

Cisco RFGW-10 Commands

This chapter includes a description of all the Cisco RFGW-10 commands in alphabetical order of the command mnemonic.

For each command, this chapter provides:

- A short description of the purpose of the command
- The command syntax
- The semantics of each parameter in the syntax
- Parameter default values
- Command example or examples
- Related commands

active

	-	ion, use the active command in cable video server configuration mode or QAM node. To deactivate, use the no form of this command.
	no active	
Syntax Description	This command has no ar	guments or keywords.
Command Default	QAM partition is not act	ive.
Command Modes	QAM partition configura	ation (config-qp)
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(44)SQ	This command was introduced on the Cisco RF Gateway 10.
	Cisco IOS-XE Release 3.3.0SQ	This command was integrated in to Cisco IOS-XE Release 3.3.0SQ.
Usage Guidelines	command activates the Q server for the GQI protoc Interface (ERMI) protoc Edge Resource Manager When the QAM partition	an be activated. Effective with Cisco IOS-XE Release 3.3.0SQ, the active QAM partition configuration. A reset indication message is sent to the GQI col, when the QAM partition is activated. For the Edge Resource Management ol, an ERMI-1 connection is established and resources are advertised to the (ERM). In is deactivated, the Session Resource Manager (SRM) is closed for the GQI ocol, a notification message is sent and the connection is closed.
Examples	Router# configure terr Router(config)# cable Router(config-qp)# pro Router(config-qp)# mgr	<pre>qam-partition 1 ptocol gqi nt-ip 1.1.1.1 c-address 1234.abcd.4e4e cver 192.168.0.10</pre>

Related Commands

Command	Description
cable qam-partition	Configures the QAM partition for a video server.
mgmt-ip-address mac-address	Configures the management port IP address and MAC address.
protocol	Configures the protocol used by the external server.
server	Configures the IP address of the external server.

asm

To configure an Any Source Multicast (ASM) label definition, use the **asm** command in cable video label configuration mode. To remove the ASM label, use the **no** form of this command.

asm *label* {**group** *sroup-ip*} [**cbr** | **bitrate** *bps* | **jitter** *ms* | **GigabitEthernet** | **TenGigabitEthernet** *interface*}

no asm *label* {**group** *group-ip*} [**cbr** | **bitrate** *bps* | **jitter** *ms* | **GigabitEthernet** | **TenGigabitEthernet** *interface*}

Syntax Description	label	Specifies the name of the session.
	group	Indicates the multicast group.
	group-ip	Specifies the destination IP address.
	cbr	(Optional) Specifies that the session is supposed to be constant bitrate.
	bitrate	(Optional) Sets the bitrate allocated for the session.
	bps	(Optional) Specifies the bitrate value. Valid range is 1 to 52000000 bps.
	GigabitEthernet	(Optional) Indicates the Gigabit Ethernet interface. Valid slot range is 1 to 12.
	TenGigabitEthernet	(Optional) Indicates the 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface. Valid range for slot is 1 to 12.
	interface	Specifies the interface slot and port.
	jitter	(Optional) Specifies the amount of jitter allowed in a network.
	ms	(Optional) Specifies the jitter value. Valid range is 10 to 200 ms. Default is 200 ms.
Command Modes	Cable video label config	uration (cfg-video-lbl)
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(44)SQ	This command was introduced on the Cisco RF Gateway 10.
	Cisco IOS-XE Release 3.3.1SQB1	This command was modified. The bitrate keyword was made optional.
Usage Guidelines	group IP address.	oports Any Source Multicast (ASM). An ASM video label is identified by the an be mapped to multiple QAM channels. All cloned sessions of the same video ibutes.



To avoid oversubscription, ensure that the actual bitrate of the video session does not exceed the allocated bitrate.

The following example shows the ASM configuration on the Cisco RFGW-10:

```
Router# configure terminal
Router(config)# cable video labels
Router(cfg-video-lbl)# asm asm1 group 226.1.1.1 bitrate 3750000
Router(cfg-video-lbl)# exit
```

Effective with Cisco IOS-XE Release 3.3.1SQB1, this example shows the ASM configuration without the **bitrate** keyword

Router(cfg-video-lbl)# asm asm1 group 226.1.1.1

	Description
cable video labels	Enters the cable video label configuration.
cable video ip multicast	Configures video multicast sessions on the QAM subinterface.
show cable video label	Displays the labels configured on the chassis.
ssm	Configures an SSM video session definition.
c n s]	able video ip nulticast how cable video label

auto-sync

To enable automatic synchronization of the configuration files in NVRAM, use the **auto-sync** command in the main CPU redundancy configuration mode. To disable automatic synchronization, use the **no** form of this command.

auto-sync {startup-config | config-register | bootvar | running-config | standard}

no auto-sync {startup-config | config-register | bootvar | standard}

Syntax Description		
Syntax Description	startup-config	Specifies synchronization of the startup configuration files.
	config-register	Specifies synchronization of the configuration register values.
	bootvar	Specifies synchronization of the following boot variables:
		• BOOT—Set by the boot system <i>device:filename</i> command.
		• CONFIG_FILE—Set by the boot config <i>device:filename</i> command.
		• BOOTLDR—Set by the boot bootldr <i>device:filename</i> command.
	running-config	Specifies synchronization of the running configuration files.
	standard	Specifies synchronization of all of the system files (startup configuration, boot variables, and running config configuration registers).
Command Default	At the Cisco RF C	Gateway 10 chassis level, all the system files are synchronized by default.
Command Modes	Main CPU redund	dancy configuration (config-r-mc)
Command History	Release	Modification
Command History	Release 12.2(44)SQ	Modification This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(44)SQ. Support for the Cisco RF Gateway 10 was added.
Command History Usage Guidelines	12.2(44)SQ We recommend th	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(44)SQ. Support for the Cisco RF Gateway 10 was added.

Related Commands	Command	Description
	main-cpu	Enters the main CPU redundancy configuration mode.
	redundancy	Enters the redundancy configuration mode.

banner Icd

To configure the string on the front panel display, use the **banner lcd** command in global configuration mode. To disable the string, use the **no** form of this command.

banner lcd *text*

no banner lcd

Syntax Description	text	Specifies the information that is displayed on the front panel.
Command Default	The platform hostn	ame is displayed by default.
Command Modes	Global configuration	on (config)
Command History	Release 12.2(44)SQ	Modification This command was introduced on the Cisco RF Gateway 10.
Usage Guidelines	You can use this co extra contact inform	ommand to specify additional information when identifying the chassis or including nation.
Examples	Router# configure	nple shows the configuration of the banner on the Cisco RFGW-10: terminal anner lcd This is RFGW-10.

block

To configure the block frequency in the lane for a frequency profile on the Cisco RFGW-10 DS-384 line card, use the **block** command in frequency profile lane configuration mode.

block *block-id* **start-freq** *frequency*

Syntax Description	block_id	Block ID in the lane frequency profile. Valid range is from 1 to 4.	
	start-freq	Specifies the starting frequency of the block.	
	frequency	Downstream start frequency of a block in a lane. Valid range is from 48000000 to 999000000 Hz.	
		Note The valid range of the block depends on the starting frequency of parent lane.	the
Command Default	The command has no de	ault behavior or values.	
Command Modes	Frequency profile lane c	onfiguration mode (config-freq-prof-lane)	
Command History	Release	Modification	
	Cisco IOS-XE Release 3.2.0SQ	This command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines	RFGW-10 DS-384 line of the line card. The Super	IOS-XE Release 3.2.0SQ supports global templates or profiles on the Card. A wider range of frequency spectrum is supported on the upconverter visor card uses two frequency schemes—static frequency scheme and cheme—to configure the frequency profiles at the port level.	
<u> </u>	The frequency schemes	are applicable to Cisco RFGW-10 DS-384 line card only.	
		ncy scheme allows you to define the frequency at the chassis level, and an equency spectrum to any port on any Cisco RFGW-10 DS-384 line card.	oply
	216 MHz. Each lane has	four frequency lanes in the 1 GHz spectrum. Each lane has a frequency of 4 blocks of 54 MHz, and each block has 8 carriers. The start frequency assist frequency range of 216 MHz.	
Note		cannot overlap with each other. Each lane cannot exceed 32 carriers, and frequency of 54 MHz and 8 carriers.	la
Note	This command is application	ble on the Cisco RFGW10-DS-384 line card.	

Examples	The following example	creates the blocks in frequency profile lane configuration mode:
	Router(config-freq-p Router(config-freq-p	
Related Commands	Command	Description
	cable downstream freq-profile	Creates the frequency profile for a Cisco RFGW-10 DS-384 line card.
	lane	Creates the lane frequency for the frequency profile.

cable clock auto-revert

To set the clock in auto-revert mode, use the **cable clock auto-revert** command in global configuration mode. To disable the clock auto-revert mode, use the **no** form of this command.

cable clock auto-revert prefer slot

no cable clock auto-revert prefer

Syntax Description	prefer	Specifies the TCC card that should be made active.
	slot	TCC card slot. Valid slots are 13 and 14.
Command Default	The clock is not in auto-	revert mode.
Command Modes	Global configuration (co	onfig)
Command History	Release	Modification
	Cisco IOS-XE Release 3.2.0SQ	This command was introduced on the Cisco RF Gateway 10.
Usage Guidelines		p-revert prefer command to choose which TCC card should active, when both acted to DTI servers, and are in the same clock state.
Examples	The following example s	shows the auto-revert preference set to TCC card in slot 14:
	Router(config)# cable	clock auto-revert prefer 14
Related Commands	Command	Description
	clear cable clock counters	Clears DTI client transition counters of a TCC DTI card.
	show cable clock	Displays information on DTI client, and server statistic counts, and path

cable clock free-run

To set the clock in free-run mode, use the **cable clock free-run** command in global configuration mode. To disable the clock from free-run mode, use the **no** form of this command.

cable clock *slot* free-run

no cable clock *slot* free-run

Syntax Description	slot	Specifies the slot in the TCC card. Valid slots are 13 and 14.
Command Default	The clock is not in fre	e-run mode.
Command Modes	Global configuration (config)
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(44)SQ	This command was introduced on the Cisco RF Gateway 10.
Usage Guidelines	We recommend to avo server and client setup	oid running free-run mode in a Timing, Communication and Control (TCC) card
Examples	The following exampl	e shows the configuration of the TCC card in slot 13 in the free-run state:
	Router(config)# cab	le clock 13 free-run
Related Commands	Command	Description
	clear cable clock counters	Clears DTI client transition counters of a TCC DTI card.
	show cable clock	Displays information on DTI client, and server statistic counts, and path traceability of a TCC card.

cable depi dest-ip

To configure Downstream External PHY Interface (DEPI) sessions manually on QAM line cards, use the **cable depi dest-ip** command in the QAM subinterface configuration mode. To remove a session, use the **no** form of this command.

cable depi dest-ip IP address

no cable depi dest-ip IP address

Syntax Description	IP address	IP address of the destination network.
Command Default	This command has no de	efault behavior or values.
Command Modes	QAM subinterface config	guration (config-subif)
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(44)SQ	This command was introduced on the Cisco RF Gateway 10.
	Cisco IOS-XE Release	This command was modified. The session-id keyword was removed from
Usage Guidelines	3.2.0SQ This command is used to	the command. configure DEPI sessions manually instead of signalled remote sessions. When ssion on the QAM channel, a route is established.
Usage Guidelines Examples	3.2.0SQ This command is used to you configure a DEPI se The following example s	configure DEPI sessions manually instead of signalled remote sessions. When
	3.2.0SQ This command is used to you configure a DEPI se The following example s Cisco RFGW-10: Router (config) # interf Router (config-subif) #	configure DEPI sessions manually instead of signalled remote sessions. When ssion on the QAM channel, a route is established.
	3.2.0SQ This command is used to you configure a DEPI se The following example s Cisco RFGW-10: Router (config) # interf Router (config-subif) #	configure DEPI sessions manually instead of signalled remote sessions. When ssion on the QAM channel, a route is established. shows DEPI sessions created manually created on a QAM line card 7 on the face qam-red 7/1.1 cable mode depi local lbg 1
Examples	3.2.0SQ This command is used to you configure a DEPI se The following example se Cisco RFGW-10: Router (config) # interf Router (config-subif) # Router (config-subif) #	configure DEPI sessions manually instead of signalled remote sessions. When ssion on the QAM channel, a route is established. shows DEPI sessions created manually created on a QAM line card 7 on the face qam-red 7/1.1 cable mode depi local lbg 1 cable depi dest-ip 10.1.1.1
Examples	3.2.0SQ This command is used to you configure a DEPI se The following example se Cisco RFGW-10: Router (config) # interf Router (config-subif) # Router (config-subif) # Router (config-subif) #	configure DEPI sessions manually instead of signalled remote sessions. When ssion on the QAM channel, a route is established. shows DEPI sessions created manually created on a QAM line card 7 on the face gam-red 7/1.1 cable mode depi local lbg 1 cable depi dest-ip 10.1.1.1 Description

cable depi offset

To set the DOCSIS timing offset on the QAM channel for a line card in a Downstream External PHY Interface (DEPI), use the **cable depi offset** command in global configuration mode and QAM interface and subinterface configuration mode. To disable the offset, use the **no** form of this command.

cable depi offset ticks

no cable depi offset ticks

Syntax Description	ticks	Specifies the offset value. Valid range is from 0 to 32768 for 1/10.24 MHz. Default is 0.	
Command Default	This command has	no default behavior or values.	
Command Modes	Global configuration (config)		
	QAM interface and	subinterface configuration (config-if and config-subif)	
Command History	Release	Modification	
	12.2(44)SQ	This command was introduced on the Cisco RF Gateway 10.	
Usage Guidelines	enables DOCSIS ti measured on each O To configure all the level. However, thi	the DOCSIS timing offset (DTI) for a QAM channel in a DEPI mode. The DTI Offset ming offset adjustment per QAM channel. The actual timing offset needs to be QAM channel. • QAM ports to the same timing offset, use the cable depi offset command at the port s sets the offset value on all the QAM channels on that port. gure the entire chassis with the same timing offset.	
Examples	Router(config)# i	nple shows how to configure the timing offset adjustment on slot 7 RF port 3: nterface gam 7/3 # cable depi offset 950	
	•	nple shows how to configure the timing offset adjustment on line card slots 3 and 5 2. The timing offset value of line card slots 3 and 5 will be adjusted by 150 ticks.	
		nterface range qam 3/1 - 12, qam 5/1 - 12 range)# cable depi offset 150	
	The following exam	nple shows the DTI offset being set to 324 ticks on QAM channels:	
	Router(config-sub	terface gam-red 3/1.1 sif)#cable mode depi local sif)#cable depi offset 324	

Related Commands	Command	Description
	cable depi dest-ip	Sets the destination IP address for a DEPI session.
	cable mode depi	Sets the mode and usage of a QAM channel on a line card.

cable downstream annex

To set the Moving Picture Experts Group (MPEG) framing format for a downstream port on a cable interface line card to Annex A (Europe), Annex B (North America), or Annex C (Japan), use the **cable downstream annex** command in RF profile configuration, QAM interface, and subinterface configuration mode.

cable downstream annex $\{A \mid B \mid C\}$

Syntax Description		es the EuroDOCSIS J.112 standard.	
	B Annex B: The DOCSIS-compliant cable plants that support North American channel uses ITU J.83 Annex B downstream radio frequency.		
	C Annex C: A variant of DOCS	IS 1.1 designed to operate in Japanese cable systems.	
Command Default	Annex B is the default for all Cisco	cable interface line cards.	
Command Modes	RF profile configuration (config-rf-prof)		
	QAM interface and subinterface co	nfiguration (config-if and config-subif)	
Command History	Release	Modification	
	12.2(44)SQ	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release	
		12.2(44)SQ. Support for Cisco RF Gateway 10 was added.	
	Cisco IOS-XE Release 3.2.0SQ	This command was modified. The annex type can be set globally on the RFGW-10 using the RF profile configuration.	
Usage Guidelines	The Cisco RFGW-10 supports Ann	ex A, Annex B, and Annex C operation.	
 Note	If the Annex is changed, the cable	nodems may go offline.	
	Annex is configured at the QAM interface (config-if) or QAM subinterface (config-subif) on the		
	Cisco RFGW-10 DS-48 line card.		
Note	61	h as cable downstream annex, cable downstream modulation,	
		e downstream frequency and, cable downstream rf-power at the	
	Cisco RFGW-10 DS-48 line card.	e QAM channels on that port. This is applicable on the	
	Annex is a part of RF profile config	guration mode for Cisco RFGW-10 DS-384 line card. You can apply	
		profiles on Cisco RFGW-10 DS-384 channels.	

In Cisco IOS-XE Release 3.2.0SQ, RF profiles can be created globally at the chassis level, and applied to any QAM channel on the Cisco RFGW-10 DS-384 line card. The RF profiles are used for grouping QAM channels with same modulation, Annex mode, symbol rate, and interleaver depth.

The **cable downstream rf-profile** command creates the RF profile. The modulation, annex mode, symbol-rate, and interleaver depth are configured in the RF profile configuration mode.

```
<u>Note</u>
```

RF profiles are supported only on the Cisco RFGW-10 DS-384 line card.

The following example is a sample of a RF profile configuration:

```
Router(config)# cable downstream rf-profile 64qam-B
Router(config-rf-prof)# cable downstream annex B
Router(config-rf-prof)# cable downstream modulation 64
Router(config-rf-prof)# cable downstream interleaver-depth option1 I128-J1 option2 I32-J4
Router(config-rf-prof)# cable downstream symbol-rate 3500000
Router(config-rf-prof)# exit
Router(config)#
```

Examples

The following example shows how to set the MPEG framing format to Annex B on a Cisco RFGW-10 DS-48 line card:

```
Router# configure terminal
Router(config)# interface qam 3/1
Router(config-if)# cable downstream annex B
```

The following example shows how to set the annex mode for carriers on Cisco RFGW-10 DS-384 line card. On Cisco RFGW-10 DS-384, the annex modes are configurable only via RF profiles. Once an RF profile with the desired annex mode has been created, use the following commands to configure the QAM channel:

```
Router(config)# interface qam 3/1.1
Router(config-subif)# cable downstream rf-profile 64qam-B
Router(config-subif)# exit
```

Related Commands	Command	Description
	cable downstream rf-profile	Creates RF profiles on the RFGW-10.
	show controllers qam	Displays cable downstream information configured on the QAM channel and port.
	show running-config interface qam	Displays the running configuration of the QAM interface.

Γ

cable downstream depi-session timeout

To configure the DEPI reconciliation timeout, use the **cable downstream depi-session timeout** command in global configuration mode. To set the default value of the command, use the **no** form of this command.

cable downstream depi-session timeout sec

no cable downstream depi-session timeout sec

Syntax Description	sec	Specifies the DEPI reconciliation timeout in seconds. The range is from 60 to 300. The default is 60.	
Command Default	The default DEPI reconciliation timeout is 60 secsonds.		
	Global configuration (co	onfig)	
Command History	Release	Modification	
	Cisco IOS-XE Release 3.3.1SQ	This command was introduced.	

Examples

The following example shows how to configure the DEPI reconciliation timeout:

Router> enable
Router# configure terminal
Router(config)# cable downstream depi-session timeout 90
Router(config)# exit

Related Commands

Command	Description
show controllers qam	Displays cable downstream information configured on the line card.
show depi-sessions	Displays DEPI sessions configured on the line card.

cable downstream frequency

To set the downstream center frequency in the cable interface line card to reflect the digital carrier frequency of the downstream radio frequency carrier (the channel) for that downstream port, use the **cable downstream frequency** command in QAM interface and subinterface configuration mode. Use the **no** form of this command on the cable interfaces with an integrated upconverter to unset the downstream frequency and to disable the RF output from the integrated upconverter.

cable downstream frequency down-freq-hz

no cable downstream frequency

Syntax Description	down-freq-hz	The known center frequency of the downstream carrier in Hertz (the valid range is 57,000,000 to 999,000,000). The usable range depends on whether the downstream is configured for DOCSIS or EuroDOCSIS values:
		• DOCSIS = 88,000,000 to 855,000,000 MHz
		• Extended frequency range = 70,000,000 to 855,000,000 MHz
		• EuroDOCSIS = 112,000,000 to 858,000,000 MHz
		Cisco IOS supports a superset of these standards, and setting a frequency value outside these limits violates the DOCSIS or EuroDOCSIS standards. Cisco does not guarantee the conformance of the downstream and upconverter outputs when using frequencies outside the DOCSIS or EuroDOCSIS standards.
ommand Default	The default fre	quency on the Cisco RF Gateway 10 is 501 Mhz.
Command Modes	QAM interface	and subinterface configuration (config-if and config-subif)
	QAM interface	and subinterface configuration (config-if and config-subif) Modification
	Release	Modification This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(44)SQ. Support
Command History	Release 12.2(44)SQ You must set th upconverter. To downstream po for a fixed cent	Modification This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(44)SQ. Support for the Cisco RF Gateway 10 was added. the downstream frequency of the RF output to match the expected input frequency of the odo this, you enter the fixed center frequency of the downstream channel for the rt. (You can also select a default that does not set a specific fixed value.) The valid range
Command Modes Command History Usage Guidelines	Release 12.2(44)SQ You must set th upconverter. To downstream po for a fixed cent downstream pa	Modification This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(44)SQ. Support for the Cisco RF Gateway 10 was added. ne downstream frequency of the RF output to match the expected input frequency of the o do this, you enter the fixed center frequency of the downstream channel for the rt. (You can also select a default that does not set a specific fixed value.) The valid range er frequency is 57,000,000 to 999,000,000 Hz. To install an IF-to-RF upconverter in the

Note

The digital carrier frequency is specified to be the center of a 6.0 MHz channel. For example, EIA channel 95 spans 90.000 to 96.000 MHz. The center frequency is 93.000 MHz, which is the digital carrier frequency that should be configured as the downstream frequency. The typical range for current CATV headends is 88,000,000 to 860,000,000 Hz.



DOCSIS allows downstreams to use any center frequency from 88,000,000 to 855,000,000 MHz. However, when most cable modems are switched on, they scan the downstream frequencies in the NTSC channel plan. If a valid downstream is not found, the cable modems scan the remaining frequencies. For speedy and efficient registration times, we recommend you to configure downstreams to the frequencies specified in the NTSC channel plan.

Examples

The following example shows how to set the downstream center frequency display value on a Cisco RFGW-10:

Router(config)# interface qam 3/1.1
Router(config-subif)# cable downstream frequency 520000000

Related Commands	Command	Description
	cable downstream annex	Sets the MPEG framing format for a downstream port on a cable interface line card to Annex A (Europe), Annex B (North America) and Annex C (Japan).
	cable downstream rf-power	Configures the specified RF output power on the integrated upconverter.
	cable downstream rf-shutdown	Enables or disables the RF output from the integrated upconverter.
	show controllers qam	Displays cable downstream information configured on the QAM channel and port.
	show running-config interface qam	Displays the running configuration of the QAM interface.

cable downstream frequency (channel)

To set the center frequency on the QAM channel, use the **cable downstream frequency** command in QAM subinterface configuration mode. To disable the center frequency, use the **no** form of this command.

cable downstream frequency qam-center-frequency [lane lane-id block block-id]

no cable downstream frequency qam-center-frequency

Syntax Description	frequency	Sets the center frequency on the QAM subinterface on the Cisco RFGW10-DS-384 line card. Valid ranges in MHz per Annex type are:
		• Annex A: 1003-744; default is 259
		• Annex B, Annex C: 1002-768; default is 234
Command Default	By default, QAM channe	els are not assigned with a default center frequency.
	-	
Command Modes	QAM subinterface confi	guration (config-subif)
Command History	Release	Modification
	Cisco IOS-XE Release 3.2.0SQ	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	The cable downstream for subinterface on the Cisco	frequency assigns the lane and block assigned at the QAM interface level to the o RFGW-10 DS-384.
Note	1 0	igned to Cisco RFGW-10 DS-384 QAM channel should be within the frequency req-profile at the QAM interface (port level).
	configuring the center fr	50-384 supports a maximum of 8 QAM channels per block. Thus, while equencies on the QAM channels, ensure that only a maximum of 8 carriers ock (as defined by the freq-profile applied at the QAM interface).
Note	This command is applica on Cisco RFGW-10 DS-	able on both the line cards, but lane and block parameters are only applicable 384 line card.

Examples

The following example shows the frequency configuration assigned to the QAM channel:

Router(config)# interface qam 9/1.1
Router(config-subif)# cable downstream frequency 714000000 lane 2 block 4
Router(config-if)

Relatedommands

Command	Description
cable downstream rf-profile	Create RF profiles at the Cisco RFGW-10 chassis level, and apply it across any QAM channel on the Cisco RFGW-10 DS-384 line card.
cable downstream freq-profile	Creates the frequency profile configuration on the Cisco RFGW10.

cable downstream freq-profile

To create the frequency profile at the Cisco RF Gateway 10 chassis level, and apply it to any RF port on the Cisco RFGW-10 DS-384 line card, use the **cable downstream freq-profile** command in global configuration mode. To disable the frequency profile applied to the RF port, use the **no** form of this command.

cable downstream freq-profile freq-profile-id

no cable downstream freq-profile line *freq-profile-id*

Syntax Description	freq-profile-id	Profile ID applied to the RF port. Default is 1.
Command Default	Default frequency profi	le (default-freq-profile) is created.
Command Modes	Global configuration (c	onfig)
Command History	Release	Modification
	Cisco IOS-XE Release 3.2.0SQ	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	line card. Each port on to 1003 MHz. The Supe	3.2.0SQ supports global templates or profiles on the Cisco RFGW-10 DS-384 the Cisco RFGW10 DS-384 line card provides a frequency range from 45 MHz ervisor card uses two frequency schemes—static frequency scheme and the scheme—to configure the frequency profile at port level.
	The cable downstream freq-profile command configures the frequency spectrum in a user-defined frequency scheme on the Cisco RFGW-10 chassis. The frequency scheme is applied to any port on the Cisco RFGW10 DS-384 line card. In the frequency profile configuration mode, you can set the lane and block frequency.	
	frequency scheme on th Cisco RFGW10 DS-384	he Cisco RFGW-10 chassis. The frequency scheme is applied to any port on the
	frequency scheme on th Cisco RFGW10 DS-384	he Cisco RFGW-10 chassis. The frequency scheme is applied to any port on the
<u>▲</u> Note	frequency scheme on th Cisco RFGW10 DS-384 block frequency.	he Cisco RFGW-10 chassis. The frequency scheme is applied to any port on the

configured, the default Annex B value is set on the line card.

Examples

The following example creates a frequency profile on the Cisco RFGW-10:

Router(config)# cable downstream freq-profile freq-profile1
Router(config-freq-prof)# ?
Frequency Profile subcommands:
 exit Exit from freq profile config mode
 lane lane configurations

Command	Description
lane	Configures the lane frequency in a frequency profile.
block	Configures the block frequency in a lane in the frequency profile.
show cable freq-profile	Displays all the frequency profiles configured on the Cisco RFGW-10 DS-384 line card.

cable downstream if-output

To activate a downstream port on a cable interface and to generate a standard modulated signal or a test signal, use the **cable downstream if-output** command in QAM interface and subinterface configuration mode. To disable all signal output on the intermediate frequency (IF) carrier and to shut down the interface, use the **no** form of this command.

cable downstream if-output [continuous-wave]

no cable downstream if-output

Syntax Description	continuous-wave	Displays an unmodulated carrier signal on the downstream, disabling normal data network operations.	
Command Default	The downstream in	terface is enabled for normal data use.	
Command Modes	QAM interface and	subinterface configuration (config-if and config-subif)	
Command History	Release	Modification	
	12.2(44)SQ	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(44)SQ. Support for the Cisco RF Gateway 10 was added.	
Usage Guidelines	You can use the ca	ble downstream if-output command to perform the following actions:	
	• Configure a downstream to relay a modulated signal		
	• Transmit data of	over the Hybrid Fiber Coaxial (HFC) cable network	
	• Test the cable	plant	
	• Disable the inte	erface	
	cable downstream if-output continuous-wave —Generates an unmodulated, continuou the downstream interface. You can use a spectrum analyzer to verify the frequency, amp power of the wave. You can use the cable downstream if-output command to test the sign on the downstream until you resume normal modulated operations.		
		am if-output —Terminates all signal output and shuts down the downstream face is disabled until you reactivate the downstream using the cable downstream 1.	
Examples	The following exan	nple shows how to enable downstream on QAM interface 3 on the Cisco RFGW-10:	
	Router# configure		
		nterface gam 3/1.1 hif)# cable downstream if-output	

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show controllers qam	Displays cable downstream information configured on the QAM channel and port.
	show running-config interface qam	Displays the running configuration of the QAM interface.

cable downstream interleaver-depth

To set the downstream interleave depth, use the **cable downstream interleaver-depth** command in RF profile configuration, QAM interface, and subinterface configuration mode. To restore the default setting, use the **no** form of this command.

cable downstream interleaver-depth depth-value

no cable downstream interleaver-depth

Syntax Description	depth-value	Downstream interleave depth values.		
Syntax Description	uepin-vaiue			
		• I12-J17 RFGW_MB_FEC-I-12-J-17		
		• I128-J1 RFGW_MB_FEC-I-128-J-1		
		• I128-J2 RFGW_MB_FEC-I-128-J-2		
		• I128-J3 RFGW_MB_FEC-I-128-J-3		
		• I128-J4 RFGW_MB_FEC-I-128-J-4		
		• I128-J5 RFGW_MB_FEC-I-128-J-5		
		• I128-J6 RFGW_MB_FEC-I-128-J-6		
		• I128-J7 RFGW_MB_FEC-I-128-J-7		
		• I128-J8 RFGW_MB_FEC-I-128-J-8		
		• I16-J8 RFGW_MB_FEC-I-16-J-8		
		• I32-J4 RFGW_MB_FEC-I-32-J-4		
	• I64-J2 RFGW_MB_FEC-I-64-J-2			
		• I8-J16 RFGW_MB_FEC-I-8-J-16		
Command Default	The default interleav	ve depth value is 5 (I=32, J=4).		
Command Modes	DE profile configure	tion (config of profile)		
Commanu Woues	RF profile configuration (config-rf-profile)			
	QAM interface and s	subinterface configuration (config-subif)		
Command History	Release	Modification		
	12.2(44)SQ	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(44)SQ. Support for the Cisco RF Gateway 10 was added.		
	Cisco IOS-XE Release 3.2.0SQ	This command was modified. The modulation format can be set globally on the Cisco RFGW-10 DS-384 line card using the RF profile configuration.		

Usage Guidelines

In Cisco IOS Release 3.2.0SQ, RF profiles can be created globally at the chassis level, and applied to any QAM channel on the Cisco RFGW-10 DS-384 line card. The RF profiles are used for grouping QAM channels with same modulation, annex mode, symbol rate, and interleaver depth.

The **cable downstream rf-profile** command creates the RF profile. The modulation, annex mode, symbol-rate, and interleaver depth are configured in the RF profile configuration mode.



RF profiles are supported on the Cisco RFGW-10 DS-384 line card.

The syntax for the Cisco RFGW-10 DS-384 line card at the RF profile configuration level is:

cable downstream interleaver-depth option1 depth-value option2 depth-value

no cable downstream interleaver option1

option1	Indicates the interleaver-depth FEC I/J values at the RF profile.
option2	Indicates the interleaver-depth FEC I/J values that are available at the subinterface level when the profile in assigned to the QAM subinterface.

Once the RF profile is created with the FEC I/J values, assign the RF profile to the carrier subinterface. The following example is a sample of a RF profile configuration:

```
Router(config)# cable downstream rf-profile 1
Router(config-rf-prof)# cable downstream interleaver depth option1 I12-J17 option2 I12-J17
Router(config-rf-prof)# exit
Router(config)#
```

The FEC I/J values specified in **option2** are applied to the carrier, and are available at the QAM subinterface level. The following is an example of interface 3/1.1 with the FEC I/J values on the Cisco RFGW-10 DS-384 line card:

```
Router(config)# interface qam 3/1.1
Router(config-subif)# cable downstream interleave-depth I12-J17
Router(config-subif)# exit
```

This command sets the minimum latency of the system. A higher interleave depth relays the bits of each code word over a great transmission time and protects the noise bursts on the hybrid fiber coaxcial (HFC) network.

Interleave transmissions do not transmit each code word by itself, but instead relay the bits from multiple code words at the same time. This noise burst affects the minimum number of bits per code word and allows the Forward Error Correction (FEC) algorithm a greater chance of detecting and correcting any transmission errors.

A higher interleave depth transmits bits from a greater number of code words, increasing the efficacy of the FEC algorithm. However, a higher depth also increases downstream latency, which might slow TCP/IP throughput for some configurations, so you need to choose an interleave depth appropriate to the plant's noise levels and application needs.

If your cable plant is experiencing high noise levels, increase the default value of 32 to 64. For plants with exceptionally high noise levels, increase the interleave value to 128 to secure the cable network from noise bursts.

Low interleave depth values cause some packet loss on HFC networks, because burst noise lasts beyond the error correction block correctable length. However, on cable plants with exceptionally low noise levels, we recommend you to use the default value of 32, and then try an interleave of either 16 or 8 to confirm an increase in performance without increasing the number of errors that result from noise.

Table 3-1 shows interleave characteristics and their relation to one another.

 Table 3-1
 DOCSIS Downstream Cable Interleave Descriptions

l (Number of Taps)	J (Increment)	Burst Protection 64-QAM/256 QAM	Latency 64-QAM/256 QAM
8	16	5.9 microseconds/4.1 milliseconds	0.22 ms/0.15 ms
16	8	12 microseconds/8.2 milliseconds	0.48 ms/0.33 ms
32	4	24 microseconds/16 milliseconds	0.98 ms/0.68 ms
64	2	47 microseconds/33 milliseconds	2.0 ms/1.4 ms
128	1	95 microseconds/66 milliseconds	4.0 ms/2.8 ms

<u>Note</u>

Table 3-1 does not apply to EuroDOCSIS cable plants because the interleave depth for EuroDOCSIS cable interfaces is fixed.

Note

Executing this command at the QAM channel level (subinterface) changes the interleave level of that subinterface. However, executing the command at the QAM port level (interface), changes the interleaver levels of all QAM channels on that QAM port.

Examples The following example shows downstream I/J values to 128/5 on QAM interface 3 on Cisco RFGW-10: Router# configure terminal Router(config)# interface gam 3/1.1

Router(config-subif)# cable downstream interleave-depth I12-J17

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show controllers qam	Displays cable downstream information configured on the QAM channel and port.
	show running-config interface qam	Displays the running configuration of the QAM interface.

cable downstream interleaver-level

		terleave level, use the cable downstream interleaver-level command in QAM on mode. To restore the default setting, use the no form of this command.
	cable downstream	interleaver-level {1 2}
	no cable downstrea	nm interleaver-level
Syntax Description	The following level valu	es are supported on Cisco RF Gateway 10:
	1 2	Indicates the downstream interleaver level. Default is 2.
Command Default	The default interleaver le	evel is 2.
Command Modes	QAM subinterface confi	guration (config-subif)
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(44)SQ	This command was introduced on the Cisco RF Gateway 10.
Usage Guidelines	downstream QAM chann	the interleaver level on the downstream radio frequency carrier on a nel. Interleaver level indicates modifiable FEC I/J values. Level 1 indicates values. The I/J values are set to 128/1. For level 2, there are different FEC I/J gured.
Examples	The following example shows the interleaver level value set to 2 on QAM subinterface 3: Router# configure terminal Router(config)#interface qam 3/1.1 Router(config-subif)#cable downstream interleaver-level 1	
Related Commands	Command	Description
	show controllers qam	Displays cable downstream information configured on the QAM channel and port.

cable downstream lock

To lock a downstream port on the cable interface, use the **cable downstream lock** command in QAM interface and subinterface configuration mode. To unlock, use the **no** form of this command.

cable downstream lock

no cable downstream lock

Syntax Description	This command has no arguments	or keywords.
--------------------	-------------------------------	--------------

Command Default The lock is not set on QAM interfaces.

Command Modes QAM interface and subinterface configuration (config-if and config-subif)

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(44)SQ	This command was introduced on the Cisco RF Gateway 10.

Usage Guidelines This command is used to set the configuration lock on the downstream QAM interfaces on a Cisco RFGW-10 QAM line card. Setting this lock prohibits the user from modifying any RF parameters on that QAM channel. If the lock is set at the port level, then all the QAM Channels on that port will be locked.

Executing this command at a QAM channel level (subinterface) modifies the only the QAM channel. However, executing the command at a QAM port level (interface) modifies all QAM channels (subinterfaces) on that interface.

Examples The following example shows how to set the downstream lock on QAM interface 3 on a Cisco RFGW-10:

Router# configure terminal Router(config)# interface qam 3/1.1 Router(config-subif)# cable downstream lock

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show controllers qam	Displays cable downstream information configured on the QAM channel and port.
	show running-config interface qam	Displays the running configuration of the QAM interface.

cable downstream lqam-group

To create logical QAM groups on the QAM channel on the Cisco RFGW-10 DS-384 line card, use the **cable downstream lqam-group** command in QAM interface and QAM subinterface configuration mode. To remove the logical QAM group configuration, use the **no** form of this command.

cable downstream lqam-group group_ID

no cable downstream lqam-group group_ID

Syntax Description	group_ID	Logical QAM group on QAM interface on the line card. Valid range is from 1 to 48.
Command Default	This command is not ena	abled by default.
Command Modes	QAM interface configuration QAM subinterface configuration of the second subinterface configuration of the second	
Command History	Release	Modification
	Cisco IOS-XE Release 3.2.0SQ	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	Annex, Modulation form The logical QAM ID uni	a group of QAMs that share the same RF parameters in an RF profile such as hat, symbol rate etc. There are 48 groups on Cisco RFGW-10 DS-384 line card. quely identifies the channels on the Cisco RFGW-10 DS-384 line card. Logical gned to QAM group 1, logical QAM IDs 8 to 15 are assigned to QAM group 2
<u>Note</u>	Logical QAM group con	figuration is supported only on the Cisco RFGW-10 DS-384 line card.
Associated Features		lqam-group command is used to configure the following: co RFGW-10 DS-384 Line Card
Examples	Router(config-if)# int	creates the logical QAM group on the Cisco RFGW-10 DS-384 line card: terface gam-red 4/1.2 ble downstream lgam-group 2

The following example displays the logical QAM groups on QAM interface 4 on the Cisco RFGW-10 DS-384 line card:

Router# show running-config . . . Interface gam4/2.1 cable downstream carrier-id 1 cable downstream lqam-group 40

```
cable mode depi remote learn
 cable downstream tsid 42001
 cable depi depi-tunnel tunnel-1
Interface qam4/2.2
 cable downstream carrier-id 2
 cable downstream lgam-group 25
 cable mode depi remote learn
 cable downstream tsid 42002
 cable depi depi-tunnel tunnel-1
Interface gam4/2.3
 cable downstream carrier-id 3
 cable downstream lqam-group 40
 cable mode depi remote learn
 cable downstream tsid 42003
  cable depi depi-tunnel tunnel-1
Interface gam4/5.4
  cable downstream carrier-id 13
  cable downstream lqam-group 40
 cable mode depi remote learn
 cable downstream tsid 42004
 cable depi depi-tunnel tunnel-1
```

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show cable linecard logical-qamid-mapping	Displays the logical QAM group IDs and QAM carriers mapped to the RF profiles on the Cisco RFGW-10 DS-384 line card.
	show controllers qam	Displays information about the downstream configuration on a line card.
	show cable rf-profiles	Displays the RF profiles on the line card.
	show running-config	Displays the logical QAM groups on a interface.

cable downstream max-carriers

To create specific number of QAM carriers per RF port, use the cable downstream max-carriers on the Cisco RFGW-10 DS-384 command in QAM interface configuration mode. To disable the QAM carriers per port, use the **no** form of this command.

cable downstream max-carriers carriers

no cable downstream max-carriers carriers

Syntax Description	carriers	Number of carriers per port. Valid range is from 1 to 64. Default	
Syntax Description	curriers		
Command Default	No QAM carriers are	created when the line card is inserted in the RFGW-10 chassis.	
Command Modes	QAM interface confi	guration (config-if)	
Command History	Release	Modification	
	Cisco IOS-XE Relea 3.2.0SQ	This command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines	When the Cisco RFGW-10 DS-384 line card is inserted, prior to any configuration, all the physical port interfaces are automatically created in the configuration file, but they are in shutdown mode. The cable downstream max-carriers command creates the carriers under each QAM port interface.		
	Each QAM port on th configured.	ne Cisco RFGW-10 DS-384 line card can have up to a maximum of 64 carriers	
Note		configured with max-carriers or sub-interfaces, changing the density will affect the ght bring down the carriers due to the licensing restrictions.	
<u>Note</u>	This command is app	blicable only on the Cisco RFGW-10 DS-384 line card.	
		7-10 DS-48 line card, 4 carriers per port are created, and applied to all 12 ports on ble QAM interfaces on the Cisco RFGW-10 DS-48 line card, use the cable ag command.	
Examples	The following examp Cisco RFGW-10 DS-	ble configures 64 QAM carriers on QAM interface 3/1 on the 384 line card:	
	Router(config)# int		

Related Commands	Command	Description
	cable downstream rf-shutdown	Enables or disables the RF output from the integrated upconverter.

cable downstream modulation

To set the modulation format for a downstream port on a cable interface line card, use the **cable downstream modulation** command in RF profile configuration, QAM interface, and subinterface configuration mode.

cable downstream modulation {64 | 256}

Syntax Description	64	Modulation rate is 6 bits per downstream symbol.
	256	Modulation rate is 8 bits per downstream symbol.
Command Default	The default mo	dulation rate is 64 QAM.
Command Modes	RF profile conf	iguration (config-rf-profile)
	QAM interface	and subinterface configuration (config-if and config-subif)
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(44)SQ	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(44)SQ. Support for the Cisco RF Gateway 10 was added.
	Cisco IOS-XE	This command was modified. The modulation rate can be set globally on the
	Release 3.2.0SQ	Cisco RFGW-10 using the RF profile configuration.
Usage Guidelines	Release 3.2.0SQ Modulation is c	Cisco RFGW-10 using the RF profile configuration.
Usage Guidelines <u>Note</u>	Release 3.2.0SQ Modulation is c Cisco RFGW-1 Executing port cable downstro QAM channel 1	configured at the QAM interface (config-if) or QAM subinterface (config-subif) on the
	Release 3.2.0SQ Modulation is c Cisco RFGW-1 Executing port cable downstro QAM channel 1 Cisco RFGW-1 Modulation is a	configured at the QAM interface (config-if) or QAM subinterface (config-subif) on the 0 DS-48 line card. level commands such as cable downstream annex , cable downstream modulation , eam stacking , cable downstream frequency , and cable downstream rf-power at the level modifies all the QAM channels on that port. This is applicable on the 0 DS-48 line card.
	Release 3.2.0SQ Modulation is c Cisco RFGW-1 Executing port cable downstro QAM channel I Cisco RFGW-1 Modulation is a apply Annex m In Cisco IOS-X to any QAM ch	configured at the QAM interface (config-if) or QAM subinterface (config-subif) on the 0 DS-48 line card. level commands such as cable downstream annex , cable downstream modulation , eam stacking, cable downstream frequency , and cable downstream rf-power at the level modifies all the QAM channels on that port. This is applicable on the 0 DS-48 line card.
	Note	RF profiles are supported on the Cisco RFGW-10 DS-384 line card.
-------------	--------	--
		The following example is a sample of a RF profile configuration:
		<pre>Router(config)# cable downstream rf-profile rf-profile1 Router(config-rf-prof)# cable downstream annex B Router(config-rf-prof)# cable downstream modulation 64 Router(config-rf-prof)# cable downstream interleaver depth option1 I128-J1 option2 I32-J4 Router(config-rf-prof)# cable downstream symbol-rate 3500000 Router(config-rf-prof)# exit Router(config)#</pre>
Examples		The following example shows how to set the downstream modulation to 256 QAM on a Cisco RFGW-10 DS-48 line card:
		Router# configure terminal Router(config)# interface qam 3/1.1 Router(config-subif)# cable downstream modulation 256
		The following example applies the modulation that was specified in the global RF profile 1 Cisco RFGW-10 DS-384 line card:
		Router# configure terminal Router(config)# interface qam 3/1.1 Router(config-subif)# cable downstream rf-profile 1
		The following example shows how to set the modulation rate in the RF profile on the Cisco RFGW-10 DS-384 line card:
		Router(config)# cable downstream rf-profile 1 Router(config-rf-prof)# cable downstream modulation 64 Router(config-rf-prof)# exit
	Note	Changing global RF profile attributes, such as modulation can affect all channels that are currently configured on that RF profile.
Related Com	nmands	Command Description
		show controllers qam Displays cable downstream information configured on the QAM channel and port

imanus	Command	Description
	show controllers qam	Displays cable downstream information configured on the QAM channel and port.
	show running-config interface qam	Displays the running configuration of the QAM interface.
	cable downstream rf-profile	Creates RF profiles on the RFGW-10.

cable downstream rf-profile

To create RF profiles at the Cisco RF Gateway 10 chassis level and apply them across any QAM channel on the Cisco RFGW-10 DS-384 line card, use the **cable downstream rf-profile** command in global configuration mode, and in QAM subinterface configuration mode. To disable the RF profile configuration, use the **no** form of this command.

cable downstream rf-profile rf-profile-id

no cable downstream rf-profile rf-profile-id

Syntax Description	rf-profile-id	RF profile ID applied to the QAM channel on the line card.
Command Default	Default RF profile (defa	ult-rf-profile) is created.
Command Modes	Global configuration (co QAM subinterface config	
Command History	Release Cisco IOS-XE Release	Modification This command was introduced.
	3.2.0SQ	
Usage Guidelines	Cisco RFGW-10 DS-384	ed globally at the chassis level, and applied to any QAM channel on the line card. The RF profiles are used for grouping QAM channels with same s, symbol rate and interleaver depth.
Note	A group of eight logical	QAM channels can be assigned to an RF profile.
	configuration mode. The	rf-profile command creates the RF profile and enters the RF profile modulation, annex mode, symbol-rate, and interleaver depth can be configured tration mode. After the RF profile is created, it can be assigned to any QAM
<u>Note</u>	RF profile configuration	is supported only on the Cisco RFGW-10 DS-384 line card.
Examples	<pre>configuration: Router(config)# cable Router(config-rf-prof)</pre>	
	RF Profile cable downs cable cable keyword	stream commands: d under rf profile config mode

exit Exit from the rfprof config mode

The following example is a sample of a RF profile configuration:

```
Router(config)# cable downstream rf-profile 1
Router(config-rf-prof)# cable downstream annex B
Router(config-rf-prof)# cable downstream modulation 64
Router(config-rf-prof)# cable downstream interleaver depth option1 I128-J1 option2 I32-J4
Router(config-rf-prof)# cable downstream symbol-rate 3500000
Router(config-rf-prof)# exit
Router(config)#
```

Related Commands	Command	Description
	cable downstream annex	Sets the MPEG framing format for a downstream port on a cable interface line card to Annex A (Europe), Annex B (North America) and Annex C (Japan).
	cable downstream modulation	Sets the modulation format for a downstream port on the line card
	cable downstream interleaver-depth	Sets the interleaver-depth on the line card.
	cable downstream symbol-rate	Sets the symbol rate on the line card.
	show cable linecard logical-qamid-mapping	Displays the logical QAM group IDs and QAM carriers mapped to the RF profiles on the Cisco RFGW-10 DS-384 line card.

cable downstream rf-power

To set the RF power output level on the Cisco RF Gateway 10, use the **cable downstream rf-power** command in QAM interface and subinterface configuration mode. To reset the RF output power level to its default value, use the **no** form of this command.

cable downstream rf-power {power-level}

no cable downstream rf-power {*power-level*}

Syntax Description	power-level	Desired RF output power level in dBmV.			
Command Default		alues set are as follows for the different stacking levels:			
	1:1 stacking-				
	2:1 stacking-	-47 dBmV			
	4:1 stacking-	-40 dBmV			
Command Modes	QAM interfac	e and subinterface configuration (config-if and config-subif)			
Command History	Release	Modification			
	12.2(44)SQ	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(44)SQ. Support for the Cisco RF Gateway 10 was added.			
Usage Guidelines	The stacking	level on Cisco RFGW-10 are as follows:			
	•	$-30 \text{ dBmV} \sim 61 \text{ dBmV}$, default is 44 dBmV			
	2:1 stacking—30 dBmV ~ 57 dBmV, default is 47 dBmV				
	4:1 stacking—30 dBmV ~ 53 dBmV, default is 40 dBmV				
	The official range for acceptable power levels in the DOCSIS standard depends on the stacking level. The DOCSIS levels are as follows:				
	1:1 stacking—52 dBmV ~ 60 dBmV				
	2:1 stacking—48 dBmV ~ 56 dBmV				
	4:1 stacking—44 dBmV ~ 52 dBmV				
	6				
Note	Cisco cable ir	tterfaces exceed the DOCSIS standard, but power levels outside the DOCSIS standards			



Executing port level commands such as **cable downstream annex**, **cable downstream modulation**, **cable downstream stacking**, **cable downstream frequency**, and **cable downstream rf-power** at the QAM channel level modifies all the QAM channels on that port.

Examples	The following example shows the integrated upconverter on a Cisco RFGW-10 configured for an RF output power level of 50 dBmV:		
	Router(config)# interface qam Router(config-subif)# cable d		
Related Commands	Command	Description	
	cable downstream frequency	Configures the downstream center frequency on the integrated upconverter.	
	cable downstream rf-shutdown	Enables or disables the RF output from the integrated upconverter.	
	show controllers qam	Displays cable downstream information configured on the QAM channel and port.	
	show running-config interface qam	Displays the running configuration of the QAM interface.	

cable downstream rf-shutdown

To disable the RF output from an integrated upconverter on a Cisco RF Gateway 10, use the **cable downstream rf-shutdown** command in QAM interface and subinterface configuration mode. To enable the RF output on the integrated upconverter, use the **no** form of this command.

cable downstream rf-shutdown

no cable downstream rf-shutdown

- Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.
- **Command Default** The RF output is disabled on the upconverter.

Command Modes QAM interface and subinterface configuration (config-if and config-subif)

Command History Release		Modification	
	12.2(44)SQ	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(44)SQ. Support	
		for the Cisco RF Gateway 10 was added.	

Usage Guidelines Executing this command at the port level command modifies all the QAM channels on that port. However no channel is affected if the command is executed at the channel level.

Examples The following example enables the integrated upconverter on the Cisco RFGW-10: Router(config)#configure terminal Router(config-if)#interface qam 3/1.1 Router(config-subif)#cable downstream rf-shutdown

Related Commands	Command	Description
	cable downstream frequency	Configures the downstream center frequency on the integrated upconverter.
	cable downstream rf-power	Configures the desired RF output power on the integrated upconverter.
	show controllers qam	Displays cable downstream information configured on the QAM channel and port.

cable downstream stacking

To configure frequency stacking, use the **cable downstream stacking** command in QAM interface and subinterface configuration mode.

cable downstream stacking stacking

Syntax Description	stacking	Specifies the stacking level in the RF port. Valid levels are 1, 2 and 4.	
Command Default	The stacking level is set	to 1:4 on all RF ports.	
Command Modes	QAM interface and subi	nterface configuration (config-if and config-subif)	
Command History	Release	Modification	
	12.2(44)SQ	This command was introduced on the Cisco RF Gateway 10.	
lsage Guidelines	-	tacking level on the RF port and enable the appropriate QAM channels:	
	• QAM channel 1 is enabled on the specified RF port for stacking level 1.		
	 QAM channels 1 and 2 are enabled on the specified RF port for stacking level 2. QAM channels 1, 2, and 4 are enabled on the specified RF port for stacking level 4. 		
<u>Note</u>	cable downstream stac	nmands such as cable downstream annex, cable downstream modulation, king, cable downstream frequency , and cable downstream rf-power at the lifies all the QAM channels on that port.	
xamples	The following example s frequency stacking of 4.	shows how to configure the downstream channel on the QAM interface for	
	Router# configure tern Router(config)# inter Router(config-if)# ca Router(config-if)# ex	face qam 3/1 ble downstream stacking 4	
Related Commands	Command	Description	
	show controllers qam	Displays cable downstream information configured on the QAM channel and port.	
	show running-config interface qam	Displays the running configuration of the QAM interface.	

cable downstream start-freq

To set the starting frequency on the QAM interface, use the **cable downstream start-freq** command in QAM interface configuration mode. To disable the starting frequency, use the **no** form of this command.

cable downstream start-freq frequency

no cable downstream start-freq

Syntax Description	frequency	Starting frequency on the QAM interface on the Cisco RFGW10 DS-384 line card. Valid ranges in MHz per Annex type are:
		• Annex A: 1003-744; default is 259
		• Annex B, Annex C: 1002-768; default is 234
Command Default	This command is disable	ed by default.
Command Modes	QAM interface configura	ation (config-if)
Command History	Release	Modification
	Cisco IOS-XE Release 3.2.0SQ	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	Cisco RFGW-10 DS-384	start-freq command sets the starting frequency for a QAM port on the 4 card in the static frequency scheme. In this scheme, the lane and block start y configured for the port by the Supervisor. The carrier frequency can be
<u>Note</u>	The start-frequency conf maximum frequency ran	Figured at the port has to be such that the entire four lanes are within the valid ge of 1003 GHz.
Note	This command is applica	able only on the Cisco RFGW-10 DS-384 line card.
Examples	The following example s	shows the starting frequency configuration for a QAM port with Annex B:
	Router(config)# inter Router(config-if)# cal Router(config-if)#	face qam 4/1 ble downstream start-freq 234000000

Related Commands	Command	Description
	cable downstream annex	Sets the MPEG framing format for a downstream port on a cable interface line card to Annex A (Europe), Annex B (North America) and Annex C (Japan).
	cable downstream frequency (channel)	Sets the center frequency of the QAM channel.
	show cable linecard carrier-id-mapping	Displays the QAM blocks and QAM carriers mapped on a line card.

cable downstream symbol rate

To set the symbol rate on the line card, use the **cable downstream symbol rate** command in RF profile configuration mode. To disable the symbol rate, use the **no** form of this command.

cable downstream symbol rate symbols

no cable downstream symbol rate

Syntax Description	symbols	Symbol rate of the line card in seconds. Valid range is from 3500000 to 7000000 symbols per second.
Command Default	This command has no d	efault behavior or values.
Command Modes	RF profile configuration	n (config-rf-profile)
Command History	Release	Modification
	Cisco IOS-XE Release 3.2.0SQ	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines <u>Note</u>	line card.	symbol-rate command sets the symbol rate for the Cisco RFGW-10 DS-384 for Annex A mode carriers. The symbol rate specified at the RF profile I for Annex B carriers.
Examples	Router(config)# cable Router(config-rf-prof Router(config-rf-prof Router(config-rf-prof	shows the symbol rate configured on the Cisco RFGW-10 DS-384 line card: downstream rf-profile 1) # cable downstream annex A) # cable downstream modulation 256) # cable downstream interleaver depth option1 I12-J17 option2 I12-J17) # cable downstream symbol-rate 3500000) # exit
Related Commands	Command	Description
	cable downstream rf-profile	Creates the RF profile configuration at the RFGW-10 chassis level, and enters the RF profile configuration mode

cable downstream tsid

To configure the Transport Stream Identifier (TSID) value on the QAM subinterface, use the **cable downstream tsid** command in QAM subinterface configuration mode. To reset the TSID to 0, use the **no** form of this command.

cable downstream tsid *id* [onid *onid-id*]

no cable downstream tsid

Syntax Description	id	TSID value for the QAM subinterface. Valid TSID values are from 0-65535.
	onid	(Optional) Sets the original downstream network ID for a video transport
		stream.
	onid-id	Specifies the downstream original network id (ONID). The valid range is
		from 1 to 65535. The default value is 0.
Command Default	The TSID and ONID val	lues are set to 0 on all QAM interfaces.
Command Modes	QAM subinterface confi	guration (config-subif)
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(44)SQ	This command was introduced on the Cisco RF Gateway 10.
	Cisco IOS-XE Release 3.3.0SQ	This command was modifed to include onid keyword.
Usage Guidelines		hat each downstream QAM channel has a unique ID when there are multiple mination System (CMTS) routers at a headend facility. This ID uniquely defines cable headend.
	For DEPI, the TSID value is overwritten with a new value if there are no sessions established on that QAM channel. However, if a session exists with the specified QAM channel, the new TSID value being configured is rejected.	
	For video, the TSID value is required only for powerkey encrypted video sessions. The TSID value is overwritten with the new value even when a session exists and the system recovers sessions with the new TSID value.	
	The no form of the com	nand resets the TSID value of the QAM channel to 0.
		'
Note	ine ONID configuration	is not supported on the Cisco RFGW-10 DS-48 line card.

Examples

The following example configures the downstream channel on the QAM subinterface with a TSID value of 44:

```
Router# configure terminal
Router(config)# interface qam 3/1.1
Router(config-subif)# cable downstream tsid 44
```

The following example shows how to configure the ONID on the QAM interface on the Cisco RFGW-10 DS-384 line card:

```
Router(config)# configure terminal
Router(config)# interface qam 7/1.1
Router(config)# cable mode video local
Router(config)# cable downstream tsid 1000 onid 65000
Router(config)# cable downstream rf-profile rfprofile_video
Router(config)# cable downstream frequency 325000000
Router(config)# no cable downstream rf-shutdown
Router(config)# cable downstream interleaver-depth I128-J1
Router(config)# exit
```

The following example shows the RF profile configuration on the Cisco RFGW-10 DS-384 line card:

```
Router(config)# show running config
cable downstream rf-profile rfprofile_video
cable downstream annex B
cable downstream modulation 256
cable downstream interleaver-depth option1 I128-J1 option2 I128-J1
cable downstream symbol-rate 5360537
!
```

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show controllers qam	Displays cable downstream information configured on the QAM channel and port.
	show running-config interface qam	Displays the running configuration of the QAM interface.

cable downstream tsid-base

To configure the Transport Stream Indentifire (TSID) value for all QAM interfaces, use the **cable downstream tsid-base** command in privileged EXEC mode.

cable downstream tsid-base id

Syntax Description	id	Specifies the TSID value for the QAM interface. Valid range is from 0 to 65535.
Command Default	The TSID value is set to	0 on all QAM interfaces.
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (#)	
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(44)SQ	This command was introduced on the Cisco RF Gateway 10.
Usage Guidelines		hat each downstream QAM channel has a unique ID when there are multiple a headend facility. This ID uniquely defines the QAM channel in the cable
	if there are no sessions es	ned a TSID value if it is unique. The TSID value is overwritten with a new value stablished on that QAM channel. However, if a session exists with the specified configured TSID value is rejected.
Examples	The following example sets the TSID value of 44 on the QAM interfaces: Router#cable downstream tsid-base 44	
Related Commands	Command	Description
	show controllers qam	Displays cable downstream information configured on the QAM channel and port.
	show running-config interface qam	Displays the running configuration of the QAM interface.

cable image-upgrade download

To upgrade all device images on a specific line card, use the **cable image-upgrade download** command in privileged EXEC mode.

cable image-upgrade download *slot* [forced | background]

Syntax Description	slot	Specifies the slot number of the line card. Valid slot numbers are 3 to 14.	
	forced	(Optional) Forces an upgrade of all the images on the line card.	
	background	(Optional) Upgrade to line card occurs in the background and control is immediately returned to the command prompt.	
Command Default	This command has no	default behavior or values.	
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (#)		
Command History	Release	Modification	
	12.2(44)SQ	This command was introduced on the Cisco RF Gateway 10.	
Usage Guidelines	The line card must be present in the slot for an upgrade. The line card image is upgraded with the image of the Supervisor card.		
	The upgrade occurs in the background if the background keyword is specified. The control is immediately returned to the CLI prompt.		
	The line card resets if an image upgrade has occurred. If the latest images are present on the line card, then the line card does not reset.		
Examples	The following example upgrades the image on line card in slot 7: Router# cable image-upgrade download 7		
	The following example forces the upgrade of all images in line card in slot 3:		
	Router#cable image-u	npgrade download 3 forced	
Related Commands	Command	Description	
	show cable-image upgrade bundle	Displays the upgrade bundle on the supervisor.	
	show cable-image upgrade status	Displays the upgrade status of an image on the specified line card.	
	show cable-image upgrade version	Displays all the upgraded image versions on the line card.	

cable image-upgrade disable

To disable the automatic image upgrade of the line card, use the **cable image-upgrade disable** command in global configuration mode. To enable the automatic image upgrade, use the **no** form of this command.

cable image-upgrade disable

no cable image-upgrade disable

Syntax Description	This command has no arguments or ke	ywords.
--------------------	-------------------------------------	---------

- **Command Default** The **no** form of the command is enabled by default.
- **Command Modes** Global configuration (config)

Command History	Release	Modification
	15.0(2)SQA	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines Use the **cable image-upgrade disable** command to disable automatic image upgrade.

Examples The following example disables auto image upgrade of the line card: Router(config) # cable image-upgrade disable Router(config) #

Associated Features The **cable image-upgrade disable** command is used to configure the following features:

• Bundled Image Upgrade

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show cable-image upgrade bundle	Displays the upgraded images of all the devices on the Supervisor card.
	show cable-image upgrade version	Displays all the upgraded image versions on the line card.

cable linecard encryption

To configure the line card encryption scrambling algorithm, use the **cable linecard encryption** command in global configuration mode. To disable the line card encryption, use the **no** form of this command.

cable linecard *slot* encryption {pkey scrambler des | clear scrambler none}

no cable linecard slot encryption pkey scrambler des

Syntax Description	slot	Line card slot. The valid range is from 3 to 12.	
	pkey	Specifies the encryption type is PowerKEY.	
	scrambler	Specifies the encryption scrambling algorithms.	
	des	Indicates the scrambling algorithm is Data Encryption Standard (DES).	
	clear	Clears the encryption type.	
	none	Indicates no scrambling algorithm.	
Command Default	None.		
Command Modes	Global configuration (co	onfig)	
Command History	Release	Modification	
	Cisco IOS-XE Release 3.3.0SQ	This command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines	The Cisco RFGW-10 DS-384 DS-384 line card encryption capability is enforced by the software license. At line card insertion, no encryption feature license is available. The Cisco Software Licensing (CSL) and platform CSL layer validate the license present in the line card flash partitions. The line card is licensed for PowerKEY encryption scheme. For more information on Licensing, see <i>Software License Activation for Cisco RF Gateway 10 Line Cards</i> .		
	The Cisco RFGW-10 DS-384 line card supports two different scrambling algorithms - DES and DVB-CSA. PowerKEY supports the DES algorithm. By default, DES is used for a PowerKEY enabled line card.		
	To disable line card encrytion use the no cable linecard <i>slot</i> encryption pkey scrambler des or cable linecard <i>slot</i> encryption clear scrambler none command		
Examples	This example shows how	v to configure PowerKEY encryption on the line card:	
	Router# configure ter Router(config)# cable	minal linecard 6 encryption pkey scrambler des	

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show cable licenses	Displays the licenses configured on the Cisco RFGW-10 line card.

cable linecard license max-carriers

To activate the QAM carrier density on the line card, use the **cable linecard license max carriers** command in global configuration mode. To deactivate the QAM carrier density on the line card, use the **no** form of this command.

cable linecard *lc-slot* license max-carriers *carrier_density*

no cable linecard *lc-slot* license max-carriers

Syntax Description	lc_slot	Slot of the line card in the QAM interface. Line card redundancy configured interfaces appear as QAM-red. Valid range is from 3 to 12.
	carrier_density	Maximum carrier density per line card. The carrier densities for the Cisco RFGW-10 DS-384 line card are 48, 96, 192, and 384. The default carrier density is 96.
Command Default	Enabled during line Cisco RFGW-10 DS	card bootup, provided that a valid QAM carrier license exists on the 3-384 line card.
Command Modes	Global configuration	n (config)
Command History	Release	Modification
	15.0(2)SQ	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	configurable license specifications are va This command defin carriers supported on	license max-carriers command sets the QAM carrier density of the line card. Valid as are required for the maximum carriers densities per line card. The density alidated by the license on the Supervisor when the max-carriers ports are created. The maximum carrier density for a downstream QAM line card. The maximum in the Cisco RFGW10-DS-48 line card are 48, and the maximum carriers supported 7-10 DS-384 line card are 384.
 Note		plicable on the Cisco RFGW-10 DS-384 line card. This command is auto-generated, fied for the Cisco RFGW-10 DS-48 line card.
Examples	The following example sets the QAM carrier density for the line card in slot 3. Router(config)# cable linecard 3 license max-carriers 96	

Related Commands	Command	Description
	cable downstream max-carriers	Creates QAM carriers per RF port on the Cisco RFGW-10.

cable linecard reset

To partially reset the line card, use the **cable linecard reset** command in privileged EXEC configuration mode.

cable linecard *slot* reset

Syntax Description	slot	Specifies the line card slot. Valid slot numbers are 3 to 12.
Command Default	This command has no de	efault behavior or values.
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (#)	
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(44)SQ	This command was introduced on the Cisco RF Gateway 10.
Usage Guidelines	This command partially resets the line card and the CPU. The front panel SFP (small form-factor pluggable) module continues to process the data.	
Examples	The following example	shows a partial reset of the line card in slot 3:
	Router#cable linecard 3 reset	
Related Commands	Command	Description
	hw-module slot reset	Resets the line card on the chassis.

cable midplane ping

To enable the midplane failure detection between the line card and the Supervisor on the Cisco RFGW-10, use the **cable midplane ping** command in global configuration mode. To disable the midplane failure detection, use the **no** form of this command.

- **cable midplane ping interval** *ping-interval* **retries** *retry_num* **wait** *wait-interval* **action** {*log* | *none*}
- **no cable midplane ping interval** *ping-interval* **retries** *retry_num* **wait** *wait-interval* **action** {*log* | *none*}

Suntax Description	interval	Specifics the frequency of nince cent by the line cord
Syntax Description		Specifies the frequency of pings sent by the line card.
	ping-interval	Length of ping interval, in milliseconds. The valid range is from 10000 to 600000.
	retries	Specifies the number of times the line card retries before sending the error message.
	retry_num	Number of midplane ping retries. The range is from 10 to 100.
	wait	Specifies the time the line card should wait to restart sending the pings after a ping failure has occurred.
	wait-interval	Waiting time period, in milliseconds. The range is from 10000 to 600000.
	action	Specifies the action taken when ping failure occurs.
	log	Messages are written to a system log on ping failure.
	none	Action is not taken; pings are disabled.
Command Modes	Global configuratio	n (config) Modification
Command History		
	12.2(50)SQ4	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	Supervisor. When t Supervisor, and rec	blane ping command to enable midplane pings between the line card and the his command is enabled, the line card periodically sends ping packets to the eives responses. However, if no responses are received by the line card, an error he Supervisor, and the pings are disabled.
		interval is 10000 milliseconds with 10 retries. If a ping fails after the number of a waits before restarting the pings. This delay interval is configured as the wait

Examples The following example shows how to configure the midplane ping interval for 10000 milliseconds with 10 retry attempts, followed by a wait interval of 10000 milliseconds, and an action to log a message on failure:

Router(config)# cable midplane ping interval 10000 retries 10 wait 10000 action log

Related Commands	Command	Description
	clear cable midplane ping statistics	Clears the midplane ping statistics on the Cisco RFGW-10.
	show cable midplane ping statistics	Displays the midplane ping statistics between the line card and the Supervisor on the Cisco RFGW-10.

cable mode

To set the mode of the QAM channel, use the **cable mode** command in QAM interface and subinterface configuration mode. To remove this setting, use the **no** form of this command.

cable mode depi {local lbg *lbg-interface* | remote [learn]} | video {local | remote encrypt}

no cable mode {depi | video} {local | remote}

Syntax Description	depi	Specifies the DEPI mode of the QAM channel.	
	video	Specifies the video mode of the QAM channel.	
	local	Specifies that the QAM channel is manually configured.	
	lbg	Specifies the load balancing group. The QAM block or the Ten Gigabit Ethernet is assigned to the QAM-based local DEPI session.	
		Note 192 carriers are supported on a load balancing group.	
	lbg-interface	Load balancing group interface. Valid values are 1 and 2.	
	remote	Specifies that the QAM channel is remotely configured.	
	learn encrypt	(Optional) Specifies that the QAM channel is in learn mode and the RFGW-10 can learn the channel configuration from the M-CMTS. All QAM channels on a single port must be in learn mode for this configuration to work.	
		Sets the mode for encryption based remote video sessions.	
		Maximum number of video sessions per line card is 3840.	
		Maximum number of video sessions per chassis is 38400.	
		Maximum number of encrypted video sessions per line card is 1920.	
		Number of video QAM carriers per line card is 256 for Annex-B, 192 for Annex-A or mixed.	
Command Default	No cable mode is s	et on the QAM channel.	
Command Modes	QAM interface and	subinterface configuration (config-if and config-subif)	
Command History	Release	Modification	
	12.2(44)SQ	This command was introduced on the Cisco RF Gateway 10.	

This command was modified to add remote and learn keywords.

12.2(50)SQ

Release	Modification
Cisco IOS-XE Release 3.2.0SQ	This command was modified to include the lbg keyword for local DEPI sessions, and 24-qam-map for local video sessions.
	The cable mode depi remote learn command is configurable at the QAM interface level.
Cisco IOS-XE Release 3.3.0SQ	This command was modified to include the encrypt keyword for encryption based remote video sessions and remove 24-qam-map keyword for the Cisco DS-384 line card.

Usage Guidelines

QAM channels on the Cisco RFGW-10 are characterized based on their usage mode and ownership. QAM channels within a QAM port are configured in DEPI and video mode.

Note

QAM channels cannot be configured within a QAM port in DEPI or Video mode on the Cisco RF Gateway-10 DS48 line card.

Note

Ensure that you configure the same mode on all channels of a port.

Each QAM channel is configured locally via CLI or remotely through a signaling protocol, such as Modular Cable Modem Termination System (M-CMTS) Downstream External PHY Interface (DEPI), Data Network Control Station (DNCS), Generic QAM Interface (GQI), or Edge Resource Manager Interface (ERMI). The DNCS, GQI and ERMI protocols are used for video only. If a QAM channel is used for remote setup, it cannot be configured locally.

Note

If other QAM channels on a single port are set to a different mode, the configuration of a QAM channel may fail.

<u>)</u> Tip

Before changing the existing cable mode of a channel on a port, the **no cable mode** command should be executed.

In Cisco IOS Release Cisco IOS-XE Release 3.2.0SQ, load balancing groups are assigned to QAM channels while configuring local DEPI sessions. Two load balancing groups exist per line card. The QAM channels are equally divided between the two load balancing groups on any line card. Each load balancing group supports 192 carriers or 9.1Gbps.

Effective with Cisco IOS-XE Release 3.3.0SQ, the **24-qam-map** keyword is not supported on the Cisco DS-384 line card.

Examples

The following example shows the configuration of QAM subinterface 7/1.1 using DEPI mode locally on a Cisco RFGW-10. Load balancing interface 1 is assigned to the QAM channel:

```
Router(config)# interface qam-red7/1.1
Router(config-subif)# cable mode depi local lbg 1
```

The following is an example at the QAM interface 3/1 level with DEPI in **remote learn** mode on a Cisco RFGW-10:

Router(config)# interface qam 3/1
Router(config-if)# cable mode depi remote learn

The following is an example at the QAM subinterface 6/4.1 level with DEPI in **learn** mode on a Cisco RFGW-10:

Router(config)# interface qam 6/4.1
Router(config-subif)# cable mode depi remote learn

The following is a sample output to show the total number of video sessions:

Router# sh	now cable	e video	sessi	on slot 3							
Session Ctrl	QAM	Stream	Sess	IP	UDP	Out	Input	Input	Outpu	t PS	SI
ID	Port	Туре	Туре	Address	Port	Pgm	Bitrate	State	State	Ro	ly
State											
201459584	3/1.2	Remap	SSM	-	-	1	2500412	ACTIVE (OFF	NO	-
201459585	3/1.2	Remap	SSM	-	-	2	2500415	ACTIVE (OFF	NO	-
201459586	3/1.2	Remap	SSM	-	-	3	2500420	ACTIVE (OFF	NO	-
201459587	3/1.2	Remap	SSM	-	-	4	2500427	ACTIVE (OFF	NO	-
201459588	3/1.2	Remap	SSM	-	-	5	2500427	ACTIVE (OFF	NO	-
201459589	3/1.2	Remap	SSM	-	-	6	2500427	ACTIVE (OFF	NO	-
201459590	3/1.2	Remap	SSM	-	-	7	2500427	ACTIVE (OFF	NO	-
201459591	3/1.2	Remap	SSM	-	-	8	2500433	ACTIVE (OFF	NO	-
201459592	3/1.2	Remap	SSM	-	-	9	2500436	ACTIVE (OFF	NO	-

```
RFGW-10#show cable video session slot 3 \mid inc Total Total Sessions = 1920
```

The following example shows the output expected while trying to create the 193rd encrypted video session:

```
interface Qam-red3/4.48
cable carrier-id 192
cable mode video remote encrypt
cable downstream lqam-group 27
cable downstream rf-profile default-rf-profile
cable downstream frequency 597000000
no cable downstream rf-shutdown
cable partition 2 external-channel 192
```

```
Router(config-subif)# cable mode video remote encrypt
Error: Max encrypted carriers on linecard 3 reached, limit is 192
%ERROR: Failed to enable encryption for Qam3/5.1 - max encrypted carriers reached, only
192 allowed
```

Related Commands	Command	Description	
	show depi tunnel	Displays all active control connections.	
	show depi session	Displays established DEPI data sessions.	
	show cable linecard load-balancing-group	Displays the load balancing groups on the Cisco RFGW-10.	
	show controllers qam	Displays information about downstream configuration on a line card.	
	show running-config interface qam	Displays the downstream configuration of a QAM channel.	

cable partition

To manage and assign QAM channels to a QAM partition, use the **cable partition** command in QAM subinterface configuration mode. To disable, use the **no** form of this command.

cable partition *partition-id* {**external-channel** *channel_number*}

no cable partition *partition-id* {**external-channel** *channel_number*}

Syntax Description	partition-id	QAM partition ID. The valid range is from 1 to 50.		
	external-channel	Specifies the output port number used in ERM to represent a QAM channel.		
	channel_number	External output port number for GQI protocol QAM partition. The valid range is from 1-2147483647.		
Command Default	This command is disable	ed by default.		
Command Modes	QAM subinterface confi	guration (config-subif)		
Command History	Release	Modification		
	Cisco IOS-XE Release 3.3.0SQ	This command was introduced.		
Usage Guidelines	Use the cable partition command to assign QAM channels to QAM partitions. Ensure that the QAM channel is configured for cable mode video remote encrypt and the QAM partition is created before assigning the QAM partition to the QAM channel.			
Note				
Examples	Router# configure tern Router(config)# inter Router(config)# cable			
Related Commands	Command	Description		
	cable qam-partition	Creates a QAM partition for video server on the Cisco RFGW-10 DS-384 line card.		

cable qam-group

To configure a cable QAM group, use the **cable qam-group** command in QAM interface configuration mode. To remove the cable QAM group from the QAM interface, use the **no** form of this command.

cable qam-group qam-group-name

no cable qam-group qam-group-name

0 (D) ()		
Syntax Description	qam-group-name	Cable QAM group name.
Command Default	This command is enable	d by default.
Command Modes	QAM interface configur	ration (config-subif)
Command History	Release	Modification
	Cisco IOS-XE Release 3.3.0SQ	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines		M group, the QAM subinterface must be set to cable mode video remote mode. move a QAM group from the QAM interface when it is advertised to the ERM.
Examples	This example shows how	w to create a cable QAM group:
	Router# configure ter Router(config)# inter Router(config-subif)# Router(config-subif)#	face gam 3/1.2 cable mode video remote
Related Commands	Command	Description
	cable service-group	Configures the QAM service group.

Displays the service groups configured on the Cisco RFGW-10.

show cable

service-group

cable qam-partition

To create a user-defined QAM partition for a video server, use the **cable qam-partition** command in global configuration mode. To remove the QAM partition, use the **no** form of this command.

cable qam-partition partition-id

no cable qam-partition partition-id

Syntax Description	partition-id	QAM partition ID. The valid range is from 1 to 50.			
Command Default	This command is enabled	d by default.			
Command Modes	Global configuration (co	nfig)			
Command History	Release	Modification			
	Cisco IOS-XE Release 3.3.0SQ	This command was introduced.			
Usage Guidelines	QAM partitioning is introduced in on the Cisco RFGW-10 to support the sharing of a Cisco RFGW-10 DS-384 line card or Cisco RFGW-10 chassis among different remote servers such as Digital Network Control System (DNCS), Universal Session Resource Manager (USRM), and Edge Resource Manager (ERM). The line card is partitioned and used by the multiple remote servers. QAM partitioning is used by protocol application such as GQI and ERMI to extend the QAM partition configuration for a given protocol.				
	QAM partitioning configuration provides the ability to divide QAM carriers into logical groups where each partition manages the QAM carriers without interfering with QAM carriers in different groups.				
	Fifty user-defined QAM partitions can be created with <i>partition-id</i> 1 to 50. These are used in remote video sessions.				
	not assigned to any QAM	is a hidden partition (not user-defined) that collects the QAM carriers that are I partition. By default, all QAM carriers are in the default QAM partition. Once ed to a partition, the carrier is removed from the default partition. Default local video sessions.			
Examples	This example shows how	to create a QAM partition:			
	Router# configure tern Router(config)# cable Router(config-qp)#				

Related Commands

ands	Command	Description		
	active	Activates the QAM partition configuration.		
	mgmt-ip	Configures the management IP address of the QAM partition.		
	protocol	Configures the control plane protocol of QAM partition.		
	server	Configures the IP address of an external server.		
	cable partition	Associates the QAM partition to the QAM interface.		

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cable qam-replication-group

To configure the QAM replication group, use the **cable qam-replication-group** command in global configuration mode. To remove the qam replication group, use the **no** form of this command.

cable qam-replication-group {*group-id* | **new**}

no cable qam-replication-group {*group-id*}

Syntax Description	groupd-id	QAM replication group ID. The valid range is from 1 to 3840.			
	new	Creates a new group and assigns a group number automatically.			
Command Default	This command is enable	d by default.			
Command Modes	Global configuration (co	nfig)			
Command History	Release	Modification			
	Cisco IOS-XE Release 3.3.0SQ	This command was introduced.			
Usage Guidelines		3.3.0SQ introduces the QAM replication group feature to replicate any single ort to another port on the same Cisco RFGW-10 DS-384 line card.			
	A QAM Replication Group (QRG) contains information about a single source QAM and its corresponding replicated copy or copies. A QRG contains only one pilot and a minimum of one and maximum of seven replicate QAMs. Each group is numbered with an identifier and contains the <i>slot</i> , <i>port</i> and <i>channel number</i> for both the source QAM (pilot-qam) and the destination QAM or QAMs (replicate-qam).				
	The cable qam-replication-group group-id command does one of the following:				
	• When there is no group already configured with a matching <i>group-id</i> , it creates one and opens it for editing.				
	• When there is an existing group with a matching <i>group-id</i> , it opens it for editing.				
Note	QAM replication is supported only within a given line card and not from one line card to another.				
Examples	Router# configure term Router(config)# cable	v to create a user-defined QAM replication group: ninal qam-replication-group 1			
	Router(config)#				

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Related Commands	Command	Description
	pilot-qam	Configures the pilot QAM in the QAM replication group.
	replicate-qam	Configures the replicate QAM in the QAM replication group.

cable route linecard load-balance-group

To configure a video route on the cable load balancing group and to enter the load balancing group configuration mode, use the **cable route linecard load-balance-group** command in global configuration mode. To disable a video route, use the **no** form of this command.

cable route linecard *lc-slot* load-balance-group group-id

no cable route linecard *lc-slot* load-balance-group group-id

Syntax Description	lc-slot	Specifies the line card slot. The valid slot numbers are 3 to 12.
	group-id	Specifies the load balancing group number. The valid group IDs are 1 and 2.
Command Default	This command is enable	ed on default.
Command Modes	Global configuration (c	onfig)
Command History	Release	Modification
	Cisco IOS-XE Release 3.3.0SQ	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	A load balancing group is used to identify a group of QAM traffic that uses the mid-plane 10 Gigabit Ethernet ports to forward traffic to the QAM carriers. Only 9.1Gbps traffic is allowed on the Cisco DS-384 line card.	
	forward data traffic betw), the Cisco RFGW-10 DS-384 line card has internal mid-plane interfaces to ween the Supervisor and line card. Two load balancing groups represents this plane is LBG1, and second mid-plane is LBG2.
Examples	This example shows ho	w to configure a load balancing group:
	Router(config-lbg)#? Cable Load balance Gr exit Exit	e route linecard 3 load-balance-group 1 roup Configuration Commands: t from route configuration for load balance onfigure Load Balance Group parameters

Related Commands	Command	Description
	cable qam-partition	Creates a QAM partition for video server on the Cisco RFGW-10 DS-384 line card.
	show cable linecard load-balancing-group	Displays the load balancing groups configured on the QAM partitions.

cable service-group

To create a cable service group and enter the QAM service group configuration mode, use the **cable service-group** command in global configuration mode. To remove the service group, use the **no** form of this command.

cable service-group group-name

no cable service-group group-name

Syntax Description	group-name	Service group name.
Command Default	This command is enable	d by default.
Command Modes	Global configuration (co	onfig)
Command History	Release	Modification
	Cisco IOS-XE Release 3.3.0SQ	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	A cable service group co channels.	ontains one or multiple QAM groups. A QAM group contains one or more
Examples	This example shows how	v to create a user-defined cable service group:
	Router# configure tern Router(config)# cable Router(config-qsg)#	
Related Commands	Command	Description
	achla com crown	Configurate the apple OAM group
	cable qam-group	Configures the cable QAM group.
	qam-group	Configures the QAM group in a cable service group.

cable video encryption-failover-mode

To enable video encryption failover, use the cable video encryption-failover-mode command in QAM subinterface configuration mode. To disable video encryption failover, use the **no** form of this command.

cable video encryption-failover-mode {blackout | clear}

no cable video encryption-failover-mode {blackout | clear}

Syntax Description	blackout	Indicates a fail to black. The encryption scheduler fails to retrieve and send a valid message for the session. The encrypted session is not played.
	clear	Indicates a fail to clear. When failure occurs, the encrypted session is played without being scrambled.
Command Default	This command is enabled	d by default. The default failover mode is blackout.
Command Modes	QAM subinterface confi	guration (config-subif)
Command History	Release	Modification
	Cisco IOS-XE Release 3.3.0SQ	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	Each encrypted session c	can be configured as either a blackout or clear encryption failover.
Examples	This example shows how	v to configure blackout encryption failover:
	Router# configure terr Router(config)# inter Router(config-subif)# Router(config-subif)#	
Related Commands	Command	Description
	cable linecard encryption	Configures the line card encryption scrambling algorithm.

cable video group

To create a group of unicast video sessions, use the **cable video group** command in QAM subinterface configuration mode. To remove the group, use the **no** form of this command.

- **cable video group** sessions **ip** *IP-address* **udp** port [**increment** increment] {**data bitrate** bps | **passthru** [**bitrate** bps | **cbr** [**bitrate** bps | **jitter** ms] | **jitter** ms] | **program** program[**increment** increment][**bitrate** bps | **jitter** ms]}
- **no cable video group** group ip ip-address **udp** port [increment increment] {**data bitrate** bps | **passthru** [**bitrate** bps | **cbr** [**bitrate** bps | **jitter** ms] | **jitter** ms] | **program** program[increment increment][**bitrate** bps | **jitter** ms]}

Syntax Description	sessions	Specifies the number of sessions in a group. Valid group range is 2 to 30.			
	ір	Specifies the destination IP address.			
	IP-address	IP address of the destination.			
	udp	Specifies UDP as the protocol.			
	port	Specifies the UDP port used. Valid UDP port range is 1 to 65535.			
	increment	(Optional) Adds the increment value to the group UDP sessions.			
	increment	Specifies the increment value of the UDP port. Valid range is 1 to 10000. The default value is 1.			
	data	Adds a data-piping session to the QAM interface.			
	bitrate	Sets bitrate for group sessions.			
	bps	Specifies the bitrate value. Valid range is 1 to 52000000 bps.			
	passthru	Adds a pass-through session to the QAM interface.			
	cbr	Sets the constant bitrate for sessions.			
	jitter	(Optional) Sets the jitter for group sessions.			
		$S_{1} = (S_{1} + S_{2}) + (S$			
	ms	Specifies the jitter value. Valid range is between 10 to 200 ms.			
	ms program	Sets the first program.			
Command Default	program prog-num	Sets the first program.			
Command Default Command Modes	program prog-num	Sets the first program. Specifies the program number. Valid range is 1 to 65535.			
	program prog-num This command has no de	Sets the first program. Specifies the program number. Valid range is 1 to 65535.			
Command Modes	program prog-num This command has no de QAM subinterface confi	Sets the first program. Specifies the program number. Valid range is 1 to 65535. efault behavior or values. guration (config-subif)			
Command Modes	program prog-num This command has no de QAM subinterface confi Release	Sets the first program. Specifies the program number. Valid range is 1 to 65535. efault behavior or values. guration (config-subif) Modification			
Usage Guidelines	This command allows you to configure a group of video unicast sessions within a QAM channel and over a range of QAM channels. The QAM subinterface must be set to cable video local mode.				
------------------	--	--	--	--	--
Note					
Note	If increment keyword is not specified, thedefault increment value used is 1.				
	The bitrate keyword is mandatory for data-piping sessions and optional for passthru and remap sessions.				
Examples	The following example shows a configuration of a video group for three video sessions with an increment of one:				
	Router# configure terminal Router(config)# interface qam 3/3.1 Router(config-subif)# cable video group 2 ip 198.162.11.254 udp 49152 program 1				
	This example shows configuration of passthru video sessions:				
	Router(config-subif)# cable video group 2 ip 198.162.11.254 udp 49156 passthru				
	This example shows configuration of unicast video sessions with data-piping:				
	Router (config-subif)# cable video group 2 ip 198.162.11.254 udp 49154 data bitrate 50000				
	This example shows the configurations in the output of the show run interface command				
	Router# show run interface qam 3/3.1 Current configuration : 603 bytes ! interface Qam3/3.1 cable carrier-id 1 cable mode video local cable downstream lgam-group 1 cable downstream rf-profile rf-video cable downstream fr-profile rf-video cable downstream frequency 25500000 no cable downstream rf-shutdown cable downstream interleaver-depth I128-J1 cable video ip 192.168.11.254 udp 49152 program 1 cable video ip 192.168.11.254 udp 49153 program 2 cable video ip 192.168.11.254 udp 49155 data bitrate 50000 cable video ip 192.168.11.254 udp 49155 passthru cable video ip 192.168.11.254 udp 49155 passthru cable video ip 192.168.11.254 udp 49157 passthru end				

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show cable video session	Displays the video session on the RF Gateway 10.

cable video ip multicast

To configure the multicast video sessions on a load balancing group, use the **cable video ip multicast** command in QAM subinterface configuration mode. To disable the multicast sessions, use the **no** form of this command.

cable video ip *dest-IP-address* **multicast** *label* {**data** | **passthru** | **program** *prog-num*}

no cable video ip *dest-IP-address* multicast *label* {data | passthru | program *prog-num*}

Syntax Description	dest-IP-address	Destination IP address of the video route or GQI ingress port IP address.	
	label	Specifies the multicast session label definition created for ASM or SSM.	
	data	Adds a data-piping session to the QAM interface.	
	passthru	Adds a pass-through session to the QAM interface.	
	program	Adds a remap session to the QAM interface.	
	prog-num	Specifies the program number.	
Command Default	The load balancing grou	p is configured.	
Command Modes	QAM subinterface confi	guration (config-subif)	
Command History	Release	Modification	
	Cisco IOS-XE Release 3.3.0SQ	This command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines	-	ple network paths to reach the Cisco RFGW-10. Traffic enters through one of as to the Cisco RFGW-10.	
	Multiple ports also exist on the Cisco RFGW-10 between the ingress port to the output QAM cha Each line card receives traffic from the internal ports. Using QAM partitioning, a mapping is spec using QAM partitions input route and the internal port. For example, a QAM partition with 10Gb maximum throughput may use one mid-plane 10 Gigabit Ethernet port exclusively or divide the throughput using 5 Gbps to two 10 Gigabit Ethernet port.		
	video session. For the El	s more than one input port, the server determines which input port to use for a RMI QAM model, the input IP address is used to signal which input port should	
		ion. For GQI model, the input port ID is used. This input port determines the ion. For multicast traffic, the internal port and the ingress port are used to join	

The input route is configured using the **cable route linecard load-balane-group** command at the global configuration level. For multicast sessions, the input route consists of destination IP address, maximum reserved bandwidth on the mid-plane and source and group IP address of the label using the **cable video label** command.

<u>Note</u>

The same load balancing group on the line card can configure video routes for both local and remote sessions, as long as the total bandwidth reserved for each route does not exceed 9.1 Gbps for Cisco RFGW-10 DS-384 line card.

\$ Note

The QAM subinterface must be set to **cable mode video local** mode for local video sessions and **cable mode video remote** mode for remote video sessions.

A video session contains input attributes, processing type, and output attributes.

The input attributes include:

- Input type (ASM or SSM)
- Input port information (destination port)
- Allocated bitrate
- Jitter buffer size

The output processing types are as described as follows:

- Data-piping: All the input Program Identifiers (PID)s are preserved to the output. No Program Specific Information (PSI) processing and dejittering is performed.
- Pass-through: All input program numbers and PIDs are preserved to the output. In general, only one pass-through session is present on the QAM channel.
- Remapped: The output program number and PIDs are different from the input. The output program number is configured and output PIDs are selected on the program number.

The output attributes include the output QAM channel and output program number for remapped sessions.

Examples

This example shows how to configure local multicast video sessions:

```
Router# configure terminal
Router(config)# cable route linecard 3 load-balance-group 1
Router(config-lbg)# qam-partition default ip 192.168.10.10 udp 49201 49250 bitrate 250000
Router(config)# interface Qam3/3.48
Router(config-subif)# cable mode video local
Router(config-subif)# cable video ip 192.168.10.10 multicast ssm0 program 100
Router(config-subif)#
```

This example shows how to configure remote multicast video sessions:

```
Router# configure terminal
Router(config)# cable route linecard 3 load-balance-group 2
Router(config-lbg)# qam-partition 3 ip 192.168.10.10 udp 49201 49250 bitrate 250000
Router(config)# interface Qam3/3.40
Router(config-subif)# cable mode video remote
Router(config-subif)# cable vídeo ip 172.168.10.10 udp 23 multicast ssm0 program 100
Router(config-subif)#
```

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Related Commands	Command	Description
	cable qam-partition	Creates a QAM partition for video server on the Cisco RFGW-10 DS-384 line card.
	cable route linecard load-balancing-group	Configure a video route on the cable load balancing group on the line card.
	cable video labels	Enters the cable video label configuration mode.

cable video ip udp

To configure unicast video sessions, use the **cable video ip udp** command in QAM subinterface configuration mode. To remove the sessions, use the **no** form of this command.

- cable video ip ip-address {udp {port | port Max port} | [udp port] multicast label } {{data bitrate bps | data} | {passthru [bitrate bps | cbr [bitrate bps | jitter ms] | jitter ms] | passthru} | {{program program number | program program number [increment increment]} | [bitrate bps | jitter ms] | program program numbe}
- no cable video ip ip-address {udp {port | port Max port} | [udp port] multicast label } {{data
 bitrate bps | data} | {passthru [bitrate bps | cbr [bitrate bps | jitter ms] | jitter ms] |
 passthru} | {{program program number | program program number [increment increment]}
 | [bitrate bps | jitter ms] | program program numbe}

Syntax Description	ip-address	Destination IP address of the video route on default QAM partition.
	udp	Specifies UDP as the protocol.
	port	Specifies the UDP port used. Valid range is 1 to 65535.
	-	(Optional)Hyphen used to set the UDP range. Used with Max port option.
	Max port	(Optional) Specifies the maximum UDP port used to specify the UDP port range.
	data	Adds a data-piping session to the QAM interface.
	bitrate	Sets the bitrate allocated for the data session.
	bps	Specifies the bitrate value. Valid range is 1 to 52000000 bps.
	multicast	Adds the multicast session to the QAM subinterface.
	label	Specifies the multicast session label definition created for ASM or SSM.
	passthru	Adds a pass-through session to the QAM interface.
	cbr	(Optional) Sets the Constant bitrate or jitter for the session
	jitter	(Optional) Sets the jitter for group sessions.
	ms	(Optional) Specifies the jitter value. Valid range is between 10 to 200 ms.
	program	Adds a remap session to the QAM interface.
	program number	Specifies the program number.
	increment	(Optional) Adds the increment value to the program number.
	increment	Specifies the increment value of the program number. Valid range is 1 to 200.

Command Default None.

Command Modes QAM subinterface configuration (config-subif)

Command H	istory	Release	Modification		
		Cisco IOS-XE Release 3.3.0SQ	This command was introduced. This command replaces the cable video udp command.		
		Cisco IOS-XE Release 3.3.1SQB1	This command was modified. The udp keyword is modified to specify a UDP port range to configure unicast video sessions. The bitrate keyword is made optional for passthru and remap session creation.		
Usage Guide	elines				
	Note		The QAM subinterface must be set using the cable mode video local command for local video sessions and cable mode video remote command for remote video sessions.		
		While configuring the vi on the cable route linec	gured in the cable route linecard load-balance-group configuration mode. ideo session, the destination IP adress must be the same as the one configured ard load-balance-group mode. For a unicast session, the UDP port number s defined in the UDP range.		
	Note	To change the bitrate or jitter value of an existing video session to a higher value, remove the existing video session and reconfigure a new session. To avoid oversubscription, ensure that the actual bitrate of the video session does not exceed the allocated bitrate.			
	Note		S-XE Release 3.3.1SQB1, the UDP port range with <i>port - Max port</i> range Valid UDP port value range for the udp <i>port</i> and <i>Max port</i> is 1 to 65535.		
	Note	The default value for inc	crement option is 1.		
Note		Individual sessions created using the udp keyword with the port range option, cannot be deleted using the clear cable video session id command or no form with specific UDP port value.			
Examples		This example shows how	v to configure local unicast video sessions:		
·		Router# configure terr Router(config)# cable	minal route linecard 3 load-balancing-group 1 am-partition default ip 192.168.10.10 udp 49201 49255 bitrate 250000		

Router(config-subif)# cable vídeo ip 192.168.10.10 udp 49211 program 10 bitrate 3750000 Router(config-subif)# exit

Router(config)# interface gam3/3.1

Router(config-subif) # cable mode video local

This example shows how to configure remote unicast video sessions:

```
Router(config)# cable route linecard 3 load-balancing-group 2
Router(config-lbg)# qam-partition 2 ip 192.168.10.10 udp 49256 49356 bitrate 250000
```

```
Router(config-lbg)# exit
Router(config)#
Router(config)# interface Qam3/3.48
Router(config-subif)# cable mode video remote [encrypt]
Router(config-subif)# cable partition 2 external-channel 23
Router(config-subif)#
```

Effective from Cisco IOS-XE Release 3.3.1SQB1, this example shows how to configure a remap session using the **udp** *port* - *Max port* option

```
Router# configure terminal
Router(config)#
Router(config)# interface qam3/3.1
Router(config-subif)# cable video ip 192.168.10.10 udp 49253 - 49255 program 2 increment 1
Router(config-subif)#
```

This example shows how to configure a Passthru session using the

```
Router> enable
Router# configure terminal
Router(config)#
Router(config)# interface qam 3/3.1
Router(config-subif)# cable video ip 192.168.10.10 udp 49240 - 49245 passthru
Router(config-subif)# exit
```

This example shows how to configure a Data-piping session:

```
Router> enable
Router# configure terminal
Router(config)#
Router(config)# interface gam 3/3.1
Router(config-subif)# cable video ip 192.168.10.10 udp 49246 - 49250 data bitrate 64000
Router(config-subif)# exit
```

Related Commands	Command	Description
	cable qam-partition	Creates a QAM partition for video server on the Cisco RFGW-10 DS-384 line card.
	cable route linecard load-balance-group	Configure a video route on the cable load balancing group on the line card.
	cable video labels	Enters the cable video label configuration mode.

cable video labels

To configure video session labels, use the cable video labels command in global configuration mode.

	cable video	labels
Syntax Description	This command ha	as no arguments or keywords.
Command Default	This command ha	as no default behavior or values.
Command Modes	Global configura	tion (config)
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(44)SQ	This command was introduced on the Cisco RF Gateway 10.
	identified by the	(ASM) and Source Specific Multicast (SSM) video sessions. An ASM session is destination IP address. An SSM session is identified by the source or group IP address ecify a maximum of three multicast address pairs in an SSM multicast session.
Examples	The following ex	ample shows an ASM label on the Cisco RFGW-10:
		e terminal cable video labels o-lbl)#asm asm1 group 1.2.2.2
	The following ex	ample configures an SSM label on the Cisco RFGW-10:
		re terminal cable video labels o-lbl)#ssm ssm1 source 2.2.22.2 group 1.1.11.1 bitrate 34
Related Commands	Command	Description
	asm	Configures the Any Source Multicast (ASM) session definition.

Configures ASM or SSM video session on the QAM interface.

Configures the Source Specific Multicast (SSM) session definition.

cable video multicast

ssm

cable video multicast

To configure video multicast sessions on a QAM interface, use the **cable video multicast** command in QAM subinterface configuration mode. To deconfigure the multicast session, use the **no** form of this command.

cable video multicast *label* {**data** | **passthru** | **program** *prog-num*}

no cable video multicast *label* {**data** | **passthru** | **program** *prog-num*}

Syntax Description	label	Specifies the multicast session label definition created for ASM or SSM.	
	data	Adds a data-piping session to the QAM interface.	
	passthru	Adds a pass-through session to the QAM interface.	
	program	Adds a VoD session to the QAM interface.	
	prog-num	Specifies the program number.	
command Default	ASM and SSM lab	els are configured on the chassis.	
ommand Modes	QAM subinterface	configuration (config-subif)	
command History	Release	Modification	
	12.2(44)SQ	This command was introduced on Cisco RF Gateway 10.	
Jsage Guidelines	A video session co	ntains input attributes, processing type, and output attributes.	
	The input attributes include:		
	• Input type (AS		
	 Input type (ASIN of SSIN) Input port information (destination UDP port or labels) 		
	 Allocated bitra 		
	 Jitter buffer size The output processing types are as described as follows: Data-piping: All the input Program Identifiers (PID)s are preserved to the output. N Specific Information (PSI) processing and dejittering is performed. 		
	• Pass-through: All input program numbers and PIDs are preserved to the output. In general, only one pass-through session is present on the QAM channel.		
	• Remapped: The output program number and PIDs are different from the input. The output program number is configured and output PIDs are selected on the program number.		
	The output attributes include the output QAM channel and output program number for remapped sessions.		

For unicast sessions, all attributes are configured at the QAM channel level. For multicast sessions, the input attributes are configured at the video session label level.

Examples The following example shows the ASM video session configuration on a QAM interface:

Router# configure terminal
Router(config)#interface qam 3/1.1
Router(config-subif)#cable video multicast asm1 data
Router(config-subif)# exit

Related Commands	Command	Description
	asm	Creates a label for ASM multicast video session.
	cable video labels	Enters the cable video label configuration mode.
	cable video udp	Configures a unicast video session on QAM interface.
	show cable video label	Displays the labels configured on the chassis.
	show cable video session	Displays all cable video sessions configured on the Cisco RFGW-10.
	ssm	Creates a label for SSM multicast video session.

cable video multicast uplink

To set an uplink port for multicast traffic, use the **cable video multicast uplink** command in global configuration mode. To remove the configuration, use the **no** form of this command.

cable video multicast uplink {**GigabitEthernet | TenGigabitEthernet** *interface/port*} [**backup GigabitEthernet | TenGigabitEthernet** *interface/port*] [**bandwidth** *kbps*]

no cable video multicast uplink {GigabitEthernet | TenGigabitEthernet *interface/port}* [backup GigabitEthernet | TenGigabitEthernet interface/port] [bandwidth kbps]

Syntax Description	GigabitEthernet	Indicates the Gigabit Ethernet interface. Valid slot range is 1 to 12.
	TenGigabitEthernet	Indicates the 10 Gigabit Ethernet interface. Valid slots are 1 and 2.
	interface/port	Specifies the interface slot and port.
	backup	(Optional) Specifies the backup interface.
	bandwidth	(Optional) Specifies the bandwidth of the interface.
	kbps	(Optional) Specifies the bandwidth in kbps. Valid range is 1 to 1000000.
Command Default	This command has no de	fault behavior or values.
Command Modes	Global configuration (co	nfig)
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(44)SQ	This command was introduced on the Cisco RF Gateway 10.
	Cisco IOS-XE Release 3.3.0SQ	This command was integrated in Cisco IOS-XE Release 3.3.0SQ.
Usage Guidelines <u>Note</u>	Before setting the Gigabi must be enabled on the C	e set the Gigabit or Ten Gigabit Ethernet port for multicast routing. The backup primary interface in case of failure. it Ethernet or Ten Gigabit Ethernet port for multicast routing, multicast routing Cisco RFGW-10. The interfaces that would receive the multicast traffic must
	also be set in multicast n	

Examples The following example configures video multicast on GigabitEthernet interface 1/3 and backup interface

2/3 with 20 kbps bandwidth: Router# configure terminal Router(config)# ip multicast-routing Router(config)# cable video multicast uplink GigabitEthernet 1/3 backup GigabitEthernet 2/3 bandwidth 20

Related Commands	Command	Description
	ip multicast-routing	Enables multicast routing on the Cisco RFGW-10.
	show cable video multicast uplink	Displays video multicast uplink interfaces.

cable video pre-encrypted-multicast

To configure pre-encrypted Switched Digital Video (SDV) multicast video sessions, use the **cable video pre-encrypted-multicast** command in QAM subinterface configuration mode. To disable, use the **no** form of this command.

cable video pre-encrypted-multicast

no cable video pre-encrypted-multicast

- Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.
- **Command Default** Encryption must be enabled on QAM partition.
- **Command Modes** QAM subinterface configuration (config-subif)

Command History	Release	Modification
	Cisco IOS-XE Release 3.3.0SQ	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines The **cable video pre-encrypted-multicast** command is configured for the QAM carrier configured with video remote mode and assigned to a GQI QAM partition.

When this CLI is configured on the QAM carriers, all session creation requests received from GQI, which has the encrypted flag set, is ignored.

Note

This mode setting is only required in a DNCS 5.0 environment and is not in the DNCS 6.0 environment and later. On a DNCS 6.0, ERMI, or local CLI, it is not mandatory to configure this session.

```
Examples
```

This example shows how to configure the **cable video pre-encrypted-multicast** command:

```
Router# configure terminal
Router(config)# interface Qam-red3/1.1
Router(config-subif)# cable carrier-id 1
Router(config-subif)# cable mode video remote encrypt
Router(config-subif)# cable downstream lqam-group 1
Router(config-subif)# cable downstream tsid 1
Router(config-subif)# cable downstream frequency 125000000
Router(config-subif)# cable downstream frequency 125000000
Router(config-subif)# cable downstream rf-shutdown
Router(config-subif)# cable partition 1 external-channel 1
Router(config-subif)# cable video pre-encrypted-multicast
Router(config-subif)# exit
```

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Related Commands	Command	Description
	cable video labels	Enters the cable video label configuration mode.
	cable video ip udp	Configures a unicast video session on the QAM interface.
	show cable video label	Displays the labels configured on the chassis.
	show cable video session	Displays all cable video sessions configured on the Cisco RFGW-10.

cable video psi-interval

To configure the Program Specific Information (PSI) interval, use the **cable video psi-interval** command in QAM subinterface configuration mode. To restore the default value, use the **no** form of this command.

cable video psi-interval ms

no cable video psi-interval ms

Syntax Description	ms	Specifies the interval time. Valid range is from 40 to 1000 ms. Default is 100 ms.
Command Default	The default PSI interval	value is 100 ms.
Command Modes	QAM subinterface confi	guration (config-subif)
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(44)SQ	This command was introduced on the Cisco RF Gateway 10.
	Cisco IOS-XE Release 3.3.0SQ	This command was integrated in Cisco IOS-XE Release 3.3.0SQ.
Usage Guidelines	Reconfiguring the PSI in with the new value.	er configured on the QAM subinterface. terval value reschedules all existing and new sessions in the same QAM channel mand resets the value to the default value.
Examples	Router# configure ter Router(config)# inter	face qam 3/1.1 cable video psi-interval 40
Related Commands	Command cable video timeout	Description
	cable video tilleout	Configures the video session time-out intervals on the QAM interface.

cable video servers

To configure server groups for video sessions using external servers, use the **cable video servers** command in global configuration mode. To deconfigure server groups for video sessions, use the **no** form of this command.

cable video servers server-groupname

no cable video servers server-groupname

Syntax Description	server-groupname	Specifies the name of the video server group.
Command Default	None	
Command Modes	Global configuration	n (config)
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(44)SQ	This command was introduced on the Cisco RF Gateway 10.
	12.2(50)SQ	This command was modified. The cable video server group configuration commands were modified.
	A server group spec	ifies the properties of protocols used, time-out and reconnect time intervals, IP , and the management IP address for communication between the server and the
Usage Guidelines	Control Station (DN A server group spec	ifies the properties of protocols used, time-out and reconnect time intervals, IP
	Any number of serve	er groups can be created, but only one of each type can be activated at any point of
	ume.	
Examples	The following exam	ple shows how to create a server group and lists the properties:
	Router(config-vide	
	Cable Video Server active	Group Configuration Commands: Start using the server-group
	exit	Exit from the Video Server Group mode
		Management IP address
	no protocol	Unconfigure Video Server Group parameters Configure protocols supported by servers in the group
	reset	Configure GQI Reset parameters
	server	IP address of video servers
	keepalive	Configure keepalive parameters

Related Commands

Command Description		
active	Activates the server.	
ip rpc portmapper	Establishes an RPC connection between the external server and EQAM.	
keepalive retry	Configures the keepalive retry value on the server.	
mgmt-ip-address mac-address	Configures the management IP and MAC address of the server.	
protocol	Configures the protocols supported by the server.	
reset interval	Configures the reset interval on the server.	
server	Configures the IP address of the server.	

cable video table

To configure video sessions on a QAM channel using the pre-defined UDP map, use the **cable video table** command in QAM subinterface configuration mode. To remove the configuration, use the **no** form of this command.

cable video table 24-qam-map

no cable video table 24-qam-map

Syntax Description	24-qam-map	Specifies the pre-defined port map. This is only applicable to local sessions.
Command Default	This command has no	default values or behavior.
Command Modes	QAM subinterface con	nfiguration (config-subif)
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(44)SQ	This command was introduced on Cisco RF Gateway 10.
Usage Guidelines		offer two methods of mapping UDP ports to QAM ports: DP ranges:Start and end UDP ports are specified using the cable video udp
		erred to as 24-qam-map . A local session is configured locally on the using the cable video table command. The currently supported pre-defined UDP n-map table.
Examples	The following exampl interface channel:	e configures 30 (input sessions per QAM channel) re-mapped sessions in a QAM
	Router# configure t Router(config)# inte Router(config-subif Router(config-subif	rface gam 3/1.1)#cable video table 24-gam-map
Related Commands	Command	Description
	cable video udp	Configures a unicast video session on QAM interface.
	show cable video session	Displays all cable video sessions configured on the Cisco RFGW-10.

cable video timeout

To configure the video session time-out thresholds, use the **cable video timeout** command in global configuration mode. To restore the default value, use the **no** form of this command.

cable video timeout {**init-session** *ms* | **idle-session** *ms* | **off-session** *sec* | **low-bitrate-idle-session** *sec* }

no cable video timeout {init-session *ms* | **idle-session** *ms* | **off-session** *sec* | **low-bitrate-idle-session** *sec* }

Syntax Description	init-session	Sets the timeout interval during initialization of a video session. Valid range is from 100 ms to 60000 ms. Default is 5000 ms.					
	idle-session	Sets the idle video session timeout interval. Valid range for idle sessions is 10 0ms to 2000 ms. Default value is 250 ms.					
	off-session	off-sessionSets the timeout interval for an off video session. Valid range for off sessions is 1 second to 4294967295 seconds. Default value is 60 seconds.					
	low-bitrate-idle-sessio	Sets the idle session timeout interval.					
	n When the low bitrate value is less than or equal to 64000 bps, the defaul timeout value is 5 seconds.						
		Note For video sessions with bitrate value greater than 256000 bps, the idle-session timeout value is 250msec by default or takes the user configured value.					
	ms	Specifies the time in milliseconds.					
	sec	Specifies the time in seconds					
Command Modes	Global configuration (co	nfig)					
Command History	Release	Modification					
	12.2(44)SQ	This command was introduced on the Cisco RF Gateway 10.					
	Cisco IOS-XE Release 3.3.0SQ	This command was integrated and modified to include the low-bitrate-idle-session keyword.					
Usage Guidelines	time duration specified b backup source is provide	d in the init state. The session enters the idle state when no traffic flows over a by the init timer. The state transition is used to trigger a source switchover if a ed for the session. active video session for a time period longer than the idle timer, the session					

Similar to the idle state sessions are the off state sessions. Idle video sessions enter the off state when the time period of the idle session is longer than the off timer. The default off timer value is 60 seconds. Use the **cable video timeout low-bitrate-idle-session** command to separate low bitrate idle sessions for SDV mini-carousel with 64Kbps. The **no** form of the command resets the timer to the default value. Reconfiguration of the init timer, idle timer, and the off timer affects only the new video sessions. The existing video sessions remain unchanged. Note A session always moves from the idle state before moving to the off state. Examples The following example shows the configuration of the idle session timer to 200 ms and the off session timer to 2 seconds: Router#configure terminal Router(config)#cable video timeout idle-session 200 Router(config)#cable video timeout off-session 2 Router(config) #exit **Related Commands** Command Description cable video Configures the PSI timer on a QAM interface. psi-interval

cable video udp

Effective with Cisco IOS-XE Release 3.3.0SQ the **cable video udp** command is relaced by the **cable video ip udp** command. See the **cable video ip udp** command for more details.

To configure a unicast video session, use the **cable video udp** command in QAM subinterface configuration mode. To unconfigure the session, use the **no** form of this command.

cable video udp *port* {**data** | **filter pid** *pid-list* | **passthru** [**cbr**] | **program** *prog-num*} [**bitrate** *bps* | **jitter** *ms*]

no cable video udp *port* {**data** | **filter pid** {**all** | *pid-list*}| **passthru** [**cbr**] | **program** *prog-num*} [**bitrate** *bps* | **jitter** *ms*]

Syntax Description	port	Specifies the destination UDP port.
	data	Adds a data-piping session to the QAM interface.
	filter	Adds a filter to the video session.
	pid	Sets filtering of PIDs for the pass-through video session.
	pid-list	Specifies the PIDs or the range of PIDs or both to be dropped for the video session. The PID range is specified in " <i>lower_pid - upper_pid</i> " format. All PIDs must be within 1 to 8190 inclusively.
		PIDs and PID ranges are to be separated by commas. A space is required before and after the commas and hyphens.
	all	Deletes all filtered PIDs. This keyword is applicable to the no form of the command.
	passthru	Adds a pass through session to the QAM interface.
	cbr	Specifies that the session is supposed to be constant bitrate.
	program	Adds a VoD session to the QAM interface.
	prog-num	Specifies the program number.
	bitrate	(Optional) Sets the bitrate allocated for the session.
	bps	(Optional) Specifies the bitrate value. Valid range is 1 to 52000000 bps. Default is 3.75 Mbps.
	jitter	(Optional) Specifies the amount of jitter allowed in a network.
	ms	(Optional) Specifies the jitter value. Valid range is 10 to 200 ms. Default is 200 ms.

Command Default This command has no default behavior or values.

Command Modes

QAM subinterface configuration (config-subif)

Note

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(44)SQ	This command was introduced on the Cisco RF Gateway 10.
	12.2(50)SQ1	Added the filter keyword to allow filtering of PIDs for pass-through video sessions.
	Cisco IOS-XE Release 3.3.0SQ	This command is replaced by the cable video ip udp command.
Usage Guidelines	destination IP address of configuration level. The	tified by its destination IP address and destination UDP port number. The The QAM block is configured in the video route command at the global destination UDP port is specified per unicast session. The UDP port value cified range and the corresponding configured video policy route.
	Filtering of PIDs is applie PIDs. No PMT regenerat PIDs can be filtered per	cable for pass-through video sessions. It is intended for filtering of unreferenced ion will be performed even if PIDs referenced in the PMT are filtered. Upto 32 session. Up to eight PIDs or PID ranges can be specified in one CLI line. s can be used to specify the PID filter.
Note	The QAM subinterface n	nust be set to cable video local mode.
Note		jitter value of an existing video session to a higher value, remove the existing igure a new session. To avoid oversubscription, ensure that the actual bitrate of

Examples

The following example configures a VoD session on QAM interface 3:

```
Router# configure terminal
Router(config)# interface qam 3/1.1
Router(config-subif)# cable mode video local
Router(config-subif)# cable video udp 1000 program 2 bitrate 3750000
Router(config-subif)# exit
```

The following example shows filtering being configured for unicast sessions. PID 23, 45 and PID range between 40 to 50 are filtered:

```
Router# configure terminal
Router(config)# interface gam-red 3/1.1
Router(config-subif)# cable video udp 10000 passthru 3500000
Router(config-subif)# cable video udp 10000 filter pid 23 , 34 , 40 - 50
Router(config-subif)# exit
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
cable video multicast	Configures video multicast session on QAM interface.
show cable video session	Displays the video sessions configured on the chassis.

To select the redundancy class for a line card group, use the **class** command in line card redundancy configuration mode. To disable, use the **no** form of this command.

class {1:1 | 1:n}

no class

Syntax Description	1:1 1:n	Specifies the redundancy class of the line card.
		• 1:1—Supports hot redundancy.
		• 1:n—Supports warm redundancy.
Command Default	This command has	no default behaviour or values.
Command Modes	Line card redundan	cy configuration (config-red-lc)
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(44)SQ	This command was introduced on the Cisco RF Gateway 10.
Usage Guidelines	This command configures the redundancy class for the line card. The transmission switching between an active line card and a switchover line card is done by setting the class. Classes 1:1 and 1:n imply transmission switching from the active line card to the standby line card on switchover.	
	take over for any a standby is back in s	ers to "n" active line cards being protected by one standby line card. The standby can ctive that fails, but cannot protect the others until the failed unit is restored and the standby mode. 1:1 redundancy is treated as a special case of 1:n with a dedicated ingle active line card.
Examples	The following exar	nple assigns class 1: 1 on redundancy line card group 2 on the Cisco RFGW-10:
	Router(config-red Router(config-red	l)#linecard-group 2 internal-switch d-lc)#class 1:1
Related Commands	Command	Description
Related Commanus	description	Description Adds a description to the line card group.
	linecard-group	Creates a line card group for the line card.
	internal-switch	creates a fine card group for the fine card.
	member slot	Adds a slot to the redundancy group.

Command	Description
redundancy	Enters redundancy configuration mode.
show redundancy linecard	Displays information about a line card or a line card group.

clear cable clock counters

To clear information about Timing, Communication and Control (TCC) DOCSIS Timing Interface (DTI) client and server counts and path traceability information, use the **clear cable clock counters** command in privileged EXEC mode.

clear cable clock *slot* counters

Syntax Descriptionn	<i>slot</i> Identifies a TCC interface on the Cisco RF Gateway 10.						
Command Default	This command has no default values or behavior.						
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (#)					
Command History	Release	Modificati	ation				
	12.2(44)SQ	This comm	nmand was introduced on the Cisco RF Gateway 10.				
Usage Guidelines	This command clear	s the TCC DTI o	I client and server statistic counts and path traceability information				
Examples	The following example shows the counters on the TCC 13 card on the Cisco RF Gateway 10:						
	Router# show cable clock 13 counters TCC Card 13 DTI counters:						
	Client Normal Client Holdove Client Phase C Client Freq Co Client EFC Cor Client transit Client transit Client transit Client transit Client transit	time er time Correction prrection tion count t3 tion count t4 tion count t6 tion count t7	: 1 : 0				
	The following command clears the counters on the TCC 13 card on the Cisco RF Gateway 10:						
	Router#clear cable clock 13 counters The following is a sample output of the TCC 13 card counters after execution of the clear cable clock counters command on the Cisco RF Gateway 10:						
	Router# show cable TCC Card 13 DTI co	ounters:	nters				
	Client Normal Client Holdove Client Phase C Client Freq Co	time er time Correction	: 0x01B5 : 0x0000 : 65535 : 63210				

Client EFC Correction	:	60649
Client transition count t3	:	0
Client transition count t4	:	0
Client transition count t6	:	0
Client transition count t7	:	0
Client port switch count	:	0

Related Commands

Command	Description
cable clock free-run	Allows the clock to be in free-run mode.
show cable clock	Displays information on TCC DTI client and server statistics counts and path traceability information.

clear cable depi counters

To clear all Downstream Exernal PHY Interface (DEPI) counters, use the **clear cable depi counters** command in privileged EXEC mode.

clear cable depi counters {all | session-id id | slot slot}

Syntax Description	all	Clears counters of all DEPI sessions.					
	session-id	Clears counters of a particular session.					
	<i>id</i> Specifies the DEPI session.						
	slot Clears the counters of a session on a particular slot.						
	slot	Specifies the slot. Valid slot range is from 3 to 12.					
Command Default	This command has	no default behavior or values.					
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (#	¢)					
Command History	Release	Modification					
	12.2(44)SQ	This command was introduced on the Cisco RF Gateway 10.					
Usage Guidelines	This command clear	rs all the counters on an existing DEPI sessions on the Cisco RFGW-10.					
Examples	The following exam	ple shows the clearance of the counters in all the DEPI sessions:					
	Router#clear cable	e depi counters all					
Related Commands	Command	Description					
	show cable depi-sessions	Displays DEPI session information.					

clear cable ermi statistics

To clear the ERMI protocol connection stastistics information, use the **clear cable ermi statistics** command in privileged EXEC mode.

clear cable ermi {errp | rtsp } statistics

Syntax Description	errp	Clears the Edge Resource and Registration protocol (ERRP) connection sessions.
	rtsp	Clears Real-time Streaming Protocol (RTSP) connections session.
Command Default	This command is enable	d by default.
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (#)	
Command History	Release	Modification
	Cisco IOS-XE Release 3.3.0SQ	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	This command clears the QAM partition.	ERMI protocol connection information of ERRP and RTSP configured on the
Examples	This example shows how	v to clear the ERRP statistics:
	Router# clear ermi er	rp statistics
Related Commands	Command	Description
	errp	Configures Edge Resource and Registration protocol (ERRP) on the QAM partition.
	rtsp	Configures Real-time Streaming Protocol (RTSP) on the QAM partition.

clear cable midplane ping statistics

To clear the midplane ping statistics on the Cisco RFGW-10, use the **clear cable midplane ping statistics** command in privileged EXEC mode.

clear cable midplane ping statistics {all | slot lc_slot}

Syntax Description	all Clears the midplane ping statistics of all line cards.					
	slot	Clears the midplane ping statistics of a line card slot.				
	lc_slot	Line card slot. The valid range is from 3 to 12.				
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (#)					
Command History	Release	Modification				
· · · · · · ·	nereuse					
	12.2(50)SQ4	This command was introduced.				
Usage Guidelines	12.2(50)SQ4 This command clears th	This command was introduced.				
Usage Guidelines	12.2(50)SQ4 This command clears the The following shows how	This command was introduced. ne midplane ping statistics on the Cisco RFGW-10.				
Usage Guidelines Examples	12.2(50)SQ4 This command clears the The following shows how	This command was introduced. ne midplane ping statistics on the Cisco RFGW-10. ow to clear the midplane ping information from all line cards:				
Usage Guidelines Examples Related Commands	12.2(50)SQ4 This command clears th The following shows he Router# clear cable m	This command was introduced. ne midplane ping statistics on the Cisco RFGW-10. ow to clear the midplane ping information from all line cards: midplane ping statistics all				

clear cable video gqi statistics

To clear all video GQI sessions, use the **clear cable video gqi statistics** command in privileged EXEC mode.

clear cable video gqi statistics{all | qam-partition partition-id}

Syntax Description	all	Clears all the QAM partitions statistics information configured for GQI on the line card. on Clears statistics information configured for GQI for a specific QAM partition.						
	qam-partition							
	partition-id	QAM partition ID. The valid range is from 1 to 50.						
Command Default	This command has no de	efault behavior or values.						
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (#)							
Command History	Release	Modification						
-	12.2(50)SQThis command was introduced on the Cisco RF Gateway 10							
	C' LOG VE D 1							
	Cisco IOS-XE Release 3.3.0SQ	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS-XE Release 3.3.0SQ.						
Jsage Guidelines	3.3.0SQ	I the GQI statistics information on the Cisco RFGW-10.						
-	3.3.0SQ This command clears all							
	3.3.0SQ This command clears all The following example s	1 the GQI statistics information on the Cisco RFGW-10.						
	3.3.0SQ This command clears all The following example s Router# show cable via Qam Partition 3 Statis	l the GQI statistics information on the Cisco RFGW-10. shows the GQI statistics information on the QAM partition 3: deo gqi statistic qam 3						
-	3.3.0SQ This command clears all The following example s Router# show cable vid Qam Partition 3 Statis Create Del Unbind Reset	I the GQI statistics information on the Cisco RFGW-10. shows the GQI statistics information on the QAM partition 3: deo ggi statistic gam 3 .stics: .ete Create Delete Insert Cancel Switch Bind						
-	3.3.0SQ This command clears all The following example as Router# show cable via Qam Partition 3 Statis Create Del Unbind Reset Shell SI Session Session 	I the GQI statistics information on the Cisco RFGW-10. shows the GQI statistics information on the QAM partition 3: deo gqi statistic qam 3 stics: stee Create Delete Insert Cancel Switch Bind Encryption Event thell Session Session Packet Packet Source Indication Discovery Notification 3 2 2 2 1 1						
	3.3.0SQ This command clears all The following example so Router# show cable via Qam Partition 3 Statis Create Del. Unbind Reset Shell Si Session Session	I the GQI statistics information on the Cisco RFGW-10. shows the GQI statistics information on the QAM partition 3: deo gqi statistic qam 3 stics: .ete Create Delete Insert Cancel Switch Bind Encryption Event thell Session Session Packet Packet Source Indication Discovery Notification						
Usage Guidelines Examples	3.3.0SQ This command clears all The following example as Router# show cable via Qam Partition 3 Statis Create Del Unbind Reset Shell SI Session Session 	I the GQI statistics information on the Cisco RFGW-10. shows the GQI statistics information on the QAM partition 3: deo gqi statistic qam 3 stics: sete Create Delete Insert Cancel Switch Bind Encryption Event thell Session Session Packet Packet Source Indication Discovery Notification 						

The following example shows how to clear GQI statistics on the QAM partition 3:

Router# clear cable video gqi statistics qam-partition 3

The following example shows the output for the GQI sessions on QAM interface 3 after executing the **clear cable video gqi statistics** command:

Router# show cable video gqi statistic qam 3

Qam Part	ition 3 St	tatistics	:					
(Create	Delete	Create	Delete	Insert	Cancel	Switch	Bind
Unbind	Reset	Encr	yption Even	t				
	Shell	Shell	Sessio	n Sessi	on Packe	t Packe	t Sou	rce
Session	Session	n Indi	cation Disc	overy Not	ification			
Success:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0					
Error:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0					
Total:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0					

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show cable video packet	Displays video packet information.

clear cable video packet-insertion

To clear all video packet insertions, use the **clear cable video packet-insertion** command in privileged EXEC mode.

clear cable video packet-insertion {**qam** | **qam-red** *slot/port.channel* [**stream** *stream-id*] | **all** | **slot** *slot*}

Syntax Description	qam		Specifie	es the QAM in	terface on the	e Cisco RFGW	-10.	
	qam-red		-	es the QAM in FGW-10.	terface when I	line card redun	dancy is config	gured on the
	slot		Specifie	es the slot on t	he QAM inte	rface. Valid ra	nge is from 3	to 12.
	port		Specifie	es the port on	the interface.	Valid range is	from 1 to12.	
	channel		(Option	al) Specifies t	he channel or	n the port. Vali	d range is from	n 1 to 4.
	stream		(Option	al) Specifies p	oacket stream	insertion infor	rmation.	
	stream-id		(Option 429496		he packet stre	eam identifier.	Valid range is	from 1 to
	all		Clears a	all the video p	acket insertio	ns on the chass	sis.	
	slot		Clears t	he video pack	et insertions i	for a given slot	t.	
Command Default			efault beh	avior or value	s.			
Command Modes	Privileged	EXEC (#)						
Command History	Release		Modific	ation				
	12.2(50)SC	12.2(50)SQThis command was introduced on the Cisco RF Gateway 10.						
	Cisco IOS-XE ReleaseThis command was integrated into Cisco IOS-XE Release 3.3.0SQ. The command name is changed from clear cable video packet to clear cable video packet-insertion.							
Usage Guidelines Examples	The follow	ing example	shows the	o packet insert video packets ets gam-red 3 Times	on QAM int	isco RFGW-10 erface 3:). Num Pkts	
		Interface	Version		Repeated	Rate (bps)	Inserted	State
	1	 Qam3/1.1	1	Continuos	14460	1000	1	 ON

The following example shows how to clear the video packet insertions on QAM interface 3:

Router#clear cable video packet gam-red 3/1.1 stream 1

The following example shows the output for the video packets on QAM interface 3 after executing the **clear cable video packet** command:

Router# show cable video packet gam-red 3/1.1

Related Commands

nds	Command	Description
	show cable video	Displays video packet information.
	packet	

clear cable video server-group statistics

To clear all video server-group statistics, use the **clear cable video server-group statistics** command in privileged EXEC mode.

clear cable video server-group group-name statistics

SyntaDescription	group-name	Name of the video	server group.			
Command Default	This command has	no default behavior or va	lues.			
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (#	ŧ)				
Command History	Release	Modification				
	12.2(50)SQ	This command wa	s introduced on the Cis	sco RF Gateway 10.		
Usage Guidelines	This command clea	rs all the video server-gro	oup statistics on the Ci	sco RFGW-10.		
Examples	The following example displays information on all server groups configured on the line card: Router# show cable video server-group all					
	Server-Group : State : Protocol : Emulation Type : Keepalive Timeout Number of Retry : Reset Timeout Per Number of Retry : Server[0] :	Period : 5 seconds 3 iod : 5 seconds				
		t IP: 1.43.24.61 Port faces : 3/1.1-3/6.4	: 938 Mac-Addr: 001	d.e5e8.66c0		
	Server	State	Reset Indication	Pending Requests		
	1.9.87.2	Connected	In-progress	0		
	-	nple shows how to clear t		statistics:		
	Router# clear cab	le video server-group	gqi1 statistics			

The following example displays information of the server groups configured on the line card, after executing the **clear cable video server-group statistics** command:

Router# show cable video server-group all

Emulatic Keepaliv Number c Reset Ti Number c Server[0	n Type : re Timeout of Retry : meout Peri of Retry : 0] : Management	Period : 5 3 .od : 5 sec 0 1.9.87.2 : IP: 1.43.24	seconds onds 4.61 Port:	938 Mac-2	ddr: 001d.	e5e8.66c0					
	QAM Interfaces : 3/1.1-3/6.4			Reset Indicat		Pending					
		State Not (Requests 0					
	Create	n Statistics Delete Shell	Create			Cancel Packet	Send Message				
	0	0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	26455 0 26455				
	Management IP: 1.43.24.62 Port: 938 Mac-Addr: 001d.e5e8.66c1 QAM Interfaces : 3/7.1-3/12.4										
	Server	State	e	Reset Indicat	ion	Pending Requests					
	1.9.87.2	Not (Connected	Not Com	pleted	0					
	Connection Statistics: Create Delete Create Shell Shell Session										
Total: Success:		0 0	 0 0	0 0	0 0	0	26453 0				

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show cable video	Displays information of the server groups configured on a line card.
	server-group	

clear cable video session

To clear all video session information, use the **clear cable video session** command in privileged EXEC mode.

clear cable video session {qam | qam-red slot/port.channel | all | id session ID | local | remote |
 slot slot | statistics slot slot}

Syntax Description	qam			Specifies the QAM interface on the Cisco RFGW-10.								
	qam-red			Specifies the QAM interface when line card redundancy is configured on th Cisco RFGW-10.								
	slot			Specifies the slot on the QAM interface. Valid range is from 3 to 12.								
	port			Specifies the port on the interface. Valid range is from 1 to12.								
	channel		(0	(Optional) Specifies the channel on the port. Valid range is from 1 to 4.								
	all			ears all the	video s	essions on	the chas	sis.				
	local			ears all the	local vi	deo sessio	ns on the	e chassis				
	remote			ears all the	remote	video sessi	ons on	the chass	sis.			
	statistics			ears all the	video s	tatistics inf	ormatio	n on the	chas	sis.		
	slot			ears the vid	eo stati	stics inform	nation fo	or a give	n slo	t.		
ommand Default ommand Modes	This comm	EXEC (#)									
ommand Modes	Privileged	EXEC (#	-	ndification								
			M	odification	1 was ir	ntroduced o	on the C	isco RF	Gatev	way 10		
ommand Modes	Privileged Release	5	Mo Th ase Th	odification is comman- is comman- cal, remote	d was in	ntegrated ir	to Cisc	o IOS-X		•		Гhe
ommand Modes	Privileged Release 12.2(50)SC Cisco IOS	Q -XE Rele	Mase The loc	is command is command cal, remote	1 was ir and sta	ntegrated ir i tistics key	nto Cisco word ar	o IOS-X e added.	E Re	lease 3		Гhe
ommand Modes	Privileged Release 12.2(50)SC Cisco IOS- 3.3.0SQ	Q -XE Rele	Mo Th ase Th loo	is command is command cal, remote video sessio	d was ir and sta on infor	ntegrated ir i tistics key mation on	to Cisco word ar the Cisc	o IOS-X e added. co RFGV	E Re	lease 3		Гhe
ommand Modes ommand History sage Guidelines	Privileged Release 12.2(50)SC Cisco IOS 3.3.0SQ This comm	Q -XE Rele and clear	Mase The location of the locat	is command is command cal, remote video session video session	d was ir and sta on infor session	ntegrated in tistics key mation on as on QAM	to Cisco word ar the Cisc	o IOS-X e added. co RFGV	E Re	lease 3		Гhe
ommand Modes ommand History sage Guidelines	Privileged Release 12.2(50)SC Cisco IOS 3.3.0SQ This comm The follow	2 -XE Rele and clear ing exam	Mase The loc rs all the ple show rideo	is command is command cal, remote video sessions sessions q Sess UDP	d was in and sta on infor session am 3/1.	ntegrated in tistics key mation on as on QAM	the Cisco the Cisco interfac	o IOS-X e added. co RFGV ce 3:	E Re V-10.	Ctrl	.3.0SQ. 1	Гhe
ommand Modes ommand History sage Guidelines	Privileged A Release 12.2(50)SC Cisco IOS 3.3.0SQ This comm The follow Router# st Session ID	2 -XE Rele and clear ing exam how cable QAM Port	Mase Th loc rs all the ple show stream Type	is comman- is comman- cal, remote video sessions sessions q Sess UDP Type Port	d was ir and sta on infor session am 3/1. Out Pgm	mation on s on QAM Input Bitrate	the Cisco interfac	o IOS-X e added. co RFGV ce 3: Output State	V-10.	Ctrl State	.3.0SQ. 1	Гhe
ommand Modes ommand History sage Guidelines	Privileged Release 12.2(50)SC Cisco IOS- 3.3.0SQ This comm The follow Router# st Session ID	2 -XE Rele and clear ing exam how cable QAM Port	Mase Th loc rs all the ple show video Stream Type Remap	is command is command cal, remote video session sessions q Sess UDP Type Port	d was ir and sta on infor session am 3/1. Out Pgm - 10	mation on s on QAM Input Bitrate	the Cisco interfac	o IOS-X e added. co RFGV ce 3:	E Re V-10.	Ctrl State	.3.0SQ. 1	Гhe
The following example shows how to clear the video sessions on QAM interface 3:

Router# clear cable video sessions 3/1.1

The following example shows the output for the video sessions on QAM interface 3 after executing the **clear cable video session** command:

```
Router# show cable video sessions gam 3/1.1
```

SessionQAMStream Sess UDPOutInputInputOutput PSI CtrlIDPortTypeType PortPgmBitrateStateStateRdy State--Total Sessions = 0-------------------------

Related Commands

ds Command Description		Description
	show cable video	Displays video session information.
	session	

cluster run

Usage Guidelines

To enable clustering on the Cisco RFGW-10, use the **cluster run** command in global configuration mode. To disable clustering, use the **no** form of this command.

cluster run

no cluster run

- Syntax Description This command has no arguments and keywords.
- **Command Default** This command is disabled by default.
- Command ModesGlobal Configuration (Config)

ommand History	Release	Modification
	12.2(50)SQ4	This command was introduced
	Cisco IOS-XE Release 3.2.0SQ	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS-XE Release 3.2.0SQ.

• Enable DEPI midplane pings between the line card and Supervisor on the Cisco RFGW-10

• Handle DEPI Latency Measurement (DLM) ingress traffic on the Cisco RFGW-10

Associated Features The cluster run command is enabled to handle DLM traffic and DEPI midplane pings. For more information, see:

• M-CMTS DEPI

 Examples
 The following example shows how to enable cluster run on the Cisco RFGW-10:

 Router# configure terminal
 Router(config)# cluster run

The cluster run command must be configured to:

Related Commands	Command	Description
	cable midplane ping	Configures the midplane pings between the line card and the Supervisor on the Cisco RFGW-10.

debug cable clock

To enable the DOCSIS Timing Interface (DTI) debugging, use the **debug cable clock** command in privileged EXEC mode. To disable debugging, use the **no** form of this command.

debug cable clock *slot*

no debug cable clock slot

Syntax Description	slot	Specifies the TCC card slot. Valid slots are 13 and 14.
Command Default	Debugging of the c	able clock is not enabled.
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (#)
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(44)SQ	This command was introduced on the Cisco RF Gateway 10.
Usage Guidelines	This command ena Gateway 10.	bles or disables debugging on the DOSCIS Timing Interface (DTI) for the Cisco RF
Examples	The following exan Cisco RF Gateway	nple shows the sample output for debug cable clock command on TCC slot 13 on the 10:
	<pre>, state = 0x220 00:05:53: rfgw_dt 00:05:53: rfgw_dt slot 14 00:05:53: rfgw_dt is on slot 13 00:05:54: DTI_MGM 00:05:54: rfgw_dt 00:05:54: rfgw_dt 00:05:54: rfgw_dt 00:05:54: sTATE F</pre>	<pre>ti_process_polling_dti_state:268 -> Current active TCC slot = 13 ti_get_tcc:52 -> a given slot 14 is not a TCC card type tc_find_best_slot:191 -> TCC on slot 14 is not in service ti_process_polling_dti_state:278 -> Unable to find the state for ti_process_polling_dti_state:317 -> Current Slot 13, Best Clock AT Trace rfgw_dti_mgmt_process:399 ti_process_polling_dti_state -> Current Slot = 13 AT Trace rfgw_dti_is_tcc_connected:685 ti_is_tcc_connected:695 -> TCC state for slot 13 = 0x7 REPLY: 18 : 00 02 00 0D 00 00 00 00 00 02 00 20 02 00 01</pre>

Related Commands

Command	Description Clears DTI client transition counters of a TCC DTI client and server statistics counts.	
clear cable clock		
cable clock polling-interval	Enables the user to tune the polling interval used by the DTI processes on the Supervisor.	
cable clock free-run	Allows the clock to be in free-run mode.	
show cable clock	Displays information about TCC DTI client.	

depi eqam-stats

To enable debugging information for Downstream External PHY Interface (DEPI) EQAM statistics on the Cisco RF Gateway 10 (RFGW-10), use the **depi eqam-stats** command in global configuration mode. To disable debugging information, use the **no** form of this command.

depi eqam-stats

no depi eqam-stats

Syntax Description	This command has no arguments or keywords.
--------------------	--

Command Default The DEPI EQAM statistics configuration is enabled by default.

Command Modes Global configuration (config)

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(50)SQ2	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	Cisco RFGW-10 sends statistics feature.	s EQAM statistics to the Cisco CMTS router. No other EQAM supports the EQAM
Examples	The following exampl Router# configure to Router(config)# dep:	
Related Commands	Command	Description
	show depi session	Displays information about DEPI sessions.

depi-class

To create a template of Downstream External PHY Interface (DEPI) control plane configuration settings, which different pseudowire classes can inherit, and to enter the DEPI class configuration mode, use the **depi-class** command in global configuration mode. To remove a specific DEPI class configuration, use the **no** form of this command.

depi-class depi-class-name

no depi-class depi-class-name

Syntax Description	depi-class-name	Name of the DEPI class. The <i>depi-class-name</i> argument must be specified to configure multiple sets of DEPI control parameters.
Command Default	No DEPI classes are	defined.
Command Modes	Global configuration	(config)
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(50)SQ	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	of configuration setti	<i>class-name</i> command allows you to configure a DEPI class template that consists ngs used by different pseudowire classes. The depi-class command enters DEPI node, where DEPI control plane parameters are configured.
	You must use the sar channel.	ne DEPI class in the pseudowire configuration at both ends of a Layer 2 control
Examples		ble shows how to enter DEPI class configuration mode to create a DEPI class te for the class named SPA0:
	Router# configure Router(config)# de Router(config-depi	pi-class SPA0
Related Commands	Command	Description
	l2tp-class	Creates a template of Layer 2 Tunnel Protocol (L2TP) control plane configuration settings that can be inherited by different pseudowire classes and enters the L2TP class configuration mode.
	depi-tunnel	Creates a template of Downstream External PHY Interface (DEPI) tunnel configuration settings, which different pseudowire classes can inherit, and enters the DEPI data session configuration mode.

Command	Description	
show depi tunnel	Displays all active control connections.	
show depi session	Displays established DEPI data sessions.	

depi-tunnel

To create a template of Downstream External PHY Interface (DEPI) tunnel configuration settings, which different pseudowire classes can inherit, and to enter the DEPI data session configuration mode, use the **depi-tunnel** command in the global configuration mode or subinterface configuration mode. To remove a configured DEPI tunnel, use the **no** form of this command.

depi-tunnel depi-tunnel-name

no depi-tunnel depi-tunnel-name

Syntax Description	<i>depi-tunnel-name</i> Name of the DEPI tunnel.		
Command Default	This command has no default behavior or values.		
Command Modes	Global configuration (config)		
	Subinterface configuration (config-subif)		
Command History	Release Modification		
	12.2(50)SQThis command was introduced.		
Usage Guidelines	 The depi-tunnel creates a template of DEPI tunnel configuration settings. The DEPI data session inherits the control plane configuration settings of a depi-control template. The following depi data session configuration options are available in this mode: l2tp-class depi-class dest-ip tos 		
Examples	The following example shows how to create a template of DEPI tunnel configuration settings in the global configuration mode and enter the DEPI data session configuration mode: Router# configure terminal Router(config)# depi-tunnel rf6 Router(config-depi-tunnel)# The following example shows how to create a template of DEPI tunnel configuration settings in the subinterface configuration mode: Router(config)# interface qam 6/4.1 Router(config-subif)# depi-tunnel 0		

Related Commands	Command	Description
	l2tp-class	Creates a template of Layer 2 Tunnel Protocol (L2TP) control plane configuration settings, which different pseudowire classes can inherit, and enters the L2TP class configuration mode.
	depi-class	Creates a template of Downstream External PHY Interface (DEPI) control plane configuration settings, which different pseudowire classes can inherit, and enters the DEPI class configuration mode.
	dest-ip	Assigns an IP address to the destination network.
	show depi tunnel	Displays all active control connections.
	show depi session	Displays established DEPI data sessions.

description

To add a description to the line card group, use the **description** command in line card redundancy configuration mode. To remove the description, use the **no** form of this command.

description string

no description string

Syntax Description	string	Specifies a description for the line card group. The maximum length of the string is 127 characters.	
Command Default	Default is LC-GROU	P followed by the line card group ID.	
Command Modes	Line card redundancy	v configuration (config-red-lc)	
Command History	Release	Modification	
	12.2(44)SQ	This command was introduced on the Cisco RF Gateway 10.	
Examples	The following example assigns a description to the redundancy line card group 2 on the Cisco RF Gateway 10:		
Examples	The following example assigns a description to the redundancy line card group 2 on the Cisco RF Gateway 10:		
	Router(config-red)#linecard-group 2 internal-switch Router(config-red-lc)#description line card group 2 created.		
Related Commands	Command	Description	
	class	Configures redundancy class on the line card.	
	member slot	Adds a slot to the redundancy group.	
	linecard-group internal-switch	Configures a redundancy line card group.	
	redundancy	Configures the redundancy mode.	
	show redundancy	Displays information about a redundancy line card or a line card group.	

dest-ip

To assign an IP address to the edge quadrature amplitude modulation (EQAM), use the **dest-ip** command in DEPI tunnel configuration mode. To remove a specific destination IP address, use the **no** form of this command.

dest-ip dest-ip-address

no dest-ip dest-ip-address

Syntax Description	dest-ip-address	IP address of the EQAM.
Command Default	This command has no	o default behavior or values.
Command Modes	DEPI tunnel configu	ration
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(50)SQ	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	The dest-ip dest-ip-a	address command allows you to configure the IP address of the EQAM.
	The following examp Router# configure t Router(config)# dep	ble shows how to assign 1.3.4.155 as the destination IP address:
Examples	The following examp Router# configure t Router(config)# dep	ble shows how to assign 1.3.4.155 as the destination IP address: terminal pi-tunnel rf6 -tunnel)# dest-ip 1.3.4.155
Examples	The following examp Router# configure (Router(config)# dep Router(config-depi-	ble shows how to assign 1.3.4.155 as the destination IP address:
Examples	The following examp Router# configure to Router(config)# dep Router(config-depi-	ble shows how to assign 1.3.4.155 as the destination IP address: terminal pi-tunnel rf6 -tunnel) # dest-ip 1.3.4.155 Description Creates a template of Layer 2 Tunnel Protocol (L2TP) control plane configuration settings, which different pseudowire classes can inherit, and
Examples	The following examp Router# configure t Router(config)# dep Router(config-depi-	Description Description Creates a template of Layer 2 Tunnel Protocol (L2TP) control plane configuration settings, which different pseudowire classes can inherit, and enters the L2TP class configuration mode. Creates a template of Downstream External PHY Interface (DEPI) control plane configuration settings, which different pseudowire classes can inherit, and enters the L2TP class configuration mode.
Usage Guidelines Examples Related Commands	The following examp Router# configure to Router(config)# dep Router(config-depi- Command 12tp-class depi-class	Description Description Creates a template of Layer 2 Tunnel Protocol (L2TP) control plane configuration settings, which different pseudowire classes can inherit, and enters the L2TP class configuration mode. Creates a template of Downstream External PHY Interface (DEPI) control plane configuration settings, which different pseudowire classes can inherit, and enters the DEPI class configuration mode. Specifies the name of the depi-tunnel and enters the DEPI tunnel

errp

To configure Edge Resource and Registration protocol (ERRP), use the **errp** command in the QAM partition configuration mode. To disable ERRP registration, use the **no** form of this command.

no errp { **component-name** *com-name* | **connect-retry** *retry-interval* | **connect-time** *connect-seconds* | **hold-time** *hold-seconds* | **streaming-zone** *zone-name*}

Syntax Description	component-name	Specifies the ERMI component name for QAM partition.
	conp-name	Component name.
	connect-retry	Specifies connection retry time.
	retry-interval	Connection retry interval in seconds, The valid range is from 1 to 10.
	connect-time	Specifies the connection time.
	connect-seconds	Connection time in seconds. The valid range is from 10 to 100
	hold-time	Specifies the hold time.
	hold-seconds	Wait time in seconds. The valid range is from 3 to 240 seocnds.
	streaming-zone	Specifies the ERMI streaming zone for QAM partition.
	zone-name	Streaming zone name.
Command Default	This command is disable	
Command Modes	QAM partition configura	
Command History	Release	Modification
	Cisco IOS-XE Release 3.3.0SQ	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	video edge device disco	nanaging EQAM resources both for DOCSIS and video services. It provides very, resource provisioning and signaling protocols for setup and control of and switched digital video (SDV) type video sessions.
Note	ERMI protocol has to be	e configured in the QAM partition.
	and ascertain capacity, o	nd registration protocol which allows edge resource manager (ERM) to discover operation state, and signaling mechanism for Cisco RFGW-10. On the Cisco as a client to provide protocol messages.

ERMI-2 is a control protocol which uses the Supervisor card to perform video session setup and session management requested by the ERM server. On the Cisco RFGW-10, ERMI-2 acts as a server to handle the message types.

Examples

This example shows how to configure errp on the QAM partition:

```
Router# configure terminal
Router(config)# cable qam-partition 1
Router(config-qp)# protocol ermi
Router(config-qp)# errp component-name c1
Router(config-qp)# connect-retry 5
Router(config-qp)# connect-time 10
Router(config-qp)# hold-time 200
Router(config-qp)# streaming-zone zone1
```

Related Commands	Command	Description
	cable qam-partition	Creates a QAM partition for video server on the Cisco RFGW-10 DS-384 line card.
	clear cable ermi statistics	Clears ERMI protocol connection stastistics information.
	protocol	Assigns the protocol used by the external server.
	rtsp	Configures Real-time Streaming Protocol (RTSP) on the QAM partition.

hw-module module power

To manually power on a cable interface line card, use the **hw-module module power** command in global configuration mode. To power off the cable line card, use the **no** form of this command.

hw-module module *slot* power

no hw-module module slot power

Syntax Description	slot	Specifies the slot of the line card. Valid slot numbers range from 3 to 12.
Command Default	The cable line cards are	e always powered on when inserted into the chassis slot.
Command Modes	Global configuration (c	config)
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(44)SQ	This command was introduced on the Cisco RF Gateway 10.
Usage Guidelines	This command is applied	cable to one line card at a time. This command is not applicable for TCC cards.
	troubleshooting purpos	sed during normal operations, but it can be used for lab, diagnostic, and es. For example, use this command to power off and then power on a card, which ag or removing a line card online.
Examples	The following example	shows the line card 3 powered on:
	Router(config)# hw-mo	dule module 3 power
Related Commands	Command	Description
	show interface qam	Displays the configuration and hardware present on the line card.

interface qam

To configure a QAM interface, use the interface qam command in global configuration mode.

interface {qam | qam-red } slot/port.[channel]

Syntax Description	slot	Specifies the QAM or QAM-red slot on the line card. If line card redundancy is configured on the QAM, the interface is QAM-red. Valid range is from 3	
		to 12.	
	port	Specifies the port on the slot. Valid range is from 1 to 12.	
	channel	(Optional) Specifies the channel on the port. Valid range is from 1 to 4. Enters the QAM sub interface configuration mode when executed.	
Command Default	This command has	no default behavior or values.	
Command Modes	Global configuration	on (config)	
Command History	Release	Modification	
	12.2(44)SQ	This command was introduced on the Cisco RF Gateway 10.	
Usage Guidelines	Redundancy-configured interfaces (QAM-red) imply that line card redundancy (LCRED) is configured on the chassis.		
	All downstream co	mmands are configured in the interface and subinterface configuration modes.	
Examples	The following exar	nple shows how to configure a QAM interface:	
	Router# configure Router(config)# ir	terminal	
Related Commands	Command	Description	
	show running-cor interface qam	nfig Displays downstream configuration on the QAM interface.	

ip

ip 📕

To configure a destination IP address for video sessions on a QAM domain, use the **ip** command in QAM domain configuration mode. To remove the assigned IP address, use the **no** form of this command.

ip IP address [local | remote]

no ip IP address [local | remote]

Syntax Description	IP address	Specifies the destination IP address for the video sessions.
	local	(Optional) Specifies the video services that are configured locally.
	remote	(Optional) Specifies remotely configured video sessions.
Command Default	If local or remote desti sessions.	nations are not specified, then the IP address is used for both local and remote
Command Modes	QAM domain configur	ration (QAM-domain)
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(44)SQ	This command was introduced on the Cisco RF Gateway 10.
Usage Guidelines	local or remote video s	ocal IP address and a remote IP address. The IP address is assigned to destination essions on the QAM domain. You can configure two sets of IP addresses for each use the same IP address for both local and remote sessions.
 Note	If you remove an IP ad	dress, all its associated video services are also removed.
Examples	The following example Router#configure ter Router(config)#cable Router(qam-domain)#i Router(qam-domain)#i Router(qam-domain)#e Router(config)#exit	gam-domain 3 p 10.10.1 local p 10.10.1 remote
Related Commands	Command	Description
	cable qam-domain	Configures the QAM domain.
	video route	Specifies the route for a video session.

ip multicast-routing

To enable video multicast routing, use the **ip multicast-routing** command in global configuration mode. To disable video multicast routing, use the **no** form of this command.

ip multicast-routing

no ip multicast-routing

Syntax Description	This command has no	arguments or keywords.
--------------------	---------------------	------------------------

- **Command Default** This command has no default behavior or values.
- **Command Modes** Global configuration (config)

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(44)SQ	This command was introduced on the Cisco RF Gateway 10.

Usage Guidelines This command enables multicast forwarding on the chassis. To enable video multicast routing, set the interfaces in multicast mode and assign the specific bandwidth.

Examples The following example enables video multicast routing on the Cisco RFGW-10:

Router#configure terminal Router(config)#ip multicast-routing

Related Commands	Command	Description
	cable video multicast	Enables an uplink port for multicast traffic.

ip rpc portmapper

To establish a remote procedure call (RPC) connection between an external server and an EQAM, use the **ip rpc portmapper** command in global configuration mode.

ip rpc portmapper

Syntax Description	This command has no a	arguments or keywords.
Command Default	None	
Command Modes	Global configuration (o	config)
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(50)SQ	This command was introduced on Cisco RF Gateway 10.
Usage Guidelines	The ip rpc portmappe	r command establishes an RPC connection to enable the DNCS (client) to invoke
		ed on the Cisco RFGW-10 EQAM (server).
Examples	a program to be execut	ed on the Cisco RFGW-10 EQAM (server).
	a program to be execut The following example	ed on the Cisco RFGW-10 EQAM (server). e shows how to establish an RPC connection:
	a program to be execut The following example Router# configure te	ed on the Cisco RFGW-10 EQAM (server). e shows how to establish an RPC connection:
Examples	a program to be execut The following example Router# configure te Router(config)# ip r	ed on the Cisco RFGW-10 EQAM (server). e shows how to establish an RPC connection: rminal pc portmapper
Examples	a program to be execut The following example Router# configure te Router(config)# ip r	ed on the Cisco RFGW-10 EQAM (server). e shows how to establish an RPC connection: rminal pc portmapper Description
Examples	a program to be execut The following example Router# configure te Router(config)# ip r Command active	ed on the Cisco RFGW-10 EQAM (server). e shows how to establish an RPC connection: rminal pc portmapper Description Activates the server.
Examples	a program to be execut The following example Router# configure te Router (config)# ip r Command active cable video servers	ed on the Cisco RFGW-10 EQAM (server). e shows how to establish an RPC connection: rminal pc portmapper Description Activates the server. Configures the video server group for external servers.
Examples	a program to be execut The following example Router# configure te Router(config)# ip r Command active cable video servers keepalive retry mgmt-ip-address	ed on the Cisco RFGW-10 EQAM (server). e shows how to establish an RPC connection: rminal pc portmapper Description Activates the server. Configures the video server group for external servers. Configures the keepalive retry value on the server.
Examples	a program to be execut The following example Router# configure te Router (config)# ip r Command active cable video servers keepalive retry mgmt-ip-address mac-address	ed on the Cisco RFGW-10 EQAM (server). e shows how to establish an RPC connection: rminal pc portmapper Description Activates the server. Configures the video server group for external servers. Configures the keepalive retry value on the server. Configures the management IP and MAC address of the server.

keepalive retry

To send keepalive message to a remote client with a specified retry interval, use the **keepalive retry** command in QAM partition configuration mode. To remove the setting, use the **no** form of this command.

keepalive retry seconds

no keepalive retry seconds

Syntax Description	seconds	Retry interval value. A maximum of three retry attempts are allowed. The valid retry range is from 0 to 10. The default keepalive is 5 seconds.
Command Default	This command is not ena	abled by default.
Command Modes	QAM partition configura	ation (config-qp)
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(50)SQ	This command was introduced on the Cisco RF Gateway 10.
	Cisco IOS-XE Release 3.3.0SQ	This command is integrated into Cisco IOS-XE Release 3.3.0SQ.
Examples	The following example s partition configuration:	shows how to configure a keepalive retry interval value of 4 seconds in a QAM
	Router# configure term Router(config)# cable Router(config-qp)# kee	qam-partition 1
Related Commands	Command	Description
	active	Activates the server.
	cable qam-partition	Configures the QAM partition for a video server.
	ip rpc portmapper	Establishes an RPC connection between the external server and EQAM.
	mgmt-ip-address mac-address	Configures the management IP and MAC address of the server.
	protocol	Configures the protocols supported by the server.

Command	Description
reset interval	Configures the reset interval on the server.
server	Configures the IP address of the server.

l2tp-class

To create a template of Layer 2 Tunnel Protocol (L2TP) control plane configuration settings, which different pseudowire classes can inherit and to enter L2TP class configuration mode, use the **l2tp-class** command in global configuration mode. To remove a specific L2TP class configuration, use the **no** form of this command.

l2tp-class l2tp-class-name

no l2tp-class l2tp-class-name

Syntax Description	l2tp-class-name	Name of the L2TP class. The <i>l2tp-class-name</i> argument must be specified if you want to configure multiple sets of L2TP control parameters.	
Command Default	No L2TP classes are	defined.	
Command Modes	Global configuration	(config)	
Command History	Release	Modification	
	12.2(50)SQ	This command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines	The l2tp-class <i>l2tp-class-name</i> command allows you to configure an L2TP class template that consists of configuration settings used by different pseudowire classes. An L2TP class includes the following configuration settings:		
	• Hostname of loc	al router used during Layer 2 authentication	
	• Authentication e	enabled	
	• Time interval used for exchange of hello packets		
	Password used for control channel authentication		
	• Packet size of receive window		
	Retransmission settings for control packets		
	• Time allowed to	set up a control channel	
	The l2tp-class command enters L2TP class configuration mode, where L2TP control plane parameters are configured.		
	You must use the san channel.	me L2TP class in the pseudowire configuration at both ends of a Layer 2 control	
Examples		ple shows how to enter L2TP class configuration mode to create an L2TP class the for the class named ether-pw:	
	Router(config)# 12	tp-class ether-pw	

Related Commands	Command	Description
	depi-class	Creates a template of Downstream External PHY Interface (DEPI) control plane configuration settings, which different pseudowire classes can inherit, and enters the DEPI class configuration mode.
	depi-tunnel	Specifies the name of the depi-tunnel and enters the DEPI tunnel configuration mode.

lane

To configure the lane frequency in the frequency profile, use the **lane** command in frequency profile configuration mode.

lane lane_id start-freq frequency

Syntax Description	lane_id	Lane ID in the frequency profile. Valid range is from 1 to 4.
	start-freq	Specifies the starting frequency of the lane.
	frequency	Downstream start frequency of a lane. Valid range is from 48000000 to 999000000 Hz.
Command Default	The command is disable	d by default.
Command Modes	Frequency profile config	guration mode (config-freq-prof)
Command History	Release	Modification
	Cisco IOS-XE Release 3.2.0SQ	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	frequency scheme—to consupports global template	s two frequency schemes—static frequency scheme and the user-defined onfigure the frequency profile at port level. Cisco IOS-XE Release 3.2.0SQ as or profiles on the Cisco RFGW-10 DS-384 line card. A wider range of apported on the UPX on the line card.
Note	The downstream frequer card.	ncy layout schemes are applicable only on the Cisco RFGW-10 DS-384 line
	-	ency layout scheme allows you to define the frequency on a global chassis level, nstream frequency scheme spectrum for any port on any 4 line card.
	216 MHz. Each lane has	four frequency lanes in the 1GHz spectrum. Each lane has a frequency of 4 blocks of 54 MHz, and each block has 8 carriers. The start frequency assigned e frequency range of 216 MHz.
Note	The channel frequencies	cannot overlap with each other. Each lane cannot exceed 32 carriers.
Note	This command is application	able on the Cisco RFGW10-DS-384 line card.

I

Examples

The following example creates the lane in frequency profile, and enters the frequency profile lane configuration mode:

```
Router(config)# cable downstream freq-profile freq-profile-1
Router(config-freq-prof)# lane 1 start-freq 48000000
Router(config-freq-prof-lane)# exit
Router(config-freq-prof)#
```

Related Commands Co

ds	Command	Description
	cable downstream freq-profile	Creates the frequency profile for a Cisco RFGW-10 DS-384 line card.
	block	Creates the block frequency in the lane for the frequency profile.

linecard-group internal switch

To add a group ID for a line card group and configure line card redundancy, use the **linecard-group internal switch** command in redundancy configuration mode. To remove the line card group, use the **no** form of this command.

linecard-group group-id internal switch

no linecard-group group-id internal switch

Syntax Description	group-id	Specifies the group ID number. Valid range is from 0 to 5.
Command Default	This command has no	default behavior or values.
Command Modes	Redundancy configura	ation (config-red)
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(44)SQ	This command was introduced on the Cisco RF Gateway 10.
Usage Guidelines	Before you remove the	e group, ensure that the configured slot members on the line card are removed.
Examples	The following example	e creates a redundancy line card group 2 on the Cisco RFGW-10:
	Router(config-red)#1	linecard-group 2 internal-switch
Related Commands	Command	Description
	class	Configures redundancy class on the line card.
	description	Adds a description to the line card group.
	member slot	Adds a slot to the line card redundancy group.
	redundancy	Enters redundancy configuration mode.
	show redundancy	Displays information about a redundant line card or a line card group.

main-cpu

To configure the synchronization of the active and standby Supervisor cards, use the **main-cpu** command in redundancy configuration mode,.

main-cpu

- Syntax Description This command has no keywords or arguments.
- **Command Default** This command has no default behavior or values.

Command ModesRedundancy configuration (config-red)

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(44)SQ	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(44)SQ. Support for the Cisco RF Gateway 10 was added.

Usage Guidelines When you enter the main-CPU redundancy configuration mode, the command prompt changes to: Router(config-r-mc)#

After you enter the main-CPU redundancy configuration mode, use the **auto-sync** command to specify which files are synchronized between the active and standby Supervisor cards.

To exit main-CPU redundancy configuration mode and return to the redundancy configuration mode, use the **exit** command.

Examples

The following example shows how to enter main-CPU redundancy mode, and its associated commands:

Router# configure terminal Router(config)# redundancy Router(config-red)# main-cpu Router(config-r-mc)# ? Main CPU redundancy configuration commands: auto-sync Sync elements default Set a command to its defaults exit Exit from main-cpu configuration mode no Negate a command or set its defaults

Related Commands	Command	Description
	auto-sync	Configures which files are synchronized between the active and standby Supervisor cards.
	redundancy	Enters redundancy configuration mode.

mac-address

To configure the MAC address for the QAM partition, use the mac-address command in QAM partition configuration mode. To disable the MAC address, use the **no** form of this command.

mac-address *mac_address*

no mac-address mac_address

mac-address	MAC address of the external server.
None.	ation (config-gp)
Qrivi partition configure	ation (county qp)
Release	Modification
Cisco IOS-XE Release 3.3.0SQ	This command was integrated into the Cisco IOS-XE Release 3.3.0SQ.
The GQI protocol uses th	ne Cisco RFGW-10 MAC address in a GQI specific QAM partition configurtion.
This example configures	s the MAC address on the QAM parttion:
Router# configure tern Router(config)# cable Router(config-qp)# mac Router)config-qp)	
Command	Description
cable qam-partition	Configures the QAM partition for a video server.
protocol	Configures the protocols supported by the server.
	QAM partition configure Release Cisco IOS-XE Release 3.3.0SQ The GQI protocol uses the This example configures Router# configure term Router (config)# cable Router (config-qp)# max Router) config-qp) Command cable qam-partition

member slot

To configure the redundancy role of a line card, use the **member slot** command in line card redundancy configuration mode. To remove the role, use the **no** form of this command.

member slot slot {primary | secondary}

no member slot *slot* {**primary** | **secondary**}

Syntax Description	slot	Specifies the slot number of the line card. Valid range is from 3 to 12.
	primary	Specifies the redundancy role of the active line card.
	secondary	Specifies the redundancy role of the standby line card.
Command Default	This command has r	no default behavior or values.
Command Modes	Line card redundanc	ey configuration (config-red-lc)
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(44)SQ	This command was introduced on the Cisco RF Gateway 10.
	• The number of p line card group	configured as a member of another line card group. primary members must be less than or equal to the maximum number allowed in a for a line card. condary member is not configured in a line card group.
Examples	•	ple assigns member slots 7 and 12 as the primary and secondary line cards in the d group 2 in the Cisco RFGW-10:
	Router(config-red) Router(config-red- Router(config-red-	#linecard-group 2 internal-switch
Related Commands	Command	Description
	class	Configures redundancy class on the line card.
	description	Adds a description to the line card group.
	linecard-group internal switch	Creates a line card redundancy group on the line card.

Command	Description
redundancy	Enters redundancy configuration mode.
show redundancy linecard	Displays information about a line card or a line card group.

mgmt-ip

To configure the IP address of the QAM partition, use the **mgmt-ip** command in QAM partition configuration mode. To disable the IP adddress on the QAM partition, use the **no** form of this command.

mgmt-ip IP_address

no mgmt-ip *IP_address*

	XD 11	
Syntax Description	IP_address	Specifies the IP address of the QAM partition.
Command Default	This second is dischi	
Command Default	This command is disable	ed by default.
Command Modes	QAM partition configur	ation (config-qp)
Command History	Release	Modification
	Cisco IOS-XE Release 3.3.0SQ	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	The mgmt-ip command partition must be unique	sets the IP address of QAM partition. The management IP address of the QAM e.
Examples	This example configures	s the management IP address of the QAM partition:
	Router# configure ter Router(config)# cable Router(config-qp)# pr Router(config-qp)# mg Router(config-qp)# en	gam-partition 1 votocol gqi mt-ip 1.1.1.1
	The section of the se	-
Related Commands	Command	Description
	cable qam-partition	Configures the QAM partition for a video server.

mgmt-ip-address mac-address

To configure the management port IP address and MAC address, use the **mgmt-ip-address mac address** command in cable video server configuration mode. To remove the configuration, use the **no** form of this command.

mgmt-ip-address IP address mac-address MAC address

no mgmt-ip-address IP address mac-address MAC address

Syntax Description	IP address	Specifies the IP address of the management port on the external server.
	MAC address	Specifies the MAC address of the external server.
Command Default	This command has no o	default behavior or values.
Command Modes	Cable video server con	figuration (config-video-servers)
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(44)SQ	This commond was introduced on the Cisco DE Cotoway 10
Usage Guidelines		This command was introduced on the Cisco RF Gateway 10.
	Ensure that you configuand MAC address.	ure the protocol used by the external server prior to configuring the IP address
	Ensure that you configuand MAC address. The following example	ure the protocol used by the external server prior to configuring the IP address e shows the configuration of the management port:
	Ensure that you configuand MAC address. The following example Router#configure ter	ure the protocol used by the external server prior to configuring the IP address e shows the configuration of the management port:
Usage Guidelines Examples	Ensure that you configure and MAC address. The following example Router#configure terr Router (config)#cable Router (config-video-	ure the protocol used by the external server prior to configuring the IP address e shows the configuration of the management port: minal video servers group2 servers)#protocol gqi servers)#mgmt-ip-address 172.16.22.1 mac-address 1234.abcd.4e4e
Examples	Ensure that you configure and MAC address. The following example Router#configure terr Router (config)#cable Router (config-video- Router (config-video-	ure the protocol used by the external server prior to configuring the IP address e shows the configuration of the management port: minal video servers group2 servers)#protocol gqi servers)#mgmt-ip-address 172.16.22.1 mac-address 1234.abcd.4e4e
Examples	Ensure that you config and MAC address. The following example Router#configure ter Router (config) #cable Router (config-video- Router (config-video- Router (config-video-	ure the protocol used by the external server prior to configuring the IP address e shows the configuration of the management port: minal video servers group2 servers)#protocol gqi servers)#protocol gqi servers)#mgmt-ip-address 172.16.22.1 mac-address 1234.abcd.4e4e servers)#exit
	Ensure that you config and MAC address. The following example Router#configure ter Router(config)#cable Router(config-video- Router(config-video- Router(config-video- Router(config-video-	ure the protocol used by the external server prior to configuring the IP address e shows the configuration of the management port: minal video servers group2 servers)#protocol gqi servers)#mgmt-ip-address 172.16.22.1 mac-address 1234.abcd.4e4e servers)#exit Description

mode

To configure the redundancy mode of operation, use the **mode** command in redundancy configuration mode.

mode {rpr | sso}

Syntax Description	rpr	Sets Route Processor Redundancy (RPR) mode on the Supervisor card.	
	SSO	Sets Stateful Switchover (SSO) redundancy mode on the Supervisor card.	
Command Default	The default mode i	is SSO.	
Command Modes	Redundancy configuration (config-red)		
Command History	Release	Modification	
	12.2(44)SQ	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(44)SQ. Support for the Cisco RF Gateway 10 was added.	
	12.2(50)SQ	Support for SSO was added.	
Jsage Guidelines	The IOS software image on both the active and standby Supervisor cards must be the same.		
Examples	The following example shows how to enter RPR mode on the Cisco RFGW-10:		
	Router# configure terminal Router(config)# redundancy Router(config-red)# mode rpr Router(config-red)# main-cpu Router(config-red-mc)# auto-sync standard Router(config-red-mc)# exit Router# write memory		
	Router(config)# : Router(config-red Router(config-red Router(config-red Router(config-red	redundancy d)# mode rpr d)# main-cpu d-mc)# auto-sync standard d-mc)# exit	
	Router(config)# : Router(config-red Router(config-red Router(config-red Router(config-red Router# write mer	redundancy d)# mode rpr d)# main-cpu d-mc)# auto-sync standard d-mc)# exit mory	
	Router(config)# : Router(config-red Router(config-red Router(config-red Router(config-red Router# write mer	redundancy d) # mode rpr d) # main-cpu d-mc) # auto-sync standard d-mc) # exit mory mple shows how to enter SSO redundancy mode: e terminal redundancy d) # mode sso d) # exit	

mode

Related Commands

nands	Command	Description	
	redundancy	Enters redundancy configuration mode.	
	redundancy force-failover main-cpu	Forces a manual switchover between the active and standby Supervisor cards.	
	redundancy force-switchover	Forces the standby Supervisor card to assume the role of the active Supervisor card.	

pilot-qam

To configure the pilot (source) QAM, use the **pilot-qam** command in QAM replication group configuration mode. To remove the pilot QAM, use the **no** form of this command.

pilot-qam {Qam | Qam-red} {qam-interface-number}

no pilot-qam {**Qam** | **Qam-red**} {*qam-interface-number*}

Syntax Description	Qam	QAM interface	
	Qam-red	QAM red interface	
	qam-interface-number	Pilot QAM location	
Command Default			
ommand Modes			
Command History	Release	Modification	
	Cisco IOS-XE Release 3.3.0SQ	This command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines	Cisco IOS-XE Release 3.3.0SQ introduces the QAM replication group feature to replicate any single QAM output from one port to another port on the same Cisco RFGW-10 DS-384 line card.		
	A QAM replication group contains information about a single source QAM and its corresponding replicated copy or copies. Each group is numbered with a <i>group-id</i> and contains the <i>slot</i> , <i>port</i> and <i>channel number</i> for both the source QAM (pilot-qam) and the destination QAM (replicate-qam).		
Note	QAM replication is supported only within a given line card and not from one line card to another.		
Examples	This example shows how	v to create a pilot QAM:	
	Router# configure terminal Router(config)# cable qam-replication-group 1 Router(config-qrg)# pilot-qam qam-red 3/1.1		

Related Commands

Command	Description	
cable	Configures the QAM replication group.	
qam-replication-grou		
р		
replicate-qam	onfigures the replicate QAM in the QAM replication group.	

protect-tunnel

To configure a Downstream External PHY Interface (DEPI) tunnel on the Cisco RF Gateway 10 (RFGW-10), use the **protect-tunnel** command in global configuration mode. To disable this configuration, use the **no** form of this command.

protect-tunnel protect-depi-tunnel-name

no protect-tunnel protect-depi-tunnel-name

Syntax Description	protect-depi-tunnel-na me	Protect DEPI tunnel with which the depi-tunnel is associated.		
Command Default	The N+1 DEPI redundancy feature is disabled.			
Command Modes	des Global configuration (config)			
Command History	Release	Modification		
	12.2(50)SQ2	This command was introduced.		
Examples	parameters from the working tunnel. When you configure the protect tunnel and specify the de IP address for the protect tunnel, the protect tunnel inherits the QAM channel parameters spec the working tunnel. The following example shows how to configure a DEPI tunnel for the protect cable interface I			
	on the Cisco RFGW-10. Destination IP address of the M-CMTS router must be specified as the endpoint for the protect tunnel:			
	Router> enable Router# configure terminal Router(config)# depi-tunnel protect1 Router(config-depi-tunnel)# dest-ip 192.0.2.103 Router(config-depi-tunnel)# exit The protect tunnel is then configured on an existing working DEPI tunnel:			
	Router(config)# depi- Router(config-depi-tu Router(config-depi-tu	nnel)# protect-tunnel protect1		

Related Commands
Command	Description	
depi-tunnel	Specifies a template for DEPI tunnel configuration settings.	

protocol

To set the protocol used by the server, use the **protocol** command in **cable qam-partition** configuration mode QAM partition configuration mode. To remove the protocol configuration, use the **no** form of this command.

protocol {ermi | gqi}

no protocol {ermi | gqi }

Syntax Description	ermi	Supports Edge Resource Management Interface (ERMI) protocol for video sessions.	
	gqi	Supports Generic QAM Interface (GQI) protocol sent to the Data Network Control Station (DNCS) server.	
Command Default	This command has no de	fault behavior or values.	
Command Modes	QAM partition configuration (config-qp)		
Command History	Release	Modification	
	12.2(44)SQ	This command was introduced on the Cisco RF Gateway 10.	
	Cisco IOS-XE Release 3.3.0SQ	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS-XE Release 3.3.0SQ.	
Usage Guidelines	Use the protocol comma DNCS/USRM and RFG	and in QAM partition configuration to set the interface used between W-10.	
	QAM partitioning is used by protocol applications such as GQI and ERMI to extend the QAM partition configuration for a given protocol.		
	The GQI protocol suppo protocol configuration.	rts the latest GQI protocol. The QAM partition must be configured before any	

Examples The

The following example shows the configuration of a QAM in emulation mode:

```
Router(config-video-servers)# protocol gqi emulation 24-qam
Router(config-video-servers)# mgmt-ip-address 10.10.1.1 mac-address 1223/.e03f.fffe
Router(config-video-servers)# exit
```

The following example shows the GQI protocol configuration on the cable qam partition:

```
Router# configure terminal
Router(config)# cable qam-partition 1
Router(config-video-servers)# protocol gqi
Router(config-video-servers)# server 10.10.10.1
Router(config-video-servers)# exit
```

The following example sets the QAM partition with the ERMI protocol:

```
Router# configure terminal
Router(config)# cable qam-partition 1
Router(config-qp)# protocol ermi
```

Related Commands	Command	Description
	mgmt-ip-address mac-address	Configures the management port IP address and MAC address.
	server	Configures the IP address of the external server.
	cable qam-partition	Configures the QAM partition for a video server.

qam-group

To configure a QAM group, use the **qam-group** command in the cable service group configuration mode. To remove the QAM group, use the **no** form of this command.

qam-group qam-group-name

no qam-group qam-group-name

Syntax Description	qam-group-name	QAM group name.	
Command Default	This command is enabled by default.		
Command Modes	Cable service group configuration (config-qsg)		
Command History	Release Modification		
	Cisco IOS-XE Release 3.3.0SQ	This command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines	A QAM group can contain one or more QAM channels.		
Examples	This example shows how	w to create a QAM group:	
·	Router# configure terminal Router(config)# cable service-group 1 Router(config-qsg)# qam-group group1		
Related Commands	Command	Description	
	cable service-group	Configures the QAM service group.	
	show cable service-group	Displays the service groups configured on the Cisco RFGW-10.	

qam-partition

To assign a QAM partition to the load balancing group, use the **qam-partition** command in load balancing group configuration mode. To disable the QAM partition, use the **no** form of this command.

- **qam-partition** {*partition-id* | **default** *dest-IP-address*}**bitrate** *bit-value* **udp** *low-udp high-udp* {**bitrate** *bit-value*}
- **no qam-partition** {*partition-id* | **default** *dest-IP-address*}**bitrate** *bit-value* **udp** *low-udp high-udp* {**bitrate** *bit-value*}

Generic QAM Interface (GQI)

- **qam-partition** {*partition-id*} [**ip** *IP-address* **udp** *low-udp high-udp*] [**gqi-ingress-port** *input-port* **bitrate** *bit-value*]
- **no qam-partition** {*partition-id*} [**ip** dest-*IP-address* **udp** *low-udp high-udp*] [**gqi-ingress-port** *input-port* **bitrate** *bit-value*]

ult -IP-address ate value udp -udp ingress-port it-port command is enable	Configures the default QAM partition to the load balancing group. IP address of the default QAM partition. Sets the reserved bandwidth to the partition. Specifies the bit value in Kbps. The valid range is from 1 to 9100000. Sets the UDP port range. Low UDP port value. The valid range is from 1 to 65535. High UDP port value. The valid range is from 1 to 65535. Specifies the destination IP address. Specifies the input port for the GQI interface. Input port of GQI. The valid range is from 1 to 100.
ate value udp -udp ingress-port t-port	Sets the reserved bandwidth to the partition. Specifies the bit value in Kbps. The valid range is from 1 to 9100000. Sets the UDP port range. Low UDP port value. The valid range is from 1 to 65535. High UDP port value. The valid range is from 1 to 65535. Specifies the destination IP address. Specifies the input port for the GQI interface. Input port of GQI. The valid range is from 1 to 100.
value udp -udp ingress-port it-port	Specifies the bit value in Kbps. The valid range is from 1 to 9100000.Sets the UDP port range.Low UDP port value. The valid range is from 1 to 65535.High UDP port value. The valid range is from 1 to 65535.Specifies the destination IP address.Specifies the input port for the GQI interface.Input port of GQI. The valid range is from 1 to 100.
udp -udp ingress-port t-port	Sets the UDP port range.Low UDP port value. The valid range is from 1 to 65535.High UDP port value. The valid range is from 1 to 65535.Specifies the destination IP address.Specifies the input port for the GQI interface.Input port of GQI. The valid range is from 1 to 100.
udp -udp ingress-port :t-port	Low UDP port value. The valid range is from 1 to 65535. High UDP port value. The valid range is from 1 to 65535. Specifies the destination IP address. Specifies the input port for the GQI interface. Input port of GQI. The valid range is from 1 to 100.
ingress-port t-port	High UDP port value. The valid range is from 1 to 65535.Specifies the destination IP address.Specifies the input port for the GQI interface.Input port of GQI. The valid range is from 1 to 100.
ingress-port it-port	Specifies the destination IP address. Specifies the input port for the GQI interface. Input port of GQI. The valid range is from 1 to 100.
t-port	Specifies the input port for the GQI interface. Input port of GQI. The valid range is from 1 to 100.
t-port	Input port of GQI. The valid range is from 1 to 100.
command is enable	ed by default.
ase	onfiguration (config-lbg) Modification
o IOS-XE Release DSQ	This command was introduced.
	ase o IOS-XE Release

	cable qam-partition Creates a QAM partition for video server on the Cisco RFGW-10 DS-384		
Related Commands	Command Description		
	Router# configure terminal Router(config)# cable route linecard 3 load-balance-group 1 Router(config-lbg)# qam-partition 3 ip 10.1.1.1 gqi 10 bitrate 21 Router(config-lbg)#		
	This example shows how to configure the GQI QAM partition on the load balancing group:		
Examples	This example shows how to configure the QAM partition on the load balancing group: Router# configure terminal Router(config)# cable route linecard 3 load-balance-group 1 Router(config-lbg)# gam-partition default 30.0.3.10 udp 1 49260 bitrate 3300 Router(config-lbg)#		
<u>Note</u>	The gqi-ingress-port command is only used in GQI QAM partitions. This identifies the physical inpu port for sessions in GQI model.		
Note	The IP address and UDP range in the cable route must be unique, and must be a valid IP address configured on the QAM interface.		

cab	le qam-partition	Creates a QAM partition for video server on the Cisco RFGW-10 DS-384 line card.
	le route linecard d-balancing-group	Configures a video route on the cable load balancing group's line card.
	w cable linecard d-balancing-group	Displays the load balancing groups configured on the QAM partitions.

redundancy

To configure redundancy configuration mode, use the **redundancy** command in global configuration mode.

redundancy

- Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.
- **Command Default** This command has no default behavior or values.
- **Command Modes** Global configuration (config)

		Modification
	12.2(44)SQ	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(44)SQ. Support for the Cisco RF Gateway 10 was added.

Usage Guidelines

s At the redundancy configuration mode, you can do the following:

- Set a command to its default mode using the **default** command.
- Exit from a redundancy configuration using the **exit** command.
- Enter the line card group redundancy configuration using the linecard-group command.
- Enter main-CPU redundancy configuration mode using the **main-cpu** command, which allows you to specify which files are synchronized between the active and standby Supervisor cards.
- Configure the redundancy mode for the chassis using the **mode** command.

redundancy policy enforcement

• Enforce a redundancy policy using the **policy** command.

Examples

The following example shows how to enter redundancy configuration mode and its associated commands on the Cisco RFGW-10 chassis:

Router# configure terminal Router(config)# redundancy Router(config-red)#? Redundancy configuration commands: default Set a command to its defaults exit Exit from redundancy configuration mode linecard-group Enter linecard redundancy submode main-cpu Enter main-cpu mode mode redundancy mode for this chassis no Negate a command or set its defaults

policy

Γ

Related Commands

Command	Description
auto-sync	Enables automatic synchronization of the configuration files in NVRAM.
main-cpu	Enters main-CPU redundancy configuration mode to synchronize the active and standby Supervisor cards.
mode (redundancy)	Configures the redundancy mode of operation.
redundancy force-switchover	Switches control of a router from the active RP to the standby RP.
show redundancy	Displays information about the current redundant configuration, recent changes in states, current or historical status, and planned or logged handovers.

redundancy force-failover main-cpu

To force a switchover so that a standby Supervisor card becomes an active Supervisor card, use the **redundancy force-failover main-cpu** command in privileged EXEC mode.

redundancy force-failover main-cpu

- **Syntax Description** This command has no keywords or arguments.
- **Command Default** This command has no default behavior or values.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC (#)

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(44)SQ	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(44)SQ. Support for the Cisco RF Gateway 10 was added.

Usage Guidelines

The **redundancy force-failover main-cpu** command initiates a manual switchover so that the standby Supervisor card becomes the active Supervisor card and assumes full responsibilities for router operations. When using this command, ensure that both Supervisor cards have the Cisco IOS software image that supports the Route Processor Redundancy (RPR) feature.

Note

Though the terms "failover" and "switchover" are interchangeable, "switchover" is the term used across all Cisco platforms.

A manual switchover is performed for the following reasons:

- To upgrade or replace the active Supervisor card.
- To upgrade the Cisco IOS software on the standby Supervisor card and let the standby Supervisor card use the new software image. This also allows you to upgrade the software on the former active Supervisor card without interrupting system operations.
- To test the switchover operation on the system.

A switchover can also be manually initiated by removing the active Supervisor card from the chassis, by using the **redundancy force-failover main-cpu** command to provide a more graceful switchover, without generating hardware alarms.

 \mathcal{P} Tip

Do not perform a switchover immediately after you change the configuration and save it to the NVRAM. Instead, wait a few minutes to allow the two Supervisor cards to synchronize with the new configuration, and then perform the switchover.

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Examples		The following example shows a manually initiated switchover on a Supervisor card on a Cisco RFGW-10 chassis:
		Router# redundancy force-failover main-cpu Proceed with switchover to standby Supervisor? [confirm] y
	Note	Press Enter or enter y to begin the switchover. Pressing any other key aborts the switchover and returns control to the current active Supervisor card.
		The following example shows a switchover attempt that has failed, because the standby Supervisor card is either not ready, not available, or not installed on a Cisco RFGW-10 chassis:

Switch# redundancy force-failover main-cpu

Proceed with switchover to standby Supervisor? [confirm] Standby Supervisor not ready, switchover aborted.

Related Commands	Command	Description
	redundancy	Enters the redundancy configuration mode so that the synchronization parameters can be configured.
	redundancy reload	Resets the standby Supervisor card to reset both the active and standby Supervisor cards.

redundancy force-switchover

To force the standby Route Processor (RP) or standby Supervisor card to assume the role of an active RP or Supervisor card, use the **redundancy force-switchover** command in privileged EXEC mode.

redundancy force-switchover

Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Default This command has no default behavior or values.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC (#)

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(44)SQ	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(44)SQ. Support for the Cisco RF Gateway 10 was added.

Usage Guidelines

Use the **redundancy force-switchover** command to switch control of a router from the active Supervisor card to the standby Supervisor card. Install the Cisco IOS image on both the active and standby Supervisor cards to ensure high availability. Configure the Route Processor Redundancy (RPR) mode on both the Supervisor cards before the **redundancy force-switchover** command is used. This command verifies if the standby Supervisor card is ready for system switchover.

When you use the **redundancy force-switchover** command and the current running configuration is different from the startup configuration, the system prompts you to save the running configuration before the switchover is performed.

Note

All line cards will reset in RPR mode on a switchover.

Examples

The following example shows how to perform a manual switchover from the active to the standby RP when the running configuration is different from the startup configuration:

```
Router# redundancy force-switchover
```

```
System configuration has been modified. Save? [yes/no]:y
Building configuration...
...
[OK]
Proceed with switchover to standby NSE? [confirm]y
00:07:35:%SYS-5-SWITCHOVER:Switchover requested
```

The following example shows how to perform a manual switchover from the active to the standby RP when the running configuration is the same as the startup configuration:

Router# redundancy force-switchover

Proceed with switchover to standby NSE? [confirm] 00:07:35:%SYS-5-SWITCHOVER:Switchover requested

Related Commands

Command	Description
redundancy	Enters the redundancy configuration mode.
show redundancy	Displays the current active and standby Supervisor card redundancy status.

redundancy linecard-group switchover from slot

To initiate a line card switchover, use the **redundancy linecard-group switchover from slot** command in privileged EXEC mode.

redundancy linecard-group switchover from slot slot

Syntax Description	slot	Specifies the line card slot on the chassis. Valid range is from 3 to 12.
Command Default	The switchover of the	line card takes place.
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (#)	
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(44)SQ	This command was introduced on the Cisco RF Gateway 10.
Usage Guidelines	This command is used to the standby line care	for the line card switchover. Switchover occurs from the current active line card d.
Examples	The following example	e shows the switchover of a line card in slot 3:
	Router# redundancy li	necard-group switchover from slot 3
Related Commands	Command	Description
	show redundancy linecard	Displays information on a line card or line card group redundancy status.

redundancy reload

To reset the standby Supervisor card to reset both the active and standby Supervisor cards, use the **redundancy reload** command in privileged EXEC mode.

redundancy reload {peer | shelf}

Syntax Description	peer	Reloads only the standby Supervisor card.
	shelf	Reloads both the active and standby r Supervisor card.
Command Default	This command has	no default behavior or values.
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (#)
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(44)SQ	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(44)SQ. Support for the Cisco RF Gateway 10 was added.
Examples	Supervisor cards ar The following exan	standby Supervisor cards, which will interrupt services on the router until all the nd line cards initialize and come back online.
	Cisco RFGW-10: Switch# redundanc	y reload peer
	System is running Peer reload not p	g in SIMPLEX mode, reload anyway? [confirm] n performed.
	The following example shows how to reload both Supervisor cards on the Cisco RFGW-10:	
	Switch# redundancy reload shelf	
	Reload the entire shelf [confirm] y Preparing to reload entire shelf	
Note		y confirms the action and begins the reload of both cards. Pressing any other key nd returns control to the current active Supervisor card.

Related Commands

Command	Description	
redundancy	Enters redundancy configuration mode so that the synchronization parameters can be configured.	
redundancy force-failover main-cpu	Forces a switchover, so that the standby Supervisor card becomes the active Supervisor card.	

redundancy tcc-group switchover from slot

To initiate a Timing, Communication and Control (TCC) card switchover, use the **redundancy tcc-group switchover from slot** command in privileged EXEC mode.

redundancy tcc-group switchover from slot slot

Syntax Description	slot	Specifies the TCC card slot on the chassis. Valid slots are 13 and 14.
Command Default	This command has no	default behavior or values.
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (#)	
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(44)SQ	This command was introduced on the Cisco RF Gateway 10.
Usage Guidelines	This command is used standby TCC card.	for TCC card switchover. Switchover occurs from the current active card to the
Examples		e shows the switchover of a TCC card in slot 13:
Related Commands	Command	Description
	show redundancy tcc	Displays information of the TCC card redundancy status.

replicate-qam

To configure the replicate (destination) QAM, use the **replicate-qam** command in the QAM replication group configuration mode. To remove the replicate QAM, use the **no** form of this command.

replicate-qam {qam | qam-red} {qam-interface-number}

no replicate-qam {**qam** | **qam-red**} {*qam-interface-number*}

Syntax Description	qam-interface-number	Replicate QAM location.	
Command Default	This command is enable	d by default.	
Command Modes	QAM replication group	configuration (config-qrg)	
Command History	Release	Modification	
	Cisco IOS-XE Release 3.3.0SQ	This command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines	e Guidelines Cisco IOS-XE Release 3.3.0SQ introduces the QAM replication group feature to re QAM output from one port to another port on the same Cisco RFGW-10 DS-384 li		
•	A QAM replication group contains information about a single source QAM and its corresponding replicated copy or copies. Each group is numbered with a <i>group-id</i> and contains the <i>slot, port</i> and <i>channel number</i> for both the source QAM (pilot-qam) and the destination QAM (replicate-qam).		
Note	QAM replication is supp	ported only within a given line card and not from one line card to another.	
Examples	Router# configure term Router(config)# cable	v to create a replicate QAM: minal qam-replication-group 1 eplicate-gam gam-red3/2.1	
Related Commands	Command	Description	
	cable qam replication-group	Configures the QAM replication group.	
	pilot-qam	Configures the pilot QAM in the QAM replication group.	

reserve cardtype

To configure the reserve line card type in line card redundancy, use the **reserve cardtype** command in line card redundancy configuration mode. To disable the line card type, use the **no** form of this command.

reserve cardtype type

no reserve cardtype type

	type	Line card type in Hex or Decimal. Valid range is from 0-4294967295.
Command Default	This command is auto-ge	enerated when the first primary line card is configured.
Command Modes	Line card redundancy co	nfiguration (config-red-lc)
Command History	Release	Modification
	Cisco IOS-XE Release 3.2.0SQ	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines		-48 line card and the Cisco RFGW-10 DS-384 line card have 12 and 8 ports
	respectively. Thus, these cards cannot exist in the same redundancy group. Each protection group has a reserve cardtype configuration which can be manually configured before configuring the first primary line card in the group. However, if the reserve cardtype is not configured, it is automatically generated when the first primary line card is configured.	
	Additional redundancy line cards in a redundancy group are configured only if the card types are compatible with the reserve cardtype. The line card will not be allowed to fully initialize, if the line card is removed from a redundancy group and replaced with a non-compatible line cardtype.	
	For information on the re <i>Redundancy</i> .	edundancy group cardtype compatibility, see 1:1 and 1:N Line Card
Note	To determine the cardtyp	e of an existing line card, use the show redundancy linecard slot [<i>slot</i>]

Associated Features

The **reserve cardtype** command is used to configure the reserve cardtype in a redundancy line card configuration on the Cisco RFGW-10 router.For information on configuring line card redundancy, see

• 1:1 and 1:N Line Card Redundancy

Examples

The following example shows the configuration and the output of the automatic generation of the reserve cardtype for a Cisco RFGW-10 line card:

```
Router# configure terminal
Router(config) # redundancy
Router(config-red) # linecard-group 0 internal-switch
Router(config-red-lc)# class 1:n
Class set to 1:N for Redundancy group (0)
Router(config-red-lc)# member slot 3 primary
Auto generate reserve card type command
Router(config-red-lc)# end
Router# show run | beg redundancy
. . .
redundancy
  linecard-group 0 internal-switch
  class 1:N
 reserve cardtype 0x6011
 member slot 3 primary
 revertive 300
  mode sso
```

The following example manually configures the reserve cardtype for a Cisco RFGW-10 DS-384 line card, and attempts to configure the Cisco RFGW-10 DS-48 line card as a primary line card.

```
Router# configure terminal
Router(config)# redundancy
Router(config-red)# linecard-group 0 internal-switch
Router(config-red-lc)# class 1:n
Class set to 1:N for Redundancy group (0)
Router(config-red-lc)# reserve cardtype ?
    <0-4294967295> Enter reserve cardtype in Hex or Decimal
Router(config-red-lc)# reserve cardtype 0x6015
Router(config-red-lc)# member slot 3 primary
Reject: Configuration of slot 3 as Primary failed for the above reason
Router(config-red-lc)#
*Apr 20 11:36:13.690: %RFGW-3-CARDTYPE_MISMATCH: Primary card type (ElbCardTypeMossbeach)
in slot (3) is not compatible with Reserve card type (ElbCardTypeBlackbriar)
```

The following example manually configures the reserve cardtype for a Cisco RFGW-10 DS-48 line card, and configure the Cisco RFGW-10 DS-48 line card as a primary line card.

```
Router# configure terminal
Router(config)# redundancy
Router(config-red)# linecard-group 0 internal-switch
Router(config-red-lc)# class 1:n
Class set to 1:N for Redundancy group (0)
Router(config-red-lc)# reserve cardtype 0x6011
Router(config-red-lc)# member slot 3 primary
Router(config-red-lc)# end
Router#
*Apr 20 11:38:27.161: %SYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by console
```

```
Router# show run | beg redundancy
...
redundancy
linecard-group 0 internal-switch
class 1:N
reserve cardtype 0x6011
member slot 3 primary
revertive 300
```

```
mode sso
```

!

The following example shows an attempt to configure an invalid reserve cardtype for the Cisco RFGW-10 line card:

```
Router# configure terminal
Router(config)# redundancy
Router(config-red)# linecard-group 0 internal-switch
Router(config-red-lc)# class 1:n
Class set to 1:N for Redundancy group (0)
Router(config-red-lc)# reserve cardtype 0x6000
Router#
Cardtype is not valid, enter valid card type and try this command again
```

The following example shows an attempt to configure a different reserve cardtype that does not match the existing redundancy members.

```
Router# configure terminal
Router(config)# redundancy
Router(config-red)# linecard-group 0 internal-switch
Router(config-red-lc)# class 1:n
Class set to 1:N for Redundancy group (0)
Router(config-red-lc)# reserve cardtype 0x6011
Router(config-red-lc)# reserve cardtype 0x6015
Reserve cardtype cannot be changed while this group
has members. Reserved card type (0x6011 24593)
Router(config-red-lc)#
```

Related Commands	Command	Description
	class	Configures redundancy class on the line card.
	linecard-group internal-switch	Adds a group ID for a line card group, and enters line card redundancy configuration mode.
	member slot	Adds a slot to the line card redundancy group.
	redundancy	Enters the redundancy configuration mode.

reset interval

s.			
Note	The reset-interval command is not available in the Cisco IOS-XE Release 3.3.0SQ and later releases. To set the reset interval, use the reset interval command in video server configuration mode and QAM partition configuration mode. To remove the setting, use the no form of this command.		
	reset interval secon	ds	
	no reset interval sea	conds	
Syntax Description	seconds	Reset interval value. The valid interval range is from 1 to 300.	
Command Default	This command is not ena	bled by default.	
Command Modes	Video server configuration	on (config-video-servers)QAM partition configuration (config-qp)	
Command History	Release	Modification	
	12.2(50)SQ	This command was introduced on the Cisco RF Gateway 10.	
	Cisco IOS-XE Release 3.3.0SQ	This command is removed. It is not available in the Cisco IOS-XE Release 3.3.0SQ and later releases.	
Usage Guidelines	Use the reset interval con	mmand in QAM partition configuration to reset the reset interval value.	
Note	Video server configuration	on is <i>not</i> supported in Cisco IOS-XE 3.2.99SQ{X}and later.	
Examples	<pre>configuration: Router# configure term Router(config)# cable Router(config-qp)# res The following example s Cisco RFGW-10: Router(config)# cable</pre>	qam-partition 1	

Related Commands

Command	Description
active	Activates the server.
cable qam-partition	Configures the QAM partition for a video server.
cable video servers	Configures server groups for video sessions using external servers.
ip rpc portmapper	Establishes an RPC connection between the external server and EQAM.
keepalive retry	Configures the keepalive retry value on the server.
mgmt-ip-address mac-address	Configures the management IP and MAC address of the server.
protocol	Configures the protocols supported by the server.
server	Configures the IP address of the server.
show cable video server-group	Displays the video server-group information.

retry interval

To configure the retry time and interval time on the external server, use the **retry interval** command in cable video server configuration mode. To remove the configuration, use the **no** form of this command.

retry seconds interval seconds

no retry seconds interval seconds

seconds	Specifies the time interval. The default retry time is 3 seconfds and the default interval time is 5 seconds.	
This command has no c	lefault behavior or values.	
Cable video server con	figuration (config-video-servers)	
Release	Modification	
12.2(44)SQ	This command was introduced on the Cisco RF Gateway 10.	
The following example	shows 10 seconds configured as the retry and interval value on the video server:	
The following example shows 10 seconds configured as the retry and interval value on the video server:		
Router#configure terminal		
Router#configure term		
Router(config)#cable	minal video server servergroup1	
Router(config)# cable Router(config-video-s	minal	
Router (config) # cable Router (config-video-s Router (config-video-s Router (config-video-s	minal video server servergroup1 servers)#protocol gqi servers)#server 10.10.10.1 servers)#retry 10 interval 10	
Router(config)# cable Router(config-video-s Router(config-video-s	minal video server servergroup1 servers)#protocol gqi servers)#server 10.10.10.1 servers)#retry 10 interval 10	
Router (config) # cable Router (config-video-s Router (config-video-s Router (config-video-s	minal video server servergroup1 servers)#protocol gqi servers)#server 10.10.10.1 servers)#retry 10 interval 10	
Router(config)# cable Router(config-video-s Router(config-video-s Router(config-video-s Router(config-video-s	<pre>minal video server servergroup1 servers)#protocol gqi servers)#server 10.10.10.1 servers)#retry 10 interval 10 servers)#exit</pre>	
Router (config) #cable Router (config-video- Router (config-video- Router (config-video- Router (config-video- Command	<pre>minal video server servergroup1 servers)#protocol gqi servers)#server 10.10.10.1 servers)#retry 10 interval 10 servers)#exit</pre>	
Router (config) #cable Router (config-video-s Router (config-video-s Router (config-video-s Router (config-video-s Router (config-video-s Command cable video servers mgmt-ip-address	<pre>minal video server servergroup1 servers)#protocol gqi servers)#server 10.10.10.1 servers)#retry 10 interval 10 servers)#exit Description Configures the video server group for external servers.</pre>	
	This command has no of Cable video server con Release 12.2(44)SQ Retry and interval time Cisco RFGW-10 and th	

rtsp

To configure the ERMI Real-time Streaming Protocol (RTSP) on the QAM partition, use the **rtsp** command in global configuration mode. To disable the protocol, use the **no** form of this command.

no rtsp {**connect-retry** *retry-interval* | **connect-time** *connect-seconds* | **keepalive** *connection-timeout* | **session-timeout** *session-timeout* }

Syntax Description	connect-retry Specifies RTSP connection retry time.			
	<i>retry-interval</i> RTSP connection retry interval, The valid range is from 1 to 1			
	connect-time	Specifies the RTSP connection timeRTSP connection time in seconds. The valid range is from 10 to 200.		
	connect-seconds			
	keepalive	Specifies the keepalive time for the RTSP connection.		
	connection-timeout-interval	RTSP connection timeout interval. The valid range is from 1 to 300. The default value is 300.		
	session-timeout	Specifies the RTSP session timeout for the connection.		
	session-timeout-interval	RTSP session timeout interval. The valid range is from 10800 to 36000.		
Command Default	This command is disabled by	default.		
Command Modes	QAM partition configuration	mode (config-qp)		
Command History	Release Mo	odification		
	Cisco IOS-XE Release Thi 3.3.0SQ	is command was introduced.		
Usage Guidelines	video edge device discovery,	ging EQAM resources both for DOCSIS and video services. It provides resource provisioning and signaling protocols for setup and control of switched digital video (SDV) type video sessions.		
Note	ERMI protocol has to be configured in the QAM partition.			
	on TCP port and provides pri	support the setup of multimedia sessions over IP networks. RTSP operates mitives for session setup and session management protocol. RTSP is a ables a client application to request streaming media services from a media		

Examples

This example shows how to configure ERMI **rtsp** protocol on the QAM partition 1:

```
Router# configure terminal
Router(config)# cable qam-partition 1
Router(config-qp)# protocol ermi
Router(config-qp)# rtsp connect-retry 5
Router(config-qp)# rtsp connect-time 10
Router(config-qp)# rtsp keepalive 5
Router(config-qp)# rtsp session-timeout 10800
```

Related Commands	Command	Description
	cable qam-partition	Creates a QAM partition for video server on the Cisco RFGW-10 DS-384 line card.
	clear cable ermi statistics	Clears the ERMI protocol connection stastistics information.
	errp	Configures Edge Resource and Registration protocol (ERRP) on the QAM partition.
	protocol	Assigns the protocol used by the external server.

server

To configure the external server IP address, use the **server** command in cable video server configuration mode and QAM partition configuration mode. To remove the configuration, use the **no** form of this command.

server IP address

no server IP address

Syntax Description	IP address	Specifies the IP address of the external server.
Command Default	This command has no de	efault behavior or values.
Command Modes	QAM partition configur	ration (config-qp)
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(44)SQ	This command was introduced on the Cisco RF Gateway 10.
	Cisco IOS-XE Release 3.3.0SQ	This command is integrated Cisco IOS-XE Release 3.3.0SQ.
Usage Guidelines	address of the DNCS ser and do not require an IP	-XE Release 3.3.0SQ, the server command configures the IP address of the
Examples	The following example sets the external server IP address in a QAM partition: Router# configure terminal Router(config)# cable qam-partition 1 Router(config-qp)# protocol gqi Router(config-qp)# mgmt-ip 1.1.1.1 Router (config-qp)# server 192.168.0.10	
Related Commands	Command	Description
	cable qam-partition	Configures the QAM partition for a video server.
	protocol	Assigns the protocol used by the external server.

show cable clock

To display information about displaying Timing, Communicaton and Control (TCC) card DOCSIS Timing Interface (DTI) client and server statistic counts, use the **show cable clock** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show cable clock [slot] {client port id | server port id | counters}

Syntax Description	slot	(Optional) Identifies a TCC interface on the Cisco RF Gateway 10. Valid TCC slots are 13 and 14.
	client port id	Specifies the DTI client port ID. Valid port values are 1 and 2.
		Specifies the DTI server port ID. Valid port values are 1 and 2.
	server port id	
	counters	Specifies the DTI client counters.
command Default	Information on the TC	CC DTI client and server is displayed. Counters are not displayed.
ommand Modes	Privileged EXEC (#)	
Command History	Release	Modification
-	12.2(44)SQ	This command was modified in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(44)SQ to support the Cisco RF Gateway 10. The <i>slot</i> , client , server , and counters options
		were added.
xamples	The following exampl Router# show cable DTI Client status:	le shows the TCC DTI client and server statistic counts information: clock
xamples	Router# show cable DTI Client status: 5	le shows the TCC DTI client and server statistic counts information: clock TCC 13
xamples	Router# show cable DTI Client status: 5 Client status	le shows the TCC DTI client and server statistic counts information: clock TCC 13 : normal
kamples	Router# show cable DTI Client status: 5	le shows the TCC DTI client and server statistic counts information: clock TCC 13 : normal : ITU type 1
kamples	Router# show cable DTI Client status: Client status Client clock type	le shows the TCC DTI client and server statistic counts information: clock TCC 13 : normal : ITU type 1
kamples	Router# show cable of DTI Client status: Client status Client clock type Client firmware vers Client dti version Client timestamp	le shows the TCC DTI client and server statistic counts information: clock TCC 13 : normal : ITU type 1 sion : 7 : 0 : 657519453
kamples	Router# show cable of DTI Client status: Client status Client status Client clock type Client firmware vers Client dti version Client timestamp Client phase correct	le shows the TCC DTI client and server statistic counts information: clock TCC 13 : normal : ITU type 1 sion : 7 : 0 : 657519453 tion : 65535
xamples	Router# show cable of DTI Client status: Client status Client clock type Client firmware vers Client dti version Client timestamp Client phase correct Client normal time	le shows the TCC DTI client and server statistic counts information: clock TCC 13 : normal : ITU type 1 sion : 7 : 0 : 657519453 tion : 65535 : 65535
xamples	Router# show cable of DTI Client status: Client status Client status Client clock type Client firmware vers Client dti version Client timestamp Client phase correct Client normal time Client holdover time	le shows the TCC DTI client and server statistic counts information: clock TCC 13 : normal : ITU type 1 sion : 7 : 0 : 657519453 tion : 65535 e : 0
xamples	Router# show cable of DTI Client status: Client status Client clock type Client firmware vers Client dti version Client timestamp Client phase correct Client normal time	le shows the TCC DTI client and server statistic counts information: clock TCC 13 : normal : ITU type 1 sion : 7 : 0 : 657519453 tion : 65535 : 65535 e : 0 3 count : 0
xamples	Router# show cable of DTI Client status: Client status Client clock type Client firmware vers Client dti version Client timestamp Client phase correct Client normal time Client holdover time Client transition t	le shows the TCC DTI client and server statistic counts information: clock TCC 13
xamples	Router# show cable of DTI Client status: 2 Client status Client clock type Client firmware vers Client dti version Client timestamp Client phase correct Client normal time Client normal time Client transition to Client transition to Client transition to Client transition to Client transition to	le shows the TCC DTI client and server statistic counts information: clock TCC 13
xamples	Router# show cable of DTI Client status: 2 Client status Client clock type Client firmware vers Client dti version Client timestamp Client phase correct Client normal time Client normal time Client transition to Client transition to Client transition to Client transition to Client transition to Client transition to Client transition to	le shows the TCC DTI client and server statistic counts information: clock TCC 13
xamples	Router# show cable of DTI Client status: 2 Client status Client clock type Client firmware vers Client dti version Client timestamp Client phase correct Client normal time Client normal time Client transition to Client transition to Client transition to Client transition to Client transition to	le shows the TCC DTI client and server statistic counts information: clock TCC 13 $\begin{array}{c} \text{ normal} \\ \text{ i TTU type 1} \\ \text{sion} \\ \text{ i } 7 \\ \text{ i } 0 \\ \text{ i } 657519453 \\ \text{tion} \\ \text{ i } 65535 \\ \text{ i } 65535 \\ \text{ i } 65535 \\ \text{ e } \text{ i } 0 \\ 3 \text{ count} \\ \text{ i } 0 \\ 4 \text{ count} \\ \text{ i } 1 \\ 6 \text{ count} \\ \text{ i } 0 \\ 1 \\ 6 \text{ count} \\ \text{ i } 0 \\ 1 \\ 6 \text{ count} \\ \text{ i } 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{array}$
xamples	Router# show cable of DTI Client status: 2 Client status Client clock type Client firmware vers Client dti version Client timestamp Client phase correct Client normal time Client normal time Client transition to Client port switch of	le shows the TCC DTI client and server statistic counts information: clock TCC 13 $\begin{array}{c} \text{ normal} \\ \text{ ITU type 1} \\ \text{sion} \\ \text{ r} \\ 0 \\ \text{ 657519453} \\ \text{tion} \\ \text{ 65535} \\ \text{ 65535} \\ \text{ e} \\ 0 \\ 3 \text{ count} \\ 1 \\ 6 \text{ count} \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ \text{count} \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ \text{count} \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0$
xamples	Router# show cable of DTI Client status: 2 Client status Client clock type Client firmware vers Client dti version Client timestamp Client phase correct Client normal time Client normal time Client transition to Client Integral Free Client EFC Value	<pre>le shows the TCC DTI client and server statistic counts information: clock TCC 13</pre>

CRC error count: 2Frame error rate: < 2%</td>Cable advance: 2560 -- Connected server information ---Server status : Active free-run Root Server clock type : ITU type 3 Root Server source : none : Root Server Type Client Performance Stable : yes Client Cable advance Valid : yes DTI Client Port 2 Status: _____ Port Status: InaSignal detected: noCRC error count: 66Frame error rate: > 5Cable advance: 0 Port Status : Inactive : > 5% Cable advance : 0 DTI Client status: TCC 14 _____ Client status : normal Client clock type Client firmware version : 7 Client dti version Client dti version : 672169320 : 65535 : 65535 Client timestamp Client phase correction Client priase con. Client normal time Client holdover time : 0 Client transition t3 count : 0 Client transition t4 count : 1 : 0 Client transition t6 count Client transition t7 count : 0 Client port switch count : 1 Client Integral Frequency Term : 64760 Client EFC Value : 63832 DTI Client Port 1 Status: -----. : no 26 Port Status : Inactive Signal detected CRC error count : 26 : > 5% Frame error rate Cable advance : 0 DTI Client Port 2 Status: _____ Port Status : Active Signal detected : yes CRC error count : 2 Frame error rate : < 2% Cable advance : 1792 -- Connected server information ---Server status : Active free-run Root Server clock type : ITU type 3 Root Server source : none Server Type : Root Client Performance Stable : yes Client Cable advance Valid : yes

The following is sample output of a TCC card in slot 13 on a Cisco RF Gateway 10:

```
Router#show cable clock 13 client 1
DTI Client Port 1 Status:
Port Status : Inactive
Signal detected : no
CRC error count : 63006
Frame error rate : > 5%
Cable advance : 0x0000
```

Table 3-2 describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 3-2 show cable clock client Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Port status	Indicates the current status of the DTI port on the TCC card.
Signal detected	Indicates whether the DTI signal was detected.
CRC error count	The number of cyclic redundancy check (CRC) errors. It can indicate intermittent upstream, laser clipping, or common-path distortion.

The following example shows the server status of the TCC card in slot 13 on a Cisco RFGW-10:

```
Router#show cable clock 13 server 2
```

TCC Card 13 port 2 DTI Server status:

Server signal detected	: yes
Server status	: free-run
Root Server clock type	: ITU type 3
Root Server source	: none
Server Type	: Root
Client Performance Stable	: yes
Client Cable advance Valid	: yes
TOD Setting Mode	: Short
TOD gpssec	: 902825745
TOD leap seconds	: 14

Table 3-3 describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 3-3show cable clock server Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Server signal detected	Indicates whether the server was detected.
Server status	Indicates the state in which the serer is functioning. The states are warm-up, free-run state, fast mode, normal, holdover, or bridge mode.
Root server source	The server source such as internal, external, GPSor none.
Root server clock type	The clock type. The types are 1, 2, 3 or ITU Stratum 3 or DTI Min. clock.
TOD setting mode	Displays the time (user time, NTP, GPS) mode such as short or long.

The following is a sample output showing the counters on TCC card 13 on Cisco RFGW-10:

Router#show cable clock 13 counters TCC Card 13 DTI counters: _____ Client Normal time : 0x1EB6 Client Holdover time : 0x0000 Client Phase Correction : 0 Client Freq Correction : 63213 Client EFC Correction : 61039 Client transition count t3 : 0 Client transition count t4 : 1 : 0 Client transition count t6 Client transition count t7 : 0 Client port switch count : 1

Related Commands Command		Description	
	cable clock free-run	Allows the clock to be in free-run mode.	
	clear cable clock counters	Clears DTI client transition counters of a TCC DTI client and server.	

Cisco RF Gateway 10 Command Reference Guide

show cable depi-sessions

To display Downstream External PHY Interface (DEPI) sessions configured on the line card, use the **show cable depi-sessions** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show cable depi-sessions mode {session-id | summary}

ntax Description	mode	Specifies the	mode of the QAM channel:
		• L2TP—I	Displays signalled DEPI sessions.
		Manual-	–Displays manually configured DEPI sessions.
	session-id	Displays deta	iled information on a specific DEPI session.
	summary	Displays a su	mmary of all DEPI sessions configured
ommand Default	Information on c	configured DEPI session	ns is displayed.
ommand Modes	Privileged EXEC	C (#)	
ommand History	Release	Modification	
-	12.2(44)SQ	This comman	d was introduced on the Cisco RF Gateway 10.
xamples	-	sample output for man	ual DEPI session 1 on the Cisco RF Gateway 10:
xamples	Router# show cal		ual 1
xamples	Router# show cal	ble depi-sessions man	ual 1
xamples	Router# show cal	ble depi-sessions man about Session with ic	nual 1 1# 1:
xamples	Router# show cal	ble depi-sessions mar about Session with ic Type	nual 1 A# 1: : MANUAL_DEPI_OVER_IP
xamples	Router# show cal	ble depi-sessions man about Session with ic Type Name	<pre>nual 1 ## 1:</pre>
xamples	Router# show cal	ble depi-sessions man about Session with id Type Name State Remote id DestIP addr	<pre>nual 1 # 1:</pre>
xamples	Router# show cal	ble depi-sessions man about Session with id Type Name State Remote id DestIP addr Qam slotid	<pre>hual 1 ## 1:</pre>
xamples	Router# show cal	ble depi-sessions mar about Session with id Type Name State Remote id DestIP addr Qam slotid Qam portid	<pre>hual 1 ## 1:</pre>
xamples	Router# show cal	ble depi-sessions man about Session with id Type Name State Remote id DestIP addr Qam slotid Qam portid Qam ch id	<pre>hual 1 ## 1:</pre>
xamples	Router# show cal	ble depi-sessions man about Session with id Type Name State Remote id DestIP addr Qam slotid Qam portid Qam ch id Payload type	<pre>https://www.statics.com/s</pre>
xamples	Router# show cal	ble depi-sessions mar about Session with id Type Name State Remote id DestIP addr Qam slotid Qam portid Qam ch id Payload type Sync Mode	<pre>https://www.sec.iv.com/sec.i</pre>
xamples	Router# show cal	ble depi-sessions mar about Session with id Type Name State Remote id DestIP addr Qam slotid Qam portid Qam ch id Payload type Sync Mode Sync Intl	<pre>https://www.sec.iv. https://www.sec.iv. interfactory.com/interfactory</pre>
xamples	Router# show cal	ble depi-sessions mar about Session with id Type Name State Remote id DestIP addr Qam slotid Qam portid Qam ch id Payload type Sync Mode	<pre>https://www.sec.iv.com/sec.i</pre>
xamples	Router# show cal	ble depi-sessions mar about Session with id Type Name State Remote id DestIP addr Qam slotid Qam portid Qam ch id Payload type Sync Mode Sync Intl Up time << Session Statisti	<pre>hual 1 # 1: MANUAL_DEPI_OVER_IP I IDLE 0 1.1.1.1 3 1 1 DEPI_PW_TYPE_D_MPT ENABLE 100 01:58:34 -C >></pre>
ixamples	Router# show cal	ble depi-sessions mar about Session with id Type Name State Remote id DestIP addr Qam slotid Qam portid Qam ch id Payload type Sync Mode Sync Intl Up time << Session Statisti Session is off	<pre>hual 1 # 1: MANUAL_DEPI_OVER_IP I IDLE 0 1.1.1.1 3 1 1 DEPI_PW_TYPE_D_MPT ENABLE 100 01:58:34</pre>
Examples	Router# show cal	ble depi-sessions mar about Session with id Type Name State Remote id DestIP addr Qam slotid Qam portid Qam ch id Payload type Sync Mode Sync Intl Up time << Session Statisti Session is off Broken seq num	<pre>hual 1 # 1: MANUAL_DEPI_OVER_IP IDLE 0 1.1.1.1 3 1 1</pre>
Examples	Router# show cal	ble depi-sessions mar about Session with id Type Name State Remote id DestIP addr Qam slotid Qam portid Qam ch id Payload type Sync Mode Sync Intl Up time << Session Statisti Session is off Broken seq num Bad depi header	<pre>hual 1 # 1: MANUAL_DEPI_OVER_IP IDLE 1</pre>
ixamples	Router# show cal	ble depi-sessions mar about Session with id Type Name State Remote id DestIP addr Qam slotid Qam portid Qam ch id Payload type Sync Mode Sync Intl Up time << Session Statisti Session is off Broken seq num Bad depi header Bad MPEG sync byte	<pre>hual 1 # 1: MANUAL_DEPI_OVER_IP I IDLE 0 1.1.1.1 3 1 1 1 EDEPI_PW_TYPE_D_MPT ENABLE 100 01:58:34 cc >> 0 0 0 0 </pre>
ixamples	Router# show cal	ble depi-sessions mar about Session with id Type Name State Remote id DestIP addr Qam slotid Qam portid Qam ch id Payload type Sync Mode Sync Intl Up time << Session Statisti Session is off Broken seq num Bad depi header Bad MPEG sync byte In packet rate	<pre>https://www.h</pre>
xamples	Router# show cal	ble depi-sessions mar about Session with id Type Name State Remote id DestIP addr Qam slotid Qam portid Qam ch id Payload type Sync Mode Sync Intl Up time << Session Statisti Session is off Broken seq num Bad depi header Bad MPEG sync byte	<pre>hual 1 # 1: MANUAL_DEPI_OVER_IP I IDLE 0 1.1.1.1 3 1 1 1 EDEPI_PW_TYPE_D_MPT ENABLE 100 01:58:34 cc >> 0 0 0 0 </pre>

<< Flow Statistic	>>	
Total packet	:	0
Total byte	:	0
Total segment	:	0
Discards	:	0
Errors	:	0
Bad pyld size	:	0
Cmnd buf ovfw	:	0

Table 3-4 describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 3-4 show cable depi-sessions manual Field Descriptions

Field	Indicates the
Туре	Mode of the DEPI session.
Name	Name given to the session.
State	State of the session.
Remote id	Remote ID of the session.
DestIP addr	Destination IP address of the DEPI.
Qam slotid	Slot on the QAM interface.
Qam portid	Port on the QAM slot.
Qam ch id	Channel on the QAM port.

The following example shows a summary of the manual DEPI sessions configured on a Cisco RF Gateway 10:

Router#show cable depi-sessions manual summary

List of the Configured Depi Sessions

ID	Туре	State	Qam-info	PWtype
x	-x	-x	-x	-x
1	MANUAL_DEPI_OVER_IP	IDLE	Qam3/01.1	DMPT
11012	MANUAL_DEPI_OVER_IP	ACTIVE	Qam3/01.2	DMPT
11013	MANUAL_DEPI_OVER_IP	ACTIVE	Qam3/01.3	DMPT
30011	MANUAL_DEPI_OVER_IP	ACTIVE	Qam5/01.1	DMPT
30012	MANUAL_DEPI_OVER_IP	ACTIVE	Qam5/01.2	DMPT
30013	MANUAL_DEPI_OVER_IP	ACTIVE	Qam5/01.3	DMPT

Table 3-5 describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 3-5 show cable depi-sessions manual summaryField Descriptions

Field	Indicates the
ID	ID of the sessions created.
Туре	Type of the DEPI session.
State	State of the DEPI session.
Qam-info	Slot, port and channel of a QAM interface.
PW type	Cable mode of the QAM channel.

Related Commands	Command	Description
	cable mode	Specifies the mode and usage of QAM channels.

show cable depi-sessions slot count

To display the Downstream External PHY Interface (DEPI) session count on all QAMs on a line card, use the **show cable depi-sessions slot count** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show cable depi-sessions slot slot count

Syntax Description	slot	Displays DEPI sessions information for a slot.
	slot	Specifies the slot on the QAM interface. Valid slot number range is from 3 to 12.
	count	Displays the count of both Manual and L2tp sessions for all QAM channels on the linecard interface.
Command Default	This command has no d	lefault behavior or values.
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (#)	
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(50)SQ2	This command was introduced on the Cisco RF Gateway 10.
Examples	Router# show cable deg	e output for DEPI session count on the Cisco RF Gateway 10: pi-sessions slot 3 count
Examples		pi-sessions slot 3 count Sessions
Examples	Router# show cable deg QAM Port xChannel 3/1.1 Channel 3/1.2 Channel 3/1.3 Channel 3/1.4 Table 3-4 describes the	pi-sessions slot 3 count Sessions x
Examples	Router# show cable deg QAM Port xChannel 3/1.1 Channel 3/1.2 Channel 3/1.3 Channel 3/1.4 Table 3-4 describes the	pi-sessions slot 3 count Sessions x
Examples	Router#show cable deg QAM Port x	pi-sessions slot 3 count Sessions
Examples	Router# show cable deg QAM Port x	pi-sessions slot 3 count Sessions x
Examples Related Commands	Router#show cable deg QAM Port x	pi-sessions slot 3 count Sessions I Sessions I Sessions Sessions Sessions Sessions Sessions slot count Field Descriptions Seable depi-sessions slot count Field Descriptions Session Port on the QAM slot.

show cable depi-sessions offset

To display the DOCSIS Timing Interface (DTI) timing value on the QAM channels, use the **show cable depi-sessions offset** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show cable depi-sessions offset [port *slot/port* | **slot** *slot*]

Syntax Description	port	Displays the offset value at the port.
	slot/port	Specifies the slot and the port of the line card. Valid slot range is 3 to 12. Valid port range is 1 to 12.
	slot	Displays the offset value for the specified slot.
	slot	Specifies the slot on the line card. Valid slot range is from 3 to 12.
Command Default	This command has	no default behavior or values.
command Modes	Privileged EXEC (#)
Command History	Release	Modification
-	12.2(44)SQ	This command was introduced on the Cisco RF Gateway 10.
Examples	-	ample output for DTI offset values configured on the chassis: Le depi-sessions offset
examples	Router# show cabl Qam-info Offset xx	Le depi-sessions offset
Examples	Router# show cabl Qam-info Offset xx	Le depi-sessions offset
Examples	Router# show cabl Qam-info Offset xx Qam3/01.1 639 Qam3/01.2 640 Qam3/01.3 641 Qam3/01.4 642 Qam3/02.1 639 Qam3/02.2 640 Qam3/02.3 641 Qam3/02.3 641 Qam3/02.4 642 Table 3-7 describes	Le depi-sessions offset s the significant fields shown in the display. cable depi-sessions offset Field Descriptions
Examples	Router# show cabl Qam-info Offset xx	Le depi-sessions offset s the significant fields shown in the display. cable depi-sessions offset Field Descriptions Description
Examples Related Commands	Router# show cabl Qam-info Offset xx Qam3/01.1 639 Qam3/01.2 640 Qam3/01.3 641 Qam3/01.4 642 Qam3/02.1 639 Qam3/02.2 640 Qam3/02.3 641 Qam3/02.4 642 Table 3-7 describes Table 3-7 show of Field Qam-info	Le depi-sessions offset s the significant fields shown in the display. cable depi-sessions offset Field Descriptions Description Displays information about the QAM interface.




show cable ermi errp

To display information on the ERMI Edge Resource and Registration protocol (ERRP) protocol, use the **show cable ermi errp** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show cable ermi errp server {server-IP-address | all | resources {res-IP-address | all } | statistics

Syntax Description	server	Displays information of a specific ERRP server.		
	server-IP-address	ERRP server IP address.		
	all	Displays all information about the ERRP server.		
	resources	Displays all resources used by the ERRP server.		
	res-IP-address	Displays information of a particular resource used by the ERRP server.		
	all	Displays informatin of all resources used by the ERRP server.		
	statistics	Displays the ERRP statistics information.		
Command Default	This command is enable	d by default.		
ommand Modes	Privileged EXEC (#)			
ommand History	Release	Modification		
	Cisco IOS-XE Release 3.3.0SQ	This command was introduced.		
xamples	This example displays th	he ERRP server information:		
	Remote : 10.78.17	9.167:22350 9.170:6069 Keepalive 0, ConnectRetry 10		
	Table 3-8 describes the significant fields shown in the display.			
	Table 3-8 show cable	ermi errp Field Descriptions		
	Field	Description		
	Socket	Port connected to the ERRP server.		

Local IP address.

Remote IP address

Local

Remote

Field	Description
FSM State	State of server.
QAM Partition	QAM Partition used by the protocol.
No of QAMs Reachable	No of QAM interfaces that use the server.

Table 3-8 show cable ermi errp Field Descriptions (continued)

The following example displays the ERRP server statistics:

Router# show cable ermi errp statistics

ERRP Protocol Statistics:

Packet	Received	Received	Received	Sent	Sent	Sent
Туре	Packets	Failed	Success	Packets	Failed	Success
OPEN	0	0	0	0	0	0
UPDATE	0	0	0	0	0	0
NOTIFICATION	0	0	0	0	0	0
KEEPALIVE	0	0	0	0	0	0
SOCKET	0	0	0	0	0	0
UNKNOWN	0	0	0	0	0	0

The following example displays the resources used by ERRP server:

Router# show cable ermi errp server resources all

```
ERRP Connection ID 1
QAM Carrier
Interface ID
-----Total Resource
: 0
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
clear cable ermi statistics	Clears ERMI protocol connection stastistics information.
errp	Configures Edge Resource and Registration protocol (ERRP) on the QAM partition.

show cable ermi rtsp

To display information on the ERMI Real-time Streaming Protocol (RTSP) protocol, use the **show cable ermi rtsp** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show cable ermi errp server {server-IP-address | all} | session {session-id | all} | statistics

Syntax Description	server	Displays RTSP server information.						
	server-IP-address	Server IP address.						
	all	Displays all information about the server.						
	session	Displays information about an RTSP session ID.						
	session-id	6						
	all	Displays information about all RTSP sessions.						
	statistics	Displays the RTSP statistics information.						
Command Default Command Modes	This command is enab Privileged EXEC (#)	bled by default.						
ommand History	Release	Modification						
	Cisco IOS-XE Releas 3.3.0SQ	e This command was introduced.						
xamples	This example displays	s all the server information:						
	Router# show cable (Router# show cable ermi rtsp server all						
	Socket Mgmt ID Info Y							
	-							
	Table 3-8 describes the significant fields shown in the display.Table 3-9 show cable ermi errp Field Descriptions							
	Field	Description						
	Socket ID	ID of the socket.						
	Mgmt Infol	Information about Management port.						
	ingine miller	mornation acout management port.						

Information about the Server port.

QAM partition ID.

Number of RTSP sessions.

Server Info

RTSP session

QP ID

Field	Description
RTSP Req	RTSP request.
Conn timeout	Connection timeout interval.
Conn Retry	Connection retry interval.

Table 3-9 show cable ermi errp Field Descriptions (continued)

This example displays the RTSP server statistics:

Router# show cable ermi errp statistics

RTSP Protocol Statistics:

Packet	Received	Received	Received	Sent	Sent	Sent
Туре	Packets	Failed	Success	Packets	Failed	Success
SETUP	0	0	0	0	0	0
TEARDOWN	0	0	0	0	0	0
SET PARAMETER	0	0	0	0	0	0
GET PARAMETER	0	0	0	0	0	0
ANNOUNCE	0	0	0	0	0	0
SOCKET	0	0	0	0	0	0
UNKNOWN	0	0	0	0	0	0

The following example displays the RTSP session information:

Router# show cable ermi rtsp session all

Session	Session	QP	QAM	QAM	RTSP	Server	Socket	Session	Ses
on Client									
ID	Туре	ID	Port	TSID	State	Addr(Socket)	Id	Index	Gro
Session	ID								
Total Sess	ions: 0								

Table 3-10 describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 3-10show cable ermi rtsp Field Descriptions

Field	Descriptions
Session on Client ID	RTSP Client ID (MAC address).
Session Type	Type of session.
QAM ID	QAM partition ID assigned to server.
QAM Port	QAM port assigned to server.
RTSP State	State of RTSP server.
Server Address (Socket)	IP address of server.
Socket ID	TCP Socket ID.
Session Index	Session Index.
Session Group	Group of sessions.
Session ID	RTSP Session ID.
Total Sessions	Total number of sessions.

Related Commands	Command	Description
	clear cable ermi statistics	Clears the ERMI protocol connection statistics information.
	rtsp	Configures RTSP on the QAM partition.

show cable freq-profile

To display frequency profiles created on the Cisco RFGW-10, use the **show cable freq-profile** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show cable freq-profile [all | freq-profile-id]

Syntax Description	all	Displays detailed information of all the frequency profiles on the Cisco RFGW-10.
	freq-profile-id	Displays detailed information of a specific frequency profile.
Command Default	Information on configure	ed frequency profiles are displayed.
command Modes	Privileged EXEC (#)	
Command History	Release	Modification
	Cisco IOS-XE Release 3.2.0SQ	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines		-profile command find out which frequency segment is occupied by the carriers used, and which portions cannot be used.
Examples	The following example of	displays the frequency profiles configured on the Cisco RFGW-10:
	Router# show cable fre	eq-profile
	Block Block	default-freq-profile: freq 8800000hz 1 start-freq 88000000hz 2 start-freq 13600000hz 3 start-freq 18400000hz
	Lane 2 start-:	4 start-freq 232000000hz freq 28000000hz
	Block Block	1 start-freq 28000000hz 2 start-freq 32800000hz 3 start-freq 37600000hz
	Block Block Block Lane 3 start- Block Block Block	2 start-freq 328000000hz

```
Frequency Profile ID 20:
       Lane 1 start-freq 68000000hz
               Block 1 start-freq 68000000hz
               Block 2 start-freq 68000000hz
               Block 3 start-freq 68000000hz
               Block 4 start-freq 68000000hz
       Lane 2 start-freq 78000000hz
               Block 1 start-freq 78000000hz
               Block 2 start-freq 78050000hz
               Block 3 start-freq 78050000hz
               Block 4 start-freq 780099000hz
       Lane 3 start-freq 9900000hz
               Block 1 start-freq 99400000hz
               Block 2 start-freq 99300000hz
               Block 3 start-freq 99340000hz
               Block 4 start-freq 99540000hz
       Lane 4 start-freq 58000000hz
               Block 1 start-freq 67900000hz
               Block 2 start-freq 67800000hz
               Block 3 start-freq 67850000hz
               Block 4 start-freq 67950000hz
```

Table 3-11describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 3-11 show cable freq-profile Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Frequency Profile ID	Indicates the frequency profile ID.
Lane	Indicates the lane ID, and starting frequency of the lane.
Block	Indicates the block ID, and starting frequency of the block.

Related Commands	Command	Description
	cable downstream freq-profile	Configures the frequency profiles on the Cisco RFGW-10.

show cable heartbeat

To display the number of heartbeats received from the line cards, use the **show cable heartbeat** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show cable heartbeat

- **Syntax Description** This command has no arguments or keywords.
- **Command Default** This command has no default behavior or values.
- **Command Modes** Privileged EXEC (#)

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(44)SQ	This command was introduced on the Cisco RF Gateway 10.

Examples

The following example shows the heartbeat of the line cards:

Router#show cable heartbeat

Slot	Heartbeat Enabled	Heartbeat Received Count	Card State
3	enabled	6183	ready
4	enabled	733519	ready
5	enabled	562516	ready
6	enabled	1423983	ready
7	enabled	1423001	ready
8	enabled	1423984	ready
9	enabled	1424010	ready
10	enabled	1423989	ready
11	enabled	197795	ready
12	enabled	562139	ready
13	enabled	1423949	ready
14	enabled	1423900	ready

Table 3-12 describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 3-12 show cable hearbeat Field Descriptions

Field	Specifies the
Slot	Slot on the chassis.
Heartbeat Enabled	Heartbeat enabled status. If no heartbeat is received, it indicates that the line card is reset. Note that heartbeat state must be enabled to receive heartbeats.

Table 3-12 show cable hearbeat Field Descriptions (continued)

Field	Specifies the
Heartbeat Received Count	Number of heartbeats.
Card State	State of the line card.

Related Commands

Command	Description
cable linecard reset	Resets the line card on the chassis.

I

show cable image-upgrade bundle

To display the upgraded images of all the devices on the Supervisor card, use the **show cable image-upgrade bundle** command in user EXEC or privileged EXEC mode.

show cable image-upgrade bundle

Syntax Description	This command has no arg	guments or keywords.
--------------------	-------------------------	----------------------

Command Default This command has no default behavior or values.

Command Modes User EXEC (>) Privileged EXEC (#)

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(44)SQ	This command was introduced on the Cisco RF Gateway 10.

Examples

The following example shows the sample output using the **show cable image-upgrade bundle** command on the Cisco RF Gateway 10:

```
Router# show cable image-upgrade bundle
Image Name
                                  Id
                                     Date
                                               Time
_____
                                  ==
                                     TCC APP 00000000 20080811-00144654
                                  0.0
                                     20080811 00144654
TCC_ROM_0000001_20080317-00170141
                                     20080317
                                               00170141
                                  01
TCC_GEN_0000002_20080612-00140709
                                     20080612 00140709
                                  02
TCC_DTI_0000003_20080428-00094708
                                  03 20080428
                                               00094708
TCC_RST_0000004_20080612-00140712
                                  04
                                     20080612
                                               00140712
RFS_CPL_0000005_20080428-00105357
                                  05
                                     20080428
                                               00105357
MV_APP_00000011_20080811-00144650
                                  11
                                     20080811
                                               00144650
MV_ROM_0000012_20080605-00074654
                                  12
                                      20080605
                                               00074654
MV_DIS_0000013_20080603-00151016
                                  13
                                     20080603
                                               00151016
MV_COB_0000014_20080609-00205712
                                  14
                                     20080609
                                               00205712
MV YEL 00000015 20080609-00205659
                                     20080609
                                 15
                                               00205659
MV_GWT_00000016_20080717-00162446
                                     20080717
                                  16
                                               00162446
RFGW_GUI_00000017_20080603-00114822 17
                                     20080603
                                               00114822
```

Table 3-13 describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 3-13 show cable image-upgrade bundle Field Descriptions

Field	Indicates the
Image Name	Name of images of all devices on Supervisor card.
Id	ID allotted to the image.
Date	Date when the image was created.
Time	Time when the image was created.

Related Commands	Command	Description
	cable-image upgrade download	Upgrades the image on the specified line card.
	show cable-image upgrade status	Displays the image upgraded status of the line card.
	show cable-image upgrade version	Displays all the upgraded image versions on the line card.

show cable image-upgrade status

To display the upgrade status for a line card, use the **show cable image-upgrade status** command in user EXEC or privileged EXEC mode.

show cable image-upgrade status slot

Syntax Description	slot	Specifies the slot number of the line card. Valid ranges are from 3 to 12.
Command Default	This command has no de	efault behavior or values.
Command Modes	User EXEC (>)	
	Privileged EXEC (#)	
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(44)SQ	This command was introduced on the Cisco RF Gateway 10.
Examples	Router# show cable im	displays the upgrade status for the line card: age-upgrade status 12 ade is occurring on slot 12
Related Commands	Command	Description
	cable-image upgrade download	Upgrades the image on the specified line card.
	show cable-image upgrade bundle	Displays the upgraded images of all the devices on the Supervisor card.
	show cable-image upgrade version	Displays all the upgraded image versions on the line card.

show cable image-upgrade version

To display the upgraded images on the line card, use the **show cable image-upgrade version** command in privileged EXEC and user EXEC mode.

show cable image-upgrade version slot

Syntax Description	slot	Specifies the	slot n	umber of th	e line card. Valid	slot range is from 3 t	o 12.
Command Default	This command has 1	no default behavior o	or val	ues.			
command Modes	User EXEC (>)						
	Privileged EXEC (#)					
ommand History	Release	Modification					
	12.2(44)SQ	This comman	d was	introduced	on the Cisco RF	Gateway 10.	
Examples							
camples	The following exam Router# show cable Image Name				cable image-upg	rade version commar	nd:
kamples	Router# show cable	a image-upgrade ve 0080811-00144650 0080605-00074654 0080603-00151016 0080609-00205712 0080609-00205659 0080717-00162446	rsion Id == 11 12 13 14 15 16	3 Date 20080811 20080605 20080603 20080609 20080609 20080717	Time 00144650 00074654 00151016 00205712 00205659 00162446	rade version commar	nd:
xamples	Router# show cable Image Name ====================================	a image-upgrade ve 0080811-00144650 0080605-00074654 0080603-00151016 0080609-00205712 0080609-00205659 0080717-00162446	rsion Id == 11 12 13 14 15 16 ds sho	3 Date 20080811 20080605 20080603 20080609 20080609 20080717 Dwn in the d	Time 00144650 00074654 00151016 00205712 00205659 00162446 lisplay.	rade version commar	nd:
kamples	Router# show cable Image Name ====================================	a image-upgrade ve 0080811-00144650 0080605-00074654 0080603-00151016 0080609-00205712 0080609-00205659 0080717-00162446 s the significant field	rsion Id == 11 12 13 14 15 16 ds sho	3 Date 20080811 20080605 20080603 20080609 20080609 20080717 Dwn in the d	Time 00144650 00074654 00151016 00205712 00205659 00162446 lisplay.	rade version commar	nd:
kamples	Router# show cable Image Name Image Name MV_APP_00000011_20 MV_ROM_00000012_20 MV_DIS_00000013_20 MV_COB_00000014_20 MV_YEL_00000015_20 MV_GWT_00000016_20 Table 3-14 describe Table 3-14 sho	a image-upgrade ve 0080811-00144650 0080605-00074654 0080603-00151016 0080609-00205712 0080609-00205659 0080717-00162446 s the significant field	rsion Id == 11 12 13 14 15 16 ds sho rade v	3 Date 20080811 20080605 20080603 20080609 20080609 20080717 Dwn in the d rersion Field cates the	Time 00144650 00074654 00151016 00205712 00205659 00162446 lisplay.	rade version comman	nd:
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xamples	Router# show cable Image Name	a image-upgrade ve 0080811-00144650 0080605-00074654 0080603-00151016 0080609-00205712 0080609-00205659 0080717-00162446 s the significant field	rsion Id == 11 12 13 14 15 16 ds sho rade v India ID a	3 Date 20080811 20080605 20080609 20080609 20080717 Dwn in the d cersion Field cates the ne of the ima- llotted to th	Time 00144650 00074654 00151016 00205712 00205659 00162446 lisplay.	rade version comman	nd:

Command	Description
cable-image upgrade download	Upgrades the image on the specified line card.
show cable-image upgrade bundle	Displays the upgraded images of all the devices e on the Supervisor card.
show cable-image upgrade status	Displays the image upgraded status of the line card.

show cable licenses

To view license information applied to QAM channels on the Cisco RFGW-10, use the **show cable licenses** command in the privileged EXEC mode.

show cable licenses [all | lc-slot]

Syntax Description	all	Displays detailed information of all licenses Cisco RFGW-10.
	lc-slot	Displays detailed information of a specific slot on the line card. Valid line cards are from 3 to 12.
Command Default	Information on licenses	are displayed.
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (#)	
Command History	Release	Modification
	Cisco IOS-XE Release 3.2.0SQ	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	Use the show cable lice Cisco RFGW-10 DS-384	nse command to view the licenses on the line cards on the 4 line card.
	channels. The Superviso running configuration do system shuts down the e	b RFGW-10 DS-384 line card is a count based license for available QAM or enforces the license after ensuring the number of unshut QAM channels in the bes not exceed the license. If there are more QAM channels unshut, then the extra QAM channels. Depending on the running configuration, the first N in unshut, and the rest are shutdown.
Note	This command does not	display the license information for the Cisco RFGW-10 DS-48 line card.
Examples	The following example Router# show cable li	displays the license information of all line cards on the Cisco RFGW-10:
		iguration : DS384_384_CLEAR
	Feature: Downstream L	
	Installed: 384 Consum	ed: 0 Available: 384 Forced-Shut: 0
	Router#	

Table 3-11describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Field	Description	
Slot	Indicates the slot on the Cisco RFGW-10.	
License Configuration	Indicates the type of license.	
Feature	Indicates whether the license is for downstream or upstream port.	
Installed	Displays the currently active license count.	
Consumed	Displays the number of un-shut channels used by the license.	
Available	Displays the number of available un-shut channels allowed by the license.	
Forced-Shut	Displays the number of un-shut channels not allowed by the license during a license downgrade. The channels are un-shut during a license upgrade.	

Cisco RF Gateway 10 Command Reference Guide

show cable linecard carrier-id-mapping

To display the carrier-id mapped to the line card, use the **show cable linecard carrier-id-mapping** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show cable linecard carrier-id-mapping slot

Syntax Description	slot	Specifies the line card on the Cisco RF Gateway 10. Valid range is from 3 to 14.
Command Default	This command has no de	efault behavior or values.
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (#)	
Command History	Release Cisco IOS-XE Release 3.2.0SQ	Modification This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	QAM block information are displayed.	, QAM carrier mapped to line card, and maximum carriers assigned to the slot

Examples

The following example shows the carrier ID, and the QAM carriers on slot 9 on the Cisco RFGW-10 DS-48 line card:

Router# show cable linecard carrier-id-mapping 9

QAM	ID	Slot: 9 QAM Carrier	Maximum	Carriers	per	Block:	24
	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19	9/1.1 9/1.2 9/1.3 9/1.4 9/2.1 9/2.2 9/2.3 9/2.4 9/3.1 9/3.2 9/3.3 9/3.4 9/4.1 9/4.2 9/4.3 9/4.4 9/5.1 9/5.2 9/5.3 9/5.4					
	22	9/5.4 9/6.1 9/6.2 9/6.3 9/6.4					
QAM	Block 2	Slot: 9	Mavimum	Carriera	nor	Dlogic	24
	ID	QAM Carrier				BIOCK:	

ID	QAM Carrier	Maximum Carriers per Block: 16
1	3/1.1	
2	3/1.2	
3	3/1.3	
4	3/1.4	
5	3/1.5	
6	3/1.6	
7	3/1.7	
8	3/1.8	
9	3/1.9	
10	3/1.10	
11	3/1.11	
12	3/1.12	
13	3/1.13	
14	3/1.14	
15	3/1.15	
16	3/1.16	
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The following example shows the carrier ID , and the QAM carriers on slot 3 on the Cisco RFGW-10 DS-384 line card: Router# show cable linecard carrier-id-mapping 3

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154 155 156 157 158 159 160 161 162	
154 155 156 157 158 159 160 161	
154 155 156 157 158 159 160 161 162 163	
154 155 156 157 158 159 160 161 162 163 164	
154 155 156 157 158 159 160 161 162 163 164 165	
154 155 156 157 158 159 160 161 162 163 164 165	
154 155 156 157 158 159 160 161 162 163 164 165 166	
154 155 156 157 158 159 160 161 162 163 164 165 166 167	
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154 155 156 157 158 159 160 161 162 163 164 165 166 167 168	
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154 155 156 157 158 159 160 161 162 163 164 165 166 167 168 169 170 171 172 173 174 175 176 177	
154 155 156 157 158 159 160 161 162 163 164 165 166 167 168 169 170 171 172 173 174 175 176 177 178 179 180	
154 155 156 157 158 159 160 161 162 163 164 165 166 167 168 169 170 171 172 173 174 175 176 177 178 179 180 181	
154 155 156 157 158 159 160 161 162 163 164 165 166 167 168 169 170 171 172 173 174 175 176 177 178 179 180	
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154 155 156 157 158 159 160 161 162 163 164 165 166 167 168 169 170 171 172 173 174 175 176 177 178 179 180 181 182	

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QAM Block 2	Slot: 3	Maximum Carriers	per Block: 0
ID	QAM Carrier		
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Table 3-16 describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 3-16 show cable linecard carrier-id mapping Field Descriptions

Field	Description
QAM Block ID	Indicates the QAM block on the line card. First 24 carriers are QAM 1 for Cisco RFGW-10 DS-48 line card. First 192 carriers are QAM 1 for the Cisco RFGW-10 DS-384 line card.
Slot	Indicates the line card slot.
QAM carrier	Indicates all the carrier IDs associated to the QAM block.
Maximum carriers per block	Indicates the maximum carriers associated to the QAM block.

Related Commands	Command	Description
	cable linecard license max-carriers	Creates the QAM carriers on the QAM port.
	cable carrier-id	Auto-generated when the line card is inserted into to the Cisco RFGW-10 chassis. Applicable to both the Cisco RFGW-10 DS-48 and Cisco RFGW10-DS-384 line cards.

show cable linecard coreinfo

To copy the core file information from line card flash directory to the bootflash, use the **show cable linecard coreinfo** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show cable linecard coreinfo slot

Syntax Description	slot	Specifies the line card and TCC card slots. Valid line card range is from 3 to 12 and valid TCC card slots are 13 and 14.
Command Default	This command	has no default behavior or values.
Command Modes	Privileged EXE	C (#)
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(44)SQ	This command was introduced on the Cisco RF Gateway 10.
Examples		nded as a prefix and file creation time appended as a suffix to the core file information. example shows the core files from slot 3 being copied onto the bootflash:
	Directory of b	pootflash:/
	1 -rwx 3 -rw- 6 -rwx 7 -rw- 8 -rw- 9 -rw-	12535060 Apr 12 2007 19:10:18 +00:00 cat4000-i9s-mz.122-25.EWA8.bin 5737 Sep 13 2007 12:54:26 +00:00 np_rfgw_run_913.cfg 26904132 Oct 23 2007 05:27:07 +00:00 cat4500-entservices-mz 6576 Mar 11 2008 02:48:36 +00:00 temp-1.cfg 8070 Oct 5 2008 04:28:25 +00:00 np-startup1.cfg 236964 Oct 21 2008 23:54:48 +00:00 slogs1
	61341696 bytes	s total (9444684 bytes free)
		necard-3-flash: linecard-3-flash:/
	720958 -rw- 720986 -rwx 1704275 -rw- 2031738 -rw-	4047732 Sep 29 2008 12:40:49 +00:00 mv_app.lc 74 Sep 29 2008 12:48:37 +00:00 update 65536 Jan 1 1970 00:03:00 +00:00 mv_iu.core 232833 Oct 24 2008 19:31:32 +00:00 slog_latest

131273-rw-385309Nov 10200820:54:58+00:00slogs1.text1048865-rw-63617Nov 10200820:57:18+00:00slogs2.text327848-rw-385309Nov 10200820:54:58+00:00slogs1_boot.text458769-rw-63617Nov 10200820:57:18+00:00slogs2_boot.text196793-rw-20036Jan 1197000:00:14+00:00slogs1_boot.txt524465-rw-114208Dec 9200820:33:25+00:00slogs1			
8126464 bytes total (1719532 bytes free)			
Router# show cable linecard coreinfo 3 Copying core file linecard-3-flash:mv_video.core to bootflash:LC_3_mv_video.core_012935_6_Nov_2008			
Copying core file linecard-3-flash:mv_iu.core to bootflash:LC_3_mv_iu.core_000300_1_Jan_1970			
Router#dir bootflash:			
Directory of bootflash:/			
1 -rwx 12535060 Apr 12 2007 19:10:18 +00:00 cat4000-i9s-mz.122-25.EWA8.k	oin		
3 -rw- 5737 Sep 13 2007 12:54:26 +00:00 np_rfgw_run_913.cfg			
6 -rwx 26904132 Oct 23 2007 05:27:07 +00:00 cat4500-entservices-mz			
7 -rw- 6576 Mar 11 2008 02:48:36 +00:00 temp-1.cfg			
8 -rw- 8070 Oct 5 2008 04:28:25 +00:00 np-startup1.cfg			
9 -rw- 236964 Oct 21 2008 23:54:48 +00:00 slogs1			
21 -rw- 77824 Dec 9 2008 20:33:51 +00:00 LC_3_mv_video.core_012935_6_	Nov_2008		
22 -rw- 65536 Dec 9 2008 20:33:51 +00:00 LC_3_mv_iu.core_000300_1_Jar	_1970		

61341696 bytes total (9301068 bytes free)

Table 3-17 describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 3-17 show cable linecard coreinfo Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Copying core file line card	Shows the copying of the files to the bootflash directory.

Related Commands

Command	Description
show cable linecard	Displays the version information for a line card.
version	

show cable linecard cpuload

To display the CPU utilization information of the line card, use the **show cable linecard cpuload** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show cable linecard cpuload slot

Syntax Description	slot	Specifies the slot number of the line card. Valid range is from 3 to 12.
Command Default	This command has	no default behavior or values.
ommand Modes	Privileged EXEC (#)
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(44)SQ	This command was introduced on the Cisco RF Gateway 10.
Examples	_	nple shows the CPU information on line card 3: = linecard cpuload 3
	4444444444444	144444444444444444444444444444444444444
	100	
	90	
	80 70	
	60	
	50	
	40	
	30	
	20 10	
		12233455
	0	5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5
	CI	PU% per second (last 60 seconds)



CPU utilization for five seconds: 4%; one minute: 4%; five minutes: 4%

Table 3-18 describes the significant fields shown in the display.

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Table 3-18 show cable linecard cpuload Field Descriptions

Field	Description
	Displays the utilization of CPU in per second, per minute and per hour.

Related Commands

Command	Description
cable linecard reset	Resets the line card on the Cisco RF Gateway 10.

show cable linecard load-balancing-group

To display the load balancing groups created on the Cisco RFGW-10, use the **show cable line card load-balancing-group** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show cable linecard *slot* load-balancing-group

Syntax Description	slot	Line card slot on the Cisco RFGW-10. Valid range is from 3 to14.
Command Default	This command is disable	ed by default.
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (#)	
Command History	Release	Modification
	Cisco IOS-XE Release 3.2.0SQ	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	Use the show cable line Cisco RFGW-10.	card load-balancing group command to view the load balanced groups on the
Examples		lisplays the load balancing groups on line card slot 3 on the Cisco RFGW-10:
	Slot: 3 Load-b	palancing Group : 1 : 10000000 KBps : 1000000 KBps c QAM Based Sessions : 0 KBps
		QAM Based Sessions : 0 KBps
	Table 3-11 describes the	significant fields shown in the display.

Table 3-19 show cable linecard load-balancing-group Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Slot	Indicates the line card slot.
Load-balancing Group	Indicates the load balancing group.
Total Bandwidth	Indicates the total bandwidth.

Field	Description
Available Bandwidth	Indicates the available bandwidth.
Reserved Bandwidth for QAM Based Sessions	Indicates reserved bandwidth for QAM session.
Reserved Bandwidth for IP Based Sessions	Indicates reserved bandwidth for IP sessions.

Table 3-19 show cable linecard load-balancing-group Field Descriptions (continued)

Related Commands

Command	Description
cable downstream freq-profile	Configures the frequency profiles on the Cisco RFGW-10.

show cable linecard logical-qamid-mapping

To display the logical QAM group IDs and QAM carriers mapped to the RF profiles on the Cisco RFGW-10, use the **show cable linecard logical-qamid-mapping** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show cable linecard logical-qamid-mapping lc-slot

Syntax Description	lc-slot	Line card slot on the Cisco RFGW-10. Valid range is from 3 to 14.			
Command Default	Information on mapped QAM group IDs and QAM carriers are displayed.				
Command Modes					
Command History	Release	Modification			
	Cisco IOS-XE Releas 3.2.0SQ	se This command was introduced.			
Usage Guidelines	Use the show cable li groups and QAM carr	necard logical-qamid-mapping command to view the associated logical QAM ier information.			
	Logical QAM groups are internally associated to RF profiles when the RF profile configuration is assigned to the QAM interface.				
Examples	The following example displays the logical QAM IDs and carriers assigned to QAM interface 3 on the Cisco RFGW-10:				
	Router# show cable linecard logical-gamid-mapping 4				
	First Port Associated off off Second Port off	<pre>ID : Remote-RF-Profile-14 : Qam-red4/1 Qam Carrier ids: set 0 - carrier-id 1 - Qam-red4/1.1 set 1 - carrier-id 2 - Qam-red4/1.2 : Qam-red4/2 set 4 - carrier-id 49 - Qam-red4/2.1</pre>			
	Slot: 4, Logical QA RF Profile First Port Associated off off Second Port off off	<pre>ID : Remote-RF-Profile-14 : Qam-red4/3 Qam Carrier ids: set 0 - carrier-id 97 - Qam-red4/3.1 set 1 - carrier-id 98 - Qam-red4/3.2 : Qam-red4/4 set 4 - carrier-id 145 - Qam-red4/4.1 set 5 - carrier-id 146 - Qam-red4/4.2</pre>			
	Slot: 4, Logical QA	M Group ID 33:			

Table 3-11describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 3-20 show cable linecard logical-qamid-mapping Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Slot	Indicates the line card slot.
Logical QAM ID	Indicates the QAM ID.
RF Profile ID	Indicates RF profile ID associated to the logical QAM.
Annex	Indicates annex mode set to the RF profile.
First Port	Indicates the port of the QAM interface.
Associated Qam Carrier IDs	Indicates the QAM carriers associated with the RF profile.
Offset	Indicates the QAM offset within that group for the carrier.
Carrier ID	Indicates the QAM carrier ID.

Related Commands

Command	Description
cable downstream rf-profile	Configures the RF profiles on the Cisco RFGW-10.
cable downstream lqam-group	Creates a logical qam group on the Cisco RFGW-10.

show cable linecard logs

To display the system log information of the line card at bootup, use the **show cable linecard logs** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show cable linecard logs slot {all | slogs1 | slogs1-boot | slogs2 | slogs2-boot}

tion	slot	Specifies the	line card slot. Valid range is from 3 to 12.
	all	Displays log	information of all line cards on the chassis.
	slogs1	Displays log	information of latest system log 1 file.
	slogs1-boot	Displays log	information of latest system log 1 file at boot up.
	slogs2	Displays log	information of latest system log 2 file.
	slogs2-boot	Displays log	information of latest system log 2 file at boot up.
ult	This command has n	default behavior	or values.
es	Privileged EXEC (#)		
History			
ory	Release	Modification	
ory Ies	12.2(44)SQ	This comman	nd was introduced on the Cisco RF Gateway 10.
-	12.2(44)SQ The command may r	This comman	
-	12.2(44)SQ The command may r The following examp Router# show cable	This comman esult in a lengthy of le shows the log in inecard logs 3 a	output, if all option is used. nformation for all line cards on the chassis: all
-	12.2(44)SQ The command may r The following examp Router# show cable More linecard-3-fl	This comman esult in a lengthy of le shows the log in inecard logs 3 a ish:slogs1.txt .	output, if all option is used. nformation for all line cards on the chassis: all
-	12.2(44)SQ The command may r The following examp Router# show cable More linecard-3-fl	This comman esult in a lengthy of le shows the log if inecard logs 3 ish:slogs1.txt . w Major Minor A	output, if all option is used. nformation for all line cards on the chassis: all
-	12.2(44)SQThe command may rThe following exampRouter#show cableMore linecard-3-flTimeSJan 01 00:00:11Jan 01 00:00:11	This comman esult in a lengthy of le shows the log if inecard logs 3 a sh:slogs1.txt . w Major Minor An 6 10000 0 r 6 10000 0 r	output, if all option is used. nformation for all line cards on the chassis: all rgs oot >> process is up (restart max 3 times) oot >> guardian 94217 waiting on source 94216
-	12.2(44)SQThe command may rThe following exampRouter#show cableMore linecard-3-flTimeSJan 01 00:00:11Jan 01 00:00:11Jan 01 00:00:11Jan 01 00:00:11	This comman esult in a lengthy of le shows the log if inecard logs 3 a sh:slogs1.txt . w Major Minor An 6 10000 0 r 6 10000 0 r	output, if all option is used. nformation for all line cards on the chassis: all rgs oot >> process is up (restart max 3 times)
-	12.2(44)SQThe command may rThe following exampRouter#show cableMore linecard-3-flTimeSJan 01 00:00:11Jan 01 00:00:11	This comman esult in a lengthy of le shows the log if inecard logs 3 a sh:slogs1.txt . W Major Minor A 6 10000 0 r 6 10000 0 r	<pre>putput, if all option is used. nformation for all line cards on the chassis: all rgs oot >> process is up (restart max 3 times) oot >> guardian 94217 waiting on source 94216 oot >> thread [tid: 2] child_monitor awaiting</pre>
-	12.2(44)SQThe command may rThe following exampRouter#show cableMore linecard-3-flTimeSJan 01 00:00:11Jan 01 00:00:11Jan 01 00:00:11Jan 01 00:00:11Jan 01 00:00:11Signal	This comman esult in a lengthy of le shows the log if inecard logs 3 a sh:slogs1.txt . W Major Minor At 6 10000 0 r 6 10000 0 r 6 10000 0 r	<pre>putput, if all option is used. nformation for all line cards on the chassis: all rgs oot >> process is up (restart max 3 times) oot >> guardian 94217 waiting on source 94216 oot >> thread [tid: 2] child_monitor awaiting oot >> thread [tid: 3] daemon_monitor awaiting</pre>
-	12.2(44)SQThe command may rRouter#show cableMore linecard-3-flTimeSJan 01 00:00:11Jan 01 00:00:11Jan 01 00:00:11signalJan 01 00:00:11eventJan 01 00:00:11	This comman esult in a lengthy of le shows the log if inecard logs 3 a sh:slogs1.txt . W Major Minor Ar 6 10000 0 r 6 10000 0 r 6 10000 0 r 6 10000 0 r 6 10000 0 A	<pre>putput, if all option is used. nformation for all line cards on the chassis: all rgs oot >> process is up (restart max 3 times) oot >> guardian 94217 waiting on source 94216 oot >> thread [tid: 2] child_monitor awaiting oot >> thread [tid: 3] daemon_monitor awaiting ctive SUP: slot 1, mac 02000000100</pre>
-	12.2(44)SQThe command may rRouter#show cableMore linecard-3-flTimeSJan 01 00:00:11Jan 01 00:00:11Jan 01 00:00:11signalJan 01 00:00:11eventJan 01 00:00:11Jan 01 00:00:11	This comman sult in a lengthy of Isheshows the log if inecard logs 3 inecard logs 3 ish:slogs1.txt . w Major Minor Ai 6 10000 0 6 10000 0 6 10000 0 6 10000 0 6 10000 0 7 14	<pre>putput, if all option is used. nformation for all line cards on the chassis: all rgs oot >> process is up (restart max 3 times) oot >> guardian 94217 waiting on source 94216 oot >> thread [tid: 2] child_monitor awaiting oot >> thread [tid: 3] daemon_monitor awaiting ctive SUP: slot 1, mac 02000000100 cpip starting</pre>
-	12.2(44)SQThe command may rRouter#show cableMore linecard-3-flTimeSJan 01 00:00:11Jan 01 00:00:11Jan 01 00:00:11signalJan 01 00:00:11eventJan 01 00:00:11	This comman sult in a lengthy of Isheshows the log if inecard logs 3 inecard logs 3 ish:slogs1.txt . w Major Minor Ai 6 10000 0 6 10000 0 6 10000 0 6 10000 0 6 10000 0 7 14	<pre>putput, if all option is used. nformation for all line cards on the chassis: all rgs oot >> process is up (restart max 3 times) oot >> guardian 94217 waiting on source 94216 oot >> thread [tid: 2] child_monitor awaiting oot >> thread [tid: 3] daemon_monitor awaiting ctive SUP: slot 1, mac 02000000100</pre>
-	12.2(44)SQThe command may rRouter#show cableMore linecard-3-flTimeSJan 01 00:00:11Jan 01 00:00:11Jan 01 00:00:11signalJan 01 00:00:11eventJan 01 00:00:11Jan 01 00:00:11Jan 01 00:00:11	This comman soult in a lengthy of le shows the log if inecard logs 3 a ish:slogs1.txt . w Major Minor Ar 6 10000 0 r 6 10000 0 r	<pre>putput, if all option is used. nformation for all line cards on the chassis: all rgs oot >> process is up (restart max 3 times) oot >> guardian 94217 waiting on source 94216 oot >> thread [tid: 2] child_monitor awaiting oot >> thread [tid: 3] daemon_monitor awaiting ctive SUP: slot 1, mac 02000000100 cpip starting</pre>
-	12.2(44)SQThe command may rRouter#show cableMore linecard-3-flTimeSJan 01 00:00:11Jan 01 00:00:11Jan 01 00:00:11signalJan 01 00:00:11eventJan 01 00:00:11Jan 01 00:00:11	This comman sult in a lengthy of le shows the log if inecard logs 3 inecard logs 3 sh:slogs1.txt . w Major Minor Ar 6 10000 0 6 10000 0 6 10000 0 6 10000 0 6 10000 0 7 14 0 6 10000 0 7 14 0 6 10000 0 7 14 0 6 10000 0	<pre>putput, if all option is used. nformation for all line cards on the chassis: all rgs oot >> process is up (restart max 3 times) oot >> guardian 94217 waiting on source 94216 oot >> thread [tid: 2] child_monitor awaiting oot >> thread [tid: 3] daemon_monitor awaiting ctive SUP: slot 1, mac 02000000100 cpip starting sing pseudo random generator. See "random" op</pre>

```
Jan 01 00:00:13
                  6 10000
                              0 NPM: Cell 2, EndPt 0
Jan 01 00:00:13
                 6 10000
                              0 NPM: Start resmgr: No error
Jan 01 00:00:13
                6 10000
                              0 NCM: init
Jan 01 00:00:13 6 10000
                              0 NCM: Cell 1, EndPt 0
Jan 01 00:00:13
                 6 10000
                              0 NPM: Advert: en0, mac 02:00:00:00:03:00, mtu 15
14, cell 1, endPt 0, iface 0
Jan 01 00:00:13 6 10000
                              0 NCM: Module started
Jan 01 00:00:13
                 6 10000
                              0 NCM: Start resmgr: No error
Jan 01 00:00:13
                 6 10000
                              0 NCM: ncm_cipc_en: IPC master mac 02:00:00:00:01
:00
More linecard-3-flash:slogs2.txt ...
%Error opening linecard-3-flash:slogs2.txt (No such file or directory)
More linecard-3-flash:slogs1_boot.txt ...
Time
               Sev Major Minor Args
                6 10000
Jan 01 00:00:11
                              0 root >> process is up (restart max 3 times)
Jan 01 00:00:11
                  6 10000
                              0 root >> guardian 94217 waiting on source 94216
Jan 01 00:00:11
                  6 10000
                              0 root >> thread [tid: 2] child_monitor awaiting
signal
Jan 01 00:00:11
                  6 10000
                              0 root >> thread [tid: 3] daemon_monitor awaiting
 event
Jan 01 00:00:11
                  6 10000
                              0 Active SUP: slot 1, mac 02000000100
Jan 01 00:00:11
                  5 14
                              0 tcpip starting
Jan 01 00:00:11
                  3
                       14
                              0 Using pseudo random generator. See "random" op
tion
Jan 01 00:00:11
                 6 10000
                              0 NPM: init
Jan 01 00:00:11
                  6 10000
                              0 NPM: options seat_id=0x02030000
Jan 01 00:00:11
                  6 10000
                              0 NPM: Seat ID 2030000
Jan 01 00:00:11
                 6 10000
                              0 NPM: Cell 2, EndPt 0
Jan 01 00:00:11
                6 10000
                             0 NPM: Start resmgr: No error
Jan 01 00:00:13 6 10000
                             0 NCM: init
Jan 01 00:00:13 6 10000
                              0 NCM: Cell 1, EndPt 0
Jan 01 00:00:13
                  6 10000
                              0 NPM: Advert: en0, mac 02:00:00:03:00, mtu 15
14, cell 1, endPt 0, iface 0
Jan 01 00:00:13 6 10000
                              0 NCM: Module started
Jan 01 00:00:13
                  6 10000
                              0 NCM: Start resmgr: No error
Jan 01 00:00:13
                  6 10000
                              0 NCM: ncm_cipc_en: IPC master mac 02:00:00:00:01
:00
```

```
More linecard-3-flash:slogs2_boot.txt ...
```

Table 3-21 describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Field	Description
Time	Displays the time during which the log was recorded.
Sev	Indicates the severity of the issue logged.
Major Minor Args	Displays a short description of the issue.

Table 3-21show cable linecard logs Field Descriptions

Related Commands

Command	Description
show cable linecard	Displays the version information for a line card.
version	

show cable linecard process

To display all the processes running on the line card, use the **show cable linecard process** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show cable linecard process slot

Syntax Description	<i>slot</i> Specifies the slot on the Cisco RF Gateway 10. Valid range is from 3 to				
Command Default	This command has no default behavior or values.				
ommand Modes	Privileged EXEC (#)				
Command History	Release		Modification	1	
-	12.2(44	4)SQ	This comma	nd was introduced on the Cisco RF Gateway 10.	
	Router#show cable linecard process 3				
			start		
	pid =====	name	counter		
	45066	io-net	1	Registered,Launched	
	81934	—	1	Registered, Launched	
	81935 81936	<pre>ipc_ping_server rfs</pre>	1 1	Registered,Launched Registered,Launched	
	81937	mv_cpuload	1	Registered, Launched	
	81938	mv_lcinfo	1	Registered, Launched	
	81939	mv_lcred	1	Registered,Launched	
	81940	mv_hw_ctrl	1	Registered, Launched	
	81941 81942	mv_tsec_ctrl	1 1	Registered, Launched	
	81942 81943	mv_depi mv_video	1	Registered,Launched Registered,Launched	
	Total number of processes: 11				
	Table 3-22 describes the significant fields shown in the display. Table 3-22 show cable linecard process Field Descriptions				
	Field			Description	
	pid			Displays the program identifier.	
	name			Displays the name of the process.	

start counter

state

Displays how many times a process has been launched.

Displays the state of the process.

Related Commands	Command Description	
	show cable linecard cpuload	Displays the CPU utilization information on the line card.

show cable linecard version

To display image version information of the line card, use the **show cable linecard version** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show cable linecard version *slot*

Syntax Description	slot	Specifies the line card on the Cisco RF Gateway 10. Valid range is from 3 to 14.			
Command Default	This command ha	s no default behavior or values.			
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC	(#)			
Usage Guidelines	Software, hardwar line card.	re version information, and programmed flash image information are displayed for the			
Command History	Release	Modification			
	12.2(44)SQ	This command was introduced on the Cisco RF Gateway 10.			
Examples	The following example shows the sample output of the show cable line card version command on a Cisco RF Gateway 10:				
	Router#show cable linecard version 4				
	Application Upgrade Version: 12.2(20100116.00032134): MV_APP_00000011_20100116-0 0032645 Application Permanent Version: MV_APP_00000011_20081112-00144210 Rommon Version: 12.2(12.2.394): MV_ROM_00000012_20081111-00141240 Board rev ID: 0x0000000A				
	Discus Image version: MV_DIS_00000013_20080603-00151016 Discus FPGA 1st rev ID: 0x00420042 Discus FPGA 2nd rev ID: 0x00420042				
	Cobia Image version: MV_COB_00000014_20080807-00112745 Cobia FPGA 1st rev ID: 0x02560029 Cobia FPGA 2nd rev ID: 0x00230276				
	Yellowfin Image version: MV_YEL_00000015_20090319-00124021 Yellowfin FPGA 1st rev ID: 0x02260025 Yellowfin FPGA 2nd rev ID: 0x00240277				
	Zimmer module: (Cisco S/ Cisco Pa				
```
Cisco Mfg Dev:
        OEM Name: Vecima Networks Inc
        OEM Serial Number: 2469876
        OEM Part Number: 00020000
        OEM HW Rev: 2
        Mfg Test Software Version: S1.0.94.0
        Production Status:
        UI Version 3885
Zimmer module: 1
        Cisco S/N:
        Cisco Part Number:
        Cisco PN Number:
        Cisco Mfg Dev:
        OEM Name: Vecima Networks Inc
        OEM Serial Number: 2469846
        OEM Part Number: 00020000
        OEM HW Rev: 2
        Mfg Test Software Version: S1.0.81.0
        Production Status:
        UI Version 3885
Zimmer module: 2
       Cisco S/N:
        Cisco Part Number:
        Cisco PN Number:
        Cisco Mfg Dev:
        OEM Name: Vecima Networks Inc
        OEM Serial Number: 2469854
        OEM Part Number: 00020000
        OEM HW Rev: 2
        Mfg Test Software Version: S1.0.84.0
        Production Status:
        UI Version 3885
```

Table 3-23 describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 3-23show cable linecard version Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Rommon version	Displays the ROMMON version.

Related Commands	Command	Description		
	show cable linecard cpuload	Displays the CPU utilization information.		
	show cable linecard process	Displays the processes running on the line card.		

show cable midplane ping statistics

To display the midplane ping statistics on the Cisco RFGW-10, use the **show cable midplane ping statistics** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show cable midplane ping statistics {all | slot lc_slot}

	all Displays the midplane ping statistics of all line cards.					
	slot	Displays the midplane ping statistics of a line card slot.				
	Ic_slot Line card slot. The valid range is from 3 to 12.					
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (#	#)				
Command History	Release	Modification				
	12.2(50)SQ4	This command was introduced.				
Usage Guidelines		It and pings received counters are cumulative. The downstream traffic functions g received counter increments,				
	• •	ssible that the ping failed counter may display a non-zero value, though the functions normally.				
Examples	downstream traffic The following exam displays the midpla					

Table 3-24 describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 3-24	show cable midplane ping statistics all Field Descriptions
------------	--

	Field	Description		
	Slot	Line card slot.		
	Port	Internal Gigabit Ethernet interface on the line card.		
	Pings sent	Number of midplane pings sent by the line card.		
	Pings received	Number of midplane pings received by the Supervisor.		
	Pings failed	Number of midplane pings lost between the line card and the Supervisor.		
Related Commands	Command	Description		
	cable midplane ping	Configures the midplane pings between the line card and the Supervisor of the Cisco RFGW-10.		
	clear cable midplane ping statistics	Clears the midplane ping statistics on the Cisco RFGW-10.		

show cable qam-partition

To display the QAM partition information on the line card, use the **show cable qam-partition** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show cable qam-partition {all | {partition-id | default} {qam | route | sessions} | protocol {ermi | gqi}

Syntax Description	partition-id	QAM partition ID. The valid range is from 1 to 50.				
	all	Displays all QAM partitions configured on the line card.				
	defaultDisplays the default QAM partitions.qamDisplays the QAM channels on QAM partition.routeDisplays the input route used for the QAM partition.					
	session Displays the video sessions on the QAM partition.					
	protocol	Displays QAM partitions using the same protocol				
	ermi	Displays QAM paritions used by the ERMI procol.				
	qam	Displays QAM paritions used by the GQI procol.				
Command Default	This command is enable	d by default.				
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (#)					
	Privileged EXEC (#)	Modification				
Command History	Release Cisco IOS-XE Release 3.3.0SQ	Modification				
Command Modes Command History Examples	Release Cisco IOS-XE Release 3.3.0SQ	Modification This command was introduced. ne QAM partition information for partition ID 3 on the line card:				

Server	Stat	ce	
10.78.179.150 dis		connected	-
QAM	ID	Logical QAM ID	External Channel ID
3/1.1 3/1.2 3/1.3 3/1.4 3/1.5	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21
3/1.22 3/1.23 3/1.24 3/1.25	22 23 24 25	21 22 23 24	22 23 24 25

!

Table 3-25 describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 3-25show cable qam-partition Field Descriptions

Field	Description
QAM partition	QAM partition ID
Management IP address	Management IP address configured on the QAM partition.
State	State of the QAM partition.
Protocol	Protocol used on the QAM partition.
Keepalive Timout Period	Keeplive time period in seconds
Number of retry	Number of connection retries.
MAC address	Cisco RFGW-10 MAC address in a GQI specific QAM partition.
Reset Timeout Period	Reset time period in seconds.
Server	Server IP address.
State	State of the video server.
Total QAM carriers	No of carriers on the QAM partition.
QAM interface	QAM interface associated with the QAM partition.
Carrier ID	QAM channel.

Field	Description
Logical QAM ID	Logical QAM ID.
External channel ID	External channel number for GQI protocol QAM partition.

Table 3-25	show cable gam-partition Field Descriptions (continued)	1
	show cable gam-partition rield Descriptions (continued)	

This example displays the default QAM partition information for QAM channels on the line card:

```
Router# show cable gam-partition default gam
```

QAM	ion : 0 carriers : Carrier ID	Logical
3/3.1	65	64
3/3.2	66	65
3/3.3	67	66
3/3.4	68	67
3/3.5	69	68
3/3.6	70	69
3/3.7	71	70
3/3.8	72	71
3/3.9	73	72
3/3.10	74	73
3/3.11	75	74
3/3.12	76	75
3/3.13	77	76
3/3.14	78	77
3/3.15	79	78
3/3.16	80	79
3/3.17	81	80
3/3.18	82	81

This example displays the default QAM partition information for input routes used by the QAM partition:

Router# show cable qam-partition default route

QAM Partition : 0 Total Routes : 4								
Slot	LBG	Destination	Low	High	Reserved	Bandwidth	Ingress	Numbe
Id s	Id	IP	UDP	UDP	Bandwdith	In-Use	Port	Sessi
3	1	30.0.3.10	1	49260	1000000	3300	0	2
3	2	1.21.1.2	1	49260	1000000	0	0	0
3	2	40.0.1.10	1	65535	1000000	3300	0	2
7	1	192.168.11.2	1	65535	112500	0	0	0

Table 3-26 describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 3-26	show cable qam-partition default route Field Descriptions
------------	---

Field	Description
QAM Partition	Default QAM partition ID.
Total Routes	Routes used by the QAM partition.
Slot ID	Slot on the line card.
LBG ID	Load balancing group ID.
Low UDP	Low UDP value.
High UDP	Hig UDP value.
Reserved Bandwidth	Total bandwidth value.
Bandwidth In-Use	Used bandwidth value.
Ingress Port	Ingress port used by the QAM partition.
Number of Sessions	Total number of video sessions on the QAM partition.

This example displays the default QAM partition information for video sessions used by the QAM partition:

```
Router# show cable qam-partition default sessions
QAM Partition : default
```

Total	QAM carrie	rs : 34		
Slot	Carrier	QAM	Session	Session
Id	Id	Port	Id	Туре
3	65	3/3.1	205586432	VIDEO
3	65	3/3.1	205586433	VIDEO
3	66	3/3.2	205651971	VIDEO
3	66	3/3.2	205651972	VIDEO

This example displays the default QAM partition information for ERMI protocol used by the QAM partition:

Router# show cable qam-partition protocol ermi

```
QAM Partition : 1

Management IP address: 10.78.179.167

State : active

Protocol : ermi

Keepalive Timeout Period : 5 seconds

Number of Retry : 3

ERRP Addr Domain : 0

ERRP Hold Time : 90 Seconds

ERRP Connect Time : 10 Seconds

ERRP Connect Retry : 0

ERRP Keepalive Time : 0 Seconds

ERRP Keepalive Retry : 0
```

```
Server State
10.78.179.170 disconnected
Total QAM carriers : 0
```

Table 3-27 describes the significant fields shown in the display.

 Table 3-27
 show cable qam-partition protocol ermi Field Descriptions

Field	Descriptions
ERRP Hold Time	Hold time in seconds.
ERRP Connect Time	Connection time in seconds.
ERRP Connect Retry	Connection retry interval.
ERRP Keepalive Time	Keepalive time interval in seconds.
ERRP Keepalive Retry	Keepalive retry interval.
RTSP Connect Time	Connection time in seconds.
RTSP Connect Retry	Connection retry interval.
RTSP Keepalive Time	Keepalive time interval in seconds.
RTSP Keepalive Retry	Keepalive retry interval.
RTSP Session Timeout	Session timeout interval.

This example displays the default QAM partition information for GQI protocol used by the QAM partition:

Router# show cable gam-partition protocol ggi

QAM Partition : 2 Management IP address: 10.78.179.185 State : active Protocol : gqi Keepalive Timeout Period : 5 seconds Number of Retry : 3 SDV Bindings Service : Not Available MAC Address : 30e4.db04.8dc1 Reset Timeout Period : 5 seconds

Server State

10.78.179.170 connected

Total QAM	carriers :	32	
QAM	Carrier	Logical	External
Interface	ID	QAM ID	Channel ID
3/2.1	33	32	1
3/2.2	34	33	2
3/2.3	35	34	3
3/2.4	36	35	4
3/2.5	37	36	5

This example displays the default QAM partition information for all QAM partitions:

```
Router# show cable gam-partition all
```

```
QAM Partition : 1
Management IP address: 10.78.179.167
State :
           active
Protocol : ermi
Keepalive Timeout Period : 5 seconds
Number of Retry : 3
ERRP Addr Domain : 0
ERRP Hold Time : 90 Seconds
ERRP Connect Time : 10 Seconds
EKRP Connect Time : 10 Seconds
ERRP Connect Retry : 0
ERRP Keepalive Time : 0 Seconds
ERRP Keepalive Retry : 0
RTSP Connect Time : 200 Seconds
RTSP Connect Retry : 0
RTSP Keepalive Time : 10 Seconds
RTSP Keepalive Retry : 0
RTSP Session Timeout : 10800 Seconds
Server
              State
_____
10.78.179.170 disconnected
Total QAM carriers : 0
Total Routes: 1
Slot LBG Destination
                         Low High Reserved Bandwidth Ingress Numb
    Id IP
Тđ
                           UDP
                                  UDP
                                        Bandwdith In-Use
                                                             Port
                                                                      Sess
S
_____
    1 1.1.1.1 1
                                65535 21 0
3
                                                           0
                                                                      0
OAM Partition : 2
Management IP address: 10.78.179.185
State :
             active
Protocol : gqi
Keepalive Timeout Period : 5 seconds
Number of Retry : 3
SDV Bindings Service : Not Available
MAC Address : 30e4.db04.8dc1
Reset Timeout Period : 5 seconds
Server
                State
_____
10.78.179.170 connected
Total QAM carriers : 32
QAM Carrier Logical External
Interface ID
                   QAM ID Channel ID
_____

      3/2.1
      33
      32

      3/2.2
      34
      33

      3/2.3
      35
      34

      3/2.4
      36
      35

      3/2.5
      37
      36

      3/2.6
      38
      37

                               1
                               2
                               3
                               4
                              5
                              6
```

3/2.7	39	38	7
3/2.8	40	39	8
3/2.9	41	40	9
3/2.10	42	41	10
3/2.11	43	42	11
3/2.12	44	43	12
3/2.13	45	44	13
3/2.14	46	45	14
3/2.15	47	46	15
3/2.16	48	47	16
3/2.17	49	48	17
3/2.18	50	49	18
3/2.19	51	50	19
3/2.20	52	51	20
3/2.21	53	52	21
3/2.22	54	53	22
3/2.23	55	54	23
3/2.24	56	55	24
3/2.25	57	56	25
3/2.26	58	57	26
3/2.27	59	58	27
3/2.28	60	59	28
3/2.29	61	60	29
3/2.30	62	61	30
3/2.31	63	62	31
3/2.32	64	63	32

Total Routes: 0 QAM Partition : 3 Management IP address: 10.78.179.187 State : active Protocol : gqi Keepalive Timeout Period : 5 seconds Number of Retry : 3 SDV Bindings Service : Not Available MAC Address : 30e4.db04.8dc0 Reset Timeout Period : 5 seconds

Total QAM ca QAM C Interface I	Carrier	Logical	
3/1.1 1		0	1
3/1.2 2	2	1	2
3/1.3 3	3	2	3
3/1.4 4	L	3	4
3/1.5 5	5	4	5
3/1.6 6	5	5	б
3/1.7 7	7	6	7
3/1.8 8	3	7	8
3/1.9 9)	8	9
3/1.10 1	0	9	10
3/1.11 1	.1	10	11
3/1.12 1	2	11	12
3/1.13 1	3	12	13
3/1.14 1	4	13	14
3/1.15 1	5	14	15
3/1.16 1	6	15	16
3/1.17 1	7	16	17

3/1.18 18 17

3/1.19	19	18		19				
3/1.20	20	19		20				
3/1.21	21	20		21				
3/1.22	22	21		22				
3/1.23	23	22		23				
3/1.24	24	23		24				
3/1.25	25	24		25				
3/1.26	26	25		26				
3/1.27	27	26		27				
3/1.28	28	27		28				
3/1.29	29	28		29				
3/1.30	30	29		30				
3/1.31	31	30		31				
3/1.32	32	31		32				
3/5.1	129	128		33				
3/5.2	130	129		34				
Total Rou	ites: 3							
Slot LBC	G Destin	ation	Low	High	Reserved	Bandwidth	Ingress	Numb
Id Id	IP		UDP	UDP	Bandwdith	In-Use	Port	Sess
S								

18

	1	0 0 0 0	0	0	2.4	0	2.0	0
3	T	0.0.0.0	0	0	34	0	20	0
3	1	10.1.1.1	1	65535	21	0	10	0
3	1	30.0.3.10	49261	65535	1000000	0	1	0

QAM Partition : 4 Management IP address: 10.78.179.184 State : active Protocol : gqi Keepalive Timeout Period : 5 seconds Number of Retry : 3 SDV Bindings Service : Not Available MAC Address : 30e4.db04.8dc2 Reset Timeout Period : 5 seconds

Server State -----10.78.179.150 disconnected

Related Commands

Command	Description
cable partition	Associates the QAM partition to the QAM interface.
cable qam-partition	Creates a QAM partition for the video server on the Cisco RFGW-10 DS-384 line card.

show cable qam-replication-group

To display the QAM Replication Group (QRG) information on the line card, use the **show cable qam-replication-group** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show cable qam-replication-group {*qam-replication-group-id* | **all** | **slot** *slot-id*}

yntax Description	qam-replication-group- id	Specifies the QRG group ID. The valid range is from 1 to 3840.
	all	Displays all QRGs configured on the line card.
	slot slot-id	Specifies a slot on the line card.
ommand Default	This command is enable	d by default.
ommand Modes	Privileged EXEC (#)	
command History	Release	Modification
	Cisco IOS-XE Release	This command was introduced.
xamples		displays QRG information for group ID 3 on the line card: m-replication-group 10
xamples	The following example of Router# show cable qa QRG Pilot Qam	
xamples	The following example of Router# show cable qan QRG Pilot Qam 10 3/1.2 The following example of	m-replication-group 10 Replicate Qams 3/6.2, 3/8.2, 3/7.2 displays QRG information for slot 8:
xamples	The following example of Router# show cable gas QRG Pilot Qam 	m-replication-group 10 Replicate Qams 3/6.2, 3/8.2, 3/7.2 displays QRG information for slot 8: m-replication-group slot 8 plicate Qams
xamples	The following example of Router# show cable qan QRG Pilot Qam 10 3/1.2 The following example of Router# show cable qan QRG Pilot Qam Rep 3 8/1.1 8/2	m-replication-group 10 Replicate Qams 3/6.2, 3/8.2, 3/7.2 displays QRG information for slot 8: m-replication-group slot 8
xamples	The following example of Router# show cable gas QRG Pilot Qam 10 3/1.2 The following example of Router# show cable gas QRG Pilot Qam Reg 3 8/1.1 8/1 4 8/1.2 8/1 The following example of	m-replication-group 10 Replicate Qams 3/6.2, 3/8.2, 3/7.2 displays QRG information for slot 8: m-replication-group slot 8 plicate Qams 2.1, 8/3.1 2.2, 8/3.2 displays QRG information for all line cards:
xamples	The following example of Router# show cable gas QRG Pilot Qam 10 3/1.2 The following example of Router# show cable gas QRG Pilot Qam Reg 3 8/1.1 8/1 4 8/1.2 8/1 The following example of Router# show cable gas	m-replication-group 10 Replicate Qams 3/6.2, 3/8.2, 3/7.2 displays QRG information for slot 8: m-replication-group slot 8 plicate Qams 2.1, 8/3.1 2.2, 8/3.2 displays QRG information for all line cards: m-replication-group all
xamples	The following example of Router# show cable gas QRG Pilot Qam 10 3/1.2 The following example of Router# show cable gas QRG Pilot Qam Reg 3 8/1.1 8/1 4 8/1.2 8/1 The following example of	m-replication-group 10 Replicate Qams 3/6.2, 3/8.2, 3/7.2 displays QRG information for slot 8: m-replication-group slot 8 plicate Qams 2.1, 8/3.1 2.2, 8/3.2 displays QRG information for all line cards: m-replication-group all
xamples	The following example of Router# show cable qat QRG Pilot Qam 10 3/1.2 The following example of Router# show cable qat QRG Pilot Qam Router# show cable qat QRG Pilot Qam Router# show cable qat 3 8/1.1 4 8/1.2 8/1.1 8/2 1 3/1.1	<pre>m-replication-group 10 Replicate Qams 3/6.2, 3/8.2, 3/7.2 displays QRG information for slot 8: m-replication-group slot 8 plicate Qams 2.1, 8/3.1 2.2, 8/3.2 displays QRG information for all line cards: m-replication-group all m Replicate Qams 3/6.1, 3/7.1, 3/8.1</pre>
xamples	The following example of Router# show cable qat QRG Pilot Qam 10 3/1.2 The following example of Router# show cable qat QRG Pilot Qam Router# show cable qat QRG Pilot Qam Router# show cable qat 3 8/1.1 4 8/1.2 8/1.1 8/2 1 3/1.1 3 8/1.1	<pre>m-replication-group 10 Replicate Qams 3/6.2, 3/8.2, 3/7.2 displays QRG information for slot 8: m-replication-group slot 8 plicate Qams 2.1, 8/3.1 2.2, 8/3.2 displays QRG information for all line cards: m-replication-group all m Replicate Qams 3/6.1, 3/7.1, 3/8.1 8/2.1, 8/3.1</pre>
xamples	The following example of Router# show cable qat QRG Pilot Qam 10 3/1.2 The following example of Router# show cable qat QRG Pilot Qam Router# show cable qat QRG Pilot Qam Router# show cable qat 3 8/1.1 4 8/1.2 8/1.1 8/2 1 3/1.1	<pre>m-replication-group 10 Replicate Qams 3/6.2, 3/8.2, 3/7.2 displays QRG information for slot 8: m-replication-group slot 8 plicate Qams 2.1, 8/3.1 2.2, 8/3.2 displays QRG information for all line cards: m-replication-group all m Replicate Qams 3/6.1, 3/7.1, 3/8.1</pre>

Table 3-25 describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Field	Description		
QRG	QAM replication group number.		
Pilot Qam	Pilot Qam information.		
Replicate Qams	Replicate Qam information.		

Related Commands	Command	Description
	cable qam-replication-grou	Configures QAM Replication Group.
	p	

show cable rf-profile

To display RF profiles created on the Cisco RFGW-10, use the **show cable rf-profile** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show cable rf-profile [all | profile-id]

Syntax Description	all	Displays information of all the RF profiles on the Cisco RFGW-10.
	profile-id	RF profile ID applied to the QAM channel on the line card.
Command Default	Information on configur	ed RF profiles are displayed.
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (#)	
Command History	Release	Modification
	Cisco IOS-XE Release 3.2.0SQ	This command was introduced.
Command History	Cisco IOS-XE Release	

Examples The following example displays the RF profiles configured on the Cisco RFGW-10: Router# show cable rf-profile RF Profile ID default-rf-profile is configured annex: B modulation: 64 interleaver-depth options: I32-J4, I32-J4 srate: 5056941 remote: 0 RF Profile ID line 1 is configured annex: A modulation: 64 interleaver-depth options: I12-J17, I12-J17 srate: 3500000 remote: 0 RF Profile ID line 10 is configured annex: A modulation: 256 interleaver-depth options: I12-J17, I12-J17 srate: 3500000 remote: 0

Table 3-11 describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 3-29 show cable rf-profile Field Descriptions

Field	Description
RF Profile ID	Indicates the RF profile ID.
annex	Indicates the annex for the RF downstream channel.
modulation	Indicates the modulation level of the QAM.
Interleaver-depth options	Indicates the frequency interleaver depth on the QAM.
srate	Indicates the symbol rate configured on the QAM.
remote	Indicates the RF profile is remote.

Related Commands

Command	Description
cable downstream	Configures the RF profiles on the Cisco RFGW-10.
rf-profile	

show cable service group

To display the service group information, use the **show cable service-group** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show cable service-group {brief | detail } {all | name }

Syntax Description	brief	plays summarized information about the service group.				
	detail	Displays detailed information about the service group.				
	all	Displays information about the all service group configured on the Cisco RFGW-10.				
	name	Displays information about the a particular service group.				
Command Default	This command has no de	fault behavior or defaults.				
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (#)					
Command History	Release	Modification				
	Cisco IOS-XE Release 3.3.0SQ	This command was introduced.				
Examples	The following example shows a summary of all the cable service groups configured on the Cisco RFGW-10:					
	Router# show cable service-group brief all					
	Service Group : servic QAM Group	cegroup1 QAM Carriers				
	qamgroup1 qamgroup2	4 3				
	Service Group : servic QAM Group	QAM Carriers				
	qamgroup30qamgroup40					
	Total Qam Service Groups: 2					
	The following example shows output of the show cable service-group brief name command:					
	Router# show cable service-group brief name servicegroup1					
	QAM Service Group : servicegroup1					
	QAM Group	QAM Carriers				
	qamgroup1	4				

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qamgroup2

3

The following example shows output of the **show cable service-group detail name** command: Router# **show cable service-group detail name servicegroup1**

```
Service Group : servicegroup1
 Qam Group : qamgroup1
 Slot Carrier ID Qam Group
 3
     1
          qamgroup1
             qamgroup1
 3
     2
     3 qamgroup1
4 ~~~
 3
 3
 Total QAM carriers : 4
 Qam Group : gamgroup2
 Slot Carrier ID Qam Group
 ---- ------
 3
      5
               qamgroup2
 3
      6
              qamgroup2
     7
 3
              qamgroup2
 Total QAM carriers : 3
```

The following example shows output of the show cable service-group detail all command:

Router# show cable service-group detail all Service Group : servicegroup1 Qam Group : qamgroup1 Slot Carrier ID Qam Group 3 1 gamgroup1 3 2 qamgroup1 3 3 qamgroup1 4 qamgroup1 3 Total QAM carriers : 4 Qam Group : qamgroup2 Slot Carrier ID Qam Group -----____ qamgroup2 qamgroup2 3 5 3 6 7 3 qamgroup2 Total QAM carriers : 3 Service Group : servicegroup2 Qam Group : qamgroup3 Slot Carrier ID Qam Group ____ ____ Total QAM carriers : 0 Qam Group : qamgroup4 Slot Carrier ID Qam Group ____ ____ Total QAM carriers : 0 Router#

Table 3-30 describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 3-30 show cable service-group Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Carrier ID	Carrier identifier.
Service Group	Service group name.
QAM group	QAM group name.
QAM carriers	QAM carriers associated to QAM group.

Related Commands

5	Command	Description		
cable service-group Configure		Configures a cable service group on the Cisco RFGW-10.		
	qam-group	Configures the QAM group in a cable service group.		

show cable video gqi

To display all the GQI video sessions information, use the **show cable video gqi** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show cable video gqi {connection | sessions | statistics} {all | qam-partition partition-id }

Syntax Description	qam-partitionQAM partition ID. The valid range is from 1 to 50.partition-id									
	all Information for all QAM partitions configured on the line card.									
	connection									
	sessionsSession information for the QAM partition.									
	statistics	Statistic	cs inform	ation f	for the QAM	partition.				
Command Default	This command h	as no default beh	avior or	default	s.					
Command Modes	Privileged EXE	C (#)								
Command History	Release	Modific	cation							
	Cisco IOS-XE Release This command was introduced. 3.3.0SQ									
Examples	The following example shows all the GQI connection information on the line card:									
	Router# show cable video gqi connections all									
	Management Encryption	Server	Protoc	ol QF	Connection	RPC	Resp	Event	Reset	
	IP Discovery	IP	Туре	ID	State	Version	Pending	Pending	Indication	
	10.78.179.185	10.78.179.170	GQI	2	Connected	2	0	0	Acked	
	- 10.78.179.187	10.78.179.150	GQI	3	Disconnect	0	0	0	-	
	- 10.78.179.184	10.78.179.150	GQI	4	Disconnect	0	0	0	-	
	- Table 3-30 descr	ribes the significa	ant fields	shown	in the displa	y.				
	Table 3-31 show	v cable video gqi	i connect	ions Fi	eld Descripti	ons				
	Field		D	Description						
	Management IP			Management IP address.						

Field	Description		
Management IP	Management IP address.		
Server IP	GQI server IP address.		

Field	Description
Protocol Type	Protocol on QAM partition.
Connection State	State of connection.
RPC Version	GQI Remote Procedure Call interface version.
Resp Pending	Number of responses that could not be sent to the requestor (USRM or DNCS).
Event Pending	Number of announcement events pending in the system waiting to be sent to the ERM (DNCS or USRM).
Reset indication	Indicates whether an acknowledgement has been received from the peer after the reset indication message is sent to the peer.
Encryption Discovery	Asynchronous message sent to USRM to inform type of encryption currently supported in Cisco RFGW-10.

Table 3-31 show cable video gqi connections Field Descriptions (continued)

The following example shows the GQI session information for all QAM partitions on the line card:

Router# show cable video gqi sessions all									
QP	GQI	SCM	Session	Encryption	Current				
Id	Id	Id	Туре	Туре	State				
3	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 03	201785344	VOD	None	Clear Mode				
3	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 08	201457668	VOD	PowerKey	Encrypted				
2	D0 67 E5 F3 6E E7 00 5D 32 95	203489281	SDV	None	Clear Mode				
Total	Sessions for All QAM Partitions: 3								

The following example shows how to create an encrypted session with no CA blob and verify that the session is created, but the gqi state is set to 'Waiting CA':

Route	er# show cable video gqi sessions al	1			
QP	GQI	SCM	Session	Encryption	Current
Id	Id	Id	Туре	Туре	State
1	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 01	201457664	SDV	PowerKey	Waiting CA
Tota	l Sessions: 1				

The following example shows how to create a session with override and verify that the session is updated and session is active:

Router# show cab	le video session a				
Slot:11 Lic-Enfo	rcement module sent	Simultaneous PKE	EY_N_DVB en	ncryption to (GQI11
Session QAM	Stream Sess IP	UDP	Out In	nput Input	Output PSI
Ctrl					
ID Port	Type Type Addre	ess Port	: Pgm B:	itrate State	State Rdy
State					
201457664 3/1.2	Remap SSM -	-	1 250	0320 ACTIVE	OFF NO -
Total Sessions =	1				
Router# show cab	le video gqi session	s all			
QP GQI		SCM	Session	Encryption	Current
Id Id		Id	Туре	Туре	State
1 00 00 00 0	0 00 00 00 00 00 01	201457664	SDV	PowerKey	Encrypted
Total Sessions:	1				

. .

. .

. .

The following example shows the GQI session information on QAM partition ID 3 of the line card:

Router# show cable video gqi sessions qam-partition 3

QP	GQI	SCM	Session	Encryption	Current
Id	Id	Id	Type	Type	State
3 3 Total	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 03 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 08 L Sessions for QAM Partition 3: 2	201785344 201457668	VOD VOD	None PowerKey	Clear Mode Encrypted

Table 3-32 describes the significant fields shown in the display.

 Table 3-32
 show cable video gqi sessions Field Descriptions

Field	Description
QP ID	QAM partition ID.
GQI ID	GQI session ID.
SCM ID	Session control manager ID.
Session Type	Type of session.
Encryption Type	Encryption type used.
Current State	Current state of session.
Total Sessions	Total number of sessions.

The following example shows the GQI statistics on QAM partition 3 on the line card:

```
Router# show cable video gqi statistic qam 3
```

Qam Part	itior	n 3 Stati	stics:						
	Creat	e Del	ete Cre	ate De	elete I	nsert	Cancel	Switch	Bind
Unbind	Re	eset	Encryptio	n Event					
	Shel	.1 S	hell	Session	Session	Packet	Packe	t Sou:	rce
Session	Se	ession	Indicatio	n Discove	ry Notifi	cation			
Success:	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0
0	0		0	0					
Error:	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0
0	0		0	0					
Total:	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0
0	0		0	0					

Related Commands	Command	Description
	cable qam-partition	Creates a QAM partition for video server on the Cisco RFGW-10 DS-384 line card.
	protocol	Sets the control plane protocol of the QAM partition.

show cable video label

To display the active video labels, use the **show cable video label** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show cable video label [label]

Syntax Description	label	(Optional) Specifies the label name given to the video label.
Command Default	This command has	no default behavior or values.
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (#	ŧ)
Usage Guidelines	The command displ	lays all the labels configured on the chassis.
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(44)SQ	This command was introduced on the Cisco RF Gateway 10.

Examples

The following example shows the video labels configured on the Cisco RFGW-10:

```
Router#show cable video label
Multicast Label: s1
Label Type: SSM
Label Sources: [1]
```

```
DST ADDR
SRC ADDR
                    BITRATE JITTER
  162.0.0.10 232.3.1.1
                       3750000 200
 Current Active Src: 0
 Label Output Streams: [2]
  OAM
       Program ID
  _____
  10/1.1 1
  10/7.1
          1
Multicast Label: s2
 Label Type: SSM
 Label Sources: [1]
SRC ADDR
         DST ADDR
                    BITRATE JITTER
  ----- -----
  162.0.0.10 232.3.1.2
                        15000000 200
 Current Active Src: 0
 Label Output Streams: [2]
  QAM Program ID
          _____
  _____
  10/1.1
           2
  10/7.1
           2
```

The following example shows the PIDs filtered when filtering is configured for pass-through video sessions:

```
Router#show cable video label
Multicast Label TD: 2
 Label Name: ssm0
 Label Type: SSM
 Label Sources: [3]
SRC ADDR DST ADDR
                       BITRATE JITTER
   ----- -----
   111.17.1.101 232.2.1.0
                          25000000 200
            DST ADDR
   SRC ADDR
                          BITRATE JITTER
   _____ ____
   111.17.1.102 232.2.1.0 25000000
                                   200
          DST ADDR
   SRC ADDR
                       BITRATE JITTER
   _____ ____
   111.17.1.103 232.2.1.0 25000000 200
Filtered PIDs: [25]
   00000101 00000102 00000103 00000104 00000105 00000106 00000107 00000108
   00000109 00000110 00000111 00000112 00000113 00000114 00000115 00000116
   00000117 00000118 00000119 00000120 00000200 00000201 00000202 00000203
   0080000
MAP: 1
```

Current Active Src: 0 Label Output Streams: [1] QAM Program ID

3/7.1 -1 Table 3-33 describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Field	Description
Multicast Label	Name of the label.
Label Type	Whether it is an ASM label or an SSM label.
Label Sources	Source of the label.
SRC ADD	Source IP address.
DST ADDR	Destination IP address.
BITRATE	Amount of bandwidth allotted.
JITTER	Amount of Jitter allotted.
Filtered PIDs	Lists the PIDs that are dropped when PID filtering is configured for pass-through video sessions.
Current Active Src	Name of the active source.
Label Output Stream	Name of the output stream label.
QAM	QAM interface.
Program ID	Program Identifier (PID).

Related Commands

Command	Description
asm	Configures ASM video session definition.
cable video labels	Enters the cable video label configuration.
cable video multicast	Configures video multicast sessions on the QAM interface.
ssm	Configures SSM video session definition.

show cable video multicast uplink

To display the multicast uplink interfaces, use the **show cable video multicast uplink** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show cable video multicast uplink [GigabitEthernet | TenGigabitEthernet interface/port]

Syntax Description	GigabitEthernet	Indicates the Gigabit Ethernet interface. Valid port range is 3 through 6, 13 and 14.
	TenGigabitEthernet	Indicates the 10 Gigabit Ethernet interface. Valid slots are 1 and 2.
	interface/port	Specifies the interface slot and port.
Command Default	This command has no d	efalut behavior or values.
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (#)	
Command History	Release	Modification
Command History	Release 12.2(44)SQ	Modification This command was introduced on the Cisco RF Gateway 10.
Command History Examples	12.2(44)SQ	
	12.2(44)SQ	This command was introduced on the Cisco RF Gateway 10. shows all uplink interfaces configured on the Cisco RFGW-10:
	12.2(44)SQ The following example	This command was introduced on the Cisco RF Gateway 10. shows all uplink interfaces configured on the Cisco RFGW-10:

TenGigabitEthernet1/1 UP 240 1000000 30240

Table 3-34 describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 3-34 show cable video multicast uplink Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Uplink Interface Backup Activated	Displays the status of the Uplink interface such as activated or deactivated.
Status	Displays the status of the interface such as up or down
Allotted Streams	Specifies the number of allotted streams.
Maximum Bandwidth	Specifies the maximum amount of bandwidth for the specified interface
Allocated Bandwidth	Specifies the bandwidth allocated for that interface.
Backup Interface	Dispays the name of the backup interface.

Related Commands	Command	Description
	cable video multicast uplink	Configures an uplink port for multicast traffic.
	ip multicast-routing	Enables multicast routing on the Cisco RFGW-10.

show cable video packet

To display the video insertion packet information, use the **show cable video packet** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show cable video packet {qam | qam-red slot/port.channel [stream stream-id] | all | slot slot}

Syntax Description	qam	Specifies the	QAM interface on the Cisco RFGW-10.								
	qam-red	Specifies the Cisco RFGW	-	line card redur	ndancy is configured on the						
	slot	Specifies the	slot on the QAM int	erface. Valid ra	ange is from 3 to 12.						
	port	Specifies the	port on the interface	. Valid range is	s from 1 to12.						
	<i>channel</i> (Optional) Specifies the channel on the port. Valid range is from 1 to 4.										
	stream	(Optional) Sp	ecifies packet stream	n insertion info	rmation.						
	<i>stream-id</i> (Optional) Specifies the packet stream identifier. Valid range is from 1 to 4294967295.										
	all	all Displays a summary of the packet insertion on the chassis.									
	slot	Displays pac	ket insertion for a slo	ot.							
Command Default	This command has no	o default behavior	or values.								
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (#)										
Command History	Release Modification										
	12.2(44)SQ	This commar	d was introduced on	the Cisco RF (Gateway 10.						
Examples	The following examp	ble shows the video	packets on a QAM	interface 3:							
	Router#show cable										
	Packet	Time	es Actual	Insert	Num Pkts						
	Stream ID Interfa	ce Version Repo	eat Repeated	Rate (bps)	Inserted State						
	1 Qam3/1. Table 3-35 describes		tinuos 14460 ds shown in the disp	1000 blay.	1 ON						
	Table 3-35 show cable video packet Field Descriptions										
	Field		Description								
	Packet Stream ID		Packet stream identifiers of the video packets.								
	Interface		QAM channel or QAM subinterface.								
	Version		Version of video p	ackets.							
			1								

Field	Description
Times Repeat	Packets repetition state such as continuos.
Actual Repeated	The number of times the packets are repeated.
Insert rate	Rate at which packets are inserted.
Num pkts inserted	Number of packets inserted.
State	Displays the status of the packets whether on or off.

Table 3-35 show cable video packet Field Descriptions (continued)

show cable video route

To display video route information, use the **show cable video route** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show cable video route {multicast | unicast} {all | slot slot }

Syntax Description	multicast	Displays information for multicast routes.					
	unicast Displays information for unicast routes.						
	all Displays information on all routes on the chassis.						
	slot	Displays information of a slot on the line card.					
	slot	Specifies the slot on the line card. Valid range is from 3 to 12.					
Command Default	This command has no do	fault behavior or values.					
commanu Deraun		fraut behavior of values.					
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (#)						
Command History	Release	Modification					
Command History	Release 12.2(44)SQ	ModificationThis command was introduced on the Cisco RF Gateway 10.					

Examples

The following example displays all the multicast routes configured on the chassis:

Router#show cable video route multicast all

Source	Group	rx-interface	tx-qamblock	Sessions
162.0.0.10	232.3.1.1	TenGigabitEthernet1/1	qam 10/1-6	1
162.0.0.10	232.3.1.2	TenGigabitEthernet1/1	qam 10/1-6	1
162.0.0.10	232.3.1.3	TenGigabitEthernet1/1	qam 10/1-6	1
162.0.0.10	232.3.1.4	TenGigabitEthernet1/1	qam 10/1-6	1
162.0.0.10	232.3.1.5	TenGigabitEthernet1/1	qam 10/1-6	1

Table 3-36 describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 3-36 show cable video route Field Descriptions

Field	Description							
Source	Source IP address.							
Group	Group IP address.							
rx-interface	Multicast interfaces.							
tx-qamblock	QAM block on a slot.							
Sessions	Number of sessions.							
Route Type	Type of route configured.							

Related Commands	Command	Description
	video route	Configures the video route on the line card.

show cable video server-group

To display information on a video server group, use the **show cable video server-group** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show cable video server-group {all | mapping | name group_name}

Syntax Description	all	Displays all the ser	ver groups configured	on a line card.
	mapping	Displays external a	nd internal session ma	pping.
	name	Displays the inform	nation of a server grou	р.
	group_name	Specifies a server g	roup.	
Command Default	This command has no	default values or behav	ior.	
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (#)			
Command History	Release	Modification		
	12.2(44)SQ	This command was	introduced on the Cis	co RF Gateway 10.
Examples	Router# show cable v Server-Group : g State : A Protocol : G Timeout Period : 5 Number of Retry : 3	ideo server-group all qi1 CTIVE QI seconds		onfigured on the line card:
		IP : 172.22.22.181	Port: 844 Mac	Id : 0017.94fe.a9c0
	Server	State	Reset Indication	Pending Requests
	172.22.23.1	61 Connected	In-progress	0
	Protocol : G Emulation Type : 2 Timeout Period : 5 Number of Retry : 3 Server[0] : 5 Management IP : 56	ON-ACTIVE QI Emulation 4-qam seconds 6.1.1.11	Mac Id : 001a.a2f	f.0d03

Table 3-37 describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 3-37 show cable video server-group Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Server-Group	Specifies the name of the server group.
State	Indicates whether the group is active or non-active.
Protocol	Indicates the protocol configured on the server group.
Timeout Period	Indicates the time period for a time out.
Number of Retry	Indicates the number of retries.
Server	Indicates the IP address of the external server. IP address must be configured for the GQI protocol.
Management IP	IP address of the manaagement port of the server configured on the server group.
Port	Specifies the port number.
Mac Id	Specifies the MAC address of the server.
QAM Interfaces	Specifies the QAM interfaces.

Related	Commands	C

CommandDescriptioncable video serversConfigures external control server groups on the line card.

show cable video session

To display the video session information, use the **show cable video session** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show cable video session [{Qam qam-interface-number | Qam-red qam-interface-number | all}
[brief [filter] | summary]] | id session-id-number [in | out] [psi | stats] | local {Qam
qam-interface-number | Qam-red qam-interface-number | all | slot slot} | remote {Qam
qam-interface-number | Qam-red qam-interface-number | all | slot slot} | slot slot} | slot [brief
[filter] | count | summary]

Syntax Description Qam Displays information on video session configured on a QAM interface with 1 Qam-red Displays the video session configured on a QAM interface with 1 redundancy. qam_interface_number Indicates the interface number of the QAM. • slot: Specifies the slot of the QAM interface. Valid range is fr • port: Specifies the port on the slot. Valid range is from 1 to • channel: Specifies the channel on the QAM. Valid range is f all Displays information of all video sessions configured on the channel	
redundancy. qam_interface_number Indicates the interface number of the QAM. • slot: Specifies the slot of the QAM interface. Valid range is fr • port: Specifies the port on the slot. Valid range is from 1 to • channel: Specifies the channel on the QAM. Valid range is fr	line card
 <i>slot</i>: Specifies the slot of the QAM interface. Valid range is fr <i>port</i>: Specifies the port on the slot. Valid range is from 1 to <i>channel</i>: Specifies the channel on the QAM. Valid range is f 	
 <i>port</i>: Specifies the port on the slot. Valid range is from 1 to <i>channel</i>: Specifies the channel on the QAM. Valid range is f 	
• <i>channel</i> : Specifies the channel on the QAM. Valid range is f	om 3 to 12.
	12.
all Displays information of all wides consistence and investigation the she	from 1 to 4
all Displays information of all video sessions configured on the chast	ssis.
summary (Optional) Displays a summary of all the video sessions configure chassis.	red on the
brief (Optional) Displays brief video information.	
<i>filter</i> (Optional) Filters the information using the following criteria:	
• active —Shows the active sessions present.	
• asm —Shows the ASM video sessions.	
• blocked —Shows blocked video sessions.	
• data —Shows sessions with the data-piping processing type.	
• idle—Shows idle sessions.	
• off—Shows off sessions.	
• passthru—Shows sessions with the pass-through processing	g type.
• psi —Shows packet stream identifiers of video sessions.	
• remap —Shows remapped video streams.	
• shell —shows video sessions in shell.	
• ssm —Shows SSM video sessions.	
• udp —Shows the UDP port.	
id Displays video session information for a session ID.	
session-id-number Specifies the ID of a particular session. Valid session IDs are 1 a	and 2.
in (Optional) Displays input session information.	
out (Optional) Displays output session information.	
psi(Optional) Displays detailed Program Specific Information (PSI) session information with program table.	video

				 (Optional) Displays detailed video session Displays video sessions information for a slot. Specifies the slot on the QAM interface. Valid slot number range is from 3 to 12. Displays video session information for ERMI sessions. Displays video session information for GQI sessions. 										
	stats		(0											
	slot		Di											
	slot		Sp											
	ermi		Di											
	gqi		Di											
	count			(Optional) Displays the session count for all QAM channels on the line card interface.										
	local		Di	splays	local	video	sessior	ıs.						
	remote		Di	splays	s remot	e vide	o sessi	ons.						
Command Default Command Modes	This comm Privileged 1			lt beha	vior or	value	s.							
Command History														
ommand History	Release		Modification											
		12.2(44)SQ This command was introduced on the Cisco RF Gateway 10.												
		12.2(50)SQ2 This command was modified. The count keyword was added.												
	Cisco IOS- 3.3.0SQ	Cisco IOS-XE ReleaseThis command was integrated into Cisco IOS-XE Release 3.3.0SQ.3.3.0SQqam-domain is not supported. The local and remote keywords are added									ded.			
Examples	The followi		-					ïgureo	1 on 3/	1.1 QAN	/I int	erface:		
					_									
	Session ID	QAM Port	Stream Type		UDP Port	Out Pgm	Inpu Bitr		Input State	Output State				
	1 2 3 Total Sess		Remap	UDP UDP		30	0 0 0		OFF OFF OFF	ON ON ON	NO NO NO	_ _ _		
	The followi						s com	igured	i on th					
	Session ut PSI Ctr	QAM	Stream					UDP	Out	Input		Input	Outp	
	ID e Rdy Sta	Port	Туре			ss 			Pgm	Bitra 	te 	State	Stat	
	 201392176 YES -		Remap						2 1	26528	07	ACTIVE	ON	
	201392177	3/3.1	Remap	UDP	192.1	68.11.	254	4915	32	26527	77	ACTIVE	ON	

YES -

201392178	3/3.1	Remap	UDP	192.168.11.254	49154 3	2652761	ACTIVE ON
YES - 201392179	3/3.1	Remap	UDP	192.168.11.254	49155 4	2652756	ACTIVE ON
YES -							
201392180	3/3.1	Remap	UDP	192.168.11.254	49156 5	2650350	ACTIVE ON
YES -							
201457717	3/3.2	Remap	UDP	192.168.11.254	49158 7	2650349	ACTIVE ON
YES -							
201457718	3/3.2	Remap	UDP	192.168.11.254	49159 8	2650291	ACTIVE ON
YES -							
201457719	3/3.2	Remap	UDP	192.168.11.254	49160 9	2648961	ACTIVE ON
YES -							
201457720	3/3.2	Remap	UDP	192.168.11.254	49161 10	2648889	ACTIVE ON
YES -							
Total Sess	ions = 8	}					

The following example shows the detailed summary of video sessions configured on the chassis: Router#show cable video session all summary

Video Session Summary for Chassis:

Active	:	0	Init	:	0	Idle	:	0
Off	:	3	Blocked	:	0	PSI-Ready	:	0
UDP	:	3	ASM	:	0	SSM	:	0
Remap	:	3	Data	:	0	Passthru	:	0
Shell	:	0	Bound	:	0			
Total	Sessio	ons: 3						
Total	Measu	red Bitra	te : 0 bps					

The following example shows information about video sessions configured on the chassis:

Router#	show cable	video :	sessio	on all	brief					
Session	QAM	Stream	Sess	UDP	Out	Input	Input	Output	PSI	Ctrl
ID	Port	Туре	Туре	Port	Pgm	Bitrate	State	State	Rdy	State
1	3/1.1	Remap	UDP	500	10	0	OFF	ON	NO	-
2	3/1.1	Remap	UDP	50000	20	0	OFF	ON	NO	-
3	3/1.1	Remap	UDP	7000	30	0	OFF	ON	NO	-
Total Se	ssions = 3									

Table 3-38 describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 3-38 show cable video session all Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Session ID	Represents the internal ID allocated by the chassis to the output stream of the input session.
QAM Port	Indicates the QAM interface or QAM subinterface.
Stream Type	Indicates the transport stream.
IP address	Session IP address
Session Type	Indicates the video session type.
UDP Port	Indicates the UDP port.
Output Program	Indicates the Single ProgramTransport Stream (SPTS) or Multiple ProgramTransport Stream (MPTS) program number.
Input Bitrate	Indicates the actual bitrate measured on the input.
Field	Description
--------------	------------------------------------
Input State	Indicates the state on the input.
Output State	Indicates the stare on the output.
PSI Rdy	Indicates the PSI ready state.
Ctrl State	Indicates the controller state.

Table 3-38 show cable video session all Field Descriptions (continued)

The following example shows the detailed video session configuration on the line card:

```
Router# show cable video session id 201392130
                 : 201392130
INPUT Source
 Created On
                 : 04:41:10 AM
 Uptime [SUP] : 04:41:10 AM
 Data State
                : ACTIVE, PSI,
 Config Bitrate : 3000000 bps
                : 200 ms
 Jitter
 Stream Type
                 : SPTS
  Stream Rate
                 : VBR
                 : ENABLED
 PID Remap
                : 0.0.0.0
 Source IP
 Source UDP
                : 0
  Destination IP : 30.0.3.10
 Destination UDP : 49261
 Idle Timeout : 250 msecs
  Init Timeout : 1000 msecs
  Off Timeout
                 : 60 seconds
  PID Filter [0] :
Input PSI Info:
 PAT Info:
 Ver 2, TSID 1, len 16, section 0/0
   Prog 1: pmt 16
  PMT Info:
  Ver 2, program 1, pcr pid 17, len 32
   Type 2, PID 17, len 0
   Type 129, PID 20, len 6 (desc 10, len 4)
 Elapsed time [LC]: 0 days 17 hours 48 min 52 secs
 IP Packets: In: 17879939, Drop: 0
 TP Packets: In: 125159573, PCR: 1782371, Non-PCR: 117297535, PSI: 264196, NU
: 5682013, Filtered: 0, Unreferenced: 133458
             Sync-Loss: 0, Dis-continous: 0, CC Errors: 18, PCR Jump: 826, Id
: 0
 Measured Bitrate 2998635 (0 min 3159570 max) bps, stay 169 ms, jitter 34 ms
 PCR Bitrate 3000092 (600014 min 0 max) bps, stay 169 ms, jitter 34 ms
 Idle Count: 0, Total Idle Time: 0 sec
Output Session: 201392130:
 SPTS PGM Number: 3111
 Data State : PSI,
  Control State : ACTIVE
  QAM
                : 3/1.1
  QAM-partition : 3
  Output PSI Info (Carrier ID 1):
  PAT Info for Pgm Num 3111:
```

Ver 1, TSID 311, len 16, section 0/0
Prog 3111: pmt 352
PMT Info for Pgm Num 3111:
Ver 0, program 3111, pcr pid 353, len 32
Type 2, PID 353, len 0
Type 129, PID 354, len 6 (desc 10, len 4)
Elapsed time [LC]: 0 days 17 hours 48 min 53 secs
TP Packets: PCR: 4, Non-PCR: 215, PSI: 2, New PAT: 1, New PMT: 1
Drop: 0, Info-Err: 0, Inv-Rate: 0, Output Adjust: 0
Overruns: 0, Overdue Drop 0, Under-Flow: 0, Over-Flow: 0
The following example shows the cable video session information for session ID 2:
Router# show cable video session id 2 in psi
Session PAT: Ver 0, TSID 1, len 16, section 0/0

Prog 1: pmt 500 Session PMT: Ver 0, program 1, pcr pid 481, len 43 Type 3, PID 482, len 6 (desc 10, len 4) Type 129, PID 483, len 6 (desc 10, len 4) Type 2, PID 481, len 0

The following example shows detailed video session statistics:

Router# show cable video session id 2 in stats

Elapsed time [LC]: 14142 days 22 hours 52 min 41 secs IP Packets: In: 0, Drop: 0 TP Packets: In: 0, PCR: 0, Non-PCR: 0, PSI: 0, NULL: 0, Unreferenced: 0 Sync-Loss: 0, Dis-continous: 0, CC Errors: 0, PCR Jump: 0, Idle: 0 Measured Bitrate 0 (0 min 0 max) bps, stay 0 ms, jitter 0 ms PCR Bitrate 0 (0 min 0 max) bps, stay 0 ms, jitter 0 ms Idle Count: 0, Total Idle Time: 0 sec

The following example shows the session count on all QAMs on the line card in slot 9:

Router# show cable video session slot 9 count

QAM Port Sessions x-----x-----Channel 9/1.1 2 Channel 9/1.2 10

Table 3-39 describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 3-39 show cable video session id Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Elapsed time	Indicates the session time elapsed in days, hours, minutes. and seconds.
IP packets	Indicates the number of IP packets used and dropped.
TP packets	Indicates the number of transport packets that are program clock referenced, known and unknown bitrates, unreferenced, discontinuous, and idle.

Field	Description
Measured Bitrate	Indicates the size of the video stream. Standard definition (SD) video programs have bitrates from 62.5 kbps to 15 Mbps, high definition (HD) video programs have bitrates from 6 to 20 Mbps, and music programs have bitrates of 128 to 384 kbps. 32 SD programs, or 4 HD programs per QAM channel.
PCR Bitrate	Indicates the known bitrate size of the video stream.
Idle count	Indicates the number of times the line card is idle. When the input session enters into the IDLE state, an update is sent to the Supervisor card.
QAM Port	Indicates the QAM channel on a linecard.
Sessions	Indicates the session count on a QAM channel.

Table 3-39 show cable video session id Field Descriptions

The following example shows the video sessions configured on QAM domain 1:

Router# s	show	cable	viđeo	session	qam-domain	1	brief	remap
------------------	------	-------	-------	---------	------------	---	-------	-------

Session ID	QAM Port	Stream Type				Input Bitrate	-	-		
1	3/1.1	Remap	UDP	500	10	0	OFF	ON	NO	-
2	3/1.1	Remap	UDP	50000	20	0	OFF	ON	NO	-
3	3/1.1	Remap	UDP	7000	30	0	OFF	ON	NO	-

The following example displays the local sessions on the line card:

Router# show cable video session local all

Session ut PSI Ctrl	QAM	Stream	Sess	IP	UDP	Out	Input	Input	Out
	Port	Туре	Туре	Address	Port	Pgm	Bitrate	State	Sta
	3/3.1	Remap	UDP	192.168.11.254	49152	1	2643442	ACTIVE	ON
YES -									
201392177	3/3.1	Remap	UDP	192.168.11.254	49153	2	2643398	ACTIVE	ON
YES -									
201392178	3/3.1	Remap	UDP	192.168.11.254	49154	3	2643343	ACTIVE	ON
YES -									
201392179	3/3.1	Remap	UDP	192.168.11.254	49155	4	2643320	ACTIVE	ON
YES -	-,	T. T. T. T.							
	3/3.1	Remap	UDP	192.168.11.254	19156	5	2643286	ACTIVE	ON
YES -	5/5.1	Nemap	ODF	192.100.11.294	47130	5	2045200	ACIIVE	010
		_		100 100 11 051	40450	_			
	3/3.2	Remap	UDP	192.168.11.254	49158	7	2643265	ACTIVE	ON
YES -									
201457718	3/3.2	Remap	UDP	192.168.11.254	49159	8	2643263	ACTIVE	ON
YES -									
201457719	3/3.2	Remap	UDP	192.168.11.254	49160	9	2643254	ACTIVE	ON
YES -									
201457720	3/3.2	Remap	UDP	192.168.11.254	49161	10	2642829	ACTIVE	ON
YES -		<u>P</u>							

Related Commands	Command	Description
	cable qam-partition	Creates a QAM partition on the line card.

show cable video statistics packet

To display unicast and multicast video packets, use the **show cable video statistics packet** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show cable video statistics packet {all | slot slot-num} {brief | detail}

Syntax Description	all	ח	ienlove video u	nicost and m	lticast packa	to configurad on	the chassis		
Syntax Description			Displays video unicast and multicast packets configured on the chassis. Displays video unicast and multicast packets for a specified slot.						
	slot				-	-			
	slot-num	S	pecifies the slot	on the chass	is. Valid rang	ge is from 3 to 12			
	brief Displays the brief information of packets for a given slot.								
	detail	D	isplays detailed	l summary int	formation of	packets for a give	en slot.		
Command Default	This command	l has no defau	Ilt behavior or v	values.					
Command Modes	Privileged EX	EC (#)							
Command History	Release	N	Iodification						
Command History	Release 12.2(44)SQ			as introduced	l on the Cisco	RF Gateway 10).		
Command History		T E Release T	his command w his command w	as integrated	into Cisco IO	ORF Gateway 10 DS-XE Release 3 load balancing g	.3.0SQ. The		
	12.2(44)SQ Cisco IOS-XE 3.3.0SQ The following	T E Release T co example show	his command w his command w ommand output ws the informat statistics pa	as integrated is modified t ion of all pac	into Cisco IC o display the kets on a cha	DS-XE Release 3 load balancing g	.3.0SQ. The		
	12.2(44)SQCisco IOS-XE3.3.0SQThe followingRouter# showSlotLBG	E Release T co example show cable video Multicast	his command w his command w ommand output ws the informat statistics pa Multicast	as integrated is modified t ion of all pac cket all br Unicast	into Cisco IC o display the kets on a cha ief Mcast DS	DS-XE Release 3 load balancing g ssis: Unicast DS	.3.0SQ. The		
	12.2(44)SQ Cisco IOS-XE 3.3.0SQ The following Router# show Slot LBG Id Id	E Release T co example show cable video Multicast Groups	his command w his command w ommand output ws the information statistics pa Multicast Sessions	is modified t is modified t ion of all pac icket all br Unicast Sessions	into Cisco IC o display the kets on a cha ief Mcast DS Packets	DS-XE Release 3 load balancing g ssis: Unicast DS Packets	.3.0SQ. The		
Command History Examples	12.2(44)SQCisco IOS-XE3.3.0SQThe followingRouter# showSlotLBGIdId31	E Release T co example show cable video Multicast Groups 0	his command w his command w ommand output ws the information statistics pa Multicast Sessions	ion of all pac Unicast Sessions	into Cisco IC o display the kets on a cha ief Mcast DS Packets 17	DS-XE Release 3 load balancing g ssis: Unicast DS Packets 858851741	.3.0SQ. The		

Router #show cable vi Slot: 3 LBG ID: 1 QAM Range: Multicast Groups: Multicast Sessions: Unicast Sessions: DS BYTES:	deo statistics pack qam3/1-6 0 3 135146944	cet slot 3 detail	
MCAST DS PACKETS:	48	UCAST DS PACKETS:	563833
CRC ALIGN ERROR: COLLISIONS: UNDERSIZE PKTS: FRAGMENTS PKTS:	0 0 0	DROPPED BAD PKTS: SYMBOL ERROR: OVERSIZE PKTS: JABBERS:	0 255 0 0
SINGLE COL: LATE COL:	0 0	MULTI COL: ACCESSIVE COL:	0 0
DEFERRED COL: CARRIER SENSE:	0 0	FALSE CARRIER: SEQUENCE ERROR:	0 255
QAM Range: Multicast Groups: Multicast Sessions: Unicast Sessions: DS BYTES: MCAST DS PACKETS:		UCAST DS PACKETS:	0
CRC ALIGN ERROR: COLLISIONS: UNDERSIZE PKTS: FRAGMENTS PKTS:	0 0 0	DROPPED BAD PKTS: SYMBOL ERROR: OVERSIZE PKTS: JABBERS:	0 255 0 0
SINGLE COL: LATE COL:	0 0	MULTI COL: ACCESSIVE COL:	0 0
DEFERRED COL: CARRIER SENSE:	0 0	FALSE CARRIER: SEQUENCE ERROR:	0 255

Table 3-40 describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Field	Description
Qam Range	QAM domains configured on the chassis.
LBG ID	Load balancing group ID.
Multicast Groups	Multicast groups configured.
Multicast Sessions	Number of video multicast sessions.
Unicast Sessions	Number of video unicast sessions.
Mcast DS Packets	Multicast downstream packets.
Unicast DS Packets	Unicast downstream packets.
CRC ALIGN ERROR	Number of packets with a CRC align errors.
DROPPED BAD PKTS	Number of bad packets that were dropped.

Field	Description
COLLISIONS	Number of packet collisions.
SYMBOL ERROR	Number of symbol errors.
UNDERSIZE PKTS	Number of undersized packets.
OVERIZE PKTS	Number of oversized packets
FRAGMENTS PKTS	Number of fragmented packets.
JABBERS	Number of jabber errors.
DEFFERED COL	Number of times the interface has tried to send a frame, but found the carrier busy at the first attempt.
FALSE CARRIER	False carrier counter. It is incremented when a false error is detected in the register.
CARRIER SENSE	Indicates the signal.
SEQUENCE ERROR	Frame check sequence error.

Related Commands

Command	Description
cable video group	Creates a group of video sessions.
cable video multicast	Configures multicast sessions on a QAM interface.

show controllers linecard

To display information about used bandwidth and total bandwidth on all QAMs on a line card interface, use the **show controllers linecard** command in user EXEC or privileged EXEC mode.

show controllers linecard number bandwidth

Syntax Description	linecard	Specifies the slot location of the line card. The valid range is from 3 to 12.			
	bandwidth	Displays the used bandwidth and total bandwidth on all QAMs on a line card interface.			
Command Default	This command has no	default behavior or values.			
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (#)				
Command History	Release	Modification			
	12.2(50)SQ2	This command was introduced.			
	Channel 3/1.2 Channel 3/1.3	2 0 38810000 3 0 38810000			
	QAM Port	lers linecard 3 bandwidth Bandwidth Used(bps) Bandwidth Total(bps) xx			
	Channel 3/1.4 Table 3-41 describes t	⁴ 0 38810000 he fields shown in the show controllers linecard command display.			
	Table 3-41 show controllers linecard Field Descriptions				
	Field	Description			
	QAM Port	QAM channel on the line card.			
	Bandwidth Used (bps) Amount of bandwidth used by the QAM interface.			
	Bandwidth Total (bps) Amount of bandwidth alloted to the QAM interface.			
Related Commands	Command	Description			
	show running-config interface qam	Displays the running configuration of the QAM interface.			

show controllers qam

To display information about downstream configuration on a line card, use the **show controllers qam** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show controllers qam | qam-red slot/port.channel downstream

Syntax Description	slot	Specifies the line card in the QAM interface. Line card redundancy configured interfaces appear as QAM -red. Valid range is from 3 to 12.
	port	Specifies the QAM RF port number in the line card.Valid range is from 1 to 12.
	channel	Specifies the QAM channel in the port of the line card. Valid range is from 1 to 4.
	downstream	Specifies the configuration of the QAM interface.
Command Default	This command has	no default behavior or values.
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (#)
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(44)SQ	This command was introduced on the Cisco RF Gateway 10.
Usage Guidelines	•	plays the downstream information for a QAM interface. If line card redundancy
	(LCRED) is config	ured on the QAM interface, the interface is denoted by qam-red .
Examples		ured on the QAM interface, the interface is denoted by qam-red . nple shows the downstream configuration on a redundancy line card:

Table 3-42 describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Field	Description		
Downstream	Indicates whether the interface hardware is currently active or disabled by the administrator.		
Annex	Indicates the annex for the RF downstream channel.		
Stacking	Indicates the stacking level set on the QAM interface.		
Modulation	Indicates the modulation level of the QAM.		
TSID	Indicates the TSID value set on the QAM.		
QAM_IDB_State	Indicates the state of the QAM interface.		
Bandwidth Reserved for video	Amount of bandwidth alloted for video.		
Bandwidth Used	Amount of bandwidth used by the QAM interface.		
Bandwidth Total	Amount of bandwidth alloted to the QAM interface.		
Transport Mode	Indicates the mode on the QAM.		
Interleave Level	Indicates the frequency interleave level on the QAM.		
FEC	Length of the forward error correction in bytes. The range i 0 to 10 bytes; a value of 0 implies no forward error correction.		

Table 3-42show controllers qam Field Descriptions

Related Commands

Command	Description
show running-config	Displays the running configuration of the QAM interface.
interface qam	

show depi

To display Downstream External PHY Interface (DEPI) tunnel and session information, use the **show depi** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show depi

Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC (#)

 Release
 Modification

 12.2(50)SQ
 This command was introduced.

Examples

The following example shows a sample output of the **show depi** command on a Cisco RF Gateway 10: Router# **show depi**

DEPI Tunnel	l and Sessio	on Informati	lon Total	tunnels	3 sessior	ıs 12		
LocTunID	RemTunID	Remote Name	e State	Remote	Address	Sessn Count	L2TP	Class
555844637	4037701912	RFGW-10-1	est	11.30.1	4.100	4	test1	0
LocID	RemID	TunID	Tsid	State	Last Cho	Uniq	ID	Туре
1252048235	1074332337	555844637	717,	est	1w0d	16		P
1252049362	1074332330	555844637	711,	est	1w0d	15		Р
1252005266	1074332288	555844637	699,	est	1w0d	13		Р
1252000641	1074332316	555844637	705,	est	1w0d	14		Ρ
LocTunID	RemTunID	Remote Name	e State	Remote	Address	Sessn Count	L2TP	Class
1486289361	1394811300	RFGW-10-1	est	12.30.1	4.100		test1	0
LocID	RemID	TunID	Tsid	State	Last Cho	Unia	TD	Туре
		1486289361		est	1w0d	2.0	10	P
		1486289361		est	1w0d	17		P
		1486289361		est	1w0d	18		Р
		1486289361		est	1w0d	19		Р
LocTunID	RemTunID	Remote Name	e State	Remote	Address	Sessn Count	L2TP	Class
1688275168	1361251901	RFGW-10-1	est	24.30.1	4.100	4	test1	0
LocID	RemID	TunID	Tsid	State	Last Cho	Uniq	ID	Туре
1252018493	1074332252	1688275168	537,	est	1w0d	22		S
1252054974	1074332286	1688275168	549,	est	1w0d	24		S
1252022230	1074332263	1688275168	543,	est	1w0d	23		S
1252059782	1074332236	1688275168	531,	est	1w0d	21		S

Table 3-43 describes the major fields shown in the **show depi** command display:

Table 3-43	show depi Field Descriptions
------------	------------------------------

Field	Description	
LocTunID	Identifier of the local tunnel.	
RemTunID	Identifier of the remote tunnel.	
Remote Name	Name of the remote tunnel.	
State	State of the tunnel.	
Remote Address	IP address of the remote tunnel.	
Session Count	Number of sessions.	
LocID	Identifier of the session.	
RemID	Identifier of the remote session.	
TunID	Identifier of the tunnel.	
State	State of the session.	
Last Chg	Last state change timestamp.	
Uniq ID	Unique identifier of the QAM channel.	
Туре	Primary or secondary session.	

Related Commands

ands	Command	Description
	depi-tunnel	Creates a template of DEPI tunnel configuration settings that can be inherited by different pseudowire classes.
	show depi session	Displays information about DEPI sessions.
	show depi tunnel	Displays information about DEPI tunnels.

show depi session

To display information about Downstream External PHY Interface (DEPI) sessions, use the **show depi session** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show depi session [session-id verbose | configured | name session-name [verbose] | primary |
secondary | tsid ts-id]

Syntax Description	session-id	(Optional) Local session ID value. The allowed range is from 1 to 4294967295.
	verbose	(Optional) Displays detailed DEPI tunnel or session information.
configured (Optional) Displays all the DEPI sessions configured and the are IDLE and ACTIVE.		(Optional) Displays all the DEPI sessions configured and their state. The states are IDLE and ACTIVE.
name session-name (Optional) Specifies the name of the DEPI session.		(Optional) Specifies the name of the DEPI session.
	primary	(Optional) Specifies the primary DEPI session.
secondary (Optional) Specifies the backup DEPI session.		(Optional) Specifies the backup DEPI session.
	tsid ts-id	(Optional) Specifies the Transport Stream Identifier (TSID).

Command Default None

Command Modes Privileged EXEC (#)

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(50)SQ	This command was introduced.
	12.2(50)SQ2	This command was modified. The following keywords were added to this command:
		• configured
		• name
		• primary
		• secondary
		• tsid

Examples

The following example shows sample output of the **show depi session** command for all the established DEPI data sessions in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(50)SQ:

Router# show depi session

LocID RemID	TunID	Tsid	State	Last Chg Uniq ID	Туре
1074004031 1252011014	641420592	514	est	04:19:46 4	Ρ
1074003980 1252043972	641420592	511	est	04:19:46 1	Р
1074266112 1252009847	641420592	7711	est	04:19:46 5	Р
1074266158 1252028749	641420592	7713	est	04:19:45 7	Р
1074004011 1252053945	641420592	513	est	04:19:46 3	Р

1	074266138	1252065065	641420592	7712	est	04:19:46	6	Ρ
1	074003990	1252034268	641420592	512	est	04:19:46	2	Ρ
1	074266170	1252049135	641420592	7714	est	04:19:45	8	Ρ
1	074332283	1252057764	1102797124	549	est	04:19:46	16	S
1	074332237	1252023871	1102797124	531	est	04:19:46	10	S
1	074332269	1252060064	1102797124	543	est	04:19:46	14	S
1	074332247	1252030448	1102797124	537	est	04:19:46	12	S
1	074332254	1252061912	2073848961	537	est	04:19:47	11	Ρ
1	074332258	1252020223	2073848961	543	est	04:19:47	13	Ρ
1	074332275	1252030759	2073848961	549	est	04:19:47	15	Ρ

The following is sample output of the **show depi session** command for a specific established DEPI data session identified by the *session-id* in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(50)SQ:

```
Router# show depi session 1074528558 verbose
Session id 1074528558 is up, tunnel id 3574340018
  Remote session id is 1252003902, remote tunnel id 3815831337
  Remotely initiated session
 Session Type: Secondary
Oam Channel Parameters
  Tsid is 953
  Group Tsid is 76
  Frequency is 43500000
 Modulation is 256qam
 Annex is B
  Interleaver Depth I=32 J=4
  Power is 480
  Qam channel status is 0
 Unique ID is 58
Call serial number is 2504300043
Remote tunnel name is romeo
 Internet address is 1.30.54.1
Local tunnel name is RFGW-10-1
  Internet address is 1.30.54.100
IP protocol 115
  Session is L2TP signaled
  Session state is established, time since change 00:22:48
   0 Packets sent, 0 received
   0 Bytes sent, 0 received
  Last clearing of counters never
  Counters, ignoring last clear:
    0 Packets sent, 0 received
   0 Bytes sent, 0 received
   Receive packets dropped:
      out-of-order:
                                0
      out-of-order:
                                0
      total:
                                0
    Send packets dropped:
      exceeded session MTU:
                                0
      exceeded session MTU:
                                0
      total:
                                0
  DF bit on, ToS reflect enabled, ToS value 0, TTL value 255
  UDP checksums are disabled
  Session PMTU enabled, path MTU is 1518 bytes
  No session cookie information available
  FS cached header information:
   encap size = 28 bytes
    45000014 00004000 FF730CD6 011E3664
    011E3601 4AA0103E 00000000
  Sequencing is on
   Ns 0, Nr 0, 0 out of order packets received
    Packets switched/dropped by secondary path: Tx 0, Rx 0
  Peer Session Details
```

```
Peer Session ID : 1073808091
Peer Qam ID : Qam3/12.2
Peer Qam State : ACTIVE
Peer Qam Type : Secondary
Peer Qam Statistics
Total Pkts : 35177
Total Octets : 6613276
Total Discards : 0
Total Errors : 0
Total In Pkt Rate : 0
Bad Sequence Num : 0
Total In DLM Pkts : 0
Conditional debugging is disabled
```

The following is sample output of the **show depi session** command for all the configured DEPI data sessions:

Router# show depi session configured

Session Name	State Reason	Time
Qam5/1.1:0	ACTIVE -	
Qam5/1.2:0	ACTIVE -	
Qam5/1.3:0	ACTIVE -	
Qam5/1.4:0	ACTIVE -	
Qam7/1.1:0	ACTIVE -	
Qam7/1.2:0	ACTIVE -	
Qam7/1.3:0	ACTIVE -	
Qam7/1.4:0	ACTIVE -	
Qam7/10.1:0	ACTIVE -	
Qam7/10.1:1	ACTIVE -	
Qam7/10.2:0	ACTIVE -	
Qam7/10.2:1	ACTIVE -	
Qam7/10.3:0	ACTIVE -	
Qam7/10.3:1	ACTIVE -	
Qam7/10.4:0	ACTIVE -	
Qam7/10.4:1	ACTIVE -	
Qam7/11.1:0	IDLE	0 00:00:00
Qam7/11.2:0	IDLE	0 00:00:00
Qam7/11.3:0	IDLE	0 00:00:00
Qam7/11.4:0	IDLE	0 00:00:00
Qam9/1.1:0	ACTIVE -	
Qam12/4.1:0	IDLE	0 00:00:00

The following is a sample output of the **show depi session** command that displays all primary data sessions on the Cisco RFGW-10:

```
Router# show depi session primary
```

LocID	RemID	TunID	Tsid	State	Last Chg	Uniq ID	Туре
1252048235	1074332337	555844637	717,	est	3d09h	16	Р
1252049362	1074332330	555844637	711,	est	3d09h	15	Р
1252005266	1074332288	555844637	699,	est	3d09h	13	Р
1252000641	1074332316	555844637	705,	est	3d09h	14	Р
1252014460	1074332279	1486289361	549,	est	3d09h	20	Р
1252059306	1074332234	1486289361	531,	est	3d09h	17	Р
1252057709	1074332245	1486289361	537,	est	3d09h	18	Р
1252006708	1074332262	1486289361	543,	est	3d09h	19	Р

The following is a sample output of the **show depi session** command that displays all secondary data sessions on the Cisco RFGW-10:

Router# show depi session secondary

LocID RemID TunID Tsid State Last Chg Uniq ID Type

1252018493	1074332252	1688275168	537,	est	3d09h	22	S
1252054974	1074332286	1688275168	549,	est	3d09h	24	S
1252022230	1074332263	1688275168	543,	est	3d09h	23	S
1252059782	1074332236	1688275168	531,	est	3d09h	21	S

The following is a sample output of the **show depi session** command that shows all secondary data sessions on the Cisco RFGW-10:

Router# show depi session tsid 549

LocID	RemID	TunID	Tsid	State	Last Chg Uniq ID	Туре
1074332275	1252030759	2073848961	549	est	04:30:38 15	Р
LocID	RemID	TunID	Tsid	State	Last Chg Uniq ID	Type
1074332283	1252057764	1102797124	549	est	04:30:37 16	S

Table 3-44 describes the major fields shown in the show depi session command display:

Table 3-44 show depi Field Descriptions	able 3-44	show depi Field Descriptions
---	-----------	------------------------------

Field	Description
State	State of the tunnel or the session.
LocID	Identifier of the session.
RemID	Identifier of the remote session.
TunID	Identifier of the tunnel.
Last Chg	Last state change timestamp.
Uniq ID	Unique identifier of the QAM channel.
Session Name	Name of the session.
Reason	Reason for the current state of the session.
Time	Timestamp of the session.
Туре	Primary or secondary session.

Related Commands

Command	Description
cable mode	Sets the mode of the QAM channel.
depi-class	Creates a template of Downstream External PHY Interface (DEPI) control plane configuration settings, which different pseudowire classes can inherit, and enters the DEPI class configuration mode.
depi-tunnel	Creates a template of DEPI tunnel configuration settings that can be inherited by different pseudowire classes.
show depi	Displays information about DEPI sessions and tunnels.
show depi tunnel	Displays information about DEPI tunnels.

show depi tunnel

To display information about Downstream External PHY Interface (DEPI) tunnels, use the **show depi tunnel** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show depi tunnel [tunnel-id verbose]

Syntax Description	tunnel-id	(Optional) Name	of the D	EPI tunnel.			
	verbose	(Optional) Displa	iys detail	ed DEPI tunnel or	sessio	n information.	
Command Default	None						
Command Modes	Privileged EXE	C (#)					
Command History	Release	Modification					
	12.2(50)SQ	This comman	nd was in	ntroduced.			
Examples	control connecti	ions:	output o	of the show depi t	unnel o	command for all the active	
	Router# show depi tunnel						
	LocTunID Rem	TunID Remote Name	State	Remote Address	Sessr Count	L2TP Class	
	1486289361 139	7701912 RFGW-10-1 4811300 RFGW-10-1 1251901 RFGW-10-1	est est est	11.30.14.100 12.30.14.100 24.30.14.100	4 4 4	classM class1 class1	
		xample shows a sample ion identified by the DE			unnel o	command for a specific activ	
	Router# show depi tunnel 1834727012 verbose						
	Locally init Tunnel state Remote tunne Internet A Local tunnel Internet A L2TP class f	727012 is up, remote iated tunnel is established, time 1 name is RFGW-10 ddress 1.3.4.155, por name is myankows_ubr ddress 1.3.4.103, por for tunnel is rf6 king last clear into	e since rt 0 r10k rt 0	change 04:10:38	tive se	essions	
	0 packets 0 bytes se Last clear Counters, ig 0 packets 0 bytes se Control Ns 2	sent, 0 received ent, 0 received ring of counters never moring last clear: sent, 0 received ent, 0 received	r				

```
Control channel Congestion Control is enabled
Congestion Window size, Cwnd 256
Slow Start threshold, Ssthresh 8192
Mode of operation is Slow Start
Retransmission time 1, max 1 seconds
Unsent queuesize 0, max 0
Resend queuesize 0, max 2
Total resends 0, ZLB ACKs sent 252
Total peer authentication failures 0
Current no session pak queue check 0 of 5
Retransmit time distribution: 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Control message authentication is disabled
```

Table 3-43 describes the major fields shown in the **show depi tunnel** command display:

Table 3-45 show depi Field Descriptions

Field	Description
LocTunID	Identifier of the local tunnel.
RemTunID	Identifier of the remote tunnel.
Remote Name	Name of the remote tunnel.
State	State of the tunnel.
Remote Address	IP address of the remote tunnel.
Session Count	Number of sessions.
L2TP Class	L2TP class name for the tunnel.

Related Commands

Command	Description	
depi-tunnel	Creates a template of DEPI tunnel configuration settings that can be inherited by different pseudowire classes.	
rf-channel depi-tunnel	Binds the depi-tunnel to an rf-channel on a shared port adapter (SPA).	
controller modular-cable	Enters controller configuration mode to configure the SPA controller.	
show depi	Displays information about DEPI sessions and tunnels.	
show depi session	Displays information about DEPI sessions.	

show interfaces qam

To display the QAM details, use the show interfaces qam command in privileged EXEC mode.

show interfaces qam | qam-red slot/port.[channel] [cable] [psi | pat | pmt | carousel]

Syntax Description							
	slot	Specifies the slot on the QAM interface. Line card redundancy configu interfaces appear as QAM-red. Valid range is from 3 to 12.					
	port	Specifies the port on the interface. Valid range is from 1 to 12.					
	channel	(Optional) Specifies the channel on the port. Valid range is from 1 to 4.					
	cable	(Optional) Displays cable specific information of the QAM interface.					
	psi	(Optional) Displays the Packet Stream Identifier (PSI) information of the QAM interface such as Program Allocation Table (PAT) information, PMT information of sessions such as elementary streams and PIDs associated.					
	pat	(Optional) Displays PAT table information of the QAM interface.					
	pmt	(Optional) Displays PMT information of the QAM interface.					
	carousel	(Optional) Displays the IDs and the packets of the different packet stream.					
Command History	Release	Modification					
Command History	Release 12.2(44)SQ	Modification This command was introduced on the Cisco RF Gateway 10.					
Command History Usage Guidelines	12.2(44)SQ This command disp PMT, and PAT infe	This command was introduced on the Cisco RF Gateway 10. plays packet and byte counts and protocol information of the QAM interface. PSI, formation details are not displayed. cation Table (PAT) is the master table that contains the list of PIDs for all programs					

Examples

The following example displays the protocol and byte information on QAM slot 3:

Router#show interfaces gam 3/1 Qam3/1 is up, line protocol is up Hardware is RFGW-48DS Line Card - QAM Port MTU 1464 bytes, BW 107880 Kbit, DLY 0 usec, reliability 0/255, txload 1/255, rxload 1/255 Encapsulation QAM, loopback not set Keepalive set (10 sec) Last input never, output never, output hang never Last clearing of "show interface" counters never Input queue: 0/75/0/0 (size/max/drops/flushes); Total output drops: 0 5 minute input rate 0 bits/sec, 0 packets/sec 5 minute output rate 0 bits/sec, 0 packets/sec 0 packets input, 0 bytes, 0 no buffer Received 0 broadcasts (0 IP multicasts) 0 runts, 0 giants, 0 throttles 0 input errors, 0 CRC, 0 frame, 0 overrun, 0 ignored, 0 abort

8439807 packets output, 67518456 bytes 0 underruns 0 output errors, 0 collisions, 0 interface resets 0 output buffer failures, 0 output buffers swapped out

Table 3-46 describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 3-46 show interfaces qam Field Descriptions

Field	Description
QAM slot/port	Indicates whether the interface hardware is currently active or taken down by the administrator.
line protocol	Indicates whether the software processes that handle the line protocol believe the interface is usable or if it has been taken down by the administrator.
Hardware	Hardware type and address.
MTU	Maximum transmission unit (MTU) of the interface.
BW	Bandwidth of the interface in kilobits per second.
DLY	Delay of the interface in microseconds.
reliability	Reliability of the interface as a fraction of 255, calculated as an exponential average over 5 minutes. (For example, 255/255 is 100-percent reliability)
txload	Load on the interface as a fraction of 255, calculated as an exponential average over 5 minutes. (For example, 255/255 is complete saturation)
rxload	Load on the interface as a fraction of 255, calculated as an exponential average over 5 minutes. (For example, 255/255 is complete saturation)
Encapsulation	Encapsulation method assigned to this interface.
Keepalive set	Indicates the time for the keep alive set.
Last input	Number of hours, minutes, and seconds since the last packet was successfully received by an interface.
output	Number of hours, minutes, and seconds since the last packet was successfully sent by an interface.

Field	Description	
Last clearing of "show interfaces" counters	Time at which the counters that measure cumulative statistics (such as number of bytes sent and received) were last reset to zero.	
Input queue	Number of packets in the input queue. The format of this number is A/B, where A indicates the number of packets in the queue, and B indicates the maximum number of packets allowed in the queue.	
Total output drops	Indicates the number of packets dropped because of a full queue.	
5 minute input rate5 minute output rate	Average number of bits and packets sent and received per second in the last five minutes. The five-minute interval is the default time period for statistics collection and can be changed for each individual cable interface using the load-interval command in the interface configuration mode.	
	Note These statistics are calculated using a decayed averaging method, where only the average is stored over the interval period, not the individual samples. Every time a sample average is taken, a percentage of the sample and a percentage of the average are added together to create the new average. If traffic stops for a time period, these statistics do not immediately go to zero but drop with a decay rate of about 70 percent per time period.	
	For example, if the interface is passing 1,000 packets per second (pps) before traffic stops, the show interface cable command shows the rate being 300 pps at the end of the first time interval. The rate then drops to 90 pps at the end of the second time interval, and so forth.	
packets input	Total number of error-free packets received by the system.	
bytes input	Total number of bytes, including data and MAC encapsulation, in the error-free packets received by the system.	
no buffer	Number of received packets discarded because there was no buffer space in the main system.	
Received broadcast	Total number of broadcast or multicast packets received by the interface.	
runts	Number of packets that are discarded because they are smaller than the medium's minimum packet size.	

Table 3-46 show interfaces qam Field Descriptions (continued)

Field	Description
giants	Number of packets that are discarded because they are bigger than the standard Ethernet Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU) size. For Ethernet packets, RFC 1757 defines giants as "the total number of packets received that were longer than 1518 octets (excluding framing bits, but including FCS octets) and were otherwise well formed."
	Note In addition, to account for the different Ethernet and other packet encapsulations on the network, packets are considered giants when they exceed the configured MTU size plus 114 bytes.
input errors	Total number of errors received on the interface. This count includes runts and giants, as well as other errors, such as no buffers, and CRC, frame, overrun, and ignored counts. This count can also include DOCSIS protocol errors such as an invalid SID in the DOCSIS frame, a bad extended header length, corrupted concatenated packets, and invalid bandwidth requests.
CRC	Indicates the number of times the cyclic redundancy check (CRC) generated by the originating LAN station or far-end device does not match the checksum calculated from the data received.
frame	Number of packets received incorrectly having a CRC error and a non-integer number of octets.
overrun	Number of times the receiver hardware was unable to forward received data to a hardware buffer because the input rate exceeded the receiver's ability to handle the data.
ignored	Number of received packets ignored by the interface because the interface hardware ran low on internal buffers.
packets output	Total number of messages sent by the system.
bytes	Total number of bytes, including data and MAC encapsulation, sent by the system.
underruns	Number of times the sender has been relaying faster than the receiving device can handle.
output errors	Sum of all errors that prevented the final transmission of packets out of the interface.
collisions	Not applicable.
interface resets	Number of times an interface has been completely reset.
output buffer failures	Number of times the output buffer has failed.
output buffers swapped out	Number of times the output buffer has been swapped out.

Related Commands

_	Command	Description			
	interface qam	Enters QAM interface configuration mode.			

show redundancy

To display the current redundancy status, use the **show redundancy** command in user EXEC or privileged EXEC mode.

show redundancy [clients | counters | history | states]

Syntax Description	clients	(Optional) Displays the Redundancy Facility client list.
	counters	(Optional) Displays RF operational counters.
	history	(Optional) Summarizes RF history.
	states	(Optional) Displays RF states for active and standby cards.
Command Default	This command has	no default behavior or values.
Command Modes	User EXEC (>)	
	Privileged EXEC (#)
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(44)SQ	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(44)SQ. Support for the Cisco RF Gateway 10 was added.
Usage Guidelines	active (primary) Su Supervisor card bo	ancy command shows whether the Supervisor A slot or Supervisor B slot contains the upervisor card, the status of the standby (secondary) Supervisor card, and the standby bot variable values and configuration register. ode set on the Supervisor can also be seen.
<u>~</u> Note		ancy command always shows the correct location of the active Supervisor card. The lot will always be marked as secondary, even if a standby Supervisor card is not
Examples	-	mple shows sample output of the show redundancy command when Supervisor node is configured on the Cisco RF Gateway 10:

```
Last switchover reason = none
                Hardware Mode = Simplex
    Configured Redundancy Mode = RPR
     Operating Redundancy Mode = RPR
             Maintenance Mode = Disabled
               Communications = Down
                                         Reason: Simplex mode
Current Processor Information :
 _____
              Active Location = slot 1
       Current Software state = ACTIVE
      Uptime in current state = 2 days, 4 hours, 5 minutes
                Image Version = Cisco IOS Software, Catalyst 4500 L3 Switch Sof
tware (rfgw-ENTSERVICESK9-M), Version 12.2(122SQ_20090905)SQ EARLY DEPLOYMENT DA
TECODE BUILD, synced to 122_50_SG_THROTTLE_BASE_LABEL
Copyright (c) 1986-2009 by Cisco Systems, Inc.
Compiled Sat 05-Sep-09 04:24 by jdkerr
                         BOOT = bootflash:rfgw-entservicesk9-mz.122SQ_20090905,
12;
       Configuration register = 0x2
Peer (slot: 2) information is not available because it is in 'DISABLED' state
```

The following example shows Supervisor redundancy SSO mode on the Cisco RFGW-10:

```
Router# show redundancy
Load for five secs: 8%/0%; one minute: 10%; five minutes: 10%
Time source is hardware calendar, *15:18:51.999 PDT Wed Sep 16 2009
Redundant System Information :
      Available system uptime = 2 days, 3 hours, 57 minutes
Switchovers system experienced = 0
             Standby failures = 0
       Last switchover reason = none
                Hardware Mode = Duplex
    Configured Redundancy Mode = Stateful Switchover
     Operating Redundancy Mode = Stateful Switchover
             Maintenance Mode = Disabled
               Communications = Up
Current Processor Information :
_____
              Active Location = slot 1
       Current Software state = ACTIVE
       Uptime in current state = 2 days, 3 hours, 57 minutes
                Image Version = Cisco IOS Software, Catalyst 4500 L3 Switch Sof
tware (rfgw-ENTSERVICESK9-M), Version 12.2(122SQ_20090905)SQ EARLY DEPLOYMENT DA
TECODE BUILD, synced to 122_50_SG_THROTTLE_BASE_LABEL
Copyright (c) 1986-2009 by Cisco Systems, Inc.
Compiled Sat 05-Sep-09 04:24 by jdkerr
                         BOOT = bootflash:rfgw-entservicesk9-mz.122SQ_20090905,
12;
       Configuration register = 0x^2
Peer Processor Information :
_____
             Standby Location = slot 2
       Current Software state = STANDBY HOT
       Uptime in current state = 2 days, 3 hours, 56 minutes
                Image Version = Cisco IOS Software, Catalyst 4500 L3 Switch Sof
tware (rfgw-ENTSERVICESK9-M), Version 12.2(122SQ_20090905)SQ EARLY DEPLOYMENT DA
```

```
TECODE BUILD, synced to 122_50_SG_THROTTLE_BASE_LABEL
Copyright (c) 1986-2009 by Cisco Systems, Inc.
Compiled Sat 05-Sep-09 04:2
BOOT = bootflash:rfgw-entservicesk9-mz.122SQ_20090905,
12;
Configuration register = 0x2Router
```

Clients Display

The following example shows a sample output of the show redundancy clients command:

Router# show redundancy clients

clientID = 0	clientSeq = 0	RF_INTERNAL_MSG
clientID = 25	clientSeq = 130	CHKPT RF
clientID = 5	clientSeq = 170	RFS client
clientID = 50	clientSeq = 530	Slot RF
clientID = 65000	clientSeq = 65000	RF_LAST_CLIENT

Table 3-47 describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 3-47 show redundancy clients Field Descriptions

Field	Description
clientID	Client ID number.
clientSeq	Client notification sequence number.

Counters Display

The following example shows a sample output of the show redundancy counters command:

Router# show redundancy counters

```
Redundancy Facility OMs
              comm link up = 1
        comm link down down = 0
          invalid client tx = 0
         null tx by client = 0
               tx failures = 0
      tx msg length invalid = 0
      client not rxing msgs = 0
 rx peer msg routing errors = 0
           null peer msg rx = 0
        errored peer msg rx = 0
                 buffers tx = 1009
     tx buffers unavailable = 0
                buffers rx = 1006
      buffer release errors = 0
 duplicate client registers = 0
  failed to register client = 0
      Invalid client syncs = 0
```

History Display

The following example shows a sample output of the show redundancy history command:

Router# show redundancy history

```
00:00:00 client added: RF_INTERNAL_MSG(0) seq=0
00:00:00 client added: RF_LAST_CLIENT(65000) seq=65000
00:00:00 client added: CHKPT RF(25) seg=130
00:00:01 client added: Slot RF(50) seq=530
00:00:15 client added: RFS client(5) seg=170
00:00:16 *my state = INITIALIZATION(2) *peer state = DISABLED(1)
00:00:16 RF_PROG_INITIALIZATION(100) RF_INTERNAL_MSG(0) op=0 rc=11
00:00:16 RF_PROG_INITIALIZATION(100) CHKPT RF(25) op=0 rc=11
00:00:16 RF_PROG_INITIALIZATION(100) RFS client(5) op=0 rc=11
00:00:16 RF_PROG_INITIALIZATION(100) Slot RF(50) op=0 rc=11
00:00:16 RF_PROG_INITIALIZATION(100) RF_LAST_CLIENT(65000) op=0 rc=11
00:00:16 *my state = NEGOTIATION(3) peer state = DISABLED(1)
00:00:16 RF_EVENT_GO_ACTIVE(512) op=0 rc=0
00:00:16 *my state = ACTIVE-FAST(9) peer state = DISABLED(1)
00:00:16 RF_STATUS_MAINTENANCE_ENABLE(403) CHKPT RF(25) op=0 rc=0
00:00:16 RF_STATUS_MAINTENANCE_ENABLE(403) RFS client(5) op=0 rc=0
00:00:16 RF_STATUS_MAINTENANCE_ENABLE(403) Slot RF(50) op=0 rc=0
00:00:16 RF_PROG_ACTIVE_FAST(200) RF_INTERNAL_MSG(0) op=0 rc=11
00:00:16 RF_PROG_ACTIVE_FAST(200) CHKPT RF(25) op=0 rc=11
00:00:16 RF_PROG_ACTIVE_FAST(200) RFS client(5) op=0 rc=11
00:00:16 RF_PROG_ACTIVE_FAST(200) Slot RF(50) op=0 rc=11
00:00:16 RF_PROG_ACTIVE_FAST(200) RF_LAST_CLIENT(65000) op=0 rc=11
00:00:16 *my state = ACTIVE-DRAIN(10) peer state = DISABLED(1)
00:00:16 RF_PROG_ACTIVE_DRAIN(201) RF_INTERNAL_MSG(0) op=0 rc=11
00:00:16 RF_PROG_ACTIVE_DRAIN(201) CHKPT RF(25) op=0 rc=11
00:00:16 RF_PROG_ACTIVE_DRAIN(201) RFS client(5) op=0 rc=11
00:00:16 RF_PROG_ACTIVE_DRAIN(201) Slot RF(50) op=0 rc=11
```

States Display

The following example shows a sample output of the **show redundancy states** command:

Related Commands

Command	Description				
mode	Configures the redundancy mode of operation.				
redundancy	Enters redundancy configuration mode.				
redundancy force-failover main-cpu	Forces a manual switchover when Supervisor is in RPR mode between the active and standby Supervisor cards.				
redundancy force-switchover	Forces the standby Supervisor cards to assume the role of the active Supervisor card.				

show redundancy linecard

To display the information pertaining to a redundancy line card or line card group, use the **show redundancy linecard** command privileged EXEC mode.

show redundancy linecard {all | slot slot | group all | groupID}

Syntax Description	all		Displa	vs informatio	n of all the r	edundancy	v line car	ds.
-,	allDisplays information of all the redundancy line cards.slotDisplays information about line cards in the specified slot.							
	<i>slot</i> Specifies the slot number of the line card. Valid range is from							
	groupDisplays information about the redundancy line card							-
	 all—Displays information on all groups on the line card groupID—Displays information on a specified group. 							
Command Default	This command has no default behavior or values.							
Command Modes	Privileged EX	EC (#)						
Command History	Release		Modifi	cation				
-	12.2(44)SQ		This co	ommand was	introduced o	n the Cisc	o RF Ga	teway 10.
Examples	The following Router# show i LC Redundand LC Group Nun LC Slot: 3 C LC Card Type LC Name: 3 LC Mode: Pri LC Role: Nor LC Role: Nor LC My State: LC Peer Stat	cedundan cy Is Co hber: 0 (idx=3) a: 0xFFF mary he : Init	cy lineca nfigured:	rd slot 3	he redundanc	ey line car	d in slot	3:
	The following Router# show 1 Slot Subslot	LC Group	cy lineca My	-	Peer Slot 11	Peer Subslot -	Role None	Mode Primary
	11 -	0	-	-	Multiple	None	None	Secondary

Active

Init

None

Active

Primary

Secondary

_

_

12

7

7

12 -

_

1

1

Init

Active

Table 3-48 describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Field	Description
Slot	The slot of the line card.
LC Group	If a line card group exists in the line card.
My State	The state of the line card.
Peer State	If the peer state is active.
Peer Slot	The peer line card slot.
Role	Whether the line card is active.
Mode	Whether the line card is in primary or secondary mode.

 Table 3-48
 show redundancy linecard all Field Descriptions

The following example shows the output for redundancy line card group 2:

```
Router#show redundancy linecard group 2
Group Identifier: 2
Group Description: "line card group 2 created."
NON-revertive
Reserved Cardtype: 0x6011 24593
Group Redundancy Type: INTERNAL SWITCH
Group Redundancy Class: 1:1
Group Redundancy Configuration Type: LINECARD GROUP
Primary: 7
Secondary: 12
```

Table 3-49 describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 3-49show redundancy linecard group Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Group Identifier	Indicates the name of the group.
Group Description	Displays the description given to the line card group.
Reserved Cardrtype	Displays the reserved card.
Group Redundancy Type	Indicates the type of redundancy group.
Group Redundancy class	Indicates the redundancy class set for the group.
Group Redundancy Configuration Type	Indicates the linecard group.
Primary	Indicates the primary line card.
Secondary	Indicates the secondary line card.

Related Commands

S	Command	Description
	class	Configures redundancy class on the line card.
	description	Adds a description to the line card group.
	member slot	Adds a slot to the line card redundancy group.

Command	Description
redundancy	Enters redundancy configuration mode.
show redundancy linecard	Displays information about a line card or a line card group.

show redundancy tcc

To display the information pertaining to a redundancy Timing, Communication and Control (TCC) card, use the **show redundancy tcc** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show redundancy tcc {all | slot slot}

	11		
yntax Description	all		Displays information about all TCC cards.
	slot		Displays information about TCC cards in the specified slot.
	slot		Specifies the slot number of the TCC card. Valid slots are 13 and 14.
command Default	This command	has no def	fault behavior or vlaues.
ommand Modes	Privileged EXI	EC (#)	
Command History	Release		Modification
	12.2(44)SQ		This command was introduced on the Cisco RF Gateway 10.
Examples	Router#s how r	-	ple output for all redundancy TCC cards:
	My Slot State	Peer Slot	Role
	Slot State		
	Slot State	Slot	
	Slot State 13 - 14 Ready	Slot 14 None	
	Slot State 13 - 14 Ready	Slot 14 None cribes the s	
	Slot State 13 - 14 Ready Table 3-50 des	Slot 14 None cribes the s	Active significant fields shown in the display.
	Slot State 13 - 14 Ready Table 3-50 des Table 3-50	Slot 14 None cribes the s	Active significant fields shown in the display.
	Slot State 	Slot 14 None cribes the s	Active significant fields shown in the display. dundancy tcc Field Descriptions Descriptions

Peer Slot	Indicates the peer TCC card slot.
Role	Indicates whether the TCC card is active.

Related Commands

nds	Command	Description	
	redundancy	Enters redundancy configuration mode.	

show running-config interface qam

To display the running configuration of the QAM interfaces, use the **show running-config interface qam** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show running-config interface qam | qam-red slot/port.channel

Syntax Description	slot	Specifies the line card in the QAM interface. Line card redundancy configured interfaces appear as QAM-red. Valid range is from 3 to 12.
	port	Specifies the QAM RF port number in the line card. Valid range is from 1 to 12.
	channel	Specifies the QAM channel in the port of the line card. Valid range is from 1 to 4.
Command Default	This command has	no default behavior or vlaues.
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (#)
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(44)SQ	This command was introduced on the Cisco RF Gateway 10.
	qam-red.	ancy (LCRED) is configured on the QAM interface, then the interface appears as
Evomploo	qam-red.	
Examples	qam-red . The following exar	nple shows a running configuration of QAM interface 3:
Examples	qam-red . The following exar Router# show runni Load for five sec	
Examples	qam-red . The following exar Router# show runni Load for five sec	nple shows a running configuration of QAM interface 3: .ng-config interface qam-red 3/1.1 :s: 12%/0%; one minute: 14%; five minutes: 15% ardware calendar, *00:39:45.193 UTC Fri Nov 28 2008
Examples	qam-red . The following exam Router# show runni Load for five sec Time source is ha Building configura	nple shows a running configuration of QAM interface 3: ng-config interface qam-red 3/1.1 es: 12%/0%; one minute: 14%; five minutes: 15% ardware calendar, *00:39:45.193 UTC Fri Nov 28 2008 ration
Examples	qam-red . The following exam Router# show runni Load for five sec Time source is ha Building configur Current configura !	<pre>nple shows a running configuration of QAM interface 3: .ng-config interface qam-red 3/1.1 es: 12%/0%; one minute: 14%; five minutes: 15% ardware calendar, *00:39:45.193 UTC Fri Nov 28 2008 ration ation : 263 bytes</pre>
Examples	qam-red. The following exam Router#show runni Load for five sec Time source is ha Building configura Current configura ! interface Qam-red cable mode depi	nple shows a running configuration of QAM interface 3: .ng-config interface qam-red 3/1.1 es: 12%/0%; one minute: 14%; five minutes: 15% ardware calendar, *00:39:45.193 UTC Fri Nov 28 2008 ration ation : 263 bytes 13/1.1 local
Examples	<pre>qam-red. The following exam Router#show runni Load for five sec Time source is ha Building configura ! interface Qam-red cable mode depi no cable downstr</pre>	nple shows a running configuration of QAM interface 3: .ng-config interface qam-red 3/1.1 es: 12%/0%; one minute: 14%; five minutes: 15% ardware calendar, *00:39:45.193 UTC Fri Nov 28 2008 ration ation : 263 bytes H3/1.1 local ream rf-shutdown
Examples	<pre>qam-red. The following exam Router#show runni Load for five sec Time source is ha Building configura ! interface Qam-red cable mode depi no cable downstream</pre>	nple shows a running configuration of QAM interface 3: .ng-config interface qam-red 3/1.1 es: 12%/0%; one minute: 14%; five minutes: 15% ardware calendar, *00:39:45.193 UTC Fri Nov 28 2008 ration ation : 263 bytes H3/1.1 local ream rf-shutdown
Examples	<pre>qam-red. The following exam Router#show runni Load for five sec Time source is ha Building configura ! interface Qam-red cable mode depi no cable downstream cable downstream cable downstream cable downstream</pre>	nple shows a running configuration of QAM interface 3: .ng-config interface qam-red 3/1.1 es: 12%/0%; one minute: 14%; five minutes: 15% ardware calendar, *00:39:45.193 UTC Fri Nov 28 2008 ration ation : 263 bytes 13/1.1 local ream rf-shutdown a rf-power 50.0 a frequency 27900000

Table 3-51 describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 3-51 show running-config interface qam Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Current configuration	Displays all the downstream parameters configured on the QAM interface.

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show controllers qam	Displays downstream information of a QAM interface.

-

1

To configure a Source Specific Multicast (SSM) definition, use the **ssm** command in cable video label configuration mode. To remove the SSM label, use the **no** form of this command.

ssm label {source source-ip} {group group-ip} [cbr | bitrate bps | jitter ms | GigabitEthernet | TenGigabitEthernet interface}

no ssm label {source source-ip} {group group-ip} [cbr | bitrate bps | jitter ms | GigabitEthernet | TenGigabitEthernet interface}

Syntax Description	label	Specifies the name of the session.
	source	Indicates the source.
	source-ip	Specifies the IP address of the source.
	group	Indicates the multicast group.
	group-ip	Specifies the destination IP address.
	cbr	Specifies that the session is supposed to be constant bitrate.
	bitrate	(Optional) Sets the bitrate allocated for the session.
	bps	Specifies the bitrate value. Valid range is 1 to 52000000 bps.
	GigabitEthernet	(Optional) Indicates the Gigabit Ethernet interface. Valid slot range is 1 to 12.
	TenGigabitEthernet	(Optional) Indicates the 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface. Valid slot range is 1 to 12.
	interface	Specifies the interface slot and port.
	jitter	(Optional) Sets the jitter for group sessions.
	ms	Specifies the jitter value. Valid range is from 10 to 200 ms.
Command Default Command Modes	This command has no de Cable video label config	efault behavior or values.
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(44)SQ	This command was introduced on the Cisco RF Gateway 10.
	Cisco IOS-XE Release	This command is modified. The bitrate keyword is made optional.
	3.3.1SQB1	
Usage Guidelines	3.3.1SQB1 Cisco RF Gateway 10 su identified by the source a SSM video label. This ca	pports Source Specific Multicast (SSM) video sessions. An SSM video label is and group IP address pair. You can specify upto three source addresses for each in be achieved by reusing the same video label for all the source addresses. The ame label must have different source IP addresses. The Cisco RFGW-10 cycles for an active source

ssm

These address pairs are redundant sources for the label. Address pairs under the same label must have identical settings for cbr, bitrate, and jitter. If additional address pairs are entered without these parameters, the corresponding values for the first address pair are used. These parameters can be modified by re-entering the first address pair with new parameter settings. The change is propagated to all the address pairs under the same label.

An SSM video session can be mapped to multiple QAM channels. All cloned sessions of the same video label share the same attributes.

```
Note
```

The label definition cannot be modified once the label is used in a QAM channel. Address pairs cannot be added or deleted, or any optional parameters cannot be modified. Effective with Cisco IOS-XE Release 3.3.0SQB and later releases, the label definitions can be modified. The optional parameters like bitrate and jitter cannot be modified. You can also add or delete backup sources. However, an active source cannot be deleted.

Note

To avoid oversubscription, ensure that the actual bitrate of the video session does not exceed the allocated bitrate.

Examples

The following example shows the SSM configuration on the Cisco RF Gateway 10:

```
Router# configure terminal
Router(config)# cable video labels
Router(cfg-video-lbl)# ssm ssm1 source 10.1.1.1 group 233.1.1.1 bitrate 3750000
Router(cfg-video-lbl)# exit
```

The following example shows how to configure a backup source:

```
Router# configure terminal
Router(config)# cable video labels
Router(cfg-video-lbl)# ssm ssm1 source 10.2.2.2 group 233.1.1.1 bitrate 3750000
Router(cfg-video-lbl)# ssm ssm1 source 10.3.3.3 group 233.1.1.1 bitrate 3750000
Router(cfg-video-lbl)# exit
```

Effective with Cisco IOS-XE Release 3.3.1SQB1, the **bitrate** keyword is optional. This example shows the SSM configuration without the **bitrate** keyword.

Router(cfg-video-lbl)# ssm ssm1 source 10.1.1.1 group 233.1.1.1

Related Commands	Command	Description
	asm	Configures the ASM video session definition.
	cable video labels	Enters the cable video label configuration.
	cable video ip multicast	Configures video multicast session on a QAM subinterface.
	show cable video label	Displays the labels configured on a chassis.

video route

To create policy routes to redirect traffic to the line cards, use the **video route** command in QAM domain configuration mode. To remove the policy route, use the **no** form of this command.

video route {local | remote} {udp startport endport | table 24-qam-map} qam slot /{1-6 / 7-12} no video route {local | remote} {udp startport endport | table 24-qam-map} qam slot /{1-6 / 7-12}

Syntax Description	local	Creates a local video session.	
	remote	Creates a remote video session.	
	udp	Specifies UDP mode.	
	startport	Specifies the start port of the UDP range.	
	endport	Specifies the end port of the UDP range.	
	table	Specifies table-based mode. This is only applicable to local sessions.	
	24-qam-map	Specifies the pre-defined port map. This is only applicable to local sessions.	
	qam	Specifies the QAM interface.	
	slot	Specifies the slot on the line card. Valid ranges are from 3 to 12.	
	1-6	Specifies the first QAM block of channels.	
	7-12	Specifies the second QAM block of channels.	
Command Default	This commands has	s no default behavior or values.	
Command Modes	QAM domain confi	guration (qam-domain)	
Command History	Release	Modification	
Commanu mistory	12.2(44)SQ	This command was introduced on the Cisco RF Gateway 10.	
	12.2(++)5Q	This command was indoduced on the cisco Kr Gateway 10.	
Usage Guidelines	Video routes are used to direct traffic to the underlying QAM blocks in a QAM domain. A video route specifies a continous range of UDP ports mapped to a QAM block. For a local route, the UDP ports are taken from the local IP address. For a remote route, the UDP ports are taken from the remote IP address. A pre-defined UDP map also is present for local video routes, where the UDP ports are defined by a map.		
	Policy routes are used to redirect traffic to line cards. QAM blocks are added to QAM domains using video policy routes. Each video policy route specifies a range of QAM channels. QAM channels are bound to a QAM block in the video route.		
	In a local configuration, you can configure the QAM channels using the CLI, GUI or SNMP.		
	In a remote configuration, the video control plane configures the QAM channels using GQI.		
	U		
	The local session of	ffers two methods of mapping UDP ports to QAM ports:	

• Table-based: referred to as **24-qam-map**. This is a pre-defined range with a default UDP port range of 49152 to 55295. The video route uses the UDP port map defined in the table for the QAM block.

Note Only one QAM map is used per QAM domain.

In the remote session, only user-specified UDP range setup is allowed. Data network Control Station (DNCS) and Universal Session and Resource Manager (USRM) controls the session setup.

```
<u>Note</u>
```

No two video routes within a QAM domain can overlap in IP address and UDP range.

```
<u>Note</u>
```

Removing a video route results in removal of all the sessions configured with that video route.

```
Examples
```

The following example shows a video route for a local session on QAM domain 5:

```
Router#configure terminal
Router(config)#cable qam-domain 5
Router(qam-domain)#ip 1.1.1.1 local
Router(qam-domain)#video route local udp 50000 51000 qam 7/1-6
Router(qam-domain)#video route local udp 51001 52000 qam 7/7-12
Router(qam-domain)#exit
Router(config)#exit
```

The following example shows a video route for a remote session on QAM domain 5:

```
Router#configure terminal
Router(config)#cable qam-domain 5
Router(qam-domain)#ip 1.1.1.1 remote
Router(qam-domain)#video route remote udp 20000 21000 qam 7/1-6
Router(qam-domain)#video route remote udp 21001 22000 qam 7/7-12
Router(qam-domain)#exit
Router(config)#exit
```

The following example shows a table-based policy route on QAM domain 5:

```
Router#configure terminal
Router(config)#cable qam-domain 5
Router(qam-domain)#ip 1.1.1.1 local
Router(qam-domain)#video route local table 24-qam-map qam 3/1-6
Router(qam-domain)#exit
```

The following example shows non-overlapping UDP ranges and QAM channel lists:

```
Router(qam-domain)video route local udp 50001 51000 gam 3/1-6
Router(qam-domain)video route local udp 51001 52000 gam 3/7-12
Router(qam-domain)video route local udp 52001 53000 gam 5/1-6
```

Related Commands	Command	Description
	cable qam-domain	Enters QAM domain configuration mode.
	ip	Configures the IP address for video and remote sessions.