

event mat through R Commands

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event mat through R Commands

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event mat

To publish an event when a mac-address is learned in the mac-address-table, use the **event mat**command in applet configuration mode. To disable the publishing of events, use the **no** form of this command.

event [tag event-tag] mat {interface {type number| regexp interface-name} [mac-address mac-address]| mac-address mac-address [interface {type number| regexp interface-name}]} [maxrun maxruntime-number] [hold-down seconds] [type {add| delete}]

no event mat

Syntax Description

tag	(Optional) Specifies a tag using the event-tag argument that can be used with the trigger command to support multiple event statements within an applet.
event-tag	(Optional) String that identifies the tag.
interface	Specifies the interface.
type number	Interface type and number.
regexp interface-name	Specifies a regular expression pattern to match against interface names.
mac-address	Specifies the MAC address.
mac-address	The MAC address.
maxrun	(Optional) Specifies the maximum runtime of the applet. If the maxrun keyword is specified, the maxruntime-number value must be specified. If the maxrun keyword is not specified, the default applet run time is 20 seconds.
maxruntime-number	(Optional) Number of seconds specified in sssssssss[.mmm] format, where ssssssss must be an integer representing seconds from 0 to 31536000, and where mmm must be an integer representing milliseconds between 0 and 999.
hold-down	(Optional) Specifies the time to delay the event processing.

seconds	(Optional) Number that represents seconds and optional milliseconds in the format ssssssssss[.mmm] The range for seconds is from 1 to 4294967295. The range for milliseconds is from 0 to 999. If using milliseconds only, specify the milliseconds in the format 0.mmm.
type	(Optional) Monitors the MAC address table events. You must specify one of the following options:
	• add Monitors only MAC address table add events.
	deleteMonitor only MAC address table delete events

Command Default By default, no events are published.

Command Modes Applet configuration (config-applet)

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Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(52)SE	This command was introduced.
	12.2(54)SG	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(54)SG.
Usage Guidelines	You must specify either int the keywords can be used it	erface or mac-address. If one of them is specified, the other one is optional. All n any combination.
Examples	The following example sho	vs how to publish an event when a mac-address is learned in the mac-address-table:
	Router(config) # event manager applet mat Router(config-applet) # event mat interface fastethernet0 hold-down 34 type delete Router(config-applet) #	
Related Commands	Command	Description
	event manager applet	Registers an event applet with the Embedded Event Manager and enters applet configuration mode.

event neighbor-discovery

To publish an event when a Cisco Discovery Protocol (CDP) or Link Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP) cache entry changes or a interface link status changes in an Embedded Event Manager (EEM) applet, use the **event neighbor-discovery** command in applet configuration mode. To disable the action of publishing the event, use the **no** form of this command.

event [tag event-tag] neighbor-discovery interface {type number| regexp interface-name} [maxrun maxruntime-number] event-to-monitor

no event neighbor-discovery

Syntax Description

tag	(Optional) Specifies a tag using the event-tag argument that can be used with the trigger command to support multiple event statements within an applet.
event-tag	(Optional) String that identifies the tag.
interface	Specifies the interface.
type number	Interface type and number.
regexp interface-name	Specifies a regular expression pattern to match against interface names.
maxrun	(Optional) Specifies the maximum runtime of the applet. If the maxrun keyword is specified, the maxruntime-number value must be specified. If the maxrun keyword is not specified, the default applet run time is 20 seconds.
maxruntime-number	(Optional) Number of seconds specified in sssssssss[.mmm] format, where ssssssss must be an integer representing seconds from 0 to 31536000, and where mmm must be an integer representing milliseconds between 0 and 999.

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event-to-monitor

Specifies the event to be monitored on the interface. You must specify one of the following values. You can specify more than one value.

- **cdp** --Triggers an event when a matching cdp event occurs. You must specify one of the following options.
 - add--Triggers events only when a new cdp cache entry is created in the cdp table.
 - all--Triggers an event when a cdp cache entry is added or deleted from the cdp cache table and when a remote cdp device sends a keepalive to update the cdp cache entry.
 - **delete**--Triggers events only when a cdp cache entry is deleted from the cdp table.
 - **update**--Triggers an event when a cdp cache entry is added to the cdp table or when the remote cdp device sends a cdp keepalive to update the cdp cache entry.
- **Ildp** --Triggers an event when a matching Ildp event occurs. You must specify one of the following options.
 - add--Triggers events only when a new cdp cache entry is created in the cdp table.
 - all--Triggers an event when a cdp cache entry is added or deleted from the cdp cache table and when a remote cdp device sends a keepalive to update the cdp cache entry.
 - **delete**--Triggers events only when a cdp cache entry is deleted from the cdp table.
 - **update**--Triggers an event when a cdp cache entry is added to the cdp table or when the remote cdp device sends a cdp keepalive to update the cdp cache entry.
- **line-event** -- Triggers an event when the interface line protocol status changes.
- **link-event** --Triggers an event when the interface link status changes. You must specify one of the following options.
 - admindown--Monitors link admin-down events.

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			• allMonitors all link events.
			• deletedMonitors link deleted events.
			• downMonitors link down events.
			• goingdown Monitors link going-down events.
			• initMonitors link init events.
			• reset Monitors link reset events.
			• testingMonitors link testing events.
			• up Monitors link up events.
Command Default	By default, no events are publish	ed.	
Command Modes	Applet configuration (config-app	blet)	
Command History	Release	Modification	
	12.2(52)SE	This comman	d was introduced.
	12.2(54)SG	This comman	d was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(54)SG.
Usage Guidelines	You must specify interface and a to be accepted. You can use inter order.	t least one of cdp, lld face and maxrun key	p, link-event and line-event for the event specification words and the event-trigger-criteria argument in any
Examples	The following example shows ho	ow to publish an ever	at when CDP cache entry changes:
	Router(config)# event manag Router(config-applet)# even Router(config-applet)#	er applet discover t neighbhor-discov	ry rery interface fastethernet0 cdp all
Related Commands	Command		Description
	event manager applet		Registers an event applet with the Embedded Event Manager and enters applet configuration mode.

event nf

To publish an event when a NetFlow operation is triggered in an Embedded Event Manager (EEM) applet, use the **event nf** command in applet configuration mode. To disable the action of publishing an event when NetFlow operations are triggered, use the **no** form of this command.

event [tag event-tag] nf monitor-name name event-type {create| delete| update} [exit-event-type] {create| delete| update} subevent field field-type entry-value value-string [exit-value value-string] entry-op operator-value [exit-op operator-value] [rate-interval seconds] [exit-rate-interval seconds] [maxrun maxruntime-number]

no event [tag event-tag] nf

Syntax Description

tag	(Optional) Specifies a tag using the <i>event-tag</i> argument that can be used with the trigger command to support multiple event statements within an applet.	
event-tag	(Optional) String that identifies the tag.	
monitor-name name	Specifies the name of the NetFlow monitor.	
event-type	Specifies the type of event to monitor, cache or field	
create	Creates a NetFlow event.	
delete	Deletes a NetFlow event.	
update	Updates a NetFlow event.	
exit-event-type	The event-type (create, delete, update) at which the event will be rearmed to be monitored again.	
subevent	Specifies the event and its attributes to monitor. Valid values are event1 , event2 , event3 , event4 .	
	Note The subevent keywords can be used alone, together, or in any combination with each other, but each keyword can be used only once.	

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field field-type	Specifies the cache or field attribute to be monitored. One of the following attributes can be specified:
	• counter {bytes packets}Specifies the counter fields.
	• datalink {dot1q mac}Specifies the datalink (layer2) fields.
	• flow {direction sampler}Specifies the flow identifying fields.
	• interface {input output}Specifies the interface fields.
	• ipv4 <i>field-type</i> Specifies the IPv4 fields.
	• ipv6 field-type IPv6 fields
	• routing <i>routing-attrribute</i> Specifies the routing attributes.
	• timestamp sysuptime { first last }Specifies the timestamp fields.
	• transport <i>field-type</i> Specifies the Transport layer fields.
	For more information, use the question mark (?) online help function.
entry-value value-string	Specifies the entry value to be compared.
exit-value string	(Optional) Specifies the value at which the event is set to be monitored again.
rate-interval sec	Specifies the rate interval value in seconds. The valid range is from 1 to 4294967295.
exit-rate-interval sec	(Optional) Specifies the interval value for cache rate and cache entry. The valid range is from 0 to 4294967295.
entry-op	Specifies the operator used to compare the collected usage sample with the specified value. The valid values are:

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operator-value	The comparison operator. Valid values are:
	• eq - Equal to
	• ge - Greater than or equal to
	• gt - Greater than
	• le - Less than or equal to
	• It - Less than
	• wc - Wildcard
exit-op	(Optional) The operator used to compare the current event attribute value with the exit value.
maxrun	(Optional) Specifies the maximum runtime of the applet. If the maxrun keyword is specified, the <i>maxruntime-number</i> value must be specified. If the maxrun keyword is not specified, the default applet run time is 20 seconds.
maxruntime-number	(Optional) Number of seconds specified in sssssssss[.mmm] format, where ssssssss must be an integer representing seconds from 0 to 31536000, and where mmm must be an integer representing milliseconds between 0 and 999.

Command Default By default, no events are published when NetFlow operations are triggered.

Command Modes Applet configuration (config-applet)

Command History	Release	Modification	
	12.4(22)T	This command was introduced.	
	12.2(33)SRE	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRE.	
Usage Guidelines	You can use the event nf command to monitor the NetFlow events. Multiple events can be specified together for additional filtering on more than one event.		
Examples	The following example ho	w to configure an applet to monitor NetFlow events:	

Router(config) # event manager applet EventNF

Router(config-applet)# event nf event-type create monitor-name mon1 event1 entry-op eq
entry-val val1 field counter bytes long rate-interval 12
Router(config-applet)#

Related Commands

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Command	Description
event manager applet	Registers an event applet with the EEM and enters applet configuration mode.

event none

To specify that an Embedded Event Manager (EEM) policy is to be registered with the EEM and can be run manually, use the **event none** command in applet configuration mode. To remove the **event none** command from the configuration file, use the **no** form of this command.

event [tag event-tag] none [sync {yes| no}] [default] [maxrun maxruntime-number]

no event none

Syntax Description

tag	(Optional) Specifies a tag using the <i>event-tag</i> argument that can be used with the trigger command to support multiple event statements within an applet.
event-tag	(Optional) String that identifies the tag.
synch	Indicates whether the policy should be executed synchronously before the CLI command executes.
	• If the yes keyword is specified, the policy will run synchronously with the CLI command.
	• If the no keyword is specified, the policy will run asynchronously with the CLI command.
default	(Optional) The time period during which the CLI event detector waits for the policy to exit (specified in ssssssssss[.mmm] format, where sssssssss must be an integer representing seconds from 0 to 4294967295, and where mmm must be an integer representing milliseconds from 0 to 999). If the default time period expires before the policy exits, the default action will be executed. The default action is to run the command. If this argument is not specified, the default time period is set to 30 seconds.
maxrun	(Optional) Specifies the maximum runtime of the applet. If the maxrun keyword is specified, the <i>maxruntime-number</i> value must be specified. If the maxrun keyword is not specified, the default applet run time is 20 seconds.
maxruntime-number	(Optional) Number of seconds specified in ssssssss.mmm] format, where sssssss must be an integer representing seconds between 0 and 31536000, inclusive, and where mmm must be an integer representing milliseconds between 0 and 999).

Command Default No EEM events are triggered on the basis of Cisco IOS system monitor counters.

Command Modes Applet configuration (config-applet).

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.3(14)T	This command was introduced.
	12.2(28)SB	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(28)SB.
	12.2(18)SXF4	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(18)SXF4 to support Software Modularity images only.
	12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.
	12.2(18)SXF5	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(18)SXF5.
	12.2SX	This command is supported in the Cisco IOS Release 12.2SX train. Support in a specific 12.2SX release of this train depends on your feature set, platform, and platform hardware.
	12.4(20)T	The tag and maxrun keywords were added to support multiple event statements within an applet.

Usage Guidelines EEM usually schedules and runs policies on the basis of an event specification that is contained within the policy itself. The **event none** command allows EEM to identify an EEM policy that can either be run manually or be run when an EEM applet is triggered. To run the policy, use either the **action policy** command in applet configuration mode or the **event manager run** command in global configuration mode.

Examples

The following example shows how to register a policy named manual-policy to be run manually and then how to execute the policy:

Router(config)# event manager applet manual-policy
Router(config-applet)# event none
Router(config-applet)# exit
Router(config)# event manager run manual-policy

Related Commands

S	Command	Description
	action policy	Registers an EEM policy with EEM.
	event manager applet	Registers an EEM applet with EEM and enters applet configuration mode.

Command	Description
event manager run	Manually runs a registered EEM policy.
show event manager policy registered	Displays registered EEM policies.

event oir

To specify that an Embedded Event Manager (EEM) applet be run on the basis of an event raised when a hardware card online insertion and removal (OIR) occurs, use the **event oir** command in applet configuration mode. To remove the **event oir** command from the configuration, use the **no** form of this command.

event [tag event-tag] oir [maxrun maxruntime-number]

no event [**tag** *event-tag*] **oir** [**maxrun** *maxruntime-number*]

Syntax Description

tag	(Optional) Specifies a tag using the <i>event-tag</i> argument that can be used with the trigger command to support multiple event statements within an applet.
event-tag	(Optional) String that identifies the tag.
maxrun	(Optional) Specifies the maximum runtime of the applet. If the maxrun keyword is specified, the <i>maxruntime-number</i> value must be specified. If the maxrun keyword is not specified, the default applet run time is 20 seconds.
maxruntime-number	(Optional) Number of seconds specified in ssssssss[.mmm] format, where ssssssss must be an integer representing seconds between 0 and 31536000, inclusive, and where mmm must be an integer representing milliseconds between 0 and 999).

Command Default No EEM applets are run on the basis of an OIR event.

Command Modes Applet configuration (config-applet)

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.3(14)T	This command was introduced.
	12.2(28)SB	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(28)SB.
	12.2(18)SXF4	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(18)SXF4 to support Software Modularity images only.
	12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.
	12.2(18)SXF5	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(18)SXF5.

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Release	Modification
12.2SX	This command is supported in the Cisco IOS Release 12.2SX train. Support in a specific 12.2SX release of this train depends on your feature set, platform, and platform hardware.
12.4(20)T	The tag and maxrun keywords were added to support multiple event statements within an applet.

Examples

The following example shows how to configure an EEM applet to be run on the basis of an OIR event:

```
Router(config)# event manager applet oir-event
Router(config-applet)# event oir
Router(config-applet)# exit
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
event manager applet	Registers an EEM applet with EEM and enters applet configuration mode.

event process

To specify the event criteria for an Embedded Event Manager (EEM) applet that is run on the basis of an event raised when a Cisco IOS Software Modularity process starts, restarts, or stops, use the **event process** command in applet configuration mode. To remove the process event criteria, use the **no** form of this command.

event process {abort| start| term| user-restart| user-shutdown} path process-name [instance instance-value] [node node-value]

no event process {**abort**| **start**| **term**| **user-restart**| **user-shutdown**} **path** *process-name* [**instance** *instance-value*] [**node** *node-value*]

Syntax Description	abort	 Specifies that an event is triggered when the specified process aborts with one of the following abnormal conditions: A nonzero exit status. A kernel-generated signal is received. A SIGTERM or SIGKILL signal is received but not as a result of a user request.
	start	Specifies that an event is triggered when the specified process is started.
	term	Specifies that an event is triggered when the specified process stops normally.
	user-restart	Specifies that an event is triggered when there is a process restart request from the CLI command.
	user-shutdown	Specifies that an event is triggered when there is a process stop request.
	path process-name	Specifies the path of the process including the process name. If the value of the <i>process-name</i> argument contains embedded blanks, enclose it in double quotation marks.
	instance instance-value	(Optional) Specifies the process instance ID. The ID must be a number in the range of 1 to 4294967295.
	node node-value	(Optional) Specifies the node name which is a concatenation of the hardware slot number and the hardware CPU number.

Command Default	No EEM events are triggered on the basis of a or stopping.	Cisco IOS Software Modularity process starting, restarting, or
Command Modes Applet configuration (config-applet)		
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(18)SXF4	This command was introduced.
Examples	The following example shows how to specify t starts: Router(config)# event manager applet pr Router(config-applet)# event process st	hat an event is triggered when a Software Modularity process ocess_term art path "cdp2.iosproc"
Related Commands	Command	Description
	event manager applet	Registers an event applet with the Embedded Event Manager and enters applet configuration mode.

event resource

To specify the event criteria for an Embedded Event Manager (EEM) applet that is run on the basis of an Embedded Resource Manager (ERM) event report for a specified policy, use the **event resource** command in applet configuration mode. To remove the report event criteria, use the **no** form of this command.

event [tag event-tag] resource policy policy-filename [maxrun maxruntime-number] no event [tag event-tag] resource policy policy-filename [maxrun maxruntime-number]

Syntax Description

tag	(Optional) Specifies a tag using the <i>event-tag</i> argument that can be used with the trigger command to support multiple event statements within an applet.
event-tag	(Optional) String that identifies the tag.
policy	Indicates that a specific policy is identified.
policy-filename	Policy name.
maxrun	(Optional) Specifies the maximum runtime of the applet. If the maxrun keyword is specified, the <i>maxruntime-number</i> value must be specified. If the maxrun keyword is not specified, the default applet run time is 20 seconds.
maxruntime-number	(Optional) Number of seconds specified in sssssssss[.mmm] format, where ssssssss must be an integer representing seconds between 0 and 31536000, inclusive, and where mmm must be an integer representing milliseconds between 0 and 999).

Command Default No EEM event criteria are specified.

Command Modes Applet configuration (config-applet)

 Release
 Modification

 12.4(2)T
 This command was introduced.

 12.2(31)SB3
 This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(31)SB3.

 12.2(33)SRB
 This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRB.

Release	Modification
12.4(20)T	The tag and maxrun keywords were added to support multiple event statements within an applet.
12.2(33)SXI	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXI.

Usage Guidelines The resource event detector publishes an event when the ERM reports an event for the specified policy. The ERM infrastructure tracks resource depletion and resource dependencies across processes and within a system to handle various error conditions. The error conditions are handled by providing an equitable sharing of resources between various applications. The ERM framework provides a communication mechanism for resource entities and allows communication between these resource entities from numerous locations. The ERM framework also helps in debugging the CPU and memory- related issues. The ERM monitors system resource usage to better understand scalability needs by allowing you to configure threshold values for resources such as CPU, buffer, and memory.

Examples The following example shows how to specify event criteria based on an ERM event report for a policy defined to report high CPU usage:

Router(config)# event manager applet policy-one Router(config-applet)# event resource policy cpu-high Router(config-applet)# action 1.0 syslog msg "CPU high at \$ resource current value percent"

Related Commands

Command	Description
event manager applet	Registers an event applet with the Embedded Event Manager and enters applet configuration mode.

event rf

To specify the event criteria for an Embedded Event Manager (EEM) applet that is run on the basis of Redundancy Framework (RF) state change notifications, use the **event rf** command in applet configuration mode. To remove the RF event criteria, use the **no** form of this command.

event [tag event-tag] rf event rf-state-name [maxrun maxruntime-number]
no event [tag event-tag] rf event rf-state-name [maxrun maxruntime-number]

Syntax Description

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tag	(Optional) Specifies a tag using the <i>event-tag</i> argument that can be used with the trigger command to support multiple event statements within an applet.
event-tag	(Optional) String that identifies the tag.

event	Compares the regular expression contained in the <i>rf-state-name</i> argument with an RF state change notification. If there is a match, an event is triggered. The <i>rf-state-name</i> argument takes one of the following values:
	 RF_EVENT_CLIENT_PROGRESSION
	• RF_EVENT_CONTINUE_PROGRESSION
	• RF_EVENT_GO_ACTIVE
	• RF_EVENT_GO_ACTIVE_EXTRALOAD
	• RF_EVENT_GO_ACTIVE_HANDBACK
	• RF_EVENT_GO_STANDBY
	• RF_EVENT_KEEP_ALIVE
	• RF_EVENT_KEEP_ALIVE_TMO
	• RF_EVENT_LOCAL_PROG_DONE
	• RF_EVENT_NEGOTIATE
	 RF_EVENT_NOTIFICATION_TMO
	• RF_EVENT_PEER_PROG_DONE
	• RF_EVENT_STANDBY_PROGRESSION
	• RF_EVENT_START_PROGRESSION
	• RF_EVENT_SWACT_INHIBIT_TMO
	• RF_PROG_ACTIVE
	• RF_PROG_ACTIVE_DRAIN
	• RF_PROG_ACTIVE_FAST
	• RF_PROG_ACTIVE_POSTCONFIG
	• RF_PROG_ACTIVE_PRECONFIG
	• RF_PROG_EXTRALOAD
	• RF_PROG_HANDBACK
	RF_PROG_INITIALIZATION
	• RF_PROG_PLATFORM_SYNC

	• RF_PROG_STANDBY_BULK
	• RF_PROG_STANDBY_COLD
	• RF_PROG_STANDBY_CONFIG
	• RF_PROG_STANDBY_FILESYS
	• RF_PROG_STANDBY_HOT
	RF_REGISTRATION_STATUS
	• RF_STATUS_MAINTENANCE_ENABLE
	• RF_STATUS_MANUAL_SWACT
	• RF_STATUS_OPER_REDUNDANCY_MODE_CHANGE
	• RF_STATUS_PEER_COMM
	• RF_STATUS_PEER_PRESENCE
	• RF_STATUS_REDUNDANCY_MODE_CHANGE
	• RF_STATUS_SWACT_INHIBIT
maxrun	(Optional) Specifies the maximum runtime of the applet. If the maxrun keyword is specified, the <i>maxruntime-number</i> value must be specified. If the maxrun keyword is not specified, the default applet run time is 20 seconds.
maxruntime-number	(Optional) Number of seconds specified in ssssssss[.mmm]format, where ssssssss must be an integer representing seconds between 0 and 31536000, inclusive, and where mmm must be an integer representing milliseconds between 0 and 999.

Command Default No EEM events are triggered.

Command Modes Applet configuration (config-applet)

Command History

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Release	Modification
12.4(2)T	This command was introduced.
12.2(31)SB3	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(31)SB3.
12.2(33)SRB	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRB.

	Release	Modification
	12.4(20)T	The tag and maxrun keywords were added to support multiple event statements within an applet.
	12.2(33)SXI	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXI.
Usage Guidelines	An EEM event is trigger notification. The RF eve synchronization in a dua	ed when the expression in the <i>rf-state-name</i> argument matches an RF state change at detector publishes an event when one or more RF events occur during Route Processor (RP) system.
Examples	The following example shows how to specify event criteria based on an RF state change notification: Router(config) # event manager applet start-rf Router(config-applet) # event rf event rf_prog_initialization Router(config-applet) # action 1.0 syslog msg "rf state rf_prog_initialization reached"	
Related Commands	Command	Description
	event manager applet	Registers an event applet with the Embedded Event Manager and enters applet configuration mode.

event routing

To publish an event when route entries change in Routing Information Base (RIB) infrastructure, use the **event routing** command in applet configuration mode. To stop publishing events when route entries change in RIB, use the **no** form of this command.

event[tag event-tag]routing network ip-address/length[ge ge-length][le le-length][protocol
protocol-value][type{add| all| modify| remove}][maxrun maxruntime-number]
no event [tag event-tag] routing

Syntax Description

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tag	(Optional) Specifies a tag using the <i>event-tag</i> argument that can be used with the trigger command to support multiple event statements within an applet.
event-tag	(Optional) String that identifies the tag.
network	Specifies the network ip address and length, whose route is to be monitored.
ip-address / length	The ip address and length of the network to be monitored. For example, 192.0.2.4/8.
ge ge-length	(Optional) Specifies the minimum prefix length to be matched.
le le-length	(Optional) Specifies the maximum prefix length to be matched.
ne ne-length	(Optional) Specifies the prefix length not to be matched.
protocol	(Optional) Specifies the protocol value for the network being monitored.
protocol-value	The network protocol value. One of the following protocols can be used: all , bgp , connected , eigrp , isis , iso-igrp , mobile , odr , ospf , rip , and static . The default is all .
type	(Optional) Specifies the desired policy trigger. The default is all .
add	Specifies that an entry is added to the routing table.
all	Specifies that a routing table entry is added, removed, or modified.

modify	Specifies that an entry in the routing table is modified.
remove	Specifies that an entry is removed from the routing table
maxrun	(Optional) Specifies the maximum runtime of the applet. If the maxrun keyword is specified, the <i>maxruntime-number</i> value must be specified. If the maxrun keyword is not specified, the default applet run time is 20 seconds.
maxruntime-number	(Optional) Number of seconds specified in ssssssss[.mmm] format, where ssssssss must be an integer representing seconds from 0 to 31536000, inclusive, and where mmm must be an integer representing milliseconds between 0 and 999.

Command Default By default, no events are published when route entries change in RIB infrastructure.

Command Modes Applet configuration (config-applet)

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.4(22)T	This command was introduced.
	12.2(33)SRE	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRE.

Usage Guidelines

An EEM event is published when route-entry changes are detected in a RIB infrastructure. The network IP address for the route to be monitored must be specified. Network prefixes to be matched, protocol values, and type are optional parameters.

Note

Modification of an existing static route may result in a remove event followed by an add event for the old API (v1.0) or a modify event for the new API (v2.0) depending on the Cisco IOS release.

Examples

The following example shows how a specific route entries change when many parameters is monitored:

Router(config
) # event manager applet EventRouting
Router(config-applet) # event routing 192.0.2.4/8 protocol static type add ge 5 maxrun 56
Router(config-applet) #

The following example shows the output for the Cisco IOS version that uses the old routing API (v1.0):

```
Router# show event manager detector routing
No. Name Version Node Type
1 routing 01.00 node0/0 RP
```

The following example shows the output for the Cisco IOS version that uses the new routing API (v2.0):

Router# **show event manager detector routing** No. Name Version Node Type 1 routing 02.00 node0/0 RP

Related Commands

Command	Description
event manager applet	Registers an event applet with the EEM and enters applet configuration mode.

event rpc

To configure the router to accept Embedded Event Manger (EEM) applet using the remote procedure call (RPC) command, use the **event rpc**command in applet configuration mode. To disable EEM applet using the RPC command, use the **no** form of this command.

event [tag event-tag] rpc [maxrun maxruntime-number]

no event [tag event-tag] rpc [maxrun maxruntime-number]

Syntax Description

tag	(Optional) Specifies a tag using the <i>event-tag</i> argument that can be used with the trigger command to support multiple event statements within an applet.
event-tag	(Optional) String that identifies the tag.
maxrun	(Optional) Specifies the maximum runtime of the applet. If the maxrun keyword is specified, the <i>maxruntime-number</i> value must be specified. If the maxrun keyword is not specified, the default applet run time is 20 seconds.
maxruntime-number	(Optional) Number of seconds specified in ssssssss[.mmm] format, where ssssssss must be an integer representing seconds between 0 and 31536000, inclusive, and where mmm must be an integer representing milliseconds between 0 and 999).

Command Default Event RPC is disabled.

Command Modes Applet configuration (config-applet)

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.4(20)T	This command was introduced.
	12.2(33)SRE	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRE.

Usage Guidelines

Use this command to allow an EEM applet to be executed using the RPC command.

	Command-Line-Interface (CLI) console and not sent in the RPC reply message; so an RPC ED applet is not very useful.
Examples	The following example shows how to configure the event rpc command with maximum runtime set to 3000 seconds.
	Router (onfig-applet) # event rpc maxrun 3000 The following example shows how to send a Simple Object Access Protocol (SOAP) message request and receive reply:
Examples	<pre><?xml version="1.0"?> <soap:envelope xmlns:soap="http://www.cisco.com/eem.xsd"> <soap:body> <run_emscript></run_emscript></soap:body></soap:envelope></pre>
	To send the request, enter "]]>]]>"

When an applet is configured to run using the RPC command, all output is still sent to the

Examples

```
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<SOAP:Envelope xmlns:SOAP="http://www.cisco.com/eem.xsd">
<SOAP:Body>
   <run_Eemscript_response>
      <return code> rc </return code>
      <output> output string </output>
   </run eemscript response>
</SOAP:Body>
</SOAP:Envelope>
The following example shows how to configure the applet called RPC example:
event manager applet RPC_example
 event rpc
action output puts "hello world"
The following example shows how to run the applet using SSH:
infra-view11 {/users/johndoe} ssh -2 -s user@172.16.0.0 eem rpc
Password:
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<SOAP:Envelope xmlns:SOAP="http://www.cisco.com/eem.xsd">
  <SOAP:Body>
    <run eemscript>
      <script_name>RPC_example</script_name>
    </run_eemscript>
  </SOAP:Body>
</SOAP:Envelope>
]]>]]>
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?><SOAP:Envelope
```

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Related Commands

Command	Description
event manager detector rpc	Configures the router to accept EEM applet using the RPC event detector commands.

event snmp

To specify the event criteria for an Embedded Event Manager (EEM) applet that is run by sampling Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) object identifier values, use the **event snmp**command in applet configuration mode. To remove the SNMP event criteria, use the **no** form of this command.

event [tag event-tag] snmp oid oid-value get-type {exact| next} entry-op operator entry-value entry-type {value| increment| rate} [exit-comb {or| and}] [exit-op operator] [exit-value] [exit-type {value| increment| rate}] [exit-time exit-time-value] [exit-event {true| false}] [average-factor average-factor-value] poll-interval poll-int-value [maxrun maxruntime-number]

no event [tag event-tag] snmp oid oid-value get-type {exact| next} entry-op operator entry-val entry-value entry-type {value| increment| rate} [exit-comb {or| and}] [exit-op operator] [exit-val exit-value] [exit-type {value| increment| rate}] [exit-time exit-time-value] [exit-event {true| false}] [average-factor average-factor-value] poll-interval poll-int-value [maxrun maxruntime-number]

Syntax Description

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tag	(Optional) Specifies a tag using the <i>event-tag</i> argument that can be used with the trigger command to support multiple event statements within an applet.
event-tag	(Optional) String that identifies the tag.
oid	Specifies the SNMP object identifier (object ID) value in the <i>oid-value</i> argument as the event criteria.
oid-value	Object ID value of the data element, in SNMP dotted notation. An OID is defined as a type in the associated MIB, CISCO-EMBEDDED-EVENT-MGR-MIB, and each type has an object value. Monitoring of some OID types is supported. When the oid keyword is used, an error message is returned if the OID is not one of the following: • INTEGER_TYPE • COUNTER_TYPE • GAUGE_TYPE • TIME_TICKS_TYPE • COUNTER_64_TYPE • OCTET_PRIM_TYPE • OPAQUE_PRIM_TYPE
get-type	Specifies the type of SNMP get operation to be applied to the object ID specified by the <i>oid-value</i> argument.

exact	Retrieves the object ID specified by the <i>oid-value</i> argument.
next	Retrieves the object ID that is the alphanumeric successor to the object ID specified by the <i>oid-value</i> argument.
entry-op	Compares the contents of the current object ID with the entry value using the specified operator. If there is a match, an event is triggered and event monitoring is disabled until the exit criteria are met.
operator	Two-character string. The <i>operator</i> argument takes one of the following values:
	• gtGreater than.
	• geGreater than or equal to.
	• eqEqual to.
	• ne Not equal to.
	• ItLess than.
	• leLess than or equal to.
entry-val	Specifies the value with which the contents of the current object ID are compared to decide if an SNMP event should be raised.
entry-value	Entry object ID value of the data element.
entry-type	Specifies a type of operation to be applied to the object ID specified by the <i>entry-value</i> argument.
value	Value is defined as the actual value of the <i>entry-value</i> or <i>exit-value</i> argument.
increment	Increment uses the <i>entry-value</i> or <i>exit-value</i> field as an incremental difference and the <i>entry-value</i> or <i>exit-value</i> is compared with the difference between the current counter value and the value when the event was last triggered (or the first polled sample if this is a new event). A negative value checks the incremental difference for a counter that is decreasing.

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rate	Rate is defined as the average rate of change over a period of time. The time period is the <i>average-factor-value</i> multiplied by the <i>poll-int-value</i> . At each poll interval the difference between the current sample and the previous sample is taken and recorded as an absolute value. An average of the previous <i>average-factor-value</i> samples is taken to be the rate of change.
exit-comb	(Optional) Indicates the combination of exit conditions that must be met before event monitoring is reenabled.
or	(Optional) Specifies that an exit comparison operator and an exit object ID value or an exit time value must exist.
and	(Optional) Specifies that an exit comparison operator, an exit object ID value, and an exit time value must exist.
exit-op	(Optional) Compares the contents of the current object ID with the exit value using the specified operator. If there is a match, an event is triggered and event monitoring is reenabled.
exit-val	(Optional) Specifies the value with which the contents of the current object ID are compared to decide whether the exit criteria are met.
exit-value	(Optional) Exit object ID value of the data element.
exit-type	(Optional) Specifies a type of operation to be applied to the object ID specified by the <i>exit-value</i> argument. If not specified, the value is assumed.
exit-time	(Optional) Specifies the time period after which the event monitoring is reenabled. The timing starts after the event is triggered.
exit-time-value	(Optional) Number that represents seconds and optional milliseconds in the format ssssss[.mmm]. The range for seconds is from 0 to 4294967295. The range for milliseconds is from 0 to 999. If only milliseconds are used, the format is 0.mmm.
exit-event	(Optional) Indicates whether a separate exit event is to be triggered when event monitoring is enabled after an initial event is triggered.

true	(Optional) Specifies that a separate exit event is triggered.
false	(Optional) Specifies that a separate exit event is not triggered. This is the default.
average-factor	(Optional) Specifies a number used to calculate the period used for rate-based calculations. The <i>average-factor-value</i> is multiplied by the <i>poll-int-value</i> to derive the period in milliseconds.
average-factor-value	(Optional) Number in the range from 1 to 64. The minimum average factor value is 1.
poll-interval	Specifies the time interval between consecutive polls.
poll-int-value	Number that represents seconds and optional milliseconds in the format ssssss[.mmm]. The range for seconds is from 1 to 4294967295. The range for milliseconds is from 0 to 999. The minimum polling interval is 1 second.
maxrun	(Optional) Specifies the maximum runtime of the applet. If the maxrun keyword is specified, the <i>maxruntime-number</i> value must be specified. If the maxrun keyword is not specified, the default applet run time is 20 seconds.
maxruntime-number	(Optional) Number of seconds specified in SSSSSSSSSS[.MMM] format, where SSSSSSSSSS must be an integer representing seconds between 0 and 4294967295, inclusive, and where MMM must be an integer representing milliseconds between 0 and 999.

Command Default No EEM events are triggered on the basis of SNMP object identifier values.

Command Modes Applet configuration (config-applet)

Command HistoryReleaseModification12.0(26)SThis command was introduced.12.3(4)TThis command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.3(4)T.12.3(2)XEThis command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.3(2)XE.

Release	Modification
12.2(25)S	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(25)S.
12.3(14)T	Optional keywords to support SNMP rate-based events were added.
12.2(28)SB	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(28)SB.
12.2(18)SXF4	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(18)SXF4 to support Software Modularity images only.
12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.
12.2(18)SXF5	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(18)SXF5.
12.2SX	This command is supported in the Cisco IOS Release 12.2SX train. Support in a specific 12.2SX release of this train depends on your feature set, platform, and platform hardware.
12.4(20)T	The tag and maxrunkeywords and associated arguments were added.

Usage Guidelines An EEM event is triggered when one of the fields specified by an SNMP object ID crosses a defined threshold. If multiple conditions exist, the SNMP event will be triggered when all the conditions are met.

Exit criteria are optional. If exit criteria are not specified, event monitoring will be reenabled immediately. If exit criteria are specified--on the basis of values or time periods--event monitoring is not reenabled until the criteria are met.

When the **entry-op** keyword is used and there is a match, an event is triggered and event monitoring is disabled until the exit criteria are met.

When the exit-op keyword is used and there is a match, an event is triggered and event monitoring is reenabled.

The entry-typekeyword triggers one of the following actions:

- If the **value** keyword is specified, the *entry-value* is an actual value and an SNMP event is raised whenever the absolute value occurs.
- If the **increment** keyword is specified, the *entry-value* is an increment and an SNMP event is raised whenever the incremental value is reached.
- If the **rate** keyword is specified, the *entry-value* is a rate of change and an SNMP event is raised whenever the rate of change value is reached.

When the optional exit-typekeyword is used, the following occurs:

- If the **value** keyword is specified, the *exit-value* is an actual value and the event monitoring is reenabled whenever the absolute value occurs. This is the default.
- If the **increment** keyword is specified, the *exit-value* is an increment and the event monitoring is reenabled whenever the incremental value is reached.
- If the **rate** keyword is specified, the *exit-value* is a rate of change and the event monitoring is reenabled whenever the rate of change value is reached.

The increment and rate types are supported only for the following OID types: INTEGER_TYPE, COUNTER_TYPE, and COUNTER_64_TYPE.

Examples

The following example shows how an EEM applet called memory-fail will run when there is an exact match on the value of a specified SNMP object ID that represents the amount of current process memory. A message saying that process memory is exhausted and noting the current available memory will be sent to syslog.

Router(config)# event manager applet memory-fail Router(config-applet)# event snmp oid 1.3.6.1.4.1.9.9.48.1.1.1.6.1 get-type exact entry-op lt entry-val 5120000 poll-interval 10 Router(config-applet)# action 1.0 syslog msg "Memory exhausted; current available memory

is \$_snmp_oid_val bytes" The following example shows an EEM applet called IPSLAping1 being registered to run when there is an exact match on the value of a specified SNMP object ID that represents a successful IP SLA ICMP echo operation (this is equivalent to a **ping** command). Four actions are triggered when the echo operation fails, and event monitoring is disabled until after the second failure.

A message saying that the ICMP echo operation to a server failed is sent to syslog, an SNMP trap is generated, EEM publishes an application-specific event, and a counter called IPSLA1F is incremented by a value of one.

Router(config) # event manager applet IPSLAping1 Router(config-applet) # event snmp oid 1.3.6.1.4.1.9.9.42.1.2.9.1.6.4 get-type exact entry-op eq entry-val 1 exit-op eq exit-val 2 poll-interval 5 Router(config-applet) # action 1.0 syslog priority critical msg "Server IP echo failed: OID=\$_snmp_oid_val" Router(config-applet) # action 1.1 snmp-trap strdata "EEM detected server reachability failure to 10.1.88.9" Router(config-applet) # action 1.2 publish-event sub-system 88000101 type 1 arg1 10.1.88.9 arg2 IPSLAEcho arg3 fail

Related Commands

Command	Description
event manager applet	Registers an event applet with the Embedded Event Manager and enters applet configuration mode.

event snmp-notification

To register the event criteria for an Embedded Event Manager (EEM) applet that is run by sampling Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) notification, use the **event snmp-notification** ormand in applet configuration mode. To remove the SNMP notification event criteria, use the **no** form of this command.

event [tag event-tag] snmp-notification oid oid-string oid-val comparison-value op operator [maxrun maxruntime-number] [src-ip-address ip-address] [dest-ip-address ip-address] [default seconds] [direction {incoming| outgoing}] [msg-op {drop| send}]

no event [tag event-tag] snmp-notification

Syntax Description tag (Optional) Specifies a tag using the event-tag argument that can be used with the trigger command to support multiple event statements within an applet. (Optional) String that identifies the tag. event-tag oid Specifies the SNMP object identifier (object ID) values in the *oid-val* argument as the event criteria. Object ID value of the data element, in SNMP dotted oid-string notation. An OID is defined as a type in the associated MIB, CISCO-EMBEDDED-EVENT-MGR-MIB, and each type has an object value. Monitoring of some OID types is supported. When the **oid** keyword is used, an error message is returned if the OID is not one of the following: COUNTER_TYPE COUNTER_64_TYPE GAUGE TYPE • INTEGER TYPE OCTET_PRIM_TYPE • OPAQUE PRIM TYPE • TIME TICKS TYPE Specifies the OID comparison value. oid-val comparison-value Compares the contents of the current object ID with op the SNMP Protocol Data Unit (PDU) entry value using the specified operator. If there is a match, an event is triggered and event monitoring is disabled until the exit criteria are met.

operator	Two-character string. The <i>operator</i> argument takes one of the following values:
	• gtGreater than.
	• geGreater than or equal to.
	• eqEqual to.
	• neNot equal to.
	• ItLess than.
	• leLess than or equal to.
maxrun	(Optional) Specifies the maximum runtime of the applet. If the maxrun keyword is not specified, the default applet run time is 20 seconds.
maxruntime-number	(Optional) Number of seconds specified in ssssssss[.mmm] format, where sssssss must be an integer representing seconds between 0 and 31536000, inclusive, and where mmm must be an integer representing milliseconds between 0 and 999. The default value is 20 seconds.
src-ip-address	(Optional) Specifies the source IP address where the SNMP notification trap originates. The default is all; it is set to receive SNMP notification traps from all IP addresses.
<i>ip-address</i>	(Optional) The source IP address.
dest-ip-address	(Optional) Specifies the destination IP address where the SNMP notifications trap is sent. The default is all; it is set to receive SNMP traps from all destination IP addresses.
dest-ip-address	(Optional) The destination IP address.
default seconds	(Optional) Specifies the time period during which the snmp notification event detector waits for the policy to exit. The time period is specified in ssssssssss[.mmm] format, where sssssssss must be an integer representing seconds between 0 and 4294967295 and mmm must be an integer representing milliseconds between 0 and 999.

direction	(Optional) Determines the direction of the SNMP trap or inform PDU to filter. The default is incoming.
	incoming Specifies the incoming direction of the SNMP trap or inform PDU to filter.
	outgoing Specifies the outgoing direction of the SNMP trap or inform PDU to filter.
msg-op	(Optional) Indicates the action to be taken on the SNMP PDU, drop it or send it once the event is triggered.
	dropSpecifies to drop the messages.sendSpecifies to send the messages.

Command Default No EEM events are triggered on the basis of SNMP notification object identifier values.

Command Modes Applet configuration (config-applet)

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.4(20)T	This command was introduced.
	15.0(1)M	This command was modified. The following keywords and arguments were added: default , <i>seconds</i> , direction , incoming , outgoing , msg-op , drop , and send .

Usage Guidelines

The SNMP notification event detector provides the ability to intercept SNMP trap and inform messages coming into the router. An SNMP notification event is generated when an incoming SNMP trap or inform message matches specified values or crosses specified thresholds.

The SNMP and the SNMP server manager must be configured and enabled prior to the use of the snmp-notification event detector.

An EEM event is triggered when one of the fields specified by an SNMP notification object ID crosses a defined threshold. If multiple conditions exist, the SNMP notification event is triggered when all the conditions are met.

An OID is defined as a type in the associated MIB, CISCO-EMBEDDED-EVENT-MGR-MIB, and each type has an object value. Monitoring of some OID types is supported. When the **oid** keyword is used, an error message is returned if the OID is not one of the following:

- INTEGER_TYPE
- COUNTER_TYPE
- GAUGE_TYPE

- TIME_TICKS_TYPE
- COUNTER 64 TYPE
- OCTET PRIM TYPE
- OPAQUE_PRIM_TYPE

When the **op** keyword is used and there is a match, an event is triggered and event monitoring is disabled until the exit criteria are met.

The operatorargument takes one of the following values:

- gt -- Greater than.
- ge --Greater than or equal to.
- eq --Equal to.
- ne -- Not equal to.
- It --Less than.
- le --Less than or equal to.

Examples The following example shows how to configure the **snmp-server community** public RW and **snmp-server manager** commands before **event snmp-notification** is configured.

Router(config)# snmp-server community public RW
Router(config)# snmp-server manager

The following example shows how an EEM applet called SNMP_Notification is being registered to run an EEM script when the router receives an SNMP notification on destination IP address 192.168.1.1 for object OID 1 whose value equals 10.

Router (config) # event manager applet SNMP_Notification Router (config-applet) # event snmp-notification dest-ip-address 192.168.1.1 oid 1 op eq oid-val 10 Router (config-applet) # action 1 policy eem_script The following example shows how to intercept an outgoing SNMP trap with the OID 1.3.6.1.4.1.318.2.3.3 and OID value of "UPS: Returned from battery backup power", drop the message and send out a different one.

Router(config)# event manager applet SNMP_Notification Router(config-applet)# event snmp-notification dest_ip_address 192.168.1.1 oid 1.3.6.1.4.1.318.2.3.3 op eq oid-value "UPS: Returned from battery backup power" direction outgoing msg-op drop

Related Commands

Command	Description
event manager applet	Registers an event applet with the EEM and enters applet configuration mode.

event snmp-object

To register the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) object event for an Embedded Event Manager (EEM) applet that is run by sampling the SNMP object, use the **event snmp-object** command in applet configuration mode. To remove the SNMP object event criteria, use the **no** form of this command.

event snmp-object oid *oid-value* type *value* sync {yes| no} skip {yes| no} istable {yes| no} [default seconds] [maxrun maxruntime-number]

no event snmp-object

Syntax Description

oid	Specifies the SNMP object identifier (object ID)
oid-value	Object ID value of the data element in SNMP do notation. An OID is defined as a type in the associa MIB, CISCO-EMBEDDED-EVENT-MGR-MIE and each type has an object value.
type value	Specifies the type of object. The following values valid:
	• counter A 32-bit number with a minimum value of 0. When the maximum value is reach the counter resets to 0.
	• counter64 A 64-bit number with a minim value of 0. When the maximum value is reach the counter resets to 0.
	• gauge A 32-bit number with a minimum va of 0. For example, the interface speed on a router is measured using a gauge object typ
	• intA 32-bit number used to specify a numbered type within the context of a mana object. For example, to set the operational st of a router interface, 1 represents up and 2 represents down.
	• ipv4 IP version 4 address.
	• octet An octet string in hex notation used represent physical addresses.
	• oidObject identifier value.
	• string An octet string in text notation use represent text strings.
	• uint A 32-bit number used to represent decimal value.

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sync	Specifies the SNMP and EEM policy execution.
	• noPolicy and SNMP will run asynchronously.
	• yesRun policy and the result determines whether to run SNMP request.
skip	Mandatory if sync is set to no and should not be used if sync is yes . Specifies whether to skip CLI command execution.
	• noCLI command should be executed.
	• yesCLI command should not be executed.
istable	(Optional) Specifies whether the OID is a SNMP table.• yesOID is an SNMP table.
	• noIOD is not an SNMP table.
default	(Optional) The time period during which the SNMP Object event detector waits for the policy to exit.
seconds	(Optional) Number that represents seconds and optional milliseconds in the format ssssssssss[.mmm]. The range for seconds is from 0 to 4294967295. The range for milliseconds is from 0 to 999. If using milliseconds only, specify the milliseconds in the format 0.mmm.
maxrun	(Optional) Specifies the maximum runtime of the applet.
maxruntime-number	(Optional) Number of seconds specified in sssssssss[.mmm] format, where ssssssss must be an integer representing seconds from 0 to 31536000, and where mmm must be an integer representing milliseconds between 0 and 999. The default value is 20 seconds.

Command Modes

Applet configuration (config-applet)

Command History	Release	Modification
	15.0(1)M	This command was introduced.

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	Release	Modification	
	15.0(1)M1	This command was modified. The counter64 and oid values were added to the type keyword.	
Usage Guidelines	Use the event sump-ob	ect command to register the SNMP object event for an EEM applet that is run by	
	sampling SNMP object.	At command to register the Sixivir object event for an EEW applet that is fun by	
Examples	The following example shows how to use the event snmp-object command:		
	Router(config)# even Router(config-applet	manager applet test # event snmp-object	
Related Commands			
	Command	Description	
	action syslog	Specifies the action of writing a message to syslog when an EEM applet is triggered.	
	event manager applet	Registers an event applet with the EEM and enters applet configuration mode.	

event syslog

To specify the event criteria for an Embedded Event Manager (EEM) applet that is run by matching syslog messages, use the **event syslog** command in applet configuration mode. To remove the syslog message event criteria, use the **no** form of this command.

event [tag event-tag] syslog pattern regular-expression [occurs num-occurrences] [period period-value] [priority priority-level] [severity-level] [maxrun maxruntime-number]

no event [**tag** *event-tag*] **syslog pattern** *regular-expression* [**occurs** *num-occurrences*] [**period** *period-value*] [**priority** *priority-level*] [*severity-level*] [**maxrun** *maxruntime-number*]

Syntax Description

tag	(Optional) Specifies a tag using the <i>event-tag</i> argument that can be used with the trigger command to support multiple event statements within an applet.
event-tag	(Optional) String that identifies the tag.
pattern	Specifies that a regular expression is used to perform the syslog message pattern match.
regular-expression	String value that is the pattern to be matched.
occurs	(Optional) Specifies the number of matching occurrences before an EEM event is triggered. If a number is not specified, an EEM event is triggered after the first match.
num-occurrences	(Optional) Integer in the range of 1 to 32, inclusive.
period	(Optional) Specifies the time interval during which the one or more occurrences must take place. If the period keyword is not specified, no time-period check is applied.
period-value	(Optional) Number that represents seconds and optional milliseconds in the format ssssssssss[.mmm]. The range for seconds is from 0 to 4294967295. The range for milliseconds is from 0 to 999. If using milliseconds only, specify the milliseconds in the format 0.mmm.
priority	(Optional) Specifies the priority level of the syslog messages to be screened. If this keyword is selected, the <i>priority-level</i> argument must be defined. If this keyword is not specified, the software will use the default of priority all , and all priorities will be considered when log messages are screened.

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priority-level	(Optional) Number or name of the desired priority level against which syslog messages are matched. Messages at or numerically lower than the specified level are matched.
	Valid levels for the <i>priority-level</i> argument are as follows (enter the keyword or number, if available):
	• allAll priorities are considered when log messages are screened.
	• {0 emergencies}System is unusable.
	• {1 alerts}Immediate action is needed.
	• {2 critical}Critical conditions.
	• { 3 errors }Error conditions.
	• {4 warnings}Warning conditions.
	• { 5 notifications }Normal but significant conditions.
	• {6 informational}Informational messages.
	• {7 debugging}Debugging messages.
severity-level	(Optional) Specifies the severity level of the syslog messages to be screened. If no severity level is specified, the software will not use any severity filtering and all events will be considered when log messages are screened.
	The <i>severity-level</i> argument may be one or more of the following keywords:
	• severity-criticalCritical conditions.
	• severity-debuggingDebugging messages.
	• severity-fatalFatal conditions.
	• severity-major Major conditions.
	• severity-minorMinor conditions.
	• severity-normal Normal conditions.
	• severity-notificationSignificant conditions.
	• severity-warningWarning conditions.

maxrun	(Optional) Specifies the maximum runtime of the applet. If the maxrun keyword is specified, the <i>maxruntime-number</i> value must be specified. If the maxrun keyword is not specified, the default applet run time is 20 seconds.
maxruntime-number	(Optional) Number of seconds specified in sssssssss[.mmm] format, where ssssssss must be an integer representing seconds between 0 and 31536000, inclusive, and where mmm must be an integer representing milliseconds between 0 and 999).

Command Default No EEM events are triggered on the basis of matches with syslog messages.

Command Modes Applet configuration (config-applet)

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.0(26)S	This command was introduced.
	12.3(4)T	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.3(4)T.
	12.2(25)S	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(25)S.
	12.3(14)T	Optional severity-level keywords were added.
	12.2(28)SB	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(28)SB.
	12.2(18)SXF4	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(18)SXF4 to support Software Modularity images only.
	12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.
	12.2(18)SXF5	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(18)SXF5.
	12.28X	This command is supported in the Cisco IOS Release 12.2SX train. Support in a specific 12.2SX release of this train depends on your feature set, platform, and platform hardware.
	12.4(20)T	The tag and maxrun keywords were added were added to support multiple event statements within an applet.

Usage Guidelines

Use the **event syslog** command to set up event criteria against which syslog messages are matched. Syslog messages are compared against a specified regular expression. After a specified number of matches occurs

within a specified time period, an EEM event is triggered. If multiple conditions exist, the EEM event is triggered when all the conditions are met.

Valid levels for the *priority-level* argument are as follows (enter the keyword or number, if available):

- all -- All priorities are considered when log messages are screened.
- {0 | emergencies}--System is unusable.
- {1 | alerts}--Immediate action is needed.
- {2 | critical}--Critical conditions.
- {3 | errors}--Error conditions.
- {4 | warnings}--Warning conditions.
- {5 | notifications}--Normal but significant conditions.
- {6 | informational}--Informational messages.
- {7 | debugging}--Debugging messages.

The severity-level argument may be one or more of the following keywords:

- severity-critical --Critical conditions.
- severity-debugging --Debugging messages.
- severity-fatal --Fatal conditions.
- severity-major -- Major conditions.
- severity-minor --Minor conditions.
- severity-normal -- Normal conditions.
- severity-notification -- Significant conditions.
- severity-warning -- Warning conditions.

Examples The following example shows how to specify an EEM applet to run when syslog identifies that Ethernet interface 1/0 is down. The applet sends a message about the interface to syslog.

Router(config)# event manager applet interface-down Router(config-applet)# event syslog pattern {.*UPDOWN.*Ethernet1/0.*} occurs 4

Related Commands

s	Command	Description
	event manager applet	Registers an event applet with the Embedded Event Manager and enters applet configuration mode.

event timer

To specify the event criteria for an Embedded Event Manager (EEM) applet that is run on the basis of time-specific events, use the **event timer** command in applet configuration mode. To remove the time-specific event criteria, use the **no** form of this command.

event [tag event-tag] timer {absolute time time-value| countdown time time-value| cron cron-entry cron-entry | watchdog time time-value} [name timer-name]

no event [tag *event-tag*] timer {absolute time *time-value*| countdown time *time-value*| cron cron-entry *cron-entry* | watchdog time *time-value*} [name *timer-name*]

Syntax Description

tag	(Optional) Specifies a tag using the <i>event-tag</i> argument that can be used with the trigger command to support multiple event statements within an applet.
event-tag	(Optional) String that identifies the tag.
absolute	Specifies that an event is triggered when the specified absolute time of day occurs.
time	Specifies the time interval during which the event must take place.
time-value	Integer that specifies, in seconds and optional milliseconds, the time interval during which the event must take place. The range for seconds is from 0 to 4294967295 and the range for milliseconds is from 0 to 999. The format is ssssss[.mmm]. When only milliseconds are specified, use the format 0.mmm.
countdown	Specifies that an event is triggered when the specified time counts down to zero. The timer does not reset.
cron	Specifies that an event is triggered when the CRON string specification matches the current time.
cron-entry	Specifies the first five fields of a UNIX crontab entry as used with the UNIX CRON daemon.

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cron-entry	Text string that consists of five fields separated by spaces. The fields represent the times and dates when CRON timer events will be triggered. Fields and corresponding values are as follows:
	• <i>minute</i> A number in the range from 0 to 59 that specifies when a CRON timer event is triggered.
	• <i>hour</i> A number in the range from 0 to 23 that specifies when a CRON timer event is triggered.
	• <i>day-of-month</i> A number in the range from 1 to 31 that specifies the day of the month when a CRON timer event is triggered.
	• <i>month</i> A number in the range from 1 to 12 or the first three letters (not case-sensitive) of the name of the month in which a CRON timer event is triggered.
	• <i>day-of-week</i> A number in the range from 0 to 6 (Sunday is 0) or the first three letters (not case-sensitive) of the name of the day when a CRON timer event is triggered.
	Instead of the first five fields, special strings can be entered. See the "Usage Guidelines" section for details.
watchdog	Specifies that an event is triggered when the specified time counts down to zero. The timer automatically resets to the initial value and continues to count down.
name	(Optional) Specifies that the timer is named.
timer-name	(Optional) Name of the timer.
maxrun	(Optional) Specifies the maximum runtime of the applet. If the maxrun keyword is specified, the maxruntime-number value must be specified. If the maxrun keyword is not specified, the default applet run time is 20 seconds.
maxruntime-number	(Optional) Number of seconds specified in ssssssss[.mmm] format, where ssssssss must be an integer representing seconds between 0 and 31536000, inclusive, and where mmm must be an integer representing milliseconds between 0 and 999).

Command Default No EEM events are triggered on the basis of time-specific events.

Command Modes Applet configuration

Command History Release Modification 12.2(25)S This command was introduced. 12.3(14)T This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.3(14)T. 12.2(28)SB This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(28)SB. 12.2(18)SXF4 This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(18)SXF4 to support Software Modularity images only. 12.2(33)SRA This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA. 12.2(18)SXF5 This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(18)SXF5. 12.2SX This command is supported in the Cisco IOS Release 12.2SX train. Support in a specific 12.2SX release of this train depends on your feature set, platform, and platform hardware. 12.4(20)T The tag and maxrun keywords were added were added to support multiple event statements within an applet.

Usage Guidelines

For the *cron-entry*argument, the following special strings also are allowed in syntax:

- Range of numbers--The specified range is inclusive, and a hyphen separates the numbers. For example, 8-11 after the hour field specifies execution of a CRON timer event at hours 8, 9, 10, and 11.
- Asterisk (*)--Indicates that a field is not specified and can be any value.
- List--A list is a set of numbers or ranges separated by a comma but no space. For example, 1,2,5,9 or 0-4,8-12.
- Step value in conjunction with a range--Following a range with */number* specifies skips of the *number* value through the range. For example, 0-23/2 in the hour field specifies that an event is triggered every second hour. Steps are permitted after an asterisk, for example */2 means every two hours.

Instead of the five fields of a UNIX crontab entry for the *cron-entry* argument, one of the following seven special strings can be entered:

- @yearly --An event is triggered once a year. This is the equivalent of specifying 0 0 1 1 * for the first five fields.
- @annually --Same as @yearly.

	• @monthly An event is triggered once a month. This is the equivalent of specifying 0 0 1 * * for the first five fields.
	• @weekly An event is triggered once a week. This is the equivalent of specifying 0 0 * * 0 for the first five fields.
	• @dailyAn event is triggered once a day. This is the equivalent of specifying 0 0 * * * for the first five fields.
	• @midnightSame as @daily.
	• @hourly An event is triggered once an hour. This is the equivalent of specifying 0 * * * * for the first five fields.
	A CRON timer may not produce the intended result if the time-of-day clock is not set to the correct time. Network Time Protocol (NTP) services can be used to facilitate keeping an accurate time-of-day clock setting. For more details on NTP configuration, see the "Performing Basic System Management" chapter of the <i>Cisco</i> <i>IOS Network Management Configuration Guide</i> , Release 12.4.
Examples	The following example shows how to specify that an event is triggered one time after 5 hours:
	Router (config) # event manager applet timer-absolute Router (config-applet) # event timer absolute time 18000 The following example shows how to specify that an event is triggered once after 6 minutes and 6 milliseconds:
	Router(config)# event manager applet timer-set Router(config-applet)# event timer countdown time 360.006 name six-minutes The following example shows how to specify that an event is triggered at 1:01 a.m. on January 1 each year:
	Router(config)# event manager applet timer-cron1 Router(config-applet)# event timer cron cron-entry 1 1 1 1 * name Jan1 The following example shows how to specify that an event is triggered at noon on Monday through Friday of every week:
	Router(config)# event manager applet timer-cron2 Router(config-applet)# event timer cron cron-entry 0 12 * * 1-5 name MonFri The following example shows how to specify that an event is triggered at midnight on Sunday every week:
	Router(config)# event manager applet timer-cron3 Router(config-applet)# event timer cron cron-entry @weekly name Sunday The following example shows how to specify that an event is triggered every 5 hours:
	Router(config)# event manager applet timer-watch Router(config-applet)# event timer watchdog time 18000

Related Commands

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Command	Description
event manager applet	Registers an event applet with the Embedded Event Manager and enters applet configuration mode.

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event track

To specify the event criteria for an Embedded Event Manager (EEM) applet that is run on the basis of a Cisco IOS Object Tracking subsystem report for the specified object number, use the **event track** command in applet configuration mode. To remove the report event criteria, use the **no** form of this command.

event [label] [tag event-tag] track object-number [state {up| down| any}] [maxrun maxruntime-number] no event [label] [tag event-tag] track object-number [state {up| down| any}] [maxrun maxruntime-number]

Syntax Description

tag	(Optional) Specifies a tag using the <i>event-tag</i> argument that can be used with the trigger command to support multiple event statements within an applet.
event-tag	(Optional) String that identifies the tag.
label	(Optional) Unique identifier that can be any string. If the string contains embedded blanks, enclose it in double quotation marks.
object-number	Tracked object number in the range from 1 to 500, inclusive. The number is defined using the track stub command.
state	(Optional) Specifies that the tracked object transition will cause an event to be raised.
սթ	(Optional) Specifies that an event will be raised when the tracked object transitions from a down state to an up state.
down	(Optional) Specifies that an event will be raised when the tracked object transitions from an up state to a down state.
any	(Optional) Specifies that an event will be raised when the tracked object transitions to or from any state. This is the default.
maxrun	(Optional) Specifies the maximum runtime of the applet. If the maxrun keyword is specified, the <i>maxruntime-number</i> value must be specified. If the maxrun keyword is not specified, the default applet run time is 20 seconds.

maxruntime-number	(Optional) Number of seconds specified in
	ssssssss[.mmm] format, where ssssssss must be an
	integer representing seconds between 0 and 31536000,
	inclusive, and where mmm must be an integer
	representing milliseconds between 0 and 999).

Command Default	No EEM event criteria are	specified
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Command Modes Applet configuration (config-applet)

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.4(2)T	This command was introduced.
	12.2(31)SB3	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(31)SB3.
	12.2(33)SRB	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRB.
	12.4(20)T	The tag and maxrun keywords were added to support multiple event statements within an applet.
	12.2(33)SXI	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXI.

Usage Guidelines There are two entry varia

There are two entry variables associated with this command:

- _track_number--Number of the tracked object that caused the event to be triggered.
- _track_state--State of the tracked object when the event was triggered; valid states are "up" or "down."

This command is used to help track objects using EEM. Each tracked object is identified by a unique number that is specified on the tracking command-line interface (CLI). Client processes such as EEM use this number to track a specific object. The tracking process periodically polls the tracked objects and notes any change of value. The changes in the tracked object are communicated to interested client processes, either immediately or after a specified delay. The object values are reported as either up or down.

Examples

les The following example shows how to specify event criteria based on a tracked object:

event manager applet track-ten event track 10 state any action 1.0 track set 10 state up action 2.0 track read 10

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Related Commands

Command	Description
action track read	Specifies the action of reading the state of a tracked object when an EEM applet is triggered.
action track set	Specifies the action of setting the state of a tracked object when an EEM applet is triggered.
event manager applet	Registers an event applet with the Embedded Event Manager and enters applet configuration mode.
show track	Displays tracking information.
track stub	Creates a stub object to be tracked.

event wdsysmon

To specify the event criteria for an Embedded Event Manager (EEM) applet that is run on the basis of Cisco IOS Software Modularity watchdog system monitor (WDSysMon) counters crossing a threshold, use the **event wdsysmon**command in applet configuration mode. To remove the event criteria, use the **no** form of this command.

event wdsysmon sub1 subevent1 [timewin timewin-value] [sub12-op {and| or| andnot} sub2 subevent2] [node node-name]

no event wdsysmon sub1 subevent1 [timewin timewin-value] [sub12-op {and|or|andnot} sub2 subevent2] [node node-name]

Subevent Syntax (for the subevent1 and subevent2 Arguments)

cpu-proc procname process-name op operator val value [period period-value]

cpu-tot op operator val value [period period-value]

deadlock procname process-name

dispatch-mgr procname process-name op operator val value [period period-value]

mem-proc procname process-name op operator val value [is-percent {true| false}] [period period-value]

mem-tot-avail op operator val value [is-percent {true| false}] [period period-value]

mem-tot-used op operator val value [is-percent {true| false}] [period period-value]

sub1	Specifies the first subevent.
subevent1	First subevent. Use one of the seven forms of syntax shown above under the Subevent Syntax heading.
timewin	(Optional) Specifies the time window within which all the subevents must occur for an event to be generated.
timewin-value	(Optional) Number that represents seconds and optional milliseconds in the format ssssss[.mmm]. The range for seconds is from 0 to 4294967295. The range for milliseconds is from 0 to 999. If using milliseconds only, specify the milliseconds in the format 0.mmm.
sub12-op	(Optional) Indicates the combination operator for comparison between subevent 1 and subevent 2.
and	(Optional) Specifies that the results of both subevent 1 and subevent 2 must cross the specified thresholds.

Syntax Description

or	(Optional) Specifies that the results of either subevent 1 or subevent 2 must cross the specified thresholds.
andnot	(Optional) Specifies that the results from subevent 1 must cross the specified threshold and the results from subevent 2 must not cross the specified threshold.
sub2	(Optional) Specifies the second subevent.
subevent2	(Optional) Second subevent. Use one of the seven forms of syntax shown above under the Subevent Syntax heading.
node	(Optional) Specifies the node.
node-name	(Optional) Node name.
Subevent Syntax	
cpu-proc	Specifies the use of a sample collection of CPU process statistics.
cpu-tot	Specifies the use of a sample collection of CPU total statistics.
deadlock	Specifies the use of a sample collection of deadlock statistics.
dispatch-mgr	Specifies the use of a sample collection of dispatch manager statistics.
mem-proc	Specifies the use of a sample collection of process memory statistics.
mem-tot-avail	Specifies the use of a sample collection of total available memory statistics.
mem-tot-used	Specifies the use of a sample collection of total used memory statistics.
procname	Specifies a Cisco IOS Software Modularity process name.
process-name	Name of the Software Modularity process to be monitored. If the process name contains embedded blanks, enclose it in double quotation marks.

ор	Compares the collected CPU, deadlock, dispatch manager, or memory statistics sample with the value specified in the <i>value</i> argument. If there is a match, the subevent is triggered.
operator	Two-character string. The <i>operator</i> argument takes one of the following values: • gt Greater than
	• ge Greater than or equal to
	• eq Equal to
	• It Less than
	• R Less than an amalita
	• leLess than or equal to.
val	Specifies the value with which the collected CPU, deadlock, dispatch manager, or memory statistics sample is compared to decide if the subevent should be raised.
value	Number in the range from 1 to 4294967295.
period	(Optional) Specifies the elapsed time period for the collection samples to be averaged.
period-value	(Optional) Number that represents seconds and optional milliseconds in the format ssssss[.mmm]. The range for seconds is from 0 to 4294967295. The range for milliseconds is from 0 to 999. If only milliseconds are used, the format is 0.mmm. If the time period is 0, the most recent sample is used.
is-percent	(Optional) Indicates whether the <i>value</i> argument is a percentage.
true	(Optional) Specifies that the <i>value</i> argument is a percentage.
false	(Optional) Specifies that the <i>value</i> argument is not a percentage.

Command Default No EEM events are triggered on the basis of Cisco IOS Software Modularity WDSysMon counters.

Command Modes Applet configuration (config-applet)

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Command History	Release	Modification	
	12.2(18)SXF4	This command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines	An EEM event is triggered when or defined threshold. Depending on th	ne of the Cisco IOS Software Modularity WDSysMon counters crosses a be operator, the threshold may be crossed when the value is greater than	
	the threshold or when the value is le	ess than the threshold.	
Examples	The following example shows how to configure a Cisco IOS Software Modularity policy to trigger an applet when the total amount of memory used by the process named "tcp.proc" has increased by more than 50 percent over the sample period of 60 seconds:		
	Router(config)# event manager Router(config-applet)# event v is-percent true period 60 Router(config-applet)# action	applet WD_Sample wdsysmon sub1 mem-proc procname "tcp.proc" op gt val 50 1 syslog msg "WD_Sample Policy Triggered"	
Related Commands	Command	Description	
	event manager applet	Registers an event applet with the Embedded Event Manager and enters applet configuration mode.	