

show monitor permit-list

To display the permit-list state and interfaces configured, use the **show monitor permit-list** command in user EXEC or privileged EXEC mode.

show monitor permit-list

Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.

Defaults This command has no default settings.

Command Modes User EXEC
Privileged EXEC

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(18)SXE	Support for this command was introduced on the Supervisor Engine 720.
	12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.

Examples This example shows how to display the permit-list state and interfaces configured:

```
Router# show monitor permit-list

SPAN Permit-list      :Admin Enabled
  Permit-list ports   :Gi5/1-4,Gi6/1
Router(config)#
```

Related Commands	Command	Description
	monitor permit-list	Configures a destination port permit list or adds to an existing destination port permit list.

show monitor session

To display information about the ERSPAN, SPAN and RSPAN sessions, use the **show monitor session** command in user EXEC mode.

show monitor session [**range** *session-range* | **local** | **remote** | **all** | *session*]

show monitor session [**erspan-destination** | **erspan-source** | **egress replication-mode capability** | **detail**]

Syntax Description	
range <i>session-range</i>	(Optional) Displays a range of sessions; valid values are from 1 to 66.
local	(Optional) Displays only local SPAN sessions.
remote	(Optional) Displays both RSPAN source and destination sessions.
all	(Optional) Displays all sessions.
<i>session</i>	(Optional) Number of the session; valid values are from 1 to 66.
erspan-destination	(Optional) Displays information about the destination ERSPAN sessions only. This keyword is not supported on the Supervisor Engine 2.
erspan-source	(Optional) Displays information about the source ERSPAN sessions only. This keyword is not supported on the Supervisor Engine 2.
egress replication-mode capability	(Optional) Displays the operational mode and configured mode of the session and module session capabilities.
detail	(Optional) Displays detailed session information.

Defaults This command has no default settings.

Command Modes User EXEC (>)

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(14)SX	This command was introduced on the Supervisor Engine 720.
	12.2(17d)SXB	Support was added for the Supervisor Engine 2.
	12.2(18)SXE	Support was added for the erspan-destination and erspan-source keywords on the Supervisor Engine 720 only.
	12.2(18)SXF	This command was updated as follows: - Support was added for the Supervisor Engine 32. - ERSPAN is supported in any switch fabric module functionality switching mode.
	12.2(33)SXH	The egress replication-mode capability keywords were added.

Usage Guidelines

The **erspan-destination** and **erspan-source** keywords are not supported on Catalyst 6500 series switches that are configured with a Supervisor Engine 2.

In releases prior to Release 12.2(18)SXF, ERSPAN is supported on Catalyst 6500 series switches that are operating in compact switch fabric module functionality switching mode only.

Release 12.2(18)SXF and later releases support ERSPAN in any switch fabric module functionality switching mode.

If the switch fabric module functionality switching mode is set to compact, the output of the **show** commands display “dcef mode” for fabric-enabled modules with DFC3 installed and display “fabric mode” for other fabric-enabled modules.

If the switch fabric module functionality switching mode is set to truncated, the output of the **show** commands display “fabric mode” for all fabric-enabled modules.

When entering a range of sessions, use a dash (-) to specify a range and separate multiple entries with a comma (.). Do not enter spaces before or after the comma or the dash.

You can enter multiple ranges by separating the ranges with a comma.

If you enter the **show monitor session** command without specifying a session, the information for all sessions is displayed.

Examples

This example shows how to display the saved version of the monitor configuration for a specific session:

```
Router# show monitor session 2
Session 2
-----
Type : Remote Source Session

Source Ports:
  RX Only:      Fa1/1-3
Dest RSPAN VLAN: 901
Router#
```

This example shows how to display the detailed information from a saved version of the monitor configuration for a specific session:

```
Router# show monitor session 2 detail
Session 2
-----
Type : Remote Source Session

Source Ports:
  RX Only:      Fa1/1-3
  TX Only:      None
  Both:         None
Source VLANs:
  RX Only:      None
  TX Only:      None
  Both:         None
Source RSPAN VLAN: None
Destination Ports: None
Filter VLANs:   None
Dest RSPAN VLAN: 901
Router#
```

This example shows how to display information about the egress replication mode only:

```
Router# show monitor session egress replication-mode capability
No SPAN configuration is present in the system.
```

```
-----
Global Egress SPAN Replication Mode Capability:
```

Slot	Egress Replication Capability		
No	LSPAN	RSPAN	ERSPAN
3	Distributed	Distributed	Distributed
5	Distributed	Distributed	Distributed

```
Router#
```

This example shows how to display information about the destination ERSPAN sessions only:

```
Router# show monitor session erspan-destination
Session 2
-----
Type           : ERSPAN Destination Session
Status          : Admin Disabled
Router#
```

This example shows how to display detailed information about the destination ERSPAN sessions only:

```
Router# show monitor session erspan-destination detail
Session 2
-----
Type           : ERSPAN Destination Session
Status          : Admin Disabled
Description      : -
Source Ports    :
    RX Only     : None
    TX Only     : None
    Both        : None
Source VLANs    :
    RX Only     : None
    TX Only     : None
    Both        : None
Source RSPAN VLAN : None
Destination Ports : None
Filter VLANs    : None
Destination RSPAN VLAN : None
Source IP Address : None
Source IP VRF    : None
Source ERSPAN ID : None
Destination IP Address : None
Destination IP VRF : None
Destination ERSPAN ID : None
Origin IP Address : None
IP QOS PREC     : 0
IP TTL          : 255
Router#
```

This example shows how to display information about the source ERSPAN sessions only:

```
Router# show monitor session erspan-source
Session 1
-----
Type           : ERSPAN Source Session
Status          : Admin Disabled
Session 3
-----
Type           : ERSPAN Source Session
Status          : Admin Disabled
Router#
```

This example shows how to display detailed information about the source ERSPAN sessions only:

```
Router# show monitor session erspan-source detail
```

```
Session 1
```

```
-----
```

```
Type                : ERSPAN Source Session
Status               : Admin Disabled
Description          : -
Source Ports         :
    RX Only          : None
    TX Only          : None
    Both              : None
Source VLANs         :
    RX Only          : None
    TX Only          : None
    Both              : None
Source RSPAN VLAN    : None
Destination Ports    : None
Filter VLANs         : None
Destination RSPAN VLAN : None
Source IP Address     : None
Source IP VRF         : None
Source ERSPAN ID      : None
Destination IP Address : None
Destination IP VRF    : None
Destination ERSPAN ID : None
Origin IP Address     : None
IP QOS PREC          : 0
IP TTL                : 255
```

```
Session 3
```

```
-----
```

```
Type                : ERSPAN Source Session
Status               : Admin Disabled
Description          : -
Source Ports         :
    RX Only          : None
    TX Only          : None
    Both              : None
Source VLANs         :
    RX Only          : None
    TX Only          : None
    Both              : None
Source RSPAN VLAN    : None
Destination Ports    : None
Filter VLANs         : None
Destination RSPAN VLAN : None
Source IP Address     : None
Source IP VRF         : None
Source ERSPAN ID      : None
Destination IP Address : None
Destination IP VRF    : None
Destination ERSPAN ID : None
Origin IP Address     : None
IP QOS PREC          : 0
IP TTL                : 255
```

```
Router#
```

This example shows how to display the operational mode and configured mode of the session and module session capabilities:

```
Router# show monitor session egress replication-mode capability
```

```
Session 65 Type Local Session
```

```
-----
```

```

Operational mode of egress span replication      : Centralized
Configured mode of egress span replication      : Distributed/Default

```

```

Slot          Egress Replication Capability
-----
1              Centralized
3              Centralized
5              Centralized
Router#

```

Related Commands

Command	Description
monitor session	Starts a new ERSPAN, SPAN, or RSPAN session, adds or deletes interfaces or VLANs to or from an existing session, filters ERSPAN, SPAN, or RSPAN traffic to specific VLANs, or deletes a session.
monitor session type	Creates an ERSPAN source session number or enters the ERSPAN session configuration mode for the session.
remote-span	Configures a VLAN as an RSPAN VLAN.

show msfc

To display Multilayer Switching Feature Card (MSFC) information, use the **show msfc** command in user EXEC or privileged EXEC mode.

show msfc {buffers | eeprom | fault | netint | tlb}

Syntax Description

buffers	Displays buffer-allocation information.
eeprom	Displays the internal information.
fault	Displays fault information.
netint	Displays network-interrupt information.
tlb	Displays information about the TLB registers.

Defaults

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

User EXEC
Privileged EXEC

Command History

Release	Modification
12.2(14)SX	Support for this command was introduced on the Supervisor Engine 720.
12.2(17d)SXB	Support for this command on the Supervisor Engine 2 was extended to Release 12.2(17d)SXB.
12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.

Examples

These examples display the **show msfc** command output:

Router# **show msfc buffers**

```
Reg. set   Min    Max
TX         640    640
ABQ        640  16384
0           0     40
1        6715  8192
2           0     0
3           0     0
4           0     0
5           0     0
6           0     0
7           0     0
```

Threshold = 8192

```
Vlan Sel  Min  Max  Cnt  Rsvd
1016   1 6715 8192   0    0
Router#
```

Router# **show msfc eeprom**

RSFC CPU IDPROM:
IDPROM image:

(FRU is 'Cat6k MSFC 2 daughterboard')

IDPROM image block #0:

hexadecimal contents of block:

```
00: AB AB 01 90 13 22 01 00 00 02 60 03 00 EA 43 69      .....".....`...Ci
10: 73 63 6F 20 53 79 73 74 65 6D 73 00 00 00 00 00      sco Systems.....
20: 00 00 57 53 2D 46 36 4B 2D 4D 53 46 43 32 00 00      ..WS-F6K-MSFC2..
30: 00 00 00 00 00 00 53 41 44 30 36 32 31 30 30 36      .....SAD0621006
40: 37 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 37 33 2D 37 32 33      7.....73-723
50: 37 2D 30 33 00 00 00 00 00 00 41 30 00 00 00 00      7-03.....A0....
60: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00      .....
70: 00 00 00 02 00 03 00 00 00 00 00 09 00 05 00 01      .....
80: 00 03 00 01 00 01 00 02 00 EA FF DF 00 00 00 00      .....
```

block-signature = 0xABAB, block-version = 1,
block-length = 144, block-checksum = 4898

*** common-block ***

IDPROM capacity (bytes) = 256 IDPROM block-count = 2

FRU type = (0x6003,234)

OEM String = 'Cisco Systems'

Product Number = 'WS-F6K-MSFC2'

Serial Number = 'SAD06210067'

Manufacturing Assembly Number = '73-7237-03'

Manufacturing Assembly Revision = 'A0'

Hardware Revision = 2.3

Manufacturing bits = 0x0 Engineering bits = 0x0

SNMP OID = 9.5.1.3.1.1.2.234

Power Consumption = -33 centiamperes RMA failure code = 0-0-0-0

*** end of common block ***

IDPROM image block #1:

hexadecimal contents of block:

```
00: 60 03 01 62 0A C2 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00      `..b.....
10: 00 00 00 00 00 01 00 23 00 08 7C A4 CE 80 00 40      .....#...|....@
20: 01 01 00 01 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00      .....
30: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00      .....
40: 14 01 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00      .....
50: 10 00 4B 3C 41 32 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80      ..K<A2.....
60: 80 80      ..
```

block-signature = 0x6003, block-version = 1,
block-length = 98, block-checksum = 2754

*** linecard specific block ***

feature-bits = 00000000 00000000

hardware-changes-bits = 00000000 00000001

card index = 35

mac base = 0008.7CA4.CE80

mac_len = 64

num_processors = 1

epld_num = 1

epld_versions = 0001 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000
00 0000 0000

port numbers:

pair #0: type=14, count=01

pair #1: type=00, count=00

pair #2: type=00, count=00

pair #3: type=00, count=00

pair #4: type=00, count=00

pair #5: type=00, count=00

```

pair #6: type=00, count=00
pair #7: type=00, count=00
sram_size = 4096
sensor_thresholds =
  sensor #0: critical = 75 oC, warning = 60 oC
  sensor #1: critical = 65 oC, warning = 50 oC
  sensor #2: critical = -128 oC (sensor not present), warning = -128 oC (senso
r not present)
  sensor #3: critical = -128 oC (sensor not present), warning = -128 oC (senso
r not present)
  sensor #4: critical = -128 oC (sensor not present), warning = -128 oC (senso
r not present)
  sensor #5: critical = -128 oC (sensor not present), warning = -128 oC (senso
r not present)
  sensor #6: critical = -128 oC (sensor not present), warning = -128 oC (senso
r not present)
  sensor #7: critical = -128 oC (sensor not present), warning = -128 oC (senso
r not present)
*** end of linecard specific block ***

```

End of IDPROM image
Router#

Router# **show msfc fault**

```

Reg. set   Min   Max
TX          640
ABQ        640 16384
0           0    40
1        6715  8192
2           0    0
3           0    0
4           0    0
5           0    0
6           0    0
7           0    0
Threshold = 8192

```

```

Vlan Sel  Min  Max  Cnt  Rsvd
1016   1 6715 8192   0    0
Router#

```

Router# **show msfc netint**

```

Network IO Interrupt Throttling:
  throttle count=0, timer count=0
  active=0, configured=1
  netint usec=3999, netint mask usec=400

```

Router#

Router# **show msfc tlb**

```

Mistral revision 3
TLB entries : 37
Virt Address range   Phy Address range   Attributes
0x10000000:0x1001FFFF 0x010000000:0x01001FFFF CacheMode=2, RW, Valid
0x10020000:0x1003FFFF 0x010020000:0x01003FFFF CacheMode=2, RW, Valid
0x10040000:0x1005FFFF 0x010040000:0x01005FFFF CacheMode=2, RW, Valid
0x10060000:0x1007FFFF 0x010060000:0x01007FFFF CacheMode=2, RW, Valid
0x10080000:0x10087FFF 0x010080000:0x010087FFF CacheMode=2, RW, Valid
0x10088000:0x1008FFFF 0x010088000:0x01008FFFF CacheMode=2, RW, Valid
0x18000000:0x1801FFFF 0x010000000:0x01001FFFF CacheMode=0, RW, Valid
0x19000000:0x1901FFFF 0x010000000:0x01001FFFF CacheMode=7, RW, Valid

```

```

0x1E000000:0x1E1FFFFFF 0x01E00000:0x01E1FFFFFF CacheMode=2, RW, Valid
0x1E880000:0x1E881FFF 0x01E88000:0x01E881FFF CacheMode=2, RW, Valid
0x1FC00000:0x1FC7FFFF 0x01FC0000:0x01FC7FFFF CacheMode=2, RO, Valid
0x30000000:0x3001FFFF 0x07000000:0x07001FFFF CacheMode=2, RW, Valid
0x40000000:0x407FFFFF 0x00000000:0x0007FFFFF CacheMode=3, RO, Valid
0x40800000:0x40FFFFFF 0x00080000:0x000FFFFFF CacheMode=3, RO, Valid
0x41000000:0x417FFFFF 0x00100000:0x0017FFFFF CacheMode=3, RO, Valid
0x41800000:0x419FFFFF 0x00180000:0x0019FFFFF CacheMode=3, RO, Valid
0x41A00000:0x41A7FFFF 0x001A0000:0x001A7FFFF CacheMode=3, RO, Valid
0x41A80000:0x41A9FFFF 0x001A8000:0x001A9FFFF CacheMode=3, RO, Valid
0x41AA0000:0x41ABFFFF 0x001AA000:0x001ABFFFF CacheMode=3, RO, Valid
0x41AC0000:0x41AC7FFF 0x001AC000:0x001AC7FFF CacheMode=3, RO, Valid
0x41AC8000:0x41ACFFFF 0x001AC800:0x001ACFFFF CacheMode=3, RO, Valid
0x41AD0000:0x41AD7FFF 0x001AD000:0x001AD7FFF CacheMode=3, RO, Valid
0x41AD8000:0x41AD9FFF 0x001AD800:0x001AD9FFF CacheMode=3, RO, Valid
0x41ADA000:0x41ADBFFF 0x001ADA00:0x001ADBFFF CacheMode=3, RW, Valid
0x41ADC000:0x41ADDFFF 0x001ADC00:0x001ADDFFF CacheMode=3, RW, Valid
0x41ADE000:0x41ADFFFF 0x001ADE00:0x001ADFFFF CacheMode=3, RW, Valid
0x41AE0000:0x41AFFFFF 0x001AE000:0x001AFFFFF CacheMode=3, RW, Valid
0x41B00000:0x41B7FFFF 0x001B0000:0x001B7FFFF CacheMode=3, RW, Valid
0x41B80000:0x41BFFFFF 0x001B8000:0x001BFFFFF CacheMode=3, RW, Valid
0x41C00000:0x41DFFFFF 0x001C0000:0x001DFFFFF CacheMode=3, RW, Valid
0x41E00000:0x41FFFFFF 0x001E0000:0x001FFFFFF CacheMode=3, RW, Valid
0x42000000:0x43FFFFFF 0x00200000:0x003FFFFFF CacheMode=3, RW, Valid
0x44000000:0x45FFFFFF 0x00400000:0x005FFFFFF CacheMode=3, RW, Valid
0x46000000:0x47FFFFFF 0x00600000:0x007FFFFFF CacheMode=3, RW, Valid
0x06E00000:0x06FFFFFF 0x006E0000:0x006FFFFFF CacheMode=2, RW, Valid
0x07000000:0x077FFFFF 0x00700000:0x0077FFFFF CacheMode=2, RW, Valid
0x07800000:0x07FFFFFF 0x00780000:0x007FFFFFF CacheMode=2, RW, Valid

```

Router#

Related Commands

Command	Description
show environment alarm	Displays the information about the environmental alarm.
show fm summary	Displays a summary of FM Information.
show environment status	Displays the information about the operational FRU status.

show pagp

To display port-channel information, use the **show pagp** command in user EXEC or privileged EXEC mode.

```
show pagp [group-number] { counters | internal | neighbor | pgroup }
```

Syntax Description	<i>group-number</i> (Optional) Channel-group number; valid values are a maximum of 64 values from 1 to 282.
counters	Displays the traffic information.
internal	Displays the internal information.
neighbor	Displays the neighbor information.
pgroup	Displays the active port channels.

Defaults This command has no default settings.

Command Modes User EXEC
Privileged EXEC

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(14)SX	Support for this command was introduced on the Supervisor Engine 720.
	12.2(17d)SXB	Support for this command on the Supervisor Engine 2 was extended to Release 12.2(17d)SXB.
	12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.

Usage Guidelines You can enter any **show pagp** command to display the active port-channel information. To display the nonactive information, enter the **show pagp** command with a group.

The **port-channel number** values from 257 to 282 are supported on the CSM and the FWSM only.

Examples This example shows how to display information about the PAgP counters:

```
Router# show pagp counters

      Information      Flush
Port      Sent  Recv      Sent  Recv
-----
Channel group: 1
  Fa5/4    2660  2452      0      0
  Fa5/5    2676  2453      0      0
Channel group: 2
  Fa5/6     289   261      0      0
  Fa5/7     290   261      0      0
Channel group: 1023
  Fa5/9      0      0      0      0
```

```

Channel group: 1024
  Fa5/8    0      0      0      0
Router#

```

This example shows how to display internal PAGP information:

```
Router# show pagp 1 internal
```

```

Flags:  S - Device is sending Slow hello.  C - Device is in Consistent state.
        A - Device is in Auto mode.
Timers: H - Hello timer is running.          Q - Quit timer is running.
        S - Switching timer is running.      I - Interface timer is running.

```

```
Channel group 1
```

Port	Flags	State	Timers	Hello Interval	Partner Count	PAGP Priority	Learning Method
Fa5/4	SC	U6/S7		30s	1	128	Any
Fa5/5	SC	U6/S7		30s	1	128	Any

```
Router#
```

This example shows how to display PAGP-neighbor information for all neighbors:

```
Router# show pagp neighbor
```

```

Flags:  S - Device is sending Slow hello.  C - Device is in Consistent state.
        A - Device is in Auto mode.          P - Device learns on physical port.

```

```
Channel group 1 neighbors
```

Port	Partner Name	Partner Device ID	Partner Port	Age	Flags	Partner Group Cap.
Fa5/4	JAB031301	0050.0f10.230c	2/45	2s	SAC	2D
Fa5/5	JAB031301	0050.0f10.230c	2/46	27s	SAC	2D

```
Channel group 2 neighbors
```

Port	Partner Name	Partner Device ID	Partner Port	Age	Flags	Partner Group Cap.
Fa5/6	JAB031301	0050.0f10.230c	2/47	10s	SAC	2F
Fa5/7	JAB031301	0050.0f10.230c	2/48	11s	SAC	2F

```
Channel group 1023 neighbors
```

Port	Partner Name	Partner Device ID	Partner Port	Age	Flags	Partner Group Cap.
------	--------------	-------------------	--------------	-----	-------	--------------------

```
Channel group 1024 neighbors
```

Port	Partner Name	Partner Device ID	Partner Port	Age	Flags	Partner Group Cap.
------	--------------	-------------------	--------------	-----	-------	--------------------

```
Router#
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
pagp learn-method	Learns the input interface of the incoming packets.
pagp port-priority	Selects a port in hot standby mode.

show parser dump



Note

Effective with Cisco IOS Release 15.0(1)M, the **show parser dump** command is not available in Cisco IOS software.

To display the command-line interface (CLI) syntax options for all command modes or for a specified command mode, use the **show parser dump** command in user EXEC or privileged EXEC mode.

show parser dump { *command-mode* | **all** } [**privilege-level** *level*] [**extend**] [**breakage**]

Syntax Description

<i>command-mode</i>	A keyword indicating the command mode. The output will include the syntax for commands only in the specified command mode. The list of command mode keywords will vary depending on your software image. Use the show parser dump ? command to display the list of command mode keyword options. For further assistance in determining the proper command mode, see the “Cisco IOS Command Modes” Release 12.2 document, available on Cisco.com.
all	Indicates that all commands in all modes should be displayed in the output.
Caution This keyword generates a very large amount of output, which may exceed your system or buffer memory.	
privilege-level <i>level</i>	(Optional) Lists CLI commands only with the privilege level specified in the <i>level</i> argument.
extend	(Optional) Enables the extended display mode. The extended parser display shows the keyword and argument descriptions typically shown with the command-line help (? command).
	Note This keyword can produce a large amount of output.
breakage	(Optional) Enables detection of potential parser chain syntax breakage. This keyword is intended for internal use.

Command Modes

User EXEC (>)
Privileged EXEC (#)

Command History

Release	Modification
12.2(4)T	This command was introduced.
12.2(13)T	This command was enhanced to resolve certain execution errors.
12.0(23)S	This command was enhanced to resolve certain execution errors.
15.0(1)M	This command was removed.

Usage Guidelines

This command was developed to allow the exploration of the CLI command syntax without requiring the user to actually enter a specific mode and use the **?** command-line help.

**Caution**

Use caution when entering this command with the **all** keyword. A large amount of output can be generated by this command, which may easily exceed buffer or system memory on smaller platforms. Also, some configuration modes have hundreds of valid commands. For large dumps, use of the redirection to a file using the **| redirect URL** syntax at the end of the command is highly recommended. (See the documentation for the **show command redirect** command for more information on using this command extension.)

Output for this command will show the syntax options for all commands available in the specified mode. The number preceding the command shows the privilege level associated with that command. For example, the line

```
15 type dhcp
```

indicates that the **type dhcp** command has a privilege level of 15 assigned to it. For information about privilege levels, see the “Configuring Passwords and Privileges” chapter in the *Cisco IOS Security Configuration Guide*.

Any given command-line string should indicate the full syntax needed to make the command complete and valid. In other words, the command-line string ends where the carriage return (Enter) could be entered, as indicated in command-line help by the <cr> syntax. You will typically see multiple forms of a command, each showing a valid syntax combination. For example, each of the following syntax combinations, as seen in the output of the **show parser dump rtr | include dhcp** command, is a valid command:

```
type dhcp dest-ipaddr <address> source-ipaddr <address> option <82-82> circuit-id <string>
type dhcp dest-ipaddr <address> source-ipaddr <address> option <82-82> remote-id <string>
type dhcp dest-ipaddr <address> source-ipaddr <address> option <82-82> subnet-mask
<ipmask>
type dhcp dest-ipaddr <address> source-ipaddr <address> option <82-82>
type dhcp dest-ipaddr <address> source-ipaddr <address>
type dhcp dest-ipaddr <address>
type dhcp
```

Use of the **show** command extensions **| begin**, **| include**, and **| exclude** is recommended for this command because these extensions allow you to filter the output to display only the commands you are interested in. The redirection extensions **| redirect**, **| append**, and **| tee** allow you to redirect the output of this command to local or remote storage as a file.

As with most **show** commands, you can typically exit from the --More-- prompt back to EXEC mode using Ctrl-Z. For some connections, Ctrl-Shift-6 (Ctrl^) or Ctrl-Shift-6-X should be used instead.

Examples

The following example shows a typical list of command mode keywords. The fields are self-explanatory.

```
Router# show parser dump ?
```

aaa-attr-list	AAA attribute list config mode
aaa-user	AAA user definition
accept-dialin	VPDN group accept dialin configuration mode
accept-dialout	VPDN group accept dialout configuration mode
acct_mlist	AAA accounting methodlist definitions
address-family	Address Family configuration mode
aic	Alarm Interface Card configuration mode
all	For all modes
alps-ascu	ALPS ASCU configuration mode

alps-circuit	ALPS circuit configuration mode
appfw-application-aim	Appfw for AIM Configuration Mode
appfw-application-msnmsgr	Appfw for MSN Messenger Configuration Mode
appfw-application-ymsgr	Appfw for Yahoo! Messenger Configuration Mode
appfw-policy	Application FW Policy Configuration Mode
application-http	Appfw for HTTP Configuration Mode
archive	Archive the router configuration mode
atalk-test	Appletalk test mode
atm-bm-config	ATM bundle member configuration mode
atm-bundle-config	ATM bundle configuration mode
atm-l2trans-pvc-config	ATM L2transport PVC configuration mode
atm-l2trans-pvp-config	ATM L2transport PVP configuration mode
atm-pvc-range-config	ATM PVC Range configuration mode
atm-range-pvc-config	ATM PVC in Range configuration mode
atm-svc-bm-config	ATM SVC bundle member configuration mode
atm-svc-bundle-config	ATM SVC bundle configuration mode
atm-vc-config	ATM virtual circuit configuration mode
atmsig_e164_table_mode	ATMSIG E164 Table
auto-ip-sla-mpls	Auto IP SLA MPLS LSP Monitor configs
auto-ip-sla-mpls-lpd-params	Auto IP SLA MPLS LPD params configs
auto-ip-sla-mpls-params	Auto IP SLA MPLS LSP Monitor Params configs
banner	Banner Input mode
bba-group	BBA Group configuration mode
boomerang	Boomerang configuration mode
bsm-cfg	BSM config definition
bulkstat-objlist	Bulk-stat Object list configuration mode
bulkstat-schemadef	Bulk-stat schema configuration mode
bulkstat-transfer	Bulk Stat configuration mode
cascustom	Cas custom configuration mode
call-filter-matchlist	Call Filter matchlist configuration mode
call-home	call-home config mode
call-home-profile	call-home profile config mode
call-router	AnnexG configuration mode
cascustom	Cas custom configuration mode
cause-code-list	Voice Cause Code List configuration mode
cfg-path	IP Host backup configuration mode
cfg-pt-ruleset	Protocol Translation ruleset configuration mode
cip-vadp	Virtual Adapter configuration mode
cip-vlan	Virtual Lan configuration mode
clid-group	CLID group configuration mode
cm-ac	AC-AC connect configuration mode
cm-fallback	cm-fallback configuration mode
cns-connect-intf-config	CNS Connect Intf Info Mode
cns-connect-config	CNS Connect Info Mode
cns-tmpl-connect-config	CNS Template Connect Info Mode
cns_inventory_submode	CNS Inventory SubMode
codec-profile	Codec Profile configuration mode
conf-dia-attr-list	Diameter attribute list config mode
conf-dia-peer	Diameter peer config mode
conf-dia-sg	Diameter peer group config mode
config-ip-sla-http-rr	IP SLAs HTTP raw request Configuration
config-l2tp-class	l2tp-class configuration mode
config-tgrep	TRIP-Lite configuration mode
config-rtr-http-rr	RTR HTTP raw request Configuration
config-x25-huntgroup	X.25 hunt group configuration mode
config_app_global	Configure global settings
config_app_map	Configure application mapping
config_app_monitor	Configure application monitoring
config_app_session	Define script processes
config_voice	Define application services, modules, groups
config_voice_app	Define application parameters
configure	Global configuration mode
congestion	Frame Relay congestion configuration mode
control-plane	Control Plane configuration mode

```

control-plane-cef-exception-mode Control Plane cef-exception configuration mode
control-plane-host-mode Control Plane host configuration mode
control-plane-transit-mode Control Plane transit configuration mode
controller Controller configuration mode
cpf-classmap Class-map configuration mode
cpf-policyclass Class-in-Policy configuration mode
cpf-policymap Policy-map configuration mode
cpu config-owner-cpu
crypto-ca-cert-chain Crypto certificate entry mode
crypto-ca-cert-comm Certificate query mode
crypto-ca-cert-map Certificate map entry mode
crypto-ca-profile-enroll Certificate enrollment profile entry mode
crypto-ca-root Certificate authority trusted root entry mode
crypto-ca-trustpoint Certificate authority trustpoint entry mode
crypto-cs-server Certificate Server entry mode
crypto-gdoi-group Crypto GDOI group policy config mode
crypto-identity Crypto identity config mode
crypto-ikmp Crypto ISAKMP config mode
crypto-ikmp-browser-proxy Crypto ISAKMP browser proxy config mode
crypto-ikmp-client-fw Crypto ISAKMP client firewall policy config mode
crypto-ikmp-group Crypto ISAKMP group policy config mode
crypto-ikmp-peer Crypto ISAKMP peer policy configuration mode
crypto-ipsec-profile IPSec policy profile mode
crypto-keyring Crypto Keyring command mode
crypto-map Crypto map config mode
crypto-map-fail-close Crypto map fail close mode
crypto-pubkey Crypto subsystem public key entry mode
crypto-transform Crypto transform config mode
crypto-tti-petitioner TTI Petitioner entry mode
crypto-tti-registrar TTI Registrar entry mode
decnet-map DECnet map configuration mode
dfp-submode DFP config mode
dhcp DHCP pool configuration mode
dhcp-class DHCP class configuration mode
dhcp-pool-class Per DHCP pool class configuration mode
dhcp-relay-info DHCP class relay agent info configuration mode
dhcp-subnet-secondary Per DHCP secondary subnet configuration mode
dnis-group DNIS group configuration mode
dns-view DNS View configuration mode
dns-view-list DNS View-list configuration mode
dns-view-list-member DNS View-list member configuration mode
dspfarm DSP farm configuration mode
dspfarmprofile Profile configuration mode
dynupd-http Dynamic DNS update HTTP configuration mode
dynupd-method Dynamic DNS update method configuration mode
emergency-response-location voice emergency response location configuration mode
emergency-response-settings voice emergency response settings configuration mode
emergency-response-zone voice emergency response zone configuration mode
enum_rule enum configuration mode
ephone ephone configuration mode
ephone-dn ephone-dn configuration mode
ephone-dn-template ephone-dn-template configuration mode
ephone-hunt ephone-hunt configuration mode
ephone-template ephone-template configuration mode
ephone-type ephone-type configuration mode
ether_cfm Ethernet CFM configuration mode
event Event MIB event configuration mode
event-action-notification Event MIB event action notification configuration mode
event-action-set Event MIB event action set configuration mode
event-objlist Event MIB object list configuration mode
event-trigger Event MIB event trigger configuration mode
event-trigger-boolean Event MIB event trigger boolean configuration mode
event-trigger-existence Event MIB event trigger existence configuration mode
event-trigger-object-id Event MIB trigger object id configuration mode

```

event-trigger-threshold	Event MIB event trigger threshold configuration mode
exec	Exec mode
expr-expression	Expression configuration mode
expr-object	Expression Object configuration mode
extcomm-list	IP Extended community-list configuration mode
fh_applet	FH Applet Entry Configuration
fh_applet_trigger	FH Applet Trigger Configuration
filter	Output filter mode
filterserver	AAA filter server definitions
flow-cache	Flow aggregation cache config mode
flow-sampler-map	Flow sampler map config mode
flowexp	Flow Exporter configuration mode
flowmon	Flow Monitor configuration mode
flowrec	Flow Record configuration mode
fr-fr	FR/FR connection configuration mode
fr-pw	FR/PW connection configuration mode
fr-vc-bmode	FR VC Bundle mode
fr-vc-bmmode	FR VC Bundle Member mode
frf5	FR/ATM Network IWF configuration mode
frf8	FR/ATM Service IWF configuration mode
funi-vc-config	FUNI virtual circuit configuration mode
gatekeeper	Gatekeeper config mode
gateway	Gateway configuration mode
gdoi-coop-ks-config	Crypto GDOI server redundancy config mode
gdoi-local-server	Crypto GDOI local server policy config mode
gdoi-sa-ipsec	Crypto GDOI local server IPsec SA policy config mode
gg_fcpa-config	FC tunnel configuration mode
gk_altgk_cluster	GK Commands for Cluster defn
gk_be_annexg	GK Commands for H.323 AnnexG configuration
gk_srv_trigger_arq	GK Server ARQ Trigger config mode
gk_srv_trigger_brq	GK Server BRQ Trigger config mode
gk_srv_trigger_drq	GK Server DRQ Trigger config mode
gk_srv_trigger_irr	GK Server IRR Trigger config mode
gk_srv_trigger_lcf	GK Server LCF Trigger config mode
gk_srv_trigger_lrj	GK Server LRJ Trigger config mode
gk_srv_trigger_lrq	GK Server LRQ Trigger config mode
gk_srv_trigger_rai	GK Server RAI Trigger config mode
gk_srv_trigger_rrq	GK Server RRQ Trigger config mode
gk_srv_trigger_urq	GK Server URQ Trigger config mode
gw	Webvpn virtual gateway configuration
gw-accounting-aaa	Gateway accounting aaa configuration mode
gw-accounting-file	Gateway accounting file configuration mode
hostlist	Host list configuration mode
identity-policy-mode	identity policy configuration mode
identity-profile-mode	identity profile configuration mode
interface	Interface configuration mode
interface range	Interface range configuration mode
interface-dlci	Frame Relay dlci configuration mode
ip-explicit-path	IP explicit path configuration mode
ip-sla	IP SLAs entry configuration
ip-sla-am-grp	IP SLAs auto group config
ip-sla-am-grp-auto	IP SLAs auto group dest-auto config
ip-sla-am-schedule	IP SLAs auto schedule config
ip-sla-dhcp	IP SLAs dhcp configuration
ip-sla-dns	IP SLAs dns configuration
ip-sla-echo	IP SLAs echo configuration
ip-sla-ethernet-echo	IP SLAs Ethernet Echo configuration
ip-sla-ethernet-jitter	IP SLAs Ethernet Jitter configuration
ip-sla-ethernet-monitor	IP SLAs Ethernet configs
ip-sla-ethernet-monitor-params	IP SLAs Ethernet Params configs
ip-sla-frameRelay	IP SLAs FrameRelay configuration
ip-sla-ftp	IP SLAs ftp configuration
ip-sla-http	IP SLAs http configuration
ip-sla-icmp-ech-params	IP SLAs icmpEcho Parameters

ip-sla-icmp-jtr-params	IP SLAs icmpJitter Parameters
ip-sla-icmpjitter	IP SLAs icmpjitter configuration
ip-sla-jitter	IP SLAs jitter configuration
ip-sla-pathEcho	IP SLAs pathEcho configuration
ip-sla-pathJitter	IP SLAs pathJitter configuration
ip-sla-tcp-conn-params	IP SLAs tcpConnect Parameters
ip-sla-tcpConnect	IP SLAs tcpConnect configuration
ip-sla-tplt-dest	IP SLAs auto destination submode
ip-sla-tplt-icmp-ech	IP SLAs auto template icmpEcho
ip-sla-tplt-icmp-jtr	IP SLAs auto template icmpJitter
ip-sla-tplt-tcp-conn	IP SLAs auto template tcpConnect
ip-sla-tplt-udp-ech	IP SLAs auto template udpEcho
ip-sla-tplt-udp-jtr	IP SLAs auto template udpJitter
ip-sla-udp-ech-params	IP SLAs udpEcho Parameters
ip-sla-udp-jtr-params	IP SLAs udpJitter Parameters
ip-sla-udpEcho	IP SLAs udpEcho configuration
ip-sla-voip	IP SLA voip configuration
ip-sla-voip-rtp	IP SLAs rtp configuration
ip-vrf	Configure IP VRF parameters
ipc-zone-assoc-protocol-sctp	IPC protocol sctp mode
ipczone	IPC Zone config mode
ipczone-assoc	IPC Association config mode
ipenacl	IP named extended access-list configuration mode
iphc-profile-mode	IPHC Profile configuration mode
ipmobile-test	IP Mobility test mode
ipnat-pool	IP NAT pool configuration mode
ipnat-portmap	IP NAT portmap configuration mode
ipnat-sbc	IP NAT SIP-SBC config mode
ipnat-sbc-vrf	IP NAT SIP-SBC vrf config mode
ipnat-snat	IP SNAT configuration mode
ipnat-snat-backup	IP SNAT Backup configuration mode
ipnat-snat-primary	IP SNAT Primary configuration mode
ipnat-snat-redundancy	IP SNAT Redundancy configuration mode
ips-seap-rules	IPS event action rules configuration mode
ips-sigdef-sig	IPS signature number name configuration mode
ipscataction	IPS Category name configuration mode
ipsnacl	IP named simple access-list configuration mode
ipssigau	IPS Auto Update configuration mode
ipssigcat	IPS signature category configuration mode
ipssigdef-action	IPS Signature actions configuration mode
ipssigdef-engine	IPS signature def Engine configuration mode
ipssigdef-status	IPS signature def Status mode
ipv6-mobile-router	MIPv6 router configuration mode
ipv6-router	IPv6 router configuration mode
ipv6acl	IPv6 access-list configuration mode
ipv6dhcp	IPv6 DHCP configuration mode
ipv6dhcpvs	IPv6 DHCP Vendor-specific configuration mode
ipx-router	IPX router configuration mode
ipxenacl	IPX named extended access-list configuration mode
ipxsapnacl	IPX named SAP access-list configuration mode
ipxsnac1	IPX named standard access-list configuration mode
ipxsumnacl	IPX named Summary access-list configuration mode
isakmp-profile	Crypto ISAKMP profile command mode
iua-cfg	ISDN user adaptation layer configuration
key-chain	Key-chain configuration mode
key-chain-key	Key-chain key configuration mode
kron-occurrence	Kron Occurrence SubMode
kron-policy	Kron Policy SubMode
l2	vfi configuration mode
line	Line configuration mode
lw-vlan-id	VLAN-id configuration mode
lw-vlan-range	VLAN-range configuration mode
local-prof	Local profile configuration mode
log_config	Log configuration changes made via the CLI

lsp-attribute-list	LSP attribute list configuration mode
map-class	Map class configuration mode
map-list	Map list configuration mode
memory	config-owner-memory
mgcpprofile	MGCP Profile configuration mode
mipv6-config-ha	Mobile IPv6 HA mode
mipv6-config-ha-host	Mobile IPv6 Home Agent Host config mode
mobile-map	Mobile Map mode
mobile-networks	Mobile Networks mode
mobile-router	Mobile Router mode
mplsmfistaticifrewrite	MPLS MFI static if rewrite configuration mode
mplsmfistaticrewrite	MPLS MFI static rewrite configuration mode
mripv6-config-ha-host	Mobile IPv6 Home Agent Host config mode
mrn-manager	IP Multicast Routing Monitor config mode
neighbor	Neighbor configuration mode
network-object-group	ACL Object Group configuration
null-interface	Null interface configuration mode
null-interface	Null interface configuration mode
nxg-service-relationship	Service Relationship configuration mode
nxg-usage-indication	Usage Indication configuration mode
oam	LSP Verification configuration mode
oer_br	OER border router configuration submenu
oer_mc	OER master controller configuration submenu
oer_mc_api_provider	OER MC API Provider configuration submenu
oer_mc_br	OER managed border router configuration submenu
oer_mc_br_if	OER Border Exit configuration submenu
oer_mc_learn	OER Top Talker and Delay learning configuration submenu
oer_mc_learn_list	OER learn list configuration submenu
oer_mc_map	oer-map config mode
parameter_map_cfg	parameter-map configuration mode
policy-list	IP Policy List configuration mode
preauth	AAA Preauth definitions
profile	Subscriber profile configuration mode
pseudowire-class	Pseudowire-class configuration mode
public-key-chain	Crypto public key identification mode
public-key-chain-key	Crypto public key entry mode
public-key-chain-key-ring	Crypto public key entry mode
qosclassmap	QoS Class Map configuration mode
qosclasspolice	QoS Class Police configuration mode
qospolicymap	QoS Policy Map configuration mode
qospolicymapclass	QoS Policy Map class configuration mode
radius-attrl	Radius Attribute-List Definition
radius-locsvr	Radius Application configuration
red-group	random-detect group configuration mode
redundancy	redundancy config mode
regex-translation-rule	voip translation-rule configuration mode
request-dialin	VPDN group request dialin configuration mode
request-dialout	VPDN group request dialout configuration mode
rf-mode-interdev-local	ipc sctp local config mode
rf-mode-interdev-remote	ipc sctp remote config mode
rf-mode-interdevice	redundancy config mode
rlm-group	RLM Group configuration mode
rlm-group-sc	RLM server/client link configuration mode
roles	Role configuration mode
route-map	Route map config mode
router	Router configuration mode
rsvp-local-if-policy	RSVP local policy interface configuration mode
rsvp-local-policy	RSVP local policy configuration mode
rsvp-local-subif-policy	RSVP local policy sub-interface configuration mode
rtr	SAA entry configuration
saa-dhcp	SAA dhcp configuration
saa-dns	SAA dns configuration
saa-echo	SAA echo configuration
saa-frameRelay	SAA FrameRelay configuration

saa-ftp	SAA ftp configuration
saa-http	SAA http configuration
saa-jitter	SAA jitter configuration
saa-pathEcho	SAA pathEcho configuration
saa-pathJitter	SAA pathJitter configuration
saa-slm-ctrlr-if	SAA SLM controller/interface configuration
saa-slmFrIf	SAA SLM FrameRelay Interface configuration
saa-slmfr	SAA SLM Frame Relay configuration
saa-tcpConnect	SAA tcpConnect configuration
saa-udpEcho	SAA udpEcho configuration
sg-radius	Radius Server-group Definition
sampler	Sampler configuration mode
sccpccmgroup	SCCP CCM group configuration mode
sccpplar	SCCP PLAR configuration mode
sctp-export	SCTP export configuration commands
seczonecfg	Security Zone Configuration Mode
seczonepaircfg	Security Zone Pair Configuration Mode
sep-init-config	WSMA Initiator profile Mode
sep-listen-config	WSMA Listener profile Mode
service-object-group	ACL Object Group configuration
serviceflow	Service Flow configuration mode
sg-tacacs+	Tacacs+ Server-group Definition
signaling-class	Signaling class configuration mode
sip-ua	SIP UA configuration mode
sla-lspPing	IP SLAs lsp ping configuration
sla-lspTrace	IP SLAs lsp trace configuration
slb-mode-dfp	SLB DFP configuration mode
slb-mode-real	SLB real server configuration mode
slb-mode-sfarm	SLB server farm configuration mode
slb-mode-vserver	SLB virtual server configuration mode
source-group	Voice Source Group configuration mode
srst-video	cm-fallback video configuration mode
sss-subscriber	SSS subscriber configuration mode
subinterface	Subinterface configuration mode
subscriber-policy	Subscriber policy configuration mode
tablemap	Table Map configuration mode
tcl	Tcl mode
tdm-conn	TDM connection configuration mode
telephony-service	telephony-service configuration mode
telephony-service-group	Telephony service group configuration mode
telephony-service-video	Telephony service video configuration mode
template	Template configuration mode
template peer-policy	peer-policy configuration mode
template peer-session	peer-session configuration mode
test_cpu	config-owner-test_cpu
test_mem	config-owner-test_mem
tidp-group	TIDP Group configuration mode
tidp-keyset	TIDP key-set configuration mode
tn3270s-dlur	tn3270 server DLUR configuration mode
tn3270s-dlur-pu	tn3270 server DLUR PU configuration mode
tn3270s-dlur-sap	tn3270 server DLUR SAP configuration mode
tn3270s-listen-point	tn3270 server Listen-Point configuration mode
tn3270s-listen-point-pu	tn3270 server Listen-Point PU configuration mode
tn3270s-pu	tn3270 server PU configuration mode
tn3270s-resp-time	tn3270 server response time client group configuration mode
tn3270s-security	tn3270 server Security Configuration mode
tn3270s-security-profile	tn3270 server Security Profile Configuration mode
tn3270s-svr	tn3270 server configuration mode
top-talkers	Netflow top talkers config mode
tracking-config	Tracking configuration mode
trange	time-range configuration mode
translation-profile	Voice Translation Profile configuration mode
translation-rule	Translation Rule configuration mode
trunk-group	Trunk group configuration mode

vc-class	VC class configuration mode
vc-group	VC group configuration mode
view	View configuration mode
vlan	VLAN database editing buffer
vm-integration	voicemail integration configuration mode
voice-cause-code	Voice Cause Code configuration mode
voice-gateway	voice gateway configuration mode
voice-mlpp	voice mlpp configuration mode
voice-service	Voice service configuration mode
voice-service-h323	Voice service h323 configuration mode
voice-service-session	Voice service session configuration mode
voice-service-sip	Voice service sip configuration mode
voice-service-stun	Voice service stun configuration mode
voice-uri-class	Voice URI Class configuration mode
voicectl-cptone	Voice Class CPTone configuration mode
voicectl-cptone-dt	CPTone dualtone configuration mode
voicectl-dt-detect	Voice Class Dualtone Detect configuration mode
voiceclass	Voice Class configuration mode
voicednismaps	Dnis Map Configuration
voiceport	Voice configuration mode
voipdialpeer	Dial Peer configuration mode
voipdpcor	Dial Peer Class of Restriction configuration mode
voipdpcorlist	Dial Peer Class of Restriction List configuration mode
vpdn-group	VPDN group configuration mode
vpdn-template	VPDN template configuration mode
vrf	Configure VRF parameters
webvpn	Webvpn virtual context configuration
webvpn-acl	Webvpn ACL configuration
webvpn-cifs-url	Webvpn CIFS URL list configuration
webvpn-group-policy	Webvpn group policy configuration
webvpn-nbnslist	Webvpn VW ctxt NBNS list configuration
webvpn-port-fwd	Webvpn port-forward list configuration
webvpn-sso-server	SSO Server configuration
webvpn-time-range	Webvpn time range configuration
webvpn-url	Webvpn URL list configuration
webvpn-url-rewrite	Webvpn url-rewrite list configuration
x25-profile	X.25 profile configuration mode
xconnect-conn-config	Xconnect connect configuration submode
xconnect-dlci-config	Xconnect FR DLCI configuration submode
xconnect-if-config	Xconnect interface configuration submode
xconnect-pvc-config	Xconnect atm l2transport PVC configuration submode
xconnect-pvp-config	Xconnect atm l2transport PVP configuration submode
xconnect-subif-config	Xconnect sub-interface configuration submode
xml-app	XML Application configuration mode
xml-transport	XML Transport configuration mode

In the following example, only commands in RTR configuration mode are shown:

Router# **show parser dump rtr**

```

Mode Name :rtr
15 type udpEcho dest-ipaddr <address> dest-port <1-65535> source-ipaddr <address>
source-port <1-65535> control enable
15 type udpEcho dest-ipaddr <address> dest-port <1-65535> source-ipaddr <address>
source-port <1-65535> control disable
15 type udpEcho dest-ipaddr <address> dest-port <1-65535> source-ipaddr <address>
source-port <1-65535>
15 type udpEcho dest-ipaddr <address> dest-port <1-65535> source-ipaddr <address>
15 type udpEcho dest-ipaddr <address> dest-port <1-65535>
15 type tcpConnect dest-ipaddr <address> dest-port <1-65535> source-ipaddr <address>
source-port <1-65535> control enable
15 type tcpConnect dest-ipaddr <address> dest-port <1-65535> source-ipaddr <address>
source-port <1-65535> control disable

```

```

15 type tcpConnect dest-ipaddr <address> dest-port <1-65535> source-ipaddr <address>
source-port <1-65535>
15 type tcpConnect dest-ipaddr <address> dest-port <1-65535> source-ipaddr <address>
15 type tcpConnect dest-ipaddr <address> dest-port <1-65535>
15 type jitter dest-ipaddr <address> dest-port <1-65535> source-ipaddr <address>
15 type jitter dest-ipaddr <address> dest-port <1-65535> source-port <1-65535>
15 type jitter dest-ipaddr <address> dest-port <1-65535> control enable
15 type jitter dest-ipaddr <address> dest-port <1-65535> control disable
15 type jitter dest-ipaddr <address> dest-port <1-65535> num-packets <1-60000>
15 type jitter dest-ipaddr <address> dest-port <1-65535> interval <1-60000>
15 type jitter dest-ipaddr <address> dest-port <1-65535>
15 type echo protocol ipIcmpEcho <address> source-ipaddr <address>
15 type echo protocol ipIcmpEcho <address>
15 type ftp operation get url <string> source-ipaddr <address> mode active
15 type ftp operation get url <string> source-ipaddr <address> mode passive
15 type ftp operation get url <string> source-ipaddr <address>
15 type ftp operation get url <string>
15 type http operation get url <string> name-server <address> version <string>
source-ipaddr <address> source-port <1-65535> cache
15 type http operation get url <string> name-server <address> version <string>
source-ipaddr <address> source-port <1-65535> cache
15 type http operation get url <string> name-server <address> version <string>
source-ipaddr <address> source-port <1-65535> cache
15 type http operation get url <string> name-server <address> version <string>
source-ipaddr <address> source-port <1-65535>
15 type http operation get url <string> name-server <address> version <string>
source-ipaddr <address>
15 type http operation get url <string> name-server <address> version <string>
15 type http operation get url <string> name-server <address>
15 type http operation get url <string>
15 type http operation raw
15 type dhcp dest-ipaddr <address> source-ipaddr <address> option <82-82> circuit-id
<string>
15 type dhcp dest-ipaddr <address> source-ipaddr <address> option <82-82> remote-id
<string>
15 type dhcp dest-ipaddr <address> source-ipaddr <address> option <82-82> subnet-mask
<ipmask>
15 type dhcp dest-ipaddr <address> source-ipaddr <address> option <82-82>
15 type dhcp dest-ipaddr <address> source-ipaddr <address>
15 type dhcp dest-ipaddr <address>
15 type dhcp
15 type dns target-addr <string> name-server <address> source-ipaddr <address> source-port
<1-65535>
15 type dns target-addr <string> name-server <address> source-ipaddr <address>
15 type dns target-addr <string> name-server <address>
15 type pathEcho protocol ipIcmpEcho <address> source-ipaddr <address>
15 type pathEcho protocol ipIcmpEcho <address>
15 type pathJitter dest-ipaddr <address> source-ipaddr <address>
15 type pathJitter dest-ipaddr <address> num-packets <1-100>
15 type pathJitter dest-ipaddr <address> interval <1-1000>
15 type pathJitter dest-ipaddr <address> targetOnly
15 type pathJitter dest-ipaddr <address>
15 type slm frame-relay pvc
15 type slm controller T1 <controller>
15 type slm controller E1 <controller>
15 type slm controller T3 <controller>
15 type slm controller E3 <controller>
15 exit

```

In the following example, only those commands in RTR configuration mode containing the keyword **dhcp** are shown:

```
Router# show parser dump rtr | include dhcp
```

```

15 type dhcp dest-ipaddr <address> source-ipaddr <address> option <82-82> circuit-id
<string>
15 type dhcp dest-ipaddr <address> source-ipaddr <address> option <82-82> remote-id
<string>
15 type dhcp dest-ipaddr <address> source-ipaddr <address> option <82-82> subnet-mask
<ipmask>
15 type dhcp dest-ipaddr <address> source-ipaddr <address> option <82-82>
15 type dhcp dest-ipaddr <address> source-ipaddr <address>
15 type dhcp dest-ipaddr <address>
15 type dhcp
Router#

```

The following example shows how the **extend** keyword displays the syntax descriptions that match those shown using the ? command-line help:

```
Router# show parser dump rtr extend
```

```

Mode Name :rtr
15 type udpEcho dest-ipaddr <address> dest-port <1-65535> source-ipaddr <address>
source-port <1-65535> control enable
type : Type of entry
udpEcho : UDP Echo Operation
dest-ipaddr : Destination address
<address> : IP address or hostname
dest-port : Destination Port
<1-65535> : Port Number
source-ipaddr : Source address
<address> : IP address or hostname
source-port : Source Port
<1-65535> : Port Number
control : Enable or disable control packets
enable : Enable control packets exchange (default)
.
.
.

```

! Ctrl-Z used here to interrupt output and return to CLI prompt.

```
Router# config terminal
```

Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.

```
Router(config)# rtr 1
```

```
Router(config-rtr)# type udpEcho ?
dest-ipaddr Destination address

```

```
Router(config-rtr)# type udpEcho dest-ipaddr ?
Hostname or A.B.C.D IP address or hostname

```

```
Router(config-rtr)# type udpEcho dest-ipaddr HOSTNAME ?
dest-port Destination Port

```

```
Router(config-rtr)# type udpEcho dest-ipaddr HOSTNAME dest-port ?
<1-65535> Port Number

```

```
Router(config-rtr)# type udpEcho dest-ipaddr HOSTNAME dest-port 1 ?
control Enable or disable control packets
source-ipaddr Source address
source-port Source Port
<cr>

```

```
Router(config-rtr)# type udpEcho dest-ipaddr HOSTNAME dest-port 1 control ?
disable Disable control packets exchange
enable Enable control packets exchange (default)

```

In the following example, show parser dump output is redirected to a file on a remote TFTP server:

```
show parser dump exec extend | redirect  
tftp://209.165.200.225/userdirectory/123-exec-commands.txt
```

In the following example, the **show parser dump** command is not available in Cisco IOS software because this command was removed in Cisco IOS 15.0(1)M:

```
Router# show parser dump all  
Command accepted, but obsolete, parser dumper has been deprecated
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
show append	Redirects and adds the output of any show command to an existing file.
show begin	Filters the output of any show command to display the output from the first instance of a specified string.
show exclude	Filters show command output so that it excludes lines that contain a particular regular expression.
show include	Filters show command output so that only lines that containing the specified string are displayed.
show redirect	Redirects the output of any show command to a file.
show tee	Copies the output of any show command to a file while displaying it on the terminal.

show parser macro

To display the smart port macros, use the **show parser macro** command in privileged EXEC mode.

```
show parser macro [name macro-name | brief | description [interface interface]]
```

Syntax Description	name <i>macro-name</i>	(Optional) Displays a specific macro.
	brief	(Optional) Displays the configured macro names.
	description	(Optional) Displays the macro description for all interfaces.
	interface <i>interface</i>	(Optional) Displays the macro description for the specified interface.

Defaults This command has no default settings.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC (#)

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(33)SXH	This command was introduced.

Examples The following example shows how to display the macro description:

```
Router# show parser macro description

Interface      Macro Description
-----
Fa1/2          desktop-config
-----
```

The following example shows how to display the contents of the cisco-router smart port macro:

```
Router# show parser macro name cisco-router

Macro name : cisco-router
Macro type : default interface
# macro keywords $NVID
# Do not apply to EtherChannel/Port Group
# Access Uplink to Distribution
switchport
# Define unique Native VLAN on trunk ports
# Recommended value for native vlan (NVID) should not be 1
switchport trunk native vlan $NVID
# Update the allowed VLAN range (VRANGE) such that it
# includes data, voice and native VLANs
# switchport trunk allowed vlan VRANGE
# Hardcode trunk and disable negotiation to
# speed up convergence
switchport trunk encapsulation dot1q
```

```
switchport mode trunk
switchport nonegotiate
# Configure qos to trust this interface
auto qos voip trust
mls qos trust dscp
# Ensure fast access to the network when enabling the interface.
# Ensure that switch devices cannot become active on the interface.
spanning-tree portfast
spanning-tree bpduguard enable
```

The following example shows how to list the Cisco-provided smart port macros:

```
Router# show parser macro brief | include default
```

```
default global      : cisco-global
default interface:  cisco-desktop
default interface:  cisco-phone
default interface:  cisco-switch
default interface:  cisco-router
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
macro (global configuration)	Creates a command macro.
macro (interface configuration)	Creates an interface-specific command macro.

show parser statistics

To displays statistics about the last configuration file parsed and the status of the Parser Cache feature, use the **show parser statistics** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show parser statistics

Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.1(5)T	This command was introduced.
	12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.

Usage Guidelines The **show parser statistics** command displays two sets of data:

- The number of commands in the configuration file that was last copied into the running configuration, and the time it took for the system to parse them (a configuration file can be loaded into the running configuration at system startup, or by issuing commands such as the **copy source running-config** command).
- The status of the Parser Cache feature (enabled or disabled) and the number of command matches (indicated by hits/misses) since the system was started or since the parser cache was cleared.

The Parser Cache feature optimizes the parsing (translation and execution) of Cisco IOS software configuration command lines by remembering how to parse recently encountered command lines, decreasing the time required to process large configuration files.

Examples The following example shows sample output from the **show parser statistics** command:

```
Router# show parser statistics
```

```
Last configuration file parsed: Number of Commands:1484, Time:1272 ms
```

```
Parser cache:disabled, 0 hits, 2 misses
```

In this example, the Parser Cache feature is disabled, but shows the hit/miss statistics for the two commands issued while the parser cache was last enabled.

[Table 126](#) describes the key output fields.

Table 126 *show parser statistics Output Fields*

Last configuration file parsed:	Displays statistics on the last configuration file copied into the running configuration (at startup or using the copy command).
Number of commands:	The number of command lines in the last configuration file parsed.
Time:	Time (in milliseconds) taken for the system to load the last configuration file.
Parser cache:	Displays whether the Parser Cache feature is enabled or disabled, and the hit/miss statistics related to the feature. Statistics are stored since the initialization of the system, or since the last time the parser cache was cleared.
hits	Number of commands the parser cache was able to parse more efficiently by matching them to similar commands executed previously.
misses	Number of commands the parser cache was unable to match to previously executed commands. The performance enhancement provided by the Parser Cache feature cannot be applied to unmatched commands.

In the following example the **show parser statistics** command is used to compare the parse-time of a large configuration file with the Parser Cache feature disabled and enabled. In this example, a configuration file with 1484 access list commands is loaded into the running configuration.

```

Router# configure terminal
!parser cache is disabled
Router(config)# no parser cache
!configuration file is loaded into the running configuration
Router# copy slot0:acl_list running-config
.
.
.
Router# show parser statistics
Last configuration file parsed: Number of Commands:1484, Time:1272 ms

Parser cache:disabled, 0 hits, 2 misses

!the parser cache is reenabled
Router(config)# parser cache
!configuration file is loaded into the running configuration
Router# copy slot0:acl_list running-config
.
.
.
Router# show parser statistics
Last configuration file parsed: Number of Commands:1484, Time:820 ms

Parser cache:enabled, 1460 hits, 26 misses

```

These results show an improvement to the load time for the same configuration file from 1272 milliseconds (ms) to 820 ms when the Parser Cache feature was enabled. As indicated in the “hits” field of the **show** command output, 1460 commands were able to be parsed more efficiently by the parser cache.

Related Commands	Command	Description
	clear parser cache	Clears the parse cache entries and hit/miss statistics stored for the Parser Cache feature.
	parser cache	Enables or disables the Parser Cache feature.

show pci

To display information about the peripheral component interconnect (PCI) hardware registers or bridge registers for the Cisco 7200 series routers, use the **show pci** command in EXEC mode.

show pci {**hardware** | **bridge** [*register*]}

Syntax Description	hardware	Displays PCI hardware registers.
	bridge	Displays PCI bridge registers.
	<i>register</i>	(Optional) Number of a specific bridge register in the range from 0 to 7. If not specified, this command displays information about all registers.

Command Modes	EXEC
----------------------	------

Command History	Release	Modification
	11.2	This command was introduced.
	12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.

Usage Guidelines The output of this command is generally useful for diagnostic tasks performed by technical support only.



Note

The **show pci hardware** EXEC command displays a substantial amount of information.

Examples The following is sample output for the PCI bridge register 1 on a Cisco 7200 series router:

```
Router# show pci bridge 1

Bridge 4, Port Adaptor 1, Handle=1
DEC21050 bridge chip, config=0x0
(0x00): cfid   = 0x00011011
(0x04): cfcs   = 0x02800147
(0x08): cfccid = 0x06040002
(0x0C): cfpmlt = 0x00010010

(0x18): cfsm1t = 0x18050504
(0x1C): cfsis  = 0x22805050
(0x20): cfmla  = 0x48F04880
(0x24): cfpmla = 0x00004880

(0x3C): cfbc   = 0x00000000
(0x40): cfseed = 0x00100000
(0x44): cfstwt = 0x00008020
```

The following is partial sample output for the PCI hardware register, which also includes information on all the PCI bridge registers on a Cisco 7200 series router:

```
Router# show pci hardware
```

```

GT64010 External PCI Configuration registers:
Vendor / Device ID      : 0xAB114601 (b/s 0x014611AB)
Status / Command       : 0x17018002 (b/s 0x02800117)
Class / Revision       : 0x00000006 (b/s 0x06000000)
Latency                : 0x0F000000 (b/s 0x0000000F)
RAS[1:0] Base         : 0x00000000 (b/s 0x00000000)
RAS[3:2] Base         : 0x00000001 (b/s 0x01000000)
CS[2:0] Base          : 0x00000000 (b/s 0x00000000)
CS[3] Base            : 0x00000000 (b/s 0x00000000)
Mem Map Base          : 0x00000014 (b/s 0x14000000)
IO Map Base           : 0x01000014 (b/s 0x14000001)
Int Pin / Line        : 0x00010000 (b/s 0x00000100)

```

```

Bridge 0, Downstream MB0 to MB1, Handle=0

```

```

DEC21050 bridge chip, config=0x0

```

```

(0x00): cfid   = 0x00011011
(0x04): cfcs   = 0x02800143
(0x08): cfccid = 0x06040002
(0x0C): cfpmult = 0x00011810

```

```

(0x18): cfsmlt = 0x18000100
(0x1C): cfsis  = 0x02809050
(0x20): cfmla  = 0x4AF04880
(0x24): cfpmmla = 0x4BF04B00

```

```

(0x3C): cfbc   = 0x00000000
(0x40): cfseed = 0x00100000
(0x44): cfstwt = 0x00008020

```

```

.
.
.

```

show pci hardware

To display information about the Host-PCI bridge, use the **show pci hardware** command in EXEC mode.

show pci hardware

Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Modes EXEC

Command History	Release	Modification
	11.2	This command was introduced.
	12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.

Usage Guidelines The output of this command is generally useful for diagnostic tasks performed by technical support only:

```
Router# show pci hardware
```

```
hardware PCI hardware registers
```

Each device on the PCI bus is assigned a PCI device number. For the C2600, device numbers are as follows:

Device	Device number
0	First LAN device
1	Second LAN device
2	AIM device (if present)
3	Not presently used
4	Port module - first PCI device
5	Port module - second PCI device
6	Port module - third PCI device
7	Port module - fourth PCI device
8-14	Not presently used
15	Xilinx PCI bridge

Examples The following is partial sample output for the PCI hardware register, which also includes information on all the PCI bridge registers.

```
router# show pci hardware
```

```
XILINX Host-PCI Bridge Registers:
Vendor / Device ID: 0x401310EE
Status / Command: 0x040001C6
PCI Slave Base Reg 0: 0x00000000
PCI Slave Base Reg 1: 0x04000000
```

[Table 127](#) describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 127 *show pci hardware Field Descriptions*

Field	Description
Device/Vendor ID	Identifies the PCI vendor and device. The value 0x401310EE identifies the device as the Xilinx-based Host-PCI bridge for the Cisco 2600 router.
Status/Command	Provides status of the Host-PCI bridge. Refer to the PCI Specification for more information.
PCI Slave Base Reg 0	The base address of PCI Target Region 0 for the Host-PCI bridge. This region is used for Big-Endian transfers between PCI devices and memory.
PCI Slave Base Reg 1	The base address of PCI Target Region 1 for the Host-PCI bridge. This region is used for Little-Endian transfers between PCI devices and memory.

show perf-meas

To display the performance measurement of the router, use the **show perf-meas** command in user EXEC or privileged EXEC mode.

show perf-meas [*report-types* | **all**]

Syntax Description

report-types

(optional) Reports type. The values are:

- 2t-to-hdlc - Display 2t-to-hdlc report
- 2t-to-modem - Display 2t-to-modem report
- all - Display all reports
- fe-to-hdlc - Displays fe-to-hdlc report
- fe-to-modem - Displays fe-to-modem report
- hdlc-to-2t - Display hdlc-to-2t report
- hdlc-to-fe - Display hdlc-to-fe report
- modem-to-2t - Display modem-to-2t report
- modem-to-fe - Displays modem-to-fe report

all

(Optional) Display all reports.

Command Modes

User EXEC (>)
Privileged EXEC (#)

Command History

Release	Modification
15.0(1)M	This command was introduced in a release earlier than Cisco IOS Release 15.0(1)M.

Usage Guidelines

Use the **show perf-meas** command to display the performance measurement of the router.

Examples

The following is sample output from the **show perf-meas** command. The field descriptions are self-explanatory.

Router# **show perf-meas**

```
***** P E R F O R M A N C E   M E A S U R E M E N T *****
```

```
-----
```

```
Fastswitch packets from: Fast-Ethernet to Fast-Ethernet
```

```
- Min Time: 0 micro seconds
  - Avg Time: 0 micro seconds
  - Max Time: 0 micro seconds
  - Total number Fastswitch-packets: 0
  - Number of packets from output queue (non-Fastswitch): 0
```

```
-----
```

```
                                | Perf Ctr Min | Perf Ctr Avg | Perf Ctr Max |
```

Clock Cycles	0	0	0
Total-Issued Instructions	0	0	0
Floating Point Instructions Issued	0	0	0
Integer Instructions Issued	0	0	0
Load Instructions Issued	0	0	0
Store Instructions Issued	0	0	0
Dual-Issued Instruction Pairs	0	0	0
Branch Pre-Fetches	0	0	0
Slip Cycles	0	0	0
Stall Cycles	0	0	0
On-Chip Secondary Cache Misses	0	0	0
Primary Instruction Cache Misses	0	0	0
Primary Data Cache Misses	0	0	0
DTLB Misses	0	0	0
ITLB Misses	0	0	0
Joint TLB Instruction Misses	0	0	0
Joint TLB Data Misses	0	0	0
Taken Branch Instructions	0	0	0
Branch Instructions Issued	0	0	0
OCS Cache Write-Backs	0	0	0
Data Cache Write-Backs	0	0	0
Pending Load Stall Cycles	0	0	0
Number of Re-Misses	0	0	0
FP Possible Exception Stall Cycle	0	0	0

show platform

To display platform information, use the **show platform** command in privileged EXEC mode.

```
show platform { buffers | copp rate-limit { arp | dhcp | atm-oam | ethernet-oam | icmp | igmp |
pppoe-discovery | atom ether-vc | all } | np copp [ifnum] [detail] | dma | eeprom | fault |
hardware capacity | hardware pfc mode | internal-vlan | interrupts | netint | software
ipv6-multicast connected | stats | tech-support { ipmulticast [vrf vrf-name] group-ip-addr
src-ip-addr | unicast [vrf vrf-name] destination-ip-addr destination-mask [global] } | tlb | vfi
dot1q-transparency | vlans }
```

Cisco ASR 1000 Series Aggregation Services Routers

show platform

Syntax	Description
buffers	Displays buffer-allocation information.
copp rate-limit	Displays Cisco Control Plane Policing (CoPP) rate-limit information on the Cisco 7600 SIP-400.
arp	Specifies Address Resolution Protocol (ARP) packet traffic.
dhcp	Specifies Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) packet traffic.
atm-oam	Specifies ATM Operation, Administration, and Maintenance (OAM) packet traffic.
ethernet-oam	Specifies Ethernet OAM packet traffic.
icmp	Specifies Internet Connection Management Protocol Rate limiter.
igmp	Specifies Internet Group Management Protocol Rate limiter.
pppoe-discovery	Specifies Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet (PPPoE) discovery packet information.
atom ether-vc	Shows whether IP or routed mode interworking is configured.
all	Displays rate-limit information for all protocols.
np copp	Displays debug information for a given CoPP session ID or for all CoPP sessions.
<i>ifnum</i>	(Optional) A session ID.
detail	(Optional) Shows full rate-limited values.
dma	Displays Direct Memory Access (DMA) channel information.
eeprom	Displays CPU EEPROM information.
fault	Displays the fault date.
hardware capacity	Displays the capacities and utilizations for hardware resources; see the show platform hardware capacity command.
hardware pfc mode	Displays the type of installed Policy Feature Card (PFC).
internal-vlan	Displays the internal VLAN.
interrupts	Displays m8500 interrupt counters.
netint	Displays the platform network-interrupt information.
software ipv6-multicast connected	Displays all the IPv6 subnet Access Control List (ACL) entries on the Route Processor (RP); see the show platform software ipv6-multicast command.

stats	Displays Constellation WAN (CWAN) statistics.
tech-support ipmulticast	Displays IP multicast-related information for Technical Assistance Center (TAC).
vrf <i>vrf-name</i>	(Optional) Displays the Virtual Private Network (VPN) routing and forwarding (VRF) instance.
<i>group-ip-addr</i>	Group IP address.
<i>src-ip-addr</i>	Source IP address.
unicast	Displays IP unicast-related information for TAC.
<i>destination-ip-addr</i>	Destination IP address.
<i>destination-mask</i>	Destination mask.
global	(Optional) Displays global output.
tlb	Displays information about the translation look-aside buffer (TLB) register.
vfi	Displays CWAN virtual forwarding instance (VFI) commands.
dot1q-transparency	Displays the dot1q transparency setting.
vlans	Displays hidden VLAN-to-WAN interface mapping.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC (#)

Command History

Release	Modification
12.2(14)SX	Support for this command was introduced on the Supervisor Engine 720.
12.2(17d)SXB	Support for this command on the Supervisor Engine 2 was extended to Cisco IOS Release 12.2(17d)SXB. This command was changed to include the hardware pfc mode keywords.
12.2(18)SXD	This command was modified to include the software ipv6-multicast connected keywords.
12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.
12.2(33)SRC	This command was modified to include additional keywords to support CoPP enhancements on the Cisco 7600 SIP-400 on the Cisco 7600 series router.
Cisco IOS XE Release 2.1	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS XE Release 2.1.
12.2(33)SRD	This command was modified. The atom ether-vc keyword was added.

Usage Guidelines

This command is similar to the **show msfc** command.

This command can be used to verify the existence of a second Cisco IOS process on a single Cisco ASR 1000 RP on a Cisco ASR 1002 router or Cisco ASR 1004 router.

When this command is used with the **atom ether-vc** keyword, it is used on the line-card console.

Examples

The following sample output from the **show platform buffers** command displays buffer-allocation information:

```
Router# show platform buffers
```

```
Reg. set   Min   Max
TX         640
ABQ        640 16384
0           0    40
1        6715  8192
2           0     0
3           0     0
4           0     0
5           0     0
6           0     0
7           0     0
```

```
Threshold = 8192
```

```
Vlan Sel  Min  Max  Cnt  Rsvd
1019  1 6715 8192   0    0
```

```
Router#
```

Cisco ASR 1000 Series Routers

The following example displays online status information for the shared port adapters (SPAs), Cisco ASR 1000 SPA Interface Processor (SIP), Cisco ASR 1000 Embedded Services Processor (ESP), Cisco ASR 1000 RP, power supplies, and fans. The ESPs are shown as F0 and F1. The RPs are shown as R0 and R1.

The State column should display “ok” for SIPs, SPAs, power supplies, and fans. For RPs and ESPs, the State column should display “ok, active” or “ok, standby.”

```
Router# show platform
```

```
Chassis type: ASR1006
```

Slot	Type	State	Insert time (ago)
0	ASR1000-SIP10	ok	18:23:58
0/0	SPA-5X1GE-V2	ok	18:22:38
0/1	SPA-8X1FE-TX-V2	ok	18:22:33
0/2	SPA-2XCT3/DS0	ok	18:22:38
1	ASR1000-SIP10	ok	18:23:58
1/0	SPA-2XOC3-POS	ok	18:22:38
1/1	SPA-8XCHT1/E1	ok	18:22:38
1/2	SPA-2XT3/E3	ok	18:22:38
R0	ASR1000-RP1	ok, active	18:23:58
R1	ASR1000-RP1	ok, standby	18:23:58
F0	ASR1000-ESP10	ok, active	18:23:58
F1	ASR1000-ESP10	ok, standby	18:23:58
P0	ASR1006-PWR-AC	ok	18:23:09
P1	ASR1006-FAN	ok	18:23:09

Slot	CPLD Version	Firmware Version
0	06120701	12.2(33r)XN2
1	06120701	12.2(33r)XN2
R0	07082312	12.2(33r)XN2
R1	07082312	12.2(33r)XN2
F0	07051680	12.2(33r)XN2
F1	07051680	12.2(33r)XN2

Cisco ASR 1000 Series Routers—Verifying Dual Cisco IOS Processes on Single RP

In the following example, a second Cisco IOS process is enabled on a Cisco ASR 1004 router using stateful switchover (SSO). The output of the **show platform** command is provided before and after the SSO configuration to verify that the second Cisco IOS process is enabled and active.

Router# **show platform**

Chassis type: ASR1004

Slot	Type	State	Insert time (ago)
0	ASR1000-SIP10	ok	00:04:39
0/0	SPA-5X1GE-V2	ok	00:03:23
0/1	SPA-2XT3/E3	ok	00:03:18
R0	ASR1000-RP1	ok, active	00:04:39
F0	ASR1000-ESP10	ok, active	00:04:39
P0	ASR1004-PWR-AC	ok	00:03:52
P1	ASR1004-PWR-AC	ok	00:03:52

Slot	CPLD Version	Firmware Version
0	07091401	12.2(33r)XN2
R0	07062111	12.2(33r)XN2
F0	07051680	12.2(33r)XN2

Router# **configure terminal**

Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.

Router(config)# **redundancy**

Router(config-red)# **mode sso**

*May 27 19:43:43.539: %CMRP-6-DUAL_IOS_REBOOT_REQUIRED: R0/0: cmand: Configuration must be saved and the chassis must be rebooted for IOS redundancy changes to take effect

Router(config-red)# **exit**

Router(config)# **exit**

Router#

*May 27 19:44:04.173: %SYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by user on console

Router# **copy running-config startup-config**

Destination filename [startup-config]?

Building configuration...

[OK]

Router# **reload**

Proceed with reload? [confirm]

*May 27 19:45:16.917: %SYS-5-RELOAD: Reload requested by user on console. Reload Reason: Reload command.

<reload output omitted for brevity>

Router# **show platform**

Chassis type: ASR1004

Slot	Type	State	Insert time (ago)
0	ASR1000-SIP10	ok	00:29:34
0/0	SPA-5X1GE-V2	ok	00:28:13
0/1	SPA-2XT3/E3	ok	00:28:18
R0	ASR1000-RP1	ok	00:29:34
R0/0		ok, active	00:29:34
R0/1		ok, standby	00:27:49
F0	ASR1000-ESP10	ok, active	00:29:34
P0	ASR1004-PWR-AC	ok	00:28:47

```
P1          ASR1004-PWR-AC      ok          00:28:47

Slot        CPLD Version        Firmware Version
-----
0           07091401            12.2(33r)XN2
R0          07062111            12.2(33r)XN2
F0          07051680            12.2(33r)XN2
```

Table 128 describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 128 *show platform Field Descriptions*

Field	Description
Slot	Chassis slot.
Type	Hardware type.

Table 128 *show platform Field Descriptions (continued)*

Field	Description
State	Online state of the hardware. One of the following values: All Hardware - booting—Hardware is initializing and software is booting. - disabled—Hardware is not operational. - init—Hardware or Cisco IOS process is initializing. - ok—Hardware is operational. - shutdown—Hardware was administratively shut down using the no shutdown command. - unknown—Hardware is not operational; state is unknown. RP or ESP - init, standby—Standby RP or ESP is operational but is not yet in a high availability (HA) state. An RP or ESP switchover is not yet possible. - ok, active—Active RP or ESP is operational. - ok, standby—Standby RP or ESP is operational. The standby RP or ESP is ready to become active in the event of a switchover. SPA - admin down—SPA was disabled using the shutdown command. - inserted—SPA is being inserted. - missing—SPA was removed. - out of service—SPA is not operational. - retrieval error—An error occurred while retrieving the SPA state; state is unknown. - stopped—SPA was gracefully deactivated using the hw-module subslot stop command. Fan or Power Supply - fan, fail—Fan is failing. - ps, fail—Power supply is failing.
Insert time (ago)	Amount of time (hh:mm:ss format) the hardware has been online.
CPLD Version	Complex programmable logic device version number.
Firmware Version	Firmware (ROMmon) version number.

Cisco 7600 Series Routers with Cisco 7600 SIP-400

The following sample output from the **show platform copp rate-limit arp** command displays the list of interfaces on which a rate limiter is active for ARP, along with the count of confirmed and exceeded packets for the rate limiter:

```
Router# show platform copp rate-limit arp
```

Rate limiter Information for Protocol arp:

```

Rate Limiter Status: Enabled
Rate : 20 pps
Max Observation Period : 60 seconds
Per Interface Rate Limiter Information
Interface           Conformed Pkts   Exceeded Pkts   Enabled   Obs Period (Mts)
GigabitEthernet5/1       0                0              No        -
GigabitEthernet5/1.1     14              0              No        -
GigabitEthernet5/1.2     28              2              No        -
GigabitEthernet5/2       0                0              No        -
GigabitEthernet5/2.1     180             4              Yes       35
GigabitEthernet5/2.2     200             16             Yes       Max

```

Table 129 describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 129 show platform copp rate-limit Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Rate Limiter Status	Indicates if a rate limiter has been enabled on the interface.
Rate	Indicates the configured rate in packets per second (pps) or bits per second (bps).
Max Observation Period	Indicates the configured observation period, in seconds, before the per-interface rate limiter is automatically turned off.
Per Interface Rate Limiter Information	Displays the list of interfaces on which the rate limiter is active. In this example: - GigabitEthernet5/1.1 is free from attack. - GigabitEthernet5/2.1 has an exceed count of 4, and has a rate limiter enabled. The observation period is 35 minutes, which indicates that currently the interface is free from attack and is being kept under observation. The interface will remain under observation for an additional 35 minutes. If it remains free from attack after that time, the rate limiter is automatically removed. - GigabitEthernet5/2.2 has an exceed count of 16 and has a rate limiter enabled. The observation period has been designated as Max. This indicates that the interface is still under attack and has not yet entered the observation time window.

The following sample from the **show platform eeprom** command displays CPU EEPROM information:

```
Router# show platform eeprom
```

```

MSFC CPU IDPROM:
IDPROM image:

```

IDPROM image block #0:

hexadecimal contents of block:

```

00: AB AB 02 9C 13 5B 02 00 00 02 60 03 03 E9 43 69      .....[....`...Ci
10: 73 63 6F 20 53 79 73 74 65 6D 73 00 00 00 00 00      sco Systems.....
20: 00 00 57 53 2D 58 36 4B 2D 53 55 50 33 2D 50 46      ..WS-X6K-SUP3-PF
30: 43 33 00 00 00 00 53 41 44 30 36 34 34 30 31 57      C3....SAD064401W
40: 4C 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 37 33 2D 37 34 30      L.....73-740
50: 34 2D 30 37 00 00 00 00 00 00 30 35 00 00 00 00      4-07.....05....
60: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00      .....
70: 00 00 00 00 02 BD 00 00 00 00 00 09 00 05 00 01      .....
80: 00 03 00 01 00 01 00 02 03 E9 00 00 00 00 00 00      .....
90: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00      .....

```

block-signature = 0xABAB, block-version = 2,

block-length = 156, block-checksum = 4955

*** common-block ***

IDPROM capacity (bytes) = 512 IDPROM block-count = 2

FRU type = (0x6003,1001)

OEM String = 'Cisco Systems'

Product Number = 'WS-X6K-SUP3-PFC3'

Serial Number = 'SAD064401WL'

Manufacturing Assembly Number = '73-7404-07'

Manufacturing Assembly Revision = '05'

Hardware Revision = 0.701

Manufacturing bits = 0x0 Engineering bits = 0x0

SNMP OID = 9.5.1.3.1.1.2.1001

Power Consumption = 0 centiamperes RMA failure code = 0-0-0-0

CLEI =

*** end of common block ***

IDPROM image block #1:

hexadecimal contents of block:

```

00: 60 03 02 67 0C 24 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00      `..g.$.....
10: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 51 00 05 9A 3A 7E 9C 00 00      .....Q...:~...
20: 02 02 00 01 00 01 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00      .....
30: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00      .....
40: 14 01 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00      .....
50: 00 00 81 81 81 81 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80      .....
60: 80 80 06 72 00 46 37                                  ...r.F7

```

block-signature = 0x6003, block-version = 2,

block-length = 103, block-checksum = 3108

*** linecard specific block ***

feature-bits = 00000000 00000000

hardware-changes-bits = 00000000 00000000

card index = 81

mac base = 0005.9A3A.7E9C

mac_len = 0

num_processors = 2

epld_num = 2

epld_versions = 0001 0001 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000

port numbers:

pair #0: type=14, count=01

pair #1: type=00, count=00

pair #2: type=00, count=00

pair #3: type=00, count=00

pair #4: type=00, count=00

pair #5: type=00, count=00

pair #6: type=00, count=00

pair #7: type=00, count=00

sram_size = 0

```

sensor_thresholds =
  sensor #0: critical = -127 oC (sensor present but ignored), warning = -127 oC (sensor
present but ignored)
  sensor #1: critical = -127 oC (sensor present but ignored), warning = -127 oC (sensor
present but ignored)
  sensor #2: critical = -128 oC (sensor not present), warning = -128 oC (sensor not
present)
  sensor #3: critical = -128 oC (sensor not present), warning = -128 oC (sensor not
present)
  sensor #4: critical = -128 oC (sensor not present), warning = -128 oC (sensor not
present)
  sensor #5: critical = -128 oC (sensor not present), warning = -128 oC (sensor not
present)
  sensor #6: critical = -128 oC (sensor not present), warning = -128 oC (sensor not
present)
  sensor #7: critical = -128 oC (sensor not present), warning = -128 oC (sensor not
present)
max_connector_power = 1650
cooling_requirement = 70
ambient_temp = 55
*** end of linecard specific block ***

```

The following sample output from the **show platform fault** command displays fault-date information:

Router# **show platform fault**

```

Fault History Buffer:
rsp72043_rp Software (rsp72043_rp-ADVENTERPRISEK9_DBG-M), Version 12.2(32.8.1)RE
C186 ENGINEERING WEEKLY BUILD, synced to V122_32_8_11_SR186
Compiled Wed 08-Apr-09 09:22 by abcd
Uptime 2w3d
Exception Vector: 0x1500 PC 0x0B13DD4C MSR 0x00029200 LR 0x0B13DD10

r0 0x0B13DD10 r1 0x1C58A1C8 r2 0xFFFFCFFC r3 0x189EDEF4
r4 0x00000000 r5 0x00000000 r6 0x1C58A1B0 r7 0x00029200
r8 0x00029200 r9 0x00000000 r10 0x00000001 r11 0x189EDEF0
r12 0x0000001B r13 0x04044000 r14 0x08736008 r15 0x115C0000
r16 0x00000000 r17 0x00000000 r18 0x00000000 r19 0x1B751358
r20 0x00000000 r21 0x00000000 r22 0x00000000 r23 0x00000000
r24 0x00000000 r25 0x00000000 r26 0x00000000 r27 0x00000001
r28 0x13255EC0 r29 0x1C59BD00 r30 0x13255EC0 r31 0x00000000

dec 0x00007333 tbu 0x00004660 tbl 0x594BBFC4 pvr 0x80210020
dear 0x00000000 dbcr0 0x41000000 dbcr1 0x00000000 dbcr2 0x00000000
iac1 0x00000000 iac2 0x00000000 dac1 0x00000000 dac2 0x00000000

```

The following sample output from the **show platform hardware pfc mode** command displays the PFC-operating mode:

Router# **show platform hardware pfc mode**

```
PFC operating mode : PFC3A
```

This example shows how to display platform network-interrupt information:

Router# **show platform netint**

```

Network IO Interrupt Throttling:
  throttle count=0, timer count=0
  active=0, configured=1
  netint usec=3999, netint mask usec=800
inband_throttle_mask_hi = 0x0
inband_throttle_mask_lo = 0x800000

```

This following sample output from the **show platform tlb** command displays the TLB-register information:

Router# **show platform tlb**

```
Mistral revision 5
TLB entries : 42
Virt Address range      Phy Address range      Attributes
0x10000000:0x1001FFFF  0x010000000:0x01001FFFF  CacheMode=2, RW, Valid
0x10020000:0x1003FFFF  0x010020000:0x01003FFFF  CacheMode=2, RW, Valid
0x10040000:0x1005FFFF  0x010040000:0x01005FFFF  CacheMode=2, RW, Valid
0x10060000:0x1007FFFF  0x010060000:0x01007FFFF  CacheMode=2, RW, Valid
0x10080000:0x10087FFF  0x010080000:0x010087FFF  CacheMode=2, RW, Valid
0x10088000:0x1008FFFF  0x010088000:0x01008FFFF  CacheMode=2, RW, Valid
0x18000000:0x1801FFFF  0x010000000:0x01001FFFF  CacheMode=0, RW, Valid
0x19000000:0x1901FFFF  0x010000000:0x01001FFFF  CacheMode=7, RW, Valid
0x1E000000:0x1E1FFFFF  0x01E000000:0x01E1FFFFF  CacheMode=2, RW, Valid
0x1E800000:0x1E89FFFF  0x01E800000:0x01E89FFFF  CacheMode=2, RW, Valid
0x1FC00000:0x1FC7FFFF  0x01FC00000:0x01FC7FFFF  CacheMode=2, RO, Valid
0x30000000:0x3001FFFF  0x070000000:0x07001FFFF  CacheMode=2, RW, Valid
0x40000000:0x407FFFFF  0x000000000:0x0007FFFFF  CacheMode=3, RO, Valid
.
.
.
0x58000000:0x59FFFFFF  0x088000000:0x089FFFFFF  CacheMode=3, RW, Valid
0x5A000000:0x5BFFFFFF  0x08A000000:0x08BFFFFFF  CacheMode=3, RW, Valid
0x5C000000:0x5DFFFFFF  0x08C000000:0x08DFFFFFF  CacheMode=3, RW, Valid
0x5E000000:0x5FFFFFFF  0x08E000000:0x08FFFFFFF  CacheMode=3, RW, Valid
```

This example shows how use the **atom ether-vc** keyword to display line-card information for an ES20 line card in slot 3.

Router# **show platform copp rate-limit atom ether-vc**

```
AToM Ether VC Index(12902): segtype(3) seghandle(0x5ECF7F34)
Disposition : flags(97) vlanid(502) local_vc_label(22691)
ForwardingTable: oper(12) flags(0x2100) vlan(502) dest_index(0x9ED)
Imposition: flags(0x21) egress_idx(0x0) ifnum(28)
tx_tvc(0x7D83) rvclbl[0](3356) rigplbl[1](1011) label[2](0)
label[3](0) ltl(0x9ED) mac(0014.1c80.f600) qos_info(0x0)
Platform Data:
loc_lbl acif_num fw_idx cword eg_ifnum ckt_idx vlan ac_hdl vc_hash
22691 615 0x0 0x3 28 0x8003 502 0x5ECF7F34 0x3266
Platform Index(0x81F68003) is_sw(1) is_vfi(0) vlan(502) pseudo_port_offset(3)
tx_tvc(0x7D83)
Statistics : Packets Bytes Drop Pkts Drop Bytes ID
Disposition: 0 0 0 0 0
Imposition : 0 0 0 0 0
Vlan func[1]: 502 (0x1F6) func(0:invalid) feat (0x0 )
Tx TVC Table
idx ltl h pt cw vt efp adj v imp
x---- x-- d d- d- x--- x--- d x---
SIP10G EoMPLS disp detailed info:
t vclbl VLAN Type disp-idx
- d----- x---(d---) ----- x-----
0 00022691 01F6(0502) ether 00001692
SIP10G EoMPLS ipiw disp detailed info:
ipiw mac valid CE-MAC Address
b--- b-----
0001 000000001 0016.9c6e.7480
VC Summary: vlan(502) VC count(1)
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
platform copp	Turns on or off rate-limiting for an interface on the Cisco 7600 SIP-400.
platform copp observation period	Sets the observation period before automatically turning off the per-interface rate limiter on the Cisco 7600 SIP-400.
pseudowire class	Specifies the name of a Layer 2 pseudowire class.
show msfc	Displays MSFC information.

show platform bridge

To display distributed or hardware-based bridging information, use the **show platform bridge** command in privileged EXEC mode.

```
show platform bridge [interface-type interface-number] [vlan vlan-id] [summary]
```

Syntax Description	<i>interface-type</i>	(Optional) Interface type and number.
	<i>interface-number</i>	
	vlan <i>vlan-id</i>	(Optional) Displays VLAN bridging information.
	summary	(Optional) Displays a summary of bridging information.

Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (#)
---------------	---------------------

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(33)SRA	This command was introduced.

Examples The following is sample output from the **show platform bridge** command:

```
Router# show platform bridge

VLAN Interface          CircuitId  LTL   PseudoPort  State  Options
12 PO1/1/3.1            102      0xC3F    1/256    up     dot1q
13 PO1/1/3.1            103      0xC3F    1/256    up     dot1q
14 PO1/1/3.2            104      0xC3F    1/256    up     default
15 PO1/1/3.2            105      0xC3F    1/256    up     default
16 PO1/1/3.3            106      0xC3F    1/256    up     dot1q-tunnel
17 PO1/1/3.3            107      0xC3F    1/256    up     dot1q-tunnel
41 Gi8/0/17              1201     0xDE2    8/227    up     access
41 Gi8/0/17              1202     0xDE3    8/228    up     access
41 Gi8/0/17              1203     0xDE4    8/229    up     access
41 Gi8/0/17              1204     0xDE5    8/230    up     access
41 Gi8/0/17              1205     0xDE6    8/231    up     access
41 Gi8/0/17              1206     0xDE7    8/232    up     access
41 Gi8/0/17              1207     0xDE8    8/233    up     access
41 Gi8/0/17              1208     0xDE9    8/234    up     access
41 Gi8/0/17              1209     0xDEA    8/235    up     access
41 Gi8/0/17              1210     0xDEB    8/236    up     access
41 Gi8/0/17              1211     0xDEC    8/237    up     access
41 Gi8/0/17              1212     0xDED    8/238    up     access
41 Gi8/0/17              1213     0xDEE    8/239    up     access
41 Gi8/0/17              1214     0xDEF    8/240    up     access
41 Gi8/0/17              1215     0xDF0    8/241    up     access
```

Table 128 describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 130 *show platform bridge Field Descriptions*

Field	Description
VLAN	The VLAN for which bridging is configured.
Interface	The WAN interface on which bridging is configured. This can be an ATM, Gigabit Ethernet, POS, or Serial interface.
CircuitId	The circuit ID. The range is from 0 to 65536.
LTL	The local target logic (LTL) of the interface. LTL is 13 bits long. The format is eee ssss pppppp (e: extended port bits, s: slot bits, p: port bits). Extended bits along with port bits identify the pseudoport and slot bits identifies the slot.
PseudoPort	In the case of flexwan, the port numbering is from 133 to 192 for Bay 0 and 197 to 256 for Bay 1. There are 60 ports per packet processing engine (PPE). For the SIP200, the pseudoports are in the range of 137 to 256.
State	State indicates the status of the physical interface on which bridging is configured. The state is either up or down. If the state is down, then there is a problem and debugging needs to be done.
Options	Options specify whether split-horizon is enabled on the WAN interface. This can be access, default, dot1q, or dot1q-tunnel.

Related Commands

Command	Description
show platform	Displays platform information.

show platform cfm

To display connectivity fault management (CFM) commands, use the **show platform cfm** command in privileged EXEC mode.

```
show platform cfm { epl | info | interface { fastethernet | gigabitethernet | port-channel } number
                  { fwd_vlan vlan-number | level | vlan_list } }
```

Syntax Description

epl	Displays CFM Ethernet private line (EPL) details.
info	Displays the CFM Platform Adaptation Layer (PAL) information.
interface	Specifies the interface type.
fastethernet	Specifies the FastEthernet interface.
gigabitethernet	Specifies the GigabitEthernet interface.
port-channel	Specifies the port-channel interface.
number	Interface number.
fwd_vlan	Displays the CFM forward VLAN list.
vlan-number	VLAN number.
level	Displays the CFM level for the interface.
vlan_list	Specifies CFM VLAN list.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC (#)

Command History

Release	Modification
12.2(33)SRA	This command was introduced.
12.2(33)SXI	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXI.

Examples

The following is sample output from the **show platform cfm info** command. The field descriptions are self-explanatory.

```
Router# show platform cfm info

CFM is disabled
CFM unicast MAC 00d0.2b6c.b103, CFM multicast MAC 0180.c200.0030, AEB multicast MAC
0100.0ccc.ccc0
CFM Ingress Control Packet System Statistics:
Current software Rate Limit Setting: 1100 pkts/sec
Statistics are collected in intervals of 3 seconds.
Allow the first 3300 packets to pass each interval, drop thereafter
Current Ingress Count in this interval: 0 pkts
In this interval have we Exceeded Rate and Dropped pkts: NO
For the last 3 intervals the maximum sample had 0 packets in one interval.
```

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show platform	Displays platform information.

show platform diag

To display diagnostic and debug information for individual platform components, use the **show platform diag** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show platform diag

Syntax Description	diag	Displays diagnostic and debug information for the platform components.
---------------------------	-------------	--

Command Default	This command has no default settings.
------------------------	---------------------------------------

Command Modes	privileged EXEC (#)
----------------------	---------------------

Command History	Release	Modification
	Cisco IOS XE Release 2.2	This command was introduced on the Cisco ASR 1000 Series Aggregation Services Routers.

Usage Guidelines	This command can be used to display debug and diagnostic information and indicate the status of field replaceable unit (FRU) components in any Cisco ASR 1000 Series Router.
-------------------------	--

Examples	The following example displays diagnostic information for the Cisco ASR 1000 SPA Interface Processor (SIP), shared port adapters (SPAs), Cisco ASR 1000 Embedded Services Processor (ESP), Cisco ASR 1000 Route Processors (RP), and power supplies. The ESP is shown as F0 or F1. The RPs are shown as R0 or R1. The power supplies are shown as P0 and P1
-----------------	---

```
Router#show platform diag
```

```
Chassis type: ASR1004
Slot: 0, ASR1000-SIP10
Running state           : ok
Internal state          : online
Internal operational state : ok
Physical insert detect time : 00:00:48 (4d22h ago)
Software declared up time  : 00:01:40 (4d22h ago)
CPLD version            : 07091401
Firmware version         : 12.2(33r)XNB
```

```
Sub-slot: 0/0, SPA-5X1GE-V2
Operational status      : ok
Internal state           : inserted
Physical insert detect time : 00:00:36 (4d22h ago)
Logical insert detect time  : 00:02:23 (4d22h ago)
```

```
Sub-slot: 0/1, SPA-2XT3/E3
Operational status      : ok
Internal state           : inserted
```

```

Physical insert detect time : 00:00:36 (4d22h ago)
Logical insert detect time  : 00:02:23 (4d22h ago)

Slot: R0, ASR1000-RP1
  Running state              : ok
  Internal state             : online
  Internal operational state : ok
  Physical insert detect time : 00:00:48 (4d22h ago)
  Software declared up time  : 00:00:48 (4d22h ago)
  CPLD version               : 07062111
  Firmware version           : 12.2(33r)XNB

Sub-slot: R0/0,
  Running state              : ok, active
  Logical insert detect time : 00:00:48 (4d22h ago)
  Became HA Active time     : 00:04:56 (4d22h ago)

Sub-slot: R0/1,
  Running state              : ok, standby
  Logical insert detect time : 00:02:50 (4d22h ago)

Slot: F0, ASR1000-ESP10
  Running state              : ok, active
  Internal state             : online
  Internal operational state : ok
  Physical insert detect time : 00:00:48 (4d22h ago)
  Software declared up time  : 00:01:40 (4d22h ago)
  Hardware ready signal time : 00:00:49 (4d22h ago)
  Packet ready signal time  : 00:01:49 (4d22h ago)
  CPLD version               : 07051680
  Firmware version           : 12.2(33r)XNB

Slot: P0, ASR1004-PWR-AC
  State                      : ok
  Physical insert detect time : 00:01:40 (4d22h ago)

Slot: P1, ASR1004-PWR-AC
  State                      : ok
  Physical insert detect time : 00:01:40 (4d22h ago)

```

Table 131 describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 131 show platform diag Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Running state	The current online running state of the FRU component.
Internal state	The internal debug state of the FRU component for diagnostic purposes.
Internal operational state	The internal operational state of the FRU component for diagnostic purposes.
Physical insert detect time	The time of the most recent physical insertion of the FRU component detected by the platform code.
Software declared up time	The time that the software on the FRU component was declared running by the platform code.
Hardware ready signal time	The time that the hardware ready signal was detected by the platform code.

Table 131 *show platform diag Field Descriptions (continued)*

Field	Description
Packet ready signal time	The time that the Embedded Service Processor (ESP) packet ready signal was detected by the platform code.
CPLD version	The Complex Programmable Logic Device version number.
Firmware version	The Firmware (ROMmon) version number.
Logical insert detect time	The time that the SPA was logically detected by the platform code.
Became HA Active time	The time that this FRU became High Availability (HA) active status.

Related Commands

Command	Description
show platform	Displays platform information.
show platform hardware	Displays platform hardware information.
show platform software	Displays platform software information

show platform hardware capacity

To display the capacities and utilizations for the hardware resources, use the **show platform hardware capacity** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show platform hardware capacity [*resource-type*]

Syntax Description	<i>resource-type</i>	(Optional) Hardware resource type; see the “Usage Guidelines” section for the valid values.
--------------------	----------------------	---

Defaults This command has no default settings.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(18)SXF	Support for this command was introduced.
	12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.

Usage Guidelines The valid values for *resource-type* are as follows:

- **acl**—Displays the capacities and utilizations for ACL/QoS TCAM resources.
- **cpu**—Displays the capacities and utilizations for CPU resources.
- **eobc**—Displays the capacities and utilizations for Ethernet out-of-band channel resources.
- **fabric**—Displays the capacities and utilizations for Switch Fabric resources.
- **flash**—Displays the capacities and utilizations for Flash/NVRAM resources.
- **forwarding**—Displays the capacities and utilizations for Layer 2 and Layer 3 forwarding resources.
- **ibc**—Displays the capacities and utilizations for interboard communication resources.
- **interface**—Displays the capacities and utilizations for interface resources.
- **monitor**—Displays the capacities and utilizations for SPAN resources.
- **multicast**—Displays the capacities and utilizations for Layer 3 multicast resources.
- **netflow**—Displays the capacities and utilizations for NetFlow resources.
- **pfc**—Displays the capacities and utilizations for all the PFC resources including Layer 2 and Layer 3 forwarding, NetFlow, CPU rate limiters, and ACL/QoS TCAM resources.
- **power**—Displays the capacities and utilizations for power resources.
- **qos**—Displays the capacities and utilizations for QoS policer resources.
- **rate-limiter**—Displays the capacities and utilizations for CPU rate limiter resources.

- **rewrite-engine**—Displays the packet drop and performance counters of the central rewrite engine on supervisors and line cards. For detailed information, see the **show platform hardware capacity rewrite-engine** command documentation.
- **system**—Displays the capacities and utilizations for system resources.
- **vlan**—Displays the capacities and utilizations for VLAN resources.

The **show platform hardware capacity cpu** command displays the following information:

- CPU utilization for the last 5 seconds (busy time and interrupt time), the percentage of the last 1-minute average busy time, and the percentage of the last 5-minute average busy time.
- Processor memory total available bytes, used bytes, and percentage used.
- I/O memory total available bytes, used bytes, and percentage used.

The **show platform hardware capacity eobc** command displays the following information:

- Transmit and receive rate
- Packets received and packets sent
- Dropped received packets and dropped transmitted packets

The **show platform hardware capacity forwarding** command displays the following information:

- The total available entries, used entries, and used percentage for the MAC tables.
- The total available entries, used entries, and used percentage for the FIB TCAM tables. The display is done per protocol base.
- The total available entries, used entries, and used percentage for the adjacency tables. The display is done for each region in which the adjacency table is divided.
- The created entries, failures, and resource usage percentage for the NetFlow TCAM and ICAM tables.
- The total available entries and mask, used entries and mask, reserved entries and mask, and entries and mask used percentage for the ACL/QoS TCAM tables. The output displays the available, used, reserved, and used percentage of the labels. The output displays the resource of other hardware resources that are related to the ACL/QoS TCAMs (such as available, used, reserved, and used percentage of the LOU, ANDOR, and ORAND).
- The available, used, reserved, and used percentage for the CPU rate limiters.

The **show platform hardware capacity interface** command displays the following information:

- Tx/Rx drops—Displays the sum of transmit and receive drop counters on each online module (aggregate for all ports) and provides the port number that has the highest drop count on the module.
- Tx/Rx per port buffer size—Summarizes the port-buffer size on a per-module basis for modules where there is a consistent buffer size across the module.

The **show platform hardware capacity monitor** command displays the following SPAN information:

- The maximum local SPAN sessions, maximum RSPAN sessions, maximum ERSPAN sessions, and maximum service module sessions.
- The local SPAN sessions used/available, RSPAN sessions used/available, ERSPAN sessions used/available, and service module sessions used/available.

The **show platform hardware capacity multicast** command displays the following information:

- Multicast Replication Mode: ingress and egress IPv4 and IPv6 modes.
- The MET table usage that indicates the total used and the percentage used for each module in the system.

- The bidirectional PIM DF table usage that indicates the total used and the percentage used.

The **show platform hardware capacity system** command displays the following information:

- PFC operating mode (PFC Version: PFC3A, PFC3B, unknown, and so forth)
- Supervisor redundancy mode (RPR, RPR+, SSO, none, and so forth)
- Module-specific switching information, including the following information:
 - Part number (WS-SUP720-BASE, WS-X6548-RJ-45, and so forth)
 - Series (supervisor engine, fabric, CEF720, CEF256, dCEF256, or classic)
 - CEF Mode (central CEF, dCEF)

The **show platform hardware capacity vlan** command displays the following VLAN information:

- Total VLANs
- VTP VLANs that are used
- External VLANs that are used
- Internal VLANs that are used
- Free VLANs

Examples

This example shows how to display CPU capacity and utilization information for the route processor, the switch processor, and the LAN module in the Cisco 7600 series router:

Router# **show platform hardware capacity cpu**

```

CPU Resources
CPU utilization: Module           5 seconds      1 minute      5 minutes
                   1  RP           0% /  0%           1%           1%
                   1  SP           5% /  0%           5%           4%
                   7              69% /  0%          69%          69%
                   8              78% /  0%          74%          74%
Processor memory: Module  Bytes:   Total      Used      %Used
                   1  RP      176730048    51774704    29%
                   1  SP      192825092    51978936    27%
                   7              195111584    35769704    18%
                   8              195111584    35798632    18%
I/O memory: Module  Bytes:   Total      Used      %Used
                   1  RP      35651584     12226672    34%
                   1  SP      35651584     9747952     27%
                   7              35651584     9616816     27%
                   8              35651584     9616816     27%

```

Router#

This example shows how to display EOBC-related statistics for the route processor, the switch processor, and the DFCs in the Cisco 7600 series router:

Router# **show platform hardware capacity eoabc**

```

EOBC Resources
Module           Packets/sec      Total packets      Dropped packets
1  RP      Rx:           61          108982             0
           Tx:           37           77298             0
1  SP      Rx:           34          101627             0
           Tx:           39          115417             0
7          Rx:           5           10358             0
           Tx:           8           18543             0
8          Rx:           5           12130             0
           Tx:          10           20317             0

```

Router#

This example shows how to display the current and peak switching utilization:

Router# **show platform hardware capacity fabric**

Switch Fabric Resources

Bus utilization: current is 100%, peak was 100% at 12:34 12mar45

Fabric utilization:		ingress		egress	
Module	channel	speed	current	peak	current peak
1	0	20G	100%	100%	12:34 12mar45 100% 100% 12:34 12mar45
1	1	20G	12%	80%	12:34 12mar45 12% 80% 12:34 12mar45
4	0	20G	12%	80%	12:34 12mar45 12% 80% 12:34 12mar45
13	0	8G	12%	80%	12:34 12mar45 12% 80% 12:34 12mar45

Router#

This example shows how to display information about the total capacity, the bytes used, and the percentage that is used for the Flash/NVRAM resources present in the system:

Router# **show platform hardware capacity flash**

Flash/NVRAM Resources

Usage:	Module	Device	Bytes:	Total	Used	%Used
	1	RP	bootflash:	31981568	15688048	49%
	1	SP	disk0:	128577536	105621504	82%
	1	SP	sup-bootflash:	31981568	29700644	93%
	1	SP	const_nvram:	129004	856	1%
	1	SP	nvram:	391160	22065	6%
	7		dfc#7-bootflash:	15204352	616540	4%
	8		dfc#8-bootflash:	15204352	0	0%

Router#

This example shows how to display the capacity and utilization of the EARLs present in the system:

Router# **show platform hardware capacity forwarding**

L2 Forwarding Resources

MAC Table usage:	Module	Collisions	Total	Used	%Used
	6	0	65536	11	1%

VPN CAM usage:	Total	Used	%Used
	512	0	0%

L3 Forwarding Resources

FIB TCAM usage:	Total	Used	%Used
72 bits (IPv4, MPLS, EoM)	196608	36	1%
144 bits (IP mcast, IPv6)	32768	7	1%

detail:	Protocol	Used	%Used
	IPv4	36	1%
	MPLS	0	0%
	EoM	0	0%
	IPv6	4	1%
	IPv4 mcast	3	1%
	IPv6 mcast	0	0%

Adjacency usage:	Total	Used	%Used
	1048576	175	1%

Forwarding engine load:

Module	pps	peak-pps	peak-time
6	8	1972	02:02:17 UTC Thu Apr 21 2005

Netflow Resources

TCAM utilization:	Module	Created	Failed	%Used
	6	1	0	0%
ICAM utilization:	Module	Created	Failed	%Used
	6	0	0	0%

Flowmasks:	Mask#	Type	Features
IPv4:	0	reserved	none
IPv4:	1	Intf FulNAT_INGRESS	NAT_EGRESS FM_GUARDIAN
IPv4:	2	unused	none
IPv4:	3	reserved	none
IPv6:	0	reserved	none
IPv6:	1	unused	none
IPv6:	2	unused	none
IPv6:	3	reserved	none

CPU Rate Limiters Resources

Rate limiters:	Total	Used	Reserved	%Used
Layer 3	9	4	1	44%
Layer 2	4	2	2	50%

ACL/QoS TCAM Resources

Key: ACLent - ACL TCAM entries, ACLmsk - ACL TCAM masks, AND - ANDOR,
 QoSent - QoS TCAM entries, QoSmsk - QoS TCAM masks, OR - ORAND,
 Lbl-in - ingress label, Lbl-eg - egress label, LOUsrc - LOU source,
 LOUdst - LOU destination, ADJ - ACL adjacency

Module	ACLent	ACLmsk	QoSent	QoSmsk	Lbl-in	Lbl-eg	LOUsrc	LOUdst	AND	OR	ADJ
6	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%

Router#

This example shows how to display the interface resources:

Router# **show platform hardware capacity interface**

Interface Resources

Interface drops:

Module	Total drops:	Tx	Rx	Highest drop port:	Tx	Rx
9		0	2		0	48

Interface buffer sizes:

Module	Bytes:	Tx buffer	Rx buffer
1		12345	12345
5		12345	12345

Router#

This example shows how to display SPAN information:

Router# **show platform hardware capacity monitor**

SPAN Resources

Source sessions: 2 maximum, 0 used

Type	Used
Local	0
RSPAN source	0
ERSPAN source	0
Service module	0

Destination sessions: 64 maximum, 0 used

Type	Used
RSPAN destination	0
ERSPAN destination (max 24)	0

Router#

This example shows how to display the capacity and utilization of resources for Layer 3 multicast functionality:

Router# **show platform hardware capacity multicast**

```
L3 Multicast Resources
IPv4 replication mode: ingress
IPv6 replication mode: ingress
Bi-directional PIM Designated Forwarder Table usage: 4 total, 0 (0%) used
Replication capability: Module
                        5
                        9
MET table Entries: Module
                        5
                        65526
                        6
                        0%
```

Router#

This example shows how to display information about the system power capacities and utilizations:

Router# **show platform hardware capacity power**

```
Power Resources
Power supply redundancy mode: administratively combined
                             operationally combined
System power: 1922W, 0W (0%) inline, 1289W (67%) total allocated
Powered devices: 0 total
```

Router#

This example shows how to display the capacity and utilization of QoS policer resources per EARL in the Cisco 7600 series router:

Router# **show platform hardware capacity qos**

```
QoS Policer Resources
Aggregate policers: Module
                    1
                    5
Microflow policer configurations: Module
                                1
                                5
                                64
                                64
                                32
                                1
                                50%
                                1%
```

Router#

This example shows how to display information about the key system resources:

Router# **show platform hardware capacity system**

```
System Resources
PFC operating mode: PFC3BXL
Supervisor redundancy mode: administratively rpr-plus, operationally rpr-plus
Switching Resources: Module  Part number      Series      CEF mode
                        5      WS-SUP720-BASE  supervisor  CEF
                        9      WS-X6548-RJ-45  CEF256     CEF
```

Router#

This example shows how to display VLAN information:

Router# **show platform hardware capacity vlan**

```
VLAN Resources
VLANs: 4094 total, 10 VTP, 0 extended, 0 internal, 4084 free
```

Router#

Related Commands

Command	Description
show msfc	Displays MSFC information.
show platform	Displays platform information.

show platform isg

To display Constellation WAN (CWAN) iEdge Route Processor information, use the **show platform isg** command in privileged EXEC mode.

```
show platform isg {msi-all | slot {slot-number | all} | vrf {vrf-number | all}}
```

Syntax Description	msi-all	Displays CWAN Multiservice Interface (MSI) information.
	slot	Displays active slot session information.
	slot-number	Slot number.
	all	Displays information about all CWAN iEdge slots.
	vrf	Displays CWAN iEdge VPN routing and forwarding (VRF) information.
	vrf-number	VRF ID.
	all	Displays information about all CWAN VRFs.

Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (#)
---------------	---------------------

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(33)SRC	This command was introduced.

Examples The following is sample output from the **show platform isg vrf all** command. The field descriptions are self-explanatory.

```
Router# show platform isg vrf all

dbg_stdby_cd_fibobj          35042
dbg_stdby_cd_rem_fibobj      492
dbg_stdby_cd_no_objhdl       1120
dbg_stdby_cd_no_ps           0
dbg_stdby_unpck_vrf_node     1612
dbg_stdby_unpck_pl_hdl       33922
dbg_stdby_unpck_rem_vrf_node 0
```

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show platform	Displays platform information.

show platform oam

To display Operation, Administration, and Maintenance (OAM) information of a platform, use the **show platform oam** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show platform oam {**link-monitor** [**interface** *type number*] | **loopback**}

Syntax Description	link-monitor	Displays link monitoring information.
	interface <i>type number</i>	(Optional) Displays the interface name and number.
	loopback	Displays information about the loopback ports.

Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (#)
----------------------	---------------------

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(33)SRC	This command was introduced.

Examples

The following is sample output from the **show platform oam link-monitor interface GigabitEthernet 1/1** command. The fields are self-explanatory.

```
Router# show platform oam link-monitor interface GigabitEthernet 1/1
```

```
Interface Gi1/1:
  first_poll = 0
  symprd_tlv_sent = 0
  frmprd_tlv_sent = 0
  frm_poll_cnt = 1
  frmsec_poll_cnt = 10
  rxcrc_poll_cnt = 1
  txcrc_poll_cnt = 1
  symbol_period_start = 00:00:01.752
  prev_rx_error_frames = 2
  total_rx_error_frames = 0
  error_frame_period_start = 2
  total_frame_period_start = 20
  prev_error_frame_seconds = 0
  total_error_frame_seconds = 0
  prev_rx_crc_error_frames = 0
  prev_tx_crc_error_frames = 2
  total_frm_tlvs = 0
  total_frmsec_tlvs = 0
  total_symprd_tlvs = 0
  total_frmprd_tlvs = 0
```

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show platform	Displays platform information.

show platform redundancy

To display platform-specific Constellation WAN (CWAN) redundancy information, use the **show platform redundancy** command in privileged EXEC mode.

```
show platform redundancy { atm | ccb slot-number cpu-number | cwpa-ce3 | cwpa-ct3 | cwpa-e1
| cwpa-stm1 | cwpa-t1 | frame-relay | hdlc | if-config { slot-number cpu-number [bay-number]
| default-retvals } | mlp | multilink-vc | osm-chocx | osm-ct3 | ppp | shadowstate | spa-chocx
| spa-ct3 | switchover }
```

Syntax Description

atm	Displays CWAN ATM redundancy state information.
ccp	Displays the CWAN Configuration Control Block (CCB) list.
<i>slot-number</i>	Slot number.
<i>cpu-number</i>	CPU number.
cwpa-ce3	Displays CWAN port adapter (CWPA) Channelized E3 (CE3) redundancy state information.
cwpa-ct3	Displays CWPA-CT3 redundancy state information.
cwpa-e1	Displays CWPA-E1 redundancy state information.
cwpa-stm1	Displays CWPA Synchronous Transport Module level-1 (STM-1) virtual circuit (VC) information.
cwpa-t1	Displays CWPA-T1 redundancy state information.
frame-relay	Displays CWAN Frame Relay redundancy state information.
hdlc	Displays CWAN High-Level Data Link Control (HDLC) redundancy state information.
if-config	Displays the CWAN IF-configuration list.
<i>bay-number</i>	(Optional) Shared Port Adapter (SPA) bay number.
default-retvals	Displays default IF-configuration return values.
mlp	Displays CWAN Multilink Point-to-Point Protocol (MLP) redundancy state information.
multilink-vc	Displays CWAN Multilink VC information.
osm-chocx	Displays CWAN Optical Services Module (OSM) Channelized OC-12/OC-3 line card (CHOCX) redundancy state information.
osm-ct3	Displays CWAN OSM-CT3 redundancy state information.
ppp	Displays CWAN PPP redundancy state information.
shadowstate	Displays the CWAN interface descriptor block (IDB) shadow state.
spa-chocx	Displays CHOCX SPA VC information.
spa-ct3	Displays CT3 SPA VC information.
switchover	Displays CWAN switchover redundancy information.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC (#)

Command History

Release	Modification
12.2(33)SRC	This command was introduced.

Examples

The following is sample output from the **show platform redundancy** command with the **if-config** keyword. The fields are self-explanatory.

```
Router# show platform redundancy if-config 4 0
```

```
Current number of elements = 0
Current maximum elements = 128
List was grown = 0 times
Number of elements sorted = 0
List errors = 0
List flags = 0x1E
Current element pointer = 0x0
List pointer = 0x50A27438
+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+
| C=Command T=Type P=Port t=timedOut D=Dirty S=Sync          |
+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+
|  C  |  T  |  P  | key address | t | D | S | value          |
+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+
+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
show platform	Displays platform information.

show platform software filesystem

To display information about file systems, use the **show platform software filesystem** command in privileged EXEC or diagnostic mode.

show platform software filesystem { **bootflash:** | **stby-bootflash:** | **fpd:** | **harddisk:** | **stby-harddisk:** | **obfl:** | **stby-obfl:** | **usb0:** | **stby-usb0:** | **usb1:** | **stby-usb1:** } [**all**] [**details**]

Syntax Description

bootflash:	File system on the bootflash device.
stby-bootflash:	Standby file system on the bootflash device (if the standby Route Processor [RP] is preset).
fpd:	Synthetic file system that is used by the field-programmable device (FPD) upgrade process—for Cisco Technical Support only.
harddisk:	File system on the hard disk device.
stby-harddisk:	Standby file system on the harddisk device (if the standby RP is preset).
obfl:	File system on the on board failure logging (OBFL) device.
stby-obfl:	Standby file system on the OBFL device (if the standby RP is preset).
usb0:	File system on the USB0 device (if installed).
stby-usb0:	Standby file system on the USB0 device (if the standby RP is preset).
usb1:	File system on the USB1 device (if installed).
stby-usb1:	Standby file system on the USB1 device (if the standby RP is preset).
all	(Optional) All possible device information.
details	(Optional) File system details.

Command Default

No default behavior or values

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC (#)
Diagnostic (diag)

Command History

Release	Modification
Cisco IOS XE Release 2.1	This command was introduced on the Cisco ASR1000 Series Routers.

Usage Guidelines

Use this command to ascertain the presence or absence of specific files and to determine space usage in the file system. This command is helpful to monitor the growth of log file sizes, because rapid growth of log files could indicate possible problems with the router.

Examples

The following example displays information about the files in the bootflash file system. It also shows the number of bytes used out of the total available in the bootflash file system.

Router# **show platform software filesystem bootflash:**

```

-#- --length-- -----date/time----- path
 1      4096 Apr  01 2008 13:34:30 +00:00 /bootflash/
 2     16384 Dec  04 2007 04:32:46 +00:00 /bootflash/lost+found
 3      4096 Dec  04 2007 06:06:24 +00:00 /bootflash/.ssh
 4       963 Dec  04 2007 06:06:16 +00:00 /bootflash/.ssh/ssh_host_key
 5       627 Dec  04 2007 06:06:16 +00:00 /bootflash/.ssh/ssh_host_key.pub
 6      1675 Dec  04 2007 06:06:18 +00:00 /bootflash/.ssh/ssh_host_rsa_key
 7       382 Dec  04 2007 06:06:18 +00:00 /bootflash/.ssh/ssh_host_rsa_key.pub
 8       668 Dec  04 2007 06:06:24 +00:00 /bootflash/.ssh/ssh_host_dsa_key
 9       590 Dec  04 2007 06:06:24 +00:00 /bootflash/.ssh/ssh_host_dsa_key.pub
10      4096 Dec  04 2007 06:06:36 +00:00 /bootflash/.rollback_timer
11      4096 Mar 18 2008 17:31:17 +00:00 /bootflash/.prst_sync
12      4096 Dec  04 2007 04:34:45 +00:00 /bootflash/.installer
13 205951180 Mar 18 2008 17:23:03 +00:00 /bootflash/asr1000rp1-advipservicesk
14 46858444 Mar 18 2008 17:28:55 +00:00 /bootflash/asr1000rp1-espbase.02.01.
15 20318412 Mar 18 2008 17:28:56 +00:00 /bootflash/asr1000rp1-rpaccess-k9.02
16 22266060 Mar 18 2008 17:28:57 +00:00 /bootflash/asr1000rp1-rpbase.02.01.0
17 21659852 Mar 18 2008 17:28:57 +00:00 /bootflash/asr1000rp1-rpcontrol.02.0
18 45934796 Mar 18 2008 17:28:58 +00:00 /bootflash/asr1000rp1-rpios-advipser
19 34169036 Mar 18 2008 17:28:59 +00:00 /bootflash/asr1000rp1-sipbase.02.01.
20 22067404 Mar 18 2008 17:29:00 +00:00 /bootflash/asr1000rp1-sipspa.02.01.0
21       7180 Mar 18 2008 17:29:00 +00:00 /bootflash/packages.conf

```

461897728 bytes available (419782656 bytes used)

The following example displays information only about the bootflash file system itself, such as file system type and access permissions:

Router# **show platform software filesystem bootflash: details**

```

Filesystem: bootflash
Filesystem Path: /bootflash
Filesystem Type: ext2
Mounted: Read/Write

```

[Table 132](#) describes the significant fields shown in the displays of file system information.

Table 132 *show platform software filesystem Field Descriptions*

Field	Description
#	Display line number.
Length	File size in bytes.
Date/Time	Date and time the file system was created.
Path	Full path of a file in the file system.
Filesystem Path	Root of the file system.
Filesystem Type	Type of file system. One of the following values: - ext2—Second extended file system. - jffs2—Journaling flash file system, version 2. - vfat—Virtual file allocation table (FAT16 or FAT32).
Mounted	Access permissions to the file system.

Related Commands

Command	Description
show platform software mount	Displays the mounted file systems (both physical and virtual) on a shared port adapter (SPA) in a SPA interface processor (SIP), on an Embedded Services Processor (ESP), or on a Route Processor (RP).
show platform software tech-support	Displays system information or creates a technical support information tar file for Cisco Technical Support.

show platform software memory

To display memory information for the specified process, use the **show platform software memory** command in privileged EXEC or diagnostic mode.

```
show platform software memory [database | messaging] { chassis-manager slot |
  cpp-control-process process | cpp-driver process | cpp-ha-server process |
  cpp-service-process process | forwarding-manager slot | host-manager slot |
  interface-manager slot | ios slot | logger slot | pluggable-services slot | shell-manager slot }
[brief]
```

Syntax Description	
database	(Optional) Displays database memory information for the specified process.
messaging	(Optional) Displays messaging memory information for specified process. The information displayed is for internal debugging purposes only.
chassis-manager slot	Displays memory information for the Chassis Manager process in the specified <i>slot</i> . Possible <i>slot</i> values are: • 0—Cisco ASR 1000 Series SPA Interface Processor (SIP) slot 0 • 1—Cisco ASR 1000 Series SIP slot 1 • 2—Cisco ASR 1000 Series SIP slot 2 • f0—Cisco ASR 1000 Series Embedded Services Processor (ESP) slot 0 • f1—Cisco ASR 1000 Series ESP slot 1 • fp active—Active Cisco ASR 1000 Series ESP • fp standby—Standby Cisco ASR 1000 Series ESP • r0—Cisco ASR 1000 Series Route Processor (RP) slot 0 • r1—Cisco ASR 1000 Series RP slot 1 • rp active—Active Cisco ASR 1000 Series RP • rp standby—Standby Cisco ASR 1000 Series RP
cpp-control-process	Displays memory information for the specified Cisco Packet Processor (CPP) Client Control process. Possible <i>process</i> values are: • cpp active—Active CPP Client Control process • cpp standby—Standby CPP Client Control process The information displayed is for internal debugging purposes only.
cpp-driver	Displays memory information for the specified CPP Driver process. Possible <i>process</i> values are: • cpp active—Active CPPDriver process • cpp standby—Standby CPP Driver process The information displayed is for internal debugging purposes only.

cpp-ha-server	Displays memory information for the specified CPP High Availability (HA) Server process. Possible <i>process</i> values are: • cpp active—Active CPP HA Server process • cpp standby—Standby CPP HA Server process The information displayed is for internal debugging purposes only.
cpp-service-process	Displays memory information for the specified CPP Client Service process. Possible <i>process</i> values are: • cpp active—Active CPP Client Service process • cpp standby—Standby CPP Client Service process The information displayed is for internal debugging purposes only.
forwarding-manager slot	Displays memory information for the Forwarding Manager process in the specified <i>slot</i>. Possible <i>slot</i> values are: • f0—Cisco ASR 1000 Series ESP slot 0 • f1—Cisco ASR 1000 Series ESP slot 1 • fp active—Active Cisco ASR 1000 Series ESP • fp standby—Standby Cisco ASR 1000 Series ESP • r0—Cisco ASR 1000 Series RP slot 0 • r1—Cisco ASR 1000 Series RP slot 1 • rp active—Active Cisco ASR 1000 Series RP • rp standby—Standby Cisco ASR 1000 Series RP
host-manager slot	Displays memory information for the Host Manager process in the specified <i>slot</i>. Possible <i>slot</i> values are: • 0—Cisco ASR 1000 Series SIP slot 0 • 1—Cisco ASR 1000 Series SIP slot 1 • 2—Cisco ASR 1000 Series SIP slot 2 • f0—Cisco ASR 1000 Series ESP slot 0 • f1—Cisco ASR 1000 Series ESP slot 1 • fp active—Active Cisco ASR 1000 Series ESP • fp standby—Standby Cisco ASR 1000 Series ESP • r0—Cisco ASR 1000 Series RP slot 0 • r1—Cisco ASR 1000 Series RP slot 1 • rp active—Active Cisco ASR 1000 Series RP • rp standby—Standby Cisco ASR 1000 Series RP

interface-manager *slot* Displays memory information for the Interface Manager process in the specified *slot*. Possible *slot* values are:

- **0**—Cisco ASR 1000 Series SIP slot 0
- **1**—Cisco ASR 1000 Series SIP slot 1
- **2**—Cisco ASR 1000 Series SIP slot 2
- **r0**—Cisco ASR 1000 Series RP slot 0
- **r1**—Cisco ASR 1000 Series RP slot 1
- **rp active**—Active Cisco ASR 1000 Series RP
- **rp standby**—Standby Cisco ASR 1000 Series RP

ios *slot* Displays memory information for the IOS process in the specified *slot*. Possible *slot* values are:

- **0/0**—Cisco ASR 1000 Series SIP slot 0, bay 0
 - **0/1**—Cisco ASR 1000 Series SIP slot 0, bay 1
 - **0/2**—Cisco ASR 1000 Series SIP slot 0, bay 2
 - **0/3**—Cisco ASR 1000 Series SIP slot 0, bay 3
 - **1/0**—Cisco ASR 1000 Series SIP slot 1, bay 0
 - **1/1**—Cisco ASR 1000 Series SIP slot 1, bay 1
 - **1/2**—Cisco ASR 1000 Series SIP slot 1, bay 2
 - **1/3**—Cisco ASR 1000 Series SIP slot 1, bay 3
 - **2/0**—Cisco ASR 1000 Series SIP slot 2, bay 0
 - **2/1**—Cisco ASR 1000 Series SIP slot 2, bay 1
 - **2/2**—Cisco ASR 1000 Series SIP slot 2, bay 2
 - **2/3**—Cisco ASR 1000 Series SIP slot 2, bay 3
 - **r0**—Cisco ASR 1000 Series RP slot 0
 - **r1**—Cisco ASR 1000 Series RP slot 1
 - **rp active**—Active Cisco ASR 1000 Series RP
 - **rp standby**—Standby Cisco ASR 1000 Series RP
-

logger slot	Displays memory information for the logger process in the specified <i>slot</i>. Possible <i>slot</i> values are: • 0—Cisco ASR 1000 Series SIP slot 0 • 1—Cisco ASR 1000 Series SIP slot 1 • 2—Cisco ASR 1000 Series SIP slot 2 • f0—Cisco ASR 1000 Series ESP slot 0 • f1—Cisco ASR 1000 Series ESP slot 1 • fp active—Active Cisco ASR 1000 Series ESP • fp standby—Standby Cisco ASR 1000 Series ESP • r0—Cisco ASR 1000 Series RP slot 0 • r1—Cisco ASR 1000 Series RP slot 1 • rp active—Active Cisco ASR 1000 Series RP • rp standby—Standby Cisco ASR 1000 Series RP
pluggable-services slot	Displays memory information for the pluggable-services process in the specified <i>slot</i>. Possible <i>slot</i> values are: • r0—Cisco ASR 1000 Series RP slot 0 • r1—Cisco ASR 1000 Series RP slot 1 • rp active—Active Cisco ASR 1000 Series RP • rp standby—Standby Cisco ASR 1000 Series RP
shell-manager slot	Displays memory information for the Shell Manager process in the specified <i>slot</i>. Possible <i>slot</i> values are: • r0—Cisco ASR 1000 Series RP slot 0 • r1—Cisco ASR 1000 Series RP slot 1 • rp active—Active Cisco ASR 1000 Series RP • rp standby—Standby Cisco ASR 1000 Series RP
brief	(Optional) Displays abbreviated memory information for the specified process.

Command Default	No default behavior or values.
------------------------	--------------------------------

Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (#) Diagnostic (diag)
----------------------	--

Command History	Release	Modification
	Cisco IOS XE Release 2.1	This command was introduced on the Cisco ASR 1000 Series Routers.

Usage Guidelines

The specification of the **database** and **brief** keywords are optional.

The specification of a process and slot are required.

Examples

The following example displays memory information for the Forwarding Manager process for Cisco ASR 1000 Series RP slot 0:

```
Router# show platform software memory forwarding-manager r0
Module: cdllib
    allocated: 900, requested: 892, overhead: 8
    Allocations: 2, failed: 0, frees: 1
Module: eventutil
    allocated: 117379, requested: 117059, overhead: 320
    Allocations: 46, failed: 0, frees: 6
Module: uipeer
    allocated: 9264, requested: 9248, overhead: 16
    Allocations: 3, failed: 0, frees: 1
Module: Summary
    allocated: 127543, requested: 127199, overhead: 344
    Allocations: 51, failed: 0, frees: 8
```

Table 133 describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 133 *show platform software memory Field Descriptions*

Field	Description
Module:	Name of submodule.
allocated:	Memory, allocated in bytes.
requested:	Number of bytes requested by application.
overhead:	Allocation overhead.
Allocations:	Number of discrete allocation event attempts.
failed:	Number of allocation attempts that were attempted, but failed.
frees:	Number of free events.

The following example displays abbreviated (**brief** keyword) memory information for the Chassis Manager process for Cisco ASR 1000 Series ESP slot 0:

```
Router# show platform software memory chassis-manager f0 brief
  module           allocated    requested    allocs      frees
  -----
  CPP Features      692          668          3           0
  Summary           497816       495344       323         14
  chunk             419322       419290        4           0
  eventutil         68546        66146       312         12
  uipeer            9256         9240          4           2
```

Table 134 describes the significant fields shown in the **brief** keyword display.

Table 134 *show platform software memory brief Field Descriptions*

Field	Description
module	Name of submodule.
allocated	Memory, allocated in bytes.
requested	Number of bytes requested by application.
allocs	Number of discrete allocation event attempts.
frees	Number of free events.

show platform software mount

To display the mounted file systems, both physical and virtual, for a Cisco ASR 1000 Series SPA Interface Processor (SIP), Cisco ASR 1000 Series Embedded Services Processor (ESP), or Cisco ASR 1000 Series Route Processor (RP), use the **show platform software mount** command in privileged EXEC or diagnostic mode.

show platform software mount [*slot* [**brief**]]

Syntax Description	<i>slot</i> (Optional) Displays mounted file systems for the specified <i>slot</i>. Possible <i>slot</i> values are: • 0—Cisco ASR 1000 Series SIP slot 0 • 1—Cisco ASR 1000 Series SIP slot 1 • 2—Cisco ASR 1000 Series SIP slot 2 • f0—Cisco ASR 1000 Series ESP slot 0 • f1—Cisco ASR 1000 Series ESP slot 1 • fp active—Active Cisco ASR 1000 Series ESP • fp standby—Standby Cisco ASR 1000 Series ESP • r0—Cisco ASR 1000 Series RP slot 0 • r1—Cisco ASR 1000 Series RP slot 1 • rp active—Active Cisco ASR 1000 Series RP • rp standby—Standby Cisco ASR 1000 Series RP brief (Optional) Displays abbreviated mounted file system information.
---------------------------	--

Command Default No default behavior or values.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC (#)
Diagnostic (diag)

Command History	Release	Modification
	Cisco IOS XE Release 2.1	This command was introduced on the Cisco ASR 1000 Series Routers.

Usage Guidelines If no slot is specified, the command returns mounted file systems for the active RP. This command allows you to ascertain the presence or absence of specific system mounts. For example, this command might be used to determine /tmp-related mounts, which are used to create many run-time directories and files.

Users may be requested to execute this command to collect information about the underlying configuration of the platform software.

The RP output can differ depending on how the router was booted, and whether there are USB devices inserted.

The SIP and ESP output can differ depending on whether the chassis is a dual or single RP.

Examples

The following example displays mounted file systems for the active RP:

```
Router# show platform software mount
Filesystem      Used    Available  Use% Mounted on
rootfs          0        0          -    /
proc            0        0          -    /proc
sysfs           0        0          -    /sys
none           524    1037640    1%   /dev
/dev/bootflash1 298263   42410     88%  /bootflash
/dev/harddisk1   609208   4025132   14%  /misc/scratch
/dev/loop1       28010    0         100% /tmp/sw/mount/2007-10-14_...
/dev/loop2       26920    0         100% /tmp/sw/mount/2007-10-14_...
/dev/loop3       48236    0         100% /tmp/sw/mount/2007-10-14_...
/dev/loop4       6134     0         100% /tmp/sw/mount/2007-10-14_...
/dev/loop5       43386    0         100% /tmp/sw/mount/2007-10-14_...
/dev/loop6       30498    0         100% /tmp/sw/mount/2007-10-14_...
/dev/loop7       14082    0         100% /tmp/sw/mount/2007-10-14_...
none           524    1037640    1%   /dev
/proc/bus/usb    0        0          -    /proc/bus/usb
/dev/mtdblock1   460     1588     23%  /obfl
automount(pid4165) 0        0          -    /vol
```

The following example displays mounted file systems for the Cisco ASR 1000 Series ESP in ESP slot 0:

```
Router# show platform software mount f0
Filesystem      Used    Available  Use% Mounted on
rootfs          0        0          -    /
proc            0        0          -    /proc
sysfs           0        0          -    /sys
none          10864   507124    3%   /dev
/dev/loop1      41418    0         100% /tmp/sw/fp/0/0/fp/mount
none          10864   507124    3%   /dev
/proc/bus/usb    0        0          -    /proc/bus/usb
/dev/mtdblock1   504     1544     25%  /obfl
automount(pid3210) 0        0          -    /misc1
```

The following example displays mounted file systems for the active Cisco ASR 1000 Series RP:

```
Router# show platform software mount rp active
Filesystem      Used    Available  Use% Mounted on
rootfs          0        0          -    /
proc            0        0          -    /proc
sysfs           0        0          -    /sys
none           436    1037728    1%   /dev
/dev/bootflash1 256809   83864     76%  /bootflash
/dev/harddisk1   252112   4382228    6%  /misc/scratch
/dev/loop1       30348    0         100% /tmp/sw/mount/2007-09-27_...
/dev/loop2       28394    0         100% /tmp/sw/mount/2007-09-27_...
/dev/loop3       42062    0         100% /tmp/sw/mount/2007-09-27_...
/dev/loop4       8384     0         100% /tmp/sw/mount/2007-09-27_...
/dev/loop5       41418    0         100% /tmp/sw/mount/2007-09-27_...
/dev/loop6       21612    0         100% /tmp/sw/mount/2007-09-27_...
/dev/loop7       16200    0         100% /tmp/sw/mount/2007-09-27_...
none           436    1037728    1%   /dev
/proc/bus/usb    0        0          -    /proc/bus/usb
```

```

/dev/mtdblock1          484      1564    24% /obfl
automount(pid4004)      0         0      - /vol

```

Table 135 describes the significant fields shown in the SIP slot (0, 1, or 2) displays.

Table 135 *show platform software mount SIP slot Field Descriptions*

Field	Description
Filesystem	Logical name of the file system device.
Used	Number of 1Kb blocks used.
Available	Number of free 1Kb blocks available.
Use%	Percentage of 1Kb blocks used of the total available.
Mounted on	Canonical path to the mounted file system.

The following example displays abbreviated (**brief** keyword) mounted file system information for Cisco ASR 1000 Series SIP slot 0:

```
Router# show platform software mount 0 brief
```

```

Mount point: rootfs
  Type      : rootfs
  Location  : /
  Options   : rw

Mount point: proc
  Type      : proc
  Location  : /proc
  Options   : rw

Mount point: sysfs
  Type      : sysfs
  Location  : /sys
  Options   : rw

Mount point: none
  Type      : tmpfs
  Location  : /dev
  Options   : rw

Mount point: /dev/loop1
  Type      : iso9660
  Location  : /tmp/sw/cc/0/0/cc/mount
  Options   : ro

Mount point: none
  Type      : tmpfs
  Location  : /dev
  Options   : rw

Mount point: /proc/bus/usb
  Type      : usbfs
  Location  : /proc/bus/usb
  Options   : rw

Mount point: /dev/mtdblock1
  Type      : jffs2
  Location  : /obfl
  Options   : rw,noatime,nodiratime

```

```
Mount point: automount(pid3199)
Type       : autofs
Location   : /misc1
Options    : rw,fd=5,pgrp=3199,timeout=60,minproto=2,maxproto=4,indirect
```

[Table 136](#) describes the significant fields shown in the **brief** keyword display.

Table 136 *show platform software mount brief Field Descriptions*

Field	Description
Mount point:	Logical name of the file system device.
Type:	File system type.
Location:	Canonical path to the mounted file system.
Options:	Mount point type-specific flags and settings.

show platform software process list

To display a list of the processes running in a given slot, use the **show platform software process list** command in privileged EXEC or diagnostic mode.

show platform software process list *slot* [**name** *process-name* | **process-id** *process-id* | **summary**]

Syntax Description	<i>slot</i>	Displays running process information for the specified <i>slot</i> . Possible <i>slot</i> values are: • 0—Cisco ASR 1000 Series SPA Interface Processor (SIP) slot 0 • 1—Cisco ASR 1000 Series SIP slot 1 • 2—Cisco ASR 1000 Series SIP slot 2 • f0—Cisco ASR 1000 Series Embedded Services Processor (ESP) slot 0 • f1—Cisco ASR 1000 Series ESP slot 1 • fp active—Active Cisco ASR 1000 Series ESP • fp standby—Standby Cisco ASR 1000 Series ESP • r0—Cisco ASR 1000 Series Route Processor (RP) slot 0 • r1—Cisco ASR 1000 Series RP slot 1 • rp active—Active Cisco ASR 1000 Series RP • rp standby—Standby Cisco ASR 1000 Series RP
	name <i>process-name</i>	(Optional) Displays information for the specified process name.
	process-id <i>process-id</i>	(Optional) Displays information for the specified process ID.
	summary	(Optional) Displays summary process information for the running host.

Command Default No default behavior or values.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC (#)
Diagnostic (diag)

Command History	Release	Modification
	Cisco IOS XE Release 2.1	This command was introduced on the Cisco ASR 1000 Series Routers.

Usage Guidelines The **name** and **process-id** keywords can be used to narrow the process list display down to specific processes.

The **summary** keyword can be used to display summary information about running processes.

Examples

The following example displays information about running processes for Cisco ASR 1000 Series SIP slot 0:

```
Router# show platform software process list 0
Name                               Pid    PPid  Group Id  Status    Priority  Size
-----
init                               1       0      1    S          20    1974272
ksoftirqd/0                        2       1      1    S          39      0
events/0                           3       1      1    S          15      0
khelper                             4       1      1    S          15      0
kthread                             5       1      1    S          15      0
kblockd/0                          19      5      1    S          15      0
khubd                               23      5      1    S          15      0
pdflush                             59      5      1    S          20      0
pdflush                             60      5      1    S          20      0
kswapd0                             61      5      1    S          15      0
aio/0                               62      5      1    S          15      0
xfslogd/0                           63      5      1    S          15      0
xfsdatad/0                          64      5      1    S          15      0
mtdblockd                          626     1      1    S          20      0
loop0                              1370    1      1    S           0      0
portmap                            1404    1    1404    S          20    2076672
portmap                            1406    1    1406    S          20    2076672
loop1                              1440    1      1    S           0      0
udevd                             2104    1    2104    S          16    1974272
jffs2_gcd_mtd1                     2796    1      1    S          30      0
klogd                              3093    1    3093    S          20    1728512
automount                          3199    1    3199    S          20    2396160
xinetd                             3214    1    3214    S          20    3026944
xinetd                             3216    1    3216    S          20    3026944
pvp.sh                             3540    1    3540    S          20    3678208
inotifywait                        3575    3540    3575    S          20    1900544
pman.sh                             3614    3540    3614    S          20    3571712
pman.sh                             3714    3540    3714    S          20    3571712
btrace_rotate.s                    3721    3614    3721    S          20    3133440
agetty                             3822     1    3822    S          20    1720320
mcp_chvrf.sh                       3823     1    3823    S          20    2990080
snmp                                3824     1    3824    S          20    2625536
issu_switchover                    3825     1    3825    S          20    3899392
xinetd                             3827    3823    3823    S          20    3026944
cmcc                                3862    3714    3862    S          20    26710016
pman.sh                             3883    3540    3883    S          20    3571712
pman.sh                             4014    3540    4014    S          20    3575808
hman                                4020    3883    4020    R          20    19615744
imccd                              4114    4014    4114    S          20    31539200
inotifywait                        4196    3825    3825    S          20    1896448
pman.sh                             4351    3540    4351    S          20    3575808
plogd                              4492    4351    4492    S          20    22663168
inotifywait                        4604    3721    4604    S          20    1900544
```

Table 137 describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 137 show platform software process list Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Name	Name of the process.
Pid	Process ID.
PPid	Parent Process ID.
Group Id	Process group ID.

Table 137 *show platform software process list Field Descriptions (continued)*

Field	Description
Status	Process status.
Priority	Process priority.
Size	Virtual memory size (in bytes).

The following example displays information about a specific named process for Cisco ASR 1000 Series SIP slot 0:

```
Router# show platform software process list 0 name sleep
```

```
Name: sleep
  Process id       : 25938
  Parent process id: 3891
  Group id        : 3891
  Status          : S
  Session id      : 3816
  User time       : 0
  Kernel time     : 0
  Priority         : 20
  Virtual bytes   : 2482176
  Resident pages  : 119
  Resident limit  : 4294967295
  Minor page faults: 182
  Major page faults: 0
```

The following example displays information about a specific process identifier for Cisco ASR 1000 Series SIP slot 0:

```
Router# show platform software process list 0 process-id 1
```

```
Name: init
  Process id       : 1
  Parent process id: 0
  Group id        : 1
  Status          : S
  Session id      : 1
  User time       : 1
  Kernel time     : 741
  Priority         : 20
  Virtual bytes   : 1974272
  Resident pages  : 161
  Resident limit  : 4294967295
  Minor page faults: 756
  Major page faults: 0
```

[Table 138](#) describes the significant fields shown in the **name** and **process-id** keyword displays.

Table 138 *show platform software process list name and process-id Field Descriptions*

Field	Description
Name	Name of the process.
Process id	Process ID.
Parent process id	Parent process ID.
Group id	Process group ID.
Status	Process status.

Table 138 show platform software process list name and process-id Field Descriptions (continued)

Field	Description
Session id	Process session ID.
User time	Time (in seconds) spent in user mode.
Kernel time	Time (in seconds) spent in kernel mode.
Priority	Process priority.
Virtual bytes	Virtual memory size (in bytes).
Resident pages	Resident page size.
Resident limit	Current limit on Resident pages.
Minor page faults	Number of minor page faults.
Major page faults	Number of major page faults.

The following example displays process summary information for Cisco ASR 1000 Series SIP slot 0:

```
Router# show platform software process list 0 summary
```

```
Total number of processes: 54
```

```
Running      : 4
Sleeping     : 50
Disk sleeping : 0
Zombies      : 0
Stopped      : 0
Paging       : 0
```

```
Up time      : 1562
Idle time    : 1511
User time    : 1606
Kernel time  : 1319
```

```
Virtual memory : 587894784
Pages resident : 45436
Major page faults: 25
Minor page faults: 149098
```

```
Architecture : ppc
```

```
Memory (kB)
Physical      : 524288
Total         : 479868
Used          : 434948
Free          : 44920
Active        : 183020
Inactive      : 163268
Inact-dirty   : 0
Inact-clean   : 0
Dirty         : 0
AnonPages     : 76380
Bounce        : 0
Cached        : 263764
Commit Limit  : 239932
Committed As  : 201452
High Total    : 0
High Free     : 0
Low Total     : 479868
Low Free      : 44920
Mapped        : 59996
NFS Unstable  : 0
Page Tables   : 1524
```

```

Slab          : 73760
VMmalloc Chunk : 426840
VMmalloc Total : 474856
VMmalloc Used  : 47372
Writeback     : 0

Swap (kB)
Total        : 0
Used         : 0
Free         : 0
Cached       : 0

Buffers (kB) : 6144

Load Average
1-Min       : 0.00
5-Min       : 0.00
15-Min      : 0.00

```

Table 139 describes the significant fields shown in the **summary** keyword display.

Table 139 *show platform software process list summary Field Descriptions*

Field	Description
Total number of processes	Total number of processes in all possible states.
Running	Number of processes in the running state.
Sleeping	Number of processes in the sleeping state.
Disk sleeping	Number of processes in the disk-sleeping state.
Zombies	Number of processes in the zombie state.
Stopped	Number of processes in the stopped state.
Paging	Number of processes in the paging state.
Up time	System Up time (in seconds).
Idle time	System Idle time (in seconds).
User time	System time (in seconds) spent in user mode.
Kernel time	System time (in seconds) spent in kernel mode.
Virtual memory	Virtual memory size (in bytes).
Pages resident	Resident page size.
Major page faults	Number of major page faults.
Minor page faults	Number of minor page faults.
Architecture	System CPU architecture: PowerPC (ppc).
Memory (kB)	System memory heading.
Physical	Total physical memory (in kilobytes).
Total	Total available memory (in kilobytes). This value represents the physical memory available for kernel use.
Used	Used memory (in kilobytes).
Free	Free memory (in kilobytes).
Active	Most recently used memory (in kilobytes).

Table 139 *show platform software process list summary Field Descriptions (continued)*

Field	Description
Inactive	Memory (in kilobytes) that has been less recently used. It is more eligible to be reclaimed for other purposes.
Inact-dirty	Memory (in kilobytes) that may need to be written to persistent store (cache or disk).
Inact-clean	Memory (in kilobytes) that is readily available for re-use.
Dirty	Memory (in kilobytes) that is waiting to get written back to the disk.
AnonPages	Memory (in kilobytes) that is allocated when a process requests memory from the kernel via the malloc() system call. This memory has no file backing on disk.
Bounce	Memory (in kilobytes) that is allocated to bounce buffers.
Cached	Amount of physical RAM (in kilobytes) used as cache memory.
Commit Limit	Total amount of memory (in kilobytes) currently available to be allocated on the system. This limit is only adhered to if strict overcommit accounting is enabled.
Committed As	Total amount of memory (in kilobytes) presently allocated on the system. The committed memory is a sum of all of the memory that has been allocated by processes, even if it has not been used by them as of yet.
High Total	Total amount of memory (in kilobytes) that is not directly mapped into kernel space. The High Total value can vary based on the type of kernel used.
High Free	Amount of free memory (in kilobytes) that is not directly mapped into kernel space. The High Free value can vary based on the type of kernel used.
Low Total	Total amount of memory (in kilobytes) that is directly mapped into kernel space. The Low Total value can vary based on the type of kernel used.
Low Free	Amount of free memory (in kilobytes) that is directly mapped into kernel space. The Low Free value can vary based on the type of kernel used.
Mapped	Total amount of memory (in kilobytes) that has been used to map devices, files, or libraries using the mmap command.
NFS Unstable	Total amount of memory (in kilobytes) used for unstable NFS pages. Unstable NFS pages are pages that have been written into the page cache on the server, but have not yet been synchronized to disk.
Page Tables	Total amount of memory (in kilobytes) dedicated to the lowest page table level.
Slab	Total amount of memory (in kilobytes) used by the kernel to cache data structures for its own use.

Table 139 *show platform software process list summary Field Descriptions (continued)*

Field	Description
VMalloc Chunk	Largest contiguous block of available virtual address space (in kilobytes) that is free.
VMalloc Total	Total amount of memory (in kilobytes) of total allocated virtual address space.
VMalloc Used	Total amount of memory (in kilobytes) of used virtual address space.
Writeback	Memory (in kilobytes) that is actively being written back to the disk.
Swap (kB)	Swap memory heading.
Total	Total swap memory (in kilobytes).
Used	Used swap memory (in kilobytes).
Free	Free swap memory (in kilobytes).
Cached	Cached swap memory (in kilobytes).
Buffers (kB)	Buffers heading.
Load Average	Indicators of system load.
1-Min	Average number of processes running for the last minute.
5-Min	Average number of processes running for the last 5 minutes.
15-Min	Average number of processes running for the last 15 minutes.

show platform software tech-support

To display system information or create a technical support information tar file for Cisco Technical Support, use the **show platform software tech-support** command in privileged EXEC or diagnostic mode.

```
show platform software tech-support [file {bootflash:filename.tgz | fpd:filename.tgz |
harddisk:filename.tgz | obfl:filename.tgz | stby-bootflash:filename.tgz |
stby-harddisk:filename.tgz | stby-obfl:filename.tgz | stby-usb0:filename.tgz |
stby-usb1:filename.tgz}]
```

Syntax	Description
file	(Optional) Creates a technical support information tar file for the specified destination file path.
bootflash:filename.tgz	Creates a technical support information tar file for the boot flash memory file system on the active RP.
fpd:filename.tgz	Creates a technical support information tar file for the field-programmable device (FPD) image package on the active RP. The information displayed is for internal debugging purposes only.
harddisk:filename.tgz	Creates a technical support information tar file for the hard disk file system on the active RP.
obfl:filename.tgz	Creates a technical support information tar file for the file system for Onboard Failure Logging (obfl) files. The information displayed is for internal debugging purposes only.
stby-bootflash:filename.tgz	Creates a technical support information tar file for the boot flash memory file system on the standby RP. The information displayed is for internal debugging purposes only.
stby-harddisk:filename.tgz	Creates a technical support information tar file for the hard disk file system on the standby RP. The information displayed is for internal debugging purposes only.
stby-obfl:filename.tgz	Creates a technical support information tar file for the Onboard Failure Logging (obfl) files on the standby RP. The information displayed is for internal debugging purposes only.
stby-usb0:filename.tgz	Creates a technical support information tar file for Universal Serial Bus (USB) memory. The information displayed is for internal debugging purposes only.
stby-usb1:filename.tgz	Creates a technical support information tar file for Universal Serial Bus (USB) memory. The information displayed is for internal debugging purposes only.

Command Default No default behavior or values.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC (#)
Diagnostic (diag)

Command History

Release	Modification
Cisco IOS XE Release 2.1	This command was introduced on the Cisco ASR 1000 Series Routers.

Usage Guidelines

If the **file** keyword is specified, the specification of the **bootflash:** or **harddisk:** keyword and filename is required.

The **show platform software tech-support** command without a destination file path specification returns a large volume of information in a short period of time. You should save the output of the **show platform software tech-support** command in a log file to send to Cisco Technical Support for analysis.

Examples

The following example displays system information for Cisco Technical Support:

```
Router# show platform software tech-support
---- show version installed ----
Type: provisioning file, Version: unknown
  Provisioned on: RP0, Status: active
  File: packages.conf.super
  Modified: 2007-11-07 15:06:12.212303000 +0000
  SHA1 (header): d929d995d5ba2d3dedf67137c3e0e321b1727d7b
  SHA1 (calculated): d929d995d5ba2d3dedf67137c3e0e321b1727d7b
  SHA1 (external): a16881b6a7e3a5593b63bf211f72b8af9c534063
instance address      : 0X890DE9B4
  fast failover address : 00000000
  cpp interface handle 0
instance address      : 0X890DE9B8
  fast failover address : 00000000
  cpp interface handle 0
instance address      : 0X890DE9BC
  fast failover address : 00000000
...
```

**Note**

The **show platform software tech-support** command returns a large volume of information in a short period of time. The example above has been abbreviated for the purposes of this description.

The following example creates a technical support information tar file for the boot flash memory file system on the active RP:

```
Router# show platform software tech-support file bootflash:tech_support_output.tgz
Running tech support command set; please wait...
Creating file 'bootflash:target_support_output.tgz.tgz' ...
File 'bootflash:target_support_output.tgz.tgz' created successfully
```

The following example creates a technical support information tar file for the hard disk file system on the active RP:

```
Router# show platform software tech-support file harddisk:tech_support_output.tgz
Running tech support command set; please wait...
Creating file 'harddisk:tech_support_output.tgz.tgz' ...
File 'harddisk:tech_support_output.tgz.tgz' created successfully
```

show platform subscriber-group

To display the subscriber group information, use the **show platform subscriber-group** command in privileged EXEC mode.

```
show platform subscriber-group {vrf-number | all} [detail]
```

Syntax Description	<i>vrf-number</i>	VRF identification number. Displays VPN routing and forwarding (VRF) information for the specified VRF ID.
	all	Displays information about all VRFs.
	detail	Displays detailed information about the subscriber group.

Command Default	No default behavior or values.
-----------------	--------------------------------

Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (#)
---------------	---------------------

Command History	Release	Modification
	15.1(1)S	This command was introduced.

Examples This is sample output from the **show platform subscriber-group all** command:

```
Router#show platform subscriber-group all
Container0[:0] No of access sub-if(s) 1
Vlan 1014 p_cnt 1 Old Vlan 0 ip T
Container2[VRF2:2] No of access sub-if(s) 1
Vlan 1018 p_cnt 1 Old Vlan 0 ip T
```

This is sample output from the **show platform subscriber-group 0 detail** command:

```
Router#show platform subscriber-group 0 detail
-----
VRF[:0] Container0 No of access sub-if(s) 1 Vlan 1014
Access Interfaces:
GigabitEthernet2/10.2
```

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show platform	Displays platform information.

show platform supervisor

To display platform supervisor information, use the **show platform supervisor** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show platform supervisor mtu slot *slot-number* port *port-number*

Syntax Description	mtu	Displays supervisor operating Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU).
	slot <i>slot-number</i>	Displays information for the specified slot.
	port <i>port-number</i>	Displays information for the specified port.

Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (#)
---------------	---------------------

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(33)SRA	This command was introduced.

Examples The following is sample output from the **show platform supervisor** command. The fields are self-explanatory.

```
Router# show platform supervisor mtu slot 5 port 1
```

```
User configured MTU : 9216
Real Operating MTU   : 9236
```

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show platform	Displays platform information.

show power

To display information about the power status, use the **show power** command in user EXEC or privileged EXEC mode.

```
show power [available | inline [interface number | module number] | redundancy-mode | status
           {all | fan-tray fan-tray-number | module slot | power-supply pwr-supply-number} | total |
           used]
```

Syntax	Description
available	(Optional) Displays the available system power (margin).
inline	(Optional) Displays the inline power status.
<i>interface number</i>	(Optional) Specifies the interface type; possible valid values are ethernet , fastethernet , gigabitethernet , tengigabitethernet , null , port-channel , and vlan . See the “Usage Guidelines” section for additional information.
module number	Displays the power status for a specific module.
redundancy-mode	(Optional) Displays the power-supply redundancy mode.
status	(Optional) Displays the power status.
all	Displays all the FRU types.
fan-tray <i>fan-tray-number</i>	Displays the power status for the fan tray.
module slot	Displays the power status for a specific module.
power-supply <i>pwr-supply-number</i>	Displays the power status for a specific power supply; valid values are 1 and 2 .
total	(Optional) Displays the total power that is available from the power supplies.
used	(Optional) Displays the total power that is budgeted for powered-on items.

Defaults This command has no default settings.

Command Modes User EXEC
Privileged EXEC

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(14)SX	Support for this command was introduced on the Supervisor Engine 720.
	12.2(17a)SX1	The output was changed to include the total system-power information.
	12.2(17b)SXA	This command was changed to include information about the inline power status for a specific module.
	12.2(17d)SXB	Support for this command on the Supervisor Engine 2 was extended to Release 12.2(17d)SXB.
	12.2(18)SXF	The output was changed to include information about the high-capacity power supplies.
	12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.

Usage Guidelines

The *interface-number* argument designates the module and port number. Valid values for *interface-number* depend on the specified interface type and the chassis and module that are used. For example, if you specify a Gigabit Ethernet interface and have a 48-port 10/100BASE-T Ethernet module that is installed in a 13-slot chassis, valid values for the module number are from 1 to 13 and valid values for the port number are from 1 to 48.

Valid values for *vlan-id* are from 1 to 4094.

The Inline power field in the **show power** output displays the inline power that is consumed by the modules. For example, this example shows that module 9 has consumed 0.300 A of inline power:

```
Inline power   #    current
module         9    0.300A
```

Examples

This example shows how to display the available system power:

```
Router> show power available

system power available = 20.470A
Router>
```

This example shows how to display power-supply redundancy mode:

```
Router# show power redundancy-mode

system power redundancy mode = redundant
Router#
```

This command shows how to display the system-power status:

```
Router> show power

system power redundancy mode = combined
system power total =      3984.12 Watts (94.86 Amps @ 42V)
system power used =       1104.18 Watts (26.29 Amps @ 42V)
system power available =  2879.94 Watts (68.57 Amps @ 42V)
Power-Capacity PS-Fan Output Oper
PS   Type           Watts   A @42V Status Status State
----
1    WS-CAC-3000W    2830.80 67.40 OK      OK      on
2    WS-CAC-1300W    1153.32 27.46 OK      OK      on
Note: PS2 capacity is limited to 2940.00 Watts (70.00 Amps @ 42V)
      when PS1 is not present
Pwr-Allocated Oper
Fan  Type           Watts   A @42V State
----
1    FAN-MOD-9       241.50  5.75 OK
2                   241.50  5.75 failed
Pwr-Requested Pwr-Allocated Admin Oper
Slot Card-Type Watts   A @42V Watts   A @42V State State
----
1    WS-X6K-SUP2-2GE  145.32  3.46  145.32  3.46  on   on
2                   -      -    145.32  3.46  -    -
3    WS-X6516-GBIC    118.02  2.81  118.02  2.81  on   on
5    WS-C6500-SFM     117.18  2.79  117.18  2.79  on   on
7    WS-X6516A-GBIC   214.20  5.10    -      -    on  off (insuff cooling capacity)
8    WS-X6516-GE-TX   178.50  4.25  178.50  4.25  on   on
9    WS-X6816-GBIC    733.98 17.48    -      -    on  off (connector rating
exceeded)
Router>
```

This example shows how to display the power status for all FRU types:

Router# **show power status all**

FRU-type	#	current	admin	state	oper
power-supply	1	27.460A	on		on
module	1	4.300A	on		on
module	2	4.300A	-		- (reserved)
module	5	2.690A	on		on

Router#

This example shows how to display the power status for a specific module:

Router# **show power status module 1**

FRU-type	#	current	admin	state	oper
module	1	-4.300A	on		on

Router#

This example shows how to display the power status for a specific power supply:

Router# **show power status power-supply 1**

FRU-type	#	current	admin	state	oper
power-supply	1	27.460A	on		on

Router#

This example displays information about the high-capacity power supplies:

Router# **show power status power-supply 2**

PS	Type	Power-Capacity Watts	A @42V	PS-Fan Status	Output Status	Oper State
1	WS-CAC-6000W	2672.04	63.62	OK	OK	on
2	WS-CAC-9000W-E	2773.68	66.04	OK	OK	on

Router#

This example shows how to display the total power that is available from the power supplies:

Router# **show power total**

system power total = 27.460A
Router#

This example shows how to display the total power that is budgeted for powered-on items:

Router# **show power used**

system power used = -6.990A
Router#

This command shows how to display the inline power status on the interfaces:

Router# **show power inline**

Interface	Admin	Oper	Power (mWatt)	Device
FastEthernet9/1	auto	on	6300	Cisco 6500 IP Phone
FastEthernet9/2	auto	on	6300	Cisco 6500 IP Phone
.				
.				
.				

. <Output truncated>

This command shows how to display the inline power status for a specific module:

Router# **show power inline mod 7**

•

Related Commands

**power
redundancy-mode**

show processes

To display information about the active Cisco IOS or IOS XE processes or the Cisco IOS Software Modularity POSIX-style processes, use the **show processes** command in user EXEC or privileged EXEC mode.

Cisco IOS Software

show processes [**history** | *process-id* | **timercheck**]

Cisco IOS Software Modularity Images and Cisco Catalyst 4500e Series Switches running IOS XE software

show processes

Syntax Description		
history	(Optional)	For Cisco IOS processes only. Displays the process history in an ordered format.
<i>process-id</i>	(Optional)	For Cisco IOS processes only. An integer that specifies the process for which memory and CPU utilization data will be returned.
timercheck	(Optional)	For Cisco IOS processes only. Displays the processes configured for a timer check.

Command Modes

User EXEC (>)
Privileged EXEC (#)

Command History

Release	Modification
10.0	This command was introduced.
12.2(2)T	This command was modified. The history keyword was added.
12.3(2)T	This command was modified. The <i>process-id</i> argument was added.
12.2(18)SXF4	This command was modified. The syntax was modified to support Cisco IOS Software Modularity images.
12.3(14)T	This command was modified. The timercheck keyword was added.
12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.
Cisco IOS XE Release 2.1	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS XE Release 2.1.
Cisco IOS XE Release 3.1.0.SG	This command was introduced on the Cisco Catalyst 4500e Serfies Switches.

Usage Guidelines

Cisco IOS Software Modularity

Although no optional keywords or arguments are supported for the base **show processes** command when a Software Modularity image is running, more details about processes are displayed using the **show processes cpu**, **show processes detailed**, **show processes kernel**, and **show processes memory** commands.

Examples

Example output varies between Cisco IOS software images and Cisco IOS Software Modularity software images. The following sections show output examples for each image:

- [Cisco IOS Software](#)
- [Cisco IOS Software Modularity](#)
- [Cisco Catalyst 4500e Series Switches running IOS XE software](#)

Cisco IOS Software

The following is sample output from the **show processes** command:

Router# **show processes**

```
CPU utilization for five seconds: 21%/0%; one minute: 2%; five minutes: 2%
PID QTy      PC Runtime (ms)   Invoked  uSecs   Stacks TTY Process
  1 Cwe 606E9FCC           0          1      0 5600/6000  0 Chunk Manager
  2 Csp 607180F0           0        121055      0 2608/3000  0 Load Meter
  3 M*      0             8          90      88 9772/12000  0 Exec
  4 Mwe 619CB674           0          1    023512/24000  0 EDDRI_MAIN
  5 Lst 606F6AA4       82064        61496    1334 5668/6000  0 Check heaps
  6 Cwe 606FD444           0          127      0 5588/6000  0 Pool Manager
  7 Lwe 6060B364           0          1      0 5764/6000  0 AAA_SERVER_DEADT
  8 Mst 6063212C           0          2      0 5564/6000  0 Timers
  9 Mwe 600109D4           0          2      0 5560/6000  0 Serial Backgroun
 10 Mwe 60234848           0          2      0 5564/6000  0 ATM Idle Timer
 11 Mwe 602B75F0           0          2      0 8564/9000  0 ATM AutoVC Perio
 12 Mwe 602B7054           0          2      0 5560/6000  0 ATM VC Auto Crea
 13 Mwe 606068B8           0          2      0 5552/6000  0 AAA high-capacit
 14 Msi 607BABA4     251264        605013    415 5628/6000  0 EnvMon
 15 Mwe 607BFF8C           0          1      0 8600/9000  0 OIR Handler
 16 Mwe 607D407C           0        10089      0 5676/6000  0 IPC Dynamic Cach
 17 Mwe 607CD03C           0          1      0 5632/6000  0 IPC Zone Manager
 18 Mwe 607CCD80           0        605014      0 5708/6000  0 IPC Periodic Tim
 19 Mwe 607CCD24           0        605014      0 5704/6000  0 IPC Deferred Por
 20 Mwe 607CCE2C           0          1      0 5596/6000  0 IPC Seat Manager
```

Table 140 describes the fields shown in the display.

Table 140 *show processes Field Descriptions*

Field	Description
CPU utilization for five seconds	CPU utilization for the last 5 seconds. The second number indicates the percentage of CPU time spent at the interrupt level.
one minute	CPU utilization for the last minute.
five minutes	CPU utilization for the last 5 minutes.
PID	Process ID.
Q	Process queue priority. Possible values: C (critical), H (high), M (medium), and L (low).

Table 140 *show processes Field Descriptions (continued)*

Field	Description
Ty	Scheduler test. Possible values: • * (currently running) • E (waiting for an event) • S (ready to run, voluntarily relinquished processor) • rd (ready to run, wakeup conditions have occurred) • we (waiting for an event) • sa (sleeping until an absolute time) • si (sleeping for a time interval) • sp (sleeping for a time interval as an alternate call) • st (sleeping until a timer expires) • hg (hung: the process will never execute again) • xx (dead: the process has terminated, but has not yet been deleted).
PC	Current program counter.
Runtime (ms)	CPU time that the process has used (in milliseconds).
Invoked	Number of times that the process has been invoked.
uSecs	Microseconds of CPU time for each process invocation.
Stacks	Low water mark/Total stack space available (in bytes).
TTY	Terminal that controls the process.
Process	Name of the process.

**Note**

Because platforms have a 4- to 8- millisecond clock resolution, run times are considered reliable only after a large number of invocations or a reasonable, measured run time.

For a list of process descriptions, see

http://www.cisco.com/en/US/products/sw/iosswrel/ps1828/products_tech_note09186a00800a65d0.shtml.

The following is sample output from the **show processes history** command:

```
Router# show processes history
```

```
PID Exectime(ms) Caller PC Process Name
 3          12 0x0      Exec
16           0 0x603F4DEC GraphIt
21           0 0x603CFEF4 TTY Background
22           0 0x6042FD7C Per-Second Jobs
67           0 0x6015CD38 SMT input
39           0 0x60178804 FBM Timer
16           0 0x603F4DEC GraphIt
21           0 0x603CFEF4 TTY Background
22           0 0x6042FD7C Per-Second Jobs
16           0 0x603F4DEC GraphIt
21           0 0x603CFEF4 TTY Background
```

```

22          0 0x6042FD7C Per-Second Jobs
67          0 0x6015CD38 SMT input
39          0 0x60178804 FBM Timer
24          0 0x60425070 Compute load avgs
11          0 0x605210A8 ARP Input
69          0 0x605FDAF4 DHCPD Database
69          0 0x605FD568 DHCPD Database
51          0 0x60670B3C IP Cache Ager
69          0 0x605FD568 DHCPD Database
36          0 0x606E96DC SSS Test Client
69          0 0x605FD568 DHCPD Database
--More--

```

Table 141 describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 141 *show processes history Field Descriptions*

Field	Description
PID	Process ID.
Exectime (ms)	Execution time (in milliseconds) of the most recent run or the total execution time of the most recent consecutive runs.
Caller PC	Current program counter of this process before it was suspended.
Process Name	Name of the process.

The following is sample output from the **show processes process-id** command:

```
Router# show processes 6
```

```

Process ID 6 [Pool Manager], TTY 0
Memory usage [in bytes]
  Holding: 921148, Maximum: 940024, Allocated: 84431264, Freed: 99432136
  Getbufs: 0, Retbufs: 0, Stack: 12345/67890
CPU usage
  PC: 0x60887600, Invoked: 188, Giveups: 100, uSec: 24
  5Sec: 3.03%, 1Min: 2.98%, 5Min: 1.55%, Average: 0.58%,
  Age: 662314 msec, Runtime: 3841 msec
  State: Running, Priority: Normal

```

Table 142 describes the fields shown in the display.

Table 142 *show processes process-id Field Descriptions*

Field	Description
Process ID	Process ID number and process name.
TTY	Terminal that controls the process.
Memory usage [in bytes]	This section contains fields that show the memory used by the specified process.
Holding	Amount of memory currently allocated to the process.
Maximum	Maximum amount of memory allocated to the process since its invocation.
Allocated	Bytes of memory allocated by the process.
Freed	Bytes of memory freed by the process.
Getbufs	Number of times that the process has requested a packet buffer.

Table 142 *show processes process-id Field Descriptions (continued)*

Field	Description
Retbufs	Number of times that the process has relinquished a packet buffer.
Stack	Low water mark/Total stack space available (in bytes).
CPU usage	This section contains fields that show the CPU resources used by the specified process.
PC	Current program counter of this process before it was suspended.
Invoked	Number of times that the process executed since its invocation.
Giveups	Number of times that the process voluntarily gave up the CPU.
uSec	Microseconds of CPU time for each process invocation.
5Sec	CPU utilization by process in the last five seconds.
1Min	CPU utilization by process in the last minute.
5Min	CPU utilization by process in the last five minutes.
Average	The average amount of CPU utilization by the process since its invocation.
Age	Milliseconds since the process was invoked.
Runtime	CPU time that the process has used (in milliseconds).
State	Current state of the process. Possible values: Running, Waiting for Event, Sleeping (Mgd Timer), Sleeping (Periodic), Ready, Idle, Dead.
Priority	The priority of the process. Possible values: Low, Normal, High.

Cisco IOS Software Modularity

The following is sample output from the **show processes** command when a Cisco IOS Software Modularity image is running:

Router# **show processes**

```

Total CPU utilization for 5 seconds: 99.7%; 1 minute: 98.9%; 5 minutes: 86.5%
PID   TID   Prio STATE      Blocked  Stack      CPU   Name
1      1      0   Ready          0         0 (128K)   2m28s  procnto-cisco
1      2     63  Receive        1         0 (128K)   0.000  procnto-cisco
1      3     10  Receive        1         0 (128K)   0.000  procnto-cisco
1      4     11  Receive        1         0 (128K)   1.848  procnto-cisco
1      5     63  Receive        1         0 (128K)   0.000  procnto-cisco
1      6     63  Receive        1         0 (128K)   0.000  procnto-cisco
12290  1     10  Receive        1        12288 (128K)  0.080  chkptd.proc
12290  2     10  Receive        8        12288 (128K)  0.000  chkptd.proc
3       1     15  Condvar       1027388   12288 (128K)  0.016  qdelogger
3       2     15  Receive        1        12288 (128K)  0.004  qdelogger
3       3     16  Condvar       1040024   12288 (128K)  0.004  qdelogger
4       1     10  Receive        1         4096 (128K)  0.016  devc-pty
6       1     62  Receive        1         8192 (128K)  0.256  devc-ser2681
6       2     63  Intr           1         8192 (128K)  0.663  devc-ser2681
7       1     10  Receive        1        32768 (128K)  0.080  dumper.proc
7       2     10  Receive        1        32768 (128K)  0.008  dumper.proc
7       3     10  Receive        1        32768 (128K)  0.000  dumper.proc
7       4     10  Receive        1        32768 (128K)  0.020  dumper.proc
7       5     10  Receive        1        32768 (128K)  0.008  dumper.proc
4104   2     10  Receive        1        12288 (128K)  0.000  pipe
4104   3     10  Receive        1        12288 (128K)  0.000  pipe
--More--

```

Table 143 describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 143 *show processes (Software Modularity) Field Descriptions*

Field	Description
PID	Process ID.
TID	Task ID.
Prio	Process priority.
STATE	Current state of process.
Blocked	Thread (with given process ID) that is currently blocked by the process.
Stack	Size, in kilobytes, of the memory stack.
CPU	CPU time, in minutes and seconds, used by the process.
Name	Process name.

Cisco Catalyst 4500e Series Switches running IOS XE software

The following is sample output from the **show processes** command:

```
Switch# show processes
CPU utilization for five seconds: 1%; one minute: 4%; five minutes: 3%
PID      TID      Runtime(ms) Invoked  uSecs  Stacks  Process
1         0         935      596     156971 84/8192  init
2         0         0        79     10405  0/8192  kthreadd
3         0        12       2206    5578   0/8192  migration/0
4         0        12       772    15601  0/8192  ksoftirqd/0
5         6        6       1089    6357   0/8192  migration/1
6         14       0        877    16484  0/8192  ksoftirqd/1
7         0        15       374    42475  0/8192  events/0
8         9        0       333    27531  0/8192  events/1
9         5        0       637    9070   0/8192  khelper
61        28       0        45    628533 0/8192  kblockd/0
62        80       0       175    461994 0/8192  kblockd/1
75        0        0        21    1238   0/8192  khubd
78        0        0        23     652   0/8192  kseriod
83        7        0        26    271115 0/8192  kmmcd
120       0        0        25     320   0/8192  pdflush
121       12       0        68    190382 0/8192  pdflush
122       0        0        29     172   0/8192  kswapd0
123       0        0        31     161   0/8192  aio/0
124       0        0        33     121   0/8192  aio/1
291       0        0        35     142   0/8192  kpsmoused
309       0        0        37     135   0/8192  rpciod/0
310       0        0        39     128   0/8192  rpciod/1
354       71       0       425    167583 84/8192  udevd
700      117       0      3257    35991 0/8192  loop1
716       0        0        55    1145   0/8192  loop2
732      115       0     2336    49574 0/8192  loop3
2203     86        0       627   138015 84/8192  dbus-daemon
2539     0        0       432    1974   84/8192  portmap
2545     0        0       434    2011   84/8192  portmap
2588     1        0       450    2384   84/8192  sshd
2602     2        0       444    6677   84/8192  xinetd
2606     1        0       444    3191   84/8192  xinetd
3757     0        0        71     70    84/8192  vsi work/0
--More--
```

Table 143 describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 144 *show processes (Software Modularity) Field Descriptions*

Field	Description
CPU utilization for five seconds	CPU utilization for the last 5 seconds. The second number indicates the percentage of CPU time spent at the interrupt level.
one minute	CPU utilization for the last minute.
five minutes	CPU utilization for the last 5 minutes.
PID	Process ID.
TID	Thread ID.
Runtime (ms)	CPU time that the process has used (in milliseconds).
Invoked	Number of times that the process has been invoked.
uSec	Microseconds of CPU time for each process invocation.
Stacks	Size, in kilobytes, of the memory stack.
Process	Process name.

Related Commands

Command	Description
show processes cpu	Displays detailed CPU utilization statistics (CPU use per process) when a Software Modularity image is running.
show processes detailed	Displays detailed information about POSIX and Cisco IOS processes when a Software Modularity image is running.
show processes kernel	Displays information about System Manager kernel processes when a Software Modularity image is running.
show processes memory	Displays amount of system memory used per system process.

show processes cpu

To display detailed CPU utilization statistics (CPU use per process) when Cisco IOS or Cisco IOS Software Modularity images are running, use the **show processes cpu** command in user EXEC or privileged EXEC mode.

Cisco IOS Software

show processes cpu [**history** [**table**] | **sorted** [**1min** | **5min** | **5sec**]]

Cisco IOS Software Modularity

show processes cpu [**detailed** [*process-id* | *process-name*] | **history**]

Syntax Description		
history	(Optional)	Displays CPU history in a graph format.
table	(Optional)	Displays CPU history in a table format.
sorted	(Optional)	For Cisco IOS images only. Displays CPU utilization sorted by percentage.
1min	(Optional)	Sorts CPU utilization based on 1 minute utilization.
5min	(Optional)	Sorts CPU utilization based on 5 minutes utilization.
5sec	(Optional)	Sorts CPU utilization based on 5 seconds utilization.
detailed	(Optional)	For Cisco IOS Software Modularity images only. Displays more detailed information about Cisco IOS processes (not for POSIX processes).
<i>process-id</i>	(Optional)	For Cisco IOS Software Modularity images only. Process identifier.
<i>process-name</i>	(Optional)	For Cisco IOS Software Modularity images only. Process name.

Command Modes	User EXEC (>) Privileged EXEC (#)
---------------	--------------------------------------

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.0	This command was introduced.
	12.2(2)T	This command was modified. The history keyword was added.
	12.3(8)	This command was enhanced to display Address Resolution Protocol (ARP) output.
	12.3(14)T	This command was enhanced to display ARP output.
	12.2(18)SXF4	This command was enhanced to support Cisco IOS Software Modularity images.
	12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.
	12.2(33)SB	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SB.
	12.2(33)SCB3	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SCB3. Support was added for Cisco uBR10012 and uBR7200 routers.

Release	Modification
Cisco IOS XE Release 2.1	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS XE Release 2.1.
15.0(1)M	This command was modified. The output was modified to display the CPU time in microseconds that the process has used.

Usage Guidelines

Cisco IOS Software

If you use the optional **history** keyword, three graphs are displayed for Cisco IOS images:

- CPU utilization for the last 60 seconds
- CPU utilization for the last 60 minutes
- CPU utilization for the last 72 hours

Maximum usage is measured and recorded every second; average usage is calculated on periods of more than one second. Consistently high CPU utilization over an extended period indicates a problem. Use the **show processes cpu** command to troubleshoot. Also, you can use the output of this command in the Cisco [Output Interpreter](#) tool to display potential issues and fixes. Output Interpreter is available to registered users of Cisco.com who are logged in and have Java Script enabled.

For a list of system processes, go to

http://www.cisco.com/en/US/products/sw/iosswrel/ps1828/products_tech_note09186a00800a65d0.shtml.

Cisco IOS Software Modularity

Cisco IOS Software Modularity images display only one graph that shows the CPU utilization for the last 60 minutes. The horizontal axis shows times (for example, 0, 5, 10, 15 minutes), and the vertical axis shows total percentage of CPU utilization (0 to 100 percent).

Examples

Example output varies between Cisco IOS software images and Cisco IOS Software Modularity software images. The following sections show output examples for each image:

- [Cisco IOS Software](#)
- [Cisco IOS Software Modularity](#)

Cisco IOS Software

The following is sample output from the **show processes cpu** command without keywords:

Router# **show processes cpu**

```

CPU utilization for five seconds: 0%/0%; one minute: 0%; five minutes: 0%
PID Runtime(uS)    Invoked    uSecs    5Sec    1Min    5Min  TTY Process
  1      4000         67        59    0.00%   0.00%   0.00%   0 Chunk Manager
  2      4000      962255         0    0.00%   0.00%   0.00%   0 Load Meter
  3         0         1         0    0.00%   0.00%   0.00%   0 cpf_process_tp
  4         0         1         0    0.00%   0.00%   0.00%   0 EDDRI_MAIN
  5 586520704      732013     6668    0.00%   0.11%   0.08%   0 Check heaps
  6      4000        991         4    0.00%   0.00%   0.00%   0 Pool Manager
  7         0         1         0    0.00%   0.00%   0.00%   0 DiscardQ Backg
  8         0         2         0    0.00%   0.00%   0.00%   0 Timers
  9         0         2         0    0.00%   0.00%   0.00%   0 ATM AutoVC Per
 10         0         2         0    0.00%   0.00%   0.00%   0 ATM VC Auto Cr
 11 2154956000    4809201     448    0.00%   0.03%   0.03%   0 EnvMon

```

```

PID Runtime(uS)      Invoked      uSecs   5Sec   1Min   5Min TTY Process
12      0           1           0  0.00%  0.00%  0.00% 0 OIR Handler
13      0           1           0  0.00%  0.00%  0.00% 0 Crash writer
14      0           1           0  0.00%  0.00%  0.00% 0 IPC Process le
15      0          80189          0  0.00%  0.00%  0.00% 0 IPC Dynamic Ca
16      0           1           0  0.00%  0.00%  0.00% 0 IPC Zone Manag
17      0          962246          0  0.00%  0.00%  0.00% 0 IPC Service No
18      0          4698177          0  0.00%  0.00%  0.00% 0 IPC Periodic T
19      0          4698177          0  0.00%  0.00%  0.00% 0 IPC Deferred P
20      0           1           0  0.00%  0.00%  0.00% 0 IPC Seat Manag
21      0           1           0  0.00%  0.00%  0.00% 0 IPC Seat Contr
22      0          962246          0  0.00%  0.00%  0.00% 0 IPC Loadometer
<snip>

```

The following is sample output of the one-hour portion of the output. The Y-axis of the graph is the CPU utilization. The X-axis of the graph is the increment within the time period displayed in the graph. This example shows the individual minutes during the previous hour. The most recent measurement is on the left of the X-axis.

```
Router# show processes cpu history
```

```
!--- One minute output omitted
```

```

666577686575667666766666676676767676666676676767676666566667
6378016198993513709771991443732358689932740858269643922613
100
90
80      *      *
70      * *  * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
60      #####
50      #####
40      #####
30      #####
20      #####
10      #####
0....5....1....1....2....2....3....3....4....4....5....5....
      0      5      0      5      0      5      0      5      0      5
CPU% per minute (last 60 minutes)
* = maximum CPU% # = average CPU%

```

```
!--- 72-hour output omitted
```

The top two rows, read vertically, display the highest percentage of CPU utilization recorded during the time increment. In this example, the CPU utilization for the last minute recorded is 66 percent. The device may have reached 66 percent only once during that minute, or it may have reached 66 percent multiple times. The device records only the peak reached during the time increment and the average over the course of that increment.

The following is sample output from the **show processes cpu** command on a Cisco uBR10012 router:

```
Router# show processes cpu
```

```

CPU utilization for five seconds: 2%/0%; one minute: 2%; five minutes: 2%
PID Runtime(us)      Invoked      uSecs   5Sec   1Min   5Min TTY Process
1      8          471          16  0.00%  0.00%  0.00% 0 Chunk Manager
2      4          472           8  0.00%  0.00%  0.00% 0 Load Meter
3      0           1           0  0.00%  0.00%  0.00% 0 IPC 0x50000 Vers
4      0          10           0  0.00%  0.00%  0.00% 0 C10K Card Event
5      0          65           0  0.00%  0.00%  0.00% 0 Retransmission o
6      0           5           0  0.00%  0.00%  0.00% 0 IPC ISSU Dispatc
7      5112        472        10830  0.63%  0.18%  0.18% 0 Check heaps
8      0           1           0  0.00%  0.00%  0.00% 0 Pool Manager
9      0           2           0  0.00%  0.00%  0.00% 0 Timers

```

```

10          0          2          0 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0 Serial Backgroun
11          0         786          0 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0 WBCMTS process
12          0          1          0 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0 AAA_SERVER_DEADT
13          0          1          0 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0 Policy Manager
14          0          1          0 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0 Crash writer
15          0          1          0 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0 RO Notify Timers
16          0          1          0 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0 RMI RM Notify Wa
17          0        2364          0 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0 Facility Alarm
18          0         41          0 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0 IPC Dynamic Cach

```

The following is sample output from the **show processes cpu** command that shows an ARP probe process:

```
Router# show processes cpu | include ARP
```

```

17      38140      389690          97 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0 ARP Input
36          0          1          0 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0 IP ARP Probe
40          0          1          0 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0 ATM ARP INPUT
80          0          1          0 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0 RARP Input
114         0          1          0 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0 FR ARP

```

Table 145 describes the fields shown in the output.

Table 145 *show processes cpu Field Descriptions*

Field	Description
CPU utilization for five seconds	CPU utilization for the last 5 seconds. The second number indicates the percent of CPU time spent at the interrupt level.
one minutes	CPU utilization for the last minute.
five minutess	CPU utilization for the last 5 minutes.
PID	Process ID.
Runtime (us)	CPU time that the process has used (in microseconds).
Invoked	Number of times that the process has been invoked.
uSecs	Microseconds of CPU time for each process invocation.
5Sec	CPU utilization by task in the last 5 seconds.
1Min	CPU utilization by task in the last minute.
5Min	CPU utilization by task in the last 5 minutes.
TTY	Terminal that controls the process.
Process	Name of the process.



Note

Because platforms have a 4- to 8-microsecond clock resolution, run times are considered reliable only after several invocations or a reasonable, measured run time.

Cisco IOS Software Modularity

The following is sample output from the **show processes cpu** command when a Software Modularity image is running:

```
Router# show processes cpu
```

```

Total CPU utilization for 5 seconds: 99.6%; 1 minute: 98.5%; 5 minutes: 85.3%
PID          5Sec      1Min      5Min Process

```

```

1          0.0%    0.1%    0.8% kernel
3          0.0%    0.0%    0.0% qdelogger
4          0.0%    0.0%    0.0% devc-pty
6          0.7%    0.2%    0.1% devc-ser2681
7          0.0%    0.0%    0.0% dumper.proc
4104       0.0%    0.0%    0.0% pipe
8201       0.0%    0.0%    0.0% mqueue
8202       0.0%    0.0%    0.0% fsdev.proc
8203       0.0%    0.0%    0.0% flashfs_hes_slot1.proc
8204       0.0%    0.0%    0.0% flashfs_hes_slot0.proc
8205       0.0%    0.0%    0.0% flashfs_hes_bootflash.proc
8206       0.0%    0.0%    0.0% dfs_disk2.proc
8207       0.0%    0.0%    0.0% dfs_disk1.proc
8208       0.0%    0.0%    0.0% dfs_disk0.proc
8209       0.0%    0.0%    0.0% ldcache.proc
8210       0.0%    0.0%    0.0% watchdog.proc
8211       0.0%    0.0%    0.0% syslogd.proc
8212       0.0%    0.0%    0.0% name_svr.proc
8213       0.0%    0.1%    0.0% wdsysmon.proc
8214       0.0%    0.0%    0.0% sysmgr.proc
8215       0.0%    0.0%    0.0% kosh.proc
12290      0.0%    0.0%    0.0% chkptd.proc
12312      0.0%    0.0%    0.0% sysmgr.proc
12313      0.0%    0.0%    0.0% syslog_dev.proc
12314      0.0%    0.0%    0.0% itrace_exec.proc
12315      0.0%    0.0%    0.0% packet.proc
12316      0.0%    0.0%    0.0% installer.proc
12317     29.1%   28.5%   19.6% ios-base
12318      0.0%    0.0%    0.0% fh_fd_oir.proc
12319      0.0%    0.0%    0.1% fh_fd_cli.proc
12320      0.0%    0.0%    0.0% fh_metric_dir.proc
12321      0.0%    0.0%    0.0% fh_fd_snmp.proc
12322      0.0%    0.0%    0.0% fh_fd_none.proc
12323      0.0%    0.0%    0.0% fh_fd_intf.proc
12324     48.5%   48.5%   35.8% iprouting.iosproc
12325      0.0%    0.0%    0.0% fh_fd_timer.proc
12326      0.0%    0.0%    0.0% fh_fd_ioswd.proc
12327      0.0%    0.0%    0.0% fh_fd_counter.proc
12328      0.0%    0.0%    0.0% fh_fd_rf.proc
12329      0.0%    0.0%    0.0% fh_server.proc
12330      0.0%    0.0%    0.0% cdp2.iosproc
12331      0.0%    0.0%    0.0% fh_policy_dir.proc
12332      0.0%    0.0%    0.0% ipfs_daemon.proc
12333      0.0%    0.0%    0.0% raw_ip.proc
12334      0.0%    0.0%    0.0% inetd.proc
12335     19.1%   20.4%   12.6% tcp.proc
12336      0.0%    0.0%    0.0% udp.proc

```

Table 146 describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 146 *show processes cpu (Software Modularity) Field Descriptions*

Field	Description
Total CPU utilization for five seconds	Total CPU utilization for the last 5 seconds. The second number indicates the percent of CPU time spent at the interrupt level.
1 minute	CPU utilization for the last minute.
5 minutes	CPU utilization for the last 5 minutes.
PID	Process ID.

Table 146 *show processes cpu (Software Modularity) Field Descriptions (continued)*

Field	Description
5Sec	Percentage of CPU time spent at the interrupt level for this process during the last five seconds.
1Min	Percentage of CPU time spent at the interrupt level for this process during the last minute.
5Min	Percentage of CPU time spent at the interrupt level for this process during the last five minutes.
Process	Process name.

The following is partial sample output from the **show processes cpu** command with the **detailed** keyword when a Software Modularity image is running:

Router# **show processes cpu detailed**

Total CPU utilization for 5 seconds: 99.6%; 1 minute: 99.3%; 5 minutes: 88.6%

PID/TID	5Sec	1Min	5Min	Process	Prio	STATE	CPU
1	0.0%	0.7%	0.7%	kernel			8.900
1	0.4%	0.7%	11.4%	[idle thread]	0	Ready	2m28s
2	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%		63	Receive	0.000
3	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%		10	Receive	0.000
4	0.0%	0.0%	0.1%		11	Receive	1.848
5	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%		63	Receive	0.000

.
.
.

PID/TID	5Sec	1Min	5Min	Process	Prio	STATE	CPU
8214	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	sysmgr.proc			0.216
1	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%		10	Receive	0.132
2	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%		10	Sigwaitin	0.000
3	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%		10	Receive	0.004
4	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%		10	Receive	0.000
5	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%		10	Receive	0.000
6	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%		10	Receive	0.004
7	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%		10	Receive	0.000
8	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%		10	Receive	0.000
9	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%		10	Receive	0.000
10	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%		10	Receive	0.000
11	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%		10	Receive	0.000
12	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%		10	Receive	0.000
13	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%		10	Receive	0.028
14	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%		10	Receive	0.040
15	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%		10	Receive	0.000
16	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%		10	Receive	0.000
17	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%		10	Receive	0.004
18	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%		10	Receive	0.000
19	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%		10	Receive	0.000
20	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%		10	Receive	0.000
21	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%		10	Receive	0.004
22	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%		10	Receive	0.000

PID/TID	5Sec	1Min	5Min	Process	Prio	STATE	CPU
8215	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	kosh.proc			0.044
1	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%		10	Reply	0.044
12290	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	chkptd.proc			0.080
1	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%		10	Receive	0.080
2	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%		10	Receive	0.000
PID/TID	5Sec	1Min	5Min	Process	Prio	STATE	CPU

```

12312    0.0%    0.0%    0.0% sysmgr.proc                0.112
      1    0.0%    0.0%    0.0%                      10 Receive    0.112
      2    0.0%    0.0%    0.0%                      10 Sigwaitin  0.000
PID/TID 5Sec   1Min   5Min Process                Prio STATE    CPU
12316    0.0%    0.0%    0.0% installer.proc          0.072
      1    0.0%    0.0%    0.0%                      10 Receive    0.000
      3    0.0%    0.0%    0.0%                      10 Nanosleep  0.000
      4    0.0%    0.0%    0.0%                      10 Sigwaitin  0.000
      6    0.0%    0.0%    0.0%                      10 Receive    0.000

```

Process/sbin/ios-base, type IOS, PID = 12317

CPU utilization for five seconds: 12%/9%; one minute: 13%; five minutes: 10%

Task	Runtime(us)	Invoked	uSecs	5Sec	1Min	5Min	TTY	Task Name
1	219	1503	145	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0	Hot Service Task
2	23680	42384	558	2.39%	6.72%	4.81%	0	Service Task
3	6104	11902	512	3.51%	1.99%	1.23%	0	Service Task
4	1720	5761	298	1.91%	0.90%	0.39%	0	Service Task
5	0	5	0	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0	Chunk Manager
6	0	1	0	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0	Connection Mgr
7	4	106	37	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0	Load Meter
8	6240	7376	845	0.23%	0.15%	0.55%	0	Exec
9	379	62	6112	0.00%	0.07%	0.04%	0	Check heaps
10	0	1	0	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0	Pool Manager
11	3	2	1500	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0	Timers
12	0	1	0	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0	AAA_SERVER_DEADT
13	0	2	0	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0	AAA high-capacit
14	307	517	593	0.00%	0.05%	0.03%	0	EnvMon
15	0	1	0	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0	OIR Handler
16	283	58	4879	0.00%	0.04%	0.02%	0	ARP Input
17	0	2	0	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0	Serial Backgroun
18	0	81	0	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0	ALARM_TRIGGER_SC
19	0	2	0	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0	DDR Timers
20	0	2	0	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0	Dialer event
21	4	2	2000	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0	Entity MIB API
22	0	54	0	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0	Compute SRP rate
23	0	9	0	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0	IPC Dynamic Cach
24	0	1	0	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0	IPC Zone Manager
25	0	1	0	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0	IPC Punt Process
26	4	513	7	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0	IPC Periodic Tim
27	11	513	21	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0	IPC Deferred Por
28	0	1	0	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0	IPC Seat Manager
29	83	1464	56	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0	EEM ED Syslog

Table 147 describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 147 *show processes cpu detailed (Software Modularity) Field Descriptions*

Field	Description
Total CPU utilization for five seconds	Total CPU utilization for the last 5 seconds. The second number indicates the percent of CPU time spent at the interrupt level.
1 minute	CPU utilization for the last minute.
5 minutes	CPU utilization for the last 5 minutes.
PID/TID	Process ID or task ID.
5Sec	Percentage of CPU time spent at the interrupt level for this process during the last five seconds.

Table 147 *show processes cpu detailed (Software Modularity) Field Descriptions (continued)*

Field	Description
1Min	Percentage of CPU time spent at the interrupt level for this process during the last minute.
5Min	Percentage of CPU time spent at the interrupt level for this process during the last five minutes.
Process	Process name.
Prio	Priority level of the process.
STATE	Current state of the process.
CPU	CPU utilization of the process in minutes and seconds.
type	Type of process; can be either IOS or POSIX.
Task	Task sequence number.
Runtime(us)	CPU time that the process has used (in microseconds).
Invoked	Number of times that the process has been invoked.
uSecs	Microseconds of CPU time for each process invocation.
5Sec	CPU utilization by task in the last 5 seconds.
1Min	CPU utilization by task in the last minute.
5Min	CPU utilization by task in the last 5 minutes.
TTY	Terminal that controls the process.
Task Name	Task name.

Related Commands

Command	Description
show processes	Displays information about active processes.
show processes memory	Displays the amount of system memory used per system process.

show processes detailed

To display detailed information about POSIX and Cisco IOS processes when Cisco IOS Software Modularity images are running, use the **show processes detailed** command in user EXEC or privileged EXEC mode.

show processes detailed [*process-id* | *process-name*]

Cisco Catalyst 4500e Series Switches running IOS XE software

show processes detailed [*process-id*]

Syntax Description	<i>process-id</i>	(Optional) Process identifier.
	<i>process-name</i>	(Optional) Process name.

Command Default If no process ID or process name is specified, detailed information is displayed about all processes.

Command Modes User EXEC (>)
Privileged EXEC (#)

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(18)SXF4	This command was introduced to support Software Modularity images.

Usage Guidelines Use the **show processes detailed** command to gather detailed information about the number of tasks running, the process state, and other information about a process that is not displayed by the **show processes** command.

Examples Example output varies between Cisco IOS software images and Cisco Catalyst 4500e Series Switches running IOS XE software. The following sections show output examples for each image:

- [Cisco IOS Software](#)
- [Cisco Catalyst 4500e Series Switches running IOS XE software](#)

Cisco IOS Software

The following is sample output from the **show processes detailed** command for the process named sysmgr.proc:

```
Router# show processes detailed sysmgr.proc

      Job Id: 67
          PID: 8210
Executable name: sysmgr.proc
Executable path: sbin/sysmgr.proc
      Instance ID: 1
```

```

        Args: -p
        Respawn: ON
        Respawn count: 1
    Max. spawns per minute: 30
        Last started: Mon Aug18 17:08:53 2003
        Process state: Run
            core: SHAREDMEM MAINMEM
            Max. core: 0
            Level: 39
PID    TID    Stack pri state      Blked  HR:MM:SS:MSEC  FLAGS    NAME
8210   1       52K  10 Receive      1      0:00:00:0071  00000000  sysmgr.proc
8210   2       52K  10 Sigwaitinfo      0      0:00:00:0000  00000000  sysmgr.proc
8210   3       52K  10 Receive      8      0:00:00:0003  00000000  sysmgr.proc
8210   4       52K  10 Reply        1      0:00:00:0003  00000000  sysmgr.proc
8210   5       52K  10 Receive      1      0:00:00:0000  00000000  sysmgr.proc
8210   6       52K  10 Receive      1      0:00:00:0015  00000000  sysmgr.proc
8210   7       52K  10 Receive      1      0:00:00:0000  00000000  sysmgr.proc
8210   8       52K  10 Receive      1      0:00:00:0000  00000000  sysmgr.proc
-----
        Job Id: 78
        PID: 12308
        Executable name: sysmgr.proc
        Executable path: sbin/sysmgr.proc
        Instance ID: 2
        Args: -p
        Respawn: ON
        Respawn count: 1
    Max. spawns per minute: 30
        Last started: Mon Aug18 17:08:54 2003
        Process state: Run
            core: SHAREDMEM MAINMEM
            Max. core: 0
            Level: 40
PID    TID    Stack pri state      Blked  HR:MM:SS:MSEC  FLAGS    NAME
12308  1       16K  10 Receive      1      0:00:00:0039  00000000  sysmgr.proc
12308  2       16K  10 Sigwaitinfo      0      0:00:00:0000  00000000  sysmgr.proc
-----

```

Cisco Catalyst 4500e Series Switches running IOS XE software

The following is sample output from the **show processes detailed** command showing details of the “iosd” process:

```

Switch#show proc cpu
Switch#show processes detailed process iosd
Process Id       : 10319
Process Name     : iosd
Parent Process Id : 9416
Group Id        : 10319
Status          : S1
Session Id      : 9415
User Time       : 7875
Kernel Time     : 2281
Priority         :
Virtual Bytes    : 1819336
Resident Pages   : 953636
Resident Limit   : 4194303
Minor PageFaults : 238050
Major PageFaults : 1088
Cmdline arguments : -n 2048 -m 256 -l lanbase

```

```

Thread Listing:
PID    C      TID    Stack      Pri  TTY    NAME

```

```

10319 1      10319 84      20 0      iosd
10319 0      10873 84      30 0      iosd
10319 0      10874 84      20 0      iosd

```

Task Listing:

PID	QTy	PC	Runtime(ms)	Invoked	uSecs	Stacks	TTY	Process
1	Cwe	29764508	4	7	0	504/35000	0	Chunk Manager
2	Csp	28101409	0	85	0	408/32000	0	Load Meter
3	Hwe	26994556	0	1	0	328/35000	0	Deferred Events
4	Mwe	27835771	0	6	0	7816/35000	0	SpanTree Helper
5	Mwe	27139064	0	1	0	328/35000	0	Retransmission of I
6	Mwe	27138527	0	1	0	328/35000	0	IPC ISSU Receive Pr
7	Lst	29780794	220	45	0	424/35000	0	Check heaps
8	Cwe	29784274	0	9	0	520/35000	0	Pool Manager
9	Mst	28412237	0	2	0	456/35000	0	Timers
10	Mwe	27212830	0	2	0	472/35000	0	Serial Background
11	Mwe	28504055	32	22	0	3176/35000	0	RF Slave Main Threa
12	Mwe	27808556	0	1	0	344/35000	0	ifIndex Receive Pro
13	Mwe	27917322	12	91	0	552/53000	0	IOSD ipc task
14	Mwe	27917399	0	2	0	584/53000	0	IOSD chasfs task
15	Mwe	28318114	0	2	0	1384/35000	0	cpf_msg_holdq_proce
16	Mwe	27927986	4	94	0	4904/35000	0	IOSd System Config
17	Cwe	27917853	0	227	0	536/35000	0	IOSD heartbeat proc
18	Mwe	28152849	8	14	0	488/35000	0	ARP Input
19	Lwe	28315806	0	1	0	312/35000	0	CEF MIB API
20	Lwe	28397268	0	1	0	280/35000	0	AAA_SERVER_DEADTIME
21	Mwe	28394584	0	2	0	456/35000	0	AAA high-capacity c
22	Mwe	28495535	0	1	0	392/41000	0	Policy Manager
23	Lwe	28553141	0	7	0	696/35000	0	Entity MIB API
24	Mwe	28793021	0	1	0	296/35000	0	IFS Agent Manager

--More--

Table 148 describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 148 show processes detailed Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Job Id	Job identifier.
PID	Process ID.
Executable name	Process name.
Executable path	Path and filename of the process.
Instance ID	Instance number.
Args	Arguments sent to the process at startup.
Respawn	Ability to respawn process: on or off.
Respawn count	Number of respawns of this process since boot where boot equals one.
Max. spawns per minute	Maximum number of respawns per minute for this process.
Last started	Date and time the process was last started.
Process state	Current state of process.
Core	Core dump options specified for the process.
Max. core	Maximum number of dumps allowed for this process.
Level	Internal number that determines the startup order for the process.
TID	Task ID.

Table 148 show processes detailed Field Descriptions (continued)

Field	Description
Stack	Size, in kilobytes, of the memory stack.
pri	Process priority.
state	Current state of process.
Blked	Thread (with given process ID) that is currently blocked by the process.
HR:MM:SS:MSEC	Time (in hours, minutes, seconds, and milliseconds) used by the process.
FLAGS	Process flags (bitmask).
NAME	Process name.

Related Commands

Command	Description
show processes	Displays information about active processes.

show processes interrupt mask buffer

To display information in the interrupt mask buffer, use the **show processes interrupt mask buffer** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show processes interrupt mask buffer

buffer	Displays stack trace and information about the places where interrupts have been masked more than the configured threshold time.
---------------	--

Command Modes	Privileged EXEC
----------------------	-----------------

Command History	<table> <tr> <th>Release</th> <th>Modification</th> </tr> <tr> <td>12.4(2)T</td> <td>This command was introduced.</td> </tr> </table>	Release	Modification	12.4(2)T	This command was introduced.
Release	Modification				
12.4(2)T	This command was introduced.				

Examples The following is sample output from the **show processes interrupt mask buffer** command. The output displays stack trace and relevant information about the places where interrupts have been masked more than the configured threshold time:

```
Router# show processes interrupt mask buffer

Allowable interrupt mask time : 50 micro seconds
Allowable number of half pipeline ticks for this platform : 5000
Buffer Size                  : 50 entries
NETS Disable                 : 3
TTY Disable                  : 4
ALL Disable                  : 4
emt_call                     : 11
disable_interrupts : 12

  PID  Level  Time Spent(us)  Count  Stack Trace
-----
   3   11      360          1  0x608C3C14 0x60894748 0x6089437C 0x608943AC
0x609CEC88 0x609CECFC 0x609C8524
   3   11      322          1  0x608C3C14 0x608943BC 0x609CEC88 0x609CECFC
0x609C8524 0x60867C28 0x607C70B0
   3    4      147          1  0x6078AED4 0x6078BE94 0x6078C750 0x6078C8D4
0x607E27F0 0x607E27C0 0x607E50B0
```

Related Commands	<table> <tr> <th>Command</th> <th>Description</th> </tr> <tr> <td>clear processes interrupt mask detail</td> <td>Clears the interrupt masked details for all processes and stack traces which have been dumped into the interrupt mask buffer.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>scheduler interrupt mask profile</td> <td>Enables or disables interrupt mask profiling for all processes running on the system.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>scheduler interrupt mask size</td> <td>Configures the maximum number of entries that can exist in the interrupt mask buffer.</td> </tr> </table>	Command	Description	clear processes interrupt mask detail	Clears the interrupt masked details for all processes and stack traces which have been dumped into the interrupt mask buffer.	scheduler interrupt mask profile	Enables or disables interrupt mask profiling for all processes running on the system.	scheduler interrupt mask size	Configures the maximum number of entries that can exist in the interrupt mask buffer.
Command	Description								
clear processes interrupt mask detail	Clears the interrupt masked details for all processes and stack traces which have been dumped into the interrupt mask buffer.								
scheduler interrupt mask profile	Enables or disables interrupt mask profiling for all processes running on the system.								
scheduler interrupt mask size	Configures the maximum number of entries that can exist in the interrupt mask buffer.								

Command	Description
scheduler interrupt mask time	Configures the maximum amount of time a process can run with interrupts masked.
show processes interrupt mask detail	Displays interrupt masked details for the specified process or all processes in the system.

show processes interrupt mask detail

To display information about interrupt masking, use the **show processes interrupt mask detail** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show processes interrupt mask detail [*pid*]

Syntax Description

detail	Displays information about the total amount of time and the number of times interrupts have been masked by all processes.
<i>pid</i>	(Optional) An integer that specifies the process id for which to display the total accumulated time and the number of times interrupts have been masked.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC

Command History

Release	Modification
12.4(2)T	This command was introduced.

Examples

The following is sample output from the **show processes interrupt mask detail** command. the output displays information about the total amount of time and number of times interrupts have been masked by all processes:

```
Router# show processes interrupt mask detail
```

PID	Time Spent(us)	Count	Process Name
2	6388	1791	Load Meter
3	7957	16831	Exec
5	6710	2813	Check heaps

The following is sample output from the **show processes interrupt mask detail** command with the process ID specified. The output displays the total time (accumulative), number of times interrupts have been masked by a specific process:

```
Router# show processes interrupt mask detail 2
```

```
Process ID      : 2
Process Name    : Load Meter
Total Interrupt Masked Time : 6586 (us)
Total Interrupt Masked Count : 1845
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
clear processes interrupt mask detail	Clears the interrupt masked details for all processes and stack traces which have been dumped into the interrupt mask buffer.
scheduler interrupt mask profile	Enables or disables interrupt mask profiling for all processes running on the system.

Command	Description
scheduler interrupt mask size	Configures the maximum number of entries that can exist in the interrupt mask buffer.
scheduler interrupt mask time	Configures the maximum amount of time a process can run with interrupts masked.
show processes interrupt mask buffer	Displays the information stored in the interrupt mask buffer.

show processes memory

To show the amount of memory used by each system process in Cisco IOS, Cisco IOS XE, or Cisco IOS Software Modularity images, use the **show processes memory** command in privileged EXEC mode.

Cisco IOS Software

```
show processes memory [process-id | sorted [allocated | getbufs | holding]]
```

Cisco IOS Software Modularity

```
show processes memory [detailed [process-name[:instance-id] | process-id [taskid task-id]]]
[alloc-summary | sorted {start | size | caller}]
```

Cisco Catalyst 4500e Series Switches running IOS XE software

```
show processes memory [detailed [process iosd | task task-id] | sorted [allocated | getbufs |
holding]]
```

Syntax Description

Cisco IOS Software Syntax

<i>process-id</i>	(Optional) Process ID (PID) of a specific process. When you specify a process ID, only details for the specified process will be shown.
sorted	(Optional) Displays memory data sorted by the Allocated, Getbufs, or Holding column. If the sorted keyword is used by itself, data is sorted by the Holding column by default.
allocated	(Optional) Displays memory data sorted by the Allocated column.
getbufs	(Optional) Displays memory data sorted by the Getbufs (Get Buffers) column.
holding	(Optional) Displays memory data sorted by the Holding column. This keyword is the default.

Cisco IOS Software Modularity Syntax

detailed	(Optional) Displays detailed information about iosproc processes.
<i>process-name</i>	(Optional) Process name.
<i>:instance-id</i>	(Optional) Instance name of either the Cisco IOS task or POSIX process. The colon is required.
<i>process-id</i>	(Optional) Process identifier.
taskid	(Optional) Displays detailed memory usage of a Cisco IOS task within a process.
<i>task-id</i>	(Optional) Cisco IOS task identifier.
alloc-summary	(Optional) Displays summary POSIX process memory usage per allocator.
sorted	(Optional) Displays POSIX process memory usage sorted by start address, size, or the PC that called the process.
start	(Optional) Displays POSIX process memory usage sorted by start address of the process.
size	(Optional) Displays POSIX process memory usage sorted by size of the process.
caller	(Optional) Displays POSIX process memory usage sorted by the PC that called the process.

Command Default**Cisco IOS Software**

The memory used by all types of system processes is displayed.

Cisco IOS XE and Software Modularity

The system memory followed by a one-line summary of memory information about each IOS XE or Software Modularity process is displayed.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC (#)

Command History

Release	Modification
10.0	This command was introduced.
12.0(23)S	The sorted , allocated , getbufs , and holding keywords were added.
12.2(13)	The sorted , allocated , getbufs , and holding keywords were integrated in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(13).
12.2(13)S	The sorted , allocated , getbufs , and holding keywords were integrated in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(13)S.
12.2(13)T	The sorted , allocated , getbufs , and holding keywords were integrated in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(13)T.
12.0(28)S	The output of the header line was updated to support the Memory Thresholding feature.
12.2(22)S	The output of the header line was updated to support the Memory Thresholding feature.
12.3(7)T	The output of the header line was updated to support the Memory Thresholding feature.
12.0(30)S	The summary information (first lines of output) for this command was separated out and labeled by memory pool type (Total Process Memory, Total I/O Memory, and so on). This enhancement also corrected a total process memory mismatch error (mismatch between the show processes memory command, the show processes memory sorted command, and the show memory command and its variants).
12.2(28)S	The summary information (first lines of output) for this command was separated out and labeled by memory pool type (Total Process Memory, Total I/O Memory, and so on). This enhancement also corrected a total process memory mismatch error (mismatch between the show processes memory command, the show processes memory sorted command, and the show memory command and its variants).
12.3(11)T	The summary information (first lines of output) for this command was separated out and labeled by memory pool type (Total Process Memory, Total I/O Memory, and so on). This enhancement also corrected a total process memory mismatch error (mismatch between the show processes memory command, the show processes memory sorted command, and the show memory command and its variants).

Release	Modification
12.2(18)SXF4	The syntax was modified to support Cisco IOS Software Modularity images.
12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.
Cisco IOS XE Release 3.1.0.SG	This command was introduced on the Cisco Catalyst 4500e Serfies Switches.

Usage Guidelines

The **show processes memory** command (and the **show processes memory sorted** command) displays a summary of total, used, and free memory, followed by a list of processes and their memory impact.

If the standard **show processes memory *process-id*** command is used, processes are sorted by their process ID (PID). If the **show processes memory sorted** command is used, the default sorting is by the Holding value.

Output Prior to Releases 12.3(7)T, 12.2(22)S, and 12.0(28)S

The first line (header line) of the **show processes memory [sorted]** command listed Total memory, Used memory, and Free memory values.

Output in Releases 12.3(7)T, 12.3(8)T, 12.2(22)S Through 12.2(27)S2, 12.0(28)S, and 12.0(29)S

In Releases 12.3(7)T, 12.2(22)S, and 12.0(28)S, the Memory Thresholding feature was introduced. This feature affected the header line and the Holding column of the **show processes memory** command as follows.

The value for Total in the **show processes memory** command and the values listed in the Holding column, showed the total (cumulative) value for the processor memory pools and the alternate memory pool* (typically, the I/O memory pool). However, the **show processes memory sorted** version of this command, and other commands, such as the **show memory summary** command, did not include the alternate memory pool in the totals (in other words, these commands showed the total value for the Processor memory pool only). This caused an observed mismatch of memory totals between commands.

If you are using these releases, use the output of the **show memory summary** command to determine the individual amounts of Total and Free memory for the Processor memory pool and the I/O memory pool.

Output in Releases 12.3(11)T, 12.2(28)S, 12.0(30)S and Later Releases

Beginning in Releases 12.3(11)T, 12.2(28)S, and 12.0(30)S, the summary information (first output lines) for the **show processes memory** command is separated by memory pool. For example, there are now individual lines for Total Process Memory, Total I/O Memory, and Total PCI Memory. If using these releases or later releases, your Total Process Memory should match the total process memory shown for other commands, such as the **show memory summary** command.

About Alternate Memory Pools

An “alternate memory pool” is a memory pool that can be used as an alternative to allocate memory when the target (main) memory pool has been filled. For example, many platforms have a memory type called “Fast” that is limited to a small size (because the memory media used for Fast memory is expensive). To prevent memory allocations from failing once the available Fast memory has been used up, the normal Processor memory can be configured as an alternative memory pool for the Fast memory pool.

Cisco IOS XE and Software Modularity

Use the **show processes memory** command without any arguments and keywords to display the system memory followed by a one-line summary of memory information about each modular Cisco IOS process. Use the **detailed** keyword with this command to display detailed memory information about all processes. Other arguments and keywords are used to display Cisco IOS Software Modularity process memory information for a specified process name or process ID.

On Cisco IOS XE images only, the **detailed** keyword will also show IOS task memory details.

Examples

Example output varies between Cisco IOS software releases. To view the appropriate output, choose one of the following sections:

- [show processes memory Command for Releases Prior to 12.3\(7\)T, 12.2\(22\)S, and 12.0\(28\)S](#)
- [show processes memory Command for Releases Prior to 12.3\(11\)T, 12.2\(28\)S, and 12.0\(30\)S](#)
- [show processes memory Command for Cisco IOS Software Modularity](#)
- [Cisco Catalyst 4500e Series Switches running IOS XE software](#)

show processes memory Command for Releases Prior to 12.3(7)T, 12.2(22)S, and 12.0(28)S

The following is sample output from the **show processes memory** command:

Router# **show processes memory**

```
Processor Pool Total: 25954228 Used: 8368640 Free: 17585588

PID TTY Allocated Freed Holding Getbufs Retbufs Process
0 0 8629528 689900 6751716 0 0 *Init*
0 0 24048 12928 24048 0 0 *Sched*
0 0 260 328 68 350080 0 *Dead*
1 0 0 0 12928 0 0 Chunk Manager
2 0 192 192 6928 0 0 Load Meter
3 0 214664 304 227288 0 0 Exec
4 0 0 0 12928 0 0 Check heaps
5 0 0 0 12928 0 0 Pool Manager
6 0 192 192 12928 0 0 Timers
7 0 192 192 12928 0 0 Serial Backgroun
8 0 192 192 12928 0 0 AAA high-capacit
9 0 0 0 24928 0 0 Policy Manager
10 0 0 0 12928 0 0 ARP Input
11 0 192 192 12928 0 0 DDR Timers
12 0 0 0 12928 0 0 Entity MIB API
13 0 0 0 12928 0 0 MPLS HC Counter
14 0 0 0 12928 0 0 SERIAL A'detect
.
.
.
78 0 0 0 12992 0 0 DHCPD Timer
79 0 160 0 13088 0 0 DHCPD Database
8329440 Total
```

[Table 149](#) describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 149 *show processes memory Field Descriptions*

Field	Description
Processor Pool Total	Total amount of memory, in kilobytes, held for the Processor memory pool.
Used	Total amount of used memory, in kilobytes, in the Processor memory pool.
Free	Total amount of free memory, in kilobytes, in the Processor memory pool.
PID	Process ID.
TTY	Terminal that controls the process.
Allocated	Bytes of memory allocated by the process.
Freed	Bytes of memory freed by the process, regardless of who originally allocated it.
Holding	Amount of memory, in kilobytes, currently allocated to the process.
Getbufs	Number of times the process has requested a packet buffer.
Retbufs	Number of times the process has relinquished a packet buffer.
Process	Process name.
Init	System initialization process.
Sched	The scheduler process.
Dead	Processes as a group that are now dead.
<value> Total	Total amount of memory, in kilobytes, held by all processes (sum of the "Holding" column).

The following is sample output from the **show processes memory** command when the **sorted** keyword is used. In this case, the output is sorted by the Holding column, from largest to smallest.

Router# **show processes memory sorted**

Processor Pool Total: 25954228 Used: 8371280 Free: 17582948

PID	TTY	Allocated	Freed	Holding	Getbufs	Retbufs	Process
0	0	8629528	689900	6751716	0	0	*Init*
3	0	217304	304	229928	0	0	Exec
53	0	109248	192	96064	0	0	DHCPD Receive
56	0	0	0	32928	0	0	COPS
19	0	39048	0	25192	0	0	Net Background
42	0	0	0	24960	0	0	L2X Data Daemon
58	0	192	192	24928	0	0	X.25 Background
43	0	192	192	24928	0	0	PPP IP Route
49	0	0	0	24928	0	0	TCP Protocols
48	0	0	0	24928	0	0	TCP Timer
17	0	192	192	24928	0	0	XML Proxy Client
9	0	0	0	24928	0	0	Policy Manager
40	0	0	0	24928	0	0	L2X SSS manager
29	0	0	0	24928	0	0	IP Input
44	0	192	192	24928	0	0	PPP IPCP
32	0	192	192	24928	0	0	PPP Hooks
34	0	0	0	24928	0	0	SSS Manager
41	0	192	192	24928	0	0	L2TP mgmt daemon
16	0	192	192	24928	0	0	Dialer event
35	0	0	0	24928	0	0	SSS Test Client

--More--

The following is sample output from the **show processes memory** command when a process ID (*process-id*) is specified:

```
Router# show processes memory 1
```

```
Process ID: 1
Process Name: Chunk Manager
Total Memory Held: 8428 bytes

Processor memory holding = 8428 bytes
pc = 0x60790654, size =      6044, count =      1
pc = 0x607A5084, size =      1544, count =      1
pc = 0x6076DBC4, size =       652, count =      1
pc = 0x6076FF18, size =       188, count =      1
```

```
I/O memory holding = 0 bytes
```

```
Router# show processes memory 2
```

```
Process ID: 2
Process Name: Load Meter
Total Memory Held: 3884 bytes

Processor memory holding = 3884 bytes
pc = 0x60790654, size =      3044, count =      1
pc = 0x6076DBC4, size =       652, count =      1
pc = 0x6076FF18, size =       188, count =      1
```

```
I/O memory holding = 0 bytes
```

show processes memory Command for Releases Prior to 12.3(11)T, 12.2(28)S, and 12.0(30)S

The following example shows the output of the **show processes memory** command before the changes to the summary information were made. Note that the Total in the **show processes summary** command output indicates total memory for all memory pools; in this example, the **show processes memory** total of 35423840 can be obtained by adding the Processor and I/O totals shown in the output of the **show memory summary** command. Note also that the **show processes memory sorted** command lists the Total Processor Memory (matches the **show memory summary** Processor Total), but the **show processes memory** command (without the **sorted** keyword) lists the total for all memory pools (Processor plus I/O memory).

```
Router# show version | include IOS
```

```
Cisco IOS Software, 3600 Software (C3660-BIN-M), Version 12.3(9)
```

```
Router# show memory summary
```

	Head	Total(b)	Used(b)	Free(b)	Lowest(b)	Largest(b)
Processor	61E379A0	27035232	8089056	18946176	17964108	17963664
I/O	3800000	8388608	2815088	5573520	5561520	5573472

```
.
.
.
```

```
Router# show processes memory
```

```
Total: 35423840, Used: 10904192, Free: 24519648
```

PID	TTY	Allocated	Freed	Holding	Getbufs	Retbufs	Process
0	0	14548868	3004980	9946092	0	0	*Init*
0	0	12732	567448	12732	0	0	*Sched*

```
.
.
```

```

.

Router# show processes memory sorted

Total: 27035232, Used: 8089188, Free: 18946044
  PID TTY   Allocated       Freed   Holding   Getbufs   Retbufs Process
    0  0    14548868    3004980   9946092         0         0 *Init*
   64  0         76436        3084    74768         0         0 CEF process
.
.
.

Router# show version | include IOS

Cisco IOS Software, 3600 Software (c3660-p-mz), Version 12.0(29)S,

Router# show memory summary

          Head      Total(b)      Used(b)      Free(b)      Lowest(b)      Largest(b)
Processor 126CB10    49,331,668    6454676    42876992    42642208    42490796

Router# show processes memory

Total: 50,994,868, Used: 6220092, Free: 44774776
  PID TTY   Allocated       Freed   Holding   Getbufs   Retbufs Process
    0  0    6796228    627336   5325956         0         0 *Init*
    0  0         200    29792        200         0         0 *Sched*
    0  0         192       744         0    349000         0 *Dead*
    1  0          0          0    12896         0         0 Chunk Manager
.
.
.

Router# show processes memory sorted

Total: 50,994,868, Used: 6222644, Free: 44772224
  PID TTY   Allocated       Freed   Holding   Getbufs   Retbufs Process
    0  0    6796228    627336   5325956         0         0 *Init*
   13  0     39056         0    25264         0         0 Net Background
   48  0          0         0    24896         0         0 L2X SSS manager
   18  0          0         0    24896         0         0 IP Input
.
.
.

```

show processes memory Command for Cisco IOS Software Modularity

In a Cisco IOS Software Modularity image IOS, each process maintains its own heap memory, which is taken from the system memory in blocks. The process reuses this memory as required. If all the memory that was requested in a block is no longer in use, then the process can return the memory block to the system.

The following is sample output from the **show processes memory** command when a Cisco IOS Software Modularity image is running:

```

Router# show processes memory

System Memory : 262144K total, 113672K used, 148472K free

  PID      Text      Data      Stack  Dynamic      Total Process
    1         0         0        12         0        12 kernel
 12290      52         8        28        196       284 dumper.proc
    3       12         8         8        144       172 devc-pty
    4      132         8         8         32       180 devc-ser2681

```

```

6          16      12      24      48      100 pipe
8199       12      12      8       48      80 mqueue
8200       16      24      48      452     540 fsdev.proc
8201       52      20      8       96      176 flashfs_hes_slot1.proc
8202       52      20      8       80      160 flashfs_hes_bootflash.proc
8203       52      20      8      128      208 flashfs_hes_slot0.proc
8204       20      68      12      164      264 dfs_disk1.proc
8205       20      68      12      164      264 dfs_disk0.proc
8206       36      4       8      144      192 ldcache.proc
8207       32      8       20      164      224 syslogd.proc
8208       24      4       28      464      520 name_svr.proc
8209      124     104      28      344      600 wdsysmon.proc
8210      100     144      52      328      624 sysmgr.proc
8211       12      4       28      64      108 kosh.proc
12308     100     144      16      144      404 sysmgr.proc
12309      24      4       12      112      152 chkptd.proc
12310      12      4       8       96      120 syslog_dev.proc
12311      44      4       24      248      320 fh_metric_dir.proc
12312      36      4       24      216      280 fh_fd_snmp.proc
12313      36      4       24      216      280 fh_fd_intf.proc
12314      32      4       24      216      276 fh_fd_timer.proc
12315      40      4       24      216      284 fh_fd_ioswd.proc
12316      28      4       24      200      256 fh_fd_counter.proc
12317      80      20      44      368      512 fh_server.proc
12326     140      40      28      280      488 tcp.proc
12327      48      4       24      256      332 udp.proc
12328      4       4       28     4660     4696 iprouting.iosproc
12329      4       4       36      600      644 cdp2.iosproc

```

Table 150 describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 150 *show processes memory (Software Modularity) Field Descriptions*

Field	Description
total	Total amount of memory, in kilobytes, on the device.
used	Amount of memory, in kilobytes, used in the system.
free	Amount of free memory, in kilobytes, available in the system.
PID	Process ID.
Text	Amount of memory, in kilobytes, used by the text segment of the specified process.
Data	Amount of memory, in kilobytes, used by the data segment of the specified process.
Stack	Amount of memory, in kilobytes, used by the stack segment of the specified process.
Dynamic	Amount of memory, in kilobytes, used by the dynamic segment of the specified process.
Total	Total amount of memory, in kilobytes, used by the specified process.
Process	Process name.

The following example shows the output of the **show processes memory detailed** command wherein the process (ios-base) holds sufficient memory to process request of the Cisco IOS tasks without having to request more memory from the system. So although the amount of memory of the Cisco IOS tasks increased, the ios-base process does not consume more system memory.

Router# **show processes memory detailed 16424 sorted holding**

System Memory : 2097152K total, 1097777K used, 999375K free, 0K kernel reserved
Lowest(b) : 1017212928

Process sbin/ios-base, type IOS, PID = 16424

248904K total, 0K text, 0K data, 168K stack, 248736K dynamic

Heap : 385874960 total, 261213896 used, 124661064 free

Task	TTY	Allocated	Freed	Holding	Getbufs	Retbufs	TaskName
0	0	156853816	11168	156365472	0	0	*Init*
38	0	65671128	3320184	62248368	0	0	PF_Init Process
661	0	73106800	38231816	33093704	0	0	PIM Process
487	0	2656186248	3806507384	33039576	0	0	cmfib
652	0	56256064	19166160	27087872	0	0	MFIB_mrib_read
4	0	91088216	68828800	13093720	0	0	Service Task
629	0	2059320	132840	1927392	0	0	Const2 IPv6 Pro
49	0	2155730560	2153990528	1741536	0	9579588	DiagCard1/-1
0	0	2510481432	1396998880	1463056	2804860	23260	*Dead*
444	0	7333952	5940064	1410992	0	0	FM core
411	0	12865536	7934952	1396544	0	0	CMET MGR
310	0	113849160	121164584	1284240	0	0	Exec

The following is sample output from the **show processes memory** command with details about the memory of process 12322 and the task with the ID of 1:

Router# **show processes memory detailed 12322 taskid 1**

System Memory : 262144K total, 113456K used, 148688K free

Process sbin/c7200-p-blob, type IOS, PID = 12322

16568K total, 16K text, 8K data, 64K stack, 16480K dynamic

Memory Summary for TaskID = 1

Holding = 10248

PC	Size	Count
0x7322FC74	9192	1
0x73236538	640	1
0x73231E8C	256	1
0x74175060	160	1

[Table 151](#) describes the significant fields shown in the display that are different from [Table 150](#) on [page 952](#).

Table 151 *show processes memory detailed process-id taskid Field Descriptions*

Field	Description
type	Type of process: POSIX or Cisco IOS.
Memory summary for TaskID	Task ID.
Holding	Amount of memory, in bytes, currently held by the task.
PC	Caller PC of the task.
Size	Amount of memory, in bytes, used by this task.
Count	Number of times that task has been called.

The following is sample output from the **show processes memory** command with details about the memory of POSIX process ID 234567 with summary process memory usage per allocator:

Router# **show processes memory detailed 234567 alloc-summary**

System Memory : 262144K total, 113672K used, 148472K free

Process/sbin/sysmgr.proc, type POSIX, PID = 12308
 404K total, 100K text, 144K data, 16K stack, 144K dynamic
 81920 heapsize, 68620 allocated, 8896 free

Allocated Blocks

Address	Usize	Size	Caller
0x0806C358	0x00000478	0x000004D0	0x721C7290
0x0806D1E0	0x00000128	0x00000130	0x72B90248
0x0806D318	0x000003678	0x0000036E0	0x72B9820C
0x0806D700	0x0000002A0	0x0000002C0	0x72B8EB58
0x0806D770	0x000000058	0x000000060	0x72BA5488
0x0806D7D8	0x0000000A0	0x0000000B0	0x72B8D228
0x0806D8A8	0x000000200	0x000000208	0x721A728C
0x0806FF78	0x000000068	0x000000070	0x72BA78EC
0x08071438	0x00000005C	0x000000068	0x72B908A8
0x08071508	0x00000010E	0x000000120	0x72BA7AFC
0x08072840	0x0000000A8	0x0000000C0	0x7270A060
0x08072910	0x00000010C	0x000000118	0x7273A898
0x08072A30	0x0000000E4	0x0000000F0	0x72749074
0x08072B28	0x0000000B0	0x0000000B8	0x7276E87C
0x08072BE8	0x00000006C	0x000000078	0x727367A4
0x08072C68	0x0000000B8	0x0000000C0	0x7271E2A4
0x08072D30	0x0000000D0	0x0000000D8	0x7273834C
0x08072E10	0x000000250	0x000000258	0x72718A70
0x08073070	0x0000002F4	0x000000300	0x72726484
0x08073378	0x0000006A8	0x0000006B0	0x73EA4DC4
0x08073A30	0x000000060	0x000000068	0x7352A9F8
0x08073B38	0x000000068	0x000000070	0x72B92008
0x08073BB0	0x000000058	0x000000060	0x72B9201C
0x08073EB8	0x000002FB4	0x0000031C0	0x08026FEC
0x08074028	0x0000020B8	0x0000020C0	0x72709C9C
0x08077400	0x0000000A0	0x0000000A8	0x721DED94
0x08078028	0x0000022B8	0x0000022C0	0x727446B8
0x0807C028	0x000002320	0x000002328	0x72B907C4

Free Blocks

Address	Size
0x0806FFF0	0x00000010
0x080714A8	0x000000058
0x08073E18	0x000000098
0x08073FE8	0x000000018
0x08076FA0	0x000000328
0x080774B0	0x000000B50
0x0807FFB8	0x000000048
0x08080028	0x000003FD8

Table 152 describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 152 *show processes memory detailed alloc-summary Field Descriptions*

Field	Description
heapsize	Size of the process heap, in kilobytes.
allocated	Amount of memory, in kilobytes, allocated from the heap.
free	Amount of free memory, in kilobytes, in the heap for the specified process.
Address	Block address, in hexadecimal.
Usize	Block size, in hexadecimal, without the trailer header.

Table 152 *show processes memory detailed alloc-summary Field Descriptions (continued)*

Field	Description
Size	Block size, in hexadecimal.
Caller	Caller PC of the allocator of this block.

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The following is sample output from the **show processes memory** command:

```
Switch#show proc memory
System memory : 1943928K total, 733702K used, 1210221K free, 153224K kernel reserved
Lowest (b) : 642265088
PID      Text      Data      Stack      Dynamic    RSS      Total      Process
1        252        480       84         444        1648     3648      init
2        0          0          0          0          0         0         kthreadd
3        0          0          0          0          0         0         migration/0
4        0          0          0          0          0         0         ksoftirqd/0
5        0          0          0          0          0         0         migration/1
6        0          0          0          0          0         0         ksoftirqd/1
7        0          0          0          0          0         0         events/0
8        0          0          0          0          0         0         events/1
9        0          0          0          0          0         0         khelper
61       0          0          0          0          0         0         kblockd/0
62       0          0          0          0          0         0         kblockd/1
75       0          0          0          0          0         0         khubd
78       0          0          0          0          0         0         kseriod
83       0          0          0          0          0         0         kmmcd
120      0          0          0          0          0         0         pdflush
121      0          0          0          0          0         0         pdflush
122      0          0          0          0          0         0         kswapd0
123      0          0          0          0          0         0         aio/0
124      0          0          0          0          0         0         aio/1
291      0          0          0          0          0         0         kpsmouse
309      0          0          0          0          0         0         rpciod/0
310      0          0          0          0          0         0         rpciod/1
354      92        180       84         136        456      2188      udevd
700      0          0          0          0          0         0         loop1
716      0          0          0          0          0         0         loop2
732      0          0          0          0          0         0         loop3
2203     424        164       84         132        1172     3180      dbus-daemon
2539     76         160       84         132        532      1788      portmap
2545     76         160       84         132        532      1788      portmap
2588     232        396       84         132        992      4596      sshd
2602     196        320       84         132        752      2964      xinetd
2606     196        320       84         132        748      2964      xinetd
3757     76         160       84         132        532      1788      vsi work/0
3758     76         160       84         132        532      1788      vsi work/1
--More--
```

The following is sample output from the **show processes memory detailed** command:

```
Switch#show proc memory detailed
System memory : 1943928K total, 734271K used, 1209657K free, 153224K kernel reserved
Lowest (b) : 642265088
PID      Text      Data      Stack      Dynamic    RSS      Total      Process
1        252        480       84         444        1648     3648      init
354      92        180       84         136        456      2188      udevd
2203     424        164       84         132        1172     3180      dbus-daemon
2539     76         160       84         132        532      1788      portmap
2545     76         160       84         132        532      1788      portmap
2588     232        396       84         132        992      4596      sshd
```

```

2602    196          320      84      132      752      2964      xinetd
2606    196          320      84      132      748      2964      xinetd
3757     76          160      84      132      532      1788      vsi work/0
3758     76          160      84      132      532      1788      vsi work/1
3891    848          148      84       88     1432      2984      check_gdb_statu
3895     72          160      84      132      580      1676      watchdog
4453    848          276      84      216     1512      3112      app_printf.sh
4465    848          272      84      212     1508      3108      app_printf.sh
4596    148        43972      84      528     5176     56664      slproc

```

```

TaskID  TTY    Allocated Freed      Holding  Getbufs   Retbufs   Task
1       0     327920   1544     367952    0         0         Chunk Manager
2       0       184     184     37032    0         0         Load Meter
3       0       0       0       40032    0         0         Deferred Events
4       0     17840   3888     40032    0         0         SpanTree Helper
5       0       0       0       40032    0         0         Retransmission of I
6       0       0       0       40032    0         0         IPC ISSU Receive Pr
7       0       0       0       40032    0         0         Check heaps
8       0     179248  173976   45304    144568    140316    Pool Manager
9       0       184     184     40032    0         0         Timers
10      0       184     184     40032    0         0         Serial Background
--More--

```

The following is sample output from the **show processes memory detailed** command specifying the *iosd* process:

Switch#**show proc memory detailed process iosd**

```

Processor Pool Total:  805306368 Used:  225960152 Free:  579346216
I/O Pool Total:      16777216 Used:      216376 Free:      16560840

```

```

PID TTY    Allocated      Freed      Holding    Getbufs   Retbufs Process
0   0     226577984    4410320   211589320      0         0  *Init*
0   0         0     1591600         0         0         0  *Sched*
0   0     2568488    1960496    676992    5368513    362940  *Dead*
1   0     327920      1544     367952      0         0  Chunk Manager
2   0       184      184     37032      0         0  Load Meter
3   0       0       0       40032      0         0  Deferred Events
4   0     17840    3888     40032      0         0  SpanTree Helper
5   0       0       0       40032      0         0  Retransmission o
6   0       0       0       40032      0         0  IPC ISSU Receive
7   0       0       0       40032      0         0  Check heaps
8   0     210880    205608    45304    170080    165828  Pool Manager
9   0       184      184     40032      0         0  Timers
10  0       184      184     40032      0         0  Serial Backgroun
--More--

```

The following is sample output from the **show processes memory sorted** command:

Switch#**show proc memory sorted**

```

System memory : 1943928K total, 734279K used, 1209649K free, 153224K kernel reserved
Lowest(b) : 642265088

```

```

PID    Text      Data      Stack    Dynamic   RSS      Total    Process
10319  67716      798420    84       252      954524    1012856  iosd
4888   1132      200108    84       4076     26772     275408  ffm
4884   620       690480    84       5328     18564     728076  eicored
7635   144       181696    84       7464     16660     202620  cli_agent
9374   1048      298308    84       1128     11488     328992  licensed
10335  1676      257544    84       1252     11044     293848  licenseagentd
4852   208       208996    84       1848     10812     237632  ha_mgr
7566   168       249336    84       1408     8560      273668  installer
7585   268       167656    84       1616     8432      185556  snmp_subagent
4880   308       135080    84       968      8200      153944  os_info_p
4894   100       232936    84       1144     8072      252748  plogd

```

```

7410      68      233708      84      1172      7928      253840      dtmgr
10329    160      142384      84      832      7144      228360      cpumemd
4968     104      158828      84      1052     7080      178184      iifd
5047     88      165604      84      700      6196      181184      pdsd
4870     80      157452      84      728      6088      172244      sysmgr
4856    200      132816      84      688      5872      147940      oscore_p
--More--

```

Table 153 describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 153 *show processes memory Field Descriptions*

Field	Description
Processor Pool Total	Total amount of memory, in kilobytes, held for the Processor memory pool.
I/O Pool Total	Total amount of memory, in kilobytes, held for the I/O memory pool.
Used	Total amount of used memory, in kilobytes, in the Processor/I/O memory pool.
Free	Total amount of free memory, in kilobytes, in the Processor/I/O memory pool.
PID	Process ID.
TTY	Terminal that controls the process.
Allocated	Bytes of memory allocated by the process.
Freed	Bytes of memory freed by the process, regardless of who originally allocated it.
Holding	Amount of memory, in kilobytes, currently allocated to the process.
Getbufs	Number of times the process has requested a packet buffer.
Retbufs	Number of times the process has relinquished a packet buffer.
Process	Process name.
Init	System initialization process.
Sched	The scheduler process.
Dead	Processes as a group that are now dead.
<value> Total	Total amount of memory, in kilobytes, held by all processes (sum of the “Holding” column).

Related Commands

Command	Description
show memory	Displays statistics about memory, including memory-free pool statistics.
show processes	Displays information about the active processes.

