

# Flexible Netflow Command Reference, Cisco IOS XE Release 3SE (Cisco WLC 5700 Series)

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# **Americas Headquarters**

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# cache (Flexible NetFlow)

To configure the flow cache parameter for a Flexible NetFlow flow monitor, use the **cache** command in Flexible NetFlow flow monitor configuration mode. To remove a flow cache parameter for a Flexible NetFlow flow monitor, use the **no** form of this command.

cache {entries number| timeout {active seconds| inactive seconds| update seconds| event transaction-end}| type {immediate| normal| permanent}}

no cache {entries| timeout {active| inactive| update| event transaction-end}| type}

### **Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE**

cache {timeout {active seconds| inactive seconds| update seconds}| type normal}
no cache {timeout {active| inactive| update}| type}

### **Syntax Description**

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| entries number                | Specifies the maximum number of entries in the flow monitor cache. Range: 16 to 1048576. Default: 4096.   |
|-------------------------------|---|
| timeout active seconds        | Specifies the active flow timeout in seconds. Range:<br>1 to 604800 (7 days). Default: 1800.  |
| timeout inactive seconds      | Specifies the inactive flow timeout in seconds. Range: 1 to 604800 (7 days). Default: 15.   |
| timeout update seconds        | Specifies the update timeout, in seconds, for a permanent flow cache. Range: 1 to 604800 (7 days). Default: 1800.   |
| timeout event transaction-end | Specifies that the record is generated and exported in the NetFlow cache at the end of a transaction.   |
| type                          | Specifies the type of the flow cache.   |
| immediate                     | Configures an immediate cache type. This cache type will age out every record as soon as it is created.   |
| normal                        | Configures a normal cache type. The entries in the flow cache will be aged out according to the <b>timeout active</b> <i>seconds</i> and <b>timeout inactive</b> <i>seconds</i> settings. This is the default cache type. |
| permanent                     | Configures a permanent cache type. This cache type disables flow removal from the flow cache.   |

**Command Default** The default Flexible NetFlow flow monitor flow cache parameters are used.

The following flow cache parameters for a Flexible NetFlow flow monitor are enabled:

- Cache type: normal
- Maximum number of entries in the flow monitor cache: 4096
- Active flow timeout: 1800 seconds
- Inactive flow timeout: 15 seconds
- Update timeout for a permanent flow cache: 1800 seconds

**Command Modes** Flexible NetFlow flow monitor configuration (config-flow-monitor)

| Release                    | Modification   |
|----------------------------|--|
| 12.4(9)T                   | This command was introduced.   |
| 12.2(31)SB2                | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(31)SB2.  |
| 12.0(33)S                  | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented<br>on the Cisco 12000 series routers.  |
| 12.2(33)SRC                | This command was modified. Support for this command implemented<br>on the Cisco 7200 series routers.   |
| 12.2(33)SRE                | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented<br>on the Cisco 7300 Network Processing Engine (NPE) series routers.                   |
| Cisco IOS XE Release 3.1S  | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS XE Release 3.1S.  |
| Cisco IOS XE Release 3.4S  | This command was modified. The <b>event transaction-end</b> keyword was added.   |
| Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE with support for the <b>timeout</b> and <b>type normal</b> keywords only.                      |
|                            | 12.4(9)T         12.2(31)SB2         12.0(33)S         12.2(33)SRC         12.2(33)SRE         Cisco IOS XE Release 3.1S         Cisco IOS XE Release 3.4S |

### **Usage Guidelines**

Each flow monitor has a cache that it uses to store all the flows it monitors. Each cache has various configurable elements, such as the number of entries and the time that a flow is allowed to remain in it. When a flow times out, it is removed from the cache and sent to any exporters that are configured for the corresponding flow monitor.

If a cache is already active (that is, you have applied the flow monitor to at least one interface in the router), your changes to the record, cache type, and cache size parameters will not take effect until you either rebott the router or remove the flow monitor from every interface and then reapply it. Therefore whenever possible you should customize the record, cache type, and cache size parameters for the cache before you apply the flow monitor to an interface. You can modify the timers, flow exporters, and statistics parameters for a cache while the cache is active.

#### cache entries

This command controls the size of the cache. Cache size should be based on a number of factors, including the number of flows expected, the time the flows are expected to last (based on the configured key fields and the traffic), and the timeout values configured for the cache. The size should be large enough to minimize emergency expiry.

Emergency expiry is caused by the Flexible NetFlow cache becoming full. When the Flexible NetFlow cache becomes full, the router performs "emergency expiry" where a number of flows are immediately aged, expired from the Flexible NetFlow cache, and exported in order to free up space for more flows.

For a permanent cache (flows never expire), the number of entries should be large enough to accommodate the number of flows expected for the entire duration of the cache entries. If more flows occur than there are cache entries, the excess flows are not recorded in the cache.

For an immediate cache (flows expire immediately), the number of entries simply controls the amount of history that is available for previously seen packets.

### cache timeout active

This command controls the aging behavior of the normal type of cache. If a flow has been active for a long time, it is usually desirable to age it out (starting a new flow for any subsequent packets in the flow). This age out process allows the monitoring application that is receiving the exports to remain up to date. By default this timeout is 1800 seconds (30 minutes), but it can be adjusted according to system requirements. A larger value ensures that long-lived flows are accounted for in a single flow record; a smaller value results in a shorter delay between starting a new long-lived flow and exporting some data for it.

#### cache timeout inactive

This command controls the aging behavior of the normal type of cache. If a flow has not seen any activity for a specified amount of time, that flow will be aged out. By default, this timeout is 15 seconds, but this value can be adjusted depending on the type of traffic expected.

If a large number of short-lived flows is consuming many cache entries, reducing the inactive timeout can reduce this overhead. If a large number of flows frequently get aged out before they have finished collecting their data, increasing this timeout can result in better flow correlation.

#### cache timeout update

This command controls the periodic updates sent by the permanent type of cache. This behavior is similar to the active timeout, except that it does not result in the removal of the cache entry from the cache. By default this timer value is 1800 seconds (30 minutes).

#### cache timeout event transaction-end

To use this command, you must configure the **match connection transaction id** command and the **match application name** command for the flow record. This command causes the record to be generated and exported in the NetFlow cache at the end of a transaction. A transaction is a set of logical exchanges between endpoints. There is normally one transaction within a flow.

### cache type immediate

This command specifies the immediate cache type. This type of cache will age out every record as soon as it is created, with the result that every flow contains just one packet. The commands that display the cache contents will provide a history of the packets seen.

The use of this cache type is appropriate when very small flows are expected and a minimum amount of latency between analyzing a packet and exporting a report is desired. We recommend using this command when you are sampling packet chunks because the number of packets per flow is typically very low.

### <u>/</u> Caution

This command may result in a large amount of export data that can overload low speed links and overwhelm any systems to which you are exporting. We recommended that you configure sampling to reduce the number of packets seen.



The timeout settings have no effect for the immediate cache type.

#### cache type normal

This command specifies the normal cache type. This is the default cache type. The entries in the cache will be aged out according to the **timeout active** *seconds* and **timeout inactive** *seconds* settings. When a cache entry is aged out, it is removed from the cache and exported via any exporters configured for the monitor associated with the cache.

#### cache type permanent

This command specifies the permanent cache type. This type of cache never ages out any flows. This cache type is useful when the number of flows you expect to see has a limit and there is a need to keep long-term statistics on the router. For example, if the only key field is IP TOS, a limit of 256 flows can be seen, so to monitor the long-term usage of the IP TOS field, a permanent cache can be used. Update messages are exported via any exporters configured for the monitor associated with this cache in accordance with the **timeout update** *seconds* setting.



When a cache becomes full, new flows will not be monitored. If this occurs, a "Flows not added" statistic will appear in the cache statistics.



A permanent cache uses update counters rather than delta counters. This means that when a flow is exported, the counters represent the totals seen for the full lifetime of the flow and not the additional packets and bytes seen since the last export was sent.

### **Examples**

The following example shows how to configure the number of entries for the flow monitor cache:

Router(config) # flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-1 Router(config-flow-monitor) # cache entries 16 The following example shows how to configure the active timeout for the flow monitor cache:

```
Router(config) # flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-1
Router(config-flow-monitor) # cache timeout active 4800
The following example shows how to configure the inactive timer for the flow monitor cache:
```

```
Router (config) # flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-1
Router (config-flow-monitor) # cache timeout inactive 3000
The following example shows how to configure the permanent cache update timeout:
```

```
Router(config)# flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-1
Router(config-flow-monitor)# cache timeout update 5000
```

The following example shows how to configure a normal cache:

Router(config)# flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-1 Router(config-flow-monitor)# cache type normal

The following example shows how to configure a permanent cache:

Router(config) # flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-1 Router(config-flow-monitor) # cache type permanent The following example shows how to configure an immediate cache:

Router(config)# flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-1
Router(config-flow-monitor)# cache type immediate

### **Related Commands**

| Command      | Description  |
|--------------|--|
| flow monitor | Creates a flow monitor, and enters Flexible NetFlow flow monitor configuration mode. |

# clear flow exporter

To clear the statistics for a Flexible NetFlow flow exporter, use the **clear flow exporter** command in privileged EXEC mode.

clear flow exporter {name exporter-name statistics| statistics}

### **Syntax Description**

| name          | Specifies the name of a flow exporter.                  |
|---------------|---|
| exporter-name | Name of a flow exporter that was previously configured. |
| statistics    | Clears the flow exporter statistics.                    |

### **Command Modes** Privileged EXEC (#)

## **Command History**

| Release                    | Modification   |
|----------------------------|--|
| 12.4(9)T                   | This command was introduced.   |
| 12.2(31)SB2                | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(31)SB2.  |
| 12.0(33)S                  | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented<br>on the Cisco 12000 series routers.                                |
| 12.2(33)SRC                | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented<br>on the Cisco 7200 series routers.                                 |
| 12.2(33)SRE                | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented<br>on the Cisco 7300 Network Processing Engine (NPE) series routers. |
| 12.2(50)SY                 | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(50)SY.   |
| Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE.   |

### **Examples**

The following example clears the statistics for all of the flow exporters configured on the router:

Router# clear flow exporter statistics The following example clears the statistics for the flow exporter named FLOW-EXPORTER-1:

Router# clear flow exporter name FLOW-EXPORTER-1 statistics

### **Related Commands**

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| Command             | Description                                  |
|---------------------|--|
| debug flow exporter | Enables debugging output for flow exporters. |

# clear flow monitor

To clear a Flexible NetFlow flow monitor, flow monitor cache, or flow monitor statistics and to force the export of the data in the flow monitor cache, use the **clear flow monitor** command in privileged EXEC mode.

clear flow monitor name monitor-name [cache [force-export] force-export] statistics]

### **Syntax Description**

| name         | Specifies the name of a flow monitor.                              |
|--------------|--|
| monitor-name | Name of a flow monitor that was previously configured.             |
| cache        | (Optional) Clears the flow monitor cache information.              |
| force-export | (Optional) Forces the export of the flow monitor cache statistics. |
| statistics   | (Optional) Clears the flow monitor statistics.                     |

### **Command Modes** Privileged EXEC (#)

| <b>Command History</b> | Release                    | Modification  |
|------------------------|----------------------------|---|
|                        | 12.4(9)T                   | This command was introduced.  |
|                        | 12.2(31)SB2                | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(31)SB2.   |
|                        | 12.0(33)S                  | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented<br>on the Cisco 12000 series routers.                                 |
|                        | 12.2(33)SRC                | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented<br>on the Cisco 7200 series routers in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRC. |
|                        | 12.2(33)SRE                | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented<br>on the Cisco 7300 Network Processing Engine (NPE) series routers.  |
|                        | 12.2(50)SY                 | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(50)SY.  |
|                        | Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE.  |

### Usage Guidelines cache

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This keyword removes all entries from the flow monitor cache. These entries will not be exported and the data gathered in the cache will be lost.



The statistics for the cleared cache entries are maintained.

### force-export

This keyword removes all entries from the flow monitor cache and exports them via all flow exporters assigned to the flow monitor. This action can result in a short-term increase in CPU usage. Use with caution.



The statistics for the cleared cache entries are maintained.

### statistics

This keyword clears the statistics for this flow monitor.

Note

The "Current entries" statistic will not be cleared because this is an indicator of how many entries are in the cache and the cache is not cleared with this command.

#### **Examples**

The following example clears the statistics and cache entries for the flow monitor named FLOW-MONITOR-1:

Router# clear flow monitor name FLOW-MONITOR-1 The following example clears the statistics and cache entries for the flow monitor named FLOW-MONITOR-1 and forces an export:

Router# clear flow monitor name FLOW-MONITOR-1 force-export The following example clears the cache for the flow monitor named FLOW-MONITOR-1 and forces an export:

Router# clear flow monitor name FLOW-MONITOR-1 cache force-export The following example clears the statistics for the flow monitor named FLOW-MONITOR-1:

Router# clear flow monitor name FLOW-MONITOR-1 statistics

### **Related Commands**

| Command            | Description                                 |
|--------------------|---|
| debug flow monitor | Enables debugging output for flow monitors. |

# clear sampler

To clear the statistics for a Flexible NetFlow flow sampler, use the **clear sampler** command in privileged EXEC mode.

clear sampler [name] [ sampler-name ]

### **Syntax Description**

| name         | (Optional) Specifies the name of a flow sampler.                  |
|--------------|---|
| sampler-name | (Optional) Name of a flow sampler that was previously configured. |

### **Command Modes** Privileged EXEC (#)

| <b>Command History</b> | Release                    | Modification   |
|------------------------|----------------------------|--|
|                        | 12.4(9)T                   | This command was introduced.   |
|                        | 12.2(31)SB2                | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(31)SB2.  |
|                        | 12.0(33)8                  | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented on the Cisco 12000 series routers.                                   |
|                        | 12.2(33)SRC                | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented<br>on the Cisco 7200 series routers.                                 |
|                        | 12.2(33)SRE                | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented<br>on the Cisco 7300 Network Processing Engine (NPE) series routers. |
|                        | 12.2(50)SY                 | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(50)SY.   |
|                        | Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE.   |
|                        |                            |  |

### **Examples**

The following example clears the sampler statistics for all flow samplers configured on the router:

Router# clear sampler The following example clears the sampler statistics for the flow sampler named SAMPLER-1:

Router# clear sampler name SAMPLER-1

### **Related Commands**

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| Command       | Description                                 |
|---------------|---|
| debug sampler | Enables debugging output for flow samplers. |

# collect counter

To configure the number of bytes or packets in a flow as a nonkey field for a flow record, use the **collect counter** command in Flexible NetFLow flow record configuration mode. To disable the use of the number of bytes or packets in a flow (counters) as a nonkey field for a flow record, use the **no** form of this command.

collect counter {bytes [long| replicated [long]| squared long]| packets [long| replicated [long]]} no collect counter {bytes [long| replicated [long]| squared long]| packets [long| replicated [long]]}

### Cisco Performance Monitor in Cisco IOS Release 15.1(3)T and 12.2(58)SE

collect counter {bytes [long| rate]| packets [dropped [long]| long]} no collect counter {bytes [long| rate]| packets [dropped [long]| long]}

### Cisco Catalyst 6500 Switches in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(50)SY

collect counter {bytes [long]| packets [long]}
no collect counter {bytes [long]| packets [long]}

### Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE

no collect counter {bytes {layer2 long| long}| packets long} no collect counter {bytes {layer2 long| long}| packets long}

| Description | bytes        | Configures the number of bytes seen in a flow as a<br>nonkey field and enables collecting the total number<br>of bytes from the flow.   |
|-------------|--------------|---|
|             | layer 2 long | Enables collecting the total number of Layer 2 bytes<br>or packets from the flow using a 64-bit counter rather<br>than a 32-bit counter. For Cisco IOS XE Release<br>3.2SE, use the <b>layer 2 long</b> keywords rather than the<br><b>long</b> keyword.    |
|             | long         | (Optional) Enables collecting the total number of<br>bytes or packets from the flow using a 64-bit counter<br>rather than a 32-bit counter. For Cisco IOS XE<br>Release 3.2SE, use the <b>layer 2 long</b> keywords rather<br>than the <b>long</b> keyword. |
|             | replicated   | Total number of replicated (multicast) IPv4 packets.  |
|             | squared long | (Optional) Enables collecting the total of the square of the number of bytes from the flow.   |

#### Flexible Netflow Command Reference, Cisco IOS XE Release 3SE (Cisco WLC 5700 Series)

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| packets | Configures the number of packets seen in a flow as<br>a nonkey field and enables collecting the total number<br>of packets from the flow. |
|---------|---|
| rate    | Configures the byte rate counter as a nonkey field.   |
| dropped | Configures the dropped packet counter as a nonkey field.  |

**Command Default** The number of bytes or packets in a flow is not configured as a nonkey field.

# **Command Modes** Flexible NetFLow flow record configuration (config-flow-record)

| <b>Command History</b> | Release                       | Modification   |
|------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
|                        | 12.4(9)T                      | This command was introduced.   |
|                        | 12.2(31)SB2                   | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(31)SB2.  |
|                        | 12.0(33)8                     | This command was modified. Support for this Cisco was implemented on the 12000 series routers.   |
|                        | 12.2(33)SRC                   | This command was modified. Support for this Cisco was implemented on the Cisco 7200 series routers in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRC.   |
|                        | 12.4(22)T                     | This command was modified. The <b>replicated</b> keyword was added.  |
|                        | 12.2(33)SRE                   | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented on the Cisco 7300 Network Processing Engine (NPE) series routers.  |
|                        | 15.1(3)T                      | This command was modified for the Cisco Performance Monitor. The <b>replicated</b> and <b>squared long</b> keywords were removed and the <b>rate</b> and <b>dropped</b> keywords were added. |
|                        | 12.2(58)SE                    | This command was modified for the Cisco Performance Monitor. The <b>replicated</b> and <b>squared long</b> keywords were removed and the <b>rate</b> and <b>dropped</b> keywords were added. |
|                        | 12.2(50)SY                    | This command was modified. The <b>replicated</b> and <b>squared long</b> keywords were removed.  |
|                        | Cisco IOS XE Release<br>3.2SE | This command was modified. The <b>layer 2 long</b> keyword combination was added. The <b>replicated</b> and <b>squared long</b> keywords were removed.                                       |

#### **Usage Guidelines**

This command can be used with both Flexible NetFlow and Performance Monitor. These products use different commands to enter the configuration mode in which you issue this command, however the mode prompt is the same for both products. For Flexible NetFlow, the mode is also known as Flexible NetFlow flow record configuration mode. For Performance Monitor, the mode is also known as Performance Monitor flow record configuration mode. Here we refer to them both as flow record configuration mode.

The Flexible NetFlow and Performance Monitor **collect** commands are used to configure nonkey fields for the flow monitor record and to enable capturing the values in the fields for the flow created with the record. The values in nonkey fields are added to flows to provide additional information about the traffic in the flows. A change in the value of a nonkey field does not create a new flow. In most cases the values for nonkey fields are taken from only the first packet in the flow.

### Cisco Performance Monitor in Cisco IOS Release 15.1(3)T and 12.2(58)SE

The **rate** and **dropped** keywords were added and the **replicated** and **squared long** keywords were removed. You must first enter the**flow record type performance-monitor** command.

### collect counter bytes

This command configures a 32-bit counter for the number of bytes seen in a flow.

### collect counter packets

This command configures a 32-bit counter that is incremented for each packet seen in the flow. For extremely long flows it is possible for this counter to restart at 0 (wrap) when it reaches the limit of approximately 4 billion packets. On detection of a situation that would cause this counter to restart at 0, a flow monitor with a normal cache type exports the flow and starts a new flow.

### collect counter packets long

This command configures a 64-bit counter that will be incremented for each packet seen in the flow. It is unlikely that a 64-bit counter will ever restart at 0.

### collect counter bytes squared long

This counter can be used in conjunction with the byte and packet counters in order to calculate the variance of the packet sizes. Its value is derived from squaring each of the packet sizes in the flow and adding the results. This value can be used as part of a standard variance function.

The variance and standard deviation of the packet sizes for the flow can be calculated with the following formulas:

cbs: value from the counter bytes squared field

pkts: value from the counter packets field

bytes: value from the counter bytes field

Variance =  $(cbs/pkts) - (bytes/pkts)^2$ 

Standard deviation = square root of Variance

Example 1:

Packet sizes of the flow: 100, 100, 100, 100

Counter packets: 4

Counter bytes: 400, mean packet size = 100

Counter bytes squared: 40,000

Variance = (40,000/4) - (400/4)2 = 0

| Standard Deviation = $0$   |
|--|
| Size = $100 + - 0$   |
| Example 2:   |
| Packet sizes of the flow: 50, 150, 50, 150   |
| Counter packets: 4   |
| Counter bytes: 400, mean packet size $= 100$   |
| Counter bytes squared: 50,000  |
| Variance = $(50,000/4) - (400/4)2 = 2500$  |
| Standard deviation = 50  |
| Size = $100 + -50$   |
|  |
| The following example configures the total number of bytes in the flows as a nonkey field:   |
| Router(config)# <b>flow record FLOW-RECORD-1</b><br>Router(config-flow-record)# <b>collect counter bytes</b><br>The following example configures the total number of bytes in the flows as a nonkey field using a 64-bit |
| counter:   |
| Router(config)# flow record FLOW-RECORD-1<br>Router(config-flow-record)# collect counter bytes long  |

The following example configures the sum of the number of bytes of each packet in the flow squared as a nonkey field:

```
Router(config) # flow record FLOW-RECORD-1
Router(config-flow-record) # collect counter bytes squared long
The following example configures the total number of packets from the flows as a nonkey field:
```

```
Router (config) # flow record FLOW-RECORD-1
Router (config-flow-record) # collect counter packets
The following example configures the total number of packets from the flows as a nonkey field using a 64-bit
counter:
```

```
Router (config) # flow record FLOW-RECORD-1
Router (config-flow-record) # collect counter packets long
The following example configures the total number of packets from the flows as a nonkey field using a 64-bit
counter:
```

```
Router(config)# flow record type performance-monitor RECORD-1
Router(config-flow-record)# collect counter packets long
```

### **Related Commands**

**Examples** 

| ds | Command                              | Description                                    |
|----|--------------------------------------|--|
|    | flow record                          | Creates a flow record for Flexible NetFlow.    |
|    | flow record type performance-monitor | Creates a flow record for Performance Monitor. |

# collect interface

To configure the input and output interface as a nonkey field for a flow record, use the **collect interface** command in flow record configuration mode. To disable the use of the input and output interface as a nonkey field for a flow record, use the **no** form of this command.

collect interface {input| output}

no collect interface {input| output}

Cisco Catalyst 6500 Switches in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(50)SY collect interface {input [physical]| output} [snmp] no collect interface {input [physical]| output} [snmp]

| Syntax Description | input  | Configures the input interface as a nonkey field and<br>enables collecting the input interface from the flows.   |
|--------------------|--------|--|
|                    | output | Configures the output interface as a nonkey field and<br>enables collecting the output interface from the flows. |

**Command Default** The input and output interface is not configured as a nonkey field.

**Command Modes** flow record configuration (config-flow-record)

| Command | History |
|---------|---------|
|---------|---------|

| Release     | Modification  |  |
|-------------|---|--|
| 12.4(9)T    | This command was introduced.  |  |
| 12.2(31)SB2 | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(31)SB2.   |  |
| 12.0(33)S   | This command was implemented on the Cisco 12000 series routers.   |  |
| 12.2(33)SRC | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRC and implemented on the Cisco 7200 series routers.                    |  |
| 12.2(33)SRE | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRE for th<br>Cisco 7300 Network Processing Engine (NPE) series routers. |  |
| 15.1(3)T    | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 15.1(3)T for Cisco Performance Monitor.  |  |
| 12.2(58)SE  | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(58)SE for Cisco Performance Monitor.  |  |

|                  | Release Modification   |   |   |
|------------------|--|---|---|
|                  | 12.2(50)SY   | This command was modified. The <b>physical</b> and <b>snmp</b> keywords were added in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(50)SY. |   |
|                  | Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE   | This command was  | ntegrated into Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE.  |
| Usage Guidelines | This command can be used with both Flexible NetFlow and Performance Monitor. These products use different commands to enter the configuration mode in which you issue this command, however the mode prompt is the same for both products. For Flexible NetFlow, the mode is also known as Flexible NetFlow flow record configuration mode. For Performance Monitor, the mode is also known as Performance Monitor flow record configuration mode. Here we refer to them both as flow record configuration mode. |   |   |
|                  | The Flexible NetFlow and Performance Monitor <b>collect</b> commands are used to configure nonkey fields for the flow monitor record and to enable capturing the values in the fields for the flow created with the record. The values in nonkey fields are added to flows to provide additional information about the traffic in the flows. A change in the value of a nonkey field does not create a new flow. In most cases the values for nonkey fields are taken from only the first packet in the flow.    |   |   |
|                  | Cisco Performance Monitor in Cisco IOS Release 15.1(3)T and 12.2(58)SE   |   |   |
|                  | You must first enter the flow record type performance-monitor command.   |   |   |
| Examples         | The following example configures the input interface as a nonkey field:  |   |   |
|                  | Router(config)# <b>flow record FLOW-RECORD-1</b><br>Router(config-flow-record)# <b>collect interface inpu</b><br>The following example configures the output interface as a nonkey field:  |   |   |
|                  | Router(config)# <b>flow record FLOW-RECORD-1</b><br>Router(config-flow-record)# <b>collect interface output</b>  |   |   |
| Examples         | The following example configures the input interface as a nonkey field:  |   |   |
|                  | Router(config)# <b>flow record type performance-monitor RECORD-1</b><br>Router(config-flow-record)# <b>collect interface input</b>   |   |   |
| Related Commands |  |   |   |
|                  | Command  |   | Description                                 |
|                  | flow record  |   | Creates a flow record for Flexible NetFlow. |

flow record type performance-monitor

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Creates a flow record for Performance Monitor.

# collect timestamp absolute

To configure the absolute time of the first seen or last seen packet in a flow as a nonkey field for a flow record, use the **collect timestamp absolute** command in Flexible NetFlow flow record configuration mode. To disable the use of the first seen or last seen packet in a flow as a nonkey field for a flow record, use the **no** form of this command.

collect timestamp absolute {first| last}

no collect timestamp absolute {first| last}

Syntax Description first Configures the absolute time that the first packet was seen from the flows as a nonkey field and enables collecting time stamps based on the system uptime for the time the first packet was seen from the flows. Configures the absolute time that the last packet was seen from the flows as a nonkey field last and enables collecting time stamps based on the system uptime for the time the most recent packet was seen from the flows. **Command Default** The absolute time field is not configured as a nonkey field. **Command Modes** Flexible NetFlow flow record configuration (config-flow-record) **Command History** Release Modification Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE This command was introduced.

**Usage Guidelines** The Flexible NetFlow collect commands are used to configure nonkey fields for the flow monitor record and to enable capturing the values in the fields for the flow created with the record. The values in nonkey fields are added to flows to provide additional information about the traffic in the flows. A change in the value of a nonkey field does not create a new flow. In most cases the values for nonkey fields are taken from only the first packet in the flow.

# **Examples** The following example configures time stamps for the absolute time that the first packet was seen from the flows as a nonkey field:

Router(config)# flow record FLOW-RECORD-1
Router(config-flow-record)# collect timestamp absolute first

The following example configures the time stamps for the absolute time that the most recent packet was seen from the flows as a nonkey field:

Router(config)# flow record FLOW-RECORD-1
Router(config-flow-record)# collect timestamp absolute last

### **Related Commands**

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| Command     | Description  |
|-------------|--|
| flow record | Creates a flow record, and enters Flexible NetFlow flow record configuration mode. |

# collect transport tcp

To configure one or more of the TCP fields as a nonkey field for a flow record, use the **collect transport tcp** command in flow record configuration mode. To disable the use of one or more of the TCP fields as a nonkey field for a flow record, use the **no** form of this command.

collect transport tcp {acknowledgement-number| destination-port| flags [ack| cwr| ece| fin| psh| rst| syn| urg]| header-length| maximum-segment-size| sequence-number| source-port| urgent-pointer| window-size| window-size-average| window-size-maximum| window-size-minimum}

no collect transport tcp {acknowledgement-number| destination-port| flags [ack| cwr| ece| fin| psh| rst| syn| urg]| header-length| maximum-segment-size| sequence-number| source-port| urgent-pointer| window-size| window-size-average| window-size-maximum| window-size-minimum}

Cisco Catalyst 6500 Switches in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(50)SY

collect transport tcp flags [ack| cwr| ece| fin| psh| rst| syn| urg]

no collect transport tcp flags [ack| cwr| ece| fin| psh| rst| syn| urg]

### Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE

collect transport tcp flags [ack| cwr| ece| fin| psh| rst| syn| urg] no collect transport tcp flags [ack| cwr| ece| fin| psh| rst| syn| urg]

| acknowledgement- number | Configures the TCP acknowledgement number as a<br>nonkey field and enables collecting the value of the<br>TCP acknowledgment number from the flow. |
|-------------------------|--|
| destination-port        | Configures the TCP destination port as a nonkey field<br>and enables collecting the value of the TCP<br>destination port from the flow.            |
| flags                   | Configures one or more of the TCP flags as a nonkey field and enables collecting the values from the flow.   |
| ack                     | (Optional) Configures the TCP acknowledgment flag<br>as a nonkey field.  |
| cwr                     | (Optional) Configures the TCP congestion window reduced flag as a nonkey field.  |
| ece                     | (Optional) Configures the TCP Explicit Congestion<br>Notification echo (ECE) flag as a nonkey field.   |
| fin                     | (Optional) Configures the TCP finish flag as a nonkey field.   |

### **Syntax Description**

| psh                  | (Optional) Configures the TCP push flag as a nonkey field.  |
|----------------------|---|
| rst                  | (Optional) Configures the TCP reset flag as a nonkey field.   |
| syn                  | (Optional) Configures the TCP synchronize flag as a nonkey field.   |
| urg                  | (Optional) Configures the TCP urgent flag as a nonkey field.  |
| header-length        | Configures the TCP header length (in 32-bit words)<br>as a nonkey field and enables collecting the value of<br>the TCP header length from the flow. |
| maximum-segment-size | Configures the maximum segment size as a nonkey field and enables collecting the values from the flow.  |
| sequence-number      | Configures the TCP sequence number as a nonkey field and enables collecting the value of the TCP sequence number from the flow.                     |
| source-port          | Configures the TCP source port as a nonkey field and<br>enables collecting the value of the TCP source port<br>from the flow.                       |
| urgent-pointer       | Configures the TCP urgent pointer as a nonkey field<br>and enables collecting the value of the TCP urgent<br>pointer from the flow.                 |
| window-size          | Configures the TCP window size as a nonkey field<br>and enables collecting the value of the TCP window<br>size from the flow.                       |
| window-size-average  | Configures the average window size as a nonkey field<br>and enables collecting the values from the flow.  |
| window-size-maximum  | Configures the maximum window size as a nonkey field and enables collecting the values from the flow.   |
| window-size-minimum  | Configures the minimum window size as a nonkey field and enables collecting the values from the flow.   |

**Command Default** The TCP fields are not configured as a nonkey field.

**Command Modes** Flow record configuration (config-flow-record)

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### Command History

| Release                    | Modification  |  |
|----------------------------|---|--|
| 12.4(9)T                   | This command was introduced.  |  |
| 12.2(31)SB2                | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(31)SB2.   |  |
| 12.0(33)S                  | This command was implemented on the Cisco 12000 series routers.   |  |
| 12.2(33)SRC                | Support for this command was added for Cisco 7200 series routers in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRC.  |  |
| 12.2(33)SRE                | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRE for the Cisco 7300 Network Processing Engine (NPE) series routers.   |  |
| 12.2(50)SY                 | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(50)SY without the support of the <b>acknowledgement-number</b> , <b>destination-port</b> , <b>header-length</b> , <b>sequence-number</b> , <b>source-port</b> , <b>urgent-pointer</b> ,and <b>window-size</b> keywords. |  |
| 15.2(2)T                   | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 15.2(2)T for Cisco Performance Monitor.  |  |
| Cisco IOS XE Release 3.5S  | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS XE Release 3.5S for Cisco Performance Monitor.   |  |
| Cisco IOS XE Release 3.6S  | This command was modified. The <b>maximum-segment-size</b> ,<br><b>window-size-average</b> , <b>window-size-maximum</b> , and <b>window-size-minimum</b><br>keywords were added into Cisco IOS XE Release 3.6S for Cisco Performance<br>Monitor.                                |  |
| Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE without the support for the <b>acknowledgement-number</b> , <b>destination-port</b> , <b>header-length</b> , <b>sequence-number</b> , <b>source-port</b> , <b>urgent-pointer</b> ,and <b>window-size</b> keywords.  |  |

### **Usage Guidelines**

This command can be used with both Flexible NetFlow and Performance Monitor. These products use different commands to enter the configuration mode in which you issue this command, however the mode prompt is the same for both products. For Performance Monitor, you must first enter the **flow record type performance-monitor** command before you can use this command.

Because the mode prompt is the same for both products, here we refer to the command mode for both products as flow record configuration mode. However, for Flexible NetFlow, the mode is also known as Flexible NetFlow flow record configuration mode; and for Performance Monitor, the mode is also known as Performance Monitor flow record configuration mode.

The **collect** commands are used to configure nonkey fields for the flow monitor record and to enable capturing the values in the fields for the flow created with the record. The values in nonkey fields are added to flows to provide additional information about the traffic in the flows. A change in the value of a nonkey field does not create a new flow. In most cases the values for nonkey fields are taken from only the first packet in the flow.

|                         | collect transport tcp flags ece  |  |
|-------------------------|--|--|
|                         | For more information about ECN echo, refer to RFC <i>(ECN) to IP</i> , at the following URL: http://www.ietf.or  | 3168 <i>The Addition of Explicit Congestion Notification</i> org/rfc/rfc3168.txt . |
| Examples                | The following example configures the TCP acknowle  | edgment number as a nonkey field:  |
|                         | Router(config)# <b>flow record FLOW-RECORD-1</b><br>Router(config-flow-record)# <b>collect transpor</b><br>The following example configures the TCP source po  |  |
|                         | Router(config)# <b>flow record FLOW-RECORD-1</b><br>Router(config-flow-record)# <b>collect transpor</b><br>The following example configures the TCP acknowle   |  |
|                         | Router(config)# flow record FLOW-RECORD-1<br>Router(config-flow-record)# collect transpor<br>The following example configures the TCP finish fla               |  |
|                         | Router(config)# <b>flow record FLOW-RECORD-1</b><br>Router(config-flow-record)# <b>collect transpor</b><br>The following example configures the TCP reset flag |  |
|                         | Router(config)# <b>flow record FLOW-RECORD-1</b><br>Router(config-flow-record)# <b>collect transpor</b>  | t tcp flags rst  |
| Examples                | The following example configures the TCP reset flag  | as a nonkey field:   |
|                         | Router(config)# <b>flow record type performance</b><br>Router(config-flow-record)# <b>collect transpor</b>   |  |
| <b>Related Commands</b> | Command  | Description  |
|                         | flow record  | Creates a flow record, and enters Flexible NetFlow                                 |

flow record type performance-monitor

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flow record configuration mode.

Creates a flow record, and enters Performance

Monitor flow record configuration mode.

# debug flow exporter

To enable debugging output for Flexible NetFlow flow exporters, use the debug flow exporter command in privileged EXEC mode. To disable debugging output, use the **no** form of this command.

debug flow exporter [[name] exporter-name] [error] [event] [packets number]

**no debug flow exporter** [[**name**] *exporter-name*] [**error**] [**event**] [**packets** *number*]

### **Syntax Description**

| name          | (Optional) Specifies the name of a flow exporter.  |
|---------------|--|
| exporter-name | (Optional) The name of a flow exporter that was previously configured.   |
| error         | (Optional) Enables debugging for flow exporter errors.   |
| event         | (Optional) Enables debugging for flow exporter events.   |
| packets       | (Optional) Enables packet-level debugging for flow exporters.  |
| number        | (Optional) The number of packets to debug for<br>packet-level debugging of flow exporters. Range: 1<br>to 65535. |

**Command Modes** Privileged EXEC (#)

### **Command H**

| d History | Release     | Modification   |
|-----------|-------------|--|
|           | 12.4(9)T    | This command was introduced.   |
|           | 12.2(31)SB2 | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(31)SB2.  |
|           | 12.0(33)8   | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented<br>on the Cisco 12000 series routers.                                |
|           | 12.2(33)SRC | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented on the Cisco 7200 series routers.                                    |
|           | 12.2(33)SRE | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented<br>on the Cisco 7300 Network Processing Engine (NPE) series routers. |
|           | 12.2(50)SY  | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(50)SY.   |

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|       | Release   | Modification  |
|-------|---|---|
|       | Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE  | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE.    |
| mples | The following example indicate                                    | s that a flow exporter packet has been queued for process send: |
|       | Router# <b>debug flow exporter</b><br>May 21 21:29:12.603: FLOW E | EXP: Packet queued for process send                             |
|       |   |   |

| ands | Command             | Description   |  |
|------|---------------------|---|--|
|      | clear flow exporter | Clears the Flexible NetFlow statistics for exporters. |  |

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# debug flow monitor

To enable debugging output for Flexible NetFlow flow monitors, use the debug flow monitor command in privileged EXEC mode. To disable debugging output, use the no form of this command.

debug flow monitor [error] [[name] monitor-name [cache] [error] [packets packets]]

no debug flow monitor [error] [[name] monitor-name [cache] [error] [packets packets]]

### **Syntax Description**

| error        | (Optional) Enables debugging for flow monitor errors.   |
|--------------|---|
| name         | (Optional) Specifies the name of a flow monitor.  |
| monitor-name | (Optional) The name of a flow monitor that was previously configured.   |
| cache        | (Optional) Enables debugging for the flow monitor cache.  |
| packets      | (Optional) Enables packet-level debugging for flow monitors.  |
| packets      | (Optional) The number of packets to debug for<br>packet-level debugging of flow monitors. Range: 1<br>to 65535. |

#### **Command Modes** Privileged EXEC (#)

### **Command History**

| Release     | Modification   |  |
|-------------|--|--|
| 12.4(9)T    | This command was introduced.   |  |
| 12.2(31)SB2 | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(31)SB2.  |  |
| 12.0(33)S   | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented<br>on the Cisco 12000 series routers.                                |  |
| 12.2(33)SRC | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented<br>on the Cisco 7200 series routers.                                 |  |
| 12.2(33)SRE | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented<br>on the Cisco 7300 Network Processing Engine (NPE) series routers. |  |
| 12.2(50)SY  | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(50)SY.   |  |

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|                         |  | <b>N</b> 110          |   |
|-------------------------|--|-----------------------|---|
|                         | Release  | Modification          |   |
|                         | Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE                                       | This command was      | integrated into Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE. |
|                         |  |                       |   |
|                         |  |                       |   |
| Examples                | The following example shows the                                  | hat the cache for FLO | W-MONITOR-1 was deleted:                    |
|                         | Router# <b>debug flow monitor</b><br>May 21 21:53:02.839: FLOW N |                       |   |
| <b>Related Commands</b> | <b></b>  |                       |   |
|                         | Command  |                       | Description                                 |
|                         | clear flow monitor   |                       | Clears the Flexible NetFlow flow monitor.   |

# debug flow record

To enable debugging output for Flexible NetFlow flow records, use the **debug flow record** command in privileged EXEC mode. To disable debugging output, use the **no** form of this command.

debug flow record [[name] *record-name*| netflow-original| netflow {ipv4| ipv6} *record* [peer]| netflow-v5| options {exporter-statistics| interface-table| sampler-table| vrf-id-name-table}]

no debug flow record [[name] *record-name*| netflow-original| netflow {ipv4| ipv6} *record* [peer]| netflow-v5| options {exporter-statistics| interface-table| sampler-table| vrf-id-name-table}]

### Cisco Catalyst 6500 Switches in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(50)SY

debug flow record [[name] *record-name*| netflow-v5| options {exporter-statistics| interface-table| sampler-table| vrf-id-name-table}| platform-original {ipv4| ipv6} *record* [detailed| error]]

no debug flow record [[name] *record-name*| netflow-v5| options {exporter-statistics| interface-table| sampler-table| vrf-id-name-table}| platform-original {ipv4| ipv6} *record* [detailed| error]]

### **Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE**

debug flow record [[name] *record-name*| netflow {ipv4| ipv6} *record* [peer]| netflow-v5| options sampler-table ]

no debug flow record [[name] record-name| netflow {ipv4| ipv6} record [peer]| netflow-v5| options sampler-table ]

| name                         | (Optional) Specifies the name of a flow record.  |  |
|------------------------------|--|--|
| record-name                  | (Optional) Name of a user-defined flow record that was previously configured.  |  |
| netflow-original             | (Optional) Specifies the traditional IPv4 input<br>NetFlow with origin autonomous systems.                             |  |
| netflow {ipv4   ipv6} record | (Optional) Specifies the name of the NetFlow predefined record. See the table below.                                   |  |
| peer                         | (Optional) Includes peer information for the Net<br>predefined records that support the peer keywo                     |  |
|                              | <b>Note</b> The <b>peer</b> keyword is not supported for every type of NetFlow predefined record. See the table below. |  |
| options                      | (Optional) Includes information on other flow recoptions.  |  |
| exporter-statistics          | (Optional) Includes information on the flow exporte statistics.  |  |

#### Syntax Description

| interface-table               | (Optional) Includes information on the interface tables.                                       |
|-------------------------------|--|
| sampler-table                 | (Optional) Includes information on the sampler tables.   |
| vrf-id-name-table             | (Optional) Includes information on the virtual routing and forwarding (VRF) ID-to-name tables. |
| platform-original ipv4 record | Configures the flow monitor to use one of the predefined IPv4 records.                         |
| platform-original ipv6 record | Configures the flow monitor to use one of the predefined IPv6 records.                         |
| detailed                      | (Optional) Displays detailed information.  |
| error                         | (Optional) Displays errors only.   |

**Command Modes** Privileged EXEC (#)

**Command History** 

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| Release     | Modification  |  |
|-------------|---|--|
| 12.4(9)T    | This command was introduced.  |  |
| 12.2(31)SB2 | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(31)SB2.   |  |
| 12.0(33)S   | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented the Cisco 12000 series routers.   |  |
| 12.2(33)SRC | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented on the Cisco 7200 series routers.   |  |
| 12.4(20)T   | This command was modified. The <b>ipv6</b> keyword was added in Cisco IOS Release 12.4(20)T.  |  |
| 15.0(1)M    | This command was modified. The vrf-id-name-table keyword was added.   |  |
| 12.2(33)SRE | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented on the Cisco 7300 Network Processing Engine (NPE) series routers.   |  |
| 12.2(50)SY  | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(50)SY without support for the <b>netflow-original</b> , <b>netflow</b> , <b>ipv4</b> , <b>netflow</b> , <b>ipv6</b> and <b>peer</b> keywords. The <b>platform-original ipv4</b> and <b>platform-originalipv6</b> keywords were added. |  |

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| Release                       | Modification  |
|-------------------------------|---|
| Cisco IOS XE Release<br>3.2SE | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE without the support for the <b>netflow-original</b> , <b>options exporter-statistics</b> , <b>options interface-table</b> and <b>option vrf-id-name-table</b> keywords. |

### **Usage Guidelines**

The table below describes the keywords and descriptions for the *record* argument.

### Table 1: Keywords and Descriptions for the record Argument

| Keyword                | Description   | IPv4 Support | IPv6 Support |
|------------------------|---|--------------|--------------|
| as                     | Autonomous system record.   | Yes          | Yes          |
| as-tos                 | Autonomous system and<br>type of service (ToS)<br>record.   | Yes          |              |
| bgp-nexthop-tos        | BGP next-hop and ToS record.  | Yes          | —            |
| bgp-nexthop            | BGP next-hop record.  |              | Yes          |
| destination            | Original 12.2(50)SY<br>platform IPv4/IPv6<br>destination record.                                    | Yes          | Yes          |
| destination-prefix     | Destination prefix record.NoteFor IPv6, a<br>minimum prefix<br>mask length of 0<br>bits is assumed. | Yes          | Yes          |
| destination-prefix-tos | Destination prefix and ToS record.  | Yes          |              |
| destination-source     | Original 12.2(50)SY<br>platform IPv4/IPv6<br>destination-source record.                             | Yes          | Yes          |
| full                   | Original 12.2(50)SY<br>platform IPv4/IPv6 full<br>record.   | Yes          | Yes          |
| interface-destination  | Original 12.2(50)SY<br>platform IPv4/IPv6<br>interface-destination<br>record.                       | Yes          | Yes          |

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| Keyword Description              |  | IPv4 Support | IPv6 Support |
|----------------------------------|--|--------------|--------------|
| interface-destination-<br>source | Original 12.2(50)SY<br>platform IPv4/IPv6<br>interface-destination-source<br>record.                                 | Yes          | Yes          |
| interface-full                   | Original 12.2(50)SY<br>platform IPv4/IPv6<br>interface-full record.  | Yes          | Yes          |
| interface-source                 | Original 12.2(50)SY<br>platform IPv4/IPv6<br>interface-source only<br>record.  | Yes          | Yes          |
| original-input                   | Traditional IPv4 input<br>NetFlow.   | Yes          | Yes          |
| original-output                  | Traditional IPv4 output<br>NetFlow.  | Yes          | Yes          |
| prefix                           | Source and destination<br>prefixes record.NoteFor IPv6, a<br>minimum prefix<br>mask length of 0<br>bits is assumed.  | Yes          | Yes          |
| prefix-port                      | Prefix port record.         Note       The peer         keyword is not         available for this         record.    | Yes          |              |
| prefix-tos                       | Prefix ToS record.   | Yes          | —            |
| protocol-port                    | Protocol ports record.         Note       The peer         keyword is not         available for this         record. | Yes          | Yes          |
| protocol-port-tos                | Protocol port and ToS<br>record.NoteThe peer<br>keyword is not<br>available for this<br>record.                      | Yes          |              |

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| Keyword           | Description   | IPv4 Support | IPv6 Support |
|-------------------|---|--------------|--------------|
| source            | Original 12.2(50)SY<br>platform IPv4/IPv6<br>source only record.  | Yes          | Yes          |
| source-prefix     | Source autonomous<br>system and prefix record.<br><b>Note</b> For IPv6, a<br>minimum prefix<br>mask length of 0<br>bits is assumed. | Yes          | Yes          |
| source-prefix-tos | Source prefix and ToS record.   | Yes          | —            |

### Examples

The following example enables debugging for the flow record:

Router# debug flow record FLOW-record-1

| Command     | Description                            |  |
|-------------|--|--|
| flow record | Create a Flexible NetFlow flow record. |  |

# debug sampler

To enable debugging output for Flexible NetFlow samplers, use the **debug sampler** command in privileged EXEC mode. To disable debugging output, use the **no** form of this command.

debug sampler [detailed| error| [name] *sampler-name* [detailed| error| sampling *samples*]] no debug sampler [detailed| error| [name] *sampler-name* [detailed| error| sampling]]

#### **Syntax Description**

| detailed         | (Optional) Enables detailed debugging for sampler elements.                             |
|------------------|---|
| error            | (Optional) Enables debugging for sampler errors.  |
| name             | (Optional) Specifies the name of a sampler.   |
| sampler-name     | (Optional) Name of a sampler that was previously configured.                            |
| sampling samples | (Optional) Enables debugging for sampling and specifies the number of samples to debug. |

### **Command Modes** Privileged EXEC (#)

**Command History** 

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| Release                    | Modification   |  |
|----------------------------|--|--|
| 12.4(9)T                   | This command was introduced.   |  |
| 12.2(31)SB2                | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(31)SB2.  |  |
| 12.0(33)S                  | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented<br>on the Cisco 12000 series routers.                                |  |
| 12.2(33)SRC                | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented<br>on the Cisco 7200 series routers.                                 |  |
| 12.2(33)SRE                | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented<br>on the Cisco 7300 Network Processing Engine (NPE) series routers. |  |
| 12.2(50)SY                 | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(50)SY.   |  |
| Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE.   |  |

# **Examples** The following sample output shows that the debug process has obtained the ID for the sampler named SAMPLER-1:

Router# debug sampler detailed
\*Oct 28 04:14:30.883: Sampler: Sampler(SAMPLER-1: flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-1 (ip,Et1/0,O)
get ID succeeded:1
\*Oct 28 04:14:30.971: Sampler: Sampler(SAMPLER-1: flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-1 (ip,Et0/0,I)
get ID succeeded:1

| Command      |    | Description                                     |
|--------------|----|---|
| clear sample | er | Clears the Flexible NetFlow sampler statistics. |

# default (Flexible NetFlow)

To configure the default values for a Flexible NetFlow (FNF) flow exporter, use the **default** command in Flexible NetFlow flow exporter configuration mode.

default {description| destination| dscp| export-protocol| option {application-table| exporter-stats| interface-table| sampler-table| vrf-table}| output-features| source| template data timeout| transport| ttl}

#### **Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE**

default {description| destination| dscp| export-protocol| option {exporter-stats| interface-table| sampler-table}| source| template data timeout| transport| ttl}

#### **Syntax Description**

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| description       | Provides a description for the flow exporter.                            |
|-------------------|--|
| destination       | Configures the export destination.                                       |
| dscp              | Configures optional Differentiated Services Code<br>Point (DSCP) values. |
| export-protocol   | Configures the export protocol version.                                  |
| option            | Selects the option for exporting.  |
| application-table | Selects the application table option.                                    |
| exporter-stats    | Selects the exporter statistics option.                                  |
| interface-table   | Selects the interface SNMP-index-to-name table option.                   |
| sampler-table     | Selects the export sampler option.                                       |
| vrf-table         | Selects the VRF ID-to-name table option.                                 |
| output-features   | Sends export packets via the Cisco IOS output feature path.              |
| source            | Configures the originating interface.                                    |
| template          | Configures the flow exporter template.                                   |
| data              | Configure the flow exporter data.  |
| timeout           | Resends data based on a timeout.   |
| transport         | Configures the transport protocol.                                       |

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| ttl | Configures optional time-to-live (TTL) or hop limit. |
|-----|--|
|     |  |

### **Command Modes**

Flexible NetFlow flow exporter configuration (config-flow-exporter)

| <b>Command History</b> | Release   | Modification   |  |
|------------------------|---|--|--|
| · · · · · · · · ·      | neiease   |  |  |
|                        | 12.4(9)T  | This command was introduced.   |  |
|                        | 12.2(31)SB2   | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(31)SB2.  |  |
|                        | 12.2(33)SRC   | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented<br>on the Cisco 7200 series routers.   |  |
|                        | 12.2(33)SRE   | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented<br>on the Cisco 7300 Network Processing Engine (NPE) series routers.   |  |
|                        | Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE  | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE without the support for the <b>option application-table</b> , <b>option vrf-table</b> , and <b>output-features</b> keywords. |  |
| Usage Guidelines       | Use the <b>default</b> command to configure the default values for an FNF flow exporter. The flow exporter information is needed to export the data metrics to a specified destination, port number, and so on. |  |  |
| Examples               | The following example shows how to set the default destination for an FNF flow exporter:  |  |  |

Router(config) # flow exporter e1 Router (config-flow-exporter) # default destination

Related

| d Commands | Command       | Description              |
|------------|---------------|--------------------------|
|            | flow exporter | Creates a flow exporter. |

# description (Flexible NetFlow)

To configure a description for a Flexible NetFlow flow sampler, flow monitor, flow exporter, or flow record, use the **description** command in the appropriate configuration mode. To remove a description, use the **no** form of this command.

description description

no description

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| Syntax Description | description | Text string that describes the flow sampler, flow monitor, flow exporter, or flow record. |
|--------------------|-------------|---|
|--------------------|-------------|---|

**Command Default** The default description for a Flexible NetFlow flow sampler, flow monitor, flow exporter, or flow record is "User defined".

Command ModesFlexible NetFlow flow exporter configuration (config-flow-exporter) Flexible NetFlow flow monitor<br/>configuration (config-flow-monitor) Flexible NetFlow flow record configuration (config-flow-record) Flexible<br/>NetFlow sampler configuration (config-sampler)

| Common d Illiotomy     |                            |  |
|------------------------|----------------------------|--|
| <b>Command History</b> | Release                    | Modification   |
|                        | 12.4(9)T                   | This command was introduced.   |
|                        | 12.2(31)SB2                | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(31)SB2.  |
|                        | 12.0(33)S                  | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented<br>on the Cisco 12000 series routers.                                |
|                        | 12.2(33)SRC                | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented<br>on the Cisco 7200 series routers.                                 |
|                        | 12.2(33)SRE                | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented<br>on the Cisco 7300 Network Processing Engine (NPE) series routers. |
|                        | Cisco IOS XE 3.1S          | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS XE Release 3.1S.  |
|                        | 12.2(50)SY                 | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(50)SY.   |
|                        | Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE.   |

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### **Examples**

The following example configures a description for a flow monitor:

Router(config)# flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-1
Router(config-flow-monitor)# description Monitors traffic to 172.16.100.0 255.255.255.0

| Command       | Description              |
|---------------|--------------------------|
| flow exporter | Creates a flow exporter. |
| flow monitor  | Creates a flow monitor.  |
| flow record   | Creates a flow record.   |
| sampler       | Creates a flow sampler.  |

## destination

To configure an export destination for a Flexible NetFlow flow exporter, use the **destination** command in Flexible NetFlow flow exporter configuration mode. To remove an export destination for a Flexible NetFlow flow exporter, use the **no** form of this command.

**destination** {{*ip-address*| *hostname*}| **vrf** *vrf-name*}

no destination

#### **Syntax Description**

| ip-address   | IP address of the workstation to which you want to send the NetFlow information.  |
|--------------|---|
| hostname     | Hostname of the device to which you want to send<br>the NetFlow information.  |
| vrf vrf-name | Specifies that the export data packets are to be sent<br>to the named Virtual Private Network (VPN) routing<br>and forwarding (VRF) instance for routing to the<br>destination, instead of to the global routing table. |

### **Command Default** An export destination is not configured.

**Command Modes** Flexible NetFlow flow exporter configuration (config-flow-exporter)

| <b>Command History</b> | Release                   | Modification   |
|------------------------|---------------------------|--|
|                        | 12.4(9)T                  | This command was introduced.   |
|                        | 12.2(31)SB2               | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(31)SB2.  |
|                        | 12.0(33)S                 | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented<br>on the Cisco 12000 series routers.                                |
|                        | 12.2(33)SRC               | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented<br>on the Cisco 7200 series routers.                                 |
|                        | 12.2(33)SRE               | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented<br>on the Cisco 7300 Network Processing Engine (NPE) series routers. |
|                        | Cisco IOS XE Release 3.1S | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS XE Release 3.1S.  |
|                        | 15.1(3)T                  | This command was modified. Support for the Cisco Performance Monitor was added.  |

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|                  | Release  | Modification  |  |
|------------------|--|---|--|
|                  | 12.2(58)SE   | This command was a was added.   | modified. Support for the Cisco Performance Monitor  |
|                  | 12.2(50)SY   | This command was  | integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(50)SY.  |
|                  | 15.2(2)T   |   | integrated into Cisco IOS Release 15.2(2)T and added g data to a destination using an IPv6 address.  |
|                  | Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE   | This command was  | integrated into Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE.  |
|                  |  |   |  |
| Usage Guidelines | Each flow exporter can have on   | ly one destination add  | ress or hostname.  |
|                  | For some releases, you can expo  | ort data to a destination   | n using an IPv6 address.   |
|                  | and the IP address is stored in the<br>used for the original domain nar<br>the router does not detect this, a  | ne running configuration<br>ne system (DNS) name<br>nd the exported data construction<br>nostname immediately | ess for the device, the hostname is resolved immediately<br>on. If the hostname-to-IP-address mapping that was<br>are resolution changes dynamically on the DNS server,<br>ontinues to be sent to the original IP address, resulting<br>is a prerequisite of the export protocol, to ensure that |
| Examples         | The following example shows how to configure the networking device to export the Flexible NetFlow cache entry to a destination system:   |   | etworking device to export the Flexible NetFlow cache  |
|                  | Router (config) # flow exporter FLOW-EXPORTER-1<br>Router (config-flow-exporter) # destination 10.0.0.4<br>The following example shows how to configure the networking device to export the Flexible NetFlow cache<br>entry to a destination system using a VRF named VRF-1: |   |  |
|                  | Router(config)# <b>flow export</b><br>Router(config-flow-exporter  |   |  |
|                  |  |   |  |
| Related Commands | Command  |   | Description  |
|                  | flow exporter  |   | Creates a flow exporter.   |

# dscp (Flexible NetFlow)

To configure a differentiated services code point (DSCP) value for Flexible NetFlow flow exporter datagrams, use the **dscp** command in Flexible NetFlow flow exporter configuration mode. To remove a DSCP value for Flexible NetFlow flow exporter datagrams, use the **no** form of this command.

dscp dscp

no dscp

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| Syntax Description | 1 | The DSCP to be used in the DSCP field in exported datagrams. Range: 0 to 63. Default: 0. |
|--------------------|---|--|
|--------------------|---|--|

**Command Default** The differentiated services code point (DSCP) value is 0.

**Command Modes** Flexible NetFlow flow exporter configuration (config-flow-exporter)

| <b>Command History</b> | Release                    | Modification   |
|------------------------|----------------------------|--|
|                        | 12.4(9)T                   | This command was introduced.   |
|                        | 12.2(31)SB2                | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(31)SB2.  |
|                        | 12.0(33)S                  | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented<br>on the Cisco 12000 series routers.                                |
|                        | 12.2(33)SRC                | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented<br>on the Cisco 7200 series routers.                                 |
|                        | 12.2(33)SRE                | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented<br>on the Cisco 7300 Network Processing Engine (NPE) series routers. |
|                        | 15.1(3)T                   | This command was modified. Support for the Cisco Performance Monitor was added.  |
|                        | 12.2(58)SE                 | This command was modified. Support for the Cisco Performance Monitor was added.  |
|                        | 12.2(50)SY                 | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(50)SY.   |
|                        | Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE.   |

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### Examples

The following example sets 22as the value of the DSCP field in exported datagrams:

Router(config)# flow exporter FLOW-EXPORTER-1
Router(config-flow-exporter)# dscp 22

| Command       | Description              |
|---------------|--------------------------|
| flow exporter | Creates a flow exporter. |

### exporter

To configure a flow exporter for a flow monitor, use the **exporter** command in the appropriate configuration mode. To remove a flow exporter for a flow monitor, use the **no** form of this command.

exporter exporter-name

no exporter exporter-name

Syntax Description

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exporter-name

Name of a flow exporter that was previously configured.

**Command Default** An exporter is not configured.

**Command Modes** Flow monitor configuration (config-flow-monitor) Policy configuration (config-pmap-c) Policy monitor configuration (config-pmap-c-flowmon)

| <b>Command History</b> | Release                    | Modification   |
|------------------------|----------------------------|--|
|                        | 12.4(9)T                   | This command was introduced.   |
|                        | 12.2(31)SB2                | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(31)SB2.  |
|                        | 12.0(33)8                  | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented<br>on the Cisco 12000 series routers.  |
|                        | 12.2(33)SRC                | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented<br>on the Cisco 7200 series routers.   |
|                        | 12.2(33)SRE                | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented<br>on the Cisco 7300 Network Processing Engine (NPE) series routers.   |
|                        | Cisco IOS XE Release 3.1S  | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS XE Release 3.1S.  |
|                        | 15.1(3)T                   | This command was modified. Support for the Cisco Performance Monitor was added. Support was added for policy configuration mode and policy monitor configuration configuration mode. |
|                        | 12.2(58)SE                 | This command was modified. Support for the Cisco Performance Monitor was added.  |
|                        | 12.2(50)SY                 | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(50)SY.   |
|                        | Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE.   |

# **Usage Guidelines** You must have already created a flow exporter by using the **flow exporter** command before you can apply the flow exporter to a flow monitor with the **exporter** command.

For Performance Monitor, you can associate a flow exporter with a flow monitor while configuring either a flow monitor, policy map, or service policy.

#### **Examples** The following example configures an exporter for a flow monitor:

Router (config) # flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-1 Router (config-flow-monitor) # exporter EXPORTER-1 The following example shows one of the ways to configure a flow exporter for Performance Monitor:

```
Router(config)# policy-map type performance-monitor policy-4
Router(config-pmap)# class class-4
Router(config-pmap-c)# flow monitor monitor-4
Router(config-pmap-c-flowmon)# exporter exporter-4
```

| Command                                 | Description   |
|---|---|
| flow exporter                           | Creates a flow exporter.  |
| flow monitor                            | Creates a flow monitor.   |
| flow monitor type performance-monitor   | Creates a flow monitor for Performance Monitor.                     |
| policy-map type performance-monitor     | Creates a policy map for Performance Monitor                        |
| service-policy type performance-monitor | Associates policy map with an interface for<br>Performance Monitor. |

### export-protocol

To configure the export protocol for a Flexible NetFlow exporter, use the **export-protocol** command in Flexible NetFlow flow exporter configuration mode. To restore the use of the default export protocol for a Flexible NetFlow exporter, use the **no** form of this command.

export-protocol {netflow-v5| netflow-v9| ipfix}

no export-protocol

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export-protocol netflow-v9

no export-protocol

### **Syntax Description**

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| netflow-v5 | Configures Netflow Version 5 export as the export protocol.   |
|------------|---|
| netflow-v9 | Configures Netflow Version 9 export as the export protocol.   |
| ipfix      | Configures IPFIX as the export protocol. The export<br>of extracted fields from NBAR is supported only over<br>IPFIX. |

**Command Default** Netflow Version 9 export is used as the export protocol for a Flexible NetFlow exporter.

**Command Modes** Flexible NetFlow flow exporter configuration (config-flow-exporter)

| Command History | Release                   | Modification   |
|-----------------|---------------------------|--|
|                 | 12.4(22)T                 | This command was introduced.   |
|                 | 12.2(33)SRE               | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented<br>on the Cisco 7200 and Cisco 7300 Network Processing Engine (NPE)<br>series routers. |
|                 | Cisco IOS XE Release 3.1S | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS XE Release 3.1S.  |
|                 | 15.1(3)T                  | This command was modified. Support for the Cisco Performance Monitor was added.  |
|                 | 12.2(58)SE                | This command was modified. Support for the Cisco Performance Monitor was added.  |

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| d. The <b>ipfix</b> keyword was added in Cisco                    |
|---|
| ed into Cisco IOS XE Release 3.8S.                                |
| ed into Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE without v5 and ipfix keywords. |
| ow monitors that use the Flexible NetFlow                         |
| er IPFIX.   |
| the export protocol for a Flexible NetFlow                        |
| - <b>v</b> 5  |
| ion   |
| a flow exporter   |
| the export protocol fo<br>-v5<br>ion                              |

# flow exporter

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To create a Flexible NetFlow flow exporter, or to modify an existing Flexible NetFlow flow exporter, and enter Flexible NetFlow flow exporter configuration mode, use the **flow exporter** command in global configuration mode. To remove a Flexible NetFlow flow exporter, use the **no** form of this command.

flow exporter *exporter-name* 

no flow exporter exporter-name

| Syntax Description | exporter-name | Name of the flow exporter that is being created or modified. |
|--------------------|---------------|--|
|--------------------|---------------|--|

**Command Default** Flexible NetFlow flow exporters are not present in the configuration.

**Command Modes** Global configuration (config)

| <b>Command History</b> | Release                    | Modification  |
|------------------------|----------------------------|---|
|                        | 12.4(9)T                   | This command was introduced.  |
|                        | 12.2(31)SB2                | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(31)SB2.   |
|                        | 12.0(33)S                  | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented<br>on the Cisco 12000 series routers.   |
|                        | 12.2(33)SRC                | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented<br>on the Cisco 7200 series routers.  |
|                        | 12.2(33)SRE                | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented<br>on the Cisco 7300 Network Processing Engine (NPE) series routers.                                  |
|                        | Cisco IOS XE 3.1S          | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS XE Release 3.1S.   |
|                        | 15.1(2)8                   | This command was modified. A hash collision between the name supplied<br>and any existing name is now possible. If this happens, you can retry,<br>supplying another name |
|                        | 12.2(50)SY                 | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(50)SY.  |
|                        | Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE.  |

Enables debugging output for flow exporters.

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| Usage Guidelines        | Flow exporters export the data in the flow monitor cache to a remote system, such as a server running Flexible NetFlow collector, for analysis and storage. Flow exporters are created as separate entities in the configuration. Flow exporters are assigned to flow monitors to provide data export capability for the flow monitors. You can create several flow exporters and assign them to one or more flow monitors to provide several export destinations. You can create one flow exporter and apply it to several flow monitors. |   |
|-------------------------|--|---|
|                         | In Cisco IOS Release 15.1(2)S and later releases, a hash collision between the name supplied and any existing name is possible. If this happens, you can retry, supplying another name.  |   |
| Examples                | The following example creates a flow exporter named FLOW-EXPORTER-1 and enters Flexible NetFlow flow exporter configuration mode:  |   |
|                         | Router (config) # <b>flow exporter FLOW-EXPORTER-1</b><br>Router (config-flow-exporter) #<br>The following example shows the output when there is a hash collision between the name supplied and any<br>existing name:   |   |
|                         | Router(config-flow-exporter)# <b>flow exporter FLOW-EXPORTER-1</b><br>% Flow Exporter: Failure creating Flow Exporter 'FLOW-EXPORTER-1' (Hash value in use).   |   |
| <b>Related Commands</b> | Command  | Description                               |
|                         | clear flow exporter  | Clears the statistics for flow exporters. |

debug flow exporter

### flow monitor

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To create a Flexible NetFlow flow monitor, or to modify an existing Flexible NetFlow flow monitor, and enter Flexible NetFlow flow monitor configuration mode, use the **flow monitor** command in global configuration mode or in QoS policy-map-class configuration mode. To remove a Flexible NetFlow flow monitor, use the **no** form of this command.

flow monitor monitor-name

no flow monitor monitor-name

| Syntax Description | monitor-name | Name of the flow monitor that is being created or modified. |
|--------------------|--------------|---|
|                    |              | inouniou.   |

**Command Default** Flexible NetFlow flow monitors are not present in the configuration.

Command ModesGlobal configuration (config)QoS policy-map-class configuration (config-pmap-c)

| <b>Command History</b> | Release                   | Modification  |
|------------------------|---------------------------|---|
|                        | 12.4(9)T                  | This command was introduced.  |
|                        | 12.2(31)SB2               | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(31)SB2.   |
|                        | 12.0(33)S                 | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented on the Cisco 12000 series routers.  |
|                        | 12.2(33)SRC               | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented<br>on the Cisco 7200 series routers.  |
|                        | 12.2(33)SRE               | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented<br>on the Cisco 7300 Network Processing Engine (NPE) series routers.                                  |
|                        | Cisco IOS XE Release 3.1S | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS XE Release 3.1S.   |
|                        | 15.1(2)S                  | This command was modified. A hash collision between the name supplied<br>and any existing name is now possible. If this happens, you can retry,<br>supplying another name |
|                        | 12.2(50)SY                | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(50)SY.  |
|                        | 15.2(4)M                  | This command was made available in QoS policy-map-class configuration mode.   |
|                        |                           |   |

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|                  | Release   | Modification  |  |
|------------------|---|---|--|
|                  | Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE  | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE.  |  |
| Usage Guidelines |   | NetFlow component that is applied to interfaces to perform network traffic sist of a record and a cache. You add the record to the flow monitor after you   |  |
|                  | create the flow monitor. The flo<br>applied to the first interface. Flo   | we monitor cache is automatically created at the time the flow monitor is<br>by data is collected from the network traffic during the monitoring process<br>elds in the flow monitor's record and stored in the flow monitor cache. |  |
|                  | In Cisco IOS Release 15.1(2)S and later releases, a hash collision between the name supplied and any existing name is possible. If this happens, you can retry, supplying another name. |   |  |
| Examples         | The following example creates a monitor configuration mode:   | a flow monitor named FLOW-MONITOR-1 and enters Flexible NetFlow flow  |  |
|                  | Router(config)# <b>flow monito</b><br>Router(config-flow-monitor)<br>The following example shows t<br>existing name:  |   |  |
|                  | Router(config)# <b>flow monit</b><br>% Flow Monitor: could not a  |   |  |

| Command            | Description                                 |
|--------------------|---|
| clear flow monitor | Clears the flow monitor.                    |
| debug flow monitor | Enables debugging output for flow monitors. |

### flow record

To create a Flexible NetFlow flow record, or to modify an existing Flexible NetFlow flow record, and enter Flexible NetFlow flow record configuration mode, use the **flow record** command in global configuration mode. To remove a Flexible NetFlow flow record, use the **no** form of this command.

flow record record-name

no flow record record-name

| Syntax Description |  | Name of the flow record that is being created or modified. |  |
|--------------------|--|--|--|
|--------------------|--|--|--|

**Command Default** A Flexible NetFlow flow record is not configured.

**Command Modes** Global configuration (config)

| Command History | Release                    | Modification  |
|-----------------|----------------------------|---|
|                 | 12.4(9)T                   | This command was introduced.  |
|                 | 12.2(31)SB2                | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(31)SB2.   |
|                 | 12.0(33)S                  | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented<br>on the Cisco 12000 series routers.   |
|                 | 12.2(33)SRC                | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented<br>on the Cisco 7200 series routers.  |
|                 | 12.2(33)SRE                | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented<br>on the Cisco 7300 Network Processing Engine (NPE) series routers.                                  |
|                 | 15.1(2)S                   | This command was modified. A hash collision between the name supplied<br>and any existing name is now possible. If this happens, you can retry,<br>supplying another name |
|                 | 12.2(50)SY                 | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(50)SY.  |
|                 | Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE.  |

#### **Usage Guidelines**

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Flexible NetFlow uses key and nonkey fields just as original NetFlow does to create and populate flows in a cache. In Flexible NetFlow a combination of key and nonkey fields is called a *record*. Original NetFlow and

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|                         | show flow record   | Displays flow record status and statistics. |
|-------------------------|--|---|
| <b>Related Commands</b> | Command  | Description                                 |
|                         |  |   |
|                         | Router(config)# <b>flow record FLOW-RECORD-1</b><br>% Flow Record: Failure creating new Flow Record (Hash value in use).   |   |
|                         | Router (config) # flow record FLOW-RECORD-1<br>Router (config-flow-record) #<br>The following example shows the output when there is a hash collision between the name supplied and any<br>existing name:  |   |
| Examples                | The following example creates a flow record named FLOW-RECORD-1, and enters Flexible NetFlow flow record configuration mode:   |   |
|                         | In Cisco IOS Release 15.1(2)S and later releases, a hash collision between the name supplied and any existing name is possible. If this happens, you can retry, supplying another name.  |   |
|                         | Flexible NetFlow both use the values in key fields in IP datagrams, such as the IP source or destination address<br>and the source or destination transport protocol port, as the criteria for determining when a new flow must be<br>created in the cache while network traffic is being monitored. A <i>flow</i> is defined as a stream of packets between<br>a given source and a given destination. New flows are created whenever a packet that has a unique value in<br>one of the key fields is analyzed. |   |

### ip flow monitor

To enable a Flexible NetFlow flow monitor for IPv4 traffic that the router is receiving or forwarding, use the **ip flow monitor** command in interface configuration mode or subinterface configuration mode. To disable a Flexible NetFlow flow monitor, use the **no** form of this command.

ip flow monitor monitor-name [sampler sampler-name] [multicast| unicast] {input| output}

no ip flow monitor monitor-name [sampler sampler-name] [multicast] unicast] {input| output}

#### Cisco Catalyst 6500 Switches in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(50)SY

ip flow monitor monitor-name [sampler sampler-name] [layer2-switched| multicast| unicast] {input|
output}

no ip flow monitor *monitor-name* [sampler *sampler-name*] [layer2-switched| multicast| unicast] {input| output}

#### **Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE**

ip flow monitor monitor-name [sampler sampler-name] {input| output}

**no ip flow monitor** *monitor-name* [**sampler** *sampler-name*] {**input**| **output**}

#### **Syntax Description**

| monitor-name         | Name of a flow monitor that was previously configured.  |
|----------------------|---|
| sampler sampler-name | (Optional) Enables a flow sampler for this flow<br>monitor using the name of a sampler that was<br>previously configured. |
| layer2-switched      | (Optional) Applies the flow monitor for Layer<br>2-switched traffic only.   |
| multicast            | (Optional) Applies the flow monitor for multicast traffic only.   |
| unicast              | (Optional) Applies the flow monitor for unicast traffic only.   |
| input                | Monitors traffic that the router is receiving on the interface.   |
| output               | Monitors traffic that the router is transmitting on the interface.  |

**Command Default** A flow monitor is not enabled.

### **Command Modes** Interface configuration (config-if) Subinterface configuration (config-subif)

| Command | History |
|---------|---------|
|         |         |

| Release                    | Modification   |
|----------------------------|--|
| 12.4(9)T                   | This command was introduced.   |
| 12.2(31)SB2                | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(31)SB2.  |
| 12.0(33)8                  | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented<br>on the Cisco 12000 series routers.                                |
| 12.2(33)SRC                | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented<br>on the Cisco 7200 series routers.                                 |
| 12.4(22)T                  | This command was modified. The <b>unicast</b> and <b>multicast</b> keywords were added.  |
| 12.2(33)SRE                | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented<br>on the Cisco 7300 Network Processing Engine (NPE) series routers. |
| 12.2(50)SY                 | This command was modified. The layer2-switched keyword was added.  |
| Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE without the support for the <b>multicast</b> and <b>unicast</b> keywords.    |

#### **Usage Guidelines**

You must have already created a flow monitor by using the **flow monitor** command before you can apply the flow monitor to an interface with the **ip flowmonitor** command to enable traffic monitoring with Flexible NetFlow.

#### ip flow monitor sampler

When a sampler is added to a flow monitor, only packets that are selected by the named sampler will be entered into the cache to form flows. Each use of a sampler causes separate statistics to be stored for that usage.

You cannot add a sampler to a flow monitor after the flow monitor has been enabled on an interface. You must remove the flow monitor from the interface prior to enabling the same flow monitor with a sampler. See the "Examples" section for more information.

Note

The statistics for each flow must be scaled to give the expected true usage. For example, with a 1 in 10 sampler it is expected that the packet and byte counters will have to be multiplied by 10.

#### **Multicast Traffic and Unicast Traffic**

In Cisco IOS Release 12.4(22)T and later releases, the default behavior of the **ip flow monitor**command is to analyze unicast *and* multicast traffic. If you need to monitor only unicast traffic, use the **unicast** keyword. If you need to monitor only multicast traffic, use the **multicast** keyword.

#### Examples

The following example enables a flow monitor for monitoring input traffic:

```
Router(config)# interface ethernet0/0
Router(config-if)# ip flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-1 input
The following example enables a flow monitor for monitoring output traffic on a subinterface:
```

```
Router(config) # interface ethernet0/0.1
Router(config-if) # ip flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-1 output
The following example enables a flow monitor for monitoring only multicast input traffic:
```

```
Router(config)# interface ethernet0/0
Router(config-if)# ip flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-1 multicast input
The following example enables a flow monitor for monitoring only unicast output traffic:
```

```
Router(config) # interface ethernet0/0
Router(config-if) # ip flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-1 unicast output
The following example enables the same flow monitor on the same interface for monitoring input and output
traffic:
```

```
Router (config) # interface ethernet0/0
Router (config-if) # ip flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-1 input
Router (config-if) # ip flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-1 output
The following example enables two different flow monitors on the same interface for monitoring input and
output traffic:
```

```
Router (config) # interface ethernet0/0
Router (config-if) # ip flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-1 input
Router (config-if) # ip flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-2 output
The following example enables the same flow monitor on two different interfaces for monitoring input and
output traffic:
```

```
Router (config) # interface ethernet0/0
Router (config-if) # ip flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-1 input
Router (config-if) # exit
Router (config) # interface ethernet1/0
Router (config-if) # ip flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-1 output
The following example enables two different flow monitors on two different interfaces for monitoring input
and output traffic:
```

```
Router (config) # interface ethernet0/0
Router (config-if) # ip flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-1 input
Router (config-if) # exit
Router (config) # interface ethernet1/0
Router (config-if) # ip flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-2 output
The following example enables a flow monitor for monitoring input traffic, with a sampler to limit the input
packets that are sampled:
```

```
Router (config) # interface ethernet0/0
Router (config-if) # ip flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-1 sampler SAMPLER-1 input
The following example enables a flow monitor for monitoring output traffic, with a sampler to limit the output
packets that are sampled:
```

```
Router(config)# interface ethernet0/0
Router(config-if)# ip flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-1 sampler SAMPLER-1 output
```

The following example enables two different flow monitors for monitoring input and output traffic, with a sampler on the flow monitor that is monitoring input traffic to limit the input packets that are sampled:

Router (config) # interface ethernet0/0 Router (config-if) # ip flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-1 sampler SAMPLER-1 input Router (config-if) # ip flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-2 output The following example enables two different flow monitors for monitoring input and output traffic, with a

sampler on the flow monitor that is monitoring output traffic to limit the output packets that are sampled:

Router (config) # interface ethernet0/0 Router (config-if) # ip flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-2 input Router (config-if) # ip flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-2 sampler SAMPLER-2 output The following example shows what happens when you try to add a sampler to a flow monitor that has already been enabled on an interface without a sampler:

```
Router(config)# interface Ethernet0/0
Router(config-if)# ip flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-1 sampler SAMPLER-2 input
% Flow Monitor: Flow Monitor 'FLOW-MONITOR-1' is already on in full mode and cannot be
enabled with a sampler.
```

The following example shows how to remove a flow monitor from an interface so that it can be enabled with the sampler:

Router (config) # interface Ethernet0/0 Router (config-if) # no ip flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-1 input Router (config-if) # ip flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-1 sampler SAMPLER-2 input The following example shows what happens when you try to remove a sampler from a flow monitor on an interface by entering the flow monitor command again without the sampler keyword and argument:

```
Router (config) # interface Ethernet0/0
Router (config-if) # ip flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-1 input
% Flow Monitor: Flow Monitor 'FLOW-MONITOR-1' is already on in sampled mode and cannot be
enabled in full mode.
The following example shows how to remove the flow monitor that was enabled with a sampler from the
```

The following example shows how to remove the flow monitor that was enabled with a sampler from the interface so that it can be enabled without the sampler:

```
Router(config)# interface Ethernet0/0
Router(config-if)# no ip flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-1 sampler SAMPLER-2 input
Router(config-if)# ip flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-1 input
```

| Command      | Description             |
|--------------|-------------------------|
| flow monitor | Creates a flow monitor. |
| sampler      | Creates a flow sampler. |

# ipv6 flow monitor

To enable a Flexible NetFlow flow monitor for IPv6 traffic that the router is receiving or forwarding, use the ipv6 flow monitor command in interface configuration mode or subinterface configuration mode. To disable a Flexible NetFlow flow monitor, use the no form of this command.

ipv6 flow monitor monitor-name [sampler sampler-name] [multicast| unicast] {input| output}

no ipv6 flow monitor monitor-name [sampler sampler-name] [layer2-bridged] [multicast] unicast] {input] output}

#### Cisco Catalyst 6500 Switches in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(50)SY

ipv6 flow monitor monitor-name [sampler sampler-name] unicast {input| output} no ipv6 flow monitor monitor-name [sampler sampler-name] [layer2-bridged] unicast {input] output}

#### Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE

ipv6 flow monitor monitor-name [sampler sampler-name] {input| output} no ipv6 flow monitor monitor-name [sampler sampler-name] [layer2-bridged] {input| output}

#### **Syntax Description**

| monitor-name         | Name of a flow monitor that was previously configured.  |
|----------------------|---|
| sampler sampler-name | (Optional) Enables a flow sampler for this flow<br>monitor using the name of a sampler that was<br>previously configured. |
| multicast            | (Optional) Applies the flow monitor for multicast traffic only.   |
| unicast              | (Optional) Applies the flow monitor for unicast traffic only.   |
| input                | Monitors traffic that the router is receiving on the interface.   |
| output               | Monitors traffic that the router is transmitting on the interface.  |
| layer2-bridged       | Monitors IPv6 Layer 2 Bridged traffic that the router is transmitting on the interface.                                   |

#### **Command Default** A flow monitor is not enabled.

### **Command Modes** Interface configuration (config-if) Subinterface configuration (config-subif)

| Command | History |
|---------|---------|
|         |         |

| Release                    | Modification   |
|----------------------------|--|
| 12.4(20)T                  | This command was introduced.   |
| 12.4(22)T                  | This command was modified. The <b>unicast</b> and <b>multicast</b> keywords were added.  |
| 12.2(33)SRE                | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented<br>on the Cisco 7200 and Cisco 7300 Network Processing Engine (NPE) series<br>routers. |
| 12.2(50)SY                 | This command was modified. The <b>multicast</b> keyword was not supported.   |
| 15.1(1)SY                  | This command was modified. The layer2-bridged keyword was added.   |
| Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE without the support for the <b>multicast</b> and <b>unicast</b> keywords.                      |

#### **Usage Guidelines**

You must have already created a flow monitor by using the **flow monitor** command before you can apply the flow monitor to an interface with the **ipv6 flow monitor** command to enable traffic monitoring with Flexible NetFlow.

#### ipv6 flow monitor sampler

When a sampler is added to a flow monitor, only packets that are selected by the named sampler will be entered into the cache to form flows. Each use of a sampler causes separate statistics to be stored for that usage.

You cannot add a sampler to a flow monitor after the flow monitor has been enabled on an interface. You must remove the flow monitor from the interface prior to enabling the same flow monitor with a sampler. See the "Examples" section for more information.

# Note

The statistics for each flow must be scaled to give the expected true usage. For example, with a 1 in 10 sampler it is expected that the packet and byte counters will have to be multiplied by 10.

#### **Multicast Traffic and Unicast Traffic**

In Cisco IOS Release 12.4(22)T and later releases, the default behavior of the **ip flow monitor** command is to analyze unicast *and* multicast traffic. If you need to monitor only unicast traffic, use the **unicast** keyword. If you need to monitor only multicast traffic, use the **multicast** keyword.

#### Examples

The following example enables a flow monitor for monitoring input IPv6 traffic:

Router(config)# interface ethernet0/0
Router(config-if)# ipv6 flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-1 input

The following example enables a flow monitor for monitoring output IPv6 traffic on a subinterface:

Router(config) # interface ethernet0/0.1 Router(config-if) # ipv6 flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-1 output The following example enables a flow monitor for monitoring only multicast input traffic:

Router(config)# interface ethernet0/0 Router(config-if)# ipv6 flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-1 multicast input The following example enables a flow monitor for monitoring only unicast output traffic:

Router(config) # interface ethernet0/0 Router(config-if) # ipv6 flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-1 unicast output The following example enables the same flow monitor on the same interface for monitoring input and output IPv6 traffic:

```
Router (config) # interface ethernet0/0
Router (config-if) # ipv6 flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-1 input
Router (config-if) # ipv6 flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-1 output
The following example enables two different flow monitors on the same interface for monitoring input and
output IPv6 traffic:
```

Router (config) # interface ethernet0/0 Router (config-if) # ipv6 flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-1 input Router (config-if) # ipv6 flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-2 output The following example enables the same flow monitor on two different interfaces for monitoring input and output IPv6 traffic:

```
Router (config) # interface ethernet0/0
Router (config-if) # ipv6 flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-1 input
Router (config-if) # exit
Router (config) # interface ethernet1/0
Router (config-if) # ipv6 flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-1 output
The following example enables two different flow monitors on two different interfaces for monitoring input
and output IPv6 traffic:
```

```
Router (config) # interface ethernet0/0
Router (config-if) # ipv6 flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-1 input
Router (config-if) # exit
Router (config) # interface ethernet1/0
Router (config-if) # ipv6 flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-2 output
The following example enables a flow monitor for monitoring input IPv6 traffic, with a sampler to limit the
input packets that are sampled:
```

Router (config) # interface ethernet0/0 Router (config-if) # ipv6 flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-1 sampler SAMPLER-1 input The following example enables a flow monitor for monitoring output IPv6 traffic, with a sampler to limit the output packets that are sampled:

Router (config) # interface ethernet0/0 Router (config-if) # ipv6 flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-1 sampler SAMPLER-1 output The following example enables two different flow monitors for monitoring input and output IPv6 traffic, with a sampler on the flow monitor that is monitoring input IPv6 traffic to limit the input packets that are sampled:

```
Router(config)# interface ethernet0/0
Router(config-if)# ipv6 flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-1 sampler SAMPLER-1 input
Router(config-if)# ipv6 flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-2 output
```

The following example enables two different flow monitors for monitoring input and output IPv6 traffic, with a sampler on the flow monitor that is monitoring output IPv6 traffic to limit the output packets that are sampled:

Router (config) # interface ethernet0/0 Router (config-if) # ipv6 flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-2 input Router (config-if) # ipv6 flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-2 sampler SAMPLER-2 output The following example shows what happens when you try to add a sampler to a flow monitor that has already been enabled on an interface without a sampler:

```
Router(config)# interface Ethernet0/0
Router(config-if)# ipv6 flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-1 sampler SAMPLER-2 input
% Flow Monitor: Flow Monitor 'FLOW-MONITOR-1' is already on in full mode and cannot be
enabled with a sampler.
The following example shows how to remove a flow monitor from an interface so that it can be enabled with
the sampler:
```

```
Router (config) # interface Ethernet0/0
Router (config-if) # no ipv6 flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-1 input
Router (config-if) # ipv6 flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-1 sampler SAMPLER-2 input
The following example shows what happens when you try to remove a sampler from a flow monitor on an
interface by entering the flow monitor command again without the sampler keyword and argument:
```

```
Router(config)# interface Ethernet 0/0
Router(config-if)# ipv6 flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-1 input
% Flow Monitor: Flow Monitor 'FLOW-MONITOR-1' is already on in sampled mode and cannot be
enabled in full mode.
The following example shows how to remove the flow monitor that was enabled with a sampler from the
```

interface so that it can be enabled without the sampler:

```
Router(config)# interface Ethernet 0/0
Router(config-if)# no ipv6 flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-1 sampler SAMPLER-2 input
Router(config-if)# ipv6 flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-1 input
```

| Command      | Description             |
|--------------|-------------------------|
| flow monitor | Creates a flow monitor. |
| sampler      | Creates a flow sampler. |

## match datalink dot1q priority

To configure the 802.1Q (dot1q) priority as a key field for a Flexible NetFlow flow record, use the **match** datalink dot1q priority command in Flexible NetFlow flow record configuration mode. To disable the use of the 802.1Q priority as a key field for a Flexible NetFlow flow record, use the **no** form of this command.

match datalink dot1q priority no match datalink dot1q priority

**Command Default** The 802.1Q priority is not configured as a key field.

**Command Modes** Flexible NetFlow flow record configuration (config-flow-record)

| <b>Command History</b> | Release                    | Modification   |
|------------------------|----------------------------|--|
|                        | Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE | This command was introduced. Only the switch ports support it. |

- **Usage Guidelines** The Flexible NetFlow **match** commands are used to configure key fields for the flow monitor record and to enable capturing the values in the fields for the flow created with the record.
- **Examples** The following example configures the 802.1Q priority of traffic being received by the router as a key field for a Flexible NetFlow flow record

Router(config)# flow record FLOW-RECORD-1
Router(config-flow-record)# match datalink dotlq priority

| Related Commands | Command     | Description            |
|------------------|-------------|------------------------|
|                  | flow record | Creates a flow record. |

### match datalink dot1q vlan

To configure the 802.1Q (dot1q) VLAN value as a key field for a Flexible NetFlow flow record, use the **match datalink dot1q vlan** command in Flexible NetFlow flow record configuration mode. To disable the use of the 802.1Q VLAN value as a key field for a Flexible NetFlow flow record, use the **no** form of this command.

match datalink dot1q vlan {input| output}

no match datalink dot1q vlan {input| output}

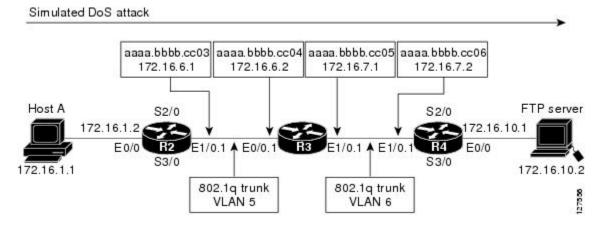
| tax Description | input                           | Configures the 802.1Q VLAN ID of traffic being received by the router as a key field.    |
|-----------------|---------------------------------|--|
|                 | output                          | Configures the 802.1Q VLAN ID of traffic being transmitted by the router as a key field. |
|                 |                                 |  |
| nmand Default   | The 802 10 VI AN ID is not cor  | nfigured as a key field.   |
| illallu Delault |                                 |  |
| nmand Modes     | Flexible NetFlow flow record co | onfiguration (config-flow-record)  |
|                 |                                 | onfiguration (config-flow-record) Modification   |
| nmand Modes     | Flexible NetFlow flow record co |  |
| nmand Modes     | Flexible NetFlow flow record co | Modification   |

Usage GuidelinesThe input and output keywords of the match datalink dot1q vlan command are used to specify the observation<br/>point that is used by the match datalink dot1q vlan command to create flows based on the unique 802.1q<br/>VLAN IDs in the network traffic. For example, when you configure a flow record with the match datalink<br/>dot1q vlan input command to monitor the simulated denial of service (DoS) attack in the figure below and<br/>apply the flow monitor to which the flow record is assigned in either input (ingress) mode on Ethernet interface

**Examples** 

0/0.1 on R3 or output (egress) mode on Ethernet interface 1/0.1 on R3, the observation point is always Ethernet 0/0.1 on R3. The 802.1q VLAN ID that is used as a key field is 5.

#### Figure 16: Simulated DoS Attack (c)



The observation point of **match** commands that do not have the input and/or output keywords is always the interface to which the flow monitor that contains the flow record with the **match** commands is applied.

The following example configures the 802.1Q VLAN ID of traffic being received by the router as a key field for a Flexible NetFlow flow record

Router(config)# flow record FLOW-RECORD-1
Router(config-flow-record)# match datalink dot1q vlan input

| Related Commands | Command     | Description            |
|------------------|-------------|------------------------|
|                  | flow record | Creates a flow record. |

### match datalink ethertype

To configure the ethertype as a key field for a Flexible NetFlow flow record, use the **match datalink ethertype** command in Flexible NetFlow flow record configuration mode. To disable the use of the ethertype as a key field for a Flexible NetFlow flow record, use the **no** form of this command.

match datalink ethertype no match datalink ethertype

**Command Modes** Flexible NetFlow flow record configuration (config-flow-record)

The ethertype is not configured as a key field.

 Command History
 Release
 Modification

 Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE
 This command was introduced.

# **Usage Guidelines** The Flexible NetFlow **match** commands are used to configure key fields for the flow monitor record and to enable capturing the values in the fields for the flow created with the record.

**Examples** The following example configures the ethertype of traffic being received by the router as a key field for a Flexible NetFlow flow record

Router(config)# flow record FLOW-RECORD-1
Router(config-flow-record)# match datalink ethertype

**Related Commands** 

**Command Default** 

| nds | Command     | Description            |
|-----|-------------|------------------------|
|     | flow record | Creates a flow record. |

### match datalink mac

To configure the use of MAC addresses as a key field for a Flexible NetFlow flow record, use the **match datalink mac** command in Flexible NetFlow flow record configuration mode. To disable the use of MAC addresses as a key field for a Flexible NetFlow flow record, use the **no** form of this command.

match datalink mac {destination| source} address {input| output}

no match datalink mac {destination| source} address {input| output}

| Syntax De | escription |
|-----------|------------|
|-----------|------------|

| destination address | Configures the use of the destination MAC address as a key field. |
|---------------------|---|
| source address      | Configures the use of the source MAC address as a key field.      |
| input               | Packets received by the router.                                   |
| output              | Packets transmitted by the router.                                |

#### **Command Default** MAC addresses are not configured as a key field.

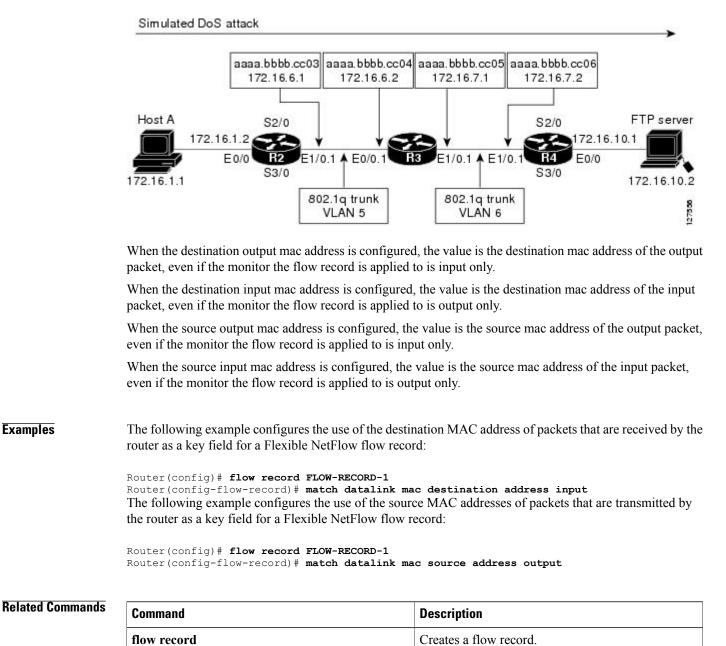
**Command Modes** Flexible NetFlow flow record configuration (config-flow-record)

| <b>Command History</b> | Release                    | Modification   |
|------------------------|----------------------------|--|
|                        | 12.4(22)T                  | This command was introduced.   |
|                        | 12.2(33)SRE                | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented on the Cisco 7200 and Cisco 7300 Network Processing Engine (NPE) series routers. |
|                        | Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE.   |

**Usage Guidelines** 

The **input** and **output** keywords of the **match datalink mac** command are used to specify the observation point that is used by the **match datalink mac** command to create flows based on the unique MAC addressees in the network traffic. For example, when you configure a flow record with the **match datalink mac destination address input** command to monitor the simulated denial of service (DoS) attack in the figure below and apply the flow monitor to which the flow record is assigned in either input (ingress) mode on Ethernet interface 0/0.1 on R3 or output (egress) mode on Ethernet interface 1/0.1 on R3, the observation point is always Ethernet 0/0.1 on R3. The destination MAC address that is used a key field is aaaa.bbbb.cc04.

#### Figure 17: Simulated DoS Attack (d)



#### Flexible Netflow Command Reference, Cisco IOS XE Release 3SE (Cisco WLC 5700 Series)

Examples

# match datalink vlan

I

To configure the VLAN ID as a key field for a Flexible NetFlow flow record, use the **match datalink vlan** command in Flexible NetFlow flow record configuration mode. To disable the use of the VLAN ID value as a key field for a Flexible NetFlow flow record, use the **no** form of this command.

match datalink vlan {input| output}

no match datalink vlan {input| output}

| Syntax Description      | input   | Configures the VLAN ID of traffic being received by the router as a key field.                    |
|-------------------------|---|---|
|                         | output  | Configures the VLAN ID of traffic being transmitted by the router as a key field.                 |
|                         |   |   |
| <b>Command Default</b>  | The VLAN ID is not configured as a  | key field.  |
| Command Modes           | Flexible NetFlow flow record config   | uration (config-flow-record)  |
| Command History         | Release   | Modification  |
|                         | 12.2(50)SY  | This command was introduced.  |
|                         | Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE  | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE.<br>Only the switch ports support it. |
| Examples                | The following example configures the VLAN ID of traffic being received by the router as a key field for a Flexible NetFlow flow record:<br>Router(config) # flow record FLOW-RECORD-1<br>Router(config-flow-record) # match datalink vlan input |   |
| <b>Related Commands</b> | Command   | Description   |
|                         | Command   | Description   |
|                         | flow record   | Creates a flow record.  |

# match flow

To configure the flow direction and the flow sampler ID number as key fields for a flow record, use the **match flow** command in Flexible NetFlow flow record configuration or policy inline configuration mode. To disable the use of the flow direction and the flow sampler ID number as key fields for a flow record, use the **no** form of this command.

match flow {direction| sampler}

no match flow {direction| sampler}

Cisco Catalyst 6500 Switches in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(50)SY and 15.1(1)SY match flow {cts {destination| source} group-tag| direction} no match flow {cts {destination| source} group-tag| direction}

#### **Syntax Description**

| direction                 | Configures the direction in which the flow was<br>monitored as a key field. |
|---------------------------|---|
| sampler                   | Configures the flow sampler ID as a key field.                              |
| cts destination group-tag | Configures the CTS destination field group as a key field.                  |
| cts source group-tag      | Configures the CTS source field group as a key field.                       |

**Command Default** The CTS destination or source field group, flow direction and the flow sampler ID are not configured as key fields.

# **Command Modes** Flexible NetFlow flow record configuration (config-flow-record) Policy inline configuration (config-if-spolicy-inline)

| <b>Command History</b> | Release     | Modification  |
|------------------------|-------------|---|
|                        | 12.4(9)T    | This command was introduced.  |
|                        | 12.2(31)SB2 | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(31)SB2.   |
|                        | 12.0(33)8   | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented<br>on the Cisco 12000 series routers. |
|                        | 12.2(33)SRC | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented on the Cisco 7200 series routers.     |

| Release                    | Modification   |
|----------------------------|--|
| 12.2(33)SRE                | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented<br>on the Cisco 7300 Network Processing Engine (NPE) series routers.                     |
| 15.1(3)T                   | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 15.1(3)T for Cisco Performance Monitor. Support was added for policy inline configuration mode.           |
| 12.2(58)SE                 | This command was modified. Support for the Cisco Performance Monitor was added.  |
| 12.2(50)SY                 | This command was modified. The <b>cts destination group-tag</b> and <b>cts source group-tag</b> keywords were added. The <b>sampler</b> keyword was removed. |
| 15.1(1)SY                  | This command was modified. Support for the Cisco Performance Monitor was added.  |
| Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE without the support for the <b>sampler</b> keyword.  |

#### Usage Guidelines This command can be used with both Flexible NetFlow and Performance Monitor. These products use different

commands to enter the configuration mode in which you issue this command. A flow record requires at least one key field before it can be used in a flow monitor. The key fields differentiate

flows, with each flow having a unique set of values for the key fields. The key fields are defined using the **match** command.

#### Cisco Performance Monitor in Cisco IOS Release 15.1(3)T and 12.2(58)SE

You must first enter the service-policy type performance-monitor inline command.

#### match flow direction

This field indicates the direction of the flow. This is of most use when a single flow monitor is configured for input and output flows. It can be used to find and eliminate flows that are being monitored twice, once on input and once on output. This field may also be used to match up pairs of flows in the exported data when the two flows are flowing in opposite directions.

#### match flow sampler

This field contains the ID of the flow sampler used to monitor the flow. This is useful when more than one flow sampler is being used with different sampling rates. The flow exporter **option sampler-table** command will export options records with mappings of the flow sampler ID to the sampling rate so the collector can calculate the scaled counters for each flow.

Examples

The following example configures the direction the flow was monitored in as a key field:

Router(config)# **flow record FLOW-RECORD-1** Router(config-flow-record)# **match flow direction** 

The following example configures the flow sampler ID as a key field:

Router(config) # flow record FLOW-RECORD-1 Router(config-flow-record) # match flow sampler The following example configures the CTS destination fields group as a key field:

Router(config) # flow record FLOW-RECORD-1 Router(config-flow-record) # match flow cts destination group-tag The following example configures the CTS source fields group as a key field:

Router (config) # flow record FLOW-RECORD-1 Router (config-flow-record) # match flow cts source group-tag The following example shows how to use the policy inline configuration mode to configure a service policy for Performance Monitor. The policy specifies that packets traversing Ethernet interface 0/0 that match the flow sampler ID will be monitored based on the parameters specified in the flow monitor configuration named fm2:

```
Router(config) # interface ethernet 0/0
Router(config-if) # service-policy type performance-monitor inline input
Router(config-if-spolicy-inline) # match flow sampler
Router(config-if-spolicy-inline) # flow monitor fm-2
Router(config-if-spolicy-inline) # exit
```

| Command                                 | Description   |
|---|---|
| class-map                               | Creates a class map to be used for matching packets to a specified class. |
| flow exporter                           | Creates a flow exporter.  |
| flow record                             | Creates a flow record.  |
| service-policy type performance-monitor | Associates a Performance Monitor policy with an interface.                |



# match interface (Flexible NetFlow) through ttl (Flexible NetFlow)

- match interface (Flexible NetFlow), page 75
- match ipv4, page 78
- match ipv4 destination, page 81
- match ipv4 source, page 84
- match ipv4 ttl, page 87
- match ipv6, page 89
- match ipv6 destination, page 92
- match ipv6 hop-limit, page 94
- match ipv6 source, page 96
- match transport, page 98
- match transport icmp ipv4, page 100
- match transport icmp ipv6, page 102
- mode (Flexible NetFlow), page 104
- option (Flexible NetFlow), page 106
- record, page 111
- sampler, page 116
- show flow exporter, page 118
- show flow interface, page 124
- show flow monitor, page 126
- show flow monitor cache aggregate, page 135
- show flow monitor cache filter, page 141
- show flow monitor cache sort, page 148
- show flow record, page 152

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- show sampler, page 157
- source (Flexible NetFlow), page 160
- template data timeout, page 162
- transport (Flexible NetFlow), page 164
- ttl (Flexible NetFlow), page 166

# match interface (Flexible NetFlow)

To configure input and output interfaces as key fields for a flow record, use the **match interface** command in Flexible NetFlow flow record configuration mode. To disable the use of the input and output interfaces as key fields for a flow record, use the **no** form of this command.

match interface {input| output}

no match interface {input| output}

Cisco Catalyst 6500 Switches in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(50)SY match interface {input [physical]| output} [snmp] no match interface {input [physical]| output} [snmp]

#### **Syntax Description**

| input    | Configures the input interface as a key field.   |
|----------|--|
| physical | (Optional) Configures the physical input interface as<br>a key field and enables collecting the input interface<br>from the flows. |
| output   | Configures the output interface as a key field.  |
| snmp     | (Optional) Configures the simple network<br>management protocol (SNMP) index of the input<br>interface as a key field.             |

**Command Default** The input and output interfaces are not configured as key fields.

**Command Modes** Flexible NetFlow flow record configuration (config-flow-record)

#### **Command History**

| Release     | Modification  |  |
|-------------|---|--|
| 12.4(9)T    | This command was introduced.  |  |
| 12.2(31)SB2 | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(31)SB2.   |  |
| 12.0(33)S   | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented<br>on the Cisco 12000 series routers. |  |
| 12.2(33)SRC | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented<br>on the Cisco 7200 series routers.  |  |

| Release                    | Modification   |
|----------------------------|--|
| 12.2(33)SRE                | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented<br>on the Cisco 7300 Network Processing Engine (NPE) series routers. |
| 12.2(50)SY                 | This command was modified. The <b>physical</b> and <b>snmp</b> keywords were added.  |
| 15.2(2)T                   | This command was modified. Support for the Cisco Performance Monitor was added.  |
| Cisco IOS XE Release 3.5S  | This command was modified. Support for the Cisco Performance Monitor was added.  |
| Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE.   |

#### **Usage Guidelines**

S This command can be used with both Flexible NetFlow and Performance Monitor. These products use different commands to enter the configuration mode in which you issue this command, however the mode prompt is the same for both products. For Performance Monitor, you must first enter the flow record type performance-monitor command before you can use this command.

Because the mode prompt is the same for both products, here we refer to the command mode for both products as flow record configuration mode. However, for Flexible NetFlow, the mode is also known as Flexible NetFlow flow record configuration mode; and for Performance Monitor, the mode is also known as Performance Monitor flow record configuration mode.

A flow record requires at least one key field before it can be used in a flow monitor. The key fields differentiate flows, with each flow having a unique set of values for the key fields. The key fields are defined using the **match** command.

#### **Examples** The following example configures the input interface as a key field:

Router(config) # flow record FLOW-RECORD-1 Router(config-flow-record) # match interface input The following example configures the output interface as a key field:

Router(config) # flow record FLOW-RECORD-1 Router(config-flow-record) # match interface output The following example configures the output interface as a key field:

Router(config) # flow record type performance-monitor RECORD-1 Router(config-flow-record) # match interface output

| S | Command     | Description  |
|---|-------------|--|
|   | flow record | Creates a flow record, and enters Flexible NetFlow flow record configuration mode. |

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| Command                              | Description  |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| flow record type performance-monitor | Creates a flow record, and enters Performance<br>Monitor flow record configuration mode. |

# match ipv4

To configure one or more of the IPv4 fields as a key field for a flow record, use the **match ipv4** command in Flexible NetFlow flow record configuration mode. To disable the use of one or more of the IPv4 fields as a key field for a flow record, use the **no** form of this command.

match ipv4 {dscp| header-length| id| option map| precedence| protocol| tos| version} no match ipv4 {dscp| header-length| id| option map| precedence| protocol| tos| version}

Cisco Performance Monitor in Cisco IOS Release 15.1(3)T and 12.2(58)SE

match ipv4 protocol

no match ipv4 protocol

Cisco Catalyst 6500 Switches in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(50)SY match ipv4 {dscp| precedence| protocol| tos} no match ipv4 {dscp| precedence| protocol| tos}

#### Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE

match ipv4 {protocol| tos| version}
match ipv4 {protocol| tos| version}

| Syntax Description | dscp          | Configures the IPv4 differentiated services code point (DSCP) (part of type of service [ToS]) as a key field. |
|--------------------|---------------|---|
|                    | header-length | Configures the IPv4 header length (in 32-bit words) as a key field.   |
|                    | id            | Configures the IPv4 ID as a key field.  |
|                    | option map    | Configures the bitmap representing which IPv4 options have been seen as a key field.                          |
|                    | precedence    | Configures the IPv4 precedence (part of ToS) as a key field.  |
|                    | protocol      | Configures the IPv4 protocol as a key field.  |
|                    | tos           | Configures the IPv4 ToS as a key field.   |
|                    | version       | Configures the IP version from IPv4 header as a key field.  |

#### **Command Default** The use of one or more of the IPv4 fields as a key field for a user-defined flow record is not enabled by default.

#### **Command Modes** flow record configuration (config-flow-record)

| Release                       | Modification   |  |
|-------------------------------|--|--|
| 12.4(9)T                      | This command was introduced.   |  |
| 12.2(31)SB2                   | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(31)SB2.  |  |
| 12.0(33)S                     | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented on the Cisco 12000 series routers.   |  |
| 12.2(33)SRC                   | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented on the Cisco 7200 series routers.  |  |
| 12.2(33)SRE                   | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented on<br>the Cisco 7300 Network Processing Engine (NPE) series routers.   |  |
| 15.1(3)T                      | This command was modified for the Cisco Performance Monitor. The <b>dscp</b> , <b>header-length</b> , <b>id</b> , <b>option map</b> , <b>precedence</b> , <b>tos</b> , and <b>version</b> keywords were removed. |  |
| 12.2(58)SE                    | This command was modified for the Cisco Performance Monitor. The <b>dscp</b> , <b>header-length</b> , <b>id</b> , <b>option map</b> , <b>precedence</b> , <b>tos</b> , and <b>version</b> keywords were removed. |  |
| 12.2(50)SY                    | This command was modified. The <b>header-length</b> , <b>id</b> , <b>option</b> , <b>map</b> , and <b>version</b> keywords were not supported in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(50)SY.                                   |  |
| Cisco IOS XE Release<br>3.2SE | This command was modified. The <b>dscp</b> , <b>header-length</b> , <b>id</b> , <b>option map</b> , and <b>precedence</b> keywords were removed.   |  |

#### **Usage Guidelines**

**Command History** 

This command can be used with both Flexible NetFlow and Performance Monitor. These products use different commands to enter the configuration mode in which you issue this command.

A flow record requires at least one key field before it can be used in a flow monitor. The key fields differentiate flows, with each flow having a unique set of values for the key fields. The key fields are defined using the **match** command.



Some of the keywords of the **match ipv4** command are documented as separate commands. All of the keywords for the **match ipv4** command that are documented separately start with **match ipv4**. For example, for information about configuring the IPv4 time-to-live (TTL) field as a key field for a flow record, refer to the **match ipv4 ttl** command.

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|                         | Cisco Performance Monitor in Cisco IOS Release 15.1(3)T and 12.2(58)SE   |  |  |
|-------------------------|--|--|--|
|                         | Only the <b>protocol</b> keyword is available. You must firs command.  | st enter the <b>flow record type performance-monitor</b> |  |
| Examples                | <b>Iles</b> The following example configures the IPv4 DSCP field as a key field:   |  |  |
|                         | Router(config) # flow record FLOW-RECORD-1<br>Router(config-flow-record) # match ipv4 dscp<br>The following example configures the IPv4 DSCP fie | ld as a key field for Cisco Performance Monitor:         |  |
|                         | Router(config)# <b>flow record type performance</b> -<br>Router(config-flow-record)# <b>match ipv4 dscp</b>                                      | monitor FLOW-RECORD-1                                    |  |
| <b>Related Commands</b> | Command  | Description  |  |
|                         |  |  |  |
|                         | flow record  | Creates a flow record.                                   |  |
|                         | flow record type performance-monitor   | Creates a flow record for Cisco Performance Monitor.     |  |

# match ipv4 destination

To configure the IPv4 destination address as a key field for a flow record, use the **match ipv4 destination** command in Flexible NetFlow flow record configuration mode. To disable the IPv4 destination address as a key field for a flow record, use the **no** form of this command.

match ipv4 destination {address | {mask| prefix} [minimum-mask mask]}
no match ipv4 destination {address | {mask| prefix} [minimum-mask mask]}

Cisco Performance Monitor in Cisco IOS Release 15.1(3)T and 12.2(58)SE

match ipv4 destination {address| prefix [minimum-mask mask]}
no match ipv4 destination {address| prefix [minimum-mask mask]}

Cisco Catalyst 6500 Switches in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(50)SY match ipv4 destination address no match ipv4 destination address

**Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE** match ipv4 destination address no match ipv4 destination address

| C      | D           |  |
|--------|-------------|--|
| Syntax | Description |  |

| address           | Configures the IPv4 destination address as a key field.                            |
|-------------------|--|
| mask              | Configures the mask for the IPv4 destination address as a key field.               |
| prefix            | Configures the prefix for the IPv4 destination address as a key field.             |
| minimum-mask mask | (Optional) Specifies the size, in bits, of the minimum mask. The range is 1 to 32. |

**Command Default** The IPv4 destination address is not configured as a key field.

**Command Modes** Flexible NetFlow flow record configuration (config-flow-record)

| <b>Command History</b> | Release  | Modification                 |
|------------------------|----------|------------------------------|
|                        | 12.4(9)T | This command was introduced. |

| Release                    | Modification   |
|----------------------------|--|
| 12.2(31)SB2                | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(31)SB2.  |
| 12.0(33)8                  | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented<br>on the Gigabit Switch Router (GSR).                               |
| 12.2(33)SRC                | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented<br>on the Cisco 7200 series routers.                                 |
| 12.2(33)SRE                | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented<br>on the Cisco 7300 Network Processing Engine (NPE) series routers. |
| 15.1(3)T                   | This command was modified for the Cisco Performance Monitor. The <b>mask</b> keyword was removed.  |
| 12.2(58)SE                 | This command was modified for the Cisco Performance Monitor. The <b>mask</b> keyword was removed.  |
| 12.2(50)SY                 | This command was modified. The <b>mask</b> , <b>prefix</b> , and <b>minimum-mask</b> keywords were removed.                              |
| Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE | This command was modified. The <b>mask</b> , <b>prefix</b> , and <b>minimum-mask</b> keywords were removed.                              |

# **Usage Guidelines** This command can be used with both Flexible NetFlow and Performance Monitor. These products use different commands to enter the configuration mode in which you issue this command.

A flow record requires at least one key field before it can be used in a flow monitor. The key fields differentiate flows, with each flow having a unique set of values for the key fields. The key fields are defined using the **match** command.

Cisco Performance Monitor in Cisco IOS Release 15.1(3)T and 12.2(58)SE

The mask keyword is not available. You must first enter the flow record type performance-monitor command.

**Examples** The following example configures a 16-bit IPv4 destination address prefix as a key field:

Router(config) # flow record FLOW-RECORD-1 Router(config-flow-record) # match ipv4 destination prefix minimum-mask 16 The following example specifies a 16-bit IPv4 destination address mask as a key field:

Router (config) # flow record FLOW-RECORD-1 Router (config-flow-record) # match ipv4 destination mask minimum-mask 16 The following example specifies a 16-bit IPv4 destination address mask as a key field for Cisco Performance Monitor:

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Router(config) # flow record type performance-monitor FLOW-RECORD-1
Router(config-flow-record) # match ipv4 destination mask minimum-mask 16
```

#### **Related Commands**

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| Command                              | Description  |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| flow record                          | Creates a flow record.                               |
| flow record type performance-monitor | Creates a flow record for Cisco Performance Monitor. |

## match ipv4 source

To configure the IPv4 source address as a key field for a flow record, use the **match ipv4 source** command in Flexible NetFlow flow record configuration mode. To disable the use of the IPv4 source address as a key field for a flow record, use the **no** form of this command.

match ipv4 source {address | {mask| prefix} [minimum-mask mask]}

no match ipv4 source {address | {mask| prefix} [minimum-mask mask]}

Cisco Performance Monitor in Cisco IOS Release 15.1(3)T and 12.2(58)SE

match ipv4 source {address| prefix [minimum-mask mask]}
no match ipv4 source {address| prefix [minimum-mask mask]}

Cisco Catalyst 6500 Switches in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(50)SY

match ipv4 source address no match ipv4 source address

Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE match ipv4 source address no match ipv4 source address

#### **Syntax Description**

| address           | Configures the IPv4 source address as a key field.                            |
|-------------------|---|
| mask              | Configures the mask for the IPv4 source address as a key field.               |
| prefix            | Configures the prefix for the IPv4 source address as a key field.             |
| minimum-mask mask | (Optional) Specifies the size, in bits, of the minimum mask. Range: 1 to 128. |

#### **Command Default** The IPv4 source address is not configured as a key field.

**Command Modes** Flexible NetFlow flow record configuration (config-flow-record)

| Command History | Release  | Modification                 |
|-----------------|----------|------------------------------|
|                 | 12.4(9)T | This command was introduced. |

| Release                    | Modification   |
|----------------------------|--|
| 12.2(31)SB2                | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(31)SB2.  |
| 12.2(33)SRC                | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented<br>on the Cisco 7200 series routers.                                 |
| 12.2(33)SRE                | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented<br>on the Cisco 7300 Network Processing Engine (NPE) series routers. |
| 15.1(3)T                   | This command was modified for the Cisco Performance Monitor. The <b>mask</b> keyword was removed.  |
| 12.2(58)SE                 | This command was modified for the Cisco Performance Monitor. The <b>mask</b> keyword was removed.  |
| 12.2(50)SY                 | This command was modified. The <b>mask</b> , <b>prefix</b> , and <b>minimum-mask</b> keywords were removed.                              |
| Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE | This command was modified. The <b>mask</b> , <b>prefix</b> , and <b>minimum-mask</b> keywords were removed.                              |

#### **Usage Guidelines**

This command can be used with both Flexible NetFlow and Performance Monitor. These products use different commands to enter the configuration mode in which you issue this command.

A flow record requires at least one key field before it can be used in a flow monitor. The key fields differentiate flows, with each flow having a unique set of values for the key fields. The key fields are defined using the **match** command.

#### Cisco Performance Monitor in Cisco IOS Release 15.1(3)T and 12.2(58)SE

The mask keyword is not available. You must first enter the flow record type performance-monitor command.

#### match ipv4 source prefix minimum-mask

The source address prefix field is the network part of the source address. The optional minimum mask allows a more information to be gathered about large networks.

#### match ipv4 source mask minimum-mask

The source address mask is the number of bits that make up the network part of the source address. The optional minimum mask allows a minimum value to be configured. This command is useful when there is a minimum mask configured for the source prefix field and the mask is to be used with the prefix. In this case, the values configured for the minimum mask should be the same for the prefix and mask fields.

Alternatively, if the collector knows the minimum mask configuration of the prefix field, the mask field can be configured without a minimum mask so that the true mask and prefix can be calculated.

**Examples** The following example configures a 16-bit IPv4 source address prefix as a key field:

Router(config)# flow record FLOW-RECORD-1
Router(config-flow-record)# match ipv4 source prefix minimum-mask 16

The following example specifies a 16-bit IPv4 source address mask as a key field:

Router (config) # flow record FLOW-RECORD-1 Router (config-flow-record) # match ipv4 source mask minimum-mask 16 The following example specifies a 16-bit IPv4 source address mask as a key field for Cisco Performance Monitor:

Router(config) # flow record type performance-monitor FLOW-RECORD-1 Router(config-flow-record) # match ipv4 source mask minimum-mask 16

| Command                              | Description  |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| flow record                          | Creates a flow record.                               |
| flow record type performance-monitor | Creates a flow record for Cisco Performance Monitor. |

## match ipv4 ttl

To configure the IPv4 time-to-live (TTL) field as a key field for a flow record, use the **match ipv4 ttl** command in Flow NetFlow flow record configuration mode. To disable the use of the IPv4 TTL field as a key field for a flow record, use the **no** form of this command.

match ipv4 ttl no match ipv4 ttl

**Syntax Description** This command has no arguments or keywords.

**Command Default** The IPv4 time-to-live (TTL) field is not configured as a key field.

**Command Modes** Flow NetFlow flow record configuration (config-flow-record)

| nd History | Release                    | Modification  |
|------------|----------------------------|---|
|            | 12.4(9)T                   | This command was introduced.  |
|            | 12.2(31)SB2                | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(31)SB2.   |
|            | 12.0(33)S                  | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented<br>on the Cisco 12000 series routers.                                 |
|            | 12.2(33)SRC                | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented<br>on the Cisco 7200 series routers in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRC. |
|            | 12.2(33)SRE                | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented<br>on the Cisco 7300 Network Processing Engine (NPE) series routers.  |
|            | 15.2(2)T                   | This command was modified. Support for the Cisco Performance Monitor was added.   |
|            | Cisco IOS XE Release 3.5S  | This command was modified. Support for the Cisco Performance Monitor was added.   |
|            | Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS XE Release 3.5S for Cisco Performance Monitor.   |

#### **Usage Guidelines**

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This command can be used with both Flexible NetFlow and Performance Monitor. These products use different commands to enter the configuration mode in which you issue this command, however the mode prompt is the same for both products. For Performance Monitor, you must first enter the **flow record type performance-monitor** command before you can use this command.

Because the mode prompt is the same for both products, here we refer to the command mode for both products as flow record configuration mode. However, for Flexible NetFlow, the mode is also known as Flexible NetFlow flow record configuration mode; and for Performance Monitor, the mode is also known as Performance Monitor flow record configuration mode.

A flow record requires at least one key field before it can be used in a flow monitor. The key fields differentiate flows, with each flow having a unique set of values for the key fields. The key fields are defined using the **match** command.

#### **Examples** The following example configures IPv4 TTL as a key field:

Router(config) # flow record FLOW-RECORD-1 Router(config-flow-record) # match ipv4 ttl The following example configures the IPv4 TTL as a key field:

Router(config)# flow record type performance-monitor RECORD-1
Router(config-flow-record)# match ipv4 ttl

| Command                              | Description  |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| flow record                          | Creates a flow record, and enters Flexible NetFlow flow record configuration mode.       |
| flow record type performance-monitor | Creates a flow record, and enters Performance<br>Monitor flow record configuration mode. |

## match ipv6

To configure one or more of the IPv6 fields as a key field for a flow record, use the **match ipv6** command in Flexible NetFlow flow record configuration mode. To disable the use of one or more of the IPv6 fields as a key field for a flow record, use the **no** form of this command.

match ipv6 {dscp| flow-label| next-header| payload-length| precedence| protocol| traffic-class| version} no match ipv6 {dscp| flow-label| next-header| payload-length| precedence| protocol| traffic-class| version}

Cisco Catalyst 6500 Switches in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(50)SY

match ipv6 {dscp| precedence| protocol| tos}

no match ipv6 {dscp| precedence| protocol| tos}

**Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE** 

match ipv6 {protocol| traffic-class| version}
no match ipv6 {protocol| traffic-class| version}

#### **Syntax Description**

| dscp           | Configures the IPv6 differentiated services code point DSCP (part of type of service (ToS)) as a key field. |
|----------------|---|
| flow-label     | Configures the IPv6 flow label as a key field.  |
| next-header    | Configures the IPv6 next header as a key field.   |
| payload-length | Configures the IPv6 payload length as a key field.  |
| precedence     | Configures the IPv6 precedence (part of ToS) as a key field.  |
| protocol       | Configures the IPv6 protocol as a key field.  |
| tos            | Configures the IPv6 ToS as a key field.   |
| traffic-class  | Configures the IPv6 traffic class as a key field.   |
| version        | Configures the IPv6 version from IPv6 header as a key field.  |

#### **Command Default** The IPv6 fields are not configured as a key field.

**Command Modes** Flexible Netflow flow record configuration (config-flow-record)

#### Command History

| Release                    | Modification   |
|----------------------------|--|
| 12.4(20)T                  | This command was introduced.   |
| 12.2(33)SRE                | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented<br>on the Cisco 7200 and Cisco 7300 Network Processing Engine (NPE) series<br>routers. |
| 12.2(50)SY                 | This command was modified. The <b>flow-label</b> , <b>next-header</b> , <b>payload-length,traffic-class</b> , and <b>version</b> keywords were removed.    |
| 15.2(2)T                   | This command was modified. Support for the Cisco Performance Monitor was added.  |
| Cisco IOS XE Release 3.5S  | This command was modified. Support for the Cisco Performance Monitor was added.  |
| Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE | This command was modified. The <b>dscp</b> , <b>flow-label</b> , <b>next-header</b> , <b>payload-length</b> , and <b>precedence</b> keywords were removed. |

#### **Usage Guidelines**

This command can be used with both Flexible NetFlow and Performance Monitor. These products use different commands to enter the configuration mode in which you issue this command, however the mode prompt is the same for both products. For Performance Monitor, you must first enter the **flow record type performance-monitor** command before you can use this command.

Because the mode prompt is the same for both products, here we refer to the command mode for both products as flow record configuration mode. However, for Flexible NetFlow, the mode is also known as Flexible NetFlow flow record configuration mode; and for Performance Monitor, the mode is also known as Performance Monitor flow record configuration mode.

A flow record requires at least one key field before it can be used in a flow monitor. The key fields differentiate flows, with each flow having a unique set of values for the key fields. The key fields are defined using the **match** command.



Note

Some of the keywords of the **match ipv6** command are documented as separate commands. All of the keywords for the **match ipv6** command that are documented separately start with **match ipv6**. For example, for information about configuring the IPv6 hop limit as a key field for a flow record, refer to the **match ipv6 hop-limit** command.

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Examples

The following example configures the IPv6 DSCP field as a key field:

Router(config)# flow record FLOW-RECORD-1
Router(config-flow-record)# match ipv6 dscp

The following example configures the IPv6 DSCP field as a key field:

Router(config)# flow record type performance-monitor RECORD-1
Router(config-flow-record)# match ipv6 dscp

#### **Related Commands**

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| Command                              | Description  |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| flow record                          | Creates a flow record, and enters Flexible NetFlow flow record configuration mode.       |
| flow record type performance-monitor | Creates a flow record, and enters Performance<br>Monitor flow record configuration mode. |

# match ipv6 destination

To configure the IPv6 destination address as a key field for a flow record, use the **match ipv6 destination** command in Flexible Netflow flow record configuration mode. To disable the IPv6 destination address as a key field for a flow record, use the **no** form of this command.

match ipv6 destination {address| {mask| prefix} [minimum-mask mask]}

no match ipv6 destination {address| {mask| prefix} [minimum-mask mask]}

Cisco Catalyst 6500 Switches in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(50)SY

match ipv6 destination address

no match ipv6 destination address

#### **Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE**

match ipv6 destination address no match ipv6 destination address

| Syntax Description | address           | Configures the IPv6 destination address as a key field.                       |
|--------------------|-------------------|---|
|                    | mask              | Configures the mask for the IPv6 destination address as a key field.          |
|                    | prefix            | Configures the prefix for the IPv6 destination address as a key field.        |
|                    | minimum-mask mask | (Optional) Specifies the size, in bits, of the minimum mask. Range: 1 to 128. |

**Command Default** The IPv6 destination address is not configured as a key field.

**Command Modes** Flexible NetFlow flow record configuration (config-flow-record)

| <b>Command History</b> | Release     | Modification   |
|------------------------|-------------|--|
|                        | 12.4(20)T   | This command was introduced.   |
|                        | 12.2(33)SRE | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented<br>on the Cisco 7200 and Cisco 7300 Network Processing Engine (NPE)<br>series routers. |

| Release                    | Modification  |
|----------------------------|---|
| 12.2(50)SY                 | This command was modified. The <b>mask</b> , <b>prefix</b> , and <b>minimum-mask</b> keywords were removed. |
| 15.2(2)T                   | This command was modified. Support for the Cisco Performance Monitor was added.                             |
| Cisco IOS XE Release 3.5S  | This command was modified. Support for the Cisco Performance Monitor was added.                             |
| Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE | This command was modified. The <b>mask</b> , <b>prefix</b> , and <b>minimum-mask</b> keywords were removed. |

# **Usage Guidelines** This command can be used with both Flexible NetFlow and Performance Monitor. These products use different commands to enter the configuration mode in which you issue this command, however the mode prompt is the same for both products. For Performance Monitor, you must first enter the **flow record type performance-monitor** command before you can use this command.

Because the mode prompt is the same for both products, here we refer to the command mode for both products as flow record configuration mode. However, for Flexible NetFlow, the mode is also known as Flexible NetFlow flow record configuration mode; and for Performance Monitor, the mode is also known as Performance Monitor flow record configuration mode.

A flow record requires at least one key field before it can be used in a flow monitor. The key fields differentiate flows, with each flow having a unique set of values for the key fields. The key fields are defined using the **match** command.

**Examples** The following example configures a 16-bit IPv6 destination address prefix as a key field:

Router(config) # flow record FLOW-RECORD-1 Router(config-flow-record) # match ipv6 destination prefix minimum-mask 16 The following example specifies a 16-bit IPv6 destination address mask as a key field:

Router (config) # flow record FLOW-RECORD-1 Router (config-flow-record) # match ipv6 destination mask minimum-mask 16 The following example configures a 16-bit IPv6 destination address mask as a key field:

Router(config)# flow record type performance-monitor RECORD-1 Router(config-flow-record)# match ipv6 destination mask minimum-mask 16

| Command                              | Description  |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| flow record                          | Creates a flow record, and enters Flexible NetFlow flow record configuration mode.       |
| flow record type performance-monitor | Creates a flow record, and enters Performance<br>Monitor flow record configuration mode. |

# match ipv6 hop-limit

To configure the IPv6 hop limit as a key field for a flow record, use the **match ipv6 hop-limit** command in Flexible NetFlow flow record configuration mode. To disable the use of a section of an IPv6 packet as a key field for a flow record, use the **no** form of this command.

#### match ipv6 hop-limit

no match ipv6 hop-limit

**Syntax Description** This command has no arguments or keywords.

**Command Default** The use of the IPv6 hop limit as a key field for a user-defined flow record is not enabled by default.

**Command Modes** Flexible NetFlow flow record configuration (config-flow-record)

| <b>Command History</b> | Release                    | Modification   |
|------------------------|----------------------------|--|
|                        | 12.4(20)T                  | This command was introduced.   |
|                        | 12.2(33)SRE                | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented on the Cisco 7200 and Cisco 7300 Network Processing Engine (NPE) series routers. |
|                        | 15.2(2)T                   | This command was modified. Support for the Cisco Performance Monitor was added.  |
|                        | Cisco IOS XE Release 3.5S  | This command was modified. Support for the Cisco Performance Monitor was added.  |
|                        | Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE.   |

#### **Usage Guidelines**

This command can be used with both Flexible NetFlow and Performance Monitor. These products use different commands to enter the configuration mode in which you issue this command, however the mode prompt is the same for both products. For Performance Monitor, you must first enter the **flow record type performance-monitor** command before you can use this command.

Because the mode prompt is the same for both products, here we refer to the command mode for both products as flow record configuration mode. However, for Flexible NetFlow, the mode is also known as Flexible NetFlow flow record configuration mode; and for Performance Monitor, the mode is also known as Performance Monitor flow record configuration mode.

A flow record requires at least one key field before it can be used in a flow monitor. The key fields differentiate flows, with each flow having a unique set of values for the key fields. The key fields are defined using the **match** command.

#### **Examples** The following example configures the hop limit of the packets in the flow as a key field:

Router(config)# flow record FLOW-RECORD-1 Router(config-flow-record)# match ipv6 hop-limit The following example configures the hop limit of the packets in the flow as a key field:

```
Router(config)# flow record type performance-monitor RECORD-1
Router(config-flow-record)# match ipv6 hop-limit
```

#### **Related Commands**

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| Command                              | Description  |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| flow record                          | Creates a flow record, and enters Flexible NetFlow flow record configuration mode.       |
| flow record type performance-monitor | Creates a flow record, and enters Performance<br>Monitor flow record configuration mode. |

# match ipv6 source

To configure the IPv6 source address as a key field for a flow record, use the **match ipv6 source** command in Flexible NetFlow flow record configuration mode. To disable the use of the IPv6 source address as a key field for a flow record, use the **no** form of this command.

match ipv6 source {address| {mask| prefix} [minimum-mask mask]}

no match ipv6 source {address| {mask| prefix} [minimum-mask mask]}

Cisco Catalyst 6500 Switches in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(50)SY

match ipv6 source address

no match ipv6 source address

#### Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE

match ipv6 source address

no match ipv6 source address

#### **Syntax Description**

| address           | Configures the IPv6 source address as a key field.                            |
|-------------------|---|
| mask              | Configures the mask for the IPv6 source address as a key field.               |
| prefix            | Configures the prefix for the IPv6 source address as a key field.             |
| minimum-mask mask | (Optional) Specifies the size, in bits, of the minimum mask. Range: 1 to 128. |

**Command Default** The IPv6 source address is not configured as a key field.

#### **Command Modes** Flexible NetFlow flow record configuration (config-flow-record)

# Command History Release Modification 12.4(20)T This command was introduced. 12.2(33)SRE This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented on the Cisco 7200 and Cisco 7300 Network Processing Engine (NPE) series routers.

| Release                    | Modification  |
|----------------------------|---|
| 12.2(50)SY                 | This command was modified. The <b>mask</b> , <b>prefix</b> , and <b>minimum-mask</b> keywords were removed. |
| 15.2(2)T                   | This command was modified. Support for the Cisco Performance Monitor was added.                             |
| Cisco IOS XE Release 3.5S  | This command was modified. Support for the Cisco Performance Monitor was added.                             |
| Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE | This command was modified. The <b>mask</b> , <b>prefix</b> , and <b>minimum-mask</b> keywords were removed. |

# **Usage Guidelines** This command can be used with both Flexible NetFlow and Performance Monitor. These products use different commands to enter the configuration mode in which you issue this command, however the mode prompt is the same for both products. For Performance Monitor, you must first enter the **flow record type performance-monitor** command before you can use this command.

Because the mode prompt is the same for both products, here we refer to the command mode for both products as flow record configuration mode. However, for Flexible NetFlow, the mode is also known as Flexible NetFlow flow record configuration mode; and for Performance Monitor, the mode is also known as Performance Monitor flow record configuration mode.

A flow record requires at least one key field before it can be used in a flow monitor. The key fields differentiate flows, with each flow having a unique set of values for the key fields. The key fields are defined using the **match** command.

**Examples** The following example configures a 16-bit IPv6 source address prefix as a key field:

Router(config)# flow record FLOW-RECORD-1 Router(config-flow-record)# match ipv6 source prefix minimum-mask 16 The following example specifies a 16-bit IPv6 source address mask as a key field:

Router(config)# flow record FLOW-RECORD-1 Router(config-flow-record)# match ipv6 source mask minimum-mask 16 The following example configures the 16-bit IPv6 source address mask as a key field:

Router(config)# flow record type performance-monitor RECORD-1 Router(config-flow-record)# match ipv6 source mask minimum-mask 16

| Command                              | Description  |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| flow record                          | Creates a flow record, and enters Flexible NetFlow flow record configuration mode.       |
| flow record type performance-monitor | Creates a flow record, and enters Performance<br>Monitor flow record configuration mode. |

# match transport

To configure one or more of the transport fields as a key field for a flow record, use the **match transport** command in Flexible NetFlow flow record configuration mode. To disable the use of one or more of the transport fields as a key field for a flow record, use the **no** form of this command.

match transport {destination-port| igmp type| source-port}

no match transport {destination-port| igmp type| source-port}

Cisco Catalyst 6500 Switches in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(50)SY match transport {destination-port| source-port} no match transport {destination-port| source-port}

#### **Syntax Description**

| destination-port | Configures the transport destination port as a key field.         |
|------------------|---|
| igmp type        | Configures time stamps based on the system uptime as a key field. |
| source-port      | Configures the transport source port as a key field.              |

#### **Command Default** The transport fields are not configured as a key field.

#### **Command Modes** Flexible NetFlow flow record configuration (config-flow-record)

#### **Command History**

| Release     | Modification   |
|-------------|--|
| 12.4(9)T    | This command was introduced.   |
| 12.2(31)SB2 | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(31)SB2.  |
| 12.0(33)S   | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented<br>on the Cisco 12000 series routers.                                |
| 12.2(33)SRC | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented<br>on the Cisco 7200 series routers.                                 |
| 12.2(33)SRE | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented<br>on the Cisco 7300 Network Processing Engine (NPE) series routers. |
| 12.2(50)SY  | This command was modified. The <b>igmp type</b> keyword combination was removed.   |
|             | 12.4(9)T         12.2(31)SB2         12.0(33)S         12.2(33)SRC         12.2(33)SRE   |

| Release                    | Modification  |
|----------------------------|---|
| 15.2(2)T                   | This command was modified. Support for the Cisco Performance Monitor was added. |
| Cisco IOS XE Release 3.5S  | This command was modified. Support for the Cisco Performance Monitor was added. |
| Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE.                    |

Usage Guidelines This command can be used with both Flexible NetFlow and Performance Monitor. These products use different commands to enter the configuration mode in which you issue this command, however the mode prompt is the same for both products. For Performance Monitor, you must first enter the flow record type performance-monitor command before you can use this command.

Because the mode prompt is the same for both products, here we refer to the command mode for both products as flow record configuration mode. However, for Flexible NetFlow, the mode is also known as Flexible NetFlow flow record configuration mode; and for Performance Monitor, the mode is also known as Performance Monitor flow record configuration mode.

A flow record requires at least one key field before it can be used in a flow monitor. The key fields differentiate flows, with each flow having a unique set of values for the key fields. The key fields are defined using the **match** command.

**Examples** The following example configures the destination port as a key field:

Router(config) # flow record FLOW-RECORD-1 Router(config-flow-record) # match transport destination-port The following example configures the source port as a key field:

Router(config) # flow record FLOW-RECORD-1 Router(config-flow-record) # match transport source-port The following example configures the source port as a key field:

Router(config)# flow record type performance-monitor RECORD-1
Router(config-flow-record)# match transport source-port

| Command                              | Description  |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| flow record                          | Creates a flow record, and enters Flexible NetFlow flow record configuration mode.       |
| flow record type performance-monitor | Creates a flow record, and enters Performance<br>Monitor flow record configuration mode. |

# match transport icmp ipv4

To configure the ICMP IPv4 type field and the code field as key fields for a flow record, use the **match transport icmp ipv4** command in Flexible NetFlow flow record configuration mode. To disable the use of the ICMP IPv4 type field and code field as key fields for a flow record, use the **no** form of this command.

match transport icmp ipv4 {code| type}

no match transport icmp ipv4 {code| type}

| Syntax Description | code | Configures the IPv4 ICMP code as a key field. |
|--------------------|------|---|
|                    | type | Configures the IPv4 ICMP type as a key field. |

**Command Default** The ICMP IPv4 type field and the code field are not configured as key fields.

#### **Command Modes** Flexible NetFlow flow record configuration (config-flow-record)

| <b>Command History</b> | Release                    | Modification   |
|------------------------|----------------------------|--|
|                        | 12.4(9)T                   | This command was introduced.   |
|                        | 12.2(31)SB2                | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(31)SB2.  |
|                        | 12.0(33)S                  | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented on the Cisco 12000 series routers.                                   |
|                        | 12.2(33)SRC                | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented on the Cisco 7200 series routers.                                    |
|                        | 12.2(33)SRE                | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented<br>on the Cisco 7300 Network Processing Engine (NPE) series routers. |
|                        | 15.2(2)T                   | This command was modified. Support for the Cisco Performance Monitor was added.  |
|                        | Cisco IOS XE Release 3.5S  | This command was modified. Support for the Cisco Performance Monitor was added.  |
|                        | Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE.   |

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| Usage Guidelines        | This command can be used with both Flexible NetFlow and Performance Monitor. These products use different commands to enter the configuration mode in which you issue this command, however the mode prompt is the same for both products. For Performance Monitor, you must first enter the <b>flow record type performance-monitor</b> command before you can use this command. |                            |  |
|-------------------------|---|----------------------------|--|
|                         | Because the mode prompt is the same for both products, here we refer to the command mode for both products as flow record configuration mode. However, for Flexible NetFlow, the mode is also known as Flexible NetFlow flow record configuration mode; and for Performance Monitor, the mode is also known as Performance Monitor flow record configuration mode.                |                            |  |
|                         | A flow record requires at least one key field before it can be used in a flow monitor. The key fields differentiate flows, with each flow having a unique set of values for the key fields. The key fields are defined using the <b>match</b> command.  |                            |  |
| Examples                | The following example configures the IPv4 ICMP code field as a key field:   |                            |  |
|                         | Router(config)# flow record FLOW<br>Router(config-flow-record)# matc<br>The following example configures the  | h transport icmp ipv4 code |  |
|                         | Router(config)# flow record FLOW<br>Router(config-flow-record)# matc<br>The following example configures the  | h transport icmp ipv4 type |  |
|                         | <pre>Router(config)# flow record type performance-monitor RECORD-1 Router(config-flow-record)# match transport icmp ipv4 type</pre>   |                            |  |
| <b>Related Commands</b> | Command   | Description                |  |

| Command                              | Description  |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| flow record                          | Creates a flow record, and enters Flexible NetFlow flow record configuration mode.       |
| flow record type performance-monitor | Creates a flow record, and enters Performance<br>Monitor flow record configuration mode. |

# match transport icmp ipv6

To configure the internet control message protocol ICMP IPv6 type field and the code field as key fields for a flow record, use the **match transport icmp ipv6** command in Flexible NetFlow flow record configuration mode. To disable the use of the ICMP IPv6 type field and code field as key fields for a flow record, use the **no** form of this command.

match transport icmp ipv6 {code| type}

no match transport icmp ipv6 {code| type}

| Syntax Description | code | Configures the ICMP code as a key field. |
|--------------------|------|--|
|                    | type | Configures the ICMP type as a key field. |

**Command Default** The ICMP IPv6 type field and the code field are not configured as key fields.

#### **Command Modes** Flexible Netflow flow record configuration (config-flow-record)

| <b>Command History</b> | Release                    | Modification   |
|------------------------|----------------------------|--|
|                        | 12.4(20)T                  | This command was introduced.   |
|                        | 12.2(33)SRE                | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented on for the Cisco 7200 and Cisco 7300 Network Processing Engine (NPE) series routers. |
|                        | 15.2(2)T                   | This command was modified. Support for the Cisco Performance Monitor was added.  |
|                        | Cisco IOS XE Release 3.5S  | This command was modified. Support for the Cisco Performance Monitor was added.  |
|                        | Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE.   |

**Usage Guidelines** 

This command can be used with both Flexible NetFlow and Performance Monitor. These products use different commands to enter the configuration mode in which you issue this command, however the mode prompt is the same for both products. For Performance Monitor, you must first enter the **flow record type performance-monitor** command before you can use this command.

Because the mode prompt is the same for both products, here we refer to the command mode for both products as flow record configuration mode. However, for Flexible NetFlow, the mode is also known as Flexible

NetFlow flow record configuration mode; and for Performance Monitor, the mode is also known as Performance Monitor flow record configuration mode.

A Flow Record requires at least one key field before it can be used in a Flow Monitor. The Key fields differentiate Flows, with each flow having a unique set of values for the key fields. The key fields are defined using the **match** command.

**Examples** The following example configures the IPv6 ICMP code field as a key field:

Router(config) # flow record FLOW-RECORD-1 Router(config-flow-record) # match transport icmp ipv6 code The following example configures the IPv6 ICMP type field as a key field:

Router(config)# flow record FLOW-RECORD-1 Router(config-flow-record)# match transport icmp ipv6 type The following example configures the IPv6 ICMP type field as a key field:

Router(config)# flow record type performance-monitor RECORD-1
Router(config-flow-record)# match transport icmp ipv6 type

| Command                              | Description  |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| flow record                          | Creates a flow record, and enters Flexible NetFlow flow record configuration mode.       |
| flow record type performance-monitor | Creates a flow record, and enters Performance<br>Monitor flow record configuration mode. |

# mode (Flexible NetFlow)

To specify the type of sampling and the packet interval for a Flexible NetFlow sampler, use the **mode** command in Flexible NetFlow sampler configuration mode. To unconfigure the type of sampling and the packet interval for a Flexible NetFlow sampler, use the **no** form of this command.

mode {deterministic| random} 1 out-of window-size

no mode

#### **Syntax Description**

| deterministic        | Enables deterministic mode sampling for the sampler.                       |
|----------------------|--|
| random               | Enables random mode sampling for the sampler.                              |
| 1 out-of window-size | Specifies the window size from which to select packets. Range: 2 to 32768. |

#### **Command Default** The mode and the packet interval for a sampler are not configured.

#### **Command Modes** Flexible NetFlow sampler configuration (config-sampler)

| <b>Command History</b> | Release                    | Modification   |
|------------------------|----------------------------|--|
|                        | 12.4(9)T                   | This command was introduced.   |
|                        | 12.2(31)SB2                | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(31)SB2.  |
|                        | 12.0(33)S                  | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented on the Cisco 12000 series routers.                                   |
|                        | 12.2(33)SRC                | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented<br>on the Cisco 7200 series routers.                                 |
|                        | 12.2(33)SRE                | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented<br>on the Cisco 7300 Network Processing Engine (NPE) series routers. |
|                        | 12.2(50)SY                 | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(50)SY.   |
|                        | Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE.   |

#### Usage Guidelines Deterministic Mode

In deterministic mode, packets are chosen periodically based on the configured interval. This mode has less overhead than random mode and can be useful when the router samples traffic that is random in nature.

### **Random Mode**

In random mode, packets are chosen in a manner that should eliminate any bias from traffic patterns and counter any attempt by users to avoid monitoring.

**Examples** 

The following example enables deterministic sampling with a window size of 1000:

Router (config) # sampler SAMPLER-1 Router (config-sampler) # mode deterministic 1 out-of 1000 The following example enables random sampling with a window size of 1000:

```
Router(config)# sampler SAMPLER-1
Router(config-sampler)# mode random 1 out-of 1000
```

## **Related Commands**

| Command       | Description                             |
|---------------|---|
| clear sampler | Clears the sampler statistics.          |
| debug sampler | Enables debugging output for samplers.  |
| show sampler  | Displays sampler status and statistics. |

# option (Flexible NetFlow)

To configure optional data parameters for a flow exporter for Flexible NetFlow or the Cisco Performance Monitor, use the **option** command in Flexible NetFlow flow exporter configuration mode. To remove optional data parameters for a flow exporter, use the **no** form of this command.

option {application-attributes| application-table| exporter-stats| class-qos-table| interface-table| policy-qos-table| sampler-table| sub-application-table| vrf-table} [timeout seconds]

no option {application-attributes| application-table| class-qos-table| exporter-stats| interface-table| policy-qos-table| sampler-table| sub-application-table| vrf-table}

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option {exporter-stats| interface-table| sampler-table| vrf-table} [timeout *seconds*] no option {exporter-stats| interface-table| sampler-table| vrf-table}

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option {exporter-stats| interface-table| sampler-table} [timeout seconds]
option {exporter-stats| interface-table| sampler-table} [timeout seconds]

## Syntax Description

| application-attributes | Configures the application attributes option for flow exporters.                                   |
|------------------------|--|
| application-table      | Configures the application table option for flow exporters.  |
| class-qos-table        | Configures the QoS class table option for flow exporters.  |
| exporter-stats         | Configures the exporter statistics option for flow exporters.                                      |
| interface-table        | Configures the interface table option for flow exporters.  |
| policy-qos-table       | Configures the QoS policy table option for flow exporters.   |
| sampler-table          | Configures the export sampler information option for flow exporters.                               |
| sub-application-table  | Configures the subapplication table option for flow exporters.                                     |
| vrf-table              | Configures the virtual routing and forwarding (VRF)<br>ID-to-name table option for flow exporters. |

| seconds for flow exporters. The range is from 1 to 86400. The default is 600. |
|---|
|---|

# **Command Default** The optional data parameters are not configured.

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**Command Modes** Flexible NetFlow flow exporter configuration (config-flow-exporter)

| <b>Command History</b> | Release                   | Modification   |
|------------------------|---------------------------|--|
|                        | 12.4(9)T                  | This command was introduced.   |
|                        | 12.2(31)SB2               | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(31)SB2.  |
|                        | 12.0(33)S                 | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented<br>on the Cisco 12000 series routers.                                |
|                        | 12.2(33)SRC               | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented<br>on the Cisco 7200 series routers.                                 |
|                        | 15.0(1)M                  | This command was modified. The <b>application-table</b> and <b>vrf-table</b> keywords were added.  |
|                        | 12.2(33)SRE               | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented<br>on the Cisco 7300 Network Processing Engine (NPE) series routers. |
|                        | Cisco IOS XE Release 3.1S | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS XE Release 3.1S.  |
|                        | 15.1(3)T                  | This command was modified. Support for the Cisco Performance Monitor was added.  |
|                        | 12.2(58)SE                | This command was modified. Support for the Cisco Performance Monitor was added.  |
|                        | 12.2(50)SY                | This command was modified. The <b>application-table</b> keyword was removed.   |
|                        | Cisco IOS XE Release 3.5S | This command was modified. The <b>application-attributes</b> keyword was added.  |
|                        | 15.2(1)82                 | This command was modified. The <b>sub-application-table</b> keyword was added.   |
|                        | Cisco IOS XE Release 3.7S | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS XE Release 3.7S.  |
|                        | 15.2(4)M2                 | This command was modified. The <b>class-qos-table</b> and <b>policy-qos-table</b> keywords were added.                                   |

| Release Modification       |   |
|----------------------------|---|
| 15.3(1)T                   | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 15.3(1)T.  |
| Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE | This command was modified. The <b>application-attributes</b> , <b>application-table</b> , and <b>vrf-table</b> keywords were removed. |

## **Usage Guidelines**

The option command can be used with both Flexible NetFlow and the Cisco Performance Monitor.

Use the **timeout** keyword to alter the frequency at which reports are sent.

## option application-attributes

The **option application-attributes** command causes the periodic sending of network-based application recognition (NBAR) application attributes to the collector.

The following application attributes are sent to the collector per protocol:

- Application-Group—Groups applications that belong to the same networking application.
- Category—Provides first-level categorization for each application.
- Encrypted—Specifies whether the application is an encrypted networking protocol.
- P2P-Technology-Specifies whether the application is based on peer-to-peer technology.
- Sub-Category—Provides second-level categorization for each application.
- Tunnel-Technology—Specifies whether the application tunnels the traffic of other protocols.

### option application-table

The **option application-table** command enables the periodic sending of an options table that allows the collector to map NBAR application IDs provided in the flow records to application names.

#### option class-qos-table

The **option class-qos-table** command enables the periodic sending of an options table that allows the collector to map QoS class IDs to class names in the flow records.

## option exporter-stats

The **option exporter-stats** command enables the periodic sending of exporter statistics, including the number of records, bytes, and packets sent. This command allows the collector to estimate packet loss for the export records it receives.

#### option interface-table

The **option interface-table** enables the periodic sending of an options table that allows the collector to map the interface Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) indexes provided in flow records to interface names.

## option policy-qos-table

The **option policy-qos-table** command enables the periodic sending of an options table that allows the collector to map QoS policy IDs to policy names in the flow records.

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#### option sampler-table

The **option sampler-table** command enables the periodic sending of an options table that provides complete information about the configuration of each sampler and allows the collector to map the sampler ID provided in any flow record to a configuration that it can use to scale up the flow statistics.

#### option sub-application-table

The **option sub-application-table** command enables the periodic sending of an options table that allows the collector to map NBAR subapplication tags, subapplication names, and subapplication descriptions provided in the flow records to application IDs.

#### option vrf-table

The **option vrf-table** command enables the periodic sending of an options table that allows the collector to map the VRF IDs provided in the flow records to VRF names.

**Examples** 

The following example shows how to enable the periodic sending of NBAR application attributes to the collector:

Device (config) # flow exporter FLOW-EXPORTER-1 Device (config-flow-exporter) # option application-attributes The following example shows how to enable the periodic sending of an options table that allows the collector to map QoS class IDs provided in flow records to class names:

Device(config) # flow exporter FLOW-EXPORTER-1

Device (config-flow-exporter) # option class-qos-table The following example shows how to enable the periodic sending of an options table that allows the collector

to map QoS policy IDs provided in flow records to policy names:

Device (config) # flow exporter FLOW-EXPORTER-1 Device (config-flow-exporter) # option policy-qos-table The following example shows how to enable the periodic sending of exporter statistics, including the number of records, bytes, and packets sent:

Device (config) # flow exporter FLOW-EXPORTER-1 Device (config-flow-exporter) # option exporter-stats The following example shows how to enable the periodic sending of an options table that allows the collector to map the interface SNMP indexes provided in flow records to interface names:

Device (config) # flow exporter FLOW-EXPORTER-1 Device (config-flow-exporter) # option interface-table The following example shows how to enable the periodic sending of an options table that allows the collector to map NBAR application IDs provided in flow records to application names:

Device (config) # flow exporter FLOW-EXPORTER-1 Device (config-flow-exporter) # option application-table The following example shows how to enable the periodic sending of an options table that details the configuration of each sampler and allows the collector to map the sampler ID provided in any flow record to a configuration that the collector can use to scale up the flow statistics:

Device(config)# flow exporter FLOW-EXPORTER-1
Device(config-flow-exporter)# option sampler-table

The following example shows how to enable the periodic sending of an options table that allows the collector to map the NBAR subapplication tags, subapplication names, and subapplication descriptions provided in flow records to application IDs:

Device (config) # flow exporter FLOW-EXPORTER-1 Device (config-flow-exporter) # option sub-application-table The following example shows how to enable the periodic sending of an options table that allows the collector to map the VRF IDs provided in flow records to VRF names:

Device(config)# flow exporter FLOW-EXPORTER-1
Device(config-flow-exporter)# option vrf-table

## **Related Commands**

| Command       | Description              |
|---------------|--------------------------|
| flow exporter | Creates a flow exporter. |

# record

To configure a flow record for a Flexible NetFlow flow monitor, use the **record** command in Flexible NetFlow flow monitor configuration mode. To remove a flow record for a Flexible NetFlow flow monitor, use the **no** form of this command.

record {record-name| netflow-original| netflow {ipv4| ipv6} record [peer]}

no record

## Cisco Catalyst 6500 Switches in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(50)SY

 $record ~ \{ \textit{record-name} | ~ platform-original ~ \{ ipv4 | ~ ipv6 \} ~ \textit{record} \}$ 

no record

## **Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE**

record record-name

no record

## **Syntax Description**

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| record-name            | Name of a user-defined flow record that was previously configured.  |
|------------------------|---|
| netflow-original       | Configures the flow monitor to use the Flexible<br>NetFlow implementation of original NetFlow with<br>origin autonomous systems.  |
| netflow ipv4           | Configures the flow monitor to use one of the predefined IPv4 records.  |
| netflow ipv6           | Configures the flow monitor to use one of the<br>predefined IPv6 records. This keyword is not<br>supported on the Cisco ASR 1000 Series Aggregation<br>Services router.   |
| record                 | Name of the predefined record. See the table below<br>for a listing of the available records and their<br>definitions.  |
| peer                   | (Optional) Configures the flow monitor to use one of<br>the predefined records with peer autonomous systems.<br>The <b>peer</b> keyword is not supported for every type of<br>Flexible NetFlow predefined record. See the table<br>below. |
| platform-original ipv4 | Configures the flow monitor to use one of the predefined IPv4 records.  |

|  | ures the flow monitor to use one of the ined IPv6 records. |
|--|--|
|--|--|

# **Command Default** A flow record is not configured.

## **Command Modes** Flexible NetFlow flow monitor configuration (config-flow-monitor)

# **Command History**

| Release                    | Modification   |  |
|----------------------------|--|--|
| 12.4(9)T                   | This command was introduced.   |  |
| 12.2(31)SB2                | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(31)SB2.  |  |
| 12.0(33)8                  | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented<br>on the Cisco 12000 series routers.                                |  |
| 12.2(33)SRC                | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented<br>on the Cisco 7200 series routers.                                 |  |
| 12.4(20)T                  | This command was modified. The <b>ipv6</b> keyword was added.  |  |
| 12.2(33)SRE                | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented<br>on the Cisco 7300 Network Processing Engine (NPE) series routers. |  |
| Cisco IOS XE 3.1S          | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS XE Release 3.1S.  |  |
| 12.2(50)SY                 | This command was modified. The <b>netflow-original</b> , <b>netflow ipv4</b> , a <b>netflow ipv6</b> keywords were removed.              |  |
|                            | The <b>platform-originalipv4</b> a nd <b>platform-originalipv4</b> keywords were added.  |  |
| Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE | This command was modified. The <b>netflow-original</b> , <b>netflow ipv4</b> , and <b>netflow ipv6</b> keywords were removed.            |  |

## **Usage Guidelines**

Each flow monitor requires a record to define the contents and layout of its cache entries. The flow monitor can use one of the wide range of predefined record formats, or advanced users may create their own record formats.



You must use the **no ip flowmonitor command** to remove a flow monitor from all of the interfaces to which you have applied it before you can modify the parameters for the **record** command for the flow monitor.

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The table below describes the keywords and descriptions for the record argument.

# Table 2: Keywords and Descriptions for the record Argument

| Keyword                          | Description   | IPv4 Support | IPv6 Support |
|----------------------------------|---|--------------|--------------|
| as                               | Autonomous system record.   | Yes          | Yes          |
| as-tos                           | Autonomous system and ToS record.   | Yes          | —            |
| bgp-nexthop-tos                  | BGP next-hop and ToS record.  | Yes          |              |
| bgp-nexthop                      | BGP next-hop record.  |              | Yes          |
| destination                      | Original 12.2(50)SY<br>platform IPv4/IPv6<br>destination record.                                    | Yes          | Yes          |
| destination-prefix               | Destination Prefix record.NoteFor IPv6, a<br>minimum prefix<br>mask length of 0<br>bits is assumed. | Yes          | Yes          |
| destination-prefix-tos           | Destination prefix and ToS record.  | Yes          | —            |
| destination-source               | Original 12.2(50)SY<br>platform IPv4/IPv6<br>destination-source record.                             | Yes          | Yes          |
| full                             | Original 12.2(50)SY<br>platform IPv4/IPv6 full<br>record.   | Yes          | Yes          |
| interface-destination            | Original 12.2(50)SY<br>platform IPv4/IPv6<br>interface-destination<br>record.                       | Yes          | Yes          |
| interface-destination-<br>source | Original 12.2(50)SY<br>platform IPv4/IPv6<br>interface-destination-source<br>record.                | Yes          | Yes          |
| interface-full                   | Original 12.2(50)SY<br>platform IPv4/IPv6<br>interface-full record.                                 | Yes          | Yes          |

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| Keyword           | Description  | IPv4 Support | IPv6 Support |
|-------------------|--|--------------|--------------|
| interface-source  | Original 12.2(50)SY<br>platform IPv4/IPv6<br>interface-source only<br>record.  | Yes          | Yes          |
| original-input    | Traditional IPv4 input<br>NetFlow.   | Yes          | Yes          |
| original-output   | Traditional IPv4 output<br>NetFlow.  | Yes          | Yes          |
| prefix            | Source and destination<br>prefixes record.<br>Note For IPv6, a<br>minimum prefix<br>mask length of 0<br>bits is assumed.     | Yes          | Yes          |
| prefix-port       | Prefix port record.<br><b>Note</b> The <b>peer</b><br>keyword is not<br>available for this<br>record.                        | Yes          |              |
| prefix-tos        | Prefix ToS record.   | Yes          |              |
| protocol-port     | Protocol ports record.<br>Note The peer<br>keyword is not<br>available for this<br>record.                                   | Yes          | Yes          |
| protocol-port-tos | Protocol port and ToS<br>record.<br>Note The peer<br>keyword is not<br>available for this<br>record.                         | Yes          |              |
| source-prefix     | Source autonomous<br>system and prefix record.<br>Note For IPv6, a<br>minimum prefix<br>mask length of 0<br>bits is assumed. | Yes          | Yes          |
| source-prefix-tos | Source Prefix and ToS record.  | Yes          |              |

# **Examples** The following example configures the flow monitor to use the NetFlow original record: Router(config) # flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-1 Router(config-flow-monitor) # record netflow-original The following example configures the flow monitor to use a user-defined record named collect-ipv4-data: Router(config) # flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-1 Router(config-flow-monitor) # record collect-ipv4-data The following example configures the flow monitor to use the Flexible NetFlow IPv4 destination prefix record: Router(config) # flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-1 Router(config-flow-monitor)# record netflow ipv4 destination-prefix The following example configures the flow monitor to use a the Flexible NetFlow IPv6 destination prefix record: Router(config) # flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-1 Router(config-flow-monitor)# record netflow ipv6 destination-prefix **Related Commands** Command Description flow monitor Creates a flow monitor.

# sampler

To create a Flexible NetFlow flow sampler, or to modify an existing Flexible NetFlow flow sampler, and to enter Flexible NetFlow sampler configuration mode, use the **sampler** command in global configuration mode. To remove a sampler, use the **no** form of this command.

sampler sampler-name

no sampler sampler-name

| Syntax Description | sampler-name | Name of the flow sampler that is being created or modified. |
|--------------------|--------------|---|
|--------------------|--------------|---|

**Command Default** Flexible NetFlow flow samplers are not configured.

# **Command Modes** Global configuration (config)

| <b>Command History</b> | Release                    | Modification   |
|------------------------|----------------------------|--|
|                        | 12.4(9)T                   | This command was introduced.   |
|                        | 12.2(31)SB2                | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(31)SB2.  |
|                        | 12.0(33)8                  | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented<br>on the Cisco 12000 series routers.  |
|                        | 12.2(33)SRC                | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented<br>on the Cisco 7200 series routers.   |
|                        | 12.2(33)SRE                | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented<br>on the Cisco 7300 Network Processing Engine (NPE) series routers.                                   |
|                        | 15.1(2)S                   | This command was modified. A hash collision between the name supplied<br>and any existing name is now possible. If this happens, you can retry,<br>supplying another name. |
|                        | 12.2(50)SY                 | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(50)SY.   |
|                        | Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE.   |

## **Usage Guidelines**

Flow samplers are used to reduce the load placed by Flexible NetFlow on the networking device to monitor traffic by limiting the number of packets that are analyzed. You configure a rate of sampling that is 1 out of

a range of 2 to 32,768 packets. For example, a rate of 1 out of 2 results in analysis of 50 percent of the packets sampled. Flow samplers are applied to interfaces in conjunction with a flow monitor to implement sampled Flexible NetFlow.

To enable flow sampling, you configure the record that you want to use for traffic analysis and assign it to a flow monitor. When you apply a flow monitor with a sampler to an interface, the sampled packets are analyzed at the rate specified by the sampler and compared with the flow record associated with the flow monitor. If the analyzed packets meet the criteria specified by the flow record, they are added to the flow monitor cache.

In Cisco IOS Release 15.1(2)S and later releases, a hash collision between the name supplied and any existing name is possible. If this happens, you can retry, supplying another name.

**Examples** 

The following example creates a flow sampler name SAMPLER-1:

Router(config)# sampler SAMPLER-1 Router(config-sampler)# The following example shows the output when there is a hash collision between the name supplied and any existing name:

```
Router(config-sampler)# sampler SAMPLER-1
% sampler: Failed to create a new Sampler (Hash value in use).
Router(config)#
```

## **Related Commands**

| Command Description |  |
|---------------------|--|
| clear sampler       | Clears the flow sampler statistics.              |
| debug sampler       | Enables debugging output for flow samplers.      |
| mode                | Configures a packet interval for a flow sampler. |
| show sampler        | Displays flow sampler status and statistics.     |

# show flow exporter

To display Flexible NetFlow flow exporter status and statistics, use the **show flow exporter** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show flow exporter [export-ids {netflow-v5| netflow-v9}| [name] *exporter-name* [statistics| templates] [option application {engines| table}]]

## **Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE**

show flow exporter [export-ids netflow-v9| [name] exporter-name [statistics| templates]]

## **Syntax Description**

| export-ids netflow-v5      | (Optional) Displays the NetFlow Version 5 export fields that can be exported and their IDs. |  |  |
|----------------------------|---|--|--|
| export-ids netflow-v9      | (Optional) Displays the NetFlow Version 9 export fields that can be exported and their IDs. |  |  |
| name                       | (Optional) Specifies the name of a flow exporter.   |  |  |
| exporter-name              | (Optional) Name of a flow exporter that was previously configured.                          |  |  |
| statistics                 | (Optional) Displays flow exporter statistics.   |  |  |
| templates                  | (Optional) Displays flow exporter template information.                                     |  |  |
| option application engines | (Optional) Displays the application engines option for flow exporters.                      |  |  |
| option application table   | (Optional) Displays the application table option for flow exporters.                        |  |  |

# **Command Modes** Privileged EXEC (#)

# **Command History**

| Release     | Modification  |
|-------------|---|
| 12.4(9)T    | This command was introduced.  |
| 12.2(31)SB2 | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(31)SB2.   |
| 12.0(33)8   | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented<br>on the Cisco 12000 series routers. |

| Release                    | Modification   |
|----------------------------|--|
| 12.2(33)SRC                | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented<br>on the Cisco 7200 series routers.   |
| 12.2(33)SRE                | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented<br>on the Cisco 7300 Network Processing Engine (NPE) series routers.                     |
| Cisco IOS XE 3.1S          | This command was modified. The <b>option</b> and <b>application</b> keywords were added.   |
| 12.2(50)SY                 | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(50)SY.   |
| 15.2.(2)T                  | This command was modified. The ability to display IPv6 addresses was added.  |
| Cisco IOS XE 3.5S          | This command was modified. The ability to display IPv6 addresses was added.  |
| Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE | This command was modified. The <b>export-ids netflow-v5</b> , <b>option application engines</b> , and <b>option application table</b> keywords were removed. |

# Examples

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The following example displays the status and statistics for all of the flow exporters configured on a router:

Router# show flow exporter

| Source Interface:<br>Transport Protocol:<br>Destination Port:<br>Source Port:                                     | Exports to the datacenter<br>NetFlow Version 9<br>172.16.10.2<br>172.16.6.2<br>Ethernet0/0 |
|---|--|
| Transport Protocol:<br>Destination Port:<br>Source Port:<br>DSCP:<br>TTL:   | Exports to the datacenter<br>NetFlow Version 9<br>2222::2/64<br>1111::1/64<br>UDP          |
| Options Configuration:<br>exporter-stats (timeout<br>interface-table (timeout<br>sampler-table (timeout 120 secon | t 120 seconds)   |

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The table below describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 3: show flow exporter Field Descriptions

| Field                   | Description  |
|-------------------------|--|
| Flow Exporter           | The name of the flow exporter that you configured.   |
| Description             | The description that you configured for the exporter, or the default description "User defined". |
| Transport Configuration | The transport configuration fields for this exporter.  |
| Destination IP address  | The IP address of the destination host.  |
| Source IP address       | The source IP address used by the exported packets.  |
| Transport Protocol      | The transport layer protocol used by the exported packets.                                       |
| Destination Port        | The destination UDP port to which the exported packets are sent.                                 |
| Source Port             | The source UDP port from which the exported packets are sent.                                    |
| DSCP                    | The differentiated services code point (DSCP) value.   |
| TTL                     | The time-to-live value.  |

The following example displays the NetFlow Version 9 export IDs for all of the flow exporters configured on a router. This output will vary according to the flow record configured:

```
Router# show flow exporter export-ids netflow-v9
```

| routing next-hop address ipv6 bgp : 18<br>routing next-hop address ipv6 bgp : 63<br>ipv4 theader-length : 207<br>ipv4 total-length minimum : 25<br>ipv4 total-length minimum : 25<br>ipv4 total-length maximum : 26<br>ipv4 total-length maximum : 26<br>ipv4 total-length maximum : 26<br>ipv4 fragmentation flags : 197<br>ipv4 fragmentation offset : 8<br>ipv4 source address : 8<br>ipv4 source mask : 9<br>ipv4 destination prefix : 44<br>ipv4 source mask : 13<br>ipv4 destination mask : 13<br>ipv4 destination mask : 13<br>ipv4 destination mask : 13<br>ipv4 destination-port : 11<br>transport source-port : 7<br>transport icmp-ipv4 type : 176<br>transport icmp-ipv4 type : 188<br>transport tcp source-port : 182<br>transport tcp source-port : 183<br>transport tcp destination-port : 183<br>transport tcp source-port : 185<br>transport tcp source-port : 186<br>transport tcp window-size : 186<br>transport tcp lags : 6<br>transport udp destination-port : 181<br>transport tcp lags : 6<br>transport udp message-length : 205<br>interface input snmp : 14<br>interface output snmp : 14<br>interface description : 61<br>flow sampler name : 82<br>flow direction : 61<br>flow sampler name : 84<br>flow sampler name : 99<br>counter bytes squared permanent : 89<br>counter bytes squared permanent : 86<br>counter packets permanent : 86<br>counter packets permanent : 86<br>counter packets permanent : 86<br>counter packets permanent : 99<br>counter bytes squared permanent : 99<br>counter packets perman   |                                   |       |     |
|--|-----------------------------------|-------|-----|
| routing next-hop address ipv6 bgp : 63<br>ipv4 header-length : 207<br>ipv4 total-length minimum : 25<br>ipv4 total-length minimum : 25<br>ipv4 total-length maximum : 26<br>ipv4 total-length maximum : 26<br>ipv4 total-length maximum : 26<br>ipv4 fragmentation flags : 197<br>ipv4 fragmentation offset : 88<br>ipv4 source address : 18<br>ipv4 source prefix : 44<br>ipv4 source mask : 9<br>ipv4 destination address : 12<br>ipv4 destination mask : 13<br>ipv4 options : 208<br>transport source-port : 11<br>transport icmp-ipv4 type : 176<br>transport icmp-ipv4 type : 177<br>transport icmp-ipv4 type : 176<br>transport tcp sequence-number : 183<br>transport tcp sequence-number : 185<br>transport tcp sequence-number : 185<br>transport tcp sequence-number : 185<br>transport tcp sequence-number : 186<br>transport tcp flags : 6<br>transport tcp sequence-number : 181<br>transport tcp flags : 6<br>transport tcp flags : 14<br>tinterface name : 83<br>flow direction : 61<br>flow sampler interval : 50<br>flow sampler interval : 50<br>flow sampler interval : 50<br>sounter flows : 33<br>counter bytes : 01<br>v9-scope interface : 2<br>v9-scope interface : 2<br>v9-scope interface : 2<br>counter bytes squared permanent : 84<br>flow class : 1<br>v9-scope template : 55<br>counter packets seported : 40<br>counter packets seported : 40<br>counter packets seported : 40<br>counter flows exported : 40<br>counter flows ex   | routing next-hop address ipv4 bgp | :     | 18  |
| <pre>ipv4 tos : 5<br/>ipv4 total-length minimum : 25<br/>ipv4 total-length maximum : 26<br/>ipv4 id : 54<br/>ipv4 fragmentation flags : 197<br/>ipv4 fragmentation offset : 88<br/>ipv4 source address : 8<br/>ipv4 source dadress : 12<br/>ipv4 destination address : 12<br/>ipv4 destination mask : 13<br/>ipv4 destination mask : 13<br/>ipv4 destination mask : 13<br/>ipv4 options : 208<br/>transport destination-port : 11<br/>transport icmp-ipv4 type : 176<br/>transport icmp-ipv4 type : 33<br/>transport tcp source-port : 183<br/>transport tcp source-port : 183<br/>transport tcp source-port : 183<br/>transport tcp source-port : 183<br/>transport tcp destination-port : 183<br/>transport tcp destination-port : 183<br/>transport tcp source-port : 183<br/>transport tcp destination-port : 183<br/>transport tcp lags : 6<br/>transport tcp lags : 6<br/>transport tcp flags : 6<br/>transport udp message-length : 205<br/>interface input snmp : 14<br/>interface name : 82<br/>flow direction : 61<br/>flow sampler name : 84<br/>flow sampler interval : 50<br/>flow sampler name : 48<br/>flow sampler interval : 50<br/>flow sampler name : 48<br/>flow sampler interval : 50<br/>flow sampler name : 48<br/>flow class : 51<br/>v9-scope system : 1<br/>counter bytes long : 2<br/>counter bytes long : 2<br/>counter packets long : 2<br/>counter packets long : 2<br/>counter packets seported : 40<br/>counter packets seported : 41<br/>counter flows exported : 42<br/>timestamp sys-uptime flast : 21</pre>   |                                   |       | 63  |
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| transport tcp header-length: 188transport tcp window-size: 186transport tcp urgent-pointer: 187transport tcp flags: 6transport udp source-port: 180transport udp destination-port: 181transport udp message-length: 205interface input snmp: 10interface output snmp: 14interface description: 83flow direction: 61flow exporter: 144flow sampler algorithm export: 48flow sampler interval: 50flow sampler interval: 50flow sampler interval: 51v9-scope interface: 2v9-scope interface: 2v9-scope interface: 3v9-scope template: 5counter bytes: 1counter bytes: 1counter packets: 2counter bytes squared long: 198counter bytes squared permanent: 86counter bytes squared permanent: 99counter bytes squared permanent: 99counter bytes squared permanent: 99counter packets permanent: 86counter packets permanent: 40counter bytes squared permanent: 199counter flows exported: 41counter flows exported: 41counter flows exported: 42timestamp sys-uptime first: 22timestamp sys-uptime last: 21   |                                   |       |     |
| transport tcp window-size: 186transport tcp urgent-pointer: 187transport udp source-port: 180transport udp destination-port: 181transport udp message-length: 205interface input snmp: 10interface output snmp: 14interface description: 83flow direction: 61flow sampler: 48flow sampler algorithm export: 144flow sampler name: 82flow sampler name: 48flow class: 51v9-scope interface: 2v9-scope linecard: 3v9-scope cache: 4v9-scope template: 5counter bytes: 1counter bytes: 1counter bytes squared long: 18counter bytes squared permanent: 86counter bytes squared permanent: 99counter bytes squared permanent: 99counter bytes squared permanent: 99counter bytes squared permanent: 199counter flows exported: 41counter bytes squared permanent: 22timestamp sys-uptime first: 22timestamp sys-uptime first: 21   |                                   |       |     |
| transport tcp urgent-pointer: 187transport tcp flags: 6transport udp source-port: 180transport udp destination-port: 181transport udp message-length: 205interface input snmp: 10interface output snmp: 14interface description: 83flow direction: 61flow sampler: 48flow sampler algorithm export: 49flow sampler name: 84flow class: 51v9-scope system: 1v9-scope template: 3counter bytes: 1counter bytes: 1counter bytes long: 2counter bytes squared long: 198counter bytes squared permanent: 86counter bytes squared permanent: 99counter packets exported: 40counter bytes squared permanent: 22timestamp sys-uptime first: 22   |                                   |       |     |
| transport tcp flags:6transport udp source-port:180transport udp destination-port:181transport udp message-length:205interface input snmp:10interface output snmp:14interface description:83flow direction:61flow exporter:144flow sampler:48flow sampler algorithm export:49flow sampler name:84flow class:51v9-scope system:1v9-scope interface:2v9-scope template:3counter bytes:1counter bytes:1counter bytes long:1counter bytes squared long:198counter bytes separted:40counter bytes separted:40counter bytes separted:41counter flows exported:41counter bytes separted:41counter bytes separted:41counter flows exported:41counter flows exported:42timestamp sys-uptime first::counter flows exported::timestamp sys-uptime first::counter flows exported::timestamp sys-uptime first::interface::timestamp sys-uptime last<   |                                   |       |     |
| transport udp source-port: 180transport udp destination-port: 181transport udp message-length: 205interface input snmp: 10interface output snmp: 14interface description: 83flow direction: 61flow sampler: 48flow sampler algorithm export: 49flow sampler name: 84flow class: 51v9-scope system: 1v9-scope linecard: 3v9-scope template: 5counter bytes: 1counter bytes: 1counter bytes: 1counter bytes squared long: 198counter bytes squared permanent: 86counter bytes squared permanent: 40counter bytes squared permanent: 40counter bytes squared permanent: 22timestamp sys-uptime first: 22timestamp sys-uptime last: 21   |                                   |       |     |
| transport udp destination-port: 181transport udp message-length: 205interface input snmp: 10interface output snmp: 14interface name: 82interface description: 83flow direction: 61flow sampler: 144flow sampler algorithm export: 48flow sampler interval: 50flow sampler name: 84flow class: 51v9-scope system: 1v9-scope interface: 2v9-scope cache: 4v9-scope template: 55counter bytes: 1counter bytes long: 1counter bytes squared long: 198counter bytes squared long: 199counter bytes squared long: 199counter bytes squared permanent: 86counter bytes squared permanent: 40counter bytes squared permanent: 41counter flows exported: 41counter flows exported: 41counter bytes squared permanent: 22timestamp sys-uptime first: 22timestamp sys-uptime last: 21   |                                   |       |     |
| transport udp message-length: 205interface input snmp: 10interface output snmp: 14interface name: 82interface description: 83flow direction: 61flow sampler: 144flow sampler algorithm export: 48flow sampler interval: 50flow sampler name: 84flow class: 51v9-scope system: 1v9-scope interface: 2v9-scope interface: 3v9-scope template: 5counter flows: 3counter bytes: 1counter packets: 2counter packets: 2counter bytes squared long: 198counter bytes squared permanent: 86counter bytes squared permanent: 40counter packets exported: 41counter bytes squared permanent: 22timestamp sys-uptime first: 22timestamp sys-uptime last: 21   |                                   |       |     |
| <pre>interface input snmp interface output snmp interface name interface name interface description interface interface description interface in</pre>   |                                   |       |     |
| interface output snmp:14interface name:82interface description:83flow direction:61flow exporter:144flow sampler:48flow sampler algorithm export:49flow sampler name:84flow class:51v9-scope system:1v9-scope interface:2v9-scope linecard:3v9-scope template:5counter bytes:1counter bytes long:1counter bytes squared long:2counter bytes separaent:85counter bytes separaent:86counter bytes squared permanent:199counter bytes squared permanent:40counter flows exported:40counter bytes squared permanent:22timestamp sys-uptime first:22timestamp sys-uptime last:21   |                                   |       |     |
| interface name:82interface description:83flow direction:61flow exporter:144flow sampler:48flow sampler algorithm export:49flow sampler interval:50flow sampler name:84flow class:51v9-scope system:1v9-scope interface:2v9-scope linecard:3v9-scope template:5counter flows:1counter bytes:1counter bytes long:1counter bytes squared long:18counter bytes separaent:85counter bytes separaent:199counter bytes squared permanent:40counter flows exported:41counter bytes squared permanent:22timestamp sys-uptime first:22timestamp sys-uptime last:21   |                                   |       |     |
| interface description:83flow direction:61flow exporter:144flow sampler:48flow sampler algorithm export:49flow sampler interval:50flow sampler name:84flow class:51v9-scope system:1v9-scope interface:2v9-scope linecard:3v9-scope template:5counter flows:3counter bytes:1counter packets:2counter bytes squared long:198counter bytes squared permanent:86counter bytes squared permanent:40counter packets exported:41counter flows exported:41counter flows exported:41counter flows exported:42timestamp sys-uptime first:22  |                                   |       |     |
| flow direction:61flow exporter:144flow sampler:48flow sampler algorithm export:49flow sampler interval:50flow sampler name:84flow class:51v9-scope system:1v9-scope interface:2v9-scope cache:4v9-scope template:5counter flows:3counter bytes:1counter packets:2counter bytes squared long:198counter bytes squared permanent:85counter bytes squared permanent:40counter packets exported:41counter flows exported:41counter flows exported:41counter flows exported:42timestamp sys-uptime first:22   |                                   |       |     |
| flow exporter:144flow sampler:48flow sampler algorithm export:49flow sampler interval:50flow sampler name:84flow class:51v9-scope system:1v9-scope interface:2v9-scope linecard:3v9-scope cache:4v9-scope template:5counter flows:3counter bytes:1counter bytes long:1counter packets:2counter bytes squared long:198counter bytes seprmanent:85counter bytes squared permanent:40counter bytes squared permanent:41counter flows exported:41counter flows system:22timestamp sys-uptime first:22timestamp sys-uptime last:21  |                                   |       |     |
| flow sampler:48flow sampler algorithm export:49flow sampler interval:50flow sampler name:84flow class:51v9-scope system:1v9-scope interface:2v9-scope linecard:3v9-scope template:5counter flows:3counter bytes:1counter bytes long:1counter packets:2counter bytes squared long:198counter bytes sepermanent:85counter bytes squared permanent:199counter bytes squared permanent:40counter flows exported:41counter bytes squared permanent:22timestamp sys-uptime first:22timestamp sys-uptime last:21  |                                   |       | 144 |
| flow sampler algorithm export:49flow sampler interval:50flow sampler name:84flow class:51v9-scope system:1v9-scope interface:2v9-scope linecard:3v9-scope template:5counter flows:1counter bytes:1counter bytes long:1counter packets:2counter bytes squared long:198counter bytes sepermanent:85counter bytes squared permanent:199counter bytes squared permanent:40counter flows exported:41counter bytes squared permanent:22timestamp sys-uptime first:22timestamp sys-uptime last:21   |                                   |       | 48  |
| flow sampler name:84flow class:51v9-scope system:1v9-scope interface:2v9-scope interface:3v9-scope cache:4v9-scope template:5counter flows:3counter bytes:1counter packets:2counter bytes squared long:198counter bytes squared long:198counter bytes squared permanent:85counter bytes squared permanent:40counter bytes squared permanent:41counter flows exported:41counter flows exported:42timestamp sys-uptime first:22  |                                   | :     | 49  |
| flow class:51v9-scope system:1v9-scope interface:2v9-scope linecard:3v9-scope cache:4v9-scope template:5counter flows:3counter bytes:1counter packets:2counter bytes squared long:198counter bytes squared long:198counter bytes squared long:199counter bytes squared permanent:86counter bytes squared permanent:40counter packets exported:41counter flows exported:42timestamp sys-uptime first:22   | flow sampler interval             | :     | 50  |
| v9-scope system:1v9-scope interface:2v9-scope linecard:3v9-scope cache:4v9-scope template:5counter flows:3counter bytes:1counter bytes long:1counter packets:2counter packets long:2counter bytes squared long:198counter bytes separanent:85counter bytes squared permanent:199counter bytes squared permanent:40counter flows exported:41counter flows exported:42timestamp sys-uptime first:22  | flow sampler name                 | :     | 84  |
| v9-scope interface:2v9-scope linecard:3v9-scope cache:4v9-scope template:5counter flows:3counter bytes:1counter bytes long:1counter packets:2counter bytes squared long:198counter bytes permanent:85counter bytes squared permanent:199counter bytes squared permanent:40counter packets exported:41counter flows exported:42timestamp sys-uptime first:22  | flow class                        | :     | 51  |
| v9-scope linecard: 3v9-scope cache: 4v9-scope template: 5counter flows: 3counter bytes: 1counter bytes long: 1counter packets: 2counter packets long: 2counter bytes squared long: 198counter bytes separate: 85counter packets permanent: 86counter bytes exported: 40counter bytes exported: 41counter flows exported: 42timestamp sys-uptime first: 22  | v9-scope system                   | :     |     |
| v9-scope cache:4v9-scope template:5counter flows:3counter bytes:1counter bytes long:1counter packets:2counter bytes squared long:198counter bytes squared long:198counter bytes squared long:198counter bytes squared long:198counter bytes squared permanent:85counter bytes squared permanent:40counter bytes exported:41counter flows exported:42timestamp sys-uptime first:22timestamp sys-uptime last:21  |                                   | :     |     |
| v9-scope template:5counter flows:3counter bytes:1counter bytes long:1counter packets:2counter packets long:2counter bytes squared long:198counter bytes permanent:85counter bytes squared permanent:86counter bytes squared permanent:40counter bytes exported:41counter flows exported:42timestamp sys-uptime first:22  | -                                 | :     |     |
| counter flows: 3counter bytes: 1counter bytes long: 1counter packets: 2counter packets long: 2counter bytes squared long: 198counter bytes squared long: 198counter bytes permanent: 85counter bytes squared permanent: 86counter bytes exported: 40counter packets exported: 41counter flows exported: 42timestamp sys-uptime first: 22timestamp sys-uptime last: 21  | -                                 |       |     |
| counter bytes:1counter bytes long:1counter packets:2counter packets long:2counter bytes squared long:198counter bytes permanent:85counter packets permanent:86counter bytes squared permanent:199counter bytes sexported:40counter packets exported:41counter flows exported:42timestamp sys-uptime first:22timestamp sys-uptime last:21   |                                   |       |     |
| counter bytes long:1counter packets:2counter packets long:2counter bytes squared long:198counter bytes permanent:85counter bytes squared permanent:86counter bytes squared permanent:199counter bytes exported:40counter flows exported:41counter flows exported:42timestamp sys-uptime first:22timestamp sys-uptime last:21   |                                   |       |     |
| counter packets:2counter packets long:2counter bytes squared long:198counter bytes permanent:85counter packets permanent:86counter bytes squared permanent:199counter bytes exported:40counter flows exported:41counter flows exported:42timestamp sys-uptime first:22timestamp sys-uptime last:21   | =                                 |       |     |
| counter packets long:2counter bytes squared long:198counter bytes permanent:85counter packets permanent:86counter bytes squared permanent:199counter bytes exported:40counter flows exported:41counter flows exported:42timestamp sys-uptime first:22timestamp sys-uptime last:21  |                                   |       |     |
| counter bytes squared long: 198counter bytes permanent: 85counter packets permanent: 86counter bytes squared permanent: 199counter bytes exported: 40counter packets exported: 41counter flows exported: 42timestamp sys-uptime first: 22timestamp sys-uptime last: 21   |                                   |       |     |
| counter bytes permanent:85counter packets permanent:86counter bytes squared permanent:199counter bytes exported:40counter packets exported:41counter flows exported:42timestamp sys-uptime first:22timestamp sys-uptime last:21  |                                   |       |     |
| counter packets permanent:86counter bytes squared permanent:199counter bytes exported:40counter packets exported:41counter flows exported:42timestamp sys-uptime first:22timestamp sys-uptime last:21  |                                   |       |     |
| counter bytes squared permanent: 199counter bytes exported: 40counter packets exported: 41counter flows exported: 42timestamp sys-uptime first: 22timestamp sys-uptime last: 21  |                                   |       |     |
| counter bytes exported: 40counter packets exported: 41counter flows exported: 42timestamp sys-uptime first: 22timestamp sys-uptime last: 21  |                                   |       |     |
| counter packets exported:41counter flows exported:42timestamp sys-uptime first:22timestamp sys-uptime last:21  |                                   |       |     |
| counter flows exported:42timestamp sys-uptime first:22timestamp sys-uptime last:21   |                                   |       |     |
| timestamp sys-uptime first : 22<br>timestamp sys-uptime last : 21  |                                   |       |     |
| timestamp sys-uptime last : 21   |                                   |       |     |
|  |                                   | :     |     |
|  |                                   | ics f |     |

The following example displays the status and statistics for all of the flow exporters configured on a router:

Router# show flow exporter name FLOW-MONITOR-1 statistics

```
Flow Exporter FLOW-MONITOR-1:
  Packet send statistics:
    Ok 0
    No FIB 0
    Adjacency failure 0
```

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```
Enqueued to process level 488

Enqueueing failed 0

IPC failed 0

Output failed 0

Fragmentation failed 0

Encap fixup failed 0

No destination address 0

Client send statistics:

Client: Flow Monitor FLOW-MONITOR-1

Records added 558

Packets sent 486 (51261 bytes)

Packets dropped 0 (0 bytes)

No Packet available errors 0

The table below describes the significant fields shown in the display.
```

## Table 4: show flow exporter name exporter-name statistics Field Descriptions

| Field   | Description   |
|---|---|
| Flow Exporter   | The name of the flow exporter that you configured.                    |
| Packet send statistics  | The packet transmission statistics for this exporter.                 |
| Ok  | The number of packets that have been sent successfully.               |
| No FIB  | No entry in the Forwarding Information Base (FIB) to forward to.      |
| Adjacency failure   | No Cisco Express Forwarding (CEF) adjacency available for forwarding. |
| Enqueued to process level   | Packets that were sent to the processor for forwarding.               |
| Enqueueing failed   | Packets that could not be queued for transmission.                    |
| IPC failed  | Packets for which interprocess communication (IPC) failed.            |
| Output failed   | Packets that were dropped because the output queue was full.          |
| Fragmentation failed  | Packets that were not able to be fragmented.                          |
| Encap fixup failed       Packets that were not able to be encapsula transmission on the egress interface. |   |
| No destination address  | No destination address configured for the exporter.                   |
| Client send statistics  | Statistics for the flow monitors that are using the exporters.        |
| Client  | The name of the flow monitor that is using the exporter.              |

| Field                     | Description   |
|---------------------------|---|
| Records added             | The number of flow records that have been added for this flow monitor.      |
| Packets sent              | The number of packets that have been exported for this flow monitor.        |
| Packets dropped           | The number of packets that were dropped for this flow monitor.              |
| No Packet available error | The number of times that no packets were available to transmit the records. |

The following example displays the template format for the exporters configured on the router. This output will vary according to the flow record configured:

### Router# show flow exporter FLOW\_EXPORTER-1 templates

```
Flow Exporter FLOW-MONITOR-1:
Client: Flow Monitor FLOW-MONITOR-1
Exporter Format: NetFlow Version 9
Template ID : 256
Record Size : 53
Template layout
```

| Field                         | Type1 | Offset2 | Size3 |
|-------------------------------|-------|---------|-------|
| ipv4 source address           | 8     | 0       | 4     |
| ipv4 destination address      | 12    | 4       | 4     |
| interface input snmp          | 10    | 8       | 4     |
| flow sampler                  | 48    | 12      | 4     |
| transport source-port         | 7     | 16      | 2     |
| transport destination-port    | 11    | 18      | 2     |
| ip tos                        | 194   | 20      | 1     |
| ip protocol                   | 4     | 21      | 1     |
| ipv4 source mask              | 9     | 22      | 1     |
| ipv4 destination mask         | 13    | 23      | 1     |
| transport tcp flags           | 6     | 24      | 1     |
| routing source as             | 16    | 25      | 2     |
| routing destination as        | 17    | 27      | 2     |
| routing next-hop address ipv4 | 15    | 29      | 4     |
| interface output snmp         | 14    | 33 j    | 4     |
| counter bytes                 | 1 1   | 37      | 4     |
| counter packets               | 2     | 41      | 4     |
| timestamp sys-uptime first    | 22    | 45      | 4     |
| timestamp sys-uptime last     | 21    | 49      | 4     |

## **Related Commands**

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| Command             | Description                                  |
|---------------------|--|
| clear flow exporter | Clears the statistics for exporters.         |
| debug flow exporter | Enables debugging output for flow exporters. |
| flow exporter       | Creates a flow exporter.                     |

# show flow interface

To display the Flexible NetFlow configuration and status for an interface, use the **show flow interface** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show flow interface [type number]

### **Syntax Description**

| type   | (Optional) The type of interface on which you want<br>to display Flexible NetFlow accounting configuration<br>information. |
|--------|--|
| number | (Optional) The number of the interface on which you want to display Flexible NetFlow accounting configuration information. |

## **Command Modes** Privileged EXEC (#)

## **Command History** Modification Release 12.4(9)T This command was introduced. 12.2(31)SB2 This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(31)SB2. 12.0(33)S This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented on the Cisco 12000 series routers. 12.2(33)SRC This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented on the Cisco 7200 series routers. 12.2(33)SRE This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented on the Cisco 7300 Network Processing Engine (NPE) series routers. 12.2(50)SY This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(50)SY. Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE This command was integrated into Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE.

## **Examples**

The following example displays the Flexible NetFlow accounting configuration on Ethernet interfaces 0/0 and 0/1:

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Router# show flow interface ethernet 1/0

Interface Ethernet1/0 FNF: monitor: FLOW-MONITOR-1 direction: Output traffic(ip): on
Router# show flow interface ethernet 0/0
Interface Ethernet0/0
FNF: monitor: FLOW-MONITOR-1
direction: Input
traffic(ip): sampler SAMPLER-2#
The table below describes the significant fields shown in the display.

### Table 5: show flow interface Field Descriptions

| Field       | Description  |
|-------------|--|
| Interface   | The interface to which the information applies.  |
| monitor     | The name of the flow monitor that is configured on the interface.  |
| direction:  | The direction of traffic that is being monitored by the flow monitor.                                    |
|             | The possible values are:   |
|             | • Input—Traffic is being received by the interface.  |
|             | • Output—Traffic is being transmitted by the interface.  |
| traffic(ip) | Indicates if the flow monitor is in normal mode or sampler mode.   |
|             | The possible values are:   |
|             | • on—The flow monitor is in normal mode.   |
|             | • sampler—The flow monitor is in sampler mode (the name of the sampler will be included in the display). |
|             |  |

## **Related Commands**

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| Command           | Description                                  |
|-------------------|--|
| show flow monitor | Displays flow monitor status and statistics. |

# show flow monitor

To display the status and statistics for a Flexible NetFlow flow monitor, use the **show flow monitor** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show flow monitor [[name] monitor-name [cache [format {csv| record| table}]] [statistics]]

## **Syntax Description**

| name         | (Optional) Specifies the name of a flow monitor.  |
|--------------|---|
| monitor-name | (Optional) Name of a flow monitor that was previously configured.                                 |
| cache        | (Optional) Displays the contents of the cache for the flow monitor.                               |
| format       | (Optional) Specifies the use of one of the format<br>options for formatting the display output.   |
| csv          | (Optional) Displays the flow monitor cache contents<br>in comma separated variables (CSV) format. |
| record       | (Optional) Displays the flow monitor cache contents in record format.                             |
| table        | (Optional) Displays the flow monitor cache contents in table format.                              |
| statistics   | (Optional) Displays the statistics for the flow monitor.  |

# **Command Modes** Privileged EXEC (#)

# **Command History**

| Release  | Modification  |  |
|--|---|--|
| 12.4(9)T   | This command was introduced.  |  |
| 12.2(31)SB2  | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(31)SB2.                                       |  |
| 12.0(33)SThis command was modified. Support for this command was implement<br>on the Cisco 12000 series routers. |   |  |
| 12.2(33)SRC  | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented on the Cisco 7200 series routers. |  |

Flow Exporter

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|         | Release  | Modification  |
|---------|--|---|
|         | 12.4(20)T  | This command was modified. Support for displaying IPv6 data in Flexible NetFlow flow monitor caches was added.  |
|         | 15.0(1)M   | This command was modified. Support for displaying virtual routing and forwarding (VRF) and Network Based Application Recognition (NBAR) data in Flexible NetFlow flow monitor caches was added.   |
|         | 12.2(33)SRE  | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented<br>on the Cisco 7200 and Cisco 7300 Network Processing Engine (NPE) series<br>routers.  |
|         | Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE   | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE.  |
| delines | The <b>cache</b> keyword uses the ta   | able format by default  |
|         | are key fields that Flexible Ne  | the display output of the <b>show flowmonitor</b> <i>monitor-name</i> <b>cache</b> command tFlow uses to differentiate flows. The lowercase field names in the display <b>tor</b> <i>monitor-name</i> <b>cache</b> command are nonkey fields from which Flexible ditional data for the cache. |
|         |  | ys the status for a flow monitor:   |
|         | Flow Record: netf  |   |
|         | EXP-<br>Cache:<br>Type: no<br>Status: al<br>Size: 40<br>Inactive Timeout: 15   | DC-PHOENIX<br>rmal<br>located<br>96 entries / 311316 bytes<br>secs  |
|         | Active Timeout: 1800 secs<br>Update Timeout: 1800 secs<br>The table below describes the significant fields shown in the display. |   |
|         | Table 6: show flow monitor monit   | tor-name Field Descriptions   |
|         | Field  | Description   |
|         | Flow Monitor   | Name of the flow monitor that you configured.   |
|         | Description  | Description that you configured or the monitor, or the default description "User defined".  |
|         | Flow Record  | Flow record assigned to the flow monitor.   |
|         |  |   |

Exporters that are assigned to the flow monitor.

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| Field            | Description  |
|------------------|--|
| Cache            | Information about the cache for the flow monitor.  |
| Туре             | Flow monitor cache type.                           |
|                  | The possible values are:                           |
|                  | • immediate—Flows are expired immediately.         |
|                  | • normal—Flows are expired normally.               |
|                  | • Permanent—Flows are never expired.               |
| Status           | Status of the flow monitor cache.                  |
|                  | The possible values are:                           |
|                  | • allocated—The cache is allocated.                |
|                  | • being deleted—The cache is being deleted.        |
|                  | • not allocated—The cache is not allocated.        |
| Size             | Current cache size.                                |
| Inactive Timeout | Current value for the inactive timeout in seconds. |
| Active Timeout   | Current value for the active timeout in seconds.   |
| Update Timeout   | Current value for the update timeout in seconds.   |

The following example displays the status, statistics, and data for the flow monitor named FLOW-MONITOR-1:

Router# show flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-1 cache

| Cache type:<br>Cache size:<br>Current entries:<br>High Watermark: |             | Normal<br>4096<br>8<br>10 |
|---|-------------|---------------------------|
| Flows added:  |             | 1560                      |
| Flows aged:   |             | 1552                      |
| - Active timeout (  | 1800 secs)  | 24                        |
| - Inactive timeout (  | 15 secs)    | 1528                      |
| - Event aged  |             | 0                         |
| - Watermark aged  |             | 0                         |
| <ul> <li>Emergency aged</li> </ul>                                |             | 0                         |
| IP TOS:   | 0x00        |                           |
| IP PROTOCOL:  | 6           |                           |
| IPV4 SOURCE ADDRESS:  | 10.10.10.2  |                           |
| IPV4 DESTINATION ADDRESS:   | 172.16.10.2 |                           |
| TRNS SOURCE PORT:   | 20          |                           |
| TRNS DESTINATION PORT:  | 20          |                           |
| INTERFACE INPUT:  | Et0/0       |                           |
| FLOW SAMPLER ID:  | 0           |                           |
| ip source as:   | 0           |                           |
| ip destination as:  | 0           |                           |
| ipv4 next hop address:  | 172.16.7.2  |                           |
| ipv4 source mask:   | /0          |                           |
| ipv4 destination mask:  | /24         |                           |

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| tcp flags:   | 0x00     |  |
|--|----------|--|
| interface output:  | Et1/0    |  |
| counter bytes:   | 198520   |  |
| counter packets:   | 4963     |  |
| timestamp first:   | 10564356 |  |
| timestamp last:  | 12154104 |  |
| The table below describes the significant fields shown in the display. |          |  |

Table 7: show flow monitor monitor-name cache Field Descriptions

| Field                    | Description   |
|--------------------------|---|
| Cache type               | Flow monitor cache type.  |
|                          | The possible values are:  |
|                          | • Immediate—Flows are expired immediately.  |
|                          | • Normal—Flows are expired normally.  |
|                          | • Permanent—Flows are never expired.  |
| Cache Size               | Number of entries in the cache.   |
| Current entries          | Number of entries in the cache that are in use.   |
| High Watermark           | Highest number of cache entries seen.   |
| Flows added              | Flows added to the cache since the cache was created.   |
| Flows aged               | Flows expired from the cache since the cache was created.   |
| Active timeout           | Current value for the active timeout in seconds.  |
| Inactive timeout         | Current value for the inactive timeout in seconds.  |
| Event aged               | Number of flows that have been aged by an event such as using the <b>force-export</b> option for the <b>clear flow monitor</b> command. |
| Watermark aged           | Number of flows that have been aged because they exceeded the maximum high watermark value.   |
| Emergency aged           | Number of flows that have been aged because the cache size was exceeded.  |
| IP TOS                   | IP type of service (ToS) value.   |
| IP PROTOCOL              | Protocol number.  |
| IPV4 SOURCE ADDRESS      | IPv4 source address.  |
| IPV4 DESTINATION ADDRESS | IPv4 destination address.   |

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| Field                 | Description  |
|-----------------------|--|
| TRNS SOURCE PORT      | Source port for the transport protocol.                        |
| TRNS DESTINATION PORT | Destination port for the transport protocol.                   |
| INTERFACE INPUT       | Interface on which the input is received.                      |
| FLOW SAMPLER ID       | Flow sampler ID number.  |
| ip source as          | Border Gateway Protocol (BGP) source autonomous system number. |
| ip destination as     | BGP destination autonomous system number.                      |
| ipv4 next hop address | IPv4 address of the next hop to which the packet is forwarded. |
| ipv4 source mask      | IPv4 source address mask.                                      |
| ipv4 destination mask | IPv4 destination address mask.                                 |
| tcp flags             | Value of the TCP flags.  |
| interface output      | Interface on which the input is transmitted.                   |
| counter bytes         | Number of bytes that have been counted.                        |
| counter packets       | Number of packets that have been counted.                      |
| timestamp first       | Time stamp of the first packet in the flow.                    |
| timestamp last        | Time stamp of the last packet in the flow.                     |

The following example displays the status, statistics, and data for the flow monitor named FLOW-MONITOR-1 in a table format:

| Router# | show | flow | monitor | FLOW-MONITOR-1 | cache | format | table |  |
|---------|------|------|---------|----------------|-------|--------|-------|--|
|---------|------|------|---------|----------------|-------|--------|-------|--|

| Cache type:<br>Cache size: |                 | Normal<br>4096 |               |               |
|----------------------------|-----------------|----------------|---------------|---------------|
| Current entri              | es:             | 4              |               |               |
| High Watermar              | <:              | 6              |               |               |
| Flows added:               |                 | 90             |               |               |
| Flows aged:                |                 | 86             |               |               |
|                            | neout ( 1800 se | ecs) 0         |               |               |
| - Inactive                 | timeout ( 15 se | ecs) 86        |               |               |
| - Event age                | d t             | 0              |               |               |
| - Watermark                |                 | 0              |               |               |
| - Emergency                | 2               | 0              |               |               |
| 2 1                        | IPV4 SRC ADDR   | IPV4 DST ADDR  | TRNS SRC PORT | TRNS DST PORT |
| 0x00 1                     | 10.251.10.1     | 172.16.10.2    | 0             | 02            |
| 0x00 1                     | 10.251.10.1     | 172.16.10.2    | 0             | 20484         |
| 0xC0 17                    | 172.16.6.1      | 224.0.0.9      | 520           | 5202          |

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0x00 6 10.10.11.1 172.16.10.5 25 252 Router#

The following example displays the status, statistics, and data for the flow monitor named FLOW-MONITOR-IPv6 (the cache contains IPv6 data) in record format:

Router# show flow monitor name FLOW-MONITOR-IPv6 cache format record

| Cache type:<br>Cache size:<br>Current entries:<br>High Watermark:<br>Flows added:<br>Flows aged: |               | Normal<br>4096<br>6<br>8<br>1048<br>1042 |
|--|---------------|--|
| - Active timeout (   | 1800 secs)    | 11                                       |
| - Inactive timeout (   |               | 1031                                     |
| - Event aged   | ,             | 0  |
| - Watermark aged   |               | 0  |
| - Emergency aged   |               | 0  |
| IPV6 FLOW LABEL:   | 0             |  |
| IPV6 EXTENSION MAP:  | 0x0000040     |  |
| IPV6 SOURCE ADDRESS:   | 2001:DB8:1:AE | BCD::1                                   |
| IPV6 DESTINATION ADDRESS:  |               | BCD::2                                   |
| TRNS SOURCE PORT:  | 3000          |  |
| TRNS DESTINATION PORT:   | 55            |  |
| INTERFACE INPUT:   | Et0/0         |  |
| FLOW DIRECTION:  | Input         |  |
| FLOW SAMPLER ID:   | 0             |  |
| IP PROTOCOL:   | 17            |  |
| IP TOS:  | 0x00          |  |
| ip source as:  | 0             |  |
| ip destination as:   | 0             |  |
| ipv6 next hop address:   | ::            |  |
| ipv6 source mask:  | /48           |  |
| ipv6 destination mask:   | /0<br>0x00    |  |
| tcp flags:   | Null          |  |
| interface output:  | 521192        |  |
| counter bytes:<br>counter packets:   | 9307          |  |
| timestamp first:   | 9899684       |  |
| timestamp last:  | 11660744      |  |
| crucescamp rast.   | TT000/44      |  |

The table below describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 8: show flow monitor monitor-name cache format record Field Descriptions

| Field           | Description   |
|-----------------|---|
| Cache type      | Flow monitor cache type.                              |
|                 | The possible values are:                              |
|                 | • Immediate—Flows are expired immediately.            |
|                 | • Normal—Flows are expired normally.                  |
|                 | • Permanent—Flows are never expired.                  |
| Cache Size      | Number of entries in the cache.                       |
| Current entries | Number of entries in the cache that are in use.       |
| High Watermark  | Highest number of cache entries seen.                 |
| Flows added     | Flows added to the cache since the cache was created. |

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| Field                    | Description  |
|--------------------------|--|
| Flows aged               | Flows expired from the cache since the cache was created.  |
| Active timeout           | Current value for the active timeout in seconds.   |
| Inactive timeout         | Current value for the inactive timeout in seconds.   |
| Event aged               | Number of flows that have been aged by an event<br>such as using the <b>force-export</b> option for the <b>clear</b><br><b>flow monitor</b> command. |
| Watermark aged           | Number of flows that have been aged because they exceeded the maximum high watermark value.  |
| Emergency aged           | Number of flows that have been aged because the cache size was exceeded.   |
| IPV6 FLOW LABEL          | Label number for the flow.   |
| IPV6 EXTENSION MAP       | Pointer to the IPv6 extensions.  |
| IPV6 SOURCE ADDRESS      | IPv6 source address.   |
| IPV6 DESTINATION ADDRESS | IPv6 destination address.  |
| TRNS SOURCE PORT         | source port for the transport protocol.  |
| TRNS DESTINATION PORT    | Destination port for the transport protocol.   |
| INTERFACE INPUT          | Interface on which the input is received.  |
| FLOW DIRECTION           | Input or output.   |
| FLOW SAMPLER ID          | Flow sampler ID number.  |
| IP PROTOCOL              | IP protocol number.  |
| IP TOS                   | IP ToS number.   |
| ip source as             | BGP source autonomous system number.   |
| ip destination as        | BGP destination autonomous system number.  |
| ipv6 next hop address    | IPv4 address of the next hop to which the packet is forwarded.   |
| ipv6 source mask         | IPv6 source address mask.  |
| ipv6 destination mask    | IPv6 destination address mask.   |

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| Field            | Description                                  |
|------------------|--|
| tcp flags        | Value of the TCP flags.                      |
| interface output | Interface on which the input is transmitted. |
| counter bytes    | Number of bytes that have been counted.      |
| counter packets  | Number of packets that have been counted.    |
| timestamp first  | Time stamp of the first packet in the flow.  |
| timestamp last   | Time stamp of the last packet in the flow.   |

The following example displays the status and statistics for a flow monitor:

Router# show flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-1 statistics

| Cache type:<br>Cache size:<br>Current entries:<br>High Watermark:<br>Flows added: | Normal<br>4096<br>4<br>6<br>116 |
|---|---------------------------------|
| Flows added:<br>Flows aged:   | 116<br>112                      |
| - Active timeout ( 1800 secs)   | 0                               |
| - Inactive timeout ( 15 secs)   | 112                             |
| - Event aged  | 0                               |
| - Watermark aged  | 0                               |
| <ul> <li>Emergency aged</li> </ul>  | 0                               |

The table below describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 9: show flow monitor monitor-name statistics Field Descriptions

| Field           | Description   |
|-----------------|---|
| Cache Type      | Flow monitor cache type.                                  |
|                 | The possible values are:                                  |
|                 | • Immediate—Flows are expired immediately.                |
|                 | • Normal—Flows are expired normally.                      |
|                 | • Permanent—Flows are never expired.                      |
|                 |   |
| Cache Size      | Size of the cache.  |
| Current entries | Number of entries in the cache that are in use.           |
| High Watermark  | Highest number of cache entries seen.                     |
| Flows added     | Flows added to the cache since the cache was created.     |
| Flows aged      | Flows expired from the cache since the cache was created. |

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| Field            | Description   |
|------------------|---|
| Active Timeout   | Current value for the active timeout in seconds.  |
| Inactive Timeout | Current value for the inactive timeout in seconds.  |
| Event aged       | Number of flows that have been aged by an event such as using the <b>force-export</b> option for the <b>clear flow monitor</b> command. |
| Watermark aged   | Number of flows that have been aged because they exceeded the maximum high watermark value.   |
| Emergency aged   | Number of flows that have been aged because the cache size was exceeded.  |

# **Related Commands**

| Command            | Description                                 |  |
|--------------------|---|--|
| clear flow monitor | Clears the flow monitor.                    |  |
| debug flow monitor | Enables debugging output for flow monitors. |  |

# show flow monitor cache aggregate

To display aggregated flow statistics from a flow monitor cache, use the **show flow monitor cache aggregate** command in privileged EXEC mode.

**show flow monitor [name]** *monitor-name* **cache aggregate** {*options* [... *options*] [**collect** *options* [... *options*]]| **record** *record-name*} [**format** {**csv**| **record**| **table**}]

## **Syntax Description**

| name               | (Optional) Specifies the name of a flow monitor.   |
|--------------------|--|
| monitor-name       | Name of a flow monitor that was previously configured.   |
| options            | Fields upon which aggregation is performed; and from<br>which additional data from the cache is displayed<br>when the <b>collect</b> keyword is used. You can specify<br>multiple values for the <i>options</i> argument. See the<br>"Usage Guidelines" section. |
| collect            | (Optional) Displays additional data from the cache.<br>See the "Usage Guidelines" section.   |
| record record-name | Specifies the name of a user-defined flow record or<br>a predefined flow record. See the first table below for<br>a listing of the available predefined records and their<br>definitions.  |
| format             | (Optional) Specifies the use of one of the format options for formatting the display output.   |
| csv                | Displays the flow monitor cache contents in comma-separated variables (CSV) format.  |
| record             | Displays the flow monitor cache contents in record format.   |
| table              | Displays the flow monitor cache contents in table format.  |

# **Command Modes** Privileged EXEC (#)

## **Command History**

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| Release   | Modification                 |
|-----------|------------------------------|
| 12.4(22)T | This command was introduced. |

| Release                    | Modification   |
|----------------------------|--|
| 12.2(33)SRE                | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented on the Cisco 7200 and Cisco 7300 Network Processing Engine (NPE) series routers. |
| 12.2(50)SY                 | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(50)SY.   |
| Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE.   |

## Usage Guidelines Flexible NetFlow—Top N Talkers Support

The **show flow monitor cacheaggregate** command is one of a set of three commands that make up the Flexible NetFlow—Top N Ta lkers Support feature. The Flexible NetFlow—Top N Talkers Support feature is used to manipulate the display output from the Flexible NetFlow cache to facilitate the analysis of network traffic.

The other two commands that make up the Flexible NetFlow—Top N Talkers Support feature are **show flow monitor cache filter** and **show flow monitor cache sort**. The three commands can be used together or on their own, depending on your requirements. For more detailed information about these commands, see the **show flow monitor cache filter** command and the **show flow monitor cache sort** command. For information about how the three commands are used together, refer to the "Configuring Cisco IOS Flexible NetFlow—Top N Talkers Support" module in the *Configuring Cisco IOS Flexible NetFlow Configuration Guide*.

#### **Flow Aggregation**

Flow aggregation using the **showflow monitor cache aggregate** command allows you to dynamically display the flow information in a cache using a different flow record than the cache was originally created from. Only the fields in the cache will be available for the aggregated flows.

Note

The key and nonkey fields in the flows are defined in the flow record that you assigned to the flow monitor from which the cache data is being aggregated.

Aggregation helps you achieve a higher-level view of the traffic in your network by combining flow data from multiple flows based on the criteria that interest you, for example, displaying flow data for:

- All the HTTP traffic in your network.
- All the traffic being forwarded to a specific Border Gateway Protocol (BGP) next hop.
- Identifying a device that is sending several types of traffic to one or more hosts in your network, perhaps as part of a denial of service (DoS) attack.

#### **Aggregation options Argument**

The options that you can use for the *options* argument of the **show flow monitor cache aggregate** command are dependent on the fields that are used for the user-defined flow record that you configured for the flow monitor using the **record** command. To identify the options that you can use, use the **show flow record***record-name* command in privileged EXEC mode, where *record-name* is the name of the record that you configured for the flow monitor.

For example, if you assigned the "NetFlow Original" predefined record to a flow monitor, you use the **show flow record netflow-original** command to display its key (match) and nonkey (collect) fields. The following is partial output from the **show flow record netflow-original** command:

```
flow record netflow-original:
    Description: Traditional IPv4 input NetFlow with origin ASs
    No. of users: 2
    Total field space: 53 bytes
    Fields:
        match ipv4 tos
        match ipv4 protocol
        match ipv4 source address
        match ipv4 destination address
.
.
.
.
collect counter packets
    collect timestamp sys-uptime first
    collect timestamp sys-uptime last
```

The fields from this partial output that you can use for the *option* argument follow the **match** (key fields) and **collect** (nonkey fields) words. For example, you can use the "ipv4 tos" field to aggregate the flows as shown in the first example in the "Examples section.

## **Cache Data Fields Displayed**

By default the data fields from the cache that are shown in the display output of the **show flow monitor cache aggregate** command are limited to the field used for aggregation and the counter fields such as flows, number of bytes, and the number of packets. The following is partial output from the **show flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-3 cache aggregate ipv4 destination address** command:

| IPV4 DST ADDR   | flows | bytes | pkts |
|-----------------|-------|-------|------|
|                 |       |       |      |
| 224.192.16.1    | 2     | 97340 | 4867 |
| 224.192.18.1    | 3     | 96080 | 4804 |
| 224.192.16.4    | 4     | 79760 | 3988 |
| 224.192.45.12   | 3     | 77480 | 3874 |
| 255.255.255.255 | 1     | 52    | 1    |

Notice that the data contains only the IPv4 destination addresses for which flows have been aggregated and the counter values.

The flow monitor (FLOW-MONITOR-3) referenced by the **show flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-3 cache aggregate ipv4 destination address** command uses the "NetFlow Original" predefined record, which contains the following key and nonkey fields:

- match ipv4 tos
- match ipv4 protocol
- match ipv4 source address
- match ipv4 destination address
- match transport source-port
- match transport destination-port
- match interface input
- match flow sampler
- · collect routing source as
- collect routing destination as

- collect routing next-hop address ipv4
- collect ipv4 source mask
- collect ipv4 destination mask
- collect transport tcp flags
- collect interface output
- collect counter bytes
- collect counter packets
- · collect timestamp sys-uptime first
- · collect timestamp sys-uptime last

The collect keyword is used to include additional cache data in the display output of the show flow monitor cache aggregate command. The following partial output from theshow flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-3 cache aggregate ipv4 destination address collect transport tcp flags command shows the transport TCP flags data from the cache:

| IPV4 DST ADDR   | tcp flags | flows | bytes  | pkts |
|-----------------|-----------|-------|--------|------|
|                 |           |       |        |      |
| 224.192.16.1    | 0x00      | 4     | 165280 | 8264 |
| 224.192.18.1    | 0x00      | 4     | 158660 | 7933 |
| 224.192.16.4    | 0x00      | 3     | 146740 | 7337 |
| 224.192.45.12   | 0x00      | 4     | 145620 | 7281 |
| 255.255.255.255 | 0x00      | 1     | 52     | 1    |
| 224.0.0.13      | 0x00      | 1     | 54     | 1    |

You can add cache data fields after the **collect** keyword to show additional data from the cache in the display output of the **show flow monitor cache aggregate** command.

### Keywords and Descriptions for the record Argument

The table below describes the keywords for the *record* argument.

#### Table 10: Keywords and Descriptions for the Aggregate record Argument

| Keyword            | Description   | IPv4 Support | IPv6 Support |
|--------------------|---|--------------|--------------|
| as                 | Autonomous system record.   | Yes          | Yes          |
| as-tos             | Autonomous system and ToS record.   | Yes          | No           |
| bgp-nexthop-tos    | BGP next-hop and ToS record.  | Yes          | No           |
| bgp-nexthop        | BGP next-hop record.  | No           | Yes          |
| destination-prefix | Destination prefix record.<br><b>Note</b> For IPv6, a<br>minimum prefix<br>mask length of 0<br>bits is assumed. | Yes          | Yes          |

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| Keyword                | Description  | IPv4 Support | IPv6 Support |
|------------------------|--|--------------|--------------|
| destination-prefix-tos | Destination prefix and ToS record.   | Yes          | No           |
| original-input         | Traditional IPv4 input<br>NetFlow.   | Yes          | Yes          |
| original-output        | Traditional IPv4 output<br>NetFlow.  | Yes          | Yes          |
| prefix                 | Source and destination<br>prefixes record.<br>Note For IPv6, a<br>minimum prefix<br>mask length of 0<br>bits is assumed.     | Yes          | Yes          |
| prefix-port            | Prefix port record.         Note       The peer         keyword is not         available for this         record.            | Yes          | No           |
| prefix-tos             | Prefix ToS record.   | Yes          | No           |
| protocol-port          | Protocol ports record.         Note       The peer<br>keyword is not<br>available for this<br>record.                        | Yes          | Yes          |
| protocol-port-tos      | Protocol port and ToS record.         Note       The peer keyword is not available for this record.                          | Yes          | No           |
| source-prefix          | Source autonomous<br>system and prefix record.<br>Note For IPv6, a<br>minimum prefix<br>mask length of 0<br>bits is assumed. | Yes          | Yes          |
| source-prefix-tos      | Source prefix and ToS record.  | Yes          | No           |

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## **Examples**

The following example aggregates the flow monitor cache data on the destination and source IPv4 addresses:

Router# show flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-1 cache aggregate ipv4 destination address ipv4 source address

| Processed 26 flc<br>Aggregated to 17<br>IPV4 SRC ADDR |               | flows    | bytes     | pkts |
|---|---------------|----------|-----------|------|
| 10.251.10.1   | 172.16.10.2   | 2        | 1400828   | 1364 |
| 192.168.67.6  | 172.16.10.200 | 1        | 19096     | 682  |
| 10.234.53.1   | 172.16.10.2   | 3        | 73656     | 2046 |
| 172.30.231.193  | 172.16.10.2   | 3        | 73616     | 2045 |
| 10.10.10.2  | 172.16.10.2   | 2        | 54560     | 1364 |
| 192.168.87.200  | 172.16.10.2   | 2        | 54560     | 1364 |
| 10.10.10.4  | 172.16.10.4   | 1        | 27280     | 682  |
| 10.10.11.1  | 172.16.10.5   | 1        | 27280     | 682  |
| 10.10.11.2  | 172.16.10.6   | 1        | 27280     | 682  |
| 10.10.11.3  | 172.16.10.7   | 1        | 27280     | 682  |
| 10.10.11.4  | 172.16.10.8   | 1        | 27280     | 682  |
| 10.1.1.1  | 172.16.10.9   | 1        | 27280     | 682  |
| 10.1.1.2  | 172.16.10.10  | 1        | 27280     | 682  |
| 10.1.1.3  | 172.16.10.11  | 1        | 27280     | 682  |
| 172.16.1.84   | 172.16.10.19  | 2        | 54520     | 1363 |
| 172.16.1.85   | 172.16.10.20  | 2        | 54520     | 1363 |
| 172.16.6.1  | 224.0.0.9     | 1        | 52        | 1    |
|   |               | · C 11 1 | • .1 1• 1 |      |

The table below describes the significant fields shown in the display.

## Table 11: show flow monitor cache aggregate Field Descriptions

| Field                    | Description  |
|--------------------------|--|
| IPV4 SOURCE ADDRESS      | IPv4 source address.   |
| IPV4 DESTINATION ADDRESS | IPv4 destination address.  |
| flows                    | Numbers of flows associated with the source/destination IP address combination |
| bytes                    | Number of bytes contained in the flows.  |
| packets                  | Number of packets contained in the flows.                                      |

## **Related Commands**

| Command                        | Description   |
|--------------------------------|---|
| show flow monitor cache filter | Filters the display output of flow records from a flow monitor cache. |
| show flow monitor cache sort   | Sorts the display output of flow records from a flow monitor cache.   |

# show flow monitor cache filter

To filter the display output of statistics from the flows in a flow monitor cache, use the show flow monitor cache filter command in privileged EXEC mode.

show flow monitor [name] monitor-name cache filter options [regexp regexp] [... options [regexp regexp]] [format {csv| record| table}]

#### **Syntax Description**

| name          | (Optional) Specifies the name of a flow monitor.   |
|---------------|--|
| monitor-name  | Name of a flow monitor that was previously configured.   |
| options       | Fields upon which filtering is performed. You can specify multiple values for the <i>options</i> argument. See the "Usage Guidelines" section. |
| regexp regexp | (Optional) Match the field specified with the <i>options</i> argument against a regular expression. See the "Usage Guidelines" section.        |
| format        | (Optional) Specifies the use of one of the format options for formatting the display output.   |
| csv           | Displays the flow monitor cache contents in comma-separated variables (CSV) format.  |
| record        | Displays the flow monitor cache contents in record format.   |
| table         | Displays the flow monitor cache contents in table format.  |

#### **Command Modes** Privileged EXEC (#)

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| <b>Command History</b> | Release     | Modification   |
|------------------------|-------------|--|
|                        | 12.4(22)T   | This command was introduced.   |
|                        | 12.2(33)SRE | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented on the Cisco 7200 and Cisco 7300 Network Processing Engine (NPE) series routers. |
|                        | 12.2(50)SY  | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(50)SY.   |

| Release                    | Modification   |
|----------------------------|--|
| Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE. |

#### Usage Guidelines Flexible NetFlow—Top N Talkers Support

The **show flow monitor cache filter** command is one of a set of three commands that make up the Flexible NetFlow—Top N Talkers Support feature. The Flexible NetFlow—Top N Talkers Support feature is used to manipulate the display output from the Flexible NetFlow cache to facilitate the analysis of network traffic.

The other two commands that make up the Flexible NetFlow—Top N Talkers Support feature are **show flow monitor cache sort** and **show flow monitor cache aggregate**. The three commands can be used together or on their own, depending on your requirements. For more detailed information about these commands, see the **show flow monitor cache sort** command and the **show flow monitor cache aggregate** command. For information about how the three commands are used together, refer to the "Configuring Cisco IOS Flexible NetFlow—Top N Talkers Support" module in the *Configuring Cisco IOS Flexible NetFlow Configuration Guide*.

#### **Filter options Argument**

The options that you can use for the *options* argument of the **show flow monitor cache filter** command are dependent on the fields that are used for the record that you configured for the flow monitor using the **record** command. To identify the options that you can use, use the **show flow record** *record-name* command in privileged EXEC mode, where *record-name* is the name of the record that you configured for the flow monitor.

For example, if you assigned the "NetFlow Original" predefined record to a flow monitor, you use the **show flow record netflow-original** command to display its key (match) and nonkey (collect) fields. The following is partial output from the **show** command:

```
flow record netflow-original:
    Description: Traditional IPv4 input NetFlow with origin ASs
    No. of users: 2
    Total field space: 53 bytes
    Fields:
        match ipv4 tos
        match ipv4 protocol
        match ipv4 source address
        match ipv4 destination address
.
.
.
.
collect counter packets
    collect timestamp sys-uptime first
    collect timestamp sys-uptime last
```

The fields from this partial output that you can use for the *option* argument follow the **match** (key fields) and **collect** (nonkey fields) words. For example, you can use the "ipv4 tos" field to filter the flows as shown in the first example in the "Examples" section.

#### **Filtering Criteria**

The following are examples of the types of filtering criteria available for the **show flow monitorcache filter** command:

• Perform an exact match on any numerical fields in either decimal or hexadecimal format. For example, these two commands match flows in the flow monitor cache that contain either "0xA001" or "1":

show flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-1 cache filter transport source-port 0xA001

#### • show flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-1 cache filter transport source-port 1

- Perform a match on a range for any numerical fields in either decimal or hexadecimal format. For example, these two commands match flows in the flow monitor cache that contain either "0xA000 0xB000" or "1 1024":
  - show flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-1 cache filter transport source-port 0xA000 0xB000
  - show flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-1 cache filter transport source-port 1 1024
- Perform an exact match for any alphanumerical field. For example, this command matches flows in the flow monitor cache having a MAC address of ABCD:0012:01FE:

# • show flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-1 cache filter datalink mac source address ABCD:0012:01FE

• Perform a regular-expression match on any alphanumerical field. For example, this command matches flows in the flow monitor cache having a MAC address that starts with ABCD:

# • show flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-1 cache filter datalink mac source address regexp ABCD:\*

• Perform a match on flag fields with an implicit <and>. For example, this command matches flows in the flow monitor cache that contain the **urg** and **syn** TCP flags:

```
• show flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-1 cache filter transport tcp flags urg syn
```

• Perform a match against flags that are not present. For example, this command matches flows in the flow monitor cache that contain the **syn** and **rst** TCP flags and do not contain the **urg** and **fin** TCP flags:

• show flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-1 cache filter transport tcp flags syn rst not urg fin

• Perform an exact match on an IP address field. For example, this command matches flows in the flow monitor cache that contain the source IPv4 address "192.168.0.1":

```
• show flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-1 cache filter ipv4 source address 192.168.0.1
```

- Perform a prefix match on an IPv4 or IPv6 address field. For example, these two commands match flows in the flow monitor cache that contain either "192.168.0.0 255.255.0.0" or "7:20ac::/64":
  - show flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-1 cache filter ipv4 source address 192.168.0.0 255.255.0.0
  - show flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-1 cache filter ipv6 source address 7:20ac::/64
- Perform a match on a range of relative time stamps. For example, this command matches flows in the flow monitor cache that were created within the last "500" seconds:
  - show flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-1 cache filter timestamp sys-uptime first 0 500 seconds
- Perform a match on range of the time stamp that is configured (uptime or absolute). For example, this command matches flows in the flow monitor cache that were created between 0800 and 0815, within the last 24 hours:

- show flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-1 cache filter timestamp sys-uptime last 08:00:00 08:15:00 t
- Perform an exact match on an interface. For example, this command matches flows in the flow monitor cache which are received on Ethernet interface 0/0.
  - show flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-1 cache filter interface input Ethernet0/0
- Perform a regular-expression match on an interface. For example, this command matches flows in the flow monitor cache that begin with Ethernet0/ and have either 1, 2, or 3 as the port number:

```
• show flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-1 cache filter interface input regexp Ethernet0/1
```

#### **Regular Expressions**

The table below shows the syntax for regular expressions.

#### Table 12: Syntax for Regular Expressions

| Option | Description  |
|--------|--|
| *      | Match zero or more characters in this position.  |
| ?      | Match any one character in this position.  |
|        | Match any one character in this position.  |
|        | Match one of a choice of characters in a range. For<br>example, aa:(0033 4455):3456 matches either<br>aa:0033:3456 or aa:4455:3456.  |
| []     | Match any character in the range specified, or one of the special characters. For example, [0-9] is all of the digits. [*] is the "*" character, and [[] is the "[" character. |

#### **Examples**

The following example filters the flow monitor cache data on the source IPv4 address of 10.234.53.1:

Router# show flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-1 cache filter ipv4 source address 10.234.53.1

| Cache type:               |             | Normal |
|---------------------------|-------------|--------|
| Cache size:               |             | 4096   |
| Current entries:          |             | 26     |
| High Watermark:           |             | 26     |
| Flows added:              |             | 87     |
| Flows aged:               |             | 61     |
| - Active timeout (        | 1800 secs)  | 0      |
| - Inactive timeout (      | 15 secs)    | 61     |
| - Event aged              |             | 0      |
| - Watermark aged          |             | 0      |
| - Emergency aged          |             | 0      |
| IPV4 SOURCE ADDRESS:      | 10.234.53.1 |        |
| IPV4 DESTINATION ADDRESS: | 172.16.10.2 |        |
| TRNS SOURCE PORT:         | 0           |        |

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| TRNS DESTINATION PORT:<br>INTERFACE INPUT:  | 2048<br>Et0/0.1   |
|---|-------------------|
| FLOW SAMPLER ID:                            | 0                 |
| IP TOS:                                     | 0x00              |
| IP PROTOCOL:                                | 1                 |
| ip source as:                               | 0                 |
| ip destination as:                          | 0                 |
| ipv4 next hop address:                      | 172.16.7.2        |
| ipv4 source mask:                           | /0                |
| ipv4 destination mask:                      | /24               |
| tcp flags:                                  | 0x00              |
| interface output:                           | Et1/0.1<br>24724  |
| counter bytes:<br>counter packets:          | 883               |
| timestamp first:                            | 16:03:56.007      |
| timestamp last:                             | 16:27:07.063      |
| IPV4 SOURCE ADDRESS:                        | 10.234.53.1       |
| IPV4 DESTINATION ADDRESS:                   |                   |
| TRNS SOURCE PORT:                           | 20                |
| TRNS DESTINATION PORT:                      | 20                |
| INTERFACE INPUT:                            | Et0/0.1           |
| FLOW SAMPLER ID:                            | 0                 |
| IP TOS:                                     | 0x00              |
| IP PROTOCOL:                                | 6                 |
| ip source as:                               | 0                 |
| ip destination as:                          | 0                 |
| ipv4 next hop address:<br>ipv4 source mask: | 172.16.7.2<br>/0  |
| ipv4 destination mask:                      | /24               |
| tcp flags:                                  | 0x00              |
| interface output:                           | Et1/0.1           |
| counter bytes:                              | 35320             |
| counter packets:                            | 883               |
| timestamp first:                            | 16:03:56.267      |
| timestamp last:                             | 16:27:07.323      |
| IPV4 SOURCE ADDRESS:                        | 10.234.53.1       |
| IPV4 DESTINATION ADDRESS:                   | 172.16.10.2<br>21 |
| TRNS SOURCE PORT:<br>TRNS DESTINATION PORT: | 21                |
| INTERFACE INPUT:                            | Et0/0.1           |
| FLOW SAMPLER ID:                            | 0                 |
| IP TOS:                                     | 0x00              |
| IP PROTOCOL:                                | 6                 |
| ip source as:                               | 0                 |
| ip destination as:                          | 0                 |
| ipv4 next hop address:                      | 172.16.7.2        |
| ipv4 source mask:                           | /0                |
| ipv4 destination mask:                      | /24               |
| tcp flags:                                  | 0x00              |
| interface output:                           | Et1/0.1           |
| counter bytes:<br>counter packets:          | 35320<br>883      |
| timestamp first:                            | 16:03:56.327      |
| timestamp last:                             | 16:27:07.363      |
| Matched 3 flows                             |                   |
|   |                   |

The table below describes the significant fields shown in the display.

| Field                    | Description   |
|--------------------------|---|
| Cache type               | Flow monitor cache type.  |
|                          | The possible values are:  |
|                          | • Immediate—Flows are expired immediately.  |
|                          | • Normal—Flows are expired normally.  |
|                          | • Permanent—Flows are never expired.  |
| Cache Size               | Number of entries in the cache.   |
| Current entries          | Number of entries in the cache that are in use.   |
| High Watermark           | Highest number of cache entries seen.   |
| Flows added              | Flows added to the cache since the cache was created.   |
| Flows aged               | Flows expired from the cache since the cache was created.   |
| Active timeout           | Current value for the active timeout in seconds.  |
| Inactive timeout         | Current value for the inactive timeout in seconds.  |
| Event aged               | Number of flows that have been aged by an event such as using the <b>force-export</b> option for the <b>clear flow monitor</b> command. |
| Watermark aged           | Number of flows that have been aged because they exceeded the maximum high watermark value.   |
| Emergency aged           | Number of flows that have been aged because the cache size was exceeded.  |
| IPV4 SOURCE ADDRESS      | IPv4 source address.  |
| IPV4 DESTINATION ADDRESS | IPv4 destination address.   |
| TRNS SOURCE PORT         | source port for the transport protocol.   |
| TRNS DESTINATION PORT    | Destination port for the transport protocol.  |
| INTERFACE INPUT          | Interface on which the input is received.   |
| FLOW DIRECTION           | Input or output.  |
| FLOW SAMPLER ID          | Flow sampler ID number.   |

Table 13: show flow monitor monitor-name cache filter Field Descriptions

| Field                 | Description  |
|-----------------------|--|
| IP PROTOCOL           | IP protocol number.  |
| IP TOS                | IP ToS number.   |
| ip source as          | BGP source autonomous system number.                           |
| ip destination as     | BGP destination autonomous system number.                      |
| ipv4 next hop address | IPv4 address of the next hop to which the packet is forwarded. |
| ipv4 source mask      | IPv4 source address mask.                                      |
| ipv4 destination mask | IPv4 destination address mask.                                 |
| tcp flags             | Value of the TCP flags.  |
| interface output      | Interface on which the input is transmitted.                   |
| counter bytes         | Number of bytes that have been counted.                        |
| counter packets       | Number of packets that have been counted.                      |
| timestamp first       | Time stamp of the first packet in the flow.                    |
| timestamp last        | Time stamp of the last packet in the flow.                     |

## **Related Commands**

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| Command                           | Description   |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| show flow monitor cache aggregate | Displays aggregated flow records of flows in a flow monitor cache.  |
| show flow monitor cache sort      | Sorts the display output of flow records from a flow monitor cache. |

# show flow monitor cache sort

To sort the display output of statistics from the flows in a flow monitor cache, use the **show flow monitor** cache sort command in privileged EXEC mode.

show flow monitor [name] monitor-name cache sort options [top [ number ]] [format {csv| record| table}]

#### **Syntax Description**

| name         | (Optional) Specifies the name of a flow monitor.  |
|--------------|---|
| monitor-name | Name of a flow monitor that was previously configured.  |
| options      | Fields upon which aggregation can be performed. See the "Usage Guidelines" section.   |
| top          | (Optional) Limits the display output to the 20 highest volume flows (top talkers) unless overridden by the specification of a value for the <i>number</i> argument. |
| number       | (Optional) Overrides the default value of top talkers to display.   |
| format       | (Optional) Specifies the use of one of the format options for formatting the display output.  |
| csv          | Displays the flow monitor cache contents in comma-separated variables (CSV) format.   |
| record       | Displays the flow monitor cache contents in record format.  |
| table        | Displays the flow monitor cache contents in table format.   |

## **Command Modes** Privileged EXEC (#)

# Command History Release Modification 12.4(22)T This command was introduced. 12.2(33)SRE This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented on the Cisco 7200 and Cisco 7300 Network Processing Engine (NPE) series routers.

| Release                    | Modification   |
|----------------------------|--|
| 12.2(50)SY                 | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(50)SY. |
| Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE.   |

#### Usage Guidelines Flexible NetFlowNetFlow—Top N Talkers Support

The **show flow monitor cache sort** command is one of a set of three commands that make up the Flexible NetFlow—Top N Talkers Support feature. The Flexible NetFlow—Top N Talkers Support feature is used to manipulate the display output from the Flexible NetFlow cache to facilitate the analysis of network traffic.

The other two commands that make up the Flexible NetFlow—Top N Talkers Support feature are **show flow monitor cache filter** and **show flow monitor cache aggregate**. The three commands can be used together or on their own, depending on your requirements. For more detailed information about these commands, see the **show flow monitor cache filter** command and the **show flow monitor cache aggregate** command. For information about how the three commands are used together, refer to the "Configuring Cisco IOS Flexible NetFlow—Top N Talkers Support" module in the *Configuring Cisco IOS Flexible NetFlow Configuration Guide*.

#### **Flow Sorting**

The flow sorting function of the Flexible NetFlow—Top N Talkers Support feature sorts flow data from the Flexible NetFlow cache based on the criteria that you specify, and displays the data. You can also use the flow sorting function of the Flexible NetFlow—Top N Talkers Support feature to limit the display output to a specific number of entries (Top N Talkers) by using the **top** keyword.

#### Sort options Argument

The options that you can use for the *options* argument of the **show flow monitor cache filter** command are dependent on the fields that are used for the record that you configured for the flow monitor using the **record** command. To identify the options that you can use, use the **show flow record** *record-name* command in privileged EXEC mode, where *record-name* is the name of the record that you configured for the flow monitor.

For example, if you assigned the "NetFlow Original" predefined record to a flow monitor, you use the **show flow record netflow-original** command to display its key (match) and nonkey (collect) fields. The following is partial output from the **show** command:

The fields from this partial output that you can use for the *option* argument follow the **match** (key fields) and **collect** (nonkey fields) words. For example, you can use the "ipv4 tos" field to sort the flows as shown in the first example in the "Examples" section.

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## **Examples**

The following example sorts the flow monitor cache data on the IPv4 ToS value and limits the display output to the top two flows:

Router# show flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-3 cache sort ipv4 tos top 2

| Processed 17 flows<br>Aggregated to 17 flows<br>Showing the top 2 flows<br>IPV4 SOURCE ADDRESS:<br>IPV4 DESTINATION ADDRESS:<br>TRNS SOURCE PORT:<br>TRNS DESTINATION PORT:<br>INTERFACE INPUT:<br>FLOW SAMPLER ID:<br>IP TOS:<br>IP PROTOCOL:<br>ip source as:<br>ipv4 next hop address:<br>ipv4 next hop address:<br>ipv4 destination mask:<br>tcp flags:<br>interface output:<br>counter bytes:<br>counter packets:<br>timestamp first:<br>timestamp last: | 10.1.1.1<br>224.192.16.1<br>0<br>3073<br>Et0/0<br>0<br>0x55<br>1<br>0<br>0<br>0.0.0.0<br>/24<br>/0<br>0x00<br>Null<br>33680<br>1684<br>18:39:27.563<br>19:04:28.459 |
|---|---|
| IPV4 SOURCE ADDRESS:<br>IPV4 DESTINATION ADDRESS:<br>TRNS SOURCE PORT:<br>TRNS DESTINATION PORT:<br>INTERFACE INPUT:<br>FLOW SAMPLER ID:  | 10.1.1.1<br>224.192.16.1<br>0<br>Et0/0<br>0   |
| IP TOS:   | 0x55  |
| IP PROTOCOL:<br>ip source as:   | 1<br>0  |
| ip destination as:  | 0   |
| ipv4 next hop address:<br>ipv4 source mask:   | 0.0.0.0   |
| ipv4 source mask:   | / 2 4<br>/ 0  |
| tcp flags:  | 0x00  |
| interface output:   | Et3/0.1   |
| counter bytes:  | 145040  |
| counter packets:  | 7252  |
| timestamp first:  | 18:42:34.043  |
| timestamp last:   | 19:04:28.459  |
| The table below describes the s   | ignificant fields shown in  |

The table below describes the significant fields shown in the display.

|  | able 14: show flow monitor monitor-name cache sort Field Descriptions |
|--|---|
|--|---|

| Field                    | Description                                  |
|--------------------------|--|
| IPV4 SOURCE ADDRESS      | IPv4 source address.                         |
| IPV4 DESTINATION ADDRESS | IPv4 destination address.                    |
| TRNS SOURCE PORT         | source port for the transport protocol.      |
| TRNS DESTINATION PORT    | Destination port for the transport protocol. |
| INTERFACE INPUT          | Interface on which the input is received.    |

| Field                 | Description  |
|-----------------------|--|
| FLOW DIRECTION        | Input or output.   |
| FLOW SAMPLER ID       | Flow sampler ID number.  |
| IP PROTOCOL           | IP protocol number.  |
| IP TOS                | IP ToS number.   |
| ip source as          | BGP source autonomous system number.                           |
| ip destination as     | BGP destination autonomous system number.                      |
| ipv4 next hop address | IPv4 address of the next hop to which the packet is forwarded. |
| ipv4 source mask      | IPv4 source address mask.                                      |
| ipv4 destination mask | IPv4 destination address mask.                                 |
| tcp flags             | Value of the TCP flags.  |
| interface output      | Interface on which the input is transmitted.                   |
| counter bytes         | Number of bytes that have been counted.                        |
| counter packets       | Number of packets that have been counted.                      |
| timestamp first       | Time stamp of the first packet in the flow.                    |
| timestamp last        | Time stamp of the last packet in the flow.                     |

## **Related Commands**

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| Command                           | Description   |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| show flow monitor cache aggregate | Displays aggregated flow records of flows in a flow monitor cache.    |
| show flow monitor cache filter    | Filters the display output of flow records from a flow monitor cache. |

# show flow record

To display the status and statistics for a Flexible NetFlow flow record, use the **show flow record** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show flow record [[name] record-name| netflow-original| netflow {ipv4| ipv6} record [peer]]

#### Cisco Catalyst 6500 Switches in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(50)SY

show flow record [[name] record-name| platform-original {ipv4| ipv6} record]

## Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE

show flow record [[name] record-name]

#### **Syntax Description**

| name                   | (Optional) Specifies the name of a flow record.   |
|------------------------|---|
| record-name            | (Optional) Name of a user-defined flow record that was previously configured.   |
| netflow-original       | (Optional) Specifies the Flexible NetFlow<br>implementation of original NetFlow with origin<br>autonomous systems.  |
| netflow ipv4           | (Optional) Configures the flow monitor to use one of the IPv4 predefined records.   |
| netflow ipv6           | (Optional) Configures the flow monitor to use one of the IPv6 predefined records.   |
| record                 | (Optional) Name of the predefined record. See the first table below for a listing of the available records and their definitions.   |
| peer                   | (Optional) Configures the flow monitor to use one of<br>the predefined records with peer autonomous systems.<br>The <b>peer</b> keyword is not supported for every type of<br>Flexible NetFlow predefined record. See the first table<br>below. |
| platform-original ipv4 | Configures the flow monitor to use one of the predefined IPv4 records.  |
| platform-original ipv6 | Configures the flow monitor to use one of the predefined IPv6 records.  |

#### **Command Modes** Privileged EXEC (#)

#### **Command History**

| Release                    | Modification   |  |
|----------------------------|--|--|
| 12.4(9)T                   | This command was introduced.   |  |
| 12.2(31)SB2                | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(31)SB2.  |  |
| 12.0(33)8                  | This command was modified. Support for this command was implement<br>on the Cisco 12000 series routers.  |  |
| 12.2(33)SRC                | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented<br>on the Cisco 7200 series routers.   |  |
| 12.4(20)T                  | This command was modified. The <b>ipv6</b> keyword was added.  |  |
| 12.2(33)SRE                | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented<br>on the Cisco 7300 Network Processing Engine (NPE) series routers.   |  |
| 12.2(50)SY                 | This command was modified. The <b>netflow-original</b> , <b>netflow ipv4</b> , and <b>netflow ipv6</b> keywords were removed. The <b>platform-originalipv4</b> and <b>platform-originalipv6</b> keywords were added. |  |
| Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE | This command was modified. The <b>netflow-original</b> , <b>netflow ipv4</b> , and <b>netflow ipv6</b> keywords were removed.  |  |

## **Usage Guidelines**

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The table below describes the keywords and descriptions for the record argument.

#### Table 15: Keywords and Descriptions for the record Argument

| Keyword         | Description   | IPv4 Support | IPv6 Support |
|-----------------|---|--------------|--------------|
| as              | Autonomous system record.                                 | Yes          | Yes          |
| as-tos          | Autonomous system and<br>Type of Service (ToS)<br>record. | Yes          | _            |
| bgp-nexthop-tos | BGP next-hop and ToS record.                              | Yes          | —            |
| bgp-nexthop     | BGP next-hop record.                                      | _            | Yes          |

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| Keyword                          | Description   | IPv4 Support | IPv6 Support |
|----------------------------------|---|--------------|--------------|
| destination                      | Original platform<br>IPv4/IPv6 destination<br>record.   | Yes          | Yes          |
| destination-prefix               | Destination prefix record.NoteFor IPv6, a<br>minimum prefix<br>mask length of 0<br>bits is assumed. | Yes          | Yes          |
| destination-prefix-tos           | Destination prefix and<br>ToS record.   | Yes          |              |
| destination-source               | Original platform<br>IPv4/IPv6<br>destination-source record.  | Yes          | Yes          |
| full                             | Original platform<br>IPv4/IPv6 full record.   | Yes          | Yes          |
| interface-destination            | Original platform<br>IPv4/IPv6<br>interface-destination<br>record.                                  | Yes          | Yes          |
| interface-destination-<br>source | Original platform<br>IPv4/IPv6<br>interface-destination-source<br>record.                           | Yes          | Yes          |
| interface-full                   | Original platform<br>IPv4/IPv6 interface-full<br>record.  | Yes          | Yes          |
| interface-source                 | Original platform<br>IPv4/IPv6<br>interface-source only<br>record.                                  | Yes          | Yes          |
| original-input                   | Traditional IPv4 input<br>NetFlow.  | Yes          | Yes          |
| original-output                  | Traditional IPv4 output<br>NetFlow.   | Yes          | Yes          |

| Keyword           | Description  | IPv4 Support | IPv6 Support |
|-------------------|--|--------------|--------------|
| prefix            | Source and destination<br>prefixes record.<br>Note For IPv6, a<br>minimum prefix<br>mask length of 0<br>bits is assumed.     | Yes          | Yes          |
| prefix-port       | Prefix port record.<br><b>Note</b> The <b>peer</b><br>keyword is not<br>available for this<br>record.                        | Yes          |              |
| prefix-tos        | Prefix ToS record.   | Yes          |              |
| protocol-port     | Protocol ports record.<br>Note The peer<br>keyword is not<br>available for this<br>record.                                   | Yes          | Yes          |
| protocol-port-tos | Protocol port and ToS record.         Note       The peer keyword is not available for this record.                          | Yes          |              |
| source            | Original platform<br>IPv4/IPv6 source only<br>record.  | Yes          | Yes          |
| source-prefix     | Source autonomous<br>system and prefix record.<br>Note For IPv6, a<br>minimum prefix<br>mask length of 0<br>bits is assumed. | Yes          | Yes          |
| source-prefix-tos | Source prefix and ToS record.  | Yes          |              |

#### Examples

The following example displays the status and statistics for the original Flexible NetFlow record:

Router# show flow record FLOW-RECORD-1 platform-original ipv4 destination

```
flow record FLOW_RECORD-1:
Description: Flow Record for IPv4 traffic
```

```
No. of users:
                     3
Total field space: 53 bytes
Fields:
 match interface input
  match transport destination-port
  match transport source-port
  match ipv4 destination address
  match ipv4 source address
  match ipv4 protocol
  match ipv4 tos
  collect counter bytes
  collect counter packets
  collect timestamp sys-uptime last collect timestamp sys-uptime first
  collect ipv4 destination mask
  collect ipv4 source mask
  collect routing destination as
  collect routing source as
  collect transport tcp flags
  collect routing next-hop address ipv4
  collect interface output
```

The table below describes the significant fields shown in the display.

#### Table 16: show flow record netflow-original Field Descriptions

| Field             | Description  |
|-------------------|--|
| Description       | Description that you configured for the record, or the default description "User defined."   |
| No. of users      | Number of monitors in the configuration that use the flow record.  |
| Total field space | Number of bytes required to store these fields for one flow.   |
| Fields            | The fields that are included in this record. For more information about the fields, refer to the <b>match</b> and <b>collect</b> commands. |

#### **Related Commands**

| Command | Description                                  |
|---------|--|
| record  | Configures a flow record for a flow monitor. |

# show sampler

To display the status and statistics for a Flexible NetFlow sampler, use the **show sampler** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show sampler [[name] sampler-name]

#### **Syntax Description**

| name         | (Optional) Specifies the name of a flow sampler.             |
|--------------|--|
| sampler-name | (Optional) Name of a sampler that was previously configured. |

#### **Command Modes** Privileged EXEC (#)

| <b>Command History</b> | Release                    | Modification   |
|------------------------|----------------------------|--|
|                        | 12.4(9)T                   | This command was introduced.   |
|                        | 12.2(31)SB2                | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(31)SB2.  |
|                        | 12.0(33)8                  | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented on the Cisco 12000 series routers.                                   |
|                        | 12.2(33)SRC                | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented<br>on the Cisco 7200 series routers.                                 |
|                        | 12.2(33)SRE                | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented<br>on the Cisco 7300 Network Processing Engine (NPE) series routers. |
|                        | 12.2(50)SY                 | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(50)SY.   |
|                        | Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE.   |
|                        |                            |  |

#### **Examples**

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The following example displays the status and statistics for all of the flow samplers configured:

Router# show sampler

```
Sampler SAMPLER-1:

ID: 1

Description: User defined

Type: random

Rate: 1 out of 3

Samples: 189

Requests: 23243

Users (2):

flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-1 (ip,Et0/0,Input) 65 out of 10786
```

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```
flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-2 (ipv6,Et0/0, Input) 124 out of 12457
Sampler sampler-2:
  ID:
                  2
  Description:
                  User defined
  Type:
                  deterministic
                  1 out of 100
  Rate:
  Samples:
                  1
  Requests:
                  124
  Users (1):
    flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-1 (ip,Et0/0,Input) 1 out of 124
The table below describes the significant fields shown in the display.
```

#### **Table 17: show sampler Field Descriptions**

| Field       | Description   |
|-------------|---|
| ID          | ID number of the flow sampler. This is used to identify the sampler at the collector.   |
| Description | Description that you configured for the flow sampler,<br>or the default description "User defined."   |
| Туре        | Sampling mode that you configured for the flow sampler.   |
|             | • deterministic—Deterministic mode of sampling.   |
|             | • random—Random mode of sampling.   |
| Rate        | Window size (for packet selection) that you configured for the flow sampler. Range: 2 to 32768.   |
| Samples     | Number of packets sampled since the flow sampler<br>was configured or the router was restarted. This is<br>equivalent to the number of times a positive response<br>was received when the sampler was queried to<br>determine if the traffic needed to be sampled. Refer<br>to the explanation of the "Requests" field in this table. |
| Requests    | Number of times the flow sampler was queried to determine if the traffic needed to be sampled.  |
| Users       | Interfaces on which the flow sampler is configured.   |

#### **Related Commands**

| Command       | Description                                 |
|---------------|---|
| clear sampler | Clears the flow sampler statistics.         |
| debug sampler | Enables debugging output for flow samplers. |
| sampler       | Creates a flow sampler.                     |

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# source (Flexible NetFlow)

To configure the source IP address interface for all of the packets sent by a Flexible NetFlow flow exporter, use the **source** command in Flexible NetFlow flow exporter configuration mode. To remove the source IP address interface for all of the packets sent by a Flexible NetFlow flow exporter, use the **no** form of this command.

source interface-type interface-number

no source

#### **Syntax Description**

Command

| interface-type   | Type of interface whose IP address you want to use<br>for the source IP address of the packets sent by a<br>Flexible NetFlow flow exporter. |
|------------------|---|
| interface-number | Interface number whose IP address you want to use<br>for the source IP address of the packets sent by a<br>Flexible NetFlow flow exporter.  |

**Command Default** The IP address of the interface over which the Flexible NetFlow datagram is transmitted is used as the source IP address.

## **Command Modes** Flexible NetFlow flow exporter configuration (config-flow-exporter)

| Release                    | Modification  |
|----------------------------|---|
| 12.4(9)T                   | This command was introduced.  |
| 12.2(31)SB2                | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(31)SB2.   |
| 12.0(33)8                  | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented<br>on the Cisco 12000 series routers.                                 |
| 12.2(33)SRC                | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented<br>on the Cisco 7200 series routers in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRC. |
| 12.2(33)SRE                | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented<br>on the Cisco 7300 Network Processing Engine (NPE) series routers.  |
| Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE.  |

#### **Usage Guidelines**

The benefits of using a consistent IP source address for the datagrams that NetFlow sends include the following:

- The source IP address of the datagrams exported by Flexible NetFlow is used by the destination system to determine from which router the Flexible NetFlow data is arriving. If your network has two or more paths that can be used to send Flexible NetFlow datagrams from the router to the destination system and you do not specify the source interface from which the source IP address is to be obtained, the router uses the IP address of the interface over which the datagram is transmitted as the source IP address of the datagram. In this situation the destination system might receive Flexible NetFlow datagrams from the same router, but with different source IP addresses. When the destination system receives Flexible NetFlow datagrams as if they were being sent from different routers. To avoid having the destination system treat the Flexible NetFlow datagrams as if they were being sent from different routers, you must configure the destination system to aggregate the Flexible NetFlow datagrams it receives from all of the possible source IP addresses in the router into a single Flexible NetFlow flow.
- If your router has multiple interfaces that can be used to transmit datagrams to the destination system, and you do not configure the **source** command, you will have to add an entry for the IP address of each interface into any access lists that you create for permitting Flexible NetFlow traffic. Creating and maintaining access lists for permitting Flexible NetFlow traffic from known sources and blocking it from unknown sources is easier when you limit the source IP address for Flexible NetFlow datagrams to a single IP address for each router that is exporting Flexible NetFlow traffic.

Caution

The interface that you configure as the **source** interface must have an IP address configured, and it must be up.

# <u>}</u> Tip

When a transient outage occurs on the interface that you configured with the **source** command, the Flexible NetFlow exporter reverts to the default behavior of using the IP address of the interface over which the datagrams are being transmitted as the source IP address for the datagrams. To avoid this problem, use a loopback interface as the source interface because loopback interfaces are not subject to the transient outages that can occur on physical interfaces.

#### **Examples**

The following example shows how to configure Flexible NetFlow to use a loopback interface as the source interface for NetFlow traffic:

Router(config)# flow exporter FLOW-EXPORTER-1
Router(config-flow-exporter)# source loopback 0

#### **Related Commands**

| Command       | Description              |
|---------------|--------------------------|
| flow exporter | Creates a flow exporter. |

# template data timeout

To configure the template resend timeout for a flow exporter, use the **template data timeout** command in Flexible NetFlow flow exporter configuration mode. To remove the template resend timeout for a flow exporter, use the **no** form of this command.

template data timeout seconds

no template data timeout

| Syntax Description | seconds | Configures resending of templates based on the timeout value in seconds, that you enter. Range: 1 to |  |
|--------------------|---------|--|--|
|                    |         | 86400. Default: 600.   |  |

**Command Default** The default template resend timeout for a flow exporter is 600 seconds.

## **Command Modes** Flexible NetFlow flow exporter configuration (config-flow-exporter)

| Command History | Release                    | Modification   |
|-----------------|----------------------------|--|
|                 | 12.4(9)T                   | This command was introduced.   |
|                 | 12.2(31)SB2                | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(31)SB2.  |
|                 | 12.0(33)8                  | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented on the Cisco 12000 series routers.                                   |
|                 | 12.2(33)SRC                | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented<br>on the Cisco 7200 series routers.                                 |
|                 | 12.2(33)SRE                | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented<br>on the Cisco 7300 Network Processing Engine (NPE) series routers. |
|                 | Cisco IOS XE Release 3.1S  | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS XE Release 3.1S.  |
|                 | 15.1(3)T                   | This command was modified. Support for the Cisco Performance Monitor was added.  |
|                 | 12.2(58)SE                 | This command was modified. Support for the Cisco Performance Monitor was added.  |
|                 | 12.2(50)SY                 | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(50)SY.   |
|                 | Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE.   |
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| Usage Guidelines | This command can be used with both Flexible NetFlow and Performance Monit |
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**Examples** The following example configures resending templates based on a timeout of 1000 seconds:

```
Router(config)# flow exporter FLOW-EXPORTER-1
Router(config-flow-exporter)# template data timeout 1000
```

| Related Commands | Command       | Description              |
|------------------|---------------|--------------------------|
|                  | flow exporter | Creates a flow exporter. |

# transport (Flexible NetFlow)

To configure the transport protocol for a flow exporter for Flexible NetFlow or Performance Monitor, use the **transport** command in Flexible NetFlow flow exporter configuration mode. To remove the transport protocol for a flow exporter, use the **no** form of this command.

transport udp udp-port

no transport

**Syntax Description** 

udp udp-portSpecifies User Datagram Protocol (UDP) as the<br/>transport protocol and the UDP port number.

**Command Default** Flow exporters use UDP on port 9995.

# **Command Modes** Flexible NetFlow flow exporter configuration (config-flow-exporter)

| <b>Command History</b> | Release                    | Modification   |
|------------------------|----------------------------|--|
|                        | 12.4(9)T                   | This command was introduced.   |
|                        | 12.2(31)SB2                | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(31)SB2.  |
|                        | 12.0(33)8                  | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented on the Cisco 12000 series routers.                                   |
|                        | 12.2(33)SRC                | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented<br>on the Cisco 7200 series routers.                                 |
|                        | 12.2(33)SRE                | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented<br>on the Cisco 7300 Network Processing Engine (NPE) series routers. |
|                        | Cisco IOS XE Release 3.1S  | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS XE Release 3.1S.  |
|                        | 15.1(3)T                   | This command was modified. Support for the Cisco Performance Monitor was added.  |
|                        | 12.2(58)SE                 | This command was modified. Support for the Cisco Performance Monitor was added.  |
|                        | 12.2(50)SY                 | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(50)SY.   |
|                        | Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE.   |

## **Usage Guidelines** This command can be used with both Flexible NetFlow and Performance Monitor.

**Examples** The following example configures UDP as the transport protocol and a UDP port number of 250:

Router(config)# flow exporter FLOW-EXPORTER-1
Router(config-flow-exporter)# transport udp 250

## **Related Commands**

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| Command       | Description              |
|---------------|--------------------------|
| flow exporter | Creates a flow exporter. |

# ttl (Flexible NetFlow)

To configure the time-to-live (TTL) value for a flow exporter for Flexible NetFlow or Performance Monitor, use the **ttl** command in Flexible NetFlow flow exporter configuration mode. To remove the TTL value for a flow exporter, use the **no** form of this command.

ttl ttl

no ttl

Syntax Description

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|----------|-----|--|
| ription  | ttl | Time-to-live (TTL) value for exported datagrams.<br>Range: 1 to 255. Default: 255. |

**Command Default** Flow exporters use a TTL of 255.

# **Command Modes** Flexible NetFlow flow exporter configuration (config-flow-exporter)

| <b>Command History</b> | Release                    | Modification   |
|------------------------|----------------------------|--|
|                        | 12.4(9)T                   | This command was introduced.   |
|                        | 12.2(31)SB2                | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(31)SB2.  |
|                        | 12.0(33)8                  | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented on the Cisco 12000 series routers.                                   |
|                        | 12.2(33)SRC                | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented<br>on the Cisco 7200 series routers.                                 |
|                        | 12.2(33)SRE                | This command was modified. Support for this command was implemented<br>on the Cisco 7300 Network Processing Engine (NPE) series routers. |
|                        | Cisco IOS XE Release 3.1S  | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS XE Release 3.1S.  |
|                        | 15.1(3)T                   | This command was modified. Support for the Cisco Performance Monitor was added.  |
|                        | 12.2(58)SE                 | This command was modified. Support for the Cisco Performance Monitor was added.  |
|                        | 12.2(50)SY                 | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(50)SY.   |
|                        | Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE | This command was integrated into Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE.   |

## **Usage Guidelines** This command can be used with both Flexible NetFlow and Performance Monitor.

#### **Examples** The following example specifies a TTL of 15:

Router(config)# flow exporter FLOW-EXPORTER-1
Router(config-flow-exporter)# ttl 15

## **Related Commands**

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| Command       | Description              |
|---------------|--------------------------|
| flow exporter | Creates a flow exporter. |

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