# show ip mds forwarding

To display the Multicast Forwarding Information Base (MFIB) table and forwarding information for multicast distributed switching (MDS) on a line card, use the **show ip mds forwarding** command in user EXEC or privileged EXEC mode.

show ip mds forwarding [group-address] [source-address]

Syntax Description	group-address	(Optional) Address of the IP multicast group for which to display the MFIB table.			
	source-address	(Optional) Address of the source of IP multicast packets for which to display the MFIB table.			
Command Modes	User EXEC (>) Privileged EXEC ( <del>;</del>	#)			
Command History	Release	Modification			
	11.2(11)GS	This command was introduced.			
	12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.			
	12.2SX	This command is supported in the Cisco IOS Release 12.2SX train. Support in a specific 12.2SX release of this train depends on your feature set, platform, and platform hardware.			
Note	To reach the console for a line card, enter <b>attach</b> <i>slot#</i> (slot number where the line card resides).				
	On a Gigabit Switched Router (GSR) only, line card commands can be executed from the Route Processor (RP) using the following syntax: <b>execute</b> [ <b>slot</b> <i>slot-number</i>   <b>all</b> ] <i>command</i> .				
		ment is any of the line card <b>show</b> commands, such as <b>show ip mds summary</b> and			
Examples	The following is sa	mple output from the show ip mds forwarding command:			
	Router# show ip mds forwarding				
	Flags: N - Not MI	5 forwarding information and statistics: DFS switchable, F - Not all MDFS switchable, O - OIF Null celimit, A - In-access, M - MTU mismatch, P - Register set			
	Interface state:	Interface, Next-Hop, Mac header			
	(*, 224.2.170.73)	,			

```
Incoming interface: Null
Pkts: 0, last used: never, Kbps: 0, fast-flags: N
Outgoing interface list: Null
(172.17.62.86, 224.2.170.73) [31]
Incoming interface: Fddi3/0/0
Pkts: 3034, last used: 00:00:00, Kbps: 0, fast-flags: M
Outgoing interface list:
```

Table 54 describes the significant fields shown in the display.

FieldDescription(172.17.62.86,<br/>224.2.170.73) [31])Source and group addresses. The number in brackets is the hash bucket for<br/>the route.Incoming interfaceExpected interface for a multicast packet from the source. If the packet is

Table 54show ip mds forwarding Field Descriptions

Incoming interface	Expected interface for a multicast packet from the source. If the packet is not received on this interface, it is discarded.
Pkts	Total number of packets switched by the entry in the table.
last used:	Time when this MFIB entry was used to switch a packet.
Kbps:	Kilobits per second of the switched traffic.
Outgoing interface list	Interfaces through which packets will be forwarded.

## show ip mds interface

To display Multicast Distributed Switching (MDS) information for all the interfaces on the line card, use the **show ip mds interface** command in user EXEC or privileged EXEC mode.

show ip mds interface [vrf vrf-name]

Syntax Description	vrf	(Optional) Supports the Multicast Virtual Private Network (VPN) routing and forwarding instance (VRF).
	vrf-name	(Optional) Name assigned to the VRF.

## Command Modes User EXEC (>) Privileged EXEC (#)

Command History	Release	Modification
	11.0	This command was introduced.
	11.2(11)GS	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 11.2(11)GS.
	12.0(23)S	The <b>vrf</b> keyword and <i>vrf-name</i> argument were added.
	12.2(13)T	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(13)T.
	12.2(14)S	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(14)S.
	12.2(18)SXE	Support for this command was introduced on the Supervisor Engine 720 only.
	12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.

### Examples

The following is sample output from the **show ip mds interface** command:

#### Router# show ip mds interface

Interface	SW-Index	HW-Index	HW IDB	FS Vector	VRF
Ethernet1/0/0	2	1	0x60C2DB40	0x602FB7A4	default
Ethernet1/0/1	3	2	0x60C32280	0x603D52B8	default
Ethernet1/0/2	4	3	0x60C35E40	0x602FB7A4	default
Ethernet1/0/3	5	4	0x60C39E60	0x603D52B8	default
Ethernet1/0/4	6	5	0x60C3D780	0x602FB7A4	default
Ethernet1/0/5	7	6	0x60C41140	0x602FB7A4	default
Ethernet1/0/6	8	7	0x60C453A0	0x602FB7A4	default
Ethernet1/0/7	9	8	0x60C48DC0	0x602FB7A4	default
POS2/0/0	10	9	0x0		default
POS3/0/0	11	10	0x0		default
Virtual-Access1	13	11	0x0		default
Loopback0	14	12	0x0		default
Tunnel0	15	23	0x61C2E480	0x603D52B8	vrf1
Tunnel1	16	24	0x61C267E0	0x603D52B8	vrf2
Ethernet1/0/3.1	17	4	0x60C39E60	0x603D52B8	vrf1
Ethernet1/0/3.2	18	4	0x60C39E60	0x603D52B8	vrf2

Table 55 describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 55	show ip mds interface Field Descriptions	
----------	--	--

Field	Description
Interface	The specified interface.
SW-Index	Software index.
HW-Index	Hardware index.
HW IDB	Hardware interface description block.
FS Vector	Fast Switching Vector.
VRF	VPN routing/forwarding instance.

# show ip mds stats

To display multicast distributed switching (MDS) statistics, use the **show ip mds stats** command in user EXEC or privileged EXEC mode.

## show ip mds stats {switching | linecard | ipc-msg}

		Displays	switching st	atistics.		
	linecard	Displays	line card sta	tistics.		
	ipc-msg					
Command Modes	User EXEC (>) Privileged EXEC	(#)				
Command History	Release	Modi	fication			
-	11.2(11)GS	This	command wa	as introduc	ced.	
	12.2(33)SRA	This	command wa	as integrat	ed into Cisco I	OS Release 12.2(33)SRA.
	12.2SX	in a s		SX release	of this train de	S Release 12.2SX train. Support epends on your feature set,
	12.0(33)S	This	command wa	as modifie	d. The <b>ipc-msg</b>	keyword was added.
Examples	The following is	sample outpu	from the <b>sh</b>	ow in mdy	s stats commar	d with the <b>switching</b> keyword:
Examples	The following is reacted as a reacted by the reacte			ow ip mds	s stats commar	d with the <b>switching</b> keyword:
Examples	_			ow ip mds	<b>s stats</b> commar Punts	nd with the <b>switching</b> keyword: Failures (switch/clone)
Examples	Router# <b>show ip</b> Slot Total 1 0	mds stats s Switched	witching Drops 0	RPF 0	Punts 4	Failures (switch/clone) 0/0
Examples	Router# <b>show ip</b> Slot Total	<b>mds stats s</b> Switched 0 18014717	witching Drops 0 253	RPF	Punts	Failures (switch/clone)
Examples	Router# show ip Slot Total 1 0 3 20260925 Table 56 describe	<b>mds stats s</b> Switched 0 18014717	witching Drops 0 253 the display.	RPF 0 93	Punts 4 2247454	Failures (switch/clone) 0/0
Examples	Router# show ip Slot Total 1 0 3 20260925 Table 56 describe	mds stats s Switched 0 18014717 s the fields in	witching Drops 0 253 the display. switching F	RPF 0 93	Punts 4 2247454	Failures (switch/clone) 0/0
Examples	Router# show ip Slot Total 1 0 3 20260925 Table 56 describe Table 56 show	mds stats s Switched 0 18014717 s the fields in <i>t ip mds stats</i> Descri	witching Drops 0 253 the display. switching F	RPF 0 93 ield Descri	Punts 4 2247454 <b>ptions</b>	Failures (switch/clone) 0/0
Examples	Router# show ip Slot Total 1 0 3 20260925 Table 56 describe Table 56 show Field	mds stats s Switched 0 18014717 s the fields in <i>ip mds stats</i> Descri Slot nu	witching Drops 0 253 the display. switching F	RPF 0 93 ield Descri	Punts 4 2247454	Failures (switch/clone) 0/0
Examples	Router# show ip Slot Total 1 0 3 20260925 Table 56 describe Table 56 show Field Slot	mds stats s Switched 0 18014717 s the fields in <i>ip mds stats</i> Descri Slot nu Total r	witching Drops 0 253 the display. switching Fa ption	RPF 0 93 ield Descri cline card. ckets recei	Punts 4 2247454 <b>iptions</b> wed.	Failures (switch/clone) 0/0

Field	Description
RPF	Total number of packets that failed reverse path forwarding (RPF) lookup.
Punts	Total number of packets sent to the RP because the line card could not switch them.
Failures (switch/clone)	Times that the RP tried to switch but failed because of lack of resources or clone for the RSP only; failed to get a packet clone.

Table 56 show ip mds stats switching Field Descriptions (continued)

The following is sample output from the show ip mds stats command with the linecard keyword:

Router# show ip mds stats linecard

Slot	Status	IPC(seq/max)	Q(high/route)	Reloads
1	active	10560/10596	0/0	9
3	active	11055/11091	0/0	9

Table 57 describes the fields in the display.

 Table 57
 show ip mds stats linecard Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Slot	Slot number for the line card.
Status	MDS line card status.
IPC(seq/max)	MDS IPC message sequence number and maximum sequence number for the linecard.
Q(high/route)	Length of the high and normal priority MDS IPC queue.
Reloads	The number of MDS downloads that happened in the line card.

The following is sample output from a line card using the **show ip mds stats** command with the **ipc-msg** keyword:

Router# show ip mds stats ipc-msg

```
MDFS IPC stats information
------
MDFS Reload stats
_____
Full reload request: 1
                        Partial reload request: 0
LC disable request : 0
MDFS ipc messages sent
_____
line card stats : 494394
                       mdb stats
                                         : 38421
hwidb stats : 4775 swidb stats
                                         : 4805
flow control msg : 6981
                        clear mroute msg
                                         : 0
MDFS alert messages received
_____
mdfs enable alert : 306
                        table2 size alert
                                        : 0
clear all alert : 206
                        clear stats alert
                                         : 0
spd alert
             : 714
                       svd alert
                                          : 303
route limit alert : 4
                        source limit alert : 5
punt limit alert : 707
```

MDFS ipc messages rece	eived		
gdb msg : 431	mdb msg : 118	866 midb msg :	749592
hwidb msg: 4915	oir hwidb msg: 51	hwidb erase msg :	51
swidb msg: 5456	oir swidb msg: 51	swidb erase msg :	51
mdt msg : 263	rpdf msg : 0	fwd table erase msg:	0
mdt mgid ext slotmask	msg: 6	mvrf ext slotmask msg:	719

Table 58 describes the fields in the display.

 Table 58
 show ip mds stats ipc-msg switching Field Descriptions

Field	Description			
MDFS Reload stats				
Full reload request	Number of full multicast distributed switching (MDS) download requests sent.			
Partial reload request	Number of partial MDS download requests sent.			
LC disable request	Number of requests sent to disable MDS on the line card.			
MDFS ipc messages s	ent			
line card stats	Number of line card statistic messages sent.			
mdb stats	Number of Multicast Descriptor Block (MDB) statistics messages sent.			
hwidb stats	Number of hardware Interface Descriptor Block (HWIDB) statistics messages sent.			
swidb stats	Number of software Interface Descriptor Block (SWIDB) statistics messages sent.			
flow control msg	Number of flow control messages sent.			
clear mroute msg	Number of clear multicast route (mroute) messages sent.			
MDFS alert messages	received			
mdfs enable alert	Number of multicast distributed fast switching (MDFS) enable alert messages received.			
table2 size alert	Number of table2 size alert messages received.			
clear all alert	Number of clear all alert messages received.			
clear stats alert	Number of clear statistics alert messages received			
spd alert	Number of selective packet discard (SPD) alert messages received.			
svd alert	Number of singular value decomposition (SVD) alert messages received.			
route limit alert	Number of mroute limit alert messages received.			
source limit alert	Number of sources per group limit alert messages received.			
punt limit alert	Number of MDFS punt limit alert messages received.			
MDFS ipc messages r	eceived			
gdb msg	Number of GDB messages received.			
mdb msg	Number of MDB messages received.			
midb msg	Number of multicast interface data block (MIDB) messages received.			
hwidb msg	Number of HWIDB messages received.			

Field	Description	
oir hwidb msg	Number of HWIDB online insertion and removal (OIR) messages received.	
hwidb erase msg	Number of HWIDB erase messages received.	
swidb msg	Number of SWIDB messages received.	
oir swidb msg	Number of SWIDB OIR messages received.	
swidb erase msg	Number of SWIDB erase messages received.	
mdt msg	Number of Multicast Distribution Tree (MDT) messages received.	
rpdf msg	Number of rendezvous point designated forwarder (RPDF) messages received.	
fwd table erase msg	Number of MDFS forwarding table erase messages received.	
mdt mgid ext slotmask msg	Number of MDFS MDT multicast global identifier (MGID) extended slotmask messages received.	
mvrf ext slotmask msg	Number of MDFS Multicast Virtual Routing and Forwarding (MVRF) extended slotmask messages received.	

 Table 58
 show ip mds stats ipc-msg switching Field Descriptions (continued)

# show ip mds summary

To display a summary of the Multicast Forwading Information Base (MFIB) table for multicast distributed switching (MDS), use the **show ip mds summary** command in user EXEC or privileged EXEC mode.

show ip mds summary

**Syntax Description** This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Modes User EXEC (>) Privileged EXEC (#)

Command History	Release	Modification		
	11.2(11)GS	This command was introduced.		
	12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.		
	12.2SX	This command is supported in the Cisco IOS Release 12.2SX train. Support in a specific 12.2SX release of this train depends on your feature set, platform, and platform hardware.		
Usage Guidelines		Use this command on a line card. On a Gigabit Switched Router (GSR) only, line card commands can be executed from the Route Pricessor (RP) using the following syntax:		
	execute [slot slot-n	umber   all] command		
	The <i>command</i> argun ip mds forward.	nent is any of the line card <b>show</b> commands, such as <b>show ip mds summary</b> or <b>show</b>		
Examples	The following is sa	mple output from the <b>show ip mds summary</b> command:		
	-	Router# show ip mds summary		
	Flags: N - Not MD	forwarding information and statistics: FS switchable, F - Not all MDFS switchable, O - OIF Null elimit, A - In-access, M - MTU mismatch, P - Register set		
	Interface state:	Interface, Next-Hop, Mac header		

Table 59 describes the significant fields in the display.

Field	Description
(172.17.62.86, 224.2.170.73) [31]	Source and group addresses. The number in brackets is the hash bucket for the route.
Incoming interface	Expected interface for a multicast packet from the source. If the packet is not received on this interface, it is discarded.
Pkts	Total number of packets switched by that entry.
last used	Time when this MFIB entry was used to switch a packet.
Kbps	Kilobits per second of the switched traffic.

Table 59show ip mds summary Field Descriptions

## show ip traffic

To display the global or system-wide IP traffic statistics for one or more interfaces, use the **show ip traffic** command in user EXEC or privileged EXEC mode.

show ip traffic [interface type number]

Syntax Description	interface type number	(Optional) Displays the global or system-wide IP traffic statistics for a specific interface. If the <b>interface</b> keyword is used, the <i>type</i> and <i>number</i> arguments are required.
Command Default	Using the <b>show ip traffi</b> IP traffic statistics for al	$\mathbf{c}$ command with no keywords or arguments displays the global or system-wide 1 interfaces.
Command Modes	User EXEC (>) Privileged EXEC (#)	
Command History	Release	Modification
	10.0	This command was introduced.
	12.2	The output was enhanced to display the number of keepalive, open, update, route-refresh request, and notification messages received and sent by a Border Gateway Protocol (BGP) routing process.
	12.2(25)S	The command output was modified.
	12.2(28)SB	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(28)SB and implemented on the Cisco 10000 series routers.
	12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.
	12.2(33)SXH	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH.
	12.4(20)T	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.4(20)T.
	12.2(33)SXH5	This command was modified. The output was changed to display the ARP (proxy) reply counter as the number of ARP replies for real proxies only.
	Cisco IOS XE Release 3.1S	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS XE Release 3.1S. This command was modified to include the optional <b>interface</b> keyword and associated <i>type</i> and <i>number</i> arguments. These modifications were made to provide support for the IPv4 MIBs as described in RFC 4293: <i>Management Information Base for the Internet Protocol (IP)</i> .
	15.1(4)M	This command was modified. The optional <b>interface</b> keyword and associated <i>type</i> and <i>number</i> arguments were added. These modifications were made to provide support for the IPv4 MIBs as described in RFC 4293, <i>Management Information Base for the Internet Protocol (IP)</i> .

### Usage Guidelines

Using the **show ip traffic** command with the optional **interface** keyword displays the ipIfStatsTable counters for the specified interface if IPv4 addressing is enabled.

```
Examples
                   The following is sample output from the show ip traffic command:
                   Router# show ip traffic
                   IP statistics:
                     Rcvd: 27 total, 27 local destination
                            0 format errors, 0 checksum errors, 0 bad hop count
                            0 unknown protocol, 0 not a gateway
                            O security failures, O bad options, O with options
                     Opts: 0 end, 0 nop, 0 basic security, 0 loose source route
                            0 timestamp, 0 extended security, 0 record route
                            0 stream ID, 0 strict source route, 0 alert, 0 cipso, 0 ump
                            0 other
                     Frags: 0 reassembled, 0 timeouts, 0 couldn't reassemble
                            0 fragmented, 0 couldn't fragment
                     Bcast: 27 received, 0 sent
                     Mcast: 0 received, 0 sent
                     Sent: 0 generated, 0 forwarded
                     Drop: 0 encapsulation failed, 0 unresolved, 0 no adjacency
                            0 no route, 0 unicast RPF, 0 forced drop
                     Drop: 0 packets with source IP address zero
                   ICMP statistics:
                     Rcvd: 0 format errors, 0 checksum errors, 0 redirects, 0 unreachable
                           0 echo, 0 echo reply, 0 mask requests, 0 mask replies, 0 quench
                           0 parameter, 0 timestamp, 0 info request, 0 other
                           0 irdp solicitations, 0 irdp advertisements
                           0 time exceeded, 0 timestamp replies, 0 info replies
                     Sent: 0 redirects, 0 unreachable, 0 echo, 0 echo reply
                           0 mask requests, 0 mask replies, 0 quench, 0 timestamp
                           0 info reply, 0 time exceeded, 0 parameter problem
                           0 irdp solicitations, 0 irdp advertisements
                   BGP statistics:
                     Rcvd: 0 total, 0 opens, 0 notifications, 0 updates
                           0 keepalives, 0 route-refresh, 0 unrecognized
                     Sent: 0 total, 0 opens, 0 notifications, 0 updates
                           0 keepalives, 0 route-refresh
                   EIGRP-IPv4 statistics:
                     Rcvd: 0 total
                     Sent: 0 total
                   TCP statistics:
                     Rcvd: 0 total, 0 checksum errors, 0 no port
                     Sent: 0 total
                   PIMv2 statistics: Sent/Received
                     Total: 0/0, 0 checksum errors, 0 format errors
                     Registers: 0/0 (0 non-rp, 0 non-sm-group), Register Stops: 0/0, Hellos: 0/0
                     Join/Prunes: 0/0, Asserts: 0/0, grafts: 0/0
                     Bootstraps: 0/0, Candidate_RP_Advertisements: 0/0
                     State-Refresh: 0/0
                   IGMP statistics: Sent/Received
                     Total: 0/0, Format errors: 0/0, Checksum errors: 0/0
                     Host Queries: 0/0, Host Reports: 0/0, Host Leaves: 0/0
                     DVMRP: 0/0, PIM: 0/0
                   UDP statistics:
                     Rcvd: 185515 total, 0 checksum errors, 185515 no port
                     Sent: 0 total, 0 forwarded broadcasts
```

```
OSPF statistics:
  Rcvd: 0 total, 0 checksum errors
        0 hello, 0 database desc, 0 link state req
        0 link state updates, 0 link state acks
  Sent: 0 total
        0 hello, 0 database desc, 0 link state req
        0 link state updates, 0 link state acks
Probe statistics:
  Rcvd: 0 address requests, 0 address replies
        0 proxy name requests, 0 where-is requests, 0 other
  Sent: 0 address requests, 0 address replies (0 proxy)
        0 proxy name replies, 0 where-is replies
ARP statistics:
  Rcvd: 1477 requests, 8841 replies, 396 reverse, 0 other
  Sent: 1 requests, 20 replies (0 proxy), 0 reverse
  Drop due to input queue full: 0
```

The following is sample output from the **show ip traffic** command for Ethernet interface 0/0:

Router# show ip traffic interface ethernet 0/0

```
Ethernet0/0 IP-IF statistics :
  Rcvd: 99 total, 9900 total_bytes
         0 format errors, 0 hop count exceeded
         0 bad header, 0 no route
         0 bad destination, 0 not a router
         0 no protocol, 0 truncated
         0 forwarded
         0 fragments, 0 total reassembled
         0 reassembly timeouts, 0 reassembly failures
         0 discards, 99 delivers
  Sent: 99 total, 9900 total_bytes 0 discards
         99 generated, 0 forwarded
         0 fragmented into, 0 fragments, 0 failed
  Mcast: 0 received, 0 received bytes
         0 sent, 0 sent bytes
  Bcast: 0 received, 0 sent
```

#### **Cisco 10000 Series Routers Example**

The following is sample output from the **show ip traffic** command when used on a Cisco 10000 series router:

```
Router# show ip traffic
```

```
IP statistics:
Rcvd: 27 total, 27 local destination
            0 format errors, 0 checksum errors, 0 bad hop count
            0 unknown protocol, 0 not a gateway
            0 security failures, 0 bad options, 0 with options
            0 end, 0 nop, 0 basic security, 0 loose source route
            0 timestamp, 0 extended security, 0 record route
            0 stream ID, 0 strict source route, 0 alert, 0 cipso, 0 ump
            0 other
Frags: 0 reassembled, 0 timeouts, 0 couldn't reassemble
            0 fragmented, 0 couldn't fragment
Bcast: 27 received, 0 sent
Mcast: 0 received, 0 sent
Sent: 0 generated, 0 forwarded
```

Drop: 0 encapsulation failed, 0 unresolved, 0 no adjacency 0 no route, 0 unicast RPF, 0 forced drop 0 options denied, 0 source IP address zero

Table 60 describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 60show ip traffic Field Descriptions

Field	Description	
format errors	Indicates a gross error in the packet format, such as an impossible Internet header length.	
bad hop count	Occurs when a packet is discarded because its time-to-live (TTL) field was decremented to zero.	
encapsulation failed	Usually indicates that the router had no Address Resolution Protocol (A request entry and therefore did not send a datagram.	
no route	Counted when the Cisco IOS software discards a datagram that it did not know how to route.	

<b>Related Commands</b>	Command	Description
	clear ip traffic	Clears the global or system-wide IP traffic statistics for one or more interfaces.

# show ipv6 cef with epoch

To display Cisco Express Forwarding IPv6 Forwarding Information Base (FIB) information filtered for a specific epoch, use the **show ipv6 cef with epoch** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show ipv6 cef with epoch epoch-number [checksum | detail | internal [checksum] | platform
[checksum | detail | internal [checksum]]]

Syntax Description		
	epoch-number	Number of the epoch, from 0 to 255.
	checksum	(Optional) Displays FIB entry checksums.
	detail	(Optional) Displays detailed information about FIB epochs.
	internal	(Optional) Displays internal data structure information.
	platform	(Optional) Displays platform-specific data structures.
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (#)	)
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(25)S	This command was introduced.
	12.2(28)SB	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(28)SB.
	12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.
	12.2(33)SXH	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH.
	12.4(20)T	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.4(20)T.
Usage Guidelines		o display information about prefix properties for a specified epoch in the
Jsage Guidelines	Cisco Express Forwa	o display information about prefix properties for a specified epoch in the arding IPv6 FIB. This command is similar to the <b>show ip cef with epoch</b> command specific. Use the <b>show ipv6 cef epoch</b> command to display entries filtered by epoc
	Cisco Express Forwa except that it is IPv6 number.	arding IPv6 FIB. This command is similar to the show ip cef with epoch command
Usage Guidelines Examples	Cisco Express Forwa except that it is IPv6 number.	arding IPv6 FIB. This command is similar to the <b>show ip cef with epoch</b> command specific. Use the <b>show ipv6 cef epoch</b> command to display entries filtered by epoc

```
attached to Ethernet2/0
2001::1/128
 receive for Ethernet2/0
2001::3/128
 attached to Ethernet2/0
2001:1::/64
 attached to Ethernet0/0
2001:1::1/128
 receive for Ethernet0/0
2001:2::/64
 nexthop FE80::A8BB:CCFF:FE00:2602 Ethernet2/0
2002::/64
 attached to Tunnel0
2002::1/128
 receive for Tunnel0
FE80::/10
 receive for NullO
FF00::/8
 receive for NullO
```

Table 61 describes significant fields shown in the display.

#### Table 61 show ipv6 cef with epoch Field Descriptions

Field	Description
no route	No route is associated with the IPv6 prefix.
discard	Traffic for this prefix is discarded.
2000::1/128 receive for Loopback0	A receive prefix for interface Loopback0.
2000::2/128 nexthop FE80::A8BB:CCFF:FE00:2500 Ethernet0/0	An IPv6 prefix that is forwarded to a next-hop address (FE80::A8BB:CCFF:FE00:2500) through interface Ethernet 0/0.
2001::/64 attached for Ethernet2/0	This prefix is a connected network on interface Ethernet 0/0.
2001::1/128 receive for Ethernet2/0	A receive prefix for interface Ethernet 0/0.

The following is sample output from the show ipv6 cef with epoch detail command:

Router# show ipv6 cef with epoch 0 detail

```
IPv6 CEF is enabled and running centrally.
VRF base:
16 prefixes (16/0 fwd/non-fwd)
Table id 0
Database epoch: 0 (16 entries at this epoch)
::/0, epoch 0, flags default route handler
no route
::/127, epoch 0, flags attached, discard
discard
2000::1/128, epoch 0, flags attached, connected, receive, local
receive for Loopback0
2000::2/128, epoch 0
nexthop FE80::A8BB:CCFF:FE00:2500 Ethernet0/0
2000::3/128, epoch 0, flags rib only nolabel, rib defined all labels
```

```
nexthop FE80::A8BB:CCFF:FE00:2602 Ethernet2/0
2000::4/128, epoch 0, flags rib only nolabel, rib defined all labels
 nexthop FE80::A8BB:CCFF:FE00:2602 Ethernet2/0
2001::/64, epoch 0, flags attached, connected, cover dependents
  Covered dependent prefixes: 1
   notify cover updated: 1
  attached to Ethernet2/0
2001::1/128, epoch 0, flags attached, receive, local
  receive for Ethernet2/0
2001::3/128, epoch 0, flags attached
  Adj source: IPV6 adj out of Ethernet2/0, addr 2001::3 02513FD8
   Dependent covered prefix type adjfib cover 2001::/64
  attached to Ethernet2/0
2001:1::/64, epoch 0, flags attached, connected
  attached to Ethernet0/0
2001:1::1/128, epoch 0, flags attached, receive, local
  receive for Ethernet0/0
2001:2::/64, epoch 0, flags rib only nolabel, rib defined all labels
 nexthop FE80::A8BB:CCFF:FE00:2602 Ethernet2/0
2002::/64, epoch 0, flags attached, connected
  attached to Tunnel0
2002::1/128, epoch 0, flags attached, receive, local
 receive for Tunnel0
FE80::/10, epoch 0, flags attached, receive, local
  receive for NullO
FF00::/8, epoch 0, flags attached, receive, local
  receive for Null0
```

Table 62 describes significant fields shown in the display.

Field	Description
IPv6 CEF is enabled and running centrally	Indicates that IPv6 CEF is enabled and running on the RP.
VRF base 16 prefixes (16/0 fwd/non-fwd)	Number of prefixes in the VRF, how many of them are forwarded, and how many are not forwarded.
Table id 0	Table identification number.
Database epoch 0 (16 entries at this epoch)	Value of the database epoch and number of entries in the epoch.
2000::1/128, epoch 0, flags attached, connected, receive, local receive for Loopback0	Provides detail for the table entries. In this example, 2000:1/128 is an IPv6 prefix at epoch 0. The flags set for this prefix are:
	• attached—Prefix is a connected network
	• connected—Prefix includes an address that is bound to an interface on the device
	• receive—Prefix is punt to and handled by the process

level

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Table 62 show ipv6 cef with epoch detail Field Descriptions

local—Prefix is a subset of receive and marks prefixes

that are received by on interface on the device

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The following is sample output from the show ipv6 cef with epoch checksum command:

Router# show ipv6 cef with epoch 0 checksum

```
::/0
FIB checksum: 0x64E25610
::/127
FIB checksum: 0xE0B3DE11
2000::1/128
FIB checksum: 0xD04E36EC
2000::2/128
FIB checksum: 0x84892BA5
2000::3/128
FIB checksum: 0x912BA720
2000::4/128
FIB checksum: 0xC6D89ADA
.
.
.
```

Table 63 describes significant fields shown in the display.

 Table 63
 show ipv6 cef with epoch checksum Field Descriptions

Field	Description
::/0	Default route handler. ::/0 prefix matches all addresses. ( ::/128 prefix is an exact match for all zero addresses only.)
FIB checksum: 0x64E25610	FIB checksum associated with the named prefix.

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show ip cef with epoch	Displays Cisco Express Forwarding FIB information filtered for a specific epoch.
	show ipv6 cef	Displays entries in the IPv6 FIB.
	show ipv6 cef epoch	Displays a summary of IPv6 FIB epoch information.

# show ipv6 cef with source

To display Cisco Express Forwarding IPv6 Forwarding Information Base (FIB) filtered for a specific source, use the **show ipv6 cef with source** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show ipv6 cef with source *source-type* [checksum | detail | epoch | internal [checksum] | platform [checksum | detail | internal [checksum]]]

Syntax Description	source-type	The <i>source-type</i> argument must be replaced by one of the following keywords that are supported for your release.
		Keywords for all supported Cisco IOS releases:
		• <b>alias</b> —Displays alias address prefix sources in the Cisco Express Forwarding IPv6 FIB.
		<ul> <li>broadband—Displays broadband receive prefix sources in the Cisco Express Forwarding IPv6 FIB.</li> </ul>
		• <b>fallback</b> —Displays fallback lookup prefix sources in the Cisco Express Forwarding IPv6 FIB.
		• <b>interface</b> —Displays interface configuration prefix sources in the Cisco Express Forwarding IPv6 FIB.
		• <b>nat</b> —Displays Network Address Translation (NAT) prefix sources in the Cisco Express Forwarding IPv6 FIB.
		• <b>rib</b> —Displays Routing Information Base (RIB) prefix sources in the Cisco Express Forwarding IPv6 FIB.
		• <b>special</b> —Displays special prefix sources in the Cisco Express Forwarding IPv6 FIB.
		• <b>test</b> —Displays test command prefix sources in the Cisco Express Forwarding IPv6 FIB.
		• <b>virtual</b> —Displays virtual address prefix sources in the Cisco Express Forwarding IPv6 FIB, for example, Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) and Hot Standby Router Protocol (HSRP) addresses.
		Additional keywords for Cisco IOS Releases 12.2(25)S, 12,2(28)SB, 12.2(33)SRA, and later SB and SR releases:
		• <b>adjacency</b> —Displays adjacency prefix sources in the Cisco Express ForwardingIPv6 FIB.
		• <b>default-route</b> —Displays default route handler prefix sources in the Cisco Express Forwarding FIB.
		• <b>inherited-path-list</b> —Displays inherited path list prefix source in the Cisco Express Forwarding FIB.
		Additional keywords for Cisco IOS Releases 12.2(33)SXH, 12.4(20)T, and later SX and T releases:
		• <b>adj</b> —Displays adjacency prefix sources in the Cisco Express Forwarding FIB.

platform	(Optional) Displays platform-specific data structures.
internal	(Optional) Displays internal data structure information.
epoch	(Optional) Displays information about epochs associated with the source prefix.
detail	(Optional) Displays detailed information about IPv6 FIB epochs.
checksum	(Optional) Displays IPv6 FIB entry checksums.
	• <b>lte</b> —Displays Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) label table entries.
	Additional keyword for Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH and later SX releases:
	• <b>recursive-resolution</b> —Displays recursive resolution prefix sources in the Cisco Express Forwarding IPv6 FIB.
	Additional keywords for Cisco IOS Releases 12.2(33)SRA, 12.2(33)SXH and later SR and SX releases:
	• <b>ipl</b> —Displays inherited path list prefix source in the Cisco Express ForwardingIPv6 FIB.
	• <b>defroutehandler</b> —Displays default route handler prefix sources in the Cisco Express Forwarding IPv6 FIB.
	• <b>defnet</b> —Displays default network prefix sources in the Cisco Express Forwarding IPv6 FIB.

Command ModesPrivileged EXEC (#)

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(25)S	This command was introduced.
	12.2(28)SB	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(28)SB.
	12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.
	12.2(33)SXH	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH.
	12.4(20)T	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.4(20)T.

Usage Guidelines Use this command to filter on prefixes in the Cisco Express Forwarding FIB that are added by a specified source.

## Examples Examples For All Supported Releases

The following is sample output from the show ipv6 cef with source rib command:

Router# show ipv6 cef with source rib

```
::/127
discard
2000::1/128
receive for Loopback0
2000::2/128
```

```
nexthop FE80::A8BB:CCFF:FE00:2500 Ethernet0/0
2000::3/128
 nexthop FE80::A8BB:CCFF:FE00:2602 Ethernet2/0
2000::4/128
 nexthop FE80::A8BB:CCFF:FE00:2602 Ethernet2/0
2001::/64
  attached to Ethernet2/0
2001::1/128
 receive for Ethernet2/0
2001:1::/64
  attached to Ethernet0/0
2001:1::1/128
 receive for Ethernet0/0
2001:2::/64
 nexthop FE80::A8BB:CCFF:FE00:2602 Ethernet2/0
2002::/64
 attached to Tunnel0
2002::1/128
 receive for Tunnel0
FE80::/10
 receive for Null0
FF00::/8
 receive for NullO
```

Table 64 describes the significant fields shown in the display.

#### Table 64show ipv6 cef with source rib Field Descriptions

Field	Description
::/127	IPv6 prefix.
discard	Indicates that traffic destined for this prefix should be discarded.
2000::1/128 receive for Loopback0	An IPv6 prefix that is a receive prefix for interface Loopback0. Traffic destined for this prefix will be punted to the process level.
2000::2/128 nexthop FE80::A8BB:CCFF:FE00:2500 Ethernet0/0	An IPv6 prefix that is forwarded to a next-hop address (FE80::A8BB:CCFF:FE00:2500) through interface Ethernet 0/0.
2001::/64 attached for Ethernet2/0	An IPv6 prefix that is a connected network on interface Ethernet 0/0. That is, the destination can be reached directly through the specified interface.

The following is sample output from the **show ipv6 cef with source fib detail** command:

```
Router# show ipv6 cef with source rib detail
```

```
IPv6 CEF is enabled and running centrally.
VRF base:
16 prefixes (16/0 fwd/non-fwd)
Table id 0
Database epoch: 0 (16 entries at this epoch)
::/127, epoch 0, flags attached, discard
discard
2000::1/128, epoch 0, flags attached, connected, receive, local
receive for Loopback0
2000::2/128, epoch 0
nexthop FE80::A8BB:CCFF:FE00:2500 Ethernet0/0
2000::3/128, epoch 0, flags rib only nolabel, rib defined all labels
```

```
nexthop FE80::A8BB:CCFF:FE00:2602 Ethernet2/0
2000::4/128, epoch 0, flags rib only nolabel, rib defined all labels
 nexthop FE80::A8BB:CCFF:FE00:2602 Ethernet2/0
2001::/64, epoch 0, flags attached, connected, cover dependents
  Covered dependent prefixes: 1
   notify cover updated: 1
  attached to Ethernet2/0
2001::1/128, epoch 0, flags attached, receive, local
  receive for Ethernet2/0
2001:1::/64, epoch 0, flags attached, connected
  attached to Ethernet0/0
2001:1::1/128, epoch 0, flags attached, receive, local
 receive for Ethernet0/0
2001:2::/64, epoch 0, flags rib only nolabel, rib defined all labels
 nexthop FE80::A8BB:CCFF:FE00:2602 Ethernet2/0
2002::/64\,, epoch 0, flags attached, connected
  attached to Tunnel0
2002::1/128, epoch 0, flags attached, receive, local
 receive for Tunnel0
FE80::/10, epoch 0, flags attached, receive, local
 receive for NullO
FF00::/8, epoch 0, flags attached, receive, local
 receive for Null0
```

Table 65 describes the significant fields shown in the display.

#### Table 65 show ipv6 cef with source rib detail Field Descriptions

Field	Description
IPv6 CEF is enabled and running centrally.	Verifies that Cisco Express Forwarding for IPV6 is enabled globally.
VRF base	Base VRF table.
16 prefixes (16/0 Fwd/non-fwd)	Number of prefixes in the VRF, how many prefixes are forwarded, and how many are not forwarded.
Table id 0	Identifies the table by number.
Database epoch:	Specifies the type of epoch.
0 (16 entries at this epoch)	Number of the epoch (0) and number of entries in the epoch.
2000::1/128, epoch 0, flags attached, connected, receive, local	Details about the prefix: the epoch in which it is found, the flags set for the prefix:
	• attached—Prefix is a connected network
	• connected—Prefix includes an address that is bound to an interface on the device
	• receive—Prefix is punt to and handled by the process level
	• local—Prefix is a subset of receive and marks prefixes that are received by on interface on the device

#### Examples for Cisco IOS Releases 12.2(25)S, 12.2(28)SB, 12.2(33)SRA, and Later SB and SR Releases

The following is sample output from the show ipv6 cef with source adjacency command:

Router# show ipv6 cef with source adjacency

2001::3/128 attached to Ethernet2/0

Table 66 describes the significant fields shown in the display.

 Table 66
 show ipv6 cef with source adjacency Field Descriptions

Field	Description
20001::3/128	IPv6 prefix whose source is an adjacency.
attached to Ethernet2/0	Indicates that the prefix is a connected network through Interface Ethernet 2/0.

The following is sample output from the **show ipv6 cef with source adjacency detail** command:

```
Router# show ipv6 cef with source adjacency detail
#
IPv6 CEF is enabled and running centrally.
VRF Default
16 prefixes (16/0 fwd/non-fwd)
Table id 0x1E000000
Database epoch: 0 (16 entries at this epoch)
2001::3/128, epoch 0, flags attached
Adj source: IPv6 adj out of Ethernet2/0, addr 2001::3 050878F0
Dependent covered prefix type adjfib cover 2001::/64
attached to Ethernet2/0
```

Table 67 describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Field	Description
IPv6 CEF is enabled and running centrally.	Verifies that Cisco Express Forwarding for IPV6 is enabled and running on the RP.
VRF Default	Default VRF table.
16 prefixes (16/0 Fwd/non-fwd)	Number of prefixes in the VRF, how many prefixes are forwarded and how many are not forwarded.
Table id 0x1E000000	Identifies the table by hexadecimal number.
2001::3/128, epoch 0, flags attached	Lists a prefix, its epoch number, and flags. Attached flag indicates a connected network.
Adj source: IPv6 adj out of Ethernet2/0, addr 2000::3 050878F0	Indicates that the prefix was sourced by an adjacency and specifies the address family, interface, and address in memory of the adjacency.

 Table 67
 show ipv6 cef with source adjacency detail Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Dependent covered prefix type adjfib cover 2001::/64	A prefix sourced by an adjacency is dependent on another less specific prefix (2001::/64) for forwarding information. If this less specific prefix changes, the dependent prefix will need to be recomputed.
attached to Ethernet2/0	Indicates the prefix is a connect network through interface Ethernet 2/0.

The following is sample output from the show ipv6 cef with source adjacency checksum command:

Router# show ipv6 cef with source adjacency checksum

2001::3/128 FIB checksum: 0x4AE0F5DC

Table 68 describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 68	show ipv6 cef with s	ource adjacency checksum	Field Descriptions

Field	Description
2001::3/128	IPv6 prefix whose source is an adjacency.
FIB checksum: 0x4AE0F5DC	FIB checksum.

#### Examples for Cisco IOS Releases 12.2(33)SXH, 12.4(20)T and Later SX and T Releases

The following is sample output from the show ipv6 cef with source adjacency command:

Router# show ipv6 cef with source adj

2001::3/128 attached to Ethernet2/0

Table 69 describes the significant fields shown in the display.

 Table 69
 show ipv6 cef with source adj Field Descriptions

Field	Description
20001::3/128	IPv6 prefix whose source is an adjacency.
attached to Ethernet2/0	Indicates that the prefix is a network connected through interface Ethernet 2/0.

The following is sample output from the show ipv6 cef with source adj detail command:

```
Router# show ipv6 cef with source adj detail
```

Dependent covered prefix type adjfib cover 2001::/64 attached to Ethernet2/0  $\,$ 

Table 70 describes the significant fields shown in the display.

 Table 70
 show ipv6 cef with source adj detail Field Descriptions

Field	Description	
IPv6 CEF is enabled and running centrally.	Verifies that Cisco Express Forwarding for IPV6 is enabled an running on the RP.	
VRF base	Base VRF table.	
16 prefixes (16/0 Fwd/non-fwd)	Number of prefixes, and how many prefixes are forwarded and how many are not forwarded.	
2001::3/128, epoch 0, flags attached	Provides more detail about the adjacency source, such as epoch number and flags.	
Adj source: IPv6 adj out of Ethernet2/0, addr 2000::3 050878F0	Lists a prefix, its epoch number, and flags. Attached flag indicates a connected network.	
Dependent covered prefix type adjfib cover 2001::/64	A prefix sourced by an adjacency is dependent on another less specific prefix (2001::/64) for forwarding information. If this less specific prefix changes, the dependent prefix will need to be recomputed.	
attached to Ethernet2/0	Indicates the prefix is a connect network through interface Ethernet 2/0.	

The following is sample output from the **show ipv6 cef with source adj checksum** command:

Router# **show ipv6 cef with source adj checksum** 2001::3/128 FIB checksum: 0x4AE0F5DC

Table 71 describes the significant fields shown in the display.

## Table 71 show ipv6 cef with source adj checksum Field Descriptions

Field	Description
2001::3/128	IPv6 prefix whose source is an adjacency.
FIB checksum: 0x4AE0F5DC	FIB checksum.

<b>Related Commands</b>	Command	Description
	show ip cef	Displays entries in the FIB or displays a summary of the FIB.
	show ip cef with epoch	Displays information about an epoch in the Cisco Express Forwarding FIB.
	show ipv6 cef with epoch	Displays information about an epoch in the Cisco Express Forwarding IPv6 FIB.
	show ipv6 cef with source	Displays information about prefix sources in the Cisco Express Forwarding IPv6 FIB.

## show mls cef

To display the Multilayer Switching (MLS)-hardware Layer 3-switching table entries, use the **show mls cef** command in user EXEC and privileged EXEC mode.

show mls cef [ip] [prefix [mask-length | load-info]] [detail] [module number]

show mls cef [ip] [{lookup ...} | {multicast ...} | {rpf ...} | {vpn ...} | {vrf ...}]

show mls cef [{adjacency ...} | {block block-number [entries}] | {config-register reg-address} |
{diags [detail]} | {entry index [detail]} | {exact-route ...} | {hardware [module number]} |
{inconsistency ...} | {lookup ...} | {masks [type] [module number]} | {rpf ...} | {statistics ...}
| {summary [module number]} | {tunnel fragment} | {used-blocks [type] [module number]}
| {vpn ...} | {vrf ...}]

MOI

show mls cef [{eom ...} | {ip ...} | {ipv6 ...} | {mpls ...}]

#### Syntax Description

ір	(Optional) Displays IPv6 unicast entries in the MLS-hardware Layer 3-switching table; see the "Usage Guidelines" section for additional information.	
prefix	(Optional) Entry prefix in the format A.B.C.D.	
mask-length	(Optional) Mask length; valid values are from 0 to 32.	
load-info	(Optional) Displays output with a hash value next to each adjacency.	
detail	(Optional) Displays detailed hardware information. See the "Usage Guidelines" section for important information.	
module <i>number</i>	(Optional) Displays information about the entries for a specific module.	
lookup	(Optional) Displays IP entries in the MLS-hardware Layer 3-switching table for the specified destination IP address. See the <b>show mls cef lookup</b> command.	
multicast	(Optional) Displays IP entries in the MLS-hardware Layer 3-switching table in the compact Cisco Express Forwarding table display format; see the <b>show mls cef ip multicast</b> command.	
rpf	(Optional) Displays information about the Reverse Path Forwarding (RPF) hardware in the MLS-hardware Layer 3-switching table; see the <b>show mls cef rpf</b> command.	
vpn	(Optional) Displays information about the Virtual Private Network (VPN) ID Cisco Express Forwarding table. See the "Usage Guidelines" section for important information.	
vrf	(Optional) Displays information about the Cisco Express Forwarding table for the specified VRF name.	
adjacency	(Optional) Displays information about the MLS-hardware Layer 3-switching adjacency node; see the <b>show mls cef adjacency</b> command.	
block	(Optional) Displays information about the mask-block utilization for a specific	
block-number	block; valid values are from 0 to 4294967295. See the "Usage Guidelines" section for important information.	
entries	(Optional) Displays the mask-block utilization entries. See the "Usage Guidelines" section for important information.	
<b>config-register</b> reg-address	(Optional) Displays information about the hardware configuration register for a specific register. See the "Usage Guidelines" section for important information.	

diags	(Optional) Displays information about the diagnostic entry. See the "Usage	
-	Guidelines" section for important information.	
entry index	(Optional) Specifies the specified prefix entry index to display; valid values are from 0 to 4294967295. See the "Usage Guidelines" section for important information.	
exact-route	(Optional) Displays information about hardware load sharing; see the <b>show mls cef exact-route</b> command.	
hardware	(Optional) Displays a summary of the hardware information. See the "Usage Guidelines" section for important information.	
inconsistency	(Optional) Displays information about the consistency checker; see the <b>show mls cef inconsistency</b> command.	
masks	(Optional) Displays information about the mask. See the "Usage Guidelines" section for important information.	
statistics	(Optional) Displays the number of switched packets and bytes; see the <b>show mls cef statistics</b> command.	
tunnel fragment	(Optional) Displays the operational status of tunnel fragmentation.	
summary	(Optional) Displays a summary of rates in the hardware for each protocol; see the <b>show mls cef summary</b> command.	
used-blocks	(Optional) Displays a list of used blocks; see the "Usage Guidelines" section for important information.	
eom	Displays information about the EoM protocol; this keyword is not supported.	
ip	Displays information about the IP protocol; see the "Usage Guidelines" section for additional information.	
ipv6	Displays information about the IPv6 protocol.	
mpls	Displays information about the MPLS protocol; see the <b>show mls cef mpls</b> command.	

**Command Default** If you do not specify a protocol, the default display is for IP and the global Cisco Express Forwarding table.

Command Modes User EXEC (>) Privileged EXEC (#)

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(14)SX	Support for this command was introduced on the Supervisor Engine 720.
	12.2(17a)SX	This command was changed to support the <b>mpls</b> keyword.
	12.2(17d)SXB	Support for this command on the Supervisor Engine 2 was extended to the 12.2SX release. This command was changed to include the <b>load-info</b> keyword on the Supervisor Engine 720 and the Supervisor Engine 2.
	12.2(18)SXF	This command was modified. This command was changed to support the <b>tunnel fragment</b> keywords in all PFC3 modes.
	12.2(33)SXH	This command was modified. Support for the command was added for PCF3BXL, PFC3C, and PFC3CXL modes only.

Release	Modification
12.2(33)SXI	This command was modified. Support for the command was added for PCF3BXL, PFC3C, and PFC3CXL modes only.
12.2(33)SXI2	This command was modified. Support was added for all PFC3 modes.
12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.

### **Usage Guidelines**

The ... indicates that there is additional information.

The following options are for expert users only and are not documented:

- load-info
- detail
- block block-number [entries]
- config-register reg-address}
- diags [detail]
- entry index [detail]
- hardware [module number]
- masks [type]
- used-blocks [type]
- vpn

The MLS-hardware Layer 3 switching applies to IP traffic only.

Use the **show mls cef** [ip] vrf command to display the VRF Cisco Express Forwarding table entries.

You can enter this command on the supervisor engine or switch consoles. Enter the **remote login** command to session into the supervisor engine to enter the commands.

The **show mls cef** command offers three levels of options as follows:

- Protocol-independent options—The following keywords are not protocol specific:
  - adjacency
  - exact-route
  - inconsistency
  - module
  - rpf
  - statistics
  - summary
  - used-blocks
  - vpn
  - vrf
- Protocol-dependent keywords—The following keywords specify a protocol:
  - eom
  - ip
  - ipv6

- mpls
- Default keywords—The following keywords display identical output for both the **show mls cef** and **show mls cef ip** commands:
  - prefix
  - lookup
  - **multicast**—This keyword is not supported on systems configured with a Supervisor Engine 720.
  - module
  - rpf
  - vpn
  - vrf

#### Examples

This example shows how the **show mls cef** and **show mls cef ip** commands are identical:

Router# show mls cef

Codes:	decap - Decapsulati	on, + - Push Labe	21
Index	Prefix	Adjacency	
66	127.0.0.1/32	punt	
67	10.1.1.100/32	punt	
68	10.1.1.0/32	punt	
69	10.1.1.255/32	punt	
70	10.2.2.100/32	punt	
71	10.2.2.0/32	punt	
72	10.2.2.255/32	punt	
73	10.2.2.5/32	Gi5/2,	0000.c005.0205
74	0.0.0/32	punt	
75	10.255.255.255/32	punt	
76	172.16.22.22/32	punt	
77	172.20.0.0/32	punt	
78	173.32.255.255/32	punt	
79	172.16.1.153/32	V130,	0050.808b.8200
81	172.16.1.91/32	V130,	0004.4eef.8800
82	172.16.1.100/32	V130,	00d0.bb02.0400
83	172.17.223.3/32	V130,	00d0.061b.7000
84	172.22.5.3/32	V130,	00d0.061d.200a
85	172.16.1.101/32	V130,	0007.ecfc.e40a
86	172.20.100.1/32	V130,	0050.2a8d.700a
87	172.16.1.104/32	V130,	0050.0f2d.ac00
88	172.32.254.226/32	V130,	0050.2a8d.700a
89	10.2.2.7/32	Gi5/2,	0000.c005.0207
90	10.1.1.5/32	Gi5/1,	0000.0101.0105
3200	224.0.0/8	punt	
3201	10.1.1.0/24	punt	
3202	10.2.2.0/24	punt	
134400	172,20.0.0/8	punt	
	0.0.0/0	drop	
524256	0.0.0/0	drop	
Router	#		

This example shows how to display all the MLS-hardware Layer 3-switching table IP entries:

Router# show mls cef ip

Codes:	decap - Decapsulatio	on, + - Push Labe	1
Index	Prefix	Adjacency	
66	127.0.0.1/32	punt	
67	10.1.1.100/32	punt	
68	10.1.1.0/32	punt	
69	10.1.1.255/32	punt	
70	10.2.2.100/32	punt	
71	10.2.2.0/32	punt	
72	10.2.2.255/32	punt	
73	10.2.2.5/32	Gi5/2,	0000.c005.0205
74	0.0.0/32	punt	
75	10.255.255.255/32	punt	
76	172.16.22.22/32	punt	
77	172.20.0.0/32	punt	
78	173.32.255.255/32	punt	
79	172.16.1.153/32	V130,	0050.808b.8200
81	172.16.1.91/32	V130,	0004.4eef.8800
82	172.16.1.100/32	V130,	00d0.bb02.0400
83	172.17.223.3/32	V130,	00d0.061b.7000
84	172.22.5.3/32	V130,	00d0.061d.200a
85	172.16.1.101/32	V130,	0007.ecfc.e40a
86	172.20.100.1/32	V130,	0050.2a8d.700a
87	172.16.1.104/32	V130,	0050.0f2d.ac00
88	172.32.254.226/32	V130,	0050.2a8d.700a
89	10.2.2.7/32	Gi5/2,	0000.c005.0207
90	10.1.1.5/32	Gi5/1,	0000.0101.0105
3200	224.0.0/8	punt	
3201	10.1.1.0/24	punt	
3202	10.2.2.0/24	punt	
134400	172,20.0.0/8	punt	
134432	0.0.0/0	drop	
524256	0.0.0/0	drop	
Router	#		

Table 72 describes the fields in the examples.

## Table 72 show mls cef Command Output Fields

Field	Description	
Index	MLS-hardware Layer 3-switching table entry index; the maximum is 256,000 entries.	
Prefix	Entry prefix address/mask.	
Adjacency	Adjacency types are as follows:	
	• drop—Packets matching the prefix entry are dropped.	
	• punt—Packets are redirected to an MSFC for further processing.	
	• <i>mac-address</i> —Packets matching the prefix are forwarded to this specific next hop or the final destination host if directly attached.	

This example shows how to display the operational status of tunnel fragmentation:

Router# show mls cef tunnel fragment

Tunnel Fragmentation: Enabled Router#

<b>Related Commands</b>	Command	Description
	show mls cef summary	Displays the number of routes in the MLS-hardware Layer 3-switching table for all the protocols.

I

## show mls cef adjacency

To display information about the Multilayer Switching (MLS)-hardware Layer 3-switching adjacency node, use the **show mls cef adjacency** command in user EXEC or privileged EXEC mode.

show mls cef adjacency [all | decap-tunnel | {encap-tunnel ip-src-addr} | {entry index [to
 end-range]} | {flags lower-flag upper-flag} | mac-address number | mac-rewrite | macv4 |
 {mpls [label]} | multicast | nat | recirculation | special | tcp | usage] [detail] [module number]

Syntax Description	all	(Optional) Displays all application-allocated entries.
	decap-tunnel	(Optional) Displays the decapsulated tunneled-packet information.
	<b>encap-tunnel</b> ip-src-addr	(Optional) Displays the encapsulated tunnel-adjacency entry that matches the specified address.
	entry index	(Optional) Displays the adjacency-entry information for the specified index; valid values are from 0 to 1048575.
	to end-range	(Optional) Specifies the index range to display adjacency-entry information; valid values are from 0 to 1048575.
	flags	(Optional) Displays information about the specified bit flags. See the "Usage Guidelines" section for additional information.
	lower-flag	Lower 32-bits flag values to display; valid values are 0 to FFFFFFFF.
	upper-flag	Upper 32-bits flag values to display; valid values are 0 to FFFFFFFF.
	mac-address number	(Optional) Displays information about the matched MAC-address adjacency for the specified 48-bit hardware address in the H.H.H format.
	mac-rewrite	(Optional) Displays information about the MAC-rewrite adjacency.
	macv4	(Optional) Displays information about the MACv4 adjacency.
	mpls	(Optional) Displays information about the Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) adjacency.
	label	(Optional) MPLS label to display adjacency-entry information; valid values are from 0 to 1048575.
	multicast	(Optional) Displays information about the multicast adjacency.
	nat	(Optional) Displays information about the Network Address Translation (NAT) adjacency.
	recirculation	(Optional) Displays information about the recirculated-adjacency entry.
	special	(Optional) Displays information about the special adjacencies.
	tcp	(Optional) Displays information about the TCP-application adjacency.
	usage	(Optional) Displays information about the adjacency usage.
	detail	(Optional) Displays hardware-entry details.
	module number	(Optional) Displays information about the adjacency node for a specific module.

**Command Modes** 

User EXEC (>) Privileged EXEC (#)

Command History	Release	Modification	
	12.2(14)SX	Support for this command was introduced on the Supervisor Engine 720.	
	12.2(17d)SXB	Support for this command on the Supervisor Engine 2 was extended to the 12.2 SX release.	
	12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.	
Usage Guidelines	The <b>decap-tunnel</b> and <b>endcap-tunnel</b> keywords are used to display the tunnel nodes. The encapsulator node is considered the tunnel-entry point and the decapsulator node is considered the tunnel-exit point. There may be multiple source-destination pairs using the same tunnel between the encapsulator and decapsulator.		
	The <b>decap-tunnel</b> and <b>endcap-tunnel</b> keywords are not supported on Cisco 7600 series routers that are configured with a Supervisor Engine 720.		
	The <b>flags</b> keyword applies to all adjacency formats (for example, mac-rewrite, mpls, and multicast) and indicates the bits that are set in the adjacency for the specific adjacency.		
	The <b>module</b> <i>number</i> keyword and argument designate the module and port number. Valid values depend on the chassis and module used. For example, if you have a 48-port 10/100BASE-T Ethernet module installed in a 13-slot chassis, valid values for the module number are from 1 to 13 and valid values for the port number are from 1 to 48.		
	MLS-hardware Layer 3 switching applies to IP traffic only.		
	MLS-hardware Layer 3-switching adjacency statistics are updated every 60 seconds.		
	You can display hardware-switched IP-directed broadcast information by entering the <b>show mls cef</b> adjacency mac-address <i>number</i> detail command.		
	For each MLS-hardware Layer 3-switching Forwarding Information Base (FIB) entry, MLS-hardware Layer 3 switching stores Layer 2 information from the MSFC2 for adjacent nodes in the MLS-hardware Layer 3-switching adjacency table. Adjacent nodes are directly connected at Layer 2. To forward traffic, MLS-hardware Layer 3 switching selects a route from a MLS-hardware Layer 3-switching FIB entry, which points to a MLS-hardware Layer 3-switching adjacency table entry to rewrite the packet during Layer 3 switching. MLS-hardware Layer 3 switching supports one million adjacency-table entries.		
Examples	_ Supervisor Engi	ne 720 Examples	
	These examples show the output from Cisco 7600 series routers that are configured with a Supervisor Engine 720.		
	This example shows how to display information for all adjacency nodes:		
	Router# show mls cef adjacency all		
	Index: 5	<pre>smac: 0000.0000.0000, dmac: 0000.0000.0000 mtu: 0, vlan: 0, dindex: 0x0, l3rw_vld: 0 packets: 0, bytes: 0</pre>	
	Index: 32773	smac: 0000.0000.0000, dmac: 0000.0000.0000	

mtu: 0, vlan: 0, dindex: 0x0, 13rw\_vld: 0
packets: 0, bytes: 0
<Output is truncated>

I

This example shows how to display the adjacency-entry information for a specific index:

Router# show mls cef adjacency entry 132

Index: 132 smac: 0000.0000.0000, dmac: 0000.0000.0000
mtu: 0, vlan: 0, dindex: 0x0, l3rw\_vld: 0
packets: 0, bytes: 0

This example shows how to display the adjacency-entry information for a range of indexes:

Router# show mls cef adjacency entry 132 to 134

Index: 132	<pre>smac: 0000.0000.0000, dmac: 0000.0000.0000 mtu: 0, vlan: 0, dindex: 0x0, l3rw_vld: 0 packets: 0, bytes: 0</pre>
Index: 133	<pre>smac: 0000.0000.0000, dmac: 0000.0000.0000 mtu: 0, vlan: 0, dindex: 0x0, l3rw_vld: 0 packets: 0, bytes: 0</pre>
Index: 134	smac: 0000.0000.0000, dmac: 0000.0000.0000 mtu: 0, vlan: 0, dindex: 0x0, l3rw_vld: 0 packets: 0, bytes: 0
Router#	

This example shows how to display recirculation-adjacency information:

```
Router# show mls cef adjacency recirculation detail
Index: 6 smac: 0000.0000.0000, dmac: 0000.0000.0000
mtu: 65535, vlan: 0, dindex: 0x0, ccc = 110,
format: RECIR, l3rw_vld: 1
```

Router#

This example shows how to display specific bit flags:

Router# show mls cef adjacency flags 8408 0

STAT\_REQUIRED NO\_STAT CAP1 IQO UTTL UTOS Router#

This example shows how to display adjacency-node information for a specific MAC address:

Router# show mls cef adjacency mac-address 00e0.f74c.842d

Index: 133138 smac: 00d0.061d.200a, dmac: 00e0.f74c.842d
mtu: 1518, vlan: 45, dindex: 0x0, l3rw\_vld: 1
packets: 0, bytes: 0
Index: 133144 smac: 00d0.061d.200a, dmac: 00e0.f74c.842d
mtu: 1518, vlan: 45, dindex: 0x0, l3rw\_vld: 1
packets: 0, bytes: 0
Router#

This example shows how to display the MAC-rewrite adjacency information:

Router# show mls cef adjacency mac-rewrite

Index: 133132 smac: 0000.0000.0000, dmac: 0000.0000
mtu: 0, vlan: 0, dindex: 0x0, l3rw\_vld: 0
packets: 0, bytes: 0
Index: 133133 smac: 000a.421f.3000, dmac: 0050.2a8d.700a
mtu: 1518, vlan: 1, dindex: 0x0, l3rw\_vld: 1
packets: 0, bytes: 0

```
Index: 133134 smac: 000a.421f.3000, dmac: 0000.7201.0001
    mtu: 1518, vlan: 72, dindex: 0x0, l3rw_vld: 1
    packets: 0, bytes: 0
Index: 133135 smac: 000a.421f.3000, dmac: 0000.7301.0001
    mtu: 1518, vlan: 73, dindex: 0x0, l3rw_vld: 1
    packets: 0, bytes: 0
<Output is truncated>
```

This example shows how to display information about the MPLS adjacency:

```
Router# show mls cef adjacency mpls detail
```

```
Index: 32768 smac: 0000.0000.0000, dmac: 0000.0000
mtu: 1514, vlan: 0, dindex: 0x7FFA, l3rw_vld: 1
format: MPLS, flags: 0x1000408600
label0: 0, exp: 0, ovr: 0
label1: 0, exp: 0, ovr: 0
label2: 0, exp: 0, ovr: 0
op: POP
packets: 0, bytes: 0
Router#
```

This example shows how to display information about the multicast adjacency:

#### Router# show mls cef adjacency multicast detail

```
Index: 22 smac: 0000.0000.0000, dmac: 0000.0000
mtu: 0, vlan: 0, dindex: 0x0, l3rw_vld: 0
format: MULTICAST, flags: 0x800
met2: 0, met3: 0
packets: 2232, bytes: 180684
Router#
```

This example shows how to display information about the NAT adjacency:

```
Router# show mls cef adjacency nat detail
```

```
Index: 200 mtu: 1522, vlan: 1063, dindex: 0x7FFA, l3rw_vld: 1
format: NAT, flags: 0x8600
ip_sa: 10.2.2.2, src_port: 100
ip_da: 10.3.3.3, dst_port: 300
delta_seq: 0, delta_ack: 0
packets: 0, bytes: 0
Router#
```

This example shows how to display information about the special adjacency:

Router# show mls cef adjacency special

Index: 0	<pre>smac: 0000.0000.0000, dmac: 0000.0000.0000 mtu: 9234, vlan: 0, dindex: 0x0, l3rw_vld: 0 format: MULTICAST, flags: 0x800 (mcast_fib_fail) met2: 0, met3: 0 packets: 0, bytes: 0</pre>
Index: 1	<pre>smac: 0000.0000.0000, dmac: 0000.0000.0000 mtu: 9234, vlan: 0, dindex: 0x0, l3rw_vld: 0 format: MULTICAST, flags: 0x800 (mcast_fib_rf_cr) met2: 0, met3: 0 packets: 0, bytes: 0</pre>
<output is="" td="" tru<=""><td>incated&gt;</td></output>	incated>

L

This example shows how to display information about the TCP adjacency:

Router# show mls cef adjacency tcp detail

```
Index: 200 smac: abcd.abcd.abcd, dmac: 0000.1000.2000
mtu: 1518, vlan: 1063, dindex: 0x0, l3rw_vld: 1
format: MAC_TCP, flags: 0x8408
delta_seq: 10, delta_ack: 0
packets: 0, bytes: 0
Router#
```

This example shows how to display information about the adjacency usage:

Router# show mls cef adjacency usage

```
Adjacency Table Size: 1048576
ACL region usage: 2
Non-stats region usage: 128
Stats region usage: 31
Total adjacency usage: 161
Router#
```

#### **Supervisor Engine 2 Examples**

These examples show the output from Cisco 7600 series routers that are configured with a Supervisor Engine 2.

This example shows how to display information for all adjacency nodes:

```
Router# show mls cef adjacency
```

This example shows how to display adjacency-node information for a specific MAC address:

```
Router# show mls cef adjacency mac-address 00e0.f74c.842e
```

Router#

This example shows how to display the adjacency node information for a specific MAC address for a specific module:

Router# show mls cef adjacency mac-address 00e0.f74c.842e module 4
## show mls cef exact-route

To display information about the hardware load sharing, use the **show mls cef exact-route** command in user EXEC or privileged EXEC mode.

show mls cef exact-route {vrf instance-name src-ip | src-ip } {dest-ip | src-l4port } [dest-l4port |
module num]

	<b>vrf</b> instance-name	Displays the numeric Virtual Private Network (VPN) routing and forwarding (VRF) ID for the specified VRF instance name.
	src-ip	Source IP address.
	dest-ip	Destination IP address.
	src-l4port	Layer 4-source port number; valid values are from 0 to 65535.
	dest-l4port	(Optional) Layer 4-destination port number; valid values are from 0 to 65535.
	module num	(Optional) Module number.
Command Modes	User EXEC (>) Privileged EXEC	(#)
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(14)SX	Support for this command was introduced on the Supervisor Engine 720.
	12.2(17a)SX	This command was changed to include the <b>vrf</b> <i>instance-name</i> keyword and argument.
	12.2(17d)SXB	Support for this command on the Supervisor Engine 2 was extended to Release
		12.2(17d)SXB.
	12.2(33)SRA	12.2(17d)SXB.This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.
	The <b>vrf</b> instance configured with a	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.
	The <b>vrf</b> instance configured with a	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.
	The <b>vrf</b> <i>instance</i> configured with a This example sho display are self-e	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.
Usage Guidelines Examples	The <b>vrf</b> <i>instance</i> configured with a This example sho display are self-e	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.
	The <b>vrf</b> <i>instance</i> configured with a This example sho display are self-e	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA. <i>Iname</i> keyword and argument are not supported on Cisco 7600 series routers that are a Supervisor Engine 2. www.show.to.display.the hardware load-sharing information. The fields shown in the xplanatory. s cef exact-route 172.20.52.16 172.20.52.31
	The <b>vrf</b> instance configured with a This example sho display are self-e Router# <b>show ml</b> Interface: Gi2/	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA. <i>Iname</i> keyword and argument are not supported on Cisco 7600 series routers that are a Supervisor Engine 2. www.show.to.display.the hardware load-sharing information. The fields shown in the xplanatory. s cef exact-route 172.20.52.16 172.20.52.31

### show mls cef exception

To display information about the Cisco Express Forwarding exception, use the **show mls cef exception** command in user EXEC or privileged EXEC mode.

ѷ Note

The **show mls cef exception** command is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXJ and later Cisco IOS 12.2SX releases.

	show mls cef exception {status [detail]   priorities}			
Syntax Description	status	Displays information about the Cisco Express Forwarding exception status.		
	detail	(Optional) Displays detailed hardware information; see the "Usage Guidelines" section for more information.		
	priorities	Displays information about the Cisco Express Forwarding exception priority.		
Command Modes	User EXEC (>) Privileged EXEC	C (#)		
Command History	Release	Modification		

<b>Command History</b>	Release	Modification
	12.2(14)SX	Support for this command was introduced on the Supervisor Engine 720.
	12.2(17a)SX1	The output was changed to display IPv6 information.
	12.2(17b)SXA	The output was changed to display Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) information.
	12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.
	12.2(33)SXJ	This command was removed. It is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXJ and later Cisco IOS 12.2SX releases.
		12.2(33)SXJ and later Cisco IOS 12.2SX releases.

Usage GuidelinesThis command is not supported on Cisco 7600 series routers that are configured with a Supervisor<br/>Engine 2.<br/>The detail keyword is for expert users only and is not documented.<br/>In the output of the show mls cef exception status command, the following definitions apply:<br/>• FALSE—Indicates that the protocol is not under the exception.<br/>• TRUE—Indicates that the protocol is under the exception.

 Examples
 This example shows how to display detailed information about the Cisco Express Forwarding exception status. The fields shown in the display are self-explanatory.

 Router# show mls cef exception status

 Current IPv4 FIB exception state = FALSE

 Current IPv6 FIB exception state = FALSE

```
Current MPLS FIB exception state = FALSE Router#
```

This example shows how to display the Forwarding Information Base (FIB) Error Rate Monitor (ERM) exception priority. The fields shown in the display are self-explanatory.

```
Router# show mls cef exception priorities
```

<b>Related Commands</b>	Command	Description
	mls erm priority	Assigns the priorities to define an order in which protocols attempt to recover from the exception status.

Γ

## show mls cef hardware

To display the MLS-hardware Layer 3-switching table entries, use the **show mls cef hardware** command in user EXEC or privileged EXEC mode.

show mls cef hardware [module number]

Syntax Description	<b>module</b> <i>number</i> (Optional) Displays the adjacency-node information for a specific module.			
Command Modes	User EXEC (>) Privileged EXEC (	(#)		
Command History	Release	Modification		
	12.2(14)SX	Support for this command was introduced on the Supervisor Engine 720.		
	12.2(17d)SXB	Support for this command on the Supervisor Engine 2 was extended to the 12.2 SX release.		
	12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.		
	MLS-hardware La	l switching modules that have a Distributed Feature Card (DFC). yer 3 switching applies to IP traffic only.		
Examples	<b>Supervisor Engine 2 Examples</b> This example shows the output from Cisco 7600 series routers that are configured with a Supervisor Engine 720.			
	This example shows how to display all the MLS-hardware Layer 3-switching table entries:			
	Router# show mls cef hardware			
	32 entri 8192 tot 0 - 4095	ucast cast nk:		

```
0 IP mcast
Free blocks (non-contiguous range):
     27 - 4095 upper blocks, 4096 - 8191 lower blocks
Options:
     sanity check: off
     sanity interval: 301 seconds
     consistency check: on
         consistency check interval: 61 seconds
      redistribution: off
         redistribution interval: 120 seconds
         redistribution threshold: 10
     compression: on
         compression interval: 30 seconds
     bank balancing: off
         bank differential limit: 5
     rpf mode: off
     tcam shadowing: on
Background Task statistics:
     sanity check count: 000000000000000
     Consistency check count: 0000000000834
     Consistency check errors: 000000000000002
     block redistribute count: 000000000000000
     block compress count:
                                0000000000000011
            IP ucast [29]:
                                00000000000000000
                                 00000000000000000
            IP ucast [28]:
Hardware switching status:
     ip switching: on
     ipx switching: off
```

Router#

#### **Supervisor Engine 720 Example**

This example shows the output from Cisco 7600 series routers that are configured with a Supervisor Engine 720.

This example shows how to display all the MLS-hardware Layer 3-switching table entries:

Router# show mls cef hardware

```
CEF TCAM v2:
Size
      65536 rows/device, 4 device(s), 262144 total rows
      32 entries/mask-block
      8192 total blocks (32b wide)
      1212416 s/w table memory
Options:
      sanity check: on
      sanity interval: 301 seconds
      consistency check: on
      consistency interval: 61 seconds
      redistribution: off
          redistribution interval: 120 seconds
          redistribution threshold: 10
      compression: on
          compression interval: 31 seconds
      tcam/ssram shadowing: on
Operation Statistics:
                                     0000000000000024
      Entries inserted:
      Entries deleted:
                                     0000000000000005
      Entries compressed:
                                     00000000000000000
                                     0000000000000018
      Blocks inserted:
      Blocks deleted:
                                     0000000000000004
      Blocks compressed:
```

B	locks shuffled:		00000000000000002		
B	locks deleted for exception:		00000000000000000		
D	irect h/w modifications:		000000000000000000000000000000000000000		
Doglogica	and mark Statistics.				
-	und Task Statistics:		0000000000014000		
	onsistency Check count:		000000000014066		
	onsistency Errors:		000000000000000000000000000000000000000		
	SRAM Consistency Errors:		000000000000000000000000000000000000000		
	anity Check count:		0000000000002855		
Sa	anity Check Errors:		000000000000000000000000000000000000000		
Co	ompression count:		000000000004621		
Ez	xception Handling status	:	on		
	3 Hardware switching status		on		
	atal Error Handling Status				
	atal Errors:	·	000000000000000000000000000000000000000		
	atal Error Recovery Count:		000000000000000000000000000000000000000		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
SSRAM EC	CC error summary:				
Ur	ncorrectable ecc entries	:	0		
Co	orrectable ecc entries	:	0		
Pá	ackets dropped	:	0		
Pa	ackets software switched	:	0		
FIB SSRAM Entry status					
Key: UC - Uncorrectable error, C - Correctable error					
SS	SRAM banks : Bank0 Bank	:1			
No ECC errors reported in FIB SSRAM.					

# show mls cef inconsistency

To display consistency-checker information, use the **show mls cef inconsistency** command in user EXEC or privileged EXEC mode.

show mls cef inconsistency [module num | now | records] [detail] [module num]

Syntax Description	<b>module</b> <i>num</i> (Optional) Displays inconsistency information for the specified module.					
	now	<b>now</b> (Optional) Runs a consistency check and displays any issues.				
	records (Optional) Displays the inconsistency records.					
	detail	(Optional) Displays hardware-entry details.				
	module num	(Optional) Displays the adjacency-node information for a specific module.				
Command Modes	User EXEC (>) Privileged EXEC (#)					
Command History	Release	Modification				
	12.2(14)SX	Support for this command was introduced on the Supervisor Engine 720.				
	12.2(17d)SXB	Support for this command was implemented on the Supervisor Engine 2 for Cisco IOS Release 12.2(17d)SXB.				
	12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.				
Usage Guidelines	<ul> <li>This command is not supported on Cisco 7600 series routers that are configured with a Supervisor Engine 2.</li> <li>If you enter the <b>show mls cef inconsistency</b> command with no arguments, this information is displayed:</li> <li>Consistency check count</li> </ul>					
	Ternary Cont	tent Addressable Memory (TCAM)-consistency check errors				
	• Synchronous	static random access memory (SSRAM)-consistency check errors				
Examples	This sections contains examples from the <b>show mls cef inconsistency</b> command. The fields shown in the displays are self-explanatory.					
	This example shows how to display information about the consistency checker:					
	Router# <b>show ml</b>	s cef inconsistency				
		ck Count : 81 y Check Errors : 0 cy Check Errors : 0				

This example shows how to display information about the consistency checker for a specific module:

Router# show mls cef inconsistency module 7

```
Consistency Check Count : 11033
TCAM Consistency Check Errors : 0
SSRAM Consistency Check Errors : 0
Router#
```

This example shows how to run a consistency check and display any issues:

```
Router# show mls cef inconsistency now
```

```
Performing TCAM check now ...done
No. of FIB TCAM Consistency Check Errors : 0
Performing SSRAM check now ...done
No. of FIB SSRAM Consistency Check Errors : 0
```

Router#

This example shows how to display the consistency records:

Router# show mls cef inconsistency records

Consistency Check Count : 11044 TCAM Consistency Check Errors : 0 SSRAM Consistency Check Errors : 0

Router#

## show mls cef ip

To display the IP entries in the Multilayer Switching (MLS)-hardware Layer 3-switching table, use the **show mls cef ip** command in user EXEC or privileged EXEC mode.

show mls cef ip [prefix [mask-length]] [detail] [module number]

show mls cef ip accounting per-prefix

show mls cef ip {lookup ... } | {multicast tcam ... } | {rpf ... } | {vpn ... } | {vrf ... }

Syntax Description	prefix	(Optional) Entry prefix in the format A.B.C.D.
	mask-length	(Optional) Mask length; valid values are from 0 to 32.
	detail	(Optional) Displays hardware-entry details.
	module number	(Optional) Displays the entries for a specific module.
	accounting per-prefix	Displays all the prefixes that are configured for the statistic collection.
	lookup	Displays the Ternary Content Addressable Memory (TCAM)-entry index for the specified destination IP unicast address; see the <b>show mls cef lookup</b> command.
	multicast tcam	Displays the IP entries in the MLS-hardware Layer 3-switching table in the compact Cisco Express Forwarding table-display format; see the "Usage Guidelines" section for additional information.
	rpf	Displays the Reverse Path Forwarding (RPF)hardware information in the MLS-hardware Layer 3-switching table; see the <b>show mls cef rpf</b> command.
	vpn	(Optional) Displays information about the Virtual Private Network (VPN) ID Cisco Express Forwarding table; see the "Usage Guidelines" section for more information.
	vrf	Displays information about the VPN-instance Cisco Express Forwarding table.

Command Modes User EXEC (>) Privileged EXEC (#)

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(14)SX	Support for this command was introduced on the Supervisor Engine 720.
	12.2(17a)SX	This command was changed to include the <b>rpf</b> prefix form of this command.
	12.2(17d)SXB	Support for this command on the Supervisor Engine 2 was extended to the 12.2 SX release.
	12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.

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### Usage Guidelines

For Cisco 7600 series routers that are configured with a Supervisor Engine 720, see the **show mls cef ip multicast tcam** command for information about this command.

For Cisco 7600 series routers that are configured with a Supervisor Engine 2, the supported syntax for the **show mls cef ip multicast tcam** command is **show mls cef ip** {**multicast tcam** [*prefix* [*mask*]} [**module** *num*]].

The following keywords are not supported on Cisco 7600 series routers that are configured with a Supervisor Engine 2:

- detail
- rpf
- vpn
- vrf

The ... indicates that there is additional information.

The vpn keyword is for expert users only and is not documented.

Information in the output of the **show mls cef ip** command is also displayed in the **show mls cef** commands.

The lookup is performed as a "longest prefix match" and displays the TCAM-entry index that applies to the specified destination IP address.

The information output is in this format: Index, Prefix, Mask, and Adjacency.

### Examples Supervisor Engine 2 Examples

These examples show the output from Cisco 7600 series routers that are configured with a Supervisor Engine 720.

This example shows how to display IP entries in the MLS-hardware Layer 3-switching table:

Router# show mls cef ip

Index	Prefix	Mask	Adjacency
0	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.255	punt
1	255.255.255.255	255.255.255.255	punt
2	127.0.0.12	255.255.255.255	punt
3	127.0.0.0	255.255.255.255	punt
4	127.255.255.255	255.255.255.255	punt
5	172.20.52.18	255.255.255.255	punt
6	172.20.52.0	255.255.255.255	punt
7	172.20.52.31	255.255.255.255	punt
8	172.20.52.1	255.255.255.255	- 0010.0d59.b8c0
160	172.20.52.0	255.255.255.224	punt
6400	224.0.0.0	255.255.255.0	punt
115200	0.0.0.0	0.0.0.0	- 0010.0d59.b8c0
Router#			

This example shows how to display the longest-prefix match lookup:

Router# show mls cef ip lookup 172.20.52.19

160	172.20.52.0	255.255.255.224	punt
Router#			

### **Supervisor Engine 720 Examples**

These examples show the output from Cisco 7600 series routers that are configured with a Supervisor Engine 720.

This example shows how the show mls cef and show mls cef ip commands are identical:

Router# show mls cef

Codes:	decap - Decapsulati	on, + - Push Lab	el
Index	Prefix	Adjacency	
64	127.0.0.51/32	punt	
65	127.0.0.0/32	punt	
66	127.255.255.255/32	punt	
67	1.1.1.100/32	punt	
68	1.1.1.0/32	punt	
69	1.1.1.255/32	punt	
70	2.2.2.100/32	punt	
71	2.2.2.0/32	punt	
72	2.2.255/32	punt	
73	2.2.2.5/32	Gi5/2,	0000.c005.0205
74	0.0.0/32	punt	
75	255.255.255.255/32	punt	
76	200.1.22.22/32	punt	
77	200.0.0/32	punt	
78	200.255.255.255/32	punt	
79	200.1.1.153/32	V130,	0050.808b.8200
81	200.1.1.91/32	V130,	0004.4eef.8800
82	200.1.1.100/32	V130,	00d0.bb02.0400
83	200.12.223.3/32	V130,	00d0.061b.7000
84	200.2.5.3/32	V130,	00d0.061d.200a
85	200.1.1.101/32	V130,	0007.ecfc.e40a
86	200.0.100.1/32	V130,	0050.2a8d.700a
87	200.1.1.104/32	V130,	0050.0f2d.ac00
88	223.255.254.226/32	V130,	0050.2a8d.700a
89	2.2.2.7/32	Gi5/2,	0000.c005.0207
90	1.1.1.5/32	Gi5/1,	0000.0101.0105
3200	224.0.0/24	punt	
3201	1.1.1.0/24	punt	
3202	2.2.2.0/24	punt	
134400	200.0.0/8	punt	
134432	0.0.0/0	drop	
524256	0.0.0/0	drop	
Router	#		

This example shows how to display all the MLS-hardware Layer 3-switching table IP entries:

#### Router# show mls cef ip

Codes:	decap - Decapsulati	on, + - Push Labe	el
Index	Prefix	Adjacency	
66	127.0.0.1/32	punt	
67	10.1.1.100/32	punt	
68	10.1.1.0/32	punt	
69	10.1.1.255/32	punt	
70	10.2.2.100/32	punt	
71	10.2.2.0/32	punt	
72	10.2.2.255/32	punt	
73	10.2.2.5/32	Gi5/2,	0000.c005.
74	0.0.0/32	punt	
75	10.255.255.255/32	punt	
76	172.16.22.22/32	punt	
77	172.20.0.0/32	punt	
78	173.32.255.255/32	punt	

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79	172.16.1.153/32	V130,	0050.808b.8200
81	172.16.1.91/32	V130,	0004.4eef.8800
82	172.16.1.100/32	V130,	00d0.bb02.0400
83	172.17.223.3/32	V130,	00d0.061b.7000
84	172.22.5.3/32	V130,	00d0.061d.200a
85	172.16.1.101/32	V130,	0007.ecfc.e40a
86	172.20.100.1/32	V130,	0050.2a8d.700a
87	172.16.1.104/32	V130,	0050.0f2d.ac00
88	172.32.254.226/32	V130,	0050.2a8d.700a
89	10.2.2.7/32	Gi5/2,	0000.c005.0207
90	10.1.1.5/32	Gi5/1,	0000.0101.0105
3200	224.0.0/8	punt	
3201	10.1.1.0/24	punt	
3202	10.2.2.0/24	punt	
134400	200.20.0.0/8	punt	
134432	0.0.0/0	drop	
524256	0.0.0/0	drop	
Router	#		

Table 73 describes the fields shown in the examples.

Field	Description
ıdex	MLS-hardware Layer 3-switching table entry index; the maximum is 256,000 entries.
efix	Entry prefix address/mask.
djacency	Adjacency information.

 Table 73
 show mls cef ip Command Output Fields

This example shows how to display the detailed MLS-hardware Layer 3-switching table entries: Router# show mls cef ip 127.0.0.1 detail

```
Codes: M - mask entry, V - value entry, A - adjacency index, P - priority bit
D - full don't switch, m - load balancing modnumber, B - BGP Bucket sel
V0 - Vlan 0,C0 - don't comp bit 0,V1 - Vlan 1,C1 - don't comp bit 1
RVTEN - RPF Vlan table enable, RVTSEL - RPF Vlan table select
Format: IPV4_DA - (8 | xtag vpn pi cr recirc tos prefix)
Format: IPV4_SA - (9 | xtag vpn pi cr recirc prefix)
M(194 ): E | 1 FFF 0 0 0 0 255.255.255.255
V(194 ): 8 | 1 0 0 0 0 0 127.0.0.1 (A:133120 ,P:1,D:0,m:0 ,B:0)
Router#
```

This example shows how to display all the prefixes that are configured for the statistic collection:

Router# show mls cef ip accounting per-prefix

VRF Prefix/Mask Packets Bytes A - Active, I - Inactive Router#

**Related Commands** 

nands	Command	Description
	show mls cef	Displays the MLS-hardware Layer 3-switching table entries.

### show mls cef ip multicast

To display the IP entries in the Multilayer Switching (MLS)-hardware Layer 3-switching table on the switch processor, use the **show mls cef ip multicast** command in user EXEC or privileged EXEC mode.

show mls cef ip multicast {bidir | grp-only | source source-ip } [detail | group group-id |
vlan rpf-vlanid]

show mls cef ip multicast control [detail | prefix prefix | vlan rpf-vlanid]

show mls cef ip multicast group group-id [detail | vlan rpf-vlanid]

show mls cef ip multicast src-grp [detail | group group-ip | source | vlan rpf-vlanid]

show mls cef ip multicast subnet [detail | prefix prefix | vlan rpf-vlanid]

show mls cef ip multicast summary [vpn-num]

show mls cef ip multicast {grp-mask | vlan rpf-vlanid | vpn vpn-id} [detail]

Syntax Description	bidir	Displays bidirectional (Bidir) information.
	grp-only	Displays hardware-entry information that is based on (*,G) shortcuts; see the "Usage Guidelines" section for additional information.
	source source-ip	Displays hardware-entry information based on the specified source IP address.
	detail	(Optional) Displays hardware-entry details.
	group group-id	(Optional) Displays hardware-entry information that is based on the specified group IP address.
	vlan rpf-vlanid	(Optional) Displays information for a specific Reverse Path Forwarding (RPF) VLAN ID; valid values are from 0 to 4095.
	control	(Optional) Displays hardware-entry information that is based on (*,G/m) entries; see the "Usage Guidelines" section for additional information.
	prefix prefix	(Optional) Displays hardware-entry information that is based on an IP subnet prefix.
	src-grp	Displays hardware-entry information that is based on (S,G) shortcuts; see the "Usage Guidelines" section for additional information.
	subnet	Displays hardware-entry information that is based on (S/m,*) shortcuts; see the "Usage Guidelines" section for additional information.
	summary	Displays a summary of installed-hardware shortcuts.
	tcam	Displays Cisco Express Forwarding table information in a compact format; see the "Usage Guidelines" section for additional information.
	mask	(Optional) Displays hardware-entry information that is based on the specified subnet mask.
	vrf src-ip	(Optional) Displays the numeric Virtual Private Network (VPN) routing and forwarding (VRF) ID for the specified source IP address.
	src-port	(Optional) Layer 4 source port; valid values are from 0 to 65535.

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dst-ip	(Optional) Destination IP address.
dst-port	(Optional) Layer 4 destination port; valid values are from 0 to 65535.
grp-mask	Displays hardware-entry information that is based on Bidir (*,G/m) shortcuts.
<b>vpn</b> vpn-id	Displays hardware-entry information that is based on the specified VPN ID; valid values are from 0 to 4095.

### Command Modes User EXEC (>) Privileged EXEC (#)

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(14)SX	Support for this command was introduced on the Supervisor Engine 720.
	12.2(17d)SXB	Support for this command on the Supervisor Engine 2 was extended to Cisco IOS Release 12.2(17d)SXB.
	12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.

### Usage Guidelines

For Cisco 7600 series routers that are configured with a Supervisor Engine 2, the only supported syntax for the **show mls cef ip multicast** command is **show mls cef ip** {**multicast tcam** [*prefix* [*mask*]} [**module** *num*]].

There are two Multicast Multilayer Switching (MMLS) modes, ingress and egress. The output displayed differs for each mode.

The hardware-entry types are as follows:

- {S/m,\*}—Interface/mask (or subnet) entries that are used to catch a directly connected source.
- {\*,G/m}—Groups that are served by the route processors as group/mask.
- {G,C}—G indicates a destination MAC address, which is derived from an IP-multicast address, and C indicates the ingress VLAN.
- {S,G,C}—S indicates the source IP address, G indicates the destination IP address, which is a multicast address, and C indicates the ingress VLAN, which is usually the RPF VLAN of the flow.
- {S,G}—Multicast-routing table entry that is maintained by the software or a multicast-forwarding table entry that is created in the Forwarding Information Base (FIB) table.
- {\*,G}—Same as {S,G}, except that the source address is a wildcard.

The designated forwarder (DF) index field ranges from 1 to 4 and is an index into the acceptance (Protocol Independent Multicast [PIM] Route Processors (RPs) multiplied by the DF) table. The acceptance table is used with DF forwarding and is used to identify the set of DF interfaces for each of the four RPs in a VPN.

### **Examples**

This example shows how to display ingress hardware-entry information that is based on Bidir (\*,G/m) shortcuts:

```
Router# show mls cef ip multicast grp-mask
```

```
Multicast CEF Entries for VPN#0
Flags: R - Control, S - Subnet, B - Bidir, C - Complete, P - Partial,
      c - Central Rewrite, p - Primary Input, r - Recirculation
                               RPF/DF Flags #packets #bytes
Source/mask
             Destination/mask
                                                             rwindex Output
Vlans/Info
----+
*
                                                     0
              226 2 2 0/24
                               Df0
                                      BCn
                                            0
                                                              _
                                                                      V150 [1
oifs]
              225.2.2.0/24
                               Df1
                                      ВСр
                                            0
                                                     0
*
                                                              _
                                                                      V151 [1
oifs]
                                            0
                                                     0
                                                                      V151 [1
*
              227.2.2.0/24
                               Df1
                                      BCp
oifsl
Found 3 entries. 3 are mfd entries
Router#
```

This example shows how to display detailed ingress hardware-entry information that is based on Bidir (\*,G/m) shortcuts:

### Router# show mls cef ip multicast grp-mask detail

```
(*, 226.2.2.0/24)
       PI:1 (1) CR:0 (0) Recirc:0 (1)
       DFidx:0 AdjPtr:7,32775,65543,98311 FibRpfNf:0 FibRpfDf:0 FibAddr:0x100
       rwvlans:0 rwindex:0x0 adjmac:0006.d606.e240 rdt:0 E:0 CAP1:0
       fmt:mcast l3rwvld:1 DM:0 mtu:1518 rwtype:L3 met2:0x0 met3:0x5
       Starting Offset: 0x0005
        V E C: 50 I:0x00449
(*, 225.2.2.0/24)
       PI:1 (1) CR:0 (0) Recirc:0 (1)
       DFidx:1 AdjPtr:8,32776,65544,98312 FibRpfNf:0 FibRpfDf:0 FibAddr:0x102
       rwvlans:0 rwindex:0x0 adjmac:0006.d606.e240 rdt:0 E:0 CAP1:0
       fmt:mcast 13rwvld:1 DM:0 mtu:1518 rwtype:L3 met2:0x0 met3:0x6
       Starting Offset: 0x0006
        V E C: 51 I:0x0044B
(*, 227.2.2.0/24)
       PI:1 (1) CR:0 (0) Recirc:0 (1)
       DFidx:1 AdjPtr:19,32787,65555,98323 FibRpfNf:0 FibRpfDf:0 FibAddr:0x104
       rwvlans:0 rwindex:0x0 adjmac:0006.d606.e240 rdt:0 E:0 CAP1:0
       fmt:mcast 13rwvld:1 DM:0 mtu:1518 rwtype:L3 met2:0x0 met3:0x7
       Starting Offset: 0x0007
        V E C: 51 I:0x0044B
Found 3 entries. 3 are mfd entries
Router#
This example shows how to display ingress-Bidir information:
Router# show mls cef ip multicast bidir
```

Source/mask Destination/mask RPF/DF Flags #packets #bytes rwindex Output Vlans/Info --+----+ \* 225.2.2.2/32 Df1 BCp 0 0 V151,V130 [2 oifs] 225.2.2.1/32 Df1 BCp 0 0 V151,V130 [2 oifs] Found 2 entries. 2 are mfd entries Router#

This example shows how to display detailed ingress-Bidir information:

Router# show mls cef ip multicast bidir detail

Router# show mls cef ip multicast grp-mask

```
(*, 225.2.2.2)
      PI:1 (1) CR:0 (0) Recirc:0 (1)
      DFidx:1 AdjPtr:10,32778,65546,98314 FibRpfNf:0 FibRpfDf:0 FibAddr:0xE2
      rwvlans:0 rwindex:0x0 adjmac:0006.d606.e240 rdt:0 E:0 CAP1:0
      fmt:mcast l3rwvld:1 DM:0 mtu:1518 rwtype:L3 met2:0x0 met3:0xA
      Starting Offset: 0x000A
        V C: 51 I:0x004B5 P->19A0
       - V
        V E C: 30 I:0x0049B
(*, 225.2.2.1)
      PI:1 (1) CR:0 (0) Recirc:0 (1)
      DFidx:1 AdjPtr:9,32777,65545,98313 FibRpfNf:0 FibRpfDf:0 FibAddr:0xE0
      rwvlans:0 rwindex:0x0 adjmac:0006.d606.e240 rdt:0 E:0 CAP1:0
       fmt:mcast l3rwvld:1 DM:0 mtu:1518 rwtype:L3 met2:0x0 met3:0x8
      Starting Offset: 0x0008
        V C: 51 I:0x004B1 P->199C
       - V
        V E C: 30 I:0x00499
Found 2 entries. 2 are mfd entries
```

Router#

This example shows how to display egress hardware-entry information that is based on Bidir (\*,G/m) shortcuts:

Multicast CEF Entries for VPN#0 Flags: R - Control, S - Subnet, B - Bidir, C - Complete, P - Partial, c - Central Rewrite, p - Primary Input, r - Recirculation Destination/mask RPF/DF Flags #packets Source/mask #bvtes rwindex Output Vlans/Info ----+ 
 225.2.2.0/24
 Df0
 BCp
 0

 225.2.2.0/24
 Bpr
 + 0 \* Bpr 0 0 0x4AE V151 [1 oifs] 225.2.2.0/24 - Br 0 0 0x40E V151 [1 oifs] Df1 226.2.2.0/24 BCp 0 0 \* 226.2.2.0/24 0 0 - Bpr 0x4AE V150 [1 oifs] 226.2.2.0/24 - Br 0 0 0x40E V150 [1 oifs] 227.2.2.0/24 Df0 BCp 0 0

\* 227.2.2.0/24 - Bpr 0 0 0x4AE V151 [1 oifs] \* 227.2.2.0/24 - Br 0 0 0x40E V151 [1 oifs] Found 3 entries. 3 are mfd entries Router#

This example shows how to display detailed egress hardware-entry information that is based on Bidir (\*,G/m) shortcuts:

```
Router# show mls cef ip multicast grp-mask detail
```

```
(*, 225.2.2.0/24)
      PI:1 (1) CR:0 (0) Recirc:0 (1)
      DFidx:0 AdjPtr:7,32775,65543,98311 FibRpfNf:0 FibRpfDf:0 FibAddr:0x120
      rwvlans:0 rwindex:0x0 rdt:0 E:0 CAP1:0
      fmt:recir 13rwvld:1 DM:0 mtu:1522 rwtype:RECIR
      PI:1 (1) CR:0 (0) Recirc:1 (1)
      AdjPtr:8,32776,65544,98312 FibRpfNf:0 FibRpfDf:0 FibAddr:0x122
      rwvlans:0 rwindex:0x4AE adjmac:0006.d606.e240 rdt:1 E:1 CAP1:0
      fmt:mcast l3rwvld:1 DM:0 mtu:1522 rwtype:L3 met2:0x0 met3:0x5
      Starting Offset: 0x0005
        V E C: 51 I:0x0044C
      PI:0 (1) CR:0 (0) Recirc:1 (1)
      AdjPtr:9,32777,65545,98313 FibRpfNf:0 FibRpfDf:0 FibAddr:0x124
      rwvlans:0 rwindex:0x40E adjmac:0006.d606.e240 rdt:1 E:0 CAP1:0
      fmt:mcast l3rwvld:1 DM:0 mtu:1522 rwtype:L3 met2:0x0 met3:0x5
      Starting Offset: 0x0005
       V E C: 51 I:0x0044C
(*, 226.2.2.0/24)
      PI:1 (1) CR:0 (0) Recirc:0 (1)
      DFidx:1 AdjPtr:10,32778,65546,98314 FibRpfNf:0 FibRpfDf:0 FibAddr:0x126
      rwvlans:0 rwindex:0x0 rdt:0 E:0 CAP1:0
      fmt:recir l3rwvld:1 DM:0 mtu:1522 rwtype:RECIR
      PI:1 (1) CR:0 (0) Recirc:1 (1)
      AdjPtr:11,32779,65547,98315 FibRpfNf:0 FibRpfDf:0 FibAddr:0x128
      rwvlans:0 rwindex:0x4AE adjmac:0006.d606.e240 rdt:1 E:1 CAP1:0
      fmt:mcast l3rwvld:1 DM:0 mtu:1522 rwtype:L3 met2:0x0 met3:0x1C
      Starting Offset: 0x001C
       V E C: 50 I:0x00447
      PI:0 (1) CR:0 (0) Recirc:1 (1)
      AdjPtr:12,32780,65548,98316 FibRpfNf:0 FibRpfDf:0 FibAddr:0x12A
      rwvlans:0 rwindex:0x40E adjmac:0006.d606.e240 rdt:1 E:0 CAP1:0
      fmt:mcast l3rwvld:1 DM:0 mtu:1522 rwtype:L3 met2:0x0 met3:0x1C
      Starting Offset: 0x001C
       V E C: 50 I:0x00447
(*, 227.2.2.0/24)
      PI:1 (1) CR:0 (0) Recirc:0 (1)
      DFidx:0 AdjPtr:13,32781,65549,98317 FibRpfNf:0 FibRpfDf:0 FibAddr:0x12C
      rwvlans:0 rwindex:0x0 rdt:0 E:0 CAP1:0
      fmt:recir 13rwvld:1 DM:0 mtu:1522 rwtype:RECIR
```

```
PI:1 (1) CR:0 (0) Recirc:1 (1)
AdjPtr:14,32782,65550,98318 FibRpfNf:0 FibRpfDf:0 FibAddr:0x12E
rwvlans:0 rwindex:0x4AE adjmac:0006.d606.e240 rdt:1 E:1 CAP1:0
fmt:mcast l3rwvld:1 DM:0 mtu:1522 rwtype:L3 met2:0x0 met3:0x1D
packets:00000000000 bytes:0000000000000000
Starting Offset: 0x001D
V E C: 51 I:0x0044C
PI:0 (1) CR:0 (0) Recirc:1 (1)
AdjPtr:15,32783,65551,98319 FibRpfNf:0 FibRpfDf:0 FibAddr:0x130
rwvlans:0 rwindex:0x40E adjmac:0006.d606.e240 rdt:1 E:0 CAP1:0
fmt:mcast l3rwvld:1 DM:0 mtu:1522 rwtype:L3 met2:0x0 met3:0x1D
packets:00000000000 bytes:0000000000000000000
Starting Offset: 0x001D
V E C: 51 I:0x0044C
Found 3 entries. 3 are mfd entries
```

This example shows how to display egress-Bidir information:

#### Router# show mls cef ip multicast bidir

Router#

```
Multicast CEF Entries for VPN#0
Flags: R - Control, S - Subnet, B - Bidir, C - Complete, P - Partial,
     c - Central Rewrite, p - Primary Input, r - Recirculation
               Destination/mask
                               RPF/DF Flags #packets
Source/mask
                                                        #bvtes
rwindex Output Vlans/Info
----+
                            Df0
              225.2.2.2/32
                                     BCp 0
                                                    0
                225.2.2.2/32
                                            0
                                                       0
                                -
                                      Bpr
0x4AE V151,V130 [2 oifs]
                                       Br
                225.2.2.2/32
                                _
                                            0
                                                       0
     V151,V130 [2 oifs]
0x40E
               225.2.2.1/32
                               Df0
                                     BCp 0
+
                                                    0
*
                225.2.2.1/32
                                                        0
                                _
                                       Bpr
                                            0
0x4AE
     V151,V130 [2 oifs]
                                            0
                                                       0
                225.2.2.1/32
                                _
                                      Br
0x40E
     V151,V130 [2 oifs]
Found 2 entries. 2 are mfd entries
Router#
This example shows how to display detailed egress-Bidir information:
Router# show mls cef ip multicast bidir detail
(*, 225.2.2.2)
```

```
*, 225.2.2.2)
PI:1 (1) CR:0 (0) Recirc:0 (1)
DFidx:0 AdjPtr:19,32787,65555,98323 FibRpfNf:0 FibRpfDf:0 FibAddr:0xE6
rwvlans:0 rwindex:0x0 rdt:0 E:0 CAP1:0
fmt:recir 13rwvld:1 DM:0 mtu:1522 rwtype:RECIR
packets:00000000000 bytes:00000000000000
PI:1 (1) CR:0 (0) Recirc:1 (1)
AdjPtr:20,32788,65556,98324 FibRpfNf:0 FibRpfDf:0 FibAddr:0xE8
rwvlans:0 rwindex:0x4AE adjmac:0006.d606.e240 rdt:1 E:1 CAP1:0
fmt:mcast 13rwvld:1 DM:0 mtu:1522 rwtype:L3 met2:0x0 met3:0x22
packets:00000000000 bytes:00000000000000
Starting Offset: 0x0022
V C: 51 I:0x004B3 P->24
V E C: 30 I:0x004B6
```

```
PI:0 (1) CR:0 (0) Recirc:1 (1)
      AdjPtr:21,32789,65557,98325 FibRpfNf:0 FibRpfDf:0 FibAddr:0xEA
      rwvlans:0 rwindex:0x40E adjmac:0006.d606.e240 rdt:1 E:0 CAP1:0
      fmt:mcast l3rwvld:1 DM:0 mtu:1522 rwtype:L3 met2:0x0 met3:0x22
      Starting Offset: 0x0022
        V C: 51 I:0x004B3 P->24
        V E C: 30 I:0x004B6
(*, 225.2.2.1)
      PI:1 (1) CR:0 (0) Recirc:0 (1)
      DFidx:0 AdjPtr:16,32784,65552,98320 FibRpfNf:0 FibRpfDf:0 FibAddr:0xE0
      rwvlans:0 rwindex:0x0 rdt:0 E:0 CAP1:0
      fmt:recir l3rwvld:1 DM:0 mtu:1522 rwtype:RECIR
      PI:1 (1) CR:0 (0) Recirc:1 (1)
      AdjPtr:17,32785,65553,98321 FibRpfNf:0 FibRpfDf:0 FibAddr:0xE2
      rwvlans:0 rwindex:0x4AE adjmac:0006.d606.e240 rdt:1 E:1 CAP1:0
      fmt:mcast l3rwvld:1 DM:0 mtu:1522 rwtype:L3 met2:0x0 met3:0x1E
      Starting Offset: 0x001E
        V C: 51 I:0x004AF P->20
        V E C: 30 I:0x004B2
      PI:0 (1) CR:0 (0) Recirc:1 (1)
      AdjPtr:18,32786,65554,98322 FibRpfNf:0 FibRpfDf:0 FibAddr:0xE4
      rwvlans:0 rwindex:0x40E adjmac:0006.d606.e240 rdt:1 E:0 CAP1:0
      fmt:mcast l3rwvld:1 DM:0 mtu:1522 rwtype:L3 met2:0x0 met3:0x1E
      Starting Offset: 0x001E
        V C: 51 I:0x004AF P->20
        V E C: 30 I:0x004B2
Found 2 entries. 2 are mfd entries
```

Router#

This example shows how to display TCAM information:

Router# show mls cef ip multicast tcam

Index	Group	Source	RPF/DF Interface
64	224.0.1.39	0.0.0.0	NULL
66	224.0.1.40	0.0.0.0	NULL
96	224.0.0.0	0.0.0.0	NULL
Router	#		

L

### show mls cef ipv6

To display the hardware IPv6-switching table entries, use the **show mls cef ipv6** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show mls cef ipv6 [vrf vrf-name] [ip-address/mask] [accounting per-prefix] [module number]

**show mls cef ipv6 exact-route** *src-addr* [*L4-src-port*] *dst-addr* [*L4-dst-port*]

show mls cef ipv6 multicast tcam [v6mcast-address] [detail] [internal]

### Syntax Description

vrf	(Optional) IPv6 Virtual Private Network (VPN) routing and forwarding (VRF) instance.
vrf-name	(Optional) VRF name.
ip-addressImask	(Optional) Entry IPv6 address and prefix mask. Valid values for the <i>mask</i> argument are from 0 through 128.
accounting per-prefix	(Optional) Displays per-prefix accounting statistics.
module number	(Optional) Displays the entries for a specific module.
exact-route	Provides the exact route of IPv6-switching table entries.
src-addr	Source IP address.
L4-src-port	(Optional) Layer 4-source port number; valid values are from 0 to 65535.
dst-addr	Destination IP address.
L4-dst-port	(Optional) Layer 4-destination port number; valid values are from 0 to 65535.
multicast tcam	Displays IPv6-multicast entries.
v6mcast-address	(Optional) IPv6-multicast address.
detail	(Optional) Displays detailed hardware information.
internal	(Optional) Displays internal hardware information.

### **Command Modes** Privileged EXEC (#)

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(17a)SX	This command was introduced on the Supervisor Engine 720.
	12.2(17b)SXA	The output was changed to display multicast protocol information in the Forwarding Information Base (FIB) driver.
	12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.
	12.2(33)SRB1	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRB1.

**Usage Guidelines** This command is not supported on Cisco 7600 series routers that are configured with a Supervisor Engine 2.

You can enter this command on the supervisor engine and Multilayer Switching (MLS)-hardware Layer 3-switching module consoles only. Enter the **remote login** command to enter a session into the supervisor engine and distributed forwarding card (DFC)-equipped module to enter the commands.

When entering the *ip-address/mask* argument, use this format, X:X:X:X:X/*mask*, where valid values for *mask* are from 0 to 128.

Up to 64 IPv6 prefixes are supported.

You must enter the *L4-src-port* and *L4-dst-port* arguments when the load-sharing mode is set to full, for example, when Layer 4 ports are included in the load-sharing hashing algorithm.

**Examples** This example shows how to display the hardware IPv6-switching table entries:

```
Router# show mls cef ipv6
```

```
Codes:M-MPLS encap, + - Push label
Index Prefix Adjacency
524384 BEEF:6::6/128 punt
524386 5200::6/128 punt
524388 2929::6/128 punt
524390 6363::30/128 Fa1/48 , 0000.0001.0002
524392 3FFE:1B00:1:1:0:5EFE:1B00:1/128 punt
524394 2002:2929:6:2::6/128 punt
524396 2002:2929:6:1::6/128 punt
524398 6363::6/128 punt
524416 BEEF:6::/64 drop
524418 5200::/64 punt
524420 2929::/64 punt
524422 2002:2929:6:2::/64 punt
524424 2002:2929:6:1::/64 punt
524426 6363::/64 punt
524428 3FFE:1B00:1:1::/64 Tu4 , V6 auto-tunnel
524448 FEE0::/11 punt
524480 FE80::/10 punt
524512 FF00::/8 punt
524544 ::/0 drop
```

This example shows how to display the IPv6 entries for a specific IPv6 address and mask:

```
Router# show mls cef ipv6 2001:4747::/64
```

Codes:R - Recirculation, I-IP encap M-MPLS encap, + - Push label Index Prefix Out i/f Out Label 160 2001:4747::/64 punt

This example shows how to display all the IPv6-FIB entries that have per-prefix statistics available:

Router# show mls cef ipv6 accounting per-prefix

(I) BEEF:2::/64: 0 packets, 0 bytes

A - Active, I - Inactive

This example shows how to display detailed hardware information:

Router# show mls cef ipv6 detail

```
V(128 ): C | 1 0 1 2001:4747::1253 (A:12 ,P:1,D:0,m:0 )
M(160 ): F | 1 FF 1 FFFF:FFFF:FFFFFFFFFFFF:
V(160 ): C | 1 0 1 2001:4747:: (A:11 ,P:1,D:0,m:0 )
M(224 ): F | 1 FF 1 FFE0::
V(224 ): C | 1 0 1 FEE0:: (A:11 ,P:1,D:0,m:0 )
M(256 ): F | 1 FF 1 FFC0::
V(256 ): C | 1 0 1 FE80:: (A:12 ,P:1,D:0,m:0 )
M(352 ): F | 1 FF 1 FF00::
V(352 ): C | 1 0 1 FF00:: (A:12 ,P:1,D:0,m:0 )
M(480 ): F | 1 FF 1 ::
V(480 ): C | 1 0 1 :: (A:14 ,P:1,D:0,m:0
```

### **Related Commands**

Command	Description
mls ipv6 acl compress address unicast	Turns on the compression of IPv6 addresses.
remote login	Accesses the Cisco 7600 series router console or a specific module.

I

## show mls cef ipx

To display Internetwork Packet Exchange (IPX) entries in the Multilayer Switching (MLS)-hardware Layer 3 switching table, use the **show mls cef ipx** command in user EXEC or privileged EXEC mode.

show mls cef ipx [prefix [mask | module number] | module number]

Syntax Description	prefix	(Optional) Entry prefix in the format A.B.C.D.
	mask	(Optional) Entry prefix mask in the format A.B.C.D.
	module number	(Optional) Displays the entries for a specific module.
Command Modes	User EXEC(>) Privileged EXEC	(#)
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(17d)SXB	Support for this command on the Supervisor Engine 2 was extended to Cisco IOS Release 12.2(17d)SXB.
	12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.
Usage Guidelines		supported on Cisco 7600 series routers that are configured with a Supervisor Engine 2
Usage Guidelines	only.	supported on Cisco 7600 series routers that are configured with a Supervisor Engine 2 output of the <b>show mls cef ipx</b> command is also displayed in the <b>show mls ipx</b>
Usage Guidelines Examples	only. Information in the command. This example show	
	only. Information in the command. This example show	output of the <b>show mls cef ipx</b> command is also displayed in the <b>show mls ipx</b> ws how to display the IPX entries in the MLS-hardware Layer 3-switching table. The e display are self-explanatory. <b>cef ipx</b>
	only. Information in the command. This example show fields shown in the Router# <b>show mls</b> Router#	output of the <b>show mls cef ipx</b> command is also displayed in the <b>show mls ipx</b> ws how to display the IPX entries in the MLS-hardware Layer 3-switching table. The e display are self-explanatory. <b>cef ipx</b>

## show mls cef logging

To display the contents of the ternary content addressable memory (TCAM)-inconsistency buffer, use the **show mls cef logging** command in user EXEC or privileged EXEC mode.

show mls cef logging [module number]

Syntax Description	module number	(Optional) Displays the entries for a specific module.	
Defaults	This command ha	s no default settings.	
Command Modes	User EXEC (>) Privileged EXEC	(#)	
Command History	Release	Modification	
	12.2(17d)SXB	Support for this command on the Supervisor Engine 2 was extended to Release 12.2(17d)SXB.	
	12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.	
Usage Guidelines	<ul> <li>This command is supported on Cisco 7600 series routers that are configured with a Supervisor Engine 2 only.</li> <li>In Cisco 7600 series routers that are configured with a Supervisor Engine 2 with a Policy Feature Card (PFC) and a Multilayer Switch Feature Card 2 (MSFC2), multilayer switching (MLS)-hardware Layer 3 switching provides IP unicast and IP multicast Layer 3 switching for a Supervisor Engine 2, a Policy Feature Card 2 (PFC2), an MSFC2, and fabric-enabled switching modules that have a Distributed Forwarding Card (DFC).</li> </ul>		
		sistency buffer records any inconsistency that is found in the TCAM.	
Examples	This example show fields shown in th Router# <b>show mls</b> PFIB_ERR:TCAM_SH Expected: 0 -0 -	HADOW_CONSISTENCY_ERR:value : Index: 100 -0	
	Hardware: 5 -1020304 -0 PFIB_ERR:TCAM_SHADOW_CONSISTENCY_ERR:Mask : Index: 3 Expected: 4 -0 -0 Hardware: 6 -FFF00000-0		

# show mls cef lookup

To display the IP entries in the multilayer switching (MLS)-hardware Layer 3 switching table for the specified destination IP address, use the **show mls cef lookup** command in user EXEC or privileged EXEC mode.

show mls cef [ip] lookup address [detail] [module number]

ip	(Optional) Displays IP entries in the MLS-hardware Layer 3-switching table; see the "Usage Guidelines" section for additional information.	
address	IP address in the format A.B.C.D.	
detail	(Optional) Displays hardware-entry details.	
module number	(Optional) Displays the entries for a specific module.	
User EXEC (>) Privileged EXEC	(#)	
Release	Modification	
12.2(14)SX	Support for this command was introduced on the Supervisor Engine 720.	
12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.	
Engine 2. The lookup is perf memory (TCAM)	not supported on Cisco 7600 series routers that are configured with a Supervisor formed as a "longest-prefix match" and displays the ternary content addressable -entry index that applies to the specified destination IP address. putput is in this format: Index, Prefix, Mask, and Adjacency.	
	show mls cef lookup ip and the show mls cef lookup commands is identical.	
This example shows how to display the longest prefix match that applies to a specific IPv4-unicast address. The fields shown in the display are self-explanatory.		
Router# show mls cef lookup 224.0.0.0		
	address         detail         module number         User EXEC (>)         Privileged EXEC         Release         12.2(14)SX         12.2(33)SRA         This command is         Engine 2.         The lookup is per         memory (TCAM)         The output of the         This example sho         address. The field	

## show mls cef mac

To display the multilayer switching (MLS)-hardware Layer 3-switching MAC-address information for the MSFC, use the **show mls cef mac** command in user EXEC or privileged EXEC mode.

show mls cef mac [module num]

Syntax Description	<b>module</b> <i>num</i> (C	Optional) Displays the entries for a specific module.
Defaults	This command has no	default settings.
Command Modes	User EXEC (>) Privileged EXEC (#)	
Command History	Release	Modification
		Support for this command on the Supervisor Engine 2 was extended to Release 12.2(17d)SXB.
		This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.
	In Cisco 7600 series routers that are configured with a Supervisor Engine 2 with a Policy Feature Card (PFC) and a Multilayer Switch Feature Card 2 (MSFC2), multilayer switching (MLS)-hardware Layer 3 switching provides IP unicast and IP multicast Layer 3 switching for a Supervisor Engine 2, a Policy Feature Card 2 (PFC2), an MSFC2, and fabric-enabled switching modules that have a Distributed Forwarding Card (DFC).	
Examples	This example shows he	ow to display the MLS-hardware Layer 3-switching MAC-address information for shown in the display are self-explanatory.
	Router# show mls cef mac	
	Router MAC address:	00d0.061d.200a
Related Commands	Command	Description
	show mls cef	Displays the MLS-hardware Layer 3-switching table entries.
	show mls cef summa	<b>ry</b> Displays the number of routes in the MLS-hardware Layer 3-switching table for all the protocols.

I

## show mls cef maximum-routes

To display the current maximum-route system configuration, use the **show mls cef maximum-routes** command in user EXEC or privileged EXEC mode.

### show mls cef maximum-routes

Syntax Description	This command has r	no arguments or keywords.	
Defaults	This command has r	no default settings.	
Command Modes	User EXEC (>) Privileged EXEC (#	)	
Command History	Release	Modification	
	12.2(17b)SXA	Support for this command was introduced on the Supervisor Engine 720.	
	12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.	
Usage Guidelines	Engine 2.	t supported on Cisco 7600 series routers that are configured with a Supervisor <b>mls cef maximum-routes</b> command to change the configuration, the following	
	additional fields appear in the output of the <b>show mls cef maximum-routes</b> command:		
	• User configured—Shows configuration changes that you have made.		
	• Upon reboot—Shows the configuration after a system reboot.		
	These fields appear if you have not saved the change (using the <b>copy system:running-config nvram: startup-config</b> command) after entering the <b>mls cef maximum-routes</b> command. See the "Examples" section for additional information.		
Examples	This section contain display are self-expl	s examplse of the <b>msl cef maximum-routes</b> command. The fields shown in the anatory.	
	This example shows the display after you have entered the <b>mls cef maximum-routes</b> command, saved the change ( <b>copy system:running-config nvram: startup-config</b> command), and rebooted the system:		
	Router# show mls cef maximum-routes		
	FIB TCAM maximum routes :		
	Current :-		
	IPv4 - 1k (default) MPLS - 239k		
	IPv6 + IP Multicas	st - 8k (default)	

This example shows the display if you entered the **mls cef maximum-routes** command and did not save the change:

Router# show mls cef maximum-routes

```
FIB TCAM maximum routes :
------
Current :-
_____
IPv4 - 1k (default)
MPLS - 239k
IPv6 + IP Multicast - 8k (default)
User configured :-
_____
IPv4 + MPLS - 192k (default)
IPv6 + IP multicast - 32k (default)
Upon reboot :-
_____
IPv4 - 1k (default)
MPLS - 239k
IPv6 + IP multicast - 8k (default)
```

This example shows the output if you have made a configuration change and saved the change (**copy system:running-config nvram: startup-config** command):

Router# show mls cef maximum-routes

<b>Related Commands</b>	Command	Description
	copy system:running-config nvram: startup-config	Saves the configuration to NVRAM.
	mls cef maximum-routes	Limits the maximum number of the routes that can be programmed in the hardware allowed per protocol.

## show mls cef mpls

To display the Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) entries in the Multilayer Switching (MLS)-hardware Layer 3 switching table, use the **show mls cef mpls** command in user EXEC or privileged EXEC mode.

show mls cef mpls [detail] [internal] [labels value] [module number] [vpn instance]
[vrf instance]

Syntax Description	detail	(Optional) Displays hardware-entry details.
	internal	(Optional) Displays internal Cisco Express Forwarding entries.
	labels value	(Optional) Displays the entries for a specific label; valid values are from 0 to 1048575.
	module number	(Optional) Displays the entries for a specific module.
	<b>vpn</b> instance	(Optional) Displays the Virtual Private Network (VPN) ID MPLS table entries for a specific VPN instance; valid values are from 0 to 4095.
	vrf instance	(Optional) Displays the MPLS Cisco Express Forwarding table entries for a specific VPN routing and forwarding (VRF) instance.
Command History	Privileged EXEC ( 12.2(17a)SX	Support for this command was introduced on the Supervisor Engine 720.
ooniniana mistory	12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.
Examples	This examples show Router# <b>show mls</b>	ws how to display MPLS entries. The fields shown in the display are self-explanatory.
	Laber	

Γ

## show mls cef rpf

To display the information about the Reverse Path Forwarding (RPF) hardware in the Multilayer Switching (MLS)-hardware Layer 3-switching table, use the **show mls cef rpf** command in user EXEC or privileged EXEC mode.

show mls cef [ip] rpf [ip-address] [module num]

Syntax Description	ip	(Optional) Displays IP entries in the MLS-hardware Layer 3-switching table; see the "Usage Guidelines" section for additional information.	
	ip-address	(Optional) IP address.	
	module num	(Optional) Displays the entries for a specific module.	
Command Modes	User EXEC (>) Privileged EXEC	2 (#)	
Command History	Release	Modification	
	12.2(14)SX	Support for this command was introduced on the Supervisor Engine 720.	
	12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.	
Usage Guidelines	Engine 2.	s not supported on Cisco 7600 series routers that are configured with a Supervisor show mls cef ip rpf command without arguments, the RPF global mode status is	
	The output of the	e show mls cef ip rpf and the show mls cef rpf commands is identical.	
Examples	This example sho are self-explanate	ows how to display the status of the RPF global mode. The fields shown in the display ory.	
	Router# <b>show ml</b>	s cef rpf	
	RPF global mode Router#	e: not enabled	
	This example shows how to display the RPF information for a specific IP address. The fields shown in the display are self-explanatory.		
	Router# <b>show ml</b>	s cef rpf 10.100.0.0	
		a for prefix 10.100.0.0/24 formed in the hardware for interfaces : :1/1	

Related Commands	Command	Description
	mls ip cef rpf multipath	Configures the RPF modes.

I

## show mls cef statistics

To display the number of switched packets and bytes, use the **show mls cef statistics** command in user EXEC or privileged EXEC mode.

show mls cef statistics [module number]

Syntax Description	module number	(Optional) Displays the information for a specific module.
Command Modes	User EXEC (>) Privileged EXEC	(#)
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(14)SX	Support for this command was introduced on the Supervisor Engine 720.
	12.2(17d)SXB	Support for this command on the Supervisor Engine 2 was extended to Release 12.2(17d)SXB.
	12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.
Usage Guidelines	(PFC) and a Multi Layer 3 switching	es routers that are configured with a Supervisor Engine 2 with a Policy Feature Card layer Switching Feature Card 2 (MSFC2), Multilayer Switching (MLS)-hardware provides IP unicast and IP multicast Layer 3 switching for a Supervisor Engine 2, a and fabric-enabled switching modules that have a Distributed Forwarding Card
Examples	This example show the display are sel Router# <b>show mls</b>	
	Total CEF switch Total CEF switch Total CEF switch Router#	ed packets: 000000000000000

4

## show mls cef summary

To display the number of routes in the Multilayer Switching (MLS)-hardware Layer 3-switching table for all the protocols, use the **show mls cef summary** command in user EXEC or privileged EXEC mode.

show mls cef summary [module number]

Syntax Description	module number	(Optional) Displays the information for a specific module.
Command Modes	User EXEC (>) Privileged EXEC (	#)
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(14)SX	Support for this command was introduced on the Supervisor Engine 720.
	12.2(17a)SX	The output was changed and no longer displays the Cisco Express Forwarding switched packets and bytes total.
	12.2(17d)SXB	Support for this command on the Supervisor Engine 2 was extended to Release 12.2(17d)SXB.
	12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.
	12.2(33)SXI	The output was changed for display of VRF and non-VRF routes for both IPv4 and IPv6 routes.
	for IPv4 and IPv6 unicast, IPv4 multicast, Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS), and EoM routes. For Cisco 7600 series routers that are configured with a Supervisor Engine 2, the output displays the CEF-switched packets and total bytes.	
		configured, the command output from a Cisco Catalyst 6500 series switch running 12.2(33)SXI or a later release will show 255 IPv6 VRF routes.
Examples	Supervisor Engine 72	20 Examples
		zo Examples
	This example show Engine 720.	vs the output from Cisco 7600 series routers that are configured with a Supervisor
	Engine 720.	-
	Engine 720.	vs the output from Cisco 7600 series routers that are configured with a Supervisor vs how to display a summary of MLS-hardware Layer 3-switching information:

### **Supervisor Engine 2 Examples**

This example shows the output from Cisco 7600 series routers that are configured with a Supervisor Engine 2.

This example shows how to display a summary of MLS-hardware Layer 3-switching information:

```
Router# show mls cef summary
```

```
Total CEF switched packets: 00000000098681
Total CEF switched bytes: 000000004539326
Total routes: 80385
IP unicast routes: 80383
IPX routes: 0
IP multicast routes: 2
Router#
```

### 12.2(33)SXI Example

This example shows the output from a Cisco Catalyst 6500 series switch running Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXI or a later release:

```
Router# show mls cef summary
```

Total routes:	280
IPv4 unicast routes:	20
IPv4 non-vrf routes :	9
IPv4 vrf routes :	11
IPv4 Multicast routes:	3
MPLS routes:	0
IPv6 unicast routes:	257
IPv6 non-vrf routes:	2
IPv6 vrf routes:	255
IPv6 multicast routes:	3
EoM routes:	0

Table 74 describes the fields in the show mls cef summary command output.

 Table 74
 show mls cef summary Command Output Fields

Field	Description
Total MLS-hardware Layer 3-switching switched packets	Number of MLS-hardware Layer 3-switching packets forwarded by the MLS-hardware Layer 3-switching engine.
Total MLS-hardware Layer 3-switching switched bytes	Number of bytes forwarded by the MLS-hardware Layer 3-switching engine.
Total routes	Number of route entries.
IP unicast routes	Number of IP-unicast route entries.
IP VRF routes	Number of virtual routing and forwarding (VRF) route entries.
IPX routes	Number of Internetwork Packet Exchange (IPX) route entries.
IP multicast routes	Number of IP-multicast route entries.

<b>Related Commands</b>	Command	Description
	show mls cef	Displays the MLS-hardware Layer 3-switching table entries.

## show mls cef vrf

To display information about the Virtual Private Network (VPN) routing and forwarding instance (VRF) Cisco Express Forwarding table for a specific VRF name, use the **show mls cef vrf** command in user EXEC or privileged EXEC mode.

show mls cef vrf instance-name [prefix] [detail] [lookup ip-address] [module num]
[rpf [ip-address]]

Syntax Description	instance-name	VPN routing/forwarding instance name; valid values are from 0 to 4095.	
	prefix	(Optional) Prefix of the entry to display.	
	detail	(Optional) Displays the hardware-entry details.	
	lookup ip-address	(Optional) Displays the longest prefix-match lookup entry for the specified address.	
	module num	(Optional) Displays the entries for a specific module.	
	<b>rpf</b> ip-address	(Optional) Displays the unicast Reverse Path Forwarding (uRPF) check information for the (optional) specified IP address.	
Command Modes	User EXEC (>) Privileged EXEC (#	)	
Command History	Release	Modification	
	12.2(14)SX	Support for this command was introduced on the Supervisor Engine 720.	
	12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.	
Usage Guidelines	Engine 2. The <b>show mls cef ig</b>	This command is not supported on Cisco 7600 series routers that are configured with a Supervisor Engine 2. The <b>show mls cef ip</b> command displays the Cisco Express Forwarding entries in the default VRF. display specific (non-default) VRF entries, use the <b>show mls cef [ip] vrf</b> <i>vrf-name</i> command.	
Examples	This example shows how to display information about the VPN routing and forwarding instance Cisco Express Forwarding table for a specific VRF name. The fields shown in the display are self-explanatory. Router# show mls cef vrf vpn-1 Codes: decap - Decapsulation, + - Push Label		
	Index Prefix Adjac 64 0.0.0.0/32 rece 65 255.255.255.255 280 10.50.27.1/32 281 10.50.27.0/32 282 10.50.27.255/3	cency eive 5/32 receive receive receive	

Γ

299 10.1.1.0/32 receive 300 10.1.1.255/32 receive 656 10.1.99.1/32 receive Router#

### **Related Commands**

ds	Command	Description
	show mls cef ip	Displays the IP entries in the MLS-hardware Layer 3-switching table.
### show mls ip cef rpf-table

To display the configuration of the Reverse Path Forwarding (RPF) Cisco Express Forwarding table, use the **show mls ip cef rpf-table** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show mls ip cef rpf-table

**Syntax Description** This command has no arguments or keywords.

**Command Modes** Privileged EXEC (#)

 Release
 Modification

 12.2(14)SX
 Support for this command was introduced on the Supervisor Engine 720.

 12.2(17a)SX
 This command is supported on releases prior to Release 12.2(17a)SX only.

 12.2(33)SRA
 This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.

# **Usage Guidelines** This command is not supported on Cisco 7600 series routers that are configured with a Supervisor Engine 2.

# **Examples** This example shows how to display the RPF Cisco Express Forwarding table entries. The fields shown in the display are self-explanatory.

Router# show mls ip cef rpf-table

```
      172.16.10.0/24
      [0] Fa2/1, Fa2/2, Fa2/3, Fa2/4

      172.16.20.0/24

      172.16.30.0/24

      10.10.0.0/16
      [1] Gi1/1, Gi1/2

      10.20.0.0/16
```

<b>Related Commands</b>	Command	Description
	mls ip cef rpf interface-group	Defines an interface group in the RPF-VLAN table.

# show mls ip non-static

To display information for the software-installed nonstatic entries, use the **show mls ip non-static** command in user EXEC or privileged in the EXEC mode.

show mls ip non-static [count [module number] | detail [module number] | module number]

Syntax Description	count	(Optional) Displays the total number of nonstatic entries.
	module number	r (Optional) Designates the module number.
	detail	(Optional) Specifies a detailed per-flow output.
Command Modes	User EXEC (>) Privileged EXE0	C (#)
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(14)SX	Support for this command was introduced on the Supervisor Engine 720.
	12.2(17a)SX	This command is supported on releases prior to Release 12.2(17a)SX only.
	12.2(17b)SXA	This command is replaced by the <b>show mls netflow ip</b> command.
Examples	This sections co display are self-	ntains examples from the <b>show mls ip non-static</b> command. The fields shown in the explanatory.
	This example shows how to display the software-installed nonstatic entries:	
	Router> show mls ip non-static	
	DstIP	flow entries in Supervisor Earl SrcIP Prot:SrcPort:DstPort Src i/f:AdjPtr
		ytes Age LastSeen Attributes
	Router>	
	Router>	
	Router> This example sh	
	Router> This example sh Router> show m Displaying Net DstIP	nows how to display detailed information for the software-installed nonstatic entries: <b>1s ip non-static detail</b> flow entries in Supervisor Earl SrcIP Prot:SrcPort:DstPort Src i/f:AdjPtr
	Router> This example sh Router> show m Displaying Net DstIP  Pkts B	nows how to display detailed information for the software-installed nonstatic entries: <b>1s ip non-static detail</b> flow entries in Supervisor Earl SrcIP Prot:SrcPort:DstPort Src i/f:AdjPtr ytes Age LastSeen Attributes
	Router> This example sh Router> show m Displaying Net DstIP Pkts Pkts Qos Police	nows how to display detailed information for the software-installed nonstatic entries: <b>1s ip non-static detail</b> flow entries in Supervisor Earl SrcIP Prot:SrcPort:DstPort Src i/f:AdjPtr

This example shows how to display the total number of software-installed nonstatic entries: Router> **show mls ip non-static count** 

Displaying Netflow entries in Supervisor Earl

Number of shortcuts = 0 Router>

# show mls ip routes

To display the NetFlow routing entries, use the **show mls ip routes** command in user EXEC or privileged EXEC mode.

show mls ip routes [non-static | static] [count [module number] | detail [module number] |
module number]

Syntax Description	non-static	(Optional) Displays the software-installed nonstatic entries.		
	static	(Optional) Displays the software-installed static entries.		
	count	(Optional) Displays the total number of NetFlow routing entries.		
	module number	(Optional) Displays the entries that are downloaded on the specified module; see the "Usage Guidelines" section for valid values.		
	detail	(Optional) Specifies a detailed per-flow output.		
Command Modes	User EXEC (>) Privileged EXEC	C (#)		
Command History	Release	Modification		
	12.2(14)SX	Support for this command was introduced on the Supervisor Engine 720.		
	12.2(17a)SX	This command is supported on releases prior to Release 12.2(17a)SX only.		
	12.2(17b)SXA	This command is replaced by the <b>show mls netflow ip sw-installed</b> command		
Examples	Engine 2. This section cont display are self-e	ains examples of the <b>show mls ip routes non-static</b> command. The fields shown in the		
	This example shows how to display the software-installed nonstatic routing entries:			
	Router> show mls ip routes non-static			
	Displaying Netflow entries in Supervisor Earl DstIP SrcIP Prot:SrcPort:DstPort Src i/f:AdjPtr			
	-	rtes Age LastSeen Attributes		
	Router>			
	This example sho entries:	This example shows how to display detailed information for the software-installed nonstatic routing entries:		
	Router> <b>show ml</b>	s ip routes non-static detail		
	Displaying Netf DstIP	low entries in Supervisor Earl SrcIP Prot:SrcPort:DstPort Src i/f:AdjPtr		

<b>Related Commands</b>	Command	Description
	show mls netflow ip sw-installed	Displays information for the software-installed IP entries.

# show mls ip static

To display the information for the software-installed static IP entries, use the **show mls ip static** command in user EXEC or privileged EXEC mode.

show mls ip static [count [module number] | detail [module number] | module number]

Syntax Description		
• /	count	(Optional) Displays the total number of static entries.
	module number	(Optional) Designates the module number.
	detail	(Optional) Specifies a detailed per-flow output.
Command Modes	User EXEC (>)	
	Privileged EXEC	£ (#)
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(14)SX	Support for this command was introduced on the Supervisor Engine 720.
	12.2(17a)SX	This command is supported on releases prior to Release 12.2(17a)SX only.
	12.2(17b)SXA	This command is replaced by the <b>show mls netflow ip sw-installed</b> command.
Usage Guidelines	This command is Engine 2.	not supported on Cisco 7600 series routers that are configured with a Supervisor
Examples	This section cont are self-explanate	ains examples from the <b>show mls ip static</b> command. The fields shown in the displayory.
	This example sho	ows how to display the software-installed static entries:
	Router> <b>show ml</b>	s ip static
	Displaying Netf	low entries in Supervisor Earl
	DstIP	low entries in Supervisor Earl SrcIP Prot:SrcPort:DstPort Src i/f:AdjPtr
	DstIP  Pkts By	SrcIP Prot:SrcPort:DstPort Src i/f:AdjPtr 
	DstIP  Pkts By	SrcIP Prot:SrcPort:DstPort Src i/f:AdjPtr
	DstIP  Pkts By  Router>	SrcIP Prot:SrcPort:DstPort Src i/f:AdjPtr
	DstIP Pkts By Router> This example sho	SrcIP Prot:SrcPort:DstPort Src i/f:AdjPtr 
	DstIP Pkts By Router> This example sho Router> show ml Displaying Netf DstIP	SrcIP       Prot:SrcPort:DstPort       Src i/f:AdjPtr         rtes       Age       LastSeen       Attributes         ows how to display detailed information for the software-installed static entries:
	DstIP Pkts By Router> This example sho Router> show ml Displaying Netf DstIP	SrcIP       Prot:SrcPort:DstPort       Src i/f:AdjPtr         rtes       Age       LastSeen       Attributes         ows how to display detailed information for the software-installed static entries:
	DstIP Pkts By Router> This example sho Router> show ml Displaying Netf DstIP Pkts By	SrcIP       Prot:SrcPort:DstPort       Src i/f:AdjPtr         rtes       Age       LastSeen       Attributes         ows how to display detailed information for the software-installed static entries:

#### Router>

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This example shows how to display the total number of software-installed static entries:

Router> show mls ip static count

Displaying Netflow entries in Supervisor Earl

Number of shortcuts = 0 Router>

# show mls ip statistics

To display the statistical information for the NetFlow IP entries, use the **show mls ip statistics** command in the user EXEC or privileged EXEC mode.

show mls ip statistics [count [module number] | detail [module number] | module number]

Syntax Description	count	(Optional) Displays the total number of NetFlow entries.
	module number	(Optional) Displays the entries that are downloaded on the specified module.
	detail	(Optional) Specifies a detailed per-flow output.
command Modes	User EXEC (>) Privileged EXEC	(#)
ommand History	Release	Modification
	12.2(14)SX	Support for this command was introduced on the Supervisor Engine 720.
	12.2(17a)SX	This command is supported on releases prior to Release 12.2(17a)SX only.
	12.2(17b)SXA	On Cisco 7600 series routers that are configured with a Supervisor Engine 720, this command is replaced by the <b>show mls netflow ip</b> command.
	12.2(17d)SXB	Support for this command on the Supervisor Engine 2 was extended to Release 12.2(17d)SXB.
	display are sen e	xplanatory.
	This example sho	ws how to display statistical information for the NetFlow IP entries:
	This example sho Router> show ml Displaying Netf DstIP	ws how to display statistical information for the NetFlow IP entries: <b>s ip statistics</b> low entries in Supervisor Earl SrcIP Prot:SrcPort:DstPort Src i/f:AdjPtr
	This example sho Router> show ml Displaying Netf DstIP 	ws how to display statistical information for the NetFlow IP entries: <b>s ip statistics</b> low entries in Supervisor Earl
	This example sho Router> show ml Displaying Netf DstIP 	ws how to display statistical information for the NetFlow IP entries: <b>s ip statistics</b> low entries in Supervisor Earl SrcIP Prot:SrcPort:DstPort Src i/f:AdjPtr tes Age LastSeen Attributes
	This example sho Router> show ml Displaying Netf DstIP  Pkts By  Router>	ws how to display statistical information for the NetFlow IP entries: <b>s ip statistics</b> low entries in Supervisor Earl SrcIP Prot:SrcPort:DstPort Src i/f:AdjPtr tes Age LastSeen Attributes
	This example sho Router> show ml Displaying Netf DstIP 	we how to display statistical information for the NetFlow IP entries: <b>s ip statistics</b> low entries in Supervisor Earl SrcIP Prot:SrcPort:DstPort Src i/f:AdjPtr tes Age LastSeen Attributes
	This example sho Router> show ml Displaying Netf DstIP Pkts By Router> This example sho Router> show ml Displaying Netf DstIP	we how to display statistical information for the NetFlow IP entries: s ip statistics low entries in Supervisor Earl SrcIP Prot:SrcPort:DstPort Src i/f:AdjPtr tes Age LastSeen Attributes we how to display detailed statistical information for the NetFlow IP entries: s ip statistics detail low entries in Supervisor Earl SrcIP Prot:SrcPort:DstPort Src i/f:AdjPtr
	This example sho Router> show ml Displaying Netf DstIP Pkts By Router> This example sho Router> show ml Displaying Netf DstIP Pkts By	we how to display statistical information for the NetFlow IP entries: s ip statistics low entries in Supervisor Earl SrcIP Prot:SrcPort:DstPort Src i/f:AdjPtr tes Age LastSeen Attributes we how to display detailed statistical information for the NetFlow IP entries: s ip statistics detail low entries in Supervisor Earl SrcIP Prot:SrcPort:DstPort Src i/f:AdjPtr tes Age LastSeen Attributes
	This example sho Router> show ml Displaying Netf DstIP Pkts By Router> This example sho Router> show ml Displaying Netf DstIP Pkts By QoS Police	ws how to display statistical information for the NetFlow IP entries:         s ip statistics         low entries in Supervisor Earl         SrcIP       Prot:SrcPort:DstPort         tes       Age         LastSeen       Attributes         ws how to display detailed statistical information for the NetFlow IP entries:         s ip statistics detail         low entries in Supervisor Earl         SrcIP       Prot:SrcPort:DstPort         SrcIP       Prot:SrcPort:DstPort

## show mls table-contention

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To display table contention level (TCL) information, use the **show mls table-contention** command in the user EXEC or privileged EXEC mode.

show mls table-contention {detailed | summary | aggregate}

Syntax Description	detailed	Displays the detailed TCL information.		
-,	summary	Displays the TCL level.		
	aggregate	Displays the aggregate count of all missed flows in the Supervisor Engine 720 and page hits or misses in Supervisor Engine 2.		
Command Modes	User EXEC (>) Privileged EXE0	C (#)		
Command History	Release	Modification		
	12.2(14)SX	Support for this command was introduced on the Supervisor Engine 720.		
	12.2(17a)SX	This command was changed to include the following:		
		• The aggregate keyword		
		• The last reading of the corresponding registers in the <b>summary</b> and <b>detailed</b> keywords		
	12.2(17d)SXB	Support for this command on the Supervisor Engine 2 was extended to Release 12.2(17d)SXB.		
Usage Guidelines	NetFlow-hash a	ne <b>aggregate</b> keyword to display the statistics for the NetFlow-creation failures and liases in the Supervisor Engine 720.		
	You can enter th	he <b>aggregate</b> keyword to display the page hits and misses in the Supervisor Engine 2.		
	The last reading the Supervisor I	of the corresponding registers are displayed in the <b>summary</b> and <b>detailed</b> keywords for Engine 720.		
Examples	This section con display are self-	ntains examples from the <b>show mls table-contention</b> command. The fields shown in the explanatory.		
	This example shows how to display a detailed list of TCL information:			
	Router# show mls table-contention detailed			
		Contention Level Information		
	Layer 3			
		Level: 0 Airing 1 Lookup = 31 Airing 2 Lookups = 0		

Page Hits Requiring 3	3 Lookups	=	0
Page Hits Requiring	4 Lookups	=	0
Page Hits Requiring !	5 Lookups	=	0
Page Hits Requiring	6 Lookups	=	0
Page Hits Requiring	7 Lookups	=	0
Page Hits Requiring	8 Lookups	=	0
Page Misses		=	0
Router#			

This example shows how to display a summary of TCL information:

Router# show mls table-contention summary

```
Summary of Table Contention Levels (on a scale of 0 (lowest) to 3 (highest))
```

This example shows how to display an aggregate count of all missed flows in the Supervisor Engine 720 and page hits/misses in Supervisor Engine 2:

Router# show mls table-contention aggregate

```
Earl in Module 1
Detailed Table Contention Level Information
-----
Layer 3
_____
                      0
L3 Contention Level:
Page Hits Requiring 1 Lookup
                                    24000
                            =
Page Hits Requiring 2 Lookups
                           =
                                    480
Page Hits Requiring 3 Lookups
                                    0
                            =
Page Hits Requiring 4 Lookups
                            =
                                    0
Page Hits Requiring 5 Lookups
                            =
                                    0
Page Hits Requiring 6 Lookups
                                    0
                           =
Page Hits Requiring 7 Lookups =
                                    0
Page Hits Requiring 8 Lookups =
                                    0
                                    0
Page Misses
                            =
```

## show monitor event-trace

To display event trace messages for Cisco IOS software subsystem components, use the **show monitor event-trace** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show monitor event-trace {all-traces [merged] {all | back {mmm | hhh:mm} | clock hh:mm [date month | month date] | from-boot seconds | latest } | component {all | back {mmm | hhh:mm} | clock hh:mm [date month | month date] | from-boot seconds | latest | parameters } ] [detail]

Syntax Description	all-traces	(Optional) Displays all event trace messages in memory to the console.
	merged	(Optional) Displays all event traces entries sorted by time.
	all	Displays all event trace messages currently in memory.
	<b>back</b> { <i>mmm</i>   <i>hhh:mm</i> }	Specifies how far back from the current time you want to view messages. For example, you can gather messages from the last 30 minutes. The time argument is specified either in minutes or in hours and minutes format (mmm or hh:mm).
	clock hh:mm	Displays event trace messages starting from a specific clock time in hours and minutes format (hh:mm).
	date	(Optional) Day of the month.
	month	(Optional) Displays the month of the year.
	from-boot seconds	Displays event trace messages starting from a specified number of seconds after booting (uptime). To display the uptime, in seconds, enter the <b>show monitor event-trace</b> <i>component</i> <b>from-boot ?</b> command.
	latest	Displays only the event trace messages since the last <b>show monitor event-trace</b> command was entered.
	component	(Optional) Name of the Cisco IOS software subsystem component that is the object of the event trace. To get a list of components that support event tracing in this release, use the <b>monitor event-trace ?</b> command.
	parameters	Displays the trace parameters. The only parameter displayed is the size (number of trace messages) of the trace file.
	detail	(Optional) Displays detailed trace information.

### **Command Modes** Privileged EXEC (#)

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.0(18)S	This command was introduced.
	12.2(8)T	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(8)T.
	12.2(25)8	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(25)S. The <b>show monitor event-trace cef</b> command replaced the <b>show cef events</b> and <b>show ip cef events</b> commands.

Release	Modification	
12.2(18)SXE	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(18)SXE.	
	The <b>spa</b> component keyword was added to support online insertion and removal (OIR) event messages for shared port adapters (SPAs).	
	The <b>bfd</b> keyword was added for the <i>component</i> argument to display trace messages relating to the Bidirectional Forwarding Detection (BFD) feature	
12.4(4)T	Support for the <b>bfd</b> keyword was added for Cisco IOS Release 12.4(4)T.	
12.0(31)S	Support for the <b>bfd</b> keyword was added for Cisco IOS Release 12.0(31)S.	
12.2(28)SB	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(28)SB and implemented on the Cisco 10000 series routers.	
12.4(9)T	The <b>cfd</b> keyword was added as an entry for the <i>component</i> argument to display trace messages relating to crypto fault detection.	
12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.	
12.2(33)SXH	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH.	
12.2(33)SB	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SB.	
12.4(20)T	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.4(20)T.	

#### **Usage Guidelines**

Use the **show monitor event-trace** command to display trace message information.

The trace function is not locked while information is being displayed to the console, which means that new trace messages can accumulate in memory. If entries accumulate faster than they can be displayed, some messages can be lost. If this happens, the **show monitor event-trace** command will generate a message indicating that some messages might be lost; however, messages will continue to display on the console. If the number of lost messages is excessive, the **show monitor event-trace** command will stop displaying messages.

Use the **bfd** keyword for the *component* argument to display trace messages relating to the BFD feature.

Use the **cfd** keyword for the *component* argument to display trace messages relating to the crypto fault detection feature. This keyword displays the contents of the error trace buffers in an encryption data path.

### Examples IPC Component Example

The following is sample output from the **show monitor event-trace** *component* command for the interprocess communication (IPC) component. Notice that each trace message is numbered and is followed by a time stamp (derived from the device uptime). Following the time stamp is the component-specific message data.

Router# show monitor event-trace ipc

3667: 6840.016:Message type:3 Data=0123456789
3668: 6840.016:Message type:4 Data=0123456789
3669: 6841.016:Message type:5 Data=0123456789
3670: 6841.016:Message type:6 Data=0123456

#### BFD Component for Cisco IOS Release 12.2(18)SXE, 12.0(31)S, and 12.4(4)T

Use the **show monitor event-trace bfd all** command to display logged messages for important BFD events in the recent past. The following trace messages show BFD session state changes:

```
Router# show monitor event-trace bfd all
```

```
3d03h: EVENT: Session [172.16.10.2,172.16.10.1,Fa6/0,1], event Session
create, state Unknown -> Fail
3d03h: EVENT: Session [172.16.10.2,172.16.10.1,Fa6/0,1], state Fail -> Down
(from LC)
3d03h: EVENT: Session [172.16.10.2,172.16.10.1,Fa6/0,1], state Down -> Init
(from LC)
3d03h: EVENT: Session [172.16.10.2,172.16.10.1,Fa6/0,1], state Init -> Up
(from LC)
3d07h: EVENT: Session [172.16.10.2,172.16.10.1,Fa6/0,2], event Session
create, state Unknown -> Fail
3d07h: EVENT: Session [172.16.10.2,172.16.10.1,Fa6/0,2], state Fail -> Down
(from LC)
3d07h: EVENT: Session [172.16.10.2,172.16.10.1,Fa6/0,2], state Fail -> Down
(from LC)
```

To display trace information for all components configured for event tracing on the networking device, enter the **show monitor event-trace all-traces** command. In this example, separate output is provided for each event, and message numbers are interleaved between the events.

Router# show monitor event-trace all-traces

```
Test1 event trace:

3667: 6840.016:Message type:3 Data=0123456789

3669: 6841.016:Message type:4 Data=0123456789

3671: 6842.016:Message type:5 Data=0123456789

3673: 6843.016:Message type:6 Data=0123456789

Test2 event trace:

3668: 6840.016:Message type:3 Data=0123456789

3670: 6841.016:Message type:4 Data=0123456789

3672: 6842.016:Message type:5 Data=0123456789

3674: 6843.016:Message type:6 Data=0123456789
```

#### SPA Component Example

The following is sample output from the **show monitor event-trace** *component* **latest** command for the **spa** component:

Router# show monitor event-trace spa latest

```
00:01:15.364: subslot 2/3: 4xOC3 POS SPA, TSM Event:inserted New state:wait_psm
ready
     spa type 0x440
00:02:02.308: subslot 2/0: not present, TSM Event:empty New state:remove
     spa type 0x0, fail code 0x0(none)
00:02:02.308: subslot 2/0: not present, TSM Event:remove_complete New state:idle
00:02:02.308: subslot 2/1: not present, TSM Event:empty New state:remove
    spa type 0x0, fail code 0x0(none)
00:02:02.308: subslot 2/1: not present, TSM Event:remove_complete New state:idle
00:02:02.308: subslot 2/2: not present, TSM Event:empty New state:remove
     spa type 0x0, fail code 0x0(none)
00:02:02.308: subslot 2/2: not present, TSM Event:remove_complete New state:idle
00:02:02.312: subslot 2/3: not present(plugin 4xOC3 POS SPA), TSM Event:empty New
state:remove
     spa type 0x0, fail code 0x0(none)
00:02:02.312: subslot 2/3: not present, TSM Event:remove_complete New state:idle
```

#### **Cisco Express Forwarding Component Examples**

If you select Cisco Express Forwarding as the component for which to display event messages, you can use the following additional arguments and keywords: **show monitor event-trace cef** [events | interface | ipv6 | ipv6 | ipv6 ][all].

The following example shows the IPv6 or IPv4 events related to the Cisco Express Forwarding component. Each trace message is numbered and is followed by a time stamp (derived from the device uptime). Following the time stamp is the component-specific message data.

```
Router# show monitor event-trace cef ipv6 all

00:00:24.612: [Default] *::*/*'00 New FIB table [OK]

Router# show monitor event-trace cef ipv4 all

00:00:24.244: [Default] 127.0.0.81/32'01 FIB insert [OK]
```

In the following example, all event trace messages for the Cisco Express Forwarding component are displayed:

Router# show monitor event-trace cef events all

00:00:18.884:	SubSys	fib_ios_chain init
00:00:18.884:	Inst	unknown -> RP
00:00:24.584:	SubSys	fib init
00:00:24.592:	SubSys	fib_ios init
00:00:24.592:	SubSys	fib_ios_if init
00:00:24.596:	SubSys	ipv4fib init
00:00:24.608:	SubSys	ipv4fib_ios init
00:00:24.612:	SubSys	ipv6fib_ios init
00:00:24.620:	Flag	IPv4 CEF enabled set to yes
00:00:24.620:	Flag	0x7BF6B62C set to yes
00:00:24.620:	Flag	IPv4 CEF switching enabled set to yes
00:00:24.624:	GState	CEF enabled
00:00:24.628:	SubSys	ipv4fib_les init
00:00:24.628:	SubSys	ipv4fib_pas init
00:00:24.632:	SubSys	ipv4fib_util init
00:00:25.304:	Process	Background created
00:00:25.304:	Flag	IPv4 CEF running set to yes
00:00:25.304:	Process	Background event loop enter
00:00:25.308:	Flag	IPv4 CEF switching running set to yes

#### The following example shows Cisco Express Forwarding interface events:

Router# show monitor event-trace cef interface all

00:00:24.624:	<empty></empty>	(sw	4)	Create	new
00:00:24.624:	<empty></empty>	(sw	4)	SWIDBLnk	FastEthernet0/0(4)
00:00:24.624:	Fa0/0	(sw	4)	NameSet	
00:00:24.624:	<empty></empty>	(hw	1)	Create	new
00:00:24.624:	<empty></empty>	(hw	1)	HWIDBLnk	FastEthernet0/0(1)
00:00:24.624:	Fa0/0	(hw	1)	NameSet	
00:00:24.624:	<empty></empty>	(sw	3)	Create	new
00:00:24.624:	<empty></empty>	(sw	3)	SWIDBLnk	FastEthernet0/1(3)
00:00:24.624:	Fa0/1	(sw	3)	NameSet	
00:00:24.624:	<empty></empty>	(hw	2)	Create	new

#### **Cisco Express Forwarding Component Examples for Cisco 10000 Series Routers Only**

The following example shows the IPv4 events related to the Cisco Express Forwarding component. Each trace message is numbered and is followed by a time stamp (derived from the device uptime). Following the time stamp is the component-specific message data.

Router# show monitor event-trace cef ipv4 all

00:00:48.244:	[Default]	127.0.0.81/32'01	FIB insert	[OK]
---------------	-----------	------------------	------------	------

In the following example, all event trace message for the Cisco Express Forwarding component are displayed:

Router# show monitor event-trace cef events all

```
00:00:18.884: SubSys fib_ios_chain init
                  unknown -> RP
00:00:18.884: Inst
00:00:24.584: SubSys fib init
00:00:24.592: SubSys fib_ios init
00:00:24.592: SubSys fib_ios_if init
00:00:24.596: SubSys ipv4fib init
00:00:24.608: SubSys ipv4fib_ios init
00:00:24.620: Flag IPv4 CEF enabled set to yes
00:00:24.620: Flag 0x7BF6B62C set to yes
00:00:24.620: Flag IPv4 CEF switching enabled set to yes
00:00:24.624: GState CEF enabled
00:00:24.628: SubSys ipv4fib_les init
00:00:24.628: SubSys ipv4fib_pas init
00:00:24.632: SubSys ipv4fib_util init
00:00:25.304: Process Background created
00:00:25.304: Flag
                   IPv4 CEF running set to yes
00:00:25.304: Process Background event loop enter
00:00:25.308: Flag
                  IPv4 CEF switching running set to yes
```

The following examples show Cisco Express Forwarding interface events:

Router# show monitor event-trace cef interface all

00:00:24.624:	<empty></empty>	(sw	4)	Create	new
00:00:24.624:	<empty></empty>	(sw	4)	SWIDBLnk	FastEthernet1/0/0(4)
00:00:24.624:	Fa0/0	(sw	4)	NameSet	
00:00:24.624:	<empty></empty>	(hw	1)	Create	new
00:00:24.624:	<empty></empty>	(hw	1)	HWIDBLnk	FastEthernet1/0/0(1)
00:00:24.624:	Fa0/0	(hw	1)	NameSet	
00:00:24.624:	<empty></empty>	(sw	3)	Create	new
00:00:24.624:	<empty></empty>	(sw	3)	SWIDBLnk	FastEthernet1/1/0(3)
00:00:24.624:	Fa0/1	(sw	3)	NameSet	
00:00:24.624:		(hw	0.	Create	new

### CFD Component for Cisco IOS Release 12.4(9)T

To troubleshoot errors in an encryption datapath, enter the **show monitor event-trace cfd all** command. In this example, events are shown separately, each beginning with a time stamp, followed by data from the error trace buffer. Cisco Technical Assistence Center (TAC) engineers can use this information to diagnose the cause of the errors.



If no packets have been dropped, this command does not display any output.

```
Router# show monitor event-trace cfd all

      00:00:42.452: 450000B4 00060000 FF33B306 02020203 02020204 32040000 F672999C 00000001 7A7690C2 A0A4F8BC E732985C D6FFDCC8 0000001 C0902BD0 A99127AE 8EAA22D4

      00:00:44.452: 450000B4 00070000 FF33B305 02020203 02020204 32040000 F672999C 00000002 93C01218 2325B697 3C384CF1 D6FFDCC8 0000002 BFA13E8A D21053ED 0F62AB0E

      00:00:46.452: 450000B4 00080000 FF33B304 02020203 02020204 32040000 F672999C 00000002 BFA13E8A D21053ED 0F62AB0E

      00:00:46.452: 450000B4 00080000 FF33B304 02020203 02020204 32040000 F672999C 0000003 7D2E11B7 A0BA4110 CC62F91E D6FFDCC8 0000003 7236B930 3240CA8C 9EBB44FF
```

00:00:48.452: 450000B4 00090000 FF33B303 02020203 02020204 32040000 F672999C 00000004 FB6C80D9 1AADF938 CDE57ABA D6FFDCC8 0000004 E10D8028 6BBD748F 87F5E253 00:00:50.452: 450000B4 000A0000 FF33B302 02020203 02020204 32040000 F672999C 00000005 697C8D9D 35A8799A 2A67E97B D6FFDCC8 00000005 BC21669D 98B29FFF F32670F6 00:00:52.452: 450000B4 000B0000 FF33B301 02020203 02020204 32040000 F672999C 00000006 CA18CBC4 0F387FE0 9095C27C D6FFDCC8 0000006 87A54811 AE3A0517 F8AC4E64

Related Commands	Command	Description
	monitor event-trace (EXEC)	Controls event trace functions for a specified Cisco IOS software subsystem component.
	monitor event-trace (global)	Configures event tracing for a specified Cisco IOS software subsystem component.
	monitor event-trace dump-traces	Saves trace messages for all event traces currently enabled on the networking device.

I

### show monitor event-trace adjacency

To display adjacency trace events, use the **show monitor event-trace adjacency** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show monitor event-trace adjacency {{all | back trace-duration | clock hh:mm [date] [month] |
from-boot [seconds] | latest } [detail] | parameters}

Syntax Description	all	Displays all event trace messages in the current buffer.
	back	Specifies how far back from the current time you want to view messages. For example, you can gather messages from the last 30 minutes.
	trace-duration	The time duration in hours and minutes format (mmm or hhh:mm).
	clock hh:mm	Displays event trace messages starting from a specified time in hours and minutes format (hh:mm).
	date	(Optional) Day of the month from 1 to 31.
	month	(Optional) Month of the year.
	from-boot	Displays event trace messages starting after booting up (uptime).
	seconds	(Optional) The specified number of seconds following bootup (uptime) after which event trace messages should start being displayed. The range is from 0 to 785.
	latest	Displays the latest trace events since last display.
	detail	(Optional) Displays detailed trace information.
	parameters	Displays the parameters configured for the trace.

### Command ModesPrivileged EXEC (#)

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(25)S	This command was introduced.
	12.2(28)SB	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(28)SB.
	12.4(18)T	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.4(18)T.
	12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.
	12.2(33)SXH	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH.
	Cisco IOS XE	This command was implemented on Cisco ASR 1000 Series Aggregation
	Release 2.1	Services Routers.

### **Examples**

The following is sample output from the **show monitor event-trace adjacency all** command. The fields are self-explanatory.

Router# show monitor event-trace adjacency all

\*Aug 7 05:13:56.408: GLOBAL: adj system chunk pool created (element size 276) [OK] \*Aug 7 05:13:56.408: GLOBAL: adj system state change to adjacency system up [OK] \*Aug 7 05:13:56.408: GLOBAL: adj manager background process started [OK]

```
7 05:13:56.408: GLOBAL: adj ios manager up [OK]
*Aug
*Auq
     7 05:13:56.408: GLOBAL: adj ios manager add enable [OK]
*Aug
     7 05:13:56.924: GLOBAL: adj ipv4 bundle changed to IPv4 no fixup, no
                      redirect adj oce [OK]
*Αιια
     7 05:14:07.928: GLOBAL: adj mgr notified of fibidb state change int
                      SSLVPN-VIF0 to up [OK]
     7 05:14:11.320: GLOBAL: adj mgr notified of fibidb state change int
*Aua
                      FastEthernet0/0 to up [OK]
*Aua
     7 05:14:11.320: GLOBAL: adj mgr notified of fibidb state change int
                      FastEthernet0/1 to up [OK]
     7 05:14:11.324: GLOBAL: adj mgr notified of fibidb state change int
*Auq
*Aug
     7 05:14:11.324: GLOBAL: adj mgr notified of fibidb state change int
                      Serial3/1 to up [OK]
     7 05:14:12.064: GLOBAL: adj mgr notified of fibidb state change int
*Αιια
                      Serial3/0 to down [OK]
*Aug
     7 05:14:12.080: GLOBAL: adj mgr notified of fibidb state change int
                      Serial3/1 to down [OK]
*Aug
     7 05:14:17.292: GLOBAL: adj ipv4 bundle changed to IPv4 no fixup adj oce [OK]
     7 05:14:17.292: ADJ: IP 10.4.9.1 FastEthernet0/0: update oce bundle,
*Aua
                       incomplete adj oce [OK]
*Aua
     7 05:14:17.292: ADJ: IP 10.4.9.1 FastEthernet0/0: allocate [OK]
*Aug
     7 05:14:17.292: ADJ: IP 10.4.9.1 FastEthernet0/0: request resolution [OK]
*Aug
     7 09:10:25.576: ADJ: IP 10.4.9.1 FastEthernet0/0: request to add ARP [OK]
*Aua
     7 09:10:25.576: ADJ: IP 10.4.9.1 FastEthernet0/0: allocate [Ignr]
*Aug
     7 09:10:25.576: ADJ: IP 10.4.9.1 FastEthernet0/0: add source ARP [OK]
*Aug
     7 09:10:25.580: ADJ: IP 10.4.9.1 FastEthernet0/0: request to update [OK]
*Aua
     7 09:10:25.580: ADJ: IP 10.4.9.1 FastEthernet0/0: update oce bundle, IPv4
                      no fixup adj oce [OK]
*Aug 7 09:10:25.580: ADJ: IP 10.4.9.1 FastEthernet0/0: update [OK]
                                                                         IPv4 no
fixup adj oce [OK]
*Aug 7 05:14:11.324: GLOBAL: adj mgr notified of fibidb state change int
                      Serial3/1 to up [OK]
*Aug
     7 05:14:12.064: GLOBAL: adj mgr notified of fibidb state change int
                      Serial3/0 to down [OK]
*Aug
     7 05:14:12.080: GLOBAL: adj mgr notified of fibidb state change int
                      Serial3/1 to down [OK]
*Aug
     7 05:14:17.292: GLOBAL: adj ipv4 bundle changed to IPv4 no fixup adj oce [OK]
*Αιια
     7 05:14:17.292: ADJ: IP 10.4.9.1 FastEthernet0/0: update oce bundle,
                                                                            TPv4
                       incomplete adj oce [OK]
*Aug
     7 05:14:17.292: ADJ: IP 10.4.9.1 FastEthernet0/0: allocate [OK]
     7 05:14:17.292: ADJ: IP 10.4.9.1 FastEthernet0/0: request resolution [OK]
*Aug
*Aug
     7 09:10:25.576: ADJ: IP 10.4.9.1 FastEthernet0/0: request to add ARP [OK]
*Aua
     7 09:10:25.576: ADJ: IP 10.4.9.1 FastEthernet0/0: allocate [Ignr]
     7 09:10:25.576: ADJ: IP 10.4.9.1 FastEthernet0/0: add source ARP [OK]
*Aug
*Aug
     7 09:10:25.580: ADJ: IP 10.4.9.1 FastEthernet0/0: request to update [OK]
*Aua
     7 09:10:25.580: ADJ: IP 10.4.9.1 FastEthernet0/0: update oce bundle, IPv4
                       no fixup adj oce [OK]
*Aug 7 09:10:25.580: ADJ: IP 10.4.9.1 FastEthernet0/0: update [OK]
```

#### **Related Commands**

command	Description			
monitor event-trace (EXEC)	Controls event trace functions for a specified Cisco IOS software subsystem component.			
monitor event-trace (global)	Configures event tracing for a specified Cisco IOS software subsystem component.			
monitor event-trace dump-traces	Saves trace messages for all event traces currently enabled on the networking device.			

### show monitor event-trace cef

To display event trace messages for Cisco Express Forwarding, use the **show monitor event-trace cef** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show monitor event-trace cef {all [detail] | back {minutes | hours:minutes} [detail] | clock
hours:minutes [day month] [detail] | from-boot [seconds] [detail] | latest [detail]
| merged {all [detail] | back {minutes | hours:minutes} [detail] | clock hours:minutes [day
month] [detail] | from-boot [seconds] [detail] | latest [detail]}}

Syntax Description	all	Displays all event trace messages currently in memory for Cisco Express Forwarding.
	detail	(Optional) Displays detailed trace information.
	back	Specifies how far back from the current time you want to view messages. For example, you can gather messages from the last 30 minutes.
	minutes	Specifies the time argument in minutes. The time argument is specified in minutes format (mmm).
	hours:minutes	Specifies the time argument in hours and minutes. The time argument is specified in hours and minutes format (hh:mm).
	clock	Displays event trace messages starting from a specific clock time in hours and minutes format (hh:mm).
	day month	(Optional) The day of the month from 1 to 31 and the month of the year.
	from-boot	Displays event trace messages starting after booting (uptime).
		To display the uptime, in seconds, enter the <b>show monitor event-trace cef from-boot ?</b> command.
	seconds	(Optional) Displays event trace messages starting from a specified number of seconds after booting (uptime). Range: 0 to 3369.
	latest	Displays only the event trace messages since the last <b>show monitor</b> event-trace cef command was entered.
	merged	Displays entries in all event traces sorted by time.

### **Command Modes** Privileged EXEC (#)

Command History	Release
	12.2(25)S

Modification
This command was introduced.
This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(28)SB and implemented on the Cisco 10000 series routers.
This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.
This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH.
This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.4(20)T.

### Use the show monitor event-trace cef command to display trace message information for Cisco Express Forwarding.

The trace function is not locked while information is displayed to the console, which means that new trace messages can accumulate in memory. If entries accumulate faster than they can be displayed, some messages can be lost. If this happens, the **show monitor event-trace cef** command generates a message indicating that some messages might be lost; however, messages continue to display on the console. If the number of lost messages is excessive, the **show monitor event-trace cef** command stops displaying messages.

### Examples

The following is sample output from the show monitor event-trace cef all command:

```
Router# show monitor event-trace cef all
```

cef\_events:

*Aug	22	20:14:58.999:	SubSys	ipv4fib_	los_d	def_cap ir	nit	
*Aug	22	20:14:58.999:	SubSys	ipv6fib_	los_d	def_cap ir	nit	
*Aug	22	20:14:58.999:	Inst	unknown -	-> R]	2		
*Aug	22	20:14:58.999:	SubSys	fib_ios_d	chair	n init		
*Aug	22	20:14:59.075:	SubSys	fib init				
*Aug	22	20:14:59.075:	SubSys	ipv4fib	init			
*Aug	22	20:14:59.075:	SubSys	fib_ios f	init			
*Aug	22	20:14:59.075:	SubSys	fib_ios_	lf in	nit		
*Aug	22	20:14:59.075:	SubSys	ipv4fib_	los :	init		
*Aug	22	20:14:59.075:	Flag	Common CI	EF ei	nabled set	t to yes	
*Aug	22	20:14:59.075:	Flag	IPv4 CEF	enal	oled set t	to yes	
*Aug	22	20:14:59.075:	Flag	IPv4 CEF	swit	tching ena	abled set t	to yes
*Aug	22	20:14:59.075:	GState	CEF enab	led			
*Aug	22	20:14:59.075:	SubSys	ipv6fib_	los :	init		
*Aug	22	20:14:59.075:	SubSys	ipv4fib_u	util	init		
*Aug	22	20:14:59.075:	SubSys	ipv4fib_1	les :	init		
*Aug	22	20:15:02.907:	Process	Backgrour	nd ci	reated		
*Aug	22	20:15:02.907:	Flag	IPv4 CEF	run	ning set t	to yes	
*Aug	22	20:15:02.907:	Process	Backgrour	nd ev	vent loop	enter	
*Aug	22	20:15:02.927:	Flag	IPv4 CEF	swit	tching rur	nning set t	to yes
cef_:	inte	erface:						
*Aug	22	20:14:58.999:	Et0/0	(hw	3)	SWvecLES	<unknown></unknown>	(0x01096A3C)
*Aug	22	20:14:58.999:	Et0/1	(hw	4)	SWvecLES	<unknown></unknown>	(0x01096A3C)
*Aug	22	20:14:58.999:	Et0/2	(hw	5)	SWvecLES	<unknown></unknown>	(0x01096A3C)
*Aug	22	20:14:58.999:	Et0/3	(hw	6)	SWvecLES	<unknown></unknown>	(0x01096A3C)
*Aug	22	20:14:58.999:	Et1/0	(hw	7)	SWvecLES	<unknown></unknown>	(0x01096A3C)
*Aug	22	20:14:58.999:	Et1/1	(hw	8)	SWvecLES	<unknown></unknown>	(0x01096A3C)
*Aug	22	20:14:58.999:	Et1/2	(hw	9)	SWvecLES	<unknown></unknown>	(0x01096A3C)
*Aug	22	20:14:58.999:	Et1/3	(hw	10)	SWvecLES	<unknown></unknown>	(0x01096A3C)
*Aug	22	20:14:58.999:	Se2/0	(hw	11)	SWvecLES	<unknown></unknown>	(0x01096A3C)
*Aug	22	20:14:58.999:	Se2/1	(hw	12)	SWvecLES	<unknown></unknown>	(0x01096A3C)
•								

.

The output is in table format where the first column contains a timestamp, the second column lists the type of event, and the third column lists the detail for the event.

Table 75 describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Field	Description			
*Aug 22 20:14:58.999:	A timestamp that indicates the month, day, and time when the event was captured.			
cef_events	Indicates that messages about Cisco Express Forwarding events will follow.			
SubSys	The event type that is related to the initialization of a subset of functionality. For example, "ipv4fib_ios_def_cap init" is the initialization of IPv4 Cisco Express Forwarding IOS default capabilities.			
Inst	The event type that records changes to an instance, such as changes to a Route Processor (RP) or line card. For example, a change from unknown to RP occurs at startup when the software detects what the instance is.			
Flag	The event type that records changes to Cisco Express Forwarding control flags that handle what is running, for example, "Common CEF enabled set to yes".			
GState	The event type that notes changes to the Cisco Express Forwarding global state: "CEF enabled" or "CEF disabled".			
Process	The event type that records when Cisco Express Forwarding processes are created, begin, or complete normal operations,			
cef_interface	Indicates that messages about Cisco Express Forwarding interface events will follow.			
Et0/0	Indicates that the following recorded event affects interface Ethernet 0/0.			
(hw 3)	The detail for this event is as follows:			
SWvecLES <unknown> (0x01096A3C)</unknown>	• (hw3)—The hardware interface descriptor block (idb) number for the interface			
	• SWvecLES—The switching vector for this interface is changed to the LES path			
	• <unknown>—The switching vector name is unknown</unknown>			
	• (0x01096A3C)—The address in memory of the switching vector			

 Table 75
 show monitor event -trace cef all Field Descriptions

The following is sample output from the **show monitor event-trace cef latest** command:

Router# show monitor event-trace cef latest

cef\_events:

\*

cef\_interface:

*Aug	22	20:14:59.075:	Se3/0	(sw	15)	FlagCha	0x60C1 add puntLC
*Aug	22	20:14:59.075:	<empty></empty>	(hw	16)	State	down -> up
*Aug	22	20:14:59.075:	<empty></empty>	(hw	16)	Create	new
*Aug	22	20:14:59.075:	Se3/1	(hw	16)	NameSet	
*Aug	22	20:14:59.075:	Se3/1	(hw	16)	HWIDBLnk	Serial3/1(16)
*Aug	22	20:14:59.075:	Se3/1	(hw	16)	RCFlags	None -> Fast
*Aug	22	20:14:59.075:	<empty></empty>	(sw	16)	VRFLink	IPv4:id0 - success
*Aug	22	20:14:59.075:	<empty></empty>	(sw	16)	State	deleted -> down
*Aug	22	20:14:59.075:	<empty></empty>	(sw	16)	Create	new
*Aug	22	20:14:59.075:	Se3/1	(sw	16)	NameSet	

```
*Aug 22 20:14:59.075: Se3/1
                                 (sw 16) FIBHWLnk Serial3/1(16)
*Aug 22 20:14:59.075: Se3/1
                                 (sw 16) SWIDBLnk Serial3/1(16)
*Aug 22 20:14:59.075: Se3/1
                                 (sw 16) FlagCha 0x6001 add p2p|input|first
*Aug 22 20:14:59.075: Se3/1
                                (sw 16) FlagCha 0x6041 add auto_adj
*Aug 22 20:14:59.075: Se3/1
                                (sw 16) Impared 1c rea Queueing configuration
*Aug 22 20:14:59.075: Se3/1
                                 (sw 16) FlagCha 0x60C1 add puntLC
*Aug 22 20:14:59.075: <empty>
                                 (hw 17) State down -> up
*Aug 22 20:14:59.075: <empty>
                                 (hw 17) Create new
*Aug 22 20:14:59.075: Se3/2
                                 (hw 17) NameSet
```

Table 76 describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Field	Description				
(sw15)	The detail for this event is as follows:				
FlagCha 0x60C1 add puntLC	<ul> <li>(sw 15)—The software idb number for the interface.</li> <li>FlagCha—Indicates a Forwarding Information Base interface descriptor block (fibidb) flag change for the interface.</li> </ul>				
	• 0x60C1—The flag field in hexadecimals after the change.				
	• add—Flags are added.				
	• puntLC—Changed flag or flags—puntLC is one flag that indicates packets that are switched to this interface on the linecard are handled by the next slower path (not switched by Cisco Express Forwarding).				
State	Indicates a change in state, for example when an interface goes from an up state to a down state.				
Create	Indicates that an interface was created.				
Nameset	Indicates that the name of the interface changed.				
RCFlags	Indicates that a route cache change occured.				

### Table 76 show monitor event-trace cef latest Field Descriptions

<b>Related Commands</b>	Command	Description
	monitor event-trace cef (EXEC)	Monitors and controls the event trace function for Cisco Express Forwarding.
	monitor event-trace cef (global)	Configures event tracing for Cisco Express Forwarding.
	monitor event-trace cef ipv4 (global)	Configures event tracing for Cisco Express Forwarding IPv4 events.
	monitor event-trace cef ipv6 (global)	Configures event tracing for Cisco Express Forwarding IPv6 events.
	show monitor event-trace cef events	Displays event trace messages for Cisco Express Forwarding events.
	show monitor event-trace cef interface	Displays event trace messages for Cisco Express Forwarding interface events.
	show monitor event-trace cef ipv4	Displays event trace messages for Cisco Express Forwarding IPv4 events.
	show monitor event-trace cef ipv6	Displays event trace messages for Cisco Express Forwarding IPv6 events.

## show monitor event-trace cef events

To display event trace messages for Cisco Express Forwarding events, use the **show monitor** event-trace cef events command in privileged EXEC mode.

show monitor event-trace cef events {all [detail] | back {minutes | hours:minutes } [detail] | clock
hours:minutes [day month] [detail] | from-boot [seconds] [detail] | latest [detail] |
parameters}

- 11	
811	Displays all event trace messages currently in memory for Cisco Express Forwarding.
detail	(Optional) Displays detailed trace information.
back	Specifies how far back from the current time you want to view messages. For example, you can gather messages from the last 30 minutes.
minutes	Time argument (mmm) in minutes.
hours:minutes	Time argument (hh:mm) in hours and minutes. You must enter the colon (:) in the argument.
clock	Displays event trace messages starting from a specific clock time in hours and minutes format (hh:mm).
day month	(Optional) The day of the month from 1 to 31 and the name of the month of the year.
from-boot	Displays event trace messages starting after booting (uptime).
	To display the uptime, in seconds, enter the <b>show monitor event-trace cef from-boot ?</b> command.
seconds	(Optional) Displays event trace messages starting from a specified number of seconds after booting (uptime). Range: 0 to 3279.
latest	Displays only the event trace messages generated since the last <b>show monitor event-trace cef</b> command was entered.
parameters	Displays parameters configured for the trace. The only parameter displayed is the size (number of trace messages) of the trace file.
	back minutes hours:minutes clock day month from-boot seconds latest

### Command ModesPrivileged EXEC (#)

Command	History
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Release	Modification		
12.2(25)SThis command was introduced.			
12.2(28)SBThis command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(28)SIimplemented on the Cisco 10000 series routers.			
12.2(33)SRAThis command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)			
12.2(33)SXHThis command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12			
12.4(20)T This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.			

# **Usage Guidelines** Use the **show monitor event-trace cef events** command to display trace message information about events associated with Cisco Express Forwarding.

The trace function is not locked while information is being displayed to the console. This means that new trace messages can accumulate in memory. If entries accumulate faster than they can be displayed, some messages can be lost. If this happens, the **show monitor event-trace cef events** command generates a message indicating that some messages might be lost; however, messages continue to be displayed on the console. If the number of lost message is excessive, the **show monitor event-trace cef events** command stops displaying messages.

### Examples

The following is sample output from the show monitor event-trace cef events all command:

Router# show monitor event-trace cef events all

-			-	<pre>ipv4fib_ios_def_cap init ipv6fib_ios_def_cap init</pre>
-		17:38:27.999:	-	
9				fib_ios_chain init
*Aug	13	17:38:28.199:	SubSys	fib init
*Aug	13	17:38:28.199:	SubSys	ipv4fib init
*Aug	13	17:38:28.199:	SubSys	fib_ios init
*Aug	13	17:38:28.199:	SubSys	fib_ios_if init
*Aug	13	17:38:28.199:	SubSys	ipv4fib_ios init
*Aug	13	17:38:28.199:	Flag	Common CEF enabled set to yes
*Aug	13	17:38:28.199:	Flag	IPv4 CEF enabled set to yes
*Aug	13	17:38:28.199:	Flag	IPv4 CEF switching enabled set to yes
*Aug	13	17:38:28.199:	GState	CEF enabled
*Aug	13	17:38:28.199:	SubSys	ipv6fib_ios init
*Aug	13	17:38:28.199:	SubSys	ipv4fib_util init
*Aug	13	17:38:28.199:	SubSys	ipv4fib_les init
*Aug	13	17:38:34.059:	Process	Background created
*Aug	13	17:38:34.059:	Flag	IPv4 CEF running set to yes
*Aug	13	17:38:34.059:	Process	Background event loop enter
*Aug	13	17:38:34.079:	Flag	IPv4 CEF switching running set to yes

Table 77 describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Field	Description
*Aug 13 17:38:27.999:	A time stamp that indicates the month, day, and time when the event was captured.
SubSys	The event type that is related to the initialization of a subset of functionality. For example, "ipv4fib_ios_def_cap init" is the initialization of IPv4 Cisco Express Forwarding IOS default capabilities.
Inst	The event type that records changes to an instance, such as changes to a Route Processor (RP) or line card. For example, a change from unknown to RP occurs at startup when the software detects what the instance is.
Flag	The event type that records changes to Cisco Express Forwarding control flags that handle what is running, for example, "Common CEF enabled set to yes".

Field	Description
	The event type that notes changes to the Cisco Express Forwarding global state: "CEF enabled" or "CEF disabled".
	The event type that records when Cisco Express Forwarding processes are created, begin, or complete normal operations,

Table 77	show monitor event-trace cef events all Field Descriptions (continued)
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Related Commands	Command	Description
	monitor event-trace cef	Monitors and controls the event trace function for
	(EXEC)	Cisco Express Forwarding.
	monitor event-trace cef (global)	Configures event tracing for Cisco Express Forwarding.
	monitor event-trace cef ipv4 (global)	Configures event tracing for Cisco Express Forwarding IPv4 events.
	monitor event-trace cef ipv6 (global)	Configures event tracing for Cisco Express Forwarding IPv6 events.
	show monitor event-trace cef	Displays event trace messages for Cisco Express Forwarding.
	show monitor event-trace cef interface	Displays event trace messages for Cisco Express Forwarding interface events.
	show monitor event-trace cef ipv4	Displays event trace messages for Cisco Express Forwarding IPv4 events.
	show monitor event-trace cef ipv6	Displays event trace messages for Cisco Express Forwarding IPv6 events.

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### show monitor event-trace cef interface

To display event trace messages for Cisco Express Forwarding interface events, use the show monitor event-trace cef interface command in privileged EXEC mode

show monitor event-trace cef interface {all [detail] | back {minutes | hours:minutes} [detail] | clock hours:minutes [day month] [detail] | from-boot [seconds] [detail] | latest [detail] | **parameters** | {**hw** | **sw**} *interface-index* {**all** [**detail**] | **back** {*minutes* | *hours:minutes*} [**detail**] | clock hours:minutes [day month] [detail] | from-boot [seconds] [detail] | latest [detail]}

Syntax Description	all	Displays all event trace messages currently in memory for Cisco Express
-,		Forwarding.
	detail	(Optional) Displays detailed trace information for Cisco Express Forwarding interface events.
	back	Specifies how far back from the current time you want to view messages. For example, you can gather messages from the last 30 minutes.
	minutes	Time argument (mmm) in minutes.
	hours:minutes	Time argument (hh:mm) in hours and minutes. You must enter the colon (:) in the argument.
	clock	Displays event trace messages starting from a specific clock time in hours and minutes format (hh:mm).
	day month	(Optional) The day of the month from 1 to 31 and the name of the month of the year.
	from-boot	Displays event trace messages starting after booting (uptime).
		To display the uptime, in seconds, enter the <b>show monitor event-trace cef from-boot ?</b> command.
	seconds	(Optional) Displays event trace messages starting from a specified number of seconds after booting (uptime). Range: 0 to 4429.
	latest	Displays only the event trace messages generated since the last <b>show monitor event-trace cef</b> command was entered.
	parameter	Displays parameters configured for the trace.
	hw	Displays trace events for the specified hardware interface index.
	SW	Displays trace events for the specified hardware interface index
	interface-index	Specifies the interface index. Range: 0 to 10000.

#### **Command Modes** Privileged EXEC (#)

### 1

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(25)S	This command was introduced.
	12.2(28)SB	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(28)SB and implemented on the Cisco 10000 series routers.
	12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.

Release	Modification
12.2(33)SXH	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH.
12.4(20)T	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.4(20)T.

### **Usage Guidelines**

Use the **show monitor event-trace cef interface** to display trace message information about interface events associated with Cisco Express Forwarding.

The trace function is not locked while information is displayed to the console. This means that new trace messages can accumulate in memory. If entries accumulate faster than they can be displayed, some messages can be lost. If this happens, the **show monitor event-trace cef interface** command generates a message indicating that some messages might be lost; however, messages continue to be displayed on the console. If the number of lost messages is excessive, the **show monitor event-trace cef interface** command stops displaying messages.

### **Examples**

The following is sample output from the show monitor event-trace cef interface latest command:

Router# show monitor event-trace cef interface latest

*Aug	22	20:14:58.999:	Et0/0	(hw	3)	SWvecLES	<unknown></unknown>	(0x01096A3C)
*Aug	22	20:14:58.999:	Et0/1	(hw	4)	SWvecLES	<unknown></unknown>	(0x01096A3C)
*Aug	22	20:14:58.999:	Et0/2	(hw	5)	SWvecLES	<unknown></unknown>	(0x01096A3C)
*Aug	22	20:14:58.999:	Et0/3	(hw	6)	SWvecLES	<unknown></unknown>	(0x01096A3C)
•								
•								
*Aug	22	20:14:59.075:	<empty></empty>	(hw	3)	State	down -> up	)
*Aug	22	20:14:59.075:	<empty></empty>	(hw	3)	Create	new	
*Aug	22	20:14:59.075:	Et0/0	(hw	3)	NameSet		
*Aug	22	20:14:59.075:	Et0/0	(hw	3)	HWIDBLnk	Ethernet0/	0(3)
*Aug	22	20:14:59.075:	Et0/0	(hw	3)	RCFlags	None -> Fa	st
*Aug	22	20:14:59.075:	<empty></empty>	(sw	3)	VRFLink	IPv4:id0 -	success
*Aug	22	20:14:59.075:	<empty></empty>	(sw	3)	State	deleted ->	• down
*Aug	22	20:14:59.075:	<empty></empty>	(sw	3)	Create	new	
*Aug	22	20:14:59.075:	Et0/0	(sw	3)	NameSet		
*Aug	22	20:14:59.075:	Et0/0	(sw	3)	FIBHWLnk	Ethernet0/	0(3)
*Aug	22	20:14:59.075:	Et0/0	(sw	3)	SWIDBLnk	Ethernet0/	0(3)
*Aug	22	20:14:59.075:	Et0/0	(sw	3)	FlagCha	0x6000 add	l input first
*Aug	22	20:14:59.075:	Et0/0	(sw	3)	State	down -> up	)
*Aug	22	20:14:59.075:	<empty></empty>	(hw	4)	State	down -> up	)
*Aug	22	20:14:59.075:	<empty></empty>	(hw	4)	Create	new	
*Aug	22	20:14:59.075:	Et0/1	(hw	4)	NameSet		
*Aug	22	20:14:59.075:	Et0/1	(hw	4)	HWIDBLnk	Ethernet0/	1(4)
*Aug	22	20:14:59.075:	Et0/1	(hw	4)	RCFlags	None -> Fa	ist
*Aug	22	20:14:59.075:	<empty></empty>	(sw	4)	VRFLink	IPv4:id0 -	success
*Aug	22	20:14:59.075:	<empty></empty>	(sw	4)	State	deleted ->	down
*Aug	22	20:14:59.075:	<empty></empty>	(sw	4)	Create	new	
*Aug	22	20:14:59.075:	Et0/1	(sw	4)	NameSet		
*Aug	22	20:14:59.075:	Et0/1	(sw	4)	FIBHWLnk	Ethernet0/	1(4)
*Aug	22	20:14:59.075:	Et0/1	(sw	4)	SWIDBLnk	Ethernet0/	1(4)
*Aug	22	20:14:59.075:	Et0/1	(sw	4)	FlagCha	0x6000 add	l input first
*Aug	22	20:14:59.075:	Et0/1	(sw	4)	State	down -> up	)

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Table 78 describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Field	Description		
Et0/0	Indicates that the following recorded event affects interface Ethernet 0/0.		
(hw3) SWvecLES <unknown> (0x01096A3C)</unknown>	<ul> <li>The detail for this event is as follows:</li> <li>(hw3)—The hardware interface descriptor block (idb) number for the interface</li> <li>SW/well ES The envitabing wester for this interface is</li> </ul>		
	• SWvecLES—The switching vector for this interface is changed to the LES path		
	<ul> <li><unknown>—The switching vector name is unknown</unknown></li> <li>(0x01096A3C)—The address in memory of the switching vector</li> </ul>		
State	Indicates a change in state, for example, when an interface goes from the up state to the down state.		
Create	Indicates that an interface was created.		
Nameset	Indicates that the name of the interface changed.		
RCFlags	Indicates that a route cache change occurred.		
FlagCha	Indicates that a Forwarding Information Base interface descriptor block (fibidb) flag changed for the interface.		

 Table 78
 show monitor event-trace cef interface latest Field Descriptions

<b>Related Commands</b>	Command	Description	
	monitor event-trace cef (EXEC)	Monitors and controls the event trace function for Cisco Express Forwarding.	
	monitor event-trace cef (global)	Configures event tracing for Cisco Express Forwarding.	
	monitor event-trace cef ipv4 (global)	Configures event tracing for Cisco Express Forwarding IPv4 events.	
	monitor event-trace cef ipv6 (global)	Configures event tracing for Cisco Express Forwarding IPv6 events.	
	show monitor event-trace cef	Displays event trace messages for Cisco Express Forwarding.	
	show monitor event-trace cef events	Displays event trace messages for Cisco Express Forwarding events.	
	show monitor event-trace cef ipv4	Displays event trace messages for Cisco Express Forwarding IPv4 events.	
	show monitor event-trace cef ipv6	Displays event trace messages for Cisco Express Forwarding IPv6 events.	

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# show monitor event-trace cef ipv4

To display event trace messages for Cisco Express Forwarding IPv4 events, use the **show monitor** event-trace cef ipv4 command in privileged EXEC mode.

show monitor event-trace cef ipv4 {{ip-address | vrf vrf-name ip-address} {all [detail] | back
{minutes | hours:minutes} [detail] | clock hours:minutes [day month] [detail] | from-boot
seconds [detail] | latest [detail] } | all [detail] | back {minutes | hours:minutes} [detail] | clock
hours:minutes [day month] [detail] | from-boot seconds [detail] | latest [detail] | parameters}

Syntax Description	ip-address	Specifies an IP address of interest in A.B.C.D format.
	vrf vrf-name	Specifies a Cisco Express Forwarding IPv4 Virtual Private Network (VPN) routing and Forwarding (VRF) table. The <i>vrf-name</i> argument specifies the name of the VRF of interest.
	all	Displays all event trace messages currently in memory for Cisco Express Forwarding IPv4 events.
	detail	(Optional) Displays detailed trace information for Cisco Express Forwarding IPv4 events.
	back	Specifies how far back from the current time you want to view messages. For example, you can gather messages from the last 30 minutes.
	minutes	Time argument (mmm) in minutes.
	hours:minutes	Time argument (hh:mm) in hours and minutes. You must enter the colon (:) in the argument.
	clock	Displays event trace messages starting from a specific clock time in hours and minutes format (hh:mm).
	day month	(Optional) The day of the month from 1 to 31 and the name of the month of the year.
	from-boot	Displays event trace messages starting after booting (uptime).
		To display the uptime, in seconds, enter the <b>show monitor event-trace cef from-boot ?</b> command.
	seconds	(Optional) Displays event trace messages starting from a specified number of seconds after booting (uptime). Range: 0 to 3279.
	latest	Displays only the event trace messages generated since the last <b>show monitor event-trace cef ipv4</b> command was entered.
	parameters	Displays parameters configured for the trace.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC (#)

**Command History** 

istory	Release	Modification
	12.2(25)S	This command was introduced.
	12.2(28)SB	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(28)SB and implemented on the Cisco 10000 series routers.
	12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.

Release	Modification
12.2(33)SXH	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH.
12.4(20)T	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.4(20)T.

### **Usage Guidelines**

Use the show monitor event-trace cef ipv4 command to display trace message information for Cisco Express Forwarding IPv4 events.

The trace function is not locked while information is displayed to the console. This means that new trace messages can accumulate in memory. If entries accumulate faster than they can be displayed, some messages can be lost. If this happens, the show monitor event-trace cef ipv4 command generates a message indicating that some messages might be lost; however, messages continue to be displayed on the console. If the number of lost messages is excessive, the show monitor event-trace cef ipv4 command stops displaying messages.

### Examples

The following is sample output from the **show monitor event-trace cef ipv4 all** command:

Router# show monitor event-trace cef ipv4 all

*Aug 22 20:14:59.075:	[Default] *.*.*.*/* [OK]	Allocated FIB table
*Aug 22 20:14:59.075:	[Default] *.*.*.*/*'00 [OK]	Add source Default table
*Aug 22 20:14:59.075:	[Default] 0.0.0.0/0'00 [OK]	FIB add src DRH (ins)
*Aug 22 20:14:59.075:	[Default] *.*.*.*/*'00 [OK]	New FIB table
*Aug 22 20:15:02.927:	[Default] *.*.*.*/*'00 [OK]	FIB refresh start
•		
•		

Table 79 describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 79         show monitor event-trace cef ipv4 all Field Descript	tions
---	-------

Field	Description
*Aug 22 20:14:59.075:	Time stamp that indicates the month, day, and time when the event was captured.
[Default] *.*.*/*	Identifies the default VRF.
Allocated FIB table [OK]	Provides the event detail and indicates if the event happened or if it was ignored ([Ignr]). In this instance, a FIB table was allocated.
Add source Default table	Indicates that a source for the Default table was added.

Following is sample output from the show monitor event-trace cef ipv4 parameters command:

Router# show monitor event-trace cef ipv4 parameters

```
Trace has 1000 entries
Stacktrace is disabled by default
Matching all events
```

Table 80 describes the significant fields shown in the display.

#### Table 80 show monitor event-trace cef ipv4 parameters Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Trace has 1000 entries	The size of the event logging buffer is 1000 entries.
Stacktrace is disabled by default	Stack trace at tracepoints is disabled.
Matching all events	Event tracing for all events is matched.

### Relat

ated Commands	Command	Description
	monitor event-trace cef (EXEC)	Monitors and controls the event trace function for Cisco Express Forwarding.
	monitor event-trace cef (global)	Configures event tracing for Cisco Express Forwarding.
	monitor event-trace cef ipv4 (global)	Configures event tracing for Cisco Express Forwarding IPv4 events.
	monitor event-trace cef ipv6 (global)	Configures event tracing for Cisco Express Forwarding IPv6 events.
	show monitor event-trace cef	Displays event trace messages for Cisco Express Forwarding.
	show monitor event-trace cef events	Displays event trace messages for Cisco Express Forwarding events.
	show monitor event-trace cef interface	Displays event trace messages for Cisco Express Forwarding interface events.
	show monitor event-trace cef ipv6	Displays event trace messages for Cisco Express Forwarding IPv6 events.

### show monitor event-trace cef ipv6

To display event trace messages for Cisco Express Forwarding IPv6 events, use the show monitor event-trace cef ipv6 command in privileged EXEC mode.

show monitor event-trace cef ipv6 {*ipv6-address* {all [detail] | back {*minutes* | *hours:minutes*} [detail] | clock hours: minutes [day month] [detail] | from-boot seconds [detail] | latest [detail] | all [detail] | back {minutes | hours:minutes ] [detail] | clock hours:minutes [day *month*] [detail] | from-boot *seconds* [detail] | latest [detail] | parameters}

Syntax Description	ipv6-address	Specifies an IPv6 address. This address must be specified in hexadecimals using 16-bit values between colons, as specified in RFC 2373.
	all	Displays all event trace messages currently in memory for Cisco Express Forwarding IPv6 events.
	detail	(Optional) Displays detailed trace information for Cisco Express Forwarding IPv6 events.
	back	Specifies how far back from the current time you want to view messages. For example, you can gather messages from the last 30 minutes.
	minutes	Time argument (mmm) in minutes.
	hours:minutes	Time argument (hh:mm) in hours and minutes. You must enter the colon (:) in the argument.
	clock	Displays event trace messages starting from a specific clock time in hours and minutes format (hh:mm).
	day month	(Optional) The day of the month from 1 to 31 and the name of the month of the year.
	from-boot	Displays event trace messages starting after booting (uptime).
		To display the uptime, in seconds, enter the <b>show monitor event-trace cef from-boot ?</b> command.
	seconds	(Optional) Displays event trace messages starting from a specified number of seconds after booting (uptime). Range: 0 to 3279.
	latest	Displays only the event trace messages generated since the last <b>show monitor event-trace cef ipv6</b> command was entered.
	parameters	Displays parameters configured for the trace.

**Command Modes** Privileged EXEC (#)

Command	History
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Release Modification 12.2(25)S This command was introduced. 12.2(28)SB This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(28)SB and implemented on the Cisco 10000 series routers. 12.2(33)SRA This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA. 12.2(33)SXH This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH. 12.4(20)T This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.4(20)T.

### Usage Guidelines

Use the **show monitor event-trace cef ipv6** command to display trace message information for Cisco Express Forwarding IPv6 events.

The trace function is not locked while information is displayed to the console. This means that new trace messages can accumulate in memory. If entries accumulate faster than they can be displayed, some messages can be lost. If this happens, the **show monitor event-trace cef ipv6** command generates a message indicating that some messages might be lost; however, messages continue to be displayed on the console. If the number of lost messages is excessive, the **show monitor event-trace cef ipv6** command stops displaying messages.

### **Examples**

### The following is a sample of the **show monitor event-trace cef ipv6 all** command:

Router# show monitor event-trace cef ipv6 all

*Aug 22 20:14:59.075:	[Default]	*::*/*	Allocated FIB table
	[OK]		
*Aug 22 20:14:59.075:		*::*/*'00	Add source Default table
	[OK]		
*Aug 22 20:14:59.075:		::/0'00	FIB add src DRH (ins)
	[OK]		
*Aug 22 20:14:59.075:	[Default]	*::*/*'00	New FIB table
	[OK]		

Table 81 describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 81	show monitor event-trace cef ipv6 all Field Descriptions
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Field	Description	
*Aug 22 20:14:59.075:	Time stamp that indicates the month, day, and time when the event was captured.	
[Default] *::*/*	Identifies the default VRF.	
Allocated FIB table [OK]	Provides the event detail and indicates if the event happened. In this instance, a FIB table was allocated.	

The following is sample output from the show monitor event-trace cef ipv6 parameters command:

```
Router# show monitor event-trace cef ipv6 parameters
```

```
Trace has 1000 entries
Stacktrace is disabled by default
Matching all events
```

Table 82 describes the significant fields shown in the display.

### Table 82 show monitor event-trace cef ipv6 parameters Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Trace has 1000 entries	The size of the event logging buffer is 1000 entries.
Stacktrace is disabled by default	Stack trace at tracepoints is disabled.
Matching all events	Event tracing for all events is matched.

Г

Related Commands	Command	Description
	monitor event-trace cef (EXEC)	Monitors and controls the event trace function for Cisco Express Forwarding.
	monitor event-trace cef (global)	Configures event tracing for Cisco Express Forwarding.
	monitor event-trace cef ipv4 (global)	Configures event tracing for Cisco Express Forwarding IPv4 events.
	monitor event-trace cef ipv6 (global)	Configures event tracing for Cisco Express Forwarding IPv6 events.
	show monitor event-trace cef	Displays event trace messages for Cisco Express Forwarding.
	show monitor event-trace cef events	Displays event trace messages for Cisco Express Forwarding events.
	show monitor event-trace cef interface	Displays event trace messages for Cisco Express Forwarding interface events.
	show monitor event-trace cef ipv4	Displays event trace messages for Cisco Express Forwarding IPv4 events.

### show monitor event-trace continuous

To display event trace messages of components that have enabled continuous display, use the **show monitor event-trace continuous** command in privileged EXEC mode.

### show monitor event-trace continuous

**Syntax Description** This command has no arguments or keywords.

### **Command Modes** Privileged EXEC (#)

**Command History** Release Modification 12.2(25)S This command was introduced. 12.4(2)T This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.3(2)T. 12.2(28)SB This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(28)SB. 12.2(33)SRA This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA. 12.2(33)SXH This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH. Cisco IOS XE This command was implemented on Cisco ASR 1000 Series Aggregation Release 2.1 Services Routers.

### Examples

The following is sample output from the **show monitor event-trace continuous** command. The fields are self-explanatory.

Router# show monitor event-trace continuous

Event trace continuous display enabled for: datainteg tunnel adjacency

Related Commands	Command	Description	
	monitor event-trace (EXEC)	Controls event trace functions for a specified Cisco IOS software subsystem component.	
	monitor event-trace (global)	Configures event tracing for a specified Cisco IOS software subsystem component.	
	monitor event-trace dump-traces	Saves trace messages for all event traces currently enabled on the networking device.	

### show monitor event-trace cpu-report

To display event trace messages for the CPU, use the **show monitor event-trace cpu-report** command in user EXEC or privileged EXEC mode.

show monitor event-trace cpu-report {brief {all | back {mmm | hhh:mm} | clock hh:mm [date month | month date] | from-boot [seconds] | latest } [detail] | handle handle-number}

Syntax Description	brief	Displays a brief CPU report.
	all	Displays all event trace messages currently in memory for the CPU.
	back	Specifies how far back from the current time you want to view messages. For example, you can gather messages from the last 30 minutes.
	{mmm   hhh:mm}	Duration of the trace. The format is mmm or hhh:mm.
	clock	Displays event trace messages starting from a specific clock time.
	hh:mm	Integer value that is the length of time, in hours and minutes. The format is hh:mm.
	date	(Optional) Day of the month (from 1 to 31).
	month	(Optional) Displays the month of the year.
	from-boot	Displays event trace messages starting from a specified number of seconds after booting.
	seconds	(Optional) Number of seconds since the networking device was last booted (uptime).
	latest	Displays only the event trace messages since the last <b>show monitor event-trace</b> command was entered.
	detail	(Optional) Displays detailed event trace information.
	handle	Displays a detailed CPU report for a specified handle number.
	handle-number	Handle number. Valid values are from 1 to 255.

Command Modes User EXEC (>) Privileged EXEC (#)

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.3(14)T	This command was introduced.
	12.2(33)SRB	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRB.
	12.2(33)SB	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SB.
	Cisco IOS XE Release 2.1	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS XE Release 2.1.

### **Usage Guidelines**

Use the **show monitor event-trace cpu-report** command with the **brief** keyword to display the CPU report details. To display individual snapshots, use the **show monitor event-trace cpu-report handle** *handle-number* command.

To display the uptime, in seconds, enter the **show monitor event-trace cpu-report from-boot** ? command.

**Examples** 

To display CPU report details for event tracing on a networking device, enter the **show monitor** event-trace cpu-report brief all command. The field descriptions are self-explanatory.

Router# show monitor event-trace cpu-report brief all

Timestamp	:	Handle	Name	Description
00:01:07.320	:	1	CPU	None

To display CPU report details for event tracing on a networking device for the handle number 1, enter the **show monitor event-trace cpu-report handle 1** command. The field descriptions are self-explanatory.

```
Router# show monitor event-trace cpu-report handle 1
00:01:07.320: 1 CPU
                              None
***************
Global Statistics
-----
5 sec CPU util 0%/0% Timestamp 21:03:56
Oueue Statistics
_____
         Exec Count Total CPU
                           Response Time
                                            Queue Length

        Critical
        1
        0

        High
        5
        0

        Normal
        178
        0

        Low
        15
        0

                             (avg/max)
                                              (avg/max)
                              0/0
                                               1/1
                              0/0
                                               1/1
                              0/0
                                               2/9
                              0/0
                                                2/3
Common Process Information
 ------
          Prio Style
PID Name
_____
 10 AAA high-capacit M New
133 RADIUS TEST CMD M New
 47 VNM DSPRM MAIN H New
 58 TurboACL
               M New
 97 IP Background M New
 99 CEF: IPv4 proces L New
112 X.25 Background M New
 117 LFDp Input Proc M New
  3 Init
                M Old
CPU Intensive processes
_____
           Exec Quant
Count avg/max
PID Total
                            Burst Burst size Schedcall Schedcall
   CPUms
                            Count avg/max(ms) Count Per avg/max
_____
                                              _____
  3 820 6 136/236 1 24/24
                                                18 887/15172
Priority Suspends
_____
PID Exec Count Prio-Susps
------
 3
          6 1
Latencies
_____
PID Exec Count Latency
            avg/max
_____
 10115192/15192133115192/15192
 133
```

L

58	1 151	92/15192							
112	1 15192/15192								
117									
99	1 15172/15172								
47	1 15172/15172								
97	1 151	72/15172							
##########	########	#########	###############	+ # # # # # # # # # # # #	##########	****			
Global Stat	istics								
5 sec CPU u		% Timestamp	o 00:00:00						
Queue Stati									
Exe		Total CPU	Response T	me	Queue Leng	rth			
Enc	e courre	iotai cio	(avg/max)		(avg/ma	•			
Critical	0	0	0/0		0/0	,			
High	0	0	0/0		0/0				
-	0	0	0/0		0/0				
Low	0	0	0/0		0/0				
Common Proc									
PID Name		Prio Styl							
CPU Intensi	-								
PID Total	Ex	ec Quant	t Burst	Burst size	Schedcall	Schedcall			
CPUms	Cou	nt avg/ma	ax Count	avg/max(ms)	Count	Per avg/max			
Priority Su	spends								
PID Exec C	ount Pri	-							
Latencies									

<b>Related Commands</b>	Command	Description
	monitor event-trace cpu-report (EXEC)	Monitors event tracing of the CPU reports.
	monitor event-trace cpu-report (global)	Monitors the collection of CPU report traces.
	monitor event-trace dump-traces	Saves trace messages for all event traces currently enabled on the networking device.

# show monitor event-trace hw-api

To display event trace information about the HW-API events, use the **show monitor event-trace hw-api** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show monitor event-trace hw-api {{all | back time | clock time day month | from-boot [time] |
 latest} [detail] | parameters}

Syntax Description	all	Displays all event traces in the current buffer.			
	back	Displays trace from a specific time far back in the past.			
	time	Duration of trace in the format mmm or hhh:mm.			
	clock Displays trace from a specific clock time and date.				
	time	Time in the format hh:mm.			
	day	Day of the month.			
	month	Month of the year.			
	from-boot	Displays trace from specified seconds after booting.			
	time	(Optional) Time after boot in seconds. Valid range is 0 to 217696.			
	latest	Displays latest trace events since last display.			
	detail	(Optional) Displays detailed trace information.			
	parameters	Displays the parameters of the trace.			

### Command ModesPrivileged EXEC (#)

Release	Modification				
12.4(17)T	This command was introduced.				
12.2SX	This command is supported in the Cisco IOS Release 12.2SX train. Support in a specific 12.2SX release of this train depends on your feature set, platform, and platform hardware.				
12.2(33)SRC	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRC.				
Cisco IOS XE Release 2.1	This command was implemented on the Cisco ASR 1000 series routers.				
	12.4(17)T 12.2SX 12.2(33)SRC Cisco IOS XE				

### **Examples**

Com

The following is sample output from the **show monitor event-trace hw-api all** command. The fields are self-explanatory.

### Router# show monitor event-trace hw-api all

\*Jan 14 17:42:25.207: bwalk at 000756FC adj Et0/0 IP 192.168.1.1 0 0.000 \*Jan 14 17:42:25.207: bwalk as 00075600 adj Et0/0 IP 192.168.1.1 0 0.000 \*Jan 14 17:42:25.207: bwalk at 000756FC adj Et0/0 IP 192.168.1.1 0 0.000 \*Jan 14 17:42:25.207: bwalk as 00075600 rpflst 014B1450

0.000 \*Jan 14 17:42:25.207: bwalk at 000756FC rpflst 014B1450 0.000 \*Jan 14 17:42:25.207: bwalk as 00075600 fibidb Ethernet0/0 0.000 \*Jan 14 17:42:25.207: bwalk at 000756FC fibidb Ethernet0/0 0.000 \*Jan 14 17:42:25.207: bwalk as 00075600 adj Et0/0 IP 192.168.1.1 0 0.000 \*Jan 14 17:42:25.207: bwalk at 000756FC adj Et0/0 IP 192.168.1.1 0 0.000 \*Jan 14 17:42:25.207: bwalk as 00075600 rpflst 014B1450 0.000 \*Jan 14 17:42:25.207: bwalk at 000756FC rpflst 014B1450 0.000 \*Jan 14 17:42:25.207: bwalk as 00075600 adj Et0/0 IP 192.168.1.1 0

<b>Related Commands</b>	Command	Description				
	monitor event-trace (EXEC)	Controls event trace functions for a specified Cisco IOS software subsystem component.				
	monitor event-trace (global)	Configures event tracing for a specified Cisco IOS software subsystem component.				
	monitor event-trace dump-traces	Saves trace messages for all event traces currently enabled on the networking device.				
	monitor event-trace hw-api	Monitors control even tracing of HW-API events.				

## show monitor event-trace merged-list

To display event trace information for a list of trace buffers sorted by time, use the **show monitor** event-trace merged-list command in privileged EXEC mode.

show monitor event-trace merged-list trace-buffer-name1 [...[trace-buffer-name4]]

Syntax Description	trace-buffer-name	Name of the trace buffer. You can specify up to four trace buffers.
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (#)	
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.0(26)S	This command was introduced.
	12.3(2)T	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.3(2)T.
	12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.
	12.2SX	This command is supported in the Cisco IOS Release 12.2SX train. Support in a specific 12.2SX release of this train depends on your feature set, platform, and platform hardware.
	Cisco IOS XE Release 2.1	This command was implemented on the Cisco ASR 1000 Series Aggregation Services Routers.

### Examples

The following is sample output from the **show monitor event-trace merged-list** command. The output displays event trace information for the lists cef\_interface and licnvram, sorted by time. The fields are self-explanatory.

Router# show monitor event-trace merged-list list1 cef\_interface licnvram

			licnvram: **NVI licnvram: **NVI		-		-		
			licnvram: **NVF		-		5	5 5	
*Dec	7	14:02:42.767:	cef_interface:				nw 2)	SWvecLES	Null
*Dec	7	14:02:42.767:	cef_interface:	Gi0/		(h	1w 3)	SWvecLES	Null
*Dec	7	14:02:42.767:	cef_interface:		522026C8 /0	- /	1w 5)	SWvecLES	Null
*D	7	14.00.40.767.	and interform		522026C8	- /		Ownee of D.C.	NT 1 1
*Dec	/	14:02:42.767:	cef_interface:		522026C8		1W 6)	SWvecLES	NULL
*Dec	7	14:02:42.767:	cef_interface:		522026C8		1w 4)	SWvecLES	Null
*Dec	7	14:02:42.851:	cef_interface:			- /	1w 2)	Create	new ['0]
*Dec	7	14:02:42.851:	cef_interface:	<emp< td=""><td>oty&gt;</td><td>(ŀ</td><td>1w 2)</td><td>State</td><td>down -&gt; up</td></emp<>	oty>	(ŀ	1w 2)	State	down -> up
			cef_interface:			(ŀ	,	NameSet	
*Dec	7	14:02:42.851:	cef_interface:	Gi0/	0	(ŀ	1w 2)	HWIDBLnk	GigabitEthernet

<b>Related Commands</b>	Command	Description			
	monitor event-trace (EXEC)	Controls event trace functions for a specified Cisco IOS software subsystem component.			
	monitor event-trace (global)	Configures event tracing for a specified Cisco IOS software subsystem component.			
	monitor event-trace dump-traces	Saves trace messages for all event traces currently enabled on the networking device.			