

# **TN3270 Server Commands**

Use the commands in this chapter to configure and monitor the Cisco Mainframe Channel Connection (CMCC) products, which include the Channel Interface Processor (CIP) and the Channel Port Adapter (CPA). For hardware technical descriptions and for information about installing the router interfaces, refer to the hardware installation and maintenance publication for your particular product.

Note

Unless otherwise specified, all commands in this chapter are supported on the Cisco 7000 with RSP7000, Cisco 7500 and the Cisco 7200 series routers.

For interface configuration information and examples, refer to the "Configuring the TN3270 Server" chapter of the *Cisco IOS Bridging and IBM Networking Configuration Guide*.

For a conversion table of the modular products and Cisco 7000 family processors, refer to the "Platform Support" appendix of the *Cisco IOS Configuration Fundamentals Command Reference*.

# allocate lu

To assign logical units (LUs) to a pool, use the **allocate lu** listen-point PU configuration command. To remove LUs assigned to a pool, use the **no** form of this command.

allocate lu lu-address pool poolname clusters count

no allocate lu lu-address pool poolname clusters count

Syntax Description	lu-address	Starting number of the LOCADDR to which a cluster of LUs are to be allocated.
	pool poolname	Pool name to which you want to allocate LUs. The pool name cannot exceed 8 characters.
	clusters count	Range of LUs in a cluster that are allocated to the specified pool. For example, if the <b>lu</b> keyword specifies the beginning of the LOCADDR number, the <b>cluster</b> keyword specifies the number of clusters to be included in the pool.
Defaults	No default behavior	or values.
Command Modes	Listen-point PU cor	figuration
Command History	Release	Modification
Command History	Release 11.2(18)BC	This command was introduced.
Command History		
	11.2(18)BC 12.0(5)T	This command was introduced.
	11.2(18)BC12.0(5)TThe following guide• The LUs assign	This command was introduced. This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.0 T.
Command History	11.2(18)BC12.0(5)TThe following guideThe LUs assign for different po• A maximum of	This command was introduced. This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.0 T. elines apply to the <b>allocate lu</b> command: ed to a pool constitute a cluster. When multiple pools are configured, the LU ranges
	11.2(18)BC12.0(5)TThe following guideThe LUs assign for different poA maximum of LOCADDRs arLOCADDRs ar	This command was introduced.         This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.0 T.         elines apply to the <b>allocate lu</b> command:         ed to a pool constitute a cluster. When multiple pools are configured, the LU ranges ols on the same PU must not overlap.         255 LOCADDRs can be allocated to a pool. Configurations with invalid

### Examples

In the following example, the starting LOCADDR is 10. Each cluster has 5 LOCADDRs, therefore 25 LOCADDRs (10 through 34) are allocated to the pool name LOT1.

```
interface channel 0/2
tn3270-server
pool LOT1 cluster layout 4s1p
listen-point 10.20.30.40
pu PU1
allocate lu 10 pool LOT1 clusters 5
```

As a result of this configuration, the following LOCADDRs are created in each cluster:

- Cluster 1
  - LOCADDR 10—Screen
  - LOCADDR 11—Screen
  - LOCADDR 12—Screen
  - LOCADDR 13—Screen
  - LOCADDR 14—Printer
- Cluster 2
  - LOCADDR 15—Screen
  - LOCADDR 16—Screen
  - LOCADDR 17—Screen
  - LOCADDR 18—Screen
  - LOCADDR 19—Printer

All of the LUs in these clusters are allocated to pool LOT1.

Related Commands	Command	Description
	pool	Defines pool names for the TN3270 server and specifies the number of screens and printers in each logical cluster.
	tn3270-server	Starts the TN3270 server on a CMCC adapter and enters TN3270 server configuration mode.
	pu (TN3270)	Creates a PU entity that has its own direct link to a host and enters PU configuration mode.
	pu dlur (listen-point)	Creates a PU entity that has no direct link to a host and enters listen-point PU configuration mode.

1

## certificate reload

To configure SSL Encryption Support enabled to read the profile security certificate from the file specified in the **servercert** command, use the **certificate reload** profile configuration command.

### certificate reload

Syntax Description	This command has no a	arguments or keywords.
Defaults	No default behavior or	values.
Command Modes	Profile configuration	
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.1(5)T	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	There is not a <b>no</b> form The TN3270 server mu	for this command. Ist be configured for security.
Examples	• •	e configures the TN3270 server with SSL Encryption Support to read the profile m the file specified in the <b>servercert</b> command:
Related Commands	Command	Description
	servercert	Specifies the location of the TN3270 server's security certificate in the Flash memory.

# client ip

ſ

To add an IP subnet to a client subnet response-time group, use the **client ip** response-time configuration command. To remove an IP subnet from a client subnet response-time group, use the **no** form of this command.

client ip ip-address [ip-mask]

no client ip *ip-address* [*ip-mask*]

Syntax Description	ip-address	IP subnet being add	ded to the response-time group.
	ip-mask	(Optional) Mask ap membership in a cl connecting client's	oplied to a client IP address to determine the client's lient subnet group. When the mask is applied to a IP address and the resulting address is equal to the defined nt becomes a member of the client group. The default mask
Defaults	No default behavio	or or values.	
Command Modes	Response-time con	figuration	
Command History	Release	Modification	
,	11.2(18)BC	This command wa	as introduced.
	12.0(5)T	This command wa	as integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.0 T.
Examples	Following is an exa	ample of the <b>client ip</b> cor	mmand:
	tn3270-server response-time gro		
	cilent ip 10.1.2	2.3 255.0.0.0	
Related Commands	Command	2.3 255.0.0.0	Description
Related Commands			<b>Description</b> Configures a client subnet group for response-time measurements.
Related Commands	Command response-time gro	oup nannel tn3270-server	Configures a client subnet group for response-time
Related Commands	Command response-time gro show extended ch response-time app	oup nannel tn3270-server plication nannel tn3270-server	Configures a client subnet group for response-time measurements. Displays information about application response-time
Related Commands	Command response-time gro show extended ch response-time app show extended ch response-time glo	oup nannel tn3270-server plication nannel tn3270-server obal nannel tn3270-server	<ul> <li>Configures a client subnet group for response-time measurements.</li> <li>Displays information about application response-time client groups.</li> <li>Displays information about the global response-time</li> </ul>

Command	Description
show extended channel tn3270-server response-time subnet	Displays information about Subnet response-time client groups.
tn3270-server	Starts the TN3270 server on a CMCC adapter and enters TN3270 server configuration mode.

## client ip lu

ſ

To define a specific LU or range of LUs to a client at the IP address or subnet, use the **client ip lu** TN3270 PU configuration mode command. To cancel this definition, use the **no** form of this command.

client [printer] ip ip-address [ip-mask] lu first-locaddr [last-locaddr]

no client [printer] ip ip-address [ip-mask] lu first-locaddr [last-locaddr]

one IP address or nail statement. A client with a nailed	client-session negotiates a model type of 328 <i>n</i> , where <i>n</i> is any alphanumeric character. Moreover, it ensures that a printer matching the IP address condition can only use an LU nailed as a printer LU.
ip-mask         ip-mask         first-locaddr         last-locaddr         last-locaddr         Oefaults         No LUs are nailed. T         Command Modes         TN3270 PU configur         Command History         Release         11.3         Usage Guidelines         This command is valione IP address or nail statement.         A client with a nailed	If the <b>printer</b> keyword is not specified for any <b>client</b> statement that has this IP address set, all model types can use this range of LUs.
first-locaddr         last-locaddr         last-locaddr         Defaults       No LUs are nailed. T         Command Modes       TN3270 PU configur         Command History       Release         11.3       This command is valione IP address or nail statement.         A client with a nailed	Specifies remote client IP address.
Iast-locaddr         Iast-locaddr         Iast-locaddr         No LUs are nailed. T         Command Modes         TN3270 PU configur         Release         11.3         Usage Guidelines         This command is valione IP address or nail statement.         A client with a nailed	(Optional) The mask applied to the remote device address. Multiple client IP addresses in the same subnet can be nailed to the same range of locaddrs.
Defaults       No LUs are nailed. T         Command Modes       TN3270 PU configur         Command History       Release         11.3       This command is valione IP address or nail statement.         A client with a nailed       A client with a nailed	Defines a single locaddr to nail.
Command ModesTN3270 PU configurCommand HistoryRelease11.3Usage GuidelinesThis command is valione IP address or nail statement. A client with a nailed	(Optional) Defines the end range of inclusive locaddrs to be nailed from <i>first-locaddr</i> to <i>last-locaddr</i> .
I11.3         Usage Guidelines         This command is valione IP address or nail statement.         A client with a nailed	Modification
Usage Guidelines This command is valione IP address or nail statement. A client with a nailed	This command was introduced.
A client with a nailed (screen or printer).	id only on the virtual channel interface. Multiple statements can be configured for l type either on one PU or multiple PUs. But each LU can only appear in one <b>client</b> d IP address can request one of the nailed LUs via the TN3270 device name. If the available then the connection is rejected. d IP address cannot request an LU outside the range of nailed LUs for its type
	ailed IP address cannot request an LU that is configured as nailed.

The command will be rejected if some of the locaddrs are already nailed. If the locaddrs are currently in use by other remote clients, the nailing statement will take effect only when the locaddr is made available.

To cancel the definition, the **no client** form of the command must be entered exactly as the **client** command was originally configured. If a range of locaddrs was specified, to cancel this definition the whole range of locaddrs must be specified. There is no way to cancel only one locaddr if a whole range of locaddrs was configured.

```
Examples
```

In the following example, locaddrs 1 to 50 are reserved for remote devices in the 171.69.176.0 subnet:

```
interface channel 2/2
tn3270-server
pu BAGE4
client ip 171.69.176.28 255.255.255.0 lu 1 50
```

In the following example, locaddrs 1 to 40 are reserved for screen devices in the 171.69.176.0 subnet, while 41 to 50 are reserved for printers in that subnet:

```
interface channel 2/2
tn3270-server
pu BAGE4
client ip 171.69.176.28 255.255.0 lu 1 40
client printer ip 171.69.176.28 255.255.0 lu 41 50
```

In the following example, there is an attempt to cancel a definition but this is rejected because it does not specify the full range of locaddrs and the second attempt fails to specify the correct nail type:

```
interface channel 2/2
tn3270-server
pu BAGE4
client printer ip 171.69.176.50 255.255.0 lu 1 100
no client printer ip 171.69.176.50 255.255.255.0 lu 1
%Invalid LU range specified
no client ip 171.69.176.50 255.255.255.0 lu 1 100
%client ip 171.69.176.50 nail type not matched with configured nail type printer
```

Related Commands	Command	Description
	pu (DLUR)	Creates a PU entity that has no direct link to a host and enters DLUR PU configuration mode.

# client ip pool

ſ

To nail clients to pools, use the **client ip pool** listen-point configuration command. To remove clients from pools, use the **no** form of this command.

client ip ip-address [ip-mask] pool poolname

no client ip *ip-address* [*ip-mask*] pool poolname

Syntax Description	ip-address	Remote client IP address.
	ip-mask	(Optional) Mask applied to the remote device address. The mask is part of the matching function that determines whether a client is governed by the nailing statement. The default is 255.255.255.255. Multiple client IP addresses in the same subnet can be nailed to the same range of LOCADDRS.
	poolname	Specifies a unique pool name. The pool name cannot exceed 8 characters.
Defaults	No default behavi	or or values.
Command Modes	Listen-point confi	iguration
Command History	Release	Modification
-	11.2(18)BC	This command was introduced.
	12.0(5)T	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.0 T.
Usage Guidelines	If the pool is configured while LUs are in use, existing clients are allowed to complete their sessions. A pool name can be identical to an LU name. When assigning an LU, the TN3270 server searches the LU name space first for specific requests, such as connections that specify a device name on CONNECT or LU name in the terminal type negotiation. The request is assumed to be directed to the specific LU rather than to the pool. Make sure the name spaces do not clash.	
Examples	The following is an example of the <b>client ip pool</b> command that nails the client at IP address 10.1.2. with an IP mask of 255.255.255.0 to the pool named OMAHA: tn3270-server pool OMAHA cluster layout 10s1p listen-point 172.18.4.18 client ip 10.1.2.3 255.255.255.0 pool OMAHA	

### Related Commands

ands	Command	Description
	listen-point	Defines an IP address for the TN3270 server.
	pool	Defines pool names for the TN3270 server and specifies the number of screens and printers in each logical cluster.
	pu dlur (listen-point)	Creates a PU entity that has no direct link to a host and enters listen-point PU configuration mode.
	pu (listen-point)	Creates a PU entity that has a direct link to a host and enters listen-point PU configuration mode.
	tn3270-server	Starts the TN3270 server on a CMCC adapter and enters TN3270 server configuration mode.

I

# client lu maximum

To limit the number of LU sessions that can be established for each client IP address or IP subnet address, use the **client lu maximum** TN3270 server configuration command. To remove a single LU limit associated with a particular IP address, use the **no** form of this command.

client [ip [ip-mask]] lu maximum number

**no client** [*ip* [*ip-mask*]]

Defaults	<i>ip-mask</i> <i>number</i> The default is th	specified then the limit is applied to all clients. (Optional) IP network mask for the client. The default is 255.255.255.255. (Optional) Maximum number of LU sessions. The allowed value is from 0 to 65535.	
Defaults			
Defaults	The default is th		
		at there is no limit on the number of concurrent sessions from one client IP address.	
	The default valu	e for the <i>ip-mask</i> argument is 255.255.255.255.	
	In the <b>no</b> form o	of this command, the default value for the <i>number</i> argument is 65535.	
Command Modes	TN3270 server o	configuration	
Command History	Release	Modification	
	12.0	This command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines	command on a g <i>ip-addres</i> s with	s valid only on the virtual channel interface. An instance of the <b>client</b> (lu limit) given <b>tn3270-server</b> is uniquely identified by the <i>ip-mask</i> and the logical AND of the that mask. For example, if the command is entered as the following: 62 255.255.192 lu maximum 2	
	Then it will be stored (and subsequently displayed by write term) as:		
	client 10.1.1.0 255.255.255.192 lu maximum 2		
		pecified on the command can be changed simply by reissuing the command with the	
	new value. It is	not necessary to remove the command first.	

For example, if a service bureau has 8000 clients and each client IP address is limited to four LU sessions, you will never need more than 32000 concurrent LU definitions even when the service is running at 100 percent capacity.

#### **Examples** The following example limits all clients to a maximum of two LU sessions:

client lu maximum 2

The following example limits a client at IP address 10.1.1.28 to a maximum of three LU sessions:

client 10.1.1.28 lu maximum 3

The LU limit can be applied to different subnets as shown in the following example. The most exact match to the client IP address is chosen. Clients with IP addresses that reside in the subnet 10.1.1.64 (those with IP addresses in the range of 10.1.1.64 through 10.1.1.127) are limited to a maximum of 5 LU sessions while other clients with IP addresses in the subnet 10.1.1.0 are limited to a maximum of 4 LU sessions.

client 10.1.1.0 255.255.255.0 lu maximum 4 client 10.1.1.64 255.255.255.192 lu maximum 5

The following example prevents an LU session for the client at IP address 10.1.1.28:

client 10.1.1.28 lu maximum 0

Related Commands	Command	Description
	maximum-lus	Limits the number of LU control blocks that will be allocated for
		TN3270 server use.

## client pool

To nail clients to pools, use the **client pool** listen-point configuration command. To remove clients from pools, use the **no** form of this command.

**client** {[**ip** *ip*-*address* [*ip*-*mask*]] | [**name** *DNS*-*name* [*DNS*-*domain-identifier*]] | [**domain-name** *DNS*-*domain*] | [**domain-id** *DNS*-*domain-identifier*]} **pool** *poolname* 

**no client** {[**ip** *ip*-*address* [*ip*-*mask*]] | [**name** *DNS*-*name* [*DNS*-*domain*-*identifier*]] | [**domain**-**name** *DNS*-*domain*] | [**domain**-**id** *DNS*-*domain*-*identifier*]} **pool** *poolname* 

Syntax Description	<b>ip</b> ip-address	Remote client IP address.
	ip-mask	(Optional) Mask applied to the remote device address. The mask is part of the matching function that determines whether a client is governed by the nailing statement. The default is 255.255.255.255. Multiple client IP addresses in the same subnet can be nailed to the same pool.
	name DNS-name	(Optional) Alphanumeric string that specifies a client machine name. The string can contain up to 24 characters. If a valid <i>DNS-domain-identifier</i> is not present, this name must be fully qualified. If this name is not fully qualified, any dot that forms the boundary between the DNS-name and the DNS-domain must be included here if it is not already present in the DNS-domain.
	DNS-domain-identifier	(Optional) A numeric identifier that specifies a domain name. The valid value range is 1 to 255. Each <b>domain-id</b> command statement can have only one <i>DNS-domain-identifier</i> value.
	domain-name DNS-domain	(Optional) Alphanumeric string that specifies a domain name suffix, including all dots (.) but not delimited by dots. The string can contain up to 80 characters. All dots must be included when the string is appended to a configured DNS-name. If the DNS-domain starts with a dot, then the dot must be included if it is not already at the end of the DNS-name.
	<b>domain-id</b> DNS-domain-identifier	(Optional) Numeric identifier that specifies that a domain name suffix will be appended to the name configured in the domain-id command. The valid value range is 1 to 255. Each <b>domain-id</b> command statement can have only one <i>DNS-domain-identifier</i> value.
		The domain-id is originally specified in the <b>domain-id</b> command.
	poolname	Specifies a unique pool name. The pool name cannot exceed 8 characters.

### Defaults

No default behavior or values.

## Command Modes Listen-point configuration

Cisco IOS Bridging and IBM Networking Command Reference, Volume 2 of 2

Command History	Release	Modification		
	11.2(18)BC	This command was introduced.		
	12.0(5)T	This command was integrated in Cisco IOS Release 12.0 T.		
	12.1(5)T	This command was modified to include the <b>name</b> , <b>domain-name</b> , and <b>domain-id</b> keywords. The name of the command was changed from <b>client ip pool</b> to <b>client pool</b> .		
Usage Guidelines	A pool name can b LU name space firs or LU name in the	gured while LUs are in use, existing clients are allowed to complete their sessions. e identical to an LU name. When assigning an LU, the TN3270 server searches the t for specific requests, such as connections that specify a device name on CONNECT terminal type negotiation. The request is assumed to be directed to the specific LU tool. Make sure the LU names do not conflict.		
Examples	- Nailing Clients to Po	ols by IP Address		
	The following is an example of the <b>client pool</b> command with the <b>ip</b> keyword configured. The command nails the client at IP address 10.1.2.3 with an IP mask of 255.255.255.0 to the pool named OMAHA:			
	tn3270-server pool OMAHA cluster layout 10s1p listen-point 172.18.4.18 client ip 10.1.2.3 255.255.255.0 pool OMAHA			
	Nailing Clients to Pools by Device Name			
	The following is an example of the <b>client pool</b> command with the <b>name</b> keyword configured. The command nails the client at device name george-isdn29.cisco.com to the pool named GENERAL:			
	listen-point 1 pu T240CA 93 allocate lu 3	cluster layout 4s1p 72.18.5.168 1922363 token-adapter 31 12 rmac 4000.4000.0001 1 pool GENERAL clusters 1 orge-isdn29.cisco.com pool GENERAL		
	Nailing Clients to Po	ols by Device Name using a Domain ID		
	The following is an DNS-domain-ident	The following is an example of the <b>client pool</b> command with the <b>name</b> keyword and the optional <i>DNS-domain-identifier</i> argument configured. The command nails the client at device name lucy-isdn49.cisco.com to the pool named GENERAL:		
	listen-point 1	cluster layout 4s1p		

allocate lu 1 pool GENERAL clusters 1 client name lucy-isdn49 23 pool GENERAL L

#### Nailing Clients to Pools by Domain Name

The following is an example of the **client pool** command with the **domain-name** keyword configured. The command nails any client at domain name .cisco.com to the pool named GENERAL:

```
tn3270-server
pool GENERAL cluster layout 4s1p
listen-point 172.18.5.168
pu T240CA 91922363 token-adapter 31 12 rmac 4000.4000.0001
allocate lu 1 pool GENERAL clusters 1
client domain-name .cisco.com pool GENERAL
```

#### Nailing Clients to Pools by Domain Name Using a Domain ID

The following is an example of the **client pool** command with the **domain-id** keyword configured. The command nails any client at domain name cisco.com to the pool named GENERAL:

```
tn3270-server
domain-id 23 .cisco.com
pool GENERAL cluster layout 4s1p
listen-point 172.18.5.168
pu T240CA 91922363 token-adapter 31 12 rmac 4000.4000.0001
allocate lu 1 pool GENERAL clusters 1
client domain-id 23 pool GENERAL
```

Related Commands	Command	Description
	listen-point	Defines an IP address for the TN3270 server.
	pool	Defines pool names for the TN3270 server and specifies the number of screens and printers in each logical cluster.
	pu dlur (listen-point)	Creates a PU entity that has no direct link to a host and enters listen-point PU configuration mode.
	pu (listen-point)	Creates a PU entity that has a direct link to a host and enters listen-point PU configuration mode.
	tn3270-server	Starts the TN3270 server on a CMCC adapter and enters TN3270 server configuration mode.
	domain-id	Specifies a domain name suffix that the TN3270 server appends to a configured machine name to form a fully-qualified name when configuring inverse DNS nailing.

1

# default-profile

To specify the name of the profile to be applied as a default to all the listen points, use the **default-profile** security command. To disable the default profile specification, use the **no** form of this command.

default-profile profilename

no default-profile profilename

Syntax Description	profilename	Profile name should already be configured.	
Defaults	No default profile.		
Command Modes	Security configurat	tion	
Command History	Release	Modification	
	12.1(5)T	This command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines		configured, this profile name and all of its attributes will be associated with all listen specify an individual profile with the <b>sec-profile</b> command.	
	Profile names cannot be duplicated.		
	-	rm of this command removes the default specification and any listen points that do rofile command specified will revert to a non-secure mode.	
		no retroactive effect. If a listen point is specified using the <b>listen-point</b> command, command was already configured for that listen point then all client connections to ll be secure.	
	configured, then al <b>default-profile</b> cor	specified using the listen-point command, and the <b>default-profile</b> command is not l client connections to that listen point will not be secure. However, if the nmand is later configured, then all now connections to that listen point will be secure <b>default-profile</b> . This will not affect the non-secure connections.	
	listen point 10.10.1	nple specifies DOMESTIC as the default profile name for all clients connecting to 0.1 until the <b>default-profile LAM</b> command is configured. Once the <b>default-profile</b> configured, all new client connections will use LAM as the default profile.	
	tn3270 security profile NOSECURI default-profile pu DIRECT 012ABCI default-profile listen-point 10.1	DOMESTIC DE tok 0 04 LAM	

ſ

Related Commands	Command	Description
	sec-profile	Specifies the security profile to be associated with a listen point.
	profile	Specifies a name and a security protocol for a security profile and enters profile configuration mode.

# disable (TN3270)

To turn off security in the TN3270 server, use the disable (TN3270) security configuration command.

disable

Syntax Description	This command has n	o arguments or keywords.
Defaults	No default behavior	or values.
Command Modes	Security configuration	on
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.1(5)T	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	connections. This co be non-secure. If a c	<b>ble</b> (TN3270) command does not terminate any active secure or non-secure mmand specifies that all new connections established with the TN3270 server will lient initiates a change cipher specification for an existing secure connection then will process the request.
Usage Guidelines	connections. This co be non-secure. If a c	mmand specifies that all new connections established with the TN3270 server will lient initiates a change cipher specification for an existing secure connection then
	There is not a <b>no</b> for command.	rm for this command. The <b>enable</b> command is equivalent to the <b>no</b> form of this
Examples	•	ple turns off security in the TN3270 server so that all new connections established ver will be non-secure:
	disable	
Related Commands	Command	Description
	enable (TN3270)	Turns on security in the TN3270 server.

# dlur

ſ

To enable the Systems Network Architecture (SNA) session switch function on the CMCC adapter and enter dependent logical unit requester (DLUR) configuration mode, use the **dlur** TN3270 server configuration command. To disable the SNA session switch function and discard all parameter values associated with the SNA session switch, use the **no** form of this command.

**dlur** [fq-cpname fq-dlusname]

no dlur

Syntax Description	fq-cpname	(Optional) Fully qualified control point (CP) name used by the SNA session switch and the logical unit (LU) name for the DLUR function. This name must be unique among APPN nodes in the network including other values for the <i>fq-cpname</i> argument specified on all other TN3270 servers running under the Cisco IOS software.
	fq-dlusname	(Optional) Fully qualified name of the primary choice for the dependent LU server (DLUS). This is the name of an LU, usually a CP, in an APPN host. The value for the <i>fq-dlusname</i> argument can be repeated and shared across servers.
Defaults	No DLUR fund	ction is enabled.
Command Modes	TN3270 server	configuration
Command History	Release	Modification
	11.2	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	already enable	is valid only on the virtual channel interface. If the SNA session switch function is d, the <b>dlur</b> command with no arguments puts you in DLUR configuration mode. The function implements an End Node DLUR.
	Several parame APPN architec separated by a characters "#" string is from c	eters in the DLUR configuration mode consist of fully qualified names, as defined by the ture. Fully qualified names consist of two case-insensitive alphanumeric strings, period. However, for compatibility with existing APPN products, including VTAM, the (pound), "@" (at), and "\$" (dollar) are allowed in the fully qualified name strings. Each one to 8 characters long; for example, RA12.NODM1PP. The portion of the name before e NET ID and is shared between entities in the same logical network.
	The <b>no dlur</b> co	ommand hierarchically deletes all resources defined beneath it.
Examples	DLUR function	example performs two functions: it enters DLUR configuration mode; and it enables the n and defines the LU name for the DLUR as SYD.TN3020 and the primary choice for .VMG. Note that the NET ID portion of both names is the same:

dlur SYD.TN3020 SYD.VMG

B2R-333

<b>Related Commands</b>	Command	Description
	lsap	Creates a SAP in the SNA session switch and enters DLUR SAP configuration mode.
	preferred-nnserver	Specifies a preferred NN as server.
	pu (DLUR)	Creates a PU entity that has no direct link to a host and enters DLUR PU configuration mode.

## dlus-backup

I

To specify a backup DLUS for the DLUR function, use the **dlus-backup** DLUR configuration command. To remove a backup DLUS name, use the **no** form of this command.

dlus-backup dlusname2

no dlus-backup

Defaults	No backup DLUS is	specified.
Command Modes	DLUR configuration	
Command History	Release	Modification
-	11.2	This command was introduced.
	per CMCC adapter. I dlus-backup comma Several parameters in APPN architecture. I separated by a period characters "#" (poun string is from one to	id only on the virtual channel interface. Only one backup DLUS can be specified If the backup DLUS specified in the <b>dlus-backup</b> command is in use when a <b>no</b> and is issued, the connection is not torn down. In the DLUR configuration mode consist of fully qualified names, as defined by the Fully qualified names consist of two case-insensitive alphanumeric strings, d. However, for compatibility with existing APPN products, including VTAM, the d), "@" (at), and "\$" (dollar) are allowed in the fully qualified name strings. Each 8 characters long; for example, RA12.NODM1PP. The portion of the name before Γ ID and is shared between entities in the same logical network.
-	The following examp dlus-backup SYD.VM	ple specifies SYD.VMX as the backup DLUS:
Related Commands	Command	Description
-	client pool	Nails clients to pools.

I

## domain-id

To specify a domain name suffix that the TN3270 server appends to a configured machine name to form a fully qualified name when configuring inverse DNS nailing, use the **domain-id** TN3270 server configuration command. To disable this specification, use the **no** form of this command.

domain-id DNS-domain-identifier DNS-domain

no domain-id DNS-domain-identifier DNS-domain

DNS-domain-identifier	A numeric identifier that specifies the domain name. The valid value range is 1 to 255. Each domain-id statement can have only one <i>DNS-domain-identifier</i> value. This identifier is also used in the <b>client pool</b> command.
DNS-domain	An alphanumeric string that specifies a domain name suffix, including all dots (.) but not delimited by dots. The string can contain no more than 80 characters. All dots must be included when the string is appended to a configured DNS-name. If the DNS-domain starts with a dot, then the dot must be included if it is not already at the end of the DNS-name.
No default behavior or v	alues.
TN3270 server configura	ation
Release	Modification
12.1(5)T	This command was introduced.
This command must be c	up to 255 domain names, one per statement. configured you configure the <b>client pool</b> command with either the <b>domain-id</b> yword and the optional <i>DNS-domain-identifier</i> argument.
.cisco.com domain name name suffix. For example tn3270-server domain-id 23 .cisco.c pool GENERAL cluste listen-point 172.18 pu T240CA 9192236	er layout 4s1p
	DNS-domain         No default behavior or v         TN3270 server configura         Release         12.1(5)T         The user can configure u         This command must be a         keyword or the name ke         In the following example         .cisco.com domain name         name suffix. For exampl         tn3270-server         domain-id 23 .cisco.o         pool GENERAL clusted         listen-point 172.18         pu T240CA 9192230

ſ

Related Commands	Command	Description
	client pool	Nails clients to pools.

# enable (TN3270)

To turn on security in the TN3270 server, use the **enable** (TN3270) security configuration mode command.

enable

Syntax Description	This command has no	arguments or keywords.
Defaults	No default behavior or	values.
Command Modes	Security configuration	
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.1(5)T	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	There is not a <b>no</b> form for this command.	
	connections.	nd has been disabled, then issuing this command does not affect existing
	This command is not d security functionality i	lisplayed in the <b>show running configuration</b> command output because the is enabled by default.
xamples	The following example	e turns on security in the TN3270 server:
	enable	
Related Commands	Command	Description
	security (TN3270)	Enables security on the TN3270 server.
	disable (TN3270)	Turns off security in the TN3270 server.

# encryptorder

ſ

To specify the security encryption algorithm for the SSL Encryption Support, use the **encryptorder** profile configuration command.

encryptorder [DES] [3DES] [RC4] [RC2] [RC5]

Syntax Description	DES	(Optional) Specifies the DES encryption algorithm.
	3DES	(Optional) Specifies the 3DES encryption algorithm.
	RC4	(Optional) Specifies the RC4 encryption algorithm.
	RC2	(Optional) Specifies the RC2 encryption algorithm.
	RC5	(Optional) Specifies the RC5 encryption algorithm.
Defaults		ption order is RC4, RC2, RC5, DES, 3DES for domestic software. The default
	encryption order	is RC4, RC2, DES for exportable software.
Command Modes	Profile configurat	ion
	<u></u>	
Command History	Release	Modification
Command History	Release 12.1(5)T	This command was introduced.
Command History		
	12.1(5)T	
	12.1(5)T There is not a <b>no</b>	This command was introduced.
	12.1(5)T There is not a <b>no</b> These algorithms command.	This command was introduced. form for this command.
Jsage Guidelines	12.1(5)T There is not a <b>no</b> These algorithms command. Exportable versio	This command was introduced. form for this command. may be entered in any order, but can be specified only once per <b>encryptorder</b> ns of software cannot accept the 3DES or RC5 encryption algorithms.
Command History Usage Guidelines Examples	12.1(5)T There is not a <b>no</b> These algorithms command. Exportable versio	This command was introduced. form for this command. may be entered in any order, but can be specified only once per <b>encryptorder</b>

## generic-pool

To specify whether or not leftover LUs will be made available to TN3270 sessions that do not request a specific LU or LU pool through TN3270E, use the **generic-pool** TN3270 server configuration command. To selectively remove the permit or deny condition of generic pool use, use the **no** form of this command.

generic-pool {permit | deny}

no generic-pool

Syntax Description	permit	Leftover LUs should be made available to TN3270 users wanting generic sessions. This value is the default.	
	deny	Leftover LUs should not be given to a generic pool. The physical unit (PU) is not automatically fully populated with 255 LOCADDR definitions. The default is the value configured in TN3270 server configuration mode.	
Defaults	In TN3270 serve	r configuration mode, generic pool use is permitted.	
	In PU configurati mode.	on mode, the default is the value currently configured in TN3270 server configuration	
Command Modes	TN3270 server co the TN3270 serve	onfiguration—The <b>generic-pool</b> command at this level applies to all PUs supported by er.	
	Listen-point conf listen point.	iguration—The <b>generic-pool</b> command at this level applies to all PUs defined at the	
	Listen-point PU PU.	configuration—The <b>generic-pool</b> command at this level applies only to the specified	
	DLUR PU config DLUR configura	guration—The <b>generic-pool</b> command at this level applies to all PUs defined under tion mode.	
	PU configuration	—The <b>generic-pool</b> command at this level applies only to the specified PU.	
Command History	Release	Modification	
	11.2	This command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines	This command is valid only on the virtual channel interface.		
	A leftover LU is defined as one for which all of the following conditions are true:		
	• The system s	services control point (SSCP) did not send an ACTLU during PU start-up.	
	management	rolling the LU is capable of carrying product set ID (PSID) vectors on network vector transport (NMVT) messages, thus allowing dynamic definition of dependent J) operation for that LU.	

ſ

	client ip lu	Defines a specific LU or range of LUs to a client at the IP address or subnet.
Related Commands	Command	Description
	generic-pool perm	nit
Examples	The following exan	nple permits generic LU pool use:
		<b>ic-pool permit</b> is specified, any inactive LUs are immediately available for dynamic over, any active LUs that were dynamic previously (before <b>generic-pool deny</b> was eing dynamic.
	connections to it w	s effect immediately. If <b>generic-pool deny</b> is specified on a PU, no further dynamic ill be allowed. Existing sessions are unaffected, but as they terminate the LUs will ble for dynamic connections.
	In TN3270 server c permits generic poo	configuration mode, the <b>no generic-pool</b> command reverts to the default, which ol use.
	In PU configuration TN3270 command	n mode, a <b>no generic-pool</b> command will restore the <b>generic-pool</b> value entered in mode.
		<b>generic-pool</b> in TN3270 server configuration mode apply to all PUs for that can be changed in PU configuration mode.
	All LUs in the gene	eric pool are, by definition, DDDLU capable.

# idle-time

To specify how many seconds of LU inactivity, from both host and client, before the TN3270 session is disconnected, use the **idle-time** TN3270 server configuration command. To cancel the idle time period and return to the default, use the **no** form of this command.

idle-time seconds

no idle-time

Syntax Description	seconds	Idle time in seconds, from 0 to 65535. A value of 0 means the session is never disconnected.	
Defaults		0 server configuration mode is that the session is never disconnected (0). figuration mode is the value currently configured in TN3270 server configuration	
Command Modes	TN3270 server configuration—The <b>idle-time</b> command at this level applies to all PUs supported by the TN3270 server.		
	Listen-point configura point.	ation—The <b>idle-time</b> command at this level applies to all PUs defined at the listen	
	Listen-point PU confi	guration—The <b>idle-time</b> command at this level applies only to the specified PU.	
	DLUR PU configuration—The <b>idle-time</b> command at this level applies to all PUs defined under DLUR configuration mode.		
	PU configuration—Th	ne <b>idle-time</b> command at this level applies only to the specified PU.	
Command History	Release	Modification	
	11.2	This command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines	TN3270 server config	nd is valid only on the virtual channel interface, and can be entered in either uration mode or PU configuration mode. A value entered in TN3270 mode applies 3270 server, except as overridden by values entered in PU configuration mode.	
		and entered in PU configuration mode will restore the idle-time value entered in	
	idle-time value is red	nd affects currently active and future TN3270 sessions. For example, if the uced from 900 seconds to 600 seconds, sessions that have been idle for between are immediately disconnected.	
<u>Note</u>	For the purposes of id not constitute "activit	le-time logic, TIMING-MARKs generated by the keepalive logic do y."	

### Examples

The following command sets an idle-time disconnect value of 10 minutes:

idle-time 600

The following command entered in TN3270 server configuration mode sets the default idle-time disconnect value to 0, or never disconnect:

no idle-time

Related Commands	Command	Description
	keepalive (TN3270)	Specifies how many seconds of inactivity elapse before transmission of a DO TIMING-MARK or Telnet no operation (nop) to the TN3270 client.
	timing-mark	Selects whether a WILL TIMING-MARK is sent when the host application needs an SNA response (definite or pacing response).

I

# ip precedence (TN3270)

To specify the precedence level for voice over IP traffic in the TN3270 server, use the **ip precedence** TN3270 server configuration command. To remove the precedence value, use the **no** form of this command.

**ip precedence** {**screen** | **printer**} *value* 

no ip precedence {screen | printer}

Syntax Description	screen	Specifies the precedence is for screen devices.	
- ,	printer	Specifies the precedence is for printer devices.	
	value	Sets the precedence priority. A value between 0 and 7, with 7 being the highest priority. The default is 0.	
Defaults	The default is a p	recedence value of 0 for both screens and printers.	
Command Modes	TN3270 server co supported by the	onfiguration—The <b>ip precedence</b> (TN3270) command at this level applies to all PUs TN3270 server.	
	Listen-point confi defined at the list	iguration—The <b>ip precedence</b> (TN3270) command at this level applies to all PUs en point.	
	DLUR PU configuration—The <b>ip precedence</b> (TN3270) command at this level applies to all PUs defined under DLUR configuration mode. PU configuration—The <b>ip precedence</b> (TN3270) command at this level applies only to the specified PU.		
Command History	Release	Modification	
,	11.3	This command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines		valid only on the virtual channel interface. Precedence values applied in TN3270 PU de override values applied in TN3270 server configuration mode.	
	You can enter new or different values for IP precedence without first using the <b>no</b> form of this command.		
	ToS value of 0 is	net negotiations to establish, or bind, the session an IP precedence value of 0 and IP used. These values are used until the bind takes place. When the session is a type 2 client is assumed to be a screen; otherwise the client is assumed to be a printer.	
Examples	The following exa	ample assigns a precedence value of 3 to printers:	

ſ

Related Commands	Command	Description
	ip tos	Specifies the ToS level for IP traffic in the TN3270 server.

## ip tos

To specify the Type of Service (ToS) level for IP traffic in the TN3270 server, use the **ip tos** TN3270 server configuration command. To remove the ToS value, use the **no** form of this command.

ip tos {screen | printer} value

no ip tos {screen | printer}

Syntax Description	screen	Specifies the T	ToS is for screen devices.	
	printer	Specifies the 7	ToS is for printer devices.	
	value	Sets the ToS p	priority. A value between 0 and 15. The default is 0.	
Defaults	The default is a ToS	S value of 0 for both screens	s and printers.	
Command Modes	TN3270 server con TN3270 server.	figuration—The <b>ip tos</b> com	mand at this level applies to all PUs supported by the	
	Listen-point config point.	uration—The <b>ip tos</b> comma	and at this level applies to all PUs defined at the listen	
	DLUR PU configuration—The <b>ip tos</b> command at this level applies to all PUs defined under DLUR configuration mode.			
	PU configuration—	The <b>ip tos</b> command at this	s level applies only to the specified PU.	
Command History	Release	Modification		
Command History	<b>Release</b> 11.3	Modification This command was in	ntroduced.	
Command History Usage Guidelines	11.3 This command is va configuration mode The default ToS val values. Specifically maximize printer th you want to comply Table 35 shows the	This command was in alid only on the virtual chan override values applied in ues for screen and printer an , the RFC recommends a de roughput value of 4. You m to the defaults as stated in values described in RFC 13	nnel interface. ToS values applied in TN3270 PU TN3270 server configuration mode. re 0. However, RFC 1349 recommends different default efault minimize screen delay value of 8 and a default nust configure these values using the <b>ip tos</b> command if the RFC.	
	11.3This command is va configuration modeThe default ToS val values. Specifically maximize printer th you want to comply Table 35 shows theTable 35ToS Def	This command was in alid only on the virtual char override values applied in ues for screen and printer an , the RFC recommends a de roughput value of 4. You m to the defaults as stated in values described in RFC 13 fined Values	nnel interface. ToS values applied in TN3270 PU TN3270 server configuration mode. re 0. However, RFC 1349 recommends different default efault minimize screen delay value of 8 and a default nust configure these values using the <b>ip tos</b> command if the RFC. 349.	
	11.3This command is vaconfiguration modeThe default ToS valvalues. Specificallymaximize printer thyou want to complyTable 35 shows theTable 35 ToS DealValueDate	This command was in alid only on the virtual chan override values applied in ues for screen and printer an , the RFC recommends a de roughput value of 4. You m to the defaults as stated in values described in RFC 13 fined Values	<ul> <li>Interface. ToS values applied in TN3270 PU</li> <li>TN3270 server configuration mode.</li> <li>Tre 0. However, RFC 1349 recommends different default</li> <li>efault minimize screen delay value of 8 and a default</li> <li>nust configure these values using the <b>ip tos</b> command if</li> <li>the RFC.</li> <li>349.</li> </ul>	
	11.3This command is va configuration modeThe default ToS val values. Specifically maximize printer th you want to comply Table 35 shows theTable 35ToS DefaultValueDefault 00A	This command was in alid only on the virtual char override values applied in a ues for screen and printer an , the RFC recommends a de roughput value of 4. You may to the defaults as stated in values described in RFC 13 fined Values efinition Il normal.	<ul> <li>Interface. ToS values applied in TN3270 PU TN3270 server configuration mode.</li> <li>Tre 0. However, RFC 1349 recommends different default efault minimize screen delay value of 8 and a default nust configure these values using the <b>ip tos</b> command if the RFC.</li> <li>Action</li> <li>Use default metric.</li> </ul>	
	11.3This command is values.The default ToS values.Values.Specificallymaximize printer thyou want to complyTable 35ToS DealValue08M	This command was in alid only on the virtual chan override values applied in ues for screen and printer an , the RFC recommends a de roughput value of 4. You m to the defaults as stated in values described in RFC 13 fined Values	<ul> <li>Interface. ToS values applied in TN3270 PU TN3270 server configuration mode.</li> <li>Te 0. However, RFC 1349 recommends different default efault minimize screen delay value of 8 and a default nust configure these values using the <b>ip tos</b> command if the RFC.</li> <li>Action</li> </ul>	

Value	Definition	Action
2	Maximize reliability.	Use reliability metric.
1	Minimize monetary cost.	Use cost metric.
Other	Not defined.	Reserved for future use.

Table 35 ToS Defined Values (continued)

During initial Telnet negotiations to establish, or bind, the session, an IP precedence value of 0 and IP ToS value of 0 is used. These values are used until the bind takes place. When the session is a type 2 bind, the TN3270 client is assumed to be a screen; otherwise the client is assumed to be a printer.

When you use the **no** form of the command, the ToS value is either set to 0 for that configuration mode or the value set at a previous (higher) configuration mode is used. For example, if you are at the TN3270 PU configuration mode and issue a **no ip tos screen** command, any value you configured previously at the TN3270 server configuration mode will take effect.

You can enter new or different values for ToS without first using the no form of this command.

### Examples

In the following example, the TN3270 server ToS screen value is set to 10 and a specific PU ToS screen value is set to 0:

```
interface channel 3/2
tn3270-server
    ip tos screen 8
    ip tos printer 4
    pu PUS2
        ip tos screen 0
```

Related	Commands
	•••••••

Command	Description
ip precedence (TN3270)	Specifies the precedence level for IP traffic in the TN3270 server.

I

## keepalive (TN3270)

To specify how many seconds of inactivity elapse before the TN3270 server transmits a DO TIMING-MARK or Telnet no operation (nop) to the TN3270 client, use the **keepalive** TN3270 server configuration command. To cancel the keepalive period and return to the previously configured siftdown value or the default, use the **no** form of this command.

**keepalive** seconds [send {nop | timing-mark [max-response-time]}]

no keepalive

Syntax Description	seconds	Number of elapsed seconds (from 0 to 65535) before the TN3270 server sends a DO TIMING-MARK or Telnet <b>nop</b> command to the TN3270 client. A value of 0 means no keepalive signals are sent. The default is 1800 seconds (30 minutes).	
	send nop	(Optional) Sends the Telnet command for no operation to the TN3270 client to verify the physical connection. No response is required by the client.	
	<b>send timing-mark</b> [ <i>max-response-time</i> ]	(Optional) Number of seconds (from 0 to 32767) within which the TN3270 server expects a response to the DO TIMING-MARK from the TN3270 client. The default is 30 seconds if the keepalive interval is greater than or equal to 30 seconds. If the value of the keepalive interval is less than 30 seconds, then the default <i>max-response-time</i> is the value of the interval. The value of the <i>max-response-time</i> should be less than or equal to the <i>interval</i> .	
Defaults	The default behavior is to send timing marks with a keepalive interval of 1800 seconds (30 minutes). If you specify only the keepalive interval, the TN3270 server sends timing-marks.		
		inve interval, the 1105270 server sends tilling marks.	
	interval is greater than or e	<b>ad timing-mark</b> <i>max-response-time</i> command is 30 seconds if the keepalive equal to 30 seconds. If the value of the keepalive interval is less than lt <i>max-response-time</i> is the value of the interval.	
Command Modes	interval is greater than or e 30 seconds, then the default	<b>ind timing-mark</b> <i>max-response-time</i> command is 30 seconds if the keepalive equal to 30 seconds. If the value of the keepalive interval is less than	
Command Modes	interval is greater than or e 30 seconds, then the defaut TN3270 server configuration TN3270 server.	<b>ad timing-mark</b> <i>max-response-time</i> command is 30 seconds if the keepalive equal to 30 seconds. If the value of the keepalive interval is less than at <i>max-response-time</i> is the value of the interval.	
Command Modes	interval is greater than or e 30 seconds, then the defaul TN3270 server configuratio TN3270 server. Listen-point configuration- point.	ad timing-mark <i>max-response-time</i> command is 30 seconds if the keepalive equal to 30 seconds. If the value of the keepalive interval is less than at <i>max-response-time</i> is the value of the interval.	
Command Modes	interval is greater than or e 30 seconds, then the defaul TN3270 server configuratio TN3270 server. Listen-point configuration- point. Listen-point PU configurat	<b>ad timing-mark</b> <i>max-response-time</i> command is 30 seconds if the keepalive equal to 30 seconds. If the value of the keepalive interval is less than at <i>max-response-time</i> is the value of the interval.	

11.2		This command was introduced.
12.0(	5)T	The <b>send</b> { <b>nop</b>   <b>timing-mark</b> [ <i>max-response-time</i> ]} keywords were added.

#### **Usage Guidelines**

The **keepalive** command is valid only on the virtual channel interface. This command can be entered in one of four command modes (TN3270 configuration, Listen-point configuration, Listen-point PU configuration, or PU configuration mode). A value entered in TN3270 mode applies to all PUs for that TN3270 server, except as overridden by values entered in the other supported configuration modes. A **no keepalive** command entered in a subsequent configuration mode will restore the **keepalive** value entered in the previous command mode.

In Cisco IOS releases prior to 12.0(5)T in which the **keepalive** command is supported, you cannot specify the period of time in which the client must respond to the DO TIMING-MARK before the TN3270 server disconnects the session. By default in prior releases, if the client does not reply within 30 minutes of sending the DO TIMING-MARK, the TN3270 server disconnects the TN3270 session. (The DO TIMING-MARK is a Telnet protocol operation that does not affect the client operation.)

With the addition of the **send timing-mark** *max-response-time* keywords in Cisco IOS release 12.0(5)T, you can specify the period of time in which the client must respond to the DO TIMING-MARK before being disconnected by the server. If you do not specify the *max-response-time* argument, the default value is determined by the size of the keepalive interval. The default is 30 seconds if the keepalive interval is greater than or equal to 30 seconds. If the value of the keepalive interval is less than 30 seconds, then the default *max-response-time* is the value of the interval.

If the IP path to the client is broken, the TCP layer will detect the failure to acknowledge the DO TIMING-MARK and initiate disconnection. This action usually takes much less than 30 seconds.

The **keepalive** command affects currently active and future TN3270 sessions. For example, reducing the keepalive interval to a smaller nonzero value causes an immediate burst of DO TIMING-MARKs on those sessions that have been inactive for a period of time greater than the new, smaller value.

Use the **keepalive send nop** command when you are using older TN3270 clients that do not support TIMING-MARK or are DOS-based clients. When you use the **keepalive send nop** command to monitor the client connection, no response is required by the client to the TN3270 server. However, the TCP/IP stack can detect that the physical connection still exists. This command is useful for those clients that can be swapped out when a DO TIMING-MARK has been sent by the TN3270 server. If the client is swapped out and cannot respond to the DO TIMING-MARK from the TN3270 server, the session is disconnected. However, if the client is swapped out and the Telnet **nop** command is sent by the server, the physical connection is still verifiable by the TCP/IP stack and the client remains connected to the server.

If your client supports the use of timing-marks and is not subject to being swapped out, then using timing-marks is preferable to the Telnet **nop** command for keepalive monitoring. The required response by TN3270 clients to timing-marks sent by the server provides a better indication of the health of the client-server connection.

### Examples

The following example specifies that the TN3270 server sends a DO TIMING-MARK in 15-minute (900-second) intervals and the client must respond within 30 seconds (the default value for the **timing-mark** *max-response-time* command when not specified):

keepalive 900

The following example entered in TN3270 server configuration mode specifies that the TN3270 server sends a DO TIMING-MARK in 30-minute (1800-second) intervals (the default interval) and the client must respond within 30 seconds (the default for the **timing-mark** *max-response-time* command when not specified):

```
no keepalive
```

The following example specifies that the TN3270 server sends a DO TIMING-MARK in 40-minute (2400-second) intervals and the client must respond within 1 minute (60 seconds):

```
keepalive 2400 send timing-mark 60
```

Consider the following example in which the **keepalive** command is configured in more than one command mode. In this example the **keepalive** command is first configured in TN3270 server configuration mode, followed by Listen-point PU configuration mode. The **keepalive** command values specified under the listen-point PU overrides the **keepalive** 300 value specified under the tn3270-server for PU1. In this example, all other PUs except PU1 use the value of the **keepalive** 300 command specified in TN3270 server configuration mode.

```
tn3270-server
keepalive 300
listen-point 10.10.10.1 tcp-port 40
  pu PU1 94223456 tok 1 08
    keepalive 10 send timing-mark 5
  pu PU2 94223457 tok 2 12
```

Related Commands	Command	Description
	idle-time	Specifies how many seconds of LU inactivity, from both host and client, before the TN3270 session is disconnected.
	timing-mark	Selects whether a WILL TIMING-MARK is sent when the host application needs an SNA response (definite or pacing response).
### keylen

ſ

To specify the maximum bit length for the encryption keys for SSL Encryption Support, use the **keylen 128** profile configuration command. To disable this specification and thereby set the key length to the default of 40 bits, use the **no** form of this command or **keylen 40**.

keylen {40 | 128}

no keylen [40 | 128]

Syntax Description	40	Specifies the bit length for the encryption keys to 40.
	128	Specifies the bit length for the encryption keys to 128.
Defaults	The default encry	ption key length is 40 bits.
Command Modes	Profile configurat	ion.
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.1(5)T	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	The length is opti	are versions cannot accept encryption key lengths greater than 40 bits. onal on the <b>no</b> form of this command. Entering the <b>no</b> form of this command with no length to the default value of 40 bits.
	If the key length is	s changed, all new connections will use the new value. If an active session renegotiates fications, it will use the new key length value.
Examples	The following exa tn3270-server security	ample specifies the maximum encryption key length value to 128 bits:
	profile DOMEST encryptorder 1 keylen 128	

# link (TN3270)

To define and activate a link to a host, use the **link** DLUR SAP configuration command. To delete the link definition, use the **no** form of this command.

link name [rmac rmac] [rsap rsap]

no link name

Syntax Description		
	name	Link name, from one to eight alphanumeric characters. The first character must be alphabetic. The name must be unique within the DLUR function.
	rmac rmac	(Optional) Remote MAC address of the form <i>xxxx.xxxx</i> in hexadecimal. If not specified, a loopback link to another SAP on the same internal LAN adapter is assumed.
	rsap rsap	(Optional) Remote SAP address, 04 to FC in hexadecimal. The <i>rsap</i> value must be even and should be a multiple of 4, but this requirement is not enforced. The default value for the <i>rsap</i> argument is 04.
Defaults	No DLUR link is	defined.
	The default remot	te SAP address is 04 (hexadecimal).
Command Modes	DLUR SAP confi	guration
Command History	Release	Modification
Command History	Release 11.2	Modification This command was introduced.

#### Examples

The following example defines a link name and a remote SAP address:

link LINK5 rsap 08

The following example shows different adapter numbers configured on the same internal LAN to avoid SAP contention. The host uses SAP 4 on Token Ring adapter 0.

```
lan tokenring 0
adapter 0 4000.0000.0001
adapter 1 4000.0000.0002
tn3270-server
dlur ...
lsap token-adapter 1
link HOST rmac 4000.0000.0001 rsap 4
```

Related Commands	Command	Description
	adapter	Configures internal adapters.
	client pool	Nails clients to pools.
	lsap	Creates a SAP in the SNA session switch and enters DLUR SAP configuration mode.

### listen-point

To define an IP address for the TN3270 server, use the **listen-point** TN3270 server configuration command. To remove a listen point for the TN3270 server, use the **no** form of this command.

**listen-point** *ip-address* [**tcp-port** *number*]

no listen-point ip-address [tcp-port number]

Syntax Description	ip-address	IP address that the clients should use as the host IP address to map to LU sessions under this PU and listen point.	
	tcp-port number	(Optional) Port number used for the listen operation. The default value is 23.	
Defaults	The default <b>tcp-port</b>	number is 23.	
Command Modes	TN3270 server confi	guration	
Command History	Release	Modification	
,	11.2(18)BC	This command was introduced.	
	12.0(5)T	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.0 T.	
Usage Guidelines	In this mode, the IP a	command to create a unique listen point for every IP address and TCP-port pair. address and the TCP port are no longer configured in the PU. Configure the PUs e listen point. The other siftdown configuration commands remain the same.	
	For example, in the old configuration the following statements were used to configure the IP address and TCP port in the PU:		
	tn3270-server pu PU1 94223456 10.10.10.1 tok 1 08 tcp-port 40 keepalive 10		
	In the new listen-point configuration, the following statements are used to configure the IP address and TCP port at the listen point:		
	tn3270-server listen-point 10. pu PU1 94223456 keepalive 10	10.10.1 tcp-port 40 tok 1 08	

You can also use the listen-point configuration to assign the same IP address to multiple PUs. In the old configuration the following statements were used:

```
tn3270-server
pu PU1 94201231 10.10.10.2 tok 1 10
pu PU2 94201232 10.10.10.3 tok 1 12
pu PU3 94201234 10.10.10.3 tok 1 14
pu PU4 94201235 10.10.10.4 tok 1 16
    tcp-port 40
pu PU5 94201236 10.10.10.4 tok 2 08
```

In the new listen point configuration, the old statements are replaced by the following configuration commands. In this example, PU2 and PU3 are grouped into one listen point because they have the same IP address. Note that even though PU4's IP address is identical to PU5's IP address, they are not configured within the same listen point because the listen point indicates a unique IP address and TCP port pair. If you do not specify the TCP port, the default port value is 23.

```
tn3270-server
listen-point 10.10.10.2
pu PU1 94201231 tok 1 10
listen-point 10.10.10.3
pu PU2 94201232 tok 1 12
pu PU3 94201234 tok 1 14
listen-point 10.10.10.4
pu PU5 94201236 tok 2 08
listen-point 10.10.10.4 tcp-port 40
pu PU4 94201235 tok 1 16
```

The next example shows how the configuration changes for a DLUR PU. In this mode, the DLUR PU is no longer configured under DLUR, but is configured in the listen point.

In the old configuration, the following statements were used:

```
tn3270-server
dlur NETA.RTR1 NETA.HOST
dlus-backup NETA.HOST
lsap token-adapter 15 08
link MVS2TN rmac 4000.b0ca.0016
pu PU1 017ABCDE 10.10.10.6
```

These statements are replaced by the following statements in the new listen-point configuration. The keyword **dlur** differentiates the listen-point direct PU from the listen point DLUR PU. The DLUR configuration must be completed before configuring the PU in the listen point. Any siftdown commands configured within the scope of the listen point are automatically inherited by the PUs that are configured within the scope of that listen point. To override the siftdown configurations, you can explicitly configure the siftdown configuration commands within the scope of the listen-point.

```
tn3270-server
dlur NETA.RTR1 NETA.HOST
dlus-backup NETA.HOST
lsap token-adapter 15 08
link MVS2TN rmac 4000.b0ca.0016
listen-point 10.10.10.6
pu PU1 017ABCDE dlur
```

#### Examples

Following is an example of the **listen-point** command showing PU7 grouped into the listen point at IP address 10.10.10.1 and TCP port 40:

```
tn3270-server
listen-point 10.10.10.1 tcp-port 40
  pu PU7 94201237 tok 1 17
```

Related Commands	Command	Description
	tn3270-server	Starts the TN3270 server on a CMCC adapter and enters TN3270 server configuration mode.
	pu dlur (listen-point)	Creates a PU entity that has no direct link to a host and enters listen-point PU configuration mode.
	pu (listen-point)	Creates a PU entity that has a direct link to a host and enters listen-point PU configuration mode.

### Isap

ſ

To create a SAP in the SNA session switch and enter DLUR SAP configuration mode, use the **lsap** DLUR configuration command. To delete a SAP and all SNA session switch links using the internal LAN interface, use the **no** form of this command.

**lsap** type adapter-number [lsap]

no lsap type adapter-number [lsap]

Syntax Description	type	Internal adapter type on the CIP card, which corresponds to the value specified in the <b>lan</b> internal LAN configuration command. The currently supported value for the <i>type</i> argument is <b>token-adapter</b> .		
	adapter-number	Internal adapter interface on the CIP card, which is the same value specified in the <b>adapter</b> internal LAN configuration command.		
	lsap	(Optional) Local SAP number, 04 to FC, in hexadecimal. The value must be even and should normally be a multiple of four. It must be unique within the internal adapter in that no other 802.2 clients of that adapter, in the router or in a host, should be allocated the same SAP. The default value is C0.		
Defaults	The default value	e for the <i>lsap</i> argument is hexadecimal C0.		
Command Modes	DLUR configura	tion		
Command History	Release	Modification		
	11.2	This command was introduced.		
Usage Guidelines		The <b>lsap</b> command is valid only on the virtual channel interface. If the SAP in the SNA session switch function is already created, the <b>lsap</b> command with no arguments puts you in DLUR SAP configuration mode.		
		y created, the <b>isap</b> command with no arguments puts you in DEOR SAT configuration		
	mode.	nd can be entered only in DLUR configuration mode.		
	mode. The <b>lsap</b> comma The <b>lsap</b> comma configuration con <b>adapter</b> <i>adapter</i> command. Howe the <b>lan</b> command			

#### **Examples** The following example defines an adapter type, an adapter number, and a local SAP: lsap token 0 B0

Related Commands	Command	Description
	adapter	Configures internal adapters.
	client pool	Nails clients to pools.
	keylen	Specifies the maximum bit length for the encryption keys for SSL Encryption Support.

### lu deletion

ſ

To specify whether the TN3270 server sends a REPLY-PSID poweroff request to VTAM to delete the corresponding LU when a client disconnects, use the **lu deletion** TN3270 server configuration command. To remove LU deletion from the current configuration scope, use the **no** form of this command.

lu deletion {always | normal | non-generic | never | named}

no lu deletion

Syntax Description	always	Always delete dynamic LUs upon disconnect.	
	normal	Delete screen LUs only upon disconnect.	
	non-generic	Delete only specified LUs upon disconnect.	
	never	Never delete LUs upon disconnect.	
	named	Delete only named LUs upon disconnect.	
Defaults	The default keyword is <b>never</b> .		
Command Modes	TN3270 server configuration—The <b>lu deletion</b> command at this level applies to all PUs supported by the TN3270 server.		
	Listen-point configuration—The <b>lu deletion</b> command at this level applies to all PUs defined at the listen point.		
	Listen-point PU configuration—The <b>lu deletion</b> command at this level applies only to the specified PU.		
	DLUR PU configuration—The <b>lu deletion</b> command at this level applies to all PUs defined under DLUR configuration mode.		
	PU configuration—The <b>lu deletion</b> command at this level applies only to the specified PU.		
Note	The <b>lu deletion</b> command is a siftdown command, so it can be used at any of the configuration command modes shown. The most recent <b>lu deletion</b> command in the PU configuration takes precedence.		
Command History	Release	Modification	
oonmana motory	11.2(18)BC	This command was introduced.	
	12.0(5)T	This command was integrated in to Cisco IOS Release 12.0 T.	
	12.1(5)T	This command was modified to add the <b>named</b> keyword.	
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Usage Guidelines		word of the <b>lu deletion</b> command when you have only screen LUs, and they are all s prevents screen LUs from attaching to a previously used LU with an incompatible	

Use the **normal** keyword of the **lu deletion** command when you have both screen and printer LUs. This is important because printers are acquired by the host application, and not logged on manually. If VTAM deletes the LU, then there is nothing for a host application (such as CICS) to acquire.

You can use the **non-generic** mode of LU deletion if VTAM can support deletion of specifically-named LUs. (The support of this mode is not currently available in VTAM, as of VTAM version 4.4.1.)

Use the **never** mode of LU deletion when you have only screen LUs and they all use the same screen size.

Use the **named** keyword of the **lu deletion** command when you have configured dynamic LU names from the TN3270 server side.

#### Examples

Following is an example of the **lu deletion** command specifying that the TN3270 server send a REPLY-PSID poweroff request to delete only screen LUs upon session disconnect for any PUs supported by the TN3270 server:

tn3270-server lu deletion normal

Following is an example of the **lu deletion** command configuring a listen-point PU to define DLUR PUs using dynamic LU naming:

tn3270-server listen-point 172.18.4.18 pu pul 05D9901 dlur lu deletion named

Related Commands	Command	Description
	pu dlur (listen-point)	Creates a PU entity that has no direct link to a host and enters listen-point PU configuration mode.
	pu (listen-point)	Creates a PU entity that has a direct link to a host and enters listen-point PU configuration mode.

### Iu termination

ſ

To specify whether a TERMSELF or UNBIND RU is sent by the TN3270 server when a client turns off his device or disconnects, use the **lu termination** TN3270 server configuration command. To remove LU termination from the current configuration scope, use the **no** form of this command.

lu termination {termself | unbind }

no lu termination

Syntax Description	termself	Orders termination of all sessions and session requests associated with an LU	
	unbind	upon disconnect. Requests termination of the session by the application upon LU disconnect. This value is the default.	
Defaults	<b>Unbind</b> is the default.		
Command Modes	TN3270 server configuration—The <b>lu termination</b> command at this level applies to all PUs supported by the TN3270 server.		
	Listen-point configuration—The <b>lu termination</b> command at this level applies to all PUs defined at the listen point.		
	Listen-point PU configuration—The <b>lu termination</b> command at this level applies only to the specified PU.		
	DLUR PU configuration—The <b>lu termination</b> command at this level applies to all PUs defined under DLUR configuration mode.		
•	PU configuration-	-The <b>lu termination</b> command at this level applies only to the specified PU.	
Note		<b>n</b> command is a siftdown command, so it can be used at any of the mand modes shown. The most recent <b>lu termination</b> command in the takes precedence.	
Command History	Release	Modification	
	11.2(18)BC 12.0(5)T	This command was introduced. This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.0 T.	
Usage Guidelines		s. This is important for certain applications such as CICS.	
	If you use the <b>unb</b> problems can arise	ind keyword for session termination with applications such as CICS, VTAM security e. When CICS terminates a session from an UNBIND request, the application may ous user's session with a new user, who is now assigned to the same freed LU.	

#### Examples

Following is an example of the **lu termination** configuration command to force termination of the session when an LU disconnects for any PUs supported by the TN3270 server:

tn3270-server
 lu termination termself

## maximum-lus

ſ

To limit the number of LU control blocks that will be allocated for the TN3270 server, use the **maximum-lus** TN3270 server configuration command. To restore the default value, use the **no** form of this command.

maximum-lus number

#### no maximum-lus

Syntax Description	number	Maximum number of LU control blocks allowed. The allowed range is 0 to 32000. However, the practical upper limit for concurrently operating TN3270 sessions depends on the hardware and usage characteristics. The default is 2100.	
Defaults		structure, the default is 2100, which represents the limit of the lower-priced ve percent buffer. If you configure a value greater than the default, a license	
Command Modes	TN3270 server configu	ration	
Command History	Release	Modification	
,	11.2	This command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines	varied at any time, redublocks until a PU is ina	nmand is valid only on the virtual channel interface. Although the value may be ucing it below the current number of LU control blocks will not release those activated by DACTPU or by using the <b>no pu</b> command.	
	If the number of LUs in use reaches 94 percent of the current setting of maximum-lus, a warning message is displayed on the console. To prevent redundant messages, the threshold for generating such messages is raised for a period.		
	The TN3270 server attempts to allocate one LU control block for each LU activated by the hosts. In the case of dynamic definition of dependent LU (DDDLU) the control block is allocated when the client requests the LU, in anticipation of an ACTLU from the SSCP host.		
	to support other CMCC session activity, a furthe	of LU control blocks allocated, you can make sure enough memory is available C functions. The control blocks themselves take about 1K bytes per LU. During er 2K per LU may be needed for data. On a CIP, 32 MB of memory will support nore than 4000 LUs, we recommend 64 MB of memory. On an XCPA, 8 MB of LUs.	
Examples	The following example maximum-lus 5000	allows 5000 LU control blocks to be allocated:	

Cisco IOS Bridging and IBM Networking Command Reference, Volume 2 of 2

<b>Related Commands</b>	С

nds	Command	Description
	client ip	Adds an IP subnet to a client subnet response-time group.
	pu (TN3270)	Creates a PU entity that has its own direct link to a host and enters PU configuration mode.
	pu (DLUR)	Creates a PU entity that has no direct link to a host and enters DLUR PU configuration mode.

### pool

ſ

To define pool names for the TN3270 server and specify the number of screens and printers in each logical cluster, use the **pool** TN3270 server configuration command. To remove a client IP pool, use the **no** form of this command.

pool poolname [cluster layout layout-spec-string]

**no pool** poolname

<ul> <li>Unique pool name which cannot exceed 8 characters. Valid characters are (alphabetic characters are not case sensitive):</li> <li>1st character—Alphabetic (A-Z) and national characters '@', '#', and '\$'</li> <li>2nd-8th characters—Alphabetic (A-Z), numeric (0-9), and national characters '@', '#', and '\$'</li> <li>(Optional) Name for the cluster and to indicate a cluster of LUs such as printers. The sum of the numbers must be less than or equal to 255. No spaces are used between the entries in the <i>layout-spec-string</i>. The default value is 1a.</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>2nd-8th characters—Alphabetic (A-Z), numeric (0-9), and national characters '@', '#', and '\$'</li> <li>(Optional) Name for the cluster and to indicate a cluster of LUs such as printers. The sum of the numbers must be less than or equal to 255. No spaces are used between the entries in the <i>layout-spec-string</i>. The default value is 1a.</li> </ul>		
characters '@', '#', and '\$' (Optional) Name for the cluster and to indicate a cluster of LUs such as printers. The sum of the numbers must be less than or equal to 255. No spaces are used between the entries in the <i>layout-spec-string</i> . The default value is 1a. or the <i>layout-spec-string</i> argument is "1a."		
printers. The sum of the numbers must be less than or equal to 255. No spaces are used between the entries in the <i>layout-spec-string</i> . The default value is 1a. or the <i>layout-spec-string</i> argument is "1a."		
figuration		
Modification		
This command was introduced.		
This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.0 T.		
ate lu commands enable the TN3270 server to know the relationships between screen hese commands are an alternative to the LU nailing feature that allows clients to be		
The <b>pool</b> command is configured in the TN3270 scope. The <b>pool</b> command provides the pool names and the definitions of the number of screens and printers in one logical cluster. Each pool statement must have a unique pool name.		

When using a **pool** command to create a cluster, a combination of the following values is used in the *layout-spec-string*:

• s (screen)

pool

- p (printer)
- a (any, or wildcard) [Refers to a printer or a screen]

Use the following format to define the *layout-spec-string*, where *decimal\_num* is a decimal number between 1 and 255:

pool poolname cluster layout {decimal\_nums}{decimal\_nump}{decimal\_numa}

The total sum of the numbers must be less than or equal to 255. No spaces are used between the entries in the *layout-spec-string*. The default is 1a, which defines 1 screen or 1 printer. A screen, printer, or a wildcard definition cannot be followed by a definition of the same type. A screen definition can only be followed by a printer or wildcard. Similarly, a printer definition can be followed only by a wildcard or a screen definition.

The following are examples of invalid *layout-spec-string* values, and the corresponding corrected specification:

- A layout-spec-string of 3s6s is invalid. The correct specification is 9s.
- A layout-spec-string of 3s6p7a8a is invalid. The correct specification is 3s6p15a.
- A *layout-spec-string* of 255s10p is invalid. Although the decimal number for any portion of the *layout-spec-string* can be between 1 and 255, the total number across all parameters cannot exceed 255. To correct this example, you can reduce the screens to 245 as 245s10p.

The combination of a screen, printer, and wildcard constitute a group. The *layout-spec-string* can support a maximum of 4 groups.

Consider the following example:

pool CISCO cluster layout 2s3p4a5s6a7s8p9s

There are 4 groups in this definition: 2s3p4a, 5s6a, 7s8p and 9s.

Pools must be defined before any pool references under the listen points are defined. Also, pools must be defined before they are referenced by other statements in the configuration. Failure to define the pool before it is referenced will cause the referencing configuration to be rejected.

Pools that are deleted (using the **no** form of the command) will cause all statements referencing the pool to be deleted.

The following criteria apply to the creation of pool names and LOCADDRs:

- Pool and LU names must be unique; they cannot be identical.
- LOCADDR ranges for pools must not overlap.
- LOCADDR ranges for LU pools must not overlap with the existing client nailing configuration.
- Pool configurations made while LUs are in use do not affect the current LU configuration.

L

The following example uses the **pool** command to create two pools, *pcpool* and *unixpool*:

```
tn3270-server
pool pcpool cluster layout 4s1p
pool unixpool cluster layout 49s1p
listen-point 10.20.30.40
client ip 10.10.10.2 pool pcpool
pu PU1 91903315 dlur
allocate lu 1 pool pcpool clusters 50
pu PU2 91903345 dlur
allocate lu 1 pool unixpool clusters 5
```

In this example, the *pcpool* contains a cluster of 4 screens and 1 printer per cluster. The total number of devices in a cluster cannot exceed 255, therefore the pcpool contains a total of 50 clusters with each cluster containing 5 LUs. Note that the remaining 5 LUs automatically go to the generic pool.

The *unixpool* contains 49 screens and 1 printer per cluster. The total number of devices in a cluster cannot exceed 255, therefore the unixpool contains a total of 5 clusters with each cluster containing 50 LUs. Again, note that the last 5 LUs automatically go to the generic pool.

<b>Related Commands</b>	Command	Description
	tn3270-server	Starts the TN3270 server on a CMCC adapter and enters TN3270 server configuration mode.

1

## preferred-nnserver

To specify a preferred network node (NN) as server, use the **preferred-nnserver** DLUR configuration command. To remove the preference, use the **no** form of this command.

preferred-nnserver name

no preferred-nnserver

Syntax Description	name	Fully qualified name of an NN.
Defaults	No default beha	avior or values.
Command Modes	DLUR configur	ration
Command History	Release	Modification
	11.2	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	consist of two c with existing A are allowed in t example, RA12	<b>Innserver</b> command is valid only on the virtual channel interface. Fully qualified names ease-insensitive alphanumeric strings, separated by a period. However, for compatibility PPN products, including VTAM, the characters "#" (pound), "@" (at), and "\$" (dollar) the fully qualified name strings. Each string is from one to 8 characters long; for 2.NODM1PP. The portion of the name before the period is the NET ID and is shared s in the same logical network.
	-	red server is specified, the DLUR will request NN server support from the first suitable h it makes contact. If refused, it will try the next one, and so on.
		erver is specified, then DLUR will wait a short time to allow a link to the preferred server If the preferred server is not found in that time, any suitable node can be used, as above.
	DLUR will not	relinquish the current NN server merely because the preferred server becomes available.
Examples	The following e	example selects SYD.VMX as the preferred NN server:
Related Commands	Command	Description
	client pool	Nails clients to pools.

## profile

I

To specify a name and a security protocol for a security profile and enter profile configuration mode, use the **profile** security configuration command. To remove this name and protocol specification, use the **no** form of this command.

Create a new profile:

profile profilename {ssl | none}

Modify an existing profile:

profile profilename

Delete a profile:

**no profile** *profilename* {**ssl** | **none**}

Syntax Description	profilename	String of alphanumeric characters which specify a name for a security profile. The character range is from 1 to 24. Profile names cannot be duplicated.
	ssl	Specifies that this profile will use the ssl 3.0 security protocol. This implies that the initial exchange between the client and the server is the "Client Hello" message.
	none	Specifies that this profile will not use a security protocol. Sessions using this profile will not use any security.
Defaults	No default beh	avior or values.
Command Modes	Security config	guration
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.1(5)T	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	profile along w the security typ	I creates or modifies a security profile. To create a profile, specify the name of the new with the security type. To modify a security profile, specify the name of the profile without pe. The security type is only required when creating a profile. Using the security type ng a profile will result in an error.
Usage Guidelines	profile along w the security typ when modifyir	with the security type. To modify a security profile, specify the name of the profile without pe. The security type is only required when creating a profile. Using the security type

Entering the profile command moves the user into the profile configuration mode. Entering the **no** form of the command moves the user into the security configuration mode.

This command has no retroactive effect.

Examples

The following example specifies LAM as the profile name and ssl as the security protocol. When the **no profile LAM** command is configured, all new client connections will be non-secure.

tn3270-server
security
profile LAM ssl
keylen 40
servercert slot0:lam
certificate reload
listen-point 10.10.10.1
sec-profile LAM
pu DIRECT 012ABCDE tok 0 04
no profile LAM

Related Commands	Command	Description
-	security (TN3270)	Enables security on the TN3270 server.
-	sec-profile	Specifies the security profile to be associated with a listen point.
-	default-profile	Specifies the name of the profile to be applied to the listen points by default.

## pu (DLUR)

ſ

To create a PU entity that has no direct link to a host or to enter PU configuration mode, use the **pu** DLUR configuration command. To remove the PU entity, use the **no** form of this command.

pu pu-name idblk-idnum ip-address

no pu pu-name

Syntax Description	pu-name	Name that uniquely identifies this PU.
Syntax Description	idblk-idnum	Value of this argument must match the IDBLK-IDNUM value defined at the host.
		The value must be unique within the subarea; however, the TN3270 server generally cannot tell which remote hosts are in which subareas, so the server only enforces uniqueness within the set of DLUR PUs.
	ip-address	IP address that the clients should use as host IP address to map to LU sessions under this PU.
Defaults	No PU is defin	ed.
Command Modes	DLUR configu	ration
Command History	Release	Modification
,	11.2	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	mode. In this n A typical usage	eady created, the <b>pu</b> <i>pu-name</i> command with no arguments puts you in PU configuration node you can modify an existing PU DLUR entity. e for the IP address is to reserve an IP address per host application. For example, clients nect to TSO specify an IP address that will be defined with PUs that have SO.
Examples	The following PU has a separ	example defines define three PUs. Two of the PUs share the same IP address and the third ate IP address:
	pu p1 05D990	001 192.195.80.40 002 192.195.80.40 003 192.195.80.41
Related Commands	Command	Description
	client pool	Nails clients to pools.
	pu dlur (lister	<b>n-point</b> ) Creates a PU entity that has no direct link to a host and enters listen-point PU configuration mode.

### pu (listen-point)

To create a PU entity that has a direct link to a host or to enter listen-point PU configuration mode, use the **pu** listen-point configuration command. To remove the PU entity, use the **no** form of this command.

**pu** pu-name idblk-idnum type adapter-number lsap [**rmac** rmac] [**rsap** rsap] [**lu-seed** lu-name-stem]

no pu pu-name

Syntax Description	pu-name	Name that uniquely identifies this PU.
	idblk-idnum	Value of this argument must match the IDBLK-IDNUM value defined at the host. The value must be unique within the subarea; however, the TN3270 server cannot tell which remote hosts are in which subareas and does not enforce the unique value requirement.
	type	Internal adapter type on the CIP card, which corresponds to the value specified in the <b>lan</b> internal LAN configuration command. The currently supported type is <b>token-adapter</b> .
	adapter-number	Internal adapter interface on the CIP card, which is the same value specified in the <b>adapter</b> internal LAN configuration command.
	lsap	Local SAP number in hexadecimal, ranging from 04 to DE. The value must be even, and must be unique within the internal adapter so that no other 802.2 clients of that adapter, in the router or in a host, are allocated the same SAP. Other direct links from TN3270 server direct PUs may use the same value on the internal adapter as long as the remote MAC or SAP is different.
	rmac rmac	(Optional) Remote MAC address. The remote MAC address in the form <i>xxxx.xxxx</i> hexadecimal, specifying the MAC address of the remote host. If not specified, a loopback link to another SAP on the same internal LAN adapter is assumed.
	rsap rsap	(Optional) Remote SAP address. The remote SAP address is a one- or two-character hexadecimal string, ranging from 04 to FC, that specifies the SAP address of the remote host. The default is 04.
	lu-seed lu-name-stem	(Optional) LU name that the client uses when a specific LU name request is needed. The format is $xx##$ or $xx###$ where $xx$ is an alphanumeric string. When ## is specified, it is replaced with the LU LOCADDR in hexadecimal digits to form the complete LU name. When ### is specified, decimal digits are used, padded with leading zeroes to make three characters. The first x must be alphabetic and the entire string, including the # symbols, must not exceed 8 characters.

#### Defaults

The default remote SAP address is 04 (hexadecimal).

**Command Modes** Listen-point configuration

ſ

Command History	Release	Modification	
	11.2	This command was introduced.	
	11.2(18)BC	Listen-point PU configuration was added.	
	12.0(5)T	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.0 T.	
Usage Guidelines	The <b>pu</b> <i>pu-name</i> command is valid only on the virtual channel interface. If the PU is already created, the <b>pu</b> <i>pu-name</i> command with no arguments puts you in listen-point PU configuration mode, where you can modify an existing PU entity.		
	configuration com	tt command uses values that are defined in two other commands: the <b>lan</b> internal LAN umand and the <b>adapter</b> internal LAN configuration command. The <b>lan</b> <i>type</i> and <i>number</i> values configured on the CIP internal LAN interface are used in the <b>pu</b>	
	adapters. Using di	annel on this CMCC adapter, the TN3270 server and the hosts should open different fferent adapters avoids contention for SAP numbers and is also necessary if you the MAC addresses for fallback CSNA or CMPC access to the host.	
Examples	-	mple configures the TN3270 server to be active and has one PU, CAPPU1, trying to eed using hexadecimal digits is defined.	
	tn3270-server pu CAPPU1 05D181	.01 token-adapter 3 04 rmac 4000.0501.0001 lu-seed CAP01L##	
	-	mple shows different adapter numbers configured on the same internal LAN to avoid The host uses SAP 4 on Token Ring adapter 0.	
	lan tokenring 0 adapter 0 4000. adapter 1 4000. tn3270-server listen-point 10 pu PU1 05d0000	0000.0002	
Related Commands	Command	Description	
	adapter	Configures internal adapters.	
	lan	Configures an internal LAN on a CMCC adapter interface and enters internal LAN configuration mode.	

listen-point	Defines an IP address for the TN3270 server.
show extended channel tn3270-server	Displays current server configuration parameters and the status of the PUs defined for the TN3270 server.

## pu (TN3270)

To create a PU entity that has its own direct link to a host and enter PU configuration mode, use the **pu** TN3270 server configuration command. To remove the PU entity, use the **no** form of this command.

**pu** pu-name idblk-idnum ip-address type adapter-number lsap [**rmac** rmac] [**rsap** rsap] [**lu-seed** lu-name-stem]

no pu pu-name

Syntax Description	pu-name	Name that uniquely identifies this PU.
o jinan booon phon	idblk-idnum	The value for this argument must match the IDBLK-IDNUM value defined
	labik-lanum	at the host. The value must be unique within the subarea; however, the
		TN3270 Server cannot tell which remote hosts are in which subareas and
		does not enforce the unique value requirement.
	ip-address	IP address that the clients should use as host IP address to map to
	*	LU sessions under this PU.
	type	Internal adapter type on the CIP card, which corresponds to the value
		specified in the <b>lan</b> internal LAN configuration command. The currently supported type is <b>token-adapter.</b>
	adapter-number	Internal adapter interface on the CIP card, which is the same value specified in the <b>adapter</b> internal LAN configuration command.
	lsap	Local SAP number in hexadecimal, ranging from 04 to FC. The value must be even, and must be unique within the internal adapter so that no other 802.2 clients of that adapter, in the router or in a host, should be allocated the same SAP. Other direct links from TN3270 server direct PUs may use the same value on the internal adapter as long as the remote MAC or SAP is different.
	rmac rmac	(Optional) Remote MAC address. The remote MAC address of the form <i>xxxx.xxxx</i> hexadecimal, specifying the MAC address of the remote host. If not specified, a loopback link to another SAP on the same internal LAN adapter is assumed.
	rsap rsap	(Optional) Remote SAP address. The remote SAP address is a one- or two-character hexadecimal string, ranging from 04 to FC, specifying the SAP address of the remote host. The default is 04.
	lu-seed lu-name-stem	(Optional) Provides an LU name that the client can use when a specific LU name request is needed. The format can be $xx##$ or $xx###$ where $xx$ is an alphanumeric string. When ## is specified, it is replaced with the LU LOCADDR in hexadecimal digits to form the complete LU name. When ### is specified, decimal digits are used, padded with leading zeroes to make three characters. The first x must be alphabetic and the entire string, including the # symbols, must not exceed 8 characters.

#### Defaults

No PU is defined.

The default remote SAP address is 04 (hexadecimal).

I

Command Modes TN3270 server configuration

Command History	Release	Modification	
	11.2	This command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines		command is valid only on the virtual channel interface. If the PU is already created, ommand with no arguments puts you in PU configuration mode, where you can modify tity.	
	The <b>pu</b> (TN3270) command uses values that are defined in two other commands: the <b>lan</b> internal LAN configuration command and the <b>adapter</b> internal LAN configuration command. The <b>lan</b> <i>type</i> and <b>adapter</b> <i>adapter</i> - <i>number</i> values configured on the CIP internal LAN interface are used in the <b>pu</b> command.		
	adapters. Using di	annel on this CMCC adapter, the TN3270 server and the hosts should open different fferent adapters avoids any contention for SAP numbers, and is also necessary if you te MAC addresses for fallback CSNA or CMPC access to the host.	
Examples		mple configures the TN3270 server to be active, and has one PU, CAPPU1, trying to J seed using hexadecimal digits is defined.	
	tn3270-server pu CAPPU1 05D18101 10.14.20.34 token-adapter 3 rmac 4000.0501.0001 lu-seed CAP01L##		
	-	mple shows different adapter numbers configured on the same internal LAN to avoid The host uses SAP 4 on token ring adapter 0.	
	lan tokenring 0 adapter 0 4000. adapter 1 4000. tn3270-server		
	pu F01 0500000	10.0.0.1 token-adapter i 8 imae 4000.0000 isap 4	
Related Commands	Command	Description	
	adapter	Configures internal adapters.	
	keylen	Specifies the maximum bit length for the encryption keys for SSL Encryption Support.	
	tn3270-server	Starts the TN3270 server on a CMCC adapter and enters TN3270 server configuration mode.	

I

## pu dlur (listen-point)

To create a PU entity that has no direct link to a host or to enter listen-point PU configuration mode, use the **pu dlur** listen-point configuration command. To remove the PU entity, use the **no** form of this command.

pu pu-name idblk-idnum dlur [lu-seed lu-name-stem]

no pu pu-name idblk-idnum dlur [lu-seed lu-name-stem]

pu-name	Name that uniquely identifies this PU.						
idblk-idnum	<ul> <li>Value for this argument must match the IDBLK-IDNUM value defined at the host. The value must be unique within the subarea; however, the TN3270 server generally cannot tell which remote hosts are in which subareas, so the server only enforces uniqueness within the set of DLUR PUs.</li> <li>(Optional) LU name that the client uses when a specific LU name request is needed. The format is <i>xx##</i> or <i>xx###</i> where <i>xx</i> is an alphanumeric string. When ## is specified, it is replaced with the LU LOCADDR in hexadecimal digits to form the complete LU name. When ### is specified, decimal digits are used, padded with leading zeroes to make three characters. The first <i>x</i> must be alphabetic (A through Z), or one of the following symbols: \$, #, @. The entire string, including the # symbols, must not exceed 8 characters.</li> </ul>						
lu-seed lu-name-stem							
	The # symbols are allowed in the middle of the lu-seed string. For example, NC##RAL or USA###NC are valid strings. The # symbols cannot be the first characters in the string. For example, ##CISCO is not valid because the first character of the LU name cannot be a number. But ####DOT is valid because the # symbols in the second, third and fourth place are used for LU names. There must be at least two to three consecutive # symbols in the string. For example, SH# or CD#D is not valid. A string without # symbols is not valid. For example, CISCONC is not valid. You must not split the # symbols. For example, SH#NC# and SH#D#NC# are not valid.						
	Note         The # sign can signify a value or be used as a symbol.						

Command Modes Listen-point configuration

Command History Release		Modification
		This command was introduced.
	11.2(18)BC	Listen-point PU configuration was added.
12.0(5)T		This command was integrated in Cisco IOS Release 12.0 T.
12.1(5)T		This command was modified to add the <b>lu-seed</b> option and <i>lu-name-stem</i> argument. The lu-seed naming format was modified.

#### Usage Guidelines

If the PU is already created, the **pu dlur** command without any arguments starts listen-point PU configuration mode. In this mode you can modify an existing listen-point DLUR PU entity.

You should define the DLUR before you configure the listen-point DLUR PU.

A typical usage for the IP address is to reserve an IP address for each application. For example, clients wanting to connect to TSO specify an IP address that is defined with PUs that have LOGAPPL=TSO.

If the **lu-seed** option is not configured, the PU name is used as the implicit lu-seed to generate the LU name. If the **lu-seed** option is configured, then there is an explicit LU name.

If the explicit LU names conflict, the TN3270 server will reject the PU configuration. If the implicit LU names (i.e., the PU names) conflict, the TN3270 server will accept the PU definitions, but the LU names will consist of a modified, truncated version of the PU name and the LOCADDR.

Table 36 LU Seed Name Examples

Valid LU Seed Syntax	Invalid LU Seed Syntax
NC##RAL	NC#RAL
USA##NC	#GEORGE
#####	

#### Examples

The following example defines three PUs in the listen point with an IP address of 172.18.4.18:

```
tn3270-server
listen-point 172.18.4.18
pu p0 05D99001 dlur
pu p1 05D99002 dlur
pu p2 05D99003 dlur
```

The following is an example of the TN3270 server configured with LU pooling. A listen-point PU is configured to define DLUR PUs using the dynamic LU naming. Note that the **lu deletion** command must be configured with the **named** option. The PU pu1 is defined with lu-seed abc##pqr. Using hexadecimal numbers for ##, the LU names for this PU are ABC01PQR, ABC02PQR, ABC0APQR.... up to ABCFFPQR. Similarly, the PU pu2 is defined with lu-seed pqr###. Using decimal numbers for ###, the LU names for this PU are PQR001, PQR002... up to PQR255.

The LUs ABC01PQR through ABC32PQR and PQR100 through PQR199 are allocated to the pool SIMPLE. The LUs ABC64PQR through ABC96PQR and PQR010 through PQR035 are allocated to the pool PCPOOL. The remaining LUs are in the generic pool.

```
tn3270-server
pool simple cluster layout 1s
pool pcpool cluster layout 4s1p
lu deletion named
dlur neta.shek neta.mvsd
lsap tok 15 04
link she1 rmac 4000.b0ca.0016
listen-point 172.18.4.18
pu pul 91903315 tok 16 08 lu-seed abc##pqr
allocate lu 1 pool simple clusters 50
allocate lu 100 pool pcpool clusters 10
pu pu2 91913315 dlur lu-seed pqr###
allocate lu 10 pool pcpool clusters 5
allocate lu 100 pool simple clusters 50
```

Related Commands	Command	Description				
	dlur	Enables the SNA session switch function on the CMCC adapter and enters DLUR configuration mode.				
	listen-point	Defines an IP address for the TN3270 server.				

I

### response-time group

To configure a client subnet group for response-time measurements, use the **response-time group** TN3270 server configuration command. To remove a client subnet group from response-time measurements, use the **no** form of this command.

**response-time group** *name* [**bucket boundaries** *t1 t2 t3 t4...*] [**multiplier** *m*]

no response-time group name

Syntax Description	name	Alphanumeric string for the response-time group name. The maximum length of the name is 24 characters. Lower or uppercase letters can be used.					
	<b>bucket boundaries</b> <i>t1 t2 t3 t4</i>	s (Optional) Unsigned 32-bit quantity that defines a bucket boundary in tenth of seconds. For other types of client groups, the bucket boundaries and multiplier values are fixed to the following defaults:					
		• Bucket boundaries—10, 20, 50, 100					
		• Multiplier—30					
	multiplier m	(Optional) Number in the range of 1 to 5760, which when multiplied by the sample interval of 20 seconds, determines the collection interval.					
Defaults	Bucket boundaries and	I the multiplier value are fixed to the following defaults:					
	Bucket boundaries	5-10, 20, 50, 100					
	• Multiplier—30						
Command Modes	TN3270 server configu	uration					
Command History	Release	Modification					
	11.2(18)BC	This command was introduced.					
	12.0(5)T	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.0 T.					
Usage Guidelines	this command, up to 1 command. All TN327(	e groups can be configured within the scope of available memory. When using 024 IP subnets can be defined per response-time group with the <b>client ip</b> 0 clients belonging to subnets configured within a specific response-time group mse-time group when they connect as clients.					
Usage Guidelines	this command, up to 1 command. All TN327( are added to the respon	024 IP subnets can be defined per response-time group with the <b>client ip</b> 0 clients belonging to subnets configured within a specific response-time group nse-time group when they connect as clients. nask combination already exists within any response-time group, the following					
Usage Guidelines	this command, up to 1 command. All TN327( are added to the respon If the IP address and n error message is displa Subnet 10.1.1.0 255.	024 IP subnets can be defined per response-time group with the <b>client ip</b> 0 clients belonging to subnets configured within a specific response-time group nse-time group when they connect as clients. nask combination already exists within any response-time group, the following					

#### Related Commands

Command	Description
client ip	Adds an IP subnet to a client subnet response-time group.
show extended channel tn3270-server response-time application	Displays information about application response-time client groups.
show extended channel tn3270-server response-time global	Displays information about the global response-time client group.
show extended channel tn3270-server response-time link	Displays information about host link response-time client groups.
show extended channel tn3270-server response-time listen-point	Displays information about listen point response-time client groups.
show extended channel tn3270-server response-time subnet	Displays information about Subnet response-time client groups.

# sec-profile

ſ

To specify a security profile to be associated with a listen point, use the **sec-profile** listen-point configuration command. To remove this specification, use the **no** form of this command.

sec-profile profilename

no sec-profile profilename

Syntax Description	profilename	Name originally specified in the <b>profile</b> command. It consists of a string of alphanumeric characters that specify the security profile name to be associated with a listen point. The valid character range is from 1 to 24.
Defaults	No default behavio	or or values.
Command Modes	TN3270 listen-poir	nt configuration
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.1(5)T	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	to the profile configuration point accepts only	not entered or if the <b>no</b> form of the command is entered, the security profile reverts gured in the <b>default-profile</b> command. If no default profile is specified, the listen nonsecure connections
	This command has	no retroactive effect.
Examples	listen point 10.10.1	nple specifies LAM as the security profile name for all new clients connecting to 0.1 until the <b>sec-profile LAM1</b> command is configured. Once the <b>sec-profile LAM1</b> gured, all new client connections to 10.10.10.1 will use LAM1 as the profile name.
	tn3270-server security profile LAM ssl keylen 128 servercert slot certificate rel profile LAM1 ssl keylen 40 servercert slot certificate rel listen-point 10. sec-profile LAM pu DIRECT 012ABC Sec-profile LAM1	load 1 t0:lam1 load .10.10.1

Related Commands	Command	Description
	profile	Specifies a name and a security protocol for a security profile and enters profile configuration mode.
	default-profile	Specifies the name of the profile to be applied to the listen points by default.

I

# security (TN3270)

To enable security on the TN3270 server, use the **security** command. To turn off security on the TN3270 server, use the **no** form of this command.

security

no security

Syntax Description	This command has no arguments or keywords.					
Defaults	The default is to l	have security enabled.				
Command Modes	TN3270 server co	onfiguration				
Command History	Release	Modification				
	12.1(5)T	This command was introduced.				
Usage Guidelines	are reconfigured a to run in the same point, a message outdated security the user wants the Entering the <b>secu</b>	this command is configured, any listen points that contain a security profile definition and are no longer secure. Sessions already established on the listen point will continue mode (secure or non-secure) as originally configured. If sessions are active on a listen will be sent to the console stating that the listen point has sessions running with an specification. A shutdown/restart sequence must be performed on the listen point if e sessions on the listen point to use the new specification. <b>rity</b> command moves the user into the security configuration mode. Entering the <b>no</b> nand moves the user to a TN3270 server configuration mode.				
	This command ha	as no retroactive effect.				
Examples	In the following e	example, security is enabled on the TN3270 server:				
	tn3270-server security					

### servercert

To specify the location of the TN3270 server's security certificate in the router's Flash memory, use the **servercert** profile configuration command.

servercert location

Syntax Description	location	Hexadecimal string of up to 63 characters specifying the location of the server's certificate in the Flash memory.				
Defaults	No default behavio	or or values.				
Command Modes	Profile configuration	on				
Command History	Release 12.1(5)T	Modification           This command was introduced.				
Usage Guidelines	created offline. It c Windows-based uti certificate generation to create a single c Store the concatent <b>servercert</b> <i>location</i> entered, an error mais is configured the certificate reload of the location file do certificate reload of the profile configure	an X.509 format, signed by a Certificate Authority (CA). The certificate must be cannot be created using using the Cisco IOS software. Use third-party software or a ility. The certificate should be in PEM or Base 64 format. The output from the on contains two parts: the certificate and the private key. Concatenate these two files ertificate file in PEM or Base 64 format. ated file in Flash memory using TFIP and the location entered using the <i>n</i> command. If the file does not exist in the Flash memory when the command is essage is displayed indicating that the file does not exist. The first time this command ertificate is automatically loaded from the specified location. Subsequent changes to o not cause the certificate to be read automatically into system's memory. The command must be entered to read the certificate into memory. If the user exits from ration mode without configuring the <b>servercert</b> command, a warning message is crining message indicates that it is mandatory to configure a certificate using the nd.				
	The following exam tn3270-server security profile LAM ssl keylen 512 servercert slot certificate rel					
Related Commands	Command	Description				
	profile	Specifies a name and a security protocol for a security profile and enters				

profile configuration mode.

ſ

## show extended channel tn3270-server

To display current server configuration parameters and the status of the PUs defined for the TN3270 server, use the **show extended channel tn3270-server** EXEC command.

#### show extended channel *slot/port* tn3270-server

Syntax Description	slot	S	pecifie	s a par	ticular CM	CC adapte	er in the r	outer	where <i>slot</i> is the	slot number.
	port	Р	ort valu	ue for a	a TN3270 s	erver will	always b	e 2.		
Defaults	No default be	havior or	values	·.						
Command Modes	EXEC									
Command History	Release		Мо	dificati	on					
	11.2		Thi	s comr	nand was in	troduced.				
	12.0(5)T		The	follov	ving fields v	vere adde	d to the c	ntout	display:	
	12:0(0)1							aupar	anspray	
			•	lu-teri	mination					
			•	lu-del	etion					
	12.2		The	Name	ed value wa	s added for	or the lu-	deletio	on field in the ou	utput display.
Examples	The following is sample output from the <b>show extended channel tn3270-server</b> command: Router# <b>show extended channel 3/2 tn3270-server</b>									
	<current sta<="" th=""><th>ts&gt; &lt; co</th><th>nnecti</th><th>on sta</th><th>ats &gt; <re< th=""><th>sponse ti</th><th>lme(ms)&gt;</th><th></th><th></th><th></th></re<></th></current>	ts> < co	nnecti	on sta	ats > <re< th=""><th>sponse ti</th><th>lme(ms)&gt;</th><th></th><th></th><th></th></re<>	sponse ti	lme(ms)>			
	server-ip:tc	р	lu ir	1-use	connect (	disconn f	Eail ho	ost	tcp	
	172.28.1.106		510	1	12	11	0	54	40	
	172.28.1.107 172.28.1.108		511 255	0 0	0	0	0 0	0 0	0	
	total		276	1	0	0	0	0	0	
	configured m	configured max_lu 20000 unbind-action disconnect								
		idle-time 0 keepalive 1800 (send nop)								
		tcp-port 23 generic-pool permit no timing-mark lu-termination unbind lu-deletion never								
	dlur MPX.GOA		ia ia-c	Letect(	JII HEVEL	statı	ıs SHUT			
	dlus MPX.NGM	VMPC								
	name(index)	ip:to			xid	state	link		ination r-ls	-
	EXT2(1) PUS10(2)	172.28. 172.28.			05D18092 05D19010				).7470.00e7 08 ).7470.00e7 08	
	PUS10(2) PUS11(3)	172.28.			05D19010 05D19011				).7470.00e7 08	
	PUS12(4)	172.28.			05D19012				.7470.00e7 08	
	PUS9(5)	172.28.			05D18509		tok 0		.3745.1088 04	
	SDTF(7)	172.28.	1.107:	23	12345678	ACTIVE	tok 0	0800	.5a4b.1cbc 04	08
	TEST(8)	172.28.			05D18091 05D18091		tok 0 dlur	4000	.7470.00e7 08	30
	INT1(6)	172.28.								

Table 37 describes significant fields in the display. Those fields not described correspond to configured values.

Field	Description					
server pickup	IP address and TCP port number, listen point, configured on one or more PUs.					
lu <i>number</i>	Total number of LUs available for this listen point.					
in-use number	Number of LUs currently in use.					
connect number	Total number of connect ins since the TN3270 feature was started.					
disconn number	Total number of disconnects since the TN3270 feature was started.					
fail <i>number</i>	Total number of failed connects since the TN3270 feature was started.					
response time, host number	The average response time from the host across all sessions through this server IP address. This is measured from sending CD to the host to receiving the reply.					
response time, tcp number	Average response time from the clients on this server IP address. This is measured only when TIMING MARKs are sent. If <b>no timing-mark</b> is configured, they are only sent on special occasions, such as Bind.					
idle-time number	Configured idle-time for this PU.					
keepalive number (action)	Configured keepalive time for this PU. action is one of the following:					
	• <b>send nop</b> —The Telnet command for no operation is sent to the TN3270 client to verify the physical connection.					
	• <b>send timing mark</b> <i>number</i> —Number of seconds within which the TN3270 server expects a response to the DO TIMING-MARK from the TN3270 client.					
unbind-action type	Configured unbind action for LUs on this PU.					
tcp-port number	Configured TCP port number.					
generic-pool type	Configured generic-pool for LUs on this PU.					
lu-termination	Displays the value configured for the <b>lu termination</b> siftdown command for the PUs supported by the TN3270 server. The <b>lu</b> <b>termination</b> command specifies whether a TERMSELF or UNBIND RU is sent by the TN3270 server when a client turns off the device or disconnects. The possible values are:					
	• Termself—Termination of all sessions and session requests associated with an LU is ordered upon disconnect.					
	• Unbind—Termination of the session by the application is requested upon LU disconnect.					

 Table 37
 show extended channel tn3270-server Field Descriptions
I

Field	Description
lu-deletion	Displays the value configured for the <b>lu deletion</b> siftdown command for the PUs supported by the TN3270 server. The <b>lu deletion</b> command specifies whether the TN3270 server sends a REPLY-PSID poweroff request to VTAM to delete the corresponding LU when a client disconnects. The possible values are:
	• Always—Dynamic LUs for this PU are always deleted upon disconnect.
	• Named—Only named LUs for this PU are deleted upon disconnect.
	• Normal—Only screen LUs for this PU are deleted upon disconnect.
	• Non-generic—Only specified LUs for this PU are deleted upon disconnect.
	• Never—None of the LUs for this PU are ever deleted upon disconnect.
dlur fq-cpname	Configured fully qualified DLUR CP name(fq-cpname).
status <i>status-value</i> state-value	Shows the status of the DLUR-DLUS pipe followed by the state of the pipe. Possible values for the status are:
	• RESET—The pipe is reset.
	• PND-ACTV—The pipe is pending active.
	• ACTIVE—The pipe is active.
	• PND-INAC—The pipe is pending inactive.
	• OTHER—Status is an undefined value.
	• WAIT—Waiting for status from the CMCC adapter.
	• SHUT—The TN3270 server is shut down.
	• NOTKNOWN—Status cannot be obtained.
dlus fq-dlusname	Currently active DLUS.
name <i>pu-name</i>	This is the name of the PU as configured.
ip:tcp ip-addr:tcpport	IP address and TCP port number configured for the PU.
xid number	Configured XID—idblk and idnum.

 Table 37
 show extended channel tn3270-server Field Descriptions (continued)

Field	Description
STATE value	Possible STATE values and their meanings are:
	• SHUT—The PU is configured but in shut state.
	• RESET—The link station of this PU is not active.
	• TEST—PU is sending a TEST to establish link.
	• XID—TEST is responded, XID is sent.
	• P-ACTPU—The link station is up but no ACTPU is received.
	• ACTIVE—ACTPU is received and acknowledged positively.
	• ACT/BUSY—Awaiting host to acknowledge the SSCP-PU data.
	• WAIT—Waiting for PU status from CMCC adapter.
	• OTHER—PU in undefined state.
	• P-RQACTPU-R—DLUR PU is pending request ACTPU response.
	• P-ACTIVE—ACTPU received by DLUR but not yet passed to PU.
	• P-DACTPU—PU is pending DACTPU.
	• UNKNOWN—State cannot be obtained.
LINK type	LINK type is either internal adapter type and internal adapter number or dlur if it is a SNA Session Switch PU.
DESTINATION mac-address or PU-name	If a direct PU, then it is the destination MAC address, otherwise, it is the name of the partner PU.
R-LSAP number number	Remote and local SAP values.

 Table 37
 show extended channel tn3270-server Field Descriptions (continued)

I

## show extended channel tn3270-server client-ip-address

To display information about all clients at a specific IP address, use the **show extended channel tn3270-server client-ip-address** EXEC command.

show extended channel slot/port tn3270-server client-ip-address ip-address [disconnected |
in-session | pending]

Syntax Description	slot	Slot number.
	port	Port number.
	ip-address	IP address of the client.
	disconnected	(Optional) Displays all clients with <i>ip-address</i> in disconnected state. Disconnected state refers to an LU session state of ACTIVE or INACTIVE. In this case, the <i>ip-address</i> refers to the client that last used the LU.
	in-session	(Optional) Displays all clients with <i>ip-address</i> in active session state. Active session state refers to an LU session state of ACT/SESS.
	pending	(Optional) Displays all clients with <i>ip-address</i> in pending state. Pending session state refers to an LU session state of P-SDT, P-ACTLU, P-NTF/AV, P-NTF/UA, P-RESET, P-PSID, P-BIND, P-UNBIND, WT-UNBND, WT-SDT or UNKNOWN.
Command Modes	EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	11.2	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines		<b>ded channel tn3270-server client-ip-address</b> command is valid only on the virtual e. Note that this command does not show information about LUs that have never been
Examples	The following is sample output from the <b>show extended channel tn3270-server client-ip-address</b> command. The example shows only active sessions because no other session types exist at this client IF address.	
	lu name c	extended channel 3/2 tn3270-server client-ip 192.195.80.40 lient-ip:tcp nail state model frames in out idle for 92.195.80.40:3169 Y ACT/SESS 327804 5 5 0:5:47
	bytes 155 in,	u is DYNAMIC type 2, negotiated TN3270 1758 out; RuSize 1024 in, 3840 out; NegRsp 0 in, 0 out 0 in, 1 out; credits 0 in, queue-size 0 in, 0 out
	The following is	s sample output using the <b>disconnected</b> keyword:
		<b>extended channel 2/2 tn3270 client-ip 10.14.1.21 disconnected</b> s found using 10.14.1.21

The following is sample output using the **in-session** keyword:

Router# show extended channel 2/2 tn3270 client-ip 10.14.1.21 in-session Note: if state is ACT/NA then the client is disconnected idle for 111 name client-ip:tcp nail state model frames in out PU1L03 10.14.1.21:35215 N ACT/SESS 327804 3 317 316 0.0.1 pu is PU1, lu is DYNAMIC type 2, negotiated TN3270 bytes 12167 in, 225476 out; RuSize 2048 in, 1536 out; NegRsp 0 in, 0 out pacing window 0 in, 1 out; credits 0 in, queue-size 0 in, 0 out Note: if state is ACT/NA then the client is disconnected client-ip:tcp nail state idle for lu name model frames in out PU1L04 10.14.1.21:35216 N ACT/SESS 327804 4 317 316 0:0:1 pu is PU1, lu is DYNAMIC type 2, negotiated TN3270 bytes 12167 in, 225476 out; RuSize 2048 in, 1536 out; NegRsp 0 in, 0 out pacing window 0 in, 1 out; credits 0 in, queue-size 0 in, 0 out Note: if state is ACT/NA then the client is disconnected

The following is sample output using the **pending** keyword:

Router# show extended channel 2/2 tn3270 client-ip 10.14.1.21 pending Total 2 clients found using 10.14.1.21

Table 38 describes significant fields in the display.

Total 2 clients found using 10.14.1.21

Field	Description
lu locaddr	LOCADDR of the LU.
name lu-name	If the PU is directly connected, then the name shown is the one generated by the seed. If DLUR, then only the unqualified portion is shown. The NET ID portion will be the same as the current DLUS.
client-ip:tcp ip-address:port	Client's IP address and TCP port number.
nail	Status of LU nailing, either Y or N.
state lu-state	LU state and their meanings are:
	• UNKNOWN—LU in an undefined state
	INACTIVE—LU did not receive ACTLU
	ACT/NA—LU received ACTLU and acknowledged positively
	• P-SDT—LU is bound but there is no SDT yet
	ACT/SESS—LU is bound and in session
	• P-ACTLU—Telnet connects in and is waiting for ACTLU
	• P-NTF/AV—Awaiting host notify-available response
	P-NTF/UA—Awaiting host notify-unavailable response
	• P-RESET—Awaiting a buffer to send DACTLU response
	P-PSID—Awaiting NMVT Reply PSID response
	• P-BIND—Waiting for host to send bind

Table 38 show extended channel tn3270-server client-ip-address Field Descriptions

Field	Description
state <i>lu-state</i> (continued)	P-UNBIND—Awaiting host unbind response
	• WT-UNBND—Waiting for client to acknowledge disconnection
	• WT-SDT—Waiting for client to acknowledge SDT
model model	IBM 3278 model type of client; blank if STATIC LU.
frames in <i>number</i>	Number of frames sent inbound to the host.
frames out number	Number of frames sent outbound from the host.
idle for <i>time</i>	Time the client has been idle. The time is in HH:MM:SS.
pu is <i>pu-name</i>	Name of the PU.
lu is <i>type</i>	Whether LU is DYNAMIC or STATIC.
negotiated type	Whether client is TN3270 or TN3270E.
bytes in / out number/number	Total number of bytes sent to/received from the host.
RuSize in / out number/number	RU size as configured in the bind.
NegRsp in / out number/number	Number of SNA negative responses sent to/received from the host.
pacing window in / out number/number	SNA pacing window as configured in the bind.
credits in <i>number</i>	Number of frames that can be sent inbound without requiring an isolated pacing response.
queue size in <i>number</i>	Indicates the number of SNA frames waiting to be sent to the host that are blocked and are waiting for a pacing response.
queue-size out number	SNA frames not yet acknowledged by an isolated pacing response by the TN3270 server.

Table 38 show extended channel tn3270-server client-ip-address Field Descriptions (continued)

Related Commands

CommandDescriptionclient ip luDefines a specific LU or range of LUs to a client at the IP address or subnet.

## show extended channel tn3270-server client-name

To display information about all connected clients with a specific machine name, use the **show** extended channel tn3270-server client-name EXEC command.

show extended channel slot/virtual channel tn3270-server client-name name

Syntax Description	slot	Specifies a particular CMCC adapter in the router where <i>slot</i> is the slot number.
	virtual chann	el Virtual channel number.
	name	Specifies the client machine name. This name is specified originally in the <b>client pool</b> command.
Defaults	No default be	navior or values.
command Modes	EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.1(5)T	This command was introduced.
xamples	command: Router# <b>show</b>	is sample output from the <b>show extended channel tn3270-server client-name</b> <b>extended channel 4/2 tn3270-server client-name dhcp-rtp-34-40.cisco.com</b> te is ACT/NA then the client is disconnected
	lu name 6	client-name nail state model frames in out idle for dhcp-rtp-34-40.cisco. N P-ACTLU 3278S2E 1 0 0:1:59
	bytes 101 in pacing windo response tim average tota number of tr	
	lu name 7 T240DA07 pu is T240CA bytes 199 in	te is ACT/NA then the client is disconnected client-name nail state model frames in out idle for dhcp-rtp-34-40.cisco. N P-BIND 3278S2E 4 3 0:1:32 , lu is DYNAMIC unbound, negotiated TN3270E , 407 out; RuSize 256 in, 256 out; NegRsp 0 in, 0 out w 0 in, 0 out; credits 0 in, queue-size 0 in, 0 out

Table 38 describes significant fields in the display.

Field	Description
lu locaddr	LOCADDR of the LU.
name <i>lu-name</i>	If the PU is directly connected, then the name shown is the one generated by the seed. If DLUR, then only the unqualified portion is shown. The NET ID portion will be the same as the current DLUS.
client-name name	Client's machine name.
nail	Status of LU nailing, either Y or N.
state lu-state	LU state values and their meanings:
	• UNKNOWN—LU in an undefined state
	• INACTIVE—LU did not receive ACTLU
	• ACT/NA—LU received ACTLU and acknowledged positively
	• P-SDT—LU is bound but there is no SDT yet
	• ACT/SESS—LU is bound and in session
	• P-ACTLU—Telnet has connected and is waiting for ACTLU
	• P-NTF/AV—Awaiting host notify-available response
	• P-NTF/UA—Awaiting host notify-unavailable response
	• P-RESET—Awaiting a buffer to send DACTLU response
	P-PSID—Awaiting NMVT Reply PSID response
	• P-BIND—Waiting for host to send bind
	P-UNBIND—Awaiting host unbind response
	• WT-UNBND—Waiting for client to acknowledge disconnection
	• WT-SDT—Waiting for client to acknowledge SDT
model model	IBM 3278 model type of client; blank if STATIC LU.
frames in <i>number</i>	Number of frames sent inbound to the host.
frames out number	Number of frames sent outbound from the host.
idle for <i>time</i>	Time the client has been idle. The time is in HH:MM:SS.
pu is <i>pu-name</i>	Name of the PU.
lu is <i>type</i>	Whether LU is DYNAMIC or STATIC.
negotiated type	Whether client is TN3270 or TN3270E.
bytes in / out number/number	Total number of bytes sent to/received from the host.
RuSize in / out number/number	RU size as configured in the bind.
NegRsp in / out number/number	Number of SNA negative responses sent to/received from the host.
pacing window in / out number/number	SNA pacing window as configured in the bind.

 Table 39
 show extended channel tn3270-server client-name Field Descriptions

Field	Description
credits in number	Number of frames that can be sent inbound without requiring an isolated pacing response.
queue- size in number	Number of SNA frames waiting to be sent to the host that are blocked and are waiting for a pacing response.
queue-size out number	SNA frames not yet acknowledged by an isolated pacing response by the TN3270 server.
response time buckets	Number of transactions in each response-time "bucket" for the specified LU. The bucket boundaries are defined using the <b>response-time group</b> command.
average total response time	Average response time (in tenths of seconds) for the total number of response-time transactions.
average IP response time	Average IP transit response time (in tenths of seconds) for the total number of response-time transactions.
number of transactions	Total number of response-time transactions across all response-time buckets.

 Table 39
 show extended channel tn3270-server client-name Field Descriptions (continued)

ſ

## show extended channel tn3270-server dlur

To display information about the SNA session switch, use the **show extended channel tn3270-server dlur** EXEC command.

#### show extended channel *slot/port* tn3270-server dlur

Syntax Description	slot	Slot number.
	port	Port number.
Command Modes	EVEC	
command modes	EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	11.2	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	The show extendinterface.	ded channel tn3270-server dlur command is valid only on the virtual channel
Examples	-	sample output from the <b>show extended channel tn3270-server dlur</b> command:
	dlur MPX.GOANCE	
	current dlus MI preferred dlus preferred serve lsap token-adap	PX.NGMVMPCdlur-dlus status ACTIVEMPX.NGMVMPCbackup dlus MPX.NGMVMPBPr MPX.NGMVMPA
	link P390	oter 0 5C vrn MPX.LAN4 status ACTIVE remote 4000.7470.00e7 08 status ACTIVE
	Table 40 describes significant fields in the display.	
	Table 40 show	v extended channel tn3270-server dlur Field Descriptions
	Field	Description
	11 C I	

dlur fq-luname	Fully qualified CP name used by the SNA session switch and the LU name for the DLUR function configured as the $fq$ -cpname on the dlur statement.
current dlus fq-luname	Name of the currently active DLUS, either the primary DLUS or the backup DLUS.

Field	Description
dlur-dlus status dlur-status	Possible values for the status of the DLUR-DLUS pipe and their
	meanings are:
	• RESET—The pipe is reset.
	• PND-ACTV—The pipe is pending active.
	• ACTIVE—The pipe is active.
	• PND-INAC—The pipe is pending inactive.
	• OTHER—Status is an undefined value.
	• WAIT—Waiting for status from the CMCC adapter.
	• SHUT—The TN3270 server is shut down.
	• NOTKNOWN—Status cannot be obtained.
preferred dlus fq-luname	Name of the DLUS as configured on the DLUR statement.
backup dlus fq-luname	Name of the DLUS that is used if the preferred DLUS is unavailable.
preferred server fq-luname	Fully qualified name of the preferred network node server.
lsap	Configured value for the local SAP on the configured internal adapter. Token-adapter specifies the type of internal adapter used.
vrn fq-name	Name of the connection network as configured by the vrn statement for this LSAP and internal adapter pair.
lsapstatus status	Possible <i>sap-status</i> values and their meanings are:
	• ACTIVE—The SAP is open.
	• INACTIVE—Not connected to the adapter.
	PDN-ACTV—SAP activation in progress.
	• PND-INAC—SAP deactivation in progress.
	• OTHER—Status is an undefined value.
	• WAIT—Waiting for status from the CMCC adapter.
	• SHUT—The TN3270 server is shut down.
	• NOTKNOWN—Status cannot be obtained.
link name	Name of the configured link. If not a configured link, then the name is an invented name, @DLUR <i>nn</i> .

 Table 40
 show extended channel tn3270-server dlur Field Descriptions (continued)

I

Field	Description
remote mac sap	Remote MAC and SAP for this link.
linkstatus status	Possible <i>link-status</i> values and their meanings are:
	• ACTIVE—Link is active.
	• INACTIVE—Not connected to host.
	• PND-ACTV—Link activation in progress.
	• PND-INAC—Link deactivation in progress.
	• OTHER—Status is an undefined value.
	• WAIT—Waiting for status from the CMCC adapter.
	• SHUT—The TN3270 server is shut down.
	• NOTKNOWN—Status cannot be obtained.

Table 40 show extended channel tn3270-server dlur Field Descriptions (continued)

## show extended channel tn3270-server dlurlink

To display information about the DLUR components, use the **show extended channel tn3270-server dlurlink** EXEC command.

show extended channel slot/port tn3270-server dlurlink name

Syntax Description	slot	Specifies a particular CMCC adapter in the router where slot is the slot number.
	port	Port number.
	name	Name of the SNA session switch link to be displayed.
Command Modes	EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	11.2	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	The <b>show extende</b> interface.	I channel tn3270-server dlurlink command is valid only on the virtual channel
Examples	-	mple output from the <b>show extended channel tn3270-server dlurlink</b> command: anded channel 3/2 tn3270-server dlurlink P390
	lsap token-adapto link P390 partner MPX.NGMVN	r 0 5C vrn MPX.LAN4 status ACTIVE remote 4000.7470.00e7 08 status ACTIVE PC tgn 1 maxdata 1033

Table 41 describes significant fields in the display.

Field	Description	
lsapvrnstatus status	Possible <i>lsap-status</i> values and their meanings are:	
	• ACTIVE—The SAP is open.	
	• INACTIVE—Not connected to the adapter.	
	• PDN-ACTV—SAP activation in progress.	
	• PND-INAC—SAP deactivation in progress.	
	• OTHER—Status is an undefined value.	
	• WAIT—Waiting for status from the CMCC adapter.	
	• SHUT—The TN3270 server is shut down.	
	• NOTKNOWN—Status cannot be obtained.	
link name	Name is an invented name, @DLURnn, if not a configured link.	
linkstatus status	Possible <i>link-status</i> values and their meanings are:	
	• ACTIVE—The SAP is open.	
	• INACTIVE—Not connected to the adapter.	
	• PDN-ACTV—SAP activation in progress.	
	• PND-INAC—SAP deactivation in progress.	
	• OTHER—Status is an undefined value.	
	• WAIT—Waiting for status from the CMCC adapter.	
	• SHUT—The TN3270 server is shut down.	
	• NOTKNOWN—Status cannot be obtained.	
partner name	CP name of the remote node for this link.	
tgn <i>tg-number</i>	Transmission group (TG) number for this link. Because the SNA session switch only supports 1 TG per pair of CP names, it is typically 0 or 1.	
maxdata maxdata	Maximum frame size allowed on this link.	

Table 41 show extended channel tn3270-server dlurlink Field Descriptions

Related Commands

Command	Description
client pool	Nails clients to pools.

## show extended channel tn3270-server nailed-domain

To list all nailing statements with a specific nailed-domain name, use the **show extended channel tn3270-server nailed-domain** EXEC command.

show extended channel *slot/virtual channel* tn3270-server nailed-domain *name* 

Syntax Description	slot	Specifies a particular CMCC adapter in the router where <i>slot</i> is the slot number.
	virtual channel	Virtual channel number.
	name	Specifies the <i>exact</i> nailed-domain name, as specified originally in the <b>client pool</b> command. Output is displayed for the nailed-domain name <i>exactly</i> as specified. That is, specifying "cisco.com" is different from specifying ".ciosco.com."
Defaults	No default behavio	or or values.
Command Modes	EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.1(5)T	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	There is not a <b>no</b> f	form for this command.
Examples	The following is sample output from the <b>show extended channel tn3270-server nailed-domain</b> command:	
	Router# <b>show extended channel 1/2 tn3270-server nailed-domain .cisco.com</b> .CISCO.COM listen-point 172.18.4.18 pool PCPOOL	
	Table 42 describes significant fields in the display.	
	Table 42         show extended channel tn3270-server nailed-domain Field Descriptions	
	Field	Description
	.CISCO.COM	Nailed domain name.
	listen point ipadd	<i>ress</i> Listen point IP address under which the <b>client pool</b> command was configured.
	pool poolname	Pool name to which the client is nailed.

I

## show extended channel tn3270-server nailed-ip

To display mappings between a nailed client IP address and nailed LUs, use the **show extended channel tn3270-server nailed-ip** EXEC command.

show extended channel slot/port tn3270-server nailed-ip ip-address

Syntax Description	slot	Slot number.
	port	Port number.
	ip-address	Remote client IP address.
Command Modes	EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
Command History		
	12.0	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	The <b>show extende</b> interface.	ed channel tn3270-server nailed-ip command is valid only on the virtual channel
Examples	The following is sample output from the <b>show extended channel tn3270-server nailed-ip</b> command:	
·	Router# <b>show ext</b> 172.28.1.0 255. 172.28.1.80 255. 172.28.1.83 172.28.1.82	1
	Table 43 describes significant fields in the display.	
		extended channel tn3270-server nailed-ip Field Descriptions
	Field	Description
	172.28.1.0	IP address of the nailed client.
	255.255.255.192	Network mask for the range of configured nailed clients.
	pu BAGE1	PU name under which the <b>client</b> command was configured.
	lu 1 50	LU LOCADDR range showing first LOCADDR and last LOCADDR. There need not be a last LOCADDR if only a single LOCADDR rather than a range is configured.
	printer	Type of device being nailed to the LOCADDRs. If printer is specified, only clients which are printers are nailed to the LOCADDRs. If screen is specified, only clients

that are screens are nailed to the LOCADDRs. If neither is specified, both screens and printers can use the LOCADDRs. A printer client is any client with a device type of "328\*". A screen client is a client with any other device type.

Related Commands	Command	Description
	client ip lu	Defines a specific LU or range of LUs to a client at the IP address or subnet.

ſ

## show extended channel tn3270-server nailed-name

To list all nailing statements with a specific nailed machine name, use the **show extended channel tn3270-server nailed-name** EXEC command.

show extended channel slot/virtual channel tn3270-server nailed-name name

Syntax Description		Specifies a particular CMCC adapter in the router where <i>slot</i> is the slot number.	
	virtual channel	Virtual channel number.	
		Specifies the nailed machine name. This name is specified originally in the <b>client pool</b> command.	
Defaults	No default behavior or valu	ies.	
Command Modes	EXEC		
Command History	Release	Aodification	
,	12.1(5)T	This command was introduced.	
Examples	The following is sample output from the <b>show extended channel tn3270-server nailed-name</b> command:		
Examples	command: Router# show extended ch	tput from the <b>show extended channel tn3270-server nailed-name</b>	
	HISCLIENT.CISCO.COM listen-point 172.18.4.18 pool UNIXPOOL HERCLIENT.CISCO.COM listen-point 172.18.4.19 pool GENERALPOOL		
	Table 44 describes significant fields in the display.		
	Table 44         show extended channel tn3270-server nailed-name Field Descriptions		
	Field	Description	
	MYCLIENT.CISCO.COM	Fully qualified domain name of nailed client.	
	listen point ipaddress	Listen point IP address under which the <b>client pool</b> command was configured.	
	pool poolname	Pool name to which the client is nailed.	

## show extended channel tn3270-server pu

To display configuration parameters for a PU and all the LUs currently attached to the PU, including the LU cluster layout and pool name, use the **show extended channel tn3270-server pu** EXEC command.

show extended channel *slot/virtual channel* tn3270-server pu *pu-name* [cluster | client-name]

Syntax Description	slot	Specifies a particular CMCC adapter in the router where <i>slot</i> is the slot number.
	virtual channel	Virtual channel number.
	pu-name	Name that uniquely identifies this PU.
	cluster	(Optional) Displays cluster information for the LUs within the pool.
	client-name	(Optional) Displays client name information for the LUs within the pool.
Defaults	No default behavio	or or values.
Command Modes	EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	11.2	This command was introduced.
	11.2(2.1)	ACT/NA replaced ACTIVE status for LU states. A note was added to the output to describe its meaning.
	11.2(18)BC	The <b>cluster</b> keyword was added.
	12.0(5)T	The following fields were added to the output display:
		• lu-termination
		• lu-deletion
	12.1(5)T	The <b>client-name</b> optional keyword was added.
	12.2	The <b>Named</b> value was added for the lu-deletion field in the output display.
Usage Guidelines		ed channel tn3270-server pu command is valid only on the virtual channel interface. In depends on whether the PU is a direct PU or a SNA session switch PU.

When you use the **cluster** keyword, the output column headings for the LU information appear as "cluster," "pool," and "count." The cluster heading lists the specific cluster within the pool to which the LU belongs along with the specific cluster layout after the slash.

The pool heading identifies the corresponding pool name, and the count heading identifies the cluster number out of the total number of clusters in the pool.

There is not a **no** form for this command.

#### Examples

I

This example shows a sample router configuration and the corresponding output using the **show** extended channel tn3270-server pu command:

```
interface Channel6/1
no ip address
no keepalive
csna E160 40
I.
interface Channel6/2
ip address 172.18.4.17 255.255.255.248
no keepalive
lan TokenRing 15
  source-bridge 15 1 500
 adapter 15 4000.b0ca.0015
lan TokenRing 16
 source-bridge 16 1 500
  adapter 16 4000.b0ca.0016
tn3270-server
 pool PCPOOL cluster layout 4s1p
 pool SIMPLE cluster layout 1a
 pool UNIXPOOL cluster layout 49s1p
  dlur NETA.SHEK NETA.MVSD
  lsap token-adapter 15 04
   link SHE1 rmac 4000.b0ca.0016
 listen-point 172.18.4.18 tcp-port 23
  pu PU1 91903315 dlur
   allocate lu 1 pool PCPOOL
                               clusters 10
   allocate lu 51 pool UNIXPOOL clusters 2
   allocate lu 200 pool SIMPLE clusters 50
  listen-point 172.18.4.19 tcp-port 2023
  pu PU2
              91913315 token-adapter 16 08
    allocate lu 1 pool UNIXPOOL clusters 2
   allocate lu 101 pool SIMPLE clusters 100
   allocate lu 201 pool PCPOOL clusters 10
```

Following is an example of the output from the **show extended channel tn3270-server pu** command without the cluster keyword for a PU named PU1:

Router# show extended channel 6/2 tn3270-server pu pul name(index) ip:tcp xid state link destination r-lsap PU1(1) 172.18.4.18:23 91903315 ACTIVE dlur NETA.SHPU1 idle-time 0 keepalive 1800 (send nop) unbind-act disconnect generic-poolperm ip-preced-screen 0 ip-preced-printer 0 ip-tos-screen 0 ip-tos-printer 0 lu-termination unbind lu-deletion never bytes 27019 in, 73751 out; frames 1144 in, 869 out; NegRsp 0 in, 0 out actlus 5, dactlus 0, binds 5 Note: if state is ACT/NA then the client is disconnected lu name client-ip:tcp nail state model frames in out idle for SHED1001 161.44.100.162:1538 N ACT/SESS 3278S2E 228 172 0:0:2 1 51 SHED1051 161.44.100.162:1539 N ACT/SESS 3278S2E 240 181 0:0:2 151 SHED1151 161.44.100.162:1536 N ACT/SESS 327802E 212 160 0:0:5 152 SHED1152 161.44.100.162:1537 N ACT/SESS 3278S2E 220 166 0:0:4 200 SHED1200 161.44.100.162:1557 N ACT/SESS 3278S2E 244 184 0:0:2

Following is an example of the output from the **show extended channel tn3270-server pu** command with the cluster keyword for a PU named PU1. In the example below, 1/1a identifies cluster 1 with a layout of 1a, which contains 1 LU of any type.

Router# show extended channel 6/2 tn3270-server pu pul cluster name(index) ip:tcp xid state link destination r-lsap PU1(1) 172.18.4.18:23 91903315 ACTIVE dlur NETA.SHPU1 idle-time 0 keepalive 1800 (send nop) unbind-act discon generic-poolperm ip-preced-screen 0 ip-preced-printer 0 ip-tos-screen 0 ip-tos-printer 0 lu-termination unbind lu-deletion never bytes 27489 in, 74761 out; frames 1164 in, 884 out; NegRsp 0 in, 0 out actlus 5, dactlus 0, binds 5 Note: if state is ACT/NA then the client is disconnected lu name client-ip:tcp nail state cluster pool count 1 SHED1001 161.44.100.162:1538 N ACT/SESS 1/4slp PCPOOL 1/5 51 SHED1051 161.44.100.162:1539 N ACT/SESS 1/49s1p UNIXPOOL 1/50 151 SHED1151 161.44.100.162:1536 N ACT/SESS 1/1a :GENERIC 1/1 152 SHED1152 161.44.100.162:1537 Ν ACT/SESS 1/1a :GENERIC 1/1 200 SHED1200 161.44.100.162:1557 N ACT/SESS 1/1a SIMPLE 1/1

<u>Note</u>

If the cluster layout is very long, only the first 8 bytes are displayed under the cluster column. The pool called: GENERIC is shown for all LUs that are not allocated to any specific pool name.

Following is an example of the output from the **show extended channel tn3270-server pu** command with the **client-name** keyword for a PU named JADOEPU:

Router# show extended channel 1/2 tn3270-server pu jadoepu client-name

name(index) xid state link destination ip:tcp r-lsap JADOEPU(1) 172.18.5.168:23 tok 31 4000.4000.0001 04 10 91922362 ACTIVE idle-time 0 keepalive 30 unbind-act discon generic-pool perm ip-preced-screen 0 ip-preced-printer 0 ip-tos-screen 0 ip-tos-printer 0 lu-termination unbind lu-deletion never bytes 824 in, 2619 out; frames 36 in, 39 out; NegRsp 0 in, 0 out actlus 4, dactlus 0, binds 3 Note: if state is ACT/NA then the client is disconnected nail state 111 name client-name model frames in out idle for VINCDP01 never connected VINCDP02 never connected Y ACT/NA 1 1 1 2.31.43 Y ACT/NA 1 2 1 2:31:43 VINDG005 HERCLIENT.CISCO.COM Y ACT/SESS 327904E 22 21 5 0:0:6 6 VINDG006 HISCLIENT.CISCO.COM Y ACT/NA 327904E 12 12 1:44:47 client-ip nail-type lu-first lu-last mask 10.20.30.40 screen 1 2 20.30.40.50 10 screen 9 nail-type lu-first lu-last client-name MYCLIENT.CISCO.COM 10 screen 5

screen

11

15

.CISCO.COM

Table 45 describes significant fields in the display.

Table 45show extended channel tn3270-server pu Field Descriptions

Field	Description	
name (index) <i>pu-name</i> ( <i>index</i> )	Name and index of the PU as configured.	
ip:tcp ip-addr:tcp-port	IP address and TCP port number configured for the PU.	
xid number	Configured XID—idblk and idnum.	
state <i>pu-state</i>	Possible pu-state values and their meanings:	
	• SHUT—PU is configured but in shut state.	
	• RESET—Link station of this PU is not active.	
	• TEST—PU is sending a TEST to establish link.	
	• XID—TEST is responded, XID is sent.	
	• P-ACTPU—Link station is up but no ACTPU is received.	
	• ACTIVE—ACTPU is received and acknowledged positively.	
	• ACT/BUSY—Awaiting host to acknowledge the SSCP-PU data.	
	• WAIT—Waiting for PU status from CMCC adapter.	
	• UNKNOWN—Direct PU in undefined state.	
	• P-RQACTPU-R—PU is pending request ACTPU response.	
	• P-ACTIVE—DLUR PU and direct PU states disagree.	
	• P-DACTPU—PU is pending DACTPU.	
	• OTHER—State is an undefined value.	
link type	LINK type is either internal adapter type and internal adapter number, or dlur if it is a SNA Session Switch PU.	
destination mac-address or pu-name	If a direct PU, then it is the destination MAC address, otherwise, it is the name of the partner PU.	
r-lsap number number	Remote and local SAP values.	
idle-time number	Configured idle-time for this PU.	
keepalive number (action)	Configured keepalive time for this PU. The <i>action</i> is one of the following:	
	• <b>send nop</b> —The Telnet command for no operation is sent to the TN3270 client to verify the physical connection.	
	• <b>send timing mark</b> <i>number</i> —Number of seconds within which the TN3270 server expects a response to the DO TIMING-MARK from the TN3270 client.	
unbind-act type	Configured unbind action for LUs on this PU.	
generic-pool type	Configured generic-pool for LUs on this PU.	
ip-preced-screen number	IP precedence value for screen LUs on this PU.	
ip-preced-printer number	IP precedence value for printer LUs on this PU.	
ip-tos-screen number	IP Type of Service (ToS) value for screen LUs on this PU.	

Cisco IOS Bridging and IBM Networking Command Reference, Volume 2 of 2

Field	Description		
ip-tos-printer number	IP ToS value for printer LUs on this PU.		
lu-termination	Value configured in the PU for the <b>lu termination</b> siftdown command. The <b>lu termination</b> command specifies whether a TERMSELF or UNBIND RU is sent by the TN3270 server when a client turns off the device or disconnects. The possible values are:		
	• Termself—Termination of all sessions and session requests associated with an LU is ordered upon disconnect.		
	• Unbind—Termination of the session by the application is requested upon LU disconnect.		
lu-deletion	Value configured in the PU for the <b>lu deletion</b> siftdown command. The <b>lu deletion</b> command specifies whether the TN3270 server sends a REPLY-PSID poweroff request to VTAM to delete the corresponding LU when a client disconnects. The possible values are:		
	• Always—Dynamic LUs for this PU are always deleted upon disconnect.		
	• Named—Only named LUs for this PU are deleted upon disconnect.		
	• Normal—Only screen LUs for this PU are deleted upon disconnect.		
	• Non-generic—Only specified LUs for this PU are deleted upon disconnect.		
	• Never—None of the LUs for this PU are ever deleted upon disconnect.		
bytes in / out number/number	Total number of bytes sent to/received from the host for this PU.		
frames in / out number/number	Total number of frames sent to/received from the host for this PU.		
NegRsp in / out number/number	Total number of SNA negative responses sent to/received from the host.		
actlus number	Total number of ACTLUs received from the host.		
dactlus number	Total number of DACTLUs received from the host.		
binds number	Total number of BINDs received from the host.		
lu number	LOCADDR of the LU.		
name lu-name	Name of the TN3270 LU.		
client-name ip-addr:tcpport	Client's IP address and TCP port number.		
nail	Status of LU nailing, either Y or N		

 Table 45
 show extended channel tn3270-server pu Field Descriptions (continued)

I

Field	Description		
state lu-state	LU states and their meanings:		
	• UNKNOWN—LU in an undefined state.		
	• INACTIVE—LU didn't receive ACTLU.		
	• ACT/NA—LU received ACTLU and acknowledged positively. If a client ip address is shown then the client is disconnected.		
	• P-SDT—LU is bound but there is no SDT yet.		
	• ACT/SESS—LU is bound and in session.		
	• P-ACTLU—Telnet has connected and is awaiting ACTLU.		
	• P-NTF/av—Awaiting host notify-available response.		
	• P-NTF/UA—Awaiting host notify-unavailable response.		
	• P-RESET—Waiting for a buffer to send DACTLU response.		
	• P-PSID—Waiting for NMVT Reply psid response.		
	• P-BIND—Waiting for host to send bind.		
	• P-UNBIND—Awaiting host unbind response.		
	• WT-UNBND—Waiting for client to acknowledge disconnection.		
	• WT-SDT—Waiting for client to acknowledge SDT.		
model model	IBM 3278 model type of client.		
frames in <i>number</i>	Number of frames sent inbound to the host.		
frames out number	Number of frames sent outbound from the host.		
idle for <i>time</i>	Time the client has been idle. The time is in HH:MM:SS.		
client-ip	Remote client IP address.		
mask	Current network mask.		
nail-type	LU nailing type, screen or printer.		
lu-first	First LU address in the range.		
lu-last	Last LU address in the range, if one is specified in the <b>client</b> configuration command.		
client-name	Client machine name or domain name.		
nail-type	LU nailing type, screen or printer.		
lu-first	First LU address in the range.		
lu-last	Last LU address in the range, if one is specified in the <b>client</b> configuration command.		

Table 45 show extended channel tn3270-server pu Field Descriptions (continued)

Related Commands	Command	Description
	pu (listen-point)	Creates a PU entity that has a direct link to a host and enters listen-point PU configuration mode.
	pu dlur (listen-point)	Creates a PU entity that has no direct link to a host and enters listen-point PU configuration mode.
	allocate lu	Assigns LUs to a pool.

ſ

# show extended channel tn3270-server pulu

To display information about the TN3270 server LUs running on CMCC adapter interface, use the **show** extended channel tn3270-server pu lu EXEC command.

show extended channel *slot/port* tn3270-server pu *pu-name* lu *locaddr* [history]

Syntax Description	slot	Specifies a particular CMCC adapter in the router where <i>slot</i> is the slot number. The port value for a TN3270 server will always be 2.
	port	Port value for a TN3270 server will always be 2.
	pu-name	PU name that uniquely identifies this PU.
	locaddr	LU LOCADDR that uniquely identifies the LU.
	history	(Optional) Displays the LU trace history.
DefaultsDefaults	No default behavio	or or values.
Command Modes	EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	11.2	This command was introduced.
	11.2(2.1)	ACT/NA replaced ACTIVE status for LU states. A note was added to the output to describe its meaning.
	11.2(18)BC	The response time buckets, average total response time, average IP response time, and the number of transactions fields were added to the output display.
	12.0(5)T	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.0 T.
Usage Guidelines	interface.	ed channel tn3270-server pu lu command is valid only on the virtual channel ample output from the show extended channel tn3270-server pu lu command for a
Examples	SNA session switch PU:	
	Router# <b>show extended channel 3/2 tn3270 pu int1 lu 1</b> Note: if state is ACT/NA then the client is disconnected	
		ent-ip:tcp nail state model frames in out idle for .69.176.77:3828 N ACT/NA 4 4 0:4:51
	bytes 74 in, 121	s STATIC type 0, negotiated TN3270E 9 out; RuSize 0 in, 0 out; NegRsp 0 in, 0 out in, 0 out; credits 0 in, queue-size 0 in, 0 out

The following is sample output from the **show extended channel tn3270-server pu lu history** command:

```
Router# show extended channel 3/2 tn3270 pu pus20 lu 1 history
Note: if state is ACT/NA then the client is disconnected
                               nail state
                                               model
                                                                      idle for
111
     name client-ip:tcp
                                                       frames in out
1
   PUS20001 192.195.80.40:2480
                                Ν
                                     ACT/SESS 327804
                                                         5
                                                                 4
                                                                         0:0:8
pu is PUS20, lu is DYNAMIC type 2, negotiated TN3270
bytes 155 in, 1752 out; RuSize 1024 in, 3840 out; NegRsp 0 in, 0 out>pacing window 0 in,
1 out; credits 0 in, queue-size 0 in, 0 out
traces:
        Client connect req
        Reply PSID pos rsp
        actlu req
        bind req
        sdt req
OUT len=12 2Dxxxxxx456B80000D0201
IN len=25 xxxxxxx45EB80000D0201000000
OUT len=53 2Dxxxxxx466B800031010303B1
IN len=10 2D0001010646EB800031
OUT len=10 2D00010106476B8000A0
IN len=10 2D0001010647EB8000A0
OUT len=1677 2Cxxxxxx010381C07EC7114040
IN len=9
          2C0001010001838100
```

This example shows the response-time information using the **show extended channel tn3270-server pu lu** command for the LU at LOCADDR 1 associated with the PU named vincdpu:

sydney# show extended channel 1/2 tn3270-server pu vincdpu lu 1 Note: if state is ACT/NA then the client is disconnected

name client-ip:tcp nail state model frames in out idle for lu VINDG001 161.44.100.210:1315 N ACT/NA 3278S2E 12 0:0:18 1 11 pu is VINCDPU, lu is DYNAMIC unbound, negotiated TN3270E bytes 253 in, 954 out; RuSize 0 in, 0 out; NegRsp 1 in, 0 out pacing window 0 in, 1 out; credits 0 in, queue-size 0 in, 0 out response time buckets 14 31 15 3 1 average total response time 19 average IP response time 8 number of transactions 64

Table 46 describes significant fields in the display.

Field	Description
lu locaddr	LOCADDR of the LU.
name lu-name	Name of the TN3270 LU.
client-ip:tcp ip-addr:tcpport	Client's IP address and TCP port number.

Table 46 show extended channel tn3270-server pu lu Field Descriptions

ſ

Field	Description
state lu-state	LU states and their meanings are:
	• UNKNOWN—LU in an undefined state.
	• INACTIVE—LU didn't receive ACTLU.
	• ACT/NA—LU received ACTLU and acknowledged positively. If a client ip address is shown then the client is disconnected.
	• P-SDT—LU is bound but there is no SDT yet.
	• ACT/SESS—LU is bound and in session.
	• P-ACTLU—Telnet connects in and is awaiting ACTLU.
	• P-NTF/AV—Awaiting host notify-available response.
	• P-NTF/UA—Awaiting host notify-unavailable response.
	• P-RESET—Waiting for a buffer to send DACTLU response.
	• P-PSID—Waiting for NMVT Reply psid response.
	• P-BIND—Waiting for host to send bind.
	• P-UNBIND—Awaiting host unbind response.
	• WT-UNBND—Waiting for client to acknowledge disconnection.
	• WT-SDT—Waiting for client to acknowledge SDT.
model model	3278 model type of client; blank if STATIC LU.
frames in <i>number</i>	Number of frames sent inbound to the host.
frames out number	Number of frames sent outbound from the host.
idle for <i>time</i>	Time the client has been idle. The time is in HH:MM:SS.
pu is <i>pu-name</i>	Name of the PU.
lu is <i>type</i>	Whether LU is DYNAMIC or STATIC.
negotiated type	Whether client is TN3270 or TN3270E.
bytes in/out number/number	Total number of bytes sent to or received from the host.
RuSize in/out number/number	RU size as configured in the bind.
NegRsp in/out number/number	Number of SNA negative responses sent to/received from the host.
response time buckets	Displays the number of transactions in each response-time "bucket" for the specified LU. The bucket boundaries are defined using the <b>response-time group</b> command.
average total response time	Displays the average response time (in tenths of seconds) for the total number of response-time transactions.
average IP response time	Displays the average response time in tenths of seconds (including IP transit time) for the total number of response-time transactions.
number of transactions	Displays the total number of response-time transactions across all response-time buckets.

 Table 46
 show extended channel tn3270-server pu lu Field Descriptions (continued)

Field	Description
pacing window in/out number/number	SNA pacing window as configured in the bind.
credits in number	Number of frames that can be sent inbound without requiring an isolated pacing response.
queue-size in number	If non-zero, indicates the number of SNA frames waiting to be sent to the host which are blocked, waiting for a pacing response.
queue-size out number	SNA frames not yet acknowledged by an isolated pacing response by the TN3270 server.

Table 46	show extended channel tn3270-server pu lu Field Descriptions (continued)
10010 10	

#### **Related Commands**

Command	Description
pu (listen-point)	Creates a PU entity that has a direct link to a host and enters listen-point PU configuration mode.
pu dlur (listen-point)	Creates a PU entity that has no direct link to a host and enters listen-point PU configuration mode.
response-time group	Configures a client subnet group for response-time measurements.

I

# show extended channel tn3270-server response-time application

To display information for application client groups, use the **show extended channel tn3270-server response-time application** privileged EXEC command.

**show extended channel** *slot/virtual channel* **tn3270-server response-time application** [*appl-name* [**detail**]]

Syntax Description	slot	Slot number.
Syntax Description	virtual channel	Virtual channel number.
	appl-name	(Optional) Display only the client group corresponding to the VTAM application name.
	detail	(Optional) List client members and their response-time statistics following the client group entry.
Defaults	No default behavior	or values.
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
2	11.2(18)BC	This command was introduced.
	12.0(5)T	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.0 T.
Usage Guidelines	If optional keywords are not used for the <b>show extended channel tn3270-server response-time</b> <b>application</b> command, a complete list of currently existing per-application client groups is displayed along with their collection control parameters. If you specify the <i>appl-name</i> keyword, only the client group corresponding to that application is displayed. If you specify the <b>detail</b> keyword, the client group entry is followed by a list of its client members and their response-time statistics.	
Examples	Following is an exar <b>application</b> :	nple of output for the show extended channel tn3270-server response-time
	Router# show extended channel 3/2 tn3270-server response-time application MYAPPL group APPL MYAPPL aggregate NO excludeip NO dynamic definite response NO sample period multiplier 30 bucket boundaries 10 20 50 100	
	Table 47 provides de response-time appli	escriptions of the output fields for the <b>show extended channel tn3270-server ication</b> command.

# Note

The aggregate, excludeip, and dynamic definite response field values are MIB parameters that are currently configured automatically by the TN3270 server according to the type of response-time group. These values are not configurable in the TN3270 server.

Field	Description
aggregate	Displays whether the response time statistics for the clients in this response-time group are reported collectively for the group (YES) or individually by client (NO). This value is automatically set to NO by the TN3270 server for application client response-time groups.
excludeip	Displays whether the IP component (the client/server path) is included in the response time for any transaction (NO) or if only the SNA component (the server/host path) is included in the response time for any transaction (YES). This value is automatically set to NC by the TN3270 server for application client response-time groups.
dynamic definite response	Displays whether the server adds a Definite Response request to the First-in-chain (FIC) reply in each transaction, to get a response from the client so that the IP component can be included in the response time. The value is automatically set to NO by the TN3270 server for all types of response-time groups.
sample period multiplier	Displays the number that is multiplied by an interval of 20 seconds to determine the collection interval for the response-time group. The multiplier value is defined using the <b>response-time group</b> command For example, a sample period multiplier of 30 results in a collection interval of 600 seconds (30 x 20 seconds), or 10 minutes, for this client group.
response time buckets	Displays the number of transactions in each response-time "bucket" for the specified application group. The bucket boundaries are defined using the <b>response-time group</b> command.
average total response time	Displays the average response time (in tenths of seconds) for the total number of response-time transactions.
average IP response time	Displays the average response time in tenths of seconds (including IF transit time) for the total number of response-time transactions.
number of transactions	Displays the total number of response-time transactions across all response-time buckets.

Table 47show extended channel tn3270-server response-time application Field Descriptions

I

Related Commands	Command	Description
	response-time group	Configures a client subnet group for response-time measurements.
	show extended channel tn3270-server response-time global	Displays information about the global response-time client group.
	show extended channel tn3270-server response-time link	Displays information about host link response-time client groups.
	show extended channel tn3270-server response-time listen-point	Displays information about listen point response-time client groups.
	show extended channel tn3270-server response-time subnet	Displays information about Subnet response-time client groups.

## show extended channel tn3270-server response-time global

To display information about the global client group, use the **show extended channel tn3270-server response-time global** privileged EXEC command.

show extended channel slot/virtual channel tn3270-server response-time global

Syntax Description	slot	Slot number.
	virtual channel	Virtual channel number.
Defaults	No default behavior or values.	
ommand Modes	Privileged EXEC	
command History	Release	Modification
	11.2(18)BC	This command was introduced.
sage Guidelines		This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.0 T. <b>channel tn3270-server response-time global</b> command displays collection for the global client group.
-	The <b>show extended</b> control parameters f Following is an exar	channel tn3270-server response-time global command displays collection
Isage Guidelines	The <b>show extended</b> control parameters f Following is an exar <b>global</b> command:	<b>channel tn3270-server response-time global</b> command displays collection for the global client group. mple of output for the <b>show extended channel tn3270-server response-time</b>
-	The show extended control parameters f Following is an exar global command: Router# show exter group CLIENT GLOBA aggregate YES ex sample period mu bucket boundarie	<pre>channel tn3270-server response-time global command displays collection for the global client group. mple of output for the show extended channel tn3270-server response-time nded channel 3/2 tn3270-server response-time global AL scludeip NO dynamic definite response NO altiplier 30 es 10 20 50 100</pre>
-	The show extended control parameters f Following is an exar global command: Router# show exter group CLIENT GLOBA aggregate YES ex sample period mu bucket boundarie buckets 105 118	<pre>channel tn3270-server response-time global command displays collection for the global client group. mple of output for the show extended channel tn3270-server response-time nded channel 3/2 tn3270-server response-time global AL ccludeip NO dynamic definite response NO altiplier 30 es 10 20 50 100 211 109 104 esponse time 33 average IP response time 24</pre>

Note

The aggregate, excludeip, and dynamic definite response field values are MIB parameters that are currently configured automatically by the TN3270 server according to the type of response-time group. These values are not configurable in the TN3270 server.

Field	Description
aggregate	Displays whether the response time statistics for the clients in this response-time group are reported collectively for the group (YES) or individually by client (NO). This value is automatically set to YES by the TN3270 server for global client response-time groups.
excludeip	Displays whether the IP component (the client/server path) is included in the response time for any transaction (NO) or if only the SNA component (the server/host path) is included in the response time for any transaction (YES). This value is automatically set to NO by the TN3270 server for global client response-time groups.
dynamic definite response	Displays whether the server adds a Definite Response request to the First-in-chain (FIC) reply in each transaction, to get a response from the client so that the IP component can be included in the response time. The value is automatically set to NO by the TN3270 server for all types of response-time groups.
sample period multiplier	Displays the number that is multiplied by an interval of 20 seconds to determine the collection interval for the response-time group. The multiplier value is defined using the <b>response-time group</b> command. For example, a sample period multiplier of 30 results in a collection interval of 600 seconds (30 x 20 seconds), or 10 minutes, for this client group.
bucket boundaries	Displays the value of the response-time bucket boundaries in tenths of seconds. The bucket boundaries are defined using the <b>response-time group</b> command.
buckets	Displays the number of transactions in each response-time bucket for the specified application group.
average total response time	Displays the average response time (in tenths of seconds) for the total number of response-time transactions.
average IP response time	Displays the average response time in tenths of seconds (including IP transit time) for the total number of response-time transactions.
number of transactions	Displays the total number of response-time transactions across all response-time buckets.

#### **Related Commands**

I

Command	Description
response-time group	Configures a client subnet group for response-time measurements.
show extended channel tn3270-server response-time application	Displays information about application response-time client groups.
show extended channel tn3270-server response-time link	Displays information about host link response-time client groups.
show extended channel tn3270-server response-time listen-point	Displays information about listen point response-time client groups.
show extended channel tn3270-server response-time subnet	Displays information about Subnet response-time client groups.

# show extended channel tn3270-server response-time link

To display information about host link client groups, use the **show extended channel tn3270-server response-time link** privileged EXEC command.

show extended channel *slot/virtual channel* tn3270-server response-time link [*link-name*]

Syntax Description	slot	Slot number.
	virtual channel	Port number.
	link-name	(Optional) PU name for a direct PU or link name for a DLUR PU.
Defaults	No default behavior	or values.
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	11.2(18)BC	This command was first introduced.
	12.0(5)T	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.0 T.
Examples	-	mple of the output for the <b>show extended channel tn3270-server response-time</b>
		out optional keywords, which shows all current client groups by host link:
	group DIRECT LINK aggregate YES e: sample period m bucket boundari buckets 10 18 2	xcludeip YES dynamic definite response NO ultiplier 30 es 10 20 50 100 1 10 10
	average total re number of trans group DLUR LINK H	
	sample period m bucket boundarie buckets 14 31 1	es 10 20 50 100
	number of trans	

Following is an example of the output for the **show extended channel tn3270-server response-time link** command for the link named DIRECT LINK MYLINK:

Router# show extended channel 3/2 tn3270-server response-time link direct link mylink group DIRECT LINK MYLINK aggregate YES excludeip YES dynamic definite response NO sample period multiplier 30 bucket boundaries 10 20 50 100 buckets 10 18 21 10 10 average total response time 37 average IP response time 23 number of transactions 69

Table 49 provides descriptions of the output fields for the **show extended channel tn3270-server response-time link** command.

Note

The aggregate, excludeip, and dynamic definite response field values are MIB parameters that are currently configured automatically by the TN3270 server according to the type of response-time group. These values are not configurable in the TN3270 server.

Field	Description	
aggregate	Displays whether the response time statistics for the clients in this response-time group are reported collectively for the group (YES) or individually by client (NO). This value is automatically set to YES by the TN3270 server for link client response-time groups.	
excludeip	Displays whether the IP component (the client/server path) is included in the response time for any transaction (NO) or if only the SNA component (the server/host path) is included in the response time for any transaction (YES). This value is automatically set to YES by the TN3270 server for link client response-time groups.	
dynamic definite response	Displays whether the server adds a Definite Response request to the First-in-chain (FIC) reply in each transaction, to get a response from the client so that the IP component can be included in the response time. The value is automatically set to NO by the TN3270 server for all types of response-time groups.	
sample period multiplier	Displays the number that is multiplied by an interval of 20 seconds to determine the collection interval for the response-time group. The multiplier value is defined using the <b>response-time group</b> command. For example, a sample period multiplier of 30 results in a collection interval of 600 seconds (30 x 20 seconds), or 10 minutes, for this client group.	
bucket boundaries	Displays the value of the response-time bucket boundaries in tenths of seconds. The bucket boundaries are defined using the <b>response-time group</b> command.	
buckets	Displays the number of transactions in each response-time bucket for the specified application group.	
average total response time	Displays the average response time (in tenths of seconds) for the total number of response-time transactions.	

Table 49 show extended channel tn3270-server response-time link Field Descriptions

Field	Description	
average IP response time	Displays the average response time in tenths of seconds (including IP transit time) for the total number of response-time transactions.	
number of transactions	of transactions Displays the total number of response-time transactions across a response-time buckets.	

Table 49	show extended channel tn3270-server re	esponse-time link Field Descripti	ons (continued)

Related Commands	Command	Description
	response-time group	Configures a client subnet group for response-time measurements.
	show extended channel tn3270-server response-time application	Displays information about application response-time client groups.
	show extended channel tn3270-server response-time global	Displays information about the global response-time client group.
	show extended channel tn3270-server response-time listen-point	Displays information about listen point response-time client groups.
	show extended channel tn3270-server response-time subnet	Displays information about Subnet response-time client groups.
I

# show extended channel tn3270-server response-time listen-point

To display information about listen point client groups, use the **show extended channel tn3270-server response-time listen-point** privileged EXEC command.

show extended channel *slot/virtual channel* tn3270-server response-time listen-point

Syntax Description	slot	Slot number.
	virtual channel	Virtual channel number.
Defaults	No default behavior	or values.
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	11.2(18)BC	This command was first introduced.
	12.0(5)T	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.0 T.
Examples	listen-point client gi response-time statis	roups of clients summarized by listen point. A complete list of currently existing roups is displayed along with their collection control parameters and aggregate tics.
-Xampioo	command:	
	group LP 10.20.30 aggregate YES ex sample period mu bucket boundarie buckets 10 18 22 average total re number of transa group LP 50.60.70 aggregate YES ex sample period mu bucket boundarie buckets 310 418	Accludeip NO dynamic definite response NO Altiplier 30 es 10 20 50 100 L 10 10 esponse time 37 average IP response time 23 actions 69 .80:23 Accludeip NO dynamic definite response NO Altiplier 30 es 10 20 50 100 521 510 210 esponse time 27 average IP response time 20

Table 50 provides descriptions of the output fields for the **show extended channel tn3270-server response-time listen-point** command.

Note

The aggregate, excludeip, and dynamic definite response field values are MIB parameters that are currently configured automatically by the TN3270 server according to the type of response-time group. These values are not configurable in the TN3270 server.

Field	Description
aggregate	Displays whether the response time statistics for the clients in this response-time group are reported collectively for the group (YES) or individually by client (NO). This value is automatically set to YES by the TN3270 server for link client response-time groups.
excludeip Displays whether the IP component (the client/server p included in the response time for any transaction (NO) SNA component (the server/host path) is included in th time for any transaction (YES). This value is automatica by the TN3270 server for link client response-time group	
dynamic definite response	Displays whether the server adds a Definite Response request to the First-in-chain (FIC) reply in each transaction, to get a response from the client so that the IP component can be included in the response time. The value is automatically set to NO by the TN3270 server for all types of response-time groups.
sample period multiplier	Displays the number that is multiplied by an interval of 20 seconds to determine the collection interval for the response-time group. The multiplier value is defined using the <b>response-time group</b> command. For example, a sample period multiplier of 30 results in a collection interval of 600 seconds (30 x 20 seconds), or 10 minutes, for this client group.
bucket boundaries	Displays the value of the response-time bucket boundaries in tenths of seconds. The bucket boundaries are defined using the <b>response-time group</b> command.
buckets	Displays the number of transactions in each response-time bucket for the specified application group.
average total response time	Displays the average response time (in tenths of seconds) for the total number of response-time transactions.
average IP response time	Displays the average response time in tenths of seconds (including IP transit time) for the total number of response-time transactions.
number of transactions	Displays the total number of response-time transactions across all response-time buckets.

Table 50 show extended channel tn3270-server response-time listen-point Field Descriptions

I

Related Commands	Command	Description
	response-time group	Configures a client subnet group for response-time measurements.
	show extended channel tn3270-server response-time application	Displays information about application response-time client groups.
	show extended channel tn3270-server response-time global	Displays information about the global response-time client group.
	show extended channel tn3270-server response-time link	Displays information about host link response-time client groups.
	show extended channel tn3270-server response-time subnet	Displays information about Subnet response-time client groups.

### show extended channel tn3270-server response-time subnet

To display information about Subnet client groups, use the **show extended channel tn3270-server response-time subnet** privileged EXEC command.

**show extended channel** *slot/virtual channel* **tn3270-server response-time subnet** [**ip-address** *ip-mask* [**detail**]]

Combase Decembration	1 .	01 / 1
Syntax Description	slot	Slot number.
	virtual channel	Virtual channel number.
	ip-address	(Optional) Subnet IP address.
	ip-mask	(Optional) Subnet mask.
	detail	(Optional) Each client group entry is followed by a list of its client members and their respective response-time statistics.
Defaults	No default behavior	or values.
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	11.2(18)BC	This command was first introduced.
	12.0(5)T	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.0 T.
Usage Guidelines	This command show	s information about client subnet client groups. This includes all configured groups
	plus the CLIENT SU client subnet client g values for the <i>ip-ada</i> displayed. If you sp	JBNET OTHER group. If no optional parameters are specified, a complete list of groups is displayed along with their collection control parameters. If you specify <i>dress</i> and <i>ip-mask</i> arguments, only client groups containing that subnet are ecify the <b>detail</b> keyword, each client group entry is followed by a list of its client esponse-time statistics.

#### **Examples**

Following is an example of the output for all configured client groups using the **show extended channel tn3270-server response-time subnet** command:

```
Router# show extended channel 3/2 tn3270-server response-time subnet
group SUBNETGROUP1
  subnet 10.10.10.0 255.255.255.192
  aggregate NO excludeip NO dynamic definite response NO
  sample period multiplier 30
 bucket boundaries 10 20 50 100
group SUBNETGROUP2
  subnet 10.10.10.128 255.255.255.192
  subnet 10.10.10.192 255.255.255.192
  aggregate NO exclude ip NO dynamic definite response NO
  sample period multiplier 40
  bucket boundaries 20 30 60 120
group CLIENT SUBNET OTHER
  aggregate NO exclude ip NO dynamic definite response NO
  sample period multiplier 30
 bucket boundaries 10 20 50 100
```

Following is an example of the output for subnet 10.10.10.0 with IP mask 255.255.255.192, which shows a list of the client members and their response-time statistics:

```
Router# show extended channel 3/2 tn3270-server response-time subnet 10.10.10.0 255.255.255.192 detail
```

```
group SUBNETGROUP1
  subnet 10.10.10.0 255.255.255.192
  aggregate NO excludeip NO dynamic definite response NO
  sample period multiplier 30
 bucket boundaries 10 20 50 100
  client 10.10.10.129:23
   buckets 5 8 11 9 4
   average total response time 33 average IP response time 24
   number of transactions 37
  client 10.10.10.130:23
   buckets 6 9 10 10 2
   average total response time 32 average IP response time 25
   number of transactions 37
  client 10.10.10.131:23
   buckets 11 14 10 8 7
    average total response time 27 average IP response time 19
   number of transactions 50
```

Table 51 provides descriptions of the output fields for the **show extended channel tn3270-server response-time subnet** command.

Note

The aggregate, excludeip, and dynamic definite response field values are MIB parameters that are currently configured automatically by the TN3270 server according to the type of response-time group. These values are not configurable in the TN3270 server.

Field	Description	
subnet	Displays the IP address and IP mask of the client subnet group for which response-time statistics are being shown.	
aggregate	Displays whether the response time statistics for the clients in this response-time group are reported collectively for the group (YES) or individually by client (NO). This value is automatically set to NO by the TN3270 server for subnet client response-time groups.	
excludeip	Displays whether the IP component (the client/server path) is included in the response time for any transaction (NO) or if only the SNA component (the server/host path) is included in the response time for any transaction (YES). This value is automatically set to NO by the TN3270 server for subnet client response-time groups.	
dynamic definite responseDisplays whether the server adds a Definite Response reqFirst-in-chain (FIC) reply in each transaction, to get a respthe client so that the IP component can be included in thetime. The value is automatically set to NO by the TN3270all types of response-time groups.		
sample period multiplier	Displays the number that is multiplied by an interval of 20 seconds to determine the collection interval for the response-time group. The multiplier value is defined using the <b>response-time group</b> command. For example, a sample period multiplier of 30 results in a collection interval of 600 seconds (30 x 20 seconds), or 10 minutes, for this client group.	
bucket boundaries	Displays the value of the response-time bucket boundaries in tenths of seconds. The bucket boundaries are defined using the <b>response-time group</b> command.	
buckets	Displays the number of transactions in each response-time bucket for the specified application group.	
average total response time	Displays the average response time (in tenths of seconds) for the total number of response-time transactions.	
average IP response time	Displays the average response time in tenths of seconds (including IP transit time) for the total number of response-time transactions.	
number of transactions	Displays the total number of response-time transactions across all response-time buckets.	

Table 51 show extended channel tn3270-server response-time subnet Field Descriptions

ſ

Related Commands	Command	Description
	response-time group	Configures a client subnet group for response-time measurements.
	show extended channel tn3270-server response-time application	Displays information about application response-time client groups.
	show extended channel tn3270-server response-time global	Displays information about the global response-time client group.
	show extended channel tn3270-server response-time link	Displays information about host link response-time client groups.
	show extended channel tn3270-server response-time listen-point	Displays information about listen point response-time client groups.

### show extended channel tn3270-server security

To display information about the TN3270 security enhancement, use the **show extended channel tn3270-server security** EXEC command.

**show extended channel** *slot/virtual channel* **tn3270-server security** [[**sec-profile** *profilename*] [**listen-point** *ipaddress* [**tcp-port** *number*]]]

slot	Specifies a particular CMCC adapter in the router where <i>slot</i> is the slot number.		
virtual channel	Virtual channel number.		
<b>sec-profile</b> <i>profilename</i> (Optional) Alphanumeric name which specifies the security prof be associated with a listen point. The character range is from 1 name is specified originally in the <b>profile</b> command.			
listen-point ipaddress	(Optional) IP address that the clients should use as the host IP address to map to LU sessions under this PU and listen point.		
tcp-port number(Optional) Port number used for the listen operation. The default va is 23.			
The default <b>tcp-port</b> value	ue is 23.		
EXEC			
Release	Modification		
12.1(5)T	This command was introduced.		
There is not a <b>no</b> form fo	or this command.		
• •	output from the <b>show extended channel tn3270-server security</b> command <b>ofile</b> keyword configured:		
status:ENABLE Default	channel 3/2 tn3270-server security sec-profile cert40         Profile: (Not Configured)         tive LUs keylen encryptorder       Mechanism         0       40       RC4 RC2 RC5 DES 3DES       SSL		
	virtual channel         sec-profile profilename         listen-point ipaddress         tcp-port number         The default tcp-port val         EXEC         Release         12.1(5)T         There is not a no form for         The following is sample with the optional Sec-pr         Router# show extended status:ENABLE Default         Name       Act         CERT40		

The following is sample output from the **show extended channel tn3270-server security** command with the optional **listen-point** keyword configured:

Router# show extended channel 3/2 tn3270-server security listen-point 172.18.5.188 status:ENABLE Default Profile: (Not Configured) IPaddress tcp-port Security-Profile active-sessions Type State 172.18.5.188 23 CERT40 0 Secure ACTIVE Active Sessions using Deleted Profile:0

Table 52 describes significant fields in the display.

Table 52 show extended channel tn3270-server security Field Descriptions

Field	Description
status ENABLE/DISABLE	Status of TN3270 server security. Enable or Disable.
Default Profile ( <i>Not</i> configured)	Shows if a default profile is configured. (Not Configured) or (Configured).
Name	Name of the security profile as specified in the <b>profile</b> command.
Active LUs number	Number of active LUs.
keylen bits	Maximum encryption key length in bits.
encryptorder	Order of encryption algorithms. Choices are DES, 3DES, RC4, RC2 or RC5.
Mechanism	Type of security protocol being used. Choices are SSL or none.
Servercert	Location of the TN3270 server's security certificate status in the Flash memory.
Certificate Loaded	Security certificate is loaded. YES or NO.
Default-Profile	Default profile is configured. YES or NO.
IPaddress	IP address that the clients should use as the host IP address to map to LU sessions under this PU and listen point.
tcp-port	Port number used for the listen operation. The default value is 23.
Security-Profile	Name of the security profile as specified in the <b>profile</b> command.
active-sessions	Number of active sessions.
Туре	Type of connection.
State	State of the listen point.
Active Sessions using Deleted Profile:	Number of sessions using a security profile that has been deleted.

#### Related Commands

Command	Description
sec-profile	Specifies the security profile to be associated with a listen point.
listen-point	Defines an IP address for the TN3270 server.

#### shutdown (TN3270)

To shut down TN3270 entities, such as PU, DLUR, and DLUR SAP, use the **shutdown** command in one of the TN3270 server command modes. The **shutdown** TN3270 command shuts down the TN3270 entities according to which configuration mode you are in when the command is issued. To restart the interface or entity, use the **no** form of this command.

shutdown

no shutdown

Syntax Description	This command	has no arguments	or keywords.
--------------------	--------------	------------------	--------------

**Defaults** The interface or entity is enabled.

Command ModesTN3270 server configurationPU configurationDLUR configurationDLUR PU configurationDLUR SAP configurationListen-point configurationListen-point PU configuration

Command History	Release	Modification
	10.2	This command was introduced.
	11.2	Support for the following configuration modes was added:
		• TN3270
		• PU
		• DLUR
		DLUR SAP
	11.2(18)BC	Support for the following configuration modes was added:
		• Listen-point
		Listen-point PU
	12.0(5)T	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.0 T.

ſ

Usage Guidelines	In TN3270 server configuration mode, the command shuts down the entire TN3270 server function.			
	In PU configuration mode, the command shuts down an individual PU entity within the TN3270 server.			
	In DLUR configuration mode, the command shuts down the whole DLUR subsystem within the TN3270 server.			
	In DLUR PU configuration mode, the command shuts down an individual PU within the SNA session switch configuration in the TN3270 server.			
	In DLUR SAP configuration mode, the command shuts down the local SAP and its associated links within the SNA session switch configuration.			
Examples	The following example issued in TN3270 server configuration mode shuts down the entire TN3270 server:			
	shutdown			

### tcp-port

To override the default TCP port setting of 23, use the **tcp-port** TN3270 server configuration command. To restore the default, use the **no** form of this command.

tcp-port port-number

no tcp-port

Syntax Description		valid TCP port number in the range of 0 to 65534. The default is 23, which is e IETF standard. The value 65535 is reserved by the TN3270 server.
Defaults		guration mode, the default is 23. de the default is the value currently configured in TN3270 server configuration
	mode.	
Command Modes	TN3270 server configur TN3270 server.	ration—The <b>tcp-port</b> command at this level applies to all PUs supported by the
	DLUR PU configuration configuration	—The <b>tcp-port</b> command at this level applies to all PUs defined under DLUR
	PU configuration—The	<b>tcp-port</b> command at this level applies only to the specified PU.
Command History	Release	Modification
	11.2	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	TN3270 server configur to all PUs for that TN32 The <b>tcp-port</b> command	is valid only on the virtual channel interface, and it can be entered in either ation mode or PU configuration mode. A value entered in TN3270 mode applies 270 server, except as overridden by values entered in PU configuration mode. affects only future TN3270 sessions. and entered in PU configuration mode removes the override.
		and entered in 1 o configuration mode removes the override.
Examples	The following example on tcp-port	entered in TN3270 server configuration mode returns the TCP port value to 23:
<b>Related Commands</b>	Command	Description
	pu (listen-point)	Creates a PU entity that has a direct link to a host and enters listen-point PU configuration mode.
	pu dlur (listen-point)	Creates a PU entity that has no direct link to a host and enters listen-point PU configuration mode.

### timing-mark

ſ

To select whether a WILL TIMING-MARK is transmitted when the host application needs an SNA response (definite or pacing response), use the **timing-mark** TN3270 server configuration command. To turn off WILL TIMING-MARK transmission except as used by the keepalive function, use the **no** form of this command.

timing-mark

no timing-mark

Syntax Description	This command has n	o arguments or keywords.
Defaults	No WILL TIMING-	MARKS are sent except by keepalive.
Command Modes	TN3270 server confi	guration
Command History	Release	Modification
-	11.2	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	necessary to achieve either of the followin	
	• The host applica	ation has requested a pacing response.
		tion has requested a Definite Response, and either the client is not using TN3270E, not Begin Chain.
	timing-mark comm	<b>g-mark</b> command can degrade performance. Some clients do not support the and used in this way. Therefore, the <b>timing-mark</b> command should be configured be following conditions are true:
	• All clients suppo	ort this usage.
	• The application	benefits from end-to-end acknowledgment.
Examples	The following examptiming-mark	ple enables the sending of the TIMING-MARK:

Related Commands	Command	Description
	idle-time	Specifies how many seconds of LU inactivity, from both host and client, before the TN3270 session is disconnected.
	keepalive (TN3270)	Specifies how many seconds of inactivity elapse before transmission of a DO TIMING-MARK or Telnet no operation (nop) to the TN3270 client.

#### tn3270-server

To start the TN3270 server on a CMCC adapter or to enter TN3270 server configuration mode, use the **tn3270-server** interface configuration command. To remove the existing TN3270 server configuration, use the **no** form of this command.

#### tn3270-server

no tn3270-server

Syntax Description	This command has no arguments or keywords.
--------------------	--

Defaults No TN3270 server function is enabled.

**Command Modes** Interface configuration

Command History	Release	Modification
	11.2	This command was introduced.

**Usage Guidelines** The **tn3270-server** command is valid only on the virtual channel interface. Only one TN3270 server can run on a CMCC adapter. It will always be configured on a virtual channel interface.

The **no tn3270-server** command shuts down TN3270 server immediately. All active sessions will be disconnected and all DLUR and PU definitions deleted from the router configuration. To restart a TN3270 server, you must reconfigure all parameters.

**Examples** The following example starts the TN3270 server and enters TN3270 server configuration mode: tn3270-server

B2R-438

1

## unbind-action

To select what action to take when the TN3270 server receives an UNBIND request, use the **unbind-action** TN3270 server configuration command. To restore the default, use the **no** form of this command.

unbind-action {keep | disconnect}

Cisco IOS Bridging and IBM Networking Command Reference, Volume 2 of 2

no unbind-action

-	keep	No automatic disconnect will be made by the server on receipt of an UNBIND.	
	disconnect	Session will be disconnected upon receipt of an UNBIND.	
Defaults	In TN3270 serve	r configuration mode, the default is disconnect.	
	In PU configurat mode.	ion mode the default is the value currently configured in TN3270 server configuration	
Command Modes	TN3270 server c by the TN3270 s	onfiguration—The <b>unbind-action</b> command at this level applies to all PUs supported erver.	
	Listen-point con listen point.	figuration—The <b>unbind-action</b> command at this level applies to all PUs defined at the	
	Listen-point PU configuration—The <b>unbind-action</b> command at this level applies only to the specified PU.		
	DLUR PU configuration—The <b>unbind-action</b> command at this level applies to all PUs defined under DLUR configuration mode.		
	PU configuration	—The <b>unbind-action</b> command at this level applies only to the specified PU.	
Command History	Release	Modification	
Command History	Release	Modification This command was introduced.	
Command History	11.2 The <b>unbind-acti</b> entered in either TN3270 mode ap		
	The <b>unbind-acti</b> entered in either TN3270 mode ap configuration mo	This command was introduced. <b>on</b> command is valid only on the virtual channel interface. This command can be TN3270 server configuration mode or PU configuration mode. A value entered in oplies to all PUs for that TN3270 server, except as overridden by values entered in PU ode. The <b>unbind-action</b> command affects currently active and future TN3270 sessions.	
	11.2 The <b>unbind-acti</b> entered in either TN3270 mode ap configuration mo	This command was introduced. <b>On</b> command is valid only on the virtual channel interface. This command can be TN3270 server configuration mode or PU configuration mode. A value entered in oplies to all PUs for that TN3270 server, except as overridden by values entered in PU	

#### vrn

ſ

vrn

	CMCC adapter	session switch the connection network to which the internal adapter interface on the belongs, use the <b>vrn</b> DLUR SAP configuration command. To remove a network name, of this command.
	vrn vrn-nai	me
	no vrn	
Syntax Description	vrn-name	Fully qualified name of the connection network.
Defaults	The adapter is n	not considered to be part of a connection network.
Command Modes	DLUR SAP con	ifiguration
Command History	Release	Modification
,	11.2	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	The <b>vrn</b> comma	and is valid only on the virtual channel interface. This command is used to discover
3		having to configure all possible links.
	MAC level, that without requirir transparent) is a	etwork is also known as a shared-access transport facility (SATF). This means, at the t all nodes in the network can reach each other using the same addressing scheme and ng the services of SNA session routing. A bridged LAN (whether source-route or an example. Such a network is represented in the APPN topology as a kind of node, l routing node (VRN).
	To make use of	this function, all APPN nodes must use the same VRN name for the SATF.
		AM operating system documentation for your host system for additional information TAM VNGROUP and VNNAME parameters on the PORT statement of an XCA major
	APPN architect separated by a p characters "#" ( string is from or	ters in the DLUR configuration mode consist of fully qualified names, as defined by the ure. Fully qualified names consist of two case-insensitive alphanumeric strings, period. However, for compatibility with existing APPN products, including VTAM, the pound), "@" (at), and "\$" (dollar) are allowed in the fully qualified name strings. Each ne to 8 characters long; for example, RA12.NODM1PP. The portion of the name before e NET ID and is shared between entities in the same logical network.
Examples	The following e	example sets a VRN name:
	vrn SYD.BLAN25	5

#### **Related Commands**

Command	Description	
client pool	Nails clients to pools.	
adapter	Configures internal adapters.	
lan	Configures an internal LAN on a CMCC adapter interface and enters the internal LAN configuration mode.	
lsap	Creates a SAP in the SNA session switch and enters DLUR SAP configuration mode.	