



Release Notes for Cisco AS5350XM and Cisco AS5350XM Universal Gateways for Cisco IOS Release 12.4(6)XE

June 8, 2007

Cisco IOS Release 12.4(6)XE3

OL-10916-02 Third Release

These release notes describe new features and significant software components for the Cisco AS5350XM and Cisco AS5400XM universal gateways that support Cisco IOS Release 12.4(6)XE releases. These release notes are updated as needed to describe new memory requirements, new features, new hardware support, changes to the microcode or modem code, and any other important changes. Use these release notes with *Cross-Platform Release Notes for Cisco IOS Release 12.4T* located on Cisco.com.

For a list of the software caveats that apply to Cisco IOS Release 12.4(6)XE releases, see the “[Caveats](#)” section on [page 8](#) and see the online *Caveats for Cisco IOS Release 12.4T*. The caveats document is updated for every 12.4T maintenance release and is located on Cisco.com.

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Americas Headquarters:

Cisco Systems, Inc., 170 West Tasman Drive, San Jose, CA 95134-1706 USA

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Introduction

The Cisco AS5350XM and Cisco AS5400XM universal gateways are the only 1-rack unit, 2-, 4-, or 8-PRI gateways that provide universal services—data, voice, and fax services on any service, any port. The Cisco AS5350XM and Cisco AS5400XM universal gateways offer high performance and high reliability in a compact, modular design. This cost-effective platform is ideally suited for Internet service providers (ISPs) and enterprises that require innovative universal services.

System Requirements

This section describes the system requirements for Cisco IOS Cisco IOS Release 12.4(6)XE and includes the following sections:

- [Memory Requirements, page 2](#)
- [Supported Hardware, page 3](#)
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Memory Requirements

[Table 1](#) and [Table 2](#) describe the memory requirements for the Cisco IOS feature sets that are supported by Cisco IOS Cisco IOS Release 12.4(6)XE on the Cisco AS5350XM and Cisco AS5400XM universal gateways.

Table 1 *Memory Requirements for the Cisco AS5350XM Universal Gateway*

Feature Set	Software Image	Flash Memory	DRAM
IP Plus	c5350-is-mz	128	512
IP Plus IPsec 3DES	c5350-ik9s-mz	128	512
IP Plus IPsec 3DES Lawful Intercept	c5350-ik9su2-mz	128	512
Enterprise Plus	c5350-js-mz	128	512
Enterprise Plus IPsec 3DES	c5350-jk9s-mz	128	512

Table 2 *Memory Requirements for the Cisco AS5400XM Universal Gateway*

Feature Set	Software Image	Flash Memory	DRAM
IP Plus	c5400-is-mz	128	512
IP Plus IPsec 3DES	c5400-ik9s-mz	128	512
IP Plus IPsec 3DES Lawful Intercept	c5400-ik9su2-mz	128	512

Table 2 **Memory Requirements for the Cisco AS5400XM Universal Gateway**

Feature Set	Software Image	Flash Memory	DRAM
Enterprise Plus	c5400-js-mz	128	512
Enterprise Plus IPsec 3DES	c5400-jk9s-mz	128	512

Supported Hardware

Cisco IOS Release 12.4(6)XE supports the Cisco AS5350XM and Cisco AS5400XM universal gateways. The supported interfaces and dial feature cards are detailed in [Table 3](#) and [Table 4](#).

Table 3 **Supported Interfaces for the Cisco AS5350XM Universal Gateway**

Interfaces and Dial Feature Cards	Product Description
Dial Feature Cards	AS5X-FC
	AS535-DFC-60NP
	AS535-DFC-108NP
	AS535-DFC-CT3
	2PRI DFC, 4 PRI DFC, 8PRI DFC
LAN Interfaces	Fast Ethernet 10/100Base-T (RJ-45)
Trunk/Backhaul Interface Options	CT3 DFC
	2PRI CT1/CE1 DFC, 4PRI CT1/CE1 DFC, 8PRI CT1/CE1 DFC
	Two 8-MB serial ports

Table 4 **Supported Interfaces for the Cisco AS5400XM Universal Gateway**

Interfaces and Dial Feature Cards	Product Description
Dial Feature Cards	AS-5X-FC
	AS-54-DFC-8CT1/CE1 (8PRI CT1/CE1)
	AS54-DFC-CT3
	AS54-DFC-108NP
	AS54-DFC-60NP
LAN Interfaces	Fast Ethernet 10/100BaseT (RJ-45)
Trunk/Backhaul Interface Options	8PRI CT1/CE1 DFC
	CT3 DFC

Determining the Software Version

To determine the version of Cisco IOS software running on your Cisco AS5350XM or Cisco AS5400XM universal gateway, log on to the universal gateway and enter the **show version** command in EXEC mode:

```
Router> show version
Cisco Internetwork Operating System Software
IOS (tm) 12.4 Software (c5350-is-mz), Version 12.4(6)XE, RELEASE SOFTWARE
```

Upgrading to a New Software Release

For information about selecting a new Cisco IOS software release, please see *How to Choose a Cisco IOS Software Release* at the following location:

http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/130/choosing_ios.shtml

For Cisco IOS Upgrade Ordering Instructions, see the document at the following location:

http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/cc/pd/iosw/prodlit/957_pp.htm

To choose a new Cisco IOS software release by comparing feature support or memory requirements, use Cisco Feature Navigator. Cisco Feature Navigator is a web-based tool that enables you to determine which Cisco IOS and Catalyst OS software images support a specific set of features and which features are supported in a specific Cisco IOS image. You can search by feature or by feature set (software image). Under the release section, you can compare Cisco IOS software releases side by side to display both the features unique to each software release and the features that the releases have in common.

Cisco Feature Navigator is updated regularly when major Cisco IOS software releases and technology releases occur. For the most current information, go to the Cisco Feature Navigator home page at the following location:

<http://tools.cisco.com/ITDIT/CFN/jsp/index.jsp>

To choose a new Cisco IOS software release based on information about defects that affect that software, use the Bug Toolkit at the following location:

http://www.cisco.com/cgi-bin/Support/Bugtool/launch_bugtool.pl.

Feature Set Tables

The Cisco IOS software is packaged in feature sets consisting of software images, depending on the platform. Each feature set contains a specific set of Cisco IOS features. Cisco IOS Release 12.4(6)XE supports the same feature sets as Releases 12.4 and 12.4(6)T.



Caution

Cisco IOS images with strong encryption (including, but not limited to, 168-bit Triple DataEncryption Standard [3DES] data encryption feature sets) are subject to United States government export controls and have limited distribution. Strong encryption images to be installed outside the United States are likely to require an export license. Customer orders may be denied or subject to delay because of United States government regulations. When applicable, purchaser and user must obtain local import and use authorizations for all encryption strengths. Please contact your sales representative or distributor for more information, or send an e-mail to export@cisco.com.

Cisco IOS software images are subject to deferral. Cisco recommends that you view the deferral notices at the following location to determine if your software release is affected:

<http://www.cisco.com/public/sw-center/index.shtml>

Table 5 and Table 6 lists the new features and feature sets supported by the Cisco AS5350XM and Cisco AS5400XM universal gateways in Cisco IOS Release 12.4(6)XE.

The table uses the following conventions:

- Yes—The feature is supported in the software image.
- No—The feature is not supported in the software image.

Table 5 Cisco IOS Release 12.4(6)XE Feature List for Cisco AS5350XM and Cisco AS5400XM Universal Gateways

Feature	In	Image
H.323-to-SIP Supplementary Feature Interworking for Session Border Controller (SBC)	12.4(6)XE	See Table 1 and Table 2 for image names.

New and Changed Information

This section contains the following subsections:

- [New Hardware Features in Cisco IOS Release 12.4\(6\)XE3](#), page 5
- [New Software Features in Cisco IOS Release 12.4\(6\)XE3](#), page 5
- [New Hardware Features in Cisco IOS Release 12.4\(6\)XE](#), page 5
- [New Software Features in Cisco IOS Release 12.4\(6\)XE](#), page 5

New Hardware Features in Cisco IOS Release 12.4(6)XE3

There are no new hardware features in this release.

New Software Features in Cisco IOS Release 12.4(6)XE3

There are no new software features in this release.

New Hardware Features in Cisco IOS Release 12.4(6)XE

There are no new hardware features in this release.

New Software Features in Cisco IOS Release 12.4(6)XE

The following feature is new Cisco IOS Release 12.4(6)XE:

- [H.323-to-SIP Supplementary Feature Interworking for Session Border Controller \(SBC\)](#), page 6

H.323-to-SIP Supplementary Feature Interworking for Session Border Controller (SBC)

This feature provides enhanced termination and re-origination of signaling and media between VoIP and video networks in conformance with RFC3261.

New H.323-to-SIP features available include the following:

- Support H.323-to-SIP Supplementary services for Cisco Unified CallManager with MTP on the H.323 Trunk.
- ILBC Codec Support
- Interworking between G.711 inband DTMF to RFC2833
- VXML 3.x support
- VXML support with SIP Notify
- New SIP-to-SIP features available include:
 - Interworking between G.711 inband DTMF to RFC2833

For more information about this feature, see the following URL:

http://www.cisco.com/univercd/cc/td/doc/product/software/ios123/123cgcr/vvfax_c/calle_c/h323_c/ipi pgw/index.htm

MIBs

To locate and download MIBs for selected platforms, Cisco IOS releases, and feature sets, use Cisco MIB Locator found at the following URL:

<http://www.cisco.com/go/mibs>

Limitations and Restrictions

- Before you can run the high-density packet voice feature card for the Cisco AS5350XM or Cisco AS5400XM universal gateway, you must install an IP Plus image (minimum) of Cisco IOS Release 12.4(6)XE or a later release.
- Software echo cancellation is the default configuration—G.168-compliant echo cancellation is enabled by default with a coverage of 64 milliseconds. Hardware echo cancellation is not available.
- Only Packet Fax/Voice DSP modules (PVDM2s) are supported on the Voice Feature Card.
- GSMAMR NB codec support is available only with H.323 and Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) as call control protocols.
- Skinny Client Control Protocol (SCCP) is not supported.
- To use the AS5X-FC voice feature card in your gateway, at least one card must be present during bootup. Additional AS5X-FC voice feature cards can be installed later.
- If you use AMR-NB DSPware, all the DSPs in the system must be upgraded with the GSM AMR-NB supported DSPware.

- A mix of ASFX-FC voice feature cards and NextPort dial feature cards (NP DFCs) is not supported. If the AS5X-FC voice feature card is installed in a Cisco AS5350XM universal gateway with an NP DFC running, you must reboot the system to support the ASFX-FC voice feature card, and the NP DFC will be powered down. That is, if the AS5X-FC card is present during bootup, dial-only and universal port cards will not be operational.

**Note**

If no AS5X-FC voice feature card is installed during bootup, the gateway will support only dial-only or universal port cards. If you wish to use the AS5X-FC voice feature card, you must install the card and reboot the system.

- The following message is displayed when an upgrade takes place if a version of DSPWare other than the recommended version is uploaded:

WARNING: Recommended GSM AMR-NB supported DSPWare for this Cisco IOS image is X.Y.Z
Where X.Y.Z changes depending on the Cisco IOS image that is used by the customer.

This warning has no impact on the firmware upgrade and calls can be brought up with a version of DSPWare that is not the recommended version.

Deferrals

Cisco IOS software images are subject to deferral. Cisco recommends that you view the deferral notices at the following location to determine if your software release is affected:

http://www.cisco.com/en/US/products/products_security_advisories_listing.html

Field Notices and Bulletins

For general information about the types of documents listed in this section, see the following document:

http://www.cisco.com/warp/customer/cc/general/bulletin/software/general/1654_pp.html

- **Field Notices**—Cisco recommends that you view the field notices for this release to see if your software or hardware platforms are affected. If you have an account on Cisco.com, you can find field notices at http://www.cisco.com/warp/customer/tech_tips/index/fn.html. If you do not have a Cisco.com login account, you can find field notices at http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/tech_tips/index/fn.html.
- **Product Bulletins**—If you have an account on Cisco.com, you can find product bulletins at <http://www.cisco.com/warp/customer/cc/general/bulletin/index.shtml>. If you do not have a Cisco.com login account, you can find product bulletins at <http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/cc/general/bulletin/iosw/index.shtml>.
- **What's Hot in Software Center**—*What's Hot in Software Center* provides information about caveats that are related to deferred software images. If you have an account on Cisco.com, you can access *What's Hot for IOS Releases* at <http://www.cisco.com/kobayashi/sw-center> or by logging in and selecting **Technical Support > Software Center > Cisco IOS Software > What's Hot in Software Center**.
- **What's New for IOS** — *What's New for IOS* lists recently posted Cisco IOS software releases and software releases that have been removed from Cisco.com. If you have an account on Cisco.com, you can access *What's New for IOS* at <http://www.cisco.com/public/sw-center/index.shtml> or by logging into Cisco.com and selecting **Technical Support > Software Center > Products and Downloads > Cisco IOS Software**.

Caveats

Caveats describe unexpected behavior or defects in Cisco IOS software releases. Severity 1 caveats are the most serious caveats, severity 2 caveats are less serious, and severity 3 caveats are the least serious of these three severity levels.

Caveats in Cisco IOS Release 12.4(6)T are also in Release 12.4(6)XE. For information on caveats in Cisco IOS Release 12.4T, see the *Caveats for Cisco IOS Release 12.4T* document. This document lists severity 1 and 2 caveats; the documents are located on [Cisco.com](http://www.cisco.com).



Note

If you have an account on Cisco.com, you can also use the Bug Toolkit to find select caveats of any severity. To reach the Bug Toolkit, log in to [Cisco.com](http://www.cisco.com) and click **Products and Services > Cisco IOS Software > Cisco IOS Software Releases 12.4 > Troubleshooting > Bug Toolkit**. Another option is to go to http://www.cisco.com/cgi-bin/Support/Bugtool/launch_bugtool.pl. (If the defect that you have requested cannot be displayed, this may be due to one or more of the following reasons: the defect number does not exist, the defect does not have a customer-visible description yet, or the defect has been marked Cisco Confidential.)

This section contains the following caveat information:

- [Resolved Caveats - Cisco IOS Release 12.4\(6\)XE3, page 8](#)
- [Resolved Caveats - Cisco IOS Release 12.4\(6\)XE2, page 16](#)
- [Resolved Caveats - Cisco IOS Release 12.4\(6\)XE1, page 19](#)
- [Special Caveats and Updates, page 19](#)

Resolved Caveats - Cisco IOS Release 12.4(6)XE3

CSCec12299

Devices running Cisco IOS versions 12.0S, 12.2, 12.3 or 12.4 and configured for Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) Virtual Private Networks (VPNs) or VPN Routing and Forwarding Lite (VRF Lite) and using Border Gateway Protocol (BGP) between Customer Edge (CE) and Provider Edge (PE) devices may permit information to propagate between VPNs.

Workarounds are available to help mitigate this vulnerability.

This issue is triggered by a logic error when processing extended communities on the PE device. This issue cannot be deterministically exploited by an attacker.

Cisco has released free software updates that address these vulnerabilities. Workarounds that mitigate these vulnerabilities are available.

This advisory is posted at <http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/cisco-sa-20080924-vpn.shtml>.

CSCse24889 Malformed SSH version 2 packets may cause processor memory depletion

Symptom Malformed SSH version 2 packets may cause a memory leak, causing the platform to operate under a degraded condition. Under rare circumstances, the platform may reload to recover itself.

Conditions This symptom is observed on a Cisco platform that is configured for SSH version 2 after it has received malformed SSHv2 packets.

Workaround As an interim solution until the affected platform can be upgraded to a Cisco IOS software image that contains the fix for caveat CSCse24889, configure SSH version 1 from the global configuration mode, as in the following example:

```
config t

ip ssh version 1
end
```

Alternate Workaround: Permit only known trusted hosts and/or networks to connect to the router by creating a vty access list, as in the following example:

```
10.1.1.0/24 is a trusted network that
is permitted access to the router, all
other access is denied

access-list 99 permit 10.1.1.0 0.0.0.255
access-list 99 deny any

line vty 0 4
access-class 99 in
end
```

Further Problem Description: For information about configuring vty access lists, see the Controlling Access to a Virtual Terminal Line document:

http://www.cisco.com/en/US/products/ps6441/products_configuration_guide_chapter

For information about SSH, see the Configuring Secure Shell on Routers and Switches Running Cisco IOS document: <http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/ssh.shtml>

CSCse05736 A router running RCP can be reloaded with a specific packet

Symptom A router that is running RCP can be reloaded by a specific packet.

Conditions This symptom is seen under the following conditions:

- The router must have RCP enabled.
- The packet must come from the source address of the designated system configured to send RCP packets to the router.
- The packet must have a specific data content.

Workaround Put access lists on the edge of your network blocking RCP packets to prevent spoofed RSH packets. Use another protocol such as SCP. Use VTY ACLs.

CSCsd92405 router crashed by repeated SSL connection with malformed finished message

Cisco IOS device may crash while processing malformed Secure Sockets Layer (SSL) packets. In order to trigger these vulnerabilities, a malicious client must send malformed packets during the SSL protocol exchange with the vulnerable device.

Successful repeated exploitation of any of these vulnerabilities may lead to a sustained Denial-of-Service (DoS); however, vulnerabilities are not known to compromise either the confidentiality or integrity of the data or the device.

These vulnerabilities are not believed to allow an attacker will not be able to decrypt any previously encrypted information. Cisco IOS is affected by the following vulnerabilities:

- Processing ClientHello messages, documented as Cisco bug ID CSCsb12598
- Processing ChangeCipherSpec messages, documented as Cisco bug ID CSCsb40304
- Processing Finished messages, documented as Cisco bug ID CSCsd92405

Cisco has made free software available to address these vulnerabilities for affected customers. There are workarounds available to mitigate the effects of these vulnerabilities. This advisory is posted at <http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/cisco-sa-20070522-SSL.shtml>



Note

Another related advisory has been posted with this advisory. This additional advisory also describes a vulnerability related to cryptography that affects Cisco IOS. This related advisory is available at the following link: <http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/cisco-sa-20070522-crypto.shtml>

A combined software table for Cisco IOS is available to aid customers in choosing a software releases that fixes all security vulnerabilities published as of May 22, 2007.

This software table is available at the following link:

<http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/cisco-sa-20070522-cry-bundle.shtml>.

CSCsd85587 7200 Router crashes with ISAKMP Codenomicon test suite

A vulnerability has been discovered in a third party cryptographic library which is used by a number of Cisco products. This vulnerability may be triggered when a malformed Abstract Syntax Notation One (ASN.1) object is parsed. Due to the nature of the vulnerability it may be possible, in some cases, to trigger this vulnerability without a valid certificate or valid application-layer credentials (such as a valid username or password).

Successful repeated exploitation of any of these vulnerabilities may lead to a sustained Denial-of-Service (DoS); however, vulnerabilities are not known to compromise either the confidentiality or integrity of the data or the device.

These vulnerabilities are not believed to allow an attacker will not be able to decrypt any previously encrypted information. The vulnerable cryptographic library is used in the following Cisco products:

- Cisco IOS, documented as Cisco bug ID [CSCsd85587](#)
- Cisco IOS XR, documented as Cisco bug ID [CSCsg41084](#)
- Cisco PIX and ASA Security Appliances, documented as Cisco bug ID [CSCse91999](#)
- Cisco Unified CallManager, documented as Cisco bug ID [CSCsg44348](#)
- Cisco Firewall Service Module [CSCsi97695](#)

This vulnerability is also being tracked by CERT/CC as VU#754281. Cisco has made free software available to address this vulnerability for affected customers. There are no workarounds available to mitigate the effects of the vulnerability.

This advisory is posted at <http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/cisco-sa-20070522-crypto.shtml>.

**Note**

Note: Another related advisory is posted together with this Advisory. It also describes vulnerabilities related to cryptography that affect Cisco IOS.

A combined software table for Cisco IOS only is available at <http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/cisco-sa-20070522-cry-bundle.shtml> and can be used to choose a software release which fixes all security vulnerabilities published as of May 22, 2007.

The related advisory is published at <http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/cisco-sa-20070522-SSL.shtml>

CSCse83555 Cisco IOS pauses indefinitely with a malformed ISAKMP message

Symptom Cisco IOS pauses indefinitely or reloads unexpectedly with malformed ISAKMP messages.

Conditions This problem affects the following IOS releases:

- 12.4(8), 12.4(8a), and 12.4(8b)
- 12.4(9)T, and 12.4(9)T1
- 12.4(6)XE and 12.4(6)XE1
- 12.4(9)MR
- 12.4(9)XG

The IOS device must be configured to process IKE messages (which is the default), and must receive a malformed IKE message from a peer with valid credentials.

Workaround There are no workarounds.

Further Information: The crash occurs in Quick Mode which means that phase 1 must have been completed, which requires knowledge of the pre-shared key or having a valid certificate (depending on IKE phase 1 configuration.)

CSCsg03449 Etherswitch module VLAN Trunking Protocol Vulnerabilities

Symptom

- VTP Version field DoS
- Integer Wrap in VTP revision
- Buffer Overflow in VTP VLAN name

Conditions The packets must be received on a trunk enabled port.

Further Information: On the 13th September 2006, Phenoelit Group posted an advisory containing three vulnerabilities:

- VTP Version field DoS
- Integer Wrap in VTP revision
- Buffer Overflow in VTP VLAN name

These vulnerabilities are addressed by Cisco IDs:

- [CSCsd34759](#) -- VTP version field DoS
- [CSCse47765](#) -- Integer Wrap in VTP revision
- [CSCei54611](#) -- Buffer Overflow in VTP VLAN name
- [CSCsg03449](#) -- Etherswitch module VLAN Trunking Protocol Vulnerabilities

Cisco's statement and further information are available on the Cisco public website at:

<http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/cisco-sr-20060913-vtp.shtml>

CSCsh58082 SIP: A router may reload due to SIP traffic

Symptom Cisco devices running an affected version of Internetwork Operating System (IOS) which supports Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) are affected by a vulnerability that may lead to a reload of the device when receiving a specific series of packets destined to port 5060. This issue is compounded by a related bug which allows traffic to TCP 5060 and UDP port 5060 on devices not configured for SIP.

There are no known instances of intentional exploitation of this issue. However, Cisco has observed data streams that appear to be unintentionally triggering the vulnerability.

Workaround Workarounds exist to mitigate the effects of this problem on devices which do not require SIP.

This advisory is posted at <http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/cisco-sa-20070131-sip.shtml>.

CSCsg15598 DYIDS: Fragmentation prevents signature recognition

The Intrusion Prevention System (IPS) feature set of Cisco IOS® contains several vulnerabilities. These include:

- Fragmented IP packets may be used to evade signature inspection.
- IPS signatures utilizing the regular expression feature of the ATOMIC.TCP signature engine may cause a router to crash resulting in a denial of service.

There are mitigations and workarounds for these vulnerabilities. Cisco has made free software available to address these vulnerabilities for affected customers.

This advisory is posted at: <http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/cisco-sa-20070213-iosips.shtml>

CSCsg40567 Memory leak found with malformed tls/ssl packets in http core process

Symptom Malformed SSL packets may cause a router to leak multiple memory blocks.

Conditions This symptom is observed on a Cisco router that has the **ip http secure server** command enabled.

Workaround Disable the **ip http secure server** command.

CSCse56501

A device running Cisco IOS software that has Internet Protocol version 6 (IPv6) enabled may be subject to a denial of service (DoS) attack. For the device to be affected by this vulnerability the device also has to have certain Internet Protocol version 4 (IPv4) User Datagram Protocol (UDP) services enabled. To exploit this vulnerability an offending IPv6 packet must be targeted to the device. Packets that are routed throughout the router can not trigger this vulnerability. Successful exploitation will prevent the interface from receiving any additional traffic. The only exception is Resource Reservation Protocol (RSVP) service, which if exploited, will cause the device to crash. Only the interface on which the vulnerability was exploited will be affected.

Cisco is providing fixed software to address this issue. There are workarounds available to mitigate the effects of the vulnerability.

This advisory is posted at <http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/cisco-sa-20080326-IPv4IPv6.shtml>.

CSCsg16908 IOS FTP Server Deprecation

Multiple vulnerabilities exist in the Cisco IOS File Transfer Protocol (FTP) Server feature. These vulnerabilities include Denial of Service, improper verification of user credentials and the ability to read or write any file in the device's file system, including the device's saved configuration, which may include passwords or other sensitive information.

The IOS FTP Server is an optional service that is disabled by default. Devices that are not specifically configured to enable the IOS FTP Server service are unaffected by these vulnerabilities.

This vulnerability does not apply to the IOS FTP Client feature.

This advisory is posted at

<http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/cisco-sa-20070509-iosftp.shtml>.

CSCsi01470

A vulnerability in the Cisco implementation of Multicast Virtual Private Network (MVPN) is subject to exploitation that can allow a malicious user to create extra multicast states on the core routers or receive multicast traffic from other Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) based Virtual Private Networks (VPN) by sending specially crafted messages.

Cisco has released free software updates that address this vulnerability. Workarounds that mitigate this vulnerability are available.

This advisory is posted at <http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/cisco-sa-20080326-mvpn.shtml>.

CSCsi84017 c2600 router hangs during reload

Symptom When you reload a Cisco 2600 series, the router may hang.

Conditions This symptom is observed on a Cisco 2600 series when you attempt to run the c2600-entservices-mz image of Cisco IOS Release 12.4(9)T4. The symptom may also occur in other releases.

Workaround There is no workaround.

CSCsi09530 CME SIP phone failed to register because of authenticate register

Symptom If the **authenticate register** command is configured under the **voice register global** command, CME SIP failed to registered.

Conditions The **authenticate register** command is configured under the **voice register global** command when CME is acting as a registrar.

Workaround Disable the **authenticate register** command under the **voice register global** command.

Further Problem Description: In registrar functionality, CME challenges an inbound register request with a 401 response. If the **authenticate register** command is configured under the **voice register global** command, the Registering Endpoint then ends a Register Request with Credentials. The Gateway Stack is not processing this request and is dropping it.

CSCsf07847 cdp may fail to discover neighbor information in releases with CSCse85200

Symptom Specifically crafted CDP packets can cause a router to allocate and keep extra memory. Exploitation of this behavior by sending multiple specifically crafted CDP packets could cause memory allocation problems on the router.

Conditions This issue occurs in IOS images that has the fix for CSCse85200.

Workaround Disable CDP on interfaces where CDP is not required.

Further Problem Description: Because CDP is a Layer-2 protocol, the symptom can only be triggered by routers that reside on the same network segment.

CSCsj32707 GW rejects SIP UPDATE with Cseq 0

Symptom A "SIP UPDATE" message from a Cisco CallManager or SIP Proxy Server with a "Cseq" value of 0 may be rejected or considered invalid by A Cisco gateway.

Conditions This symptom is observed on a Cisco gateway that runs Cisco IOS Release 12.4(9)T4 or a later release and that is connected to a SIP endpoint.

Workaround There is no workaround. Note that the symptom does not occur in Release 12.4(9)T3.

CSCsj44081 Improvements in diagnostics and instrumentation

Cisco IOS Software has been enhanced with the introduction of additional software checks to signal improper use of internal data structures. This enhancement was introduced in select Cisco IOS Software releases published after April 5, 2007.

Details: With the new enhancement in place, IOS will emit a %DATACORRUPTION-1-DATAINCONSISTENCY error message whenever it detects an inconsistency in its internal data structures. This is a new error message. The following is an example.

The %DATACORRUPTION-1-DATAINCONSISTENCY error message is preceded by a timestamp

```
May 17 10:01:27.815 UTC: %DATACORRUPTION-1-DATAINCONSISTENCY: copy error
```

The error message is then followed by a traceback.

It is important to note that this error message does not imply that packet data is being corrupted. It does, however provide an early indicator of other conditions that can eventually lead to poor system performance or an IOS restart.

Recommended Action Collect "show tech-support" command output and open a service request with the Technical Assistance Center (TAC) or designated support organization. Pay particular attention to any other error messages or error symptoms that accompany the %DATACORRUPTION-1-DATAINCONSISTENCY message and note those to your support contact.

- CSCsh53643 mbar/isync compiler automation
- CSCsh77241 Reverting the compiler back to c2.95.3-plib
- CSCsh75069 Input Queue Wedge with UDP Echo packets
- CSCsh87705 GCC compiler modifications
- CSCsh87711
- CSCsh87715
- CSCsh23148 c32xx MMU mapping refinements
- CSCek56536 memory leak under simpleudpfuzz attack for port 500
- CSCsh15703 c815 and c1700 MMU mapping refinement
- CSCsh20392 vg200 and c2600 MMU mapping refinements
- CSCsh46705 Remove unused func declaration of vtsp_tsp_call_disconnect_ind_rawsignal
- CSCek66935 migrate autobahn76 to c2.95.3-p11c compiler
- CSCej53426 miata6 gcc.c3.4.3 rollout: compiler versioning infrastructure

Resolved Caveats - Cisco IOS Release 12.4(6)XE2

CSCsf04754: Two authentication vulnerabilities in SNMPv3 feature

Symptom Multiple Cisco products contain either of two authentication vulnerabilities in the Simple Network Management Protocol version 3 (SNMPv3) feature. These vulnerabilities can be exploited when processing a malformed SNMPv3 message. These vulnerabilities could allow the disclosure of network information or may enable an attacker to perform configuration changes to vulnerable devices. The SNMP server is an optional service that is disabled by default. Only SNMPv3 is impacted by these vulnerabilities.

Workaround Workarounds are available for mitigating the impact of the vulnerabilities described in this document. The United States Computer Emergency Response Team (US-CERT) has assigned Vulnerability Note VU#878044 to these vulnerabilities. Common Vulnerabilities and Exposures (CVE) identifier CVE-2008-0960 has been assigned to these vulnerabilities. This advisory will be posted at

<http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/cisco-sa-20080610-snmpv3.shtml>

CSCse06975: Traceback at pak_copy_contiguous_to_contiguous when testing multicast

Symptom VoIP LMR multicast capability does not work on network module NM-HD-2V with E&M.

Workaround There is no workaround.

CSCse15025: Intermittent analog/cas voice port lockup or robotic voice

Symptom An analog or digital CAS port enters a state in which inbound or outbound calls, or both, may no longer function through the port.

Conditions This symptom is observed on a Cisco 2800 series and Cisco 3800 series that function as gateways with analog or digital CAS ports that use PVDM2 DSP modules.

When this problem occurs, it impacts multiple ports that share the same signaling DSP. The output of the show voice dsp signaling EXEC command shows which DSP is used by a port for signaling. The symptom may occur more often for ports that use DSP 1 on the PVDM2 module for signaling.

Because this issue impacts the signaling channels, it has been seen that calls either will not connect at all through impacted ports or in some cases when multiple simultaneous calls are present on adjacent voice ports/timeslots, the call may connect momentarily before being disconnected.

If a problem occurs only on a single voice port, there is another problem, not this caveat (CSCse15025). PRI/BRI calls are not affected because PRI/BRI does not utilize the DSP for signaling purposes.

When the symptom occurs with either a VIC2-xFXO or EVM DID/FXS module, enter the terminal monitor command followed by the **test voice port port-number si-reg-read 39 1** command for one of the affected ports. The output typically should be a single octet value for register 39. When the symptom occurs, information for Registers 40, 41, and 42 is presented and some of the registers show double- octet information.

When the symptom occurs with FXS or analog E&M modules, enter the terminal monitor command followed by the **test voice port port- number codec-debug 10 1** command for one of the affected ports. The output typically should be a single octet value for each register.

Workaround: There is no workaround to prevent the symptom from occurring. When the symptom has occurred, you must reload the gateway to restore proper operation.

Further Problem Description: The changes in CSCse15025 includes changes in CSCsc11833 and CScsd90851. These changes have been shown to help mitigate this problem in the majority of cases.

There is a further detection and reset mechanism in CSCse15025 that will recover the DSP which is in this state. This mechanism will trigger immediately if the impacted voice port is an analog FXO port. For other voice ports, a delay in the detection will be present and it is possible to see the symptom of this problem before the recovery code triggers.

Note that the reset mechanism will cause any active calls utilizing the DSP in question to be dropped. It is recommended if running with modules which can be impacted by this issue to upgrade to a release of software which contains the changes in CSCse15025.

If the DSP is reset and the below output is seen, contact the TAC for further assistance. Note that this output is sent at debug level and it is recommended to enable either syslog or logging buffered on the gateway.

Logging buffered on the gateway is enabled through the global command logging buffered 50000 debug as an example to set the logging buffered to use 50K bytes of processor memory for logging. The output of the log can be seen with the exec command **show log**.

```
CSCse27845: One way voice after ringing pickup of transferred at-alert call
```

Symptom One-way voice.

Conditions Ephones A, B, and C are on the same CME. A calls B. B does an at-alert transfer to C. While C is ringing, B does a ringing pickup on C's extension. One way voice results with B being unable to hear A.

Workaround There is no workaround.

```
CSCse29031: H323-H323 slow start flow around support on IPIPGW in H245 passthru mode
```

Symptom No support for media flow-around in h245 passthru mode.

Workaround There is no workaround.

```
CSCse47728: Path confirmation failures with VoAAL2 traffic
```

Symptom Path confirmation failures seen with Voice over ATM traffic.

Workaround There is no workaround.

CSCse60762: Traceback seen at gk_endpt_global_queue_remove

Symptom Traceback seen on the gatekeeper while deleting **endpoint max-calls** CLI.

Workaround There is no workaround.

CSCse66125: Call-waiting ring in ephone-dn-template fails to hold configuration

Symptom When trying to configure **call-waiting ring** on a **ephone-dn x**, the configuration is accepted, but cannot be seen in the configuration in show running.

Workaround There is no workaround.

CSCse68138: Handle fragmented packets in VOIP RTP Lib

Symptom Router may reload due to fragmented RTP packets. This is a platform independent problem.

Conditions Its likely to happen in networks where VOIP is one of applications and one more segments of network are using low MTU.

Workaround There is no workaround.

CSCse72236: OLC carried ipipgw ip address in flow-around mode for h323-h323 ss call

Symptom In H323-H323 Slow Start Flow-around mode. OLC and OLC ACK should carried the remote's ip address and media port info. But on haw_t, ipipgw's ip address is used in one of the OLC message toward to the remote GW. This is not correct.

Conditions The flow-around call is still OK since the OLC ACK carried the correct info.

Workaround There is no workaround.

CSCse75014: CME/SRST not able to make calls to Unity VM

Symptom CME/SRST Not able to make calls to Unity VM. VM port DN is not coming to "Idle" state after restarting Unity.

Workaround There is no workaround.

CSCse96018: Three-party conference fails to continue

Symptom Analog phones connected to the Cisco VG224 voice gateway can establish a three-party conference. After establishing the three-party conference, it is not sustained, the Cisco VG224 phone is fed with re-order tone.

Conditions This has been seen when the other two parties of the three-party conference are SIP IP phones.

Workaround There is no workaround.

Resolved Caveats - Cisco IOS Release 12.4(6)XE1

CSCek39526: Router crashed @ tagsw_tfib_rewrite_print when show ipv6 cef int

CSCek45222: QOS service-policy commaand no longer available for vlan interface

CSCek45370: Ping fail from Ipanema FIO PRI interface

CSCse56129: VG224 erroneously triggers hookflash during CME call pickup interaction

CSCse59347: Cme/srst ip phone unregister does not down the virtual POTS peers

CSCse68355: Router crashed by single SIP invite packet

Special Caveats and Updates

SIP Bugs in 12.4(6)XE

- CSCeb21064

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- Media Gateway Control Protocol (MGCP)
- Signaling protocols H.323, H.254
- Real-time Transport Protocol (RTP)
- Facsimile reception

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<http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/cisco-sa-20070808-IOS-voice.shtml>

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Cisco IOS Next Hop Resolution Protocol Vulnerability

- <http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/cisco-sa-20070808-nhrp.shtml>

Cisco IOS Secure Copy Authorization Bypass Vulnerability

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Voice Vulnerabilities in Cisco IOS and Cisco Unified Call Manager

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Cisco Unified MeetingPlace XSS Vulnerability

- <http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/cisco-sr-20070808-mp.shtml>

- CSCej20505

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• CSCsb24007

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• CSCsc60249

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- CSCsd81407

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- CSCse05642

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- CSCse40276

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- CSCse68138

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- CSCse68355

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- CSCsf08998

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• CSCsf11855

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Cisco IOS Information Leakage Using IPv6 Routing Header

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Cisco IOS Next Hop Resolution Protocol Vulnerability

- <http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/cisco-sa-20070808-nhrp.shtml>

Cisco IOS Secure Copy Authorization Bypass Vulnerability

- http://www.cisco.com/en/US/products/products_security_advisory09186a0080899636.shtml

Voice Vulnerabilities in Cisco IOS and Cisco Unified Call Manager

- <http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/cisco-sa-20070808-IOS-voice.shtml>

Cisco Unified MeetingPlace XSS Vulnerability

- <http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/cisco-sr-20070808-mp.shtml>

• CSCsf30058

Multiple voice-related vulnerabilities are identified in Cisco IOS software, one of which is also shared with Cisco Unified Communications Manager. These vulnerabilities pertain to the following protocols or features:

- Session Initiation Protocol (SIP)
- Media Gateway Control Protocol (MGCP)

- Signaling protocols H.323, H.254
- Real-time Transport Protocol (RTP)
- Facsimile reception

Cisco has made free software available to address these vulnerabilities for affected customers. Fixed Cisco IOS software listed in the Software Versions and Fixes section contains fixes for all vulnerabilities mentioned in this advisory.

There are no workarounds available to mitigate the effects of any of the vulnerabilities apart from disabling the protocol or feature itself.

This advisory is posted at

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- CSCsg70474

Multiple voice-related vulnerabilities are identified in Cisco IOS software, one of which is also shared with Cisco Unified Communications Manager. These vulnerabilities pertain to the following protocols or features:

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Voice Vulnerabilities in Cisco IOS and Cisco Unified Call Manager

- <http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/cisco-sa-20070808-IOS-voice.shtml>

Cisco Unified MeetingPlace XSS Vulnerability

- <http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/cisco-sr-20070808-mp.shtml>

- CSCsi60004

Multiple voice-related vulnerabilities are identified in Cisco IOS software, one of which is also shared with Cisco Unified Communications Manager. These vulnerabilities pertain to the following protocols or features:

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Cisco Unified MeetingPlace XSS Vulnerability

- <http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/cisco-sr-20070808-mp.shtml>

- CSCsi80749

Multiple voice-related vulnerabilities are identified in Cisco IOS software, one of which is also shared with Cisco Unified Communications Manager. These vulnerabilities pertain to the following protocols or features:

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Cisco has made free software available to address these vulnerabilities for affected customers. Fixed Cisco IOS software listed in the Software Versions and Fixes section contains fixes for all vulnerabilities mentioned in this advisory.

There are no workarounds available to mitigate the effects of any of the vulnerabilities apart from disabling the protocol or feature itself.

This advisory is posted at

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NHRP Bugs in IP Routing Protocols

- CSCin95836

The Cisco Next Hop Resolution Protocol (NHRP) feature in Cisco IOS contains a vulnerability that can result in a restart of the device or possible remote code execution.

NHRP is a primary component of the Dynamic Multipoint Virtual Private Network (DMVPN) feature.

NHRP can operate in three ways: at the link layer (Layer 2), over Generic Routing Encapsulation (GRE) and multipoint GRE (mGRE) tunnels and directly on IP (IP protocol number 54). This vulnerability affects all three methods of operation.

NHRP is not enabled by default for Cisco IOS.

This vulnerability is addressed by Cisco bug IDs CSCin95836 for non-12.2 mainline releases and CSCsi23231 for 12.2 mainline releases.

This advisory is posted at

<http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/cisco-sa-20070808-nhrp.shtml>.

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Cisco Unified MeetingPlace XSS Vulnerability

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SCP Bugs in 12.4(6)XE

- CSCsc19259

The server side of the Secure Copy (SCP) implementation in Cisco IOS contains a vulnerability that allows any valid user, regardless of privilege level, to transfer files to and from an IOS device that is configured to be a Secure Copy server. This vulnerability could allow valid users to retrieve or write to any file on the device's filesystem, including the device's saved configuration. This configuration file may include passwords or other sensitive information.

The Cisco IOS Secure Copy Server is an optional service that is disabled by default. Devices that are not specifically configured to enable the Cisco IOS Secure Copy Server service are not affected by this vulnerability.

This vulnerability does not apply to the Cisco IOS Secure Copy Client feature.

This advisory is posted at

http://www.cisco.com/en/US/docs/ios/12_2t/12_2t2/feature/guide/ftscp.html.

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IPv6 Bugs in 12.4(6)XE

- CSCef77013

Cisco IOS and Cisco IOS XR contain a vulnerability when processing specially crafted IPv6 packets with a Type 0 Routing Header present. Exploitation of this vulnerability can lead to information leakage on affected Cisco IOS and Cisco IOS XR devices, and may also result in a crash of the affected Cisco IOS device. Successful exploitation on an affected device running Cisco IOS XR will not result in a crash of the device itself, but may result in a crash of the IPv6 subsystem.

Cisco has made free software available to address this vulnerability for affected customers. There are workarounds available to mitigate the effects of the vulnerability.

This advisory is posted at

<http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/cisco-sa-20070808-IOS-IPv6-leak.shtml>.

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- <http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/cisco-sr-20070808-mp.shtml>

Additional References

The following sections describe the documentation available for the Cisco AS5350XM and Cisco AS5400XM universal gateways. Typically, these documents consist of hardware and software installation guides, Cisco IOS configuration and command references, system error messages, feature modules, and other documents. Documentation is available as printed manuals or electronic documents, except for feature modules, which are available online on Cisco.com in pdf or html form.

Use these release notes with the documents listed in the following sections:

- [Release-Specific Documents, page 33](#)
- [Platform-Specific Documents, page 33](#)

Release-Specific Documents

The following documents are specific to Release 12.4 and apply to Cisco IOS Release 12.4(6)XE. They are located on [Cisco.com](#):

- *Cross-Platform Release Notes for Cisco IOS Release 12.4(11)T*
- *Field Notices*: http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/tech_tips/index/fn.html.
- *Caveats for Cisco IOS Release 12.4* and *Caveats for Cisco IOS Release 12.4T*

Platform-Specific Documents

Hardware installation guides, configuration and command reference guides, and additional documents specific to the Cisco AS5350XM and Cisco AS5400XM universal gateways are available on [Cisco.com](#) at the following location:

http://www.cisco.com/en/US/products/hw/routers/tsd_products_support_category_home.html

Feature Modules

Feature modules describe new features supported by Cisco IOS Release 12.4 and Cisco IOS Release 12.4(6)XE, and are updates to the Cisco IOS documentation set. A feature module consists of a brief overview of the feature, benefits, configuration tasks, and a command reference. As updates, the feature modules are available online only.

Cisco Feature Navigator

Cisco Feature Navigator is a web-based tool that enables you to quickly determine which Cisco IOS software images support a particular set of features and which features are supported in a particular Cisco IOS image. Cisco Feature Navigator is available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

To use Cisco Feature Navigator, you must have a JavaScript-enabled web browser such as Netscape 3.0 or later, or Internet Explorer 4.0 or later. Internet Explorer 4.0 always has JavaScript enabled. To enable JavaScript for Netscape 3.x or Netscape 4.x, follow the instructions provided with the web browser. For JavaScript support and enabling instructions for other browsers, check with the browser vendor.

Cisco Feature Navigator is updated when major Cisco IOS software releases and technology releases occur. You can access Feature Navigator at the following URL:

<http://www.cisco.com/go/cfn>

Cisco IOS Software Documentation Set

The Cisco IOS software documentation set consists of the Cisco IOS configuration guides, Cisco IOS command references, and several other supporting documents.

Documentation Modules

Each module in the Cisco IOS documentation set consists of one or more configuration guides and one or more corresponding command references. Chapters in a configuration guide describe protocols, configuration tasks, and Cisco IOS software functionality, and contain comprehensive configuration examples. Chapters in a command reference provide complete command syntax information. Use each configuration guide with its corresponding command reference. *Cisco IOS Software Documentation* is available in html or pdf form.

Select your release and click the command references, configuration guides, or any other Cisco IOS documentation you need

Obtaining Documentation, Obtaining Support, and Security Guidelines

For information on obtaining documentation, obtaining support, providing documentation feed-back, security guidelines, and also recommended aliases and general Cisco documents, see the monthly *What's New in Cisco Product Documentation*, which also lists all new and revised Cisco technical documentation at:

<http://www.cisco.com/en/US/docs/general/whatsnew/whatsnew.html>

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This product includes cryptographic software written by Eric Young (eay@cryptsoft.com).

This product includes software written by Tim Hudson (tjh@cryptsoft.com).

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