from a list of backup servers by replacing the server portion of the URL. For example, if the script tries (but fails) to play a prompt from: rtsp://www.cisco.com:5554/audiofiles/english/anounce.au and the backup server 0 is configured as: rtsp://www.real.com/cisco/ then the backup URL attempted is: rtsp://www.real.com/cisco/audiofiles/english/anounce.au A maximum of two (0 and 1) backup servers can be configured. This info-tag applies only to streams on which you have not played any prompts and is typically used in the one-time initialization section of the script. |
| Syntax | infotag get med_backup_server index infotag set med_backup_server index server-URL |
| Mode | Read/Write |
| Scope | Global |
| Return Type | String |
| Direct Mapping | None |

med_language

| | |
|----------------|---|
| Description | Returns or sets the current active language for media playout. This info-tag returns the language index or the language prefix (depending on whether prefix is specified) for the currently active language. |
| Syntax | infotag get med_language [prefix] infotag set med_language [index prefix prefix] |
| Mode | Read/Write |
| Scope | Global |
| Return Type | String/Number |
| Direct Mapping | None |

med_language_map

| | |
|----------------|--|
| Description | Returns or sets the mapping between the language index and the language prefix. This info-tag returns the language index or the language prefix (depending on whether prefix is specified) for the currently active language. |
| Syntax | infotag get med_language_map [index prefix prefix] infotag set med_language_map index prefix |
| Mode | Read/Write |
| Scope | Global |
| Return Type | String/Number |
| Direct Mapping | None |

med_location

| | |
|----------------|---|
| Description | Returns or sets the language locations for all the languages the script uses. The language prefix, category, and location are the same as those configurable from the Cisco IOS command line interface (CLI). |
| Syntax | infotag get med_location prefix category . Valid category values are 1, 2, 3, 4. infotag set med_location prefix category location . Category 0 can be used to set all 1–4 categories. |
| Mode | Read/Write |
| Scope | Global |
| Return Type | String |
| Direct Mapping | None |

med_total_languages

| | |
|----------------|---|
| Description | Returns the total number of languages configured. |
| Syntax | infotag get med_total_languages |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | Global |
| Return Type | Number |
| Direct Mapping | None |

media_timer_factor

| | |
|----------------|---|
| Description | Sets the receive-rtcp timer. The new value is used within the scope of the script and does not change the gateway configuration. |
| Syntax | infotag set media_timer_factor <timer_factor> |
| | <i>timer_factor</i> —An integer between 2–1000. The value is a multiple of the RTCP transmission interval. A value of 5 is recommended. |
| Note | If a value outside the range of 2–1000 is used, the script receives an error message. |
| Mode | Write |
| Scope | None |
| Return Type | None |
| Direct Mapping | None |
| Example | <code>infotag set media_timer_factor 5</code> |

mod_all_handles

| | |
|----------------|---|
| Description | Retrieves a list of all instances running on the gateway. The returned handle can be used as an argument for handoff and sendmsg commands. |
| Syntax | infotag get mod_all_handles |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | Global |
| Return Type | String |
| Direct Mapping | None |
| Examples | <code>set all_handles [infotag get mod_all_handles]</code> |
| Usage Notes | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Handles are ASCII strings that are only valid within a gateway. A handle for a session on another gateway cannot be used to send a message to that gateway. • The format of a handle is not designed to be parsed or printed by a TCL script. The handle is used internally by a sendmsg or handoff command. |

mod_handle

| | |
|----------------|---|
| Description | Retrieves the handle of the currently running application session. The returned handle can be used as an argument for handoff and sendmsg commands. |
| Syntax | infotag get mod_handle |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | Global |
| Return Type | String |
| Direct Mapping | None |
| Examples | <pre>set id [infotag get mod_handle] set my_name new_customer set recorded_name ([infotag get mod_handle]) \$my_name</pre> |
| Usage Notes | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Handles are ASCII strings that are only valid within a gateway. A handle for a session on another gateway cannot be used to send a message to that gateway. The format of a handle is not designed to be parsed or printed by a TCL script. The handle is used internally by a sendmsg or handoff command. Returns “unavailable” if the service is not running. |

mod_handle_service

| | |
|----------------|--|
| Description | Retrieves the handle of the named service. |
| Syntax | infotag get mod_handle_service <service> |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | Global |
| Return Type | String |
| Direct Mapping | None |
| Example | <pre>set serv_hdl [infotag get mod_handle_service]</pre> |
| Usage Notes | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Returns “unavailable” if the named service is not running. The returned handle can be used as an argument for handoff and sendmsg commands. |

set iec

| | |
|----------------|---|
| Description | Sets the Internal Error Code (IEC) before issuing a call close or leg disconnect command. |
| Note | Using the <i>set iec</i> information tag after specifying the IEC with the leg disconnect -<iec> command causes duplicate IECs to be associated with the call leg. |
| Syntax | infotag set iec <legID info-tag> <iec> <i><iec></i> —Can be one of the following arguments: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>media_done_err</i>—Indicates that the script is terminating the call because of an error status returned by the <i>ev_media_done</i> event. • <i>collectdigits_done_err</i>—Indicates that the script is terminating the call because of an error status returned by the <i>ev_collectdigits_done</i> event. • <i>authenticate_done_err</i>—Indicates that the script is terminating the call because of an error status returned by the <i>ev_authenticate_done</i> event. • <i>authorize_done_err</i>—Indicates that the script is terminating the call because of an error status returned by the <i>ev_authorize_done</i> event. • <i>media_inactivity_err</i>—Disconnects the call when media inactivity is detected and reported. • <i>accounting_conn-err</i>—Indicates the script detects that connectivity to the accounting server is lost. |
| Mode | Write |
| Scope | Global |
| Return Type | String |
| Direct Mapping | None |

subscription_context

| | |
|----------------|--|
| Description | Retrieves the subscription context information associated with the subscription ID. |
| Syntax | infotag get subscription_context <subscription_id> [attribute] <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>subscription_id</i>—ID associated with the subscription • <i>attribute</i>—The attribute within the context information. |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | Global |
| Return Type | String containing the context. |
| Direct Mapping | None |
| Example | <pre>set accountNumber [infotag get subscription_context \$MySubID accountNumber]</pre> |
| Usage Notes | If the <i>attribute</i> argument is missing, a string containing all attributes and values is returned. Each av-pair is escaped by the “#” character. |

subscription_info

| | |
|----------------|--|
| Description | Retrieves the subscription information associated with a subscription ID. Retrievable subscription attributes are url, event, expirationTime, subscription_context, and notificationReceiver. |
| Syntax | infotag get subscription_info <subscription_id> <attribute> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>subscription_id</i>—ID associated with the subscription • <i>attribute</i>—The attribute to access. |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | Global |
| Return Type | String |
| Direct Mapping | None |
| Example | <code>set exp_time [infotag get subscription_info \$sub_id expirationTime]</code> |
| Usage Notes | None |

subscription_server_ipaddress

| | |
|----------------|---|
| Description | Retrieves the IP address of the subscription server. |
| Syntax | infotag get subscription_server_ipaddress <subscription_id> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>subscription_id</i>—ID associated with the subscription |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | Global |
| Return Type | String containing the IP address of the server. |
| Direct Mapping | None |
| Example | <code>set ipaddr [infotag get subscription_server_ipaddress \$sub_id]</code> |
| Usage Notes | None |

sys_version

| | |
|----------------|---|
| Description | Returns the version of the Tcl IVR API. |
| Syntax | infotag get sys_version |
| Mode | Read |
| Scope | Global |
| Return Type | String |
| Direct Mapping | None |

