

show parameter-map type consent through show users

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show port-security

To display information about the port-security setting in EXEC command mode, use the **show port-security** command.

show port-security [interface interface interface-number]
show port-security [interface interface interface-number] {address| vlan}

Syntax Description

interface interface	(Optional) Specifies the interface type; possible valid values are ethernet , fastethernet , gigabitethernet , and longreachethernet .
interface-number	Interface number. Valid values are 1 to 6.
address	Displays all the secure MAC addresses that are configured on all the switch interfaces or on a specified interface with aging information for each address.
vlan	Virtual LAN.

Command Default

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

EXEC

Command History

Release	Modification
12.2(14)SX	Support for this command was introduced on the Supervisor Engine 720.
12.2(17d)SXB	Support for this command on the Supervisor Engine 2 was extended to Release 12.2(17d)SXB.
12.2(18)SXE	The address keyword was added to display the maximum number of MAC addresses configured per VLAN on a trunk port on the Supervisor Engine 720 only.
12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS release 12.(33)SRA.

Usage Guidelines

The vlan keyword is supported on trunk ports only and displays per-Vlan maximums set on a trunk port.

The *interface-number* argument designates the module and port number. Valid values for *interface-number* depend on the specified interface type and the chassis and module that are used. For example, if you specify a Gigabit Ethernet interface and have a 48-port 10/100BASE-T Ethernet module that is installed in a 13-slot chassis, valid values for the module number are from 1 to 13 and valid values for the port number are from 1 to 48.

Examples

This example shows the output from the **show port-security** command when you do not enter any options:

Router# show Secure Port Action	port-security MaxSecureAddr	CurrentAddr	SecurityViolation	Security
	(Count)	(Count)	(Count)	
Fa5/1	11	11	0	Shutdown
Fa5/5	15	5	0	Restrict
Fa5/11	5	4	0	Protect

Total Addresses in System: 21 Max Addresses limit in System: 128 Router#

This example shows how to display port-security information for a specified interface:

```
Router# show port-security interface fastethernet 5/1
Port Security: Enabled
Port status: SecureUp
Violation mode: Shutdown
Maximum MAC Addresses: 11
Total MAC Addresses: 11
Configured MAC Addresses: 3
Aging time: 20 mins
Aging type: Inactivity
SecureStatic address aging: Enabled
Security Violation count: 0
Pouter#
```

This example show how to display all the secure MAC addresses that are configured on all the switch interfaces or on a specified interface with aging information for each address:

```
Router# show port-security address
Default maximum: 10
VLAN Maximum Current
1 5 3
2 4 4 4
3 6 4
Router#
```

Command	Description
	Deletes configured secure MAC addresses and sticky MAC addresses from the MAC address table.

show privilege

To display your current level of privilege, use the **show privilege** command in EXEC mode.

show privilege

Syntax Description

This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Modes

EXEC

Command History

Release	Modification
10.3	This command was introduced.
12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS release 12.(33)SRA.
12.2SX	This command is supported in the Cisco IOS Release 12.2SX train. Support in a specific 12.2SX release of this train depends on your feature set, platform, and platform hardware.

Examples

The following example shows sample output from the **show privilege** command. The current privilege level is 15.

Router# show privilege

Current privilege level is 15

Command	Description
enable password	Sets a local password to control access to various privilege levels.
enable secret	Specifies an additional layer of security over the enable password command.

show radius statistics

To display the RADIUS statistics for accounting and authentication packets, use the show radius statistics command in user EXEC or privileged EXEC mode.

show radius statistics

Syntax Description

This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Modes

User EXEC (>) Privileged EXEC (#)

Command History

Release	Modification
12.1(3)T	This command was introduced.
12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.(33)SRA.
12.2SX	This command is supported in the Cisco IOS Release 12.2SX train. Support in a specific 12.2SX release of this train depends on your feature set, platform, and platform hardware.
15.1(1)S	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 15.1(1)S. Support for the CISCO-RADIUS-EXT-MIB was added.
15.1(4)M	This command was modified. Support for the CISCO-RADIUS-EXT-MIB was added.

Examples

The following is sample output from the **show radius statistics** command:

Router#	show	radius	statistics

Router# show radius statistics			
	Auth.	Acct.	Both
Maximum inQ length:	NA	NA	1
Maximum waitQ length:	NA	NA	2
Maximum doneQ length:	NA	NA	1
Total responses seen:	33	67	100
Packets with responses:	33	67	100
Packets without responses:	0	0	0
Access Rejects :	0		
Average response delay(ms) :	1331	124	523
Maximum response delay(ms):	5720	4800	5720
Number of Radius timeouts:	8	2	10
Duplicate ID detects:	0	0	0
Buffer Allocation Failures:	0	0	0
Maximum Buffer Size (bytes):	156	327	327
Malformed Responses :	0	0	0
Bad Authenticators :	0	0	0
Source Port Range: (2 ports on	ly)		
1645 - 1646			
Last used Source Port/Identifi	er:		
1645/33			
1646/69			

The table below describes significant fields shown in the display.

Table 1: show radius statistics Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Auth.	Statistics for authentication packets.
Acct.	Statistics for accounting packets.
Both	Combined statistics for authentication and accounting packets.
Maximum inQ length	Maximum number of entries allowed in the queue that holds the RADIUS messages not yet sent.
Maximum waitQ length	Maximum number of entries allowed in the queue that holds the RADIUS messages that have been sent and are waiting for a response.
Maximum doneQ length	Maximum number of entries allowed in the queue that holds the messages that have received a response and will be forwarded to the code that is waiting for the messages.
Total responses seen	Number of RADIUS responses seen from the server. In addition to the expected packets, the number includes repeated packets and packets that do not have a matching message in the waitQ.
Packets with responses	Number of packets that received a response from the RADIUS server.
Packets without responses	Number of packets that never received a response from any RADIUS server.
Access Rejects	Number of times access requests have been rejected by a RADIUS server.
Average response delay	Average time, in milliseconds (ms), from when the packet was first transmitted to when it received a response. If the response timed out and the packet was sent again, this value includes the timeout. If the packet never received a response, this value is not included in the average.
Maximum response delay	Maximum delay, in ms, observed while gathering the average response delay information.
Number of RADIUS timeouts	Number of times a server did not respond and the RADIUS server re-sent the packet.

Field	Description
Duplicate ID detects	RADIUS has a maximum of 255 unique IDs. In some instances, there can be more than 255 outstanding packets. When a packet is received, the doneQ is searched from the oldest entry to the youngest. If the IDs are the same, further techniques are used to see if this response matches this entry. If this response does not match, the duplicate ID detect counter is increased.
Buffer Allocation Failures	Number of times the buffer failed to get allocated.
Maximum Buffer Size (bytes)	Displays the maximum size of the buffer.
Malformed Responses	Number of corrupted responses, mostly due to bad authenticators.
Bad Authenticators	Number of authentication failures due to shared secret mismatches.
Source Port Range: (2 ports only)	Displays the port numbers.
Last used Source Port/Identifier	Ports that were last used by the RADIUS server for authentication.

The fields in the output are mapped to Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) objects in the CISCO-RADIUS-EXT-MIB and are used in SNMP reporting. The first line of the report is mapped to the CISCO-RADIUS-EXT-MIB as follows:

- Maximum inQ length maps to creClientTotalMaxInQLength
- Maximum waitQ length maps to creClientTotalMaxWaitQLength
- Maximum doneQ length maps to creClientTotalMaxDoneQLength

The field "Both" in the output can be derived from the authentication and accounting MIB objects. The calculation formula for each field, as displayed in the output, is given in the table below.

Table 2: Calculation Formula for the Both field in show radius statistics Command Output

show radius statistics Command Output Data	Calculation Formula for the Both Field
Maximum inQ length	creClientTotalMaxInQLength
Maximum waitQ length	creClientTotalWaitQLength
Maximum doneQ length	creClientDoneQLength
Total responses seen	creAuthClientTotalResponses + creAcctClientTotalResponses

show radius statistics Command Output Data	Calculation Formula for the Both Field
Packets with responses	creAuthClientTotalPacketsWithResponses + creAcctClientTotalPacketsWithResponses
Packets without responses	creAuthClientTotalPacketsWithoutResponses + creAcctClientTotalPacketsWithoutResponses
Access Rejects	creClientTotalAccessRejects
Average response delay	creClientAverageResponseDelay
Maximum response delay	MAX(creAuthClientMaxResponseDelay, creAcctClientMaxResponseDelay)
Number of RADIUS timeouts	creAuthClientTimeouts + creAcctClientTimeouts
Duplicate ID detects	creAuthClientDupIDs + creAcctClientDupIDs
Buffer Allocation Failures	creAuthClientBufferAllocFailures + creAcctClientBufferAllocFailures
Maximum Buffer Size (bytes)	MAX(creAuthClientMaxBufferSize, creAcctClientMaxBufferSize)
Malformed Responses	creAuthClientMalformedResponses + creAcctClientMalformedResponses
Bad Authenticators	creAuthClientBadAuthenticators + creAcctClientBadAuthenticators

Mapping the following set of objects listed in the CISCO-RADIUS-EXT-MIB map to fields displayed by the **show radius statistics**command is straightforward. For example, the creClientLastUsedSourcePort field corresponds to the Last used Source Port/Identifier portion of the report, creAuthClientBufferAllocFailures corresponds to the Buffer Allocation Failures for authentication packets, creAcctClientBufferAllocFailure corresponds to the Buffer Allocation Failures for accounting packets, and so on.

- creClientTotalMaxInQLength
- creClientTotalMaxWaitQLength
- creClientTotalMaxDoneQLength
- creClientTotalAccessRejects
- creClientTotalAverageResponseDelay
- creClientSourcePortRangeStart
- creClientSourcePortRangeEnd
- creClientLastUsedSourcePort
- creClientLastUsedSourceId

- creAuthClientBadAuthenticators
- creAuthClientUnknownResponses
- creAuthClientTotalPacketsWithResponses
- creAuthClientBufferAllocFailures
- creAuthClientTotalResponses
- creAuthClientTotalPacketsWithoutResponses
- creAuthClientAverageResponseDelay
- creAuthClientMaxResponseDelay
- creAuthClientMaxBufferSize
- creAuthClientTimeouts
- creAuthClientDupIDs
- creAuthClientMalformedResponses
- creAuthClientLastUsedSourceId
- creAcctClientBadAuthenticators
- creAcctClientUnknownResponses
- creAcctClientTotalPacketsWithResponses
- creAcctClientBufferAllocFailures
- creAcctClientTotalResponses
- creAcctClientTotalPacketsWithoutResponses
- creAcctClientAverageResponseDelay
- creAcctClientMaxResponseDelay
- creAcctClientMaxBufferSize
- creAcctClientTimeouts
- creAcctClientDupIDs
- creAcctClientMalformedResponses
- creAcctClientLastUsedSourceId

To locate and download MIBs for selected platforms, Cisco IOS releases, and feature sets, use Cisco MIB Locator found at the following URL: http://www.cisco.com/go/mibs .

Command	Description
radius-server host	Specifies a RADIUS server host.

Command	Description
radius-server retransmit	Specifies how many times the Cisco IOS software searches the list of RADIUS server hosts before giving up.
radius-server timeout	Sets the interval for which a router waits for a server host to reply.

show ssh

To display the status of Secure Shell (SSH) server connections on the router, use the **show ssh** command in user EXEC or privileged EXEC mode.

show ssh vty [ssh-number]

Syntax Description

vty	Displays virtual terminal line (VTY) connection details.
ssh-number	(Optional) The number of SSH server connections on the router. Range is from 0 to 1510. The default value is 0.

Command Modes

User Exec (>) Privileged EXEC (#)

Command History

Release	Modification
12.1(15)T	This command was introduced.
12.2(33)SRA	This command was modified. It was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.
12.2(33)SXI	This command was modified. It was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXI.
Cisco IOS XE Release 2.1	This command was modified. It was integrated into Cisco IOS XE Release 2.1.

Usage Guidelines

Use the **show ssh** command to display the status of the SSH connections on your router. This command does not display any SSH configuration data. Use the **show ip ssh** command for SSH configuration information such as timeouts and retries.

Examples

The following is sample output from the **show ssh** command with SSH enabled:

Router# show ssh

Connection Version Encryption State Username 0 1.5 3DES Session Started guest

The table below describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 3: show ssh Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Connection	Number of SSH connections on the router.
Version	Version number of the SSH terminal.
Encryption	Type of transport encryption.
State	The status of SSH connection to indicate if the session has started or stopped.
Username	Uesrname to log in to the SSH.

Command	Description
show ip ssh	Displays version and configuration data for SSH.