



Cisco IOS HTTP Services Command Reference

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clear ip http client cookie through show ip http server secure status

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clear ip http client cookie

To remove the HTTP client cookies, use the **clear ip http client cookie** command in privileged EXEC mode.

clear ip http client cookie [domain cookie-domain| name cookie-name| session session-name]

Syntax Description

domain	(Optional) Specifies all cookies in a domain.
cookie-domain	(Optional) Client cookie domain or hostname.
name	(Optional) Specifies cookies matching a specific name.
cookie-name	(Optional) Client cookie name.
session	(Optional) Specifies cookies specific to a client session.
session-name	(Optional) Client session name.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC (#)

Command History

Release	Modification
12.4(20)T	This command was introduced.

Examples

The following example shows how to remove the HTTP client cookie named test:

Device# clear ip http client cookie name test

ip http access-class

To specify the access list that should be used to restrict access to the HTTP server, use the **ip http access-class** command in global configuration mode. To remove a previously configured access list association, use the **no** form of this command.

ip http access-class access-list-number no ip http access-class access-list-number

Syntax Description

access-list-number Standard IP access list number in the range 0 to 9 as configured by the access-list global configuration command.		,
---	--	---

Command Default

No access list is applied to the HTTP server.

Command Modes

Global configuration (config)

Command History

Release	Modification
11.2	This command was introduced.
12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.
12.2(31)SB2	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(31)SB2.
12.2SX	This command is supported in the Cisco IOS Release 12.2SX train. Support in a specific 12.2SX release of this train depends on your feature set, platform, and platform hardware.
12.2(33)SRC	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRC.
12.2(33)SB	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SB.

Usage Guidelines

If this command is configured, the specified access list is assigned to the HTTP server. Before the HTTP server accepts a connection, it checks the access list. If the check fails, the HTTP server does not accept the request for a connection.

Examples

The following example shows how to define an access list as 20 and assign it to the HTTP server:

Router(config) # ip access-list standard 20

```
Router(config-std-nacl) # permit 209.165.202.130 0.0.0.255
Router(config-std-nacl) # permit 209.165.201.1 0.0.255.255
Router(config-std-nacl) # permit 209.165.200.225 0.255.255.255
! (Note: all other access implicitly denied)
Router(config-std-nacl) # exit
Router(config) # ip http access-class 20
```

Command	Description
ip access-list	Assigns an ID to an access list and enters access list configuration mode.
ip http server	Enables the HTTP 1.1 server, including the Cisco web browser user interface.

ip http accounting commands

To specify a command accounting method for HTTP server users, use the **ip http accounting commands** command in global configuration mode. To disable a configured command accounting method, use the **no** form of this command.

ip http accounting commands level {default| named-accounting-method-list} no ip http accounting commands level

Syntax Description

level	Indicates a privilege value from 0 to 15. By default, the following command privilege levels are available on the router:
	• 0—Includes the disable, enable, exit, help, and logout commands.
	• 1—Includes all user-level commands at the router prompt (>).
	• 15—Includes all enable-level commands at the router prompt (>).
default	Indicates the default accounting method list configured by the aaa accounting commands.
named-accounting-method-list	Name of the predefined command accounting method list.

Command Default

Command accounting for HTTP and HTTP over Secure Socket Layer (HTTPS) is automatically enabled when authentication, authorization, and accounting (AAA) is configured on the device. It is not possible to disable accounting for HTTP and HTTPS. HTTP and HTTPS will default to using the global AAA default method list for accounting. The **ip http accounting commands** can be used to configure HTTP and HTTPS to use any predefined AAA method list.

Command Modes

Global configuration (config)

Command History

Release	Modification
12.4(15)T	This command was introduced.
12.2(33)SRC	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRC.
12.2(33)SB	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SB.

Release	Modification
12.2(50)SY	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(50)SY.

Usage Guidelines

Command accounting provides information about the commands, executed on a device, for a specified privilege level. Each command accounting record corresponds to one IOS command executed at its respective privilege level, the date and time the command was executed, and the user who executed it. Command accounting will be implemented for HTTP and HTTPS. A stop accounting record will be generated for any command execution/configuration done by a user via HTTP and HTTPS.

If this command is not configured, HTTP and HTTPS will use the default AAA accounting list whenever AAA is enabled using the **aaa new-model** configuration command. If the default method list does not exist, no accounting records will be generated. Whenever AAA is disabled, no accounting records will be generated.



The above behavior is essential to maintain the consistency of HTTP and HTTPS accounting CLI with their counterparts available for Telnet/SSH in IOS line configuration mode.

Examples

The following example shows how to configure HTTP and HTTPS to allow AAA accounting support:

Router(config) # ip http accounting commands 1 oneacct

Command	Description
aaa authentication login	Specifies the login authentication method to be used by the AAA service.
aaa authorization	Sets parameters that restrict user access to a network.
aaa new-model	Enables the AAA access control model.
ip http authentication aaa	Specifies a particular authentication method for HTTP server users.
ip http server	Enables the HTTP server.

ip http active-session-modules

To selectively enable HTTP applications that will service incoming HTTP requests from remote clients, use the **ip http active-session-modules** command in global configuration mode. Use the **no** form of this command to return to the default, for which all HTTP services will be enabled.

ip http active-session-modules {listname| none| all} no ip http active-session-modules listname

Syntax Description

listname	Enables only those HTTP services configured in the list identified by the ip http session-module-list command to serve HTTP requests. All other HTTP or HTTPS applications on the router or switch will be disabled.
none	Disables all HTTP services.
all	Enables all HTTP applications to service incoming HTTP requests from remote clients.

Command Default

If no arguments or keywords are specified, all HTTP services will be enabled.

Command Modes

Global configuration

Command History

Release	Modification
12.3(14)T	This command was introduced.
12.2(31)SB2	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(31)SB2.

Usage Guidelines

Use the **ip http active-session-modules** command to selectively enable HTTP applications, for servicing incoming HTTP requests from remote clients. With this command, a selected list of applications can be enabled. All the applications can be enabled or none of the applications can be enabled, in other words, all disabled. Use the **ip http session-module-list** command to define a list of HTTP or secure HTTP (HTTPS) application names to be enabled. If an HTTP request is made for a service that is disabled, a 404 error message is displayed in the remote client browser.



Note

The HTTPS server is not supported in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(31)SB.

Examples

The following example shows how to configure a different set of services to be available for HTTP and HTTPS requests. In this example, all HTTP applications are enabled for providing services to remote clients, but for HTTPS services, only the HTTPS applications defined in list1 (Simple Certificate Enrollment Protocol [SCEP] and HOME PAGE) are enabled.

```
ip http session-module-list list1 SCEP,HOME_PAGE
ip http active-session-modules all
ip http server
ip http secure-server
ip http secure-active-session-modules list1
```

Command	Description
ip http secure-active-session-modules	Selectively enables HTTPS applications that will service incoming HTTPS requests from remote clients.
ip http session-module-list	Defines a list of HTTP or HTTPS application names.
show ip http server	Displays details about the current configuration of the HTTP server.

ip http authentication

To specify a particular authentication method for HTTP server users, use the **ip http authentication** command in global configuration mode. To disable a configured authentication method, use the **no** form of this command.

ip http authentication {aaa {command-authorization level listname| exec-authorization listname| login-authentication listname}| enable| local| tacacs}

no ip http authentication {aaa {command-authorization level listname| exec-authorization listname| login-authentication listname}| enable| local| tacacs}

Syntax Description

aaa	Indicates that the authentication method used for the authentication, authorization, and accounting (AAA) login service should be used for authentication. The AAA login authentication method is specified by the aaa authentication login default command, unless otherwise specified by the login-authentication listname keyword and argument.
command- authorization	Sets the authorization method list for commands at the specified privilege level.
level	Indicates a privilege value from 0 through 15. By default, there are the following three command privilege levels on the router:
	 0Includes the disable, enable, exit, help, and logout commands.
	• 1Includes all user-level commands at the router prompt (>).
	• 15Includes all enable-level commands at the router prompt (>).
listname	Sets the name of the method list.
exec- authorization	Sets the method list for EXEC authorization, which applies authorization for starting an EXEC session.
login- authentication	Sets the method list for login authentication, which enables AAA authentication for logins.
enable	Indicates that the "enable" password should be used for authentication. (This is the default method.)

local	Indicates that the login user name, password and privilege level access combination specified in the local system configuration (by the username global configuration command) should be used for authentication and authorization.
tacacs	Indicates that the TACACS (or XTACACS) server should be used for authentication.

Command Default

The "enable" password is required when users (clients) connect to the HTTP server. Three command privilege levels exist on the router.

Command Modes

Global configuration (config)

Command History

Release	Modification
11.2 F	This command was introduced.
12.3(8)T	The tacacs keyword was removed. The command-authorization , exec-authorization , and login-authentication keywords were added.
12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.
12.2(31)SB2	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(31)SB2.

Usage Guidelines

The **ip http authentication** command specifies the authentication method to be used for login when a client connects to the HTTP server. Use of the **aaa** option is recommended. The **enable**, **local**, and **tacacs** methods should be specified using the **aaa authentication login** command.

The "enable" password method is the default HTTP server authentication method. If the enable password is used as the HTTP server login authentication method, the client connects to the HTTP server with a default privilege level of 15.



Note

When the "enable" password is used as the HTTP server login authentication method, any username entered will be ignored; the server will only verify the "enable" password. This may make it easier for an attacker to access the router. Because a username and password pair is more secure than using only a password for authentication, using only "enable" password for authentication is strongly discouraged. Instead, use of the **local** or **tacacs** authentication options, configured as part of a global AAA framework, is recommended. To configure HTTP access as part of a AAA policy, use the **aaa** command option. The **local**, **tacacs**, or **enable** authentication methods should then be configured using the **aaa authentication login** command.

Examples

The following example shows how to specify that AAA should be used for authentication for HTTP server users. The AAA login method is configured as the "local" username/password authentication method. This example also shows how to specify using the local username database for login authentication and EXEC authorization of HTTP sessions:

```
Router(config) # aaa authentication login LOCALDB local
Router(config) # aaa authorization exec LOCALDB local
Router(config) # ip http authentication aaa login-authentication LOCALDB
Router(config) # ip http authentication aaa exec-authorization LOCALDB
```

Command	Description
aaa authentication login	Specifies the login authentication method to be used by the AAA service.
aaa authorization	Sets parameters that restrict user access to a network.
ip http server	Enables the HTTP server.

ip http client cache

To configure the HTTP client cache, use the **ip http client cache** command in global configuration mode. To remove the specification of a value configured for the HTTP client cache, use the **no** form of this command.

ip http client cache {ager interval minutes| memory {memory file-size-limit| pool pool-size-limit}} no ip http client cache {ager interval| memory {file| pool}}

Syntax Description

ager	Specifies a cache ager interval time
interval	Specifies an interval, in minutes.
minutes	Frequency, in minutes, at which the router removes expired cached responses from the HTTP client cache pool. The range is from 0 to 60. The default is 5.
	Note The explicit expiration time for a cached response can be provided by the origin server. If this information is not configured, the HTTP cache uses heuristic calculations to determine a plausible expiration time for the cached response.
memory	Specifies the maximum memory allowed for HTTP client cache.
file	Specifies the maximum file size allowed for caching.
file-size-limit	Maximum file size, in kilobytes, supported by the HTTP client cache. The range is from 1 to 10, and the default is 2.
pool	Specifies the maximum memory pool allowed for HTTP cache.
pool-size-limit	Maximum memory pool size, in kilobytes. The range is from 0 to 100. The default is 100.

Command Default

5 second ager interval for the HTTP client cache memory pool 2 KB maximum file size supported by the HTTP client cache 100 KB maximum memory pool size for the HTTP client cache

Command Modes

Global configuration (config)

Command History

Release	Modification
12.2(15)T	This command was introduced.
12.2(31)SB2	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(31)SB2.
12.2(33)SRC	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRC.
12.2(33)SB	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SB.

Usage Guidelines

Use this command to specify the HTTP client cache ager interval, maximum file size, or maximum memory pool size.

To display the values configured by this command, use the **show ip http client cache** command.

Examples

The following example shows how to specify an HTTP client cache ager interval of 10 minutes:

Router(config) # ip http client cache ager interval 10

The following example shows how to specify an HTTP client cache maximum file size of 7 KB:

 $\texttt{Router}\,(\texttt{config})\,\#\,\,\textbf{ip http client cache memory file}\,\,\textbf{7}$

The following example shows how to specify an HTTP client cache maximum memory pool size of 55 KB:

Router(config) # ip http client cache memory pool 55

Command	Description
сору	Copies a file from any supported remote location to a local file system, or from a local file system to a remote location, or from a local file system to a local file system.
debug ip http client	Enables debugging output for the HTTP client.
ip http client connection	Configures the HTTP client connection.
ip http client password	Configures a password for all HTTP client connections.
ip http client proxy-server	Configures an HTTP proxy server.
ip http client response	Configures HTTP client characteristics for managing HTTP server responses to request messages.
ip http client source-interface	Configures a source interface for the HTTP client.

Command	Description
ip http client username	Configures a login name for all HTTP client connections.
show ip http client	Displays a report about the HTTP client.

ip http client connection

To configure an HTTP client connection to a remote HTTP server for file transfers, use the **ip http client connection**command in global configuration mode. To remove the configuration, use the **no** form of this command.

ip http client connection $\{forceclose | idle timeout seconds | pipeline-length | length | retry count | timeout seconds \}$

no ip http client connection {forceclose| idle| pipeline-length| retry| timeout}

Syntax Description

forceclose	Disables a persistent connection.
	HTTP persistent connection, also called HTTP keepalive or HTTP connection reuse, uses the same TCP connection to send and receive multiple HTTP requests instead of opening a new connection for every single request.
idle timeout	Sets the idle time before the connection between an HTTP client and a server is closed.
seconds	Time, in seconds. Range: 1 to 60. Default: 30.
pipeline-length	Defines the maximum number of HTTP requests that can be queued to a server without getting a response.
length	Maximum number of HTTP requests. Range: 2 to 100.
retry	Sets the retry count in the case of a connection establishment timeout. Range: 1 to 5. Default: 1.
count	Number of connection attempts. Range: 1 to 5. Default: 1.
timeout	Sets the maximum time that an HTTP client waits for a connection.
seconds	Maximum time, in seconds, that an HTTP client waits for a connection. Range: 1 to 60. Default: 10.

Command Default A persistent connection is enabled.

Command Modes Global configuration (config)

Command History

Release	Modification
12.3(7)T	This command was introduced.
12.2(31)SB2	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(31)SB2.
12.2(33)SRC	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRC.
12.2(33)SB	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SB.
15.0(1)M	This command was modified. The pipeline-length keyword and the <i>length</i> argument were added.

Examples

The following example shows how to configure an idle connection time of 15 seconds for an HTTP client persistent connection.

Router(config) # ip http client connection idle timeout 15

Command	Description
сору	Copies a file from any supported remote location to a local file system, or from a local file system to a remote location, or from a local file system to a local file system.
debug ip http client	Enables debugging output for an HTTP client.
ip http client cache	Configures an HTTP client cache.
ip http client password	Configures a password for all HTTP client connections.
ip http client proxy-server	Configures an HTTP proxy server.
ip http client response	Configures the time for which an HTTP client waits for a response from the server for a request message.
ip http client source-interface	Configures a source interface for an HTTP client.
ip http client username	Configures a login name for all HTTP client connections.
show ip http client	Displays HTTP client information.

ip http client password

To configure the default password used for connections to remote HTTP servers, use the **ip http client password** command in global configuration mode. To remove a configured default password from the configuration, use the **no** form of this command.

ip http client password {0 password| 7 password| password} no ip http client password

Syntax Description

0		0 specifies that an unencrypted password follows. The default is an unencrypted password.
7	,	7 specifies that an encrypted password follows.
p	password	The password string to be used in HTTP client connection requests sent to remote HTTP servers.

Command Default

No default password exists for the HTTP connections.

Command Modes

Global configuration (config)

Command History

Release	Modification
12.3(2)T	This command was introduced.
12.2(31)SB2	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(31)SB2.
12.2(33)SRC	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRC.
12.2(33)SB	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SB.
15.0(1)M	This command was modified in a release earlier than Cisco IOS 15.0(1)M. The 0 and 7 keywords were added.

Usage Guidelines

This command is used to configure a default password before a file is downloaded from a remote web server using the **copy http:**// or **copy https:**// command. The default password will be overridden by a password specified in the URL of the **copy**command.

The password is encrypted in the configuration files.



Note

The secure HTTP (HTTPS) client is not supported in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(31)SB.

Examples

In the following example, the default HTTP password is configured as Password and the default HTTP username is configured as User2 for connections to remote HTTP or HTTPS servers:

```
Router(config)# ip http client password Password
Router(config)# ip http client username User2
Router(config)# do show running-config | include ip http client
```

Command	Description
сору	Copies a file from any supported remote location to a local file system, or from a local file system to a remote location, or from a local file system to a local file system.
debug ip http client	Enables debugging output for the HTTP client.
ip http client cache	Configures the HTTP client cache.
ip http client connection	Configures the HTTP client connection.
ip http client proxy-server	Configures an HTTP proxy server.
ip http client response	Configures HTTP client characteristics for managing HTTP server responses to request messages.
ip http client source-interface	Configures a source interface for the HTTP client.
ip http client username	Configures a login name for all HTTP client connections.
show ip http client	Displays a report about the HTTP client.

ip http client proxy-server

To configure an HTTP proxy server, use the **ip http client proxy-server** command in global configuration mode. To disable or change the proxy server, use the **no** form of this command.

ip http client proxy-server proxy-name proxy-port port-number no ip http client proxy-server

Syntax Description

proxy-name	Name of the proxy server.
proxy-port	Specifies a proxy port for HTTP file system client connections.
port-number	Integer in the range of 1 to 65535 that specifies a port number on the remote proxy server.

Command Default

No default behavior or values

Command Modes

Global configuration (config)

Command History

Release	Modification
12.3(7)T	This command was introduced.
12.2(31)SB2	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(31)SB2.
12.2(33)SRC	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRC.
12.2(33)SB	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SB.

Usage Guidelines

This command configures the HTTP client to connect to a remote proxy server for HTTP file system client connections.

Examples

The following example shows how to configure the HTTP proxy server named edge2 at port 29:

Router(config) # ip http client proxy-server edge2 proxy-port 29

Command	Description
сору	Copies a file from any supported remote location to a local file system, or from a local file system to a remote location, or from a local file system to a local file system.
debug ip http client	Enables debugging output for the HTTP client.
ip http client cache	Configures the HTTP client cache.
ip http client connection	Configures the HTTP client connection.
ip http client password	Configures a password for all HTTP client connections.
ip http client response	Configures HTTP client characteristics for managing HTTP server responses to request messages.
ip http client source-interface	Configures a source interface for the HTTP client.
ip http client username	Configures a login name for all HTTP client connections.
show ip http client	Displays a report about the HTTP client.

ip http client response

To configure the number of seconds that the HTTP client waits for a response from the server for a request message, use the **ip http client response** command in global configuration mode. To remove the specified number of seconds that the HTTP client waits for a response, use the **no** form of this command.

ip http client response timeout seconds no ip http client response timeout

Syntax Description

timeout	Specifies a response timeout period.
seconds	The amount of time, in seconds, to wait for a response to a domain name system (DNS) query. The range is from 1 to 300.

Command Default

None

Command Modes

Global configuration (config)

Command History

Release	Modification
12.2(15)T	This command was introduced.
12.2(31)SB2	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(31)SB2.
12.2(33)SRC	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRC.
12.2(33)SB	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SB.

Usage Guidelines

Use this command to specify the response timeout value.

Examples

The following example shows how to specify a response timeout of 180 seconds:

Router(config)# ip http client response timeout 180

Command	Description
сору	Copies a file from any supported remote location to a local file system, or from a local file system to a remote location, or from a local file system to a local file system.
debug ip http client	Enables debugging output for the HTTP client.
ip http client cache	Configures the HTTP client cache.
ip http client connection	Configures the HTTP client connection.
ip http client password	Configures a password for all HTTP client connections.
ip http client proxy-server	Configures an HTTP proxy server.
ip http client source-interface	Configures a source interface for the HTTP client.
ip http client username	Configures a login name for all HTTP client connections.
show ip http client	Displays a report about the HTTP client.

ip http client secure-ciphersuite

To specify the CipherSuite that should be used for encryption over the secure HTTP connection from the client to a remote server, use the **ip http client secure-ciphersuite** command in global configuration mode. To remove a previously configured CipherSuite specification for the client, use the **no** form of this command.

ip http client secure-ciphersuite [3des-ede-cbc-sha] [rc4-128-sha] [rc4-128-md5] [des-cbc-sha] no ip http client secure-ciphersuite

Syntax Description

3des-ede-cbc-sha	SSL_RSA_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHARivest, Shamir, and Adleman (RSA) key exchange with 3DES and DES-EDE3-CBC for message encryption and Secure Hash Algorithm (SHA) for message digest.
rc4-128-sha	SSL_RSA_WITH_RC4_128_SHARSA key exchange (RSA Public Key Cryptography) with RC4 128-bit encryption for message encryption and SHA for message digest.
rc4-128-md5	SSL_RSA_WITH_RC4_128_MD5RSA key exchange (RSA Public Key Cryptography) with RC4 128-bit encryption for message encryption and Message Digest 5 (MD5) for message digest.
des-cbc-sha	SSL_RSA_WITH_DES_CBC_SHARSA key exchange with DES-CBC for message encryption and SHA for message digest.

Command Default

The client and server negotiate the best CipherSuite that they both support from the list of available CipherSuites.

Command Modes

Global configuration

Command History

Release	Modification
12.2(15)T	This command was introduced.
12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.
12.2(33)SXH	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH.
12.2(33)SB	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SB.

Usage Guidelines

This command allows you to restrict the list of CipherSuites (encryption algorithms) that the client offers when connecting to a secure HTTP server. For example, you may want to allow only the most secure CipherSuites to be used.

Unless you have a reason to specify the CipherSuites that should be used, or you are unfamiliar with the details of these CipherSuites, you should leave this command unconfigured and let the server and client negotiate the CipherSuite that they both support (this is the default). The **no** form of this command returns the list of available CipherSuites to the default (that is, all CipherSuites supported on your device are available for negotiation).

Examples

The following example shows how to configure the HTTPS client to use only the SSL_RSA_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA CipherSuite:

Router(config) # ip http client secure-ciphersuite 3des-ede-cbc-sha

Command	Description
show ip http client secure status	Displays the configuration status of the secure HTTP client.

ip http client secure-trustpoint

To specify the remote certificate authority (CA) trustpoint that should be used if certification is needed for the secure HTTP client, use the **ip http client secure-trustpoint** command in global configuration mode. To remove a client trustpoint from the configuration, use the **no** form of this command.

ip http client secure-trustpoint trustpoint-name
no ip http client secure-trustpoint trustpoint-name

Syntax Description

trustpoint-name	Name of a configured trustpoint. Use the same
	trustpoint name that was used in the associated crypto
	ca trustpoint command.

Command Default

If the remote HTTPS server requests client certification, the secure HTTP client will use the trustpoint configured using the **primary** command in the CA trustpoint configuration. If a trustpoint is not configured, client certification will fail.

Command Modes

Global configuration

Command History

Release	Modification
12.2(15)T	This command was introduced.
12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.
12.2(33)SXH	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH.
12.2(33)SB	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SB.

Usage Guidelines

This command specifies that the secure HTTP client should use the certificate associated with the trustpoint indicated by the *trustpoint-name* argument. Use the same trustpoint name that you used in the associated **crypto ca trustpoint** command.

The specified X.509v3 security certificate will be used by the HTTPS client for cases when the remote HTTPS server requires client authorization.

Use this command only if you have already declared a CA trustpoint using the **crypto ca trustpoint** command and associated submode commands. If the remote HTTPS server requires client authorization and a trustpoint is not configured for the client, the remote HTTPS server will reject the connection.

If this command is not used, the client attempts to use the certificate associated with the primary trustpoint. The primary trustpoint is configured using the **primary** command.

Examples

In the following example, the CA trustpoint is configured and referenced in the secure HTTP server configuration:

```
!The following commands specify a CA trustpoint that can be used
!to obtain a X.509v3 security certificate.
Router(config) # crypto ca trustpoint tp1

Router(config-ca) # enrollment url http://host1:80

Router(config-ca) # exit

!The following command is used to actually obtain the security certificate.
!A trustpoint NAME is used because there could be multiple trust points
!configured for the router.
Router(config) # crypto ca enrollment TP1

!The following command specifies that the secure HTTP client
!should use the certificate associated with the TP1 trustpoint for HTTPS connections.
Router(config) # ip http client secure-trustpoint tp1
```

Command	Description
crypto ca trustpoint	Specifies a name for a certificate authority trustpoint and enters CA trustpoint configuration mode.
primary	Indicates that the CA trustpoint being configured should be used as the primary (default) trustpoint.

ip http client source-interface

To configure a source interface for the HTTP client, use the **ip http client source-interface** command in global configuration mode. To change or disable the source interface, use the **no** form of this command.

ip http client source-interface type number no ip http client source-interface

Syntax Description

type	Name of the source interface.
number	Number of the source interface.

Command Default

No default behavior or values

Command Modes

Global configuration (config)

Command History

Release	Modification
12.3(7)T	This command was introduced.
12.2(31)SB2	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(31)SB2.
12.2(33)SRC	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRC.
12.2(33)SB	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SB.

Usage Guidelines

Use this command to specify a source interface to use for HTTP connections.

Examples

The following example shows how to configure the source interface as Ethernet 0/1:

Router(config) # ip http client source-interface Ethernet 0/1

Command	Description
сору	Copies a file from any supported remote location to a local file system, or from a local file system to a remote location, or from a local file system to a local file system.

Command	Description
debug ip http client	Enables debugging output for the HTTP client.
ip http client cache	Configures the HTTP client cache.
ip http client connection	Configures the HTTP client connection.
ip http client password	Configures a password for all HTTP client connections.
ip http client proxy-server	Configures an HTTP proxy server.
ip http client response	Configures HTTP client characteristics for managing HTTP server responses to request messages.
ip http client username	Configures a login name for all HTTP client connections.
show ip http client	Displays a report about the HTTP client.

ip http client username

To configure the default username used for connections to remote HTTP servers, use the **ip http client username** command in global configuration mode. To remove a configured default HTTP username from the configuration, use the **no** form of this command.

ip http client username username no ip http client username

Syntax Description

username	String that is the username (login name) to be used in HTTP client connection requests sent to remote HTTP servers.

Command Default

No default username exists for the HTTP connections.

Command Modes

Global configuration (config)

Command History

Release	Modification
12.3(2)T	This command was introduced.
12.2(31)SB2	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(31)SB2.
12.2(33)SRC	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRC.
12.2(33)SB	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SB.

Usage Guidelines

This command is used to configure a default username before a file is copied to or from a remote web server using the **copy http:**// or **copy https:**// command. The default username will be overridden by a username specified in the URL of the **copy**command.



Note

The secure HTTP (HTTPS) client is not supported in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(31)SB.

Examples

In the following example, the default HTTP password is configured as Secret and the default HTTP username is configured as User1 for connections to remote HTTP or HTTPS servers:

Router(config)# ip http client password Secret
Router(config)# ip http client username User1

Command	Description
сору	Copies a file from any supported remote location to a local file system, or from a local file system to a remote location, or from a local file system to a local file system.
debug ip http client	Enables debugging output for the HTTP client.
ip http client cache	Configures the HTTP client cache.
ip http client connection	Configures the HTTP client connection.
ip http client password	Configures a password for all HTTP client connections.
ip http client proxy-server	Configures an HTTP proxy server.
ip http client response	Configures HTTP client characteristics for managing HTTP server responses to request messages.
ip http client source-interface	Configures a source interface for the HTTP client.
show ip http client	Displays a report about the HTTP client.

ip http digest algorithm

To configure the digest algorithm parameter, use the **ip http digest algorithm** command in global configuration mode.

ip http digest algorithm [digest-algorithm]

Syntax Description

digest-algorithm	(Optional) The digest algorithm method. The choices
	for the digest algorithm parameter are MD5 and
	MD5-sess. MD5 is the default.

Command Default

The digest algorithm parameter is set to MD5.

Command Modes

Global configuration (config)

Command History

Release	Modification
12.4(20)T	This command was introduced.

Examples

The following example shows how to change the digest algorithm parameter from MD5 to MD5-sess:

Device(config) # ip http digest algorithm md5-sess

ip http help-path

To configure the help root used to locate help files for use by the user's current GUI screen, use the **ip http help-path** command in global configuration mode.

ip http help-path url

Syntax Description

url	Uniform Resource Locator (URL) specifying the root for the location of help files used by the user's GUI screens. The currently configured complete path of the location of specific help files can be obtained from the output of the show ip http help-path user EXEC
	command.

Command Default

No URL is specified.

Command Modes

Global configuration

Command History

Release	Modification
12.4(2)T	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines

The URL specified in this command must be populated with 'help' files with read access that are appropriate for the application that will be using the URL.

Examples

In the following example, the HTML files are located in the specified location on the system:

Router(config) # ip http help-path

http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/779/smbiz/prodconfig/help/eag/ivory/1100

Command	Description
ip http server	Enables the HTTP server, including the Cisco web browser user interface.
show ip http-help path	Displays the IP HTTP help-path URL.

ip http max-connections

To configure the maximum number of concurrent connections allowed for the HTTP server, use the **ip http max-connections** command in global configuration mode. To return the maximum connection value to the default, use the **no** form of this command.

ip http max-connections value no ip http max-connections

Syntax Description

value	An integer in the range from 1 to 16 that specifies the maximum number of concurrent HTTP connections. The default is 5.

Command Default

Five concurrent HTTP connections is the default.

Command Modes

Global configuration (config)

Command History

Release	Modification
12.2(15)T	This command was introduced.
12.2(31)SB2	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(31)SB2.
12.2(33)SRC	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRC.
12.2(33)SB	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SB.

Usage Guidelines

Platform-specific implementations can supersede the upper range limit of 16.

If a new value is configured that is less than the previously configured value while the current number of connections exceeds the new maximum value, the HTTP server will not abort any of the current connections. However, the server will not accept new connections until the current number of connections falls below the new configured value.

Examples

The following example shows how to configure the HTTP server to allow up to 10 simultaneous connections:

```
Router(config) # ip http server
Router(config) # ip http max-connections 10
```

Command	Description
ip http server	Enables the HTTP 1.1 server, including the Cisco web browser user interface.

ip http path

To specify the base path used to locate files for use by the HTTP server, use the **ip http path** command in global configuration mode. To remove the base path specification, use the **no** form of this command.

 $\begin{array}{c} \text{ip http path } url \\ \text{no ip http path} \end{array}$

Syntax Description

i	Cisco IOS File System (IFS) URL specifying the location of the HTML files used by the HTTP server.
	•

Command Default

The HTTP server is disabled.

Command Modes

Global configuration (config)

Command History

Release	Modification
12.0	This command was introduced.
12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.
12.2(31)SB2	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(31)SB2.
12.2SX	This command is supported in the Cisco IOS Release 12.2SX train. Support in a specific 12.2SX release of this train depends on your feature set, platform, and platform hardware.
12.2(33)SRC	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRC.
12.2(33)SB	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SB.

Usage Guidelines

After enabling the HTTP server, you should set the base path by specifying the location of the HTML files to be served. HTML files used by the HTTP web server typically reside in system flash memory.

Remote URLs can be specified using this command, but use of remote path names (for example, where HTML files are located on a remote TFTP server) is not recommended.

Examples

In the following example, the HTML files are located in the default flash location on the system:

Router(config)# ip http path flash:

In the following example, the HTML files are located in the directory named web on the flash memory card inserted in slot 0:

Router(config) # ip http path slot0:web

Command	Description
ip http server	Enables the HTTP server, including the Cisco web browser user interface.

ip http port

To specify the port number to be used by the HTTP server, use the **ip http port**command in global configuration mode. To return the port number to the default, use the **no** form of this command.

ip http port port-number

no ip http port

Syntax Description

	35 that specifies the port number to be used for ΓTP server. The default is 80.
--	---

Command Default

The HTTP server uses port 80.

Command Modes

Global configuration (config)

Command History

Release	Modification
11.2	This command was introduced.
12.2(15)T	This command was modified to restrict port numbers. The port number 443 is now reserved for secure HTTP (HTTPS) connections.
12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.
12.2(31)SB2	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(31)SB2.
12.2SX	This command is supported in the Cisco IOS Release 12.2SX train. Support in a specific 12.2SX release of this train depends on your feature set, platform, and platform hardware.
12.2(33)SRC	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRC.
12.2(33)SB	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SB.

Usage Guidelines

HTTP port 80 is the standard port used by web servers.



Note

The secure HTTP (HTTPS) server is not supported in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(31)SB.

Examples

The following example shows how to change the HTTP server port to port 8080:

```
Router(config)# ip http server
Router(config)# ip http port 8080
```

Command	Description
ip http server	Enables the HTTP 1.1 server, including the Cisco web browser user interface.

ip http secure-active-session-modules

To selectively activate HTTP Secure (HTTPS) services to process incoming HTTPS requests from remote clients, use the **ip http secure-active-session-modules** command in global configuration mode. To return to the default in which all HTTPS services are activated, use the **no** form of this command.

ip http secure-active-session-modules {listname| all| none} no ip http secure-active-session-modules

Syntax Description

listname	List of specifically configured HTTPS services to activate.
all	Activates all HTTPS services.
none	Deactivates all HTTPS services.

Command Default

All HTTPS services are activated.

Command Modes

Global configuration (config)

Command History

Release	Modification
12.3(14)T	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines

Use the **ip http secure-active-session-modules** command to activate or deactivate HTTPS services to process incoming HTTPS requests from remote clients. Use the **ip http session-module-list** command to define a list of HTTP or HTTPS services to be enabled.

If an HTTPS request is made for a service that is disabled, an error message is displayed in the remote client browser.

Examples

The following example shows how to configure different sets of services to be available for HTTP and HTTPS requests. In this example, all HTTP services are activated, but only the HTTPS services defined in list1 (Simple Certificate Enrollment Protocol [SCEP] and HOME_PAGE) are activated.

```
ip http session-module-list list1 SCEP,HOME_PAGE
ip http active-session-modules all
ip http server
ip http secure-server
ip http secure-active-session-modules list1
```

Command	Description
ip http session-module-list	Defines a list of HTTP or HTTPS services.

ip http secure-ciphersuite

To specify the CipherSuites that should be used by the secure HTTP server when negotiating a connection with a remote client, use the **ip http secure-ciphersuite** command in global configuration mode. To return the configuration to the default set of CipherSuites, use the **no** form of this command.

ip http secure-ciphersuite [3des-ede-cbc-sha] [rc4-128-sha] [rc4-128-md5] [des-cbc-sha] no ip http secure-ciphersuite

Syntax Description

3des-ede-cbc-sha	SSL_RSA_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHARivest, Shamir, and Adleman (RSA) key exchange with 3DES and DES-EDE3-CBC for message encryption and Secure Hash Algorithm (SHA) for message digest.
rc4-128-sha	SSL_RSA_WITH_RC4_128_SHARSA key exchange (RSA Public Key Cryptography) with RC4 128-bit encryption for message encryption and SHA for message digest.
rc4-128-md5	SSL_RSA_WITH_RC4_128_MD5RSA key exchange (RSA Public Key Cryptography) with RC4 128-bit encryption for message encryption and Message Digest 5 (MD5) for message digest.
des-cbc-sha	SSL_RSA_WITH_DES_CBC_SHARSA key exchange with DES-CBC for message encryption and SHA for message digest.

Command Default

The HTTPS server negotiates the best CipherSuite using the list received from the connecting client.

Command Modes

Global configuration

Command History

Release	Modification
12.2(15)T	This command was introduced.
12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.
12.2(33)SXH	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH.
12.2(33)SB	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SB.

Usage Guidelines

This command is used to restrict the list of CipherSuites (encryption algorithms) that should be used for encryption over the HTTPS connection. For example, you may want to allow only the most secure CipherSuites to be used.

Unless you have a reason to specify the CipherSuites that should be used, or you are unfamiliar with the details of these CipherSuites, you should leave this command unconfigured and let the server and client negotiate the CipherSuite that they both support (this is the default).

The supported CipherSuites vary by Cisco IOS software image. For example, "IP Sec56" ("k8") images support only the SSL_RSA_WITH_DES_CBC_SHA CipherSuite in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(15)T.

In terms of router processing load (speed), the following list ranks the CipherSuites from fastest to slowest (slightly more processing time is required for the more secure and more complex CipherSuites):

- 1 SSL_RSA_WITH_DES_CBC_SHA
- 2 SSL_RSA_WITH_RC4_128_MD5
- 3 SSL_RSA_WITH_RC4_128_SHA
- 4 SSL_RSA_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA

Additional information about these CipherSuites can be found online from sources that document the Secure Sockets Layer (SSL) 3.0 protocol.

Examples

The following exampleshows how to restrictsthe CipherSuites offered to a connecting secure web client:

Router(config) # ip http secure-ciphersuite rc4-128-sha rc4-128-md5

Command	Description
ip http secure-server	Enables the HTTPS server.
show ip http server secure status	Displays the configuration status of the secure HTTP server.

ip http secure-client-auth

To configure the secure HTTP server to authenticate connecting clients, use the **ip http secure-client-auth** command in global configuration mode. To remove the requirement for client authorization, use the **no** form of this command.

ip http secure-client-auth no ip http secure-client-auth

Syntax Description

This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Default

Client authentication is not required for connections to the secure HTTP server.

Command Modes

Global configuration

Command History

Release	Modification
12.2(15)T	This command was introduced.
12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.
12.2(33)SXH	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH.
12.2(33)SB	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SB.

Usage Guidelines

This command configures the HTTP server to request an X.509v3 certificate from the client in order to authenticate the client during the connection process.

In the default connection and authentication process, the client requests a certificate from the HTTP server, but the server does not attempt to authenticate the client. Authenticating the client provides more security than server authentication by itself, but not all web clients may be configured for certificate authority (CA) authentication.

Examples

In the following example the secure web server is enabled and the server is configured to accept connections only from clients with a signed security certificate:

```
Router(config) # no ip http server
Router(config) # ip http secure-server
Router(config) # ip http secure-client-auth
```

Command	Description
ip http secure-server	Enables the HTTPS server.
show ip http server secure status	Displays the configuration status of the secure HTTP server.

ip http secure-port

To set the secure HTTP (HTTPS) server port number for listening, use the **ip http secure-port** command in global configuration mode. To return the HTTPS server port number to the default, use the **no** form of this command.

ip http secure-port port-number
no ip http secure-port

Syntax Description

port-number	Integer in the range of 0 to 65535 is accepted, but the port number must be higher than 1024 unless the default is used. The default is 443.

Command Default

The HTTPS server port number is not set for listening.

Command Modes

Global configuration

Command History

Release	Modification
12.1(11b)E	This command was introduced.
12.2(14)S	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(14)S.
12.2(15)T	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(15)T.
12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.
12.2(33)SXH	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH.
12.2(33)SB	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SB.

Usage Guidelines

An HTTP server and an HTTPS server cannot use the same port. If you try to configure both on the same port, the following message is displayed:

% Port port number in use by HTTP.

where port number is the port number that is already assigned to the HTTP server.

If you change the HTTPS port number, clients attempting to connect to the HTTPS server must specify the port number in the URL, in this format:

https://device:port_number

where port number is the HTTPS port number.

Examples

The following example shows how to assign port 1025 for HTTPS server connections:

Router(config)# ip http secure-port 1025

Command	Description
ip http secure-server	Enables an HTTPS server.

ip http secure-server

To enable a secure HTTP (HTTPS) server, use the ip http secure-server command in global configuration mode. To disable an HTTPS server, use the **no** form of this command.

ip http secure-server

no ip http secure-server

Syntax Description

This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Default

The HTTPS server is disabled.

Command Modes

Global configuration

Command History

Release	Modification
12.1(11b)E	This command was introduced.
12.2(14)S	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(14)S.
12.2(15)T	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(15)T.
12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.
12.2(33)SXH	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH.
12.2(33)SB	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SB.

Usage Guidelines

The HTTPS server uses the Secure Sockets Layer (SSL) version 3.0 protocol.



Note

When enabling an HTTPS server, you should always disable the standard HTTP server to prevent unsecured connections to the same services. Disable the standard HTTP server using the no ip http server command in global configuration mode (this step is precautionary; typically, the HTTP server is disabled by default).

If a certificate authority (CA) is used for certification, you should declare the CA trustpoint on the routing device before enabling the HTTPS server.

Examples

In the following example the HTTPS server is enabled, and the (previously configured) CA trustpoint CA-trust-local is specified:

Router# configure terminal

```
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Router(config)# ip http secure-server

Router(config)# ip http secure-trustpoint CA-trust-local
Router(config)# end
Router# show ip http server secure status
HTTP secure server status: Enabled
HTTP secure server port: 443
HTTP secure server ciphersuite: 3des-ede-cbc-sha des-cbc-sha rc4-128-md5 rc4-12a
HTTP secure server client authentication: Disabled
HTTP secure server trustpoint: CA-trust-local
```

Command	Description
ip http secure-trustpoint	Specifies the CA trustpoint that should be used for obtaining signed certificates for the HTTPS server.
ip http server	Enables the HTTP server on an IP or IPv6 system, including the Cisco web browser user interface.
show ip http server secure status	Displays the configuration status of the HTTPS server.

ip http secure-trustpoint

To specify the certificate authority (CA) trustpoint that should be used for obtaining signed certificates for a secure HTTP (HTTPS) server, use the **ip http secure-trustpoint** command in global configuration mode. To remove a previously specified CA trustpoint, use the **no** form of this command.

ip http secure-trustpoint trustpoint-name
no ip http secure-trustpoint trustpoint-name

Syntax Description

trustpoint-name	Name of a configured trustpoint. Use the same
	trustpoint name that was used in the associated crypto
	ca trustpoint command.

Command Default

The HTTPS server uses the trustpoint configured when you use the **primary** command. If a trustpoint is not configured, the HTTPS server uses a self-signed certificate.

Command Modes

Global configuration

Command History

Release	Modification
12.2(15)T	This command was introduced.
12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.
12.2(33)SXH	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH.
12.2(33)SB	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SB.

Usage Guidelines

This command specifies that the HTTPS server should use the X.509v3 certificate associated with the trustpoint indicated by the *trustpoint-name* argument. Use the same trustpoint name that you used in the associated **crypto ca trustpoint**command.

The specified X.509v3 security certificate will be used to authenticate the server to connecting clients, and, if remote client authentication is enabled, to authenticate the connecting clients.

Use this command only if you have already declared a CA trustpoint using the **crypto ca trustpoint** command and associated submode commands. If a trustpoint is not configured, the HTTPS server will use a self-signed certificate.

If this command is not used, the server will attempt to use the certificate associated with the primary trustpoint. The primary trustpoint is configured using the **primary** command.

Examples

In the following example, the CA trustpoint is configured, a certificate is obtained, and the certificate is referenced in the HTTPS server configuration:

```
!The following commands specifies a CA trustpoint that can be used
!to obtain a X.509v3 security certificate.
!A trustpoint NAME is used because there could be multiple trustpoints
!configured for the router.
Router(config)# crypto ca trustpoint tp1

Router(config-ca)# enrollment url http://host1:80

Router(config-ca)# exit

Router(config)# crypto ca authenticate tp1
!The following command is used to actually obtain the security certificate.
Router(config)# crypto ca enrollment tp1

Router(config)# ip http secure-server

!The following command specifies that the secure HTTP server
!should use a certificate associated with the TP1 trustpoint for HTTPS connections.
Router(config)# ip http secure-trustpoint tp1
```

Command	Description
crypto ca trustpoint	Declares the CA that your routing device should use.
ip http secure-server	Enables the HTTPS server.
primary	Assigns a specified trustpoint as the primary trustpoint of the router.
show ip http server secure status	Displays the configuration status of the secure HTTP server.

ip http server

To enable the HTTP server on your IP or IPv6 system, including the Cisco web browser user interface, use the **ip http server**command in global configuration mode. To disable the HTTP server, use the **no** form of this command.

ip http server no ip http server

Syntax Description

This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Default

The HTTP server is disabled on the Cisco Catalyst 4000 series switch. The HTTP server is enabled for clustering on the following Cisco switches: Catalyst 3700 series, Catalyst 3750 series, Catalyst 3560 series, and Catalyst 2950 series.

The HTTP server uses the standard port 80 by default.

Command Modes

Global configuration (config)

Command History

Release	Modification
11.2	This command was introduced.
12.2(2)T	IPv6 support was added.
12.2(15)T	The HTTP 1.0 implementation was replaced by the HTTP 1.1 implementation. The secure HTTP server feature was added.
12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.
12.2(31)SB2	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(31)SB2.
12.2SX	This command is supported in the Cisco IOS Release 12.2SX train. Support in a specific 12.2SX release of this train depends on your feature set, platform, and platform hardware.
12.2(33)SRC	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRC.
12.2(33)SB	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SB.
Cisco IOS XE Release 2.1	This command was introduced on Cisco ASR 1000 Series Routers.
12.4(24)T	Support for IPv6 Secure Neighbor Discovery (SeND) was added.

Usage Guidelines

With IPv6 support added in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(2)T, the **ip http server** command simultaneously enables and disables both IP and IPv6 access to the HTTP server. However, an access list configured with the **ip http access-class** command will only be applied to IPv4 traffic. IPv6 traffic filtering is not supported.



The standard HTTP server and the secure HTTP (HTTPS) server can run on a system at the same time. If you enable the HTTPS server using the **ip http secure-server** command, disable the standard HTTP server using the **no ip http server** command to ensure that secure data cannot be accessed through the standard HTTP connection.

Examples

The following example shows how to enable the HTTP server on both IP and IPv6 systems:

Router(config) # ip http server

Router(config)# ip http path flash:

Command	Description
ip http access-class	Specifies the access list that should be used to restrict access to the HTTP server.
ip http path	Specifies the base path used to locate files for use by the HTTP server.
ip http secure-server	Enables the HTTPS server.

ip http session-module-list

To define a list of HTTP or secure HTTP (HTTPS) application names, use the **ip http session-module-list** command in global configuration mode. To remove the defined list, use the **no** form of this command.

ip http session-module-list listname prefix1[prefix2,...,prefixn]
no ip http session-module-list listname prefix1[prefix2,...,prefixn]

Syntax Description

listname	Name of the list.
prefix1	Associated HTTP or HTTPS application names. Prefix strings represent the names of applications, for example, SCEP, WEB_EXEC or HOME_PAGE.
prefix2,,prefixn	(Optional) Additional associated HTTP or HTTPS application names. Each application is separated by a comma.

Command Default

No list of HTTP or HTTPS application names is defined.

Command Modes

Global configuration

Command History

Release	Modification
12.3(14)T	This command was introduced.
12.2(31)SB2	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(31)SB2.

Usage Guidelines

Use this command to define a list of HTTP or HTTPS application names. The defined list can then be used by the **ip http active-session-modules** or **ip http secure-active-session-modules** commands to selectively enable HTTP or HTTPS applications, respectively, for servicing incoming HTTP and HTTPS requests from remote clients.

When defining a list of HTTP or HTTPS application names, use the following guidelines:

- A maximum of four lists can be defined on a router or switch. Attempts to define more than four lists will fail and an error message will be displayed stating the limit restrictions.
- An existing list can be removed using the **no ip http session-module-list** command.
- You cannot reconfigure an existing list. Instead of reconfiguring an existing list, remove the existing list and create a new list with the same name.

• There is no limit to how many application names can be in the list. However, the maximum number of sessions that can be registered with the Cisco IOS HTTP or HTTPS server is 32.



Note

The HTTPS server is not supported in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(31)SB.

Examples

The following example shows how to configure a different set of services to be available for HTTP and HTTPS requests. In this example, all HTTP applications are enabled for providing services to remote clients, but for HTTPS services, only the HTTPS applications defined in list1 (Simple Certificate Enrollment Protocol [SCEP] and HOME_PAGE) are enabled.

```
ip http session-module-list list1 SCEP,HOME_PAGE
ip http active-session-modules all
ip http server
ip http secure-server
ip http secure-active-session-modules list1
```

Command	Description
ip http active-session-modules	Selectively enables HTTP applications that will service incoming HTTP requests from remote clients.
ip http secure-active-session-modules	Selectively enables HTTPS applications that will service incoming HTTPS requests from remote clients.
show ip http server	Displays details about the current configuration of the HTTP server.

ip http timeout-policy

To configure the parameters for closing connections to the local HTTP server, use the **ip http timeout-policy** command in global configuration mode. To return the parameters to their defaults, use the **no** form of this command.

ip http timeout-policy idle seconds life seconds requests value no ip http timeout-policy

Syntax Description

idle	Specifies the maximum number of seconds that a connection will be kept open if no data is received or response data cannot be sent out.
life	Specifies the maximum number of seconds that a connection will be kept open from the time the connection is established.
seconds	When used with the idle keyword, an integer in the range of 1 to 600 that specifies the number of seconds (10 minutes maximum). The default is 180 (3 minutes).
	When used with the life keyword, an integer in the range of 1 to 86400 that specifies the number of seconds (24 hours maximum). The default is 180 (3 minutes).
requests	Specifies that a maximum limit is set on the number of requests processed on a persistent connection before it is closed.
value	Integer in the range from 1 to 86400. The default is 1.

Command Default

HTTP server connection idle time: 180 seconds (3 minutes)

HTTP server connection life time: 180 seconds (3 minutes)

HTTP server connection maximum requests: 1

Command Modes

Global configuration (config)

Command History

Release	Modification
12.2(15)T	This command was introduced.

Release	Modification
12.2(31)SB2	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(31)SB2.
12.2(33)SRC	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRC.
12.2(33)SB	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SB.

Usage Guidelines

This command sets the characteristics that determine how long a connection to the HTTP server should remain open.

This command may not take effect immediately on any HTTP connections that are open at the time you use this command. In other words, new values for idle time, life time, and maximum requests will apply only to connections made to the HTTP server after this command is issued.

A connection may be closed sooner than the configured idle time if the server is too busy or the limit on the life time or the number of requests is reached.

Also, since the server will not close a connection while actively processing a request, the connection may remain open longer than the specified life time if processing is occurring when the life maximum is reached. In this case, the connection will be closed when processing finishes.

A connection may be closed before the maximum number of requests are processed if the server is too busy or the limit on the idle time or life time is reached.

The **ip http timeout-policy** command allows you to specify a general access policy to the HTTP server by adjusting the connection timeout values. For example, if you want to maximize throughput for HTTP connections, you should configure a policy that minimizes connection overhead. You can do this by specifying large values for the **life** and **requests** options so that each connection stays open longer and more requests are processed for each connection.

Another example would be to configure a policy that minimizes the response time for new connections. You can do this by specifying small values for the **life** and **requests** options so that the connections are quickly released to serve new clients.

A throughput policy would be better for HTTP sessions with dedicated management applications, as it would allow the application to send more requests before the connection is closed, while a response time policy would be better for interactive HTTP sessions, as it would allow more people to connect to the server at the same time without having to wait for connections to become available.

In general, you should configure these options as appropriate for your environment. The value for the **idle** option should be balanced so that it is large enough not to cause an unwanted request or response timeout on the connection, but small enough that it does not hold a connection open longer than necessary.

Examples

In the following example, a Throughput timeout policy is applied. This configuration would allow each connection to be idle for a maximum of 30 seconds (approximately). Each connection will remain open (be "alive") until either the HTTP server has been busy processing requests for approximately 2 minutes (120 seconds) or until approximately 100 requests have been processed.

Router(config) # ip http timeout-policy idle 30 life 120 requests 100

In the following example, a Response Time timeout policy is applied. This configuration would allow each connection to be idle for a maximum of 30 seconds (approximately). Each connection will be closed as soon as the first request has been processed.

Router(config) # ip http timeout-policy idle 30 life 30 requests 1

Command	Description
ip http server	Enables the HTTP server, including the Cisco web browser user interface.

show ip http client

To display a report about the HTTP client, use the **show ip http client** command in user EXEC or privileged EXEC mode.

show ip http client {all| cache| connection| history| secure status| session-module| statistics}

Syntax Description

all	Displays a report that contains all of the information available about the HTTP client: status (enabled or disabled), registered application or session modules, active connections, cache, history, and statistics.
cache	Displays a list of information about the HTTP client cache.
connection	Displays HTTP client active connections and configured values for connections.
history	Displays a list of up to 20 URLs most recently accessed by the HTTP client.
secure status	Displays the status of the secure HTTP client configuration. Note This keyword is not supported with Cisco IOS Release 12.2(31)SB2.
session-module	Displays a report about sessions or applications that have registered with the HTTP client.
statistics	No statistics are collected for the HTTP client. This feature will be implemented at a later date.

Command Modes

User EXEC (>) Privileged EXEC (#)

Command History

Release	Modification
12.3(2)T	This command was introduced.
12.2(31)SB2	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(31)SB2. The all , cache , and statistics keywords were added.
12.2(33)SRC	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRC.
12.2(33)SB	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SB.

Usage Guidelines

Use this command to display information about the HTTP client.



Note

The secure HTTP (HTTPS) server is not supported in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(31)SB.

Examples

The following is sample output from the **show ip http client cache** command:

Router# show ip http client cache

```
HTTP client cache:
Maximum Memory size for cache
                                  : 100000 bytes (default)
Maximum memory per cache entry
                                  : 2000 bytes (default)
Memory used
                                  : 1381 bytes
Memory Available
                                  : 98619 bytes
                                  : 5 minutes (default)
Cache Ager interval
Total entries created
      Type
              Url
                                Memory-size(Bytes)
                                                        Refcnt
                                                                   Valid(Sec)
  536
             172.25.125.69/
      Hdr
                                             673
                                                                    -1
             172.25.125.7:8888/
  32
      Hdr
                                             708
                                                            0
                                                                    -1
```

The report is self-explanatory and lists information about the cache.

The following is sample output from the **show ip http client connection** command:

```
Router# show ip http client connection
HTTP client current connections:

Persistent connection = enabled (default)
Connection establishment timeout = 10s (default)
Connection idle timeout = 30s (default)
Maximum number of connection establishment retries = 1 (default)
Maximum http client connections per host : 2
HTTP secure client capability: Not present

local-ipaddress:port remote-ipaddress:port in-bytes out-bytes
:80 172.20.67.174:11012 12584 176

Total client connections : 1
```

The report is self-explanatory and lists the active connections and user-configured or default values for the connections.

The following is sample output from the **show ip http client history** command:

The report is self-explanatory and lists the most recent URLs accessed by the HTTP client.

The following is sample output from the **show ip http client secure status** command:

```
Router# show ip http client secure status
HTTP secure client ciphersuite: 3des-ede-cbc-sha des-cbc-sha rc4-128-md5 rc4-12a
HTTP secure client trustpoint: TP-1
The table below describes the significant fields shown in the display.
```

Table 1: show ip http client secure status Field Descriptions

Field	Description
HTTP secure client ciphersuite:	Displays the configuration of the ip http client secure-ciphersuite command.
HTTP secure client trustpoint:	Displays the configuration of the ip http client secure-trustpoint command.

The following is sample output from the **show ip http client session-module** command:

```
Router# show ip http client session-module
HTTP client application session modules:
                   :1
Application Name : HTTP CFS
Version :HTTP/1.1
Persistent
                  :non-persistent
Response-timeout :0
Retries
                   :0
Proxy
Ιd
                   :6
Application Name :httpc_ifs_0
Version :HTTP/1.1
Persistent :non-persiste
                   :non-persistent
Response-timeout :16
Retries
                   :0
```

The table below describes the fields shown in the display.

Table 2: show ip http client session-module Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Id	A number that identifies the registering application. Every application or session that registers with the HTTP client is provided an identification number.
Application Name	Name of the application in use. Every application or session that registers with the HTTP client provides a name that is displayed by this field. In the sample output, HTTP CFS is the name for the HTTP Client File Session (CFS) application, and the name httpc_ifs_0 is the HTTP client (HTTPC) Cisco IOS File System (IFS) Copy application.
Version	HTTP protocol version supported by the application. Every application or session that registers with the HTTP client indicates the HTTP protocol version it supports in this field. HTTP 1.0 does not support persistent connections; HTTP 1.1 supports both persistent and nonpersistent connections.

Field	Description
Persistent	Value of the persistent connection. Persistent indicates that the application needs the HTTP client to maintain connection after data transfer from itself to the remote server. Nonpersistent indicates that the application does not need the HTTP client to maintain connections after the data transfer.
Response-timeout	Configured response timeout period, in seconds. The application specifies the amount of time the HTTP client has to wait for a response from the remote server before returning a failure notice, for those data transfers initiated by this application.
Retries	Configured connection retries. The application specifies the number of retries for establishing connection that the HTTP client must attempt before returning a failure notice to the application.
Proxy	Specifies a proxy name that the HTTP client uses to route all HTTP data transfer requests to or from the application.

Command	Description
сору	Copies a file from any supported remote location to a local file system, or from a local file system to a remote location, or from a local file system to a local file system.
debug ip http client	Enables debugging output for the HTTP client.
ip http client connection	Configures the HTTP client connection.
ip http client password	Configures a password for all HTTP client connections.
ip http client proxy-server	Configures an HTTP proxy server.
ip http client source-interface	Configures a source interface for the HTTP client.
ip http client username	Configures a login name for all HTTP client connections.

show ip http client connection

To display a report about HTTP client active connections, use the **show ip http client connection** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show ip http client connection

Syntax Description

This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC (#)

Command History

Release	Modification
12.3(2)T	This command was introduced.
12.2(33)SRC	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRC.
12.2(33)SB	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SB.
12.4(20)T	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.4(20)T.

Usage Guidelines

Use this command to display active connections and configured values for connections.

Examples

The following is sample output from the **show ip http client connection** command:

Router# show ip http client connection

The report is self-explanatory and lists the active connections and user-configured or default values for the connections.

Command	Description
сору	Copies a file from any supported remote location to a local file system, or from a local file system to a remote location, or from a local file system to a local file system.
debug ip http client	Enables debugging output for the HTTP client.
ip http client connection	Configures the HTTP client connection.
ip http client password	Configures a password for all HTTP client connections.
ip http client proxy-server	Configures an HTTP proxy server.
ip http client source-interface	Configures a source interface for the HTTP client.
ip http client username	Configures a login name for all HTTP client connections.
show ip http client history	Displays the URLs accessed by the HTTP client.
show ip http client session-module	Displays a report about sessions that have registered with the HTTP client.

show ip http client cookie

To display the HTTP client cookies, use the **show ip http client cookie** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show ip http client cookie {**brief**| **summary**} [**domain** cookie-domain| **name** cookie-name| **session** session-name]

Syntax Description

brief	Displays a brief summary of client cookies.
summary	Displays a detailed summary of client cookies.
domain	(Optional) Displays all cookies in a domain
cookie-domain	(Optional) Client cookie domain or host name.
name	(Optional) Displays cookies matching a specific name.
cookie-name	(Optional) Client cookie name.
session	(Optional) Displays cookies specific to a client session.
session-name	(Optional) Client session name.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC (#)

Command History

Release	Modification
12.4(20)T	This command was introduced.

Examples

The following is example output from the **show ip http client cookie brief**command:

```
Device# show ip http client cookie brief
HTTP client cookies of session HTTP CFS:
HTTP client cookies of session CWMP CLIENT :
For expanded output please use 'summary' option for display
                Value
                                                 Ver
                                                         Domain
Name
Path
                 8
                                                 1
                                                         172.17.0.2
cookie8
/cwmp-1-0/
cookie7
                                                         172.17.0.2
/cwmp-1-0/
                 3
                                                 1
                                                         172.16.0.2
cookie3
/cwmp-1-0/
cookie2
                                                         172.16.0.2
/cwmp-1-0/
```

```
cookie1 1 1 172.16.0.2 /cwmp-1-0/ HTTP client cookies of session cwmp test client :
```

The following is example output from the **show ip http client cookie brief domain**command:

```
Device# show ip http client cookie brief domain 172.16.0.2
HTTP client cookies of domain 172.16.0.2:
For expanded output please use 'summary' option for display
                Value
Name
                                                  Ver
                                                          Domain
Path
cookie3
                 3
                                                  1
                                                          172.16.0.2
/cwmp-1-0/
                 2
                                                          172.16.0.2
cookie2
                                                  1
/cwmp-1-0/
cookie1
                 1
                                                  1
                                                          172.16.0.2
/cwmp-1-0/
```

The following is example output from the **show ip http client cookie brief name**command:

```
Device# show ip http client cookie brief name cookie3
HTTP client cookies of name cookie3:
For expanded output please use 'summary' option for display
Name Value Ver Domain
Path
cookie3 3 1 172.16.0.2
/cwmp-1-0/
```

The following is example output from the **show ip http client cookie brief session**command:

```
Device# show ip http client cookie brief session CWMP CLIENT
HTTP client cookies of session CWMP CLIENT :
For expanded output please use 'summary' option for display
Name
                Value
                                                  Ver
                                                          Domain
Path
cookie8
                  8
                                                          172.17.0.2
/cwmp-1-0/
                 7
                                                          172.17.0.2
                                                  1
cookie7
/cwmp-1-0/
                 3
                                                  1
                                                          172.16.0.2
cookie3
/cwmp-1-0/
                 2
cookie2
                                                  1
                                                          172.16.0.2
/cwmp-1-0/
cookie1
                 1
                                                  1
                                                          172.16.0.2
/cwmp-1-0/
```

The following is example output from the **show ip http client cookie summary**command:

```
Device# show ip http client cookie summary
HTTP client cookies of session HTTP CFS:
HTTP client cookies of session CWMP CLIENT :
Name
              : cookie8
              : 8
Value
              : 1
Version
              : 172.17.0.2 (default)
Domain
Path
              : /cwmp-1-0/ (default)
Secure
              : no
Max-Age
Port
Comment
CommentURL
Name
              : cookie7
Value
              : 7
              : 1
Version
              : 172.17.0.2 (default)
Domain
              : /cwmp-1-0/ (default)
Path
Secure
              : no
Max-Age
Port
Comment
CommentURL
Name
              : cookie3
```

```
: 3
: 1
Value
Version
Domain
             : 172.16.0.2 (default)
             : /cwmp-1-0/ (default)
Path
            : no
Secure
Max-Age
             : 600
Port
Comment
CommentURL
             :
             : cookie2
Name
Value
             : 2
            : 1
Version
Domain
             : 172.16.0.2 (default)
             : /cwmp-1-0/ (default)
Pat.h
Secure
             : no
Max-Age
             : 600
Port
Comment
CommentURL
             : cookie1
Name
Value
             : 1
Version
             : 172.16.0.2 (default)
Domain
             : /cwmp-1-0/ (default)
Pat.h
Secure
             : no
Max-Age
             : 600
Port
Comment.
CommentURL
HTTP client cookies of session cwmp_test_client :
```

The following is example output from the **show ip http client cookie summary domain**command:

```
Device# show ip http client cookie summary domain 172.17.0.2
HTTP client cookies of domain 172.17.0.2:
             : cookie8
Value
             : 8
            : 1
Version
             : 172.17.0.2 (default)
Domain
             : /cwmp-1-0/ (default)
Secure
             : no
Max-Age
             : 600
Port
Comment
CommentURL
            : cookie7
Name
Value
             : 7
            : 1
Version
             : 172.17.0.2 (default)
Domain
             : /cwmp-1-0/ (default)
Path
Secure
             : no
Max-Age
             : 600
Port
Comment
```

The following is example output from the **show ip http client cookie summary name**command:

```
Device# show ip http client cookie summary name cookie7
HTTP client cookies of name cookie7 :
            : cookie7
Name
Value
Version
            : 1
             : 172.17.0.2 (default)
Domain
             : /cwmp-1-0/ (default)
Pat.h
Secure
             : no
Max-Age
             : 600
Port
Comment
CommentURL
```

The following is example output from the show ip http client cookie summary sessioncommand:

```
Device# show ip http client cookie summary session CWMP_CLIENT
HTTP client cookies of session CWMP CLIENT :
Name
             : cookie8
             : 8
           : 1
: 172.17.0.2 (default)
Version
Domain
Path
            : /cwmp-1-0/ (default)
Secure
             : no
Max-Age
Port
Comment
CommentURL
       : 7
Name
             : cookie7
Value
          : 1
: 172.17.0.2 (default)
Version
Domain
Path
            : /cwmp-1-0/ (default)
Secure
             : 600
Max-Age
Port
Comment
CommentURL
             : cookie3
Name
           : 3
: 1
Value
Version
Domain
           : 172.16.0.2 (default)
Path
             : /cwmp-1-0/ (default)
Secure
             : no
             : 600
Max-Age
Port
Comment
CommentURL
Name
             : cookie2
           : 2
: 1
Value
Version
           : 172.16.0.2 (default)
Domain
             : /cwmp-1-0/ (default)
Path
           : no
Secure
Max-Age
            : 600
Port
Comment
           :
CommentURL
             : cookie1
Name
         : 1
: 1
Value
Version
           : 172.16.0.2 (default)
Domain
Path
             : /cwmp-1-0/ (default)
Secure
             : no
Max-Age
            : 600
Port
Comment
CommentURL
```

show ip http client history

To display up to 20 URLs accessed by the HTTP client, use the **show ip http client history** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show ip http client history

Syntax Description

This command has no arguments or keywords

Command Default

No default behavior or values

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC (#)

Command History

Release	Modification
12.3(2)T	This command was introduced.
12.2(33)SRC	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRC.
12.2(33)SB	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SB.

Usage Guidelines

This command displays a list of up to 20 URLs most recently accessed by the HTTP client.

Examples

The following is sample output from the **show ip http client history** command:

Router# show ip http client history

HTTP client history:

GET 03:25:36 UTC Thu Feb 26 2004
mailer.cisco.com/mailer.html

GET 03:25:56 UTC Thu Feb 26 2004
mailer.cisco.com/mailer.html

GET 03:26:10 UTC Thu Feb 26 2004
mailer.cisco.com/mailer.html

The report is self-explanatory and lists the most recent URLs accessed by the HTTP client.

Command	Description
сору	Copies a file from any supported remote location to a local file system, or from a local file system to a remote location, or from a local file system to a local file system.
debug ip http client	Enables debugging output for the HTTP client.

Command	Description
ip http client connection	Configures the HTTP client connection.
ip http client password	Configures a password for all HTTP client connections.
ip http client proxy-server	Configures an HTTP proxy server.
ip http client source-interface	Configures a source interface for the HTTP client.
ip http client username	Configures a login name for all HTTP client connections.
show ip http client connection	Displays a report about HTTP client active connections.
show ip http client session-module	Displays a report about sessions that have registered with the HTTP client.

show ip http client secure status

To display the status of the secure HTTP client configuration, use the **show ip http client secure status** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show ip http client secure status

Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Default No default behavior or values.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC

Command History

Release	Modification
12.2(15)T	This command was introduced.
12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.
12.2(33)SXH	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH.
12.2(33)SB	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SB.

Examples

The following is sample output from the **show ip http client secure status** command:

Router# show ip http client secure status

HTTP secure client ciphersuite: 3des-ede-cbc-sha des-cbc-sha rc4-128-md5 rc4-12a HTTP secure client trustpoint: TP-1

The table below describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 3: show ip http client secure status Field Descriptions

Field	Description
HTTP secure client ciphersuite:	Displays the configuration of the ip http client secure-ciphersuite command.
HTTP secure client trustpoint:	Displays the configuration of the ip http client secure-trustpoint command.

Command	Description
ip http client secure-ciphersuite	Specifies the CipherSuites that should be used for encryption over the secure HTTP connection from the client to a remote server.
ip http client secure-trustpoint	Specifies the CA trustpoint that should be used if the remote HTTP server requests client authentication.

show ip http client session-module

To display a report about sessions or applications that have registered with the HTTP client, use the **show ip http client session-module** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show ip http client session-module

Syntax Description

This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Default

No default behavior or values.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC (#)

Command History

Release	Modification
12.3(2)T	This command was introduced.
12.2(33)SRC	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRC.
12.2(33)SB	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SB.

Usage Guidelines

Use this command to display information about applications that have registered with the HTTP client.

Examples

The following is sample output from the **show ip http client session-module** command:

Router# show ip http client session-module

```
HTTP client application session modules:
Td
                 • 1
Application Name : HTTP CFS
Version
                 :HTTP/1.0
Persistent
                 :non-persistent
Response-timeout :0
Retries
                  :0
Application Name :httpc_ifs_0
                  :HTTP/\overline{1}.1
Version
Persistent
                  :non-persistent
Response-timeout :16
Retries
```

The table below describes the fields shown in the display.

Table 4: show ip http client session-module Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Id	A number that identifies the registering application. Every application or session that registers with the HTTP client is provided an identification number.
Application Name	Name of the application in use. Every application or session that registers with the HTTP client provides a name that is displayed by this field. In the sample output, HTTP CFS is the name for the HTTP Client File Session application, and the name httpc_ifs_0 is the HTTPC IFS Copy application.
Version	HTTP protocol version supported by the application. Every application or session that registers with the HTTP client indicates the HTTP protocol version it supports in this field. HTTP1.0 does not support persistent connections; HTTP1.1 supports both persistent and nonpersistent connections.
Persistent	Value of the persistent connection. Persistent indicates that the application needs the HTTP client to maintain connection after data transfer from itself to the remote server. Nonpersistent indicates that the application does not need the HTTP client to maintain connections after the data transfer.
Response-timeout	Configured response timeout period, in seconds. The application specifies the amount of time the HTTP Client has to wait for a response from the remote server before returning a failure notice, for those data transfers initiated by this application.
Retries	Configured connection retries. The application specifies the number of retries for establishing connection that the HTTP client must attempt before returning a failure notice to the application.
Proxy	Specifies a proxy name that the HTTP client uses to route all HTTP data transfer requests to or from the application.

Command	Description
сору	Copies a file from any supported remote location to a local file system, or from a local file system to a remote location, or from a local file system to a local file system.
debug ip http client	Enables debugging output for the HTTP client.
ip http client connection	Configures the HTTP client connection.
ip http client password	Configures a password for all HTTP client connections.
ip http client proxy-server	Configures an HTTP proxy server.
ip http client source-interface	Configures a source interface for the HTTP client.
ip http client username	Configures a login name for all HTTP client connections.
show ip http client connection	Displays a report about HTTP client active connections.
show ip http client history	Displays the URLs accessed by the HTTP client.

show ip http help-path

To display the current complete configured path of help files for use by the user's current GUI screen, use the **show ip http help-path** command in user EXEC or privileged EXEC mode.

show ip http help-path

Syntax Description

This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Modes

User EXEC

Privileged EXEC

Command History

Release	Modification
12.4(2)T	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines

Use this command to display the current complete help path configured in the HTTP server. This path is expected to hold help files relating to the user's current GUI screen.

Examples

The following is sample output from the **show ip http help-path**command:

Router# show ip http help-path

http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/779/smbiz/prodconfig/help/eag/ivory/1100

Command	Description
ip http help-path	Configures the HTTP help-root URL.

show ip http server

To display details about the current configuration of the HTTP server, use the **show ip http server** command in user EXEC or privileged EXEC mode.

show ip http server {all| status| session-module| connection| statistics| history}

Syntax Description

all	Displays all HTTP server information.
status	Displays only HTTP server status configuration.
session-module	Displays only supported HTTP services (Cisco IOS modules).
connection	Displays only the current connections to the HTTP server, including the local and remote IP addresses being accessed.
statistics	Displays only HTTP server connection statistics.
history	Displays only the previous 20 connections to the HTTP server, including the IP address accessed, and the time when the connection was closed.

Command Modes

User EXEC (>) Privileged EXEC (#)

Command History

Release	Modification
12.2(15)T	This command was introduced.
12.2(31)SB2	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(31)SB2.
12.2(33)SRC	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRC.
12.2(33)SB	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SB.

Usage Guidelines

Use this command to show detailed status information about the HTTP server.

If the HTTP secure server capability is present, the output of the **show ip http server all** command will also include the information found in the output of the **show ip http server secure status** command.



Note

The secure HTTP (HTTPS) server is not supported in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(31)SB.

Examples

The following is sample output from the **show ip http server all** command:

```
Router# show ip http server all
HTTP server status: Enabled
HTTP server port: 80
HTTP server authentication method: enable
HTTP server access class: 0
HTTP server base path:
Maximum number of concurrent server connections allowed: 5
Server idle time-out: 30 seconds
Server life time-out: 120 seconds
Maximum number of requests allowed on a connection: 2
HTTP secure server capability: Not Present
HTTP server application session modules:
Session module Name Handle Description
Homepage Server
                      5
                              IOS Homepage Server
                              QOS Device Manager Server
HTTP IFS Server
                              HTTP based IOS File Server
ODM SA
                              QOS Device Manager Signed Applet Server
                      3
WEB EXEC
                              HTTP based IOS EXEC Server
XSM
                      6
                              XML Session Manager
VDM
                              VPN Device Manager Server
                      8
                              IOS Telephony Service
ITS
ITS LOCDIR
                              ITS Local Directory Search
HTTP server current connections:
local-ipaddress:port remote-ipaddress:port in-bytes
                                                       out-bytes
 172.19.254.37:80
                      192.168.254.45:33737 70
HTTP server statistics:
Accepted connections total: 1360
HTTP server history:
local-ipaddress:port
                      remote-ipaddress:port in-bytes
                                                      out-bytes end-time
                      192.168.254.45:63530 60
                                                       1596
                                                                  10:50:00 12/19
  172.19.254.37:80
```

The table below describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 5: show ip http server Field Descriptions

Field	Description
HTTP server status:	Enabled or disabled. Corresponds to the [no] ip http server command.
HTTP server port:	Port used by the HTTP server. Corresponds to the ip http port command.
HTTP server authentication method:	Authentication method used for HTTP server logins. Corresponds to the ip http authentication command.
HTTP server access class:	Access list number assigned to the HTTP server. A value of zero (0) indicates no access list is assigned. Corresponds to the ip http access-class command.
HTTP server base path:	Base HTTP path specifying the location of the HTTP server files (HTML files). Corresponds to the ip http path command.

Field	Description
Maximum number of concurrent server connections allowed:	Corresponds to the ip http max-connections command.
Server idle time-out:	The maximum number of seconds the connection will be kept open if no data is received or if response data can not be sent out. Corresponds to the ip http timeout-policy command.
Server life time-out:	The maximum number of seconds the connection will be kept open. Corresponds to the ip http timeout-policy command.
Maximum number of requests allowed on a connection:	The maximum number of requests that will be processed on a connection before the connection is closed. Corresponds to the ip http timeout-policy command.
HTTP secure server capability:	Indicates if the running software image supports the secure HTTP server ("Present" or "Not Present"). If the capability is present, the output from the show ip http server secure status command will appear after this line.
HTTP server application session modules:	Cisco IOS services that use the HTTP server. Services are provided for application interfaces, including:
	The Cisco Web browser user interface, which uses the Cisco IOS Homepage Server, HTTP-based EXEC Server, and HTTP IOS File System (IFS) Server
	The VPN Device Manager (VDM) application, which uses the VDM Server and the XML Session Manager (XSM)
	The QoS Device Manager (QDM) application, which uses the QDM Server
	The IP Phone and Cisco IOS Telephony Service applications, which use the ITS Local Directory Search and IOS Telephony Server (ITS)
	Note The IP Phone and Telephony Service applications use the ITS Local Directory Search and IOS Telephony Server (ITS). Therefore, these two applications are not supported with Cisco IOS Release 12.2(31)SB2.
HTTP server current connections:	Currently active HTTP connections.

Field	Description
HTTP server statistics:	How many connections have been accepted.
HTTP server history:	Details about the last 20 connections, including the time the connection was closed (endtime). Endtime is given in Universal Coordinated Time (UTC or GMT), using a 24-hour clock and the following format: hh:mm:ss month/day

The following example shows sample output for the **show ip http server status** command:

Router# show ip http server status

```
HTTP server status: Disabled
HTTP server port: 80
HTTP server authentication method: enable
HTTP server access class: 0
HTTP server base path:
Maximum number of concurrent server connections allowed: 5
Server idle time-out: 600 seconds
Server life time-out: 600 seconds
Maximum number of requests allowed on a connection: 1
HTTP secure server capability: Present
HTTP secure server status: Disabled
HTTP secure server port: 443
HTTP secure server ciphersuite: 3des-ede-cbc-sha des-cbc-sha rc4-128-md5 rc4-12a
HTTP secure server client authentication: Disabled
HTTP secure server trustpoint:
```

The lines indicating the status of the HTTP secure (HTTPS) server will only be visible if your software image supports the HTTPS server. If your software image does not support SSL, only the following line will be visible:

HTTP secure server capability: Not present

Command	Description
debug ip http server all	Enables debugging output for all HTTP processes on the system.
ip http secure-server	Enables the HTTPS server.
ip http server	Enables the HTTP 1.1 server, including the Cisco web browser user interface.
show ip http server secure status	Displays the status of the HTTPS server.

show ip http server secure status

To display the status of the HTTP secure server configuration, use the **show ip http server secure status** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show ip http server secure status

Syntax Description

This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Default

No default behavior or values.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC

Command History

Release	Modification
12.2(15)T	This command was introduced.
12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.
12.2(33)SXH	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH.
12.2(33)SB	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SB.

Examples

The following is sample output from the **show ip http server secure status** command:

```
Router# show ip http server secure status
```

```
HTTP secure server status: Enabled
HTTP secure server port: 1025
HTTP secure server ciphersuite: rc4-128-sha rc4-128-md5
HTTP secure server client authentication: Disabled
HTTP secure server trustpoint: CA-trust-local
```

The table below describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 6: show ip http server secure status Field Descriptions

Field	Description
HTTP secure server status:	Displays the state of secure HTTP server ("Enabled" or "Disabled"). Corresponds to the configuration of the ip http secure-server command.
HTTP secure server port:	Displays the configuration of the ip http secure-port command.

Field	Description
HTTP secure server ciphersuite:	Displays the configuration of the ip http secure-ciphersuite command.
HTTP secure server client authentication:	Displays the configuration of the ip http secure-client-auth command.
HTTP secure server trustpoint:	Displays the configuration of the ip http secure-trustpoint command. If no trustpoint is configured, the line will appear blank after the colon.

Command	Description
ip http secure-ciphersuite	Specifies the CipherSuites that should be used for encryption over the secure HTTP connection from the server to a remote client.
ip http secure-client-auth	Configures the HTTP server to authenticate the remote client during the connection process.
ip http secure-port	Specifies the port (socket) to be used for HTTPS connections.
ip http secure-server	Enables the HTTPS server.
ip http secure-trustpoint	Specifies the CA trustpoint that should be used for obtaining signed certificates for the secure HTTP server.