

# show pxf accounting through test cef table consistency

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### show pxf accounting

To show Parallel eXpress Forwarding (PXF) switching statistics for individual interfaces, use the **show pxf accounting** command in user EXEC or privileged EXEC mode.

**show pxf accounting** *interface* [*slot/port*]

#### **Syntax Description**

interface	Specifies the type of interface to display.
slot /	(Optional) Backplane slot number. On the Cisco 7200 VXR series routers, the value can be from 0 to 6.
port	(Optional) Port number of the interface. On the Cisco 7200 VXR series routers, the value can be from 0 to 5.

#### **Command Modes**

User EXEC (>) Privileged EXEC (#)

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.1(1)E	This command was introduced.
12.1(5)T	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.1(5)T.'
12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.
12.2SX	This command is supported in the Cisco IOS Release 12.2SX train. Support in a specific 12.2SX release of this train depends on your feature set, platform, and platform hardware.

#### **Usage Guidelines**

You can display information about the interface types shown in the table below using the **show pxf accounting** command:

Table 1: show pxf accounting Interface Types

Keyword	Interface Type
atm	ATM interface
ethernet	Ethernet interface
fastethernet	FastEthernet interface

Keyword	Interface Type
hssi	High Speed Serial interface
null	Null interface
pos	Packet-over-SONET interface
serial	Synchronous serial interface
summary	PXF summary statistics

#### **Examples**

The following is sample output from the **show pxf accounting ?command**:

```
Router# show pxf accounting ?
  ATM
               ATM interface
  Ethernet
                IEEE 802.3
  FastEthernet FastEthernet IEEE 802.3
                High Speed Serial Interface
  Hssi
  N1111
                Null interface
  POS
                Packet over Sonet
  Serial
                Serial
  summary
               PXF summary statistics
```

The following is sample output from the **show pxf accounting ethernet** command with an Ethernet interface in slot 4 on a Cisco 7200 VXR series router:

```
Router# show pxf accounting ethernet 4/0
Interface Pkts In Chars In Pkts Out Chars Out Punted Dropped
Ethernet4/0 0 0 122 11490 4 0
```

The following is sample output from the **show pxf accounting null** command with a null interface in slot 0 on a Cisco 7200 VXR series router:

```
Router# show pxf accounting null 0/0
Interface Pkts In Chars In Pkts Out Chars Out Punted Dropped nu0/0 0 0 0 0 4932 0
```

The following is sample output from the **show pxf accounting pos** command with a Packet-over-SONET interface in slot 4 on a Cisco 7200 VXR series router:

```
Router# show pxf accounting pos
Interface Pkts In Chars In Pkts Out Chars Out Punted Dropped
POS4/0 19 1064 0 0 44 0
```

The following is sample output from the **show pxf accounting serial** command with a serial interface in slot 5 on a Cisco 7200 VXR series router:

```
Router# show pxf accounting serial 5/0
Interface Pkts In Chars In Pkts Out Chars Out Punted Dropped Serial5/0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
The following is sample output from the show pxf accounting summary command:
```

Router# show pxf accounting summary

Pkts Dropped RP Processed Ignored
Total 0 48360 0

PXF Statistic:
Packets RP -> PXF:

switch ip: 0
switch raw: 30048360

<pre>qos fastsend:    qos enqueue: Total: Packets PXF -&gt; RI</pre>	193 3005029					
qos pkts:	193	8				
fast pkts:	3000000	0				
drops:total		0				
punts:total	4836					
" not II	•		1572			
	o adjacency :		788			
Total:	3005029	8				
Packets ignored:		0		space:		
shadow ring t		0		hadow ring:	1	6384
in ring full:		0	iı	nring:		968
PXF inactive:		0				
tx_credits:	1623033	- 1		ed credits:		0
holdq enqueues:		0	-	ue drops:		0
interrupts:	4053		inter	rupt misses:		1947
interrupt packets						
pending read byte		0 _	_,			
Interface		rs In		Chars Out	Punted	Dropped
Fa0/0	0	0		1740000000	970	0
Et1/0	0	0	0	0	21309	0
Et1/1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Et1/2	0	0	0	0	0	0
Et1/3	0	0	0	0	0	0
Se2/0 Se2/1	0	0	0	0	963	0
Se2/1 Se2/2	0	0	0	0	0	0
Se2/2 Se2/3	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fa3/0	0	0	0	0	963	0
PO4/0	30000000 14400	0	0	0	963	0
AT5/0	0	0	0	0	23192	0
Vi1	U	U	U			
	Ω	Λ	0	Λ	<u> </u>	Λ
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Vii Vt1 Vi2	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0

Command	Description
show pxf crash	Displays PXF crash information.
show pxf feature	Displays the PXF routing feature tables for enabled PXF features.
show pxf interface	Displays a summary of the interfaces in the router and the PXF features or capabilities enabled on these interfaces.

### show pxf cpu access-lists

To display Parallel eXpress Forwarding (PXF) memory information for access control lists (ACLs), use the **show pxf cpu access-lists** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show pxf cpu access-lists [security| qos| pbr| compiled]

#### Cisco 10000 Series Router

show pxf cpu access-lists [security [[tcam acl-name [detail]]] flex-sum | children]| qos | pbr | compiled]

#### **Syntax Description**

security	(Optional) Displays information about the security ACLs defined in Cisco IOS and compiled to the PXF. Also displays information about split ACLs, such as how much memory has been used.
tcam acl-name	(Optional) Displays information about the specified security ACL stored in ternary content addressable memory (TCAM).
	This option is only available on the PRE3 for the Cisco 10000 series router.
detail	(Optional) Displays decoded information about the packet fields used for matching in the TCAM.
flex-sum	(Optional) Displays summary information describing the amount of memory allocated in the parallel express forwarding (PXF) engine for use by the flexible key construction microcode. This information is useful for design teams.
	This option is only available on the PRE3 for the Cisco 10000 series router.
children	(Optional) Displays information for child policies. If an ACL is a template child, the output typically does not display the child information. Specifying the <b>children</b> keyword displays data for child policies, too, and shows the children and the parent policy of each child.
	Use caution when using the <b>children</b> keyword as there might be thousands of child policies configured, which could have negative effects on the command output.
qos	(Optional) Displays information about the QoS ACLs defined in Cisco IOS and compiled to the PXF.

pbr	(Optional) Displays information about ACLs for policy-based routing (PBR).
compiled	(Optional) Displays information for all compiled Turbo-ACLs.
	The PRE2 supports Turbo-ACLs and the <b>compiled</b> option. The PRE3 accepts the PRE2 <b>compiled</b> option, but does not implement Turbo-ACLs.

#### **Command Modes**

Privileged EXEC (#)

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.2S	This command was introduced.
12.3(7)XI1	This command was introduced on the PRE2 for the Cisco 10000 series router.
12.2(31)SB2	This command was introduced on the PRE3 for the Cisco 10000 series router.

#### **Usage Guidelines**

#### Cisco 10000 Series Router (PRE2)

Because memory is shared between TurboACLs and MiniACLs, they can interfere with each other's capacities. The Mini-ACL is automatically set up with space for 8191 Mini-ACLs at router start. If more than 8191 Mini-ACLs are created, another block of MiniACLs (4096) is allocated. This process is repeated as necessary until the router is out of External Column Memory (XCM) in any one bank that the Mini-ACLs need.

#### Cisco 10000 Series router (PRE3)

The PRE3 implements only TCAM ACLs. Turbo-ACLs and Mini-ACLs are not supported.

#### **Examples**

The sample output from the **show pxf cpu access-lists security** command (see Sample Output) is based on the configuration of the access control list (ACL) called test\_list (see ACL Configuration). The sample output is divided into several sections with a description of the type of information displayed in each.

#### **ACL Configuration**

```
Router# show pxf cpu access-lists test_list
Extended IP access list test_list (Compiled)
10 permit ip any host 10.1.1.1
20 permit ip any host 10.1.1.2
30 permit ip any host 10.1.1.3
40 permit ip any host 10.1.1.4
50 permit ip any host 10.1.1.5
60 permit ip any host 10.1.1.6
70 permit ip any host 10.1.1.7
80 permit ip any host 10.1.1.8
90 permit ip any host 10.1.1.9
```

```
100 permit ip any host 10.1.1.11 110 permit ip any host 10.1.1.12
```

#### **Sample Output**

The following sample output describes the information displayed in the first section of the command output from the **show pxf cpu access-lists security** command:

## Router# show pxf cpu access-lists security PXF Security ACL statistics: ACL State Tables Entries Config Fragment Redundant Memory ACL\_index 1 Operational 1 - - - OKb 1

1	Operational	1	-	_	-	-	0Kb	1	_
sl def acl	Operational	2	-	-	-	-	0Kb	2	
test	Operational	3	_	_	_	_	0Kb	3	
test list	Operational	1	12	11	0	0	7Kb	1	

The table below describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 2: show pxf cpu access-lists security Field Descriptions

Field	Description
ACL	Identifies the ACL by name or number.
State	Displays the current state of the ACL:
	<ul> <li>CopyingACL is in the process of being created or compiled.</li> </ul>
	• OperationalACL is active and filtering packets.
	<ul> <li>Out of acl private memACL has run out of the private memory that was allocated exclusively to it.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Out of shared memACL has run out of the memory that it shares with other ACLs.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Unknown FailureACL has failed because of an uncategorized reason.</li> </ul>
	UnneededACL was allocated but is not currently in use.
Tables	An indicator of whether the ACL has been split into more than one PXF pass. The first three ACLs in the output are MiniACLs, and have the ACL_index duplicated in the Tables column.
Entries	The count of ACL rules as seen by the Turbo compiler. This is the sum of the Config, Fragment, and Redundant columns plus 1.
Config	The count of rules for this ACL.
Fragment	The count of extra rules added to handle fragment handling, where Layer 4 information is needed but not available in a packet fragment.

Field	Description
Redundant	The count of rules that are not needed because they are covered by earlier rules.
Memory	The amount of PXF XCM in use for the ACL.
ACL_index	The index of the ACL in XCM.

The following sample output describes the information displayed in the next section of the command output from the **show pxf cpu access-lists security** command:

First	level lookup tables:			
Block	Use	Rows	Columns	Memory used
0	TOS/Protocol	1/128	1/32	16384
1	IP Source (MS)	1/128	1/32	16384
2	IP Source (LS)	1/128	1/32	16384
3	IP Dest (MS)	2/128	1/32	16384
4	IP Dest (LS)	12/128	1/32	16384
5	TCP/UDP Src Port	1/128	1/32	16384
6	TCP/UDP Dest Port	1/128	1/32	16384
7	TCP Flags/Fragment	1/128	1/32	16384

The table below describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 3: show pxf cpu access-lists security Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Block	Indicates the block number.
Use	Describes the IP packet field that is being matched.
Rows	An indication of where the largest variety of values are in use in the ACLs that are being applied. In the output, 12/128 means that there are 12 different values of significance in the field. If there are other rules added and the value exceeds 128, more memory will be needed to accommodate the new rules.
Columns	An indication of the number of TurboACLs in PXF memory. In the output, 1/32 means there is only one TurboACL in PXF memory. If there are more than 31 added, another chunk of memory is needed to accommodate the new ACLs.
Memory used	Displays the total amount of memory used for this particular lookup table.

The following sample output describes the information displayed in the next section of the command output from the **show pxf cpu access-lists security** command. There are 16 banks of XCM in each PXF column. This output section shows the usage level of each bank.

Banknum	Heapsize	Freesize	%Free
0	4718592	4702208	99
1	8126464	6012928	73
2	8388608	6290432	74
3	8388608	6290432	74
4	5898240	5881856	99
5	8126464	6012928	73
6	8388608	6290432	74
7	8126464	6012928	73
8	4456448	4440064	99
9	8126464	6012928	73

The table below describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 4: show pxf cpu access-lists security Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Banknum	The block of memory used for this particular lookup table.
Heapsize	The total amount of memory, in bytes, allocated for this block.
Freesize	The amount of memory, in bytes, that is currently available for use by this block of memory.
%Free	The percentage of memory that is free and available for use for this block of memory. When the %Free drops to 0, the router cannot hold any more ACLs in PXF memory, and any new ACL will not pass traffic.

This section of the sample command output indicates the memory usage of the MiniACLs in the router. All of the rows state about the same thing. To determine the actual number of MiniACLs in play, divide the memory used in any of blocks 1 to 10 by 256, or blocks 11 to 14 by 16.

MiniA	.CL XCM Tables:		
Block	Use	Memory Used	%Free
0	IP Src 1	768	99
1	IP Src 2	768	99
2	IP Src 3	768	99
3	IP Src 4	768	99
4	IP Dest 1	768	99
5	IP Dest 2	768	99
6	IP Dest 3	768	99
7	IP Dest 4	768	99
8	ToS	768	99
9	Protocol	768	99
10	TCP Flags/Fragment	768	99
11	Source Port 1	48	99
12	Source Port 2	48	99
13	Destination Port 2	48	99
14	Destination Port 2	4.8	99

The following describes the information displayed in the last section of the sample output from the **show pxf cpu access-lists security** command:

```
Available MiniACL count = 8191
Usable ranges(inclusive):
1->8191
```

The table below describes the significant fields shown in the display.

#### Table 5: show pxf cpu access-lists security Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Available MiniACL	The number of ACLs currently available for allocation in XCM.
Usable ranges	The ACL indexes that will be assigned to MiniACLs.

#### PRE2 and PRE3 Security ACLs Examples (Cisco 10000 Series Router)

This section compares the output from the **show pxf cpu access-lists security** command when issued on the PRE2 and PRE3.

For the PRE2, the following sample output displays VMR (value, plus a mask and result) data for the ACL named ICMP IGMP MATCH:

#### Router# show pxf cpu access-lists security tcam ICMP\_IGMP\_MATCH detail

```
VMR Format - handle: 524607B4
Format has 5 fields, refcount = 1
Field: Format, FIXED, start bit = 69, end bit = 71
Field: ACL index, FIXED, start bit = 54, end bit = 68
Field: Flags, FIXED, start_bit = 43, end bit = 53
Field: L4 proto, FIXED CNV, start_bit = 16, end_bit = 23
Field: L4 source port, FIXED CNV, start_bit = 0, end_bit = 15 Total bits = 53, format = 72
GMR used: 5 Col 2 LKBP Vector: 544
VMRs
----- VMR 0 -----
V: 001B0000 0000010B 00
M: FFFFC000 0000FFFF FF
R: 00010001
Format: 00000000/00000007
ACL index: 0000006C/00007FFF
L4 source port: 00000B00/0000FFFF
L4 proto: 00000001/000000FF
V: 001B0000 00000103 01
M: FFFFC000 0000FFFF FF
R: 00010002
Format: 00000000/00000007
ACL index: 0000006C/00007FFF
L4 source port: 00000301/0000FFFF
L4 proto: 00000001/000000FF
Flags: 00000000/00000000
---- VMR 2 ----
V: 001B0000 00000213 00
M: FFFFC000 0000FFFF 00
R: 00010003
Format: 00000000/00000007
ACL index: 0000006C/00007FFF
L4 source port: 00001300/0000FF00
```

L4 proto: 00000002/000000FF
Flags: 00000000/0000000
----- VMR 3 ----V: 001B0000 00000214 00
M: FFFFC000 0000FFFF 00
R: 00010004
Format: 00000000/0000007
ACL index: 000006C/00007FFF
L4 source port: 00001400/0000FF00
L4 proto: 00000002/00000FF
Flags: 00000000/00000000

For the PRE3, the following sample output displays for the **show pxf cpu access-lists security** command. Notice that the output does not include the columns shown above that are relevant to only the PRE2 and the output no longer displays first-level lookup tables.

#### Router# show pxf cpu access-lists security

PXF Security ACL statistics:		
ACL	State	ACL index
STANDARD MATCH PERMIT	Operational	116
SRC IP MATCH144	Operational	102
DST IP MATCH	Operational	113
DST IP MATCH144	Operational	112
PROTOCOL MATCH	Operational	104
PROTOCOL MATCH144	Operational	103
FRAG MATCH	Operational	109
PRECEDENCE TOS MATCH	Operational	106
PRECEDENCE TOS MATCH144	Operational	105

Command	Description
show pxf cpu statistics	Displays PXF CPU statistics.
show pxf statistics	Displays a chassis-wide summary of PXF statistics.

### show pxf cpu atom

To display Parallel eXpress Forwarding (PXF) CPU Any Transport over MPLS (AToM) forwarding information for an interface or Virtually Cool Common Index (VCCI), use the **show pxf cpu atom**command in privileged EXEC mode.

**show pxf cpu atom** [interface-name| vcci]

#### **Syntax Description**

interface-name	(Optional) Name of the interface.
vcci	(Optional) VCCI entry identifier.

#### **Command Modes**

Privileged EXEC (#)

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.2(31)SB	This command was introduced on the Cisco 10000 series router.

#### **Examples**

The following example shows AToM forwarding information for Gigabit Ethernet interface 6/0/0. The fields shown in the display are self-explanatory.

Router#: show pxf cpu atom gigabitethernet 6/0/0 Imposition Information for VCCI 0x9E2:
Output VCCI: 0x0
Mac rewrite index: 0x0 extension: 0x0
Ingress Flags: 0x0
PTI Action Table: 0x0

Command	Description
show mpls 12transport vc	Displays information about AToM VCs that are enabled to route Layer 2 packets on a router.
show pxf cpu mpls	Displays PXF MPLS FIB entry information.
show pxf cpu subblocks	Displays subblocks information that includes column 0 of AToM.

### show pxf cpu bba

To display information on Parallel eXpress Forwarding (PXF) CPU Broadband Aggregation (BBA) groups, use the **show pxf cpu bba**command in privileged EXEC mode.

#### show pxf cpu bba

#### **Syntax Description**

This command has no arguments or keywords.

#### **Command Modes**

Privileged EXEC (#)

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.2S	This command was introduced.
12.2(31)SB2	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(31)SB2.

#### **Examples**

The following example shows BBA groups information in the PXF CPU:

```
Router# show pxf cpu bba
6w3d: show pxf bba
6w3d: show pxf bba
6w3d: %IPCOIR-4-REPEATMSG: IPC handle already exists for 1/0
6w3d: %IPCOIR-2-CARD_UP_DOWN: Card in slot 1/0 is down. Notifying 4oc3atm-1 dr.
6w3d: %C10K ALARM-6-INFO: ASSERT CRITICAL slot 1 Card Stopped Responding OIR Al
6w3d: %IPCOIR-5-CARD_DETECTED: Card type 4oc3atm-1 (0x2D8) in slot 1/0
6w3d: %IPCOIR-5-CARD_LOADING: Loading card in slot 1/0 sw version 1.1 code MD5 C
6w3d: %C10K-5-LC_NOTICE: Slot[1/0] 4oc3atm-1 Image Downloaded...Booting...
6w3d: %IPCOIR-5-CARD_DETECTED: Card type 4oc3atm-1 (0x2D8) in slot 1/0
6w3d: %C10K_ALARM-6-INFO: CLEAR CRITICAL slot 1 Card Stopped Responding OIR Ala
6w3d: %IPCOIR-2-CARD_UP_DOWN: Card in slot 1/0 is up. Notifying 4oc3atm-1 driv.
```

Command	Description
bba-group pppoe	Configures a BBA group to establish PPPoE sessions.

### show pxf cpu buffers

To display packet buffer memory for temporary packet storage in the Cisco Internetwork Performance Monitor (IPM) of the Parallel eXpress Forwarding (PXF), use the **show pxf cpu buffers** command in privileged EXEC mode.

#### show pxf cpu buffers

#### **Syntax Description**

This command has no arguments or keywords.

#### **Command Modes**

Privileged EXEC (#)

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.2S	This command was introduced on the Cisco 10000 series router.
12.2(31)SB	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(31)SB.

#### **Usage Guidelines**

This command provides information about the number of handles that are used and available. Handles are outstanding packets in the virtual time management system (VTMS).

#### **Examples**

The following example shows the number of handles that are used and available:

```
Router# show pxf cpu buffers
Cobalt2 ttc running.
Calculations could be off by (+/-) cache sizes.
         cache size
small
         512
large
         128
pool
         # handles
                      available
                      523808
small
           524288
            32768
                       32624
large
```

The table below describes the fields shown in the display.

#### Table 6: show pxf cpu buffers Field Descriptions

Field	Description
pool	Identifies the buffer pool.
# handles	The number of handles that are currently used.
available	The number of handles that are currently available.

Command Description		
clear pxf	Clears PXF counters and statistics.	
show pxf statistics	Displays chassis-wide, summary PXF statistics.	

### show pxf cpu cef

The **show pxf cpu cef**command is replaced by the **show ip cef platform** command on the Cisco 10000 series router. See the **show ip cef platform**command for more information.

### show pxf cpu context

To display the current and historical loads on the Parallel eXpress Forwarding (PXF), use the **show pxf cpu context** command in privileged EXEC mode.

#### show pxf cpu context

#### **Syntax Description**

This command has no arguments or keywords.

#### **Command Modes**

Privileged EXEC (#)

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.2S	This command was introduced on the Cisco 10000 series router.
12.3(7)XI1	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.3(7)XII.
12.2(31)SB	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(31)SB.

#### **Examples**

The **show pxf cpu context**command shows how busy the PXF forwarding process (FP) is with the current traffic load. The first section displays the number of contexts of each type that have entered the PXF engine since it was last reloaded. If counters are idle, the PXF pipeline is not operating properly.

#### Router# show pxf cpu context

FΡ	context statistics	count		rate (s	sino	ce last	time	e command	was	run)
	feed_back new_work_from_lc new_work_from_rp new_work_from_replay null_context	7474477 964679 0		1	5	-				
FP	average context/sec	1min	5m:	6312170 in		50min				
	feed_back new_work_from_lc new_work new_work_from_replay null_context	1 0	0 8 1 0 631	12261	- ( 2 - (	) 3 L ) 6312250	(	cps cps cps cps		
FP	Total context utilization 1							cps		
	Theoretical 0	% 0 8 % 9	8 4	용	0 98	이 이 이 이 이	•			

The table below describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 7: show pxf cpu context Field Descriptions

Field	Description
FP context statistics	
feed_back	Packets requiring additional passes through the pipeline. This counter is incremented once for each additional pass.
new_work	New packets input to the PXF pipeline. This counter represents a snapshot of the amount of incoming traffic being processed by the processor.
null_context	An indication of unused forwarding bandwidth (idle time). This counter is incremented for every context during which the PXF pipeline is not processing traffic. This counter represents the processor's potential to handle additional traffic. As the processor becomes more busy, the value for null decreases until it becomes zero, at which point the processor has reached its maximum usage.
FP average context/sec	
feed_back	Displays the rate, in terms of the number of contexts per second (cps) for the feed_back counter for the last 1-minute, 5-minute, and 60-minute time periods.
new_work	Displays the rate, in terms of the number of contexts per second (cps) for the new_work counter for the last 1-minute, 5-minute, and 60-minute time periods.
null_context	Displays the rate, in terms of the number of contexts per second (cps) for the null_counter for the last 1-minute, 5-minute, and 60-minute time periods.
FP context utilization	
Actual	Displays the actual percentage of processor usage per second, compared to the theoretical maximum, for the last 1-minute, 5-minute, and 60-minute time periods.
Theoretical	Displays the percentage of processor usage compared to the ideal theoretical capacities for the last 1-minute, 5-minute, and 60-minute time periods. The theoretical maximum for the PXF processors is 3,125,000 contexts per second (cps).

Field	Description
Maximum	Displays the actual maximum percentage of processor usage that has occurred for the last 1-minute, 5-minute, and 60-minute time periods.

Command	Description			
clear pxf	Clears PXF counters and statistics.			
show pxf statistics	Displays chassis-wide, summary PXF statistics.			

### show pxf cpu feedback

To display the total number of feedbacks through the Parallel eXpress Forwarding (PXF) by all packets, use the **show pxf cpu feedback** command in privileged EXEC mode.

#### show pxf cpu feedback

#### **Syntax Description**

This command has no arguments or keywords.

#### **Command Modes**

Privileged EXEC (#)

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.2S	This command was introduced on the Cisco 10000 series router.
12.2(31)SB	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(31)SB.

#### **Examples**

The following example shows feedback counters information:

```
Router# show pxf cpu feedback
```

```
Load for five secs: 5%/0%; one minute: 6%; five minutes: 2%
Time source is hardware calendar, *21:13:02.615 UTC Tue Nov 29 2005
FP column 0 feedback counts
Global packet handle retry counter = 0
```

obal packet handle ret. Name	ry counter = 0 Current	Difference (since last show	w)
	= 0	0	
schedule retry	= 0	0	
WRED sample	= 0	0	
WRED sample MLPPP linkq update	= 0	0	
IP frag	= 0	0	
IP frag ICMP	= 0	0	
layer2 divert		0	
tunnel lookup		0	
tunnel RX	= 0	0	
tunnel TX	= 0	0	
		0	
output qos tag not ip	= 0	0	
netflow accumulate	= 0	0	
netflow age netflow swap	= 0	0	
netflow swap	= 0	0	
netflow export	= 0	0	
PBR	= 0	0	
input secACL log	= 0	0	
input secACL split	= ()	0	
output secACL log output secACL split IPC response	= 0	0	
output secACL split	= 0	0	
IPC response	= 0	0	
IPC MLPPP flush	= 0	0	
input qos split	= 0	0	
output qos split	= 0	0	
MLPPP fwd packet	= 0	0	
MLPPP background	= 0	0	
MLPPP flush	= 0	0	
drop	= 0	0	

QPPB	= 0	0
mcast lookup	= 0	0
mcast replicate	= 0	0
mcast rpf failed	= 0	0
mcast bypass	= 0	0
PBR split	= 0	0
MLPPP lock retry	= 0	0
output secACL	= 0	0
qos divert split	= 0	0
qos inject split	= 0	0
secACL divert split	= 0	0
MLPPP frag	= 0	0
mpls deaggregation	= 0	0
tunnel in secACL log	= 0	0
tunnel out secACL log	= 0	0
no packet handle	= 0	0
PBR to FIB	= 0	0
MLPPP flush lock retry	= 0	0
MLPPP flush setup	= 0	0
MLPPP sync flush req	= 0	0
tail drop IP frag	= 0	0
RP inject	= 0	0
feedback retry	= 0	0
MLPPP discard feedback	= 0 = 0	0
MLPPP stats copy IPC	= 0	0
IPM replay	= 0	0
IPM replay drop IP reasm lock retry	= 0 = 0	0
IP reasm recover punt	= 0	0
IP reasm forward	= 0	0
IP reasm insertion	= 0	0
LAC switch	= 0	0
L2TP decap	= 0	Ō
IP reasm fb divert gos	= 0	0
keepalive	= 0	0
drop stats redirect	= 0	0
AToM multiplexed	= 0	0
LFI reassembly	= 0	0
LFI remove entry	= 0	0
iEdge translation	= 0	0
iEdge divert	= 0	0
multiple input qos	= 0	0
multiple output qos	= 0	0
iEdge PBHK DS trans	= 0	0
LAC switch qos	= 0	0
WRED sample init	= 0	0
replay egress	= 0 = 0	0
IPV6 FIB ICMPV6	= 0	0
IPV6 ACL	= 0	0
IPV6 ACL IPV6 DIVERT ACL	= 0	0
Total	= 0	0
10041	Ü	J

Command	Description
show pxf cpu context	Displays the current and historical loads on the PXF.

### show pxf cpu iedge

To display Parallel eXpress Forwarding (PXF) policy and template information, use the **show pxf cpu iedge**command in privileged EXEC mode.

show pxf cpu iedge[ detail | policy policy-name| template]

#### **Syntax Description**

detail	(Optional) Displays detailed information about policies and templates.
policy policy-name	(Optional) Displays summary policy information.
template	(Optional) Displays summary template information.

#### **Command Modes**

Privileged EXEC (#)

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.28	This command was introduced.

#### **Examples**

The following example shows PXF template information. The fields shown in the display are self-explanatory.

```
Router# show pxf cpu iedge template
Super ACL name OrigCRC Class Count CalcCRC
1sacl_2 4EA94046 2 00000000
if info 71BA3F20
```

Command	Description
show pxf statistics	Displays a summary of PXF statistics.

### show pxf cpu ipv6

To display Parallel eXpress Forwarding (PXF) IPv6 statistics, use the **show pxf cpu ipv6** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show pxf cpu ipv6 [ipv6:address [prefix]] acl-prefixes | hash| summary]

#### Cisco 10000 Series Router

show pxf cpu ipv6 [acl-prefixes| address| hash| summary| table| vrf]

#### **Syntax Description**

ipv6: address [prefix]	(Optional) Specifies the IPv6 address and optional IPv6 prefix for the information you want to display.
acl-prefixes	(Optional) Displays access control list (ACL) prefixes mapping information.
address	(Optional) Displays PXF IPv6 address-specific information.
hash	(Optional) Displays hash table summary information.
summary	(Optional) Displays a summary of the PXF IPv6 statistics.
table	(Optional) Displays detailed information about the PXF IPv6 forwarding table.
vrf	(Optional) Displays PXF IPv6 VRF information.

#### **Command Modes**

Privileged EXEC (#)

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.2S	This command was introduced.
12.2(31)SB	This command was integrated in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(31)SB.
12.2(33)SB	This command was enhanced to provide the <b>address</b> , <b>table</b> , and <b>vrf</b> options, and implemented on the Cisco 10000 series router for the PRE3 and PRE4.

#### **Usage Guidelines**

Cisco 10000 Series Router

In Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SB, the **show pxf cpu ipv6 table** command displays the global table, but does not display the leafs that correspond to the IPv6 prefixes ::1/128 (Loopback) and ::/128 (All Zero). The microcode checks for these prefixes.

The **show pxf cpu ipv6 table** command replaces the **show pxf cpu ipv6** command in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(31)SB.

#### **Examples**

The following example shows the PXF IPv6 statistics:

```
Router# show pxf cpu ipv6
Mtrie Leaf Data: Prefix/Length
 Leaf prefix ::/0,ACL Index = 0
Leaf elt_addr: 0x70D20001 SW_OBJ_FIB_ENTRY: 0x20A6E404 acl_index: 0
  Refcount: 514 Flags: 0x2 Parent: None
  First Covered: None
  Right Peer: None
______
\ensuremath{\text{0}} routes in Mtrie with less specific overlapping parent route
Hash Table Leaf Data: Prefix/Length
 Leaf prefix ::1/128,ACL Index = 0
  Leaf elt addr: 0x70D20011 SW OBJ FIB ENTRY: 0x0 acl index: 0
  128-bit \overline{\text{T}}able Hash Value: 0xC\overline{7}F7
  Refcount: 3 Flags: 0x2 Parent: None
  First Covered: None
  Right Peer: None
 Leaf prefix ::/128,ACL Index = 0
  Leaf elt_addr: 0x70D20009 SW_OBJ_FIB_ENTRY: 0x0 acl_index: 0
  128-bit Table Hash Value: 0xC\overline{2}719
  Refcount: 3 Flags: 0x2 Parent: None
  First Covered: None
  Right Peer: None
O routes in Hash Table with less specific overlapping parent route
```

Command	Description
show pxf cpu statistics	Displays PXF CPU statistics.

### show pxf cpu mpls

To display Parallel eXpress Forwarding (PXF) Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) Forwarding Information Base (FIB) information, use the **show pxf cpu mpls**command in privileged EXEC mode.

show pxf cpu mpls[labels label-value| vrf ]

#### **Syntax Description**

labels label-value	(Optional) Displays the transport type and output features associated with the specified label value or label range. The <i>label-value</i> range is 0 to 524288.
vrf	(Optional) Displays virtual routing and forwarding (VRF) root information.

#### **Command Modes**

Privileged EXEC (#)

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.2S	This command was introduced.

#### **Examples**

The following example shows VRF root information. The fields shown in the display are self-explanatory.

Router# **show pxf cpu mpls vrf** VRF\_ID 0 FIB\_ROOT(RP) 0x72400000

Command	Description
ping mpls	Checks MPLS LSP connectivity.
show mpls interfaces	Displays information about the interfaces configured for label switching.
show pxf cpu statistics	Displays PXF CPU statistics.
trace mpls	Discovers MPLS LSP routes that packets will take when traveling to their destinations.

### show pxf cpu mroute

To display Parallel eXpress Forwarding (PXF) multicast route (mroute) information, use the **show pxf cpu mroute**command in privileged EXEC mode.

**show pxf cpu mroute** [ *ipaddress1* ] [ *ipaddress2* ]

#### **Syntax Description**

ipaddress1 ipaddress2	(Optional) Displays PXF mroute information for a
	particular group or range of groups.

#### **Command Modes**

Privileged EXEC (#)

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.2S	This command was introduced.

#### **Examples**

The following example shows PXF mroute information:

```
Router# show pxf cpu mroute
Shadow G/SG[5624]: s: 0.0.0.0 q: 224.0.1.40 uses: 0 bytes 0 flags: [D ] LNJ
                                  offset
Interface
                            vcci
                                          rw_index mac_header
                            0
                                  0x000004
Shadow G/SG[3195]: s: 0.0.0.0 g: 234.5.6.7 uses: 0 bytes 0 flags: [5 ] NJ
                                           rw index mac header
Interface
                            vcci
                                  offset
                                  0x000008
In:
Out: Cable5/1/0
                                                    00000026800001005E05060700010
                                  0x00002C 1B
Out: Cable6/1/1
                            9
                                  0x000028 1A
                                                    00000026800001005E05060700010
Out: Cable6/0/0
                                  0x000024 19
                                                     00000026800001005E05060700010
Out: Cable5/0/0
                            3
                                  0x000020 18
                                                     00000026800001005E05060700010
Out: Cable7/0/0
                                                    00000026800001005E05060700010
                            Α
                                  0 \times 00001C 17
                            С
Out: Cable7/1/1
                                  0x000018 16
                                                    00000026800001005E05060700010
Out: Cable7/1/0
                            В
                                  0x000014 15
                                                     00000026800001005E05060700010
Out: Cable6/1/0
                                  0x000010 14
                                                     00000026800001005E05060700010
Out: Cable6/0/1
                                  0x00000C 13
                                                     00000026800001005E05060700010
Out: Cable5/0/1
                                  0x000008 12
                                                    00000026800001005E05060700010
```

The table below describes the fields shown in the display.

#### Table 8: show pxf cpu mroute Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Interface	Interface or subinterface.
veci	Virtually Cool Common Index (VCCI) for the interface or subinterface.

Field	Description
rw index	Index used to read and write into the multicast table for this entry.
mac_header	MAC header that is used when rewriting the packet for output.

Command	Description
show ip mroute	Displays the Cisco IOS version of a multicast routing table entry.
show pxf statistics	Displays chassis-wide, summary PXF statistics.

### show pxf cpu pbr action

To display policy-based routing (PBR) actions configured in the Parallel eXpress Forwarding (PXF), use the **show pxf cpu pbr action** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show pxf cpu pbr action map-name

Cisco 10000 Series Router (PRE3)

show pxf cpu pbr [action map-name| tcam map-name| flex-sum]

#### **Syntax Description**

action map-name	(Optional) Displays PBR action information and redirects the command output to the route map you specify.
tcam map-name	(Optional) Displays VMR (value, plus a mask and result) information stored in ternary content addressable memory (TCAM) and redirects the command output to the route map you specify.  Note This option is only available on the PRE3 for the Cisco 10000 series router.
flex-sum	(Optional) Displays summary information describing the amount of memory allocated in the PXF engine for use by the flexible key construction microcode. This information is useful for design teams.  Note This option is only available on the PRE3 for the Cisco 10000 series router.

#### **Command Modes**

Privileged EXEC (#)

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.2S	This command was introduced.
12.3(7)XI1	This command was introduced on the Cisco 10000 series router for the PRE2.
12.2(31)SB2	This command was introduced on the Cisco 10000 series router for the PRE3.

#### **Usage Guidelines**

This command is useful to determine if an adjacency has been found for a **set ip next-hop** *ip-address* route map configuration command.

#### **Examples**

The following example shows the PBR route maps configured in the PXF:

```
Router# show pxf cpu pbr action foo
Show PBR Action:
Policy number: 1
route-map foo, permit, sequence 10
  \begin{array}{ll} \text{map number} & = & 0 \\ \text{action index} & = & 0 \end{array}
  map number
                        : SET ROUTE
    primary action
    secondary action : - none -
    mac-rewr index = 0x0000 0015
    vcci = 0x09D4, qos group = 0, tos prec = 0
    tt pkt count = 0
                                    tt_byte_count = 0
 Adjacency data 0x20D29968
 XCM adjacency from 0x70000120(RP)
   0xA0000120(FP) index 0x24:
```

#### **Examples**

The following configuration example shows a PBR configuration in which traffic classification is based on the IP access list named pbr\_length. The route map permits traffic based on the specified matching criteria and sets the next hop address of each packet.

```
ip access-list extended pbr_length
    permit tcp any any
!
route-map pbr_length permit 10
    match ip address pbr_length
    match length 100 200
    set ip next-hop 2.0.95.5
route-map pbr_length permit 20
    match ip address pbr_length
    match length 200 300
    set ip next-hop 2.0.95.5
route-map pbr_length permit 30
    set ip next-hop 2.0.95.5
route-map pbr_length permit 30
    match length 300 400
    set ip next-hop 2.0.95.5
!
```

The following sample output from the **show pxf cpu pbr** command shows the type of information that displays based on the above PBR configuration:

```
Router# show pxf cpu pbr action pbr length
```

```
Show PBR Action:
Policy number: 3
route-map pbr_length, permit, sequence 10
  map number = 0
  action index = 64
  \begin{array}{lll} \text{map vcci out} &=& 0 \times 0 \\ \text{tt_pkt\_count} &=& 0 \end{array}
                                    tt byte count = 0
    primary action : NULL ACTION
    secondary action : - none -
    mac-rewr index = 0x0000 0000
    vcci = 0x0000, qos group = 0, tos prec = 0
route-map pbr_length, permit, sequence 20
  map number
  action index = 65
  \begin{array}{lll} \text{map vcci out} &=& 0 \times 0 \\ \text{tt_pkt\_count} &=& 0 \end{array}
                                    tt byte count = 0
```

```
primary action : NULL_ACTION
    secondary action : - none -
    mac-rewr index = 0x0000 0000
    vcci = 0x0000, qos group = 0, tos prec = 0
....
route-map pbr_length, permit, sequence 30
    map number = 2
    action index = 66
    map vcci out = 0x0
    tt_pkt_count = 0
        primary action : NULL_ACTION
        secondary action : - none -
        mac-rewr index = 0x0000 0000
    vcci = 0x0000, qos group = 0, tos prec = 0
```

The following sample output from the **show pxf cpu pbr tcam** command shows the type of detailed VMR (value, plus a mask and result) information that displays:

#### Router# show pxf cpu pbr tcam pbr length detail

```
VMR data for Route-map pbr length
VMR Format - handle: 5050BC90
Format has 5 fields, refcount = 1
Field: Format, FIXED, start bit = 69, end bit = 71
Field: ACL index, FIXED, start_bit = 54, end_bit = 68
Field: Flags, FIXED, start bit = 43, end bit = 53
Field: L4 proto, FIXED CNV, start bit = \overline{16}, end bit = 23
Field: Unknown, FLEX, start bit = 0, end bit = 15 Total bits = 53, format = 72 GMR used: 0
 Col 3 LKBP Vector: 96C
Status: Running
----- VMR 0 -----
V: 7000C000 00000600 70
M: FFFFD800 0000FFFF F0
R: 80000104
Format: 00000003/00000007
ACL index: 00004003/00007FFF
L4 proto: 00000006/000000FF
Flags: 00000000/00000300
Packet Length: 00000070/0000FFF0
----- VMR 1 -----
V: 7000C000 00000600 68
M: FFFFD800 0000FFFF F8
R: 80000104
Format: 00000003/00000007
ACL index: 00004003/00007FFF
L4 proto: 00000006/000000FF
Flags: 00000000/00000300
Packet Length: 00000068/0000FFF8
---- VMR 2 ---
V: 7000C000 00000600 64
M: FFFFD800 0000FFFF FC
R: 80000104
Format: 00000003/00000007
ACL index: 00004003/00007FFF
L4 proto: 00000006/000000FF
Flags: 00000000/00000300
Packet Length: 00000064/0000FFFC
----- VMR 18 -----
V: 7000C000 00000000 00
M: FFFFC000 00000000 00
R: 80000110
Format: 00000003/00000007
ACL index: 00004003/00007FFF
L4 proto: 00000000/00000000
```

Flags: 00000000/00000000 Packet Length: 00000000/00000000

Command	Description
show pxf cpu policy-data	Displays QoS policy data index usage statistics.
show pxf cpu vcci	Displays VCCI to interface mapping information.

### show pxf cpu police

To display all active policies in the Parallel eXpress Forwarding (PXF), including active interface and policing parameters, use the **show pxf cpu police** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show pxf cpu police [ policy-map-name ]

#### **Syntax Description**

policy-map-name	(Optional) Policy for which you want to display PXF
	policing statistics.

#### **Command Modes**

Privileged EXEC (#)

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.2S	This command was introduced.
12.3(7)XI1	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.3(7)XI1.

#### **Usage Guidelines**

If a policy name is not specified, the command displays policing statistics for all policy maps.

#### **Examples**

The following example shows the PXF policing statistics for a policy called policetest. The fields shown in the display are self-explanatory.

Router# show pxf cpu police policetest

```
Policy policetest:
  Class: police_class
  Interface VCCI 0x9DD Output Policy:
    police 8000 8000 15000 conform-action transmit exceed-action drop violate-action drop
   Class: class-default
      *** No police action ***
```

Command	Description
show pxf cpu vcci	Displays VCCI to interface mapping information.
show pxf statistics	Displays chassis-wide, summary PXF statistics.

### show pxf cpu policy-data

To display Parallel eXpress Forwarding (PXF) policy data index usage statistics, use the **show pxf cpu policy-data** command in privileged EXEC mode.

#### show pxf cpu policy-data

#### **Syntax Description**

This command has no arguments or keywords.

#### **Command Modes**

Privileged EXEC (#)

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.2S	This command was introduced.
12.3(7)XI1	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.3(7)XI1.

#### **Examples**

The following example shows PXF policy data which is information related to the number of classes in a policy and the reservation of unique indexes to support match statistics and token buckets. Policy data index statistics are related to free match statistics indexes. Exhaustion of these indexes means no more policies can be created in the router. Secondary policy data indexes are related to free token bucket indexes. The fields shown in the display are self-explanatory.

```
Router# show pxf cpu policy-data
```

```
Service policy data index usage statistics:
Total groups = 9, pool_defragmented = TRUE.
     Group size
                       Chunk count
      4
      8
      16
      32
      64
      128
      256
                       1023
Total free count = 262134.
Total chunk count = 262144.
Secondary policy data index usage statistics:
Total groups = 9, pool_defragmented = TRUE.
     Group size
                       Chunk count
      4
                       0
      8
      16
                       1
      32
      128
      256
                       2047
      512
Total free count = 1048566.
Total chunk count = 1048576.
```

The Group size field is the number of policy classes. The Chunk count field is the number of blocks the group holds.

Command	Description
show pxf cpu pbr action	Displays PBR actions configured in the PXF for all PBR route maps.
show pxf cpu vcci	Displays VCCI to interface mapping information.

### show pxf cpu qos

To display Parallel eXpress Forwarding (PXF) External Column Memory (XCM) contents related to a particular policy, use the **show pxf cpu qos** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show pxf cpu qos [policy-map policy-name| vcci-maps]

#### Cisco 10000 Series Router

show pxf cpu qos [vcci| classifiers| flex-sum| policy-map policy-name| vcci-maps]

#### **Syntax Description**

vcci	(Optional) Virtual Channel Circuit Identifier (VCCI). Information about this specified VCCI will be displayed.
classifiers	(Optional) Displays information about the criteria used to classify traffic.
flex-sum	(Optional) Displays summary information describing the amount of memory allocated in the PXF engine for use by the flexible key construction microcode.
	Note This option is only available on the Cisco 10000 series router for the PRE3.
policy-map policy-name	(Optional) Displays per-policy map information.
vcci-maps	(Optional) Displays VCCI map values.

#### **Command Modes**

Privileged EXEC (#)

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.2S	This command was introduced.
12.3(7)XI1	This command was introduced on the Cisco 10000 series router for the PRE2.
12.2(28)SB	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(28)SB.
12.2(31)SB2	This command was introduced on the PRE3 for the Cisco 10000 series router.

#### **Usage Guidelines**

This command is useful in verifying the presence of a policy on interfaces and indexes programmed in the PXF.

#### **Examples**

The following example shows XCM contents related to a policy called police test, which is defined as follows:

```
policy-map police_test
  class high-priority
  priority
  class low-priority
  set atm-clp
  class class-default
      queue-limit 512
Router# show pxf cpu qos police_test
Output Policymap: police_test
Vcci: A05  Flags: 4  Policymap_index: 6  Policymap_data_index: 12
OUT AT1/0/0.111 (0x71764660) ref_count 1
Output Action Table Contents for vcci 0xA05 - Policymap index: 6  class-name: high-priority class_index: 0  action_flags: 0x00
    srp_class_id: 0x01   prec/dscp: 0x00   cos: 0
    discard_class: 0x00   exp_value: 0

class-name: low-priority class_index: 1  action_flags: 0x10
    srp_class_id: 0x00   prec/dscp: 0x00   cos: 0
    discard_class: 0x00   exp_value: 0

class-name: class-default class_index: 2  action_flags: 0x00
    srp_class_id: 0x00   prec/dscp: 0x00   cos: 0
    discard_class: 0x00   exp_value: 0
```

Command	Description
show pxf cpu statistics qos	Displays match statistics for a service policy on an interface.

# show pxf cpu queue

To display parallel express forwarding (PXF) queueing and link queue statistics, use the **show pxf cpu queue**command in privileged EXEC mode.

show pxf cpu queue [interface| QID| summary]

## Cisco uBR10012 Universal Broadband Router

show pxf cpu queue [interface| QID]

## **Syntax Description**

interface	(Optional) The interface for which you want to display PXF queueing statistics. This displays PXF queueing statistics for the main interface and all subinterfaces and permanent virtual circuits (PVCs). It also displays packets intentionally dropped due to queue lengths.
QID	(Optional) The queue identifier.
summary	(Optional) Displays queue scaling information such as:
	Number of queues and recycled queues.
	Number of available queue IDs (QIDs).
	<ul> <li>Number of packet buffers, recycled packet buffers, and free packet buffers.</li> </ul>

## **Command Modes**

Privileged EXEC (#)

## **Command History**

Release	Modification		
12.2S	This command was introduced.		
12.2(28)SB	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(28)SB.		
12.3(7)XI1	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.3(7)XI1.		
12.3(23)BC1	The "Link Queues" output field for dynamic bandwidth sharing-enabled modular cable and wideband cable interfaces was added on the Cisco uBR10012 universal broadband router.		

Release	Modification		
12.2(33)SB	This command was modified for virtual access interfaces (VAIs) and the output was modified for the <b>summary</b> option, and implemented on the Cisco 10000 series router for the PRE3 and PRE4.		
12.2(33)SCB	The output of this command has been updated or re-arranged (compared to the VTMS version) for DOCSIS Weighted Fair Queuing (WFQ) Scheduler feature and implemented on the Cisco uBR10012 router.		

### **Usage Guidelines**

When neither the interface or QID is specified, the command displays queuing statistics for the route processors (RPs).

#### Cisco 10000 Series Router

The Cisco 10000 series router high-speed interfaces work efficiently to spread traffic flows equally over the queues. However, using single traffic streams in a laboratory environment might result in less-than-expected performance. To ensure accurate test results, test the throughput of the Gigabit Ethernet, OC-48 POS, or ATM uplink with multiple source or destination addresses. To determine if traffic is being properly distributed, use the **show pxf cpu queue** command.

In Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SB and later releases, the router no longer allows you to specify a virtual access interface (VAI) as **viX.Y** in the **show pxf cpu queue**command. Instead, you must spell out the VAI as **virtual-access**.

For example, the router accepts the following command:

#### Router# show pxf cpu queue virtual-access2.1

In releases prior to Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SB, the router accepts the abbreviated form of the VAI. For example, the router accepts the following command:

#### Router# show pxf cpu queue vi2.1

In Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SB and later releases, the output from the **show pxf cpu queue** *interface* **summary** command displays only the physical interface and the number of logical links. The output does not display the number of priority queues, class queues, and so on. This modification applies to the PRE3 and PRE4.

Cisco uBR10012 Universal Broadband Router

If dynamic bandwidth sharing (DBS) is enabled, the link queue information that is displayed refers to the specific type of interface that is configured--modular cable or wideband cable. The **summary** keyword option is not supported for the Cisco uBR10012 universal broadbandrRouter for wideband cable or modular cable interfaces. The **ATM** interface output is not available for this router.

See the table below for descriptions of the **interface** keyword fields.

#### Table 9: show pxf cpu queue Interface Option Field Descriptions

Field	Description
<0-131071>	QID (queue identifier)

Field	Description
ATM	Asynchronous transfer mode interface
	Note The ATM interface output is not available for the Cicso uBR10012 universal broadband router.
BVI	Bridge-group virtual interface
Bundle	Cable virtual bundle interface
CTunnel	CTunnel interface
Cable	Cable modem termination service (CMTS) interface
DTI	Digital trunk interface
Dialer	Dialer interface
Ethernet	IEEE 802.3
FastEthernet	FastEthernet IEEE 802.3
GigabitEthernet	GigabitEthernet IEEE 802.3z
Group-Async	Async group interface
Loopback	Loopback interface
MFR	Multilink frame relay bundle interface
Modular-Cable	Modular cable interface
Multilink	Multilink group interface
Null	Null interface
Port-channel	Ethernet channel of interfaces
RP	Forwarding path (FP) to route processing (RP) queues
Tunnel	Tunnel interface
Vif	Pragmatic general multicast (PGM) host interface
Virtual-Template	Virtual template interface
Virtual-TokenRing	Virtual token ring
WB-SPA	line card to line card (LC-LC) queues

Field	Description
Wideband-Cable	Wideband CMTS interface

### **Examples**

The following example shows PXF queueing statistics for an ATM interface when a QID is not specified. The sample output includes the dropped and dequeued packets for the VCs, and for classes associated with sessions that inherit queues from VCs.

```
Router# show pxf cpu queue atm 5/0/2
VCCI 2517: ATM non-aggregated VC 1/229, VCD 1, Handle 1, Rate 500 kbps
      VCCI/ClassID ClassName
                                   OID
                                         Length/Max Res Dequeues
      0 2517/0
                    class-default
                                   269
                                         0/4096
                                                      11
                                                                  3
                                                                         0
      0 2517/31
                                   2.68
                                         0/32
                                                                         0
                    pak-priority
                                                       11
   Queues Owned but Unused by VC (inheritable by sessions)
      ClassID
                    ClassName
                                   QID
                                         Length/Max Res
                                                          Dequeues
                                                                     Drops
           0
                                   275
                                          0/32
                    class-default
                                                      11
                                                                100
           31
                    pak-priority
                                    268
                                         0/32
                                                       11
                                                                         0
VCCI 2517: ATM non-aggregated VC 1/233,
                                        VCD 4, Handle 4, Rate 50 kbps
                                   QID
      VCCI/ClassID ClassName
                                         Length/Max Res Dequeues
      0 2517/0
                    class-default
                                   269
                                          0/4096
                                                       11
                                                                         0
      0 2517/31
                                    268
                                          0/32
                                                                         0
                    pak-priority
   Queues Owned but Unused by VC (inheritable by sessions)
                   ClassName
                                         Length/Max Res
      ClassID
                                   QID
                                                          Dequeues
                                                                     Drops
                   class-default
           Ω
                                   274
                                         0/32
                                                       11
                                                                  0
                                                                         0
           31
                                   268
                                         0/32
                                                                         0
                   pak-priority
                                                       11
VCCI 2520: ATM non-aggregated VC 1/232, VCD 3, Handle 3, Rate 500 kbps
      VCCI/ClassID ClassName
                                    QID
273
                                          Length/Max Res Dequeues
                                                                      Drops
                                           0/32
      0 2520/0
                    class-default
                                                       11
      0 2520/31
                    pak-priority
                                    268
                                          0/32
                                                        11
                                                                          0
VCCI 2519: ATM non-aggregated VC 1/231, VCD 2, Handle 2, Rate 500 kbps
      VCCI/ClassID ClassName
                                    QID
                                           Length/Max
                                                      Res Dequeues Drops
                    class-default
                                    272
                                           0/32
                                                        11
                                                                   0
                                                                          0
      0 2519/0
      0 2519/31
                    pak-priority
                                    268
                                           0/32
                                                        11
                                                                   4
                                                                          0
```

The following example displays PXF queuing statistics for QID 267:

```
Router# show pxf cpu queue 267
ID
                                               : 267
Priority
                                               : Lo
CIR (in-use/configured)
                                               : 0/65535
EIR (in-use/configured)
                                               : 0/0
MIR (in-use/configured)
                                               : 0/65535
Maximum Utilization configured
                                               : no
Link
Flowbit (period/offset)
                                               : 32768/32768
Burst Size
                                               : 1024 bytes
Bandwidth
                                               : 133920 Kbps
Channel
                                                 0
Packet Descriptor Base
                                               : 0x0000100
                                               : 0
ML Index
                                               : 0/0/32
Length/Average/Alloc
                                               : 293352/9280610
Enqueues (packets/octets)
Dequeues (packets/octets)
                                               : 293352/9280610
Drops (tail/random/max threshold)
                                               : 0/0/0
Drops (no_pkt_handle/buffer_low)
WRED (weight/avg_smaller)
                                               : 0/0
                                               : 0/0
WRED (next qid/drop factor)
                                               : 0/0
WRED (min threshold/max threshold/scale/slope):
precedence 0
                                              : 0/0/0/0
precedence 1
                                              : 0/0/0/0
precedence 2
                                              : 0/0/0/0
precedence 3
                                              : 0/0/0/0
                                              : 0/0/0/0
precedence 4
                                              : 0/0/0/0
precedence 5
```

precedence	6	:	0/0/0/0
precedence	7	:	0/0/0/0

## **Examples**

The following examples show link queue information for specific wideband cable and modular cable interfaces when dynamic bandwidth sharing is enabled.

### **Examples**

```
Router(config) # interface modular-cable 1/0/0:1
Router(config-if)# cable dynamic-bw-sharing
Router# show pxf cpu queue modular-cable 1/0/0:1
Link Queues :
      CIR(act/conf)
                                                    RF Chan.
                                                               Status
  420 19661/19661
                           1/1
                                      65535/65535
                                                       0
                                                               Inactive
Wideband Cable Interface
Router(config) # interface wideband-cable 1/0/0:0
Router(config-if) # cable dynamic-bw-sharing
Router# show pxf cpu queue wideband-cable 1/0/0:0
Link Queues :
      CIR(act/conf)
                           EIR
                                          MIR
                                                    RF Chan.
                                                               Status
 QID
  419
       32768/32768
                           1/1
                                      65535/65535
                                                               Inactive
                                                       0
  566
      19661/19661
                           1/1
                                      65535/65535
                                                       1
                                                               Inactive
```

The following example shows service flow queue information for modular cable interfaces.

#### Router# show pxf cpu queue modular-cable 1/2/0:0

Cable I	nterface	Queues:					
QID	Len/Max	Dequeues	TailDrops	MinRt	Wt/Quantum	ShapeRt	FlowId
				(Kbps)		(Kbps)	
131147	0/255	190	0	0	1/240	0	58
131148	0/255	33820	0	0	1/10000	0	32824
Cable S	ervice Fl	ow Queues:					
* Best	Effort Qu	eues					
QID	Len/Max	Dequeues	TailDrops	MinRt	Wt/Quantum	ShapeRt	FlowId
				(Kbps)		(Kbps)	
131241	0/255	0	0	0	1/240	0	32881
* CIR Q	ueues						
QID	Len/Max	Dequeues	TailDrops	MinRt	Wt/Quantum	ShapeRt	FlowId
				(Kbps)		(Kbps)	
2049	254/255	131018	485751	99	1/1920	0	32880
* Low L	atency Qu	eues					
QID	Len/Max	Dequeues	TailDrops				

Command	Description
cable dynamic-bw-sharing	Enables DBS on a specific modular cable or wideband cable interface.
show pxf cable controller	Displays information about the RF channel VTMS links and link queues.

Command	Description
show pxf cpu statistics queue	Displays PXF CPU queueing counters for all interfaces.

# show pxf cpu reasm\_index

To display information about reassembly of IP fragmented packets in the Parallel eXpress Forwarding (PXF), use the **show pxf cpu reasm\_index** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show pxf cpu reasm index [summary]

## **Syntax Description**

summary	(Optional) Displays summary reassembly information
	of IP fragmented packets in the PXF.

#### **Command Modes**

Privileged EXEC (#)

## **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.28	This command was introduced.

#### **Examples**

The following example shows reassembly summary information. The fields shown in the display are self-explanatory.

Router# show pxf cpu reasm\_index summary
Multilink Reassembly Index usage summary
Maximum Used Available
1251 0 1251

Command	Description
ip virtual-reassembly	Enables VFR information on an interface.
show ip virtual-reassembly	Displays VFR configuration and statistical information.

# show pxf cpu statistics

To display Parallel eXpress Forwarding (PXF) CPU statistics, use the **show pxf cpu statistics**command in privileged EXEC mode.

show pxf cpu statistics [atom| backwalk| clear| diversion| drop [interface| vcci]| ip| ipv6| l2tp| mlp| qos [interface]| queue| rx [ vcci ]| security| arp-filter| drl [cable-wan-ip| wan-non-ip]]

#### Cisco 10000 Series Router

show pxf cpu statistics diversion [pxf [interface {interface| vcci}]| top number]

## **Syntax Description**

atom	(Optional) Displays Any Transport over MPLS (AToM) statistics.
backwalk	(Optional) Displays backwalk requests statistics.
clear	(Optional) Clears PXF CPU statistics.
diversion	(Optional) Displays packets that the PXF diverted to the Route Processor (RP) for special handling.
drop [interface] [vcci]	(Optional) Displays packets dropped by the PXF for a particular interface or Virtual Circuit Connection Identifier (VCCI).
ip	(Optional) Displays IP statistics.
ipv6	(Optional) Displays IPv6 statistics.
l2tp	(Optional) Displays packet statistics for an L2TP Access Concentrator (LAC) (Optional) and L2TP Network Server (LNS).
mlp	(Optional) Displays multilink PPP (MLP) statistics.
pxf	(Optional) Displays packets that the PXF diverted to the Route Processor (RP). Available on the Cisco 10000 series router only.
pxf interface interface	(Optional) Displays per-interface PXF statistical information for the divert cause policer on a particular interface. Available on the Cisco 10000 series router only.

pxf interface vcci	(Optional) Displays per-VCCI PXF statistical information for the divert cause policer on a particular Virtual Circuit Connection Identifier (VCCI). Available on the Cisco 10000 series router only.
qos [interface]	(Optional) Displays match statistics for a service policy on an interface.
queue	(Optional) Displays queueing counters for all interfaces.
rx [vcci]	(Optional) Displays receive statistics for a VCCI.
security	(Optional) Displays ACL matching statistics.
top number	(Optional) Displays PXF statistical information for the number of top punters you specify. Available on the Cisco 10000 series router only. Valid values are from 1 to 100.
arp-filter	(Optional) Displays the ARP filter statistics.
drl	(Optional) Displays the divert rate limit.
cable-wan-ip	(Optional) Displays cable / wan-ip statistics for dropped packets.
wan-non-ip	(Optional) Displays DRL wan-non-ip statistics for dropped packets.

## **Command Modes**

Privileged EXEC (#)

## **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.3(7)XI1	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.3(7)XI1.
12.2(28)SB	This command was introduced on the Cisco 10000 series router and integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(28)SB.
12.2(31)SB2	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(31)SB2.
12.2(33)SB	This command was enhanced to display per-interface or per-VCCI PXF statistical information for the divert cause policer on a particular interface or VCCI, to display the top punters on an interface, and to display the provisioned burst size for any divert causes. These enhancements were implemented on the Cisco 10000 series router for the PRE2, PRE3, and PRE4.

Release	Modification
12.2(33)SCB	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SCB on the Cisco uBR7246VXR and Cisco uBR10012 universal broadband routers. Support for the Cisco uBR7225VXR router was added. The arp-filter, drl, cable-wan-ip, and wan-non-ipkeywords were added.
12.2(33)SCE	This command was modified in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SCE. The <b>cable-wan-ip</b> keyword was removed.

### **Usage Guidelines**

#### Cisco 10000 Series Router Usage Guidelines

- The **show pxf cpu statistics diversion**command displays statistical information about diverted packets. Divert causes with the string "ipv6..." display as "v6..." in the output of all **show pxf cpu statistics diversion**commands
- The output from the **show pxf cpu statistics diversion pxf**command was enhanced in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SB to display the provisioned burst size for any divert causes.
- The **show pxf cpu statistics diversion pxf interface** *interface* command displays statistical information about the divert cause policer on a specific interface. The output of this command is similar to the output displayed at the aggregated level. This command enables you to see the traffic types being punted from an inbound interface, subinterface, and session.
- The **show pxf cpu statistics diversion pxf interface** *vcci*command displays statistical information about the divert cause policer on a specific VCCI. The output of this command is similar to the output displayed at the aggregated level. This command enables you to see the traffic types being punted from an inbound interface, subinterface, and session.
- The **show pxf cpu statistics diversion top** *number* command displays the interfaces, subinterfaces, and sessions with the highest number of punter packets.

## **Examples**

The following example shows PXF queueing counters information. These are aggregate counters for all interfaces. The Total column is the total for all columns.



Note

If you are troubleshooting link utilization issues, the deq\_vtp\_req, deq\_flow\_off, and deq\_ocq\_off counters may indicate what is causing the versatile time management scheduler (VTMS) to slow down. If you are troubleshooting overall PXF throughput issues, look at the High Next Time, Low Next Time, High Wheel Slot, and Low Wheel Slot counters.

0x0000FDF1 0	N = 0 0 0 7 E E 5 5						
deq_vtp_req	0x00000000	0x0000000	0x0000000	0x0000000	0x0000000	0x0000000	0x00000000
0x00000000 0 deg flow off		0x00000000	0×00000000	0×00000000	0×00000000	0×00000000	0×00000000
$0 \times \overline{0} 0 0 0 0 \overline{0} 0 0 0$	000000000						
deq_ocq_off 0x00000000 0		0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000
enqdeq_confli 0x00000031 0		0x00000043	0x0000004A	0x00000039	0x000003A	0x0000004F	0x00000036
bndl_pkt	0x0000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x0000000	0x0000000	0x00000000
0x00000000 0 frag_pkt	0x0000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000
0x00000000 0 dbg_frag_drop	0x0000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000
0x00000000 0 dbg bndl sem		0x00000000	0x0000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000
$0 \times \overline{0}0000\overline{0}00 0$ context inhib		0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000
$0 \times 0000000000000000000000000000000000$		0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000
0x00000000 0 dbg1	0000000x	0x00000000					
0x00000000 0	000000000	0x00000000					
dbg2 0x00000000 0		0X00000000	UXUUUUUUUU	UXUUUUUUU	UXUUUUUUU	0X00000000	UXUUUUUUU
dbg3 0x00000000 0		0x00000000	0x00000000	0x0000000	0x0000000	0x0000000	0x00000000
dbg4 0x00000000 0		0x00000000	0x00000000	0x0000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000
dbg5	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x0000000	0x00000000
0x00000000 0 dbg6	00000000x0 0x0000	0x0000	0x0000	0x0000	0x0000	0x0000	0x0000
0x0000	0x0000 0x00	0x00	0**00	0x00	0x00	0x00	0x00
dbg7 0x00	0x00	UXUU	0x00	0x00	UXUU	0x00	0x00
Column 7 Resc	فمنده بممثلة بالمممان		la D a				
	-		-	2	4	E	e
dbg Counters	neduling Stat 0 Total	te Counters 1	by Rows: 2	3	4	5	6
dbg Counters	_ 0		-	3	4	5	6
dbg Counters 7 ===================================	0 Total ====================================		2				
dbg Counters 7	0 Total ======== e===========================	1	2 ======= 0x524E1140	0x524E1180	0x524E11C0	 0x524E11C0	0x524E1200
dbg Counters 7	Total	1  0x524E1140 0x524E1140	2 ======== 0x524E1140 0x524E1140	 0x524E1180 0x524E1180	0x524E11C0	 0x524E11C0 0x524E1200	 0x524E1200 0x524E1200
dbg Counters 7	0 Total ========= e 0x524E1100 -0x524E1100 ot 0x00000844	1  0x524E1140 0x524E1140	2  0x524E1140 0x524E1140 0x00000846		0x524E11C0 0x524E11C0 0x00000847		
dbg Counters 7 ===================================	Total  Total  0  Total  0  Total  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0	1  0x524E1140 0x524E1140 0x00000845	2 		0x524E11C0 0x524E11C0 0x00000847 0x00000847		
dbg Counters 7	Total  Total  0  Total  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0	1 	2 	0x524E1180 0x524E1180 0x00000846 0x00000846 0x00001F6BF	0x524E11C0 0x524E11C0 0x00000847 0x00000847 0x00001F396	0x524E11C0 0x524E1200 0x00000848 0x00000848 0x0001F3E8	0x524E1200 0x524E1200 0x524E1200 0x00000848 0x00000848
dbg Counters 7	0 Total ====================================	1 0x524E1140 0x524E1140 0x00000845 0x00001F4BD 0x000003FD	2 	0x524E1180 0x524E1180 0x00000846 0x00000846 0x00001F6BF 0x000003E1	0x524E11C0 0x524E11C0 0x00000847 0x00000847 0x00001F396 0x000003CB	0x524E11C0 0x524E1200 0x00000848 0x00000848 0x00001F3E8 0x000003E2	0x524E1200 0x524E1200 0x524E1200 0x00000848 0x00000848 0x00001F6BF 0x000003FD
dbg Counters 7 ===================================	Total  Total  0 Total  1 Total	1 0x524E1140 0x524E1140 0x00000845 0x00001F4BD 0x000003FD 0x00000000	2 	0x524E1180 0x524E1180 0x00000846 0x00000846 0x0001F6BF 0x000003E1 0x00000000	0x524E11C0 0x524E11C0 0x00000847 0x00000847 0x0001F396 0x000003CB	0x524E11C0 0x524E1200 0x00000848 0x00000848 0x0001F3E8 0x000003E2	0x524E1200 0x524E1200 0x00000848 0x00000848 0x00001F6BF 0x000003FD 0x00000000
dbg Counters 7	0 Total = ==================================	1 0x524E1140 0x524E1140 0x00000845 0x00001F4BD 0x000003FD 0x00000000 0x00000FC6B	2 	0x524E1180 0x524E1180 0x00000846 0x00000846 0x0001F6BF 0x000003E1 0x000000000	0x524E11C0 0x524E11C0 0x00000847 0x00000847 0x0001F396 0x000003CB 0x000000000	0x524E11C0 0x524E1200 0x00000848 0x00000848 0x00001F3E8 0x000003E2 0x000000000	0x524E1200 0x524E1200 0x524E1200 0x00000848 0x00000848 0x00001F6BF 0x000003FD 0x000000000
dbg Counters 7 ===================================	Total	1 0x524E1140 0x524E1140 0x00000845 0x00001F4BD 0x000003FD 0x00000000	2 	0x524E1180 0x524E1180 0x00000846 0x00000846 0x0001F6BF 0x000003E1 0x000000000	0x524E11C0 0x524E11C0 0x00000847 0x00000847 0x0001F396 0x000003CB 0x000000000	0x524E11C0 0x524E1200 0x00000848 0x00000848 0x00001F3E8 0x000003E2 0x000000000	0x524E1200 0x524E1200 0x524E1200 0x00000848 0x00000848 0x00001F6BF 0x000003FD 0x000000000
dbg Counters 7 ===================================	Total  Total  0 Total  1 Total	1 0x524E1140 0x524E1140 0x00000845 0x00001F4BD 0x000003FD 0x00000000 0x00000FC6B	2 		0x524E11C0 0x524E11C0 0x00000847 0x00000847 0x00001F396 0x000003CB 0x00000000 0x0000FA66 0x00000000		
dbg Counters 7 ===================================	Total  Total  Total  0  Total  0  Total  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0	1 0x524E1140 0x524E1140 0x00000845 0x00001F4BD 0x000003FD 0x00000000 0x0000FC6B 0x00000000	2 0x524E1140 0x524E1140 0x00000846 0x00001F56B 0x00000000 0x0000FA38 0x00000000 0x0000FB33	0x524E1180 0x524E1180 0x00000846 0x00000846 0x0001F6BF 0x000003E1 0x00000000 0x0000FCE4 0x00000000	0x524E11C0 0x524E11C0 0x00000847 0x00000847 0x0001F396 0x000003CB 0x00000000 0x0000FA66 0x00000FA66 0x0000F930	0x524E11C0 0x524E1200 0x00000848 0x00000848 0x0001F3E8 0x000003E2 0x00000000 0x0000F994 0x00000000	0x524E1200 0x524E1200 0x00000848 0x00000848 0x00001F6BF 0x00000000 0x000000000 0x00000FC62 0x000000000 0x00000FA5D
dbg Counters 7 ===================================	Total  Total  Total  0 Total  1 Total	1 0x524E1140 0x524E1140 0x00000845 0x00001F4BD 0x000003FD 0x00000000 0x0000FC6B 0x00000F852	2 0x524E1140 0x524E1140 0x00000846 0x00001F56B 0x000003B2 0x00000000 0x00000FA38 0x00000000 0x0000FB33 0x0000FA6C	0x524E1180 0x524E1180 0x00000846 0x00000846 0x00001F6BF 0x000003E1 0x00000000 0x0000FCE4 0x00000000 0x0000F9DB 0x0000FBA9	0x524E11C0 0x524E11C0 0x00000847 0x00000847 0x00001F396 0x000003CB 0x00000000 0x00000FA66 0x00000000 0x0000F930 0x0000F87E	0x524E11C0 0x524E1200 0x00000848 0x00000848 0x00001F3E8 0x000003E2 0x00000000 0x00000F994 0x00000000 0x0000FA54 0x0000F95B	0x524E1200 0x524E1200 0x524E1200 0x00000848 0x00000848 0x00001F6BF 0x000003FD 0x00000000 0x0000FC62 0x00000000 0x0000FA5D 0x0000FB0A
dbg Counters 7 ===================================	Total  Total  Total  0 Total  1 Total	1 0x524E1140 0x524E1140 0x00000845 0x00001F4BD 0x000003FD 0x00000000 0x0000FC6B 0x00000000 0x0000F852 0x0000F8D4	2	0x524E1180 0x524E1180 0x00000846 0x00000846 0x00001F6BF 0x000003E1 0x00000000 0x0000FCE4 0x00000000 0x0000F9DB 0x0000FBA9 0x00000000	0x524E11C0 0x524E11C0 0x524E11C0 0x00000847 0x00001F396 0x000003CB 0x00000000 0x0000FA66 0x00000000 0x0000F930 0x0000F87E 0x00000000	0x524E11C0 0x524E1200 0x00000848 0x00000848 0x00001F3E8 0x000003E2 0x00000000 0x0000F994 0x00000000 0x0000F95B 0x00000000	0x524E1200 0x524E1200 0x524E1200 0x00000848 0x00000848 0x00001F6BF 0x000003FD 0x00000000 0x0000FC62 0x00000000 0x0000FA5D 0x0000FB0A 0x00000000
dbg Counters 7 ===================================	Total  Total  Total  0 Total  1 Total	1 0x524E1140 0x524E1140 0x00000845 0x00000845 0x00001F4BD 0x00000000 0x0000FC6B 0x00000000 0x0000F852 0x0000F8D4 0x00000000	2 ====================================	0x524E1180 0x524E1180 0x00000846 0x00000846 0x0001F6BF 0x00000000 0x00000FCE4 0x00000FDB 0x0000FBA9 0x0000FBA9 0x00000000	0x524E11C0 0x524E11C0 0x524E11C0 0x00000847 0x00001F396 0x00000000 0x0000FA66 0x00000F930 0x0000F930 0x0000F87E 0x00000000	0x524E11C0 0x524E12O0 0x524E12O0 0x00000848 0x00001F3E8 0x000003E2 0x00000000 0x0000F994 0x0000F954 0x0000F95B 0x00000000	0x524E1200 0x524E1200 0x524E1200 0x00000848 0x00000848 0x00001F6BF 0x00000000 0x00000000 0x00000FC62 0x00000000 0x0000FB0A 0x00000000 0x00000000
dbg Counters 7 ===================================	Total  To	1 ====================================	2 ====================================	0x524E1180 0x524E1180 0x524E1180 0x00000846 0x00000846 0x00001F6BF 0x00000000 0x00000FCE4 0x00000000 0x0000F9DB 0x0000F9DB 0x0000F9DB 0x00000000 0x00000000	0x524E11C0 0x524E11C0 0x524E11C0 0x00000847 0x00001F396 0x000003CB 0x00000000 0x00000FA66 0x00000000 0x0000F930 0x0000F930 0x0000F87E 0x00000000 0x00000000 0x00000000		0x524E1200 0x524E1200 0x524E1200 0x00000848 0x00000848 0x00001F6BF 0x000003FD 0x00000000 0x00000FC62 0x00000000 0x0000FA5D 0x0000FB0A 0x00000000 0x00000000 0x00000000
dbg Counters 7 ===================================	Total  Total  Total  0 Total	1	2		0x524E11C0 0x524E11C0 0x524E11C0 0x00000847 0x00000847 0x00001F396 0x00000000 0x00000FA66 0x00000FA66 0x00000F87E 0x00000000 0x00000000 0x00000000 0x000000		
dbg Counters 7 ===================================	Total  To	1 ====================================	2		0x524E11C0 0x524E11C0 0x524E11C0 0x00000847 0x00000847 0x00001F396 0x00000000 0x00000FA66 0x00000FA66 0x00000F87E 0x00000000 0x00000000 0x00000000 0x000000		

The table below describes the significant fields shown in the display.

## Table 10: show pxf cpu statistics queue Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Column 6 Enqueue/Dequeue Counters by Rows:	
enq_pkt	Packets the PXF enqueued.
tail_drop_pkt	Packets the PXF tails dropped.
deq_pkt	Packets the PXF dequeued.
deq_vtp_req	Number of times a dequeue was inhibited due to the virtual traffic policer.
deq_flow_off	Numbers of times a dequeue was inhibited due to a flowoff from the line card.
deq_ocq_off	Number of times a dequeue was inhibited due to link level flow control.
enqdeq_conflict	Shows a dequeue failed due to an enqueue to the same queue in progress.
bndl_pkt	Count of packets that were fragmented.
frag_pkt	Count of fragments sent.
dbg_frag_drop	Count of invalid multilink PPP (MLP) fragment handles.
dbg_bndl_sem	Count of semaphone collision (used for MLP).
context_inhibit	Number of times multilink transmit fragment processing was inhibited due to a lack of DMA resources.
bfifo_enq_fail	Count of bundle FIFO (BFIFO) enqueue failures.
Column 7 Rescheduling State Counters by Rows:	
High Next Time	Current next send time for the high priority wheel.
Low Next Time	Current next send time for the low priority wheel.
High Wheel Slot	Current high priority slot number.
Low Wheel Slot	Current low priority slot number.

Field	Description
DEQ_WHEEL	Count of successful dequeues from the timing wheel.
DQ-lock Fails	Count of timing wheel dequeue failures (both queue empty and race conditions).
TW ENG Fails	Timing wheel enqueue failures.
Q_SCHED	Count of queues scheduled/rescheduled onto the timing wheel.
FAST_SCHED	Count of queues fast scheduled/rescheduled onto the timing wheel.
Q_DEACT	Count of queue deactivations.
Q_ACTIVATE	Count of queue activations (activate state).
Q_CHANGE	Count of queue changes; for example, Route Processor (RP) inspired rates changes.

The following example displays PXF L2TP packet statistics.



For L2TP Access Concentrator (LAC) operation, all statistics are applicable. For L2TP Network Server (LNS) operation, only the PPP Control Packets, PPP Data Packets, and PPP Station Packets statistics are meaningful.

```
Router# show pxf cpu statistics 12tp
LAC Switching Global Debug Statistics:
    PPP Packets
                          51648
   PPP Control Packets
                          51647
   PPP Data Packets
   Not IPv4 Packets
   IP Short Hdr Packets
    IP Valid Packets
                          0
    IP Invalid Packets
   DF Cleared Packets
    Path MTU Packets
   No Path MTU Packets
   Within PMTU Packets
    Fraggable Packets
    PMTU Pass Packets
    PMTU Fail Packets
                          51648
   Encapped Packets
L2TP Classification Global Debug Statistics:
    LAC or Multihop Packets 151341
   Multihop Packets
    PPP Control Packets
                             51650
   PPP Data Packets
                             99691
    PPP Station Packets
                             151341
```

The following example displays match statistics for the police\_test policy on an ATM interface. The Classmap Index differentiates classes within a policy while the Match Number differentiates match statements within a class.

#### Router# show pxf cpu statistics qos atm 6/0/0.81801

	Match Number	Pkts Matched	Bytes Matched
-			
rvice-	policy :		
(0)	0	0	0
	1	0	0
	2	0	0
	3	0	0
(1)	0	0	0
	- rvice- (0)		Number Matched

## **Examples**

The following example displays the top 10 packet types diverted to the RP. The output displays the top punters by interface and by Layer 2 packet flow.

```
Router# show pxf cpu statistics diversion top 10
Top 10 punters by interface are:
            Packets (diverted/dropped)
10/0 2606 Virtual-Access2.1
Rate (pps)
                                                   vcci
                                                              Interface
        Last diverted packet type is none.
Top 10 punters by Layer 2 flow are:
Rate (pps) Packets (diverted/dropped)
                                                  Interface
                                                                   Layer 2 info
                15/0
                       ATM2/0/3
                                   vpi 128/vci 4096/vcci 2591
        Last diverted packet type is oam_f4.

1 15/0 ATM2/0/3 vpi 1:
                                   vpi 128/vci 4096/vcci 2593
        Last diverted packet type is oam_f4.
```

Command	Description
platform c10k divert- policer	Configures the rate and burst size of the divert-policer.
show pxf statistics	Displays a summary of statistics in the PXF.

# show pxf cpu subblocks

To display Parallel eXpress Forwarding (PXF) CPU statistics for a bridged subinterface (encapsulation type), use the **show pxf cpu subblocks** command in privileged EXEC mode.

## show pxf cpu subblocks interface-name

### **Syntax Description**

interface-name	Name of the interface.
,	

#### **Command Modes**

Privileged EXEC (#)

### **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.2(28)SB	This command was introduced on the Cisco 10000 series router.
12.3(14)T	This command was enhanced to display more information for all subblocks.
12.2(31)SB	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(31)SB.

## **Examples**

The following example shows subblocks information for Gigabit Ethernet interface 7/0/0:

```
Router# show pxf cpu subblocks g7/0/0
```

```
GigabitEthernet7/0/0 is up
  ICB = 1C000, LinkId = 6, interface PXF, enabled
           link next_send:
                              0x37022604 channel number:
                                                                  0
      link bandwidth mult:
                               33467
                                                      shift:
                                                                 22
      link bandwidth mult:
                               33467
                                                      shift:
                                                                 22
                               0x00000000
                                                                 0x00000000
      link aggregate cir:
                                             aggregate eir:
  IOS encapsulation type 1 ARPA
 Min mtu: 14
                  Max mtu: 1528
  VCCI maptable location = A3340000
  VCCI 9D3 (802.1Q VLAN 1)
    icmp ipaddress 0.0.0.0
                                     timestamp 0
    fib root 0x0, fib root rpf 0x0 cicb flags 0x00, flags/netmask 0x02
  VCCI \overline{9}DB (802.1Q \overline{VLAN} 1)
    icmp ipaddress 0.0.0.0
                                     timestamp 0
    fib root 0x0, fib root rpf 0x0 cicb flags 0x00, flags/netmask 0x02
```

The following example shows subblocks information for all interfaces:

#### Router# show pxf cpu subblocks PXF

Router# Snow pxr cpu Subt	TOCKS PAR							
Interface	Status	ICB	WQB ID	Fwding	Enc	VCCI-map	VCCI	VC
Control Plane	up	0	1	PXF	0	A3000000	1	
ATM1/0/0	initiali	6000	3	disabl	33	A3040000	9CF	
ATM1/0/1	initiali	6001	4	disabl	33	A3060000	9D0	
ATM1/0/2	initiali	6002	5	disabl	33	A3080000	9D1	
ATM1/0/3	initiali	6003	6	disabl	33	A30A0000	9D2	
Serial2/0/0	initiali	A000	7	disabl	16	A3000004	9D3	
Serial2/0/1	initiali	A001	8	disabl	16	A3000008	9D4	
Serial2/0/2	initiali	A002	9	disabl	5	A30000C	9D5	

Serial2/0/3	initiali	A800	10	disabl	5	A3000010	9D6	
Serial2/0/4	initiali	A801	11	disabl	5	A3000014	9D7	
Serial2/0/5	initiali	A802	12	disabl	5	A3000018	9D8	
Serial2/0/6	initiali	B000	13	disabl	5	A300001C	9D9	
Serial2/0/7	initiali	B001	14	disabl	5	A3000020	9DA	
POS3/0/0	up	E000	15	PXF	5	A3000024	9DB	
Serial4/0/0.1/1/1/1:0	up	12000	27	PXF	16	A3000040	9E7	
Serial4/0/0.1/1/1/1:1	up	12001	28	PXF	16	A3000044	9E8	
POS5/0/0	down	16000	16	disabl	5	A3000028	9DC	
POS5/0/1	down	16001	17	disabl	5	A300002C	9DD	
POS5/0/2	down	16002	18	disabl	5	A3000030	9DE	
POS5/0/3	down	16003	19	disabl	5	A3000034	9DF	
POS5/0/4	down	16004	20	disabl	5	A3000038		
POS5/0/5	down	16005	21	disabl	5	A300003C	9E1	
GigabitEthernet6/0/0	down	1A000	22	disabl	1	A32C0000	9E2	1
GigabitEthernet6/0/0.100	down	1A000		disabl	1	A32C0000		100
ATM8/0/0	up	22000	23	PXF	33	A33C0000	9E3	
ATM8/0/0.1	up	22000		PXF	33	A33C0000	0	0/33
ATM8/0/0.2	up	22000		PXF	33	A33C0000		0/34
ATM8/0/0.100	up	22000		PXF	33	A33C0000	9EC	30/32
ATM8/0/0.200	up	22000		PXF	33	A33C0000	9ED	0/32
ATM8/0/1	down	22001		disabl	33	A33E0000		
ATM8/0/2	down	22002	25	disabl	33	A3400000	9E5	
ATM8/0/3	down	22003		disabl	33	A3420000		
Multilink1	up	0	29	PXF	16	A3000048		
Multilink2	down	0	36	disabl	16	A300005C	4	
Multilink20	up	0	30	PXF	16	A300004C		
Multilink60230	down	0	31	disabl	16	A3000050		
Multilink60130	down	0	32	disabl	16	A3000054	9EA	
mm . 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	C 11 1		1. 1					

The table below describes the fields shown in the display.

Table 11: show pxf cpu subblocks Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Interface	Identifies the interface or subinterface.
Status	Displays the status of the interface:
	AdministThe interface has been shut down and is in the administrative down state.
	<ul> <li>DeletedThe subinterface has been removed from the router's configuration.</li> </ul>
	• DownThe interface is down because of a cable or other connectivity problem.
	<ul> <li>InitialiThe interface is in the process of initializing.</li> </ul>
	• ResetThe interface is currently being reset.
	UpThe interface is up and passing traffic.
ICB	Displays the Interface Control Block (ICB) that is mapped to this interface.
WQB_ID	Displays the Work Queue Block (WQB) identifier for the interface.

Field	Description
Fwding	Displays whether traffic is being forwarded (PXF) or not (disable).
Enc	Identifies the type of encapsulation used on the interface. The most common encapsulation types are:
	0 = None
	1 = Ethernet ARPA
	2 = Ethernet SAP
	3 = 802.2  SNAP
	5 = Serial, raw HDLC
	8 = Serial, LAPB
	9 = Serial, X.25
	20 = Frame Relay
	21 = SMDS
	22 = MAC-level packets
	27 = Logical Link Control (LLC) 2
	28 = Serial, SDLC (primary)
	30 = Async SLIP encapsulation
	33 = ATM interface
	35 = Frame Relay with IETF encapsulation
	42 = Dialer encapsulation
	46 = Loopback interface
	51 = ISDN Q.921
	59 = DOCSIS (previously known as MCNS)
	61 = Transparent Mode
	62 = TDM clear channel
	64 = PPP over Frame Relay
	65 = IEEE 802.1Q
	67 = LAPB terminal adapter
	68 = DOCSIS Cable Modem
VCCI-map	Displays the memory address for the Virtually Cool Common Index (VCCI) map table for this particular VCCI.
VCCI	Identifies the VCCI, in hexadecimal, assigned to the interface or subinterface.
VC	Identifies the virtual circuit (VC).

Command	Description
clear pxf	Clears PXF counters and statistics.
debug pxf	Displays PXF debugging output.
show ip mroute	Displays the contents of the IP multicast routing table.
show pxf cpu tbridge	Displays PXF CPU statistics for transparent bridging.
show pxf microcode	Displays identifying information for the microcode currently loaded on the PXF.

# show pxf cpu vcci

To display Virtually Cool Common Index (VCCI) to interface mapping information on the Parallel eXpress Forwarding (PXF), use the **show pxf cpu vcci** command in privileged EXEC mode.

## show pxf cpu vcci [summary]

### **Syntax Description**

summary	(Optional) Displays VCCI allocation information.
---------	--

### **Command Modes**

Privileged EXEC (#)

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.2S	This command was introduced.

## **Usage Guidelines**

The VCCI is an index that uniquely identifies each interface or subinterface in the PXF and it maps that interface to the appropriate set of services and features. This command is useful to verify the number of VCCIs that are used and available.

The Cisco 10000 series router has 65,536 VCCIs. A VCCI is assigned to each individual routed interface. A VCCI is not assigned to virtual template interfaces and loopbacks.

## **Examples**

The following example shows how to display the number of used and available VCCIs. The fields shown in the display are self-explanatory.

## Router# show pxf cpu vcci summary

VCCI usage summary

	Maximum	Used	Available
Multilink VCCI	2500	0	2500
Other VCCI	63023	14	63009

Command	Description
show pxf cpu policy-data	Displays QoS policy data index usage statistics.

# show pxf crash

To display Parallel eXpress Forwarding (PXF) crash information, use the **show pxf crash** command in privileged EXEC mode.

#### show pxf crash

## **Syntax Description**

This command has no arguments or keywords.

## **Command Modes**

Privileged EXEC (#)

## **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.1(1)E	This command was introduced on the Cisco 10000 series router.
12.1(5)T	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.1(5)T.
12.2(31)SB	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(31)SB.
12.2SX	This command is supported in the Cisco IOS Release 12.2SX train. Support in a specific 12.2SX release of this train depends on your feature set, platform, and platform hardware.

## **Examples**

The following example shows crash information as a result of a PXF direct memory access (DMA) error. The PXF crash information is typically stored in bootflash.

```
Router# show pxf crash
Summary of bootflash:pxf_crashinfo_20060117-152035
Time of crash was 15:20:35 UTC Tue Jan 17 2006
PXF DMA Error - End of Descriptor Before Cmd Byte Length Exhausted
Current microcode:
    file=system:pxf/c10k2-11-ucode.108.0.0.0,
    version=108.0.0.0,
    description=Nightly Build Software created Sat 19-Nov-05 00:12
```

The table below describes the significant fields shown in the display.

## Table 12: show pxf crash Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Summary of bootflash:	Displays the filename in bootflash where the PXF crash information is stored. The filename format includes the date and time of the PXF crash.
Time of crash	Displays the date of the PXF crash.

Field	Description
UTC	Displays the Universal Coordinated Time (UTC) of the PXF crash.
Current microcode	Displays identifying information for the microcode currently running on the PXF.

Command		Description	
	show pxf statistics	Displays a summary of PXF statistics.	

# show pxf dma

To display the current state of direct memory access (DMA) buffers, error counters, and registers on the Parallel eXpress Forwarding (PXF), use the **show pxf dma**command in privileged EXEC mode.

show pxf dma [buffers| counters| reassembly| registers]

Cisco 10000 Series Router (PRE3 only)

show pxf dma [buffers| counters| reassembly| registers][brief| config| errors| status]

## **Syntax Description**

buffers	(Optional) Displays PXF DMA buffers information.		
counters	(Optional) Displays packet and error counters for the PXF DMA engine.		
reassembly	(Optional) Displays PXF reassembly table usage information.		
registers	(Optional) Displays PXF DMA registers information.		
brief	(Optional) Displays PXF DMA information, including the initialization state of each block in the PXF API and any errors that occurred.		
	Note This option is available on the PRE3 only.		
config	(Optional) Displays a configuration summary of the registers in each of the PXF DMA blocks.		
	Note This option is available on the PRE3 only.		
errors	(Optional) Displays the errors that occurred in each of the PXF DMA blocks.		
	Note This option is available on the PRE3 only.		
status	(Optional) Displays the initialization state of each PXF DMA block. In normal operation, all blocks display the enabled state.		
	Note This option is available on the PRE3 only.		

**Command Modes** 

Privileged EXEC (#)

## **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.2S	This command was introduced.
12.3(7)XI	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.3(7)XI and implemented on the Cisco 10000 series router for the PRE2.
12.2(31)SB2	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(31)SB2 and implemented on the Cisco 10000 series router for the PRE3.

## Examples

The following example shows PXF DMA buffers information:

Rou	ter# <b>show px</b> :	f dma	buffers						
PXF	To-RP DMA R	ing D	escriptors &	В	uffers:				
	Descriptor	,	Buffer		Buffer		Descriptor		
	Address		Address		Length (b	2)	Flags		
0	0x0CA06340		0x0AC097C0		512	,	0x0002		
1	0x0CA06350		0x0AC088C0		512		0x0002		
2	0x0CA06360		0x0AC07C40		512		0x0002		
3	0x0CA06370		0x0AC0B5C0		512		0x0002		
4	0x0CA06380		0x0AC0CC40		512		0x0002		
5	0x0CA06390		0x0AC08640		512		0x0002		
6	0x0CA063A0		0x0AC0C240		512		0x0002		
7	0x0CA063B0		0x0AC08B40		512		0x0002		
8	0x0CA063C0		0x0AC0AE40		512		0x0002		
9	0x0CA063D0		0x0AC0BAC0		512		0x0002		
10	0x0CA063E0		0x0AC0C9C0		512		0x0002		
11	0x0CA063F0		0x0AC09CC0		512		0x0002		
12	0x0CA06400		0x0AC0C740		512		0x0002		
13	0x0CA06410		0x0AC0A6C0		512		0x0002		
14	0x0CA06420		0x0AC0B0C0		512		0x0002		
15	0x0CA06430		0x0AC09040		512		0x0002		
16	0x0CA06440		0x0AC0A440		512		0x0002		
17	0x0CA06450		0x0AC065C0		512		0x0002		
18	0x0CA06460		0x0AC06FC0		512		0x0002		
19	0x0CA06470		0x0AC06340		512		0x0002		
20	0x0CA06480		0x0AC07240		512		0x0002		
21	0x0CA06490		0x0AC092C0		512		0x0002		
22	0x0CA064A0		0x0AC0D140		512		0x0002		
23	0x0CA064B0		0x0AC0C4C0		512		0x0002		
24	0x0CA064C0		0x0AC07740		512		0x0002		
25	0x0CA064D0		0x0AC09540		512		0x0002		
26	0x0CA064E0		0x0AC0A940		512		0x0002		
27	0x0CA064F0		0x0AC06840		512		0x0002		
28	0x0CA06500		0x0AC08140		512		0x0002		
29	0x0CA06510		0x0AC06D40		512		0x0002		
30	0x0CA06510		0x0AC07EC0		512		0x0002		
31			0x0AC07EC0		512				
	0x0CA06530	D		_			0x0003		
PXF		King	Descriptors	òε			Danaudukan	0	
	Descriptor		Buffer		Buffer	. \	Descriptor		text
0	Address		Address		Length (b	)	Flags	Bit	
0	0x0CA06580		0x00000000		0		0x0000	Not	
1	0x0CA06590		0x0000000		0		0x0000		set
2	0x0CA065A0		0x00000000		0		0x0000	Not	
3	0x0CA065B0		0x00000000		0		0x0000		set
4	0x0CA065C0		0x00000000		0		0x0000	Not	
5	0x0CA065D0		0x00000000		0		0x0000	Not	set
6	0x0CA065E0		0x00000000		0		0x0000	Not	set
7	0x0CA065F0		0x00000000		0		0x0000	Not	set
8	0x0CA06600		0x00000000		0		0x0000	Not	set
9	0x0CA06610		0x00000000		0		0x0000	Not	set
10	0x0CA06620		0x00000000		0		0x0000	Not	set

11	0x0CA06630	0x0000000	0	0x0000	Not set
12	0x0CA06640	0x0000000	0	0x0000	Not set
13	0x0CA06650	0x0000000	0	0x0000	Not set
14	0x0CA06660	0x0000000	0	0x0000	Not set
15	0x0CA06670	0x00000000	0	0x0001	Not set

The table below describes the fields shown in the display.

## Table 13: show pxf dma Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Descriptor Address	Memory address pointing to the descriptor for this buffer.
Buffer Address	Address of this buffer in memory.
Buffer Length	Length, in bytes, of this particular buffer.
Descriptor Flags	Internal flags identifying this buffer's use and status.
Context Bit	State of the context bit which is set when the buffer is currently in use by a context (the basic unit of packet processing).

Command	Description
clear pxf	Clears PXF counters and statistics.
show pxf cpu	Displays PXF CPU statistics.
show pxf microcode	Displays the microcode version running on the PXF.

# show pxf feature cef

To display Parallel eXpress Forwarding (PXF) routing feature tables for Cisco Express Forwarding, use the **show pxf feature cef** command in user EXEC or privileged EXEC mode.

show pxf feature cef entry

## **Syntax Description**

entry	Display the PXF entry.

#### **Command Modes**

User EXEC (>) Privileged EXEC (#)

### **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.1(1)E	This command was introduced.
12.1(5)T	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.1(5)T.
12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.
12.2SX	This command is supported in the Cisco IOS Release 12.2SX train. Support in a specific 12.2SX release of this train depends on your feature set, platform, and platform hardware.

## **Examples**

The following is sample output from the **show pxf feature cef** command. The fields shown in the display are self-explanatory.

```
Router# show pxf feature cef entry
```

```
Shadow 16-4-4-8 PXF Mtrie:
  41 leaves, 1968 leaf bytes, 15 nodes, 267000 node bytes
5 invalidations
46 prefix updates
refcounts: 66746 leaf, 66720 node
```

Prefix/Length	Refcount	Parent
0.0.0.0/0	62282	
0.0.0.0/32	3	0.0.0.0/0
171.22.12.128/27	34	0.0.0.0/0
171.22.12.128/32	3	171.22.12.128/27
171.22.12.129/32	3	171.22.12.128/27
171.22.12.130/32	3	171.22.12.128/27
171.22.12.131/32	3	171.22.12.128/27
171.22.12.147/32	3	171.22.12.128/27

Command	Description
show pxf feature nat	Displays PXF routing feature tables for NAT.

show pxf feature cef

# show pxf feature cef vrf

To display the routing feature tables for Virtual Private Network (VPN) routing and forwarding instances (VRFs) on the Parallel eXpress Forwarding (PXF) path, use the **show pxf feature cef vrf**command in privileged EXEC mode.

show pxf feature cef vrf vpn-name

### **Syntax Description**

vpn-name	Name of the VPN to display.

#### **Command Modes**

Privileged EXEC (#)

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.2(15)B	This command was introduced.
12.3(4)T	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.3(4)T.

### **Usage Guidelines**

Use this command to display VRF PXF routing feature tables for a specified VPN for Cisco Express Forwarding. This command also displays information about prefix and MTRIE resource usage.

#### **Examples**

The following is sample output for the **show pxf feature cef vrf**command when it is used to display information about VRF vpn1:

```
Router# show pxf feature cef vrf vpn1
Shadow 8-8-4-4-8 PXF Mtrie:
```

```
51 leaves, 2448 leaf bytes, 92 nodes, 56352 node bytes
  10 invalidations
  61 prefix updates
  refcounts: 3666 leaf, 3733 node
                                                  Address
Prefix/Length
                     Refcount Parent
                                                              Shadow
                                                      0xC0047218 0x62CAF2E8
0.0.0.0/32
10.5.0.0/16
                      558
                                                      0xC0047278 0x62CAF108
10.5.0.0/32
                                  10.5.0.0/16
                                                      0xC0047268 0x62CAEE08
                      3
10.5.0.1/32
                      3
                                   10.5.0.0/16
                                                      0xC0047260 0x62CAEA18
                                                      0xC0047388 0x62CAEA48
10.5.0.2/32
                      3
                                  10.5.0.0/16
10.5.0.255/32
                      3
                                  10.5.0.0/16
                                                      0xC0047270 0x62CAF0D8
10.30.1.0/16
                      288
                                                      0xC0047360 0x62CAEB38
10.30.1.1/32
                      3
                                   10.30.1.0/16
                                                      0xC0047350 0x62CAEB98
10.70.0.0/32
                      3
                                                      0xC00472C0 0x62CAEEF8
10.70.1.1/32
                                                      0xC0047358 0x62CAEB68
10.70.1.2/32
                      3
                                                      0xC0047368 0x62CAEB08
10.70.1.3/32
                                                      0xC0047370 0x62CAEAD8
10.70.1.4/32
                                                      0xC0047378 0x62CAEAA8
70.1.1.5/32
                                                      0xC0047380 0x62CAEA78
224.0.0.0/24
                                                      0xC0047228 0x62CAF288
255.255.255.255/32
                                                      0xC0047220 0x62CAF2B8
```

-----

5 routes with less specific overlapping parent route

The table below describes the significant fields shown in the display.

## Table 14: show pxf feature cef vrf Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Shadow 8-8-4-4-8 PXF Mtrie	MTRIE lookup table index structures.
51 leaves	All created leaves for all MTRIEs.
2448 leaf bytes	Leaf byte counter. When a new leaf is created, the leaf byte counter is incremented by the size of the leaf structure.
92 nodes	All created nodes for all MTRIEs.
56352 node bytes	Node byte counter. When a new node is created, the node byte counter is incremented.
10 invalidations	Invalidations counter. When a route (represented by a leaf) is deleted from an MTRIE, the invalidations counter is incremented. This counter includes all MTRIEs.
61 prefix updates	IP prefix counter. When an IP prefix (represented by a leaf) is added to the MTRIE, the IP prefix counter is incremented. This counter includes all MTRIEs.
refcounts	Counters associated with references between leaves.
3666 leaf	MTRIEs have a leaf lock and a leaf free function. The leaf lock function increments the leaf refcount. The leaf free function decrements the leaf refcount. The leaf lock and leaf free functions prevent a leaf from being freed (deleted) while the leaf is still being referenced. This counter includes all MTRIEs.
3733 node	Node counter. When a child node is added to another node, the node to which the child node is added becomes a parent node. The node counter is decremented when a child node is deleted. This counter includes all MTRIEs.
Prefix/Length	The IP address and subnet mask of a leaf.
Refcount	The number of leaves that reference a specified leaf. The refcount counter is incremented when the leaf lock function is called and decremented when the leaf free function is called.

Field	Description
Parent	When you add a less specific route to a more specific route, the more specific route has a back pointer that points to the less specific route.
Address	The address of the memory for the specified leaf.
Shadow	The shadow address in Route Processor memory for the specified leaf.

Command	Description
show pxf feature cef	Displays PXF routing feature tables for CEF.
show pxf feature nat	Displays PXF routing feature tables for NAT.

# show pxf feature nat

To display Parallel eXpress Forwarding (PXF) routing tables for Network Address Translation (NAT), use the **show pxf feature nat** command in user EXEC or privileged EXEC mode.

show pxf feature nat [entry| stat| tcp]

## **Syntax Description**

entry	Displays NAT information.
stat	Displays NAT processing information.
tcp	Displays NAT TCP logging information.

#### **Command Modes**

User EXEC (>) Privileged EXEC (#)

## **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.1(1)E	This command was introduced.
12.1(5)T	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.1(5)T.
12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.
12.2SX	This command is supported in the Cisco IOS Release 12.2SX train. Support in a specific 12.2SX release of this train depends on your feature set, platform, and platform hardware.

## **Examples**

The following is sample output from the **show pxf feature nat**command. The fields shown in the display are self-explanatory.

Router# show pxf featu	re nat	
171.22.12.175	192.168.0.129	 
171.22.12.163	192.168.0.7	 
171.22.12.161	192.168.0.13	 
171.22.12.162	192.168.0.3	 
171.22.12.165	192.168.0.8	 
171.22.12.168	192.168.0.14	 
171.22.12.170	192.168.0.12	 
171.22.12.166	192.168.0.15	 
171.22.12.164	192.168.0.16	 

Command	Description
show pxf feature cef	Displays PXF routing feature tables for Cisco Express Forwarding.

# show pxf interface

To display a summary of the interfaces on the router and the Parallel eXpress Forwarding (PXF) features and capabilities enabled on these interfaces, use the **show pxf interface** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show pxf interface interface-name [detail]

### **Syntax Description**

interface-name	Name of the interface.
detail	(Optional) Displays detailed information for all PXF interfaces on the router.

## **Command Modes**

Privileged EXEC (#)

## **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.2S	This command was introduced.
12.3(7)XI1	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.3(7)XI1.
12.2SX	This command is supported in the Cisco IOS Release 12.2SX train. Support in a specific 12.2SX release of this train depends on your feature set, platform, and platform hardware.

### **Usage Guidelines**

If you do not specify an interface, the command displays a summary of the statistics for all PXF interfaces on the router.

#### **Examples**

The following example shows PXF statistics for serial interface 1/0/0. The significant fields shown in the display are self-explanatory.

```
Router# show pxf interface s1/0/0
ed10#sho pxf interface s1/0/0
Serial1/0/0 is up, enabled, PXF enabled, IOS encap PPP
                                                                  (16)
 Last clearing of Serial1/0/0 counters: 00:06:29
 91 packets input, (1934 bytes)
Total PXF input errors (pkts/bytes):
PXF output queues:
        Class
                       ID
                               Length/Max
                                              Outputs (pkts/bytes)
                                                                      Drops
   0 class-default
                                                0/0
91/1953
                       276
                                0/1024
                                                                         0
                       275
                                0/32
                                                                         Λ
Slot 1/0: FBB Rx:0x00000000 OCQ debug:0x00001040, qN_entry_cnt[5:0]: 0
           PXF DMA RE drops: 0/0, Null config drops: 0/0
Last clearing of slot 1/0 counters: 00:06:29
```

Command	Description
clear pxf	Clears PXF counters and statistics.
show pxf statistics	Displays chassis-wide, summary PXF statistics.

# show pxf microcode

To display identifying information for the microcode currently loaded on the Parallel eXpress Forwarding (PXF), use the **show pxf microcode**command in privileged EXEC mode.

#### show pxf microcode

#### **Syntax Description**

This command has no arguments or keywords.

#### **Command Modes**

Privileged EXEC (#)

## **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.2S	This command was introduced.
12.3(7)XI	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.3(7)XI.

## **Examples**

The following example shows the microcode version that is currently loaded on the PXF:

```
Router# show pxf microcode
PXF complex: 4 Toasters 8 Columns total
PXF processor tmc0 is running.
PXF processor tmc1 is running.
PXF processor tmc2 is running.
PXF processor tmc3 is running.
Loaded microcode: system:pxf/c10k2-11-ucode.6.1.3
        Version: 6.1.3
        Release Software created Sun 20-Nov-05 14:06
        Signature: 0d2b395c1083872793586f9cec47d7b3
       Microcode load attempted 1 time(s), latest 2w6d ago
        tmc0 FG PC=0 BG PC=6 WDog=1024 MinPhase=23 SecPreScalerTimer=11542680 MS
ecPreScalerTimer=153600
        tmc1 FG_PC=0 BG_PC=6 WDog=1024 MinPhase=23 SecPreScalerTimer=11542680 MS
ecPreScalerTimer=153600
        tmc2 FG PC=0 BG PC=6 WDog=1024 MinPhase=23 SecPreScalerTimer=11542680 MS
ecPreScalerTimer=153600
       tmc3 FG PC=0 BG PC=6 WDog=1024 MinPhase=23 SecPreScalerTimer=11542680 MS
ecPreScalerTimer=154
```

The table below describes the fields shown in the display.

#### Table 15: show pxf microcode Field Descriptions

Field	Description
PXF complex	The number of PXF processors, their associate memory columns, and their current status.
Loaded microcode	The source and filename for the microcode that is currently loaded on the PXF processor.

Field	Description
Version	The microcode version.
Release Software created	The time and date the current microcode was compiled.
Signature	The signature in the microcode version.
Microcode load attempted	The number of times the PXF processor has loaded the microcode since the Cisco IOS image was loaded at system boot. Also, shows the time (in days and hours) since the last successful load of the microcode.
tmc#	The current program counters and configuration for the PXF processors.

Command	Description
clear pxf	Clears PXF counters and statistics.
show pxf cpu statistics	Displays PXF CPU statistics.
show pxf dma	Displays PXF DMA information.

# show pxf netflow

To display the NetFlow Parallel eXpress Forwarding (PXF) counters, use the **show pxf netflow** command in privileged EXEC mode.

#### show pxf netflow

### **Syntax Description**

This command has no arguments or keywords.

### **Command Modes**

Privileged EXEC (#)

## **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.2S	This command was introduced.
12.3(7)XI	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.3(7)XI.

## **Examples**

The following example shows the NetFlow PXF statistics. The fields shown in the display are self-explanatory.

```
Router# show pxf netflow
NetFlow debug counters
        timeout activity:
        timeout inactivity: 9785
        forced age:
        export busy:
        export locked:
                            62
        export noswap:
        accumulate:
                            1296898
        new flow:
                            9808
(unreliable) ICM counters
        records pending :
        live flows :
NetFlow PXF Config Registers
        PXF Inactive Timeout: 90000
        PXF Active Timeout:
```

Command	Description
show pxf cpu statistics	Displays PXF CPU statistics.
show pxf statistics	Displays chassis-wide, summary PXF statistics.

# show pxf stall-monitoring

To display the configuration and operating status details of the PXF stall monitor (PSM), use the **show pxf stall-monitoring** command in privileged EXEC mode. The **show pxf stall-monitoring** command also displays the number of stalls on the PSM after it was last enabled.

show pxf stall-monitoring [counters| reset {active-status| cob-fib| cob-tib| pxf-drop} subslot sub-slot]

#### **Syntax Description**

Displays statistical information for all counters.
Displays the following counters:
• active-status Displays the active status on the specified subslot.
• <b>cob-fib</b> Displays the Cobalt FIB counter on the specified subslot.
• cob-tibDisplays the Cobalt TIB counter on the specified subslot.
• pxf-drop Displays the PXF per RSRC drop counter on the specified subslot.
• <b>subslot</b> <i>sub slot</i> Displays information about the specified subslot.

#### **Command Modes**

Privileged EXEC (#)

## **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.2(33)XNE	This command was introduced.

## **Examples**

The following example displays a sample output of the **show pxf stall-monitoring** command:

The following example displays a sample output of the **show pxf stall-monitoring counters**command:

```
Router# show pxf stall-monitoring counters
To RP Counters
IOS To RP Counter = 20665
PXF To RP Drop Counter =
Current Counter Values
______
Slot 0 Subslot 0 Cob TIB = 0 Cob FIB = 0 PXF Drop = 0
Slot 0 Subslot 1 Cob TIB = 0 Cob FIB = 0 PXF Drop = 0
Slot 1 Subslot 0 Cob TIB = 2368 Cob FIB = 0 PXF Drop =
Slot 1 Subslot 1 Cob TIB = 0 Cob FIB = 0 PXF Drop = 0
Slot 2 Subslot 0 Cob TIB = 0 Cob FIB = 0 PXF Drop = 0
Slot 2 Subslot 1 Cob TIB = 0 Cob FIB = 0 PXF
                                             Drop = 0
Slot 3 Subslot 0 Cob TIB = 0 Cob FIB = 0 PXF Drop = 0
Slot 3 Subslot 1 Cob TIB = 0 Cob FIB = 0 PXF Drop = 0
Slot 4 Subslot 0 Cob TIB = 0 Cob FIB = 0 PXF
                                             Drop = 0
Slot 4 Subslot 1 Cob TIB = 0 Cob FIB = 0 PXF Drop = 0
Slot 5 Subslot 0 Cob TIB = 6162 Cob FIB = 6204 PXF Drop = 0
Slot 5 Subslot 1 Cob TIB = 6101 Cob FIB = 6065 PXF Drop = 0
Slot 5 Subslot 2 Cob TIB = 0 Cob FIB = 0 PXF Drop = 0
Slot 5 Subslot 3 Cob TIB = 0 Cob FIB = 0 PXF Drop = 0
Slot 7 Subslot 0 Cob TIB = 8402 Cob FIB = 8402 PXF Drop = 0
Slot 7 Subslot 1 Cob TIB = 0 Cob FIB = 0 PXF Drop = 0
Slot 8 Subslot 0 Cob TIB = 0 Cob FIB = 0 PXF Drop = 0
Slot 8 Subslot 1 Cob TIB = 0 Cob FIB = 0 PXF Drop = 0
Line Card Participant Status
Slot 1 Subslot 0 = 1
Slot. 1 Subslot. 1 = 0
Slot 2 Subslot 0 = 0
Slot 2 Subslot 1 = 0
Slot 3 Subslot 0 = 0
Slot 3 Subslot 1 = 0
Slot 4 Subslot 0 = 0
Slot 4 Subslot 1 = 0
Slot 5 Subslot 0 = 0
Slot 5 Subslot 1 = 1
Slot 5 Subslot 2 =
Slot 5 Subslot 3 = 0
Slot 7 Subslot 0 = 1
Slot 7 Subslot 1 = 0
Slot 8 Subslot 0 = 1
Slot 8 Subslot 1 = 0
Line Card Active Status
______
Slot 1 Subslot 0 = 0
Slot 1 Subslot 1 = 0
Slot 2 Subslot 0 = 0
Slot 2 Subslot 1 = 0
Slot 3 Subslot 0 = 0
Slot 3 Subslot 1 = 0
Slot 4 Subslot 0 = 0
Slot 4 Subslot 1 = 0
Slot 5 Subslot 0 = 0
Slot 5 Subslot 1
Slot 5 Subslot 2 =
Slot 5 Subslot 3 = 0
Slot 7 Subslot 0 = 0
Slot 7 Subslot 1 = 0
Slot 8 Subslot 0 = 0
Slot 8 Subslot 1 = 0
```

The fields displayed are self-explanatory.

The following example displays a sample output of the **show pxf stall-monitoring reset**command:

```
Router# show pxf stall-monitoring reset active-status subslot 1/0 pxf stall-monitoring : Enabled
```

Command	Description
hw-module pxf stall-monitoring	Enables PXF stall monitor on the Cisco 10000 series router and configures default threshold values before the LC and HTDP resets.

## show pxf statistics

To display summary Parallel eXpress Forwarding (PXF) statistics, use the **show pxf statistics** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show pxf statistics {context| diversion| drop [detail]| ip| ipv6}

#### **Syntax Description**

context	Displays context statistics.
diversion	Displays traffic diverted from the PXF.
drop [detail]	Displays packets dropped by the PXF. The <b>detail</b> option provides detailed information.
ip	Displays IP and ICMP statistics.
ipv6	Displays IPv6 statistics.

#### **Command Modes**

Privileged EXEC (#)

### **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.0(22)S	This command was introduced on the Cisco 10000 series router.
12.2(28)SB	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(28)SB.
12.3(7)XI1	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.3(7)XI1.
12.2(31)SB	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(31)SB.

## **Examples**

The following example shows a summary of PXF IP statistics:

```
Router# show pxf statistics ip
Chassis-wide PXF forwarding counts
   IP inputs 0, forwarded 0, punted 0
   IP dropped 0, no adjacency 0, no route 0
   IP unicast RPF 0, unresolved 0
   ICMP created 0, Unreachable sent 0, TTL expired sent 0
   ICMP echo requests 0, replies sent 0
   ICMP checksum errors 0
   IP packets fragmented 0, total fragments 0, failed 0
   IP don't-fragment 0, multicast don't-fragment 0
   IP mcast total 0, switched 0, punted 0, failed 0
   IP mcast drops 0, RPF 0, input ACL 0, output ACL + taildrops 0
Last clearing of PXF forwarding counters:never
```

The following example shows a summary of PXF statistics for dropped packets:

```
Router# show pxf statistics drop
PXF input drops:
                                                               0/0
 Unassigned drops (pkts/bytes):
Last clearing of drop counters: never
The following example shows detailed PXF statistics for dropped packets:
Router# show pxf statistics drop detail
PXF input drops:
                                                               0/0
 Unassigned drops (pkts/bytes):
PXF Unassigned input drop details:
 (These input drops are not assigned to a particular PXF interface.)
                           packets
                                                 bytes
                                                 0
    generic
                           0
                                                 0
    mpls no eos
    fib_zero_dest
                           0
                                                 0
    fib drop null
                                                 0
    fib_icmp_no_adj
fib_icmp_bcast_dst
                                                 0
                                                 0
    mfib_ttl_0 mfib_disabled
                           0
                                                 0
                                                 0
    mfib rpf failed
                                                 0
    {\tt mfib\_null\_oif}
                                                 0
    tfib_rp_flag
                                                 0
    tfib_eos_violation
                           0
                                                 0
    tfib nonip expose
                                                 0
    tfib label invalid
                                                 0
    tfib_path_unknown
tfib_nonip_ttl_exp
                                                 0
                                                 0
    icmp_unrch_interval 0
                                                 0
    icmp_on_icmp
icmp_bad_hdr
                                                 0
                                                 0
    icmp_multicast
                           0
                                                 0
    icmp_frag
                           0
                                                 0
    macr bad tag num
                                                 0
    no touch
                                                 0
    enq id 0
    no_pkt_handles
                           0
                                                 0
    12_unsupp_drop
                           0
                                                 0
    ipm_replay_full
                           0
                                                 0
                                                 0
    bad atm arp
   nested_fragmentation 0
                                                 0
    121ess drop packets 0
                                                 0
    12tp payload encap
    re bit[00]
                                                 0
           [01]
                                                 0
           [02]
                           0
                                                 0
                           0
           [03]
                                                 0
                           0
            F 0 4 1
                                                 0
            [05]
                           0
                                                 0
           [06]
                                                 0
            [07]
                                                 0
            [08]
                           Ω
                                                 0
```

The following example shows summarized statistics for traffic diverted from the PXF:

0

```
Router# show pxf statistics diversion
```

0

```
Diversion Cause Stats:

divert = 0
encap = 0
clns_isis = 0
clns = 0
cdp = 0
cgmp = 0
arp = 1
```

[09]

[10]

```
rarp = 0
mpls_ctl = 0
keepalive = 0
ppp_cntrl = 449
fr_lmi = 0
atm ilmi = 0
oam f4 = 0
oam f5 ete= 0
oam f5 seg= 0
mlfr lip = 0
```

Command	Description
clear pxf	Clears PXF counters and statistics.
show pxf cpu statistics	Displays PXF CPU statistics.

## show pxf xcm

To display Parallel eXpress Forwarding (PXF) External Column Memory (XCM) information, use the **show pxf xcm** command in privileged EXEC mode.

#### show pxf xcm

#### **Syntax Description**

This command has no arguments or keywords.

#### **Command Modes**

Privileged EXEC (#)

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.2S	This command was introduced.
12.3(7)XI	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.3(7)XI.

#### **Examples**

The following example shows XCM information for each PXF processor:

```
Router# show pxf xcm
Toaster 0:
    Number of Columns: 2
    Proc ID: 0 \times 00000004 = TMC_X72
    ASIC Revision: 0 \times 00000001 = T3-ECC
    XCMO type:FCRAM, size = 67108864
    ECC is enabled for column 0
        XCM AB Config Register: 0x024703B9
        XCM CD Config Register: 0x024703B9
        XCM Exception Type Register: 0x00000000
        FCRAM-A Counters
        Number of ECC single bit errors: 0
        FCRAM-B Counters
        Number of ECC single bit errors: 0
        FCRAM-C Counters
        Number of ECC single bit errors: 0
        FCRAM-D Counters
        Number of ECC single bit errors: 0
    XCM1 type:FCRAM, size = 67108864
    ECC is enabled for column 1
        XCM AB Config Register: 0x024703B9
        XCM CD Config Register: 0x024703B9
        XCM Exception Type Register: 0x00000000
        FCRAM-A Counters
        Number of ECC single bit errors: 0
        FCRAM-B Counters
        Number of ECC single bit errors: 0
        FCRAM-C Counters
        Number of ECC single bit errors: 0
        FCRAM-D Counters
        Number of ECC single bit errors: 0
Toaster 1:
    Number of Columns: 2
    Proc ID: 0x00000004 = TMC X72
    ASIC Revision: 0x00000001 = T3-ECC
    XCMO type:FCRAM, size = 67108864
```

```
ECC is enabled for column 0
        XCM AB Config Register: 0x024703B9
        XCM CD Config Register: 0x024703B9
        XCM Exception Type Register: 0x00000000
        FCRAM-A Counters
        Number of ECC single bit errors: 0
        FCRAM-B Counters
        Number of ECC single bit errors: 0
        FCRAM-C Counters
        Number of ECC single bit errors: 0
        FCRAM-D Counters
        Number of ECC single bit errors: 0
    XCM1 type:FCRAM, size = 67108864
    ECC is enabled for column 1
        XCM AB Config Register: 0x024703B9
        XCM CD Config Register: 0x024703B9
        XCM Exception Type Register: 0x00000000
        FCRAM-A Counters
        Number of ECC single bit errors: 0
        FCRAM-B Counters
        Number of ECC single bit errors: 0
        FCRAM-C Counters
        Number of ECC single bit errors: 0
        FCRAM-D Counters
        Number of ECC single bit errors: 0
Toaster 2:
    Number of Columns: 2
    Proc ID: 0 \times 000000004 = TMC X72
    ASIC Revision: 0x00000001 = T3-ECC
    XCMO type:FCRAM, size = 67108864
    ECC is enabled for column 0
        XCM AB Config Register: 0x024703B9
        XCM CD Config Register: 0x024703B9
        XCM Exception Type Register: 0x00000000
        FCRAM-A Counters
        Number of ECC single bit errors: 0
        FCRAM-B Counters
        Number of ECC single bit errors: 0
        FCRAM-C Counters
        Number of ECC single bit errors: 0
        FCRAM-D Counters
        Number of ECC single bit errors: 0
    XCM1 type:FCRAM, size = 67108864
    ECC is enabled for column 1
        XCM AB Config Register: 0x024703B9
        XCM CD Config Register: 0x024703B9
        XCM Exception Type Register: 0x00000000
        FCRAM-A Counters
        Number of ECC single bit errors: 0
        FCRAM-B Counters
        Number of ECC single bit errors: 0
        FCRAM-C Counters
        Number of ECC single bit errors: 0
        FCRAM-D Counters
        Number of ECC single bit errors: 0
Toaster 3:
    Number of Columns: 2
    Proc ID: 0x00000004 = TMC X72
    ASIC Revision: 0 \times 00000001 = T3-ECC
    XCMO type:FCRAM, size = 67108864
    ECC is enabled for column 0
        XCM AB Config Register: 0x024703B9
        XCM CD Config Register: 0x024703B9
        XCM Exception Type Register: 0x00000000
        FCRAM-A Counters
        Number of ECC single bit errors: 0
        FCRAM-B Counters
        Number of ECC single bit errors: 0
        FCRAM-C Counters
        Number of ECC single bit errors: 0
        FCRAM-D Counters
        Number of ECC single bit errors: 0
    XCM1 type:FCRAM, size = 67108864
```

```
ECC is enabled for column 1

XCM AB Config Register: 0x024703B9

XCM CD Config Register: 0x024703B9

XCM Exception Type Register: 0x000000000

FCRAM-A Counters

Number of ECC single bit errors: 0

FCRAM-B Counters

Number of ECC single bit errors: 0

FCRAM-C Counters

Number of ECC single bit errors: 0

FCRAM-D Counters

Number of ECC single bit errors: 0

FCRAM-D Counters

Number of ECC single bit errors: 0
```

The table below describes the fields shown in the display.

## Table 16: show pxf xcm Field Descriptions

Field	Description
The following fields appear for each PXF processor.	
Toaster #	Identifies the PXF processor.
Number of Columns	Displays the number of memory columns on the PXF processor.
Proc ID	Displays the processor type (TMC is Toaster Memory Column).
ASIC Revision	Displays the internal version number of the PXF processor.
The following fields appear for each XCM memory column.	
XCM type	Displays the type and size, in bytes, of memory used in this particular column.
ECC is enabled for column	Displays whether Error Code Correction (ECC) checking is enabled or disabled for this memory column.
XCM Config Register and XCM Exception Type Register	Displays the contents of these two registers for the memory column.
Number of ECC single bit errors	Displays the number of single-bit errors detected in memory.

Command	Description
show pxf cpu	Displays PXF CPU statistics.

Command	Description
show pxf microcode	Displays the microcode version currently loaded on the PXF.

## show route-map ipc

To display counts of the one-way route map interprocess communication (IPC) messages sent from the rendezvous point (RP) to the Versatile Interface Processor (VIP) when NetFlow policy routing is configured, use the **show route-map ipc**command in privileged EXEC mode.

#### show route-map ipc

## **Syntax Description**

This command has no arguments or keywords.

#### **Command Modes**

Privileged EXEC (#)

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.0(3)T	This command was introduced.
12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.
12.2SX	This command is supported in the Cisco IOS Release 12.2SX train. Support in a specific 12.2SX release of this train depends on your feature set, platform, and platform hardware.

### **Usage Guidelines**

This command displays the counts of one-way route map IPC messages from the RP to the VIP when NetFlow policy routing is configured. If you execute this command on the RP, the messages are shown as "Sent." If you execute this command on the VIP console, the IPC messages are shown as "Received."

#### **Examples**

The following is sample output of the **show route-map ipc** command when it is executed on the RP:

```
Router# show route-map ipc
Route-map RP IPC Config Updates Sent
Name: 4
Match access-list: 2
Match length: 0
Set precedence: 1
Set tos: 0
Set nexthop: 4
Set interface: 0
Set default nexthop: 0
Set default interface: 1
Clean all: 2
```

The following is sample output of the **show route-map ipc** command when it is executed on the VIP:

```
Router# show route-map ipc
Route-map LC IPC Config Updates Received
Name: 4
Match access-list: 2
Match length: 0
Set precedence: 1
Set tos: 0
```

```
Set nexthop: 4
Set interface: 0
Set default nexthop: 0
Set default interface: 1
Clean all: 2
```

The table below describes the significant fields shown in the display.

## Table 17: show route-map ipc Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Route-map RP IPC Config Updates Sent	Indicates that IPC messages are being sent from the RP to the VIP.
Name	Number of IPC messages sent about the name of the route map.
Match access-list	Number of IPC messages sent about the access list.
Match length	Number of IPC messages sent about the length to match.
Set precedence	Number of IPC messages sent about the precedence.
Set tos	Number of IPC messages sent about the type of service (ToS).
Set nexthop	Number of IPC messages sent about the next hop.
Set interface	Number of IPC messages sent about the interface.
Set default nexthop	Number of IPC messages sent about the default next hop.
Set default interface	Number of IPC messages sent about the default interface.
Clean all	Number of IPC messages sent about clearing the policy routing configuration from the VIP. When dCEF is disabled and reenabled, the configuration related to policy routing must be removed (cleaned) from the VIP before the new information is downloaded from the RP to the VIP.

Command	Description
set ip next-hop verify-availability	Configures policy routing to verify if the next hops of a route map are CDP neighbors before policy routing to that next hop.

show route-map ipc

## show xdr

To display details about eXternal Data Representation (XDR), use the **show xdr** command in user EXEC or privileged EXEC mode.

 $show \ xdr \ \{client \ \{client-name | \ all \} \ [statistics] | \ line card \ [ \ line card-number \ ] \ [internal] | \ multicast-group | \ timers \}$ 

## **Syntax Description**

client {client-name   all}	Displays client basic information or statistics for a client or all clients.
statistics	(Optional) Displays XDR statistics.
linecard	(Line cards only) (Route/Switch Processor (RSP) on Cisco 7500 series and Route Processor (RP) on Cisco 10000 series) Displays XDR information for all XDR line card peer instances or the specified XDR line card peer instance.
linecard-number	(Optional) Specifies the line card slot number.
internal	(Optional) (RSP only) Displays internal information.
multicast-group	Displays XDR multicast groups.
timers	Displays XDR timers.

## **Command Default**

XDR details are not displayed.

### **Command Modes**

User EXEC (>) Privileged EXEC (#)

## **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.2(25)S	This command was introduced.
12.2(28)SB	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(28)SB and implemented on the Cisco 10000 series routers.
12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.
12.2(33)SXH	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH.
12.4(20)T	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.4(20)T.

## **Usage Guidelines**

This command is available only on distributed platforms (such as the Cisco 7500 series) and on the Cisco 10000 series routers.

#### **Examples**

The following example shows how to display XDR information for all clients:

```
Router# show xdr client all
XDR Interrupt P(0) flag:1 decode:0x413B9804 pull:0x413B9AE8 context:8
XDR Process Pri(1) flag:1 decode:0x413B99A0 pull:0x413B9D3C context:6
FIBHWIDB broker(2) flag:1 decode:0x0 pull:0x413A7B7C context:2
FIBIDB broker (3) flag:1 decode:0x0 pull:0x413A844C context:2
FIBHWIDB Subblo(4) flag:1 decode:0x0 pull:0x413A8E20 context:2
FIBIDB Subblock(5) flag:1 decode:0x0 pull:0x413A97DC context:2
XDR High Queue (6) flag:3 decode:0x4031AFFC pull:0x4031B934 context:1
Adjacency updat(7) flag:1 decode:0x413B266C pull:0x413B261C context:2
XDR Medium Queu(8) flag:3 decode:0x4031B004 pull:0x4031B95C context:1
IPv4 table brok(9) flag:1 decode:0x0 pull:0x413B21F0 context:6
IPv6 table brok(10) flag:1 decode:0x0 pull:0x413ECA90 context:6 XDR Low Queue (11) flag:3 decode:0x4031B00C pull:0x4031B984 context:1
MFI RP Pull
                (12) flag:1 decode:0x0 pull:0x413E1174 context:1
Push Client One(13) flag:1 decode:0x413BA300 pull:0x0 context:4
                (14) flag:1 decode:0x413A3D74 pull:0x0 context:124
CEF push
MFI non-RP Push(15) flag:1 decode:0x413DFA34 pull:0x0 context:4
                (16) flag:1 decode:0x413BABB4 pull:0x0 context:1
XDR ping
```

The following example shows how to display XDR information for all XDR line card peer instances:

#### Router# show xdr linecard

```
XDR slot number 1, status PEER UP
IPC messages sent 48
Next sequence number to send 21
Maximum sequence number expected 36
XDR slot number 2, status PEER UP
IPC messages sent 52
Next sequence number to send 31
Maximum sequence number expected 46
XDR slot number 3, status PEER UP
IPC messages sent 55
Next sequence number to send 17
Maximum sequence number to send 17
Maximum sequence number expected 32
```

The following example shows how to display XDR information for the XDR line card peer instance in slot number 1:

```
Router# show xdr linecard 1

XDR slot number 1, status PEER UP

IPC messages sent 48

Next sequence number to send 21

Maximum sequence number expected 36
```

The following example shows how to display internal XDR information for the XDR line card peer instance in slot number 1:

```
Router# show xdr linecard 1 internal
XDR slot number 1, status
    IPC messages sent 48
    Next sequence number to send
                                      2.1
   Maximum sequence number expected 36
                            Tx bytes
    XDR Interrupt Priori:
                                    Ω
                                               2391
                                                      11955
                                                              Window Message
                                    336
                             21
                                              Ω
                                                      Ω
                                                              Time Message
                                    8
                                               0
                                                      0
                                                              Resequence Message
                                                              CEF LC state
    XDR Process Priority:
```

		0 2	0 10	1	3 0	Registration Signal CEF running
FIBHWIDB broker	:	90	33570	0	0	fibhwidb update
FIBIDB broker	:	0.0		0		-
FIBIDB Subblock bro	ok:	80	30960	0	0	fibidb update
Adjacency update		10	315	0	0	fibswsb update
Adjacency update	•	2	6	0	0	Adjacency update me
IPv4 table broker	:	Ü		0	0	Adjacency repopulat
		16 4	558 24	0	0	prefix epoch
		2	36	0	0	table
IPv6 table broker	:	4	44	0	0	multicast prefix
CEF push		1	18	0	0	table
022 px0.1		12 0 0 2 9 1 1 1 6 2 1 1	72 0 0 10 452 3 22 40 470 10 12 16 8	19 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	114 12 12 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	repopulation req isl table update rq dot1q table updateq state control flow features deace flow cache config access-list config access-list delete route-map icmp limit SSM RP to LC commas
XDR ping	:	3	12	3	12	ping message

The following is sample output from the **show xdr multicast-group**command:

```
Router# show xdr multicast-group

0x4300DC00 READY Window: 15 Linecards: 2

XDR High Queue xdrs to push: 0

XDR Low Queue xdrs to push: 0

0x4414BC60 READY Window: 15 Linecards: 1

XDR High Queue xdrs to push: 0

XDR Medium Queu xdrs to push: 0

XDR Medium Queu xdrs to push: 0

0x44159420 READY Window: 15 Linecards: 3

XDR High Queue xdrs to push: 0

XDR Medium Queu xdrs to push: 0

XDR Medium Queu xdrs to push: 0

XDR Medium Queu xdrs to push: 0

XDR Low Queue xdrs to push: 0

XDR Low Queue xdrs to push: 0

XDR Low Queue xdrs to push: 0
```

The following is sample output from the **show xdr timers**command:

```
Router# show xdr timers
XDR multicast timers
   Expiration
                 Type
        0.000
                (parent)
XDR RP ping timers
                 Туре
   Expiration
        0.000
               (parent)
XDR RP timers
   Expiration
                 Type
     1:19.236 (parent)
       1:19.236
                  Sending Time
       4:59.236
                   Keepalive timer slot: 2
       4:59.236
                  Keepalive timer slot: 1
       4:59.248
                  Keepalive timer slot: 3
```

#### **Examples**

The following example shows how to display XDR information for all clients:

```
Router# show xdr client all
XDR Interrupt P(0) flag:RP|ISSU aware
  ISSU capable slot(s): 1
XDR Process Pri(1) flag:RP|ISSU aware
 ISSU capable slot(s): 1
FIBHWIDB broker(2) flag:RP|ISSU aware
  ISSU capable slot(s): 1
FIBIDB broker (3) flag:RP|ISSU aware
  ISSU capable slot(s): 1
FIBHWIDB Subblo(4) flag:RP|ISSU aware
 ISSU capable slot(s): 1
FIBIDB Subblock(5) flag:RP|ISSU aware
  ISSU capable slot(s): 1
XDR High Queue (6) flag:RP|LC
Adjacency updat(7) flag:RP|ISSU aware
  ISSU capable slot(s): 1
XDR Medium Queu(8) flag:RP|LC
IPv4 table brok(9) flag:RP|ISSU aware
  ISSU capable slot(s): 1
XDR Low Queue (11) flag:RP|LC
MFT Pull
               (12) flag:RP|ISSU aware
 ISSU capable slot(s): 1
Push Client One (13) flag:RP
CEF push
               (14) flag:RP|ISSU aware
  ISSU capable slot(s): 1
MFI Push
               (15) flag:RP|ISSU aware
 ISSU capable slot(s): 1
XDR ping
               (16) flag:RP
MPLS Embedded M(17) flag:RP
```

The following example shows how to display XDR information for all XDR line card peer instances:

```
Router# show xdr linecard

XDR slot number 1, status PEER UP
   IPC messages sent 569
   This is the secondary RP
   Next sequence number to send 116
   Maximum sequence number expected 160
   ISSU state: Nego done, version 2, mtu 7, sid 31
```

The following example shows how to display XDR information for the XDR line card peer instance in slot number 1:

```
Router# show xdr linecard 1

XDR slot number 1, status PEER UP

IPC messages sent 570

This is the secondary RP

Next sequence number to send 116

Maximum sequence number expected 160

ISSU state: Nego done, version 2, mtu 7, sid 31
```

The following example shows how to display internal XDR information for the XDR line card peer instance in slot number 1:

#### Router# show xdr linecard 1 internal

```
XDR slot number 1, status PEER UP
IPC maximum mtu 1478
IPC messages sent 570
This is the secondary RP
Next sequence number to send 116
Maximum sequence number expected 160
ISSU state: Nego done, version 2, mtu 7, sid 31

Tx bytes Rx bytes
XDR Interrupt Priori:

0 0 10427 52135 Window Message
```

VDD Dusses Duisnit		87 1 19	1392 4 444	0 0 11	0 0 264	Time Message Resequence Message ISSU nego
XDR Process Priorit	у:	17 1 0 15	51 2 0 348	11 0 1 9	33 0 4 216	Reg Signal CEF running CEF reload request ISSU nego
FIBHWIDB broker	:	32 7	3588 156	0 5	0 120	fibhwidb update ISSU nego
FIBIDB broker	:	49 7	6429 156	0 5	0 120	fibidb update ISSU nego
FIBHWIDB Subblock b	r:	7	156	5	120	ISSU nego
FIBIDB Subblock bro	k:	41	1533	0	0	fibswsb update
Adjacency update	:	13 62 4	300 3089 8	0 0	192 0 0	adj update adj epoch
IPv4 table broker	:	17 285	396 28557	10	240	ISSU nego prefix
		8 5 5 45	48 78 55 1068	0 0 0 0 24	0 0 0 0 576	epoch table multicast prefix ISSU nego
MFI Pull	:	12	456	0	0	pull update
CEF push	:	75 8	1788 48	39 14	936	ISSU nego repopulation req
MET Duel		5 12 2 2 9	10 816 0 32 204	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 144	state control mpls_access-list delete icmp limit ISSU nego
MFI Push	:	3 2 0 2	101 34 0 16	0 0 4 0	0 0 106 0	service reply client request service request enable/redist redistribution
client		153	3660	78	1872	ISSU nego
XDR ping	:	6	24	6	24	ping message

Command	Description
	Displays Cisco Express Forwarding information related to a selected update broker.

# snmp mib cef throttling-interval

To set the throttling interval for the CEF-MIB inconsistency notifications, use the **snmp mib cef throttling-interval**command in global configuration mode. To remove the throttling interval, use the **no** form of this command.

snmp mib cef throttling-interval seconds
no snmp mib cef throttling-interval seconds

### **Syntax Description**

seconds	The time to allow before an inconsistency notification is sent during the process of updating forwarding information from the Routing Information Base (RIB) to the Route Processor (RP) and the line card databases. The valid values are from 0 to 3600 seconds.

#### **Command Default**

Throttling is disabled by default (throttling interval is set to 0 seconds).

#### **Command Modes**

Global configuration (config)

## **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.2(31)SB	This command was introduced.
12.2(33)SRC	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRC.
12.2(33)SB	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SB.
12.4(20)T	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.4(20)T.
15.0(1)M	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 15.0(1)M.
12.2(33)SRE	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRE.
12.2(50)SY	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(50)SY.

## **Usage Guidelines**

Use this command in conjunction with the **snmp-server enable traps cef inconsistency** command to set the time that elapsed between the occurrence of a Cisco Express Forwarding database inconsistencies and the time when you want to receive an inconsistency notification.

If you set the throttling interval to 0 seconds, throttling is disabled.

## **Examples**

The following example shows how to set the throttling interval for CEF-MIB inconsistency notification to 300 seconds:

```
configure terminal
!
snmp-server enable traps cef inconsistency
snmp mib cef throttling-interval 300
```

Command	Description
snmp-server enable traps cef	Enables CEF-MIB notifications that correspond to Cisco Express Forwarding events.
snmp-server host	Specifies the recipient of an SNMP notification operation.

# snmp-server enable traps cef

To enable Cisco Express Forwarding support of Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) notifications on a network management system (NMS), use the **snmp-server enable traps cef** command in global configuration mode. To disable Cisco Express Forwarding support of SNMP notifications, use the **no** form of this command.

snmp-server enable traps cef [peer-state-change] [resource-failure] [inconsistency] [peer-fib-state-change] no snmp-server enable traps cef [peer-state-change] [resource-failure] [inconsistency] [peer-fib-state-change]

### **Syntax Description**

peer-state-change	(Optional) Enables the sending of CEF-MIB SNMP notifications for changes in the operational state of Cisco Express Forwarding peers.
resource-failure	(Optional) Enables the sending of CEF-MIB SNMP notifications for resource failures that affect Cisco Express Forwarding operations.
inconsistency	(Optional) Enables the sending of CEF-MIB SNMP notifications for inconsistencies that occur when routing information is updated from the Routing Information Base (RIB) to the Cisco Express Forwarding Forwarding Information Base (FIB) on the Route Processor (RP) and to the Cisco Express Forwarding FIB on the line cards.
peer-fib-state-change	(Optional) Enables the sending of CEF-MIB SNMP notifications for changes in the operational state of the Cisco Express Forwarding peer FIB.

**Command Default** 

All CEF-MIB notifications are disabled by default.

**Command Modes** 

Global configuration (config)

### **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.2(31)SB2	This command was introduced.
12.2(33)SRC	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRC.
12.2(33)SB	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SB.

Release	Modification
12.4(20)T	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.4(20)T.
15.0(1)M	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 15.0(1)M.
12.2(33)SRE	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRE.
12.2(50)SY	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(50)SY.

## **Usage Guidelines**

You can use this command to enable CEF-MIB SNMP notifications that correspond to specific Cisco Express Forwarding events. To send the notifications to an NMS or host system, you must configure the **snmp-server host** command with the **cef** keyword.

You can enable all CEF-MIB SNMP notifications if you enter the **snmp-server enable traps cef**command without entering an optional keyword.

## **Examples**

The following example shows how to enable a router to send Cisco Express Forwarding peer state changes and forwarding inconsistencies as informs to the NMS with IP address 10.56.125.47 and to use the community string defined as public:

```
configure terminal
!
snmp-server enable traps cef peer-state-change inconsistency
snmp-server host 10.56.125.47 informs version 2c public
```

Command	Description
snmp-server community	Configures a community access string to permit SNMP access to the local router by the remote SNMP software client.
snmp-server host	Specifies the recipient of an SNMP notification operation.

## snmp-server host

To specify the recipient of a Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) notification operation, use the **snmp-server host** command in global configuration mode. To remove the specified host from the configuration, use the **no** form of this command.

snmp-server host {hostname| ip-address} [vrf vrf-name| informs| traps| version {1| 2c| 3 [auth| noauth| priv]}] community-string [udp-port port [notification-type]] notification-type]

no snmp-server host {hostname| ip-address} [vrf vrf-name| informs| traps| version {1| 2c| 3 [auth| noauth| priv]}] community-string [udp-port port [ notification-type ]| notification-type]

#### Command Syntax on Cisco ME 3400, ME 3400E, and Catalyst 3750 Metro Switches

snmp-server host ip-address {community-string| informs| traps} {community-string| version {1| 2c| 3 {auth| noauth}}} {community-string| vrf vrf-name {informs| traps}} [notification-type]

no snmp-server host ip-address {community-string| informs| traps} {community-string| version {1| 2c| 3 {auth| noauth}}} {community-string| vrf vrf-name {informs| traps}} [notification-type]

#### Command Syntax on Cisco 7600 Series Router

snmp-server host ip-address {community-string| {informs| traps} {community-string| version {1| 2c| 3 {auth| noauth| priv}} community-string| version {1| 2c| 3 {auth| noauth| priv}} community-string| version {1| 2c| 3 {auth| noauth| priv}} community-string| version {1| 2c| 3 {auth| noauth| priv}} community-string}} [ notification-type ]

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{no snmp-server host} ip-address $\{community-string| \ \{informs| \ traps\} \ \{community-string| \ version \ \{1|\ 2c|\ 3\ \{auth|\ noauth|\ priv\}\} \ community-string| \ version \ \{1|\ 2c|\ 3\ \{auth|\ noauth|\ priv\}\} \ community-string|\ version \ \{1|\ 2c|\ 3\ \{auth|\ noauth|\ priv\}\} \ community-string\}\}\} \\ [\ notification-type\ ] \end{tabular}$ 

### **Syntax Description**

hostname	Name of the host. The SNMP notification host is typically a network management station (NMS) or SNMP manager. This host is the recipient of the SNMP traps or informs.
ip-address	IPv4 address or IPv6 address of the SNMP notification host.
vrf	<ul> <li>(Optional) Specifies that a VPN routing and forwarding (VRF) instance should be used to send SNMP notifications.</li> <li>• In Cisco IOS Release 12.2(54)SE, the vrf keyword is required.</li> </ul>

vrf-name	(Optional) VPN VRF instance used to send SNMP notifications.
	• In Cisco IOS Release 12.2(54)SE, the <i>vrf-name</i> argument is required.
informs	(Optional) Specifies that notifications should be sent as informs.
	• In Cisco IOS Release 12.2(54)SE, the <b>informs</b> keyword is required.
traps	(Optional) Specifies that notifications should be sent as traps. This is the default.
	• In Cisco IOS Release 12.2(54)SE, the <b>traps</b> keyword is required.
version	(Optional) Specifies the version of the SNMP that is used to send the traps or informs. The default is 1.
	• In Cisco IOS Release 12.2(54)SE, the <b>version</b> keyword is required and the <b>priv</b> keyword is not supported.
	If you use the <b>version</b> keyword, one of the following keywords must be specified:
	• 1SNMPv1.
	• <b>2c</b> SNMPv2C.
	• 3SNMPv3. The most secure model because it allows packet encryption with the <b>priv</b> keyword. The default is <b>noauth</b> .
	One of the following three optional security level keywords can follow the 3 keyword:
	• authEnables message digest algorithm 5 (MD5) and Secure Hash Algorithm (SHA) packet authentication.
	• noauth Specifies that the noAuthNoPriv security level applies to this host. This is the default security level for SNMPv3.
	• <b>priv</b> Enables Data Encryption Standard (DES) packet encryption (also called "privacy").

community-string	Password-like community string sent with the notification operation.
	Note You can set this string using the snmp-server host command by itself, but Cisco recommends that you define the string using the snmp-server community command prior to using the snmp-server host command.  Note The "at" sign (@) is used for delimiting the context information.
udp-port	<ul> <li>(Optional) Specifies that SNMP traps or informs are to be sent to an network management system (NMS) host.</li> <li>• In Cisco IOS Release 12.2(54)SE, the udp-port keyword is not supported.</li> </ul>
port	<ul> <li>(Optional) User Datagram Protocol (UDP) port number of the NMS host. The default is 162.</li> <li>• In Cisco IOS Release 12.2(54)SE, the <i>port</i> argument is not supported.</li> </ul>
notification-type	(Optional) Type of notification to be sent to the host. If no type is specified, all available notifications are sent. See the "Usage Guidelines" section for more information about the keywords available.

## **Command Default**

This command behavior is disabled by default. A recipient is not specified to receive notifications.

## **Command Modes**

Global configuration (config)

## **Command History**

Release	Modification
10.0	This command was introduced.
12.0(3)T	This command was modified.
	• The <b>version 3</b> [auth   noauth   priv] syntax was added as part of the SNMPv3 Support feature.
	• The <b>hsrp</b> notification-type keyword was added.
	• The <b>voice</b> notification-type keyword was added.

Release	Modification
12.1(3)T	This command was modified. The <b>calltracker</b> notification-type keyword was added for the Cisco AS5300 and AS5800 platforms.
12.2(2)T	This command was modified.
	• The <b>vrf</b> vrf-name keyword-argument pair was added.
	• The <b>ipmobile</b> notification-type keyword was added.
	<ul> <li>Support for the vsimaster notification-type keyword was added for the Cisco 7200 and Cisco 7500 series routers.</li> </ul>
12.2(4)T	This command was modified.
	• The <b>pim</b> notification-type keyword was added.
	• The <b>ipsec</b> notification-type keyword was added.
12.2(8)T	This command was modified.
	• The mpls-traffic-eng notification-type keyword was added.
	• The <b>director</b> notification-type keyword was added.
12.2(13)T	This command was modified.
	• The <b>srp</b> notification-type keyword was added.
	• The <b>mpls-ldp</b> notification-type keyword was added.
12.3(2)T	This command was modified.
	• The <b>flash</b> notification-type keyword was added.
	• The <b>12tun-session</b> notification-type keyword was added.
12.3(4)T	This command was modified.
	• The <b>cpu</b> notification-type keyword was added.
	• The <b>memory</b> notification-type keyword was added.
	• The <b>ospf notification-type</b> keyword was added.
12.3(8)T	This command was modified. The <b>iplocalpool notification-type</b> keyword was added for the Cisco 7200 and 7301 series routers.
12.3(11)T	This command was modified. The <b>vrrp</b> keyword was added.

Release	Modification
12.3(14)T	This command was modified.
	• Support for SNMP over IPv6 transport was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.3(14)T. Either an IP or IPv6 Internet address can be specified as the <i>hostname</i> argument.
	• The <b>eigrp</b> notification-type keyword was added.
12.4(20)T	This command was modified. The <b>license</b> notification-type keyword was added.
15.0(1)M	This command was modified.
	• The <b>nhrp</b> notification-type keyword was added.
	<ul> <li>The automatic insertion of the snmp-server community command into the configuration, along with the community string specified in the snmp-server host command, was changed. The snmp-server community command must be manually configured.</li> </ul>
12.0(17)ST	This command was modified. The <b>mpls-traffic-eng</b> notification-type keyword was added.
12.0(21)ST	This command was modified. The <b>mpls-ldp notification-type</b> keyword was added.
12.0(22)S	This command was modified.
	• All features in Cisco IOS Release 12.0ST were integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.0(22)S.
	• The <b>mpls-vpn</b> notification-type keyword was added.
12.0(23)S	This command was modified. The <b>12tun-session</b> notification-type keyword was added.
12.0(26)S	This command was modified. The <b>memory</b> notification-type keyword was added.
12.0(27)S	This command was modified.
	• Support for SNMP over IPv6 transport was added. Either an IP or IPv6 Internet address can be specified as the <i>hostname</i> argument.
	• The <b>vrf</b> <i>vrf</i> -name keyword and argument combination was added to support multiple Lightweight Directory Protocol (LDP) contexts for VPNs.
12.0(31)S	This command was modified. The <b>12tun-pseudowire-status</b> notification-type keyword was added.
12.2(18)S	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(18)S.

Release	Modification
12.2(25)S	This command was modified.
	• The cpu notification-type keyword was added.
	• The <b>memory</b> notification-type keyword was added.
12.2(28)SB	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(28)SB.
12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.
12.2(31)SB2	The <b>cef</b> notification-type keyword was added.
12.2(33)SXH	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH.
12.2(33)SB	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SB.
12.2(33)SXI5	This command was modified.
	• The <b>dhcp-snooping</b> notification-type keyword was added.
	• The <b>errdisable</b> notification-type keyword was added.
12.2(54)SE	This command was modified. See the snmp-server host, on page 96 for the command syntax for these switches.
12.2(33)SXJ	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXJ. The <b>public storm-control</b> notification-type keyword was added.
15.0(1)S	This command was modified. The <b>flowmon notification-type</b> keyword was added.
Cisco IOS XE Release 2.1	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS XE Release 2.1.
15.2(1)S	This command was modified. The <b>p2mp-traffic-eng</b> notification-type keyword was added.
Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE	This command was implemented in Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE.
Cisco IOS XE Release 3.3SE	This command was implemented in Cisco IOS XE Release 3.3SE.

## **Usage Guidelines**

If you enter this command with no optional keywords, the default is to send all notification-type traps to the host. No informs will be sent to the host.

The **no snmp-server host** command with no keywords disables traps, but not informs, to the host. To disable informs, use the **no snmp-server host informs** command.



Note

If a community string is not defined using the **snmp-server community** command prior to using this command, the default form of the **snmp-server community** command will automatically be inserted into the configuration. The password (community string) used for this automatic configuration of the **snmp-server community** command will be the same as that specified in the **snmp-server host** command. This automatic command insertion and use of passwords is the default behavior for Cisco IOS Release 12.0(3) and later releases. However, in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRE and later releases, you must manually configure the **snmp-server community** command. That is, the **snmp-server community** command will not be seen in the configuration.

SNMP notifications can be sent as traps or inform requests. Traps are unreliable because the receiver does not send acknowledgments when it receives traps. The sender cannot determine if the traps were received. However, an SNMP entity that receives an inform request acknowledges the message with an SNMP response protocol data unit (PDU). If the sender never receives the response, the inform request can be sent again. Thus, informs are more likely to reach their intended destination than traps.

Compared to traps, informs consume more resources in the agent and in the network. Unlike a trap, which is discarded as soon as it is sent, an inform request must be held in memory until a response is received or the request times out. Also, traps are sent only once; an inform may be tried several times. The retries increase traffic and contribute to a higher overhead on the network.

If you do not enter an **snmp-server host** command, no notifications are sent. To configure the router to send SNMP notifications, you must enter at least one **snmp-server host** command. If you enter the command with no optional keywords, all trap types are enabled for the host.

To enable multiple hosts, you must issue a separate **snmp-server host** command for each host. You can specify multiple notification types in the command for each host.

When multiple **snmp-server host** commands are given for the same host and kind of notification (trap or inform), each succeeding command overwrites the previous command. Only the last **snmp-server host** command will be in effect. For example, if you enter an **snmp-server host inform** command for a host and then enter another **snmp-server host inform** command for the same host, the second command will replace the first.

The **snmp-server host** command is used in conjunction with the **snmp-server enable** command. Use the **snmp-server enable** command to specify which SNMP notifications are sent globally. For a host to receive most notifications, at least one **snmp-server enable** command and the **snmp-server host** command for that host must be enabled.

Some notification types cannot be controlled with the **snmp-server enable** command. Some notification types are always enabled, and others are enabled by a different command. For example, the **linkUpDown** notifications are controlled by the **snmp trap link-status** command. These notification types do not require an **snmp-server enable** command.

The availability of notification-type options depends on the router type and the Cisco IOS software features supported on the router. For example, the **envmon** notification type is available only if the environmental monitor is part of the system. To see what notification types are available on your system, use the command help? at the end of the **snmp-server host** command.

The **vrf** keyword allows you to specify the notifications being sent to a specified IP address over a specific VRF VPN. The VRF defines a VPN membership of a user so that data is stored using the VPN.

In the case of the NMS sending the query having a correct SNMP community but not having a read or a write view, the SNMP agent returns the following error values:

- For a get or a getnext query, returns GEN\_ERROR for SNMPv1 and AUTHORIZATION\_ERROR for SNMPv2C.
- For a set query, returns NO\_ACCESS\_ERROR.

#### **Notification-Type Keywords**

The notification type can be one or more of the following keywords.



The available notification types differ based on the platform and Cisco IOS release. For a complete list of available notification types, use the question mark (?) online help function.

- aaa server -- Sends SNMP authentication, authorization, and accounting (AAA) traps.
- adslline -- Sends Asymmetric Digital Subscriber Line (ADSL) LINE-MIB traps.
- atm -- Sends ATM notifications.
- authenticate-fail -- Sends an SNMP 802.11 Authentication Fail trap.
- auth-framework -- Sends SNMP CISCO-AUTH-FRAMEWORK-MIB notifications.
- bgp --Sends Border Gateway Protocol (BGP) state change notifications.
- bridge -- Sends SNMP STP Bridge MIB notifications.
- bstun -- Sends Block Serial Tunneling (BSTUN) event notifications.
- bulkstat -- Sends Data-Collection-MIB notifications.
- c6kxbar -- Sends SNMP crossbar notifications.
- callhome -- Sends Call Home MIB notifications.
- calltracker -- Sends Call Tracker call-start/call-end notifications.
- casa -- Sends Cisco Appliances Services Architecture (CASA) event notifications.
- ccme -- Sends SNMP Cisco netManager Event (CCME) traps.
- cef -- Sends notifications related to Cisco Express Forwarding.
- chassis -- Sends SNMP chassis notifications.
- **cnpd** --Sends Cisco Network-based Application Recognition (NBAR) Protocol Discovery (CNPD) traps.
- config -- Sends configuration change notifications.
- config-copy -- Sends SNMP config-copy notifications.
- config-ctid -- Sends SNMP config-ctid notifications.
- cpu -- Sends CPU-related notifications.
- csg -- Sends SNMP Content Services Gateway (CSG) notifications.
- deauthenticate -- Sends an SNMP 802.11 Deauthentication trap.
- **dhcp-snooping** --Sends DHCP snooping MIB notifications.

- director -- Sends notifications related to DistributedDirector.
- disassociate -- Sends an SNMP 802.11 Disassociation trap.
- dlsw -- Sends data-link switching (DLSW) notifications.
- dnis -- Sends SNMP Dialed Number Identification Service (DNIS) traps.
- dot1x -- Sends 802.1X notifications.
- dot11-mibs -- Sends dot11 traps.
- dot11-qos -- Sends SNMP 802.11 QoS Change trap.
- ds1 -- Sends SNMP digital signaling 1 (DS1) notifications.
- ds1-loopback -- Sends ds1-loopback traps.
- dspu -- Sends downstream physical unit (DSPU) notifications.
- eigrp --Sends Enhanced Interior Gateway Routing Protocol (EIGRP) stuck-in-active (SIA) and neighbor authentication failure notifications.
- energywise -- Sends SNMP energywise notifications.
- entity -- Sends Entity MIB modification notifications.
- entity-diag -- Sends SNMP entity diagnostic MIB notifications.
- **envmon** --Sends Cisco enterprise-specific environmental monitor notifications when an environmental threshold is exceeded.
- errdisable -- Sends error disable notifications.
- ethernet-cfm --Sends SNMP Ethernet Connectivity Fault Management (CFM) notifications.
- event-manager -- Sends SNMP Embedded Event Manager notifications.
- firewall -- Sends SNMP Firewall traps.
- flash -- Sends flash media insertion and removal notifications.
- flexlinks -- Sends FLEX links notifications.
- flowmon -- Sends flow monitoring notifications.
- frame-relay -- Sends Frame Relay notifications.
- fru-ctrl -- Sends entity field-replaceable unit (FRU) control notifications.
- hsrp -- Sends Hot Standby Routing Protocol (HSRP) notifications.
- icsudsu -- Sends SNMP ICSUDSU traps.
- iplocalpool -- Sends IP local pool notifications.
- ipmobile -- Sends Mobile IP notifications.
- ipmulticast -- Sends IP multicast notifications.
- ipsec -- Sends IP Security (IPsec) notifications.
- isakmp -- Sends SNMP ISAKMP notifications.
- isdn -- Sends ISDN notifications.

- 12tc -- Sends SNMP L2 tunnel configuration notifications.
- 12tun-pseudowire-status -- Sends pseudowire state change notifications.
- 12tun-session -- Sends Layer 2 tunneling session notifications.
- license -- Sends licensing notifications as traps or informs.
- Ilc2 -- Sends Logical Link Control, type 2 (LLC2) notifications.
- mac-notification -- Sends SNMP MAC notifications.
- memory -- Sends memory pool and memory buffer pool notifications.
- module -- Sends SNMP module notifications.
- module-auto-shutdown --Sends SNMP module autoshutdown MIB notifications.
- mpls-fast-reroute --Sends SNMP Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) traffic engineering fast reroute notifications.
- mpls-ldp --Sends MPLS Label Distribution Protocol (LDP) notifications indicating status changes in LDP sessions.
- mpls-traffic-eng --Sends MPLS traffic engineering notifications, indicating changes in the status of MPLS traffic engineering tunnels.
- mpls-vpn -- Sends MPLS VPN notifications.
- msdp --Sends SNMP Multicast Source Discovery Protocol (MSDP) notifications.
- mvpn -- Sends multicast VPN notifications.
- nhrp -- Sends Next Hop Resolution Protocol (NHRP) notifications.
- ospf -- Sends Open Shortest Path First (OSPF) sham-link notifications.
- pim -- Sends Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM) notifications.
- port-security -- Sends SNMP port-security notifications.
- power-ethernet -- Sends SNMP power Ethernet notifications.
- public storm-control -- Sends SNMP public storm-control notifications.
- pw-vc -- Sends SNMP pseudowire virtual circuit (VC) notifications.
- p2mp-traffic-eng--Sends SNMP MPLS Point to Multi-Point MPLS-TE notifications.
- repeater -- Sends standard repeater (hub) notifications.
- resource-policy -- Sends CISCO-ERM-MIB notifications.
- rf -- Sends SNMP RF MIB notifications.
- rogue-ap -- Sends an SNMP 802.11 Rogue AP trap.
- rsrb -- Sends remote source-route bridging (RSRB) notifications.
- rsvp -- Sends Resource Reservation Protocol (RSVP) notifications.
- rtr -- Sends Response Time Reporter (RTR) notifications.
- sdlc -- Sends Synchronous Data Link Control (SDLC) notifications.

- sdllc -- Sends SDLC Logical Link Control (SDLLC) notifications.
- slb -- Sends SNMP server load balancer (SLB) notifications.
- snmp --Sends any enabled RFC 1157 SNMP linkUp, linkDown, authenticationFailure, warmStart, and coldStart notifications.



Note

To enable RFC-2233-compliant link up/down notifications, you should use the **snmp** server link trap command.

- sonet -- Sends SNMP SONET notifications.
- srp -- Sends Spatial Reuse Protocol (SRP) notifications.
- stpx -- Sends SNMP STPX MIB notifications.
- srst -- Sends SNMP Survivable Remote Site Telephony (SRST) traps.
- stun -- Sends serial tunnel (STUN) notifications.
- switch-over -- Sends an SNMP 802.11 Standby Switchover trap.
- **syslog** --Sends error message notifications (Cisco Syslog MIB). Use the **logging history level** command to specify the level of messages to be sent.
- **syslog** --Sends error message notifications (Cisco Syslog MIB). Use the **logging history level** command to specify the level of messages to be sent.
- tty --Sends Cisco enterprise-specific notifications when a TCP connection closes.
- udp-port -- Sends the notification host's UDP port number.
- vlan-mac-limit -- Sends SNMP L2 control VLAN MAC limit notifications.
- vlancreate -- Sends SNMP VLAN created notifications.
- vlandelete -- Sends SNMP VLAN deleted notifications.
- voice -- Sends SNMP voice traps.
- vrrp -- Sends Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) notifications.
- vsimaster -- Sends Virtual Switch Interface (VSI) Master notifications.
- vswitch -- Sends SNMP virtual switch notifications.
- vtp -- Sends SNMP VLAN Trunking Protocol (VTP) notifications.
- wlan-wep --Sends an SNMP 802.11 Wireless LAN (WLAN) Wired Equivalent Privacy (WEP) trap.
- x25 -- Sends X.25 event notifications.
- xgcp -- Sends External Media Gateway Control Protocol (XGCP) traps.

#### **SNMP-Related Notification-Type Keywords**

The *notification-type* argument used in the **snmp-server host** command do not always match the keywords used in the corresponding **snmp-server enable traps** command. For example, the *notification-type* argument applicable to Multiprotocol Label Switching Protocol (MPLS) traffic engineering tunnels is specified as **mpls-traffic-eng** (containing two hyphens and no embedded spaces). The corresponding parameter in the

**snmp-server enable traps** command is specified as **mpls traffic-eng** (containing an embedded space and a hyphen).

This syntax difference is necessary to ensure that the CLI interprets the *notification-type* keyword of the **snmp-server host** command as a unified, single-word construct, which preserves the capability of the **snmp-server host** command to accept multiple *notification-type* keywords in the command line. The **snmp-server enable traps** commands, however, often use two-word constructs to provide hierarchical configuration options and to maintain consistency with the command syntax of related commands. The table below maps some examples of **snmp-server enable traps** commands to the keywords used in the **snmp-server host** command.

Table 18: snmp-server enable traps Commands and Corresponding Notification Keywords

snmp-server enable traps Command	snmp-server host Command Keyword
snmp-server enable traps 12tun session	12tun-session
snmp-server enable traps mpls ldp	mpls-ldp
snmp-server enable traps mpls traffic-eng $\frac{1}{2}$	mpls-traffic-eng
snmp-server enable traps mpls vpn	mpls-vpn
snmp-server host host-address community-string udp-port port p2mp-traffic-eng	snmp-server enable traps mpls p2mp-traffic-eng [down   up]

<sup>1</sup> See the Cisco IOS Multiprotocol Label Switching Command Reference for documentation of this command.

#### **Examples**

If you want to configure a unique SNMP community string for traps but prevent SNMP polling access with this string, the configuration should include an access list. The following example shows how to name a community string comaccess and number an access list 10:

```
Router(config) # snmp-server community comaccess ro 10 Router(config) # snmp-server host 10.0.0.0 comaccess Router(config) # access-list 10 deny any
```



The "at" sign (@) is used as a delimiter between the community string and the context in which it is used. For example, specific VLAN information in BRIDGE-MIB may be polled using *community* @VLAN-ID (for example, public@100), where 100 is the VLAN number.

The following example shows how to send RFC 1157 SNMP traps to a specified host named myhost.cisco.com. Other traps are enabled, but only SNMP traps are sent because only **snmp** is specified in the **snmp-server host** command. The community string is defined as comaccess.

```
Router(config)# snmp-server enable traps
Router(config)# snmp-server host myhost.cisco.com comaccess snmp
```

The following example shows how to send the SNMP and Cisco environmental monitor enterprise-specific traps to address 10.0.0.0 using the community string public:

```
Router(config) # snmp-server enable traps snmp
```

```
Router(config) # snmp-server enable traps envmon
Router(config) # snmp-server host 10.0.0.0 public snmp envmon
```

The following example shows how to enable the router to send all traps to the host myhost.cisco.com using the community string public:

```
Router(config)# snmp-server enable traps
Router(config)# snmp-server host myhost.cisco.com public
```

The following example will not send traps to any host. The BGP traps are enabled for all hosts, but only the ISDN traps are enabled to be sent to a host. The community string is defined as public.

```
Router(config)# snmp-server enable traps bgp
Router(config)# snmp-server host myhost.cisco.com public isdn
```

The following example shows how to enable the router to send all inform requests to the host myhost.cisco.com using the community string public:

```
Router(config) # snmp-server enable traps
```

Router(config) # snmp-server host myhost.cisco.com informs version 2c public

The following example shows how to send HSRP MIB informs to the host specified by the name myhost.cisco.com. The community string is defined as public.

```
Router(config) # snmp-server enable traps hsrp
Router(config) # snmp-server host myhost.cisco.com informs version 2c public hsrp
```

The following example shows how to send all SNMP notifications to example.com over the VRF named trap-vrf using the community string public:

```
Router(config) # snmp-server host example.com vrf trap-vrf public
```

The following example shows how to configure an IPv6 SNMP notification server with the IPv6 address 2001:0DB8:0000:ABCD:1 using the community string public:

Router (config) # snmp-server host 2001:0DB8:0000:ABCD:1 version 2c public udp-port 2012 The following example shows how to specify VRRP as the protocol using the community string public:

```
Router(config)# snmp-server enable traps vrrp
Router(config)# snmp-server host myhost.cisco.com traps version 2c public vrrp
```

The following example shows how to send all Cisco Express Forwarding informs to the notification receiver with the IP address 10.0.1.1 using the community string public:

```
Router(config)# snmp-server enable traps cef
Router(config)# snmp-server host 10.0.1.1 informs version 2c public cef
```

The following example shows how to enable all NHRP traps, and how to send all NHRP traps to the notification receiver with the IP address 10.0.0.0 using the community string public:

```
Router(config)# snmp-server enable traps nhrp
Router(config)# snmp-server host 10.0.0.0 traps version 2c public nhrp
```

The following example shows how to enable all P2MP MPLS-TE SNMP traps, and send them to the notification receiver with the IP address 172.20.2.160 using the community string "comp2mppublic":

```
Router(config) # snmp-server enable traps mpls p2mp-traffic-eng
Router(config) # snmp-server host 172.20.2.160 comp2mppublic udp-port 162 p2mp-traffic-eng
```

Command	Description
show snmp host	Displays recipient details configured for SNMP notifications.

Command	Description
snmp-server enable peer-trap poor qov	Enables poor quality of voice notifications for applicable calls associated with a specific voice dial peer.
snmp-server enable traps	Enables SNMP notifications (traps and informs).
snmp-server enable traps nhrp	Enables SNMP notifications (traps) for NHRP.
snmp-server informs	Specifies inform request options.
snmp-server link trap	Enables linkUp/linkDown SNMP traps that are compliant with RFC 2233.
snmp-server trap-source	Specifies the interface from which an SNMP trap should originate.
snmp-server trap-timeout	Defines how often to try resending trap messages on the retransmission queue.
test snmp trap storm-control event-rev1	Tests SNMP storm-control traps.

# switchover pxf restart

To configure the number of parallel express forwarding (PXF) restarts that are allowed before a switchover to a redundant Performance Routing Engine (PRE) module, use the **switchover pxf restart**command in redundancy configuration (main-cpu) mode. To disable switchovers due to PXF restarts, use the **no** form of this command.

switchover pxf restart number-of-restarts time-period
no switchover pxf restart

### **Syntax Description**

number-of-restarts	The number of PXF restarts that are allowed within the specified time period. If the PXF processors restart this many times within the given time period, the router switches over to the redundant PRE module. The valid range is 1 to 25. The default is 2 PXF restarts within 5 hours.
time-period	Time period, in hours, that PXF restart counts are monitored. The valid range is 0 to 120 hours.
	<b>Note</b> A value of <b>0</b> specifies that a switchover occurs on the configured <i>number-of-restarts</i> regardless of the time period.

#### **Command Default**

If this command is not configured, the default is 2 PXF restarts within 5 hours.

#### **Command Modes**

Redundancy configuration, main-cpu mode (config-r-mc)

### **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.2(15)BC2	This command was introduced on the Cisco uBR10012 router.
12.3(7)	This command was introduced on the Cisco 10000 series router and integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.3(7).
12.2SB	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2SB.

### **Usage Guidelines**

The startup and running configurations of the standby PRE are synchronized with the active PRE, ensuring the fastest possible cut-over time if the active PRE fails. A second switchover is prevented for 2 hours if a PXF restart occurs on the new active PRE.

A PXF restart following a PXF fault may restore service more quickly when the features in use are not configured for nonstop forwarding with stateful switchover (NSF/SSO), or when SSO mode is not configured on the router. Conversely, a PRE switchover in response to a PXF restart may restore service more quickly when NSF/SSO is configured on the router and all configured features support NSF/SSO.

When a switchover occurs because of repeated PXF restarts, the router displays the following system message:

 ${\tt C10KEVENTMGR-3-PXF\_FAIL\_SWITCHOVER:} \ \ {\tt Multiple\ PXF\ failures,\ switchover\ to\ redundant\ PRE\ initiated.}$ 

## **Examples**

The following example shows how to configure the router so that if five PXF restarts occur within a one-hour period, the router initiates a switchover to the redundant PRE module.

```
Router(config) # redundancy
Router(config-red) # main-cpu
Router(config-r-mc) # switchover pxf restart 5 1
```

Command	Description
main-cpu	Enters main-cpu redundancy configuration mode to configure the synchronization of the active and standby PRE modules.
redundancy	Configures the synchronization of system files between the active and standby PRE modules.
redundancy force-failover main-cpu	Forces a manual switchover between the active and standby PRE modules.
show redundancy	Displays the current redundancy status.

# test cef table consistency

To test the Cisco Express Forwarding Forwarding Information Base (FIB) for prefix consistency, use the **test cef table consistency** command in privilege EXEC mode.

test cef table consistency [detail]

#### **Syntax Description**

detail	(Optional) Displays detailed information about the
	consistency of prefixes in the Cisco Express
	Forwarding FIB table.

#### **Command Modes**

Privileged EXEC (#)

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
12.2(25)S	This command was introduced. This command replaces the <b>show ip cef inconsistency command</b> .
12.2(28)SB	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(28)SB.
12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.
12.2(33)SXH	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH.
12.4(20)T	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.4(20)T.

### **Usage Guidelines**

This command displays recorded Cisco Express Forwarding consistency records found by the lc-detect, scan-rib-ios, scan-ios-rib, scan-lc-rp, and scan-rp-lc detection mechanisms. The scan-lc-rp and scan-rp-lc detection mechanisms are available only on routers with line cards.

You can configure the Cisco Express Forwarding prefix consistency-detection mechanisms using the **cef table consistency-check** command.

## **Examples**

The following is sample output from the **test cef table consistency** command:

Router# test cef table consistency

full-scan-rib-ios: Checking IPv4 RIB to FIB consistency full-scan-ios-rib: Checking IPv4 FIB to RIB consistency No IPv4 inconsistencies found, check took 00:00:00.000

The following is sample output from the **test cef table consistency detail**command:

Router# test cef table consistency detail

full-scan-rib-ios: Checking IPv4 RIB to FIB consistency

```
full-scan-rib-ios: FIB checked 12 prefixes, and found 0 missing.
full-scan-ios-rib: Checking IPv4 FIB to RIB consistency
full-scan-ios-rib: Checked 12 FIB prefixes in 1 pass, and found 0 extra.
full-scan-rp-lc: Sent 26 IPv4 prefixes to linecards in 1 pass
full-scan-rp-lc: Initiated IPv4 FIB check on linecards..4..1..0..
full-scan-rp-lc: FIB IPv4 check completed on linecards..1..0..4..
full-scan-rp-lc: Linecard 4 checked 26 IPv4 prefixes (ignored 0). 0 inconsistent.
full-scan-rp-lc: Linecard 1 checked 26 IPv4 prefixes (ignored 0). 0 inconsistent.
full-scan-rp-lc: Linecard 0 checked 26 IPv4 prefixes (ignored 0). 0 inconsistent.
full-scan-rib-ios: Checking IPv6 RIB to FIB consistency
full-scan-rib-ios: FIB checked 16 prefixes, and found 5 missing.
full-scan-ios-rib: Checking IPv6 FIB to RIB consistency
full-scan-ios-rib: Checked 11 FIB prefixes in 1 pass, and found 0 extra.
full-scan-rp-lc: Sent 11 IPv6 prefixes to linecards in 1 pass
full-scan-rp-lc: Initiated IPv6 FIB check on linecards..4..1..0..
full-scan-rp-lc: FIB IPv6 check completed on linecards..1..4..0..
full-scan-rp-lc: Linecard 4 checked 11 IPv6 prefixes (ignored 0). 0 inconsistent.
full-scan-rp-lc: Linecard 1 checked 11 IPv6 prefixes (ignored 0). 0 inconsistent. full-scan-rp-lc: Linecard 0 checked 11 IPv6 prefixes (ignored 0). 0 inconsistent.
No IPv4 inconsistencies found, check took 00:00:01.444
Warning: 5 IPv6 inconsistencies found, check took 00:00:01.240
```

The table below describes the significant fields shown in the display.

#### Table 19: test cef consistency detail Field Descriptions

Field	Description
FIB checked 12 prefixes, and found 0 missing	The scan-rib-ios consistency checker checked 12 prefixes in the FIB against the FIB and found 0 missing.
Checked 12 FIB prefixes in 1 pass, and found 0 extra.	The scan-ios-rib consistency checker checked 12 prefixes in the RIB and found no extra prefixes in one pass.
Linecard 4 checked 26 IPv4 prefixes (ignored 0). 0 inconsistent.	The scan-rp-lc consistency checker found no inconsistencies on line card 4 after checking 26 IPv4 prefixes.

Command	Description
cef table consistency check	Enables Cisco Express Forwarding table consistency checker types and parameters.

test cef table consistency