

show interfaces vlan mapping through show scp

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show I2protocol-tunnel

To display the protocols that are tunneled on an interface or on all interfaces, use the **showl2protocol-tunnel** command.

show l2protocol-tunnel [interface interface mod/port| summary| vlan vlan]

Syntax Description

interface interface-id	(Optional) Specifies the interface type; possible valid values are ethernet , FastEthernet , gigabitethernet , tengigabitethernet , pos , atm , and ge-wan				
mod/port	Module and port number.				
summary	(Optional) Displays a summary of a tunneled port.				
vlanvlan	(Optional) Limits the display to interfaces on the specified VLAN. Valid values are from 1 to 4094.				

Command Modes EXEC (>)

Privileged EXEC (#)

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(14)SX	Support for this command was introduced on the Supervisor Engine 720.
	12.2(17a)SX	The showl2protocol-tunnelsummary command output was changed to display the following information:
		Global drop-threshold setting
		• Up status of a Layer 2-protocol interface tunnel
	12.2(17d)SXB	Support for this command on the Supervisor Engine 2 was extended to the 12.2 SX release.
	12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.
	12.2(33)SXI	This command was changed to add the optional vlan <i>vlan</i> keyword and argument.
	15.2(2)T	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 15.2(2)T.

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Usage Guidelines	After enabling Layer 2 protocol tunneling on an access or IEEE 802.1Q tunnel port by using the l2protocol-tunnel interface configuration command, you can configure some or all of these parameters:
	• Protocol type to be tunneled
	Shutdown threshold
	Drop threshold
	The showl2protocol-tunnel command displays only the ports that have protocol tunneling enabled.
	The showl2protocol-tunnelsummary command displays the ports that have protocol tunneling enabled, regardless of whether the port is down or currently configured as a trunk.
Examples	The following example is an output from the show l2protocol-tunnel command:
	Router# show 12protocol-tunnel COS for Encapsulated Packets: 5

Interface and Hardware Component Command Reference, Cisco IOS XE Release 3SE (Catalyst 3850 Switches)

Decapsulation

Encapsulation

Drop

1

Port

Port	Protocol	Shutdown Threshold	Drop Threshold	Encapsulation Counter	Decapsulation Counter	Drop Counter
Fa0/3						
	pagp			0	242500	
	lacp			24268	242640	
	udld			0	897960	
Fa0/4						
	pagp	1000		24249	242700	
	lacp			24256	242660	
	udld			0	1344820	
Gi0/3	cdp			134482	1344820	
	pagp	1000		0	242500	
	lacp	500		0	485320	
	udld	300		44899	448980	
Gi0/3	cdp			134482	1344820	

Drop Threshold for Encapsulated Packets: 0

Shutdown

Drop

Protocol

	pagp		1000	0	242700	
	lacp			0	485220	
	udld	300		44899	448980	

This example shows how to display a summary of Layer 2-protocol tunnel ports:

```
Router# show 12protocol-tunnel summary
COS for Encapsulated Packets:5
Drop Threshold for Encapsulated Packets:0
                               Drop
Port Protocol Shutdown
                                                     Status
                   Threshold
                                    Threshold
                    (cdp/stp/vtp)
                                    (cdp/stp/vtp)
_____
Fa9/1 --- stp --- /----/ ----/
                                                     down
Fa9/9 cdp stp vtp ----/----
                                    ----/----/----
                                                     up

      Fa9/47
      ---
      ---
      1500/1500/1500

      Fa9/48
      cdp stp vtp ----/---
      ----/---
      ----/---

                                                     down(trunk)
                                                     down(trunk)
```

This example shows how to display Layer 2-protocol tunnel information on interfaces for a specific VLAN:

```
Router# show 12protocol-tunnel vlan 1
COS for Encapsulated Packets: 5
Drop Threshold for Encapsulated Packets: 0
Protocol Drop Counter
------
                 0
cdp
lldp
                 0
stp
                 0
                 0
vtp
                Protocol Thresholds
                                         Counters
Port
                        Shutdown Drop Encap Decap
                                                       Drop
       _____ ____
                        _____
                                _____
                                         _____
                                                 _____
                                                          _____
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
debug l2protocol-tunnel	Displays the debugging options for L2PT.
l2protocol-tunnel	Enables the protocol tunneling on an interface and specifies the type of protocol to be tunneled.
l2protocol-tunnel drop-threshold	Specifies the maximum number of packets that can be processed for the specified protocol on that interface before being dropped.
12protocol-tunnel global drop-threshold	Enables rate limiting at the software level.

Interface and Hardware Component Command Reference, Cisco IOS XE Release 3SE (Catalyst 3850 Switches)

Command	Description
l2protocol-tunnel shutdown-threshold	Specifies the maximum number of packets that can be processed for the specified protocol on that interface in 1 second.

show lacp

To display Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP) and multi-chassis LACP (mLACP) information, use the **show lacp** command in either user EXEC or privileged EXEC mode.

show lacp {channel-group-number {counters| internal [detail]| neighbor [detail]}| multi-chassis
[load-balance] {group number| port-channel number}| sys-id}

Cisco ASR 901 Series Aggregation Services Router

show lacp {channel-group-number {counters| internal [detail]| neighbor [detail]| sys-id}}

channel-group- number	(Optional) Number of the channel group. The following are valid values:					
	• Cisco IOS 12.2 SB and Cisco IOS XE 2.4 Releasesfrom 1 to 64					
	• Cisco IOS 12.2 SR Releasesfrom 1 to 308					
	Cisco IOS 12.2 SX Releasesfrom 1 to 496					
	Cisco IOS 15.1S Releases—from 1 to 564					
	Cisco ASR 901 Series Aggregation Services Router—from 1 to 8					
counters	Displays information about the LACP traffic statistics.					
internal	Displays LACP internal information.					
neighbor	Displays information about the LACP neighbor.					
detail	(Optional) Displays detailed internal information when used with the internal keyword and detailed LACP neighbor information when used with the neighbor keyword.					
multi-chassis	Displays information about mLACP.					
load-balance	Displays mLACP load balance information.					
group	Displays mLACP redundancy group information,					

Syntax Description

Interface and Hardware Component Command Reference, Cisco IOS XE Release 3SE (Catalyst 3850 Switches)

number	Integer value used with the group and port-channel keywords.				
	• Values from 1 to 4294967295 identify the redundancy group.				
	• Values from 1 to 564 identify the port-channel interface.				
port-channel	Displays mLACP port-channel information.				
sys-id	Displays the LACP system identification. It is a combination of the port priority and the MAC address of the device				

Command Modes User EXEC (>) Privileged EXEC (#)

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(14)SX	Support for this command was introduced on the Supervisor Engine 720.
	12.2(17d)SXB	Support for this command on the Supervisor Engine 2 was extended to Cisco IOS Release 12.2(17d)SXB.
	12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.
	12.2(31)SB2	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(31)SB2.
	12.2(33)SRB	Support for this command on the Cisco 7600 router was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRB.
	Cisco IOS XE Release 2.4	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS XE Release 2.4.
	12.2(33)SRE	This command was modified. The multi-chassis , group , and port-channel keywords and <i>number</i> argument were added.
	15.1(3)8	This command was modified. The load-balance keyword was added.
	15.1(2)SNG	This command was implemented on the Cisco ASR 901 Series Aggregation Services Router.

Usage Guidelines

Use the **show lacp** command to troubleshoot problems related to LACP in a network.

If you do not specify a value for the argument *channel-group-number*, all channel groups are displayed. Values in the range of 257 to 282 are supported on the CSM and the FWSM only.

Examples

Examples

This example shows how to display the LACP system identification using the **show lacp sys-id**command:

Device> show lacp sys-id

8000, AC-12-34-56-78-90

The system identification is made up of the system priority and the system MAC address. The first two bytes are the system priority, and the last six bytes are the globally administered individual MAC address that is associated to the system.

Examples

This example shows how to display the LACP statistics for a specific channel group:

Device# show lacp 1 counters

]	LACPDUs		Marker				LACPDUs		
Port	Sen	t R	lecv	Sent	5	Recv		Pkt	s Err	
Channel	group:	1								
Fa4/1	8	1	.5	0		0		3	0	
Fa4/2	14	1	.8	0		0		3	0	
Fa4/3	14	1	.8	0		0		0		
Fa4/4	13	1	. 8	0		0		0		

The output displays the following information:

- The LACPDUs Sent and Recv columns display the LACPDUs that are sent and received on each specific interface.
- The LACPDUs Pkts and Err columns display the marker-protocol packets.

The following example shows output from a **show lacp**channel-group-numbercounterscommand:

```
Device1# show lacp 5 counters
```

	LACI	PDUs	Mark	Marker		Response	LACPDUs
Port	Sent	Recv	Sent	Recv	Sent	Recv	Pkts Err
Channel group: 5							
Gi5/0/0	21	18	0	0	0	0	0
The following table describes the significant fields shown in the display.							

Table 1: show lacp channel-group-number counters Field Descriptions

Field	Description
LACPDUs Sent Recv	Number of LACP PDUs sent and received.
Marker Sent Recv	Attempts to avoid data loss when a member link is removed from an LACP bundle.
Marker Response Sent Recv	Cisco IOS response to the Marker protocol.
LACPDUs Pkts Err	Number of LACP PDU packets transmitted and the number of packet errors.

The following example shows output from a show lacp internal command:

```
Device1# show lacp 5 internal
Flags: S - Device is requesting Slow LACPDUs
         F - Device is requesting Fast LACPDUs
        A - Device is in Active mode
                                              P - Device is in Passive mode
Channel group 5
                              LACP port
                                             Admin
                                                        Oper
                                                                 Port
                                                                              Port
Port Fla
Gi5/0/0 SA
          Flags
                              Priority
32768
                   State
                                             Key
0x5
                                                        Key
0x5
                                                                 Number
                                                                              State
                   bndl
                                                                 0x42
                                                                              0x3D
The following table describes the significant fields shown in the display.
```

Table 2: show lacp internal Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Flags	Meanings of each flag value, which indicates a device activity.
Port	Port on which link bundling is configured.
Flags	Indicators of device activity.
State	Activity state of the port. States can be any of the following:
	• BndlPort is attached to an aggregator and bundled with other ports.
	• SuspPort is in suspended state, so it is not attached to any aggregator.
	• IndepPort is in independent state (not bundled but able to switch data traffic). This condition differs from the previous state because in this case LACP is not running on the partner port.
	• Hot-sbyPort is in hot standby state.
	• DownPort is down.
LACP port Priority	Priority assigned to the port.
Admin Key	Defines the ability of a port to aggregate with other ports.
Oper Key	Determines the aggregation capability of the link.
Port Number	Number of the port.

Field	Description
Port State	State variables for the port that are encoded as individual bits within a single octet with the following meaning:
	• bit0: LACP_Activity
	• bit1: LACP_Timeout
	bit2: Aggregation
	bit3: Synchronization
	• bit4: Collecting
	bit5: Distributing
	• bit6: Defaulted
	• bit7: Expired

Examples

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This example shows how to display internal information for the interfaces that belong to a specific channel:

Device# show lacp 1 internal

Flags:				rate. F - Devi P - Devi				e.
Channel	group 1							
			LACPDUs	LACP Port	Admin	Oper	Port	Port
Port	Flags	State	Interval	Priority	Key	Key	Number	State
Fa4/1	saC	bndl	30s	32768	100	100	0xc1	0x75
Fa4/2	saC	bndl	30s	32768	100	100	0xc2	0x75
Fa4/3	saC	bndl	30s	32768	100	100	0xc3	0x75
Fa4/4	saC	bndl	30s	32768	100	100	0xc4	0x75
Device#								

The following table describes the significant fields shown in the display.

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 Current state of the port; allowed values are as follows: bndlPort is attached to an aggregator and bundled with other ports. suspPort is in a suspended state; it is not attached to any aggregator.
bundled with other ports.suspPort is in a suspended state; it is not
1
• indepPort is in an independent state (not bundled but able to switch data traffic. In this case, LACP is not running on the partner port).
• hot-sbyPort is in a hot-standby state.
• downPort is down.
Interval setting.
Port-priority setting.
Defines the ability of a port to aggregate with other ports.
Determines the aggregation capability of the link.
Port number.
Activity state of the port.
• See the Port State description in the show lacp internal Field Descriptions table for state variables.

Table 3: show	lacp internal	Field D	escriptions

Examples

This example shows how to display the information about the LACP neighbors for a specific port channel:

Device# show lacp 1 neighbors

Flags:	S - Device ser A - Device is							ate.
Channel	group 1 neight	ors						
	Partner		Partner					
Port	System ID		Port Numb	er	Age	Fla	ags	
Fa4/1	8000,00b0.c2	3e.d84e	0x81		29s	Р		
Fa4/2	8000,00b0.c2	3e.d84e	0x82		0s	Ρ		
Fa4/3	8000,00b0.c2	3e.d84e	0x83		0s	Р		
Fa4/4	8000,00b0.c2	3e.d84e	0x84		0s	Р		
	Port	Admin	Oper	Port				
	Priority	Key	Кеу	State				
Fa4/1	32768	200	200	0x81				

Fa4/2	32768	200	200	0x81
Fa4/3	32768	200	200	0x81
Fa4/4	32768	200	200	0x81
Device#				

The following table describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 4: show lacp neighbors Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Port	Port on which link bundling is configured.
Partner System ID	Peer's LACP system identification (sys-id). It is a combination of the system priority and the MAC address of the peer device.
Partner Port Number	Port number on the peer device
Age	Number of seconds since the last LACP PDU was received on the port.
Flags	Indicators of device activity.
Port Priority	Port priority setting.
Admin Key	Defines the ability of a port to aggregate with other ports.
Oper Key	Determines the aggregation capability of the link.
Port State	Activity state of the port. See the Port State description in the show lacp internal Field Descriptions table for state variables.

If no PDUs have been received, the default administrative information is displayed in braces.

Related Commands

Command	Description
clear lacp counters	Clears the statistics for all interfaces belonging to a specific channel group.
lacp port-priority	Sets the priority for the physical interfaces.
lacp system-priority	Sets the priority of the system.

show link state group

To display the link-state group information., use the **showlinkstategroup** command in user EXEC or privileged EXEC mode .

show link state group detail

Syntax Description	detail	Displays the detailed information about the group.
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (#)	
Command History	Release	Modification
	15.1(1)S	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	interfaces. When you conf adding the downstream int), also known as trunk failover, is a feature that binds the link state of multiple igure LST for the first time, add upstream interfaces to the link state group before erface, otherwise the downstream interfaces would move into error-disable mode. ink state groups configurable is 10.
Examples	Router# enable Router# show link stat Link State Group: 1 St Router> show link stat (Up):Interface up (Dwn Link State Group: 1 St Upstream Interfaces : Downstream Interfaces : Link State Group: 2 St Upstream Interfaces : Downstream Interfaces	atus: Enabled, Down e group detail):Interface Down (Dis):Interface disabled atus: Enabled, Down Gi3/5(Dwn) Gi3/6(Dwn) : Gi3/1(Dis) Gi3/2(Dis) Gi3/3(Dis) Gi3/4(Dis)

Related Commands

Command	Description
link state track	Configures the link state tracking number.
	Configures the link state group and interface, as either an upstream or downstream interface in the group.

show mac-address-table dynamic

To display dynamic MAC address table entries only, use the **showmac-address-tabledynamic** command in privileged EXEC mode.

Cisco 2600 Series, Cisco 3600 Series, and Cisco 3700 Series Routers

show mac-address-table dynamic [address mac-addr| interface interface type slot/number | vlan vlan]

Catalyst Switches

show mac-address-table dynamic [address mac-addr| **detail**| **interface** interface number**protocol** protocol | **module** number| **vlan**][**begin**| **exclude**| **include**| expression]

Catalyst 6500 Series Switches

show mac-address-table dynamic [address mac-addr| interface interface interface-number [all| module number]] module num| vlan vlan-id [all| module number]]

Syntax Description

address mac -address	(Optional) Specifies a 48-bit MAC address; valid format is H.H.H.				
detail	(Optional) Specifies a detailed display of MAC address table information.				
interface type number	(Optional) Specifies an interface to match; valid type values are FastEthernet and GigabitEthernet, valid number values are from 1 to 9.				
interface type	(Optional) Specifies an interface to match; valid type values are FastEthernet and GigabitEthernet.				
slot	(Optional) Adds dynamic addresses to module in slot 1 or 2.				
port	(Optional) Port interface number ranges based on type of Ethernet switch network module used:				
	• 0 to 15 for NM-16ESW				
	• 0 to 35 for NM-36ESW				
	• 0 to 1 for GigabitEthernet				
protocol protocol	(Optional) Specifies a protocol. See the "Usage Guidelines" section for keyword definitions.				
module number	(Optional) Displays information about the MAC address table for a specific Distributed Forwarding Card (DFC) module.				

vlan vlan	(Optional) Displays entries for a specific VLAN; valid values are from 1 to 1005.
begin	(Optional) Specifies that the output display begin with the line that matches the expression.
exclude	(Optional) Specifies that the output display exclude lines that match the expression.
include	(Optional) Specifies that the output display include lines that match the specified expression.
expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
all	(Optional) Specifies that the output display all dynamic MAC-address table entries.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC (#)

Command History Release Modification 12.0(7)XE This command was introduced on Catalyst 6000 series switches. 12.2(2)XT This command was implemented on Cisco 2600 series, Cisco 3600 series, and Cisco 3700 series routers. 12.2(8)T This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(8)T on Cisco 2600 series, Cisco 3600 series, and Cisco 3700 series routers. 12.2(11)T This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(11)T. 12.2(33)SRA This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA. 12.2(14)SX Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 6500 series switch. 12.2(33)SXH This command was changed to support the all keyword on the Catalyst 6500 series switch.

Usage Guidelines

s Cisco 2600 Series, Cisco 3600 Series, and Cisco 3700 Series Routers

The **showmac-address-tabledynamic** command output for an EtherChannel interface changes the port-number designation (for example, 5/7) to a port-group number.

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Catalyst Switches

The keyword definitions for the protocol argument are:

- ip -- Specifies IP protocol
- ipx --Specifies Internetwork Packet Exchange (IPX) protocols
- assigned -- Specifies assigned protocol entries
- other -- Specifies other protocol entries

The **showmac-address-tabledynamic** command output for an EtherChannel interface changes the port-number designation (for example, 5/7) to a port-group number.

Catalyst 6500 Series Switches

DYNAMIC

Bit Not On

NO

The mac-addressis a 48-bit MAC address and the valid format is H.H.H.

The optional **module***num* keyword and argument are supported only on DFC modules. The **module***num*keyword and argument designate the module number.

Examples The following examples show how to display all dynamic MAC address entries. The fields shown in the various displays are self-explanatory.

Examples

Router# show mac-address-table dynamic

Non-static Address T Destination Address		VLAN	Destination Port
000a.000a.000a 002a.2021.4567	Dynamic Dynamic	1 2	FastEthernet4/0 FastEthernet4/0

Examples

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Route	r# show mac-addr	ess-tab⊥e	dynamıc							
	mac address		protocol	-		po	orts			
	+									
200	0010.0d40.37ff	dynamic	ip		5/8					
1	0060.704c.73ff	dynamic	ip		5/9					
4095	0000.0000.0000	dynamic	ip		15/1					
1	0060.704c.73fb	dynamic	other		5/9					
1	0080.1c93.8040	dynamic	ip		5/9					
4092	0050.f0ac.3058	dynamic	ip		15/1					
1	00e0.4fac.b3ff	dynamic	other		5/9					
					1110			1 . A	. ~	

The following example shows how to display dynamic MAC address entries with a specific protocol type (in this case, assigned).

vlan m	show mac-addro ac address	type	protocol	qos	-	
4092 00 4092 00 1 00	00.0000.0000 50.f0ac.3059 10.7b3b.0978	dynamic dynamic	assigned assigned		Router Router	
Router# The follow	wing example sl	nows the de	etailed outpu	ıt for	the previous	example.
Router# show mac-address-table dynamic protocol assigned detail MAC Table shown in details 						
+	Always Learn	+	+	-+	+	

NO

0000.0000.0000 255

YES

NO

0

NO

__+__

assigned NO

4092

0

0

0x3

DYNAMIC Bit Not O	NO n C	NO) 0	YES 050.f0ac.	NO 3059	assigned 4092	NO 0	0	0x3
DYNAMIC : Bit Not O	NO n C	NO) 0	YES 010.7b3b.	NO 0978	assigned 1	NO 0	0	0x108
Router#								

Examples

This example shows how to display all the dynamic MAC-address entries for a specific VLAN.

```
Router# show mac-address-table dynamic vlan 200 all
Legend: * - primary entry
       age - seconds since last seen
       n/a - not aevailable
vlan
       mac address
                       type
                               learn
                                       age
                                                        ports
                              +----
     _+____
                     _+____
200 0010.0d40.37ff dynamic
                               NO
                                       23
                                                 Gi5/8
Router#
```

This example shows how to display all the dynamic MAC-address entries.

```
Router# show mac-address-table dynamic
Legend: * - primary entry
age - seconds since last seen
n/a - not applicable
vlan
      mac address
                           learn
                                                 ports
                     type
                                 age
     ____
* 10
     0010.0000.0000 dynamic Yes n/a
                                       Gi4/1
* 3
     0010.0000.0000
                   dynamic
                           Yes
                                0
                                         Gi4/2
* 1
     0002.fcbc.ac64
                   dynamic Yes
                              265
                                         Gi8/1
* 1
     0009.12e9.adc0
                   static No
                               -
                                         Router
Router#
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
show mac -address-tableaddress	Displays MAC address table information for a specific MAC address.
show mac -address-tableaging-time	Displays the MAC address aging time.
show mac -address-tablecount	Displays the number of entries currently in the MAC address table.
show mac -address-tabledetail	Displays detailed MAC address table information.
show mac -address-tableinterface	Displays the MAC address table information for a specific interface.
show mac -address-tablemulticast	Displays multicast MAC address table information.
show mac -address-tableprotocol	Displays MAC address table information based on protocol.
show mac -address-tablestatic	Displays static MAC address table entries only.
show mac -address-tablevlan	Displays the MAC address table information for a specific VLAN.

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show pagp

To display port-channel information, use the show pagp command in user EXEC or privileged EXEC mode.

show pagp [group-number] {counters| internal| neighbor| pgroup}

Syntax Description

group-number	(Optional) Channel-group number; valid values are a maximum of 64 values from 1 to 282.
counters	Displays the traffic information.
internal	Displays the internal information.
neighbor	Displays the neighbor information.
pgroup	Displays the active port channels.

Command Default This command has no default settings.

Command Modes User EXEC Privileged EXEC

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(14)SX	Support for this command was introduced on the Supervisor Engine 720.
	12.2(17d)SXB	Support for this command on the Supervisor Engine 2 was extended to Release 12.2(17d)SXB.
	12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.

Usage Guidelines You can enter any **show pagp** command to display the active port-channel information. To display the nonactive information, enter the **show pagp** command with a group.

The port-channel number values from 257 to 282 are supported on the CSM and the FWSM only.

Examples

This example shows how to display information about the PAgP counters:

Router#				
show pagp counters				
	Information		Flush	
Port	Sent	Recv	Sent Recv	CV

Channel	group:	1				
Fa5/4	2660)	2452	0	0	
Fa5/5	2676	5	2453	0	0	
Channel	group:	2				
Fa5/6	289		261	0	0	
Fa5/7	290		261	0	0	
Channel	group:	102	23			
Fa5/9	0		0	0	0	
Channel	group:	102	24			
Fa5/8	0		0	0	0	
Router#						

This example shows how to display internal PAgP information:

```
Router# show pagp
1 internal
Flags: S - Device is sending Slow hello. C - Device is in Consistent state.
         A - Device is in Auto mode.
Timers: H - Hello timer is running.
S - Switching timer is running.
                                               Q - Quit timer is running.
I - Interface timer is running.
Channel group 1
                                    Hello
                                             Partner PAgP
                                                                  Learning
                          Timers Interval Count Priority Method
Port
           Flags State
Fa5/4
           SC
                 U6/S7
                                    30s
                                              1
                                                        128
                                                                  Any
Fa5/5
                                    30s
           SC
                 U6/S7
                                              1
                                                        128
                                                                  Any
Router#
```

This example shows how to display PAgP-neighbor information for all neighbors:

Router# show pagp

neighb	or			
Flags:	S - Device is sending	Slow hello. C -	Device is in Co	nsistent state.
	A - Device is in Auto	mode. P-	Device learns c	n physical port.
Channel	group 1 neighbors			
	Partner	Partner	Partner	Partner Group
Port	Name	Device ID	Port Age	Flags Cap.
Fa5/4	JAB031301	0050.0f10.230c	2/45 2	s SAC 2D
Fa5/5	JAB031301	0050.0f10.230c	2/46 27	s SAC 2D
Channel	group 2 neighbors			
	Partner	Partner	Partner	Partner Group
Port	Name	Device ID	Port Age	Flags Cap.
Fa5/6	JAB031301	0050.0f10.230c	2/47 10	s SAC 2F
Fa5/7	JAB031301	0050.0f10.230c	2/48 11	s SAC 2F
Channel	group 1023 neighbors			
	Partner	Partner	Partner	Partner Group
Port	Name	Device ID	Port Age	Flags Cap.
Channel	group 1024 neighbors			
	Partner	Partner	Partner	Partner Group
Port	Name	Device ID	Port Age	Flags Cap.
Router#				

Related Commands

I

Command	Description
pagp learn-method	Learns the input interface of the incoming packets.
pagp port-priority	Selects a port in hot standby mode.

show power inline

To display the power status for a specified port or for all ports, use the **showpowerinline** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show power inline [interface-type slot/port] [actual| configured]

Syntax Description

<i>interface</i> -type	(Optional) Type of interface.
slot	(Optional) Slot number.
/ port	(Optional) Port number.
actual	(Optional) Displays the present power status, which might not be the same as the configured power.
configured	(Optional) Displays the configured power status.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.0(5)XU	This command was introduced.
	12.2(2)XT	This command was introduced on the Cisco 2600 series, the Cisco 3600 series, and the Cisco 3700 series routers to support switchport creation.
	12.2(8)T	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(8)T to support switchport creation on Cisco 2600 series, the Cisco 3600 series, and Cisco 3700 series routers.
	12.2SX	This command is supported in the Cisco IOS Release 12.2SX train. Support in a specific 12.2SX release of this train depends on your feature set, platform, and platform hardware.
	XE 3.8	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release XE 3.8(to be changed) to support Cisco 4950 Series ISR-XE routers

Usage Guidelines

The **showpowerinline** command displays the amount of power used to operate a Cisco IP phone. To view the amount of power requested, use the **showcdpneighbors** command.

Examples

The following is sample output from the**showpowerinlinefa0/4actual** command asking for the actual status of each interface rather than what is configured for each:

Related Commands

I

S	Command	Description
	power inline	Determines how inline power is applied to devices on the specified Fast Ethernet port.
	show cdp neighbors	Displays detailed information about neighboring devices discovered using CDP.